

Document Title	ARXML Serialization Rules
Document Owner	AUTOSAR
Document Responsibility	AUTOSAR
Document Identification No	779

Document Status	published
Part of AUTOSAR Standard	Foundation
Part of Standard Release	R25-11

Document Change History			
Date	Release	Changed by	Description
2025-11-27	R25-11	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No content changes
2024-11-27	R24-11	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No content changes
2023-11-23	R23-11	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Minor clarifications
2022-11-24	R22-11	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Minor clarifications
2021-11-25	R21-11	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• no content changes
2020-11-30	R20-11	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• no content changes
2019-11-28	R19-11	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• no content changes• Changed Document Status from Final to published
2018-10-31	4.4.0	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• editorial changes
2017-12-08	4.3.1	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• update of pattern for AUTOSAR XML Schema location hint



△			
2016-11-30	4.3.0	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Initial document structure

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Table of Contents

1	Introduction	8
1.1	Document Conventions	9
2	ARXML Serialization Rules	11
2.1	Physical Level	11
2.1.1	File separation	11
2.1.2	File names	11
2.2	Data Format	11
2.2.1	XML Character Encoding	11
2.2.2	XML Version	12
2.2.3	XML Comments and Processing Instructions	12
2.2.4	XML Root Element	13
2.2.5	XML Formatting / Indention	15
A	Change history of AUTOSAR traceable items	20
A.1	Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R4.3.0	20
A.1.1	Added Specification Items	20
A.1.2	Changed Specification Items	21
A.1.3	Deleted Specification Items	21
A.2	Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R4.3.1	22
A.2.1	Added Specification Items in R4.3.1	22
A.2.2	Changed Specification Items in R4.3.1	22
A.2.3	Deleted Specification Items in R4.3.1	22
A.2.4	Added Constraints in R4.3.1	22
A.2.5	Changed Constraints in R4.3.1	22
A.2.6	Deleted Constraints in R4.3.1	22
A.3	Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R4.4.0	22
A.3.1	Added Specification Items in R4.4.0	22
A.3.2	Changed Specification Items in R4.4.0	22
A.3.3	Deleted Specification Items in R4.4.0	23
A.3.4	Added Constraints in R4.4.0	23
A.3.5	Changed Constraints in R4.4.0	23
A.3.6	Deleted Constraints in R4.4.0	23
A.4	Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R19-11	23
A.4.1	Added Specification Items in R19-11	23
A.4.2	Changed Specification Items in R19-11	23
A.4.3	Deleted Specification Items in R19-11	23
A.4.4	Added Constraints in R19-11	23

A.4.5	Changed Constraints in R19-11	23
A.4.6	Deleted Constraints in R19-11	24
A.5	Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R20-11	24
A.5.1	Added Specification Items in R20-11	24
A.5.2	Changed Specification Items in R20-11	24
A.5.3	Deleted Specification Items in R20-11	24
A.5.4	Added Constraints in R20-11	24
A.5.5	Changed Constraints in R20-11	24
A.5.6	Deleted Constraints in R20-11	24
A.6	Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R21-11	24
A.6.1	Added Specification Items in R21-11	24
A.6.2	Changed Specification Items in R21-11	25
A.6.3	Deleted Specification Items in R21-11	25
A.6.4	Added Constraints in R21-11	25
A.6.5	Changed Constraints in R21-11	25
A.6.6	Deleted Constraints in R21-11	25
A.7	Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R22-11	25
A.7.1	Added Specification Items in R22-11	25
A.7.2	Changed Specification Items in R22-11	25
A.7.3	Deleted Specification Items in R22-11	25
A.7.4	Added Constraints in R22-11	26
A.7.5	Changed Constraints in R22-11	26
A.7.6	Deleted Constraints in R22-11	26
A.8	Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R23-11	26
A.8.1	Added Specification Items in R23-11	26
A.8.2	Changed Specification Items in R23-11	26
A.8.3	Deleted Specification Items in R23-11	26
A.8.4	Added Constraints in R23-11	26
A.8.5	Changed Constraints in R23-11	26
A.8.6	Deleted Constraints in R23-11	27
A.8.7	Added Advisories in R23-11	27
A.8.8	Changed Advisories in R23-11	27
A.8.9	Deleted Advisories in R23-11	27
A.9	Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R24-11	27
A.9.1	Added Specification Items in R24-11	27
A.9.2	Changed Specification Items in R24-11	27
A.9.3	Deleted Specification Items in R24-11	27
A.9.4	Added Constraints in R24-11	27
A.9.5	Changed Constraints in R24-11	27

A.9.6 Deleted Constraints in R24-11	28
A.9.7 Added Advisories in R24-11	28
A.9.8 Changed Advisories in R24-11	28
A.9.9 Deleted Advisories in R24-11	28
A.10 Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R25-11	28
A.10.1 Added Specification Items in R25-11	28
A.10.2 Changed Specification Items in R25-11	28
A.10.3 Deleted Specification Items in R25-11	28
A.10.4 Added Constraints in R25-11	28
A.10.5 Changed Constraints in R25-11	28
A.10.6 Deleted Constraints in R25-11	29
A.10.7 Added Advisories in R25-11	29
A.10.8 Changed Advisories in R25-11	29
A.10.9 Deleted Advisories in R25-11	29
B Glossary	30
C Mentioned Class Tables	33

References

- [1] AUTOSAR XML Schema Production Rules
AUTOSAR_FO_TPS_XMLSchemaProductionRules
- [2] Software Component Template
AUTOSAR_CP_TPS_SoftwareComponentTemplate
- [3] System Template
AUTOSAR_CP_TPS_SystemTemplate
- [4] Specification of ECU Configuration
AUTOSAR_CP_TPS_ECUConfiguration
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1 Introduction

This document specifies rules on how AUTOSAR models are serialized into AUTOSAR XML descriptions. The intention of this specification is to support the interoperability between AUTOSAR tools by specifying additional constraints on the AUTOSAR XML descriptions that go beyond the definition of the XML structure that is defined by the AUTOSAR XML schema. Benefits include:

- Comparison of AUTOSAR XML descriptions is simplified by defining a normalized representation that avoids meaningless differences such as indentation, character encoding.
- Effort for tool implementation is reduced by restricting the amount of different flavors of XML. E.g. different namespace prefixes, character encoding, files names, etc.

AUTOSAR template specifications define the AUTOSAR Data Exchange Format. Figure 1.1 shows the relationship between the AUTOSAR ARXML Serialization Rules (this specification) and other template specifications:

- The AUTOSAR XML Schema Production Rules [1] and this document focus on the physical representation and the XML data format.
- The Software Component Template [2], System Template [3], ECU Configuration Template [4], etc. address the data structure and its semantics.

