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| 2021-11-25 | R21-11 | AUTOSAR Release Management | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Removal of <i>Explicit Initial Data Control Flag</i> and <i>Initial Data Requested Flag</i> • Introduced optional functionality to subscribe to a multicast address pre-defined by a ClientService • Consideration of the connection status of a security associations for clients and servers was added • Moved specification item from <i>CP SWS ServiceDiscovery</i> to <i>FO PRS SOMEIPServiceDiscoveryProtocol</i> based on harmonization activities of both documents |
| 2020-11-30 | R20-11 | AUTOSAR Release Management | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contradicting requirements improved • Editorial changes |
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| 2018-10-31 | 1.5.0 | AUTOSAR Release Management | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clarify load balancing option usage • Contradicting requirements improved • Redundant requirements removed |
| 2018-03-29 | 1.4.0 | AUTOSAR Release Management | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No content changes |



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|------------|-------|----------------------------------|---|
| 2017-12-08 | 1.3.0 | AUTOSAR Release Management | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • minor changes |
| 2017-10-27 | 1.2.0 | AUTOSAR Release Management | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Editorial changes |
| 2017-03-31 | 1.1.0 | AUTOSAR Release Management | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Configuration Parameters SD_PORT and SD_MULTICAST_IP are added and defined • Rules relating to Options are reordered |
| 2016-11-30 | 1.0.0 | AUTOSAR Release Management | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initial Release |

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Table of Contents

| | | |
|---------|--|-----|
| 1 | Introduction and overview | 7 |
| 1.1 | Protocol purpose and objectives | 7 |
| 1.2 | Applicability of the protocol | 7 |
| 1.2.1 | Constraints and assumptions | 7 |
| 1.3 | Dependencies | 7 |
| 1.3.1 | Dependencies to other protocol layers | 7 |
| 2 | Use Cases | 9 |
| 3 | Protocol Requirements | 10 |
| 3.1 | Requirements Traceability | 10 |
| 4 | Acronyms and Abbreviations | 18 |
| 5 | Protocol specification | 20 |
| 5.1 | SOME/IP Service Discovery (SOME/IP-SD) | 20 |
| 5.1.1 | General | 20 |
| 5.1.1.1 | Terms and Definitions | 20 |
| 5.1.2 | SOME/IP-SD Message Format | 20 |
| 5.1.2.1 | General Requirements | 20 |
| 5.1.2.2 | SOME/IP-SD Header | 24 |
| 5.1.2.3 | Entry Format | 27 |
| 5.1.2.4 | Options Format | 31 |
| 5.1.2.5 | Service Entries | 48 |
| 5.1.2.6 | Endpoint Handling for Services and Events | 52 |
| 5.1.3 | Service Discovery Messages | 55 |
| 5.1.3.1 | Eventgroup Entry | 56 |
| 5.1.4 | Service Discovery Communication Behavior | 61 |
| 5.1.4.1 | Startup Behavior | 61 |
| 5.1.4.2 | Server Answer Behavior | 65 |
| 5.1.4.3 | Shutdown Behavior | 66 |
| 5.1.4.4 | State Machines | 67 |
| 5.1.4.5 | SOME/IP-SD Mechanisms and Errors | 77 |
| 5.1.4.6 | Error Handling | 78 |
| 5.1.5 | Non-SOME/IP protocols with SOME/IP-SD | 82 |
| 5.1.6 | Publish/Subscribe with SOME/IP and SOME/IP-SD | 85 |
| 5.1.7 | Reserved and special identifiers for SOME/IP and SOME/IP-SD. | 106 |
| 6 | Configuration Parameters | 108 |

| | | |
|-------|---|-----|
| 7 | Protocol Usage | 109 |
| 7.1 | Mandatory Feature Set and Basic Behavior | 109 |
| 7.2 | Migration and Compatibility | 112 |
| 7.2.1 | Supporting multiple versions of the same service. | 112 |
| 8 | References | 114 |
| A | Change history of AUTOSAR traceable items | 115 |
| A.1 | Specification Item Changes between AUTOSAR Release R24-11 and R25-11 | 115 |
| A.1.1 | Added Specification Items in R25-11 | 115 |
| A.1.2 | Changed Specification Items in R25-11 | 115 |
| A.1.3 | Deleted Specification Items in R25-11 | 115 |
| A.2 | Specification Item Changes between AUTOSAR Release R23-11 and R24-11 | 116 |
| A.2.1 | Added Specification Items in R24-11 | 116 |
| A.2.2 | Changed Specification Items in R24-11 | 116 |
| A.2.3 | Deleted Specification Items in R24-11 | 117 |
| A.3 | Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R23-11 | 117 |
| A.3.1 | Added Specification Items in R23-11 | 117 |
| A.3.2 | Changed Specification Items in R23-11 | 117 |
| A.3.3 | Deleted Specification Items in R23-11 | 118 |

1 Introduction and overview

This protocol specification specifies the format, message sequences, and semantics of the Protocol SOME/IP Service Discovery (SOME/IP-SD).

The main tasks of the Service Discovery Protocol are communicating the availability of functional entities called service instances in the in-vehicle communication as well as controlling the send behavior of event messages. This allows sending only event messages to receivers requiring them (Publish/Subscribe). The solution described here is also known as SOME/IP-SD (Scalable service-Oriented MiddlewarE over IP - Service Discovery).

1.1 Protocol purpose and objectives

SOME/IP-SD is used to

- Locate service instances.
- Detect when service instances are available.
- Implement the Publish/Subscribe handling.

1.2 Applicability of the protocol

SOME/IP-SD can be used for service discovery in vehicle networks.

1.2.1 Constraints and assumptions

The SOME/IP-SD has the following constraints:

- SOME/IP-SD supports only IP-based communication.
- The network communication design has to consider the following limitations, if a subscription is handled via multicast communication:
 - Initial events should be transported via unicast.

1.3 Dependencies

1.3.1 Dependencies to other protocol layers

SOME/IP-SD depends on SOME/IP. SOME/IP itself supports both TCP and UDP communications but SOME/IP-SD uses only UDP (See [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00220](#)]).

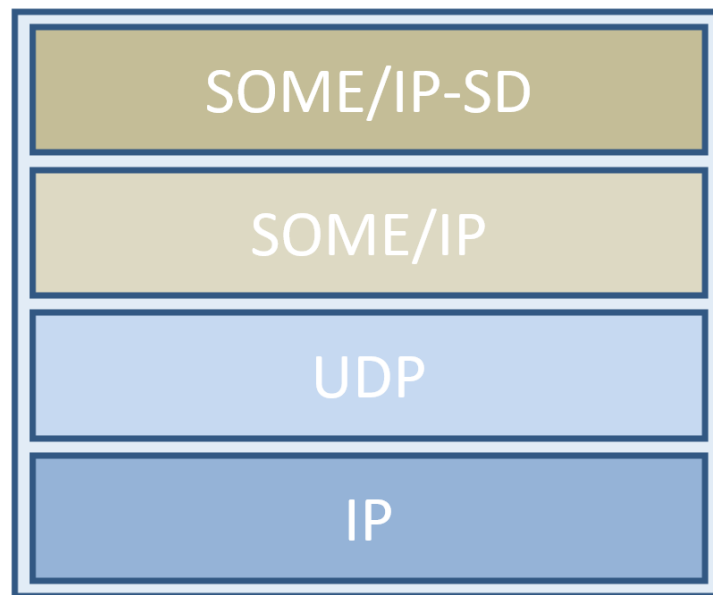


Figure 1.1: SOME/IP-SD Dependencies to other protocol layers

2 Use Cases

| <i>ID</i> | <i>Name</i> | <i>Description</i> |
|------------------|------------------------------|---|
| UC_001 | Service Offering | A server is offering a service instance to the network without the need to statically configure the endpoint of the service instance on the client side. This also includes the availability of the service instance. |
| UC_002 | Service Subscription | A Client finds a desired service instance and subscribes to its eventgroups without knowing the server's endpoint(s). |
| UC_003 | Flexible communication paths | Clients can be dynamically connected to Service Instances at runtime; thus, avoiding static configuration. |

3 Protocol Requirements

3.1 Requirements Traceability

| Requirement | Description | Satisfied by |
|---------------------|---|--|
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall be used on top of SOME/IP Protocol | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00151] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00152] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00153] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00154] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00157] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00158] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00159] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00160] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00161] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00162] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00163] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00164] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00250] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00251] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00252] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00600] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00853] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00002] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support unicast messages | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00256] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00259] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00540] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00601] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00602] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00631] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00702] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support multicast messages | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00238] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00239] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00256] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00323] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00324] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00325] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00326] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00331] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00332] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00333] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00545] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00601] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00603] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00631] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00847] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00848] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00849] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00850] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00004] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support SOME/IP and non-SOME/IP services | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00437] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00438] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00439] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00440] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00005] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support different versions of the same service | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00512] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00806] |





| Requirement | Description | Satisfied by |
|---------------------|---|--|
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall define the format of the Service Discovery message | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00253] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00254] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00255] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00258] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00261] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00262] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00263] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00264] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00265] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00266] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00267] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00268] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00270] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00273] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00275] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00276] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00277] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00278] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00279] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00280] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00281] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00282] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00283] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00284] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00285] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00286] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00287] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00305] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00306] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00307] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00310] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00314] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00315] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00319] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00320] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00321] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00380] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00547] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00548] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00549] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00550] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00551] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00552] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00554] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00555] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00556] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00557] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00558] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00559] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00650] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00651] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00654] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00807] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00835] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00836] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00837] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00845] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00854] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00855] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00856] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00857] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00859] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00860] |





| Requirement | Description | Satisfied by |
|---------------------|--|--|
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00007] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall define ordered feature sets for compliance of implementations | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00496] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00497] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00498] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00501] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00502] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00503] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00504] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00821] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00008] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to find the location of service instances | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00350] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00351] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00496] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00501] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00512] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00528] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00806] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00825] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00839] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00009] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to transport text-based names of services | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00277] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall provide support to transport optional data | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00220] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00305] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00306] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00307] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00310] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00314] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00315] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00319] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00320] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00321] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00380] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00547] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00548] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00549] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00550] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00551] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00552] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00554] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00555] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00556] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00557] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00558] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00559] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00650] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00651] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00654] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00807] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00835] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00836] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00837] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00854] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00855] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00856] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00857] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00859] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00860] |





| Requirement | Description | Satisfied by |
|---------------------|---|--|
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00011] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall provide support for load balancing | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00542] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00544] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00711] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00712] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00713] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00714] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00012] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to detect whether service instances are active | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00133] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00397] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00427] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00826] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00827] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to offer published services | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00355] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00356] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00357] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00358] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00359] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00360] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00361] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00362] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00443] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00446] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00457] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00480] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00481] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00496] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00504] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00512] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00529] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00530] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00801] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00802] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00806] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00821] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00825] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00826] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00827] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00839] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00841] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00014] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to stop offering services | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00363] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00364] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00443] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00446] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00496] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00840] |





| Requirement | Description | Satisfied by |
|---------------------|---|--|
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to subscribe to events | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00120] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00121] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00122] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00308] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00385] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00386] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00387] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00390] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00391] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00392] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00393] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00394] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00443] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00446] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00449] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00450] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00453] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00457] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00461] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00462] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00463] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00464] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00465] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00466] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00467] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00468] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00470] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00472] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00484] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00486] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00487] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00488] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00489] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00490] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00496] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00501] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00504] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00512] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00527] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00566] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00570] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00571] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00572] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00577] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00806] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00808] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00809] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00810] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00821] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00828] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00829] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00830] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00842] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00846] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00851] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00861] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00862] |





| Requirement | Description | Satisfied by |
|---------------------|--|--|
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00016] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to deny subscriptions | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00134] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00443] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00446] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00466] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00467] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00468] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to stop subscriptions to events | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00388] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00389] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00427] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00428] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00429] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00430] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00431] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00432] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00452] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00453] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00454] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00496] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00574] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00751] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00752] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00018] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support reboot detection of service providers | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00503] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall standardize error handling | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00125] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00126] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00127] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00128] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00129] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00130] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00131] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00132] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00231] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00232] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00233] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00234] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00235] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00454] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00803] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00832] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00844] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00852] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00020] | SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support TTL | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00452] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00502] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00021] | SOME/IP Service Discovery protocol shall provide functionality to discover services | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00350] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00351] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00022] | SOME/IP Service Discovery shall operate in a distributed manner | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00603] |
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00024] | SOME/IP Service Discovery shall support configurable timings | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00502] |





| Requirement | Description | Satisfied by |
|---------------------|---|--|
| [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025] | SOME/IP Service Discovery messages shall contain information how to contact the communication partner | [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00133] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00134] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00341] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00342] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00343] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00356] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00357] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00358] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00359] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00360] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00361] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00362] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00387] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00395] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00397] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00399] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00400] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00401] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00404] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00405] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00406] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00407] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00408] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00409] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00410] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00411] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00412] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00413] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00415] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00416] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00417] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00419] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00420] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00421] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00422] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00423] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00433] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00434] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00435] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00470] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00476] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00480] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00481] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00484] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00486] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00487] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00488] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00489] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00490] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00497] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00498] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00501] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00502] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00504] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00512] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00515] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00516] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00517] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00519] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00520] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00528] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00529] |





| Requirement | Description | Satisfied by |
|-------------|-------------|--|
| | | <div></div> <div>[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00530] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00531] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00582] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00800] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00801] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00802] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00804] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00805] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00806] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00810] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00821] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00826] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00827] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00828] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00833] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00834] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00841] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00843] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00846]</div> |

Table 3.1: Requirements Tracing

4 Acronyms and Abbreviations

The glossary below includes acronyms and abbreviations relevant to the SOME/IP specification that are not included in the [1, AUTOSAR glossary].

| Abbreviation / Acronym: | Description: |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Method | a method, procedure, function, or subroutine that is called/invoked. |
| Parameters | input, output, or input/output arguments of a method or an event |
| Remote Procedure Call (RPC) | a method call from one ECU to another that is transmitted using messages |
| Request | a message of the client to the server invoking a method |
| Response | a message of the server to the client transporting results of a method invocation |
| Request/Response communication | a RPC that consists of request and response |
| Fire&Forget communication | a RPC call that consists only of a request message |
| Event | A uni-directional data transmission that is only invoked on changes or cyclically and is sent from the producer of data to the consumers. One event could even be both sent cyclically and spontaneously on change. This is completely in the responsibility of the sending application because the receiver has no means at all to distinguish between those two. |
| Field | a field does represent a status and thus has a valid value at all times on which getter, setter and notifier act upon. |
| Notification Event | an event message the notifier of a field sends. The message of such a notifier cannot be distinguished from the event message; therefore, when referring to the message of an event, this shall also be true for the messages of notifiers of fields. |
| Getter | a Request/Response call that allows read access to a field. |
| Setter | a Request/Response call that allows write access to a field. |
| Notifier | sends out event message with a new value on change of the value of the field. |
| Service | a logical combination of zero or more methods, zero or more events, and zero or more fields (empty service is allowed, e.g. for announcing non-SOME/IP services in SOME/IP-SD) |
| Eventgroup | a logical grouping of events and notification events of fields inside a service in order to allow subscription |
| Service Interface | the formal specification of the service including its methods, events, and fields |
| Service Instance | software implementation of the service interface, which can exist more than once in the vehicle and more than once on an ECU |
| Server | The ECU offering a service instance shall be called server in the context of this service instance. |
| Client | The ECU using the service instance of a server shall be called client in the context of this service instance. |
| Union or Variant | a data structure that dynamically assumes different data types. |
| Offering a service instance | that one ECU implements an instance of a service and tells other ECUs using SOME/IP-SD that they may use it. |
| Finding a service instance | to send a SOME/IP-SD message in order to find a needed service instance. |
| Publishing an eventgroup | eventgroups are implicitly published by offering a service (instance) they are part of. Based on this, a client can subscribe to an eventgroup. |

| Abbreviation / Acronym: | Description: |
|------------------------------|--|
| Subscribing to an eventgroup | a client requests a server to send the content of an eventgroup of a service instance using a SOME/IP-SD message. |
| unicast event | Events and Field notifiers, which are transmitted via unicast. The IP and Port Numbers of the sender are defined by the endpoint options of the offered service instance. The IP and Port Numbers are defined by the endpoint options of the subscribe eventgroup by the client. |
| multicast event | Events and field notifiers which are transmitted via multicast. The IP and Port Number of the sender are defined by the endpoint option of the offered service instance. The IP and Port Numbers are defined by the multicast endpoint option. |
| server multicast endpoint | Multicast endpoint (including IP multicast address, port, and protocol) provided by the server to announce where the server service transmits multicast events to. This is SOME/IP feature since the beginning and is supported by all SOME/IP implementations.. |
| client unicast endpoint | Unicast endpoint (including IP multicast address, port, and protocol) provided by the client service to announce where the client service expects to receive unicast events from the corresponding server service. |
| client multicast endpoint | Multicast endpoint (including IP multicast address, port, and protocol) provided by the client service to announce where the client service expects to receive events from the corresponding server service. This could be used alternatively to a client unicast endpoint. Note: This is currently an AUTOSAR proprietary extension to SOME/IP. Other SOME/IP standards may only allow Servers to sent Multicast Endpoints. |
| Security Association | The protected connection or association based on a security protocol, like IPsec or MACsec. This also includes the state of the security protocol. Note: While this only somewhat also applies to TLS and DTLS, in the following TLS and DTLS are included, when the term is used. |
| Secured Port | A TCP or UDP Port that is protected by a security protocol based on a Security Association. |

Table 4.1: Acronyms and Abbreviations

5 Protocol specification

5.1 SOME/IP Service Discovery (SOME/IP-SD)

5.1.1 General

SOME/IP-SD is used to

- Locate service instances.
- Detect if service instances are running.
- Implement the Publish/Subscribe handling.

Inside the vehicular network service instance locations are commonly known; therefore, the state of the service instance is of primary concern. The location of the service (i.e. IP-Address, transport protocol, and port number) are of secondary concern.

5.1.1.1 Terms and Definitions

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00238]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[A separate server service instance shall be used per network interface if a service needs to be offered on multiple network interfaces.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00239]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[A separate client service instance shall be used per network interface if a service needs to be configured to be accessed using multiple different network interfaces.]

5.1.2 SOME/IP-SD Message Format

5.1.2.1 General Requirements

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00220]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[SOME/IP-SD messages shall be sent over UDP.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00251]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[The SOME/IP-SD Message shall be as follows:

- Message ID (Service ID/Method ID) [32 bit]: 0xFFFF 8100

- Length [32 bit]
- Request ID (Client ID/Session ID) [32 bit]
- Protocol Version [8 bit]: 0x01
- Interface Version [8 bit]: 0x01
- Message Type [8 bit]: 0x02
- Return Code [8 bit]: 0x00
- Flags [8 bit]
- Reserved [24 bit]
- Length of Entries Array [32 bit]
- Entries Array [variable size]
- Length of Options Array [32 bit]
- Options Array [variable size]

]

The SOME/IP-SD Header Format is shown in Figure 5.1.

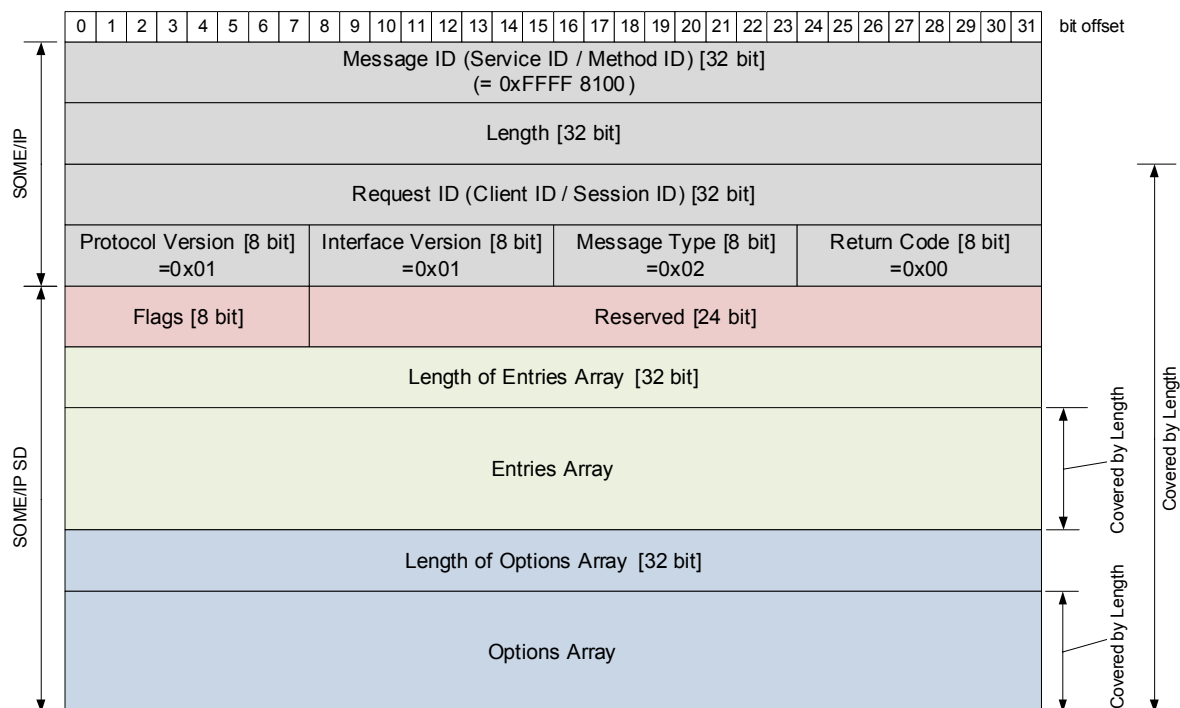


Figure 5.1: SOME/IP-SD Header Format

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00250]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[Service Discovery Messages shall start with a SOME/IP header.]

