

Document Title	Specification of Communication Management
Document Owner	AUTOSAR
Document Responsibility	AUTOSAR
Document Identification No	717

Document Status	published
Part of AUTOSAR Standard	Adaptive Platform
Part of Standard Release	R23-11

Document Change History			
Date	Release	Changed by	Description
		AUTOSAR Release Management	Communication Groups are now OBSOLETE
			Removed Raw Data Stream functionality from ara::com
	R23-11		Added new API for checking Subscription state on skeleton side
			Harmonization of ara::com API Error Codes
2023-11-23			Added clarifications for SOME/IP-SD protocol usage
			Reworked usage of Access Management grants in the ara::com API
			Specified lifetime requirements for event sample data
			Structural changes for better overview
			Editorial changes and bugfixes





			Added Static Service Connections
			Added new API for ServiceStates
			Clarified shutdown behavior for the Communication Management
			Added specification of data types SampleType and FieldType
2022-11-24	R22-11	AUTOSAR Release	Added support for MACSec Secure Communication channels
		Management	Harmonization with PRS SOME/IP ServiceDiscovery Protocol document
			Clarified Error codes for Fields, and E2E Error Handling
			Replaced usage of SamplePtr for RawDataStreams
			Editorial changes and bugfixes
		AUTOSAR Release Management	Specified use cases and endpoint configuration for RawDataStreams
			Added E2E communication protection for Fields
			Added E2E profile P44m and P08m
			Added new ServiceInterface element Trigger
2021-11-25	R21-11		Extend DDS Serialization of Payload chapter
			Extend DDS Network binding chapter
			Added Signal-Based Static Network binding
			Added Freshness Value Management (FVM)
			Minor vocabulary improvements and bugfixes



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			Added SecOC Behavior, API and Freshness Value Management to specification
			Standardized API Error Codes for ara::com API
			Added unique ErrorDomain identifiers
			Added Named Constructor Approach
0000 44 00	B00.44	AUTOSAR	Updated E2E Support for methods and events
2020-11-30	R20-11	Release Management	Updated Raw Data Streaming chapters
			Introduced optional execution context parameter to APIs with an asynchronous callback
			Changed kCapabilityEnforcementError to kGrantEnforcementError
			Moved magic numbers for "entry type" field to PRS_SOMEIPServiceDiscovery
			Editorial Changes
			Introduced
			– Signal2Service Translation Binding
			 Support for Invalid Values
		AUTOSAR	 Additional E2E support
2019-11-28	R19-11	Release	Service Versioning
		Management	- Raw Data Streaming Interface
			Changed Document Status from Final to published
			Minor changes and bugfixes



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			Predictable Resource Allocation for Samples
			Usage of Future::Get/Wait with an unreliable transport
2019-03-29	19-03	AUTOSAR Release Management	Removed exceptions on reception of malformed messages
			Changes to Identity and Access Management to incorporate Grant design
			Minor changes and bugfixes
			Introduced Adaptive Core types
		AUTOSAR Release Management	Introduced exception-less API
2018-10-31	18-10		Refined DDS network binding
			Minor changes and bugfixes
	18-03	AUTOSAR Release Management	DDS Network Binding
			Datatype Namespaces changed
2018-03-29			E2E Protected Methods
			Automatic Reconnection of Proxies
			Minor changes and bugfixes
			Introduction of Fields
			Introduction of E2E protected communication
2017-10-27	17-10	AUTOSAR Release	Introduction of TLV
		Management	Improved specification of SOME/IP functional behavior
			Minor changes and bugfixes
2017-03-31	17-03	AUTOSAR Release Management	Initial release



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1 Introduction and functional overview

This document contains the requirements on the functionality, API and the configuration of the AUTOSAR Adaptive Communication Management as part of the Adaptive AUTOSAR platform foundation.

The Communication Management realizes Service Oriented Communication between Adaptive AUTOSAR Applications for all levels of communication, e.g. IntraProcess, InterProcess, InterProcess, InterMachine. It consists of potentially generated Service Provider Skeletons and Service Requester Proxies and optionally the generic Communication Manager software for central brokering and configuration.

The Communication Management provides a built-in safety mechanism (E2E protection), which can be used for all levels of communication for events and methods.

The documentation of the Communication Management consists of two documents:

- the ARAComAPI explanatory document [1], providing explanations of the design and behavior descriptions of the ara::com API,
- this document, providing the requirements on the ara::com API.

Therefore it is recommended to read the ARAComAPI explanatory document first to get an overview and understanding, and to read this document afterward.



2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

The glossary below includes acronyms and abbreviations relevant to the Communication Management that are not included in the AUTOSAR glossary [2].

Abbreviation / Acronym:	Description:	
CM	Communication Management	
IP Internet Protocol		
SOME/IP	Scalable service-Oriented MiddlewarE over IP	
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol	
UDP	User Datagram Protocol	
E2E	End-to-end communication protection	
SoC	Service-Oriented Communication	
SecOC	Secure Onboard Communication	
DTLS Datagram Transport Layer Security		
DDS	Data Distribution Service	
RTPS	Real Time Publish Subscribe Protocol	
TTL	Time To Live	
TLV	Tag-Length-Value	
RPC Remote Procedure Call		
QoS	Quality of Service	
BOM	Byte Order Mark	

Term:	Description:
Callable	In the context of C++ a Callable is defined as: A Callable type is a type for which the INVOKE operation (used by, e.g., std::function, std::bind, and std::thread::thread) is applicable. This operation may be performed explicitly using the library function std::invoke. (since C++17)
serializedSample	A serializedSample is the serialization of a C++ object to an array and consists of the header that is part of e2e protection and the serialized data.
Service Binding	Act of connecting a Service Requester to a concrete Service Instance of a Service Provider.
Multi-Binding	Multi-Binding describes setups having multiple connections implemented by different technical transport layers and protocol between different instances of a single proxy or skeleton class, e.g.:
	 A proxy class uses different transport/IPC to communicate with different skeleton instances.
	 Different proxy instances for the same skeleton instance uses different transport/IPC to communicate with this in- stance: The skeleton instance supports multiple transport mechanisms to get contacted.
Orphaned response	A received response / error message of a cancelled method call.



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Term:	Description:
Cycle	A cycle describes the time interval of periodical sending and reception of messages. This is important for E2E protected messages with a message counter which shall be increased by
	the sending entity for every new cycle (= for every new message). Within every cycle the receiving entity shall check if a new message has arrived and if its content is usable. For more information see documents PRS_E2EProtocol (chapter 6) and SWS_E2ELibrary (chapter 9).



3 Related documentation

3.1 Input documents & related standards and norms

- [1] Explanation of ara::com API AUTOSAR_AP_EXP_ARAComAPI
- [2] Glossary
 AUTOSAR FO TR Glossary
- [3] General Requirements specific to Adaptive Platform AUTOSAR AP RS General
- [4] SOME/IP Protocol Specification AUTOSAR_FO_PRS_SOMEIPProtocol
- [5] Specification of Manifest AUTOSAR AP TPS ManifestSpecification
- [6] SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol Specification AUTOSAR FO PRS SOMEIPServiceDiscoveryProtocol
- [7] E2E Protocol Specification AUTOSAR_FO_PRS_E2EProtocol
- [8] Explanation of Adaptive Platform Software Architecture AUTOSAR_AP_EXP_SWArchitecture
- [9] Requirements on E2E AUTOSAR_FO_RS_E2E
- [10] Requirements on Communication Management AUTOSAR AP RS CommunicationManagement
- [11] Middleware for Real-time and Embedded Systems http://doi.acm.org/10.1145/508448.508472
- [12] Patterns, Frameworks, and Middleware:Their Synergistic Relationships http://dl.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=776816.776917
- [13] Reference Model for Service Oriented Architecture 1.0 https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/download.php/19679/soa-rm-cs.pdf
- [14] Specification of Platform Types for Adaptive Platform AUTOSAR AP SWS PlatformTypes
- [15] UTF-8, a transformation format of ISO 10646 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3629.txt
- [16] UTF-16, an encoding of ISO 10646 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2781.txt
- [17] Specification of Adaptive Platform Core



AUTOSAR AP SWS Core

- [18] Specification of Socket Adaptor AUTOSAR CP SWS SocketAdaptor
- [19] Data Distribution Service (DDS), Version 1.4 http://www.omg.org/spec/DDS/1.4
- [20] DDS Interoperability Wire Protocol, Version 2.2 http://www.omg.org/spec/DDSI-RTPS/2.2
- [21] Extensible and Dynamic Topic Types for DDS, Version 1.2 https://www.omg.org/spec/DDS-XTypes/1.2
- [22] RPC over DDS, Version 1.0 https://www.omg.org/spec/DDS-RPC/1.0
- [23] ISO/IEC C++ 2003 Language DDS PSM, Version 1.0 https://www.omg.org/spec/DDS-PSM-Cxx/1.0
- [24] Interface Definition Language (IDL), Version 4.2 https://www.omg.org/spec/IDL/4.2
- [25] Specification of Language Binding for modeled AP data types AUTOSAR_AP_SWS_LanguageBindingForModeledAPdatatypes
- [26] DDS Security, Version 1.1 https://www.omg.org/spec/DDS-SECURITY/1.1
- [27] The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.2 https://rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc5246.txt
- [28] Datagram Transport Layer Security Version 1.2 https://ietf.org/rfc/rfc6347.txt
- [29] Integration of DDS Security
 AUTOSAR_AP_TR_DDSSecurityIntegration
- [30] Specification of Secure Onboard Communication Protocol AUTOSAR FO PRS SecOcProtocol
- [31] Pre-Shared Key Cipher Suites for TLS with SHA-256/384 and AES Galois Counter Mode https://ietf.org/rfc/rfc5487.txt
- [32] Methodology for Adaptive Platform AUTOSAR_AP_TR_Methodology
- [33] ISO/IEC 14882:2011, Information technology Programming languages C++ https://www.iso.org
- [34] N4659:Working Draft, Standard for ProgrammingLanguage C++ http://www.open-std.org/jtc1/sc22/wg21/docs/papers/2017/n4659.pdf



3.2 Related specification

AUTOSAR provides a General Specification on Basic Software modules [3, RS General], which is also valid for the CM.

Thus, the specification SWS BSW General shall be considered as additional and required specification for ${\tt CM}$.



4 Constraints and assumptions

4.1 Limitations

The current version of this document is missing some functionality which is not standardized and specified within the *SWS Communication Management* document but described in *Explanation of ara::com API* [1] and implemented in the demonstrator code:

4.1.1 Local Buffer Overruns

Currently it is not specified what happens if local buffers are full because the application accesses data slower than they are received over the network.

4.1.2 **SOME/IP**

The following limitations regarding the SOME/IP functionality described in [4] and [5] apply:

4.1.2.1 Optional method arguments with Tag-Length-Value serialization

[SWS_CM_CONSTR_00001]{DRAFT} Optional method arguments with SOME/IP Tag-Length-Value serialization | Communication Management does currently not support the existence of optional method arguments with the Tag-Length-Value serialization principle (described in [4] and [5]. | ())

4.1.3 SOME/IP Service Discovery

The following limitations regarding the SOME/IP SD functionality described in [6] and [5] apply:

4.1.3.1 SOME/IP Service Discovery Discardable flag

[SWS_CM_CONSTR_00002]{DRAFT} SOME/IP Service Discovery Discardable flag [The specification does not support setting the SOME/IP Service Discovery Discardable flag of a SOME/IP entry option to 1 and reacting to the reception of an (unknown/unsupported) option with the Discardable flag set to 1 (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00273], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00275], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00276], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00544]).]()



4.1.3.2 SOME/IP Service Discovery Configuration options

[SWS_CM_CONSTR_00003]{DRAFT} SOME/IP Service Discovery Configuration options [The specification does not support that SOME/IP Service Discovery configuration options (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00276] - [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00287]) configured via the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.capabilityRecord respectively in the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.capabilityRecord and configuration options contained in a FindService respectively OfferService entry of a received SOME/IP-SD message are considered during the process of matching offered services to required services and vice versa. Any configured and/or received configuration options are simply ignored during the matching process, i.e., they don't have any impact on the result set returned by FindService() or StartFindService(). Please note that the transmission of configuration options is supported.]()

4.1.3.3 SOME/IP Service Discovery Load balancing options

[SWS_CM_CONSTR_00004]{DRAFT} SOME/IP Service Discovery Load balancing options [The specification does not support that SOME/IP Service Discovery load balancing options configured (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00542], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00544], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00711] - [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00714]) via the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.loadBalancingPriority and Provided-SomeipServiceInstance.loadBalancingWeight are included in the OfferService entry of a transmitted SOME/IP-SD message. Additionally, the specification does not support that load balancing options of an OfferService entry of a received SOME/IP-SD message are considered during the process of matching offered services to required services. Any received load balancing options are simply ignored during the matching process, i.e., they don't have any impact on the result set returned by FindService() or StartFindService().]()

4.1.3.4 SOME/IP Service Discovery SD endpoint options

[SWS_CM_CONSTR_00005]{DRAFT} SOME/IP Service Discovery SD endpoint options [The specification does not support that IPv4/IPv6 SD endpoint options (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00547] - [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00552], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00554] - [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00559], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00650], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00651], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00654]) are included in any SOME/IP-SD entry of a transmitted SOME/IP-SD message.] ()

4.1.3.5 SOME/IP Service Discovery Reboot detection

[SWS_CM_CONSTR_00006]{DRAFT} SOME/IP Service Discovery Reboot detection [The specification does not support SOME/IP Service Discovery reboot detection (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00254], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00255], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_-



00256], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00631], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00258], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00503], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00449], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00704]).] (

4.1.4 E2E Protection

The general limitations regarding E2E protection and the detectable failure modes are described in [7]. Additional, platform specific limitations regarding E2E protection are described in chapter 7.6.2.1 and 7.6.1.1.

[SWS_CM_CONSTR_00007]{DRAFT} E2E Protection [E2E protection of ServiceInterface.triggers are not supported in the current version of this document.]

4.1.5 Timing of the network behavior

The timing of the network behavior is platform vendor specific (examples are: socket open, socket close, trigger to send a find message). This is particularly important during the Functional cluster lifecycle analysis.

4.2 Applicability to car domains

No restrictions to applicability.



5 Dependencies to other functional clusters

This chapter provides an overview of the dependencies to other Functional Clusters in the AUTOSAR Adaptive Platform. Section 5.1 "Provided Interfaces" lists the interfaces provided by Communication Management to other Functional Clusters. Section 5.2 "Required Interfaces" lists the interfaces required by Communication Management.

A detailed technical architecture documentation of the AUTOSAR Adaptive Platform is provided in [8].

5.1 Provided Interfaces



Figure 5.1: Interfaces provided by Communication Management to other Functional Clusters

Figure 5.1 shows the interfaces provided by Communication Management to other Functional Clusters within the AUTOSAR Adaptive Platform.

Interface	Functional Cluster	Purpose
No provided interfaces		

Table 5.1: Interfaces provided to other Functional Clusters



5.2 Required Interfaces

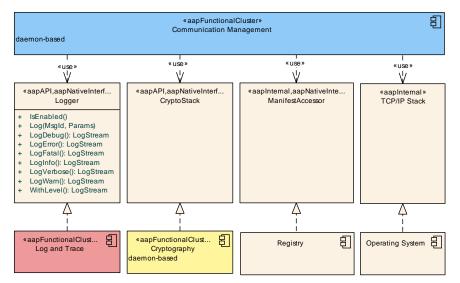


Figure 5.2: Interfaces required by Communication Management from other Functional Clusters

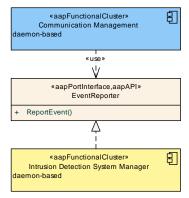


Figure 5.3: Interfaces required by Communication Management from other Functional Clusters

Figure 5.2 and figure 5.3 show the interfaces required by Communication Management from other Functional Clusters within the AUTOSAR Adaptive Platform.

Functional Cluster	Interface	Purpose
Cryptography	CryptoStack	This interface may be used e.g., to establish encrypted connections and generate / verify checksums (MAC).
Intrusion Detection System Manager	EventReporter	Communication Management may use this interface to report security events.
Log and Trace	Logger	Communication Management shall use this interface to log standardized messages.
Operating System Interface	OperatingSystemInterface	Communication Management should use this interface to create and control Threads used by the implementation.

Table 5.2: Interfaces required from other Functional Clusters



5.3 Platform dependencies

The Communication Management is dependent on the E2E protection protocol defined in [9] and [7]. The E2E functions are used to execute end-to-end communication protection between Service Provider Skeletons and Service Requester Proxies.



6 Requirements Tracing

The following tables reference the requirements specified in the Requirements on Communication Management document [10] and links to the fulfilment of these.

Please note that if a requirement contained in [10] is not mentioned in the below table, it means that is not fulfilled by this document.

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
Requirement [FO_RS_Dds_00001]	DDS Compliance	[SWS_CM_09004] [SWS_CM_10431] [SWS_CM_10524] [SWS_CM_10525] [SWS_CM_10526] [SWS_CM_10527] [SWS_CM_10528] [SWS_CM_10529] [SWS_CM_10530] [SWS_CM_10531] [SWS_CM_10532] [SWS_CM_10534] [SWS_CM_10535] [SWS_CM_10534] [SWS_CM_10537] [SWS_CM_10536] [SWS_CM_10537] [SWS_CM_10550] [SWS_CM_11000] [SWS_CM_11001] [SWS_CM_11000] [SWS_CM_11003] [SWS_CM_11007] [SWS_CM_11008] [SWS_CM_11007] [SWS_CM_11008] [SWS_CM_11007] [SWS_CM_11010] [SWS_CM_11011] [SWS_CM_11012] [SWS_CM_11013] [SWS_CM_11014] [SWS_CM_11015] [SWS_CM_11018] [SWS_CM_11017] [SWS_CM_11018] [SWS_CM_11017] [SWS_CM_11020] [SWS_CM_11017] [SWS_CM_11020] [SWS_CM_11021] [SWS_CM_11022] [SWS_CM_11023] [SWS_CM_11024] [SWS_CM_11023] [SWS_CM_11026] [SWS_CM_11027] [SWS_CM_11028] [SWS_CM_11029] [SWS_CM_11040] [SWS_CM_11041] [SWS_CM_11042] [SWS_CM_11041] [SWS_CM_11042] [SWS_CM_11043] [SWS_CM_11042] [SWS_CM_11044] [SWS_CM_11042] [SWS_CM_11046] [SWS_CM_11049] [SWS_CM_11048] [SWS_CM_11049] [SWS_CM_11049] [SWS_CM_11049] [SWS_CM_11040] [SWS_CM_11049] [SWS_CM_11041] [SWS_CM_11049] [SWS_CM_11041] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11041] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11041] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11041] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11041] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11105] [SWS_CM_11108] [SWS_CM_11107] [SWS_CM_11108] [SWS_CM_111107] [SWS_CM_11110] [SWS_CM_111107] [SWS_CM_11112] [SWS_CM_111107] [SWS_CM_11112] [SWS_CM_111131] [SWS_CM_11131]
		[SWS_CM_11027] [SWS_CM_11028] [SWS_CM_11029] [SWS_CM_11030] [SWS_CM_11031] [SWS_CM_11040] [SWS_CM_11041] [SWS_CM_11042] [SWS_CM_11043] [SWS_CM_11044] [SWS_CM_11046] [SWS_CM_11047] [SWS_CM_11050] [SWS_CM_11049] [SWS_CM_11050] [SWS_CM_11100] [SWS_CM_11101] [SWS_CM_11102] [SWS_CM_11105] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11105] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11105] [SWS_CM_11106] [SWS_CM_11107] [SWS_CM_11106] [SWS_CM_11107] [SWS_CM_11108] [SWS_CM_11107] [SWS_CM_11108] [SWS_CM_11109] [SWS_CM_11110] [SWS_CM_111109] [SWS_CM_11111]
		[SWS_CM_11134] [SWS_CM_11135] [SWS_CM_11136] [SWS_CM_11137] [SWS_CM_11138] [SWS_CM_11139] [SWS_CM_11140] [SWS_CM_11141] [SWS_CM_11142] [SWS_CM_11143] [SWS_CM_11144] [SWS_CM_11145] [SWS_CM_11146] [SWS_CM_11147] [SWS_CM_11148] [SWS_CM_11149] [SWS_CM_11150] [SWS_CM_11151] [SWS_CM_11152] [SWS_CM_11153] [SWS_CM_11154] [SWS_CM_11155] [SWS_CM_11156] [SWS_CM_11155] [SWS_CM_90218] [SWS_CM_90500] [SWS_CM_90501] [SWS_CM_90502] [SWS_CM_90503] [SWS_CM_90504] [SWS_CM_90505] [SWS_CM_90506]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
		[SWS_CM_90507] [SWS_CM_90508] [SWS_CM_90509] [SWS_CM_90510] [SWS_CM_90511] [SWS_CM_90512] [SWS_CM_90513] [SWS_CM_90514] [SWS_CM_90515]
[FO_RS_Dds_00002]	DDS standard serialization rules	[SWS_CM_11040] [SWS_CM_11041] [SWS_CM_11042] [SWS_CM_11043] [SWS_CM_11044] [SWS_CM_11046] [SWS_CM_11047] [SWS_CM_11048] [SWS_CM_11049] [SWS_CM_11050] [SWS_CM_12020]
[FO_RS_Dds_00005]	DDS Quality of Service	[SWS_CM_09004] [SWS_CM_10524] [SWS_CM_10528] [SWS_CM_10550] [SWS_CM_11001] [SWS_CM_11002] [SWS_CM_11003] [SWS_CM_11005] [SWS_CM_11006] [SWS_CM_11007] [SWS_CM_11008] [SWS_CM_11009] [SWS_CM_11010] [SWS_CM_11011] [SWS_CM_11012] [SWS_CM_11013] [SWS_CM_11014] [SWS_CM_11015] [SWS_CM_11019] [SWS_CM_11100] [SWS_CM_11103] [SWS_CM_11106] [SWS_CM_11105] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11130] [SWS_CM_11134] [SWS_CM_11135] [SWS_CM_11134] [SWS_CM_11136] [SWS_CM_11148] [SWS_CM_11149] [SWS_CM_11150] [SWS_CM_90501] [SWS_CM_90511]
[FO_RS_Dds_00007]	Type Definition	[SWS_CM_10431] [SWS_CM_10524] [SWS_CM_10525] [SWS_CM_11015] [SWS_CM_11016] [SWS_CM_11041] [SWS_CM_11042] [SWS_CM_11043] [SWS_CM_11044] [SWS_CM_11046] [SWS_CM_11047] [SWS_CM_11048] [SWS_CM_11049] [SWS_CM_11050] [SWS_CM_11101] [SWS_CM_11102] [SWS_CM_11131] [SWS_CM_11145] [SWS_CM_11146] [SWS_CM_12020] [SWS_CM_90508]
[FO_RS_Dds_00008]	Customization	[SWS_CM_09004] [SWS_CM_10524] [SWS_CM_10526] [SWS_CM_10527] [SWS_CM_10528] [SWS_CM_10529] [SWS_CM_10530] [SWS_CM_10531] [SWS_CM_10532] [SWS_CM_10534] [SWS_CM_10535] [SWS_CM_10536] [SWS_CM_10537] [SWS_CM_11005] [SWS_CM_11008] [SWS_CM_11007] [SWS_CM_11008] [SWS_CM_11009] [SWS_CM_11010] [SWS_CM_11011] [SWS_CM_11012] [SWS_CM_11013] [SWS_CM_11014] [SWS_CM_11015] [SWS_CM_11019] [SWS_CM_11020] [SWS_CM_11021] [SWS_CM_11022] [SWS_CM_11023] [SWS_CM_11024] [SWS_CM_11025] [SWS_CM_11028] [SWS_CM_11030] [SWS_CM_11031] [SWS_CM_11030] [SWS_CM_11031] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11103] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11103] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11105] [SWS_CM_11106] [SWS_CM_11107]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[FO_RS_Dds_00009] [FO_RS_Dds_00015]	Security mechanism Publish	[SWS_CM_11108] [SWS_CM_11109] [SWS_CM_11110] [SWS_CM_11111] [SWS_CM_11112] [SWS_CM_11130] [SWS_CM_11132] [SWS_CM_11133] [SWS_CM_11134] [SWS_CM_11135] [SWS_CM_11136] [SWS_CM_11137] [SWS_CM_11136] [SWS_CM_11137] [SWS_CM_11140] [SWS_CM_11141] [SWS_CM_11140] [SWS_CM_11142] [SWS_CM_11142] [SWS_CM_11143] [SWS_CM_11144] [SWS_CM_11147] [SWS_CM_11148] [SWS_CM_11149] [SWS_CM_11150] [SWS_CM_11151] [SWS_CM_11150] [SWS_CM_11153] [SWS_CM_11154] [SWS_CM_11155] [SWS_CM_11156] [SWS_CM_90500] [SWS_CM_90502] [SWS_CM_90503] [SWS_CM_90504] [SWS_CM_90505] [SWS_CM_90506] [SWS_CM_90507] [SWS_CM_90506] [SWS_CM_90501] [SWS_CM_90510] [SWS_CM_90511] [SWS_CM_90512] [SWS_CM_90515] [SWS_CM_90514] [SWS_CM_90515] [SWS_CM_90218] [SWS_CM_10526] [SWS_CM_10550] [SWS_CM_11003] [SWS_CM_11029]
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[FO_RS_Dds_00016]	Subscribe	[SWS_CM_10527] [SWS_CM_10528] [SWS_CM_10529] [SWS_CM_10536] [SWS_CM_10537] [SWS_CM_11005] [SWS_CM_11018] [SWS_CM_11019] [SWS_CM_11020] [SWS_CM_11031] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11105] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11110] [SWS_CM_11110] [SWS_CM_11133] [SWS_CM_11111] [SWS_CM_11135] [SWS_CM_11153] [SWS_CM_11135] [SWS_CM_11153] [SWS_CM_90507]
[FO_RS_MACsec 00001]	MACsec Protocol support	[SWS_CM_99040]
[FO_RS_MACsec 00006]	MACsec support for Adaptive AUTOSAR Platform	[SWS_CM_99040]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_AP_00114]	C++ interface shall be compatible	[SWS_CM_00002] [SWS_CM_00003]
	with C++14.	[SWS_CM_00004] [SWS_CM_00005]
		[SWS_CM_00006] [SWS_CM_00007]
		[SWS_CM_00008] [SWS_CM_00010]
		[SWS_CM_00011] [SWS_CM_00012]
		[SWS_CM_00013] [SWS_CM_00014]
		[SWS_CM_00015] [SWS_CM_00016]
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		[SWS_CM_01031][SWS_CM_01050] [SWS_CM_01051][SWS_CM_01052]
		[SWS_CM_01053] [SWS_CM_01054]
		ומבנונט ועוט בעיבונסטוט ועוט פעיפו ו
		[SWS_CM_01055] [SWS_CM_01056] [SWS_CM_01057] [SWS_CM_01058]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
		[SWS_CM_01059] [SWS_CM_01060] [SWS_CM_01061] [SWS_CM_01062] [SWS_CM_01063] [SWS_CM_01064] [SWS_CM_01065] [SWS_CM_01066] [SWS_CM_01066] [SWS_CM_01066] [SWS_CM_01069] [SWS_CM_01068] [SWS_CM_01069] [SWS_CM_10362] [SWS_CM_10372] [SWS_CM_10383] [SWS_CM_10435] [SWS_CM_10436] [SWS_CM_10437] [SWS_CM_10436] [SWS_CM_10440] [SWS_CM_10440] [SWS_CM_110446] [SWS_CM_11251] [SWS_CM_11266] [SWS_CM_11350] [SWS_CM_11351] [SWS_CM_11350] [SWS_CM_11351] [SWS_CM_11352] [SWS_CM_11353] [SWS_CM_11354] [SWS_CM_11355] [SWS_CM_11356] [SWS_CM_11360] [SWS_CM_11360] [SWS_CM_11361] [SWS_CM_11360] [SWS_CM_11363] [SWS_CM_11360] [SWS_CM_11363] [SWS_CM_11370] [SWS_CM_11371] [SWS_CM_11370] [SWS_CM_11400] [SWS_CM_11401] [SWS_CM_11400] [SWS_CM_11401] [SWS_CM_112001] [SWS_CM_12016] [SWS_CM_12001] [SWS_CM_12016] [SWS_CM_12021] [SWS_CM_12022] [SWS_CM_904421] [SWS_CM_90427] [SWS_CM_90427] [SWS_CM_90436] [SWS_CM_90438] [SWS_CM_90438]
[RS_AP_00115]	Public namespaces.	[SWS_CM_00013] [SWS_CM_00018] [SWS_CM_00019] [SWS_CM_00024] [SWS_CM_00118] [SWS_CM_00122] [SWS_CM_00113] [SWS_CM_00152] [SWS_CM_00153] [SWS_CM_00198] [SWS_CM_00316] [SWS_CM_00622] [SWS_CM_00623] [SWS_CM_10435] [SWS_CM_10436] [SWS_CM_10437] [SWS_CM_11264] [SWS_CM_11352] [SWS_CM_11365] [SWS_CM_11352] [SWS_CM_11365] [SWS_CM_12016] [SWS_CM_12021] [SWS_CM_12022] [SWS_CM_90421] [SWS_CM_90427] [SWS_CM_90438]
[RS_AP_00116]	Header file name.	[SWS_CM_01002] [SWS_CM_01012] [SWS_CM_01013]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_AP_00119]	Return values / application errors.	[SWS_CM_00018] [SWS_CM_00019]
		[SWS_CM_00021] [SWS_CM_00024]
		[SWS_CM_00118] [SWS_CM_00122] [SWS_CM_00123] [SWS_CM_00310]
		[SWS CM 00316] [SWS CM 00622]
		[SWS_CM_00623] [SWS_CM_00704]
		[SWS_CM_00706] [SWS_CM_10362]
		[SWS_CM_10383] [SWS_CM_10440]
		[SWS_CM_11264] [SWS_CM_11265]
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		[SWS_CM_11355] [SWS_CM_11357]
		[SWS_CM_11361] [SWS_CM_11363]
		[SWS_CM_11365] [SWS_CM_11366]
		[SWS_CM_12016] [SWS_CM_12021]
		[SWS_CM_12022] [SWS_CM_90421]
		[SWS_CM_90422] [SWS_CM_90426]
		[SWS_CM_90427] [SWS_CM_99030]
[RS_AP_00120]	Method and Function names.	[SWS_CM_00010] [SWS_CM_00011]
		[SWS_CM_00012] [SWS_CM_00013]
		[SWS_CM_00014] [SWS_CM_00015] [SWS_CM_00016] [SWS_CM_00020]
		[SWS_CM_00022] [SWS_CM_00023]
		[SWS_CM_00024] [SWS_CM_00025]
		[SWS_CM_00026] [SWS_CM_00027]
		[SWS_CM_00028] [SWS_CM_00029]
		[SWS_CM_00030] [SWS_CM_00031]
		[SWS_CM_00032] [SWS_CM_00035]
		[SWS_CM_00101] [SWS_CM_00111]
		[SWS_CM_00112] [SWS_CM_00113] [SWS_CM_00114] [SWS_CM_00116]
		[SWS_CM_00118] [SWS_CM_00119]
		[SWS_CM_00122] [SWS_CM_00123]
		[SWS_CM_00125] [SWS_CM_00141]
		[SWS_CM_00151] [SWS_CM_00162]
		[SWS_CM_00181] [SWS_CM_00183]
		[SWS_CM_00192] [SWS_CM_00195]
		[SWS_CM_00196] [SWS_CM_00198] [SWS_CM_00199] [SWS_CM_00226]
		[SWS CM 00249] [SWS CM 00250]
		[SWS_CM_00251] [SWS_CM_00309]
		[SWS_CM_00311] [SWS_CM_00316]
		[SWS_CM_00333] [SWS_CM_00334]
		[SWS_CM_00351] [SWS_CM_00352] [SWS_CM_00383] [SWS_CM_00701]
		[SWS CM 00705] [SWS CM 00721]
		[SWS CM 00722] [SWS CM 00723]
		[SWS_CM_00724] [SWS_CM_00725]
		[SWS_CM_00810] [SWS_CM_11328]
		[SWS_CM_11330] [SWS_CM_11331]
		[SWS_CM_11332] [SWS_CM_11333]
		[SWS_CM_11334] [SWS_CM_11335] [SWS_CM_11336] [SWS_CM_11337]
		[SWS CM 11350] [SWS CM 11352]
		[SWS_CM_11354] [SWS_CM_11356]
		[SWS_CM_11360] [SWS_CM_11362]
		[SWS_CM_11365] [SWS_CM_12002]
		[SWS_CM_12003] [SWS_CM_12016]
		[SWS_CM_12017] [SWS_CM_12018]
		[SWS_CM_12502] [SWS_CM_12504]
		[SWS_CM_12505] [SWS_CM_12506] [SWS_CM_12507] [SWS_CM_12508]
		[[0110_0 w _12007] [0110_0 w _12000]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
. 4	The second secon	Δ
		[SWS_CM_12509] [SWS_CM_12510] [SWS_CM_12511] [SWS_CM_12513] [SWS_CM_12515] [SWS_CM_12516] [SWS_CM_12517] [SWS_CM_12518] [SWS_CM_12519] [SWS_CM_12520] [SWS_CM_12521] [SWS_CM_12522] [SWS_CM_90420] [SWS_CM_90435] [SWS_CM_90437] [SWS_CM_90438]
[RS_AP_00121]	Parameter names.	[SWS_CM_00012] [SWS_CM_00016] [SWS_CM_00018] [SWS_CM_00019] [SWS_CM_00020] [SWS_CM_00025] [SWS_CM_00028] [SWS_CM_00031] [SWS_CM_00113] [SWS_CM_00118] [SWS_CM_00119] [SWS_CM_00122] [SWS_CM_00123] [SWS_CM_00125] [SWS_CM_00130] [SWS_CM_00131] [SWS_CM_00152] [SWS_CM_00153] [SWS_CM_00162] [SWS_CM_00181] [SWS_CM_00226] [SWS_CM_00254]
		[SWS_CM_00250] [SWS_CM_00251] [SWS_CM_00333] [SWS_CM_00622] [SWS_CM_00623] [SWS_CM_00701] [SWS_CM_00721] [SWS_CM_00722] [SWS_CM_00725] [SWS_CM_10435] [SWS_CM_10436] [SWS_CM_10437] [SWS_CM_10438] [SWS_CM_11328] [SWS_CM_11332] [SWS_CM_11333] [SWS_CM_11335] [SWS_CM_11352] [SWS_CM_11365] [SWS_CM_12517] [SWS_CM_12502] [SWS_CM_12518] [SWS_CM_12509] [SWS_CM_12519] [SWS_CM_12520] [SWS_CM_12519] [SWS_CM_12520] [SWS_CM_12522] [SWS_CM_90437]
[RS_AP_00122]	Type names.	[SWS_CM_00002] [SWS_CM_00004] [SWS_CM_00302] [SWS_CM_00303] [SWS_CM_00304] [SWS_CM_00306] [SWS_CM_00308] [SWS_CM_00312] [SWS_CM_00319] [SWS_CM_01050] [SWS_CM_10432] [SWS_CM_11327] [SWS_CM_11329] [SWS_CM_12501] [SWS_CM_12503] [SWS_CM_12512] [SWS_CM_12514] [SWS_CM_99030]
[RS_AP_00125]	Enumerator and constant names.	[SWS_CM_00301] [SWS_CM_00310]
[RS_AP_00127]	Usage of ara::core types.	[SWS_CM_00014] [SWS_CM_00015] [SWS_CM_00017] [SWS_CM_00018] [SWS_CM_00019] [SWS_CM_00027] [SWS_CM_00030] [SWS_CM_00031] [SWS_CM_00032] [SWS_CM_00112] [SWS_CM_00113] [SWS_CM_00114] [SWS_CM_00116] [SWS_CM_00118] [SWS_CM_00152] [SWS_CM_00191] [SWS_CM_00192] [SWS_CM_00193] [SWS_CM_00194] [SWS_CM_00195] [SWS_CM_00196] [SWS_CM_00197] [SWS_CM_00196] [SWS_CM_00226] [SWS_CM_00302] [SWS_CM_00352] [SWS_CM_00622] [SWS_CM_00623] [SWS_CM_00701] [SWS_CM_00704] [SWS_CM_00705] [SWS_CM_00706] [SWS_CM_01050] [SWS_CM_10362]
		∇



