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Date	Release	Changed by	Description	
2023-11-23	R23-11	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul> <li>Adaptions in IPv4/6 SD endpoint options handling for AP compatibility</li> <li>Editorial changes</li> </ul>	
2022-11-24	R22-11	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul><li>Contradicting requirements improved</li><li>Editorial changes</li></ul>	
2021-11-25	R21-11	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul> <li>Removal of Explicit Initial Data Control Flag and Initial Data Requested Flag</li> <li>Introduced optional functionality to subscribe to a multicast address pre-defined by a ClientService</li> <li>Consideration of the connection status of a security associations for clients and servers was added</li> <li>Moved specification item from CP SWS ServiceDiscovery to FO PRS SOMEIPServiceDiscoveryProtocol based on harmonization activities of both documents</li> </ul>	
2020-11-30	R20-11	AUTOSAR Release Management	<ul><li>Contradicting requirements improved</li><li>Editorial changes</li></ul>	





			1
			Clarify:
			- Startup Behavior (random value)
			<ul> <li>Service Versioning in VLAN</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Load Balancing option behavior</li> </ul>
		AUTOSAR	<ul><li>Re-boot Detection</li></ul>
2019-11-28	R19-11	Release Management	Introduce retry max counter for subscription of Eventgroup
		Management	
			Contradicting requirements improved
			Editorial changes
			Changed Document Status from Final to published
		AUTOSAR	
2019-03-29	1.5.1	Release Management	Editorial changes
			Clarify load balancing option usage
2018-10-31	1.5.0	AUTOSAR Release Management	Contradicting requirements improved
2010 10 01	1.5.0		
		AUTOSAR	Redundant requirements removed
2018-03-29	1.4.0	Release	No content changes
		Management	
0017.10.00	100	AUTOSAR Release	- minor changes
2017-12-08	1.3.0	Management	minor changes
		AUTOSAR	
2017-10-27	1.2.0	Release	Editorial changes
		Management	Configuration Parameters SD PORT
2017-03-31	1.1.0	AUTOSAR	and SD_MULTICAST_IP are added and
		Release Management	defined
			Rules relating to Options are reordered
		AUTOSAR	
2016-11-30	1.0.0	Release Management	Initial Release
		Managomont	



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# Introduction and overview

This protocol specification specifies the format, message sequences and semantics of the Protocol SOME/IP Service Discovery (SOME/IP-SD).

The main tasks of the Service Discovery Protocol are communicating the availability of functional entities called services in the in-vehicle communication as well as controlling the send behavior of event messages. This allows sending only event messages to receivers requiring them (Publish/Subscribe). The solution described here is also known as SOME/IP-SD (Scalable service-Oriented MiddlewarE over IP - Service Discovery).

# Protocol purpose and objectives

SOME/IP-SD is used to

- Locate service instances.
- Detect if service instances are running.
- Implement the Publish/Subscribe handling.

# 1.2 Applicability of the protocol

SOME/IP SD can be used for service discovery in automotive vehicle networks.

## 1.2.1 Constraints and assumptions

The SOME/IP-SD has the following constraints:

- SOME/IP-SD supports only IP based communication.
- The network communication design has to consider the following limitations, if a client service subscribes with an client service multicast endpoint announced via a Multicast option:
  - Communication which is based on a point to point connection may not be working properly (e.g. End to end related communication, IPsec communication)
  - Initial events have to be used carefully, because all client services subscribed with the same multicast endpoint to the same server service, receive the initial events every time a new client service is subscribed with the same multicast endpoint to the same server service



### **Dependencies** 1.3

### 1.3.1 Dependencies to other protocol layers

SOME/IP-SD depends on SOME/IP. SOME/IP itself supports both TCP and UDP communications but SOME/IP SD is constraint to use SOME/IP only over UDP (See [PRS SOMEIPSD 00220]).

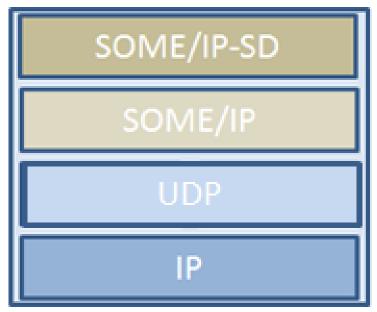


Figure 1.1: SOME/IP-SD Dependencies to other protocol layers



# 2 Use Cases

ID	Name	Description
UC_001	Service Offering	A Server is offering a service to the network without the need to statically configure the server on client side
UC_002	Service Subscription	A Client finds a desired service and subscribes to it without knowing the Senders location
UC_003	Flexible com- munication paths	A developer wants to design his applications without knowing who will receive the data or who is sending the desired data. Service Discovery enables to establish communication paths during integration time.



# **Protocol Requirements**

# 3.1 Requirements Traceability

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00001]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall be used on top of SOME/IP Protocol	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00151] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00152] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00153] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00154] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00156] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00157] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00159] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00159] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00160] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00161] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00162] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00163] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00164] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00164] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00250] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00251] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00252] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00253]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00002]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support unicast messages	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00256] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00259] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00540] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00601] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00602] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00631] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00702]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00003]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support multicast messages	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00238] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00239] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00256] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00323] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00324] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00325] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00326] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00331] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00332] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00333] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00545] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00601] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00601] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00603] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00631] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00647] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00847] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00848] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00849] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00849] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00850]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00004]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support SOME/IP and non-SOME/IP services	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00437] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00438] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00439] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00440]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00005]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support different versions of the same service	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00512] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00806]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_SOMEIPSD	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00253]
00006]	shall define the format of the Service	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00254]
-	Discovery message	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00255]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00258]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00261]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00262]
		[PRS SOMEIPSD 00263]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00264]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00265]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00266]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00267]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00268]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00270]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00273]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00275]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00276]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00277]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00278]
		[PRS SOMEIPSD 00279]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00280]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00281]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00282]
		[PRS SOMEIPSD 00283]
		[PRS SOMEIPSD 00284]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00285]
		[PRS SOMEIPSD 00286]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00287]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00305]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00306]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00307]
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		[PRS SOMEIPSD 00835]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00835]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00837]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00845]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00854]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00855]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00856]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00857]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00859]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00860]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00007]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall define ordered feature sets for compliance of implementations	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00496] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00497] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00498] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00501] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00502] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00503] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00504] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00821]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00008]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to find the location of service instances	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00350] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00351] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00496] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00501] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00512] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00528] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00806]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00009]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to transport text-based names of services	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00277]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00010]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall provide support to transport optional data	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00220] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00305] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00306] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00307] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00310] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00314] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00315] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00319] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00320] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00321] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00321] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00547] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00548] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00549] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00550] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00551] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00554] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00555] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00556] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00556] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00556] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00556] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00556] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00559] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00559] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00650] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00651] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00654] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00654] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00656] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00656] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00856] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00837] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00856]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00011]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall provide support for load balancing	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00542] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00544] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00711] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00712] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00713] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00714]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00012]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to detect whether service instances are active	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00133] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00397] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00427]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00013]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to offer published services	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00355] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00356] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00357] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00358] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00359] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00360] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00361] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00362] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00443] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00445] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00446] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00480] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00481] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00481] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00496] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00501] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00512] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00529] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00530] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00806] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00806] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00806] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_008021]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00014]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to stop offering services	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00363] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00364] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00443] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00446] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00496] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00015]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to subscribe to events	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00120] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00121] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00122] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00123] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00385] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00386] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00387] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00390] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00391] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00392] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00393] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00394] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00443] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00446] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00446] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00446] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00450] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00457] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00461] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00462] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00463]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00464] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00465] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00466] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00467] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00467] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00470] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00472] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00484] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00486] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00486] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00488] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00489] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00490] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00501] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00501] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00501] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00512] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00512] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00570] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00570] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00571] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00577] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00577] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00577] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00577] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00577] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00806] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00808] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00808] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00808] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00808] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00808] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00808] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00811] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00821] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_008242] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_008442] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00846] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00846] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00846] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00846]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00016]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to deny subscriptions	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00134] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00443] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00446] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00466] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00467] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00468] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00583]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00017]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to stop subscriptions to events	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00388] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00389] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00427] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00428] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00429] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00430] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00431] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00432] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00452] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00453] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00454] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00454] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00500] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00574] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00574] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00752]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by		
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00018]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support reboot detection of service providers	OI [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00503]		
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00019]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall standardize error handling	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00125] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00126] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00127] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00128] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00129] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00130] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00131] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00132] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00231] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00232] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00233] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00234] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00235] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00235] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00235] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00235] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00803] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00803] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_008032] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_008044] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_008052]		
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00020]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support TTL	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00452] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00502] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00704]		
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00021]	SOME/IP Service Discovery protocol shall provide functionality to discover services	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00350] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00351]		
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00022]	SOME/IP Service Discovery shall operate in a distributed manner	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00603]		
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00024]	SOME/IP Service Discovery shall support configurable timings	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00502]		
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00025]	SOME/IP Service Discovery messages shall contain information how to contact the communication partner	[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00133] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00134] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00341] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00342] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00342] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00343] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00356] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00357] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00358] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00359] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00360] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00361] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00362] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00387] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00395] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00397] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00399] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00400] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00400] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00401] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00405] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00406] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00406] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00407] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00409] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00410] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00411] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00412] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00415]		



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
		IDDS SOMEIDSD 004161
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00416]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00417]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00419]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00420]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00421]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00422]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00423]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00433]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00434] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00435]
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		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00833]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00834]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00843]
		[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00846]

Table 3.1: RequirementsTracing



# **Acronyms and Abbreviations**

The glossary below includes acronyms and abbreviations relevant to the SOME/IP specification that are not included in the [1, AUTOSAR glossary].

Abbreviation / Acronym:	Description:
Method	a method, procedure, function, or subroutine that is called/invoked.
Parameters	input, output, or input/output arguments of a method or an event
Remote Procedure Call (RPC)	a method call from one ECU to another that is transmitted using messages
Request	a message of the client to the server invoking a method
Response	a message of the server to the client transporting results of a method invocation
Request/Response communication	a RPC that consists of request and response
Fire&Forget communication	a RPC call that consists only of a request message
Event	A uni-directional data transmission that is only invoked on changes or cyclically and is sent from the producer of data to the consumers. One event could even be both sent cyclically and spontaneously on change. This is completely in the responsibility of the sending application because the receiver has no means at all to distinguish between those two.
Field	a field does represent a status and thus has a valid value at all times on which getter, setter and notfier act upon.
Notification Event	an event message the notifier of a field sends. The message of such a notifier cannot be distinguished from the event message; therefore, when referring to the message of an event, this shall also be true for the messages of notifiers of fields.
Getter	a Request/Response call that allows read access to a field.
Setter	a Request/Response call that allows write access to a field.
Notifier	sends out event message with a new value on change of the value of the field.
Service	a logical combination of zero or more methods, zero or more events, and zero or more fields (empty service is allowed, e.g. for announcing non-SOME/IP services in SOME/IP-SD)
Eventgroup	a logical grouping of events and notification events of fields inside a service in order to allow subscription
Service Interface	the formal specification of the service including its methods, events, and fields
Service Instance	software implementation of the service interface, which can exist more than once in the vehicle and more than once on an ECU
Server	The ECU offering a service instance shall be called server in the context of this service instance.
Client	The ECU using the service instance of a server shall be called client in the context of this service instance.
Union or Variant	a data structure that dynamically assumes different data types.
Offering a service instance	that one ECU implements an instance of a service and tells other ECUs using SOME/IP-SD that they may use it.
Finding a service instance	to send a SOME/IP-SD message in order to find a needed service instance.



Abbreviation / Acronym:	Description:
Requiring a service instance	to send a SOME/IP-SD message to the ECU implementing the required service instance with the meaning that this service instance is needed by the other ECU. This may be also sent if the service instance is not running; thus, was not offered yet.
Releasing a service instance	to sent a SOME/IP-SD message to the ECU hosting this service instances with the meaning that the service instance is no longer needed.
Server-Service-Instance-Entry	The configuration and required data of a service instance the local ECU offers, is called Server-Service-Instance-Entry at the ECU offering this service (Server).
Client-Service-Instance-Entry	The configuration and required data of a service instance another ECU offers, is called Client-Service-Instance-Entry at the ECU using this service (Client)
Publishing an eventgroup	to offer an eventgroup of a service instance to other ECUs using a SOME/IP-SD message
Subscribing an eventgroup	to require an eventgroup of a service instance using a SOME/IP-SD message.
unicast event	Events which are transmitted to a unicast endpoint by the ECU which hosts a server service. The unicast endpoint is provided by a particular client service which has subscribed to this server service within the Endpoint Option referenced by a SubscribeEvent-group entry (see client service unicast endpoint).
multicast event	Events which are transmitted to a multicast endpoint by the ECU which hosts a server service. A multicast endpoint could be provided by the server service (see server service multicast endpoint) and client service (see client service multicast endpoint).
server service multicast end- point	Multicast endpoint (including IP multicast address, port, and protocol) provided by the server service to announce where the server service transmits multicast-events to with respect to the configured MULTICAST_THRESHOLD.
client service unicast endpoint	Unicast endpoint (including IP multicast address, port, and protocol) provided by the client service to announce where the client service expects to receive events from the corresponding server service. Please note, if the MULTICAST_THRESHOLD has been exceeded on server service side, then the server service automatically switches from the client service unicast endpoint to the server service multicast endpoint to provide events.
client service multicast endpoint	Multicast endpoint (including IP multicast address, port, and protocol) provided by the client service to announce where the client service expects to receive events from the corresponding server service. This could be used alternatively to a client unicast endpoint. Please note, if the MULTICAST_THRESHOLD has been exceeded on server service side, then the server service automatically switches from the client service multicast endpoint to the server service multicast endpoint.
Security Association	Mechanism to provide secure encrypted communication between communication partners. This for example applies to IPSec, MACsec, (d)TLS and possible other security protocols.
Secured Port	Network Port, on which a Security association is applied to be secured from unauthorized communication.

**Table 4.1: Acronyms and Abbreviations** 



### **Protocol specification** 5

### SOME/IP Service Discovery (SOME/IP-SD) 5.1

### 5.1.1 General

SOME/IP-SD is used to

- Locate service instances.
- Detect if service instances are running.
- Implement the Publish/Subscribe handling.

Inside the vehicular network service instance locations are commonly known; therefore, the state of the service instance is of primary concern. The location of the service (i.e. IP-Address, transport protocol, and port number) are of secondary concern.

### 5.1.1.1 Terms and Definitions

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00238] [A separate server service instance shall be used per network interface if a service needs to be offered on multiple network interfaces. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00003)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00239] [A separate client service instance shall be used per network interface if a service needs to be configured to be accessed using multiple different network interfaces. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00003)

### 5.1.2 SOME/IP-SD Message Format

### 5.1.2.1 General Requirements

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00220] [SOME/IP-SD messages shall be sent over UDP.| (RS -*SOMEIPSD\_00010)* 

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00251] [The SOME/IP-SD Header Format shall follow:

- Message ID (Service ID/Method ID) [32 bit]: 0xFFFF 8100
- Length [32 bit]
- Request ID (Client ID/Session ID) [32 bit]
- Protocol Version [8 bit]: 0x01
- Interface Version [8 bit]: 0x01
- Message Type [8 bit]: 0x02



- Return Code [8 bit]: 0x00
- Flags [8 bit]
- Reserved [24 bit]
- Length of Entries Array [32 bit]
- Entries Array [variable size]
- Length of Options Array [32 bit]
- Options Array [variable size]

|(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00001)

The SOME/IP-SD Header Format is shown in Figure 5.1.

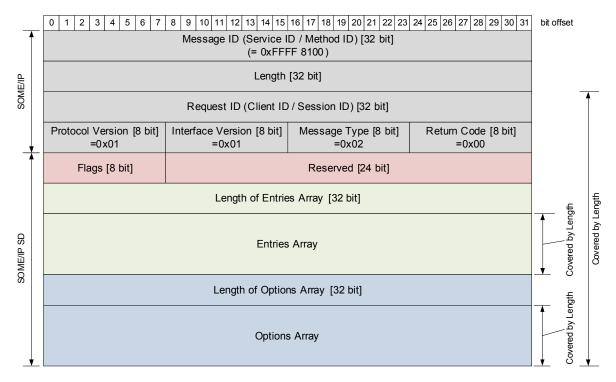


Figure 5.1: SOME/IP-SD Header Format

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00250] [Service Discovery Messages shall start with a SOME/IP header. (RS SOMEIPSD 00001)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00250] can be seen in Figure 5.1.