[\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00250\]](#) can be seen in Figure 5.1.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00151]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[Service Discovery messages shall use the Service-ID (16 Bits) of 0xFFFF.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00152]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[Service Discovery messages shall use the Method-ID (16 Bits) of 0x8100.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00153]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[Service Discovery messages shall use a uint32 length field as specified by SOME/IP. That means that the length is measured in bytes and starts with the first byte after the length field and ends with the last byte of the SOME/IP-SD message.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00154]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[Service Discovery messages shall have a Client-ID (16 Bits) set to 0x0000, since there exists only a single SOME/IP-SD instance.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00157]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[The Session-ID (SOME/IP header) shall be incremented for every SOME/IP-SD message sent.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00158]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[The Session-ID (SOME/IP header) shall start with 1 and be 1 even after wrapping.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00159]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[The Session-ID (SOME/IP header) shall not be set to 0.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00160]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[SOME/IP-SD Session ID handling is done per "communication relation", i.e. multicast as well as unicast per peer (see [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00255\]](#)).]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00161]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[Service Discovery messages shall have a Protocol-Version (8 Bits) of 0x01.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00162]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[Service Discovery messages shall have a Interface-Version (8 Bits) of 0x01.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00163]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[Service Discovery messages shall have a Message Type (8 bits) of 0x02 (Notification).]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00164]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[Service Discovery messages shall have a Return Code (8 bits) of 0x00 (E_OK).]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00853]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[All fields in the Service Discovery messages shall be in Network Byte Order (i.e. Big Endian Byte Order).]

An example of a SOME/IP-SD message is as shown below

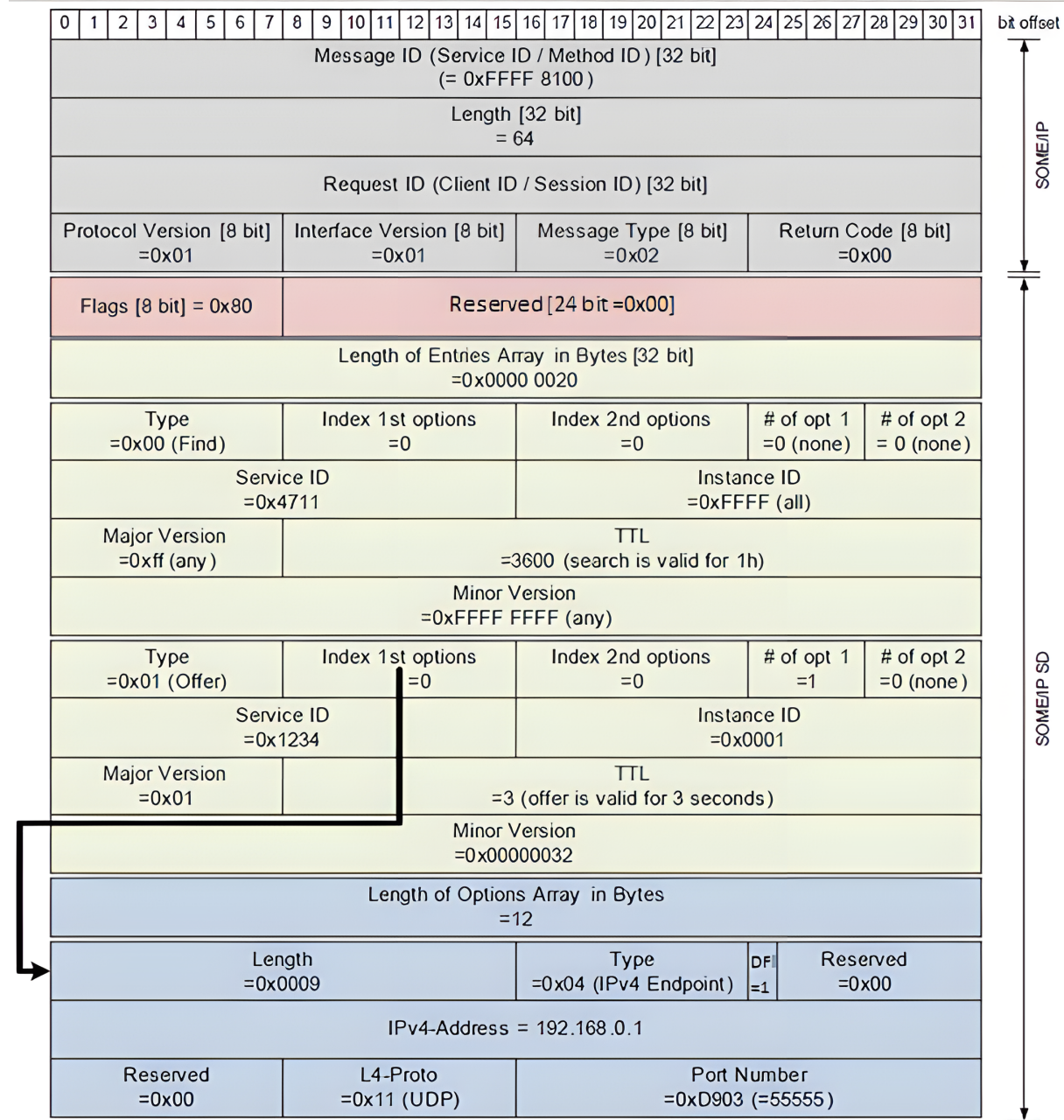


Figure 5.2: SOME/IP-SD Example Message

5.1.2.2 SOME/IP-SD Header

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00252]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[SOME/IP-SD shall be transported using SOME/IP.]

[[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00252](#)] can be seen in Figure 5.2.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00253]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The SOME/IP-SD Header shall start with an 8 Bit field called `flags`.]

See a representation of Flags in Figure 5.3.

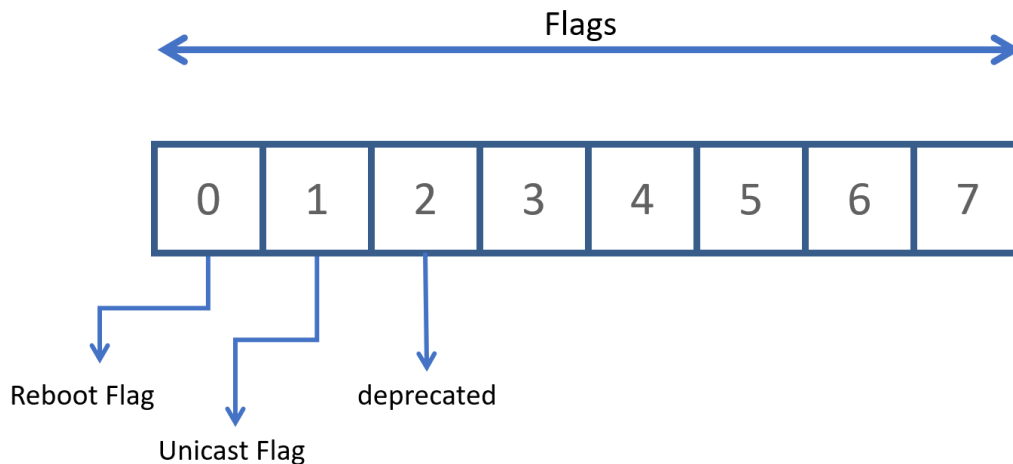


Figure 5.3: Flags in SOME/IP-SD

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00254]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The first flag of the SOME/IP-SD Flags field (highest order bit) shall be called `Reboot Flag`.]

For flags see Figure 5.3.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00255]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The Reboot Flag of the SOME/IP-SD Header shall be set to one for all messages after reboot until the Session-ID in the SOME/IP-Header wraps around and thus starts with 1 again. After this wrap around the Reboot Flag is set to 0.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00256]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00002](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[The information for the reboot flag and the Session ID shall be kept for multicast and unicast separately.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00631]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00002](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[The information for the reboot flag and the Session ID shall be kept for every sender-receiver relation (i.e. source address and destination address) separately.]

Note:

This means there shall be separate counters for sending and receiving.

Sending

- There shall be a counter for multicast.
- There shall be a separate counter for each peer for unicast.

Receiving

- There shall be a counter for each peer for multicast.
- There shall be a counter for each peer for unicast.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00258]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The detection of a reboot shall be done as follows (with the new values of the current packet from the communication partner and old the last value received before):

if old.reboot==0 and new.reboot==1 then Reboot detected

OR

if old.reboot==1 and new.reboot==1 and old.session_id>new.session_id then Reboot detected

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00259]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00002](#)

[The second flag of the SOME/IP-SD Flags (second highest order bit) shall be called Unicast Flag.]

For flags see Figure [5.3](#).

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00540]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00002](#)

[The Unicast Flag of the SOME/IP-SD Header shall be set to Unicast (that means 1) for all SD Messages since this means that receiving using unicast is supported.]

Note:

The Unicast Flag is left over from historical SOME/IP versions and is only kept for compatibility reasons. Its use besides this is very limited.

For flags see Figure [5.3](#).

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00702]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00002](#)

[Undefined bits within the Flag field shall be set to '0' when sending and ignored on receiving.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00261]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[After the Flags the SOME/IP-SD Header shall have a field of 24 bits called Reserved.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00262]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[After the SOME/IP-SD Header the Entries Array shall follow.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00263]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The entries shall be processed exactly in the order they arrive.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00264]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[After the Entries Array in the SOME/IP-SD Header an Option Array shall follow.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00265]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The Entries Array and the Options Array of the SOME/IP-SD message shall start with a `length` field as `uint32` that counts the number of bytes of the following data; i.e. the entries or the options.]

5.1.2.3 Entry Format**[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00266]**

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The service discovery shall support multiple entries that are combined in one service discovery message.]

Note:

The entries are used to synchronize the state of services instances and the Publish/-Subscribe handling.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00267]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[Two types of entries exist: A Service Entry Type for Services and an Eventgroup Entry Type for Eventgroups.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00268]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[A Service Entry Type shall be 16 Bytes of size and include the following fields in this order:

- Type Field [uint8]: encodes FindService (0x00), OfferService (0x01) and StopOfferService (0x01)
- Index First Option Run [uint8]: Index of this runs first option in the option array.
- Index Second Option Run [uint8]: Index of this runs second option in the option array.
- Number of Options 1 [uint4]: Describes the number of options the first option run uses.
- Number of Options 2 [uint4]: Describes the number of options the second option run uses.
- Service ID [uint16]: Describes the Service ID of the Service or Service Instance this entry is concerned with.
- Instance ID [uint16]: Describes the Service Instance ID of the Service Instance this entry is concerned with or is set to 0xFFFF if all service instances of a service are meant.
- Major Version [uint8]: Encodes the major version of the service (instance).
- TTL [uint24]: Describes the lifetime of the entry in seconds.
- Minor Version [uint32]: Encodes the minor version of the service.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00268] is shown in Figure 5.4.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------------|----|----|----|------------|----|----|----|------------|
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | bit offset |
| Type | | | | | | | | Index 1st options | | | | | | | | Index 2nd options | | | | | | | | # of opt 1 | | | | # of opt 2 | | | | |
| Service ID | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Instance ID | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Major Version | | | | | | | | TTL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Minor Version | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 5.4: SOME/IP-SD Service Entry Type

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00270]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[An Eventgroup Entry (Type 2) shall be 16 Bytes of size and include the following fields in this order:

- Type Field [uint8]: encodes Subscribe (0x06), StopSubscribeEventgroup (0x06), SubscribeAck (0x07) and SubscribeEventgroupNack (0x07).
- Index of first option run [uint8]: Index of this runs first option in the option array.
- Index of second option run [uint8]: Index of this runs second option in the option array.
- Number of Options 1 [uint4]: Describes the number of options the first option run uses.
- Number of Options 2 [uint4]: Describes the number of options the second option run uses.
- Service-ID [uint16]: Describes the Service ID of the Service or Service Instance this entry is concerned with.
- Instance ID [uint16]: Describes the Service Instance ID of the Service Instance this entry is concerned with. The Service Instance ID shall not be set to 0xFFFF for any Instance.
- Major Version [uint8]: Encodes the major version of the service instance this eventgroup is part of.
- TTL [uint24]: Describes the lifetime of the entry in seconds.
- Reserved [uint12]: Shall be set to 0x000.
- Counter [uint4]: Is used to differentiate identical Subscribe Eventgroups of the same subscriber. Set to 0x0 if not used.
- Eventgroup ID [uint16]: Transports the ID of an Eventgroup.

]

SOME/IP-SD Eventgroup Entry Type is shown in Figure 5.5.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------------------|---|----|----|---------|----|----|----|-------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------------|----|----|----|------------|----|----|----|------------|
| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | bit offset |
| Type | | | | | | | | Index 1st options | | | | | | | | Index 2nd options | | | | | | | | # of opt 1 | | | | # of opt 2 | | | | |
| Service ID | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Instance ID | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Major Version | | | | | | | | TTL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved (0x000) | | | | | | | | | | | | Counter | | | | Eventgroup ID | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 5.5: SOME/IP-SD Eventgroup Entry Type

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00845]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The Major Version of an entry (according to [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00268\]](#) and [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00270\]](#)) shall match the version of the corresponding Service Interface]

Note: While SOME/IP-SD defines the Major and Minor version of a service interface, SOME/IP messages themselves only use the major version in the interface version field of the SOME/IP header.

5.1.2.3.1 Referencing Options from Entries

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00833]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[Using the following fields of the entries, options are referenced by the entries:

- Index First Option Run: Index into array of options for first option run. Index 0 means first option of this SOME/IP-SD message.
- Index Second Option Run: Index into array of options for second option run. Index 0 means first option of this SOME/IP-SD message.
- Number of Options 1: Length of first option run. Length 0 means no option in option run.
- Number of Options 2: Length of second option run. Length 0 means no option in option run.

]

Two different option runs exist: First Option Run and Second Option Run.

Rationale for the support of two option runs: Two different types of options are expected: options common between multiple SOME/IP-SD entries and options different for each SOME/IP-SD entry. Supporting two different options runs is the most efficient way to support these two types of options, while keeping the wire format highly efficient.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00341]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[Each option run shall reference the first option and the number of options for this run.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00342]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[If the number of options is set to zero, the option run is considered empty.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00343]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[For empty runs the Index (i.e. Index First Option Run and/or Index Second Option Run) shall be set to zero.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00834]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[Implementations shall accept and process incoming SD messages with option run length set to zero and option index not set to zero by ignoring this option run.]

5.1.2.4 Options Format

Options are used to transport additional information to the entries. This includes for instance the information how a service instance is reachable (IP-Address, Transport Protocol, Port Number).

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00273]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[In order to identify the option type every option shall start with:

- Length [uint16]: Specifies the length of the option in Bytes.
- Type [uint8]: Specifying the type of the option.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Specifies, if this option can be discarded.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00275]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The discardable flag shall be set to 1 if the option can be discarded by a receiving ECU that does not support this option.]

5.1.2.4.1 Configuration Option

The configuration option is used to transport arbitrary configuration strings. This allows to encode additional information like the name of a service or its configuration. In addition, the configuration option allows to offer non-SOME/IP services with SOME/IP-SD.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00276]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The format of the Configuration Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to the total number of bytes occupied by the configuration option, excluding the 16 bit length field and the 8 bit type flag.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x01.

- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 1 if the Option can be discarded by the receiver.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- ConfigurationString [dynamic length]: Shall carry the configuration string.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00277]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00009](#)

[The Configuration Option shall specify a set of name-value-pairs based on the DNS TXT and DNS-SD format. [\[2\]](#) [\[3\]](#)]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00278]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The format of the configuration string shall start with a single byte length field that describes the number of bytes following this length field. After the length field a character sequence with the specified length shall follow.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00279]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[After each character sequence another length field and a following character sequence are expected until a length field shall be set to 0x00.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00280]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[After a length field is set to 0x00 no characters shall follow.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00281]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[A character sequence shall encode a key and optionally a value.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00282]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The character sequences shall contain an equal character ("=", 0x3D) to divide key and value.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00283]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The key shall not include an equal character and shall be at least one non-whitespace character. The characters of "Key" shall be printable US-ASCII values (0x20-0x7E), excluding '=' (0x3D).]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00284]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[The "=" shall not be the first character of the sequence.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00285]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[For a character sequence without an '=' that key shall be interpreted as present.]

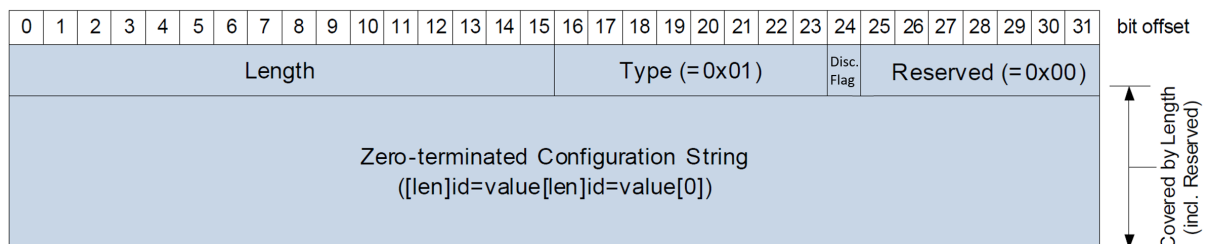
[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00286]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[For a character sequence ending on an '=' that key shall be interpreted as present with empty value.]

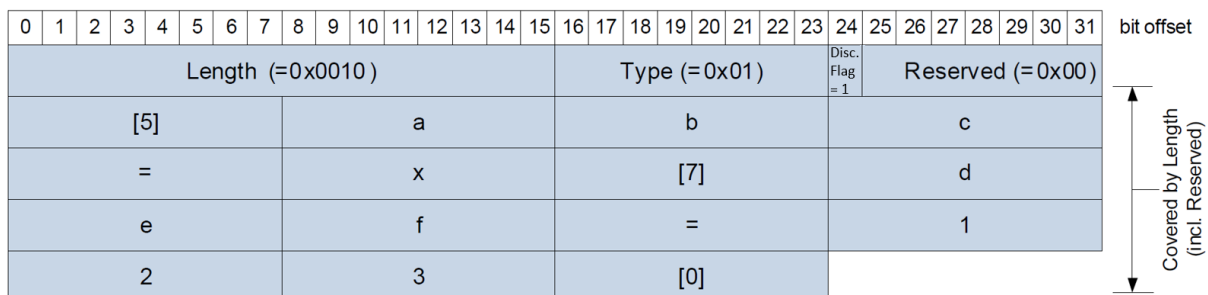
[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00287]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#)

[Multiple entries with the same key in a single Configuration Option shall be supported.]

The format of the Configuration Option is shown in Figure 5.6.

**Figure 5.6: SOME/IP-SD Configuration Option**

Example for SOME/IP-SD Configuration Option

**Figure 5.7: SOME/IP-SD Configuration Option Example**

5.1.2.4.2 Load Balancing Option

The Load Balancing option is used to prioritize different instances of the same service, so that a client can choose the service instance dynamically. This option will be referenced by Offer Service entries.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00542]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00011](#)

[The Load Balancing Option shall carry a Priority and Weight like the DNS-SRV records, which shall be used for load balancing different service instances. [4]]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00711]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00011](#)

[When looking for all service instances of a service (Service Instance set to 0xFFFF), the client shall choose the service instance with highest priority that also matches client specific criteria.]

Note: Client specific criteria may be applied by the client application when choosing one of the offered service instances. They are not defined in this specification, and could e.g. restrict the range of appropriate instance IDs.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00712]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00011](#)

[When having more than one service instance with highest priority (lowest value in Priority field) the service instance shall be chosen randomly based on the weights of the service instances. The probability of choosing a service instance shall be the weight of a service instance divided by the sum of the weights of all considered service instances.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00713]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00011](#)

[If an Offer Service entry references no Load Balancing option and several service instances are offered, the client shall handle the service instances without Load Balancing option as though they had the lowest priority.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00714]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00011](#)

[When looking for a specific service instances of a service (Service Instance set to any value other than 0xFFFF), the evaluation of the Load Balancing Option does not apply.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00544]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00011](#)

[The Format of the Load Balancing Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0005.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x02.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 1 if the Option can be discarded by the receiver.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- Priority [uint16]: Carries the Priority of this instance. Lower value means higher priority.
- Weight [uint16]: Carries the Weight of this instance. Large value means higher probability to be chosen.

]

The format of the Load Balancing Option is shown in Figure 5.8.

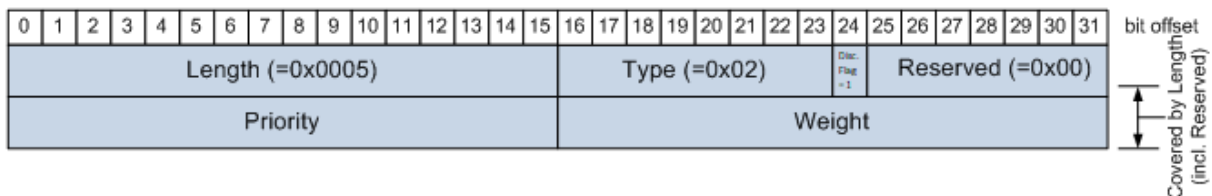


Figure 5.8: SOME/IP-SD Load Balancing Option

5.1.2.4.3 IPv4 Endpoint Option

The IPv4 Endpoint Option is used by a SOME/IP-SD instance to signal the relevant endpoint(s). Endpoints include the local IP address, the transport layer protocol (e.g. UDP or TCP), and the port number of the sender. These ports are used for the events and notification events as well.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00305]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv4 Endpoint Option shall use the Type 0x04.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00306]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv4 Endpoint Option shall specify the IPv4-Address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) used, and its Port Number.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00307]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The Format of the IPv4 Endpoint Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0009.

- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x04.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 0.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- IPv4-Address [uint32]: Shall transport the unicast IP-Address as four Bytes.
- Reserved [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x00.
- Transport Protocol (L4-Proto) [uint8]: Shall be set to the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) based on the IANA/IETF types (0x06: TCP, 0x11: UDP).
- Transport Protocol Port Number (L4-Port) [uint16]: Shall be set to the port of the layer 4 protocol.