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
		[SWS_CM_10432] [SWS_CM_10435] [SWS_CM_10436] [SWS_CM_10437] [SWS_CM_10438] [SWS_CM_10440] [SWS_CM_10446] [SWS_CM_11266] [SWS_CM_11326] [SWS_CM_11327] [SWS_CM_11329] [SWS_CM_11350] [SWS_CM_11351] [SWS_CM_11353] [SWS_CM_11354] [SWS_CM_11355] [SWS_CM_11356] [SWS_CM_11357] [SWS_CM_11366] [SWS_CM_11361] [SWS_CM_11360] [SWS_CM_11363] [SWS_CM_11366] [SWS_CM_12501] [SWS_CM_12503] [SWS_CM_12512] [SWS_CM_12514]
[RS_AP_00128]	Error reporting.	[SWS_CM_00014] [SWS_CM_00015] [SWS_CM_00017] [SWS_CM_00027] [SWS_CM_00030] [SWS_CM_00032] [SWS_CM_00112] [SWS_CM_00114] [SWS_CM_00116] [SWS_CM_00191] [SWS_CM_00192] [SWS_CM_00195] [SWS_CM_00196] [SWS_CM_00199] [SWS_CM_00226] [SWS_CM_00352] [SWS_CM_00701] [SWS_CM_00705] [SWS_CM_00706] [SWS_CM_10435] [SWS_CM_10436] [SWS_CM_10437] [SWS_CM_10438] [SWS_CM_11326] [SWS_CM_11350] [SWS_CM_11354] [SWS_CM_11356] [SWS_CM_11360] [SWS_CM_11362]
[RS_AP_00130]	AUTOSAR Adaptive Platform shall represent a rich and modern programming environment.	[SWS_CM_10432] [SWS_CM_10474] [SWS_CM_11267] [SWS_CM_11327] [SWS_CM_11328] [SWS_CM_11329] [SWS_CM_11330] [SWS_CM_11331] [SWS_CM_11332] [SWS_CM_11333] [SWS_CM_11334] [SWS_CM_11335] [SWS_CM_11334] [SWS_CM_11337] [SWS_CM_11340] [SWS_CM_11341] [SWS_CM_11340] [SWS_CM_12501] [SWS_CM_12502] [SWS_CM_12503] [SWS_CM_12504] [SWS_CM_12505] [SWS_CM_12504] [SWS_CM_12507] [SWS_CM_12508] [SWS_CM_12507] [SWS_CM_12508] [SWS_CM_12511] [SWS_CM_12510] [SWS_CM_12511] [SWS_CM_12514] [SWS_CM_12515] [SWS_CM_12516] [SWS_CM_12517] [SWS_CM_12518] [SWS_CM_12517] [SWS_CM_12518] [SWS_CM_12521] [SWS_CM_12522] [SWS_CM_12521] [SWS_CM_12522] [SWS_CM_99026] [SWS_CM_99027]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_AP_00132]	noexcept behavior of API functions	[SWS_CM_00027] [SWS_CM_00306] [SWS_CM_00705] [SWS_CM_01050] [SWS_CM_01052] [SWS_CM_01054] [SWS_CM_01055] [SWS_CM_01060] [SWS_CM_01062] [SWS_CM_01064] [SWS_CM_01065] [SWS_CM_10435] [SWS_CM_10436] [SWS_CM_10437] [SWS_CM_10438] [SWS_CM_11326] [SWS_CM_11328] [SWS_CM_11331] [SWS_CM_11328] [SWS_CM_11334] [SWS_CM_11332] [SWS_CM_11334] [SWS_CM_11337] [SWS_CM_11336] [SWS_CM_11337] [SWS_CM_11371] [SWS_CM_12502] [SWS_CM_12504] [SWS_CM_12505] [SWS_CM_12506] [SWS_CM_12507] [SWS_CM_12508] [SWS_CM_12510] [SWS_CM_12511] [SWS_CM_12513] [SWS_CM_12515] [SWS_CM_12518] [SWS_CM_12517] [SWS_CM_12518] [SWS_CM_12519] [SWS_CM_12521] [SWS_CM_12522] [SWS_CM_90420]
[RS_AP_00134]	noexcept behavior of class destructors	[SWS_CM_01050] [SWS_CM_01059]
[RS_AP_00135]	Avoidance of shared ownership.	[SWS_CM_00306] [SWS_CM_00308]
[RS_AP_00136]	Usage of string types.	[SWS_CM_10054] [SWS_CM_10245] [SWS_CM_10247] [SWS_CM_10285] [SWS_CM_11046]
[RS_AP_00137]	Connecting run-time interface with model.	[SWS_CM_00018] [SWS_CM_00019] [SWS_CM_00118] [SWS_CM_00152] [SWS_CM_00622] [SWS_CM_00623] [SWS_CM_10436] [SWS_CM_10450] [SWS_CM_10452] [SWS_CM_10590]
[RS_AP_00138]	Return type of asynchronous function calls.	[SWS_CM_00014] [SWS_CM_00015] [SWS_CM_00017] [SWS_CM_00017] [SWS_CM_00030] [SWS_CM_00030] [SWS_CM_00031] [SWS_CM_00031] [SWS_CM_00031] [SWS_CM_00032] [SWS_CM_00032] [SWS_CM_00112] [SWS_CM_00112] [SWS_CM_00113] [SWS_CM_00113] [SWS_CM_00113] [SWS_CM_00114] [SWS_CM_00116] [SWS_CM_00191] [SWS_CM_00191] [SWS_CM_00192] [SWS_CM_00192] [SWS_CM_00195] [SWS_CM_00197] [SWS_CM_00196] [SWS_CM_00197] [SWS_CM_00196] [SWS_CM_00199] [SWS_CM_00196] [SWS_CM_00199] [SWS_CM_00196] [SWS_CM_11350] [SWS_CM_11350] [SWS_CM_11356] [SWS_CM_11356] [SWS_CM_11366] [SWS_CM_11366] [SWS_CM_11362] [SWS_CM_11362]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_AP_00139]	Return type of synchronous function calls.	[SWS_CM_00027] [SWS_CM_00027] [SWS_CM_00195] [SWS_CM_00226] [SWS_CM_00226] [SWS_CM_00701] [SWS_CM_00701] [SWS_CM_00705] [SWS_CM_00705] [SWS_CM_00706] [SWS_CM_10435] [SWS_CM_10435] [SWS_CM_10436] [SWS_CM_10436] [SWS_CM_10437] [SWS_CM_10437] [SWS_CM_10438] [SWS_CM_10438] [SWS_CM_11326] [SWS_CM_11326]
[RS_AP_00144]	Availability of a named constructor.	[SWS_CM_10435] [SWS_CM_10436] [SWS_CM_10437] [SWS_CM_10438] [SWS_CM_11326]
[RS_AP_00145]	Availability of special member functions.	[SWS_CM_00130] [SWS_CM_00131] [SWS_CM_00134] [SWS_CM_00135] [SWS_CM_00136] [SWS_CM_00137] [SWS_CM_00152] [SWS_CM_00153] [SWS_CM_00306] [SWS_CM_00317] [SWS_CM_00318] [SWS_CM_01050] [SWS_CM_01051] [SWS_CM_01052] [SWS_CM_01053] [SWS_CM_01054] [SWS_CM_01055] [SWS_CM_01056] [SWS_CM_01057] [SWS_CM_01058] [SWS_CM_01057] [SWS_CM_01060] [SWS_CM_01059] [SWS_CM_010435] [SWS_CM_010436] [SWS_CM_10447] [SWS_CM_10438] [SWS_CM_10446] [SWS_CM_11370] [SWS_CM_11371]
[RS_AP_00146]	Classes whose construction requires interaction by the ARA framework.	[SWS_CM_00349] [SWS_CM_00353] [SWS_CM_11330]
[RS_AP_00147]	Classes that are created with an InstanceSpecifier as an argument are not copyable, but at most movable.	[SWS_CM_00134] [SWS_CM_00135] [SWS_CM_00136] [SWS_CM_00137]
[RS_CM_00001]	The Communication Management shall provide a standardized header file structure for each service.	[SWS_CM_01001] [SWS_CM_01002] [SWS_CM_01004] [SWS_CM_01012] [SWS_CM_01013] [SWS_CM_01017] [SWS_CM_01019] [SWS_CM_01020] [SWS_CM_10370] [SWS_CM_10372] [SWS_CM_10453] [SWS_CM_12000]
[RS_CM_00002]	The service header files shall define the namespace for the respective service.	[SWS_CM_01005] [SWS_CM_01006] [SWS_CM_01007] [SWS_CM_01008] [SWS_CM_01009] [SWS_CM_01015] [SWS_CM_01018] [SWS_CM_01031]
[RS_CM_00004]	Communication Management shall support the translation between signal-based and service-oriented communication	[SWS_CM_10363] [SWS_CM_10517] [SWS_CM_10518] [SWS_CM_10519] [SWS_CM_10520] [SWS_CM_10521] [SWS_CM_10522] [SWS_CM_10523] [SWS_CM_80001] [SWS_CM_80003] [SWS_CM_80004] [SWS_CM_80017] [SWS_CM_80019] [SWS_CM_80020] [SWS_CM_80021] [SWS_CM_80022] [SWS_CM_80023] [SWS_CM_80024] [SWS_CM_80023] [SWS_CM_80026] [SWS_CM_80027] [SWS_CM_80028] [SWS_CM_80030] [SWS_CM_80028] [SWS_CM_80030] [SWS_CM_80063] [SWS_CM_80064] [SWS_CM_80065] [SWS_CM_80066] [SWS_CM_80067] [SWS_CM_80068] [SWS_CM_80069] [SWS_CM_80070] [SWS_CM_80072]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
		[SWS_CM_80074] [SWS_CM_80075] [SWS_CM_80100] [SWS_CM_80101] [SWS_CM_80102] [SWS_CM_80103] [SWS_CM_80104] [SWS_CM_80501] [SWS_CM_80502] [SWS_CM_80503] [SWS_CM_80504] [SWS_CM_80505] [SWS_CM_80506] [SWS_CM_80507] [SWS_CM_80508] [SWS_CM_80509] [SWS_CM_80510] [SWS_CM_80511] [SWS_CM_80512] [SWS_CM_80513]
[RS_CM_00005]	Handling of malformed messages or with errors	[SWS_CM_10416]
[RS_CM_00101]	Communication Management shall provide an interface to offer services	[SWS_CM_00002] [SWS_CM_00010] [SWS_CM_00101] [SWS_CM_00102] [SWS_CM_00103] [SWS_CM_00104] [SWS_CM_00130] [SWS_CM_00134] [SWS_CM_00135] [SWS_CM_00152] [SWS_CM_00153] [SWS_CM_00201] [SWS_CM_00203] [SWS_CM_00302] [SWS_CM_00319] [SWS_CM_09004] [SWS_CM_10410] [SWS_CM_10435] [SWS_CM_10436] [SWS_CM_10437] [SWS_CM_10450] [SWS_CM_10451] [SWS_CM_10458] [SWS_CM_10550] [SWS_CM_110458] [SWS_CM_11002] [SWS_CM_11003] [SWS_CM_11002] [SWS_CM_11030] [SWS_CM_11031] [SWS_CM_11326] [SWS_CM_12019] [SWS_CM_90500] [SWS_CM_90504] [SWS_CM_90505] [SWS_CM_90506] [SWS_CM_90507] [SWS_CM_90508]
[RS_CM_00102]	Communication Management shall provide an interface to find services	[SWS_CM_00004] [SWS_CM_00018] [SWS_CM_00019] [SWS_CM_00020] [SWS_CM_00122] [SWS_CM_00123] [SWS_CM_00124] [SWS_CM_00125] [SWS_CM_00131] [SWS_CM_00136] [SWS_CM_00137] [SWS_CM_00202] [SWS_CM_00209] [SWS_CM_00302] [SWS_CM_00303] [SWS_CM_00304] [SWS_CM_00312] [SWS_CM_00317] [SWS_CM_00318] [SWS_CM_00319] [SWS_CM_00318] [SWS_CM_10382] [SWS_CM_00623] [SWS_CM_10382] [SWS_CM_10438] [SWS_CM_10446] [SWS_CM_10491] [SWS_CM_11006] [SWS_CM_11007] [SWS_CM_11008] [SWS_CM_11007] [SWS_CM_11010] [SWS_CM_11011] [SWS_CM_11012] [SWS_CM_11041] [SWS_CM_11365] [SWS_CM_11352] [SWS_CM_11365] [SWS_CM_12020] [SWS_CM_90500] [SWS_CM_90510] [SWS_CM_90511] [SWS_CM_90512] [SWS_CM_99930]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_CM_00103]	Communication Management shall provide an interface to subscribe to a specific event provided by an instance of a certain service	[SWS_CM_00005] [SWS_CM_00022] [SWS_CM_00141] [SWS_CM_00205] [SWS_CM_00310] [SWS_CM_00311] [SWS_CM_00313] [SWS_CM_00314] [SWS_CM_00315] [SWS_CM_00700] [SWS_CM_00723] [SWS_CM_00724] [SWS_CM_10377] [SWS_CM_10381] [SWS_CM_10527] [SWS_CM_10528] [SWS_CM_10529] [SWS_CM_11018] [SWS_CM_10529] [SWS_CM_11018] [SWS_CM_11133] [SWS_CM_11134] [SWS_CM_11135] [SWS_CM_111401] [SWS_CM_12002] [SWS_CM_12003]
[RS_CM_00104]	Communication Management shall provide an interface to stop the subscription to an event of a service instance	[SWS_CM_00023] [SWS_CM_00035] [SWS_CM_00151] [SWS_CM_00207] [SWS_CM_00310] [SWS_CM_00311] [SWS_CM_00313] [SWS_CM_00314] [SWS_CM_00315] [SWS_CM_00810] [SWS_CM_10378] [SWS_CM_10530] [SWS_CM_11021] [SWS_CM_11136]
[RS_CM_00105]	Communication Management shall provide an interface to stop offering services	[SWS_CM_00011] [SWS_CM_00111] [SWS_CM_00204] [SWS_CM_11005] [SWS_CM_90509]
[RS_CM_00106]	Communication Management shall provide a means to monitor the state of the subscription to an event	[SWS_CM_00024] [SWS_CM_00025] [SWS_CM_00026] [SWS_CM_00310] [SWS_CM_00311] [SWS_CM_00313] [SWS_CM_00314] [SWS_CM_00315] [SWS_CM_00316] [SWS_CM_00333] [SWS_CM_00334] [SWS_CM_10531] [SWS_CM_10536] [SWS_CM_10537] [SWS_CM_11022] [SWS_CM_11027] [SWS_CM_11028] [SWS_CM_11137] [SWS_CM_11142] [SWS_CM_11143] [SWS_CM_12006] [SWS_CM_12016] [SWS_CM_12017] [SWS_CM_12018] [SWS_CM_99035]
[RS_CM_00107]	Communication Management shall provide a means to automatically update a proxy instance in case of restart of the offered service	[SWS_CM_00021] [SWS_CM_00313] [SWS_CM_00314] [SWS_CM_00315] [SWS_CM_10383] [SWS_CM_10491] [SWS_CM_12006]
[RS_CM_00108]	Service Communication - Uniqueness of offered service	[SWS_CM_00102]
[RS_CM_00200]	The Communication Management shall transform Fully Qualified Service IDs to communication protocol specific Service IDs	[SWS_CM_00102] [SWS_CM_00118] [SWS_CM_00202] [SWS_CM_00203] [SWS_CM_00205] [SWS_CM_01010] [SWS_CM_09004] [SWS_CM_10291] [SWS_CM_10292] [SWS_CM_10293] [SWS_CM_10301] [SWS_CM_10302] [SWS_CM_10303] [SWS_CM_10312] [SWS_CM_10313] [SWS_CM_10314] [SWS_CM_10323] [SWS_CM_10325] [SWS_CM_10333] [SWS_CM_10325] [SWS_CM_10333] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10335] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10377] [SWS_CM_10381] [SWS_CM_10452] [SWS_CM_10512] [SWS_CM_10513] [SWS_CM_10512] [SWS_CM_10519] [SWS_CM_10520] [SWS_CM_10521] [SWS_CM_10520] [SWS_CM_10550] [SWS_CM_10590] [SWS_CM_110011] [SWS_CM_11002]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
Requirement	Description	<u>'</u>
		[SWS_CM_11003] [SWS_CM_11006] [SWS_CM_11007] [SWS_CM_11008] [SWS_CM_11009] [SWS_CM_11010] [SWS_CM_11010] [SWS_CM_11011] [SWS_CM_11012] [SWS_CM_11011] [SWS_CM_11014] [SWS_CM_11029] [SWS_CM_11030] [SWS_CM_11031] [SWS_CM_11041] [SWS_CM_11103] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11101] [SWS_CM_11102] [SWS_CM_11107] [SWS_CM_11112] [SWS_CM_11151] [SWS_CM_11112] [SWS_CM_1151] [SWS_CM_12020] [SWS_CM_80025] [SWS_CM_80026] [SWS_CM_80026] [SWS_CM_80027] [SWS_CM_80028] [SWS_CM_80067] [SWS_CM_80068] [SWS_CM_90502] [SWS_CM_90503] [SWS_CM_90504] [SWS_CM_90505] [SWS_CM_90506] [SWS_CM_90507] [SWS_CM_90506] [SWS_CM_90507] [SWS_CM_90508] [SWS_CM_90510] [SWS_CM_90511] [SWS_CM_90514] [SWS_CM_90515]
[RS_CM_00201]	Communication Management shall provide an API to send events to other applications	[SWS_CM_00003] [SWS_CM_00012] [SWS_CM_00013] [SWS_CM_00162] [SWS_CM_00252] [SWS_CM_00253] [SWS_CM_00254] [SWS_CM_00255] [SWS_CM_00256] [SWS_CM_00257] [SWS_CM_00258] [SWS_CM_00259] [SWS_CM_00260] [SWS_CM_00264] [SWS_CM_00265] [SWS_CM_00308] [SWS_CM_00721] [SWS_CM_00722] [SWS_CM_00725] [SWS_CM_00722] [SWS_CM_00725] [SWS_CM_10034] [SWS_CM_10036] [SWS_CM_10037] [SWS_CM_10042] [SWS_CM_10053] [SWS_CM_10054] [SWS_CM_10055] [SWS_CM_10054] [SWS_CM_10057] [SWS_CM_10058] [SWS_CM_10057] [SWS_CM_10058] [SWS_CM_10059] [SWS_CM_10058] [SWS_CM_10070] [SWS_CM_10088] [SWS_CM_10070] [SWS_CM_10098] [SWS_CM_10028] [SWS_CM_10219] [SWS_CM_10222] [SWS_CM_10226] [SWS_CM_10227] [SWS_CM_10226] [SWS_CM_10224] [SWS_CM_10225] [SWS_CM_10245] [SWS_CM_10250] [SWS_CM_10251] [SWS_CM_10250] [SWS_CM_10251] [SWS_CM_10252] [SWS_CM_10255] [SWS_CM_10254] [SWS_CM_10257] [SWS_CM_10256] [SWS_CM_10257] [SWS_CM_10266] [SWS_CM_10257] [SWS_CM_10266] [SWS_CM_10266] [SWS_CM_10266] [SWS_CM_10267] [SWS_CM_10266] [SWS_CM_10267] [SWS_CM_10266] [SWS_CM_10267] [SWS_CM_10266] [SWS_CM_10267] [SWS_CM_10270] [SWS_CM_10271] [SWS_CM_10270] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10271] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10272] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10273] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10274] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10276] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10278] [SWS_CM_10281] [SWS_CM_10282] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10284] [SWS_CM_10285]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
Requirement	Description	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
[RS_CM_00202]	Description Communication Management shall provide an API to the application to poll received events	Satisfied by