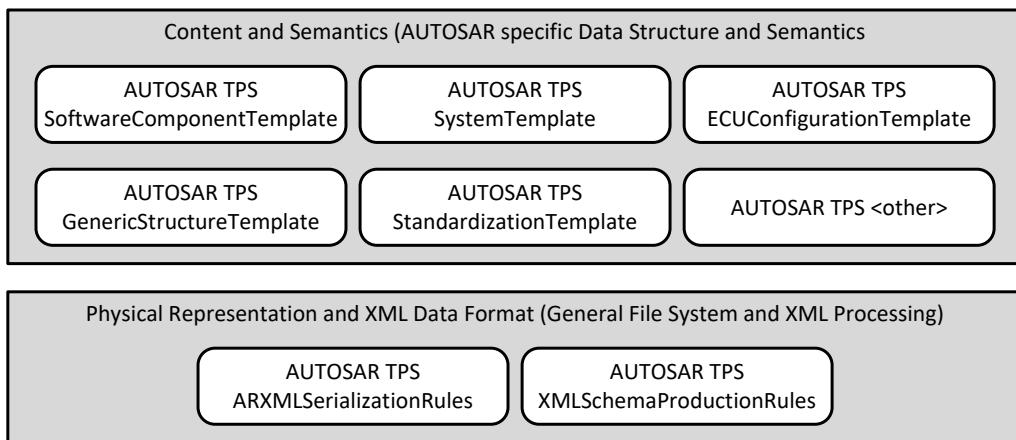


Figure 1.1: Overview Template Specifications

AUTOSAR formalizes and maintains the data structure and semantics of the AUTOSAR Data Exchange Format in the AUTOSAR Meta Model [5]. The mapping between that meta model and the AUTOSAR XML Schema [6] is described in AUTOSAR XML Schema Production Rules [1] (see figure 1.2).

An AUTOSAR Tool that produces an AUTOSAR XML Description has to serialize the AUTOSAR model in a way that it validates successfully against the AUTOSAR XML

Schema. Additional constraints that go beyond XML Schema validation are described in this document.

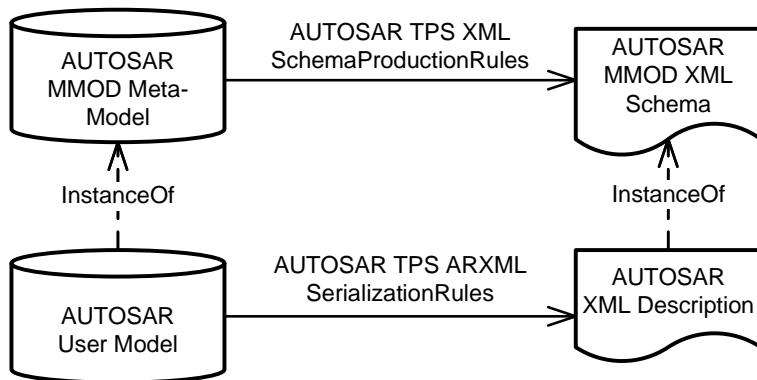


Figure 1.2: Relationship between XML Schema Production Rules and ARXML Serialization Rules

1.1 Document Conventions

Technical terms are typeset in mono spaced font, e.g. `PortPrototype`. As a general rule, plural forms of technical terms are created by adding "s" to the singular form, e.g. `PortPrototypes`. By this means the document resembles terminology used in the AUTOSAR XML Schema.

This document contains constraints in textual form that are distinguished from the rest of the text by a unique numerical constraint ID, a headline, and the actual constraint text starting after the `[` character and terminated by the `]` character.

The purpose of these constraints is to literally constrain the interpretation of the AUTOSAR meta-model such that it is possible to detect violations of the standardized behavior implemented in an instance of the meta-model (i.e. on M1 level).

Makers of AUTOSAR tools are encouraged to add the numerical ID of a constraint that corresponds to an M1 modeling issue as part of the diagnostic message issued by the tool.

The attributes of the classes introduced in this document are listed in form of class tables. They have the form shown in the example of the top-level element AUTOSAR:

Please note that constraints are not supposed to be enforceable at any given time in an AUTOSAR workflow. During the development of a model, constraints may legitimately be violated because an incomplete model will obviously show inconsistencies.

However, at specific points in the workflow, constraints shall be enforced as a safeguard against misconfiguration.

The points in the workflow where constraints shall be enforced, sometimes also known as the "binding time" of the constraint, are different for each model category, e.g. on the classic platform, the constraints defined for software-components are typically enforced prior to the generation of the RTE while the constraints against the definition of an Ecu extract shall be applied when the Ecu configuration for the Com stack is created.

For each document, possible binding times of constraints are defined and the binding times are typically mentioned in the constraint themselves to give a proper orientation for implementers of AUTOSAR authoring tools.

Let [AUTOSAR](#) be an example of a typical class table. The first rows in the table have the following meaning:

Class: The name of the class as defined in the UML model.

Package: The UML package the class is defined in. This is only listed to help locating the class in the overall meta model.

Note: The comment the modeler gave for the class (class note). Stereotypes and UML tags of the class are also denoted here.

Base Classes: If applicable, the list of direct base classes.

The headers in the table have the following meaning:

Attribute: The name of an attribute of the class. Note that AUTOSAR does not distinguish between class attributes and owned association ends.

Type: The type of an attribute of the class.

Mul.: The assigned multiplicity of the attribute, i.e. how many instances of the given data type are associated with the attribute.

Kind: Specifies, whether the attribute is aggregated in the class (`aggr` aggregation), an UML attribute in the class (`attr` primitive attribute), or just referenced by it (`ref` reference). Instance references are also indicated (`iref` instance reference) in this field.

Note: The comment the modeler gave for the class attribute (role note). Stereotypes and UML tags of the class are also denoted here.

Please note that the chapters that start with a letter instead of a numerical value represent the appendix of the document. The purpose of the appendix is to support the explanation of certain aspects of the document and does not represent binding conventions of the standard.

The verbal forms for the expression of obligation specified in [TPS_STDT_00053] shall be used to indicate requirements, see [[7](#), Standardization Template].

Please note: By intent, TPS documents (and their traceable items) do not trace up to an RS (requirement item).

2 ARXML Serialization Rules

2.1 Physical Level

2.1.1 File separation

[TPS_ASR_00001] File separation [An AUTOSAR model may be shipped in several AUTOSAR XML description files.]

Example 2.1

Some files could contain data types others could contain interfaces, etc.