]

SOME/IP-SD IPv4 Endpoint Option is shown in Figure 5.9.

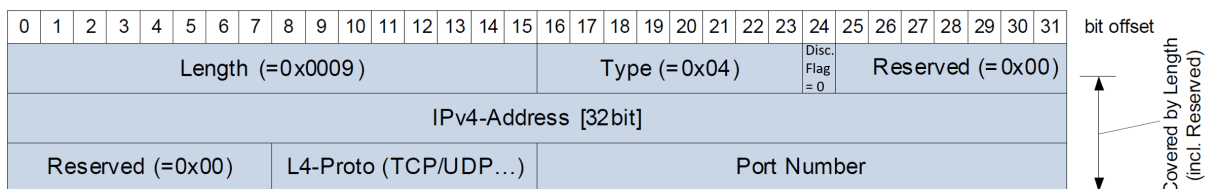


Figure 5.9: SOME/IP-SD IPv4 Endpoint Option

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00310]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The server shall use the IPv4 Endpoint Option with Offer Service entries to signal the endpoints it serves the service instance on. That is up to one UDP endpoint and up to one TCP endpoint.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00380]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The endpoints the server referenced with an Offer Service entry shall also be used as source of events. That is source IP address and source port numbers for the transport protocols in the endpoint option.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00807]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The client shall use the IPv4 Endpoint Option with Subscribe Eventgroup entries to signal the IP address and the UDP and/or TCP port numbers, on which it is ready to receive the events.]

Note: The client is ready to receive the events, if sockets are already opened, and any security associations required by the network security protocols (IPsec, MACsec, or other security protocols) are already established and fully operational.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00835]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[Different provided service instances of the same service on the same ECU shall use different endpoints, so that they can be differentiated by the endpoints. Different services may share the same endpoints.]

5.1.2.4.4 IPv6 Endpoint Option

The IPv6 Endpoint Option is used by a SOME/IP-SD instance to signal the relevant endpoint(s). Endpoints include the local IP address, the transport layer protocol (e.g. UDP or TCP), and the port number of the sender. These ports are used for the events and notification events as well.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00314]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv6 Endpoint Option shall use the Type 0x06.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00315]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The Format of the IPv6 Endpoint Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0015.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x06.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 0.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- IPv6-Address [uint128]: Shall transport the unicast IP-Address as 16 Bytes.
- Reserved [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x00.
- Transport Protocol (L4-Proto) [uint8]: Shall be set to the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) based on the IANA/IETF types (0x06: TCP, 0x11: UDP).
- Transport Protocol Port Number (L4-Port) [uint16]: Shall be set to the transport layer port(e.g. 30490).

]

SOME/IP-SD IPv6 Endpoint Option shall be as shown in Figure [5.10](#)

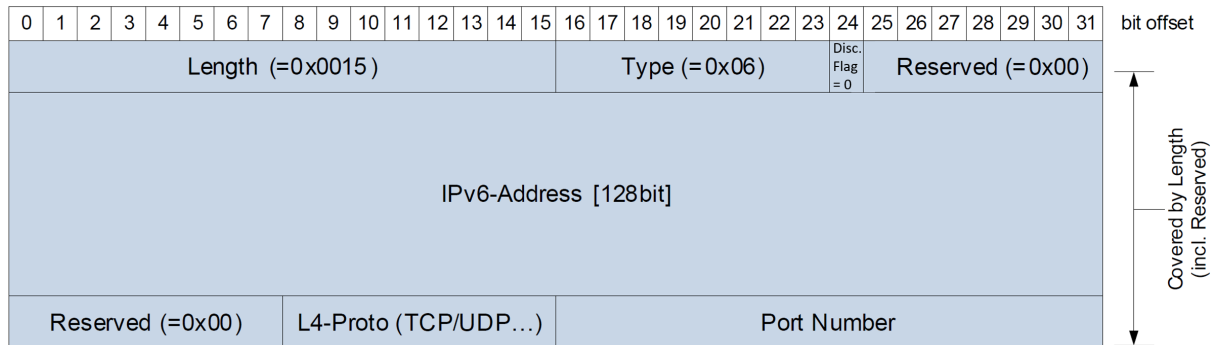


Figure 5.10: SOME/IP-SD IPv6 Endpoint Option

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00319]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The server shall use the IPv6 Endpoint Option with Offer Service entries to signal the endpoints the services is available on. That is upto one UDP endpoint and upto one TCP endpoint.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00320]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The endpoints the server referenced with an Offer Service entry shall also be used as source of events. That is source IP address and source port numbers for the transport protocols in the endpoint option.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00321]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The client shall use the IPv6 Endpoint Option with Subscribe Eventgroup entries to signal the IP address and the UDP and/or TCP port numbers, on which it is ready to receive the events.]

Note:

- The client is ready to receive the events, if sockets are already opened, and any security associations required by the network security protocols (IPsec, MACsec or other security protocols) are already established and fully operational
- Security association status monitoring and its implications towards Service discovery shall apply for all Service Instances using secured ports.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00836]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[Different service instances of the same service on the same ECU shall use different endpoints, so that they can be distinguished by the endpoints. Different services may share the same endpoints.]

5.1.2.4.5 IPv4 Multicast Option

The IPv4 Multicast Option is either transmitted by the server (server multicast endpoint) or by the client (client multicast endpoint):

- If it is transmitted by the server, then a server announces the IPv4 multicast address, the transport layer protocol, and the port number, to where the multicast events are transmitted to.
- If it is transmitted by the client, then a client indicates the IPv4 multicast address, the transport layer protocol, and the port number, where a client expects to receive multicast events.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00323]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[

IPv4 Multicast Options shall be referenced by SubscribeEventgroup or by StopSubscribeEventgroup or by SubscribeEventgroupAck entries:

- If it is referenced by a SubscribeEventgroup entry, it describes the client service multicast endpoint (i.e. destination IP address and destination port), where the multicast events shall be received by the client.
- If it is referenced by a StopSubscribeEventgroup entry, it reflects the intent to stop the subscription of a client which has subscribed before via a client service multicast endpoint (i.e. destination IP address and destination port) to the given event group.
- If it is referenced by a SubscribeEventgroupAck entry, it describes the server multicast endpoint (i.e. destination IP address and destination port), where a server shall transmit the multicast events to.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00324]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[The IPv4 Multicast Option shall use the Type 0x14.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00325]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[The IPv4 Multicast Option shall specify the IPv4-Address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) used, and its Port Number.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00326]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[The Format of the IPv4 Endpoint Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0009.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x14.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 0.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- IPv4-Address [uint32]: Shall transport the multicast IP-Address as four Bytes.
- Reserved [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x00.
- Transport Protocol (L4-Proto) [uint8]: Shall be set to the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) based on the IANA/IETF types (0x11: UDP).
- Transport Protocol Port Number (L4-Port) [uint16]: Shall be set to the port of the layer 4 protocol.

]

SOME/IP-SD IPv4 Multicast Option shall be as shown in Figure 5.11

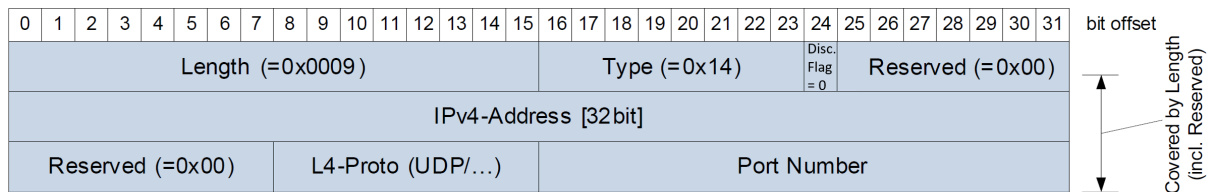


Figure 5.11: SOME/IP-SD IPv4 Multicast Option

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00847]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[

The IPv4-Address field [32 bits] of the IPv4 Multicast Option shall be set according the following rules:

- If a server service transmits a SubscribeEventgroupAck then the field shall be set to the configured multicast IP address of the corresponding provided Eventgroup (server multicast endpoint).
- If a client service transmit a SubscribeEventgroup or StopSubscribeEventgroup, then the field shall be set to the configured multicast IP address of the corresponding consumed Eventgroup (client service multicast endpoint).

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00848]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[

The Port Number field [16 bits] of the IPv4 Multicast Option shall be set according the following rules:

- If a server service transmits a `SubscribeEventgroupAck` then the field shall be set to the configured port of the corresponding provided Eventgroup (server multicast endpoint).
- If a client service transmits a `SubscribeEventgroup` or `StopSubscribeEventgroup`, then the field shall be set to the configured port of the corresponding consumed Eventgroup (client service multicast endpoint).

]

5.1.2.4.6 IPv6 Multicast Option

The IPv6 Multicast Option is either transmitted by the server service (server multicast endpoint) or by the client service (client service multicast endpoint):

- If it is transmitted by the server service, then a server announces the IPv6 multicast address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4), and the port number, to where the multicast events and multicast-notification-events are transmitted to.
- If it is transmitted by the client service, then a client indicates the IPv6 multicast address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4), and the port number, where a client expects to receive multicast events and multicast-notification-events.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00331]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[The IPv6 Multicast Option shall use the Type 0x16.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00332]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[The IPv6 Multicast Option shall specify the IPv6-Address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) used, and its Port Number.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00333]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[The Format of the IPv6 Multicast Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0015.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x16.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 0.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.

- IPv6-Address [uint128]: Shall transport the multicast IP-Address as 16 Bytes.
- Reserved [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x00.
- Transport Protocol (L4-Proto) [uint8]: Shall be set to the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) based on the IANA/IETF types (0x11: UDP).
- Transport Protocol Port Number (L4-Port) [uint16]: Shall be set to the port of the layer 4 protocol.

]

SOME/IP-SD IPv6 Multicast Option shall be as shown in Figure 5.12.

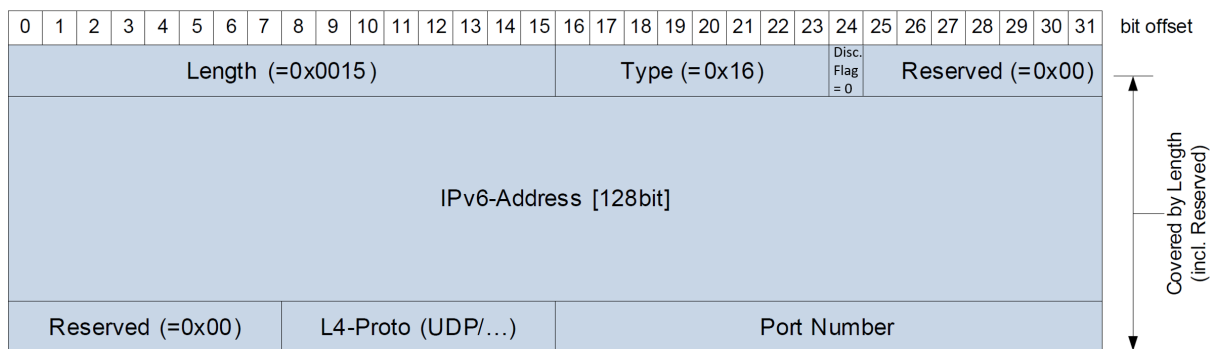


Figure 5.12: SOME/IP-SD IPv6 Multicast Option

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00849]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[The IPv6-Address field [128 bits] of the IPv6 Multicast option shall be set according the following rules:

- If a server service transmits a SubscribeEventgroupAck then the field shall be set to the configured multicast IP address of the corresponding provided Eventgroup (server multicast endpoint).
- If a client service transmits a SubscribeEventgroup or StopSubscribeEventgroup, then the field shall be set to the configured IP multicast address of the corresponding consumed Eventgroup (client service multicast endpoint).

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00850]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[The Port Number field [16 bits] of the IPv6 Multicast Option shall be set according the following rules:

- If a server service transmits a SubscribeEventgroupAck then the field shall be set to the configured port of the corresponding provided Eventgroup (server multicast endpoint).

- If a client service transmits a SubscribeEventGroup or StopSubscribeEventGroup, then the field shall be set to the configured port of the corresponding consumed Eventgroup (client service multicast endpoint).

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00545]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[IPv6 Multicast Options shall be referenced by SubscribeEventgroup or by StopSubscribeEventgroup or by SubscribeEventgroupAck entries:

- If it is referenced by a SubscribeEventgroup entry, it describes the client service multicast endpoint (i.e. destination IP address and destination port), where the multicast events shall be received by the client.
- If it is referenced by a StopSubscribeEventgroup entry, it reflects the intent to stop the subscription of a client which has subscribed before via a client service multicast endpoint (i.e. destination IP address and destination port) to the given event group.
- If it is referenced by a SubscribeEventgroupAck entry, it describes the server multicast endpoint (i.e. destination IP address and destination port), where a server shall transmit the multicast events to.

]

5.1.2.4.7 IPv4 SD Endpoint Option

The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option is used to transport the endpoint (i.e. IP-Address and Port) of the senders SD implementation. This is used to identify the SOME/IP-SD Instance even in cases in which the IP-Address and/or Port Number cannot be used.

Note:

This is used to identify the SOME/IP-SD Instance even in cases in which the IP-Address and/or Port Number cannot be used. A use case would be a proxy service discovery on one ECU which handles the multicast traffic for another ECU.

SOME/IP-SD IPv4 SD Endpoint Option is shown in Figure 5.13

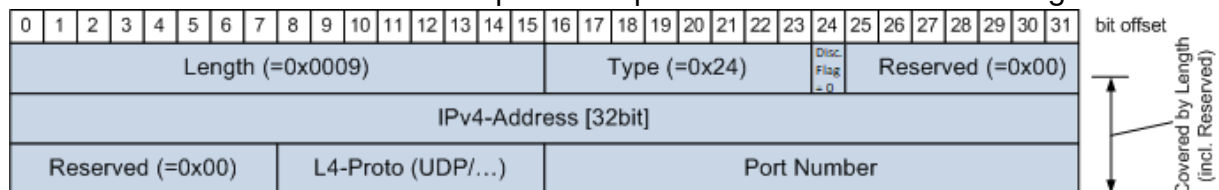


Figure 5.13: SOME/IP-SD IPv4 SD Endpoint Option

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00547]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option may be included in any SD message up to 1 time.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00650]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option shall only be included if the SOME/IP-SD message is transported over IPv4.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00856]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[o A receiver shall ignore all IPv4 SD Endpoint Options received over IPv6.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00651]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option shall be the first option in the options array, if existing.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00854]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[A receiver shall ignore all IPv4 SD Endpoint Options that are located after the first position of the options array.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00548]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option shall not be referenced by any SD Entry.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00857]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[A receiver shall ignore all references to the IPv4 SD Endpoint Option by Entries.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00549]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[If the IPv4 SD Endpoint Option is included in the SD message, the receiving SD Service Instance shall use the content of this option instead of the Source IP Address and Source Port for answering this SD message and for identifying the sender-receiver relation for reboot detection according to [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00631\]](#).]

Note:

This is important for answering the received SD message (e.g. Offer after Find or Subscribe after Offer or Subscribe Ack after Subscribe) as well as the reboot detection (channel based on SD Endpoint Option and not out addresses).

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00550]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option shall use the Type 0x24.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00551]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option shall specify the IPv4-Address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) and Port Number of the sender used for Service Discovery.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00552]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The Format of the IPv4 SD Endpoint Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0009.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x24.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 0.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- IPv4-Address [uint32]: Shall transport the unicast IP-Address of SOME/IP-SD as four Bytes.
- Reserved [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x00.
- Transport Protocol (L4-Proto) [uint8]: Shall be set to the transport layer protocol of SOME/IP-SD (currently: 0x11 UDP).
- Transport Protocol Port Number (L4-Port) [uint16]: Shall be set to the transport layer port of SOME/IP-SD (currently: 30490).

]

5.1.2.4.8 IPv6 SD Endpoint Option

The Ipv6 SD Endpoint Option is used to transport the endpoint (i.e. IP-Address and Port) of the senders SD implementation. This is used to identify the SOME/IP-SD Instance even in cases in which the IP-Address and/or Port Number cannot be used. SOME/IP-SD IPv6 SD Endpoint Option is shown in Figure [5.14](#)

Note:

A use case would be a proxy service discovery on one ECU which handles the multi-cast traffic for another ECU.

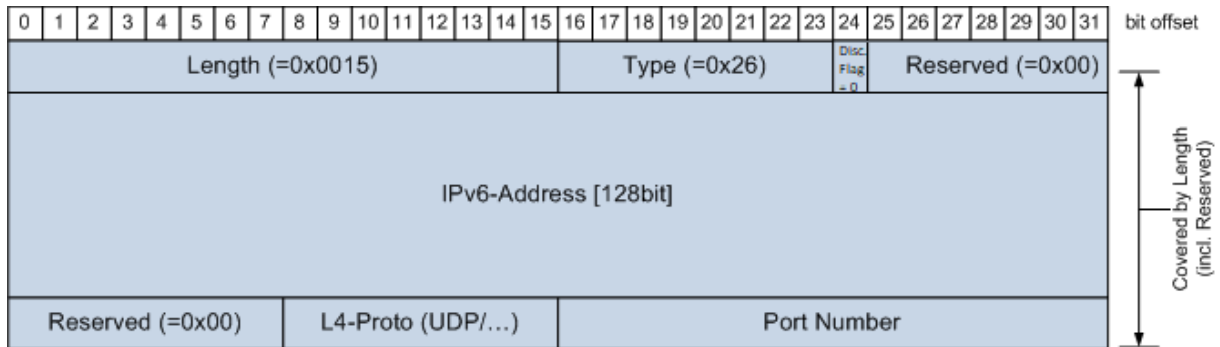


Figure 5.14: SOME/IP-SD IPv6 SD Endpoint Option

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00554]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv6 SD Endpoint Option may be included in any SD message up to 1 time.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00654]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv6 SD Endpoint Option shall be the first option in the options array, if existing.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00855]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[A receiver shall ignore all IPv6 SD Endpoint Options that are located after the first position of the options array.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00555]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv6 SD Endpoint Option shall not be referenced by any SD Entry.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00859]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[A receiver shall ignore all references to the IPv6 SD Endpoint Option by Entries.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00556]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[If the IPv6 SD Endpoint Option is included in the SD message, the receiving SD Service Instance shall use the content of this option instead of the Source IP Address and Source Port for answering this SD messages and for identifying the sender-receiver relation for reboot detection according to [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00631\]](#).]

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00557]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv6 SD Endpoint Option shall use the Type 0x26.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00558]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv6 SD Endpoint Option shall specify the IPv6-Address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) and Port Number of the sender used for Service Discovery.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00559]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The Format of the IPv6 SD Endpoint Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0015.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x26.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 0.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- IPv6-Address [uint128]: Shall transport the unicast IP-Address of SOME/IP-SD as 16 Bytes.
- Reserved [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x00.
- Transport Protocol (L4-Proto) [uint8]: Shall be set to the transport layer protocol of SOME/IP-SD (currently: 0x11 UDP).
- Transport Protocol Port Number (L4-Port) [uint16]: Shall be set to the transport layer port of SOME/IP-SD (currently: 30490).

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00837]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[The IPv6 SD Endpoint Option shall only be included if the SOME/IP-SD message is transported over IPv6.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00860]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00006](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00010](#)

[A receiver shall ignore all IPv6 SD Endpoint Options received over IPv4.]

5.1.2.5 Service Entries

5.1.2.5.1 Find Service Entry

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00350]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00008](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00021](#)

[The Find Service entry type shall be used for finding service instances and shall only be sent if the current state of a service is unknown (no current Service Offer was received and is still valid).]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00351]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00008](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00021](#)

[Find Service entries shall set the entry fields in the following way:

- Type shall be set to 0x00 (FindService).
- Service ID shall be set to the Service ID of the service that shall be found.
- Instance ID shall be set to 0xFFFF, if all service instances shall be returned. It shall be set to the Instance ID of a specific service instance, if just a single service instance shall be returned.
- Major Version shall be set to 0xFF, that means that services with any version shall be returned. If set to value different than 0xFF, services with this specific major version shall be returned only.
- Minor Version shall be set to 0xFFFF FFFF, that means that services with any version shall be returned. If set to a value different to 0xFFFF FFFF, services with this specific minor version shall be returned only.
- TTL is not used for FindService entries and can be set to an arbitrary value. The field is only defined for backward compatibility, and the value shall be ignored by the receiver of the message.

]

Note: It is expected that the Major Version on client side is configured to a specific value in normal operation since the client should look for an specific interface version. Different Major Versions are not compatible to each other.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00528]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00008](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[A sender shall not reference Endpoint Options nor Multicast Options in a Find Service Entry.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00529]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[A receiver shall ignore Endpoint Options and Multicast Options in a Find Service Entry.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00530]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[Other Options (neither Endpoint nor Multicast Options), shall still be allowed to be used in a Find Service Entry.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00825]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00008](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#)

[When receiving a FindService Entry the Service ID, Instance ID, Major Version, and Minor Version shall match exactly to the configured values to identify a Service Instance, except if "any values" are in the Entry (i.e. 0xFFFF for Service ID, 0xFFFF for Instance ID, 0xFF for Major Version, and 0xFFFFFFFF for Minor Version.)]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00839]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00008](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#)

[If a FindService Entry is received within the Initial Wait Phase for this Server Service Instance, it shall be ignored.]

5.1.2.5.2 Offer Service Entry**[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00355]**

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#)

[The Offer Service entry type shall be used to offer a service to other communication partners.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00356]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[Offer Service entries shall set the entry fields in the following way:

- Type shall be set to 0x01 (OfferService).
- Service ID shall be set to the Service ID of the service instance offered.
- Instance ID shall be set to the Instance ID of the service instance that is offered.
- Major Version shall be set to the Major Version of the service instance that is offered.
- Minor Version shall be set to the Minor Version of the service instance that is offered.