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00151] [Service Discovery messages shall use the Service-ID (16 Bits) of 0xFFFF. (RS SOMEIPSD 00001)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00152] [Service Discovery messages shall use the Method-ID (16 Bits) of 0x8100. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00001)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00153] [Service Discovery messages shall use a uint32 length field as specified by SOME/IP. That means that the length is measured in bytes and starts with the first byte after the length field and ends with the last byte of the SOME/IP-SD message. (RS SOMEIPSD 00001)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00154] [Service Discovery messages shall have a Client-ID (16 Bits) set to 0x0000, since there exists only a single SOME/IP-SD instance. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00001)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00156] [Service Discovery messages shall have a Session-ID (16 Bits) and handle it based on SOME/IP requirements. (RS SOMEIPSD 00001)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00157] [The Session-ID (SOME/IP header) shall be incremented for every SOME/IP-SD message sent. (RS SOMEIPSD 00001)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00158] [The Session-ID (SOME/IP header) shall start with 1 and be 1 even after wrapping. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00001)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00159] [The Session-ID (SOME/IP header) shall not be set to 0.] (RS SOMEIPSD 00001)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00160] [SOME/IP-SD Session ID handling is done per "commulticast as well as unicast per peer (see munication relation", i.e. [PRS SOMEIPSD 00255]).|(RS SOMEIPSD 00001)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00161] [Service Discovery messages shall have a Protocol-Version (8 Bits) of 0x01. (RS SOMEIPSD 00001)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00162] [Service Discovery messages shall have a Interface-Version (8 Bits) of 0x01. | (RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00001)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00163] [Service Discovery messages shall have a Message Type (8 bits) of 0x02 (Notification). | (RS SOMEIPSD 00001)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00164] [Service Discovery messages shall have a Return Code (8) bits) of 0x00 (E OK). | (RS SOMEIPSD 00001)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00853] [All fields in the Service Discovery messages shall be in Network Byte Order (i.e. Big Endian Byte Order). | (RS SOMEIPSD 00001)



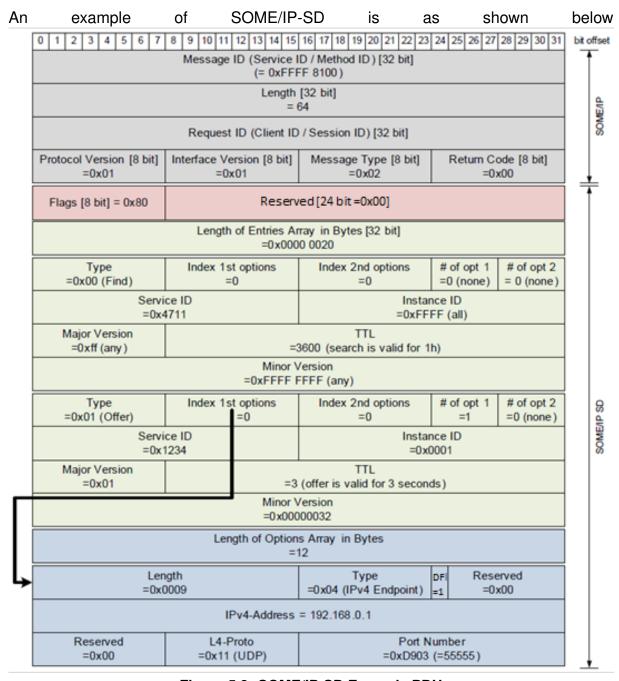


Figure 5.2: SOME/IP-SD Example PDU

### 5.1.2.2 SOME/IP-SD Header

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00252] [SOME/IP-SD shall be transported using SOME/IP.|(RS -SOMEIPSD\_00001)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00252] can be seen in Figure 5.2.



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00253] [The SOME/IP-SD Header shall start with an 8 Bit field called flags. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

See a representation of Flags in Figure 5.3.

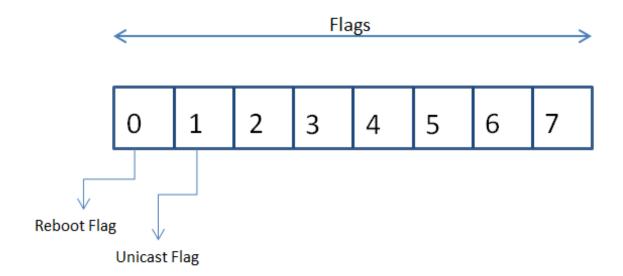


Figure 5.3: Flags in SOME/IP-SD

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00254] [The first flag of the SOME/IP-SD Flags field (highest order bit) shall be called Reboot Flag. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

For flags see Figure 5.3.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00255] [The Reboot Flag of the SOME/IP-SD Header shall be set to one for all messages after reboot until the Session-ID in the SOME/IP-Header wraps around and thus starts with 1 again. After this wrap around the Reboot Flag is set to 0.|(RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00256] [The information for the reboot flag and the Session ID shall be kept for multicast and unicast separately. (RS SOMEIPSD 00002, RS -SOMEIPSD 00003)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00631] [The information for the reboot flag and the Session ID shall be kept for every sender-receiver relation (i.e. source address and destination address) separately. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00002, RS SOMEIPSD 00003)

This means there shall be separate counters for sending and receiving.

### Sending

- There shall be a counter for multicast.
- There shall be a separate counter for each peer for unicast.

# Receiving



- There shall be a counter for each peer for multicast.
- There shall be a counter for each peer for unicast.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00258] [The detection of a reboot shall be done as follows (with the new values of the current packet from the communication partner and old the last value received before):

if old.reboot==0 and new.reboot==1 then Reboot detected

if old.reboot==1 and new.reboot==1 and old.session id>=new.session id then Reboot detected

(RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

### Note:

The following is not enough since we do not have reliable communication: if new.reboot==1 and old.session id>=new.session id then Reboot detected

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00259] [The second flag of the SOME/IP-SD Flags (second highest order bit) shall be called Unicast Flag. (RS SOMEIPSD 00002)

For flags see Figure 5.3.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00540] [The Unicast Flag of the SOME/IP-SD Header shall be set to Unicast (that means 1) for all SD Messages since this means that receiving using unicast is supported. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00002)

## Note:

The Unicast Flag is left over from historical SOME/IP versions and is only kept for compatibility reasons. Its use besides this is very limited.

For flags see Figure 5.3.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00702] [Undefined bits within the Flag field shall be set to '0' when sending and ignored on receiving. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00002)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00261] [After the Flags the SOME/IP-SD Header shall have a field of 24 bits called Reserved. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00262] [After the SOME/IP-SD Header the Entries Array shall follow.|(RS SOMEIPSD\_00006)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00263] [The entries shall be processed exactly in the order they arrive. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00264] [After the Entries Array in the SOME/IP-SD Header an Option Array shall follow. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00265] [The Entries Array and the Options Array of the SOME/IP-SD message shall start with a length field as uint32 that counts the number of bytes of the following data; i.e. the entries or the options. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)



# 5.1.2.3 Entry Format

IPRS SOMEIPSD 00266] The service discovery shall support multiple entries that are combined in one service discovery message. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

### Note:

The entries are used to synchronize the state of services instances and the Publish/-Subscribe handling.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00267] [Two types of entries exist: A Service Entry Type for Services and an Eventgroup Entry Type for Eventgroups. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00268] [A Service Entry Type shall be 16 Bytes of size and include the following fields in this order:

- Type Field [uint8]: encodes FindService (0x00), OfferService (0x01) and StopOfferService (0x01)
- Index First Option Run [uint8]: Index of this runs first option in the option array.
- Index Second Option Run [uint8]: Index of this runs second option in the option array.
- Number of Options 1 [uint4]: Describes the number of options the first option run
- Number of Options 2 [uint4]: Describes the number of options the second option run uses.
- Service-ID [uint16]: Describes the Service ID of the Service or Service-Instance this entry is concerned with.
- Instance ID [uint16]: Describes the Service Instance ID of the Service Instance this entry is concerned with or is set to 0xFFFF if all service instances of a service are meant.
- Major Version [uint8]: Encodes the major version of the service (instance).
- TTL [uint24]: Describes the lifetime of the entry in seconds.
- Minor Version [uint32]: Encodes the minor version of the service.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00268] is shown in Figure 5.4.



0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	bit offset	
Туре	Index 1st options	Index 2nd options # of opt 1 # of opt 2		
Serv	ice ID	Instance ID		
Major Version	TTL			
Minor Version				

Figure 5.4: SOME/IP-SD Service Entry Type

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00270] [An Eventgroup Entry (Type 2) shall be 16 Bytes of size and include the following fields in this order:

- Type Field [uint8]: encodes Subscribe (0x06), StopSubscribeEventgroup (0x06), SubscribeAck (0x07) and SubscribeEventgroupNack (0x07).
- Index of first option run [uint8]: Index of this runs first option in the option array.
- Index of second option run [uint8]: Index of this runs second option in the option array.
- Number of Options 1 [uint4]: Describes the number of options the first option run uses.
- Number of Options 2 [uint4]: Describes the number of options the second option run uses.
- Service-ID [uint16]: Describes the Service ID of the Service or Service Instance this entry is concerned with.
- Instance ID [uint16]: Describes the Service Instance ID of the Service Instance this entry is concerned with. The Service Instance ID shall not be set to 0xFFFF for any Instance.
- Major Version [uint8]: Encodes the major version of the service instance this eventgroup is part of.
- TTL [uint24]: Descibes the lifetime of the entry in seconds.
- Reserved [uint12]: Shall be set to 0x000.
- Counter [uint4]: Is used to differentiate identical Subscribe Eventgroups of the same subscriber. Set to 0x0 if not used.
- Eventgroup ID [uint16]: Transports the ID of an Eventgroup.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

SOME/IP-SD Eventgroup Entry Type is shown in Figure 5.5.



0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 10 11	12 13 14 15	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	24 25 26 27	28 29 30 31	bit offset
Туре	Index 1s	t options	Index 2nd options	# of opt 1	# of opt 2	
Service ID		Instance ID				
Major Version	TTL					
Reserved (0x000) Counter		Eventg	roup ID			

Figure 5.5: SOME/IP-SD Eventgroup Entry Type

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00845] [The Major Version of an entry (according to [PRS SOMEIPSD 00268] and [PRS SOMEIPSD 00270]) shall match the version of the corresponding Service Interface (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

Note: For Service Discovery on Classic Platform the Major version of SdServerService and SdClientService, respectively, has to match the Interface Version of the corresponding Service Interface

# 5.1.2.3.1 Referencing Options from Entries

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00833] [Using the following fields of the entries, options are referenced by the entries:

- Index First Option Run: Index into array of options for first option run. Index 0 means first of SOME/IP-SD packet.
- Index Second Option Run: Index into array of options for second option run. Index 0 means first of SOME/IP-SD packet.
- Number of Options 1: Length of first option run. Length 0 means no option in option run.
- Number of Options 2: Length of second option run. Length 0 means no option in option run.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

Two different option runs exist: First Option Run and Second Option Run.

Rationale for the support of two option runs: Two different types of options are expected: options common between multiple SOME/IP-SD entries and options different for each SOME/IP-SD entry. Supporting two different options runs is the most efficient way to support these two types of options, while keeping the wire format highly efficient.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00341] [Each option run shall reference the first option and the number of options for this run. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00342] [If the number of options is set to zero, the option run is considered empty. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00343] [For empty runs the Index (i.e. Index First Option Run and/or Index Second Option Run) shall be set to zero. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00834] [Implementations shall accept and process incoming SD messages with option run length set to zero and option index not set to zero. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00025)

## 5.1.2.4 Options Format

Options are used to transport additional information to the entries. This includes for instance the information how a service instance is reachable (IP-Address, Transport Protocol, Port Number).

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00273] [In order to identify the option type every option shall start with:

- Length [uint16]: Specifies the length of the option in Bytes.
- Type [uint8]: Specifying the type of the option.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Specifies if the option can be discarded.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00275] [The discardable flag shall be set to 1 if the option can be discarded by a receiving ECU that does not support this option. | (RS SOMEIPSD -00006)

# 5.1.2.4.1 Configuration Option

The configuration option is used to transport arbitrary configuration strings. This allows to encode additional information like the name of a service or its configuration.

**IPRS SOMEIPSD 00276]** [The format of the Configuration Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to the total number of bytes occupied by the configuration option, excluding the 16 bit length field and the 8 bit type flag.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x01.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 1 if the Option can be discarded by the receiver.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- ConfigurationString [dyn length]: Shall carry the configuration string.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00006)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00277] [The Configuration Option shall specify a set of namevalue-pairs based on the DNS TXT and DNS-SD format. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00009)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00278] [The format of the configuration string shall start with a single byte length field that describes the number of bytes following this length field. After the length field a character sequence with the specified length shall follow. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00279] [After each character sequence another length field and a following character sequence are expected until a length field shall be set to 0x00. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00280] [After a length field is set to 0x00 no characters shall follow. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00281] [A character sequence shall encode a key and optionally a value. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00282] [The character sequences shall contain an equal character ("=", 0x3D) to divide key and value. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00283] [The key shall not include an equal character and shall be at least one non-whitespace character. The characters of "Key" shall be printable US-ASCII values (0x20-0x7E), excluding '=' (0x3D). | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00284] [The "=" shall not be the first character of the sequence. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00285] [For a character sequence without an '=' that key shall be interpreted as present. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00286] [For a character sequence ending on an '=' that key shall be interpreted as present with empty value. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00287] [Multiple entries with the same key in a single Configuration Option shall be supported. | (RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00006)

The format of the Configuration Option is shown in Figure 5.6.

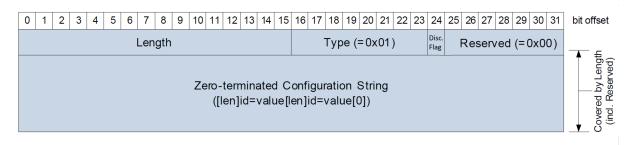


Figure 5.6: SOME/IP-SD Configuration Option

Example for SOME/IP-SD Configuration Option



0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15		24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	bit offset
Length (=	=0x0010)		$ \begin{array}{c c} \text{Disc.} \\ \text{Flag} \\ = 1 \end{array} $ Reserved (=0x00)	_
[5]	а	b	С	ngth
=	x	[7]	d	by Lei
е	f	=	1	overed (incl. R
2	3	[0]		

Figure 5.7: SOME/IP-SD Configuration Option Example

# 5.1.2.4.2 Load Balancing Option

The Load Balancing option is used to prioritize different instances of a service, so that a client chooses the service instance based on these settings. This option will be attached to Offer Service entries.

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00542] [The Load Balancing Option shall carry a Priority and Weight like the DNS-SRV records, which shall be used for load balancing different service instances. (RS SOMEIPSD 00011)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00711] [When looking for all service instances of a service (Service Instance set to 0xFFFF), the client shall choose the service instance with highest priority that also matches client specific criteria. (RS SOMEIPSD 00011)

**Note:** Client specific criteria may be applied by the client application when choosing one of the offered service instances. They are not defined in this specification, and could e.g. restrict the range of appropriate instance IDs.

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00712] [When having more than one service instance with highest priority (lowest value in Priority field) the service instance shall be chosen randomly based on the weights of the service instances. The probability of choosing a service instance shall be the weight of a service instance divided by the sum of the weights of all considered service instances. (RS SOMEIPSD 00011)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00713] [If an Offer Service entry references no Load Balancing option and several service instances are offered, the client shall handle the service instances without Load Balancing option as though they had the lowest priority. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00011)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00714] [When looking for a specific service instances of a service (Service Instance set to any value other than 0xFFFF), the evaluation of the Load Balancing Option does not apply. (RS SOMEIPSD 00011)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00544] [The Format of the Load Balancing Option shall be as follows:

• Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0005.



- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x02.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 1 if the Option can be discarded by the receiver.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- Priority [uint16]: Carries the Priority of this instance. Lower value means higher priority.
- Weight [uint16]: Carries the Weight of this instance. Large value means higher probability to be chosen.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00011)

The format of the Load Balancing Option is shown in Figure 5.8.

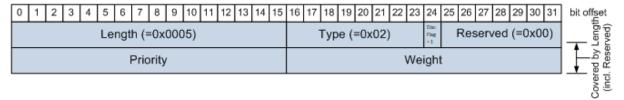


Figure 5.8: SOME/IP-SD Load Balancing Option

# 5.1.2.4.3 IPv4 Endpoint Option

The IPv4 Endpoint Option is used by a SOME/IP-SD instance to signal the relevant endpoint(s). Endpoints include the local IP address, the transport layer protocol (e.g. UDP or TCP), and the port number of the sender. These ports are used for the events and notification events as well.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00305] The IPv4 Endpoint Option shall use the Type 0x04. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00306] [The IPv4 Endpoint Option shall specify the IPv4-Address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) used, and its Port Number. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00307] [The Format of the IPv4 Endpoint Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0009.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x04.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 0.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- IPv4-Address [uint32]: Shall transport the unicast IP-Address as four Bytes.



