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Contents

1	Introduction and Functional Overview	6
2	Acronyms and Abbreviations	7
2.1	Physical Segmentation	8
3	Related Documentation	9
3.1	Input Documents & Related Standards and Norms	9
3.2	Related Specification	9
4	Constraints and Assumptions	10
4.1	Limitations	10
4.1.1	General Limitations	10
4.1.2	Implementation Limitations	10
4.1.3	Memory Test Capabilities	10
4.2	Applicability to Car Domains	11
5	Dependencies to Other Modules	12
5.1	SPI Driver	12
6	Requirements Tracing	13
7	Functional Specification	15
7.1	Overview	15
7.1.1	Key Aspects	15
7.2	Functional Elements	15
7.2.1	Job Management	15
7.2.1.1	Job Status/Job Results	16
7.2.1.2	Job Suspend/Resume	17
7.2.2	Hardware Specific Services	17
7.2.3	Multi Memory Device Instance Support	17
7.2.4	Dynamic Driver Activation	18
7.2.5	Service Invocation	18
7.2.5.1	Direct Invocation	19
7.2.5.2	Indirect Invocation	19
7.2.6	Binary Image Format	19
7.2.6.1	Header	20
7.2.6.2	Service Function Pointer Table	22
7.2.6.3	Delimiter	22
7.2.7	Optional Services	23
7.3	Module Handling	23
7.3.1	Initialization	23
7.3.2	Scheduling	23
7.3.3	ECC Handling	23
7.4	General Design Rules	24
7.4.1	Address Alignment	24

7.4.2	64-Bit Support	24
7.5	Error Classification	25
7.5.1	Development Errors	25
7.5.2	Runtime Errors	25
7.5.3	Transient Faults	25
7.5.4	Production Errors	25
7.5.5	Extended Production Errors	25
8	API Specification	26
8.1	Imported Types	26
8.2	Type Definitions	26
8.2.1	Mem_AddressType	26
8.2.2	Mem_ConfigType	26
8.2.3	Mem_DataType	27
8.2.4	Mem_InstanceIdType	27
8.2.5	Mem_LengthType	27
8.2.6	Mem_HwServiceIdType	28
8.3	Function Definitions	28
8.3.1	Synchronous Functions	28
8.3.1.1	Mem_Init	28
8.3.1.2	Mem_DeInit	29
8.3.1.3	Mem_GetVersionInfo	29
8.3.1.4	Mem_GetJobResult	30
8.3.1.5	Mem_Suspend	31
8.3.1.6	Mem_Resume	31
8.3.1.7	Mem_PropagateError	32
8.3.2	Asynchronous Functions	33
8.3.2.1	Mem_Read	33
8.3.2.2	Mem_Write	34
8.3.2.3	Mem_Erase	36
8.3.2.4	Mem_BlankCheck	37
8.3.2.5	Mem_HwSpecificService	38
8.4	Callback Notifications	39
8.5	Scheduled Functions	39
8.5.1	Mem_MainFunction	39
8.6	Expected Interfaces	39
8.6.1	Mandatory Interfaces	39
8.6.2	Optional Interfaces	40
8.6.3	Configurable Interfaces	40
9	Sequence Diagrams	41
9.1	Hardware Specific Error Handling	41
9.2	ECC Handling Example Sequence	42
10	Configuration Specification	43
10.1	How to Read this Chapter	43
10.2	Containers and Configuration Parameters	43

10.2.1	Mem	43
10.2.2	MemInstance	46
10.3	Published Information	51
A	Change history of AUTOSAR traceable items	52
A.1	Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R23-11	52
A.1.1	Added Specification Items in R23-11	52
A.1.2	Changed Specification Items in R23-11	52
A.1.3	Deleted Specification Items in R23-11	52
A.2	Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R22-11	53
A.2.1	Added Specification Items in R22-11	53
A.2.2	Changed Specification Items in R22-11	53
A.2.3	Deleted Specification Items in R22-11	53
B	Not applicable requirements	54

1 Introduction and Functional Overview

This specification describes the functionality, API and the configuration for the AUTOSAR Basic Software module Memory Driver (Mem).

The Memory Driver provides the basic services for accessing different kinds of memory devices like reading, writing, erasing and blank checking.

Although flash memory is still the most common non-volatile memory technology, the Memory Driver specification considers all relevant memory device technologies like EEPROM, phase change memory (PCM) and ferro electric RAM.

To harmonize the memory access for the upper layers, the Memory Driver specification also covers access of RAM. Aside from microcontroller internal memory devices, the Memory Device specification can also be applied to external memory devices attached, e.g. via a serial peripheral interface.

In contrast to the Flash and EEPROM Driver specification, the Memory Driver specification explicitly covers also code memory access to support new use cases like background OTA software update which require code memory access.

Figure 1.1 shows an example architectural overview with different Memory Drivers and upper layers:

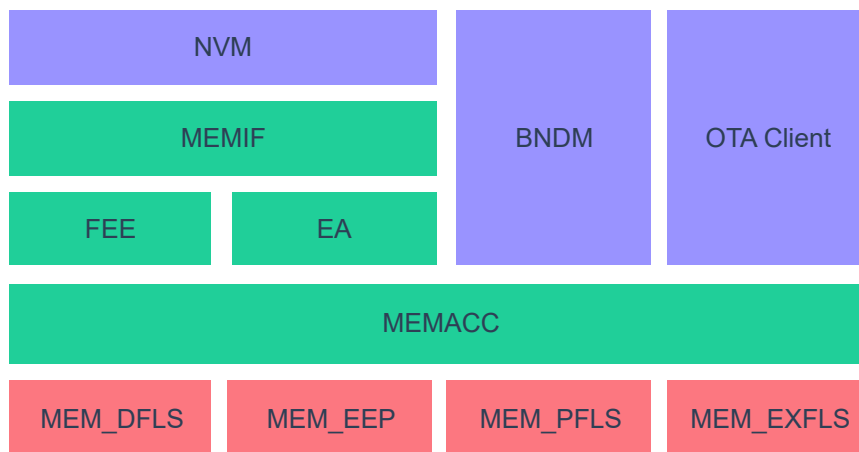


Figure 1.1: MemAcc Architecture Example

2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

The glossary below includes acronyms and abbreviations relevant to the Mem driver that are not included in the [1, AUTOSAR glossary].

Abbreviation / Acronym	Description
ABI	Application Binary Interface
BndM	Bulk Non-Volatile Data Manager
ECC	Error Correction Code
FOTA	Firmware Over The Air - remote firmware update using wireless communication
HSM	Hardware Security Module - dedicated security MCU core
OTA	Over The Air - general term for wireless communication between OEM backend and vehicle
RWW	Read While Write - capability of a memory device to perform a read operation in one memory bank while at the same time a write/erase operation takes place in another bank
SOTA	Software Over The Air - remote software update using wireless communication

Terms	Description
Address Area	Contiguous memory area in the logical address space Typically multiple physical memory sectors are combined to one logical address area.
Bank	Group of sector batches In case a memory technology is segmented in sectors, a bank is an instance of a sector batch group in which no read-while-write operation is permitted. In case of a flash memory device, this typically maps to an individual flash controller.
Job Request	Memory access request by an upper layer module for an address area.
Memory Device	Group of banks
Page Burst	Aggregated access of memory pages for improved performance In case a memory device technology has a physical segmentation, some memory devices provide an optimized access method to read or write multiple pages at a time. Page burst denotes the aggregation of memory pages used for the access optimization.
Sector	Smallest erasable memory unit (in bytes) Some memory device technologies require an explicit physical erase operation before the memory can be written. A sector defines the minimum size of such an erase unit. Depending on the memory device, sectors can be either uniform- or variable-sized.
Sector Batch	Aggregation of sectors with uniform size Logical aggregation of contiguous sectors with the same size.
Sector Burst	Aggregation of sectors for improved erase performance In case a memory technology needs a physical erase operation, some devices provide an erase performance optimization by erasing an aggregation of sectors in one step.
Sub Address Area	Contiguous memory area in the logical address space mapped to a sector batch of one memory device.

Terms	Description
Write Page	Smallest writeable unit of a memory device (in bytes) Some memory device technologies must be accessed considering a physical segmentation. Hence a byte-wise access is not possible for all memory device technologies. This term defines the minimum size that needs to be written in one access.

2.1 Physical Segmentation

Figure 2.1 gives an overview of the physical segmentation and the according technical terms:

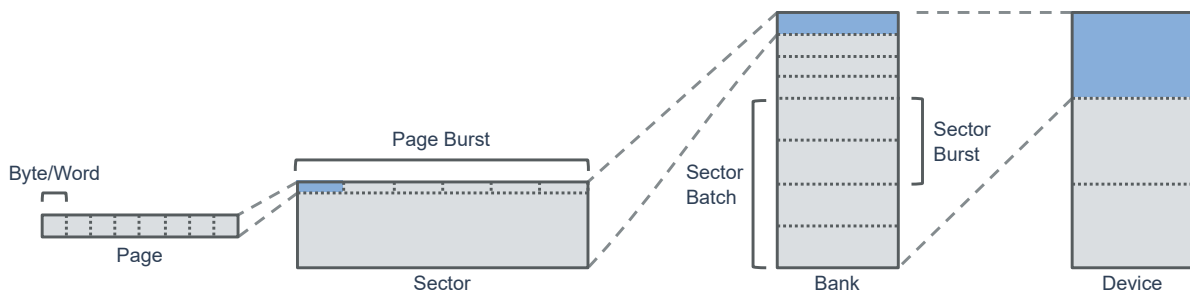


Figure 2.1: Overview of Physical Segmentation

3 Related Documentation

3.1 Input Documents & Related Standards and Norms

- [1] Glossary
AUTOSAR_FO_TR_Glossary
- [2] General Specification of Basic Software Modules
AUTOSAR_CP_SWS_BSWGeneral
- [3] Requirements on Memory Hardware Abstraction Layer
AUTOSAR_CP_SRS_MemoryHWAbstractionLayer
- [4] Requirements on AUTOSAR Features
AUTOSAR_CP_RS_Features
- [5] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules
AUTOSAR_CP_SRS_BSWGeneral

3.2 Related Specification

AUTOSAR provides a General Specification on Basic Software modules [2, SWS BSW General], which is also valid for Mem driver.