- TTL shall be set to the lifetime of the service instance. After this lifetime the service instance shall be considered not been offered.
- If TTL is set to 0xFFFFFFFF, the Offer Service entry shall be considered valid until the next reboot.
- If CYCLIC_OFFER_DELAY is defined, TTL shall be greater or equal to the value for CYCLIC_OFFER_DELAY.
- TTL shall not be set to 0x000000 since this is considered to be the Stop Offer Service Entry.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00357]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[Offer Service entries shall always reference either an IPv4 or IPv6 Endpoint Option to signal how the service is reachable.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00358]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[For each Transport Layer Protocol needed for the service (i.e. UDP and/or TCP) an IPv4 Endpoint option shall be added if IPv4 is supported.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00359]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[For each Transport Layer Protocol needed for the service (i.e. UDP and/or TCP) an IPv6 Endpoint option shall be added if IPv6 is supported.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00826]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00012](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[When receiving the initial OfferService Entry the Service ID, Instance ID, Major Version and Minor Version shall match exactly to the configured values to identify a Service Instance, except if "any values" are in the service configuration (i.e. 0xFFFF for Instance ID and 0xFFFFFFFF for Minor Version.)]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00827]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00012](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[When receiving a subsequent OfferService Entry or a StopOfferService Entry the Service ID, Instance ID, Major Version shall match exactly to the values in the initial OfferService entry to identify a Service Instance.]

5.1.2.5.3 Stop Offer Service Entry

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00363]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00014](#)

[The Stop Offer Service entry type shall be used to stop offering service instances.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00364]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00014](#)

[Stop Offer Service entries shall set the entry fields exactly like the Offer Service entry they are stopping, except:

- TTL shall be set to 0x000000.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00840]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00014](#)

[A StopOfferService (type 0x01), shall carry, i.e. reference, the same options as the entries trying to stop.]

5.1.2.5.4 Usage of Options in Entries

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583] Allowed Option Types for Entry Types

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00008](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00014](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00016](#)

[

| | Endpoint | Multicast | Configuration | Load Balancing |
|---------------------------|----------|-----------|---------------|----------------|
| FindService | 0 | 0 | 0-1 | 0 |
| OfferService | 1-2 | 0 | 0-1 | 0-1 |
| StopOffer Service | 1-2 | 0 | 0-1 | 0-1 |
| Subscribe Event-group | 0-2 | 0-1 | 0-1 | 0 |
| StopSubscribe Eventgroup | 0-2 | 0-1 | 0-1 | 0 |
| Subscribe Event-groupAck | 0 | 0-1 | 0-1 | 0 |
| Subscribe Event-groupNack | 0 | 0 | 0-1 | 0 |

]

5.1.2.6 Endpoint Handling for Services and Events

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00476]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The Service Discovery shall overwrite IP Addresses and Port Numbers with those transported in Endpoint and Multicast Options if the statically configured values are different from those in these options.]

Note: In other words if a mix of a static and dynamic configuration exists (static configuration that defines the communication endpoints exists and at the same time endpoint options are exchanged via SD messages at runtime) and the endpoint options in the static configuration are different from the endpoint options received via SD then the endpoints options received over SD take precedence over the preconfigured endpoint options.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00360]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The IP addresses and port numbers of the Endpoint Options shall also be used for transporting events and notification events.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00361]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[In case of UDP the endpoint option shall be used for the source address and the source port of the events and notification events, it is also the address the client can send method requests to.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00362]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[In case of TCP the endpoint option shall be used for the IP address and port the client needs to open a TCP connection in order to receive events using TCP.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00801]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[SOME/IP shall allow services to use UDP and TCP at the same time.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00802]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[Which message is sent by which underlying transport protocol shall be determined by configuration: A Service can use UDP and TCP endpoints at the same time. But per element of the service it shall to be configured whether TCP or UDP is used.]

Note: It needs to be restricted in the configuration which methods and which events are provided over TCP/UDP. This also means that the same event can not be provided over TCP and UDP.

5.1.2.6.1 Service Endpoints

The referenced Endpoint Options of the Offer Service entries denotes the

- IP Address and Port Numbers the service instance is reachable at the server.
- IP Address and Port Numbers the service instance sends the events from.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00480]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[Events of this service instance shall not be sent from any other Endpoints than those given in the Endpoint Options of the Offer Service entries.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00481]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[If an ECU offers multiple service instances, SOME/IP messages of these service instances shall be differentiated by the information transported in the Endpoint Options referenced by the Offer Service entries.]

5.1.2.6.2 Eventgroup Endpoints

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00484]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The Endpoint Options referenced in the Subscribe Eventgroup entries shall also be used to send unicast UDP or TCP SOME/IP events for this Service Instance.]

Thus the Endpoint Options referenced in the Subscribe Eventgroup entries are the IP Address and the Port Numbers on the client side.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00486]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[TCP events are transported using the TCP connection the client has opened to the server before sending the Subscribe Eventgroup entry.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00487]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The initial value of field notifiers (i.e., fields and not pure events) shall be transported using unicast from Server to Client.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00488]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entries shall reference up to 1 Multicast Option for the Internet Protocol used (IPv4 or IPv6).]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00489]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The Multicast Option shall be set to UDP as transport protocol.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00490]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The client shall open the Endpoint specified in the Multicast Option referenced by the Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry as fast as possible to not miss multicast events.]

Example: Figure [5.15](#) shows an example with the different Endpoint and a Multicast Option:

- The Server offers the Service Instance on Server UDP-Endpoint SU and Server TCP-Endpoint ST
- The Client opens a TCP connection
- The Client sends a Subscribe Eventgroup entry with Client UDP-Endpoint CU (unicast) and a Client TCP-Endpoint CT.
- The Server answers with a Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry with Multicast MU

Then the following operations happen:

- The Client calls a method on the Server
- Request is sent from CU to SU and Response from SU to CU
- For TCP this would be: Request dyn to ST and RESPONSE from ST to CT
- The Server sends a Unicast UDP Event: SU to CU
- The Server sends a Unicast TCP Event: ST to CT
- The Server sends a Multicast UDP Event: SU to MU

Keep in mind that Multicast Endpoints use a Multicast IP Address on the receiver side, i.e. the client, and TCP cannot be used for Multicast communication.

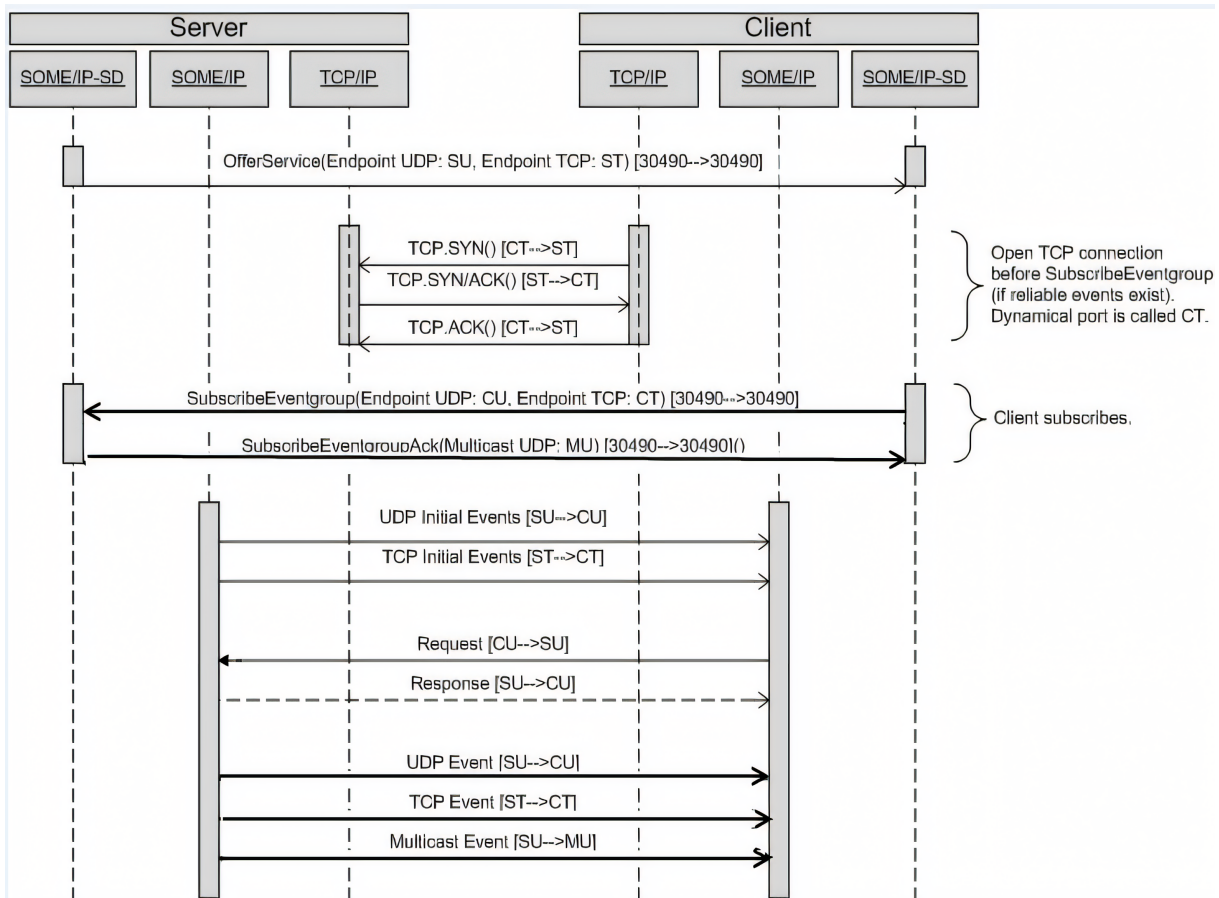


Figure 5.15: Publish/Subscribe Example for Endpoint Options and the usage of ports

5.1.3 Service Discovery Messages

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00600]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00001](#)

[All SD Messages shall be sent to SD_PORT.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00601]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00002](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#)

[SD_PORT shall be used as the source port for SD Unicast/Multicast Messages.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00602]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00002](#)

[All unicast SD messages should have SD_PORT as destination port unless the SD Endpoint Option defines a different port.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00603]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00003](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00022](#)

[All SD multicast messages shall be sent using the SD_MULTICAST_IP.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00841]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[When receiving Service Discovery messages, the receiver shall ignore Entries of unknown type.]

Using the previously specified header format, different entries and messages consisting of one or more entries can be built. The specific entries and their header layouts are explained in the following sections.

5.1.3.1 Eventgroup Entry**5.1.3.1.1 Subscribe Eventgroup Entry****[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00385]**

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The Subscribe Eventgroup entry type shall be used to subscribe to an eventgroup.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00386]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[Subscribe Eventgroup entries shall set the entry fields in the following way:

- Type shall be set to 0x06 (SubscribeEventgroup).
- Service ID shall be set to the Service ID of the service instance that includes the eventgroup subscribed to.
- Instance ID shall be set to the Instance ID of the service instance that includes the eventgroup subscribed to.
- Major Version shall be set to the Major Version of the service instance of the eventgroup subscribed to.
- Eventgroup ID shall be set to the Eventgroup ID of the eventgroup subscribed to.
- TTL shall be set to the lifetime of the subscription.
 - If set to 0xFFFFFFFF, the Subscribe Eventgroup entry shall be considered valid until the next reboot.
 - TTL shall not be set to 0x000000 since this is considered to be the Stop Offer Service Entry.
- Reserved shall be set to 0x000 until further notice.

- Counter shall be used to differentiate between parallel subscribes to the same eventgroup of the same service (only difference in endpoint). If not used, set to 0x0.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00846]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[A SubscribeEventgroup entry reference the endpoints (IP address, port, and protocol) where the client wishes to receive the events. A client service could subscribe to the same Eventgroup either with a client unicast endpoint or with a client multicast endpoint:

- If a client subscribes with a client unicast endpoint via an Endpoint Option, the client announces its desire to receive the events as unicast events transmitted to the given unicast endpoint.
- If a client subscribes with a client multicast endpoint via an Endpoint Option, the client announces its desire to receive the events as multicast events transmitted to the given multicast endpoint.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00387]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[SubscribeEventgroup entries shall reference options according to the following rules:

- either up to two IPv4 or up to two IPv6 Endpoint Options (one for UDP, one for TCP)
- either up to one IPv4 Multicast Option or up to one IPv6 Multicast Option (only UDP supported)

]

Note:

This explicitly rules out that a single service instance is offered via IPv4 and IPv6 at the same time.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00828]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[When receiving a SubscribeEventgroup or StopSubscribeEventgroup the Service ID, Instance ID, Eventgroup ID, and Major Version shall match exactly to the configured values to identify an Eventgroup of a Service Instance.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00810]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[If the server receives a Subscribe Eventgroup entry without a UDP Endpoint Option (see [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00387\]](#)) and the MULTICAST_THRESHOLD for the Eventgroup is not configured with value 1 then SubscribeEventGroupNack shall be sent back to the client.]

5.1.3.1.2 Stop Subscribe Eventgroup Entry**[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00388]**

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#)

[The Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entry type shall be used to stop subscribing to eventgroups.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00389]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#)

[Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entries shall set the entry fields exactly like the Subscribe Eventgroup entry they are stopping, except:

- TTL shall be set to 0x000000.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00574]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#)

[A Stop Subscribe Eventgroup Entry shall reference the same options the Subscribe Eventgroup Entry referenced. This includes but is not limited to Endpoint and Configuration options.]

5.1.3.1.3 Subscribe Eventgroup Acknowledgement (Subscribe Eventgroup Ack) Entry**[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00390]**

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The Subscribe Eventgroup Acknowledgment entry type shall be used to indicate that Subscribe Eventgroup entry was accepted.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00391]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[Subscribe Eventgroup Acknowledgment entries shall set the entry fields in the following way:

- Type shall be set to 0x07 (SubscribeEventgroupAck).
- Service ID, Instance ID, Major Version, Eventgroup ID, TTL, Reserved and Counter shall be the same value as in the Subscribe Eventgroup that is being answered.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00392]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entries referencing events and notification events that are transported via multicast shall reference an IPv4 Multicast Option and/or and IPv6 Multicast Option. The Multicast Options state to which Multicast address and port the events and notification events will be sent to.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00829]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[When receiving a SubscribeEventgroupAck or SubscribeEventgroupNack the Service ID, Instance ID, Eventgroup ID, and Major Version shall match exactly to the corresponding SubscribeEventgroup Entry to identify an Eventgroup of a Service Instance.]

5.1.3.1.4 Subscribe Eventgroup Negative Acknowledgement (Subscribe Eventgroup Nack) Entry**[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00393]***Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The Subscribe Eventgroup Negative Acknowledgment entry type shall be used to indicate that Subscribe Eventgroup entry was NOT accepted.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00394]*Upstream requirements:* [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[Subscribe Eventgroup Negative Acknowledgment entries shall set the entry fields in the following way:

- Type shall be set to 0x07 (SubscribeEventgroupAck).
- Service ID, Instance ID, Major Version, Eventgroup ID, Counter, and Reserved shall be the same value as in the Subscribe that is being answered.
- The TTL shall be set to 0x000000.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00566]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[Reasons to not accept a Subscribe Eventgroup include (but are not limited to):

- Combination of Service ID, Instance ID, Eventgroup ID, and Major Version is unknown
- Required TCP-connection was not opened by client
- Problems with the references options occurred
- Resource problems at the Server
- Security association not yet established

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00527]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[When the client receives a SubscribeEventgroupNack as answer on a SubscribeEventgroup for which a TCP connection is required, the client shall check the TCP connection and shall restart the TCP connection if needed.]

Note: [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00527\]](#) involves checking the state of the network security protocol

Rational:

The server might have lost the TCP connection and the client has not.

Checking the TCP connection might include the following:

- Checking whether data is received for e.g. other Eventgroups.
- Sending out a Magic Cookie message and waiting for the TCP ACK.
- Reestablishing the TCP connection.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00842] Overview of currently supported Entry Types

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[

| | TTL > 0 | | TTL = 0 | |
|------|--------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Type | 0x00 | 0x04 | 0x00 | 0x04 |
| 0x00 | FindService | | | |
| 0x01 | OfferService | | StopOfferService | |
| 0x02 | | SubscribeEventgroup | | StopSubscribeEventgroup |
| 0x03 | | SubscribeEventgroupAck | | SubscribeEventgroupNack |

]

5.1.4 Service Discovery Communication Behavior

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00800]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[SOME/IP Service Discovery shall reduce the number of Service Discovery messages by packing entries together, if they can be sent at the same time:

- Multiple entries of different service instances (e.g., all Offer Service entries)
- Multiple entries of different types. E.g.:
 - Offer Service entries and Find Service entries
 - Subscribe Eventgroup Ack Entries and Subscribe Eventgroup Nack entries

]

5.1.4.1 Startup Behavior

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00395]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[For each Service Instance the Service Discovery shall have at least these three phases in regard to sending entries:

- Initial Wait Phase
- Repetition Phase
- Main Phase

]

Note:

An actual implemented state machine will need more than just states for these three phases. E.g. local services can be still down and remote services can be already known (no finds needed anymore).

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00397]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00012](#)

[The service discovery shall enter the Initial Wait Phase for a client service instance when the link on the interface needed for this service instance is up and the client service is requested by the application.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00133]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00012](#)

[The service discovery shall enter the Initial Wait Phase for a server service instance when the link on the interface needed for this service instance is up and the server service is available.]

Note:

It is possible that the link is up but the service instance is not yet available on server side.

Service instances require the availability of the needed applications and possible external sensors and actuators as well. Basically the functionality needed by this service instance has to be ready to offer a service and finding a service is applicable after some application requires it.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00399]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The Service Discovery shall wait based on the INITIAL_DELAY after entering the Initial Wait Phase and before sending the first messages for the Service Instance.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00400]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[INITIAL_DELAY shall be defined as a minimum and a maximum delay.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00401]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The wait time shall be determined by choosing a random value between the minimum and maximum of INITIAL_DELAY.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00804]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The Service Discovery shall use the same random value, if ClientService and ServerService reference the same ClientServiceTimer and ServerServiceTimer, respectively, and if it is ensured that the referencing ClientService and ServerService, respectively, are requested and released in the same point in time.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00805]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The Service Discovery shall use different random values per ClientService and ServerService, if the ClientServices and ServerService referencing their own ClientServiceTimer and ServerServiceTimer, respectively. Thus, if a ClientService or ServerService enters the Initial Wait Phase, they shall use an individual calculated random value within the Initial Wait Phase.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00404]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[After sending the first message the Repetition Phase of this Service Instance/these Service Instances is entered.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00405]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The Service Discovery shall wait in the Repetitions Phase based on REPETITIONS_BASE_DELAY.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00406]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[After each message sent in the Repetition Phase the delay is doubled.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00407]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The Service Discovery shall send out only up to REPETITIONS_MAX entries during the Repetition Phase.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00408]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[Sending Find entries shall be stopped after receiving the corresponding Offer entries by jumping to the Main Phase in which no Find entries are sent.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00409]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[If REPETITIONS_MAX is set to 0, the Repetition Phase shall be skipped and the Main Phase is entered for the Service Instance after the Initial Wait Phase.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00410]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[After the Repetition Phase the Main Phase is being entered for a Service Instance.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00411]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[After entering the Main Phase, the provider shall wait 1*CYCLIC_OFFER_DELAY before sending the first offer entry message.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00412]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[In the Main Phase Offer Messages shall be sent cyclically if a CYCLIC_OFFER_DELAY is configured.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00413]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[After a message for a specific Service Instance the Service Discovery waits for $1 \cdot \text{CYCLIC_OFFER_DELAY}$ before sending the next message for this Service Instance.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00415]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[For Find entries (Find Service and Find Eventgroup) no cyclic messages are allowed in Main Phase.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00582]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[Subscribe Eventgroup Entries shall be triggered by Offer Service entries, which are either sent cyclically or sent as a response to a received Find Service entry.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00416]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[Example:

Initial Wait Phase:

- Wait for `random_delay` in Range(`INITIAL_DELAY_MIN`, `_MAX`)
- Send message (Find Service and Offer Service entries)

Repetition Phase (`REPETITIONS_BASE_DELAY`=100ms, `REPETITIONS_MAX`=2):

- Wait $2^0 \cdot 100ms$
- Send message (Find Service and Offer Service entries)
- Wait $2^1 \cdot 100ms$
- Send message (Find Service and Offer Service entries)

Main Phase:

- Server:
 - as long message is active and `CYCLIC_OFFER_DELAY` is defined
 - * Wait `CYCLIC_OFFER_DELAY`
 - * Send message (Offer Service entries)
- Client:
 - as long as offer service messages are received, Subscribe Eventgroup message is sent

]

5.1.4.2 Server Answer Behavior

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00417]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The Service Discovery shall delay answers to entries that were received in multicast SOME/IP-SD messages using the configuration item REQUEST_RESPONSE_DELAY. This is valid for the following two cases:

- Offer entry (unicast or multicast) after received find entry (multicast)
- Subscribe entry (unicast) after received offer entry (multicast)

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00419]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The REQUEST_RESPONSE_DELAY shall not apply if unicast messages are answered with unicast messages.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00420]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[REQUEST_RESPONSE_DELAY shall be specified by a minimum and a maximum.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00421]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[The actual delay shall be randomly chosen between minimum and maximum of REQUEST_RESPONSE_DELAY.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00422]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[For basic implementations all Find Service entries shall be answered with Offer Service entries transported using unicast.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00423]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[For optimization purpose the following behaviors shall be supported as option:

- Find messages received with the Unicast Flag set to 1 in main phase, shall be answered with a unicast response if the latest offer was sent less than $1/2$ CYCLIC_OFFER_DELAY ago.
- Find messages received with the Unicast Flag set to 1 in main phase, shall be answered with a multicast RESPONSE if the latest offer was sent $1/2$ CYCLIC_OFFER_DELAY or longer ago.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00843]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[Entries received with the unicast flag set to 0, shall not be answered with unicast but ignored.]