2.1.2 File names

[TPS_ASR_00002] File Name Extension: .arxml [AUTOSAR XML descriptions shall use the file extension “.arxml” (short for AUTOSAR XML).]

[TPS_ASR_00003] File Name Length [The maximum length of the filename is restricted to 255 characters.]

2.2 Data Format

In order to support a direct comparison of AUTOSAR XML descriptions with a text comparison tool it is essential that the XML is generated in a reliable and standardized manner.

2.2.1 XML Character Encoding

[TPS_ASR_00004] UTF-8 Character Encoding [The character encoding of AUTOSAR XML descriptions shall be UTF-8. No other encodings are allowed.]

[TPS_ASR_00005] UTF-8 Encoding in XML Declaration [AUTOSAR XML descriptions shall start with an XML declaration that declares UTF-8 encoding.]

Example 2.2

```
<?xml .... encoding="UTF-8"?>
```

[TPS_ASR_00006] Avoid UTF BOM [AUTOSAR XML descriptions should NOT start with a “UTF Byte Order Mask” (BOM).]

The byte order mask is a Unicode character that can be used at the start of a text stream in order to communicate information about:

- The fact that the stream is encoded in Unicode
- Which Unicode encoding is used (UTF-8, UTF-16, ...)
- The endianness of the Unicode encoding

According to [\[TPS_ASR_00004\]](#) and [\[TPS_ASR_00005\]](#) the character encoding of AUTOSAR XML descriptions shall be UTF-8 and this information shall be explicitly described in the XML declaration.

UTF-8 is agnostic of the endianness. Thus, using a BOM does not add additional information.

2.2.2 XML Version

[TPS_ASR_00007] XML Version 1.0 [AUTOSAR XML descriptions shall conform to XML version 1.0 [\[8\]](#). No other XML version is allowed.]

[TPS_ASR_00008] XML Version 1.0 in XML Declaration [AUTOSAR XML descriptions shall start with an XML declaration that declares XML version 1.0 [\[8\]](#).]

Example 2.3

```
<?xml version="1.0" .... ?>
```

2.2.3 XML Comments and Processing Instructions

[TPS_ASR_00009] XML Comments [AUTOSAR XML descriptions may contain XML comments.]

Note: XML comments do not contribute to the actual AUTOSAR model. AUTOSAR tools may silently ignore XML comments and do not need to serialize them again.

[TPS_ASR_00010] XML Processing Instructions [An AUTOSAR XML description may contain XML processing instructions.¹]

Note: AUTOSAR tools may silently ignore XML Processing instructions and do not need to serialize them again.

¹The only exception from this rule is the declaration of the XML version and the XML character encoding. These processing instructions shall be supported as required by [\[TPS_ASR_00005\]](#) and [\[TPS_ASR_00008\]](#)

2.2.4 XML Root Element

Traditionally, AUTOSAR has implemented a three-element version scheme consisting of major, minor, and patch version. Versions specified this way have been used in ARXML files as part of the definition of the `xsi:schemaLocation`, for example:

```
xsi:schemaLocation="http://autosar.org/schema/r4.0 AUTOSAR_4-3-0.xsd"
```

With the advent of the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, AUTOSAR decided to implement a different versioning scheme for the releases of the adaptive platform (the classic platform would just keep the existing approach to versioning).

This new version scheme for the adaptive platform consists of just two elements, the year and month of release.

The original approach was to simply use the two-element scheme of the adaptive releases also for the definition of the `xsi:schemaLocation` for ARXML files containing models for the adaptive platform.

```
xsi:schemaLocation="http://autosar.org/schema/r4.0 AUTOSAR_2017-03.xsd"
```

Over time, this approach would have created a hard-to-disentangle history of three-element and two-element values for `xsi:schemaLocation` and it would have been hard to guess which releases of the AUTOSAR XML Schema were actually backwards-compatible to a given ARXML file.

In order to mitigate the problem, AUTOSAR also decided to invent a completely new versioning scheme for the schema releases, independent of whether the individual schema release would be triggered by the AUTOSAR classic platform or the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

The new versioning scheme for being used in the `xsi:schemaLocation` foresees the existence of just one element, a positive number that is increased with every AUTOSAR release, whether the release focuses on the classic or adaptive platform does not matter.

```
xsi:schemaLocation="http://autosar.org/schema/r4.0 AUTOSAR_00044.xsd"
```

Each value of the one element in the `xsi:schemaLocation` can be unambiguously identified with a specific AUTOSAR release. Plus, it is still easily possible to understand the backwards compatibility status of a given ARXML file.

The XML schema contains the latest releases of the AUTOSAR standards. This means that there is no dedicated AUTOSAR XML schema that contains only model elements of AUTOSAR classic or adaptive platform.

[TPS_ASR_00011] AUTOSAR XML Namespace [The AUTOSAR XML namespace for all AUTOSAR XML elements and attributes is

<http://autosar.org/schema/r<major>.<minor>>.

The namespace is kept across multiple releases of the AUTOSAR XML Schema as long as backward compatibility is kept. <major> and <minor> are the major and minor version numbers of the AUTOSAR release that starts a sequence of backwards compatible AUTOSAR XML Schema.]

Example 2.4

The XML namespace `http://autosar.org/schema/r4.0` corresponds to the AUTOSAR XML Schema of AUTOSAR releases 4.0.1. The AUTOSAR XML Schema of the following releases (4.0.2, 4.0.3, 4.1.0, 4.1.1, 4.1.2, 4.1.3, 4.2.1, 4.2.2, 4.3.0, etc.) are intended to be backwards compatible to this release.

[TPS_ASR_00017] AUTOSAR XML Namespace Declaration [The AUTOSAR XML namespace is the default namespace. No namespace prefix shall be applied for AUTOSAR elements.]

Example 2.5

```
<AUTOSAR xmlns="http://autosar.org/schema/r4.0" ... >  
instead of  
<AR:AUTOSAR xmlns:AR="http://autosar.org/schema/r4.0" ... >
```

[TPS_ASR_00018] No Third-Party XML Namespaces [The only valid XML namespaces that are allowed in AUTOSAR XML descriptions are:

- the AUTOSAR XML namespace (`http://autosar.org/schema/r<major>.<minor>`) [\[TPS_ASR_00017\]](#) and
- the XML Schema Instance namespace (`http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance`)

No other Third-Party XML namespaces are allowed.]

[TPS_ASR_00012] AUTOSAR Revision Declaration [The AUTOSAR XML description shall declare the AUTOSAR revision which was the basis for its **creation** via the schema location hint URI [\[TPS_ASR_00013\]](#) that is mapped to the AUTOSAR namespace [\[TPS_ASR_00011\]](#) in the `xsi:schemaLocation` attribute.