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
		[SWS_CM_10235] [SWS_CM_10245] [SWS_CM_10247] [SWS_CM_10248] [SWS_CM_10250] [SWS_CM_10251] [SWS_CM_10252] [SWS_CM_10253] [SWS_CM_10254] [SWS_CM_10255] [SWS_CM_10254] [SWS_CM_10255] [SWS_CM_10256] [SWS_CM_10257] [SWS_CM_10258] [SWS_CM_10259] [SWS_CM_10260] [SWS_CM_10264] [SWS_CM_10262] [SWS_CM_10264] [SWS_CM_10263] [SWS_CM_10266] [SWS_CM_10267] [SWS_CM_10268] [SWS_CM_10269] [SWS_CM_10270] [SWS_CM_10271] [SWS_CM_10272] [SWS_CM_10273] [SWS_CM_10274] [SWS_CM_10275] [SWS_CM_10278] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10278] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10280] [SWS_CM_10278] [SWS_CM_10280] [SWS_CM_10281] [SWS_CM_10282] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10284] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10284] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10361] [SWS_CM_10459] [SWS_CM_10361] [SWS_CM_10459] [SWS_CM_1044] [SWS_CM_11044] [SWS_CM_11044] [SWS_CM_11044] [SWS_CM_11048] [SWS_CM_11044] [SWS_CM_11048] [SWS_CM_11044] [SWS_CM_11048] [SWS_CM_11044] [SWS_CM_11048] [SWS_CM_11044] [SWS_CM_11048] [SWS_CM_11138] [SWS_CM_11139] [SWS_CM_11138] [SWS_CM_111411] [SWS_CM_111412] [SWS_CM_11413] [SWS_CM_111412] [SWS_CM_11413]
[RS_CM_00203]	Communication Management shall trigger the application on reception of an event	[SWS_CM_80102] [SWS_CM_80103] [SWS_CM_00028] [SWS_CM_00029] [SWS_CM_00181] [SWS_CM_00182] [SWS_CM_00183] [SWS_CM_00249] [SWS_CM_00250] [SWS_CM_00251] [SWS_CM_00306] [SWS_CM_00309] [SWS_CM_00351] [SWS_CM_00709] [SWS_CM_00710] [SWS_CM_00711] [SWS_CM_10296] [SWS_CM_10328] [SWS_CM_10379] [SWS_CM_10380] [SWS_CM_10515] [SWS_CM_10516] [SWS_CM_10523] [SWS_CM_10534] [SWS_CM_10535] [SWS_CM_11025] [SWS_CM_111026] [SWS_CM_11140] [SWS_CM_11141] [SWS_CM_12007] [SWS_CM_80030] [SWS_CM_80072]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_CM_00204]	The Communication Management	[SWS_CM_00201] [SWS_CM_00202]
	shall map the protocol independent	[SWS_CM_00203] [SWS_CM_00204]
	Service Oriented Communication to	[SWS_CM_00205] [SWS_CM_00206]
	the configured protocol binding and	[SWS_CM_00207] [SWS_CM_00208]
	shall execute the protocol	[SWS_CM_00209] [SWS_CM_00252]
	accordingly.	[SWS_CM_00253] [SWS_CM_00254]
		[SWS_CM_00255] [SWS_CM_00256]
		[SWS_CM_00257] [SWS_CM_00258]
		[SWS CM 00259] [SWS CM 00264]
		[SWS_CM_01046] [SWS_CM_09004]
		[SWS CM 10000] [SWS CM 10016]
		[SWS_CM_10017] [SWS_CM_10034]
		[SWS_CM_10036] [SWS_CM_10037]
		[SWS_CM_10042] [SWS_CM_10053]
		[SWS_CM_10054] [SWS_CM_10055]
		[SWS_CM_10056] [SWS_CM_10057]
		[SWS_CM_10058] [SWS_CM_10059]
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		[SWS_CM_10072] [SWS_CM_10076]
		[SWS_CM_10169] [SWS_CM_10172]
		[SWS_CM_10174] [SWS_CM_10218]
		[SWS_CM_10219] [SWS_CM_10222]
		[SWS_CM_10230] [SWS_CM_10234]
		[SWS_CM_10235] [SWS_CM_10240]
		[SWS_CM_10245] [SWS_CM_10247]
		[SWS CM 10248] [SWS CM 10252]
		[SWS CM 10253] [SWS CM 10255]
		[SWS CM 10256] [SWS CM 10257]
		[SWS_CM_10258] [SWS_CM_10259]
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		[SWS_CM_10267] [SWS_CM_10268]
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		[SWS_CM_10300] [SWS_CM_10301]
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		[SWS_CM_10323] [SWS_CM_10324]
		[SWS CM 10325] [SWS CM 10326]
		[SWS_CM_10327] [SWS_CM_10328]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
		Δ
		[SWS_CM_10330] [SWS_CM_10331]
		[SWS_CM_10332] [SWS_CM_10333]
		[SWS_CM_10334] [SWS_CM_10335]
		[SWS_CM_10336] [SWS_CM_10338] [SWS_CM_10339] [SWS_CM_10340]
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		[SWS_CM_10361] [SWS_CM_10363]
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		[SWS CM 10441] [SWS CM 10442]
		[SWS_CM_10444] [SWS_CM_10447]
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		[SWS_CM_11002] [SWS_CM_11003]
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		[SWS_CM_11111] [SWS_CM_11112]
		[SWS_CM_11130] [SWS_CM_11131]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
Requirement	Description	[SWS_CM_11132] [SWS_CM_11133] [SWS_CM_11134] [SWS_CM_11135] [SWS_CM_11136] [SWS_CM_11137] [SWS_CM_11136] [SWS_CM_11137] [SWS_CM_11140] [SWS_CM_11141] [SWS_CM_11142] [SWS_CM_11143] [SWS_CM_11144] [SWS_CM_11145] [SWS_CM_11144] [SWS_CM_11147] [SWS_CM_11146] [SWS_CM_11147] [SWS_CM_11148] [SWS_CM_11147] [SWS_CM_11150] [SWS_CM_11151] [SWS_CM_11152] [SWS_CM_11153] [SWS_CM_11154] [SWS_CM_11153] [SWS_CM_11154] [SWS_CM_11153] [SWS_CM_11156] [SWS_CM_11262] [SWS_CM_11156] [SWS_CM_11269] [SWS_CM_11364] [SWS_CM_11269] [SWS_CM_11364] [SWS_CM_11413] [SWS_CM_12004] [SWS_CM_12005] [SWS_CM_10003] [SWS_CM_80001] [SWS_CM_80003] [SWS_CM_80017] [SWS_CM_80003] [SWS_CM_8002] [SWS_CM_80023] [SWS_CM_80024] [SWS_CM_80025] [SWS_CM_80024] [SWS_CM_80065] [SWS_CM_80064] [SWS_CM_80066] [SWS_CM_80066] [SWS_CM_80067] [SWS_CM_80064] [SWS_CM_80069] [SWS_CM_80064] [SWS_CM_80069] [SWS_CM_80069] [SWS_CM_80069] [SWS_CM_80069] [SWS_CM_80069] [SWS_CM_80069] [SWS_CM_80069] [SWS_CM_80069] [SWS_CM_80504] [SWS_CM_80503] [SWS_CM_80504] [SWS_CM_80503] [SWS_CM_80506] [SWS_CM_80507] [SWS_CM_80506] [SWS_CM_80507] [SWS_CM_80506] [SWS_CM_80507] [SWS_CM_80508] [SWS_CM_80507] [SWS_CM_80508] [SWS_CM_80507] [SWS_CM_80508] [SWS_CM_80507] [SWS_CM_80508] [SWS_CM_80509] [SWS_CM_80508] [SWS_CM_80509] [SWS_CM_80508] [SWS_CM_80507] [SWS_CM_80508] [SWS_CM_80503] [SWS_CM_90443] [SWS_CM_90444] [SWS_CM_90445] [SWS_CM_90445] [SWS_CM_90451] [SWS_CM_90505] [SWS_CM_90451] [SWS_CM_90505] [SWS_CM_90502] [SWS_CM_90505] [SWS_CM_90506] [SWS_CM_90505]
		[SWS_CM_90508] [SWS_CM_90509] [SWS_CM_90510] [SWS_CM_90511] [SWS_CM_90512] [SWS_CM_90513] [SWS_CM_90514] [SWS_CM_90515]
[RS_CM_00205]	The Communication Management shall realize the SOME/IP service discovery protocol, the SOME/IP protocol and the E2E supervision (E2E protocol).	[SWS_CM_01046] [SWS_CM_01050] [SWS_CM_01051] [SWS_CM_01052] [SWS_CM_01053] [SWS_CM_01054] [SWS_CM_01055] [SWS_CM_01056] [SWS_CM_01057] [SWS_CM_01058] [SWS_CM_01059] [SWS_CM_01060] [SWS_CM_01061] [SWS_CM_01062] [SWS_CM_01063] [SWS_CM_01064] [SWS_CM_01065] [SWS_CM_01066] [SWS_CM_01067] [SWS_CM_01068] [SWS_CM_01069] [SWS_CM_10000] [SWS_CM_01069] [SWS_CM_10000]



provide an interface to provide methods to other applications SWS_CM 00253 SWS_CM 00253 SWS_CM 00253 SWS_CM 00253 SWS_CM 00253 SWS_CM 00255 SWS_CM 00256 SWS_CM 00256 SWS_CM 00257 SWS_CM 00258 SWS_CM 00258 SWS_CM 00259 SW	Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[SWS_CM_90501]	RS_CM_00211]	Communication Management shall provide an interface to provide	[SWS_CM_00017] [SWS_CM_00191] [SWS_CM_00198] [SWS_CM_00199] [SWS_CM_00252] [SWS_CM_00253] [SWS_CM_00254] [SWS_CM_00255] [SWS_CM_00258] [SWS_CM_00257] [SWS_CM_00258] [SWS_CM_00257] [SWS_CM_00258] [SWS_CM_00259] [SWS_CM_00266] [SWS_CM_00264] [SWS_CM_00365] [SWS_CM_00361] [SWS_CM_00362] [SWS_CM_10036] [SWS_CM_10037] [SWS_CM_10042] [SWS_CM_10053] [SWS_CM_10054] [SWS_CM_10053] [SWS_CM_10056] [SWS_CM_10055] [SWS_CM_10056] [SWS_CM_10059] [SWS_CM_10058] [SWS_CM_10070] [SWS_CM_10060] [SWS_CM_10070] [SWS_CM_10072] [SWS_CM_10070] [SWS_CM_10099] [SWS_CM_10218] [SWS_CM_10099] [SWS_CM_10221] [SWS_CM_10226] [SWS_CM_10222] [SWS_CM_10226] [SWS_CM_10224] [SWS_CM_102230] [SWS_CM_10224] [SWS_CM_102230] [SWS_CM_10224] [SWS_CM_10225] [SWS_CM_10253] [SWS_CM_10254] [SWS_CM_10253] [SWS_CM_10254] [SWS_CM_10257] [SWS_CM_10258] [SWS_CM_10257] [SWS_CM_10266] [SWS_CM_10266] [SWS_CM_10266] [SWS_CM_10267] [SWS_CM_10266] [SWS_CM_10267] [SWS_CM_10268] [SWS_CM_10267] [SWS_CM_10268] [SWS_CM_10267] [SWS_CM_10274] [SWS_CM_10267] [SWS_CM_10288] [SWS_CM_10267] [SWS_CM_10268] [SWS_CM_10267] [SWS_CM_10268] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10274] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10274] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10284] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10284] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10284] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10274] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10274] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10274] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10276] [SWS_CM_10277] [SWS_CM_10284] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10274] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10274] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10276] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10274] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10284] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10284] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10284] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10286] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10286] [SWS_CM_10283] [SWS_CM_10371] [SWS_CM_1044] [SWS_CM_11046] [SWS_CM_11047] [SWS_CM_11048] [SWS_CM_11049] [SWS_CM_11050] [SWS_CM_111351] [SWS_CM_11356] [SWS_CM_11356] [SWS_CM_11356] [SWS_CM_11356] [SWS_CM_11366]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_CM_00212]	Communication Management shall provide an interface to call methods of other applications synchronously	[SWS_CM_00006] [SWS_CM_00032] [SWS_CM_00192] [SWS_CM_00194] [SWS_CM_00195] [SWS_CM_00196] [SWS_CM_10297] [SWS_CM_10298] [SWS_CM_10299] [SWS_CM_10300] [SWS_CM_10303] [SWS_CM_10302] [SWS_CM_10303] [SWS_CM_10304] [SWS_CM_10306] [SWS_CM_10307] [SWS_CM_10308] [SWS_CM_10307] [SWS_CM_10310] [SWS_CM_10309] [SWS_CM_10310] [SWS_CM_10311] [SWS_CM_10312] [SWS_CM_10313] [SWS_CM_10314] [SWS_CM_10315] [SWS_CM_10316] [SWS_CM_10317] [SWS_CM_10316] [SWS_CM_10317] [SWS_CM_10318] [SWS_CM_10329] [SWS_CM_10330] [SWS_CM_10331] [SWS_CM_10332] [SWS_CM_10333] [SWS_CM_10332] [SWS_CM_10335] [SWS_CM_10334] [SWS_CM_10335] [SWS_CM_10334] [SWS_CM_10340] [SWS_CM_10341] [SWS_CM_10342] [SWS_CM_10341] [SWS_CM_10342] [SWS_CM_10343] [SWS_CM_10344] [SWS_CM_10345] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10347] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10341] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10341] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10441] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10441] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10441] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10441] [SWS_CM_110414] [SWS_CM_10441] [SWS_CM_110414] [SWS_CM_11044] [SWS_CM_11106] [SWS_CM_11106] [SWS_CM_11106] [SWS_CM_11106] [SWS_CM_11116] [SWS_CM_11116] [SWS_CM_11116] [SWS_CM_11116] [SWS_CM_11116] [SWS_CM_11144] [SWS_CM_11116] [SWS_CM_11156] [SWS_CM_11155] [SWS_CM_11156] [SWS_CM_11356] [SWS_CM_11357] [SWS_CM_11366]
[RS_CM_00213]	Communication Management shall provide an interface to call service methods asynchronously	[SWS_CM_00006] [SWS_CM_00032] [SWS_CM_00193] [SWS_CM_00194] [SWS_CM_00196] [SWS_CM_00197] [SWS_CM_10297] [SWS_CM_10298] [SWS_CM_10299] [SWS_CM_10300] [SWS_CM_10301] [SWS_CM_10302] [SWS_CM_10303] [SWS_CM_10304] [SWS_CM_10306] [SWS_CM_10307] [SWS_CM_10308] [SWS_CM_10309] [SWS_CM_10310] [SWS_CM_10311] [SWS_CM_10312] [SWS_CM_10313] [SWS_CM_10314] [SWS_CM_10315] [SWS_CM_10316] [SWS_CM_10317] [SWS_CM_10318] [SWS_CM_10329] [SWS_CM_10332] [SWS_CM_10333] [SWS_CM_10334] [SWS_CM_10335]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
		[SWS_CM_10336] [SWS_CM_10338] [SWS_CM_10339] [SWS_CM_10340] [SWS_CM_10341] [SWS_CM_10342] [SWS_CM_10343] [SWS_CM_10344] [SWS_CM_10345] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10347] [SWS_CM_10348] [SWS_CM_10349] [SWS_CM_10350] [SWS_CM_10362] [SWS_CM_10371] [SWS_CM_10414] [SWS_CM_10440] [SWS_CM_10441] [SWS_CM_10442] [SWS_CM_10443] [SWS_CM_10444] [SWS_CM_10447] [SWS_CM_11100] [SWS_CM_11101] [SWS_CM_11102] [SWS_CM_11105] [SWS_CM_11106] [SWS_CM_11107] [SWS_CM_11108] [SWS_CM_11107] [SWS_CM_11108] [SWS_CM_111107] [SWS_CM_11112] [SWS_CM_11111] [SWS_CM_11147] [SWS_CM_11144] [SWS_CM_11147] [SWS_CM_11146] [SWS_CM_11147] [SWS_CM_11150] [SWS_CM_11151] [SWS_CM_11151] [SWS_CM_11153] [SWS_CM_11154] [SWS_CM_11351] [SWS_CM_11156] [SWS_CM_11355] [SWS_CM_11357] [SWS_CM_11366]
[RS_CM_00214]	Communication Management shall provide an interface to query the result of an asynchronously called service method	[SWS_CM_00193] [SWS_CM_10362] [SWS_CM_10371] [SWS_CM_10440] [SWS_CM_11351] [SWS_CM_11353] [SWS_CM_11355] [SWS_CM_11357] [SWS_CM_11361] [SWS_CM_11363] [SWS_CM_11366]
[RS_CM_00215]	Communication Management shall trigger the application on completion of an asynchronously called service method	[SWS_CM_00197] [SWS_CM_10317] [SWS_CM_10318] [SWS_CM_10349] [SWS_CM_10350] [SWS_CM_11104] [SWS_CM_11108] [SWS_CM_11148]
[RS_CM_00216]	Communication Management shall provide an interface which aggregates methods to receive a notification on a changed field value as well as explicitly getting and setting the field value	[SWS_CM_00008] [SWS_CM_01031] [SWS_CM_11403] [SWS_CM_90501]
[RS_CM_00217]	Communication Management shall provide a method to remotely set the field value	[SWS_CM_00031] [SWS_CM_00113] [SWS_CM_10329] [SWS_CM_10333] [SWS_CM_10335] [SWS_CM_10344] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10443] [SWS_CM_11151] [SWS_CM_11152]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_CM_00218]	Communication Management shall provide a method to remotely get the field value	[SWS_CM_00014] [SWS_CM_00015] [SWS_CM_00016] [SWS_CM_00030] [SWS_CM_00112] [SWS_CM_00114] [SWS_CM_00115] [SWS_CM_00116] [SWS_CM_00117] [SWS_CM_00119] [SWS_CM_00120] [SWS_CM_00128] [SWS_CM_00129] [SWS_CM_00132] [SWS_CM_00133] [SWS_CM_10329] [SWS_CM_10333] [SWS_CM_10335] [SWS_CM_10344] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10412] [SWS_CM_10413] [SWS_CM_10415] [SWS_CM_10443] [SWS_CM_11151] [SWS_CM_11152]
[RS_CM_00219]	Communication Management shall provide an interface which aggregates methods to send a notification on value change and to register a get and set function for the field value	[SWS_CM_00007] [SWS_CM_11402]
[RS_CM_00220]	Communication Management shall trigger the set method of the application which provides the field	[SWS_CM_10338] [SWS_CM_10339] [SWS_CM_10340] [SWS_CM_11153] [SWS_CM_11154] [SWS_CM_11155] [SWS_CM_11156]
[RS_CM_00221]	Communication Management shall trigger the get method of the application which provides the field	[SWS_CM_10338] [SWS_CM_10339] [SWS_CM_10340] [SWS_CM_11153] [SWS_CM_11154] [SWS_CM_11155] [SWS_CM_11156]
[RS_CM_00223]	The Communication Management shall protect the transmission of events using E2E protocol. The E2E Protection has to be executed behind the event API.	[SWS_CM_00046] [SWS_CM_10473] [SWS_CM_90406] [SWS_CM_90430] [SWS_CM_90433]
[RS_CM_00224]	The communication management shall provide the E2E information of the received event to the application.	[SWS_CM_00042] [SWS_CM_10475] [SWS_CM_90407] [SWS_CM_90408] [SWS_CM_90412] [SWS_CM_90413] [SWS_CM_90417] [SWS_CM_90431]
[RS_CM_00225]	Communication Management shall provide an interface to call fire&forget service methods	[SWS_CM_90434] [SWS_CM_90435] [SWS_CM_90436]
[RS_CM_00315]	The Communication Management shall support a change of the configured protocol binding without requiring a re-compilation of the adaptive application	[SWS_CM_10384] [SWS_CM_10385] [SWS_CM_10386]
[RS_CM_00400]	Communication Management shall protect the transmission of methods using E2E protocol.	[SWS_CM_00033] [SWS_CM_00036] [SWS_CM_00037] [SWS_CM_00039] [SWS_CM_00040] [SWS_CM_00041] [SWS_CM_10460] [SWS_CM_10462] [SWS_CM_10463] [SWS_CM_10464] [SWS_CM_10465] [SWS_CM_10466] [SWS_CM_10467] [SWS_CM_10468] [SWS_CM_10469] [SWS_CM_10472] [SWS_CM_10473] [SWS_CM_90467] [SWS_CM_90468] [SWS_CM_90469] [SWS_CM_90470] [SWS_CM_90471] [SWS_CM_90472] [SWS_CM_90473] [SWS_CM_90474] [SWS_CM_90475] [SWS_CM_90476] [SWS_CM_90477] [SWS_CM_90476] [SWS_CM_90480] [SWS_CM_90481] [SWS_CM_90482]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
		© SWS_CM_90485] [SWS_CM_90486] [SWS_CM_90487] [SWS_CM_90488] [SWS_CM_90490] [SWS_CM_90491] [SWS_CM_90492] [SWS_CM_90493] [SWS_CM_90494] [SWS_CM_90496] [SWS_CM_90497] [SWS_CM_90498]
[RS_CM_00401]	The communication management shall provide the E2E information of the received method call to the application.	[SWS_CM_00034] [SWS_CM_00047] [SWS_CM_10470] [SWS_CM_10471] [SWS_CM_90495] [SWS_CM_90499]
[RS_CM_00402]	Communication Management shall support a decision for applying the method call based on E2E results.	[SWS_CM_00034] [SWS_CM_00047] [SWS_CM_10467] [SWS_CM_10470] [SWS_CM_10471]
[RS_CM_00500]	Service Contract Version for a Service Interface	[SWS_CM_01010] [SWS_CM_09004] [SWS_CM_90508] [SWS_CM_99003] [SWS_CM_99029]
[RS_CM_00501]	Service Contract Versioning for all Transport Deployment Protocols	[SWS_CM_09004] [SWS_CM_11009] [SWS_CM_90508] [SWS_CM_99003]
[RS_CM_00600]	Creation of CommunicationGroups	[SWS_CM_99000] [SWS_CM_99001] [SWS_CM_99002] [SWS_CM_99007] [SWS_CM_99008] [SWS_CM_99009] [SWS_CM_99010] [SWS_CM_99011] [SWS_CM_99012] [SWS_CM_99013] [SWS_CM_99014] [SWS_CM_99015] [SWS_CM_99016] [SWS_CM_99017] [SWS_CM_99018] [SWS_CM_99019] [SWS_CM_99020] [SWS_CM_99021] [SWS_CM_99022]
[RS_CM_00601]	Provide origin of information	[SWS_CM_99000] [SWS_CM_99001] [SWS_CM_99002] [SWS_CM_99007] [SWS_CM_99008] [SWS_CM_99009] [SWS_CM_99010] [SWS_CM_99011] [SWS_CM_99012] [SWS_CM_99013] [SWS_CM_99014] [SWS_CM_99015] [SWS_CM_99016] [SWS_CM_99017] [SWS_CM_99018] [SWS_CM_99019] [SWS_CM_99020] [SWS_CM_99021] [SWS_CM_99022]
[RS_CM_00700]	The Service Discovery shall evaluate the service version compatibility for service connection	[SWS_CM_99003]
[RS_CM_00701]	Service Versioning Blocklist	[SWS_CM_10202] [SWS_CM_11009]
[RS_CM_00710]	Static Service Connection	[SWS_CM_02201]
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Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_CM_00801]	Secure communication shall be transmitted using secure channels	[SWS_CM_11270] [SWS_CM_11271] [SWS_CM_11272] [SWS_CM_11273] [SWS_CM_11274] [SWS_CM_11275] [SWS_CM_11276] [SWS_CM_11277] [SWS_CM_11276] [SWS_CM_11277] [SWS_CM_11278] [SWS_CM_11279] [SWS_CM_11280] [SWS_CM_11281] [SWS_CM_11282] [SWS_CM_11283] [SWS_CM_11284] [SWS_CM_11285] [SWS_CM_11284] [SWS_CM_11287] [SWS_CM_11286] [SWS_CM_11287] [SWS_CM_11288] [SWS_CM_11289] [SWS_CM_11290] [SWS_CM_11344] [SWS_CM_11345] [SWS_CM_11344] [SWS_CM_11345] [SWS_CM_90101] [SWS_CM_90102] [SWS_CM_90103] [SWS_CM_90104] [SWS_CM_90108] [SWS_CM_90104] [SWS_CM_90110] [SWS_CM_90117] [SWS_CM_90118] [SWS_CM_90117] [SWS_CM_90118] [SWS_CM_90121] [SWS_CM_90201] [SWS_CM_90202] [SWS_CM_90205] [SWS_CM_90206] [SWS_CM_90207] [SWS_CM_90209]
[RS_CM_00802]	Secure channels shall be configurable	[SWS_CM_11280] [SWS_CM_11281] [SWS_CM_11282] [SWS_CM_11283] [SWS_CM_11284] [SWS_CM_11285] [SWS_CM_11286] [SWS_CM_11287] [SWS_CM_11288] [SWS_CM_11289] [SWS_CM_11290] [SWS_CM_11344] [SWS_CM_11345]
[RS_CM_00803]	The assignment of communication to specific secure channels shall be configurable	[SWS_CM_10495] [SWS_CM_10496] [SWS_CM_10497] [SWS_CM_11270] [SWS_CM_11280] [SWS_CM_11281] [SWS_CM_11282] [SWS_CM_11283] [SWS_CM_11284] [SWS_CM_11285] [SWS_CM_11286] [SWS_CM_11287] [SWS_CM_11288] [SWS_CM_11289] [SWS_CM_11290] [SWS_CM_11344] [SWS_CM_11345] [SWS_CM_90102] [SWS_CM_90202]
[RS_CM_00804]	Using secure channels shall be transparent on the communication API	[SWS_CM_11280] [SWS_CM_11281] [SWS_CM_11282] [SWS_CM_11283] [SWS_CM_11284] [SWS_CM_11285] [SWS_CM_11286] [SWS_CM_11287] [SWS_CM_11288] [SWS_CM_11289] [SWS_CM_11290] [SWS_CM_11344] [SWS_CM_11345] [SWS_CM_90111] [SWS_CM_90112] [SWS_CM_90113] [SWS_CM_90114] [SWS_CM_90119]
[RS_E2E_08534]	E2E protocol shall provide E2E Check status to the application	[SWS_CM_00038] [SWS_CM_10475] [SWS_CM_12021] [SWS_CM_12022] [SWS_CM_90411] [SWS_CM_90413] [SWS_CM_90416] [SWS_CM_90417] [SWS_CM_90420] [SWS_CM_90421] [SWS_CM_90422] [SWS_CM_90426] [SWS_CM_90427] [SWS_CM_90431] [SWS_CM_90478] [SWS_CM_90482] [SWS_CM_90483] [SWS_CM_90484]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_E2E_08540]	E2E protocol shall support protected periodic/mixed periodic communication	[SWS_CM_00042] [SWS_CM_00043] [SWS_CM_00044] [SWS_CM_00045] [SWS_CM_00046] [SWS_CM_90401] [SWS_CM_90402] [SWS_CM_90403] [SWS_CM_90404] [SWS_CM_90406] [SWS_CM_90407] [SWS_CM_90408] [SWS_CM_90410] [SWS_CM_90411] [SWS_CM_90412] [SWS_CM_90413] [SWS_CM_90415] [SWS_CM_90416] [SWS_CM_90417] [SWS_CM_90430] [SWS_CM_90433]
[RS_E2E_08541]	E2E protocol shall support protected non-periodic communication	[SWS_CM_00033] [SWS_CM_00036] [SWS_CM_00037] [SWS_CM_00038] [SWS_CM_00039] [SWS_CM_00040] [SWS_CM_00041] [SWS_CM_10460] [SWS_CM_10462] [SWS_CM_10463] [SWS_CM_10464] [SWS_CM_10465] [SWS_CM_10466] [SWS_CM_10467] [SWS_CM_10468] [SWS_CM_10473] [SWS_CM_10472] [SWS_CM_10473] [SWS_CM_90467] [SWS_CM_90468] [SWS_CM_90467] [SWS_CM_90470] [SWS_CM_90471] [SWS_CM_90472] [SWS_CM_90473] [SWS_CM_90474] [SWS_CM_90475] [SWS_CM_90476] [SWS_CM_90477] [SWS_CM_90478] [SWS_CM_90479] [SWS_CM_90480] [SWS_CM_90481] [SWS_CM_90486] [SWS_CM_90487] [SWS_CM_90480] [SWS_CM_90487] [SWS_CM_90490] [SWS_CM_90481] [SWS_CM_90490] [SWS_CM_90491] [SWS_CM_90491] [SWS_CM_90493] [SWS_CM_90494] [SWS_CM_90495] [SWS_CM_90496] [SWS_CM_90497] [SWS_CM_90498] [SWS_CM_90497] [SWS_CM_90498]
[RS_IAM_00001]	Limit Adaptive Application access to the Adaptive Platform Foundation and Services.	[SWS_CM_10498] [SWS_CM_10501] [SWS_CM_10505] [SWS_CM_10506] [SWS_CM_10507] [SWS_CM_10541] [SWS_CM_10542] [SWS_CM_10543] [SWS_CM_90218]
[RS_IAM_00002]	Position of Policy Enforcement	[SWS_CM_10492] [SWS_CM_10493] [SWS_CM_10494] [SWS_CM_10498] [SWS_CM_10501] [SWS_CM_10505] [SWS_CM_10506] [SWS_CM_10507] [SWS_CM_10541] [SWS_CM_10542] [SWS_CM_10543] [SWS_CM_90218]
[RS_IAM_00006]	Access control policies shall be available to the PDP	[SWS_CM_10539] [SWS_CM_90001] [SWS_CM_90003] [SWS_CM_90006]
[RS_IAM_00007]	The Adaptive Platform Foundation shall provide access control decisions	[SWS_CM_10539] [SWS_CM_90001] [SWS_CM_90003] [SWS_CM_90006]
[RS_IAM_00010]	Adaptive applications shall only be able to use AUTOSAR Resources when authorized	[SWS_CM_10539] [SWS_CM_90001] [SWS_CM_90003] [SWS_CM_90006]
[RS_Main_00050]	AUTOSAR shall provide an Execution Framework towards applications to implement concurrent application internal control flows	[SWS_CM_00009]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00002]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support unicast messages	[SWS_CM_00206]







Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00003]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support multicast messages	[SWS_CM_00206]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00005]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support different versions of the same service	[SWS_CM_00202] [SWS_CM_00203] [SWS_CM_00204] [SWS_CM_00205] [SWS_CM_00206] [SWS_CM_00207] [SWS_CM_00208] [SWS_CM_10378]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00006]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall define the format of the Service Discovery message	[SWS_CM_00202] [SWS_CM_00203] [SWS_CM_00204] [SWS_CM_00205] [SWS_CM_00206] [SWS_CM_00207] [SWS_CM_00208] [SWS_CM_10377] [SWS_CM_10378] [SWS_CM_10381]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00008]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to find the location of service instances	[SWS_CM_00202] [SWS_CM_00209]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00010]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall provide support to transport optional data	[SWS_CM_00202] [SWS_CM_00203] [SWS_CM_00204]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00013]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to offer published services	[SWS_CM_00201] [SWS_CM_00203]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00014]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to stop offering services	[SWS_CM_00204]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00015]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to subscribe to events	[SWS_CM_00205] [SWS_CM_00206] [SWS_CM_10377] [SWS_CM_10381]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00016]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to deny subscriptions	[SWS_CM_00208]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00017]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol shall support to stop subscriptions to events	[SWS_CM_00207] [SWS_CM_10378]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00024]	SOME/IP Service Discovery shall support configurable timings	[SWS_CM_00201] [SWS_CM_00209]
[RS_SOMEIPSD 00025]	SOME/IP Service Discovery messages shall contain information how to contact the communication partner	[SWS_CM_00203]
[RS_SOMEIP_00003]	SOME/IP protocol shall provide support of multiple versions of a service interface	[SWS_CM_10291] [SWS_CM_10292] [SWS_CM_10301] [SWS_CM_10302] [SWS_CM_10312] [SWS_CM_10313] [SWS_CM_10323] [SWS_CM_10324] [SWS_CM_10333] [SWS_CM_10334] [SWS_CM_10344] [SWS_CM_10345] [SWS_CM_10512] [SWS_CM_10513] [SWS_CM_10512] [SWS_CM_10520] [SWS_CM_10521] [SWS_CM_10522] [SWS_CM_10521] [SWS_CM_10522] [SWS_CM_80025] [SWS_CM_80026] [SWS_CM_80027] [SWS_CM_80028] [SWS_CM_80067] [SWS_CM_80068] [SWS_CM_80069]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_SOMEIP_00004]	SOME/IP protocol shall support event communication	[SWS_CM_10034] [SWS_CM_10287] [SWS_CM_10288] [SWS_CM_10289] [SWS_CM_10290] [SWS_CM_10291] [SWS_CM_10292] [SWS_CM_10293] [SWS_CM_10294] [SWS_CM_10295] [SWS_CM_10294] [SWS_CM_10319] [SWS_CM_10320] [SWS_CM_10321] [SWS_CM_10322] [SWS_CM_10323] [SWS_CM_10324] [SWS_CM_10325] [SWS_CM_10324] [SWS_CM_10327] [SWS_CM_10326] [SWS_CM_10327] [SWS_CM_10328] [SWS_CM_10380] [SWS_CM_10379] [SWS_CM_10380] [SWS_CM_10511] [SWS_CM_10512] [SWS_CM_10513] [SWS_CM_10514] [SWS_CM_10515] [SWS_CM_10516] [SWS_CM_10517] [SWS_CM_10518] [SWS_CM_10519] [SWS_CM_10520] [SWS_CM_10523] [SWS_CM_10522] [SWS_CM_10523] [SWS_CM_80023] [SWS_CM_80024] [SWS_CM_80025] [SWS_CM_80026] [SWS_CM_80027] [SWS_CM_80027] [SWS_CM_80065] [SWS_CM_80032] [SWS_CM_80065] [SWS_CM_80066] [SWS_CM_80069] [SWS_CM_80068] [SWS_CM_80069] [SWS_CM_80068] [SWS_CM_80069]
[RS_SOMEIP_00005]	SOME/IP protocol shall support different strategies for event communication	[SWS_CM_10034] [SWS_CM_10287] [SWS_CM_10319] [SWS_CM_10363] [SWS_CM_10511] [SWS_CM_10517] [SWS_CM_10518] [SWS_CM_80021] [SWS_CM_80063]
[RS_SOMEIP_00006]	SOME/IP protocol shall support uni-directional RPC communication	[SWS_CM_10297] [SWS_CM_10298] [SWS_CM_10300] [SWS_CM_10301] [SWS_CM_10302] [SWS_CM_10303] [SWS_CM_10304] [SWS_CM_10306] [SWS_CM_10307] [SWS_CM_10314] [SWS_CM_10441]
[RS_SOMEIP_00007]	SOME/IP protocol shall support bi-directional RPC communication	[SWS_CM_10297] [SWS_CM_10298] [SWS_CM_10300] [SWS_CM_10301] [SWS_CM_10302] [SWS_CM_10303] [SWS_CM_10304] [SWS_CM_10306] [SWS_CM_10307] [SWS_CM_10308] [SWS_CM_10307] [SWS_CM_10310] [SWS_CM_10311] [SWS_CM_10312] [SWS_CM_10313] [SWS_CM_10314] [SWS_CM_10316] [SWS_CM_10317] [SWS_CM_10316] [SWS_CM_10329] [SWS_CM_10330] [SWS_CM_10331] [SWS_CM_10330] [SWS_CM_10331] [SWS_CM_10332] [SWS_CM_10335] [SWS_CM_10334] [SWS_CM_10335] [SWS_CM_10336] [SWS_CM_10340] [SWS_CM_10341] [SWS_CM_10344] [SWS_CM_10343] [SWS_CM_10344] [SWS_CM_10348] [SWS_CM_10344] [SWS_CM_10348] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10348] [SWS_CM_10349] [SWS_CM_10348] [SWS_CM_10349] [SWS_CM_10340] [SWS_CM_10441] [SWS_CM_10442] [SWS_CM_10447]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_SOMEIP_00008]	SOME/IP protocol shall support error handling of RPC communication	[SWS_CM_10292] [SWS_CM_10302] [SWS_CM_10312] [SWS_CM_10313] [SWS_CM_10317] [SWS_CM_10334] [SWS_CM_10344] [SWS_CM_10345] [SWS_CM_10357] [SWS_CM_10358] [SWS_CM_10429] [SWS_CM_10430] [SWS_CM_10513] [SWS_CM_10521] [SWS_CM_10522] [SWS_CM_80027] [SWS_CM_80028]
[RS_SOMEIP_00009]	SOME/IP protocol shall support field communication	[SWS_CM_10319] [SWS_CM_10320] [SWS_CM_10321] [SWS_CM_10322] [SWS_CM_10323] [SWS_CM_10324] [SWS_CM_10325] [SWS_CM_10326] [SWS_CM_10327] [SWS_CM_10328] [SWS_CM_10329] [SWS_CM_10330] [SWS_CM_10331] [SWS_CM_10332] [SWS_CM_10333] [SWS_CM_10334] [SWS_CM_10335] [SWS_CM_10336] [SWS_CM_10336] [SWS_CM_10336] [SWS_CM_10340] [SWS_CM_10341] [SWS_CM_10340] [SWS_CM_10341] [SWS_CM_10342] [SWS_CM_10345] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10348] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10348] [SWS_CM_10349] [SWS_CM_10348] [SWS_CM_10349] [SWS_CM_10348] [SWS_CM_10349] [SWS_CM_10443] [SWS_CM_10346] [SWS_CM_10360] [SWS_CM_10366] [SWS_CM_80063] [SWS_CM_80064] [SWS_CM_80067] [SWS_CM_80068] [SWS_CM_80069] [SWS_CM_80072] [SWS_CM_80074]
[RS_SOMEIP_00010]	SOME/IP protocol shall support different transport protocols underneath	[SWS_CM_10288] [SWS_CM_10298] [SWS_CM_10299] [SWS_CM_10309] [SWS_CM_10310] [SWS_CM_10320] [SWS_CM_10330] [SWS_CM_10331] [SWS_CM_10341] [SWS_CM_10342] [SWS_CM_80022] [SWS_CM_80064]
[RS_SOMEIP_00012]	SOME/IP protocol shall support session handling	[SWS_CM_10240] [SWS_CM_10301] [SWS_CM_10312] [SWS_CM_10313] [SWS_CM_10333] [SWS_CM_10344] [SWS_CM_10345]
[RS_SOMEIP_00014]	SOME/IP protocol shall support handling of protocol errors on receiver side	[SWS_CM_10292] [SWS_CM_10302] [SWS_CM_10313] [SWS_CM_10324] [SWS_CM_10334] [SWS_CM_10345] [SWS_CM_10428] [SWS_CM_10513] [SWS_CM_10521] [SWS_CM_10522] [SWS_CM_80027] [SWS_CM_80028] [SWS_CM_80069]
[RS_SOMEIP_00017]	SOME/IP protocol shall support grouping events into eventgroups	[SWS_CM_10287] [SWS_CM_10319] [SWS_CM_10511] [SWS_CM_10518] [SWS_CM_80021] [SWS_CM_80063]
[RS_SOMEIP_00018]	SOME/IP protocol shall support grouping fields in eventgroups	[SWS_CM_10319] [SWS_CM_80063]
[RS_SOMEIP_00019]	SOME/IP protocol shall identify services using unique identifiers	[SWS_CM_10292] [SWS_CM_10302] [SWS_CM_10313] [SWS_CM_10324] [SWS_CM_10334] [SWS_CM_10345] [SWS_CM_10513] [SWS_CM_10521] [SWS_CM_10522] [SWS_CM_80027] [SWS_CM_80028] [SWS_CM_80069]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_SOMEIP_00021]	SOME/IP protocol shall identify RPC methods of services using unique identifiers	[SWS_CM_10301] [SWS_CM_10302] [SWS_CM_10303] [SWS_CM_10312] [SWS_CM_10313] [SWS_CM_10314] [SWS_CM_10333] [SWS_CM_10334] [SWS_CM_10335] [SWS_CM_10344] [SWS_CM_10345] [SWS_CM_10346]
[RS_SOMEIP_00022]	SOME/IP protocol shall identify events of services using unique identifiers	[SWS_CM_10291] [SWS_CM_10292] [SWS_CM_10293] [SWS_CM_10323] [SWS_CM_10324] [SWS_CM_10325] [SWS_CM_10512] [SWS_CM_10513] [SWS_CM_10514] [SWS_CM_10519] [SWS_CM_10520] [SWS_CM_10521] [SWS_CM_10522] [SWS_CM_80025] [SWS_CM_80026] [SWS_CM_80027] [SWS_CM_80028] [SWS_CM_80067] [SWS_CM_80068] [SWS_CM_80069]
[RS_SOMEIP_00025]	SOME/IP protocol shall support the identification of callers of an RPC using unique identifiers	[SWS_CM_10301] [SWS_CM_10312] [SWS_CM_10313] [SWS_CM_10333] [SWS_CM_10344] [SWS_CM_10345]
[RS_SOMEIP_00026]	SOME/IP protocol shall define the endianness of header and payload	[SWS_CM_10172] [SWS_CM_80003]
[RS_SOMEIP_00028]	SOME/IP protocol shall specify the serialization algorithm for data	[SWS_CM_10034] [SWS_CM_10294] [SWS_CM_10304] [SWS_CM_10316] [SWS_CM_10326] [SWS_CM_10336] [SWS_CM_10348] [SWS_CM_10442] [SWS_CM_10444] [SWS_CM_80032] [SWS_CM_80074]
[RS_SOMEIP_00037]	SOME/IP protocol shall support transporting array data types with flexible length	[SWS_CM_00270]
[RS_SOMEIP_00041]	SOME/IP protocol shall provide support of multiple versions of the protocol	[SWS_CM_10291] [SWS_CM_10301] [SWS_CM_10312] [SWS_CM_10313] [SWS_CM_10323] [SWS_CM_10333] [SWS_CM_10344] [SWS_CM_10345] [SWS_CM_10512] [SWS_CM_10519] [SWS_CM_10520] [SWS_CM_80025] [SWS_CM_80026] [SWS_CM_80067] [SWS_CM_80068]
[RS_SOMEIP_00042]	SOME/IP protocol shall support unicast and multicast based event communication	[SWS_CM_10289] [SWS_CM_10290] [SWS_CM_10321] [SWS_CM_10322] [SWS_CM_80023] [SWS_CM_80024] [SWS_CM_80065] [SWS_CM_80066]
[RS_SOMEIP_00050]	SOME/IP protocol shall support serialization of extensible data structs	[SWS_CM_01046] [SWS_CM_01050] [SWS_CM_01051] [SWS_CM_01052] [SWS_CM_01053] [SWS_CM_01054] [SWS_CM_01055] [SWS_CM_01056] [SWS_CM_01057] [SWS_CM_01058] [SWS_CM_01059] [SWS_CM_01060] [SWS_CM_01061] [SWS_CM_01062] [SWS_CM_01063] [SWS_CM_01064] [SWS_CM_01065] [SWS_CM_01066] [SWS_CM_01067] [SWS_CM_01068] [SWS_CM_01069]
[RS_SOMEIP_00051]	SOME/IP protocol shall provide support for segmented transmission of large data	[SWS_CM_10445] [SWS_CM_10454] [SWS_CM_10455] [SWS_CM_10456] [SWS_CM_10457] [SWS_CM_99036] [SWS_CM_99037] [SWS_CM_99038] [SWS_CM_99039]

Table 6.1: RequirementsTracing



7 Functional specification

7.1 General description

The AUTOSAR Adaptive architecture organizes the software of the AUTOSAR Adaptive foundation as functional clusters. These clusters offer common functionality as services to the applications. The Communication Management (CM) for AUTOSAR Adaptive is such a functional cluster and is part of "AUTOSAR Runtime for Adaptive Applications" - ARA. It is responsible for the construction and supervision of communication paths between applications, both local and remote.

The CM provides the infrastructure that enables communication between Adaptive AUTOSAR Applications within one machine and with software entities on other machines, e.g. other Adaptive AUTOSAR applications or Classic AUTOSAR SWCs. All communication paths can be established at design-, start-up- or run-time.

This specification includes the syntax of the API, the relationship of API to the model and describes semantics, e.g. through state machines, and assumption of pre-, post-conditions and use of APIs. The specification does not provide constraints on the SW architecture of a platform implementation, so there is no definition of basic software modules and no specification of implementation or internal technical architecture of the Communication Management.

7.1.1 Architectural concepts

The Communication management of AUTOSAR Adaptive can be logically divided into the following sub-parts:

- Language binding
- End-to-end communication protection
- Communication / Network binding
- Communication Management software



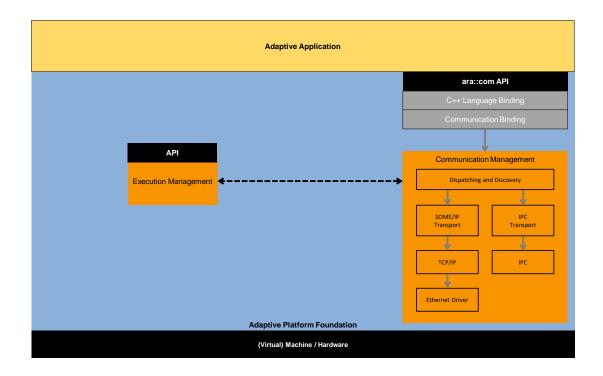


Figure 7.1: Technical Architecture of Communication Management

In the context of Communication Management, the following types of interfaces are defined:

- Public Application Interface: Part of the Adaptive AUTOSAR API and specified in the SWS. This is the standardized ara::com API.
- Functional Cluster Interactions: Interaction between functional clusters. Not normative, intended to make specification more readable and to support integration of SW into demonstrator. (dotted arrow in 7.1) And also interactions between elements within a functional cluster. Not used in specifications, so it is a non-standardized interface. Used for communication inside Communication Management software (grey arrow in 7.1)

Please note, that Language Binding and Communication Binding depend on a specific configuration by the integrator, but they need to be deployed within the application binary. This results in the fact that the serialization of the Communication Binding will run in the execution context of the Adaptive Application.

For the design of ARA API the following constraints apply:

- Support the independence of application software components
- Use of Service-oriented communication without dependency on a specific communication protocol



- Make the API as lean as possible, neither supporting very specific use cases which could also be done on top of the API, nor supporting component model or higher level concepts. The API is restricted to support core communication mechanisms.
- Support for dynamic communication:
 - No discovery by application middleware, the clients know the server but the Server does not know the clients. Event subscription is the only dynamic communication pattern in the application.
 - Full service discovery in the application. No communication paths are known at configuration time. An API for Service discovery allows the application code to choose the service instance.
- Support both Event/Callback and Polling style usage of the API to enable classic RTE style paradigms. To support high determinism demands in case of callbackbased / event-based interaction, there shall be the possibility to avoid uncontrolled context switches.
- Support both synchronous callback-based communication and asynchronous communication philosophy.
- Support of client/server communication.
- Support of sender/receiver communication with queued semantics where the receiver caches are configurable.
- Support of selection of trigger conditions for task activation.
- Extensions for security.
- Extensions for Quality Of Service QoS.
- Scalability for real-time systems.
- Support of built-in end-to-end communication protection, where a use-case-specific behavior can be done on top of ARA API.

7.1.2 Design decisions

The design of the ARA API covers the following principles:

- It uses the Proxy/Skeleton pattern:
 - The (service) proxy is the representative of the possibly remote (i.e. other process, other core, other node) service. It is an instance of a C++ class local to the application/client, which uses the service.
 - The (service) skeleton is the connection of the user provided service implementation to the middleware transport infrastructure. Service implementation class is derived from the (service) skeleton.



Beside proxies/skeletons, there might exist a so-called "Runtime" (singleton) class to provide some essentials to manage proxies and skeletons. But this is communication management software implementation specific and therefore not specified in this document, but may be specified in a future version.

Regarding proxy/skeleton design pattern in general and its role in middleware implementations, see [11] [12].

- It supports callback mechanisms on data reception.
- The API has zero-copy capabilities including the possibility for memory management in the middleware.
- It is aligned with the AUTOSAR service model (services, instances, events, methods, ...) to allow the generation of proxies and skeletons out of this model.
- Full discovery and service instance selection support on API level.
- Client/Server Communication uses concepts introduced by C++11 language, e.g. std::future, std::promise, to fully support method calls between different contexts.
- Abstract from SOME/IP specific behavior, but support SOME/IP service mechanisms, as methods, events and fields.
- Support/implement the standard end-to-end protection protocols, as specified in [9] and [7].
- Support of Service contract versioning.
- Support Event and Polling style usage of the API equally to enable classic RT style paradigms.
- Fully exploit C++11/14 features in API design to provide usability and comfort for the application developer.

See ARAComAPI explanatory [1] for more details and explanations on the ARA API design.

7.1.3 Communication paradigms and Definitions

Service-Oriented Communication (SoC) as a part of Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA) [13] is the main communication pattern for Adaptive AUTOSAR Applications. It allows establishing communication paths both at run-time, so it can be used to build up dynamic communication with unknown number of participants. Figure 7.2 shows the basic operation principle of Service-Oriented Communication.



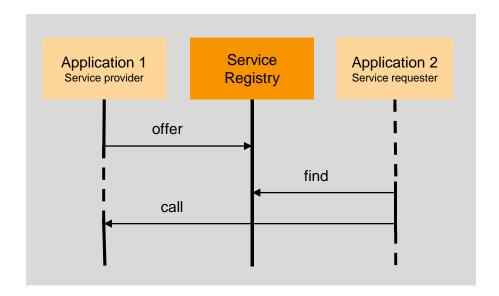


Figure 7.2: Service-Oriented Communication

Service Discovery decides whether external and internal service-oriented communication is established. The discovery strategy shall allow either returning a specific service instance or all available instances providing the requested service at the time of the request, no matter if they are available locally or remote. The Communication Management software should provide an optimized implementation for both the Service discovery and the communication connection, depending on the location where the service provider resides. More about Service Discovery can be found in *SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol Specification* [6].

The service class is the central element of the Service-Oriented Communication pattern applied in Adaptive AUTOSAR. It represents the service by collecting the methods and events which are provided or requested by the applications implementing the concrete service functionality.

[SWS_CM_12002]{DRAFT} Active subscriber The active subscriber shall be an adaptive application that has invoked the Subscribe method of the respective:

- Trigger class (see [SWS CM 00723]) or
- Field or Event class (see [SWS CM 00141])

and has not canceled the subscription by invoking the Unsubscribe method of the respective:

- Trigger class (see [SWS CM 00810]) or
- Field or Event class (see [SWS_CM_00151])

(RS CM 00103, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00120)

[SWS_CM_12003]{DRAFT} Active subscriber when SOME/IP Network binding is used [In addition to [SWS_CM_12002], if SOME/IP Network binding is used to provide



services for an application, the active subscriber shall be an adaptive application for which the SOME/IP services subscription has not yet expired when the TTL contained in the respective SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message has been exceeded (see [SWS_CM_00205]).|(RS_CM_00103, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120)

7.1.4 Service contract versioning

In Service Oriented Architecture (SOA) environments the client and the provider of a service rely on a contract which covers the service interface and behavior. The interface and the behavior of a service may change over time. Therefore, service contract versioning has been introduced to differentiate between the different versions of a service.

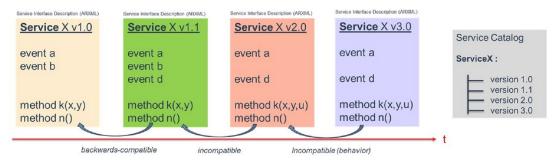


Figure 7.3: Service contract versioning over time

The AUTOSAR Adaptive platform supports service contract versioning. The service contract versioning is separated between the design phase and the deployment phase. This means that any service at design level may have its own version number which is mapped to a version number of the used network binding and vice versa. The mapping process is manually done by the service designer or integrator.



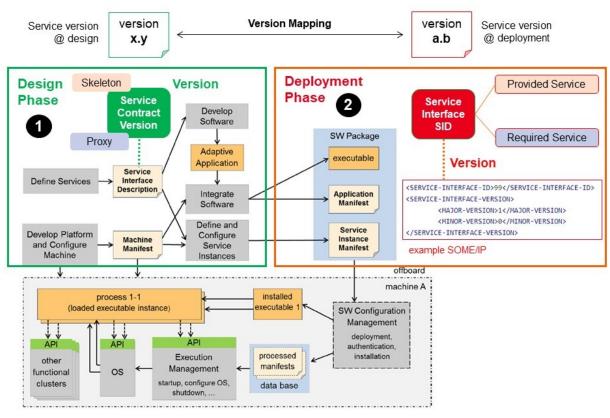


Figure 7.4: Service contract versioning flow

Note:

- 1. The contract version of a ServiceInterface consists of a majorVersion and a minorVersion number. The majorVersion number indicates backwards-incompatible service changes. The minorVersion number indicates backwards-compatible service changes.
 - for backwards-incompatible interface or behavior changes the majorVersion number is increased and the minorVersion number is set to 0.
 - for backwards-compatible interface or behavior changes the majorVersion number is unchanged and the minorVersion number is increased.
- 2. The contract version of a ServiceInterface is mapped to a version of the ServiceInterfaceDeployment. This version mapping may be done several times resulting in several ServiceInterfaceDeployments for the same ServiceInterface. Such a mapping will result in unambiguous identification on each VLAN according to the [constr_1723] in [5].
- [SWS_CM_99003]{DRAFT} Service interface version evaluation for backwards-compatibility [The version of ServiceInterfaceDeployment shall be evaluated by the Service Discovery in terms of backwards-compatibility based on the used network binding for service connection.] $(RS_CM_00500, RS_CM_00501, RS_CM_00700)$



7.2 Communication Group

NOTE: Communication Groups have been set to obsolete and will be removed or replaced in the next AUTOSAR release(s).

The Communication Group is a communication concept based on <code>ara::com</code> which is designed for Adaptive State Management applications. It can be seen as a composite Service which manages information routing in a defined manner. A Communication Group has one server and multiple clients. The server is able to send broadcast and peer to peer messages to the clients of a Communication Group. The clients can acknowledge these messages. The server of a Communication Group can further verify how many clients are connected to the Communication Group at every time. Applications can connect/disconnect to a Communication Group instance using one of the two Communication Group Service Interfaces, <code>CommunicationGroupServer</code> or <code>CommunicationGroupClient</code>.

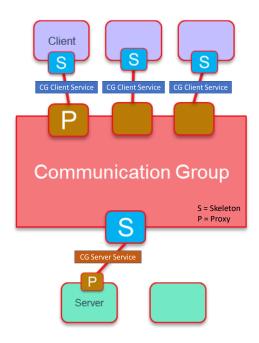


Figure 7.5: Communication Group

7.2.1 Interfaces

The Communication Group uses two Service interfaces, one for a Communication Group Server and one for Communication Group clients.



7.2.1.1 Communication Group Server

[SWS_CM_99000]{OBSOLETE} CommunicationGroupServer Service [A Communication Group shall provide a CommunicationGroupServer Service to be used by the Server of a Communication Group.] (RS_CM_00600, RS_CM_00601)

[SWS_CM_99001]{OBSOLETE} Broadcast method of Communication—GroupServer Service [The CommunicationGroupServer Service shall provide the method broadcast to broadcast messages to the clients of the Communication Group. This method shall take as input parameter the message to be broadcasted. In case the boardcast method fails the method return shall provide an error code as specified in [SWS_CM_99024].|(RS_CM_00600, RS_CM_00601)

The C++ signature below presents the resulting boardcast method of a generated Service Proxy/Skeleton interface.

```
template <typename T>
ara::core::Future<void> broadcast (const T& msg);
```

[SWS_CM_99002]{OBSOLETE} Peer To Peer Message method of CommunicationGroupServer Service [The CommunicationGroupServer Service shall provide a method message to send a message to a dedicated client of the Communication Group. This method shall take as input parameters the message to be sent, and the clientID of the client which shall be addressed. In case the message method fails the method return shall provide an error code as specified in [SWS_CM_99024].] (RS CM 00600, RS CM 00601)

The C++ signature below presents the resulting message method of a generated Service Proxy/Skeleton interface.

```
template <typename T>
ara::core::Future<void> message (std::uint32_t clientID, const T& msg);
```

[SWS_CM_99014]{OBSOLETE} Message Response event of Communication-GroupServer Service [The CommunicationGroupServer Service shall provide an event response that contains the respond of a dedicated client to a broadcast or a peer to peer message of the Communication Group. The event shall provide the response message and the clientID of this response.](RS_CM_00600, RS_CM_00601)

The C++ signature below presents the resulting event response message of a generated Service Proxy/Skeleton interface.