Thus, the specification SWS BSW General shall be considered as additional and required specification for Mem driver.

4 Constraints and Assumptions

The following constraints apply for the Mem driver:

- The Mem driver only works on physical segments, i.e. pages/page bursts and sectors/sector bursts for flash memory.
- The Mem driver expects any requests to be aligned to the physical segmentation, i.e. pages and sectors for flash memory.

Due to this constraints, Mem drivers can only be used in combination with the Memory Access Module.

4.1 Limitations

4.1.1 General Limitations

Block based memory devices like NAND flash devices are out of scope of this specification.

4.1.2 Implementation Limitations

The following implementation limitations apply for the Mem driver:

- The Mem driver does not provide any strategy for write accesses smaller than the physical segmentation, i.e. pages and sectors for flash memory since it does not use any internal buffers.
- The Mem driver does not provide mechanisms for providing data integrity (e.g. checksums, redundant storage, etc.).
- The size of Mem driver service requests is limited to 32-Bits to avoid a resource overhead for 32-Bit microcontroller.

4.1.3 Memory Test Capabilities

The Mem driver does not provide any general APIs for performing background memory tests since the memory test capabilities are very hardware dependent. To implement memory tests, the Mem driver's hardware specific request service API can be used.

4.2 Applicability to Car Domains

The Mem driver can be used in any domain application that needs memory access to either store data or perform a software update.

5 Dependencies to Other Modules

5.1 SPI Driver

Typically, external memory devices are connected via a serial bus like SPI (serial peripheral interface). To access such devices, a driver for the SPI peripheral in the microcontroller is needed to access the external memory device. Depending on the implementation of the Mem driver, the SPI driver might be part of the Mem driver or the Mem driver uses an existing MCAL SPI handler/driver.

6 Requirements Tracing

The following tables reference the requirements specified in [3], [4], [5] and [2] and links to the fulfillment of these. Please note that if column “Satisfied by” is empty for a specific requirement this means that this requirement is not fulfilled by this document.

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_BRF_01000]	AUTOSAR architecture shall organize the BSW in a hardware independent and a hardware dependent layer	[SWS_Mem_00088]
[SRS_BSW_00003]	All software modules shall provide version and identification information	[SWS_Mem_10009]
[SRS_BSW_00004]	All Basic SW Modules shall perform a pre-processor check of the versions of all imported include files	[SWS_Mem_00033]
[SRS_BSW_00167]	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall provide configuration rules and constraints to enable plausibility checks	[SWS_Mem_00033]
[SRS_BSW_00172]	The scheduling strategy that is built inside the Basic Software Modules shall be compatible with the strategy used in the system	[SWS_Mem_00066]
[SRS_BSW_00323]	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall check passed API parameters for validity	[SWS_Mem_00002] [SWS_Mem_00004] [SWS_Mem_00005] [SWS_Mem_00006] [SWS_Mem_00007] [SWS_Mem_00009] [SWS_Mem_00010] [SWS_Mem_00011] [SWS_Mem_00012] [SWS_Mem_00013] [SWS_Mem_00015] [SWS_Mem_00016] [SWS_Mem_00017] [SWS_Mem_00018] [SWS_Mem_00020] [SWS_Mem_00022] [SWS_Mem_00023] [SWS_Mem_00024] [SWS_Mem_00025] [SWS_Mem_00026] [SWS_Mem_00027] [SWS_Mem_00033] [SWS_Mem_00072] [SWS_Mem_00090] [SWS_Mem_00091] [SWS_Mem_00092]
[SRS_BSW_00385]	List possible error notifications	[SWS_Mem_00052]
[SRS_BSW_00414]	Init functions shall have a pointer to a configuration structure as single parameter	[SWS_Mem_10000]
[SRS_BSW_00415]	Interfaces which are provided exclusively for one module shall be separated into a dedicated header file	[SWS_Mem_10020] [SWS_Mem_10021] [SWS_Mem_10022]
[SRS_BSW_00452]	Classification of runtime errors	[SWS_Mem_00065]
[SRS_MemHwAb_-14031]	The FEE and EA modules shall provide a service that allows canceling an ongoing asynchronous operation	[SWS_Mem_00079] [SWS_Mem_00080] [SWS_Mem_00081] [SWS_Mem_00082] [SWS_Mem_00083] [SWS_Mem_00084]
[SRS_MemHwAb_-14034]	MemAcc module shall allow the configuration of the priority for different logical address areas	[SWS_Mem_10024] [SWS_Mem_10025]
[SRS_MemHwAb_-14036]	Mem driver shall be statically configurable	[SWS_Mem_00035]
[SRS_MemHwAb_-14037]	MemAcc module and Mem driver shall provide an interface for initialization	[SWS_Mem_00001] [SWS_Mem_10008] [SWS_Mem_10018]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[SRS_MemHwAb_ - 14038]	MemAcc module and Mem driver shall provide asynchronous memory access functions	[SWS_Mem_10010] [SWS_Mem_10012] [SWS_Mem_10013] [SWS_Mem_10014] [SWS_Mem_10016] [SWS_Mem_10017]
[SRS_MemHwAb_ - 14039]	MemAcc module and Mem driver shall support optional services	[SWS_Mem_00070] [SWS_Mem_10012] [SWS_Mem_10013] [SWS_Mem_10014] [SWS_Mem_10016] [SWS_Mem_10017]
[SRS_MemHwAb_ - 14040]	MemAcc module and Mem driver shall provide a synchronous status function	[SWS_Mem_00029] [SWS_Mem_00030] [SWS_Mem_00031] [SWS_Mem_00063] [SWS_Mem_00067] [SWS_Mem_00076] [SWS_Mem_00077] [SWS_Mem_00078] [SWS_Mem_10011]
[SRS_MemHwAb_ - 14042]	MemAcc module shall support multiple Mem drivers for different types of memory	[SWS_Mem_10026]
[SRS_MemHwAb_ - 14043]	Mem driver and shall support multiple instances of the same memory device	[SWS_Mem_00060] [SWS_Mem_10004]
[SRS_MemHwAb_ - 14045]	MemAcc module and Mem driver shall provide measures for dynamic driver activation	[SWS_Mem_00038] [SWS_Mem_00039] [SWS_Mem_00040] [SWS_Mem_00041] [SWS_Mem_00042] [SWS_Mem_00043] [SWS_Mem_00044] [SWS_Mem_00045] [SWS_Mem_00046] [SWS_Mem_00048] [SWS_Mem_00051] [SWS_Mem_00073] [SWS_Mem_00093] [SWS_Mem_00094] [SWS_Mem_00095] [SWS_Mem_00096]
[SRS_MemHwAb_ - 14046]	MemAcc module and Mem driver shall provide support for 64-Bit address range	[SWS_Mem_00036] [SWS_Mem_00037] [SWS_Mem_10002] [SWS_Mem_10007]
[SRS_MemHwAb_ - 14047]	MemAcc module shall provide optional support for the initialization and main function triggering of memory drivers	[SWS_Mem_00001]
[SRS_MemHwAb_ - 14049]	Mem driver shall use a standard binary format for dynamic driver activation	[SWS_Mem_00038] [SWS_Mem_00041] [SWS_Mem_00042] [SWS_Mem_00043] [SWS_Mem_00044] [SWS_Mem_00045] [SWS_Mem_00046] [SWS_Mem_00048] [SWS_Mem_00051] [SWS_Mem_00073] [SWS_Mem_00093] [SWS_Mem_00094] [SWS_Mem_00095] [SWS_Mem_00096]
[SRS_MemHwAb_ - 14050]	Mem driver shall handle only one job at one time	[SWS_Mem_00057] [SWS_Mem_00059]
[SRS_MemHwAb_ - 14051]	Mem driver shall not buffer data	[SWS_Mem_10003]
[SRS_MemHwAb_ - 14053]	Mem driver shall provide a function to a system ECC handle to propagate ECC errors	[SWS_Mem_00061] [SWS_Mem_10015]
[SRS_MemHwAb_ - 14056]	MemAcc module and Mem driver shall provide a generic function to access the hardware specific functionalities	[SWS_Mem_00053] [SWS_Mem_10017]
[SWS_BSW_00050]	Check parameters passed to <i>Initialization functions</i>	[SWS_Mem_00087]
[SWS_BSW_00101]	Module abbreviation	[SWS_Mem_00074]
[SWS_BSW_00102]	Module implementation prefix	[SWS_Mem_00074]
[SWS_BSW_00103]	General file naming convention	[SWS_Mem_00074]
[SWS_BSW_00171]	File names are non-ambiguous	[SWS_Mem_00074]

Table 6.1: RequirementsTracing

7 Functional Specification

This chapter defines the behavior of the Mem driver.
The API of the module is defined in chapter 8, while the configuration is defined in 10.

7.1 Overview

The Mem driver's task is the low level memory access based on the physical segmentation of the underlying memory device technology.

The API of the Mem driver is memory device technology independent and thus provides a memory device agnostic interface to the Memory Access Module upper layer.

All high level functionality like cross-segment operations are handled by the Memory Access Module to keep the complexity and the footprint of the Mem drivers as small as possible.