- Reserved [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x00.
- Transport Protocol (L4-Proto) [uint8]: Shall be set to the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) based on the IANA/IETF types (0x06: TCP, 0x11: UDP).
- Transport Protocol Port Number (L4-Port) [uint16]: Shall be set to the port of the layer 4 protocol.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

SOME/IP-SD IPv4 Endpoint Option is shown in Figure 5.9.

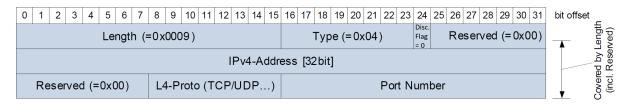


Figure 5.9: SOME/IP-SD IPv4 Endpoint Option

**[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00310]** The server shall use the IPv4 Endpoint Option with Offer Service entries to signal the endpoints it serves the service on. That is upto one UDP endpoint and upto one TCP endpoint.] (RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00006, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00010)

**[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00380]** The endpoints the server referenced with an Offer Service entry shall also be used as source of events. That is source IP address and source port numbers for the transport protocols in the endpoint option. (RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00006, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00010)

**[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00807]** [The client shall use the IPv4 Endpoint Option with Subscribe Eventgroup entries to signal the IP address and the UDP and/or TCP port numbers, on which it is ready to receive the events.] (RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00006, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00010)

**Note:** The client is ready to receive the events, if sockets are already opened, and any security associations required by the network security protocols (IPsec, MACsec or other security protocols) are already established and fully operational.

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00835] [Different provided service instances of the same service on the same ECU shall use different endpoints, so that they can be differentiated by the endpoints. Different services may share the same endpoints.](RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00006, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00010)

## 5.1.2.4.4 IPv6 Endpoint Option

The IPv6 Endpoint Option is used by a SOME/IP-SD instance to signal the relevant endpoint(s). Endpoints include the local IP address, the transport layer protocol (e.g.



UDP or TCP), and the port number of the sender. These ports are used for the events and notification events as well.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00314] [The IPv6 Endpoint Option shall use the Type 0x06.] (RS -SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00315] [The Format of the IPv6 Endpoint Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0015.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x06.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 0.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- IPv6-Address [uint128]: Shall transport the unicast IP-Address as 16 Bytes.
- Reserved [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x00.
- Transport Protocol (L4-Proto) [uint8]: Shall be set to the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) based on the IANA/IETF types (0x06: TCP, 0x11: UDP).
- Transport Protocol Port Number (L4-Port) [uint16]: Shall be set to the transport layer port(e.g. 30490).

|(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00006, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00010)

SOME/IP-SD IPv6 Endpoint Option shall be as shown in Figure 5.10

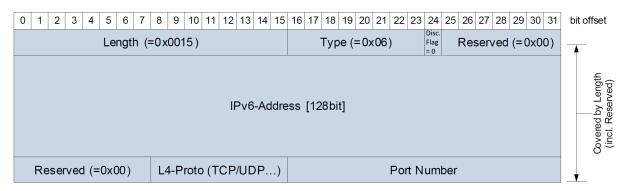


Figure 5.10: SOME/IP-SD IPv6 Endpoint Option

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00319] [The server shall use the IPv6 Endpoint Option with Offer Service entries to signal the endpoints the services is available on. That is upto one UDP endpoint and upto one TCP endpoint. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS -SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00320] [The endpoints the server referenced with an Offer Service entry shall also be used as source of events. That is source IP address and source port numbers for the transport protocols in the endpoint option. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00321] [The client shall use the IPv6 Endpoint Option with Subscribe Eventgroup entries to signal the IP address and the UDP and/or TCP port numbers, on which it is ready to receive the events. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS -SOMEIPSD 00010)

### Note:

- The client is ready to receive the events, if sockets are already opened, and any security associations required by the network security protocols (IPsec, MACsec or other security protocols) are already established and fully operational
- Security association status monitoring and its implications towards Service discovery shall apply for all Service Instances using secured ports.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00836] [Different service instances of the same service on the same ECU shall use different endpoints, so that they can be distinguished by the endpoints. Different services may share the same endpoints. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

# 5.1.2.4.5 IPv4 Multicast Option

The IPv4 Multicast Option is either transmitted by the server service (server service multicast endpoint) or by the client service (client service multicast endpoint):

- If it is transmitted by the server service, then a server announces the IPv4 multicast address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4), and the port number, to where the multicast-events and multicast-notification-events are transmitted to.
- If it is transmitted by the client service, then a client indicates the IPv4 multicast address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4), and the port number, where a client expects to receive multicast-events and multicast-notificationevents.

# [PRS SOMEIPSD 00323]

IPv4 Multicast Options shall be referenced by SubscribeEventgroup or by StopSubscribeEventgroup or by SubscribeEventgroupAck entries:

- If it is referenced by a SubscribeEventgroup entry, it describes the client service multicast endpoint (i.e. destination IP address and destination port), where the multicast-events shall be received by the client.
- If it is referenced by a StopSubscribeEventgroup entry, it reflects the intent to stop the subscription of a client which has subscribed before via a client service multicast endpoint (i.e. destination IP address and destination port) to the given event group.
- If it is referenced by a SubscribeEventgroupAck entry, it describes the server service multicast endpoint (i.e. destination IP address and destination port), where a server shall transmit the multicast-events to.



(RS SOMEIPSD 00003)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00324] [The IPv4 Multicast Option shall use the Type 0x14.] (RS -SOMEIPSD 00003)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00325] [The IPv4 Multicast Option shall specify the IPv4-Address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) used, and its Port Number. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00003)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00326] [The Format of the IPv4 Endpoint Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0009.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x14.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 0.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- IPv4-Address [uint32]: Shall transport the multicast IP-Address as four Bytes.
- Reserved [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x00.
- Transport Protocol (L4-Proto) [uint8]: Shall be set to the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) based on the IANA/IETF types (0x11: UDP).
- Transport Protocol Port Number (L4-Port) [uint16]: Shall be set to the port of the layer 4 protocol.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00003)

SOME/IP-SD IPv4 Multicast Option shall be as shown in Figure 5.11

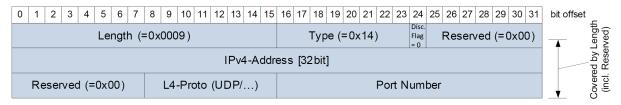


Figure 5.11: SOME/IP-SD IPv4 Multicast Option

# [PRS SOMEIPSD 00847]

The IPv4-Address field [32 bits] of the IPv4 Multicast Option shall be set according the following rules:

- If a server service transmits a SubscribeEventgroupAck then the field shall be set to the configured multicast IP address of the corresponding provided Eventgroup (server service multicast endpoint).
- If a client service transmit a SubscribeEventgroup or StopSubscribeEventgroup, then the field shall be set to the configured multicast IP address of the corresponding consumed Eventgroup (client service multicast endpoint).



# (RS SOMEIPSD 00003)

# [PRS SOMEIPSD 00848]

The Port Number field [16 bits] of the IPv4 Multicast Option shall be set according the following rules

- If a server service transmits a SubscribeEventgroupAck then the field shall be set to the configured port of the corresponding provided Eventgroup (server service multicast endpoint).
- If a client service transmits a SubscribeEventgroup or StopSubscribeEventgroup, then the field shall be set to the configured port of the corresponding consumed Eventgroup (client service multicast endpoint).

(RS SOMEIPSD 00003)

## 5.1.2.4.6 IPv6 Multicast Option

The IPv6 Multicast Option is either transmitted by the server service (server service multicast endpoint) or by the client service (client service multicast endpoint):

- If it is transmitted by the server service, then a server announces the IPv6 multicast address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4), and the port number, to where the multicast-events and multicast-notification-events are transmitted to.
- If it is transmitted by the client service, then a client indicates the IPv6 multicast address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4), and the port number, where a client expects to receive multicast-events and multicast-notificationevents.

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00331] [The IPv6 Multicast Option shall use the Type 0x16. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00003)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00332] [The IPv6 Multicast Option shall specify the IPv6-Address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) used, and its Port Number. | (RS\_-SOMEIPSD\_00003)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00333] [The Format of the IPv6 Multicast Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0015.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x16.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 0.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- IPv6-Address [uint128]: Shall transport the multicast IP-Address as 16 Bytes.
- Reserved [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x00.



- Transport Protocol (L4-Proto) [uint8]: Shall be set to the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) based on the IANA/IETF types (0x11: UDP).
- Transport Protocol Port Number (L4-Port) [uint16]: Shall be set to the port of the layer 4 protocol.

(RS SOMEIPSD\_00003)

SOME/IP-SD IPv6 Multicast Option shall be as shown in Figure 5.12.

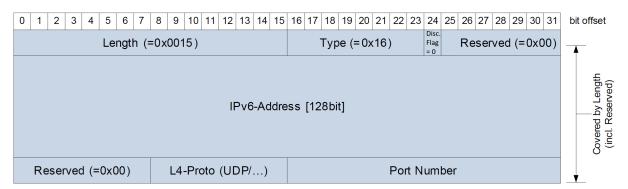


Figure 5.12: SOME/IP-SD IPv6 Multicast Option

IPRS SOMEIPSD 00849] [The IPv6-Address field [128 bits] of the IPv6 Multicast option shall be set according the following rules:

- If a server service transmits a SubscribeEventgroupAck then the field shall be set to the configured multicast IP address of the corresponding provided Eventgroup (server service multicast endpoint).
- If a client service transmits a SubscribeEventgroup or StopSubscribeEventgroup, then the field shall be set to the configured IP multicast address of the corresponding consumed Eventgroup (client service multicast endpoint).

(RS SOMEIPSD 00003)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00850] [The Port Number field [16 bits] of the IPv6 Multicast Option shall be set according the following rules:

- If a server service transmits a SubscribeEventgroupAck then the field shall be set to the configured port of the corresponding provided Eventgroup (server service multicast endpoint).
- If a client service transmits a SubscribeEventGroup or StopSubscribeEvent-Group, then the field shall be set to the configured port of the corresponding consumed Eventgroup (client service multicast endpoint).

(RS SOMEIPSD 00003)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00545] [IPv6 Multicast Options shall be referenced by SubscribeEventgroup or by StopSubscribeEventgroup or by SubscribeEventgroupAck entries:



- If it is referenced by a SubscribeEventgroup entry, it describes the client service multicast endpoint (i.e. destination IP address and destination port), where the multicast-events shall be received by the client.
- If it is referenced by a StopSubscribeEventgroup entry, it reflects the intent to stop the subscription of a client which has subscribed before via a client service multicast multicast endpoint (i.e. destination IP address and destination port) to the given event group.
- If it is referenced by a SubscribeEventgroupAck entry, it describes the server service multicast endpoint (i.e. destination IP address and destination port), where a server shall transmit the multicast-events to.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00003)

## 5.1.2.4.7 IPv4 SD Endpoint Option

The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option is used to transport the endpoint (i.e. IP-Address and Port) of the senders SD implementation. This is used to identify the SOME/IP-SD Instance even in cases in which the IP-Address and/or Port Number cannot be used.

#### Note:

This is used to identify the SOME/IP-SD Instance even in cases in which the IP-Address and/or Port Number cannot be used. A use case would be a proxy service discovery on one ECU which handles the multicast traffic for another ECU.

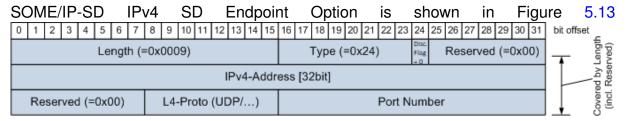


Figure 5.13: SOME/IP-SD IPv4 SD Endpoint Option

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00547] [The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option may be included in any SD message up to 1 time. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00650] [The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option shall only be included if the SOME/IP-SD message is transported over IPv4. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS -SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00856] [o A receiver shall ignore all IPv4 SD Endpoint Options received over IPv6. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00651] [The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option shall be the first option in the options array, if existing. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00854] [A receiver shall ignore all IPv4 SD Endpoint Options that are located after the first position of the options array. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS -SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00548] [The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option shall not be referenced by any SD Entry. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00857] [A receiver shall ignore all references to the IPv4 SD Endpoint Option by Entries. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00549] [If the IPv4 SD Endpoint Option is included in the SD message, the receiving SD Service Instance shall use the content of this option instead of the Source IP Address and Source Port for answering this SD message and for identifying the sender-receiver relation for reboot detection according to [PRS SOMEIPSD 00631]. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

#### Note:

This is important for answering the received SD message (e.g. Offer after Find or Subscribe after Offer or Subscribe Ack after Subscribe) as well as the reboot detection (channel based on SD Endpoint Option and not out addresses).

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00550] [The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option shall use the Type 0x24.] (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00551] [The IPv4 SD Endpoint Option shall specify the IPv4-Address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) and Port Number of the sender used for Service Discovery. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00552] [The Format of the IPv4 SD Endpoint Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0009.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x24.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 0.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- IPv4-Address [uint32]: Shall transport the unicast IP-Address of SOME/IP-SD as four Bytes.
- Reserved [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x00.
- Transport Protocol (L4-Proto) [uint8]: Shall be set to the transport layer protocol of SOME/IP-SD (currently: 0x11 UDP).
- Transport Protocol Port Number (L4-Port) [uint16]: Shall be set to the transport layer port of SOME/IP-SD (currently: 30490).

(RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)



## 5.1.2.4.8 IPv6 SD Endpoint Option

The Ipv6 SD Endpoint Option is used to transport the endpoint (i.e. IP-Address and Port) of the senders SD implementation. This is used to identify the SOME/IP-SD Instance even in cases in which the IP-Address and/or Port Number cannot be used. SOME/IP-SD IPv6 SD Endpoint Option is shown in Figure 5.14

#### Note:

A use case would be a proxy service discovery on one ECU which handles the multicast traffic for another ECU.

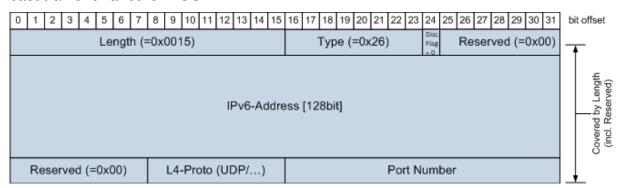


Figure 5.14: SOME/IP-SD IPv6 SD Endpoint Option

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00554] [The IPv6 SD Endpoint Option may be included in any SD message up to 1 time. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00654] [The IPv6 SD Endpoint Option shall be the first option in the options array, if existing. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00855] [A receiver shall ignore all IPv6 SD Endpoint Options that are located after the first position of the options array. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS -SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00555] [The IPv6 SD Endpoint Option shall not be referenced by any SD Entry. (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00859] [A receiver shall ignore all references to the IPv6 SD Endpoint Option by Entries. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00556] [If the IPv6 SD Endpoint Option is included in the SD message, the receiving SD Service Instance shall use the content of this option instead of the Source IP Address and Source Port for answering this SD messages and for identifying the sender-receiver relation for reboot detection according to [PRS SOMEIPSD 00631].

(RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00557] [The IPv6 SD Endpoint Option shall use the Type 0x26.] (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00558] [The IPv6 SD Endpoint Option shall specify the IPv6-Address, the transport layer protocol (ISO/OSI layer 4) and Port Number of the sender used for Service Discovery. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00559] [The Format of the IPv6 SD Endpoint Option shall be as follows:

- Length [uint16]: Shall be set to 0x0015.
- Type [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x26.
- Discardable Flag [1 bit]: Shall be set to 0.
- Bit 1 to bit 7 are reserved and shall be 0.
- IPv6-Address [uint128]: Shall transport the unicast IP-Address of SOME/IP-SD as 16 Bytes.
- Reserved [uint8]: Shall be set to 0x00.
- Transport Protocol (L4-Proto) [uint8]: Shall be set to the transport layer protocol of SOME/IP-SD (currently: 0x11 UDP).
- Transport Protocol Port Number (L4-Port) [uint16]: Shall be set to the transport layer port of SOME/IP-SD (currently: 30490).

(RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00837] [The IPv6 SD Endpoint Option shall only be included if the SOME/IP-SD message is transported over IPv6. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS -SOMEIPSD 00010)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00860] [A receiver shall ignore all IPv6 SD Endpoint Options received over IPv4. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00006, RS SOMEIPSD 00010)

#### 5.1.2.5 Service Entries

### 5.1.2.5.1 Find Service Entry

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00350] [The Find Service entry type shall be used for finding service instances and shall only be sent if the current state of a service is unknown (no current Service Offer was received and is still valid). | (RS SOMEIPSD 00008, RS -SOMEIPSD 00021)

IPRS SOMEIPSD 003511 [Find Service entries shall set the entry fields in the following way:

- Type shall be set to 0x00 (FindService).
- Service ID shall be set to the Service ID of the service that shall be found.



- Instance ID shall be set to 0xFFFF, if all service instances shall be returned. It shall be set to the Instance ID of a specific service instance, if just a single service instance shall be returned.
- Major Version shall be set to 0xFF, that means that services with any version shall be returned. If set to value different than 0xFF, services with this specific major version shall be returned only.
- Minor Version shall be set to 0xFFFF FFFF, that means that services with any version shall be returned. If set to a value different to 0xFFFF FFFF, services with this specific minor version shall be returned only.
- TTL is not used for FindService entries and can be set to an arbitrary value. The field is only defined for backward compatibility, and the value shall be ignored by the receiver of the message.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00008, RS SOMEIPSD 00021)

Note: It is expected that the Major Version on client side is configured to a specific value in normal operation since the client should look for an specific interface version. Different Major Versions are not compatible to each other.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00528] [A sender shall not reference Endpoint Options nor Multicast Options in a Find Service Entry. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00008, RS SOMEIPSD -00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00529] [A receiver shall ignore Endpoint Options and Multicast Options in a Find Service Entry. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00530] [Other Options (neither Endpoint nor Multicast Options), shall still be allowed to be used in a Find Service Entry. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS -SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00825] [When receiving a FindService Entry the Service ID, Instance ID, Major Version, and Minor Version shall match exactly to the configured values to identify a Service Instance, except if "any values" are in the Entry (i.e. 0xFFFF for Service ID, 0xFFFF for Instance ID, 0xFF for Major Version, and 0xFFFFFFF for Minor Version.) | ()

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00839] [If a FindService Entry is received within the Initial Wait Phase for this Server Service Instance, it shall be ignored. (/)

# 5.1.2.5.2 Offer Service Entry

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00355] [The Offer Service entry type shall be used to offer a service to other communication partners. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00013)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00356] [Offer Service entries shall set the entry fields in the following way:



- Type shall be set to 0x01 (OfferService).
- Service ID shall be set to the Service ID of the service instance offered.
- Instance ID shall be set to the Instance ID of the service instance that is offered.
- Major Version shall be set to the Major Version of the service instance that is offered.
- Minor Version shall be set to the Minor Version of the service instance that is offered.
- TTL shall be set to the lifetime of the service instance. After this lifetime the service instance shall considered not been offered.
- If TTL is set to 0xFFFFFF, the Offer Service entry shall be considered valid until the next reboot.
- If CYCLIC OFFER DELAY is defined, TTL shall be greater or equal to the value for CYCLIC OFFER DELAY.
- TTL shall not be set to 0x000000 since this is considered to be the Stop Offer Service Entry.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00357] [Offer Service entries shall always reference either an IPv4 or IPv6 Endpoint Option to signal how the service is reachable. | (RS SOMEIPSD -00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00358] [For each Transport Layer Protocol needed for the service (i.e. UDP and/or TCP) an IPv4 Endpoint option shall be added if IPv4 is supported. (RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00359] [For each Transport Layer Protocol needed for the service (i.e. UDP and/or TCP) an IPv6 Endpoint option shall be added if IPv6 is supported. (RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00826] [When receiving the initial OfferService Entry the Service ID, Instance ID, Major Version and Minor Version shall match exactly to the configured values to identify a Service Instance, except if "any values" are in the service configuration (i.e. 0xFFFF for Instance ID and 0xFFFFFFF for Minor Version.)|()

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00827] [When receiving a subsequent OfferService Entry or a StopOfferService Entry the Service ID, Instance ID, Major Version shall match exactly to the values in the initial OfferService entry to identify a Service Instance. (1)

## 5.1.2.5.3 Stop Offer Service Entry

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00363] [The Stop Offer Service entry type shall be used to stop offering service instances. (RS SOMEIPSD 00014)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00364] [Stop Offer Service entries shall set the entry fields exactly like the Offer Service entry they are stopping, except:

• TTL shall be set to 0x000000.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00014)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00840] [A StopOfferService (type 0x01), shall carry, i.e. reference, the same options as the entries trying to stop. (/)

## 5.1.2.5.4 Usage of Options in Entries

# [PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00583]

	Endpoint	Multicast	Configuration	Load Balanc- ing
FindService	0	0	0-1	0-1
OfferService	1-2	0	0-1	0-1
StopOffer Service	1-2	0	0-1	0-1
Subscribe Event-	0-2	0-1	0-1	0-1
group				
StopSubscribe	0-2	0-1	0-1	0-1
Eventgroup				
Subscribe Event-	0	0-1	0-1	0-1
groupAck				
Subscribe Event-	0	0	0-1	0-1
groupNack				

Table 5.1: Allowed Option Types for Entry Types

(RS SOMEIPSD 00025, RS SOMEIPSD 00008, RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS -SOMEIPSD 00014, RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00016)

## 5.1.2.6 Endpoint Handling for Services and Events

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00476] [The Service Discovery shall overwrite IP Addresses and Port Numbers with those transported in Endpoint and Multicast Options if the statically configured values are different from those in these options. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00360] [The IP addresses and port numbers of the Endpoint Options shall also be used for transporting events and notification events. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00361] [In case of UDP the endpoint option shall be used for the source address and the source port of the events and notification events, it is also the address the client can send method requests to. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS -SOMEIPSD 00025)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00362] [In case of TCP the endpoint option shall be used for the IP address and port the client needs to open a TCP connection in order to receive events using TCP. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00801] [SOME/IP shall allow services to use UDP and TCP at the same time. (RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00802] [Which message is sent by which underlying transport protocol shall be determined by configuration: A Service can use UDP and TCP endpoints at the same time. But per element of the service it shall to be configured whether TCP or UDP is used. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

Note: It needs to be restricted in the configuration which methods and which events are provided over TCP/UDP. This also means that the same event can not be provided over TCP and UDP.

## 5.1.2.6.1 Service Endpoints

The referenced Endpoint Options of the Offer Service entries denotes the

- IP Address and Port Numbers the service instance is reachable at the server.
- IP Address and Port Numbers the service instance sends the events from.

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00480] [Events of this service instance shall not be sent from any other Endpoints than those given in the Endpoint Options of the Offer Service entries. (RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00481] [If an ECU offers multiple service instances, SOME/IP messages of these service instances shall be differentiated by the information transported in the Endpoint Options referenced by the Offer Service entries. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

### 5.1.2.6.2 Eventgroup Endpoints

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[PRS SOMEIPSD 00484] [The Endpoint Options referenced in the Subscribe Eventgroup entries shall also be used to send unicast UDP or TCP SOME/IP events for this Service Instance. (RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00015, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025)

Thus the Endpoint Options referenced in the Subscribe Eventgroup entries are the IP Address and the Port Numbers on the client side.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00486] [TCP events are transported using the TCP connection the client has opened to the server before sending the Subscribe Eventgroup entry. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00487] [The initial events shall be transported using unicast from Server to Client. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00488] [Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entries shall reference up to 1 Multicast Option for the Internet Protocol used (IPv4 or IPv6). | (RS SOMEIPSD -00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00489] [The Multicast Option shall be set to UDP as transport protocol. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

IPRS SOMEIPSD 004901 [The client shall open the Endpoint specified in the Multicast Option referenced by the Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry as fast as possible to not miss multicast events. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

Example: Figure 5.15 shows an example with the different Endpoint and a Multicast Option:

- The Server offers the Service Instance on Server UDP-Endpoint SU and Server TCP-Endpoint ST
- The Client opens a TCP connection
- The Client sends a Subscribe Eventgroup entry with Client UDP-Endpoint CU (unicast) and a Client TCP-Endpoint CT.
- The Server answers with a Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry with Multicast MU

Then the following operations happen:

- The Client calls a method on the Server
- Request is sent from CU to SU and Response from SU to CU
- For TCP this would be: Request dyn to ST and RESPONSE from ST to CT
- The Server sends a Unicast UDP Event: SU to CU
- The Server sends a Unicast TCP Event: ST to CT
- The Server sends a Multicast UDP Event: SU to MU

Keep in mind that Multicast Endpoints use a Multicast IP Address on the receiver side, i.e. the client, and TCP cannot be used for Multicast communication.



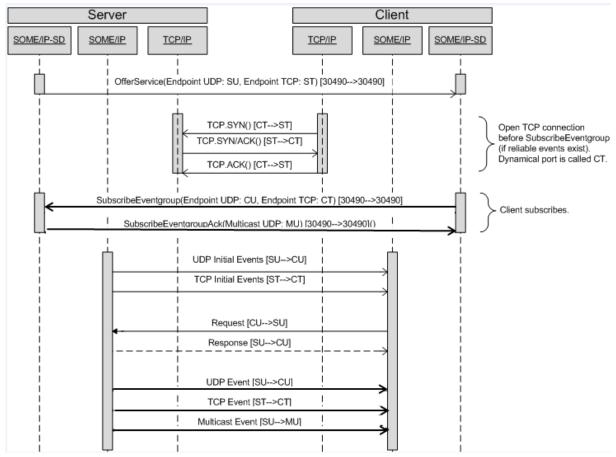


Figure 5.15: Publish/Subscribe Example for Endpoint Options and the usage of ports

### 5.1.3 Service Discovery Messages

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00600] [All SD Messages shall be sent to SD PORT.] (RS -SOMEIPSD 00001)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00601] [SD PORT shall be used as the source port for SD Unicast/Multicast Messages. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00002, RS SOMEIPSD 00003)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00602] [All unicast SD messages should have SD PORT as destination port unless the SD Endpoint Option defines a different port. | (RS SOMEIPSD -00002)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00603] [All SD multicast messages shall be sent using the SD MULTICAST IP. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00003, RS SOMEIPSD 00022)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00841] [When receiving Service Discovery messages, the receiver shall ignore Entries of unknown type. | ()

Using the previously specified header format, different entries and messages consisting of one or more entries can be built. The specific entries and their header layouts are explained in the following sections.



## 5.1.3.1 Eventgroup Entry

## 5.1.3.1.1 Subscribe Eventgroup Entry

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00385] [The Subscribe Eventgroup entry type shall be used to subscribe to an eventgroup. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00386] [Subscribe Eventgroup entries shall set the entry fields in the following way:

- Type shall be set to 0x06 (SubscribeEventgroup).
- Service ID shall be set to the Service ID of the service instance that includes the eventgroup subscribed to.
- Instance ID shall be set to the Instance ID of the service instance that includes the eventgroup subscribed to.
- Major Version shall be set to the Major Version of the service instance of the eventgroup subscribed to.
- Eventgroup ID shall be set to the Eventgroup ID of the eventgroup subscribed to.
- TTL shall be set to the lifetime of the subscription.
  - If set to 0xFFFFFF, the Subscribe Eventgroup entry shall be considered valid until the next reboot.
  - TTL shall not be set to 0x000000 since this is considered to be the Stop Offer Service Entry.
- Reserved shall be set to 0x000 until further notice.
- Counter shall be used to differentiate between parallel subscribes to the same eventgroup of the same service (only difference in endpoint). If not used, set to 0x0.

## (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00846] [A Subscribe Eventgroup entry reference the endpoints (IP address, port, and protocol) where the client wishes to receive the events. A client service could subscribe to the same Eventgroup either with a client unicast endpoint or with a client multicast endpoint:

- If a client subscribes with a client unicast endpoint via an Endpoint Option, the client announces its desire to receive the events as unicast events transmitted to the given unicast endpoint.
- If a client subscribes with a client multicast endpoint via an Endpoint Option, the client announces its desire to receive the events as multicast events transmitted to the given multicast endpoint.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00387] [SubscribeEventgroup entries shall reference options according to the following rules:

- either up to two IPv4 or up to two IPv6 Endpoint Options (one for UDP, one for TCP)
- either up to one IPv4 Multicast Option or up to one IPv6 Multicast Option (only UDP supported)

(RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

#### Note:

This explicitly rules out that a single service instance is offered via IPv4 and IPv6 at the same time.

The network communication design has to consider the following points:

- If the server uses only IP multicast for event transmission over UDP the SubscribeEventgroup entry does not need to reference a UDP Endpoint Option.
- If the server transmits initial events for an Eventgroup the SubscribeEventgroup entry shall reference an according Endpoint Option because of IPRS SOMEIPSD 004871.
- If a client service subscribes with an Multicast Option (client service multicast endpoint) and the server transmit initial

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00828] [When receiving a SubscribeEventgroup or StopSubscribeEventgroup the Service ID, Instance ID, Eventgroup ID, and Major Version shall match exactly to the configured values to identify an Eventgroup of a Service Instance. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00810] [If the server receives a Subscribe Eventgroup entry without a UDP Endpoint Option (see [PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00387]) and the MULTI-CAST THRESHOLD for the Eventgroup is not configured with value 1 then SubscribeEventGroupNack shall be sent back to the client. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS -SOMEIPSD 00025)

### 5.1.3.1.2 Stop Subscribe Eventgroup Entry

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00388] [The Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entry type shall be used to stop subscribing to eventgroups. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00017)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00389] [Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entries shall set the entry fields exactly like the Subscribe Eventgroup entry they are stopping, except:

TTL shall be set to 0x000000.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00017)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00574] [A Stop Subscribe Eventgroup Entry shall reference the same options the Subscribe Eventgroup Entry referenced. This includes but is not limited to Endpoint and Configuration options. (RS SOMEIPSD 00017)

# 5.1.3.1.3 Subscribe Eventgroup Acknowledgement (Subscribe Eventgroup Ack) Entry

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00390] [The Subscribe Eventgroup Acknowledgment entry type shall be used to indicate that Subscribe Eventgroup entry was accepted. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00391] [Subscribe Eventgroup Acknowledgment entries shall set the entry fields in the following way:

- Type shall be set to 0x07 (SubscribeEventgroupAck).
- Service ID, Instance ID, Major Version, Eventgroup ID, TTL, Reserved and Counter shall be the same value as in the Subscribe Eventgroup that is being answered.

(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00392] [Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entries referencing events and notification events that are transported via multicast shall reference an IPv4 Multicast Option and/or and IPv6 Multicast Option. The Multicast Options state to which Multicast address and port the events and notification events will be sent to. | (RS SOMEIPSD -00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00829] [When receiving a SubscribeEventgroupAck or SubscribeEventgroupNack the Service ID, Instance ID, Eventgroup ID, and Major Version shall match exactly to the corresponding SubscribeEventgroup Entry to identify an Eventgroup of a Service Instance. (1)

# 5.1.3.1.4 Subscribe Eventgroup Negative Acknowledgement (Subscribe Eventgroup Nack) Entry

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00393] [The Subscribe Eventgroup Negative Acknowledgment entry type shall be used to indicate that Subscribe Eventgroup entry was NOT accepted. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00394] [Subscribe Eventgroup Negative Acknowledgment entries shall set the entry fields in the following way:

- Type shall be set to 0x07 (SubscribeEventgroupAck).
- Service ID, Instance ID, Major Version, Eventgroup ID, Counter, and Reserved shall be the same value as in the Subscribe that is being answered.



• The TTL shall be set to 0x000000.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00566] [Reasons to not accept a Subscribe Eventgroup include (but are not limited to):

- Combination of Service ID, Instance ID, Eventgroup ID, and Major Version is un-
- Required TCP-connection was not opened by client
- Problems with the references options occurred
- Resource problems at the Server
- Security association not yet established

(RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00527] [When the client receives a SubscribeEventgroupNack as answer on a Subscribe Eventgroup for which a TCP connection is required, the client shall check the TCP connection and shall restart the TCP connection if needed. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00015)

Note: [PRS SOMEIPSD 00527] involves checking the state of the network security protocol

### Rational:

The server might have lost the TCP connection and the client has not.

Checking the TCP connection might include the following:

- Checking whether data is received for e.g. other Eventgroups.
- Sending out a Magic Cookie message and waiting for the TCP ACK.
- Reestablishing the TCP connection.

### [PRS SOMEIPSD 00842]

	TTL > 0		TTL = 0		
Туре	0x00	0x04	0x00	0x04	
0x00	FindService				
0x01	OfferService		StopOfferService		
0x02		SubscribeEventgroup		StopSubscribeEventgroup	
0x03		SubscribeEventgroupAck		SubscribeEventgroupNack	

**Table 5.2: Overview of currently supported Entry Types** 

(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00015)



## **5.1.4** Service Discovery Communication Behavior

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00800] [SOME/IP Service Discovery shall reduce the number of Service Discovery messages by packing entries together, if they can be sent at the same time. E.g.:

- Multiple entries of different service instances
- Multiple entries of different types (e.g. Offer entries, answers of Subscribed EventGroup entries ... a.s.o.)