[SWS_CM_99015]{OBSOLETE} List Clients method of Communication—GroupServer Service [The CommunicationGroupServer Service shall provide a method listClients to report about the connected clients of the Communication Group. This method shall have no input parameters and shall return the list of clients. In case the listClients method fails the method return shall provide an error code as specified in [SWS_CM_99024].|(RS_CM_00600, RS_CM_00601)

The C++ signature below presents the resulting listClients method of a generated Service Proxy/Skeleton interface.

```
ara::core::Future<ara::core::Vector<std::uint32_t>> listClients();
```

7.2.1.2 Communication Group Client

[SWS_CM_99007]{OBSOLETE} CommunicationGroupClient Service [The clients of a Communication Group shall provide a CommunicationGroupClient Service to be used by a Communication Group.

```
(RS CM 00600, RS CM 00601)
```

[SWS_CM_99008]{OBSOLETE} Message method of CommunicationGroup-Client Service [The CommunicationGroupClient Service shall provide a method message for the client to receive a message from the Communication Group. This method shall take as input parameter the message. In case the message method fails the method return shall provide an error code as specified in [SWS_CM_99024].] (RS CM 00600, RS CM 00601)

The C++ signature below presents the resulting message method of a generated Service Proxy/Skeleton interface.

```
template <typename T>
ara::core::Future<void> message (const T& msg);
```

[SWS_CM_99009]{OBSOLETE} Message Response event of Communication-GroupClient Service [The CommunicationGroupClient Service shall provide an event response for the client to send a response message to the Communication Group. The event shall provide the response message.](RS_CM_00600, RS_CM_00601)

The C++ signature below presents the resulting event response message of a generated Service Proxy/Skeleton interface.

```
template <typename R>
const R& responseMsg;
```



7.2.2 Behavior

The Communication Group performs the following tasks to enable a Communication Group.

[SWS_CM_99010]{OBSOLETE} Broadcast task [A Broadcast task shall be triggered by the broadcast method of the CommunicationGroupServer Service. The CommunicationGroup shall forward this broadcast message to all connected clients by calling the message method of the CommunicationGroupClient Service from each connected client. | (RS_CM_00600, RS_CM_00601)

[SWS_CM_99011]{OBSOLETE} Peer To Peer message task [A Peer to Peer message task shall be triggered by the message method (which includes the client address) of the CommunicationGroupServer Service. The CommunicationGroup shall forward this message to the addressed client by calling the message method of the CommunicationGroupClient Service of this client.] (RS_CM_00600, RS_-CM_00601)

[SWS_CM_99012]{OBSOLETE} Message Response task | The Message Response task shall be triggered by the message response event of the Communication—GroupClient Service from a client. The CommunicationGroup shall forward this response message with the client source address to the message response event of the CommunicationGroupServer Service. | (RS CM 00600, RS CM 00601)

[SWS_CM_99013]{OBSOLETE} List Clients task | The List Clients task shall be triggered by the list clients method of the CommunicationGroupServer Service. The CommunicationGroup shall provide the list of all connected client addresses with the return of the list clients method of the CommunicationGroupServer Service.] (RS_CM_00600, RS_CM_00601)

7.2.3 Connection

The connection and disconnection to Communication Group is performed by standard ara::com functions.

7.2.3.1 Communication Group Server

The Server of a Communication Group connects to a Communication Group by connecting to the CommunicationGroupServer Service of this Communication group (using FindService or StartFindService).

[SWS_CM_99016]{OBSOLETE} Connection Status of a Communication Group Server [The Server of the Communication Group shall be considered to be connected if the server has successfully subscribed to the response message response event of the CommunicationGroupServer Service, else the Server shall be considered not connected.] (RS_CM_00600, RS_CM_00601)



7.2.3.2 Communication Group Client

A Communication Group client connects to a Communication Group by offering the CommunicationGroupClient Service. A CommunicationGroup client disconnects to a Communication Group by stop offering the CommunicationGroupClient Service.

7.2.4 Limitations

The Communication Group concept has the following limitations:

- There is only one Server for an instance of a Communication Group at a given time.
- A Client provides the CommunicationGroupClient Service to only one instance of a Communication Group at a given time.

The figure below outlines a connection example for a Communication Group.

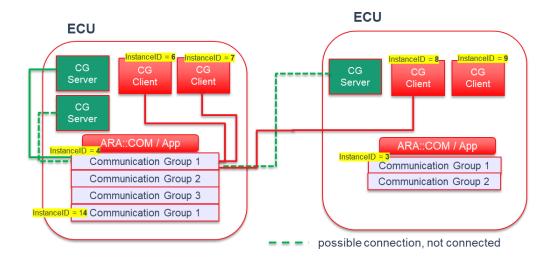


Figure 7.6: Communication Group connection example

7.2.5 Communication Group Model

The model of Communication Group is labeled by one of three standard ServiceInterface.category values. See also the *TPS ManifestSpecification* [5].



[SWS_CM_99017]{OBSOLETE} category value COMMUNICATION_GROUP [The ServiceInterface.category value COMMUNICATION_GROUP shall be used to define a Communication Group template.|(RS_CM_00600, RS_CM_00601)

[SWS_CM_99018]{OBSOLETE} category value COMMUNICATION_GROUP_SERVER | The ServiceInterface.category value COMMUNICATION_GROUP_SERVER shall be used to define CommunicationGroupServer service. | (RS CM 00600, RS CM 00601)

[SWS_CM_99019]{OBSOLETE} category value COMMUNICATION_GROUP_CLIENT | The ServiceInterface.category value COMMUNICATION_GROUP_CLIENT shall be used to define CommunicationGroupClient service. | (RS CM 00600, RS CM 00601)

The figure below presents the relations between these category values.

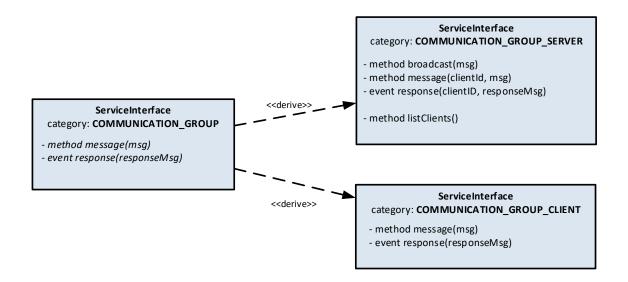


Figure 7.7: Communication Group service interface categories

7.2.6 Communication Group Creation

A Communication Group is created by defining a Communication Group template only.

[SWS_CM_99020]{OBSOLETE} Communcation Group template [The Communication Group template is a ServiceInterface of type CommunicationGroup-Client with the category value COMMUNICATION_GROUP. It shall be used to define a Communication Group, where:

• The SHORT-NAME of this template shall define of the name of the Communication Group.



- The event definition according to [SWS_CM_99009] shall define the data type of the message responses of the Communication Group.
- The method definition according to [SWS_CM_99008] shall define the data type of the messages of the Communication Group.

(RS_CM_00600, RS_CM_00601)

Based on the Communication Group template [SWS_CM_99020] the ServiceInterfaces for the CommunicationGroupServer [SWS_CM_99000] and the CommunicationGroupClient [SWS_CM_99007] can be generated/derived.

[SWS_CM_99021]{OBSOLETE} SHORT-NAME value of generated CommunicationGroupServer service | The SHORT-NAME value of generated CommunicationGroupServer service shall be the SHORT-NAME of the according Communication Group template concatenated by the name Server.](RS_CM_00600, RS_CM_00601)

[SWS_CM_99022]{OBSOLETE} SHORT-NAME value of generated CommunicationGroupClient service | The SHORT-NAME value of generated CommunicationGroupClient service shall be the SHORT-NAME of the according Communication Group template concatenated by the name Client.](RS_CM_00600, RS_CM_00601)

The figures below outline the Communication Group creation flow.

The Communication Group Template defines the name of the Communication Group and defines the message and message response datatypes.

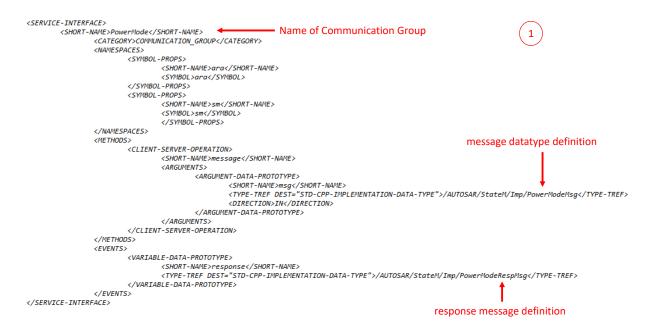


Figure 7.8: Communication Group Template



The CommunicationGroupServer and the CommunicationGroupClient Service descriptions are derived from the Communication Group Template.

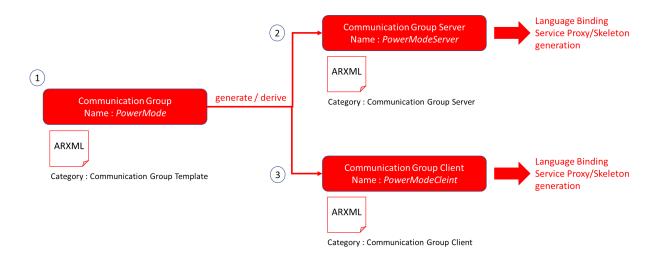


Figure 7.9: Communication Group Flow



```
<SERVICE-INTERFACE>
                    <SHORT-NAME>PowerModeServer</SHORT-NAME>
                                        <CATEGORY>COMMUNICATION_GROUP_SERVER</CATEGORY>
                                        <NAMESPACES>
                                                            <SYMBOL-PROPS>
                                                                                 <SHORT-NAME>ara</SHORT-NAME>
<SYMBOL>ara</SYMBOL>
                                                             </SYMBOL-PROPS>
                                                             <SYMBOL-PROPS>
                                                                               <SHORT-NAME>sm</SHORT-NAME>
                                                                                 <SYMBOL>sm</SYMBOL>
                                                                                 </SYMBOL-PROPS>
                                        <METHODS>
                                                            <CLIENT-SERVER-OPERATION>
                                                                                <SHORT-NAME>broadcast</SHORT-NAME>
<ARGUMENTS>
                                                                                                      <ARGUMENT-DATA-PROTOTYPE>

<SHORT-NAME>msg</SHORT-NAME>
<TYPE-TREF DEST="STD-CPP-IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE">/AUTOSAR/StateM/Imp/PowerModeMsg</TYPE-TREF>

                                                                                                                          <DIRECTION>IN</DIRECTION>
                                                                                                      </ARGUMENT-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
                                                            </ARGUMENTS>
</CLIENT-SERVER-OPERATION>
                                                            </CLIENT-SERVER-OPERATION>
<SHORT-NAME>message</SHORT-NAME>
                                                                                 <ARGUMENTS>
                                                                                                     <ARGUMENT-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
                                                                                                                          <SHORT-NAME>clientID</SHORT-NAME>
<TYPE-TREF DEST="STD-CPP-IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE">/AUTOSAR/StdTypes/uint32_t</TYPE-TREF>
                                                                                                                          <DTRECTTON>TN</DTRECTTON>
                                                                                                     </ARGUMENT-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
                                                                                 </ARGUMENTS>
                                                                                 <ARGUMENTS>
                                                                                                      <ARGUMENT-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
                                                                                                                         <DTRECTTON>TN</DTRECTTON>

<CLIENT-SERVER-OPERATION>
<SHORT-NAME>listClients</SHORT-NAME>
                                                                                 <ARGUMENTS>
                                                                                                      <ARGUMENT-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
                                                                                                                         \(\text{VINITARIAN | INTERPRETATION | CONTINUATION | CONTINUA
                                                                                                                          <DTRECTTON>TN</DTRECTTON>
                                                                                                      </ARGUMENT-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
                                                                                 </ARGUMENTS>
                                                            </CLIENT-SERVER-OPERATION>
                                        </METHODS>
<EVENTS>
                                                            <VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
                                                                                 <SHORT-NAME>response</SHORT-NAME>
<TYPE-TREF DEST="STD-CPP-IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE">/AUTOSAR/StateM/Imp/PowerModeResponse</TYPE-TREF>
                                                            </VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
                                        </EVENTS>
</SERVICE-INTERFACE>
```

Figure 7.10: Communication Group Server Service Description

Note:

- The PowerModeResponse datatype is a structure of clientID and Power-ModeRespMsg datatype.
- The Clients datatype is a vector of uint 32 datatype.



```
<SERVICE-INTERFACE>
          <SHORT-NAME>PowerMode(Lient</SHORT-NAME>
                    <CATEGORY>COMMUNICATION_GROUP_CLIENT</CATEGORY>
                    <NAMESPACES>
                              <SYMBOL-PROPS>
                                       <SHORT-NAME>ara</SHORT-NAME>
<SYMBOL>ara</SYMBOL>
                              </SYMBOL-PROPS>
                              <SYMBOL - PROPS>
                                       <SHORT-NAME>sm</SHORT-NAME>
                                       <SYMBOL>sm</SYMBOL>
                                       </SYMBOL-PROPS>
                   </NAMESPACES>
     3
                   <METHODS>

<CLIENT-SERVER-OPERATION>
                                       <SHORT-NAME>message</SHORT-NAME>
<ARGUMENTS>
                                                 <ARGUMENT-DATA-PROTOTYPE>

<SHORT-NAME>msg</SHORT-NAME>
<TYPE-TREF DEST="STD-CPP-IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE">/AUTOSAR/StateM/Imp/PowerModeMsg</TYPE-TREF>
<DIRECTION>IN</DIRECTION>

                                                 </ARGUMENT-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
                             </ARGUMENTS>
</CLIENT-SERVER-OPERATION>
                    </METHODS>
                    <EVENTS>
                              <VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
                                       LE-UMINF-RUDIO (FLZ
<SHORT-NAMEP-response</SHORT-NAME>
<TYPE-TREF DEST="STD-CPP-IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE">/AUTOSAR/StateM/Imp/PowerModeRespMsg</TYPE-TREF>
                    </EVENTS>
</SERVICE-INTERFACE>
```

Figure 7.11: Communication Group Client Service Description

7.3 Optional Execution Context

Some ara::com API's with an asynchronous callback allow the use of an optional execution context parameter (see [SWS_CM_11352], [SWS_CM_11352], [SWS_CM_11354], [SWS_CM_11356], [SWS_CM_11360], [SWS_CM_11362]). The execution context parameter gives the user more control over the execution environment of a method call.

[SWS_CM_11364]{DRAFT} Minimal behaviour of provided Execution Context \[An optionally provided execution context executor shall:

- execute every function that it was passed to.
- execute each function it was passed to only once.

(RS_CM_00204)

7.4 Network binding

The following chapters describe the requirements according to specific network protocol bindings.

Since the selection of a particular network protocol binding is an integrator driven deployment decision, any change in the selection of a particular network protocol binding or changes in the various attributes and parameters of a particular network protocol



binding shall be possible without requiring a re-compilation of the involved adaptive applications. The required changes to the involved adaptive application shall be limited to a re-linking (either static or dynamic) of the involved adaptive application.

[SWS_CM_10384]{DRAFT} Change of Service Interface Deployment \[A \] change of the service interface deployment shall be possible without re-compiling the involved adaptive applications. — This means that the following changes in the service interface deployment shall be possible without the need for a re-compilation of the adaptive applications:

- changes to the concrete type of ServiceInterfaceDeployment and the composed ServiceMethodDeployment, ServiceFieldDeployment, and ServiceEventDeployment (e.g., changing a SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment to a UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment)
- changes to one or more attributes of meta-classes derived from ServiceInterfaceDeployment, ServiceMethodDeployment, ServiceField-Deployment, and ServiceEventDeployment (e.g., changing the value of SomeipEventDeployment.separationTime)
- backwards-compatible changes to the technology specific service version number of the ServiceInterfaceDeployment.

(RS CM 00315)

Note that changes to <code>SomeipServiceVersion.majorVersion</code> are an exception here, since any change to <code>SomeipServiceVersion.majorVersion</code> indicates an incompatible change of the <code>ServiceInterface</code> and thus affects the involved adaptive applications mandating a re-compilation of the involved adaptive applications.

[SWS_CM_10385]{DRAFT} **Change of Service Instance Deployment** [A change of the service instance deployment shall be possible without re-compiling the involved adaptive applications. – This means that the following changes in the service instance deployment shall be possible without the need for a re-compilation of the adaptive applications:

- changes to the concrete type of ProvidedApServiceInstance and/or RequiredApServiceInstance (e.g., changing a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance to a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance and a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance to a RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance)
- changes to one or more attributes of meta-class derived from ProvidedApSer-viceInstance and/or RequiredApServiceInstance (e.g., changing the value of the SomeipProvidedEventGroup.multicastThreshold or the SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig.serviceOfferTimeToLive).
- backwards-compatible changes to the technology specific service version number of the ServiceInterfaceDeployment.

[(RS_CM_00315)] Note that changes to SomeipServiceVersion.majorVersion are an exception here, since any change to SomeipServiceVersion.majorVersion indicates an incompatible change of the ServiceInterface and thus affects



the involved adaptive applications mandating a re-compilation of the involved adaptive applications.

[SWS_CM_10386]{DRAFT} **Change of Network Configuration** [A change of the network configuration shall be possible without re-compiling the involved adaptive applications. – This means that the following changes in the network configuration shall be possible without the need for a re-compilation of the adaptive applications:

• changes to one or more attributes of a concrete ServiceInstance— ToMachineMapping (e.g., changing the value of the SomeipService— InstanceToMachineMapping.udpPort or the SomeipServiceInstance— ToMachineMapping.tcpPort).

](RS_CM_00315)

Abstract network protocol bindings for service ports shall be specified inside the service instance manifest to deploy network bindings of service instances.

[SWS_CM_10590]{DRAFT} Abstract Network Protocol Binding [The usage of abstract network protocol binding for ProvidedApServiceInstance and RequiredApServiceInstance shall be supported to deploy network bindings of ServiceInterfaces. An abstract network protocol binding shall cover SOME/IP, DDS and UserDefined protocols and is specified inside the service instance manifest. It is used with an InstanceSpecifier and shall be specified as followed: <port context>::<port name>, where:

- <port context> specifies the instantiation context of the port which might be an instantiation path or any other unique identifiable information.
- <port name> specifies the port name.

Note: it is possible to specify multiple technology bindings for a port (Multi-Binding). (RS CM 00200, RS AP 00137)

[SWS_CM_10416]{DRAFT} **Reception of a malformed message** [In case any network binding does receive a message, which it identifies as malformed, the message shall be discarded and the error shall not be propagated to the application.] (RS_CM_-00005)

Note: The incident should also be logged if logging is configured and the corresponding network binding supports it.

7.4.1 SOME/IP Network binding

SOME/IP supports different kind of bindings:

SOME/IP Events:

- uni-cast is one-to-one communication
- multi-cast is one-to-many communication



In case the active subscriptions will reach the multi-cast-threshold the communication paradigm will be switched from uni-cast to multi-cast to gain a better network utilization. Below the multi-cast-threshold $\mathtt{SOME}/\mathtt{IP}$ is maintaining for a subscription a single unicast communication.

SOME/IP Events:

many-to-one communication using multiple uni-cast communications

[SWS_CM_10000] SOME/IP Compliance [The SOME/IP network binding shall implement the SOME/IP Protocol and the SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol defined in [4] and [6]. | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00205)

The byte order of the SOME/IP header fields is defined as network byte order by [PRS_SOMEIP_00368].

The byte order of additional fields in the SOME/IP payload is defined as network byte order by [PRS_SOMEIP_00759].

[SWS_CM_10172] Payload Byte order definition [The byte order of the parameters inside the payload shall be defined according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00369] by byteOrder of ApSomeipTransformationProps.](RS_CM_00204, RS_SOMEIP_00026)

[SWS_CM_10240]{DRAFT} Session handling state [In case of normal (i.e., non Fire and Forget) method calls or getters and setters of Fields (i.e., in case of SOME/IP messages of type REQUEST, RESPONSE, and ERROR) or if segmentation of SOME/IP messages needs to be performed (i.e. [SWS_CM_10454] and [SWS_CM_10455] and [SWS_CM_10456] apply and [SWS_CM_10457] does not apply) the Session handling shall be Active. Otherwise, the Session handling shall be Inactive. | (RS CM 00204, RS SOMEIP 00012)

Note: Segmentation of SOME/IP messages according to section 7.4.1.9.9.

7.4.1.1 Static Service Connection

[SWS_CM_02201] Static service connection [The static connection of services which are bound to SOME/IP protocols shall be preformed by statically pre-configured application end-points as described in the TPS_ManifestSpecification for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance by [TPS_MANI_03312], [TPS_MANI_03313] and for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance by [TPS_MANI_03314], [TPS_MANI_03315], [TPS_MANI_03316].] (RS_CM_00710)

[SWS_CM_02202] Service Discovery is bypassed by static service connection | The service discovery protocols are bypassed in case of a static service connection.]



[SWS_CM_02203] Service versioning is not checked at runtime in case of a static service connection [Service versions are not checked at run-time in case of a static service connection since the Service Discovery has been bypassed.] ()

Note: ara::com language APIs are agnostic to static service connection.

7.4.1.2 Service Discovery

7.4.1.2.1 Start of service discovery protocol

[SWS_CM_11374] Periodic link state monitoring [The SOME/IP network binding shall periodically monitor and obtain the current link state of the underlying network interfaces.

Note: This information is required since the behavior of SOME/IP service discovery is influenced by the current link state as well as by changes in the link state | ()

[SWS_CM_00201] Start of service discovery protocol on Server side [The registration of a new offered service which is bound to SOME/IP by invoking the OfferService method (see [SWS_CM_00101]) of the ServiceSkeleton class shall trigger the start of the initial wait phase of the SOME/IP service discovery protocol after link up according to [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00133].] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00101, RS_SOMEIPSD_00013)

The different phases of SOME/IP Service Discovery on the Server side are configured in the Manifest in the <code>SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig</code> referenced in <code>ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance</code> element in the role <code>sdServerConfig</code>. The configuration is described in more detail in <code>TPS_ManifestSpecification</code> by

- [TPS MANI 03012] (Initial Wait Phase),
- [TPS MANI 03013] (Repetition Phase),
- [TPS MANI 03014] (Main Phase).

The corresponding timing parameters for these phases are configured via InitialS-dDelayConfig in the role initialOfferBehavior, RequestResponseDelay in the role requestResponseDelay, and TimeValue in attribute offerCyclicDelay. The sharing of timers is described in [TPS_MANI_03230].

[SWS_CM_00209] Start of service discovery protocol on Client side [When invoking the FindService methods (see [SWS_CM_00122] and [SWS_CM_00622]) or the StartFindService methods (see [SWS_CM_00123] and [SWS_CM_00623]) of the ServiceProxy class, such a search request shall be considered as issuing an internal service request as used in [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00435]. FindService shall not wait for offer messages, but only check information available within the local AP-instance (StartFindService shall also not wait for offer messages as it only registers a handler).] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00102, RS_SOMEIPSD_00024, RS_SOMEIPSD_00008)



Note: The result of a FindService call depends on the already received offers, hence multiple calls might be necessary to find a service instance at all. Also, the number of found service instances might vary for subsequent calls of FindService.

Note for [SWS_CM_00201] and [SWS_CM_00209]: See also [PRS_SOMEIPSD_-00395], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00397], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00399], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00416], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00435], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00752], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00133], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00805] and [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00751].

The different phases of SOME/IP Service Discovery on the Client side are configured in the Manifest in the SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig referenced in RequiredSomeipServiceInstance element in the role sdClientConfig. The configuration is described in more detail in TPS_ManifestSpecification by

- [TPS MANI 03026] (Initial Wait Phase),
- [TPS MANI 03027] (Repetition Phase).

The corresponding timing parameters for these phases are configured via InitialS-dDelayConfig in the role initialFindBehavior, and RequestResponseDelay in the role requestResponseDelay. The sharing of timers is described in [TPS_-MANI_03231].

7.4.1.2.2 FindService message

[SWS_CM_00202] SOME/IP FindService message The fields in the SOME/IP Find-Service message shall be as follows:

- The Type field and the TTL field shall be set to values suitable for a FindService entry, which means that
 - The Type field shall be set to FindService (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00351] for numerical value)
 - TTL for FindService messages shall not be used, and the value may be set to an arbitrary value. The field is only defined in the protocol for backward compatibility.
- The Service ID field shall be set to a value derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Instance ID shall be set to a value derived from the Manifest where the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance element defines the requiredServiceInstanceId for the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment that is referenced by the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance in the role serviceInterfaceDeployment. If the requiredServiceInstanceId is set to "ALL" then OxFFFF shall be used.



- The Major Version field of the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance that is searched shall be set to a value derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceVersion element that is aggregated by the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterfaceVersion defines the majorVersion.
- The Minor Version field of the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance that is searched shall be set to a value derived from the Manifest from the required-MinorVersion attribute in the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.
 - If versionDrivenFindBehavior is set to minimumMinorVersion then the Minor Version Field shall be set to 0xFFFF FFFF and all found services with a minor version smaller than the requiredMinorVersion shall not be considered for service discovery.
 - If versionDrivenFindBehavior is set to exactOrAnyMinorVersion then the Minor Version Field shall be set with the requiredMinorVersion.
 - If the minorVersion is set to "ALL", then the Minor Version Field shall be set to 0xFFFF FFFF.
- Configuration Option shall be used in the find message if at least one capabilityRecord is defined in the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance element. The content of the Configuration Option shall be derived from the key/value pairs defined in each capabilityRecord.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, RS_SOMEIPSD_00006, RS_-SOMEIPSD_00005, RS_SOMEIPSD_00008, RS_SOMEIPSD_00010)

[SWS_CM_10202] Version blocklist [The service connection of a Required-SomeipServiceInstance with a certain SomeipServiceVersion shall not be considered for service discovery for this instance if this SomeipServiceVersion is listed inside a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.blocklistedVersion.] (RS_CM_00701)

7.4.1.2.3 OfferService message

[SWS_CM_00203] SOME/IP OfferService message [The fields in the SOME/IP OfferService message shall be as follows:

- The Type field and the TTL field shall be set to values suitable for a OfferService entry, which means that
 - The Type field shall be set to OfferService (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00356] for numerical value).
 - The TTL field shall be set to a value derived from the Manifest where the SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig element that is referenced



by the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance in the role sdServerConfig defines the serviceOfferTimeToLive.

- The Service ID field shall be set to a value derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Instance ID shall be set to a value derived from the Manifest where the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance element defines the serviceInstanceId for the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment that is referenced by the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance in the role serviceInterfaceDeployment.
- Major Version field of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment that is offered shall be set to a value derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceVersion element that is aggregated by the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterfaceVersion defines the majorVersion.
- Minor Version field of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment that is offered shall be set to a value derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceVersion element that is aggregated by the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterfaceVersion defines the minorVersion.
- The Endpoint Option(s) shall be set in the following way:
 - An IPv4 Endpoint Option shall be used if the Machine to which the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance is mapped with the ServiceInstance-ToMachineMapping provides an EthernetCommunicationConnector that refers to a NetworkEndpoint in the role unicastNetworkEndpoint where an IPv4 Address is configured in the Ipv4Configuration element.
 - An IPv6 Endpoint Option shall be used if the Machine to which the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance is mapped with the ServiceInstance-ToMachineMapping provides an EthernetCommunicationConnector that refers to a NetworkEndpoint in the role unicastNetworkEndpoint where an IPv6 Address is configured in the Ipv6Configuration element.
 - The Transport Layer Protocol used in the IPv4 Endpoint option and/or IPv6 Endpoint option shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping element that maps the Provided-SomeipServiceInstance to an EthernetCommunicationConnector of a Machine defines the transport protocol and the port number.
 - * UDP shall be used if SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping. udpPort is configured.