7.1.1 Key Aspects

- Harmonized, memory device agnostic upper layer interface
- Support of code memories
- Multi instance support
- Dynamic activation of Mem drivers
- 64-Bit device support
- Support of optional memory services
- Generic interface for providing memory device specific services

7.2 Functional Elements

7.2.1 Job Management

[SWS_Mem_00057] [A Mem driver instance shall allow only one job request at a time.]
([SRS_MemHwAb_14050](#))

Note: Since the MemAcc module takes care about the job management of the upper layer, there is no need to implement a job queue in the Mem driver.

[SWS_Mem_00059] [If the Mem driver is not able to process a job request, e.g. due to a pending request or due to an invalid parameter, the job request shall be rejected]

by an `E_NOT_OK` return code.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14050](#))

[SWS_Mem_00066] [All job requests triggered by asynchronous Mem driver services shall be executed within the `Mem_MainFunction`.]([SRS_BSW_00172](#))

[SWS_Mem_00063] [If the memory hardware provides ECC information, the Mem driver shall check for uncorrectable ECC errors and set the job result code to `MEM_ECC_UNCORRECTED` and abort the current job processing.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14040](#))

7.2.1.1 Job Status/Job Results

The Mem driver provides the `Mem_GetJobResult` service to retrieve the current job processing status as well as the result of the last processed job. Once a new job is processed, the result of the last processed job gets overwritten by the current status/result.

[SWS_Mem_00029] [The Mem driver shall keep track of the job processing and the result of the last processed job.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14040](#))

[SWS_Mem_00030] [Once a job request is accepted, the job processing status shall be set to `MEM_JOB_PENDING`.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14040](#))

[SWS_Mem_00067] [After a job was successfully processed, the job processing status shall be set to `MEM_JOB_OK`.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14040](#))

[SWS_Mem_00031] [In case a pending job was not able to complete, the job processing status shall be set to `MEM_JOB_FAILED`.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14040](#))

[SWS_Mem_00076] [In case the job processing was completed but the results of the last Mem job didn't meet the expected result, e.g. a blank check operation was applied on a non-blank memory area, the job result shall be set to `MEM_INCONSISTENT`.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14040](#))

[SWS_Mem_00077] [If the memory hardware supplies ECC information, the Mem driver shall check for correctable ECC errors and, in the case of correctable ECC errors, continue with the job processing. After completion of the job, the job result shall be set to `MEM_ECC_CORRECTED`.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14040](#))

[SWS_Mem_00078] [In case the last memory operation didn't complete due to an uncorrectable ECC error, the job result shall be set to `MEM_ECC_UNCORRECTED`.] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14040](#))

7.2.1.2 Job Suspend/Resume

To reduce delays for prioritizing memory accesses, the Mem driver provides services for suspending/resuming memory operations.

[SWS_Mem_00082] [In case a memory device provides a hardware-based suspend/resume mechanism, the Mem driver shall utilize the hardware capabilities to implement the `Mem_Suspend` and `Mem_Resume` services. If no hardware suspend/resume support is available, the `Mem_Suspend` and `Mem_Resume` services shall return `E_MEM_SERVICE_NOT_AVAIL`.] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14031](#))

Note: For the hardware-based suspend/resume operation, it is expected, that the suspend/resume operation is completely handled by the memory hardware (no persistence of any state information needed in software, etc.) and there is no restriction regarding the intermediate operation that is issued while the device is in suspend state. If the hardware does not provide such features, prioritization is only possible based on the physical memory segmentation.

7.2.2 Hardware Specific Services

To support memory device specific services, Mem driver implementations can provide hardware specific services.

Figure 9.1 shows a typical use case for using a hardware specific service to implement a hardware specific error handling.

[SWS_Mem_00053] [All hardware specific routines shall be accessed by the `Mem_HwSpecificService()` service.] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14056](#))

7.2.3 Multi Memory Device Instance Support

[SWS_Mem_00060] [The Mem driver implementation shall support multiple instances of the same memory device.] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14043](#))

Note: For the OTA software update use case, multiple memory devices of the same type are used to expand the memory resources.

7.2.4 Dynamic Driver Activation

To support use cases where the Mem driver shall not be permanently available, i.e. to prevent accidental overwriting of memory areas, the Mem driver shall provide measures that allow dynamic activation or download of Mem drivers.

There are two options to support this use case:

- Download of a Mem driver binary image into RAM
- Copy/decrypt a Mem driver ROM binary image into RAM

Both options require that the Mem driver is compiled as a separate binary. In case the Mem driver binary is part of the application image, the Mem driver binary image should to be encrypted, e.g. by a XOR operation and only be decrypted in RAM if the Mem driver shall be activated. The download or decryption operation of the Mem driver must be implemented as a CDD and is not covered by this specification.

To provide interoperability of different Mem driver implementations, the Mem drivers need to build according to standardized binary image format. The Mem driver binary image format is defined in chapter 7.2.6.

[SWS_Mem_00039] [If built as a separate image, the Mem driver shall be completely self contained, i.e. it must not call any library or any other external functions.] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#))

Note: Since the Mem driver is running in a different context than it was built, it must not depend on any external functions or libraries. Therefore, the development error detection mechanisms is not available in case the Mem driver is built as a separate binary.

7.2.5 Service Invocation

[SWS_Mem_00038] [The Mem driver shall provide two ways for the service function invocation:

- Direct service invocation
- Indirect service invocation by a function pointer table

] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

Note: Some use cases like OTA background software update might require dynamic Mem driver activation using the indirect service invocation while simple use cases like NVM data storage want to use direct service invocation.

7.2.5.1 Direct Invocation

In case the Mem driver service functions are directly invoked, the Mem driver is linked with the application software and the Mem driver service functions are directly called by the MemAcc module.

7.2.5.2 Indirect Invocation

The indirect service invocation is needed for the dynamic driver activation feature described in chapter 7.2.4.

7.2.6 Binary Image Format

This chapter specifies the Mem driver binary image format. The binary image format is split into five parts:

- Header, containing management information
- Service function pointer table
- Service function implementation
- Delimiter

Figure 7.1 shows an overview of the Mem driver binary image:

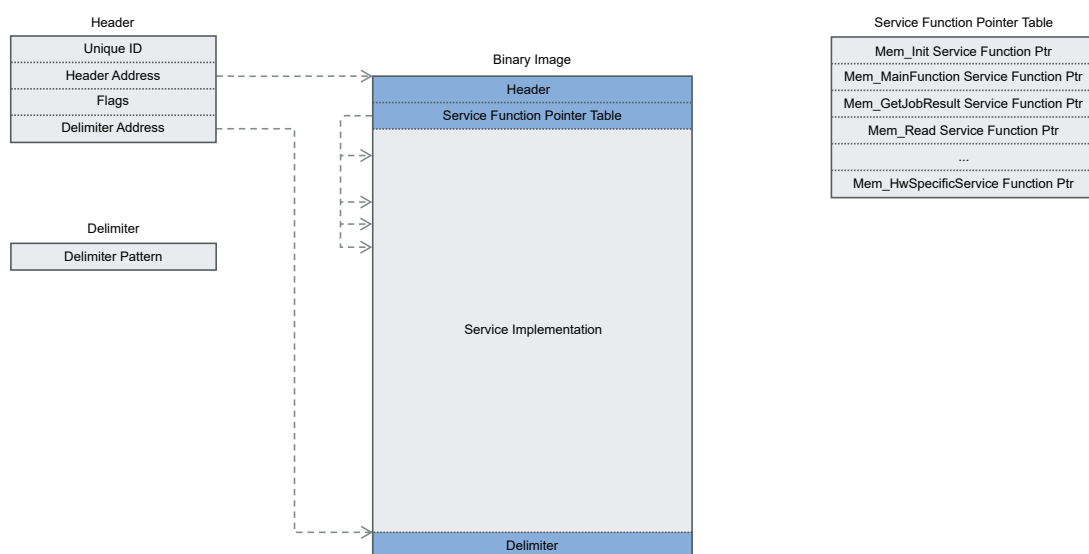


Figure 7.1: Binary Image Format Overview

[SWS_Mem_00040] [Since Mem drivers are always hardware/CPU specific, the byte order of data fields and address information within the Mem driver binary shall follow the standard CPU byte order.] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#))

Note: Avoid unnecessary address/data format conversions.

7.2.6.1 Header

[SWS_Mem_00041] [The header part of the Mem driver binary shall follow the structure defined in [\[SWS_Mem_00093\]](#). The size of the address information depends on the configured `MemAcc_AddressType` (4 or 8 bytes).] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

[SWS_Mem_00093] [

Offset [bytes]	Size [bytes]	Name	Description
0	8	Unique ID	Mem driver unique identifier - used to validate Mem driver version information, etc.
8	8	Flags	Flags used for additional development error detection.
16	4/8	Header address	Start address of Mem driver image header - used to verify consistency of Mem driver RAM buffer/ROM image location.
20/24	4/8	Delimiter address	Address of Mem driver binary image delimiter pattern - used to validate if the binary is complete.

Header Binary Format

] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

7.2.6.1.1 Unique ID

[SWS_Mem_00042] [The unique identifier is used for unique identification of Mem drivers. The format of the unique identifier shall follow the structure defined in [\[SWS_Mem_00094\]](#).] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

[SWS_Mem_00094] [

Offset [bytes]	Size [bytes]	Name	Description
0	2	ABI version	BCD-encoded Mem driver binary interface version. Any change of the interface version will also require an update of the MemAcc module.
2	2	Vendor ID	Standard AUTOSAR vendor identification.
4	4	Driver ID	Vendor specific driver identification.

Unique ID Format

] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

[SWS_Mem_00043] [The ABI version of a Mem driver following this specification shall be 0001.] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

7.2.6.1.2 Header Address

[SWS_Mem_00044] [The header address is used for development error checks to verify the consistency of the linked Mem driver binary image with the location of the RAM buffer which is used for execution of the Mem driver.