The attribute `xsi:schemaLocation` and the declaration of the AUTOSAR schema location hint for the AUTOSAR namespace is mandatory.]

Note: According to the W3C XML Schema specification [\[9\]](#), chapter 4.3.2 “How schema definitions are located on the Web”, the attribute `xsi:schemalocation` specifies pairs of URI references (one for the XML namespace, and one for a hint as to the location of a schema document defining names for that XML namespace).

It is expected that a tool that validates a AUTOSAR XML descriptions is able to identify an appropriate XML Schema document in its own resources.

This approach allows the validation of AUTOSAR XML descriptions against newer AUTOSAR XML Schema as long as the AUTOSAR XML Schema is backwards compatible.

Additionally, the tool can try to validate the AUTOSAR XML description against an older AUTOSAR XML Schema as long as the AUTOSAR XML description does not use newer features.

Example 2.6

Example of a AUTOSAR revision declaration for AUTOSAR revision 4.3.0:

```
<AUTOSAR ...  
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://autosar.org/schema/r4.0 AUTOSAR_4-3-0.xsd>  
</AUTOSAR>
```

[TPS_ASR_00013] Pattern for AUTOSAR XML Schema location hint URI [The AUTOSAR XML Schema location hint URI in the AUTOSAR XML description shall be the file name of a XML Schema document provided by AUTOSAR. This file name follows the pattern:

AUTOSAR_{number}.xsd

{number} corresponds to the specific AUTOSAR release the given AUTOSAR XML Schema belongs to.

In particular no path shall be part of the AUTOSAR XML Schema location hint URI.]

Example of AUTOSAR XML Root Element is provided in the listing below:

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>  
<AUTOSAR  
  xmlns:xsi='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance'  
  xsi:schemaLocation='{AUTOSAR XML Namespace} {Revision Hint URI}'  
  xmlns=''{AUTOSAR XML Namespace}''>  
  <!-- model content -->  
</AUTOSAR>
```

2.2.5 XML Formatting / Indention

The formatting and indention that is specified in this section does not change the semantics of the AUTOSAR model.

The main purpose is the reduction of meaningless differences when comparing two AUTOSAR XML descriptions using textual diff tools. The XML description should be formatted as shown in [TPS_ASR_00019].

[TPS_ASR_00019] Formating of AUTOSAR XML Descriptions

Applied to	Strategy	Description
default approach	<i>NewLine</i> : Element is a block of its own	<p>NewLine means in particular:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • indentation should be 2 characters per level • the start tag of the element should be on a new line • the XML attributes should be sorted alphabetically. If more than one XML attribute, each one should be on its own line • the start should be indented according to the nesting level of XML tag • the end tag should be on a new line and indented like the start tag • the content should be indented one step more than the start tag
Primitives (either modeled as UML-attribute or as aggregation of a primitive)	<i>OneLine</i> Element is displayed in one line	The element should start on a new line. The end tag should be in the same line as the start tag and the content of the element.
Properties of <code><<atpMixedString>></code>	<i>InLine</i> : Element is floating within text	<p>Surrounding whitespace of the element should not be changed. No new line should be inserted before or after the tags. Whitespace within the element should not be changed. In the following example the element <code><E></code> is formatted according to the <i>InLine</i> approach.</p> <pre><L-1 L="EN">This is <E>bold</E> style </L-1></pre>
<code>VerbatimString</code> elements with <code>xml:space set to preserve</code>	<i>keepWhitespace</i>	White space in the element should be kept as is.
elements with no <code>xml:space or set to default</code>	<i>normalizeWhitespace</i>	<p>Normalize whitespace includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • leading and trailing whitespace should be removed • consecutive white spaces should be replaced by a single blank • no wrapping should be performed • carriage returns should be replaced by blank • child(inline)-elements should be treated as one non whitespace character

]

The following example 2.1 illustrates these approaches:

```

<UNIT>
  <SHORT-NAME>Perc</SHORT-NAME>                                <!-- OneLine -->
  <DESC>
    <L-2 L="EN">a percentage...</L-2>                          <!-- NewLine -->
  </DESC>
  <DISPLAY-NAME>%</DISPLAY-NAME>                                <!-- OneLine -->
</UNIT>
<UNIT>
  <SHORT-NAME>PercPerSec</SHORT-NAME>                            <!-- OneLine -->
  <DESC>
    <L-2 L="EN">time-derivative of percent</L-2>                <!-- NewLine -->
                                                               <!-- NewLine -->
                                                               NormalizeWhitespace
                                                               -->
  </DESC>
  <DISPLAY-NAME>% / s</DISPLAY-NAME>                            <!-- OneLine -->

```

</UNIT>

Listing 2.1: Serialization Example

[TPS_ASR_00015] Empty elements represented by start-end tag pairs [Empty elements should be serialized as start/end tag, not as 'emptytag'.]

Example 2.7

An empty VALUE tag should be serialized as <VALUE></VALUE> instead of the technically possible alternative <VALUE/>.

[TPS_ASR_00016] No empty wrappers [Some attributes and references in AUTOSAR models are mapped to a hierarchy of two or more XML elements.]

The AUTOSAR XML description should not contain incomplete hierarchies. The semantics of those incomplete hierarchies is equivalent to "the value is not set".

These rules applies for attributes, aggregations and references for which the following XML Schema production rules apply [1]:

- [TPS_XMLSPR_00008] XML Schema production rule: composite property representation (1111)
- [TPS_XMLSPR_00009] XML Schema production rule: composite property representation (1101)
- [TPS_XMLSPR_00023] XML Schema production rule: composite property representation (1100)
- [TPS_XMLSPR_00022] XML Schema production rule: composite property representation (1011)
- [TPS_XMLSPR_00010] XML Schema production rule: composite property representation (1001)
- [TPS_XMLSPR_00011] XML Schema production rule: composite property representation (0111)
- [TPS_XMLSPR_00012] XML Schema production rule: composite property representation (0101)
- [TPS_XMLSPR_00014] XML Schema production rule: composite property representation (0011)
- [TPS_XMLSPR_00017] XML Schema production rule: reference property representation with role wrapper element

]

Example of a **valid** AUTOSAR XML description according to [TPS_ASR_00016]:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<AUTOSAR
  xmlns="http://autosar.org/schema/r4.0"
```

```
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://autosar.org/schema/r4.0_AUTOSAR_00054.xsd">
  <!-- ... -->
</AUTOSAR>
```