* TCP shall be used if Someip Service Instance To Machine Mapping. tcpPort is configured. In case the port number (Someip Service Instance To Machine Mapping. udpPort or Someip Service Instance To Machine Mapping. tcpPort) is configured to 0, an ephemeral port shall be used. If the port number is configured to a value different from 0 exactly that value shall be used.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00101, RS_SOMEIPSD_00006, RS_SOMEIPSD_00005, RS_SOMEIPSD_00010, RS_SOMEIPSD_00013, RS_SOMEIPSD_00025)

[SWS_CM_12019] Service Discovery Endpoint Options [The SOME/IP-SD implementation shall support [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00547], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00650], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00651], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00548], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00549], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00550], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00551], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00552], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00856], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00857], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00854] in case of IPv4.

[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00554], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00654], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00555], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00556], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00557], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00558], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00559], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00837], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00859], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00860], [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00855] in case of IPv6.] (RS_CM_-00101)

Note: The sending of the SD Endpoint Options is currently out of scope of AUTOSAR.

[SWS_CM_11373] Cyclic interval of OfferService messages [If attribute SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig.offerCyclicDelay is configured in SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig and is greater than 0, in the Main Phase an OfferService entry shall be sent cyclically with an interval defined by configuration item SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig.offerCyclicDelay.

If SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig.offerCyclicDelay is 0, no OfferService entries shall be sent in Main Phase for this Server Service Instance.]()

7.4.1.2.4 StopOfferService message

[SWS_CM_00204] SOME/IP StopOffer message \lceil The fields in the SOME/IP StopOffer message shall be as follows:

- The Type field and the TTL field shall be set to values suitable for a StopOffer entry, which means that
 - The Type field shall be set to OfferService (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00356] for numerical value)
 - The TTL fields shall be set to 0x000000 (see [PRS SOMEIPSD 00364])



- The Service ID field shall be set to the same value as in the OfferService message.
- The Instance ID field shall be set to the same value as in the OfferService message.
- The Major Version field shall be set to the same value as in the OfferService message.
- The Minor Version field shall be set to the same value as in the OfferService message.
- IPv4 Endpoint Option shall be set to the same value as in the OfferService message.
- IPv6 Endpoint Option shall be set to the same value as in the OfferService message.
- Configuration Option shall be set to the same value as in the OfferService message.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00105, RS_SOMEIPSD_00006, RS_SOMEIPSD_00005, RS_SOMEIPSD_00010, RS_SOMEIPSD_00014)

7.4.1.2.5 SubscribeEventgroup message

[SWS_CM_10377] Sending SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup messages - initial [The subscription to at least one Event (ServiceInterface.event) of an Eventgroup (SomeipEventGroup) by invoking the Subscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00141]) of the specific Event class of the ServiceProxy class shall cause the sending of a SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup messages in case there is no active subscription for the particular Eventgroup (either because there was no previous subscription to this particular Eventgroup or the TTL of every received SubscribeGroupAck message (see [SWS_CM_00206]) for the particular Eventgroup has already expired).

The subscription to at least one Event of an Eventgroup by invoking the Subscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00141]) of the specific Event class of the ServiceProxy class shall not cause the sending of a SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup messages in case there is an active subscription for the particular Eventgroup (because there was some previous subscription to this particular Eventgroup and the TTL of at least one received SubscribeGroupAck message (see [SWS_CM_00206]) for the particular Eventgroup has not yet expired).

The client shall explicitly request Initial Events for Field notifier according to [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00703] and [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00811].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00103, RS_SOMEIPSD_00006, RS_SOMEIPSD_00015)



[SWS_CM_10381] Sending SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup messages - renewal [Upon reception of an OfferService message, a SubscribeEventgroup message shall be sent to refresh/renew the active subscription to the particular Eventgroup if the TTL of an active subscription for a particular Eventgroup has not yet expired and there is at least one active subscription for an Event of this Eventgroup.](RS_CM_-00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00103, RS_SOMEIPSD_00006, RS_SOMEIPSD_-00015)

[SWS_CM_00205] Content of SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message | The fields in the SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message shall be as follows:

- The Type field and the TTL field shall be set to values suitable for a SubscribeEventgroup entry, which means that
 - The Type field shall be set to SubscribeEventgroup (see [PRS_-SOMEIPSD 00386] for numerical value)
 - The TTL field shall be set to a value derived from Manifest, where the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance element aggregates the SomeipRequiredEventGroup in the role requiredEventGroup. The SomeipRequiredEventGroup aggregates the sdClientEventGroup-TimingConfig where the timeToLive is defined.
- The Service ID shall be taken from the offer message.
- The Instance ID shall be taken from the offer message.
- Major Version shall be derived from the offer message.
- The Eventgroup ID field shall be derived from Manifest where the Required—SomeipServiceInstance element aggregates the SomeipRequiredEvent—Group in the role requiredEventGroup. The SomeipRequiredEventGroup contains the eventGroup reference to the SomeipEventGroup where the eventGroupId is defined.
- IPv4 Endpoint Option shall be sent if the offer message contains an IPv4 Endpoint Option. In this case the IPv4 Address sent in the IPv4 Endpoint Option of the SubscribeEventgroup message is configured in the Manifest where the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance element is mapped with the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping to an EthernetCommunicationConnector of a Machine. The EthernetCommunicationConnector refers to a Network-Endpoint in the role unicastNetworkEndpoint where an IPv4 Address is configured in theIpv4Configuration element.
- IPv6 Endpoint Option shall be sent if the offer message contains an IPv6 Endpoint Option. In this case the IPv6 Address sent in the IPv6 Endpoint Option of the SubscribeEventgroup message is configured in the Manifest where the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance element is mapped with the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping to an EthernetCommunicationConnector of a Machine. The EthernetCommunicationConnector refers to a Network—



Endpoint in the role unicastNetworkEndpoint where an IPv6 Address is configured in the Ipv6Configuration element.

- The Transport Layer Protocol used in the IPv4 Endpoint option and/or IPv6 Endpoint option shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipEventGroup points either to SomeipEventDeployments where the transportProtocol is set to udp or to tcp. The SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping element that maps the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance to an Ethernet-CommunicationConnector of a Machine the transport protocol and the port number.
 - The UDP port shall be derived from SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.udpPort. In case the port number (SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.udpPort) is configured to 0, an ephemeral port shall be used. If the port number is configured to a value different from 0 exactly that value shall be used.
 - The TCP port shall be derived from SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.tcpPort. In case the port number (SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.tcpPort) is configured to 0, an ephemeral port shall be used. If the port number is configured to a value different from 0 exactly that value shall be used.
- The InitialDataRequested flag shall be set to 1 for fields and to 0 for events.
- Reserved shall be set to 0.
- Counter shall be set to 0.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00103, RS_SOMEIPSD_00006, RS_SOMEIPSD_00005, RS_SOMEIPSD_00015)

Note: In AUTOSAR Adaptive Platform (and ara::com) there are currently no use cases in having parallel subscribes by the same subscriber to the same eventgroup of the same service (, with the only difference being in the endpoint).

[SWS_CM_00206] SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupAck message [The fields in the SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupAck message shall be as follows:

- The Type field and the TTL field shall be set to values suitable for a SubscribeEventgroupAck entry, which means that
 - The Type field shall be set to SubscribeEventgroupAck (see [PRS_-SOMEIPSD_00391] for numerical value)
 - The TTL field shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEventgroup message that is answered by this SubscribeEventgroupAck message (see [PRS SOMEIPSD 00391])
- The Service ID field shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEventgroup message that is answered by this SubscribeEventgroupAck message.



- The Instance ID field shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEvent-group message that is answered by this SubscribeEventgroupAck message.
- The Major Version field shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEvent-group message that is answered by this SubscribeEventgroupAck message.
- The Eventgroup ID field shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEventgroup message that is answered by this SubscribeEventgroupAck message.
- The Multicast Option(s) shall be set in the following way
 - An IPv4 Multicast Option shall be derived from the Manifest if a multicast threshold with a value greater 0 is defined for the SomeipProvidedEventGroup and a ipv4MulticastIpAddress is defined for the same SomeipProvidedEventGroup.
 - An IPv6 Multicast Option shall be derived from the Manifest if a multicastThreshold with a value greater 0 is defined for the SomeipProvidedEventGroup and a ipv6MulticastIpAddress is defined for the same SomeipProvidedEventGroup.
 - The Transport Layer Protocol shall be set to UDP. Only UDP is supported as transport layer protocol in the IPv4 Multicast Option and/or IPv6 Multicast Option.
 - The UDP Port shall be derived from the the Manifest where the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance that aggregates the SomeipProvidedEventGroup has the eventMulticastUdpPort defined.
- The InitialDataRequested flag shall be set to 1 for fields and to 0 for events.
- Reserved shall be set to 0.
- Counter shall be set to 0.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_SOMEIPSD_00015, RS_SOMEIPSD_00006, RS_-SOMEIPSD_00002, RS_SOMEIPSD_00003, RS_SOMEIPSD_00005)

[SWS_CM_00208] SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupNack message | The fields in the SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupNack message shall be as follows:

- The Type field and the TTL field shall be set to values suitable for a SubscribeEventgroupNack entry, which means that
 - The type field shall be set to SubscribeEventgroupAck (see [PRS_-SOMEIPSD_00394] for numerical value)
 - The TTL field shall be set to 0x000000 (see [PRS SOMEIPSD 00394])
- The Service ID field shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEventgroup message that is answered by this SubscribeEventgroupNack message.
- The Instance ID field shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEventgroup message that is answered by this SubscribeEventgroupNack message.



- The Major Version field shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEvent-group message that is answered by this SubscribeEventgroupNack message.
- The Eventgroup ID field shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEventgroup message that is answered by this SubscribeEventgroupNack message.
- The InitialDataRequested flag shall be set to 1 for fields and to 0 for events.
- Reserved shall be set to 0.
- Counter shall be set to 0.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_SOMEIPSD_00016, RS_SOMEIPSD_00006, RS_-SOMEIPSD_00005)

7.4.1.2.6 StopSubscribe Eventgroup message

[SWS_CM_10378] Sending SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup messages [Stopping the subscription of an Event (ServiceInterface.event) of an Eventgroup (SomeipEventGroup) by invoking the Unsubscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00151]) of the specific Event class of the ServiceProxy class shall not cause the sending of a SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup message if there are still active subscriptions for other Events of the same Eventgroup.

Stopping the subscription of the *last* Event of an Eventgroup by invoking the Unsubscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00151]) of the specific Event class of the ServiceProxy class shall cause the sending of a SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup message. | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00104, RS_SOMEIPSD_00006, RS_SOMEIPSD_00005, RS_SOMEIPSD_00017)

[SWS_CM_00207] Content of SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup message | The fields in the SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup message shall be as follows:

- The Type field and the TTL field shall be set to values suitable for a StopSubscribeEventgroup entry, which means that
 - The Type field shall be set to SubscribeEventgroup (see [PRS_-SOMEIPSD 00386] for numerical value)
 - The TTL field shall be set to 0x000000 (see [PRS SOMEIPSD 00389])
- The Service ID field shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEventgroup message.
- The Instance ID field shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEvent-group message.
- The Major Version field shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEvent-group message.



- The Eventgroup ID field shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEvent-group message.
- IPv4 Endpoint Option shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEvent-group message.
- IPv6 Endpoint Option shall be set to the same value as in the SubscribeEvent-group message.
- The InitialDataRequested flag shall be set to 1 for fields and to 0 for events.
- Reserved shall be set to 0.
- Counter shall be set to 0.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00104, RS_SOMEIPSD_00006, RS_SOMEIPSD_00005, RS_SOMEIPSD_00017)

7.4.1.2.7 Link Loss

[SWS_CM_11375] Link loss on Client side [In case the SOME/IP network binding detects a link loss on the client side, the SOME/IP service discovery shall react according to [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00752] (i.e., re-enter the initial wait phase once the link is up again and the service is still requested). | ()

[SWS_CM_11376] Link loss on Server side [In case the SOME/IP network binding detects a link loss on the server side, the SOME/IP service discovery shall react according to [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00751] (i.e., re-enter the initial wait phase once the link is up again and the service is still requested). | ()

7.4.1.3 Accumulation of SOME/IP messages

[SWS_CM_10387] Data accumulation for UDP data transmission To allow for the transmission of multiple SOME/IP event, method request and method response messages within a single UDP datagram, data accumulation for UDP data transmission shall be supported. (RS_CM_00204)

[SWS_CM_10388] Enabling of data accumulation for UDP data transmission | Data accumulation for UDP data transmission over the udpPort and unicast-NetworkEndpoint defined on the EthernetCommunicationConnector that is referenced by a SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping shall be enabled if the attribute SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.udpCollection-BufferSizeThreshold is set to a value. In this case all event and method messages that are configured for data accumulation shall be aggregated in a buffer until a transmission trigger (see [SWS_CM_10389] and [SWS_CM_10390]) arrives and the data transmission starts. | (RS_CM_00204)



[SWS_CM_10389] Configuration of a data accumulation on a Provided-edSomeipServiceInstance for transmission over UDP [For a Provided-SomeipServiceInstance all method responses and events for which the udp-CollectionTrigger is set to never shall be aggregated in a buffer until a trigger arrives that starts the data transmission.

The following trigger options shall be supported:

- a SOME/IP message needs to be transmitted for which the udpCollection— Trigger is set to always.
- the udpCollectionBufferTimeout is reached for one of the SOME/IP message already aggregated in the buffer.
- the buffer size defined by the attribute udpCollectionBufferSizeThreshold is reached.
- adding the method response or event to the buffer would lead to a message larger than the maximum possible size (e.g. MTU size). In this case the actual buffer shall be triggered before handling the new event or method response.

(RS CM 00204)

[SWS_CM_10390] Configuration of a data accumulation on a Required-SomeipServiceInstance for transmission over UDP [For a Required-SomeipServiceInstance all method requests for which the udpCollection-Trigger is set to never shall be aggregated in a buffer until a trigger arrives that starts the data transmission.

The following trigger options shall be supported:

- a SOME/IP message needs to be transmitted for which the udpCollection— Trigger is set to always.
- the udpCollectionBufferTimeout is reached for one of the SOME/IP message already aggregated in the buffer.
- the buffer size defined by the attribute udpCollectionBufferSizeThreshold is reached.
- adding the method request or event to the buffer would lead to a message larger than the maximum possible size (e.g. MTU size). In this case the actual buffer shall be triggered before handling the new event or method response.

(RS_CM_00204)

In the following sections the term "sending of a SOME/IP message shall be requested" will be used to describe the fact that the sending of the message is requested but may be deferred due to data accumulation for UDP data transmission according to [SWS CM 10388], [SWS CM 10389], and [SWS CM 10390].



7.4.1.4 Execution context of message reception actions

In the following sections the term "upon reception" will be used to describe the fact that certain actions (e.g, the descrialization of the payload according to [SWS_CM_10294]) will be performed at a point in time between the actual reception of a message and the call of the corresponding API (e.g., the GetNewSamples (see [SWS_CM_00701]) method of the respective Event class). This specification deliberately does not explicitly state whether these actions will be performed in the context of message reception, in the context of the API call, or in a completely seperate execution context to leave room for potential optimizations of a concrete ara::com implementation.

The only restriction imposed here refers to the execution context of the <code>EventReceiveHandler</code> (see [SWS_CM_00309]). — Executing the <code>EventReceiveHandler</code> in the context of the <code>GetNewSamples</code> (see [SWS_CM_00701]) method is not allowed, since according to [SWS_CM_00181] the <code>EventReceiveHandlershall</code> use the <code>GetNewSamples</code> method to access the retrieved event data.

[SWS_CM_11270]{DRAFT} Selecting elements of the ServiceInterface for SecOC transmission [It is possible to define which elements of the ServiceInterface of the particular AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance shall be securedby SecOC. The selection of ServiceInterface elements is done by the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfigthat is aggregated by AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance.

The following configuration in the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig is applicable:

Methods

The roles methodCall and methodReturn identify the method(s) that shall be sprotected by SecOC with the configuration settings that are available in the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig element.

Events

The role event identifies the event(s) that shall be protected by SecOC with the configuration settings that are available in the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig element.

Fields

The roles fieldNotifier, getterCall, getterReturn, setterCall and setterReturn identify the field content that shall be protected by SecOC with the configuration settings that are available in the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig element.

(RS CM 00801, RS CM 00803)



7.4.1.5 Handling Events

[SWS_CM_10287] Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP event message [The sending of a SOME/IP event message shall be requested by invoking the Send method of the respective Event class (see [SWS_CM_00162] and [SWS_CM_90437])

- If there is static service connection according to [SWS CM 02201]
- If there is at least one active subscriber and the offer of the service containing the event has not been stopped (either because the TTL contained in the SOME/IP OfferService message (see [SWS_CM_00203]) has expired or because the StopOfferService method (see [SWS_CM_00111]) of the ServiceSkeleton class has been called).

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00005, RS_-SOMEIP_00017)

[SWS_CM_10288] Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP event message [The SOME/IP event message shall be transmitted using the transport protocol defined via the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.eventDeployment.transportProtocol attribute (see [TPS_MANI_03050]).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00010)

[SWS_CM_10289] Source of a SOME/IP event message [The SOME/IP event message shall use the unicast IP address and port taken from the IPv4/v6 Endpoint Option (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00307] and [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00315]) of the SOME/IP OfferService message ([SWS_CM_00203]) or the server address which has been statically pre-configured by the static service connection according to [SWS_CM_02201] as source address and source port for the transmission. | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00042)

ISWS CM 10290] Destination of a SOME/IP event message The SOME/IP event message shall use the multicast IP address and the port taken from the IPv4/v6 Multicast Option (see [PRS SOMEIPSD 00326] and [PRS SOMEIPSD 00333]) of the SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupAck message (see [SWS CM 00206]) or the client address which has been statically pre-configured by the static service connection according to [SWS CM 02201] as destination address and destination port for the transmission if the threshold defined by the multicastThreshold attribute of the SomeipProvidedEventGroup that is aggregated by the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance in the role eventGroup in the Manifest has been reached (see [PRS -SOMEIPSD 00134]). The SOME/IP event message shall use the unicast IP address and the port taken from the IPv4/v6 Endpoint Option (see [PRS SOMEIPSD -003071 and IPRS SOMEIPSD 003151) of the SOME/IP Subscribe Eventgroup message ([SWS CM 00205]) as destination address and destination port for the transmission if this threshold has not been reached (see [PRS SOMEIPSD 00134]). In case multiple Endpoint Options have been contained in the SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message, the one matching the selected transport protocol (see [SWS CM 10289]) shall be used. | (RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, RS SOMEIP 00004, RS SOMEIP -00042)



[SWS_CM_10291] Content of the SOME/IP event message | The entries in the SOME/IP event message shall be as follows:

- The Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the eventDeployment.eventId by adding 0x8000 to the eventDeployment. eventId.
- The Length (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00042]) shall be set to the length of the serialized payload in units of bytes incremented by 8 (second part of the SOME/IP header that is covered by the Length)
- The Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) is unused for event messages (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) and thus shall be set to 0x0000.
- In case of inactive Session Handling, see [SWS_CM_10240], the Session ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00703]) is unused for event messages and thus shall be set to 0x0000 (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00932]) and [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]).
 - In case of active Session Handling, see [SWS_CM_10240], the Session ID is used for event messages and thus shall be incremented (with proper wrap around) upon every transmission of an event message (see [PRS_SOMEIP_-00933], [PRS_SOMEIP_00934], [PRS_SOMEIP_00521], and [PRS_SOMEIP_-00925]).
- The Protocol Version (see [PRS SOMEIP 00052]) shall be set to 0x01.
- The Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceVersion.majorVersion.
- The Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) shall be set to NOTIFICATION (0x02).
- The Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) is unused for event messages and thus (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]) shall be set to E_OK (0x00).
- The Payload shall contain the serialized payload (i.e., the serialized Variable-DataPrototype composed by the ServiceInterface in role event) according to the SOME/IP serialization rules.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00041, RS_SOMEIP_00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004) The serialization rules are explained in section 7.4.1.9.

[SWS_CM_10292] Checks for a received SOME/IP event message [Upon reception of a SOME/IP event message the following checks shall be conducted:



- Verify that the Protocol Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00052]) is set to 0x01.
- Use the Length (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00042]) being larger than 8 in combination with the Message type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) being set to NOTIFICATION to determine that the received SOME/IP message is actually an event.
- Use the Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element in the Manifest to determine the right ServiceInterface.
- Verify that the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) matches 0x8000 + the eventId attribute of one of the SomeipEventDeployments of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.
- Verify that the Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) is set to 0x0000.
- Verify that the Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) matches SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion. majorVersion.
- Verify that the Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_-00191]) is set to E OK (0x00).

If any of the above checks fails the received SOME/IP event message shall be discarded and and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation). \([RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00019, RS_SOMEIP_00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00008, RS_SOMEIP_00014)

[SWS_CM_10293] Identifying the right event [Using the Service ID (see [PRS_-SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element as well as the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and 0x8000 + the eventId attribute of the SomeipEventDeployments of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment, the right event shall be identified.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_000022)

[SWS_CM_10379] Silently discarding SOME/IP event messages for unsubscribed events [If the event identified according to [SWS_CM_10293] does not have an active subscription because the Subscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00141]) of the specific Event class of the ServiceProxy class has not been called, or the Unsubscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00151]) of the specific Event class of the ServiceProxy class has been called, or the TTL of the SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message (see [SWS_CM_00205]) has expired, and if there is no static service connection according to [SWS_CM_02201], the received SOME/IP event message shall be silently discarded (i.e., [SWS_CM_10294], [SWS_CM_10295], and the receive handler shall not be invoked). | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00203, RS_SOMEIP_00004)

[SWS_CM_10296] Invoke receive handler [In case a receive handler was registered using the SetReceiveHandler method (see [SWS_CM_00181]) of the respective Event class for the event determined according to [SWS_CM_10293] this registered



receive handler shall be invoked when the corresponding Event is received. (RS_CM_-00204, RS_CM_00203, RS_SOMEIP_00004)

[SWS_CM_10294] Deserializing the payload [Based on the event determined according to [SWS_CM_10293] the Payload of the SOME/IP event message (i.e., the serialized VariableDataPrototype composed by the ServiceInterface in role event) shall be deserialized according to the SOME/IP serialization rules.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00028) The serialization rules are explained in section 7.4.1.9.

[SWS_CM_10295] Providing the received event data [The deserialized payload containing the event data shall be provided via the <code>GetNewSamples</code> (see [SWS_CM_00701]) method of the respective <code>Event</code> class for the event determined according to [SWS_CM_10293].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00202, RS_SOMEIP_-00004)

7.4.1.6 Handling Triggers

[SWS_CM_10511]{DRAFT} Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP trigger [The sending of a SOME/IP trigger shall be requested by invoking the Send method of the respective Trigger class (see [SWS CM 00721]).

The SOME/IP trigger shall be sent if at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

- If there is static service connection according to [SWS CM 02201]
- If there is at least one active subscriber and the offer of the service containing the
 trigger has not been stopped (either because the TTL contained in the SOME/IP
 OfferService message (see [SWS_CM_00203]) has expired or because the
 StopOfferService method (see [SWS_CM_00111]) of the ServiceSkeleton class has been called).

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00005, RS_-SOMEIP_00017)

Please note that in the Manifest configuration the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.eventDeployment is used to configure triggers in the same way as events. The only difference is that in case of a trigger the SomeipEventDeployment will reference the Trigger in the role trigger. Therefore the following specification items described in chapter 7.4.1.5 are also valid for Triggers since a trigger defines a special kind of an event.

- [SWS_CM_10288]
- [SWS_CM_10289]
- [SWS_CM_10290]

[SWS_CM_10512]{DRAFT} Content of the SOME/IP trigger [The entries in the SOME/IP trigger shall be as follows:



- The Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the eventDeployment.eventId by adding 0x8000 to the eventDeployment. eventId.
- The Length (see [PRS SOMEIP 00042]) shall be set to 8
- The Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) is unused for triggers (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) and thus shall be set to 0x0000.
- In case of inactive Session Handling, see [SWS_CM_10240], the Session ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00703]) is unused for triggers and thus shall be set to 0x0000 (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00932]) and [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]).
 - In case of active Session Handling, see [SWS_CM_10240], the Session ID is used for triggers and thus shall be incremented (with proper wrap around) upon every transmission of an trigger (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00933], [PRS_SOMEIP_-00934], [PRS_SOMEIP_00521], and [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]).
- The Protocol Version (see [PRS SOMEIP 00051]) shall be set to 0x01.
- The Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceVersion.majorVersion.
- The Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) shall be set to NOTIFICATION (0x02).
- The Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) is unused for triggers and thus (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]) shall be set to E_OK (0x00).

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00041, RS_-SOMEIP 00022, RS_SOMEIP 00003, RS_SOMEIP 00004)

[SWS_CM_10513]{DRAFT} Checks for a received SOME/IP trigger [Upon reception of a SOME/IP trigger the following checks shall be conducted:

- Verify that the Protocol Version (see [PRS SOMEIP 00052]) is set to 0x01.
- Use the Length (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00042]) being equal to 8 in combination with the Message type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) being set to NOTIFICATION to determine that the received SOME/IP message is actually a trigger.
- Use the Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element in the Manifest to determine the right ServiceInterface.



- Verify that the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) matches 0x8000 + the eventId attribute of one of the SomeipEventDeployments of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.
- Verify that the Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) is set to 0x0000.
- Verify that the Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) matches SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion. majorVersion.
- Verify that the Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_-00191]) is set to E_OK (0x00).

If any of the above checks fails the received SOME/IP trigger shall be discarded and and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation). \([RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00019, RS_SOMEIP_00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00008, RS_SOMEIP_00014)

[SWS_CM_10514]{DRAFT} Identifying the right trigger [Using the Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element as well as the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and 0x8000 + the eventId attribute of the SomeipEventDeployments of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment, the right trigger shall be identified.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00022)

[SWS_CM_10515]{DRAFT} Silently discarding SOME/IP triggers for unsubscribed triggers [If the trigger identified according to [SWS_CM_10514] does not have an active subscription, the received SOME/IP trigger shall be silently discarded (i.e., [SWS_CM_00226], and [SWS_CM_00249] shall *not* be performed). [RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00203, RS_SOMEIP_00004)

[SWS_CM_10516]{DRAFT} Invoke receive handler [In case a receive handler was registered using the SetReceiveHandler method (see [SWS_CM_00249]) of the respective Trigger class for the trigger determined according to [SWS_CM_10514] this registered receive handler shall be invoked when the corresponding Trigger is received.|(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00203, RS SOMEIP 00004)

[SWS_CM_10517]{DRAFT} Failures in sending a SOME/IP trigger [If the sending of the SOME/IP trigger fails locally (due to a network error which is notified to the ara::com implementation), the ara::com implementation shall return kNetworkBindingFailure in the Result of the Send() method of the respective Trigger class (see [SWS_CM_00721]).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00005, RS_CM_00004)



7.4.1.7 Handling Method Calls

[SWS_CM_10297] Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP request message [The sending of a SOME/IP request message shall be requested by invoking the function call operator (operator()) of the respective Method class (see [SWS_CM_00196]) if there is static service connection according to [SWS_CM_02201] or if the providing service instance has not stopped offering the service (either because the TTL contained in the SOME/IP OfferService message (see [SWS_CM_00203]) has expired or because the StopOfferService method (see [SWS_CM_00111]) of the ServiceSkeleton class has been called).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00006, RS_SOMEIP_00007)

[SWS_CM_10441] Failures in sending of a SOME/IP request message [If the sending of the SOME/IP request message fails locally (in a way which is notified to the ara::com implementation), the ara::com implementation shall make the Future returned by the function call operator (operator()) of the respective Method class (see [SWS_CM_00196]) ready according to [SWS_CM_10440]. $\frac{1}{RS_CM_00204}$, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00006, RS_SOMEIP_00007)

[SWS_CM_10298] Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP request message | The SOME/IP request message shall be transmitted using the transport protocol defined by the attribute SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.methodDeployment.transportProtocol in the Manifest.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00006, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00010)

[SWS_CM_10299] Source of a SOME/IP request message [The SOME/IP request message shall use the unicast IP address defined in the Manifest by the Ipv4Configuration/Ipv6Configuration attribute of the NetworkEndpoint that is referenced (in role unicastNetworkEndpoint) by the EthernetCommunicationConnector of a Machine which in turn is mapped to the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance by means of a SomeipServiceInstance-ToMachineMapping as source address for the transmission. The port number configured via udpPort shall be used to derive the source port for the transmission in case the selected transport protocol (see [SWS CM 10298]) is UDP. If this port number is configured to 0, an ephemeral port shall be used. If the port number is configured to a value different from 0 exactly that port shall be used. The port number configured via tcpPort shall be used to derive the source port for the transmission in case the selected transport protocol (see [SWS CM 10298]) is TCP. If this port number is configured to 0, an ephemeral port shall be used. If the port number is configured to a value different from 0 exactly that port shall be used. | (RS CM 00204, RS CM 00212, RS CM 00213, RS SOMEIP 00010)

[SWS_CM_10300] Destination of a SOME/IP request message [The SOME/IP request message shall use the unicast IP address and port taken from the IPv4/v6 Endpoint Option (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00307] and [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00315]) of the SOME/IP OfferService message ([SWS_CM_00203]) or the server address which has been statically pre-configured by the static service connection according to [SWS_CM_02201] as destination address and destination port for the transmission.