(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025)

## 5.1.4.1 Startup Behavior

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00395] [For each Service Instance the Service Discovery shall have at least these three phases in regard to sending entries:

- Initial Wait Phase
- Repetition Phase
- Main Phase

(RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

### Note:

An actual implemented state machine will need more than just states for these three phases. E.g. local services can be still down and remote services can be already known (no finds needed anymore).

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00397] [The service discovery shall enter the Initial Wait Phase for a client service instance when the link on the interface needed for this service instance is up and the client service is requested by the application. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025, RS SOMEIPSD 00012)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00133] [The service discovery shall enter the Initial Wait Phase for a server service instance when the link on the interface needed for this service instance is up and the server service is available. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00025, RS SOMEIPSD -00012)

#### Note:

It is possible that the link is up but the service is not yet available on server side

Systems has started means here the needed applications and possible external sensors and actuators as well. Basically the functionality needed by this service instance has to be ready to offer a service and finding a service is applicable after some application requires it.



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00399] [The Service Discovery shall wait based on the INI-TIAL DELAY after entering the Initial Wait Phase and before sending the first messages for the Service Instance. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00400] [INITIAL DELAY shall be defined as a minimum and a maximum delay. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00401] [The wait time shall be determined by choosing a random value between the minimum and maximum of INITIAL DELAY. | (RS SOMEIPSD -00025)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00804] [The Service Discovery shall use the same random value, if ClientService and ServerService reference the same ClientServiceTimer and ServerServiceTimer, respectively, and if it its ensured that the referencing ClientService and ServerService, respectively, are requested and released in the same point in time. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00805] [The Service Discovery shall use different random values per ClientService and ServerService, if the ClientServices and ServerService referencing their own ClientServiceTimer and ServerServiceTimer, respectively. Thus, if a ClientService or ServerService enters the Initial Wait Phase, they shall use an individual calculated random value within the Initial Wait Phase. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00404] [After sending the first message the Repetition Phase of this Service Instance/these Service Instances is entered. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00405] [The Service Discovery shall wait in the Repetitions Phase based on REPETITIONS BASE DELAY. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00406] [After each message sent in the Repetition Phase the delay is doubled. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00407] [The Service Discovery shall send out only up to REPETI-TIONS MAX entries during the Repetition Phase. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00408] [Sending Find entries shall be stopped after receiving the corresponding Offer entries by jumping to the Main Phase in which no Find entries are sent. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00409] [If REPETITIONS MAX is set to 0, the Repetition Phase shall be skipped and the Main Phase is entered for the Service Instance after the Initial Wait Phase. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00410] [After the Repetition Phase the Main Phase is being entered for a Service Instance. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00411] [After entering the Main Phase, the provider shall wait 1\*CYCLIC OFFER DELAY before sending the first offer entry message. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00412] [In the Main Phase Offer Messages shall be sent cyclically if a CYCLIC\_OFFER\_DELAY is configured. | (RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00413] [After a message for a specific Service Instance the Service Discovery waits for 1\*CYCLIC OFFER DELAY before sending the next message for this Service Instance. | (RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00415] [For Find entries (Find Service and Find Eventgroup) no cyclic messages are allowed in Main Phase. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00582] [Subscribe EventGroup Entries shall be triggered by Offer entries, which are sent cyclically. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

## [PRS SOMEIPSD 00416] [Example:

Initial Wait Phase:

- Wait for random delay in Range(INITIAL DELAY MIN, MAX)
- Send message (Find Service and Offer Service entries)

Repetition Phase (REPETITIONS\_BASE\_DELAY=100ms, REPETITIONS\_MAX=2):

- Wait  $2^0 * 100ms$
- Send message (Find Service and Offer Service entries)
- Wait  $2^1 * 100ms$
- Send message (Find Service and Offer Service entries)

## Main Phase:

- Server:
  - as long message is active and CYCLIC OFFER DELAY is defined
    - \* Wait CYCLIC OFFER DELAY
    - \* Send message (Offer Service entries)
- Client:
  - as long as offer service messages are received, Subscribe Eventgroup message is sent

(RS SOMEIPSD\_00025)

#### 5.1.4.2 Server Answer Behavior

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00417] [The Service Discovery shall delay answers to entries that were received in multicast SOME/IP-SD messages using the configuration item RE-QUEST RESPONSE DELAY. This is valid for the following two cases:

- Offer entry (unicast or multicast) after received find entry (multicast)
- Subscribe entry (unicast) after received offer entry (multicast)



## (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00419] [The REQUEST RESPONSE DELAY shall not apply if unicast messages are answered with unicast messages. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00420] [REQUEST RESPONSE DELAY shall be specified by a minimum and a maximum. | (RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00421] [The actual delay shall be randomly chosen between minimum and maximum of REQUEST RESPONSE DELAY. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

IPRS SOMEIPSD 004221 [For basic implementations all Find Service entries shall be answered with Offer Service entries transported using unicast. | (RS SOMEIPSD -00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00423] [For optimization purpose the following behaviors shall be supported as option:

- Find messages received with the Unicast Flag set to 1 in main phase, shall be answered with a unicast response if the latest offer was sent less than 1/2 CYCLIC OFFER DELAY ago.
- Find messages received with the Unicast Flag set to 1 in main phase, shall be answered with a multicast RESPONSE if the latest offer was sent 1/2 CYCLIC OFFER DELAY or longer ago.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00843] [Entries received with the unicast flag set to 0, shall not be answered with unicast but ignored. (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

#### 5.1.4.3 Shutdown Behavior

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00427] [When a server service instance of an ECU is in the Repetition and Main Phase and is being stopped, a Stop Offer Service entry shall be sent out.](RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00017, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00012)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00751] [When the link goes down for a server service instance in the Initial Wait Phase, Repetition Phase or Main Phase, the service discovery shall enter the Down Phase and reenter into Initial Wait Phase when the link is up again and the service is still available. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00017)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00752] [When the link goes down for a client service instance in the Initial Wait Phase, Repetition Phase or Main Phase, the service discovery shall enter the Down Phase and reenter into Initial Wait Phase when the link is up again and the service is still available.. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00017)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00428] [When a server sends out a Stop Offer Service entry all subscriptions for this service instance shall be deleted on the server side. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00017)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00429] [When a client receives a Stop Offer Service entry all subscriptions for this service instance shall be deleted on the client side. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00017)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00430] [When a client receives a Stop Offer Service entry, the client shall not send out Find Service entries but wait for Offer Service entry or change of status (application, network management, Ethernet link, or similar). | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00017)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00431] [When a client service instance of an ECU is in the Main Phase and is being stopped (i.e. the service instance is released), the SD shall send out Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entries for all subscribed Eventgroups. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00017)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00432] [When the whole ECUs is being shut down Stop Offer Service entries shall be sent out for all service entries and Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entries for Eventgroups. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00017)

#### 5.1.4.4 State Machines

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00433] [In this section the state machines of the client and server are shown. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD\_00434] [SOME/IP Service State Machine Server is described as follows:

States inside SD Server State Machine (Service) are defined as follows:

- SD Server State Machine (Service)
  - Not Ready
  - Readv
    - \* Initial Wait Phase
      - · Timer Set
    - \* Repetition Phase
      - · Timer Set
    - \* Main Phase
      - · Timer Set

Initial entry points of SD Server State Machine (Service) are inside the following states:

- SD Server State Machine (Service)
  - Ready



- \* Initial Wait Phase
- \* Repetition Phase
- \* Main Phase

Transitions inside SD Server State Machine (Service) are defined as follows:

FROM entry point SD Server State Machine (Service)

TO Not Ready

WITH [ifstatus!=up\_and\_configured or service-status==down]

FROM entry point SD Server State Machine (Service)

TO Not Ready

WITH [ifstatus==up\_and\_configured or service-status==up]

FROM Not Ready

TO Ready

WITH if-status-changed() or service-status-changed() [ifstatus==up\_and\_configured and service-status==up]

### FROM Ready

TO Not Ready

WITH if-status-changed [ifstatus!=up\_and\_configured] /clearAll-Timers()

**FROM** Ready

TO Not Ready

WITH service-status==down /clearAllTimers() send(StopOfferService)

FROM TimerSet

OF Initial Wait Phase

TO Repetition Phase

WITH Timer expired /send(OfferService)

FROM TimerSet

OF Repetition Phase

TO TimerSet

**OF** Repetition Phase

WITH receive (FindService) /waitAndSend (OfferService) ResetTimer ()

FROM TimerSet

**OF** Repetition Phase

TO TimerSet



**OF** Repetition Phase

Timer expired [run<REPETITIONS\_MAX] /send(OfferService)</pre> run++ setTimer((2run)\*REPETITIONS\_BASE\_DELAY

FROM TimerSet.

**OF** Repetition Phase

TO Main Phase

WITH Timer expired [run==REPETITIONS\_MAX]

# FROM entry point Ready

TO Initial Wait Phase

## FROM entry point Initial Wait Phase

TO Timer Set

OF Initial Wait Phase

WITH SetTimerInRange(INITIAL\_DELAY\_MIN, INITIAL\_DELAY\_MAX)

## FROM entry point Repetition Phase

TO Timer Set

**OF** Repetition Phase

WITH [REPETITIONS\_MAX>0] /run=0 setTimer((2run)\*REPETI-TIONS\_BASE\_DELAY)

## FROM entry point Repetition Phase

TO Main Phase

**WITH** [REPETITIONS\_MAX==0]

## FROM entry point Main Phase

TO Timer Set

**OF** Main Phase

WITH /setTimer(CYCLIC ANNOUNCE DELAY) send(OfferService)

### FROM Timer Set

**OF** Main Phase

TO Timer Set

**OF** Main Phase

WITH Timer expired /setTimer(CYCLIC\_ANNOUNCE\_DELAY) send(OfferService)

FROM Timer Set.

**OF** Main Phase

TO Timer Set



**OF** Main Phase WITH receive (FindService) /waitAndSend(OfferService) resetTimer

(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025)

Note: Graphical information of the SOME/IP Service State Machine Server is shown in Figure 5.16



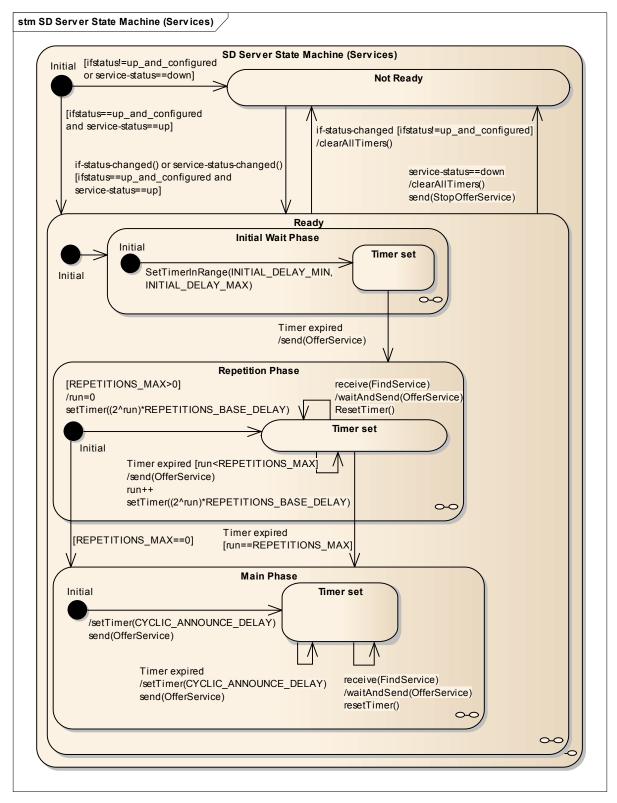


Figure 5.16: SOME/IP Service State Machine Server

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00435] [SOME/IP Service State Machine Client is described as follows:



States inside SD Client State Machine (Service) are defined as follows:

- SD Client State Machine (Service)
  - Not Requested
    - \* Service Not Seen
    - \* Service Seen
  - Requested\_but\_not\_ready
  - Main
    - \* Service Ready
    - \* Stopped
  - Searching for Service
    - \* Initial Wait Phase
      - · Timer Set
    - \* Repetition Phase
      - · Timer Set

Initial entry points of SD Client State Machine (Service) are inside the following states:

- SD Client State Machine (Service)
  - Not Requested
- Searching for Service
  - Initial Wait Phase
  - Repetition Phase

Transitions inside SD Client State Machine (Service) are defined as follows:

FROM entry point SD Client State Machine (Service) TO Not Requested WITH [Service Not Requested]

FROM entry point SD Client State Machine (Service) TO Requested\_but\_not\_ready WITH Service Not Requested and ifstatus!=up\_and\_configured

FROM entry point SD Client State Machine(Service) TO Searching for Service



WITH Service Requested and ifstatus==up\_and\_configured

FROM entry point Not Requested TO Service Not Seen

FROM Not Requested TO Requested\_but\_not\_ready WITH InternalServiceRequest [ifstatus!=up\_and\_configured]

FROM Service Not Seen TO Service Seen WITH receive (OfferService) /setTimer(TTL)

FROM Repetition Phase TO Stopped WITH Repetition Expired

FROM Repetition Phase **TO** Stopped WITH receive (StopOfferService)

FROM Stopped TO Service Not Seen WITH [ServiceNotRequired]

FROM Service Seen TO Service Not Seen WITH if-status-changed() [ifstatus!=up\_and\_configured]

FROM Service Seen TO Service Not Seen WITH Timer expired (TTL)

FROM Repetition Phase TO Stopped WITH Repetition Expired

FROM Service Seen TO Service Not Seen WITH receive (StopServiceOffer)



FROM Service Seen TO Service Seen

FROM Service Seen TO Service Ready **WITH** InternalServiceRequest [ifstatus==up\_and\_configured]

FROM Service Ready TO Service Seen WITH [ServiceNotRequest]

FROM Service Ready TO Service Ready WITH receive(OfferService) /resetTimer(TTL)

FROM Service Ready TO Stopped WITH receive(OfferService) /chancelTimer(TTL)

FROM Stopped TO Service Ready WITH receive(OfferService) /resetTimer(TTL)

FROM Service Ready TO Searching for Service WITH Timer expired (TTL)

FROM Searching for Service TO Service Ready WITH receive(OfferService) /setTimer(TTL)

FROM Searching for Service **TO** Requested\_but\_not\_ready WITH if-status-changed() [ifstatus!=up\_and\_configured] /cancel-Timer(TTL)

FROM Requested\_but\_not\_ready TO Searching for Service WITH if-status-changed() [ifstatus!=up\_and\_configured]



## FROM entry point Searching for Service TO Initial Wait Phase

## FROM entry point Initial Wait Phase

TO Timer Set

OF Initial Wait Phase

WITH /setTimerInRange(INITIAL\_DELAY\_MIN, INITIAL\_DELAY\_MAX)

### FROM Timer Set

OF Initial Wait Phase

TO Repetition Phase

WITH TimerExpired /send(FindService)

## FROM entry point Repetition Phase

TO Timer Set

**OF** Repetition Phase

[REPETITONS\_MAX>0] /run=0 setTimer((2run)\*REPETI-WITH TIONS\_BASE\_DELAY)

### FROM Timer Set

**OF** Repetition Phase

TO Timer Set

**OF** Repetition Phase

## FROM Not Requested

TO Requested\_but\_not\_ready

WITH InternalServiceRequest [ifstatus!=up\_and\_configured]

## (RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025)

Note: Graphical information of the SOME/IP Service State Machine Client is shown in Figure 5.17



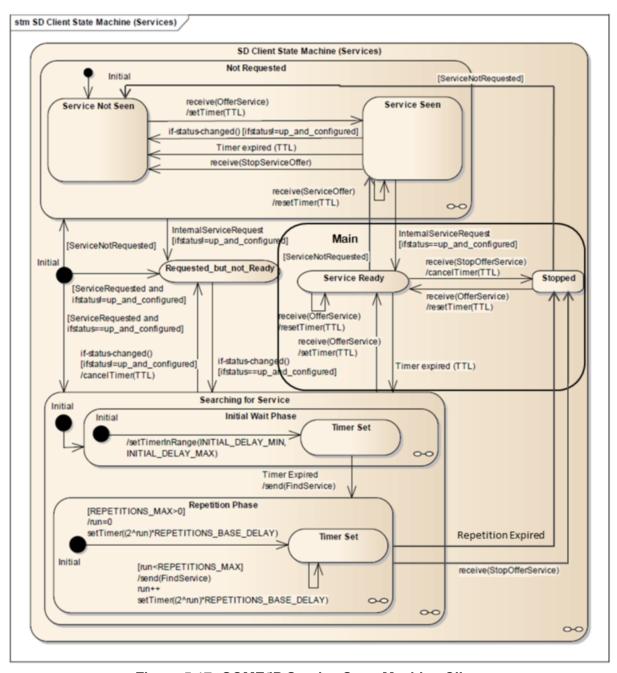


Figure 5.17: SOME/IP Service State Machine Client

## 5.1.4.5 SOME/IP-SD Mechanisms and Errors

In this section SOME/IP-SD in cases of errors (e.g. lost or corrupted packets) is discussed. This is also be understood as rationale for the mechanisms used and the configuration possible.