5.1.4.3 Shutdown Behavior**[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00427]**

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00012](#)

[When a server service instance of an ECU is in the Repetition and Main Phase and is being stopped, a Stop Offer Service entry shall be sent out.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00751]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#)

[When the link goes down for a server service instance in the Initial Wait Phase, Repetition Phase or Main Phase, the service discovery shall enter the Down Phase and reenter into Initial Wait Phase when the link is up again and the service is still available.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00752]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#)

[When the link goes down for a client service instance in the Initial Wait Phase, Repetition Phase or Main Phase, the service discovery shall enter the Down Phase and reenter into Initial Wait Phase when the link is up again and the service is still available..]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00428]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#)

[When a server sends out a Stop Offer Service entry all subscriptions for this service instance shall be deleted on the server side.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00429]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#)

[When a client receives a Stop Offer Service entry all subscriptions for this service instance shall be deleted on the client side.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00430]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#)

[When a client receives a Stop Offer Service entry, the client shall not send out Find Service entries but wait for Offer Service entry or change of status (application, network management, Ethernet link, or similar).]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00431]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#)

[When a client service instance of an ECU is in the Main Phase and is being stopped (i.e. the service instance is released), the SD shall send out Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entries for all subscribed Eventgroups.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00432]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#)

[When the whole ECUs is being shut down Stop Offer Service entries shall be sent out for all service entries and Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entries for Eventgroups.]

5.1.4.4 State Machines**[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00433]**

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[In this section the state machines of the client and server are shown.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00434]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[SOME/IP Service State Machine Server is described as follows:

States inside SD Server State Machine(Service) are defined as follows:

- SD Server State Machine(Service)
 - Not Ready
 - Ready
 - * Initial Wait Phase
 - Timer Set
 - * Repetition Phase
 - Timer Set
 - * Main Phase
 - Timer Set

Initial entry points of SD Server State Machine(Service) are inside the following states:

- SD Server State Machine(Service)
 - Ready
 - * Initial Wait Phase

- * Repetition Phase

- * Main Phase

Transitions inside SD Server State Machine(Service) are defined as follows:

FROM entry point SD Server State Machine(Service)

TO Not Ready

WITH [ifstatus!=up_and_configured or service-status==down]

FROM entry point SD Server State Machine(Service)

TO Not Ready

WITH [ifstatus==up_and_configured or service-status==up]

FROM Not Ready

TO Ready

WITH if-status-changed() or service-status-changed() [ifstatus==up_and_configured and service-status==up]

FROM Ready

TO Not Ready

WITH if-status-changed [ifstatus!=up_and_configured] /clearAllTimers()

FROM Ready

TO Not Ready

WITH service-status==down /clearAllTimers()
send(StopOfferService)

FROM TimerSet

OF Initial Wait Phase

TO Repetition Phase

WITH Timer expired /send(OfferService)

FROM TimerSet

OF Repetition Phase

TO TimerSet

OF Repetition Phase

WITH receive(FindService) /waitAndSend(OfferService) ResetTimer()

FROM TimerSet

OF Repetition Phase

TO TimerSet

OF Repetition Phase

WITH Timer expired [run<REPETITIONS_MAX] /send(OfferService)


```
run++ setTimer((2*run)*REPETITIONS_BASE_DELAY
```

```
FROM TimerSet  
OF Repetition Phase  
TO Main Phase  
WITH Timer expired [run==REPETITIONS_MAX]
```

```
FROM entry point Ready  
TO Initial Wait Phase
```

```
FROM entry point Initial Wait Phase  
TO Timer Set  
OF Initial Wait Phase  
WITH SetTimerInRange(INITIAL_DELAY_MIN, INITIAL_DELAY_MAX)
```

```
FROM entry point Repetition Phase  
TO Timer Set  
OF Repetition Phase  
WITH [REPETITIONS_MAX>0] /run=0 setTimer((2*run)*REPETITIONS_BASE_DELAY)
```

```
FROM entry point Repetition Phase  
TO Main Phase  
WITH [REPETITIONS_MAX==0]
```

```
FROM entry point Main Phase  
TO Timer Set  
OF Main Phase  
WITH /setTimer(CYCLIC_ANNOUNCE_DELAY) send(OfferService)
```

```
FROM Timer Set  
OF Main Phase  
TO Timer Set  
OF Main Phase  
WITH Timer expired /setTimer(CYCLIC_ANNOUNCE_DELAY)  
send(OfferService)
```

```
FROM Timer Set  
OF Main Phase  
TO Timer Set  
OF Main Phase  
WITH receive(FindService) /waitAndSend(OfferService) reset-
```

Timer()

」

Note: Graphical information of the SOME/IP Service State Machine Server is shown in Figure [5.16](#)

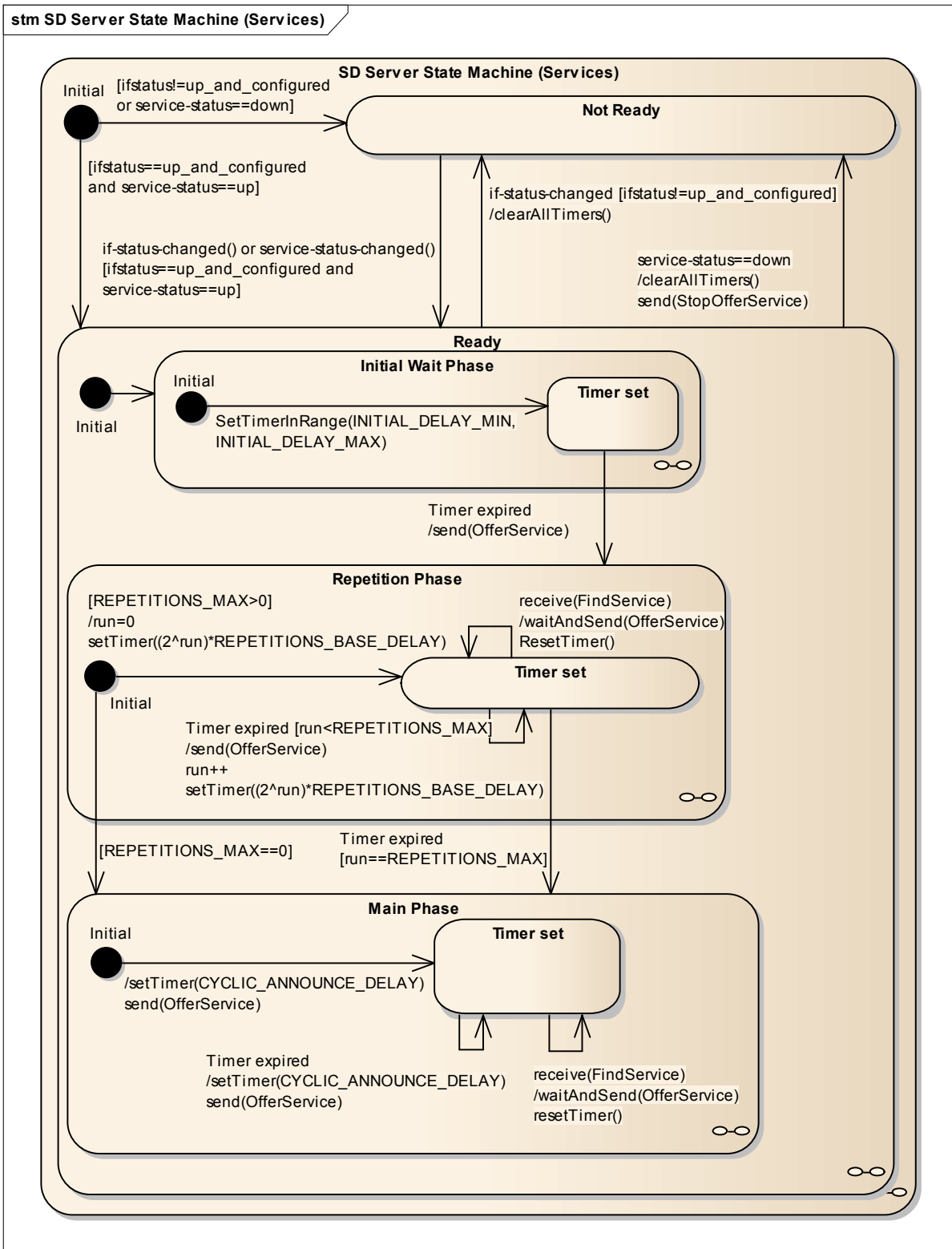


Figure 5.16: SOME/IP Service State Machine Server

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00435]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[SOME/IP Service State Machine Client is described as follows:

States inside SD Client State Machine(Service) are defined as follows:

- SD Client State Machine(Service)
 - Not Requested
 - * Service Not Seen
 - * Service Seen
 - Requested_but_not_ready
 - Main
 - * Service Ready
 - * Stopped
 - Searching for Service
 - * Initial Wait Phase
 - Timer Set
 - * Repetition Phase
 - Timer Set

Initial entry points of SD Client State Machine(Service) are inside the following states:

- SD Client State Machine(Service)
 - Not Requested
- Searching for Service
 - Initial Wait Phase
 - Repetition Phase

Transitions inside SD Client State Machine(Service) are defined as follows:

FROM entry point SD Client State Machine(Service)
TO Not Requested
WITH [Service Not Requested]

FROM entry point SD Client State Machine(Service)
TO Requested_but_not_ready

WITH Service Not Requested and ifstatus!=up_and_configured

FROM entry point SD Client State Machine (Service)

TO Searching for Service

WITH Service Requested and ifstatus==up_and_configured

FROM entry point Not Requested TO Service Not Seen

FROM Not Requested TO Requested_but_not_ready

WITH InternalServiceRequest [ifstatus!=up_and_configured]

FROM Service Not Seen

TO Service Seen

WITH receive (OfferService) /setTimer (TTL)

FROM Repetition Phase

TO Stopped

WITH Repetition Expired

FROM Repetition Phase

TO Stopped

WITH receive (StopOfferService)

FROM Stopped

TO Service Not Seen

WITH [ServiceNotRequired]

FROM Service Seen

TO Service Not Seen

WITH if-status-changed() [ifstatus!=up_and_configured]

FROM Service Seen

TO Service Not Seen

WITH Timer expired (TTL)

FROM Repetition Phase

TO Stopped

WITH Repetition Expired

FROM Service Seen
TO Service Not Seen
WITH receive(StopServiceOffer)

FROM Service Seen
TO Service Seen

FROM Service Seen
TO Service Ready
WITH InternalServiceRequest [ifstatus==up_and_configured]

FROM Service Ready
TO Service Seen
WITH [ServiceNotRequest]

FROM Service Ready
TO Service Ready
WITH receive(OfferService) /resetTimer(TTL)

FROM Service Ready
TO Stopped
WITH receive(StopOfferService) / cancelTimer(TTL)

FROM Stopped
TO Service Ready
WITH receive(OfferService) /resetTimer(TTL)

FROM Service Ready
TO Searching for Service
WITH Timer expired (TTL)

FROM Searching for Service
TO Service Ready
WITH receive(OfferService) /setTimer(TTL)

FROM Searching for Service
TO Requested_but_not_ready
WITH if-status-changed() [ifstatus!=up_and_configured] /cancel-
Timer(TTL)

```
FROM Requested_but_not_ready  
TO Searching for Service  
WITH if-status-changed() [ifstatus!=up_and_configured]
```

```
FROM entry point Searching for Service  
TO Initial Wait Phase
```

```
FROM entry point Initial Wait Phase  
TO Timer Set  
OF Initial Wait Phase  
WITH /setTimerInRange(INITIAL_DELAY_MIN, INITIAL_DELAY_MAX)
```

```
FROM Timer Set  
OF Initial Wait Phase  
TO Repetition Phase  
WITH TimerExpired /send(FindService)
```

```
FROM entry point Repetition Phase  
TO Timer Set  
OF Repetition Phase  
WITH [REPETITIONS_MAX>0] /run=0 setTimer((2*run)*REPETITIONS_BASE_DELAY)
```

```
FROM Timer Set  
OF Repetition Phase  
TO Timer Set  
OF Repetition Phase
```

```
FROM Not Requested  
TO Requested_but_not_ready  
WITH InternalServiceRequest [ifstatus!=up_and_configured]
```

]

Note: Graphical information of the SOME/IP Service State Machine Client is shown in Figure [5.17](#)

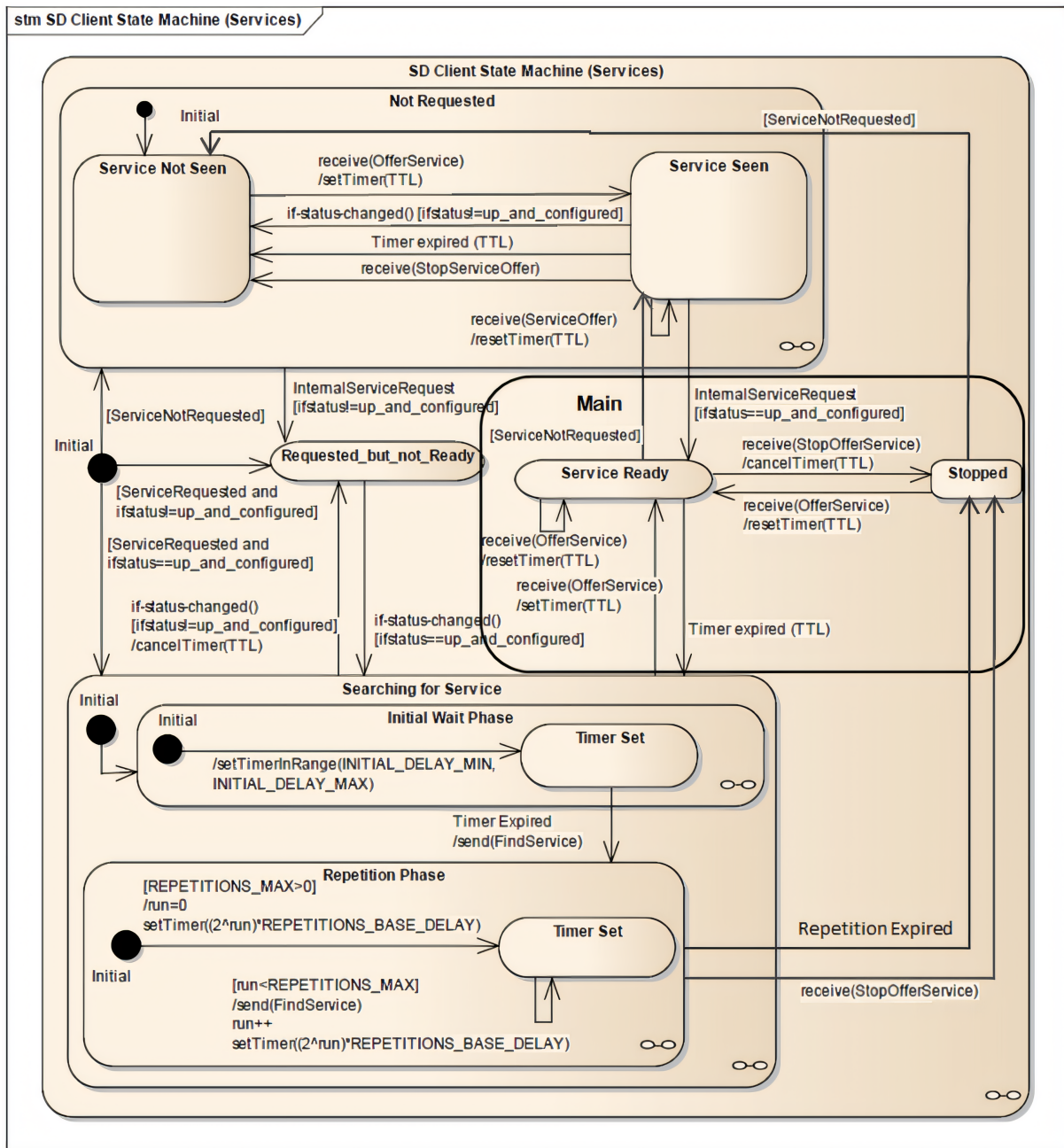


Figure 5.17: SOME/IP Service State Machine Client

Note: The most likely assumed cause for a TTL expiry while the client's state machine resides in state "Service Ready" is the temporary (duration in the order of the CYCLIC_OFFER_DELAY or smaller) failure of an intermediate link (i.e., a link along the path from client to server which, however, is not directly connected to the client ECU and thus this link failure is not perceivable via a change in the ifstatus). Thus, the specified reaction - namely transition into "Searching for Service" state (and thus into the initial wait phase) - in case of a TTL expiry is deliberately different from the specified reactions in case of received StopOfferService entries and detected server reboots, where a transition into the "Stopped" state takes place. Transiting back into the "Searching for Service" state in case of TTL expiries caused by temporary inter-

mediate link failures speeds up recovery by approx. a factor of 10 (depending on the configuration of the INITIAL_DELAY, the REQUEST_RESPONSE_DELAY, and the CYCLIC_OFFER_DELAY) through the explicit sending of FindService entries by the client which are answered by OfferService entries of the server (even if the server itself resides in the main phase).

5.1.4.5 SOME/IP-SD Mechanisms and Errors

In this section SOME/IP-SD in cases of errors (e.g. lost or corrupted packets) is discussed. This is also to be understood as rationale for the mechanisms used and the configuration possible.

Soft State Protocol: SOME/IP-SD was designed as soft state protocol, that means that entries come with a lifetime and need to be refreshed to stay valid (setting the TTL to the maximum value shall turn this off).

Initial Wait Phase:

The Initial Wait Phase was introduced for two reasons: deskewing events of starting ECUs to avoid traffic bursts and allowing ECUs to collect multiple entries in SD messages.

Repetition Phase:

The Repetition Phase was introduced to allow for fast synchronization of clients and servers. If the clients startup later, it will find the server very fast. And if the server starts up later, the client can be found very fast. The Repetition Phase increases the time between two messages exponentially to avoid that overload situations keep the system from synchronization.

Main Phase:

In the Main Phase the SD tries to stabilize the state and thus decreases the rate of packets by sending no Find Services anymore and only offers in the cyclic interval (e.g. every 1s).

Request-Response-Delay:

SOME/IP-SD shall be configured to delay the answer to entries in multicast messages by the Request-Response-Delay. This is useful in large systems with many ECUs. When sending a SD message with many entries in it, a lot of answers from different ECUs arrive at the same time and put large stress on the ECU receiving all these answers.

5.1.4.6 Error Handling

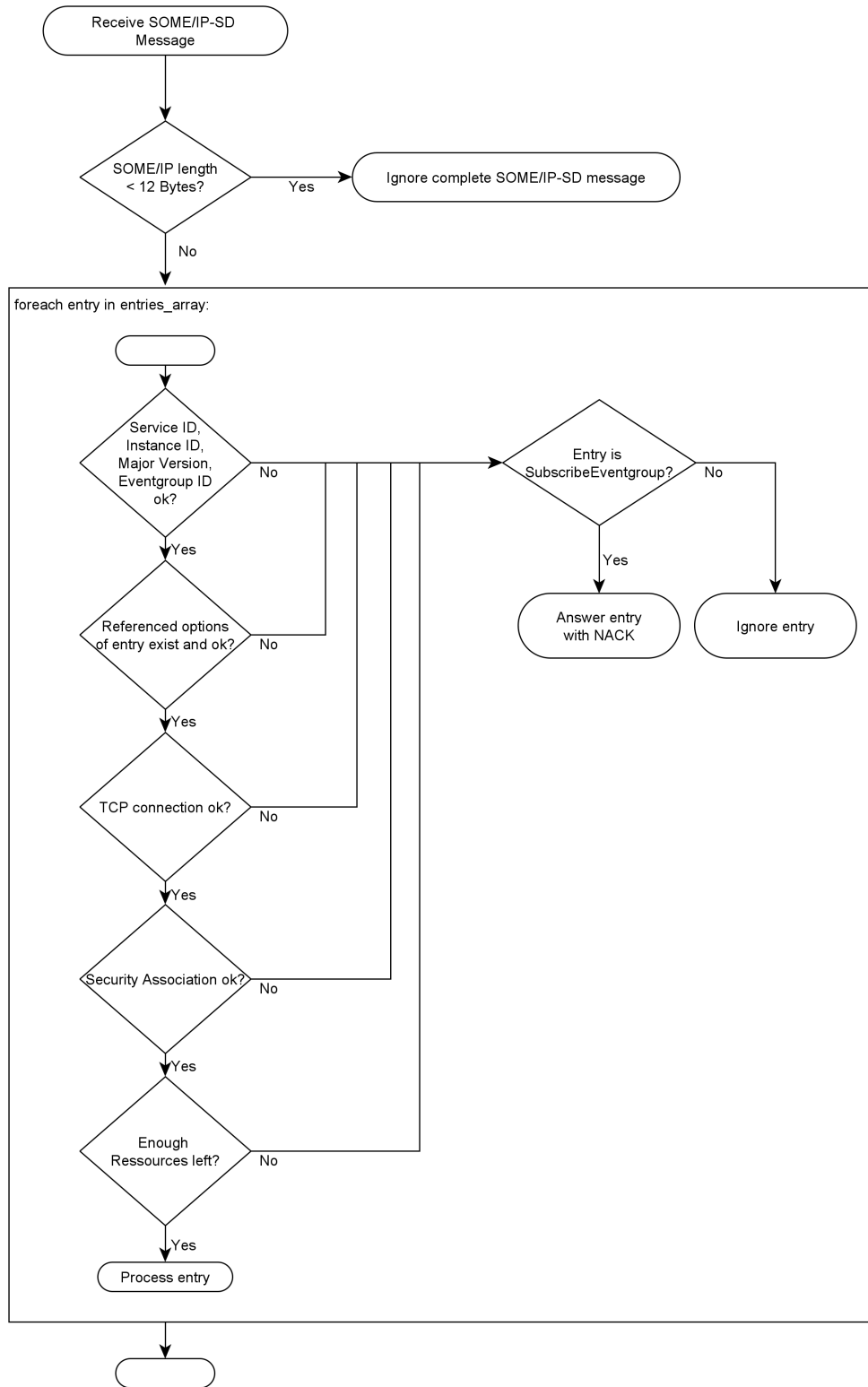


Figure 5.18: - SOME/IP-SD Error Handling

Figure 5.18 shows a simplified process for the error handling of incoming SOME/IP-SD messages.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00125]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[Check that at least enough bytes for an empty SOME/IP-SD message are present, i.e. the message is at least 12 Bytes long. If the check fails, the message shall be discarded without further actions.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00126]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[If the Service ID of a received entry is not known and not a Subscribe Eventgroup entry, the entry shall be ignored. Otherwise a Negative Acknowledgement shall be returned according to [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00393\]](#).]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00127]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[If the Instance ID of a received entry is not known and not a Subscribe Eventgroup entry, the entry shall be ignored. Otherwise a Negative Acknowledgement shall be returned according to [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00393\]](#).]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00128]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[If the Major Version of a received entry is not known and not a Subscribe Eventgroup entry, the entry shall be ignored. Otherwise a Negative Acknowledgement shall be returned according to [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00393\]](#).]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00129]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[If the Eventgroup ID of a received entry is not known and not a Subscribe Eventgroup entry, the entry shall be ignored. Otherwise a Negative Acknowledgement shall be returned according to [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00393\]](#). This is only applicable to eventgroup entries.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00803]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[If the length of the Entries Array has an invalid size (i.e. the entries array would exceed the message size), the message shall be discarded without further actions.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00130]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[Check the referenced Options of each received entry:

- The referenced options exist.