In case multiple Endpoint Options have been contained in the SOME/IP OfferService message, the one matching the selected transport protocol (see [SWS_CM_10298]) shall be used.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_-00006, RS_SOMEIP_00007)

[SWS_CM_10301] Content of the SOME/IP request message | The entries in the SOME/IP request message shall be as follows:

- The Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the methodDeployment.methodId.
- The Length (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00042]) shall be set to the length of the serialized payload in units of bytes incremented by 8 (second part of the SOME/IP header that is covered by the Length)
- The Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) shall be set to a value that uniquely identifies the client within a Machine. This may be achived by dynamically generating unique client IDs upon construction of the ServiceProxy.
- The Session ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00703]) shall be set to 0x0001 for the first call of a particular method by a given client and shall be incremented by 1 after each call performed by this client for the respective method (see [PRS_-SOMEIP_00533]). Once the Session ID reaches 0xFFFF, it shall wrap around and start with 0x0001 again (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00521]).
- The Protocol Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00052]) shall be set to 0x01.
- The Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceVersion.majorVersion.
- The Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) shall be set to REQUEST_NO_RETURN (0x01) in case the ClientServerOperation referenced by methodDeployment.method contains a fireAndForget attribute which is set to true. The Message Type shall be set to REQUEST (0x00) otherwise.
- The Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) is unused for request messages and thus (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00920]) shall be set to E_OK (0x00).
- The Payload shall contain the serialized payload (i.e., the ArgumentDataPrototypes of the ClientServerOperation with direction set to in and inout serialized according to their order) according to the SOME/IP serialization rules.



J(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00006, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00012, RS_SOMEIP_00021, RS_SOMEIP_00025, RS_SOMEIP_00041) The SOME/IP serialization rules are explained in section 7.4.1.9.

[SWS_CM_10302] Checks for a received SOME/IP request message [Upon reception of a SOME/IP request message the following checks shall be conducted:

- Verify that the Protocol Version (see [PRS SOMEIP 00052]) is set to 0x01.
- Verify that the Length (see [PRS SOMEIP 00042]) is larger than 7.
- Use the Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) which is set to either REQUEST_NO_RETURN (0x01) or REQUEST (0x00) to determine that the received SOME/IP message is actually a SOME/IP request message.
- Use the Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element in the Manifest to determine the right ServiceInterface.
- Verify that the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) matches the methodId attribute of one of the SomeipMethodDeployments of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.
- Verify that the Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) is set to REQUEST_NO_RETURN (0x01) in case the the ClientServerOperation referenced by methodDeployment.method of the SomeipMethodDeployment with matching methodId attribute contains a fireAndForget attribute which is set to true. Verify that the Message Type is set to REQUEST (0x00) otherwise.
- Verify that the Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) matches SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion. majorVersion.
- Verify that the Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_-00191]) is set to E_OK (0x00).

If any of the above checks fails the received SOME/IP request message shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation). In case of a received REmessage (see [PRS SOMEIP 00055]), QUEST additionally. an **ERROR** message with return code set to either E_WRONG_PROTOCOL_VERSION, E_UNKNOWN_SERVICE, E_WRONG_INTERFACE_VERSION, E_UNKNOWN_METHOD, or E_WRONG_MESSAGE_TYPE (see [PRS SOMEIP 00191]) shall be sent to the requester, depending on the detected error. (RS CM 00204, RS CM 00200, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00006, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_-SOMEIP 00003, RS SOMEIP 00019, RS SOMEIP 00021, RS SOMEIP 00008, RS SOMEIP 00014)



[SWS_CM_10303] Identifying the right method [Using the Service ID (see [PRS_-SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element as well as the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the methodId attribute of the SomeipMethodDeployments of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment, the right method shall be identified.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00006. RS_SOMEIP_00007. RS_SOMEIP_000021)

[SWS_CM_10304] Deserializing the payload [Based on the method determined according to [SWS_CM_10303] the Payload of the SOME/IP request message shall be deserialized according to the SOME/IP serialization rules.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00006, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00028) The SOME/IP serialization rules are explained in section 7.4.1.9.

[SWS_CM_10306] Invoke the method - event driven [In case a MethodCall-ProcessingMode of either kEvent or kEventSingleThread has been passed to the constructor of the ServiceSkeleton (see [SWS_CM_00130]), the deserialized payload containing the method data (i.e., method ID and input arguments) shall be used to invoke the service method (see [SWS_CM_00191]) identified according to [SWS_CM_10303] of the ServiceSkeleton class as a consequence to the reception of the SOME/IP request message.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00006, RS_SOMEIP_00007)

[SWS_CM_10307] Invoke the method - polling [In case a MethodCallProcessingMode of kPoll has been passed to the constructor of the ServiceSkeleton (see [SWS_CM_00130]), the deserialized payload containing the method data (i.e., method ID and input arguments) shall be used to invoke the service method (see [SWS_CM_00191]) identified according to [SWS_CM_10303] of the ServiceSkeleton class upon a call to the ProcessNextMethodCall method (see [SWS_CM_00199]) of the ServiceSkeleton class.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00006, RS_SOMEIP_00007)

[SWS_CM_10447]{DRAFT} Dealing with unmodelled ApapplicationErrors [If the service method (see [SWS_CM_00191]) returnes an ApapplicationError different from the modeled ones (i.e., different from the ones referenced by the ClientServerOperation in role possibleApError or in role possibleApErrorSet.apApplicationError),treating this as a violation according to [SWS_CORE_00003]. No message shall be sent back to the client.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007)

[SWS_CM_10308] Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP response message | The sending of a SOME/IP response message shall be requested upon availability of a result of the ara::core::Future, which either contains a valid value or an ara::core::ErrorCode matching one of the possible ApApplicationErrors referenced by the ClientServerOperation in the role possibleApError or in role possibleApErrorSet.apApplicationError of the service method (see



[SWS_CM_10306] and [SWS_CM_10307]) in case the Message Type of the corresponding SOME/IP request message was set to REQUEST (0x00).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007)

[SWS_CM_10309] Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP response message | The SOME/IP response message shall be transmitted using the transport protocol defined by the attribute SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.methodDeployment.transportProtocol in the Manifest.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00010)

[SWS CM 10310] Source of a SOME/IP response message [The SOME/IP response message shall use the unicast IP address defined in the Manifest by the Ipv4Configuration/Ipv6Configuration attribute of the NetworkEndpoint that is referenced (in role unicastNetworkEndpoint) by the EthernetCommunicationConnector of a Machine which in turn is mapped to the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance by means of a SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping as source address for the transmission. The port number configured via udpPort shall be used to derive the source port for the transmission in case the selected transport protocol (see [SWS CM 10309]) is UDP. If this port number is configured to 0, an ephemeral port shall be used. If the port number is configured to a value different from 0 exactly that port shall be used. The port number configured via topport shall be used to derive the source port for the transmission in case the selected transport protocol (see [SWS CM 10309]) is TCP. If this port number is configured to 0, an ephemeral port shall be used. If the port number is configured to a value different from 0 exactly that port shall be used. | (RS CM 00204, RS CM 00212, RS CM 00213, RS SOMEIP 00007, RS SOMEIP 00010)

[SWS_CM_10311] Destination of a SOME/IP response message | The SOME/IP response message shall use the unicast source IP address and the source port of the corresponding received SOME/IP request message (see [SWS_CM_10299]) as destination address and destination port for the transmission.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007)

[SWS_CM_10312] Content of the SOME/IP response message | The entries in the SOME/IP response message shall be as follows:

- The Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the methodDeployment.methodId.
- The Length (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00042]) shall be set to the length of the serialized payload in units of bytes incremented by 8 (second part of the SOME/IP header that is covered by the Length)
- The Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) shall be copied from the corresponding SOME/IP request message (see [SWS_CM_10301]).



- The Session ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00703]) shall be copied from the corresponding SOME/IP request message (see [SWS_CM_10301]).
- The Protocol Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00052]) shall be set to 0x01.
- The Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceVersion.majorVersion.
- The Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) shall be set to ERROR (0x81) in case the ClientServerOperation returned one of the possible ApApplicationErrors referenced by the ClientServerOperation in role possibleApErrorSet.apApplicationError¹. The Message Type shall be set to RESPONSE (0x80) otherwise.
- The Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) shall be set to E_NOT_OK (0x01) in case the ClientServerOperation raised one of the possible ApApplicationErrors referenced by the ClientServerOperation in role possibleApError or in role possibleApErrorSet.apApplicationError. The Return Code shall be set to E_OK (0x00) otherwise.
- The Payload shall contain the serialized payload according to the SOME/IP serialization rules. In case of NO raised ApapplicationError, the Argument-DataPrototypes of the ClientServerOperation with direction set to inout and out shall be serialized according to their order. otherwise in case of a raised ApapplicationError, which is represented as an ara::core:: ErrorCode contained in the ara::core::Result, the payload shall contain the serialized application error according to [SWS CM 10428].

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00012, RS_SOMEIP_00021, RS_SOMEIP_00025, RS_SOMEIP_00041, RS_SOMEIP_00008) The SOME/IP serialization rules are explained in section 7.4.1.9.

[SWS_CM_10428] payload representing application error A raised application error shall be represented by a SOME/IP union: The type field of the union shall be set to 0x01. The element of the union with type field set to 0x01 shall be a SOME/IP struct with the following elements in depicted order:

- an uint64 representing the ApapplicationErrorDomain.value, to which the raised ApapplicationError belongs (ApapplicationError.errorDomain).
- an int32 representing the ApApplicationError.errorCode, which is represented on binding level as ara::core::ErrorCode::Value().

¹Note that this is in fact an incompatibility with the AUTOSAR classic platform (i.e., in cases where an AUTOSAR adaptive platform server operates with an AUTOSAR classic platform client) which defines that a Message Type of RESPONSE (0x80) shall be used in case an ApapplicationError is raised. – Please consult the release notes of the AUTOSAR classic platform regarding details about this incompatibility issue and how to create a project specific work-around.



Additionally, following SOME/IP Transformation property values for the ApapplicationError are hard coded:

- sizeOfUnionLengthField/=32bit
- sizeOfUnionTypeSelectorField/=8bit
- sizeOfStructLengthField/=16bit
- sizeOfStringLengthField/=16bit
- byte-Order=network-byte-order(big endian)
- TLV for struct=no
- alignment=no
- String encoding=UTF-8
- String BOM=true
- String null-termination=true

(RS SOMEIP 00014)

[SWS_CM_10313] Checks for a received SOME/IP response message | Upon reception of a SOME/IP response message the following checks shall be conducted:

- Verify that the Protocol Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00052]) is set to 0x01.
- Verify that the Length (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00042]) is larger than 7.
- Use the Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) which is set to either RE-SPONSE (0x80) or ERROR (0x81) to determine that the received SOME/IP message is actually a SOME/IP response message or error response message.
- Use the Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element in the Manifest to determine the right ServiceInterface.
- Verify that the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) matches the methodId attribute of one of the SomeipMethodDeployments of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.
- Verify that the Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) matches SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion. majorVersion.
- Verify that the Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) matches the client from the corresponding SOME/IP request message (see [SWS_CM_10301]).
- The Session ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00703]) matches the client from the corresponding SOME/IP request message (see [SWS_CM_10301]).

If any of the above checks fails the received SOME/IP response message shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the



ara::com implementation). | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00012, RS_SOMEIP_00019, RS_SOMEIP_00021, RS_SOMEIP_00025, RS_SOMEIP_00041, RS_SOMEIP_00008, RS_SOMEIP_00014)

[SWS_CM_10314] Identifying the right method [Using the Service ID (see [PRS_-SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element as well as the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the methodId attribute of the SomeipMethodDeployments of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment, the right method shall be identified.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00006, RS_SOMEIP_00001)

[SWS_CM_10315] Discarding orphaned responses [In case the method call has been canceled according to [SWS_CM_00194] in the mean time, the received response/error messages of the canceled methods shall be ignored.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212)

[SWS_CM_10357] Distinguishing errors from normal responses [The Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) and the Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) of the SOME/IP message shall be used to determine whether the received SOME/IP message is a normal response (Message Type set to RESPONSE (0x80) and Return Code set to 0x0) or an error response (Message Type set to ERROR (0x81) or Return Code set to a value different from 0x0)² w.r.t. the further processing according to [SWS_CM_10316], [SWS_CM_10358], [SWS_CM_10429], [SWS_CM_10430] and [SWS_CM_10317].|(RS_CM_00204, RS_SOMEIP_00008)

[SWS_CM_10316] Deserializing the payload - normal response messages [Based on the method determined according to [SWS_CM_10314] the Payload of the response message shall be deserialized according to the SOME/IP serialization rules. – Therefore the ArgumentDataPrototypes with direction set to inout and out shall be deserialized according to their order.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00028) The SOME/IP serialization rules are explained in section 7.4.1.9.

[SWS_CM_10442] Failures during deserialization of response messages [In case of failures during deserialization of response messages, the ara::com implementation shall make the Future returned by the function call operator (operator()) of the respective Method class (see [SWS_CM_00196]) ready according to [SWS_CM_10440].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP 00007, RS_SOMEIP 000028)

[SWS_CM_10358] Identifying the right application error in a message with Message Type set to RESPONSE (0x80) [If the Return Code (see [PRS SOMEIP 00058]

²The additional case of SOME/IP response messages with a Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) set to a value different from 0x0 is in place for the sake of compatibility with the AUTOSAR classic platform (i.e., AUTOSAR adaptive platform client and AUTOSAR classic platform server) which defines that a Message Type of RESPONSE (0x80) shall be used even in case ApapplicationErrors are raised.



and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) contains a value larger than 0x1F the corresponding value of the ApApplicationError.errorCode attribute shall be determined by subtracting 0x1F from the Return Code value. Using this computed ApApplication—Error.errorCode attribute value and the ApApplicationError.errorCode attribute of all ApApplicationErrors referenced in role possibleApError by the ClientServerOperation corresponding to the method determined according to [SWS CM 10314], the right application error shall be identified.

If this computed ApApplicationError.errorCode attribute value does not match any of the ApApplicationError.errorCode attributes of all ApApplicationErrors referenced in role possibleApError or in role possibleApErrorSet. apApplicationError by the ClientServerOperation, the error response message shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation), and the Future returned by the function call operator (operator()) of the respective Method class (see [SWS_CM_00196]) shall be made ready according to [SWS_CM_10440].

If this computed ApApplicationError.errorCode attribute value does match more than one of the ApApplicationError.errorCode attributes of all ApApplicationErrors referenced in role possibleApError or in role possibleApErrorSet.apApplicationError by the ClientServerOperation, the error response message shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation), and the Future returned by the function call operator (operator()) of the respective Method class (see [SWS_CM_00196]) shall be made ready according to [SWS_CM_10440].](RS_CM_00204, RS_SOMEIP_-00008)

Note: This is for backward compatibility to old servers using RESPONSE (0x80) even in case of application errors.

[SWS_CM_10429] Identifying the right application error in a message with Message Type set to ERROR (0x81) [If the Return Code see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) contains a value equal to 0x01 (E_NOT_OK) then the corresponding ApApplicationError shall be identified by deserializing the Payload of the message according to the error payload format described in [SWS_CM_10428].] (RS CM 00204, RS SOMEIP 00008)

[SWS_CM_10430] Handling invalid messages with Message Type set to ERROR (0x81) [If the Return Code see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) contains a value NOT equal to 0x01 or the value is equal to 0x01, but either the contained payload does NOT comply with [SWS_CM_10428] or the application error identified by the deserialized ApApplicationErrorDomain.value and ApApplicationError.errorCode is not referenced in role possibleApError or in role possibleApErrorSet.apApplicationError by the related ClientServerOperation, the error response message shall be discarded, the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation), and the Future returned by the function call operator (operator()) of the respective Method class (see



[SWS_CM_00196]) shall be made ready according to [SWS_CM_10440]. \(\textit{/RS_CM_-00204}, \textit{RS_SOMEIP_00008} \)

[SWS_CM_10317] Making the Future ready [In order to make the Future returned by the function call operator (operator()) of the respective Method class (see [SWS_CM_00196]) ready, depending on the type or received message (see [SWS_CM_10357]) either the set_value operation (see [SWS_CORE_00345] and [SWS_CORE_00346]) or the SetError (see [SWS_CORE_00353]) operation of the Promise corresponding to this Future shall be invoked. This will unblock any blocking Get, wait, wait_for, and wait_until calls that have been performed on this Future. — The set_value operation shall be invoked in case of a received normal response message using the deserialized payload according to [SWS_CM_10316] as an argument. The SetError operation shall be invoked in case of a received error response message using the determined application error according to [SWS_CM_10358] and [SWS_CM_10429] of type ara::core::ErrorCode as an argument.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00215, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00008)

[SWS_CM_10318] Invoke the notification function [If a notification function has been registered with the Future's then method (see [SWS_CM_00197]), this notification function shall be invoked.] $(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00215, RS_SOMEIP_00007)$

7.4.1.8 Handling Fields

[SWS_CM_10319] Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP event message [The sending of a SOME/IP event message shall be requested in one of the following cases:

- By invoking the Update method of the respective Field class (see [SWS_CM_00119])
- If the Future returned by the SetHandler registered with Register-SetHandler (see [SWS_CM_00116]) becomes ready

The SOME/IP event message shall be sent if at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

- If there is static service connection according to [SWS CM 02201] or
- If there is at least one active subscriber and the offer of the service containing the
 event has not been stopped (either because the TTL contained in the SOME/IP
 OfferService message (see [SWS_CM_00203]) has expired or because the
 StopOfferService method (see [SWS_CM_00111]) of the ServiceSkeleton class has been called).

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00005, RS_SOMEIP_00017, RS_SOMEIP_00018)



[SWS_CM_10320] Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP event message | The SOME/IP event message shall be transmitted using UDP if the threshold defined by the multicastThreshold attribute of the SomeipProvidedEventGroup that is aggregated by the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance in the role eventGroup in the Manifest has been reached (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00134]). The SOME/IP event message shall be transmitted using the transport protocol defined by the attribute SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.fieldDeployment.notifier. transportProtocol in the Manifest if this threshold has not been reached (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00802]).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00010)

[SWS_CM_10321] Source of a SOME/IP event message The source address and the source port of the SOME/IP event message shall set according to [SWS_CM_10289].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_000042)

[SWS_CM_10322] Destination of a SOME/IP event message [The destination address and the destination port of the SOME/IP event message shall be set according to [SWS_CM_10290].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_000042)

[SWS_CM_10323] Content of the SOME/IP event message | The entries in the SOME/IP event message shall be as follows:

- The Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the eventDeployment.eventId by adding 0x8000 to the eventDeployment. eventId.
- The Length (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00042]) shall be set to the length of the serialized payload in units of bytes incremented by 8 (second part of the SOME/IP header that is covered by the Length)
- The Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) is unused for event messages (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) and thus shall be set to 0x0000.
- In case of inactive Session Handling, see [SWS_CM_10240], the Session ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00703]) is unused for event messages and thus shall be set to 0x0000 (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00932]) and [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]).
 - In case of active Session Handling, see [SWS_CM_10240], the Session ID is used for event messages and thus shall be incremented (with proper wrap around) upon every transmission of an event message (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00933], [PRS_SOMEIP_00934], [PRS_SOMEIP_00521], and [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]).
- The Protocol Version (see [PRS SOMEIP 00052]) shall be set to 0x01.



- The Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceVersion.majorVersion.
- The Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) shall be set to NOTIFICATION (0x02).
- The Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) is unused for event messages and thus (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]) shall be set to E_OK (0x00).
- The Payload shall contain the serialized payload (i.e., the serialized Field composed by the ServiceInterface in role field) according to the SOME/IP serialization rules.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00041, RS_SOMEIP_00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009)
The SOME/IP serialization rules are explained in section 7.4.1.9.

[SWS_CM_10324] Checks for a received SOME/IP event message [Upon reception of a SOME/IP event message the checks defined in [SWS_CM_10292] shall be conducted. If any of the above checks fails the received SOME/IP event message shall be discarded and and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara:: com implementation).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00019, RS_SOMEIP_000022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00014)

[SWS_CM_10325] Identifying the right event [Using the Service ID (see [PRS_-SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element as well as the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and 0x8000 + the eventId attribute of the SomeipFieldDeployment. notifiers of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment, the right event shall be identified.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00022)

[SWS_CM_10380] Silently discarding SOME/IP event messages for unsubscribed events [If the event identified according to [SWS_CM_10325] does not have an active subscription because the Subscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00141]) of the specific Field class of the ServiceProxy class has not been called, or the Unsubscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00151]) of the specific Field class of the ServiceProxy class has been called, or the TTL of the SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message (see [SWS_CM_00205]) has expired, the received SOME/IP event message shall be silently discarded (i.e., [SWS_CM_10326], [SWS_CM_10327], and [SWS_CM_10328] shall not be performed). [RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00203, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009)

[SWS_CM_10328] Invoke receive handler [In case a ReceiveHandler was registered using the SetReceiveHandler method (see [SWS_CM_00181]) of the respective Field class for the event determined according to [SWS_CM_10325] this



registered receive handler shall be invoked. [RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00203, RS_-SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009]

[SWS_CM_10326] Deserializing the payload [Based on the event determined according to [SWS_CM_10325] the Payload of the SOME/IP event message (i.e., the serialized Field composed by the ServiceInterface in role field) shall be deserialized according to the SOME/IP serialization rules.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00028) The SOME/IP serialization rules are explained in section 7.4.1.9.

[SWS_CM_10327] Providing the received event data [The deserialized payload containing the event data shall be provided via the <code>GetNewSamples</code> (see [SWS_CM_00701]) method of the respective <code>Field</code> class for the event determined according to [SWS_CM_10325].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00202, RS_SOMEIP_-00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009)

[SWS_CM_10329] Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP request message [The sending of a SOME/IP request message shall be requested by invoking the <code>Set</code> or <code>Get</code> method of the respective <code>Field</code> class (see [SWS_CM_00112] and [SWS_CM_00113]) if the providing service instance has not stopped offering the service (either because the TTL contained in the SOME/IP OfferService message (see [SWS_CM_00203]) has expired or because the <code>StopOfferService</code> method (see [SWS_CM_00111]) of the <code>ServiceSkeleton</code> class has been called). \((RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00217, RS_CM_00218, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009)

[SWS_CM_10443] Failures in sending of a SOME/IP request message [If the sending of the SOME/IP request message fails locally (in a way which is notified to the ara::com implementation), the ara::com implementation shall make the Future returned by the Set or Get method of the respective Field class (see [SWS_CM_00112] and [SWS_CM_00113]) ready according to [SWS_CM_10440].] (RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00217, RS_CM_00218, RS_SOMEIP_-00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009)

[SWS_CM_10330] Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP request message | The SOME/IP request message for the Set method shall be transmitted using the transport protocol defined by the attribute SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment. fieldDeployment.set.transportProtocol in the Manifest. The SOME/IP request message for the Get method shall be transmitted using the transport protocol defined by the attribute SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.fieldDeployment. get.transportProtocol respectively. | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00010)

[SWS_CM_10331] Source of a SOME/IP request message [The source address and the source port of the SOME/IP request message shall be set according to [SWS_CM_10299].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00010)



[SWS_CM_10332] Destination of a SOME/IP request message | The destination address and the destination port of the SOME/IP request message shall be set according to [SWS_CM_10300].] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009)

[SWS_CM_10333] Content of the SOME/IP request message | The entries in the SOME/IP request message shall be as follows:

- The Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) for the Set method shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the fieldDeployment.set.methodId. The Method ID for the Get method shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the fieldDeployment.get.methodId.
- The Length (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00042]) shall be set to the length of the serialized payload in units of bytes incremented by 8 (second part of the SOME/IP header that is covered by the Length)
- The Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) shall be set to a value that uniquely identifies the client within a Machine. This may be achieved by dynamically generating unique client IDs upon construction of the ServiceProxy.
- The Session ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00703]) shall be set to 0x0001 for the first call of the particular method by a given client and shall be incremented by 1 after each call performed by this client for the respective method (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00533]). Once the Session ID reaches 0xFFFF, it shall wrap around and start with 0x0001 again (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00521]).
- The Protocol Version (see [PRS SOMEIP 00052]) shall be set to 0x01.
- The Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceVersion.majorVersion.
- The Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) shall be set to REQUEST (0x00).
- The Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) is unused for request messages and thus (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00920]) shall be set to E_OK (0x00).
- The Payload for the request message for the Set method shall contain the serialized payload (i.e., the serialized Field composed by the ServiceInterface in role field) according to the SOME/IP serialization rules. The Payload for the request message for the Get method will be empty.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_-00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_CM_00217, RS_CM_00218, RS_SOMEIP_00003,



RS_SOMEIP_00012, RS_SOMEIP_00021, RS_SOMEIP_00025, RS_SOMEIP_00041) The SOME/IP serialization rules are explained in section 7.4.1.9.

[SWS_CM_10334] Checks for a received SOME/IP request message [Upon reception of a SOME/IP request message the following checks shall be conducted:

- Verify that the Protocol Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00052]) is set to 0x01.
- Verify that the Length (see [PRS SOMEIP 00042]) is larger than 7.
- Use the Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) which is set to REQUEST (0x00) to determine that the received SOME/IP message is actually a SOME/IP request message.
- Use the Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element in the Manifest to determine the right ServiceInterface.
- Verify that the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) matches the methodId attribute of one of the SomeipMethodDeployments of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.
- Verify that the Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) is set to REQUEST (0x00).
- Verify that the Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) matches SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion. majorVersion.
- Verify that the Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) is set to E_OK (0x00).

If any of the above checks fails the received SOME/IP request message shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation). In case of a received RE-QUEST message (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]), additionally, an ERROR message with return code set to either E_WRONG_PROTOCOL_VERSION, E_UNKNOWN_SERVICE, E_WRONG_INTERFACE_VERSION, E_UNKNOWN_METHOD, or E_WRONG_MESSAGE_TYPE (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) shall be sent to the requester, depending on the detected error. \(\frac{(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_000014) \)

[SWS_CM_10335] Identifying the right method [Using the Service ID (see [PRS_-SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element as well as the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the methodId attribute of the SomeipFieldDeployment.sets and SomeipFieldDeployment.gets of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment,



the right method shall be identified.] $(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00217, RS_CM_00218, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00021)$

[SWS_CM_10336] Deserializing the payload [Based on the method determined according to [SWS_CM_10335] the Payload of the SOME/IP request message shall be deserialized according to the SOME/IP serialization rules.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00028) The SOME/IP serialization rules are explained in section 7.4.1.9.