Soft State Protocol: SOME/IP-SD was designed as soft state protocol, that means that entries come with a lifetime and need to be refreshed to stay valid (setting the TTL to the maximum value shall turn this off).



#### Initial Wait Phase:

The Initial Wait Phase was introduced for two reasons: deskewing events of starting ECUs to avoid traffic bursts and allowing ECUs to collect multiple entries in SD messages.

### Repetition Phase:

The Repetition Phase was introduced to allow for fast synchronization of clients and servers. If the clients startup later, it will find the server very fast. And if the server starts up later, the client can be found very fast. The Repetition Phase increases the time between two messages exponentially to avoid that overload situations keep the system from synchronization.

### Main Phase:

In the Main Phase the SD tries to stabilize the state and thus decreases the rate of packets by sending no Find Services anymore and only offers in the cyclic interval (e.g. every 1s).

## Request-Response-Delay:

SOME/IP-SD shall be configured to delay the answer to entries in multicast messages by the Request-Response-Delay. This is useful in large systems with many ECUs. When sending a SD message with many entries in it, a lot of answers from different ECUs arrive at the same time and put large stress on the ECU receiving all these answers.



# 5.1.4.6 Error Handling

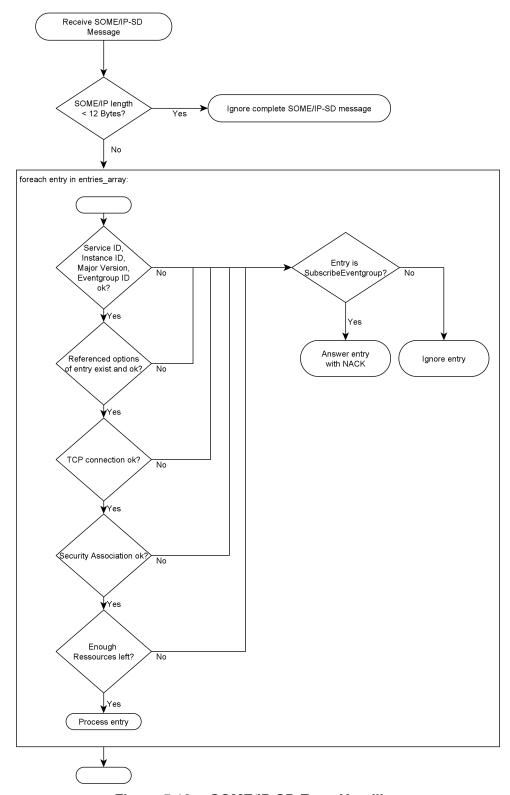


Figure 5.18: - SOME/IP-SD Error Handling



Figure 5.18 shows a simplified process for the error handling of incoming SOME/IP-SD messages.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00125] [Check that at least enough bytes for an empty SOME/IP-SD message are present, i.e the message is at least 12 Bytes long. If the check fails, the message shall be discarded without further actions. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00126] [If the Service ID of a received entry is not known and not a Subscribe Eventgroup entry, the entry shall be ignored. Otherwise a Negative Acknowledgement shall be returned according to [PRS SOMEIPSD 00393]. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00127] [If the Instance ID of a received entry is not known and not a Subscribe Eventgroup entry, the entry shall be ignored. Otherwise a Negative Acknowledgement shall be returned according to [PRS SOMEIPSD 00393]. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00128] [If the Major Version of a received entry is not known and not a Subscribe Eventgroup entry, the entry shall be ignored. Otherwise a Negative Acknowledgement shall be returned according to [PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00393]. | (RS\_-SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00129] [If the Eventgroup ID of a received entry is not known and not a Subscribe Eventgroup entry, the entry shall be ignored. Otherwise a Negative Acknowledgement shall be returned according to [PRS SOMEIPSD 00393]. This is only applicable to eventgroup entries. (RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00803] [If the length of the Entries Array has an invalid size (i.e. the entries array would exceed the message size), the message shall be discarded without further actions. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00130] [Check the referenced Options of each received entry:

- The referenced options exist.
- The entry references all required options (e.g. a provided eventgroup that uses unicast requires a unicast endpoint option in a received Subscribe Eventgroup entry).
- The entry only references supported options (e.g. a required eventgroup that does not support multicast data reception does not support multicast endpoint options in a Subscribe Eventgroup ACK entry).
- There are no conflicts between the options referenced by an entry (i.e. two options of same type with contradicting content).
- The Type of the referenced Option is known or the discardable flag is set to 1.
- of referenced The Type the Option is allowed for the entry [PRS SOMEIPSD 00583] or discardable flag is set to 1.
- The Length of the referenced Option is consistent to the Type of the Option.



- An Endpoint Option has a valid L4-Protocol field.
- The Option is valid (e.g. a multicast endpoint option shall use a multicast IP address).

(RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

#### Note:

If an entry references an option that is known by the Service Discovery implementation but not required by the service (e.g. an Offer references a TCP and UDP option and the client uses only UDP, or a Subscribe Eventgroup entry references a UDP endpoint option but the server uses only multicast event transmission), the entry shall be processed.

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00131] [Check if the TCP connection is already present (only applicable, if TCP is configured for Eventgroup and Subscribe Eventgroup entry was received) (RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00852] [Check if a security association is already established.] (RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00132] [Check if enough resources are left (e.g. Socket Connections) | (RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00232]

If the checks in [PRS SOMEIPSD 00130] fail for a received Find entry, the entry shall be ignored, except when Endpoint or Multicast Options are referenced, in which case only the Options shall be ignored according to [PRS SOMEIPSD 00529].

(RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00233] [If the checks in [PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00130] fail for a received Offer entry, the entry shall be ignored. (RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00234] ∏lf the checks in [PRS SOMEIPSD 00130], [PRS SOMEIPSD 00131], [PRS SOMEIPSD 00832], [PRS SOMEIPSD 00852] or [PRS SOMEIPSD 00132] fail for a received Subscribe Eventgroup entry, a Subscribe Eventgroup NACK entry shall be sent.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00235] [If the checks in [PRS SOMEIPSD 00130] [PRS SOMEIPSD 00132] fail for a received Subscribe Eventgroup ACK entry. the entry shall be processed, but the subscription shall not be considered as successful. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00231] [Options that are referenced by an entry shall be ignored if:

• The Option Type is not known (i.e. not yet specified, or not supported by the receiver) and the discardable flag is set to 1.



- The option is redundant (i.e. another option of the same type and same content is referenced by this entry).
- The option is not required (e.g. a provided eventgroup that uses only multicast does not require a unicast endpoint option in a received Subscribe Eventgroup entry, though it is still allowed).

(RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00844] [If the two Configuration Options have conflicting items (same name), all items shall be handled. There shall be no attempt been made to merge duplicate items. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00832] [Check for a provided service instance which requires a secure connection if on reception of a subscribe the security association for the corresponding connection is already established. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

## 5.1.5 Non-SOME/IP protocols with SOME/IP-SD

Besides SOME/IP other communication protocols are used within the vehicle; e.g. for Network Management, Diagnosis, or Flash Updates. Such communication protocols might need to communicate a service instance or have eventgroups as well.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00437] [For Non-SOME/IP protocols (the application protocol itself doesn't use SOME/IP but it is published over SOME/IP SD) a special Service-ID shall be used and further information shall be added using the configuration option:

- Service-ID shall be set to 0xFFFE (reserved)
- Instance-ID shall be used as described for SOME/IP services and eventgroups.
- The Configuration Option shall be added and shall contain exactly one entry with key "otherserv" and a configurable non-empty value that is determined by the system department.

(RS SOMEIPSD\_00004)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00438] [SOME/IP services shall not use the otherserv-string in the Configuration Option. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00004)

**IPRS SOMEIPSD 004391** [For Find Service/Offer Service/Request Service entries the otherserv-String shall be used when announcing non-SOME/IP service instances. (RS SOMEIPSD 00004)

## [PRS SOMEIPSD 00440]

Example for valid otherserv-string: "otherserv=internaldiag".

Example for an invalid otherserv-string: "otherserv".

Example for an invalid otherserv-string: "otherserv=".|(RS SOMEIPSD 00004)



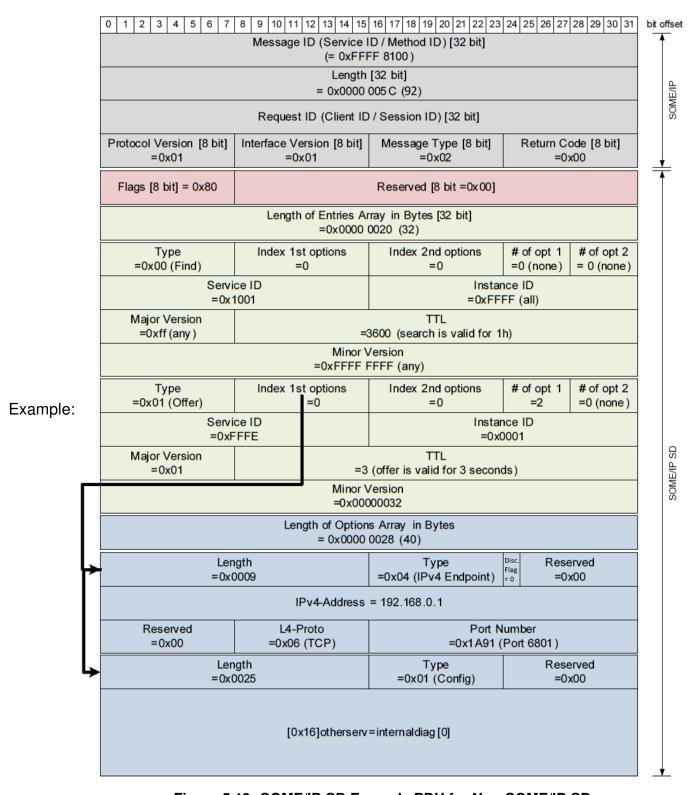


Figure 5.19: SOME/IP-SD Example PDU for Non-SOME/IP-SD



## 5.1.6 Publish/Subscribe with SOME/IP and SOME/IP-SD

Note: In contrast to the SOME/IP request/response mechanism there may be cases in which a client requires a set of parameters from a server, but does not want to request that information each time it is required. These are called notifications and concern events and fields.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00443] [All clients needing events and/or notification events shall register using the SOME/IP-SD at run-time with a server. (RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00014, RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00016)

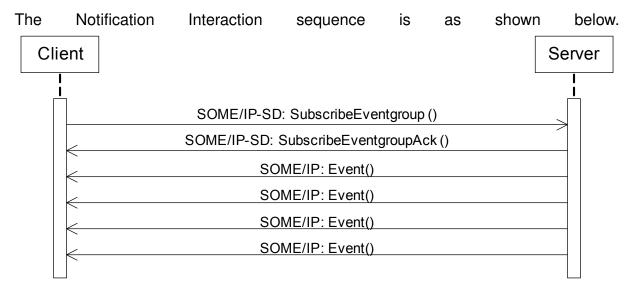


Figure 5.20: Notification interaction

This feature is comparable but NOT identical to the MOST notification mechanism.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00446] [With the SOME/IP-SD entry Offer Service the server offers to push notifications to clients; thus, it shall be used as trigger for Subscriptions. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00014, RS SOMEIPSD -00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00016)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00449] [Each client shall respond to a SOME/IP-SD Offer Service entry from the server with a SOME/IP-SD Subscribe Eventgroup entry as long as the client is still interested in receiving the notifications/events of this eventgroup. If the client is able to reliably detect the reboot of the server using the SOME/IP-SD messages reboot flag, the client shall handle the reboot as if a StopOffer entry was received and proceed with the received entries after all actions upon a StopOffer have been finalized. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00703] [The client shall explicitly request Initial Events for field notifier by sending a Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entry and a Subscribe Eventgroup entry in the same SOME/IP-SD message, if it has no active subscription to the Eventgroup(field and not pure event).(see [PRS SOMEIPSD 00463]) | (RS SOMEIPSD -00015)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00811] [It is not allowed to request initial values of events upon subscriptions (pure event and not field). (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00704] [If the client sends out additional Subscribe Eventgroup entries and the TTL of the previous Subscribe has not expired, then the client shall not request Initial Events. | (RS\_ SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00020)

client explicitly Reasons for the to request Initial **Events** (see [PRS SOMEIPSD 00463]) include but are not limited to:

- The client is currently not subscribed to the Eventgroup.
- The client has seen a link-down/link-up after the last Subscribe Eventgroup entry.
- The client has not received a Subscribe Eventgroup Ack after the last regular Subscribe Eventgroup
- The client has detected a Reboot of the Server of this Services

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00570] [If the client subscribes to two or more eventgroups including one or more identical events or fields, the server shall not send duplicated events or notification events for the field. This does mean regular events and not initial events. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00450] [Publish/Subscribe with link loss at client side is described as follows:

### 1. No prior registrations + Client subscribes

(a) Server: OfferService()

(b) Client: SubscribeEventgroup[Session ID=x, Reboot=0]

(c) Server: updateRegistration()

(d) Server: SubscribeEventgroupAck + Events()

#### 2. Link loss at client side

(a) Client: linkDown()

(b) Client: deleteEntries()

(c) Client: linkUp()

# 3. Client subscribes again, Client Reboot detected

(a) Server: OfferService()

(b) Client: SubscribeEventgroup[Session ID=1, Reboot=1]

(c) Server: updateRegistration()

(d) Server SubscribeEventgroupAck + Events()

(RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

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Note: Description is also shown in Figure 5.21.

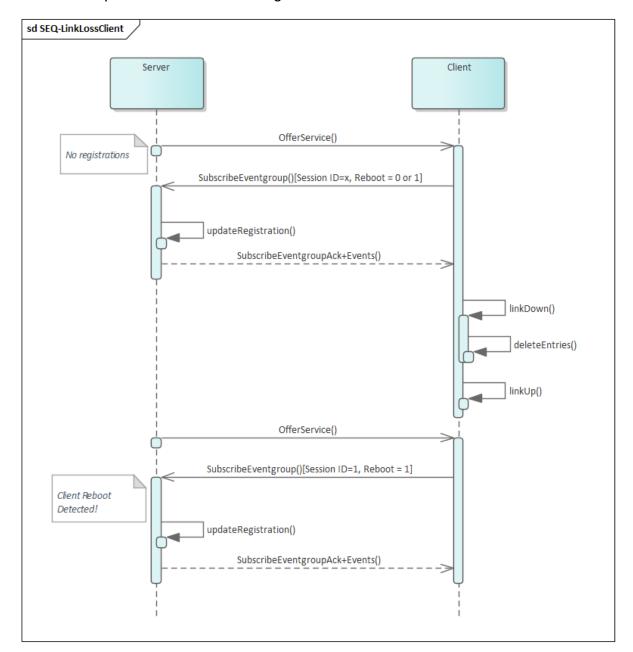


Figure 5.21: Publish/Subscribe with link loss at client (figure ignoring timings)

Note: The server sending Offer Service entries as implicit Publishes has to keep state of Subscribe Eventgroup messages for this eventgroup instance in order to know if notifications/events have to be sent.

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00452] [A client shall deregister from a server by sending a SOME/IP-SD Subscribe Eventgroup message with TTL=0 (Stop Subscribe Eventgroup see [PRS SOMEIPSD 00389]).|(RS SOMEIPSD 00017, RS SOMEIPSD 00020)

#### [PRS SOMEIPSD 00453]

Publish/Subscribe Registration/Deregistration behavior is described as follows:



#### 1. Client 1 subscribes

(a) Server: OfferService() to Client 1 and Client 2

(b) Client 1: SubscribeEventgroup()

(c) Server: updateRegistration()

(d) Server: SubscribeEventgroupAck + Events() to Client 1

#### 2. Client 2 subscribes

(a) Client 2: SubscribeEventgroup()

(b) Server: updateRegistration()

(c) Server: SubscribeEventgroupAck + Events() to Client 2

### 3. Client 2 stops subscription

(a) Client 2: StopSubscribeEventgroup()

(b) Server: updateRegistration()

#### 4. Client 1 remains registered

(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00015, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00017)

Note: Description is also shown in Figure 5.22.