In case of a relocatable/position independent Mem driver binary, the header address shall be set to zero, otherwise, the header address shall hold the physical start address of the Mem driver binary.] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

7.2.6.1.3 Flags

[SWS_Mem_00045] [The flag part of the Mem driver header is a bit-field which holds additional information for develop error checks.

The format of the flag bit-field shall follow the structure defined in [\[SWS_Mem_00095\]](#).] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

[SWS_Mem_00095] [

Offset [bits]	Size [bits]	Name	Description
0	1	Relocatable binary	If this bit is set, the Mem driver binary is relocatable and no address consistency checks can be done.
1	31	Reserved	Reserved by this specification - shall be 0.
32	32	Vendor specific	Vendor specific flags.

Flag Format

] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

7.2.6.1.4 Delimiter Address

[SWS_Mem_00046] [The delimiter address part of the Mem driver header is used for development error checks to verify that the Mem driver binary is complete by checking the delimiter pattern linked to the end of the Mem driver binary.

In case of a relocatable/position independent Mem driver binary, the delimiter address shall be set to zero, otherwise, the delimiter address shall hold the physical address of the delimiter pattern.] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

7.2.6.2 Service Function Pointer Table

[SWS_Mem_00073] [The function pointer table is a standardized structure used to reference the Mem driver service functions.

The format of function pointer table shall follow the structure defined in [\[SWS_Mem_00096\]](#).] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

[SWS_Mem_00096] [

Entry	Name	Description
1	Init service pointer	Function pointer to Mem driver Init service.
2	Delnit service pointer	Function pointer to Mem driver Delnit service.
3	MainFunction service pointer	Function pointer to Mem driver MainFunction service.
4	GetJobResult service pointer	Function pointer to Mem driver GetJobResult service.
5	Read service pointer	Function pointer to Mem driver Read service.
6	Write service pointer	Function pointer to Mem driver Write service.
7	Erase service pointer	Function pointer to Mem driver Erase service.
8	PropagateError service pointer	Function pointer to Mem driver PropagateError service.
9	BlankCheck service pointer	Function pointer to Mem driver BlankCheck service.
10	Suspend service pointer	Function pointer to Mem driver Suspend service.
11	Resume service pointer	Function pointer to Mem driver Resume service.
12	HwSpecificService service pointer	Function pointer to Mem driver HwSpecificService service.

Function Pointer Table

] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

[SWS_Mem_00048] [The size of the Mem driver function pointers shall be machine/CPU specific.] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

Note: The system integrator has to ensure to use the same memory model for the Mem driver and the MemAcc module.

7.2.6.3 Delimiter

The delimiter field marks the end of the Mem driver binary image. The format of the delimiter field shall follow the unique identifier defined in paragraph [7.2.6.1.1](#).

[SWS_Mem_00051] [The value of the delimiter field shall be the ones' complement of the unique identifier value.] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14045](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14049](#))

7.2.7 Optional Services

Since not all Mem driver services are relevant for all memory device technologies, the Mem driver provides mechanisms to indicate to the MemAcc module which services are available.

Independent, if a service is relevant, the Mem driver shall provide all standard services as defined in chapter 8.3.

[SWS_Mem_00070] [In case a service is not relevant for a specific memory device technology, the service shall always return `E_MEM_SERVICE_NOT_AVAIL.`] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14039](#))

7.3 Module Handling

7.3.1 Initialization

The Mem driver is initialized via `Mem_Init`. Except for `Mem_GetVersionInfo`, `Mem_MainFunction` and `Mem_Init`, the API functions of the Mem driver may only be called after the module has been properly initialized.

7.3.2 Scheduling

Since most of the Mem driver services are asynchronous services, the `Mem_MainFunction` needs to be cyclically triggered. Since Mem driver don't need to measure times or do any timing supervision, there is no need to call the `Mem_MainFunction` with a fixed cycle.

7.3.3 ECC Handling

Handling ECC errors is very hardware specific but typically a non-maskable interrupt is triggered by the ECC circuit. Dealing with ECC errors has to be done on a system level as the error reaction needs to be handled on system level as well.

To propagate memory ECC errors to the upper layer, the Mem driver provides the `Mem_PropagateError` API which can be called by the system ECC error handler to forward ECC errors.

Figure 9.2 shows an example ECC handling sequence to illustrate the usage of the `Mem_PropagateError` API.

7.4 General Design Rules

[SWS_Mem_00033] [The Mem driver shall check static configuration parameters statically (at the latest during compile time) for correctness.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#), [SRS_BSW_00167](#), [SRS_BSW_00004](#))

[SWS_Mem_00088] [The Mem driver shall not verify the result of a write or erase operation.]([RS_BRF_01000](#))

Note: Consistency checks shall be implemented by the upper layers, e.g., by reading back the data or performing an explicit blank check.

7.4.1 Address Alignment

[SWS_Mem_00035] [The Mem driver shall not perform any sort of address or length alignment in case physical segmentation needs to be considered, e.g. for flash memory.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14036](#))

Note: The MemAcc module takes care about alignment/splitting Mem service requests according to the configure physical segmentation.

7.4.2 64-Bit Support

[SWS_Mem_00036] [The Mem driver shall inherit the size of Mem_AddressType from MemAcc_AddressType to support memories larger than 4GBytes.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14046](#))

Note: This requirement applies for all Mem drivers, independent if the physical memory size is less than 4GBytes.

[SWS_Mem_00037] [If the maximum physical memory size of a device does not exceed 4GBytes, the Mem driver shall perform an explicit cast and work internally with a 32-Bit address type.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14046](#))

Note: Avoid resource overhead on 32-Bit microcontroller.

7.5 Error Classification

7.5.1 Development Errors

[SWS_Mem_00052] Definiton of development errors in module Mem [

Type of error	Related error code	Error value
API service called without module initialization	MEM_E_UNINIT	0x01
API service called with NULL pointer	MEM_E_PARAM_POINTER	0x02
API service called with an invalid address	MEM_E_PARAM_ADDRESS	0x03
API service called with an invalid length	MEM_E_PARAM_LENGTH	0x04
API service called with an invalid driver instance ID	MEM_E_PARAM_INSTANCE_ID	0x05
API service called while a job request is still in progress	MEM_E_JOB_PENDING	0x06

]([SRS_BSW_00385](#))

7.5.2 Runtime Errors

There are no runtime errors.

7.5.3 Transient Faults

[SWS_Mem_00065]{DRAFT} [The Mem driver does not use transient faults. In case the memory device supports extended error checks, the Mem driver shall indicate them to the upper layer using the normal fault handling.]([SRS_BSW_00452](#))

Note: Simplify system design by just having one fault handling mechanism.

7.5.4 Production Errors

There are no production errors.

7.5.5 Extended Production Errors

There are no extended production errors.

8 API Specification

[SWS_Mem_00074] [The Mem driver API names, type definitions and file naming scheme shall follow the standard AUTOSAR BSW Module implementation prefix with `vendorId` and `vendorApiInfix`.] ([SWS_BSW_00101](#), [SWS_BSW_00102](#), [SWS_BSW_00103](#), [SWS_BSW_00171](#))

8.1 Imported Types

In this chapter all types included from the following files are listed.

[SWS_Mem_10020] Definition of imported datatypes of module Mem [

Module	Header File	Imported Type
MemAcc	MemAcc_GeneralTypes.h	MemAcc_AddressType
	MemAcc_GeneralTypes.h	MemAcc_MemJobResultType
Std	Std_Types.h	Std_ReturnType
	Std_Types.h	Std_VersionInfoType

] ([SRS_BSW_00415](#))

8.2 Type Definitions

8.2.1 Mem_AddressType

[SWS_Mem_10002] Definition of datatype Mem_AddressType [

Name	Mem_AddressType
Kind	Type
Derived from	MemAcc_AddressType
Description	Physical memory device address type
Available via	Mem.h

] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14046](#))

8.2.2 Mem_ConfigType

[SWS_Mem_10000] Definition of datatype Mem_ConfigType [

Name	Mem_ConfigType
Kind	Structure
Description	Postbuild configuration structure type
Available via	Mem.h

]([SRS_BSW_00414](#))

8.2.3 Mem_DataType

[SWS_Mem_10003] Definition of datatype Mem_DataType [

Name	Mem_DataType
Kind	Type
Derived from	uint8
Description	Read data user buffer type
Available via	Mem.h

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14051](#))

8.2.4 Mem_InstanceIDType

[SWS_Mem_10004] Definition of datatype Mem_InstanceIDType [

Name	Mem_InstanceIDType
Kind	Type
Derived from	uint32
Description	Memory driver instance ID type
Available via	Mem.h

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14043](#))

8.2.5 Mem_LengthType

[SWS_Mem_10007] Definition of datatype Mem_LengthType [

Name	Mem_LengthType
Kind	Type
Derived from	uint32
Description	Physical memory device length type
Available via	Mem.h

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14046](#))

8.2.6 Mem_HwServiceIdType

[SWS_Mem_10026] Definition of datatype Mem_HwServiceIdType [

Name	Mem_HwServiceIdType
Kind	Type
Derived from	uint32
Description	Hardware specific service request identifier type
Available via	Mem.h

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14042](#))

8.3 Function Definitions

8.3.1 Synchronous Functions

8.3.1.1 Mem_Init

[SWS_Mem_10008] Definition of API function Mem_Init [

Service Name	Mem_Init	
Syntax	<pre>void Mem_Init (const Mem_ConfigType* configPtr)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x01	
Sync/Async	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	configPtr	Pointer to the configuration data structure - since Mem driver is a precompile module this parameter is typically not used.
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	None	
Description	Initialization function - initializes all variables and sets the module state to initialized.	
Available via	Mem.h	

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14037](#))

[SWS_Mem_00001] [The service [Mem_Init](#) shall initialize the Mem driver internal states and set the Mem driver job processing state to MEM_JOB_OK.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14037](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14047](#))

[SWS_Mem_00087] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Init](#) shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_POINTER if the [configPtr](#) argument is not a NULL pointer.]([SWS_BSW_00050](#))

Note: The configuration pointer `configPtr` is currently not used and shall therefore be set to a NULL pointer value.