- The entry references all required options (e.g. a provided eventgroup that uses unicast requires a unicast endpoint option in a received Subscribe Eventgroup entry).
- The entry only references supported options (e.g. a required eventgroup that does not support multicast data reception does not support multicast endpoint options in a Subscribe Eventgroup ACK entry).
- There are no conflicts between the options referenced by an entry (i.e. two options of same type with contradicting content).
- The Type of the referenced Option is known or the discardable flag is set to 1.
- The Type of the referenced Option is allowed for the entry [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583](#)] or discardable flag is set to 1.
- The Length of the referenced Option is consistent to the Type of the Option.
- An Endpoint Option has a valid L4-Protocol and a valid L4-Port number field (i.e., a port number different from 0).
- The Option is valid (e.g. a multicast endpoint option shall use a multicast IP address).

]

Note:

If an entry references an option that is known by the Service Discovery implementation but not required by the service (e.g. an Offer references a TCP and UDP option and the client uses only UDP, or a Subscribe Eventgroup entry references a UDP endpoint option but the server uses only multicast event transmission), the entry shall be processed.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00131]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[Check if the TCP connection is already present (only applicable, if TCP is configured for Eventgroup and Subscribe Eventgroup entry was received)]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00852]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[Check if a security association is already established.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00132]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[Check if enough resources are left (e.g. Socket Connections)]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00232]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[

If the checks in [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00130\]](#) fail for a received Find entry, the entry shall be ignored, except when Endpoint or Multicast Options are referenced, in which case only the Options shall be ignored according to [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00529\]](#).

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00233]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[If the checks in [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00130\]](#) fail for a received Offer entry, the entry shall be ignored.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00234]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[If the checks in [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00130\]](#), [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00131\]](#), [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00832\]](#), [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00852\]](#) or [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00132\]](#) fail for a received Subscribe Eventgroup entry, a Subscribe Eventgroup NACK entry shall be sent.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00235]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[If the checks in [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00130\]](#) or [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00132\]](#) fail for a received Subscribe Eventgroup ACK entry, the entry shall be processed, but the subscription shall not be considered as successful.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00231]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[Options that are referenced by an entry shall be ignored if:

- The Option Type is not known (i.e. not yet specified, or not supported by the receiver) and the discardable flag is set to 1.
- The option is redundant (i.e. another option of the same type and same content is referenced by this entry).
- The option is not required (e.g. a provided eventgroup that uses only multicast does not require a unicast endpoint option in a received Subscribe Eventgroup entry, though it is still allowed).

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00844]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[If the two Configuration Options have conflicting items (same name), all items shall be handled. There shall be no attempt been made to merge duplicate items.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00832]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[Check for a provided service instance which requires a secure connection if on reception of a subscribe the security association for the corresponding connection is already established.]

5.1.5 Non-SOME/IP protocols with SOME/IP-SD

Besides SOME/IP other communication protocols are used within the vehicle; e.g., for Network Management, Diagnostics, or Flash Updates. Such communication protocols might need to communicate a service instance or have eventgroups as well.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00437]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00004](#)

[For Non-SOME/IP protocols (the application protocol itself doesn't use SOME/IP but it is published over SOME/IP SD) a special Service-ID shall be used and further information shall be added using the configuration option:

- Service-ID shall be set to 0xFFFE (reserved)
- Instance-ID shall be used as described for SOME/IP services and eventgroups.
- The Configuration Option shall be added and shall contain exactly one entry with key "otherserv" and a configurable non-empty value that is determined by the system department.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00438]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00004](#)

[SOME/IP services shall not use the otherserv-string in the Configuration Option.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00439]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00004](#)

[For Find Service/Offer Service/Request Service entries the otherserv-String shall be used when announcing non-SOME/IP service instances.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00440]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00004](#)

[

Example for valid otherserv-string: "otherserv=internaldiag".

Example for an invalid otherserv-string: "otherserv".

Example for an invalid otherserv-string: "otherserv=".]

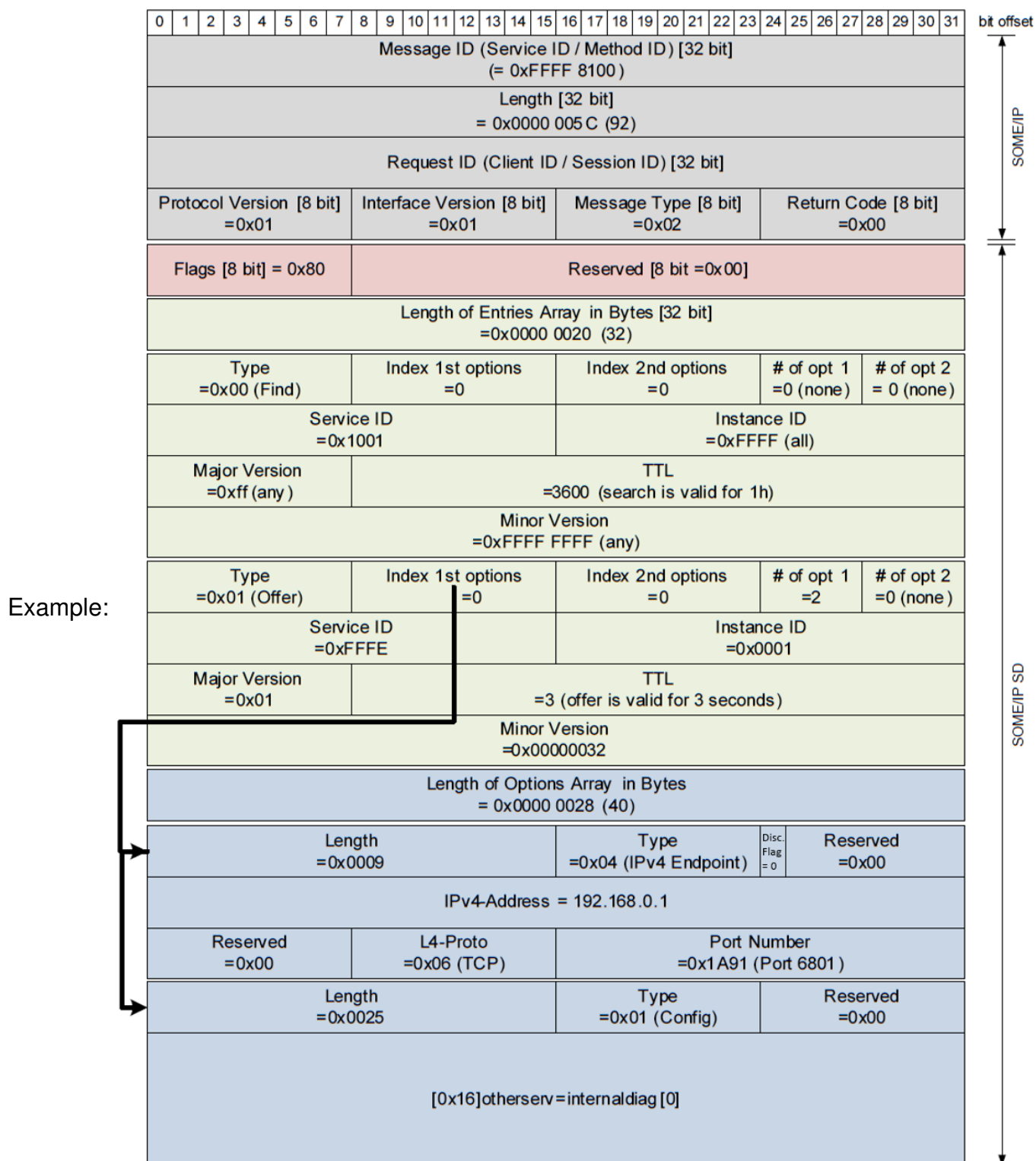


Figure 5.19: SOME/IP-SD Example PDU for Non-SOME/IP-SD

5.1.6 Publish/Subscribe with SOME/IP and SOME/IP-SD

Note: In contrast to the SOME/IP request/response mechanism there may be cases in which a client requires a set of parameters from a server, but does not want to request that information each time it is required. These are called notifications and concern events and fields.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00443]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00014](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00016](#)

[All clients needing events and/or notification events shall register using the SOME/IP-SD at run-time with a server.]

The Notification Interaction sequence is as shown below.

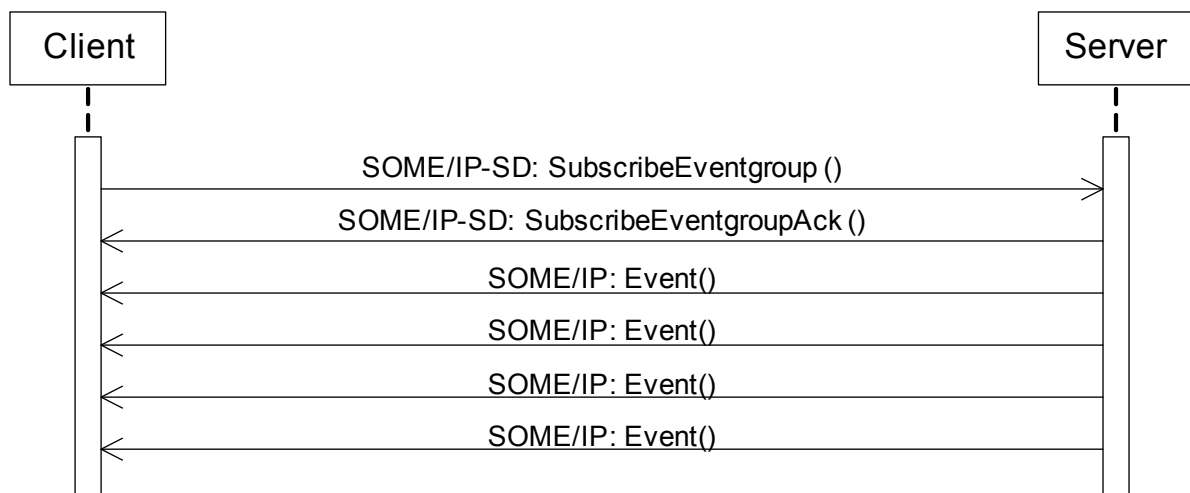


Figure 5.20: Notification interaction

This feature is comparable but NOT identical to the MOST notification mechanism.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00446]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00014](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00016](#)

[With the SOME/IP-SD entry Offer Service the server offers to push notifications to clients; thus, it shall be used as trigger for Subscriptions.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00449]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[Each client shall respond to a SOME/IP-SD Offer Service entry from the server with a SOME/IP-SD Subscribe Eventgroup entry as long as the client is still interested in receiving the notifications/events of this eventgroup. If the client is able to reliably detect the reboot of the server using the SOME/IP-SD messages reboot flag, the client shall handle the reboot as if a StopOffer entry was received and proceed with the received entries after all actions upon a StopOffer have been finalized.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00862] Client based distinction between field notifiers and pure events

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The distinction between field notifiers and pure events shall be taken based on the configuration of the client.]

Reasons for the client to explicitly request initial values for field notifiers (see [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00463\]](#)) include but are not limited to:

- The client is currently not subscribed to the Eventgroup.
- The client has seen a link-down/link-up after the last Subscribe Eventgroup entry.
- The client has not received a Subscribe Eventgroup Ack after the last regular Subscribe Eventgroup
- The client has detected a Reboot of the Server of this Services

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00570]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[If the client subscribes to two or more eventgroups including one or more identical events or fields, the server shall not send duplicated events or notification events for the field notifiers, if the same client endpoint is used. This shall not affect initial events as they are always sent to a unicast endpoint, when the first subscribe for an eventgroup is received. (see [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00571\]](#)).]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00450]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[Publish/Subscribe with link loss at client side is described as follows:

1. No prior registrations + Client subscribes

- (a) Server: OfferService()
- (b) Client: SubscribeEventgroup[**Session ID=x, Reboot=0**]
- (c) Server: updateRegistration()
- (d) Server: SubscribeEventgroupAck + Events()

2. Link loss at client side

- (a) Client: linkDown()
- (b) Client: deleteEntries()
- (c) Client: linkUp()

3. Client subscribes again, Client Reboot detected

- (a) Server: OfferService()

- (b) Client: SubscribeEventgroup[**Session ID=1, Reboot=1**]
- (c) Server: updateRegistration()
- (d) Server SubscribeEventgroupAck + Events()

]

Note: Description is also shown in Figure 5.21.

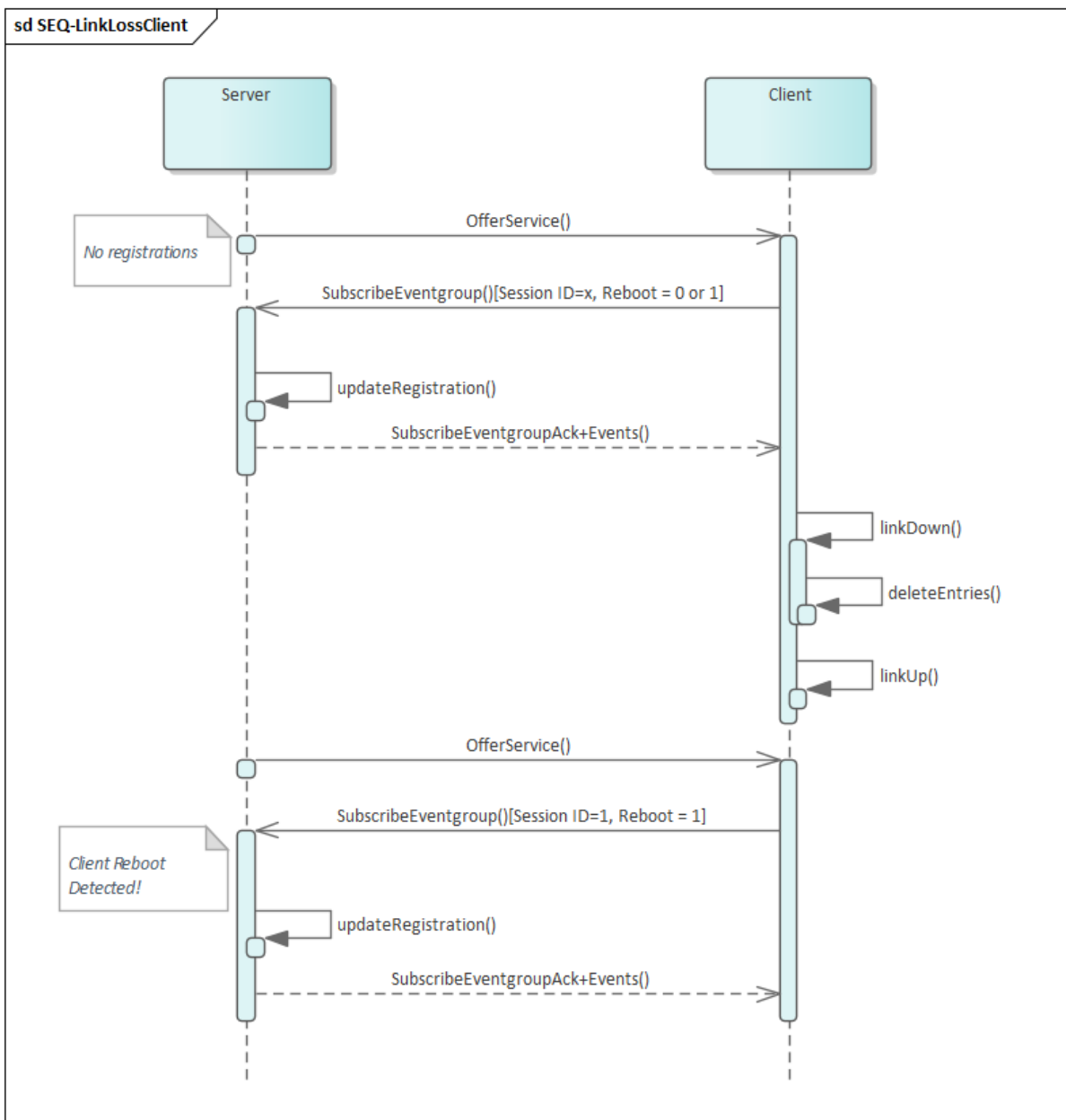


Figure 5.21: Publish/Subscribe with link loss at client (figure ignoring timings)

Note: The server sending Offer Service entries as implicit Publishes has to keep state of Subscribe Eventgroup messages for this eventgroup instance in order to know if notifications/events have to be sent.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00452]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00020](#)

[A client shall deregister from a server by sending a SOME/IP-SD Subscribe Eventgroup message with TTL=0 (Stop Subscribe Eventgroup see [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00389\]](#)).]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00453]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#)

[
Publish/Subscribe Registration/Deregistration behavior is described as follows:

1. Client 1 subscribes

- (a) Server: OfferService() to Client 1 and Client 2
- (b) Client 1: SubscribeEventgroup()
- (c) Server: updateRegistration()
- (d) Server: SubscribeEventgroupAck + Events() to Client 1

2. Client 2 subscribes

- (a) Client 2: SubscribeEventgroup()
- (b) Server: updateRegistration()
- (c) Server: SubscribeEventgroupAck + Events() to Client 2

3. Client 2 stops subscription

- (a) Client 2: StopSubscribeEventgroup()
- (b) Server: updateRegistration()

4. Client 1 remains registered

]

Note: Description is also shown in Figure [5.22](#).

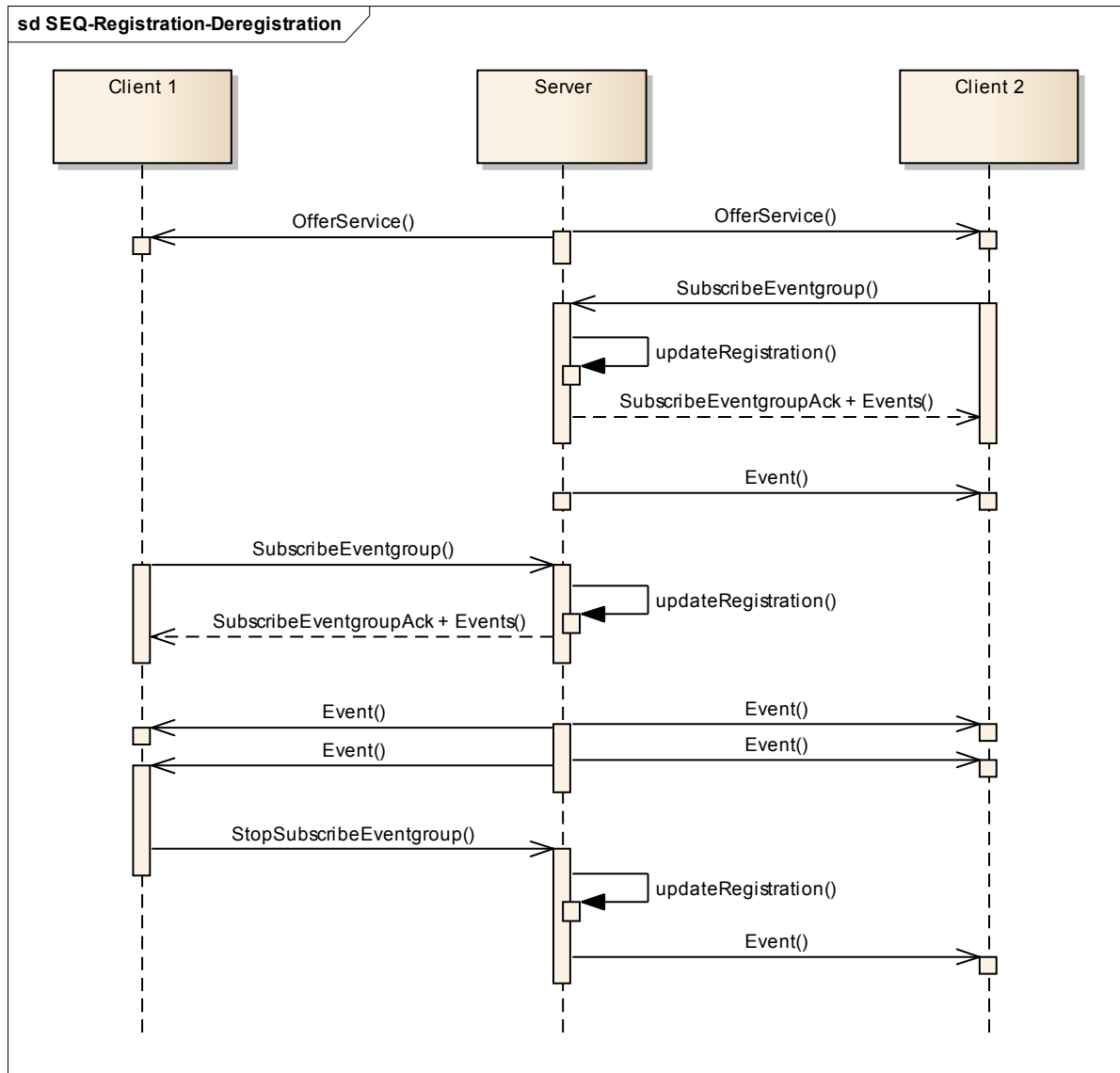


Figure 5.22: Publish/Subscribe Registration/Deregistration behavior (figure ignoring timings)

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00454]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00019](#)

[The SOME/IP-SD on the server shall delete the subscription, if a relevant SOME/IP error occurs after sending an event or notification event.]