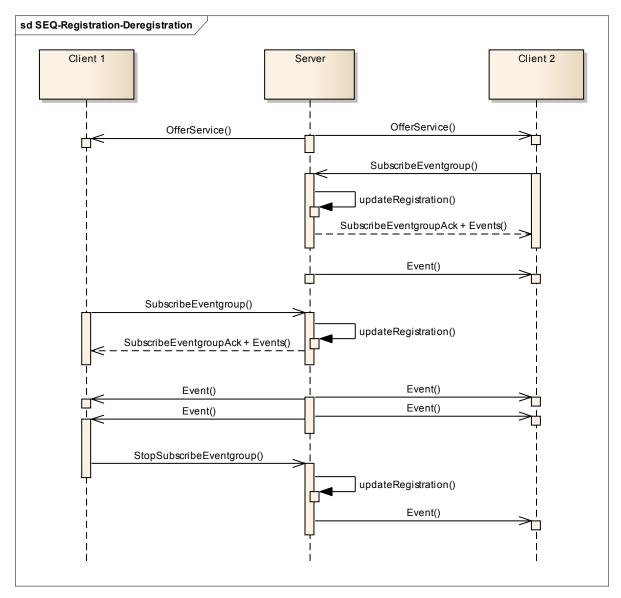


Figure 5.22: Publish/Subscribe Registration/Deregistration behavior (figure ignoring timings)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00454] [The SOME/IP-SD on the server shall delete the subscription, if a relevant SOME/IP error occurs after sending an event or notification event. (RS SOMEIPSD 00017, RS SOMEIPSD 00019)

The error includes but is not limited to not being able to reach the communication partner and errors of the TCP connection.

#### [PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00457]

Publish/Subscribe with link loss at server is described as follows:

#### 1. No prior registrations + Client subscribes

(a) Server: OfferService()



(b) Client: SubscribeEventgroup()

(c) Server: updateRegistration()

(d) Server: SubscribeEventgroupAck + Events()

#### 2. Link loss at server side

(a) Server: linkDown()

(b) Server: deleteRegistrations()

(c) Server: linkUp()

#### 3. Server offers again, Server Reboot detected by client

(a) Server: OfferService()[Session ID=1, Reboot=1]

(b) Client: SubscribeEventgroup()

(c) Server: updateRegistration()

(d) Server SubscribeEventgroupAck + Events()

|(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00013, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00015)

Note: Description is also shown in Figure 5.23



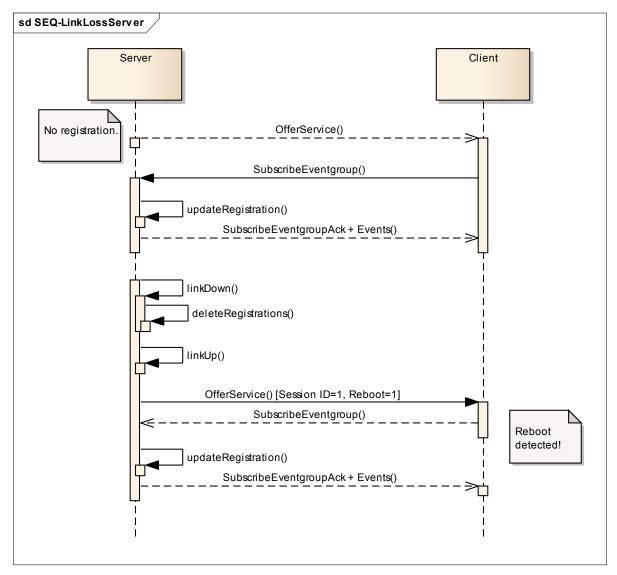


Figure 5.23: Publish/Subscribe with link loss at server (figure ignoring timings)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00461] [The client shall open a TCP connection to the server before sending the Subscribe Eventgroup entry if the Service is offered over TCP and the client requests an Eventgroup over TCP according to the configuration. | (RS\_-SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00830] [A client which wants to subscribe to a service which demands a security association shall start (if not already started) to establish the security and wait until the security association is established. The client shall send a SubscribeEventgroup entry for this service after the security association is established. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00831] [For security associations which demand that only one participant is allowed to start establishing the security association (like (d)TLS), each ECU shall use different end points for server services and client service to ensure that the



ECU is acting for each secured connection either as a client (which shall start establishing the security association) or as a server. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00462] [After a client has sent a Subscribe Eventgroup entry the server shall send a Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00463] [The client shall wait for the Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry acknowledging a Subscribe Eventgroup entry. If this Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry does not arrive before the next Subscribe Eventgroup entry is sent, the client shall do the following:

• Send a Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entry and a Subscribe Eventgroup entry in the same SOME/IP-SD message the Subscribe Eventgroup entry would have been sent with

#### (RS SOMEIPSD 00015) Note:

This behavior exists to cope with short durations of communication loss, so new Initial Events are triggered to lower the effects of the loss of messages.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00577] [The requirement [PRS SOMEIPSD 00463] shall not be applied to Offer Service entries that are a reaction to Find Service entries. This means that the Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry of a Subscribe Eventgroup entry that was triggered by a unicast Offer Service entry is not monitored as well as upon a unicast Offer Service entry the Stop Subscribe Eventgroup entry/Subscribe Eventgroup entry is not sent. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

#### Rationale:

If a client sends a Subscribe Eventgroup entry as a reaction to a unicast offer, and a multicast offer arrives immediately after that but before the Subscribe Eventgroup Ack entry could be sent by the server and received, the client shall not complain (i.e. Stop Subscribe/Subscribe) about a not yet received acknowledgement.

This behavior exists to cope with short durations of communication loss. The receiver of a Stop Subscribe Eventgroup and Subscribe Eventgroup combination would sent out Initial Events to lower the effects of the loss of messages.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00464] [If the initial value is of concern - i.e. for fields - the server shall send the first notifications/events (i.e. initial events) immediately after sending the Subscribe Eventgroup Ack. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00465] [It is not allowed to send initial values of events upon subscriptions (pure event and not field). | (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00120] [The event messages of field notifiers shall be sent on subscriptions (field and not pure event). | (RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00015)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00121] [If a subscription was already valid and is updated by a Subscribe Eventgroup entry, no initial events shall be sent. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00122] [Receiving Stop Subscribe / Subscribe combinations trigger initial events of field notifiers. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00123] [The initial events shall be sent after the Subscribe Eventgroup Ack. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00466] [Publish/Subscribe States (server behavior for unicast eventgroups) are defined as follows:

- Eventgroup\_PubSub (Unicast Eventgroup)
  - Service Down
  - Service Up
    - \* Not Subscribed
    - \* Subscribed

Initial entry points of Eventgroup\_PubSub (Unicast Eventgroup) are inside the following states:

- Eventgroup\_PubSub (Unicast Eventgroup)
  - Service Up

Transitions inside Eventgroup\_PubSub (Unicast Eventgroup) are defined as follows:

FROM entry point Eventgroup\_PubSub (Unicast Eventgroup) TO Service Down WITH [Service==Down]

FROM Service Down TO Service Up WITH ServiceUp

FROM Service Up TO Service Down WITH ServiceDown

FROM entry point Eventgroup\_PubSub (Unicast Eventgroup) TO Service UP WITH [Service==Up]

FROM entry point Service Up TO Not Subscribed

FROM Not Subscribed TO Subscribed



**WITH** receive(SubscribeEventgroup) / enableEvents() send(SubscribeEventgroupAck)

FROM Subscribed

TO Subscribed

WITH receive (SubscribeEventgroup) / send (SubscribeEventgroupAck)

FROM Subscribed

TO Not Subscribed

WITH receive (StopSubscribeEventgroup) / disableEvents()

FROM Subscribed

TO Not Subscribed

WITH TTL\_expired [SubscriptionCounter==1] /disableEvents()

(RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00016) Note: Graph-Publish/Subscribe States (server beical information the havior for eventgroups) shown in **Figure** 5.24 unicast

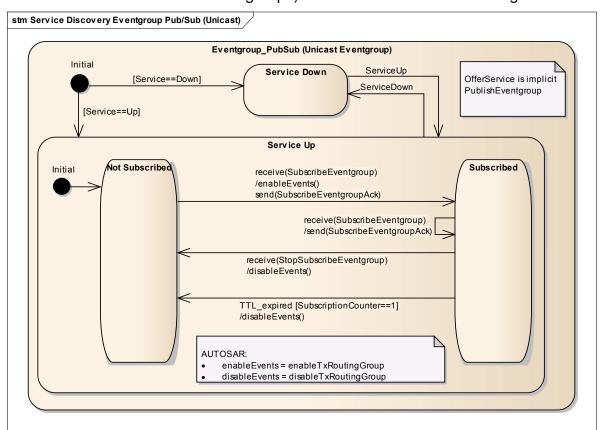


Figure 5.24: Publish/Subscribe State Diagram (server behavior for unicast eventgroups)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00571] [If a client subscribes with different SOME/IP-SD messages to different eventgroups of the same Service Instance and all eventgroups include the same field, the Server shall send out the initial events for this field for every subscription separately. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)



[PRS SOMEIPSD 00572] [If a client subscribes with one SOME/IP-SD message to different eventgroups of the same Service Instance and all eventgroups include the same field, the Server may choose to not send out the initial event for this field more than once. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

#### Note:

This means the Server can optimize by sending the initial events only once, if supported by its architecture.

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00467] [Publish/Subscribe States (server behavior for multicast eventgroups) are defined as follows:

- Eventgroup\_PubSub (Multicast Eventgroup)
  - Service Down
  - Service Up
    - \* Not Subscribed
    - \* Subscribed

Initial entry points of Eventgroup\_PubSub (Multicast Eventgroup) are inside the following states:

- Eventgroup\_PubSub (Multicast Eventgroup)
  - Service Up

Transitions inside Eventgroup\_PubSub (Multicast Eventgroup) are defined as follows:

FROM entry point Eventgroup\_PubSub (Multicast Eventgroup) TO Service Down WITH [Service==Down]

FROM Service Down TO Service Up WITH ServiceUp

FROM Service Up TO Service Down WITH ServiceDown

FROM entry point Eventgroup\_PubSub (Multicast Eventgroup) TO Service UP WITH [Service==Up]



### FROM entry point Service Up

TO Not Subscribed

#### FROM Not Subscribed

TO Subscribed

WITH receive (SubscribeEventgroup) / enableEvents() Subscription-Counter++ send(SubscribeEventgroupAck)

#### FROM Subscribed

TO Subscribed

WITH receive (SubscribeEventgroup) / SubscriptionCounter++ / send (SubscribeEventgroupAck)

#### FROM Subscribed

TO Not Subscribed

WITH receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter==1] /SubscriptionCounter-/disableEvents()

#### FROM Subscribed

TO Subscribed

WITH receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter>1] /SubscriptionCounter-

#### FROM Subscribed

TO Not Subscribed

WITH TTL\_expired [SubscriptionCounter==1] /SubscriptionCounterdisableEvents()

#### FROM Subscribed

TO Subscribed



WITH TTL expired [SubscriptionCounter>1] /SubscriptionCounter-

(RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00016) Note: Graph-States information Publish/Subscribe (server ical be-5.25 havior for multicast eventgroups) shown **Figure** 

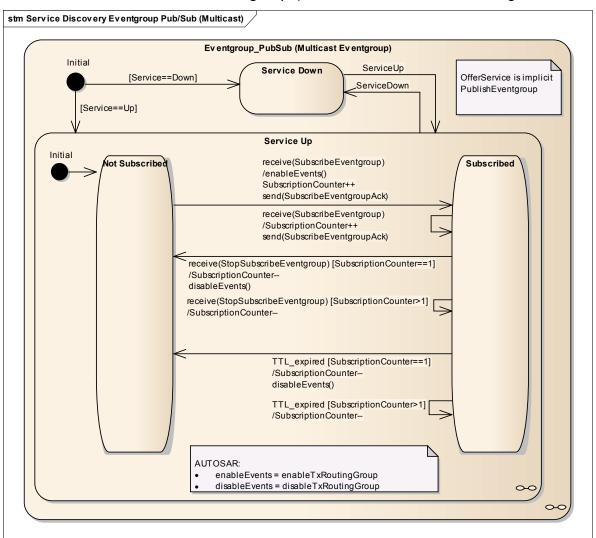


Figure 5.25: Publish/Subscribe State Diagram (server behavior for multicast eventgroups)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00468] [Publish/Subscribe States (server behavior for adaptive unicast/multicast eventgroups) are defined as follows:

- Eventgroup\_PubSub (Unicast-to-Multicast Eventgroup)
  - Service Down
  - Service Up
    - \* Not Subscribed



- \* Subscribed (Unicast)
- \* Subscribed (Multicast)

Initial entry points of Eventgroup\_PubSub (Unicast-to-Multicast Eventgroup) are inside the following states:

- Eventgroup\_PubSub (Unicast-to-Multicast Eventgroup)
  - Service Up

Transitions Eventgroup\_PubSub (Unicast-to-Multicast Eventinside group) are defined as follows:

FROM entry point Eventgroup\_PubSub (Unicast-to-Multicast Eventgroup)

TO Service Down

WITH [Service==Down]

FROM Service Down TO Service Up WITH ServiceUp

FROM Service Up TO Service Down WITH ServiceDown

FROM entry point Eventgroup\_PubSub (Unicast-to-Multicast Eventgroup)

TO Service UP

WITH [Service==Up]

FROM entry point Service Up

TO Not Subscribed

FROM Not Subscribed

TO Subscribed (Unicast)

WITH receive(SubscribeEventgroup) [UnicastLimit>0] /enableEvents() SubscriptionCounter++ send(SubscrieEventgroupAck)

FROM Subscribed (Unicast)

TO Subscribed (Unicast)

receive(SubscribeEventgroup) [UnicastLimit>Subscription-Counter] /SubscriptionCounter++ send(SubscribeEventgroupAck)

FROM Subscribed (Unicast)

TO Not Subscribed

WITH receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter==1]



/SubscriptionCounter- disableEvents()

FROM Subscribed (Unicast)

TO Not Subscribed

WITH TTL\_expired [SubscriptionCounter==1] /SubscriptionCounterdisableEvents()

FROM Not Subscribed

TO Subscribed (Multicast)

receive(SubscribeEventgroup) [UnicasLimit==0] /enable-MulticastEvents() SubscriptionCounter++ send(SubscribeEventgroupAck)

FROM Subscribed (Multicast)

TO Not Subscribed

receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter==1 && UnicasLimit==0] /SubscriptionCounter- disableMulticastEvents ()

FROM Subscribed (Multicast)

TO Not Subscribed

WITH TTL\_expired [SubscriptionCounter==1 && UnicasLimit==0] /-SubscriptionCounter- disableMulticastEvents()

FROM Subscribed (Multicast)

TO Subscribed (Multicast)

WITH receive (SubscribeEventgroup) / SubscriptionCounter++

FROM Subscribed (Multicast)

TO Subscribed (Multicast)

WITH receive (StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter>UnicastLimit+1] /SubscriptionCounter-

FROM Subscribed (Multicast)

TO Subscribed (Multicast)

WITH TTL\_expired [SubscriptionCounter>UnicastLimit+1] /-SubscriptionCounter-

FROM Subscribed (Unicast)

TO Subscribed (Unicast)

WITH receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter>1]



/SubscriptionCounter-

FROM Subscribed (Unicast)

TO Subscribed (Unicast)

WITH TTL\_expired [SubscriptionCounter>1] /SubscriptionCounter-

FROM Subscribed (Unicast)

TO Subscribed (Multicast)

receive(SubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter>=UnicastLimit] /SubscriptionCounter++ send(SubscribeEventgroupAck) switchToMulticastEvents()

FROM Subscribed (Multicast)

TO Subscribed (Unicast)

WITH receive(StopSubscribeEventgroup) [SubscriptionCounter==UnicasLimit+1] /switchToUnicastEvents() SubscriptionCounter-

FROM Subscribed (Multicast)

TO Subscribed (Unicast)

WITH TTL\_expired [SubscriptionCounter==UnicasLimit+1] /switch-ToUnicastEvents() SubscriptionCounter-

(RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00016) Note: Graphiinformation of the Publish/Subscribe behavior cal States (server