Listing 2.2: Valid example for hierarchy

Example of an **invalid** AUTOSAR XML description according to [TPS_ASR_00016]:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<AUTOSAR
  xmlns="http://autosar.org/schema/r4.0"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://autosar.org/schema/r4.0_AUTOSAR_00054.xsd">
  <AR-PACKAGES>
  </AR-PACKAGES>
</AUTOSAR>
```

Listing 2.3: Invalid example for hierarchy

The AUTOSAR meta model explicitly defines if the order of elements that are owned by an attribute is relevant. The order of an attribute is relevant if

- the attribute is owned by a mixed content class (a class with stereotype «atp-Mixed» or «atpMixedString» as defined by [TPS_GST_00024], [TPS_GST_00025], [TPS_GST_00032] in [10]) or
- the attribute with upper multiplicity > 1 is flagged as {ordered} according to the UML specification [11].

Tools shall not change the order of elements whose order is semantically relevant. However, if the order of elements is not relevant, then a tool may serialize the elements in an arbitrary order.

This often results in meaningless differences when comparing AUTOSAR XML descriptions using textual diff tools. In order to reduce those meaningless differences the following rules should apply.

[TPS_ASR_00014] Sorting elements if their order is semantically meaningless [11] Attributes with upper multiplicity greater than 1 whose order of elements is semantically meaningless (i.e. the collection is not qualified as {ordered} and not owned by a class with stereotype «atpMixed» or «atpMixedString») should be serialized using the following heuristics:

1. If the AUTOSAR meta model decorates the aggregation or reference with stereotype «atpSplitable», then the contained elements shall be sorted alphabetically in ascending order using a key that is calculated according to the expression mentioned in the generated atp.Splitkey.

If, for example, the tag atp.Splitkey is set to the value “short-Name, variationPoint.shortLabel”, then the elements shall be sorted by a sorting key that is calculated out of the concatenation of the values of the OCL expressions in the atp.Splitkey:

```
shortName + "," + variationPoint.shortLabel.
```

2. If no decoration with `<<atpSplittable>>` exists, then the sorting key shall be constructed of all properties of the aggregated class stereotyped with `<<atpIdentityContributor>>`, for example:

```
shortName, shortLabel, variationPoint.shortLabel.
```

An element, where the value of a property that is decorated with the stereotype `<<atpIdentityContributor>>` exists, precedes in the sorting order another element where the value of this property does not exist.

If the attribute is of kind *reference*, then the following rule applies: The sorting key is either the specified absolute `shortName` path, see [TPS_GST_00169], or the combination of the `base` attribute with the relative path according to [TPS_GST_00170].

In case of array elements, the `index` is also appended to the sorting key.

The strategy for calculation of the sort key might not be able to calculate unique keys for all sets of elements. This is a known limitation.

For those cases, the producing tool should define its own custom strategy in order to ensure deterministic serialization of elements for which the order is semantically meaningless.]

A Change history of AUTOSAR traceable items

The content of this appendix chapter is *informative* in nature and shall **not** be considered as *normative* content.

A.1 Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R4.3.0

A.1.1 Added Specification Items

ID	Heading	Origin in R4.2.2
[TPS_ASAR_00001]	File separation	Extends: [TR_IOAT_00010] AUTOSAR tool SHALL support sets of files
[TPS_ASAR_00002]	File Name Extension: .arxml	Subset of: [TR_IOAT_00062] Authoring tool SHALL support well defined serialization (incl. explanatory text)
[TPS_ASAR_00003]	File Name Length	Subset of: [TR_IOAT_00069]
[TPS_ASAR_00004]	UTF-8 Character Encoding	Replaces: [TR_APXML_00049] UTF-8 Character Encoding
[TPS_ASAR_00005]	UTF-8 Encoding in XML Declaration	Replaces: [TR_APXML_00050] UTF-8 Encoding in XML Declaration
[TPS_ASAR_00006]	Avoid UTF BOM	Replaces: [TR_APXML_00051] Avoid UTF BOM
[TPS_ASAR_00007]	XML version 1.0	Subset of: [TR_IOAT_00012] AUTOSAR tool SHALL support AUTOSAR XML descriptions
[TPS_ASAR_00008]	XML version 1.0 in XML Declaration	Subset of: [TR_IOAT_00012] AUTOSAR tool SHALL support AUTOSAR XML descriptions
[TPS_ASAR_00009]	XML Comments	Subset of: [TR_IOAT_00062] Authoring tool SHALL support well defined serialization (incl. explanatory text)
[TPS_ASAR_00010]	XML Processing Instructions	Subset of: [TR_IOAT_00062] Authoring tool SHALL support well defined serialization (incl. explanatory text)





[TPS_ASР_00011]	AUTOSAR XML Namespace	Supplements: [TR_APXML_00035] XML schema version, Subset of: [TR_APXML_00052] AUTOSAR namespace declaration
[TPS_ASР_00012]	AUTOSAR Revision Declaration	Subset of: [TR_IOAT_00062] Authoring tool SHALL support well defined serialization (incl. explanatory text)
[TPS_ASР_00013]	Pattern for AUTOSAR Revision Hint URI	Subset of: [TR_IOAT_00062] Authoring tool SHALL support well defined serialization (incl. explanatory text)
[TPS_ASР_00014]	Order of Elements	Subset of: [TR_IOAT_00062] Authoring tool SHALL support well defined serialization (incl. explanatory text)
[TPS_ASР_00015]	Empty elements represented by start-end tag pairs	Subset of: [TR_IOAT_00062] Authoring tool SHALL support well defined serialization (incl. explanatory text)
[TPS_ASР_00016]	No empty wrappers	Replaces: [TR_IOAT_00075] No empty wrappers
[TPS_ASР_00017]	No empty wrappers	Replaces: [TR_IOAT_00075] No empty wrappers
[TPS_ASР_00018]	No Third-Party XML Namespaces	Subset of: [1] chapter "XML description production"
[TPS_ASР_00019]	Formating of AUTOSAR XML Descriptions	Subset of: [TR_IOAT_00062] Authoring tool SHALL support well defined serialization (incl. explanatory text)

Table A.1: Changed Specification Items in 4.3.0

A.1.2 Changed Specification Items

none

A.1.3 Deleted Specification Items

none

**A.2 Traceable item history of this document according to
AUTOSAR Release R4.3.1****A.2.1 Added Specification Items in R4.3.1**

none

A.2.2 Changed Specification Items in R4.3.1

none

A.2.3 Deleted Specification Items in R4.3.1

none

A.2.4 Added Constraints in R4.3.1

none

A.2.5 Changed Constraints in R4.3.1

none

A.2.6 Deleted Constraints in R4.3.1

none

**A.3 Traceable item history of this document according to
AUTOSAR Release R4.4.0****A.3.1 Added Specification Items in R4.4.0**

none

A.3.2 Changed Specification Items in R4.4.0

none

A.3.3 Deleted Specification Items in R4.4.0

none

A.3.4 Added Constraints in R4.4.0

none

A.3.5 Changed Constraints in R4.4.0

none

A.3.6 Deleted Constraints in R4.4.0

none

**A.4 Traceable item history of this document according to
AUTOSAR Release R19-11****A.4.1 Added Specification Items in R19-11**

none

A.4.2 Changed Specification Items in R19-11

none

A.4.3 Deleted Specification Items in R19-11

none

A.4.4 Added Constraints in R19-11

none

A.4.5 Changed Constraints in R19-11

none

A.4.6 Deleted Constraints in R19-11

none

**A.5 Traceable item history of this document according to
AUTOSAR Release R20-11****A.5.1 Added Specification Items in R20-11**

none

A.5.2 Changed Specification Items in R20-11

none

A.5.3 Deleted Specification Items in R20-11

none

A.5.4 Added Constraints in R20-11

none

A.5.5 Changed Constraints in R20-11

none

A.5.6 Deleted Constraints in R20-11

none

**A.6 Traceable item history of this document according to
AUTOSAR Release R21-11****A.6.1 Added Specification Items in R21-11**

none

A.6.2 Changed Specification Items in R21-11

none

A.6.3 Deleted Specification Items in R21-11

none

A.6.4 Added Constraints in R21-11

none

A.6.5 Changed Constraints in R21-11

none

A.6.6 Deleted Constraints in R21-11

none

A.7 Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R22-11

A.7.1 Added Specification Items in R22-11

none

A.7.2 Changed Specification Items in R22-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_ASR_00014]	Sorting elements if their order is semantically meaningless

Table A.2: Changed Specification Items in R22-11

A.7.3 Deleted Specification Items in R22-11

none

A.7.4 Added Constraints in R22-11

none

A.7.5 Changed Constraints in R22-11

none

A.7.6 Deleted Constraints in R22-11

none

A.8 Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R23-11

A.8.1 Added Specification Items in R23-11

none

A.8.2 Changed Specification Items in R23-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_ASR_00019]	Formating of AUTOSAR XML Descriptions

Table A.3: Changed Specification Items in R23-11

A.8.3 Deleted Specification Items in R23-11

none

A.8.4 Added Constraints in R23-11

none

A.8.5 Changed Constraints in R23-11

none

A.8.6 Deleted Constraints in R23-11

none

A.8.7 Added Advisories in R23-11

none

A.8.8 Changed Advisories in R23-11

none

A.8.9 Deleted Advisories in R23-11

none

**A.9 Traceable item history of this document according to
AUTOSAR Release R24-11****A.9.1 Added Specification Items in R24-11**

none

A.9.2 Changed Specification Items in R24-11

none

A.9.3 Deleted Specification Items in R24-11

none

A.9.4 Added Constraints in R24-11

none

A.9.5 Changed Constraints in R24-11

none

A.9.6 Deleted Constraints in R24-11

none

A.9.7 Added Advisories in R24-11

none

A.9.8 Changed Advisories in R24-11

none

A.9.9 Deleted Advisories in R24-11

none

**A.10 Traceable item history of this document according to
AUTOSAR Release R25-11****A.10.1 Added Specification Items in R25-11**

none

A.10.2 Changed Specification Items in R25-11

none

A.10.3 Deleted Specification Items in R25-11

none

A.10.4 Added Constraints in R25-11

none

A.10.5 Changed Constraints in R25-11

none

A.10.6 Deleted Constraints in R25-11

none

A.10.7 Added Advisories in R25-11

none

A.10.8 Changed Advisories in R25-11

none

A.10.9 Deleted Advisories in R25-11

none

B Glossary

The content of this appendix chapter is *informative* in nature and shall **not** be considered as *normative* content.

Artifact This is a Work Product Definition that provides a description and definition for tangible work product types. Artifacts may be composed of other artifacts ([12]).

At a high level, an artifact is represented as a single conceptual file.

AUTOSAR Tool This is a software tool which supports one or more tasks defined as AUTOSAR tasks in the methodology. Depending on the supported tasks, an AUTOSAR tool can act as an authoring tool, a converter tool, a processor tool or as a combination of those (see separate definitions).

AUTOSAR Authoring Tool An AUTOSAR Tool used to create and modify AUTOSAR XML Descriptions. Example: System Description Editor.

AUTOSAR Converter Tool An AUTOSAR Tool used to create AUTOSAR XML files by converting information from other AUTOSAR XML files. Example: ECU Flattener