8.3.1.2 Mem_Delnit

[SWS_Mem_10018] Definition of API function Mem_Delnit [

Service Name	Mem_Delnit
Syntax	void Mem_DeInit (void)
Service ID [hex]	0x0b
Sync/Async	Synchronous
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in)	None
Parameters (inout)	None
Parameters (out)	None
Return value	None
Description	De-initialize module. If there is still an access job pending, it is immediately terminated (using hardware cancel operation) and the Mem driver module state is set to uninitialized. Therefore, Mem must be re-initialized before it will accept any new job requests after this service is processed.
Available via	Mem.h

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14037](#))

[SWS_Mem_00079] [The service `Mem_DeInit` shall cancel any ongoing flash operations in the hardware and de-initialize the Mem driver internal states.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14031](#))

8.3.1.3 Mem_GetVersionInfo

[SWS_Mem_10009] Definition of API function Mem_GetVersionInfo [

Service Name	Mem_GetVersionInfo
Syntax	void Mem_GetVersionInfo (Std_VersionInfoType* versionInfoPtr)
Service ID [hex]	0x02
Sync/Async	Synchronous
Reentrancy	Reentrant
Parameters (in)	None
Parameters (inout)	None
Parameters (out)	versionInfoPtr Pointer to standard version information structure.
Return value	None



△

Description	Service to return the version information of the Mem module.
Available via	Mem.h

]([SRS_BSW_00003](#))

[SWS_Mem_00002] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_GetVersionInfo](#) shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_POINTER if the [versionInfoPtr](#) argument is a NULL pointer.] ([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

8.3.1.4 Mem_GetJobResult

[SWS_Mem_10011] Definition of API function Mem_GetJobResult [

Service Name	Mem_GetJobResult	
Syntax	MemAcc_MemJobResultType Mem_GetJobResult (Mem_InstanceIdType instanceId)	
Service ID [hex]	0x04	
Sync/Async	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	instanceId	ID of the related memory driver instance.
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	MemAcc_MemJobResult Type	Most recent job result.
Description	Service to return results of the most recent job.	
Available via	Mem.h	

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14040](#))

[SWS_Mem_00090] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_GetJobResult](#) shall check that the provided [instanceId](#) is consistent with the configuration. If this check fails, [Mem_GetJobResult](#) shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_INSTANCE_ID.] ([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

8.3.1.5 Mem_Suspend

[SWS_Mem_10024]{DRAFT} Definition of API function Mem_Suspend [

Service Name	Mem_Suspend (draft)	
Syntax	<pre>void Mem_Suspend (Mem_InstanceIdType instanceId)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x0c	
Sync/Async	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	instanceId	ID of the related memory driver instance.
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	None	
Description	Suspend active memory operation using hardware mechanism. Tags: atp.Status=draft	
Available via	Mem.h	

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14034](#))

[SWS_Mem_00080] [The service [Mem_Suspend](#) shall suspend any ongoing flash operations using an according hardware mechanism.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14031](#))

[SWS_Mem_00083] [In case a suspend operation is already in pending, [Mem_Suspend](#) shall reject the request by returning E_NOT_OK without further actions.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14031](#))

[SWS_Mem_00091] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Suspend](#) shall check that the provided [instanceId](#) is consistent with the configuration. If this check fails, [Mem_Suspend](#) shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_INSTANCE_ID.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

8.3.1.6 Mem_Resume

[SWS_Mem_10025]{DRAFT} Definition of API function Mem_Resume [

Service Name	Mem_Resume (draft)	
Syntax	<pre>void Mem_Resume (Mem_InstanceIdType instanceId)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x0d	
Sync/Async	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	



△

Parameters (in)	instanceId	ID of the related memory driver instance.
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	None	
Description	Resume suspended memory operation using hardware mechanism. Tags: atp.Status=draft	
Available via	Mem.h	

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14034](#))

[SWS_Mem_00081] [The service [Mem_Resume](#) shall resume a flash operations that was suspended by the service [Mem_Suspend](#).]([SRS_MemHwAb_14031](#))

[SWS_Mem_00084] [In case no suspend operation is pending, [Mem_Resume](#) shall reject the request by returning E_NOT_OK without further actions.]([SRS_MemHwAb_14031](#))

[SWS_Mem_00092] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Resume](#) shall check that the provided [instanceId](#) is consistent with the configuration. If this check fails, [Mem_Resume](#) shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_INSTANCE_ID.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

8.3.1.7 Mem_PropagateError

[SWS_Mem_10015] Definition of API function [Mem_PropagateError](#) [

Service Name	Mem_PropagateError	
Syntax	void Mem_PropagateError (Mem_InstanceIdType instanceId)	
Service ID [hex]	0x08	
Sync/Async	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	instanceId	ID of the related memory driver instance.
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	None	
Description	This service can be used to report an access error in case the Mem driver cannot provide the access error information - typically for ECC faults. It is called by the system ECC handler to propagate an ECC error to the memory upper layers..	
Available via	Mem.h	

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14053](#))

[SWS_Mem_00020] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_PropagateError](#) shall check that the provided `instanceId` is consistent with the configuration. If this check fails, [Mem_PropagateError](#) shall raise the development error `MEM_E_PARAM_INSTANCE_ID`.] ([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00061] [If the [Mem_PropagateError](#) service is called, the Mem driver shall set the job result code to `MEM_ECC_UNCORRECTED` and cancel the current job processing.] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14053](#))

8.3.2 Asynchronous Functions

8.3.2.1 Mem_Read

[SWS_Mem_10012] Definition of API function [Mem_Read](#) [

Service Name	Mem_Read	
Syntax	<pre>Std_ReturnType Mem_Read (Mem_InstanceIdType instanceId, Mem_AddressType sourceAddress, Mem_DataType* destinationDataPtr, Mem_LengthType length)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x05	
Sync/Async	Asynchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	instanceId	ID of the related memory driver instance.
	sourceAddress	Physical address to read data from.
	length	Read length in bytes.
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	destinationDataPtr	Destination memory pointer to store the read data.
Return value	Std_ReturnType	<p><code>E_OK</code>: The requested job has been accepted by the module.</p> <p><code>E_NOT_OK</code>: The requested job has not been accepted by the module.</p> <p><code>E_MEM_SERVICE_NOT_AVAIL</code>: The service function is not implemented.</p>
Description	Triggers a read job to copy the from the source address into the referenced destination data buffer. The result of this service can be retrieved using the Mem_GetJobResult API. If the read operation was successful, the result of the job is <code>MEM_JOB_OK</code> . If the read operation failed, the result of the job is either <code>MEM_JOB_FAILED</code> in case of a general error or <code>MEM_ECC_CORRECTED/MEM_ECC_UNCORRECTED</code> in case of a correctable/uncorrectable ECC error.	
Available via	Mem.h	

] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14038](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14039](#))

[SWS_Mem_00004] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Read](#) shall check that the provided `instanceId` is consistent with the configuration. If this check fails, [Mem_Read](#) shall raise the development error `MEM_E_PARAM_INSTANCE_ID`.] ([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00005] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Read](#) shall raise the development error `MEM_E_PARAM_POINTER` if the `destinationDataPtr` argument is a NULL pointer.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00006] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Read](#) shall raise the development error `MEM_E_PARAM_ADDRESS` if the address defined by `sourceAddress` is invalid.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00072] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Read](#) shall raise the development error `MEM_E_PARAM_LENGTH` if the read length defined by `length` is invalid.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00007] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Read](#) shall raise the development error `MEM_E_JOB_PENDING` if a previous Mem job is still being processed.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

8.3.2.2 Mem_Write

[SWS_Mem_10013] Definition of API function Mem_Write [

Service Name	Mem_Write	
Syntax	<pre>Std_ReturnType Mem_Write (Mem_InstanceIdType instanceId, Mem_AddressType targetAddress, const Mem_DataType* sourceDataPtr, Mem_LengthType length)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x06	
Sync/Async	Asynchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	instanceId	ID of the related memory driver instance.
	targetAddress	Physical write address (aligned to page size).
	sourceDataPtr	Source data pointer (aligned to page size).
	length	Write length in bytes (aligned to page size).
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	Std_ReturnType	<p><code>E_OK</code>: The requested job has been accepted by the module.</p> <p><code>E_NOT_OK</code>: The requested job has not been accepted by the module.</p> <p><code>E_MEM_SERVICE_NOT_AVAIL</code>: The service function is not implemented.</p>





Description	Triggers a write job to store the passed data to the provided address area with given address and length. The result of this service can be retrieved using the Mem_GetJobResult API. If the write operation was successful, the job result is MEM_JOB_OK. If there was an issue writing the data, the result is MEM_FAILED.
Available via	Mem.h

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14038](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14039](#))

[SWS_Mem_00009] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Write](#) shall check that the provided [instanceId](#) is consistent with the configuration. If this check fails, [Mem_Write](#) shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_INSTANCE_ID.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00010] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Write](#) shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_POINTER if the [sourceDataPtr](#) argument is a NULL pointer.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00011] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Write](#) shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_ADDRESS if the address defined by [targetAddress](#) is invalid.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00012] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Write](#) shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_LENGTH if the write length defined by [length](#) is invalid.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00013] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Write](#) shall raise the development error MEM_E_JOB_PENDING if a previous Mem job is still being processed.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