The error includes but is not limited to not being able to reach the communication partner and errors of the TCP connection.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00457]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[

Publish/Subscribe with link loss at server is described as follows:

1. No prior registrations + Client subscribes

- (a) Server: OfferService()
- (b) Client: SubscribeEventgroup()
- (c) Server: updateRegistration()
- (d) Server: SubscribeEventgroupAck + Events()

2. Link loss at server side

- (a) Server: linkDown()
- (b) Server: deleteRegistrations()
- (c) Server: linkUp()

3. Server offers again, Server Reboot detected by client

- (a) Server: OfferService()[**Session ID=1, Reboot=1**]
- (b) Client: SubscribeEventgroup()
- (c) Server: updateRegistration()
- (d) Server SubscribeEventgroupAck + Events()

」

Note: Description is also shown in Figure [5.23](#)

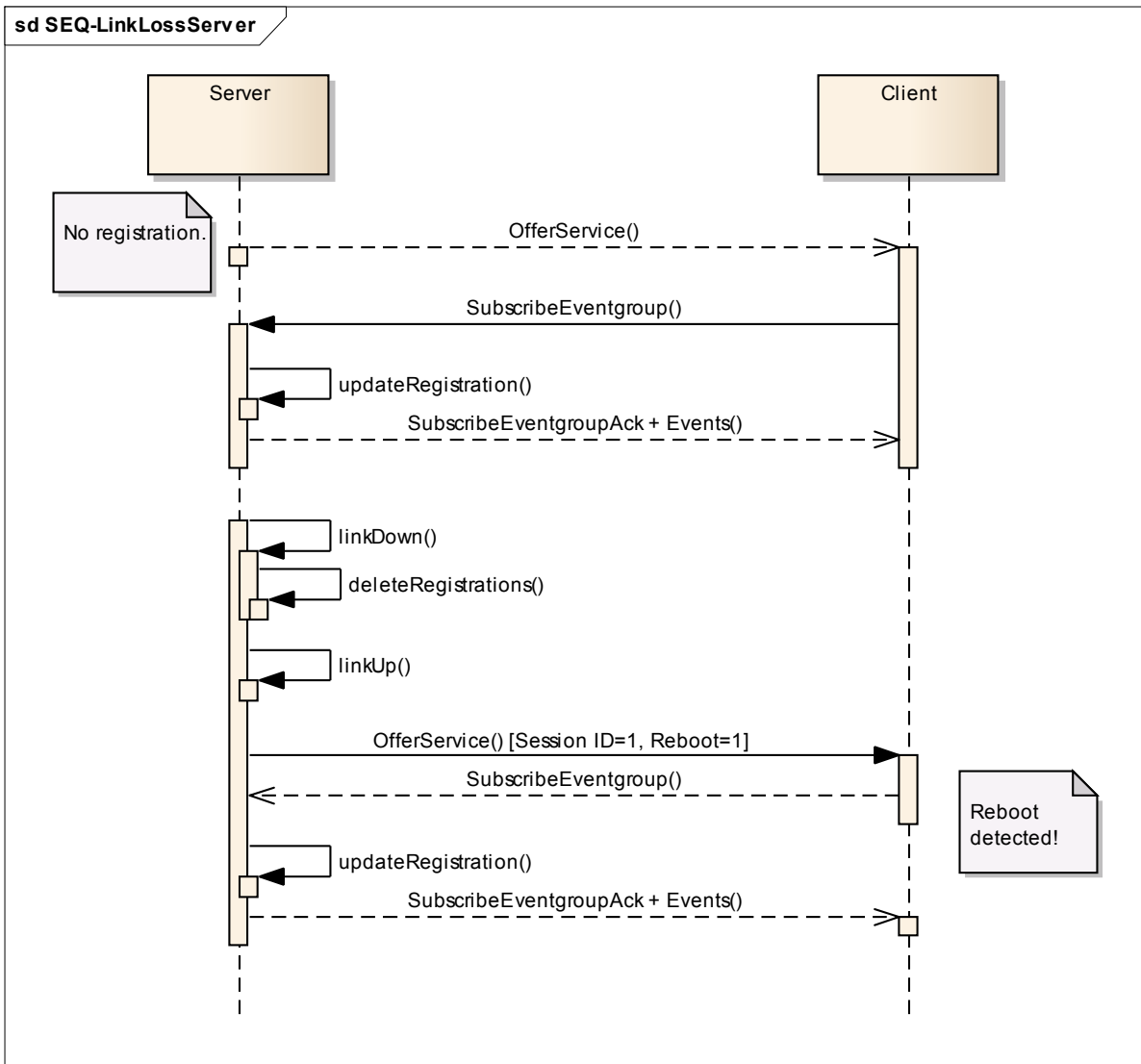


Figure 5.23: Publish/Subscribe with link loss at server (figure ignoring timings)

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00461]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The client shall open a TCP connection to the server before sending the Subscribe Eventgroup entry if the Service is offered over TCP and the client requests an Eventgroup over TCP according to the configuration.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00830]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[A client which wants to subscribe to an eventgroup of a service which demands a security association shall start (if not already started) to establish the security and wait until the security association is established. The client shall send a SubscribeEventgroup entry for an eventgroup of this service after the security association is established.]

Note: For security associations which demand that only one participant is allowed to start establishing the security association (like TLS/DTLS), each ECU shall use different endpoints for server services and client service to ensure that the ECU is acting for each secured connection either as a client (which shall start establishing the security association) or as a server.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00462]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[After a client has sent a Subscribe Eventgroup entry the server shall send a Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00463]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The client shall wait for the Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry acknowledging a Subscribe Eventgroup entry. If this Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry does not arrive before the next Subscribe Eventgroup entry is sent, the client shall do the following:

- Send a Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entry and a Subscribe Eventgroup entry in the same SOME/IP-SD message the Subscribe Eventgroup entry would have been sent with

]

Note:

This behavior exists to cope with short durations of communication loss, so new Initial Events are triggered to lower the effects of the loss of messages.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00577]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The requirement [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00463\]](#) shall not be applied to Offer Service entries that are a reaction to Find Service entries. This means that the Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry of a Subscribe Eventgroup entry that was triggered by a unicast Offer Service entry is not monitored as well as upon a unicast Offer Service entry the Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entry/Subscribe Eventgroup entry is not sent.]

Rationale:

If a client sends a Subscribe Eventgroup entry as a reaction to a unicast offer, and a multicast offer arrives immediately after that but before the the Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry could be sent by the server and received, the client shall not complain (i.e. Stop Subscribe/Subscribe) about a not yet received acknowledgement.

Note:

This behavior exists to cope with short durations of communication loss. The receiver of a Stop Subscribe Eventgroup and Subscribe Eventgroup combination would send out initial values for field notifiers to lower the effects of the loss of messages (see [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00122\]](#)).

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00464]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The server shall send the first notifications/events (i.e. initial values) according to [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00120\]](#) immediately after sending the Subscribe Eventgroup Ack.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00465]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The server shall not send initial values of events (i.e., pure events and not fields) upon subscriptions.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00120]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The server shall send initial values of field notifiers (i.e., fields and not pure events) upon subscriptions.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00861] Server based distinction between field notifiers and pure events

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The distinction between field notifiers and pure events shall be taken based on the configuration of the server.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00121]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[If a subscription was already valid and is updated by a Subscribe Eventgroup entry, no initial values shall be sent.]

Note: [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00465\]](#), [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00120\]](#), and [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00861\]](#) imply that even if a client explicitly requests the sending of initial values and thus the trigger on the server side according to [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00122\]](#) is fulfilled, no initial values shall be sent by the server for members of the Eventgroup which (according to the server's own configuration) are pure events (and not fields).

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00308] Parallel subscription with a different port number

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[If a server receives a Subscribe Eventgroup entry with an endpoint option with a transport protocol port number (L4-port) which is different from the port number of a previous subscription, in case the previous subscription is still active (i.e., TTL has not expired and subscription has not been explicitly terminated by a Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entry), then the server shall accept and process the latest Subscribe Eventgroup Entry and shall terminate the previous subscription in that case.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00122]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The reception of a Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entry and a Subscribe Eventgroup entry in the same SOME/IP-SD message shall trigger the server to send initial values of field notifiers.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00466]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00016](#)

[Publish/Subscribe States (server behavior for unicast eventgroups) are defined as follows:

- Eventgroup_PubSub (Unicast Eventgroup)
 - Service Down
 - Service Up
 - * Not Subscribed
 - * Subscribed

Initial entry points of Eventgroup_PubSub (Unicast Eventgroup) are inside the following states:

- Eventgroup_PubSub (Unicast Eventgroup)
 - Service Up

Transitions inside Eventgroup_PubSub (Unicast Eventgroup) are defined as follows:

FROM entry point Eventgroup_PubSub (Unicast Eventgroup)
TO Service Down
WITH [Service==Down]

FROM Service Down
TO Service Up
WITH ServiceUp

FROM Service Up
TO Service Down
WITH ServiceDown

FROM entry point Eventgroup_PubSub (Unicast Eventgroup)
TO Service UP
WITH [Service==Up]

FROM entry point Service Up
TO Not Subscribed

FROM Not Subscribed
TO Subscribed
WITH receive(SubscribeEventgroup) /enableEvents()
send(SubscribeEventgroupAck)

FROM Subscribed
TO Subscribed
WITH receive(SubscribeEventgroup) /send(SubscribeEventgroupAck)

FROM Subscribed
TO Not Subscribed
WITH receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) /disableEvents()

FROM Subscribed
TO Not Subscribed
WITH TTL_expired [SubscriptionCounter==1] /disableEvents()

]

Note: Graphical information of the Publish/Subscribe States (server behavior for unicast eventgroups) is shown in Figure 5.24

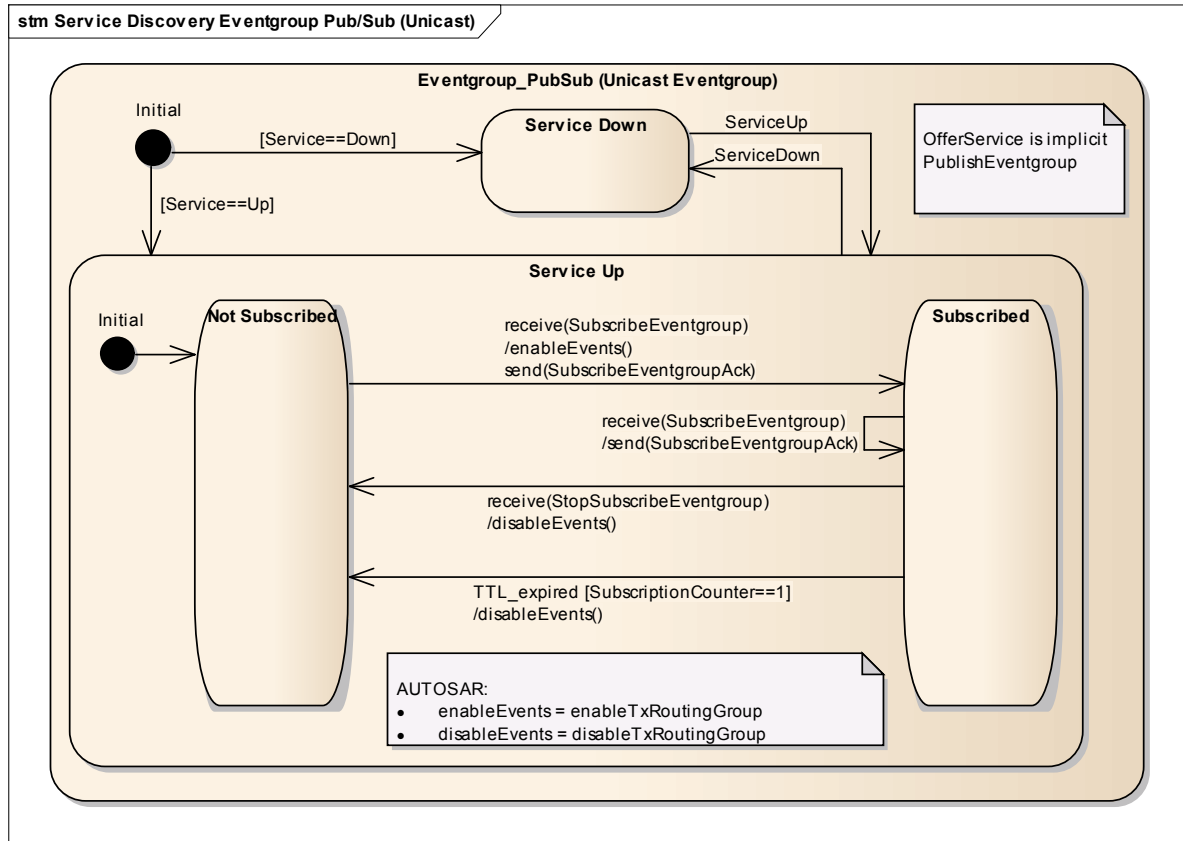


Figure 5.24: Publish/Subscribe State Diagram (server behavior for unicast eventgroups)

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00571]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[If a client subscribes with different SOME/IP-SD messages to different eventgroups of the same Service Instance and all eventgroups include the same field, the server shall send out the initial values for this field notifier for every subscription separately.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00572]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[If a client subscribes with one SOME/IP-SD message to different eventgroups of the same Service Instance and all eventgroups include the same field, the Server may choose to not send out the initial value for this field notifier more than once.]

Note:

This means the server can optimize by sending the initial values for the field notifier only once, if supported by its architecture.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00467]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00016](#)

[Publish/Subscribe States (server behavior for multicast eventgroups) are defined as follows:

- Eventgroup_PubSub (Multicast Eventgroup)
 - Service Down
 - Service Up
 - * Not Subscribed
 - * Subscribed

Initial entry points of Eventgroup_PubSub (Multicast Eventgroup) are inside the following states:

- Eventgroup_PubSub (Multicast Eventgroup)
 - Service Up

Transitions inside Eventgroup_PubSub (Multicast Eventgroup) are defined as follows:

FROM entry point Eventgroup_PubSub (Multicast Eventgroup)
TO Service Down
WITH [Service==Down]

FROM Service Down
TO Service Up
WITH ServiceUp

FROM Service Up
TO Service Down
WITH ServiceDown

FROM entry point Eventgroup_PubSub (Multicast Eventgroup)
TO Service UP
WITH [Service==Up]

FROM entry point Service Up
TO Not Subscribed

FROM Not Subscribed
TO Subscribed

WITH receive(SubscribeEventgroup) /enableEvents() Subscription-Counter++ send(SubscribeEventgroupAck)

FROM Subscribed

TO Subscribed

WITH receive(SubscribeEventgroup) /SubscriptionCounter++
/send(SubscribeEventgroupAck)

FROM Subscribed

TO Not Subscribed

WITH receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter==1]
/SubscriptionCounter- /disableEvents()

FROM Subscribed

TO Subscribed

WITH receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter>1]
/SubscriptionCounter-

FROM Subscribed

TO Not Subscribed

WITH TTL_expired [SubscriptionCounter==1] /SubscriptionCounter-
disableEvents()

FROM Subscribed

TO Subscribed

WITH TTL_expired [SubscriptionCounter>1] /SubscriptionCounter-

」

Note: Graphical information of the Publish/Subscribe States (server behavior for multicast eventgroups) is shown in Figure 5.25

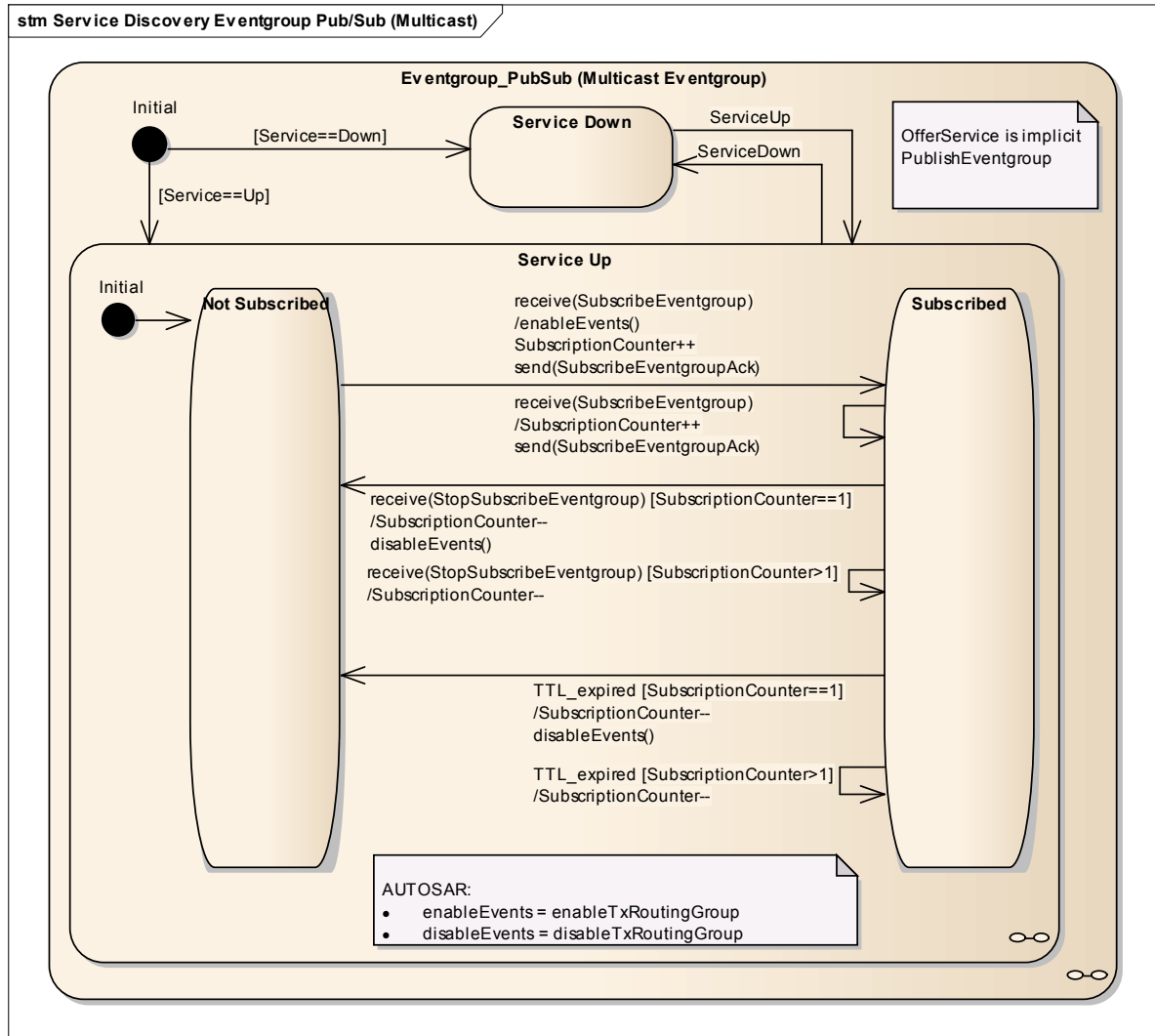


Figure 5.25: Publish/Subscribe State Diagram (server behavior for multicast eventgroups)

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00468]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00016](#)

[Publish/Subscribe States (server behavior for adaptive unicast/multicast eventgroups) are defined as follows:

- Eventgroup_PubSub (Unicast-to-Multicast Eventgroup)
 - Service Down
 - Service Up
 - * Not Subscribed
 - * Subscribed (Unicast)

* Subscribed (Multicast)

Initial entry points of Eventgroup_PubSub (Unicast-to-Multicast Eventgroup) are inside the following states:

- Eventgroup_PubSub (Unicast-to-Multicast Eventgroup)
 - Service Up

Transitions inside Eventgroup_PubSub (Unicast-to-Multicast Eventgroup) are defined as follows:

FROM entry point Eventgroup_PubSub (Unicast-to-Multicast Eventgroup)

TO Service Down

WITH [Service==Down]

FROM Service Down

TO Service Up

WITH ServiceUp

FROM Service Up

TO Service Down

WITH ServiceDown

FROM entry point Eventgroup_PubSub (Unicast-to-Multicast Eventgroup)

TO Service UP

WITH [Service==Up]

FROM entry point Service Up

TO Not Subscribed

FROM Not Subscribed

TO Subscribed (Unicast)

WITH receive(SubscribeEventgroup) [UnicastLimit>0] /enableEvents() SubscriptionCounter++ send(SubscribeEventgroupAck)

FROM Subscribed (Unicast)

TO Subscribed (Unicast)