AUTOSAR Definition This is the definition of parameters which can have values. One could say that the parameter values are Instances of the definitions. But in the meta model hierarchy of AUTOSAR, definitions are also instances of the meta model and therefore considered as a description. Examples for AUTOSAR definitions are: [PortPrototype](#), [PostBuildVariantCriterion](#), [SwSystem-const](#).

AUTOSAR XML Description In AUTOSAR this means "filled Template". In fact an AUTOSAR XML description is the XML representation of an AUTOSAR model.

The AUTOSAR XML description can consist of several files. Each individual file represents an AUTOSAR partial model and shall validate successfully against the AUTOSAR XML schema.

AUTOSAR Meta-Model This is an UML2.0 model that defines the language for describing AUTOSAR systems. The AUTOSAR meta-model is an UML representation of the AUTOSAR templates. UML2.0 class diagrams are used to describe the attributes and their interrelationships. Stereotypes, UML tags and OCL expressions (object constraint language) are used for defining specific semantics and constraints.

AUTOSAR Meta-Model Tool The AUTOSAR Meta-Model Tool is the tool that generates different views (class tables, list of constraints, diagrams, XML Schema etc.) on the AUTOSAR meta-model.

AUTOSAR Model This is a representation of an AUTOSAR product. The AUTOSAR model represents aspects suitable to the intended use according to the AUTOSAR methodology.

Strictly speaking, this is an instance of the AUTOSAR meta-model. The information contained in the AUTOSAR model can be anything that is representable according to the AUTOSAR meta-model.

AUTOSAR Partial Model In AUTOSAR, the possible partitioning of models is marked in the meta-model by `<<atpSplittable>>`. One partial model is represented in an AUTOSAR XML description by one file. The partial model does not need to fulfill all semantic constraints applicable to an AUTOSAR model.

AUTOSAR Processor Tool An AUTOSAR Tool used to create non-AUTOSAR files by processing information from AUTOSAR XML files. Example: RTE Generator

AUTOSAR Specification Element An AUTOSAR Specification Element is a named element that is part of an AUTOSAR specification. Examples: requirement, constraint, specification item, class or attribute in the meta model, methodology, deliverable, methodology activity, model element, bsw module etc.

AUTOSAR Template The term "Template" is used in AUTOSAR to describe the format different kinds of descriptions. The term template comes from the idea, that AUTOSAR defines a kind of form which shall be filled out in order to describe a model. The filled form is then called the description.

In fact the AUTOSAR templates are now defined as a meta-model.

AUTOSAR Validation Tool A specialized AUTOSAR Tool which is able to check an AUTOSAR model against the rules defined by a profile.

AUTOSAR XML Schema This is a W3C XML schema that defines the language for exchanging AUTOSAR models. This Schema is derived from the AUTOSAR meta-model. The AUTOSAR XML Schema defines the AUTOSAR data exchange format.

Blueprint This is a model from which other models can be derived by copy and refinement. Note that in contrast to meta model resp. types, this process is *not* an instantiation.

Instance Generally this is a particular exemplar of a model or of a type.

Life Cycle Life Cycle is the course of development/evolutionary stages of a model element during its life time.

Meta-Model This defines the building blocks of a model. In that sense, a Meta-Model represents the language for building models.

Meta-Data This includes pertinent information about data, including information about the authorship, versioning, access-rights, timestamps etc.

Model A Model is an simplified representation of reality. The model represents the aspects suitable for an intended purpose.

Partial Model This is a part of a model which is intended to be persisted in one particular artifact.

Pattern in GST This is an approach to simplify the definition of the meta model by applying a model transformation. This transformation creates an enhanced model out of an annotated model.

Property A property is a structural feature of an object. As an example a "connector" has the properties "receive port" and "send port"

Properties are made variant by the `<<atpVariation>>`.

Prototype This is the implementation of a role of a type within the definition of another type. In other words a type may contain Prototypes that in turn are typed by "Types". Each one of these prototypes becomes an instance when this type is instantiated.

Type A type provides features that can appear in various roles of this type.

Value This is a particular value assigned to a "Definition".

Variability Variability of a system is its quality to describe a set of variants. These variants are characterized by variant specific property settings and / or selections. As an example, such a system property selection manifests itself in a particular "receive port" for a connection.

This is implemented using the `<<atpVariation>>`.

Variant A system variant is a concrete realization of a system, so that all its properties have been set respectively selected. The software system has no variability anymore with respect to the binding time.

This is implemented using [EvaluatedVariantSet](#).

Variation Binding A variant is the result of a variation binding process that resolves the variability of the system by assigning particular values/selections to all the system's properties.

This is implemented by [VariationPoint](#).

Variation Binding Time The variation binding time determines the step in the methodology at which the variability given by a set of variable properties is resolved.

This is implemented by `vh.latestBindingTime` at the related properties.

Variation Definition Time The variation definition time determines the step in the methodology at which the variation points are defined.

Variation Point A variation point indicates that a property is subject to variation. Furthermore, it is associated with a condition and a binding time which define the system context for the selection / setting of a concrete variant.

This is implemented by [VariationPoint](#).

C Mentioned Class Tables

For the sake of completeness, this chapter contains a set of class tables representing meta-classes mentioned in the context of this document but which are not contained directly in the scope of describing specific meta-model semantics.

Class	AUTOSAR			
Note	Root element of an AUTOSAR description, also the root element in corresponding XML documents. Tags: xml.globalElement=true			
Base	ARObject			
Attribute	Type	Mult.	Kind	Note
adminData	AdminData	0..1	aggr	<p>This represents the administrative data of an Autosar file. Stereotypes: atpSplittable Tags: atp.Splitkey=adminData xml.sequenceOffset=10</p>
arPackage	ARPackage	*	aggr	<p>This is the top level package in an AUTOSAR model. Stereotypes: atpSplittable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=arPackage.shortName, arPackage.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=30</p>
fileInfo Comment	FileInfoComment	0..1	aggr	<p>This represents a possibility to provide a structured comment in an AUTOSAR file. Stereotypes: atpStructuredComment Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=-10 xml.typeElement=false</p>
introduction	DocumentationBlock	0..1	aggr	<p>This represents an introduction on the Autosar file. It is intended for example to represent disclaimers and legal notes. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20</p>

Table C.1: AUTOSAR

Class	EvaluatedVariantSet			
Note	<p>This meta class represents the ability to express if a set of ARElements is able to support one or more particular variants.</p> <p>In other words, for a given set of evaluatedElements this meta class represents a table of evaluated variants, where each PredefinedVariant represents one column. In this column each descendant sw SystemconstantValue resp. postbuildVariantCriterionValue represents one entry.</p> <p>In a graphical representation each swSystemconstantValueSet / postBuildVariantCriterionValueSet could be used as an intermediate headline in the table column.</p> <p>If the approvalStatus is "APPROVED" it expresses that the collection of CollectableElements is known be valid for the given evaluatedVariants.</p> <p>Note that the EvaluatedVariantSet is a CollectableElement. This allows to establish a hierarchy of EvaluatedVariantSets.</p> <p>Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=EvaluatedVariantSets</p>			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Type	Mult.	Kind	Note





Class	EvaluatedVariantSet			