8.3.2.3 Mem_Erase

[SWS_Mem_10014] Definition of API function Mem_Erase [

Service Name	Mem_Erase	
Syntax	<pre>Std_ReturnType Mem_Erase (Mem_InstanceIdType instanceId, Mem_AddressType targetAddress, Mem_LengthType length)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x07	
Sync/Async	Asynchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	instanceId	ID of the related memory driver instance.
	targetAddress	Physical erase address (aligned to sector size).
	length	Erase length in bytes (aligned to sector size).
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: The requested job has been accepted by the module. E_NOT_OK: The requested job has not been accepted by the module. E_MEM_SERVICE_NOT_AVAIL: The service function is not implemented.
Description	Triggers an erase job of the given sector/sector batch defined by targetAddress and length. The result of this service can be retrieved using the Mem_GetJobResult API. If the erase operation was successful, the result of the job is MEM_JOB_OK. If the erase operation failed, e.g. due to a hardware issue, the result of the job is MEM_JOB_FAILED.	
Available via	Mem.h	

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14038](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14039](#))

[SWS_Mem_00015] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Erase](#) shall check that the provided [instanceId](#) is consistent with the configuration. If this check fails, [Mem_Erase](#) shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_INSTANCE_ID.] ([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00016] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Erase](#) shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_ADDRESS if the address defined by [targetAddress](#) is invalid.] ([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00017] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Erase](#) shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_LENGTH if the read length defined by [length](#) is invalid.] ([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00018] [If development error detection is enabled by [MemDevErrorDetect](#), the service [Mem_Erase](#) shall raise the development error

MEM_E_JOB_PENDING if a previous Mem job is still being processed.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

8.3.2.4 Mem_BlankCheck

[SWS_Mem_10016] Definition of API function Mem_BlankCheck [

Service Name	Mem_BlankCheck	
Syntax	<pre>Std_ReturnType Mem_BlankCheck (Mem_InstanceIdType instanceId, Mem_AddressType targetAddress, Mem_LengthType length)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x9	
Sync/Async	Asynchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	instanceId	ID of the related memory driver instance.
	targetAddress	Physical blank check address.
	length	Blank check length.
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	Std_ReturnType	<p>E_OK: The requested job has been accepted by the module.</p> <p>E_NOT_OK: The requested job has not been accepted by the module.</p> <p>E_MEM_SERVICE_NOT_AVAIL: The service function is not implemented.</p>
Description	Triggers a job to check the erased state of the page which is referenced by targetAddress. The result of this service can be retrieved using the Mem_GetJobResult API. If the checked page is blank, the result of the job is MEM_JOB_OK. Otherwise, if the page is not blank, the result is MEM_INCONSISTENT.	
Available via	Mem.h	

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14038](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14039](#))

[SWS_Mem_00022] [If development error detection is enabled by MemDevErrorDetect, the service Mem_BlankCheck shall check that the provided instanceId is consistent with the configuration. If this check fails, Mem_BlankCheck shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_INSTANCE_ID.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00023] [If development error detection is enabled by MemDevErrorDetect, the service Mem_BlankCheck shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_ADDRESS if the address defined by targetAddress is invalid.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00024] [If development error detection is enabled by MemDevErrorDetect, the service Mem_BlankCheck shall raise the development error MEM_E_PARAM_LENGTH if the read length defined by length is invalid.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00025] [If development error detection is enabled by `MemDevErrorDetect`, the service `Mem_BlankCheck` shall raise the development error `MEM_E_JOB_PENDING` if a previous Mem job is still being processed.] ([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

8.3.2.5 Mem_HwSpecificService

[SWS_Mem_10017]{DRAFT} Definition of API function `Mem_HwSpecificService` [

Service Name	Mem_HwSpecificService (draft)	
Syntax	<pre>Std_ReturnType Mem_HwSpecificService (Mem_InstanceIdType instanceId, Mem_HwServiceIdType hwServiceId, Mem_DataType* dataPtr, Mem_LengthType* lengthPtr)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x0a	
Sync/Async	Asynchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	instanceId	ID of the related memory driver instance.
	hwServiceId	Hardware specific service request identifier for dispatching the request.
	dataPtr	Request specific data pointer.
	lengthPtr	Size pointer of the data passed by dataPtr.
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	Std_ReturnType	<p><code>E_OK</code>: The requested job has been accepted by the module.</p> <p><code>E_NOT_OK</code>: The requested job has not been accepted by the module.</p> <p><code>E_MEM_SERVICE_NOT_AVAIL</code>: The service function is not implemented.</p>
Description	<p>Triggers a hardware specific memory driver job. <code>dataPtr</code> can be used to pass and return data to/from this service. This service is just a dispatcher to the hardware specific service implementation referenced by <code>hwServiceId</code>. The result of this service can be retrieved using the <code>Mem_GetJobResult</code> API. If the hardware specific operation was successful, the result of the job is <code>MEM_JOB_OK</code>. If the hardware specific operation failed, the result of the job is <code>MEM_JOB_FAILED</code>.</p> <p>Tags: atp.Status=draft</p>	
Available via	Mem.h	

] ([SRS_MemHwAb_14038](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14039](#), [SRS_MemHwAb_14056](#))

[SWS_Mem_00026] [If development error detection is enabled by `MemDevErrorDetect`, the service `Mem_HwSpecificService` shall check that the provided `instanceId` is consistent with the configuration. If this check fails, `Mem_HwSpecificService` shall raise the development error `MEM_E_PARAM_INSTANCE_ID`.] ([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

[SWS_Mem_00027] [If development error detection is enabled by `MemDevErrorDetect`, the service `Mem_HwSpecificService` shall raise the development

error MEM_E_PARAM_POINTER if the `dataPtr` or `lengthPtr` argument is a NULL pointer.]([SRS_BSW_00323](#))

8.4 Callback Notifications

There are no callback functions to lower layer modules provided by the Mem driver since this module is at the lowest (software) layer.

8.5 Scheduled Functions

8.5.1 Mem_MainFunction

[SWS_Mem_10010] Definition of API function Mem_MainFunction [

Service Name	Mem_MainFunction
Syntax	<pre>void Mem_MainFunction (void)</pre>
Service ID [hex]	0x03
Sync/Async	Synchronous
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant
Parameters (in)	None
Parameters (inout)	None
Parameters (out)	None
Return value	None
Description	Service to handle the requested jobs and the internal management operations.
Available via	Mem.h

]([SRS_MemHwAb_14038](#))

8.6 Expected Interfaces

In this chapter all interfaces required from other modules are listed.

8.6.1 Mandatory Interfaces

This section defines all interfaces, which are required to fulfill the core functionality of the module.

[SWS_Mem_10022] Definition of mandatory interfaces in module Mem [

<i>API Function</i>	<i>Header File</i>	<i>Description</i>
There are no mandatory interfaces.		

]([SRS_BSW_00415](#))

8.6.2 Optional Interfaces

This section defines all interfaces, which are required to fulfill an optional functionality of the module.

[SWS_Mem_10021] Definition of optional interfaces in module Mem [

<i>API Function</i>	<i>Header File</i>	<i>Description</i>
Det_ReportError	Det.h	Service to report development errors.

]([SRS_BSW_00415](#))

8.6.3 Configurable Interfaces

The Mem driver does not have any configurable interfaces.