WITH receive(SubscribeEventgroup) [UnicastLimit>SubscriptionCounter] /SubscriptionCounter++ send(SubscribeEventgroupAck)

FROM Subscribed (Unicast)

TO Not Subscribed

WITH receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter==1]


```
/SubscriptionCounter- disableEvents()
```

```
FROM Subscribed (Unicast)
TO Not Subscribed
WITH TTL_expired [SubscriptionCounter==1] /SubscriptionCounter-
disableEvents()
```

```
FROM Not Subscribed
TO Subscribed (Multicast)
WITH receive(SubscribeEventgroup) [UnicasLimit==0]
/enableMulticastEvents() SubscriptionCounter++
send(SubscribeEventgroupAck)
```

```
FROM Subscribed (Multicast)
TO Not Subscribed
WITH receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter==1
&& UnicasLimit==0] /SubscriptionCounter- disableMulticas-
tEvents()
```

```
FROM Subscribed (Multicast)
TO Not Subscribed
WITH TTL_expired [SubscriptionCounter==1 && UnicasLimit==0]
/SubscriptionCounter- disableMulticastEvents()
```

```
FROM Subscribed (Multicast)
TO Subscribed (Multicast)
WITH receive(SubscribeEventgroup) /SubscriptionCounter++
```

```
FROM Subscribed (Multicast)
TO Subscribed (Multicast)
WITH receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter>Uni-
castLimit+1] /SubscriptionCounter-
```

```
FROM Subscribed (Multicast)
TO Subscribed (Multicast)
WITH TTL_expired [SubscriptionCounter>UnicastLimit+1]
/SubscriptionCounter-
```

```
FROM Subscribed (Unicast)
TO Subscribed (Unicast)
WITH receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter>1]
```

/SubscriptionCounter-

FROM Subscribed (Unicast)
TO Subscribed (Unicast)
WITH TTL_expired [SubscriptionCounter>1] /SubscriptionCounter-

FROM Subscribed (Unicast)
TO Subscribed (Multicast)
WITH receive(SubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter>=UnicastLimit] /SubscriptionCounter++ send(SubscribeEventgroupAck)
switchToMulticastEvents()

FROM Subscribed (Multicast)
TO Subscribed (Unicast)
WITH receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter==UnicastLimit+1] /switchToUnicastEvents()
SubscriptionCounter-

FROM Subscribed (Multicast)
TO Subscribed (Unicast)
WITH TTL_expired [SubscriptionCounter==UnicastLimit+1] /switchToUnicastEvents() SubscriptionCounter-

]

Note: Graphical information of the Publish/Subscribe States (server behavior for adaptive unicast/multicast eventgroups) is shown in Figure 5.26

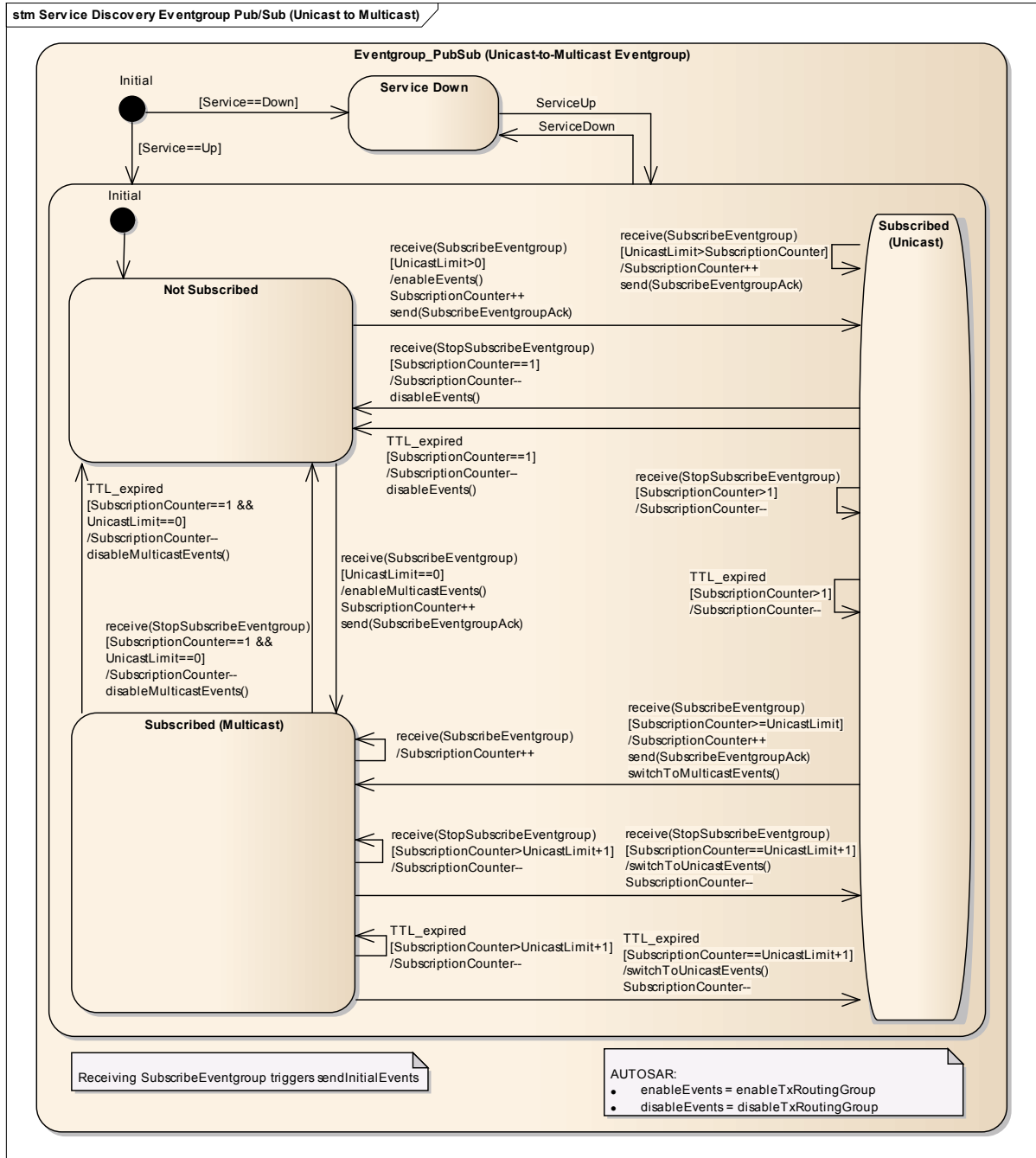


Figure 5.26: Publish/Subscribe State Diagram (server behavior for adaptive unicast/multicast eventgroups)

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00134] Unicast/Multicast switching for event and notification event transmission via UDP

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00016](#)

[For events and notification events which are configured to be transmitted via UDP (see [\[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00802\]](#)) SOME/IP-SD shall support automated switching from

unicast to multicast communication if a configured threshold of the numbers of subscribers was reached.]

Note:

Limiting the switching between unicast and multicast to UDP is motivated by the following rationale:

- the use of TCP is limited to unicast communication
- dynamically switching between TCP and UDP does not make sense from a semantic perspective since the choice for either TCP or UDP is motivated by requirements for
 - reliability (no message loss, no out-of-order delivery)
 - transmission of data which is larger than the MTU (when neither SOME/IP-TP or IP fragmentation is used)

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00470]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[SOME/IP SD Protocol shall support implicit configuration of communication endpoints and registrations of subscribers. These shall be based on static configurations and not use any SD messages on the network.]

Note:

Depending on the project the use case can exist to use services based on a static configuration where no Service Discovery takes place on the network at all. In such cases of implicit registrations, there are no find or subscribe messages exchanged but the services can be used out of the box. Such preconfigurations are not part of SOME/IP or SOME/IP SD. Hence, their configuration and implementation is project specific.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00472]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The following entries shall be transported by unicast only:

- Subscribe Eventgroup
- Stop Subscribe Eventgroup
- Subscribe Eventgroup Ack
- Subscribe Eventgroup Nack

If an entry of any of these types is received in a multicast SD message, this entry shall be ignored.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00808]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The client shall retry to subscribe to a Eventgroup of a ServerService, if the SUBSCRIBE_RETRY_MAX is configured greater than 0. The subscription to the Eventgroup shall be sent, if a SubscribeEventgroupAck/Nack entry of the requested Eventgroup was not received within a configurable timeout (SUBSCRIBE_RETRY_DELAY). The retry shall be done as long as the Eventgroup is requested and the configured retry count (SUBSCRIBE_RETRY_MAX) was not exceeded.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00809]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[ServerService where the TTL of the received OfferService is set to 0xFFFFFFFF, could set SUBSCRIBE_RETRY_MAX to INF. In this case, the retry shall be done as long as the Eventgroup is requested and no SubscribeEventgroupAck/Nack entry of the requested Eventgroup was received.]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00851]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#)

[The automated switching from client service unicast/multicast endpoint to server multicast endpoint has to consider configuration of MULTICAST_THRESHOLD:

- if MULTICAST_THRESHOLD is configured to a value n with n=0, then automated switching between client service unicast/multicast endpoints and the server multicast endpoint is disabled. Only unicast/multicast communication to client service unicast/multicast endpoints is supported.
- if MULTICAST_THRESHOLD is configured to a value n with n=1, then automated switching between client service unicast/multicast endpoints and the server multicast endpoint is disabled. Only multicast communication to the server multicast endpoint is supported.
- if MULTICAST_THRESHOLD is configured to a value n with n > 1 and the number of subscribed clients with different endpoint information is larger than the threshold or equal to the threshold, then server service shall use the server multicast endpoint to transmit the events.
- if MULTICAST_THRESHOLD is configured to a value n with n > 1 and the number of subscribed clients with different endpoint information is smaller than the threshold, then the server service shall transmit the events to the endpoints which were provided by the client services either as client unicast endpoint or as client service multicast endpoint.

]

5.1.7 Reserved and special identifiers for SOME/IP and SOME/IP-SD.

In this chapter an overview of reserved and special identifiers are shown.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00515] Reserved and Special Service-IDs

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[

| Service-ID | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| 0x0000 | Reserved |
| 0xFF00 - 0xFF1F | Reserved for Testing at OEM |
| 0xFF20 - 0xFF3F | Reserved for Testing at Tier-1 |
| 0xFF40 - 0xFF5F | Reserved for ECU Internal Communication (Tier-1 proprietary) |
| 0xFFFFE | Reserved for non-SOME/IP service instances. |
| 0xFFFF | SOME/IP and SOME/IP-SD special service (Magic Cookie, SOME/IP-SD, ...). |

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00516] Reserved and Special Instance-IDs

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[

| Instance-ID | Description |
|-------------|---------------|
| 0x0000 | Reserved |
| 0xFFFF | All Instances |

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00517] Reserved and Special Method-IDs

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[

| Method-ID | Description |
|-----------|-------------|
| 0x0000 | Reserved |
| 0x7FFF | Reserved |
| 0x8000 | Reserved |
| 0xFFFF | Reserved |

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00531] Reserved Eventgroup-IDs

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[

| Eventgroup-ID | Description |
|---------------|-------------|
| 0x0000 | Reserved |

| | |
|--------|-----------------|
| 0xFFFF | All Eventgroups |
|--------|-----------------|

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00519] Method-IDs of Service 0xFFFF

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[

| Method-ID/Event-ID | Description |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| 0x0000 | SOME/IP Magic Cookie Messages |
| 0x8000 | SOME/IP Magic Cookie Messages |
| 0x8100 | SOME/IP-SD messages (events) |

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00520] Reserved Names

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#)

[

| Name | Description |
|--------------|--|
| hostname | Used to name a host or ECU. |
| instancename | Used to name an instance of a service. |
| servicename | Used to name a service. |
| otherserv | Used for non-SOME/IP Services. |

]

6 Configuration Parameters

The Following chapter summarizes all the configuration parameters that are used.

| Name | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| INITIAL_DELAY_MIN | Minimum duration to delay randomly the transmission of a message. |
| INITIAL_DELAY_MAX | Maximum duration to delay randomly the transmission of a message. |
| REPETITIONS_BASE_DELAY | Duration of delay for repetitions. |
| REPETITIONS_MAX | Configuration for the maximum number of repetitions. |
| REQUEST_RESPONSE_DELAY | The Service Discovery shall delay answers using this configuration item. |
| CYCLIC_OFFER_DELAY | Interval between cyclic offers in the main phase. |
| SD_PORT | is a UDP Port for SD Messages (30490 as default). |
| SD_MULTICAST_IP | address which shall be used by the SD multicast messages. |
| SUBSCRIBE_RETRY_MAX | Max count of retries for subscribe, as long as the Eventgroup is requested (0=no retry, INF= retry forever (as long as the Eventgroup is requested and no no SubscribeEventgroupAck/Nack entry was received)). |
| SUBSCRIBE_RETRY_DELAY | Duration of delay to send a consecutive subscribe entries, if a Eventgroup is requested and no SubscribeEventgroupAck/Nack entry was received. |
| MULTICAST_THRESHOLD | <p>Specifies the number of subscribed clients with different endpoint information per Eventgroup that triggers the server to change the transmission of events to the server multicast endpoint. This multicast endpoint is configured by the server service and provided with the SubscribeEventgroupAck:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If configured to 0 only the client service unicast/multicast endpoint will be used. • If configured to 1 the first client and all further subscribed clients will be served via the server multicast endpoint. • If configured to n up to n-1 clients with different endpoint information will be served via a client service unicast/multicast endpoint provided by the client within the SubscribeEventgroup. As soon as the number of subscribed clients with different endpoint information reaches n, then all subscribed clients are served via the server multicast endpoint. |

Table 6.1: Configuration Parameters

7 Protocol Usage

7.1 Mandatory Feature Set and Basic Behavior

In this section the mandatory feature set of the Service Discovery and the relevant configuration constraints are discussed. This allow for bare minimum implementations without optional or informational features that might not be required for current use cases.

The following information is defined as compliance check list(s). If a feature is not implemented, the implementation is considered not to comply to SOME/IP-SDs basic feature set.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00496]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00008](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00014](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00007](#)

[The following entry types shall be implemented:

- Find Service
- Offer Service
- Stop Offer Service
- Subscribe Eventgroup
- Stop Subscribe Eventgroup
- Subscribe Eventgroup Ack
- Subscribe Eventgroup Nack

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00497]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00007](#)

[The following option types shall be implemented, when IPv4 is required:

- IPv4 Endpoint Option
- IPv4 Multicast Option
- Configuration Option
- IPv4 SD Endpoint Option (receiving at least)

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00498]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00007](#)

[The following option types shall be implemented, if IPv6 is required:

- IPv6 Endpoint Option
- IPv6 Multicast Option
- Configuration Option
- IPv6 SD Endpoint Option (receiving at least)

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00008](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00014](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00017](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00007](#)

[The following behaviors/reactions shall be implemented on the Server side:

- The Server shall offer services including the Initial Wait Phase, the Repetition Phase, and the Main Phase depending on the configuration.
- The Server shall offer services using Multicast (Repetition Phase and Main Phase) on the multicast address defined by SD_MULTICAST_IP.
- The Server shall answer a Find Service in the Main Phase with an Offer Service using Unicast.
- The Server shall send a Stop Offer Service when shutting down.
- The Server shall receive a Subscribe Eventgroup as well as a Stop Subscribe Eventgroup and react according to this specification.
- The Server shall send a Subscribe Eventgroup Ack and Subscribe Eventgroup Nack using unicast.
- The Server shall support controlling the sending (i.e. fan out) of SOME/IP event messages based on the subscriptions of SOME/IP-SD. This might include sending events based on Multicast.
- The Server shall support the triggering of SOME/IP Initial Events.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00501]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00008](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00007](#)

[The following behaviors/reactions shall be implemented on the Client side:

- The Client shall find services using a Find Service entry and Multicast (on the multicast address defined by SD_MULTICAST_IP) only in the repetition phase.

- The Client shall stop finding a service if the regular Offer Service arrives.
- The Client shall react to the Servers Offer Service with a unicast SD message that includes all Subscribe Eventgroups of the offered Service Instances that the clients currently requires.
- The Client shall interpret and react to the Subscribe Eventgroup Ack and Subscribe Eventgroup Nack as specified in this document.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00502]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00020](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00024](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00007](#)

[The following behavior and configuration constraints shall be supported by the Client:

- The Client shall be able handle Eventgroups if only the TTL of the SD Timings is specified. This means that of all the timings for the Initial Wait Phase, the Repetition Phase, and the Main Phase only TTL is configured. This means the client shall only react on the Offer Service by the Server.
- The Client shall answer to an Offer Service with a Subscribe Eventgroup even without configuration of the Request-Response-Delay, meaning it should not wait but answer instantaneously.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00503]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00018](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00007](#)

[The Client and Server shall implement the Reboot Detection as specified in this document and react accordingly. This includes but is not limited to:

- Setting Session ID and Reboot Flag according to this specification.
- Keeping a Session ID counter only used for sending Multicast SD messages.
- Keeping Session ID counters for every Unicast relation for sending Unicast SD messages.
- Understanding Session ID and Reboot Flag according to this specification.
- Keeping a Multicast Session ID counter per ECU that exchanges Multicast SD messages with this ECU.
- Keeping a Unicast Session ID counter per ECU that exchanges Unicast SD messages with this ECU.
- Detecting reboot based on this specification and reaction accordingly.
- Correctly interpreting the IPv4 and IPv6 SD Endpoint Options in regard to Reboot Detection.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00504]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00007](#)

[The Client and Server shall implement the "Endpoint Handling for Service and Events". This includes but is not limited to:

- Adding 1 Endpoint Option UDP to an Offer Service if UDP is needed.
- Adding 1 Endpoint Option TCP to an Offer Service if TCP is needed.
- Adding 1 Endpoint Option UDP to Subscribe Eventgroup if events over UDP are required.
- Adding 1 Endpoint Option TCP to Subscribe Eventgroup if events over TCP are required.
- Adding 1 Multicast Option UDP to Subscribe Eventgroup Ack if multicast events are required.
- Understanding and acting according to the Endpoint and Multicast Options transported as described above.
- Overwriting preconfigured values (e.g. IP Addresses and Ports) with the information of these Endpoint and Multicast Options.
- Interpreting incoming IPv4 and IPv6 Endpoint Options as SD endpoints instead of the Address and Port number in the outer layers.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00821]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00007](#)

[The Client and Server shall implement the explicit requesting of initial values for field notifiers.]

7.2 Migration and Compatibility

7.2.1 Supporting multiple versions of the same service.

In order to support migrations scenarios ECUs shall support serving as well as using different incompatible versions of the same service.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00512]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00008](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00005](#)

[In order to support a Service with more than one version the following is required:

- The server shall offer the service instance of this service once per major version.
- The client shall find the service instances once per supported major version or shall use the Major Version as 0xFF (all versions).
- The client shall subscribe to events of the service version it needs.
- All SOME/IP-SD entries shall use the same Service-IDs and Instance-IDs but different Major Versions.
- The server has to demultiplex messages based on the socket they arrive, Message-ID, Major Versions and relay it based on these conditions internally to the correct receiver.

]

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00806]

Upstream requirements: [RS_SOMEIPSD_00025](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00008](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00013](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00015](#), [RS_SOMEIPSD_00005](#)

[In one VLAN there shall be at most one service instance with the same Service ID, Major Version, and Instance ID. This applies to the servers and to the clients.]

Note: Offering more than one Service Instance with the same Major Version but different Minor Versions is not supported.

8 References

- [1] Glossary
AUTOSAR_FO_TR_Glossary
- [2] DOMAIN NAMES - IMPLEMENTATION AND SPECIFICATION
<https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc1035>
- [3] DNS-Based Service Discovery
<https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc6763>
- [4] A DNS RR for specifying the location of services (DNS SRV)
<https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2782>

A Change history of AUTOSAR traceable items

Please note that the lists in this chapter also include traceable items that have been removed from the specification in a later version. These items do not appear as hyperlinks in the document.

A.1 Specification Item Changes between AUTOSAR Release R24-11 and R25-11

A.1.1 Added Specification Items in R25-11

| Number | Heading |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00308] | Parallel subscription with a different port number |

Table A.1: Added Specification Items in R25-11

A.1.2 Changed Specification Items in R25-11

| Number | Heading |
|--------------------------------------|---------|
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00130] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00570] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00582] | |

Table A.2: Changed Specification Items in R25-11

A.1.3 Deleted Specification Items in R25-11

none

A.2 Specification Item Changes between AUTOSAR Release R23-11 and R24-11

A.2.1 Added Specification Items in R24-11

| Number | Heading |
|----------------------|--|
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00861] | Server based distinction between field notifiers and pure events |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00862] | Client based distinction between field notifiers and pure events |

Table A.3: Added Specification Items in R24-11

A.2.2 Changed Specification Items in R24-11

| Number | Heading |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00120] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00122] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00435] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00464] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00465] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00472] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00487] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00570] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583] | Allowed Option Types for Entry Types |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00800] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00806] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00830] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00833] | |





| Number | Heading |
|--|---------|
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00834] | |

Table A.4: Changed Specification Items in R24-11

A.2.3 Deleted Specification Items in R24-11

| Number | Heading |
|--|---------|
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00123] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00156] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00703] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00704] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00811] | |
| [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00831] | |

Table A.5: Deleted Specification Items in R24-11

A.3 Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R23-11

A.3.1 Added Specification Items in R23-11

[[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00853](#)] [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00854](#)] [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00855](#)]
[[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00856](#)] [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00857](#)] [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00859](#)]
[[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00860](#)]

A.3.2 Changed Specification Items in R23-11

[[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00126](#)] [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00127](#)] [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00128](#)]
[[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00129](#)] [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00356](#)] [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00449](#)]
[[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00457](#)] [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00547](#)] [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00549](#)]
[[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00556](#)] [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583](#)] [[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00842](#)]

A.3.3 Deleted Specification Items in R23-11

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00838]