approvalStatus	NameToken	1	attr	<p>Defines the approval status of a predefined variant. Two values are predefined: "APPROVED" and "REJECTED":</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Approved variants are known to work. Rejected variants are known NOT to work. <p>Further values can be approved on a per-company basis; within AUTOSAR only "APPROVED" and "REJECTED" should be recognized.</p>
evaluated Element	CollectableElement	*	ref	This represents a particular element which is evaluated in context of the EvaluatedVariants. The approvalStatus applies to this element (and all of its descendants). In other words, the referenced elements are those that were considered when the predefined variant was evaluated.
evaluated Variant	PredefinedVariant	*	ref	This metaclass represents one particular variant which was evaluated. LowerMultiplicity is set to 0 to support a stepwise approach.

Table C.2: EvaluatedVariantSet

Class	PortPrototype (abstract)			
Note	Base class for the ports of an AUTOSAR software component. The aggregation of PortPrototypes is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ports.			
Base	<i>ARObject, AtpBlueprintable, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable</i>			
Subclasses	<i>AbstractProvidedPortPrototype, AbstractRequiredPortPrototype</i>			
Aggregated by	<i>AtpClassifier.atpFeature, SwComponentType.port</i>			
Attribute	Type	Mult.	Kind	Note
–	–	–	–	–

Table C.3: PortPrototype

Class	PostBuildVariantCriterion			
Note	This class specifies one particular PostBuildVariantSelector. Tags: <i>atp.recommendedPackage=PostBuildVariantCriterions</i>			
Base	<i>ARElement, ARObject, AtpDefinition, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable</i>			
Aggregated by	<i>ARPackage.element</i>			
Attribute	Type	Mult.	Kind	Note
compuMethod	CompuMethod	1	ref	The compuMethod specifies the possible values for the variant criterion serving as an enumerator.

Table C.4: PostBuildVariantCriterion

Primitive	Ref			
Note	<p>This primitive denotes a name based reference. For detailed syntax see the xsd.pattern.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • first slash (relative or absolute reference) [optional] • Identifier [required] • a sequence of slashes and Identifiers [optional] <p>This primitive is used by the meta-model tools to create the references.</p> <p>Tags: xml.xsd.customType=REF xml.xsd.pattern=?[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9_]{0,127}(/[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9_]{0,127})* xml.xsd.type=string </p>			
Attribute	Type	Mult.	Kind	Note
base	Identifier	0..1	attr	<p>This attribute reflects the base to be used for this reference.</p> <p>Tags: xml.attribute=true</p>
blueprintValue	String	0..1	attr	<p>This represents a description that documents how the value shall be defined when deriving objects from the blueprint.</p> <p>Tags: atp.Status=valid xml.attribute=true </p>
index	PositiveInteger	0..1	attr	<p>This attribute supports the use case to point on specific elements in an array. This is in particular required if arrays are used to implement particular data objects. The counting of array indices starts with the value 0, i.e. the index of the first array element is 0.</p> <p>Tags: xml.attribute=true</p>

Table C.5: Ref

Class	Referrable (abstract)			
Note	Instances of this class can be referred to by their identifier (while adhering to namespace borders).			
Base	ARObject			
Subclasses	<i>AtpDefinition, BswDistinguishedPartition, BswModuleCallPoint, BswModuleClientServerEntry, BswVariableAccess, CouplingPortTrafficClassAssignment, DiagnosticEnvModeElement, EthernetPriorityRegeneration, ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder, HwDescriptionEntity, ImplementationProps, ModeTransition, MultilanguageReferrable, PncMappingIdent, SingleLanguageReferrable, SoConIPdulIdentifier, TpConnectionIdent</i>			
Attribute	Type	Mult.	Kind	Note
shortName	Identifier	1	attr	<p>This specifies an identifying shortName for the object. It needs to be unique within its context and is intended for humans but even more for technical reference.</p> <p>Stereotypes: atpIdentityContributor</p> <p>Tags: xml.enforceMinMultiplicity=true xml.sequenceOffset=-100 </p>
shortName Fragment	ShortNameFragment	*	aggr	<p>This specifies how the Referrable.shortName is composed of several shortNameFragments.</p> <p>Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-90</p>

Table C.6: Referrable

Class	SwSystemconst			
Note	<p>This element defines a system constant which serves an input to select a particular variation point. In particular a system constant serves as an operand of the binding function (swSyscond) in a Variation point.</p> <p>Note that the binding process can only happen if a value was assigned to the referenced system constants.</p> <p>Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=SwSystemconsts</p>			
Base	<i>ARElement, ARObject, AtpDefinition, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable</i>			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Type	Mult.	Kind	Note
swDataDefProps	SwDataDefProps	0..1	aggr	<p>This denotes the data definition properties of the system constant. This supports to express the limits and optionally a conversion within the internal to physical values by a compu method.</p> <p>Stereotypes: atpSplittable</p> <p>Tags: atp.Splitkey=swDataDefProps xml.sequenceOffset=40</p>

Table C.7: SwSystemconst

Class	VariationPoint			
Note	<p>This meta-class represents the ability to express a "structural variation point". The container of the variation point is part of the selected variant if swSyscond evaluates to true and each postBuildVariant Criterion is fulfilled.</p>			
Base	ARObject			
Attribute	Type	Mult.	Kind	Note
blueprintCondition	DocumentationBlock	0..1	aggr	<p>This represents a description that documents how the variation point shall be resolved when deriving objects from the blueprint.</p> <p>Note that variationPoints are not allowed within a blueprintCondition.</p> <p>Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=28</p>
desc	MultiLanguageOverviewParagraph	0..1	aggr	<p>This allows to describe shortly the purpose of the variation point.</p> <p>Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20</p>
formalBlueprintGenerator	BlueprintGenerator	0..1	aggr	<p>This represents a description that documents how the variation point shall be resolved when deriving objects from the blueprint by using ARMQL.</p> <p>Note that variationPoints are not allowed within a formal BlueprintGenerator.</p> <p>Tags: atp.Status=draft xml.sequenceOffset=30</p>
postBuildVariantCondition	PostBuildVariantCondition	*	aggr	<p>This is the set of post build variant conditions which all shall be fulfilled in order to (postbuild) bind the variation point.</p> <p>Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=40</p>
sdg	Sdg	0..1	aggr	<p>An optional special data group is attached to every variation point. These data can be used by external software systems to attach application specific data. For example, a variant management system might add an identifier, an URL or a specific classifier.</p> <p>Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=50</p>





Class	VariationPoint			
shortLabel	Identifier	0..1	attr	<p>This provides a name to the particular variation point to support the RTE generator. It is necessary for supporting splitable aggregations and if binding time is later than codeGenerationTime, as well as some RTE conditions. It needs to be unique with in the enclosing Identifiables with the same ShortName.</p> <p>Stereotypes: atpIdentityContributor</p> <p>Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=10</p>
swSyscond	ConditionByFormula	0..1	aggr	<p>This condition acts as Binding Function for the Variation Point. Note that the multiplicity is 0..1 in order to support pure postBuild variants.</p> <p>Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30</p>

Table C.8: VariationPoint

Primitive	VerbatimString			
Note	<p>This primitive represents a string in which white-space needs to be preserved.</p> <p>Tags: xml.xsd.customType=VERBATIM-STRING xml.xsd.type=string xml.xsd.whiteSpace=preserve</p>			
Attribute	Type	Mult.	Kind	Note
blueprintValue	String	0..1	attr	<p>This represents a description that documents how the value shall be defined when deriving objects from the blueprint.</p> <p>Tags: atp.Status=draft xml.attribute=true</p>
xmlSpace	XmlSpaceEnum	0..1	attr	<p>This attribute is used to signal an intention that in that element, white space should be preserved by applications. It is defined according to xml:space as declared by W3C.</p> <p>Tags: xml.attribute=true xml.attributeRef=true xml.name=space xml.nsPrefix=xml</p>

Table C.9: VerbatimString