9 Sequence Diagrams

9.1 Hardware Specific Error Handling

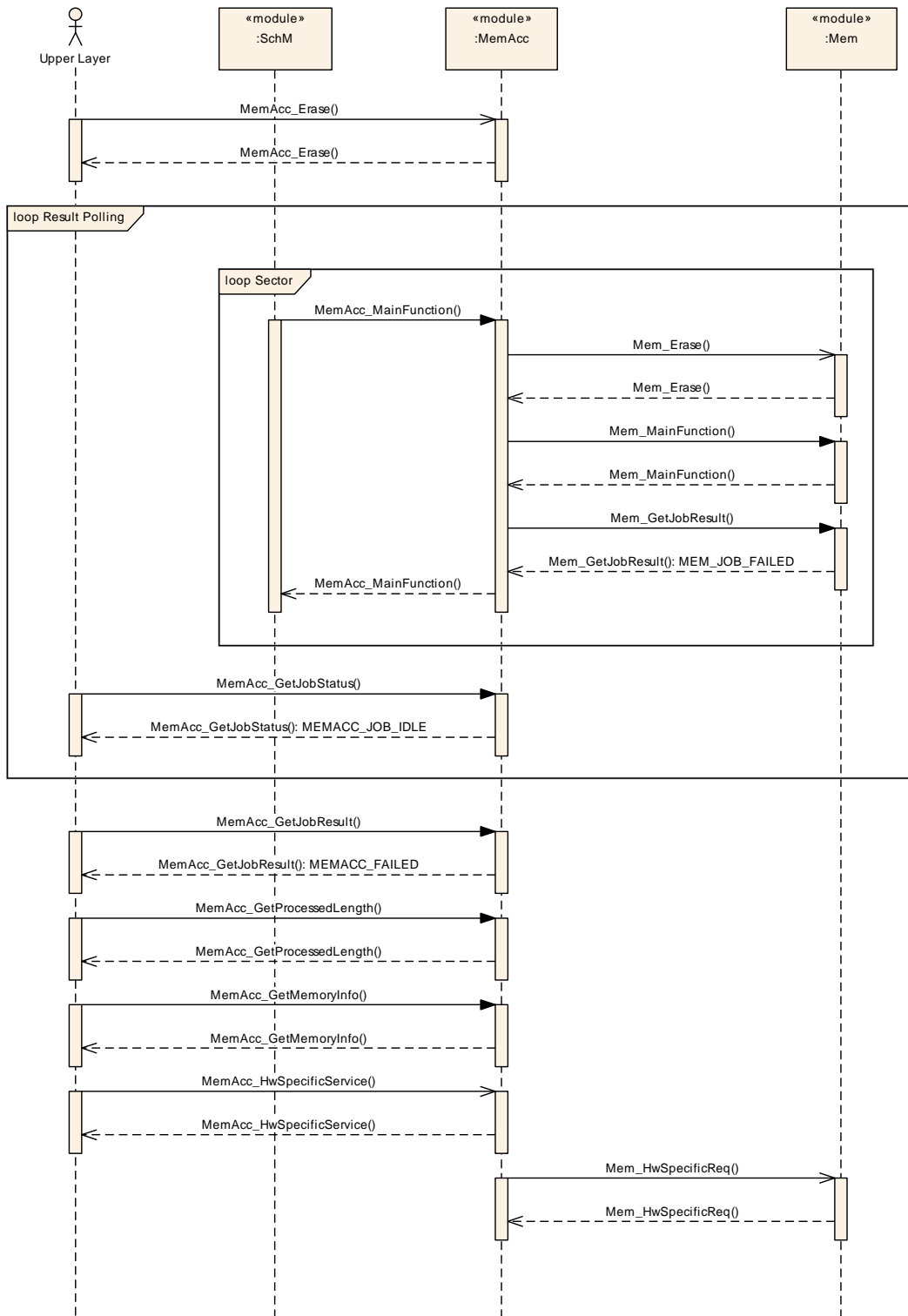


Figure 9.1: Hardware Specific Error Handling

9.2 ECC Handling Example Sequence

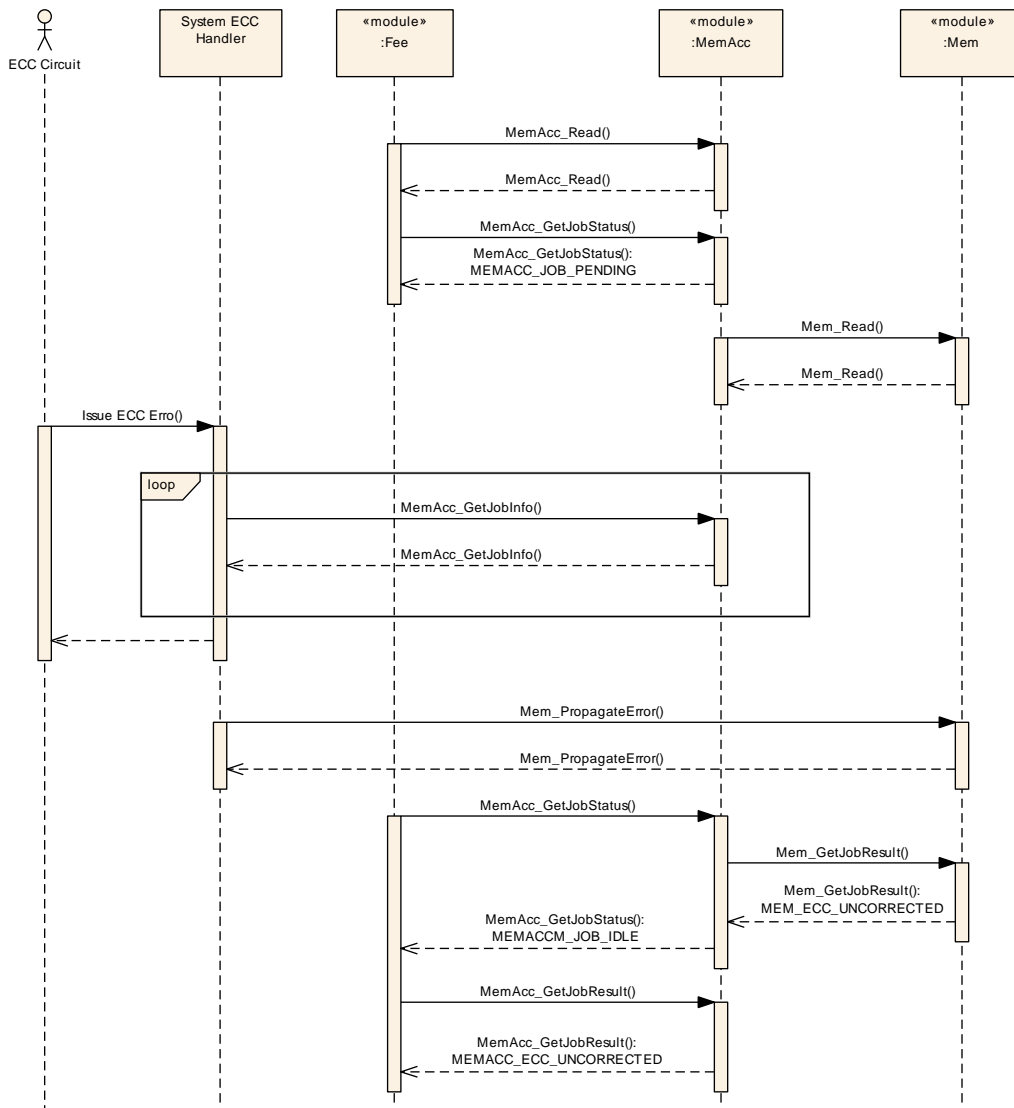


Figure 9.2: ECC Handling Example Sequence

10 Configuration Specification

In general, this chapter defines configuration parameters and their clustering into containers. In order to support the specification chapter 10.1 describes fundamentals. It also specifies a template (table) you shall use for the parameter specification. We intend to leave chapter 10.1 in the specification to guarantee comprehension.

Chapter 10.2 specifies the structure (containers) and the parameters of the module MEM.

Chapter 10.3 specifies published information of the module MEM.

10.1 How to Read this Chapter

For details refer to the chapter 10.1 “Introduction to configuration specification” in SWS_BSWGeneral.

10.2 Containers and Configuration Parameters

The following chapters summarize all configuration parameters. The detailed meanings of the parameters describe chapter 7 and chapter 8.

10.2.1 Mem

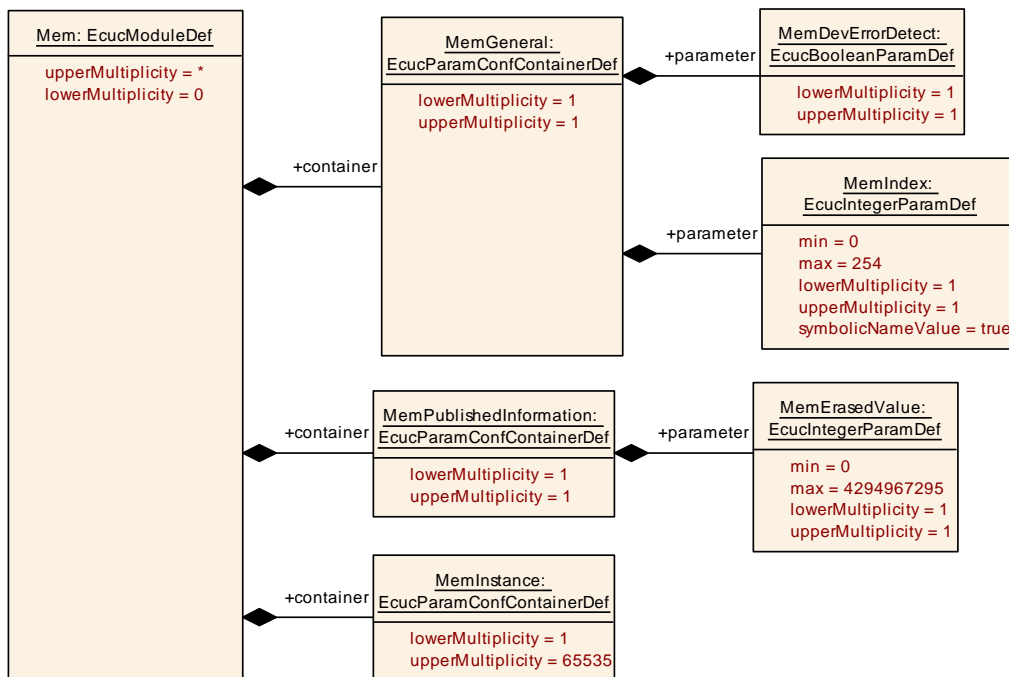


Figure 10.1: Mem

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00001]
Module Name	Mem
Description	Configuration of the Mem driver (internal or external memory driver) module. Its multiplicity describes the actual number of Mem drivers. There will be one container for each Mem driver.
Post-Build Variant Support	false
Supported Config Variants	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
MemGeneral	1	Container for general configuration parameters of the Mem driver. These parameters are always pre-compile.
MemInstance	1..65535	This container includes the Mem driver instance specific configuration parameters. Its multiplicity describes the number of Mem driver instances of this Mem driver. There will be one container for each Mem driver instance.
MemPublishedInformation	1	Additional published parameters not covered by Common PublishedInformation container. Note that these parameters do not have any configuration class setting, since they are published information.