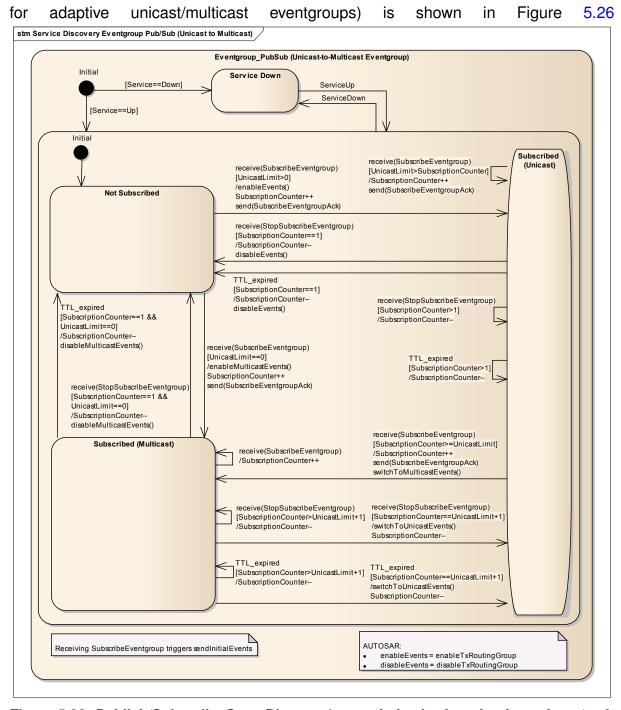


Figure 5.26: Publish/Subscribe State Diagram (server behavior for adaptive unicast/multicast eventgroups)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00134] Unicast/Multicast switching for event and notification event transmission via UDP [For events and notification events which are configured to be transmitted via UDP (see [PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00802]) SOME/IP-SD shall support automated switching from unicast to multicast communication if a configured threshold of the numbers of subscribers was reached.] (RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025, RS\_-SOMEIPSD\_00016)



#### Note:

Limiting the switching between unicast and multicast to UDP is motivated by the following rationale:

- the use of TCP is limited to unicast communication
- dynamically switching between TCP and UDP does not make sense from a semantic perspective since the choice for either TCP or UDP is motivated by requirements for
  - reliability (no message loss, no out-of-order delivery)
  - transmission of data which is larger than the MTU (when neither SOME/IP-TP or IP fragmentation is used)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00470] [SOME/IP SD Protocol shall support implicit configuration of communication endpoints and registrations of subscribers. These shall be based on static configurations and not use any SD messages on the network. | (RS -SOMEIPSD 00025, RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

#### Note:

Depending on the project the use case can exist to use services based on a static configuration where no Service Discovery takes place on the network at all. In such cases of implicit registrations, there are no find or subscribe messages exchanged but the services can be used out of the box. Such preconfigurations are not part of SOME/IP or SOME/IP SD. Hence, their configuration and implementation is project specific.

**[PRS SOMEIPSD 00472]** [The following entries shall be transported by unicast only:

- Subscribe Eventgroup
- Stop Subscribe Eventgroup
- Subscribe Eventgroup Ack
- Subscribe Eventgroup Nack

(RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00808] [The client shall retry to subscribe to a Eventgroup of a ServerService, if the SUBSCRIBE\_RETRY\_MAX is configured greater than 0. The subscription to the Eventgroup shall be send, if a SubscribeEventgroupAck/NAck entry of the requested Eventgroup was not received within a configurable timeout ( SUBSCRIBE\_RETRY\_DELAY). The retry shall be done as long as the Eventgroup is requested and the configured retry count (SUBSCRIBE\_RETRY\_MAX) was not exceeded. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00809] [ServerService where the TTL of the received OfferService is set to 0xFFFFFF, could set SUBSCRIBE\_RETRY\_MAX to INF. In this case, the retry shall be done as long as the Eventgroup is requested and no



SubscribeEventgroupAck/NAck entry of the requested Eventgroup was received. (RS SOMEIPSD 00015)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00851] [The automated switching from client service unicast/multicast endpoint to server service multicast endpoint has to consider configuration of MULTICAST THRESHOLD:

- if MULTICAST THRESHOLD is configured to a value n with n=0, then automated switching between client service unicast/multicast endpoints and the server service multicast endpoint is disabled. Only unicast/multicast communication to client service unicast/multicast endpoints is supported.
- if MULTICAST THRESHOLD is configured to a value n with n=1, then automated switching between client service unicast/multicast endpoints and the server service multicast endpoint is disabled. Only multicast communication to the server service multicast endpoint is supported.
- if MULTICAST THRESHOLD is configured to a value n with n > 1 and the number of subscribed clients with different endpoint information is larger than the threshold or equal to the threshold, then server service shall use the server service multicast endpoint to transmit the events.
- if MULTICAST THRESHOLD is configured to a value n with n > 1 and the number of subscribed clients with different endpoint information is smaller than the threshold, then the server service shall transmit the events to the endpoints which were provided by the client services either as client service unicast endpoint or as client service multicast endpoint.

(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00015)

#### 5.1.7 Reserved and special identifiers for SOME/IP and SOME/IP-SD.

In this chapter an overview of reserved and special identifiers are shown.

#### [PRS SOMEIPSD 00515]

Service-ID	Description	
0x0000	Reserved	
0xFF00 - 0xFF1F	Reserved for Testing at OEM	
0xFF20 - 0xFF3F	Reserved for Testing at Tier-1	
0xFF40 - 0xFF5F	Reserved for ECU Internal Communication (Tier-1 proprietary)	
0xFFFE	Reserved for non-SOME/IP service instances.	
0xFFFF	SOME/IP and SOME/IP-SD special service (Magic Cookie, SOME/IP-	
	SD,).	

Table 5.3: Reserved and Special Service-IDs

(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00516]



Instance-ID	Description
0x0000	Reserved
0xFFFF	All Instances

Table 5.4: Reserved and Special Instance-IDs

|(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025)

# [PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00517] [

Method-ID	Description
0x0000	Reserved
0x7FFF	Reserved
0x8000	Reserved
0xFFFF	Reserved

**Table 5.5: Reserved and Special Method-IDs** 

*∆*(*RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025*)

# [PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00531] [

Eventgroup-ID	Description
0x0000	Reserved
0xFFFF	All Eventgroups

**Table 5.6: Reserved Eventgroup-IDs** 

(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025)

# [PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00519] [

Method-ID/Event-ID	Description
0x0000	SOME/IP Magic Cookie Messages
0x8000	SOME/IP Magic Cookie Messages
0x8100	SOME/IP-SD messages (events)

Table 5.7: Method-IDs of Service 0xFFFF

|(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025)

# [PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00520] [

Name	Description	
hostname	Used to name a host or ECU.	
instancename	Used to name an instance of a service.	
servicename	Used to name a service.	
otherserv	Used for non-SOME/IP Services.	

**Table 5.8: Reserved Names** 



](RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025)



# **Configuration Parameters**

The Following chapter summarizes all the configuration parameters that are used.

Name	Description
INITIAL_DELAY_MIN	Minimum duration to delay randomly the transmission of a message.
INITIAL_DELAY_MAX	Maximum duration to delay randomly the transmission of a message.
REPETITIONS_BASE_DELAY	Duration of delay for repetitions.
REPETITIONS_MAX	Configuration for the maximum number of repetitions.
REQUEST_RESPONSE_DELAY	The Service Discovery shall delay answers using this configuration item.
CYCLIC_OFFER_DELAY	Interval between cyclic offers in the main phase.
SD_PORT	is a UDP Port for SD Messages (30490 as default).
SD_MULTICAST_IP	address which shall be used by the SD multicast messages.
SUBSCRIBE_RETRY_MAX	Max count of retries for subscribe, as long as the Event- group is requested (0=no retry, INF= retry forever (as long as the Eventgroup is requested and no no Sub- scribeEventgroupAck/Nack entry was received)).
SUBSCRIBE_RETRY_DELAY	Duration of delay to send a consecutive subscribe entries, if a Eventgroup is requested and no SubscribeEventgroupAck/Nack entry was received.
MULTICAST_THRESHOLD	Specifies the number of subscribed clients with different endpoint information per Eventgroup that triggers the server to change the transmission of events to the server service multicast endpoint. This multicast endpoint is configured by the server service and provided with the SubscribeEventgroupAck:
	<ul> <li>If configured to 0 only the client service unicast/- multicast endpoint will be used.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If configured to 1 the first client and all further sub- scribed clients will be served via the server service multicast endpoint.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If configured to n up to n-1 clients with different endpoint information will be served via a client service unicast/multicast endpoint provided by the client within the SubscribeEventgroup. As soon as the number of subscribed clients with differ- ent endpoint information reaches n, then all sub- scribed clients are served via the server service multicast endpoint.</li> </ul>

**Table 6.1: Configuration Parameters** 



# **Protocol Usage**

#### 7.1 **Mandatory Feature Set and Basic Behavior**

In this section the mandatory feature set of the Service Discovery and the relevant configuration constraints are discussed. This allow for bare minimum implementations without optional or informational features that might not be required for current use cases.

The following information is defined as compliance check list(s). If a feature is not implemented, the implementation is considered not to comply to SOME/IP-SDs basic feature set.

**[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00496]** [The following entry types shall be implemented:

- Find Service
- Offer Service
- Stop Offer Service
- Subscribe Eventgroup
- Stop Subscribe Eventgroup
- Subscribe Eventgroup Ack
- Subscribe Eventgroup Nack

(RS SOMEIPSD 00008, RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00014, RS -SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00017, RS SOMEIPSD 00007)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00497] [The following option types shall be implemented, when IPv4 is required:

- IPv4 Endpoint Option
- IPv4 Multicast Option
- Configuration Option
- IPv4 SD Endpoint Option (receiving at least)

(RS SOMEIPSD 00025, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00007)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00498] [The following option types shall be implemented, if IPv6 is required:

- IPv6 Endpoint Option
- IPv6 Multicast Option
- Configuration Option
- IPv6 SD Endpoint Option (receiving at least)



#### (RS SOMEIPSD 00025, RS SOMEIPSD 00007)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00500] [The following behaviors/reactions shall be implemented on the Server side:

- The Server shall offer services including the Initial Wait Phase, the Repetition Phase, and the Main Phase depending on the configuration.
- The Server shall offer services using Multicast (Repetition Phase and Main Phase) on the multicast address defined by SD MULTICAST IP.
- The Server does not need to answer a Find Service in the Repetition Phase.
- The Server shall answer a Find Service in the Main Phase with an Offer Service using Unicast (no optimization based on unicast flag).
- The Server shall send a Stop Offer Service when shutting down.
- The Server shall receive a Subscribe Eventgroup as well as a Stop Subscribe Eventgroup and react according to this specification.
- The Server shall send a Subscribe Eventgroup Ack and Subscribe Eventgroup Nack using unicast.
- The Server shall support controlling the sending (i.e. fan out) of SOME/IP event messages based on the subscriptions of SOME/IP-SD. This might include sending events based on Multicast.
- The Server shall support the triggering of initial SOME/IP event messages.

RS SOMEIPSD 00008. (RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00014, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00015, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00017, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025, RS\_-SOMEIPSD 00007)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00501] [The following behaviors/reactions shall be implemented on the Client side:

- The Client shall find services using a Find Service entry and Multicast (on the multicast address defined by SD MULTICAST IP) only in the repetition phase.
- The Client shall stop finding a service if the regular Offer Service arrives.
- The Client shall react to the Servers Offer Service with a unicast SD message that includes all Subscribe Eventgroups of the services offered in the message of the Server that the client currently wants to subscribe to.
- The Client shall interpret and react to the Subscribe Eventgroup Ack and Subscribe Eventgroup Nack as specified in this document.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00008, RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00025, RS -SOMEIPSD 00007)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00502] [The following behavior and configuration constraints shall be supported by the Client:



- The Client shall be able handle Eventgroups if only the TTL of the SD Timings is specified. This means that of all the timings for the Initial Wait Phase, the Repetition Phase, and the Main Phase only TTL is configured. This means the client shall only react on the Offer Service by the Server.
- The Client shall answer to an Offer Service with a Subscribe Eventgroup even without configuration of the Request-Response-Delay, meaning it should not wait but answer instantaneously.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00025, RS SOMEIPSD 00020, RS SOMEIPSD 00024, RS -SOMEIPSD 00007)

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00503] [The Client and Server shall implement the Reboot Detection as specified in this document and react accordingly. This includes but is not limited to:

- Setting Session ID and Reboot Flag according to this specification.
- Keeping a Session ID counter only used for sending Multicast SD messages.
- Keeping Session ID counters for every Unicast relation for sending Unicast SD messages.
- Understanding Session ID and Reboot Flag according to this specification.
- Keeping a Multicast Session ID counter per ECU that exchanges Multicast SD messages with this ECU.
- Keeping a Unicast Session ID counter per ECU that exchanges Unicast SD messages with this ECU.
- Detecting reboot based on this specification and reaction accordingly.
- Correctly interpreting the IPv4 and IPv6 SD Endpoint Options in regard to Reboot Detection.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00018, RS SOMEIPSD 00007)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00504] [The Client and Server shall implement the "Endpoint Handling for Service and Events". This includes but is not limited to:

- Adding 1 Endpoint Option UDP to an Offer Service if UDP is needed.
- Adding 1 Endpoint Option TCP to an Offer Service if TCP is needed.
- Adding 1 Endpoint Option UDP to Subscribe Eventgroup if events over UDP are required.
- Adding 1 Endpoint Option TCP to Subscribe Eventgroup if events over TCP are required.
- Adding 1 Multicast Option UDP to Subscribe Eventgroup Ack if multicast events are required.



- Understanding and acting according to the Endpoint and Multicast Options transported as described above.
- Overwriting preconfigured values (e.g. IP Addresses and Ports) with the information of these Endpoint and Multicast Options.
- Interpreting incoming IPv4 and IPv6 Endpoint Options as SD endpoints instead of the Address and Port number in the outer layers.

(RS SOMEIPSD 00025, RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS -SOMEIPSD 00007)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00821] [The Client and Server shall implement the explicit requesting of Initial Events. (see PRS SOMEIPSD 00703)|(RS SOMEIPSD 00025, RS -SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00007)

#### **Migration and Compatibility** 7.2

#### Supporting multiple versions of the same service.

In order to support migrations scenarios ECUs shall support serving as well as using different incompatible versions of the same service.

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00512] [In order to support a Service with more than one version the following is required:

- The server shall offer the service instance of this service once per major version.
- The client shall find the service instances once per supported major version or shall use the Major Version as 0xFF (all versions).
- The client shall subscribe to events of the service version it needs.
- All SOME/IP-SD entries shall use the same Service-IDs and Instance-IDs but different Major Versions.
- The server has to demultiplex messages based on the socket they arrive, Message-ID, Major Versions and relay it based on these conditions internally to the correct receiver.

|(RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00025, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00008, RS\_SOMEIPSD\_00013, RS\_-SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00005)

[PRS\_SOMEIPSD\_00806] [In one VLAN there shall be at most one service instance with the same Service ID, Major Version and Instance ID. This applies to the server and to the client Network Nodes. | (RS SOMEIPSD 00025, RS SOMEIPSD 00008, RS SOMEIPSD 00013, RS SOMEIPSD 00015, RS SOMEIPSD 00005)



Note: Configuring more than one service instance on one Network Node that differs only in the Minor Version is not allowed since they can not be distinguished in Eventgroup entries.



# 8 References

[1] Glossary AUTOSAR\_FO\_TR\_Glossary



# Change history of AUTOSAR traceable items

Please note that the lists in this chapter also include traceable items that have been removed from the specification in a later version. These items do not appear as hyperlinks in the document.

#### Traceable item history of this document according to **A**.1 **AUTOSAR Release R23-11**

#### A.1.1 Added Specification Items in R23-11

```
[PRS SOMEIPSD 00853]
                      [PRS SOMEIPSD 00854] [PRS SOMEIPSD 00855]
[PRS SOMEIPSD 00856]
                      [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00857] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00859]
[PRS SOMEIPSD 00860]
```

#### A.1.2 Changed Specification Items in R23-11

```
[PRS SOMEIPSD 00126]
                      [PRS SOMEIPSD 00127] [PRS SOMEIPSD 00128]
[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00129] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00356] [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00449]
[PRS SOMEIPSD 00457] [PRS SOMEIPSD 00547] [PRS SOMEIPSD 00549]
[PRS SOMEIPSD 00556] [PRS SOMEIPSD 00583] [PRS SOMEIPSD 00842]
```

#### A.1.3 Deleted Specification Items in R23-11

[PRS SOMEIPSD 00838]