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00002]
Container Name	MemGeneral
Parent Container	Mem
Description	Container for general configuration parameters of the Mem driver. These parameters are always pre-compile.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00004]		
Parameter Name	MemDevErrorDetect		
Parent Container	MemGeneral		
Description	Switches the development error detection and notification on or off.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value	-		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00023]		
Parameter Name	MemIndex		
Parent Container	MemGeneral		
Description	Specifies the InstanceId of this module instance. If only one instance is present it shall have the Id 0.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)		





Range	0 .. 254		
Default value	–		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	–	
	Post-build time	–	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

No Included Containers

10.2.2 MemInstance

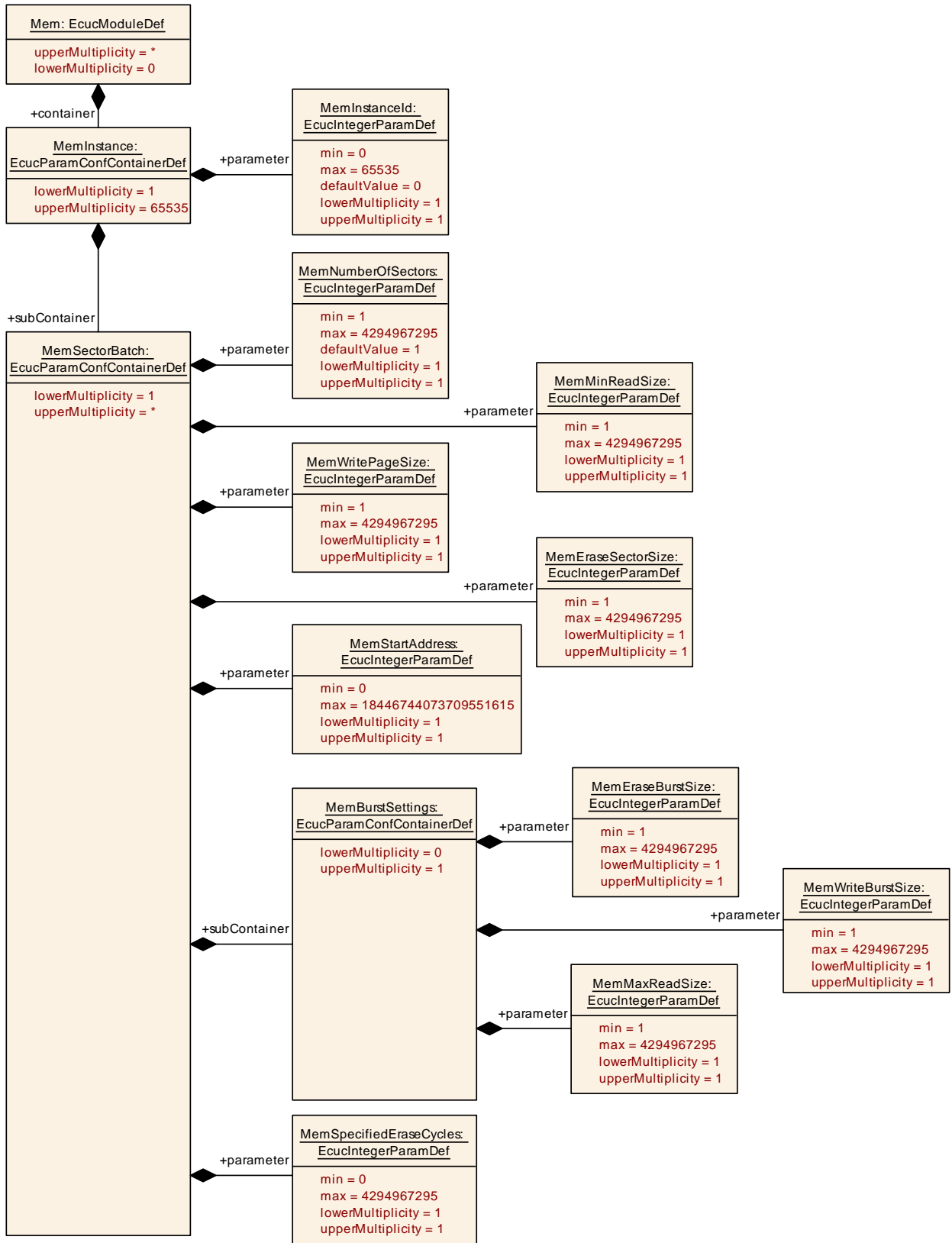


Figure 10.2: MemInstance

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00003]		
Container Name	MemInstance		
Parent Container	Mem		
Description	This container includes the Mem driver instance specific configuration parameters. Its multiplicity describes the number of Mem driver instances of this Mem driver. There will be one container for each Mem driver instance.		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	–	
	Post-build time	–	
Configuration Parameters			

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00007]		
Parameter Name	MemInstanceId		
Parent Container	MemInstance		
Description	This value specifies the unique numeric identifier which is used to reference a Mem driver instance in case multiple devices of the same type shall be addressed by one Mem driver. This value will be assigned to the symbolic name derived of the Mem Instance container short name.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0 .. 65535		
Default value	0		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	–	
	Post-build time	–	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
MemSectorBatch	1..*	Configuration description of a programmable sector or sector batch. Sector batch means that homogenous and coherent sectors can be configured as one MemSector element. It is recommended to group as many identical sectors as possible together.

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00009]		
Container Name	MemSectorBatch		
Parent Container	MemInstance		
Description	Configuration description of a programmable sector or sector batch. Sector batch means that homogenous and coherent sectors can be configured as one MemSector element. It is recommended to group as many identical sectors as possible together.		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	–	
	Post-build time	–	
Configuration Parameters			

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00013]		
Parameter Name	MemEraseSectorSize		
Parent Container	MemSectorBatch		
Description	Size of this sector in bytes. A sector is the smallest erasable unit.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1 .. 4294967295		
Default value	-		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00011]		
Parameter Name	MemMinReadSize		
Parent Container	MemSectorBatch		
Description	Smallest readable unit in bytes.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1 .. 4294967295		
Default value	-		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00010]		
Parameter Name	MemNumberOfSectors		
Parent Container	MemSectorBatch		
Description	Number of contiguous sectors with identical values for MemSectorSize and MemPage Size. If this parameter is configured to be greater than 1, the sectors are grouped in a sector batch.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1 .. 4294967295		
Default value	1		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00022]		
Parameter Name	MemSpecifiedEraseCycles		
Parent Container	MemSectorBatch		
Description	Number of erase cycles specified for the memory device (usually given in the device data sheet).		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0 .. 4294967295		
Default value	-		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00014]		
Parameter Name	MemStartAddress		
Parent Container	MemSectorBatch		
Description	Physical start address of the sector (batch). In case of a sector batch, the physical start address is the address of the first sector. The physical start address of the other sectors can be calculated by the MemSector Size parameter.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0 .. 18446744073709551615		
Default value	-		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00012]		
Parameter Name	MemWritePageSize		
Parent Container	MemSectorBatch		
Description	Size of a write page of this sector in bytes. A write page is the smallest writeable unit.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1 .. 4294967295		
Default value	-		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
MemBurstSettings	0..1	Container for burst setting configuration parameters of the Mem driver. A sector burst can be used for improved performance.

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00015]		
Container Name	MemBurstSettings		
Parent Container	MemSectorBatch		
Description	Container for burst setting configuration parameters of the Mem driver. A sector burst can be used for improved performance.		
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Multiplicity Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	–	
	Post-build time	–	
Configuration Parameters			

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00016]		
Parameter Name	MemEraseBurstSize		
Parent Container	MemBurstSettings		
Description	Size of sector erase burst in bytes. A sector burst can be used for improved performance and is typically (a subset of) a sector batch. To make use of the sector erase burst feature, the physical start address of the sector batch must be aligned to the sector erase burst size.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1 .. 4294967295		
Default value	–		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	–	
	Post-build time	–	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00018]		
Parameter Name	MemMaxReadSize		
Parent Container	MemBurstSettings		
Description	This value specifies the maximum number of bytes the MemAcc module requests within one Mem read request.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1 .. 4294967295		
Default value	–		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	–	
	Post-build time	–	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00017]		
Parameter Name	MemWriteBurstSize		
Parent Container	MemBurstSettings		
Description	Size of page write/program burst in bytes. A sector burst can be used for improved performance and is typically (a subset of) a sector batch. To make use of the write burst feature, the physical start address must be aligned to the write burst size.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1 .. 4294967295		
Default value	-		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

No Included Containers

10.3 Published Information

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00020]		
Container Name	MemPublishedInformation		
Parent Container	Mem		
Description	Additional published parameters not covered by CommonPublishedInformation container. Note that these parameters do not have any configuration class setting, since they are published information.		
Configuration Parameters			

SWS Item	[ECUC_Mem_00021]		
Parameter Name	MemErasedValue		
Parent Container	MemPublishedInformation		
Description	The contents of an erased memory cell.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	0 .. 4294967295		
Default value	-		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	X	All Variants
	Link time	-	
	Post-build time	-	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

No Included Containers

A Change history of AUTOSAR traceable items

A.1 Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R23-11

A.1.1 Added Specification Items in R23-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_Mem_00093]	
[SWS_Mem_00094]	
[SWS_Mem_00095]	
[SWS_Mem_00096]	

Table A.1: Added Specification Items in R23-11

A.1.2 Changed Specification Items in R23-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_Mem_10004]	Definition of datatype Mem_InstanceIdType
[SWS_Mem_10011]	Definition of API function Mem_GetJobResult
[SWS_Mem_10020]	Definition of imported datatypes of module Mem

Table A.2: Changed Specification Items in R23-11

A.1.3 Deleted Specification Items in R23-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_Mem_00003]	
[SWS_Mem_00008]	
[SWS_Mem_00014]	
[SWS_Mem_00019]	
[SWS_Mem_00021]	
[SWS_Mem_00068]	
[SWS_Mem_00085]	
[SWS_Mem_00086]	
[SWS_Mem_10019]	

Table A.3: Deleted Specification Items in R23-11

A.2 Traceable item history of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R22-11

A.2.1 Added Specification Items in R22-11

[SWS_Mem_00090] [SWS_Mem_00091] [SWS_Mem_00092]

A.2.2 Changed Specification Items in R22-11

[SWS_Mem_00007] [SWS_Mem_00013] [SWS_Mem_00018] [SWS_Mem_00025]
[SWS_Mem_00077] [SWS_Mem_00082] [SWS_Mem_10020]

A.2.3 Deleted Specification Items in R22-11

[SWS_Mem_00062]

B Not applicable requirements

No content.