[SWS_CM_10338] Invoke the registered set/get handlers - event driven [In case a MethodCallProcessingMode of either kEvent or kEventSingleThread has been passed to the constructor of the ServiceSkeleton (see [SWS_CM_00130]), the deserialized payload containing the method data (i.e., method ID and input arguments) shall be used to invoke a registered SetHandler resp. GetHandler (see [SWS_CM_00114] and [SWS_CM_00116]) of the Field class as a consequence to the reception of the SOME/IP request message.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00220, RS_CM_00221, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009)

[SWS_CM_10339] Invoke the registered set/get handlers - polling [In case a MethodCallProcessingMode of kPoll has been passed to the constructor of the ServiceSkeleton (see [SWS_CM_00130]), the deserialized payload containing the method data (i.e., method ID and input arguments) shall be used to invoke a registered SetHandler resp. GetHandler (see [SWS_CM_00114] and [SWS_CM_00116]) of the Field class upon a call to the ProcessNextMethodCall method (see [SWS_CM_00199]) of the ServiceSkeleton class.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00220, RS_CM_00221, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009)

[SWS_CM_10340] Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP response message | The sending of a SOME/IP response message shall be requested upon the return of a registered SetHandler resp. GetHandler (see [SWS_CM_00114] and [SWS_CM_00116]).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00220, RS_CM_00221, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009)

[SWS_CM_10341] Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP response message [The SOME/IP response message for the Set method shall be transmitted using the transport protocol defined by the attribute SomeipServiceInter-faceDeployment.fieldDeployment.set.transportProtocol in the Manifest. The SOME/IP response message for the Get method shall be transmitted using the transport protocol defined by the attribute SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.fieldDeployment.get.transportProtocol respectively.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00010)



[SWS_CM_10342] Source of a SOME/IP response message | The source address and the source port of the SOME/IP response message shall be set according to [SWS_CM_10310].] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP 00007, RS_SOMEIP 00009, RS_SOMEIP 00010)

[SWS_CM_10343] Destination of a SOME/IP response message [The destination address and the destination port of the SOME/IP response message shall be set according to [SWS_CM_10311].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009)

[SWS_CM_10344] Content of the SOME/IP response message | The entries in the SOME/IP response message shall be as follows:

- The Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) for the Set method shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the fieldDeployment.set.methodId. The Method ID for the Get method shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the fieldDeployment.get.methodId.
- The Length (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00042]) shall be set to the length of the serialized payload in units of bytes incremented by 8 (second part of the SOME/IP header that is covered by the Length)
- The Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) shall be copied from the corresponding SOME/IP request message (see [SWS_CM_10301]).
- The Session ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00703]) shall be copied from the corresponding SOME/IP request message (see [SWS_CM_10301]).
- The Protocol Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00052]) shall be set to 0x01.
- The Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceVersion.majorVersion.
- The Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) shall be set to RESPONSE (0x80).
- The Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) shall be set to E_OK (0x00).
- The Payload shall contain the serialized payload (i.e., the serialized Field composed by the ServiceInterface in role field) which has either been provided by the value of the Future returned by the registered SetHandler resp. GetHandler or obtained internally) according to the SOME/IP serialization rules.



J(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00217, RS_CM_00218, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00012, RS_SOMEIP_00021, RS_SOMEIP_00025, RS_SOMEIP_00041, RS_SOMEIP_00008) The SOME/IP serialization rules are explained in section 7.4.1.9.

[SWS_CM_10345] Checks for a received SOME/IP response message [Upon reception of a SOME/IP response message the checks defined in [SWS_CM_10313] shall be conducted. If any of the above checks fails the received SOME/IP event message shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00012, RS_SOMEIP_00014, RS_SOMEIP_00014, RS_SOMEIP_00014)

[SWS_CM_10346] Identifying the right method [Using the Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element as well as the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the methodId attribute of the SomeipFieldDeployment.sets and SomeipFieldDeployment.gets of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment, the right method shall be identified.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00217, RS_CM_00218, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_000021)

[SWS_CM_10347] Discarding orphaned responses [Orphaned responses shall be discarded according to [SWS_CM_10315].] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213)

[SWS_CM_10348] Deserializing the payload [Based on the method determined according to [SWS_CM_10346] the Payload of the SOME/IP response message shall be deserialized according to the SOME/IP serialization rules.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00028) The SOME/IP serialization rules are explained in section 7.4.1.9.

[SWS_CM_10444] Failures during deserialization of response messages [In case of failures during deserialization of response messages, the ara::com implementation shall make the Future returned by the Set or Get method of the respective Field class (see [SWS_CM_00112] and [SWS_CM_00113]) ready according to [SWS_CM_10440].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00028)

[SWS_CM_10349] Making the Future ready [In order to make the Future returned by the Set or Get method of the respective Field class (see [SWS_CM_00113] and [SWS_CM_00112]) ready, the set_value operation (see [SWS_CORE_00345] and [SWS_CORE_00346]) of the Promise corresponding to this Future shall be invoked using the deserialized payload as an argument. This will unblock any blocking Get, wait, wait_for, and wait_until calls that have been performed on this Future.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00215, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009)



[SWS_CM_10350] Invoke the notification function [Any registered notification function shall be invoked according to [SWS_CM_10318].] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00215, RS_SOMEIP_00007, RS_SOMEIP_00009)

[SWS_CM_10363]{DRAFT} Failures in sending a SOME/IP event message [If the sending of the SOME/IP event message generated by a field update fails locally (due to a network error which is notified to the ara::com implementation), the ara::com implementation shall return an error indicating "network binding failure" in the Result of the Update() method of the respective Field class (see [SWS_CM_00119]).] $(RS_CM_-00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00005, RS_CM_00004)$

7.4.1.9 Serialization of Payload

[SWS_CM_10034] Serialization of Payload [The serialization of the payload shall be based on the definition of the ServiceInterface of the data.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00005, RS_SOMEIP_00028)

[SWS_CM_10169] Missing parameters To allow migration the deserialization shall ignore parameters attached to the end of previously known parameter list.] *(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00202)*

This means: Parameters that were not defined in the <u>ServiceInterface</u> used to generate or parametrize the deserialization code but exist at the end of the serialized data will be ignored by the deserialization.

[SWS_CM_10259] Seralization Padding [After the serialized data of a variable data length <code>DataPrototype</code> a padding for alignment purposes shall be added for the configured alignment (see [SWS_CM_10260]) if the variable data length <code>DataPrototype</code> is not the last element in the serialized data stream.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00201) This requirement does not apply for the serialization of extensible structs and methods (see chapter 7.4.1.9.3).

[SWS_CM_10260] Setting the alignment for a variable data length data element [If SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps. alignment is set for a variable data length data element, the value of SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.alignment shall define the alignment. This requirement does not apply for the serialization of extensible structs and methods. [RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211] (see chapter 7.4.1.9.3)

[SWS_CM_11262] Missing alignment for a variable data length data element [If SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.alignment is not set for a variable data length data element, the value of TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.alignment shall define the alignment. This requirement does not apply for the serialization of extensible structs and methods.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211) (see chapter 7.4.1.9.3)



[SWS_CM_11263] Precedence of alignment settings for a variable data length data element [If SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.alignment and TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.alignment are both not set for a variable data length data element, no alignment shall be applied.](RS_CM_00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211)

[SWS_CM_10263] Padding for a fixed length data element [After serialized fixed data length data elements, the SOME/IP network binding shall never add automatically a padding for alignment. | (RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00211)

Note:

If the following data element shall be aligned, a padding element of according size needs to be explicitly inserted into the CppImplementationDataType.

[SWS_CM_10037] Alignment calculation \[Alignment shall always be calculated from start of SOME/IP message. \] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

This attribute defines the memory alignment. The SOME/IP network binding does not try to automatically align parameters but aligns as specified. The alignment is currently constraint to multiple of 1 Byte to simplify code generators.

SOME/IP payload should be placed in memory so that the SOME/IP payload is suitable aligned. For infotainment ECUs an alignment of 8 Bytes (i.e. 64 bits) should be achieved, for all ECU at least an alignment of 4 Bytes should be achieved. An efficient alignment is highly hardware dependent.

[SWS_CM_10016] Deserializing of exceeded unexpected data [If more data than expected shall be deserialized, the unexpected data shall be discarded. The known fraction shall be considered. |(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00202)

[SWS_CM_11411] Deserializing incomplete data on the skeleton side [If less data than expected shall be deserialized on the skeleton side the data shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged. In case of a received REQUEST message (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]), additionally, an ERROR message with return code set to E_MALFORMED_MESSAGE (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) shall be sent to the requester. | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00202)

[SWS_CM_11412] Deserializing incomplete data on the proxy side [If less data than expected shall be deserialized on the proxy side and the data to be deserialized does not belong to a Field or Event, the data shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged. In case of a received REQUEST message (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]), additionally, an ERROR message with return code set to E_MALFORMED_MESSAGE (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) shall be sent to the requester. [(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00202)]

[SWS_CM_10017] Deserializing incomplete data on the proxy side belonging to a field and initValue defined [If less data than expected shall be deserialized on the proxy side and the data to be deserialized belong to a Field and the initValue is



defined, the initValue shall be used as a substitute for the missing data. (RS_CM_-00204, RS_CM_00202)

[SWS_CM_11413] Deserializing incomplete data on the proxy side belonging to a field and initValue not defined [If less data than expected shall be deserialized on the proxy side and the data to be deserialized belong to a Field and the init-Value is not defined the data shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged. In case of a received REQUEST message (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]), additionally, an ERROR message with return code set to E_MALFORMED_MESSAGE (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) shall be sent to the requester. | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00202)

[SWS_CM_12004] Deserializing incomplete data on the proxy side belonging to an event and eventReceptionDefaultValue is defined [If less data than expected shall be deserialized on the proxy side and the data to be deserialized belongs to an Event and the eventReceptionDefaultValue is defined, then the eventReceptionDefaultValue shall be used as a substitute for the missing data.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00202)

[SWS_CM_12005] Deserializing incomplete data on the proxy side belonging to an event and eventReceptionDefaultValue is not defined [If less data than expected shall be deserialized on the proxy side and the data to be deserialized belongs to an Event and the eventReceptionDefaultValue is not defined, then the data shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00202)

In the following the serialization of different parameters is specified.

7.4.1.9.1 Basic Data Types

[SWS_CM_10036] Serialization of supported primitive StdCppImplementation—DataTypeS

Туре	Description	Size [bit]	Remark
boolean	TRUE/FALSE value	8	FALSE (0), TRUE (1)
std::uint8_t	unsigned Integer	8	
std::uint16_t	unsigned Integer	16	
std::uint32_t	unsigned Integer	32	
std::uint64_t	unsigned Integer	64	
std::int8_t	signed Integer	8	
std::int16_t	signed Integer	16	
std::int32_t	signed Integer	32	
std::int64_t	signed Integer	64	
float	floating point number	32	IEEE 754 binary32 (Single Precision)
double	floating point number	64	IEEE 754 binary64 (Double Precision)

Table 7.1: Primitive StdCppImplementationDataTypes supported for serialization

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)



Note: Primitive StdCppImplementationDataTypes defined in [14].

The Byte Order is specified common for all parameters by byteOrder of ApSomeip-TransformationProps.

7.4.1.9.2 Enumeration Data Types

[SWS_CM_10361] Serializing Enumeration Data Type [Enumeration Data Type shall be serialized according to [SWS_CM_10036] based on their underlying primitive StdCppImplementationDataType (i.e., the Primitive Cpp Implementation Data Type that is defined as the underlying type of the enumeration as defined in [SWS_LBAP_00027]) $|RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)$

7.4.1.9.3 Structured Data Types (structs)

[SWS_CM_10042] Serializing a struct Data Type [A Structure Cpp Implementation Data Type shall be serialized in order of depth-first traversal.] (RS_CM_-00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211)

The SOME/IP network binding doesn't automatically align parameters of a struct.

Insert reserved/padding elements into the AUTOSAR data type if needed for alignment, since the SOME/IP network binding shall not automatically add such padding.

So if for example a struct includes a std::uint8_t and a std::uint32_t, they are just written sequentially into the buffer. This means that there is no padding between the uint8 and the first byte of the std::uint32_t; therefore, the std::uint32_t might not be aligned. So the system designer has to consider to add padding elements to the data type to achieve the required alignment or set it globally.

Warning about unaligned structs or similar shall not be done in the SOME/IP network binding but only in the tool chain used to generate the SOME/IP network binding.

The SOME/IP network binding does not automatically insert dummy/padding elements.

SOME/IP allows to add a length field of 8, 16 or 32 bit in front of structs. The length field of a struct describes the number of bytes of the struct. This allows for extensible structs which allow better migration of interfaces.

[SWS_CM_00252] Missing size of length field for structs [If attribute Someip-DataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.size-OfStructLengthField is set to a value equal to 0, no length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized struct for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)



[SWS_CM_10252] [If attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps. someipTransformationProps.sizeOfStructLengthField is set to a value greater 0, a length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized struct for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototype-TransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00201)

[SWS_CM_10268] Setting the size length field for structs [If attribute Someip-DataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.byte-Order is set this attribute shall define the byte order for the length field that shall be inserted in front of the serialized struct for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps. someipTransformationProps.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_00253] Default size of length field for structs [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.sizeOfStructLengthField is set to a value equal to 0 and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfStructLengthField is not set, no length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized struct for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_00254] Precedence when setting size of length field for structs [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.sizeOfStructLengthField is set to a value greater 0 and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfStructLengthField is not set, a length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized struct for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10269] Setting the byte order of the length field for structs [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.byteOrder is set and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.byteOrder is not set, the attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.byteOrder shall define the byte order for the length field that shall be inserted in front of the serialized struct for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps. someipTransformationProps.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)



[SWS_CM_00255] Default size of length field for structs [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.sizeOfStructLengthField is not set and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfStructLengthField is not set, no length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized struct.|(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211)

[SWS_CM_10270] Default byte order for the length field of structs [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.byteOrder is not set and attribute SomeipDataPrototype-TransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.byteOrder is not set, a byte order of mostSignificantByteFirst (i.e., big endian) shall be used for the length field that shall be inserted in front of the serialized associative struct. (RS_-CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10253] Default data type for the length field of structs [If Someip-DataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.size-OfStructLengthField defines the data type for the length field of a struct, the data shall be:

- uint8 if sizeOfStructLengthField equals 1
- *uint16* if sizeOfStructLengthField equals 2
- uint32 if sizeOfStructLengthField equals 4

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211)

[SWS_CM_00256] Default data type for the length field of structs [If TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.sizeOfStructLengthField defines the the data type for the length field of a struct, the data shall be:

- uint8 if sizeOfStructLengthField equals 1
- uint16 if sizeOfStructLengthField equals 2
- uint32 if sizeOfStructLengthField equals 4

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211)

[SWS_CM_10218] Scope of length field value for structs [The serializing SOME/IP network binding shall write the size (in bytes) of the serialized struct (without the size of the length field) into the length field of the struct. (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10219] Length greater than expected struct length [If the length is greater than the expected length of a struct (as specified in the data type definition) a deserializing SOME/IP network binding shall only interpret the expected data and skip the unexpected.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)



To determine the start of the next expected data following the skipped unexpected part, the SOME/IP network binding can use the supplied length information.

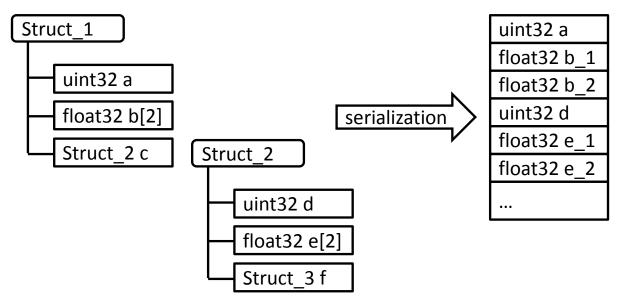


Figure 7.12: Serialization of Structs without Length Fields (Example)

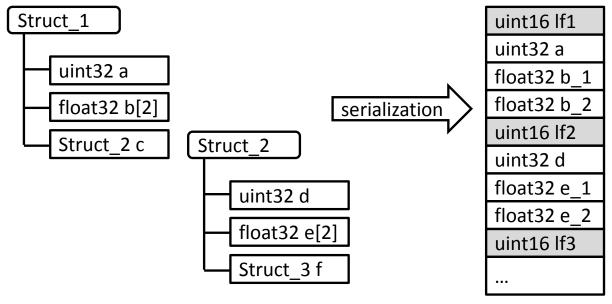


Figure 7.13: Serialization of Structs with Length Fields (Example)

[SWS_CM_01046] Definition of tlvDataIdDefinition [Regarding the definition of tlvDataIdDefinition see [TPS_MANI_01097] and [constr_1594] for details.] (RS CM 00204, RS CM 00205, RS SOMEIP 00050)



7.4.1.9.4 Structured Datatypes and Arguments with Identifier and optional Members

To achieve enhanced forward and backward compatibility, an additional Data ID can be added in front of struct members or method arguments. The receiver then can skip unknown members/arguments, i.e. where the Data ID is unknown. New members/arguments can be added at arbitrary positions when Data IDs are transferred in the serialized byte stream.

Structs are modeled in the Manifest using <code>CppImplementationDataType</code> of category <code>STRUCTURE</code> and members are represented by <code>CppImplementationDataTypeElements</code>. Method arguments are represented by <code>ArgumentDataPrototypes</code>.

The assignment of Data IDs is modeled in the Manifest in the context of TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping. Refer to [5] for more details.

Moreover, the usage of Data IDs allows describing structs with optional members. Whether a member is optional or not, is defined in the Manifest using the attribute CppImplementationDataTypeElement.isOptional.

Whether an optional member is actually present in the struct or not, is to be determined during runtime. This is realized in the Adaptive Platform using the ara::core::

Optional class template (see 8.1.2.6.3 Optional Data Types).

In addition to the Data ID, a wire type encodes the datatype of the following member. Data ID and wire type are encoded in a so-called tag.

For more details, please refer to [4].

[SWS_CM_90443] Wire type for non-dynamic data types [If TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps. isDynamicLengthFieldSize is set to false or is not defined, the serializer shall use wire type 4 for serializing complex types and shall use the fixed size length fields. The size is defined in TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.sizeOfStructLengthField, sizeOfArrayLengthField Or sizeOfStringLengthField.] (RS_CM_00204)

[SWS_CM_90444] Wire type for dynamic data types [If TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.isDynamicLengthFieldSize is set to true, the transformer shall use wire types 5,6,7 for serializing complex types and shall chose the size of the length field according to this wire type. | (RS_CM_00204)

[SWS_CM_90445] A deserializer shall always be able to handle the wire types 4, 5, 6 and 7 [A deserializer shall always be able to handle the wire types 4, 5, 6 and 7 independent of the setting of TransformationPropsToServiceInter-faceElementMapping.transformationProps.isDynamicLengthFieldSize.] (RS_CM_00204)



[SWS_CM_90446] Data ID [If a Data ID is defined for an ArgumentDataPrototype or CppImplementationDataType by means of TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.TlvDataIdDefinition.id, a tag shall be inserted in the serialized byte stream. | (RS_CM_00204)

Note: regarding existence of Data IDs, refer to [5].

Note: regarding existence of length field, refer to [4].

Rationale: The length field is required to skip unknown members/arguments during deserialization.

[SWS_CM_90451] Byte order for the length field of serialized structs [Transfor-mationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps. byteOrder shall define the byte order for the length field. | (RS CM 00204)

[SWS_CM_90452] Default byte order for the length field of structs [If TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.byteOrder is not defined, a byte order of mostSignificantByteFirst shall be used for the length field. | (RS_CM_00204)

Regarding structure members and serialization examples, refer to [4].

7.4.1.9.5 Strings

[SWS_CM_10053] Strings encoding | Strings shall be encoded using Unicode and terminated with a "\0"-character. | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10054] Supported encoding | Different Unicode encoding shall be supported including UTF-8, UTF-16BE, and UTF-16LE. Since these encoding have a dynamic length of bytes per character, the maximum length in bytes is up to three times the length of characters in UTF-8 plus 1 Byte for the termination with a "\0" or two times the length of the characters in UTF-16 plus 2 Bytes for a "\0". UTF-8 character can be up to 6 bytes and an UTF-16 character can be up to 4 bytes. | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211, RS_AP_00136)

[SWS_CM_10285] Responsibility of proper string encoding [The application provides the string always in the UTF-8 encoding. The SOME/IP binding has to reencode the data to the on-the-wire encoding that is configured by ApSomeipTransformationProps.stringEncoding.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, R

[SWS_CM_10055] UTF-16LE and UTF-16BE terminating bytes [UTF-16LE and UTF-16BE strings shall be zero terminated with a "\0" character. This means they shall end with (at least) two 0x00 Bytes.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)



[SWS_CM_10056] UTF-16LE and UTF-16BE strings length [UTF-16LE and UTF-16BE strings shall have an even length.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00201)

[SWS_CM_10057] Odd UTF-16LE and UTF-16BE string length [For UTF-16LE and UTF-16BE strings having an odd length the last byte shall be silently removed by the receiving SOME/IP network binding.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10248] Odd UTF-16LE and UTF-16BE string length [In case of UTF-16LE and UTF-16BE strings having an odd length, after removal of the last byte, the two bytes before shall be 0x00 bytes (termination) for a string to be valid.] (RS_CM_-00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10058] String start byte(BOM) [All strings shall always start with a Byte Order Mark (BOM).] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

For the specification of BOM, see [15] and [16]. Please note that the BOM is used in the serialized strings to achieve compatibility with Unicode.

[SWS_CM_10459]{OBSOLETE} Legacy string serialization [The legacy string serialization shall be triggered if a Unicode is detected and attribute Ap-SomeipTransformationProps.implementsLegacyStringSerialization is true.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10059] BOM checking by SOME/IP network binding implementation | The receiving SOME/IP network binding implementation shall check the BOM and handle a missing BOM or a malformed BOM as an error by discarding the complete payload and logging the incident (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation). | (RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211)

[SWS_CM_10060] BOM addition [The BOM shall be added by the SOME/IP sending network binding implementation.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10061] Supported encoding of CppImplementationDataType with category equal to STRING [If a CppImplementationDataType with category equal to STRING is used in the context of a ServiceInterface then the encoding of this String DataType is UTF-8.]()

This means that the <code>CppImplementationDataType</code> can only be mapped to an <code>ApplicationDataType</code> of category STRING where attribute <code>swDataDefProps.swTextProps.baseType.baseTypeEncoding</code> is set to the value UTF-8 as defined by [constr_5035]. If a <code>CppImplementationDataType</code> without an <code>ApplicationDataType</code> is used there is no formal description about the UTF-8 encoding in the <code>ServiceInterface</code> description.

According to SOME/IP serialized strings start with a length field of 8, 16 or 32 bit which preceeds the actual string data. The value of this length field holds the length of the string including the BOM and any string termination in units of bytes.



[SWS_CM_10271] Default size of length field for strings [If attribute Someip-DataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.size-OfStringLengthField is set to a value greater 0, a length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized string for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.|(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10272] Byte order of length field for strings [If attribute Someip-DataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.byte-Order is set this attribute shall define the byte order for the length field that shall be inserted in front of the serialized string for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps. someipTransformationProps.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10273] Size of length field for strings [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps. sizeOfStringLengthField is set to a value greater 0 and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfStringLengthField is not set, a length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized struct for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10274] Setting byte order for the length field of strings [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.byteOrder is set and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.byteOrder is not set, the attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.byteOrder shall define the byte order for the length field that shall be inserted in front of the serialized string for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps. someipTransformationProps.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10275] Default size of length field for strings [If attribute Transfor-mationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps. sizeOfStringLengthField is not set or set a value of 0 and attribute Someip-DataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.size-OfStringLengthField is not set or set to a value of 0, a length field of 4 bytes with the data type uint32 shall be inserted in front of the serialized string.] (RS_CM_00204, RS CM_00201, RS CM_00202, RS CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10276] Default byte order for the length field of strings [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.byteOrder is not set and attribute SomeipDataPrototype-TransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.byteOrder is not set, a byte order of mostSignificantByteFirst (i.e., big endian) shall be used for the



length field that shall be inserted in front of the serialized string. $](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)$

[SWS_CM_10277] Data type of the length field for strings [If SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOf-StringLengthField defines the data type for the length field of a string, the data shall be:

- uint8 if sizeOfStringLengthField equals 1
- uint16 if sizeOfStringLengthField equals 2
- *uint32* if sizeOfStringLengthField equals 4

(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10278] Data type of the length field for strings [If TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps. sizeOfStringLengthField defines the the data type for the length field of a string, the data shall be:

- uint8 if sizeOfStringLengthField equals 1
- uint16 if sizeOfStringLengthField equals 2
- uint32 if sizeOfStringLengthField equals 4

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211)

[SWS_CM_10245] Serialization of strings [Serialization of strings shall consist of the following steps:

- 1. Add the Length Field The value of the length field shall be filled with the number of bytes needed for the string (i.e., the result of ara::core::String::length ()), including the BOM and any string termination that needs to be added.
- 2. Appending BOM right after the length field according to the configured Ap—SomeipTransformationProps.byteOrder, if BOM is not already available in the first 3 (UTF-8) bytes of the to be serialized array containing the string. If the BOM is already present, simply copy the BOM into the output buffer.
- 3. Perform the re-encoding from UTF-8 to UTF-16 if the on-the-wire encoding is configured as UTF-16 by ApSomeipTransformationProps.stringEncoding. The re-encoding from UTF-8 to UTF-16BE shall be done if the configured ApSomeipTransformationProps.byteOrder is set to mostSignificant-ByteFirst. The re-encoding rom UTF-8 to to UTF-16LE shall be done if the configured ApSomeipTransformationProps.byteOrder is set to mostSignificantByteLast.
- 4. Copying the string data into the output buffer.
- 5. Termination of the string with 0×00 (UTF-8) or 0×0000 (UTF-16) if not terminated yet by appending 0×00 (UTF-8) or 0×0000 (UTF-16).



(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211, RS AP 00136)

[SWS_CM_10247]{DRAFT} **Description of strings** | Description of strings | Shall consist of the following steps:

- 1. Check whether the string starts with a BOM. If not, the complete payload shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation). In case of a received REQUEST message (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]), additionally, an ERROR message with return code set to E_MALFORMED_MESSAGE (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) shall be sent to the requester.
- 2. Check whether BOM has the same value as ApSomeipTransformation—Props.byteOrder. If not, the complete payload shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged. In case of a received REQUEST message (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]), additionally, an ERROR message with return code set to E_MALFORMED_MESSAGE (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) shall be sent to the requester.
- 3. Remove the BOM
- 4. Silently discard the last byte of the string in case of an UTF-16 string with odd length (in bytes)
- 5. Check whether the string terminates with 0x00 (UTF-8) or 0x0000 (UTF-16). If not, the complete payload shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged. In case of a received REQUEST message (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]), additionally, an ERROR message with return code set to E_MALFORMED_MESSAGE (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) shall be sent to the requester.
- 6. Perform the re-encoding from UTF-16 to UTF-8 if the on-the-wire encoding is configured as UTF-16 by ApSomeipTransformationProps.stringEncoding. The re-encoding from UTF-16BE to UTF-8 shall be done if the configured ApSomeipTransformationProps.byteOrder is set to mostSignificant-ByteFirst. The re-encoding from UTF-16LE to UTF-8 shall be done if the configured ApSomeipTransformationProps.byteOrder is set to mostSignificantByteLast.
- 7. Copy the string data (i.e., everything but the BOM and any string termination added during serialization).

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211, RS AP 00136)

7.4.1.9.6 Vectors and arrays

SOME/IP supports arrays with static and dynamic length but there is no definition of vectors on this abstraction level. Therefore, vectors are mapped to arrays with dynamic length. The SOME/IP specification requires to add a length field of 8, 16 or 32 bit in front of data structures with dynamic length. The length field of arrays describes the



total number of bytes. Note that this section uses only the term array which can also be used to realize vectors.

[SWS_CM_00270] Maximum number of vector elements [If a CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR aggregates a templateArgument that defines the Allocator with the allocator reference (see [TPS_MANI_03186]), the maximum number of vector elements (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00919]) shall be defined by the CppImplementationDataType.arraySize. If a CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR does not aggregate a templateArgument that defines the Allocator with the allocator reference (see [TPS_MANI_03186]), the maximum number of vector elements is unbounded. | (RS_SOMEIP_00037)

[SWS_CM_00257] Missing size of array length field [If attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField is set to a value equal to 0, no length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized array for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps. — Note that omitting the length field by setting someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField to 0 is only allowed for arrays with static length (i.e., fixed length arrays) though (see also [constr_3447]).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10256] Size of the length field for arrays [If attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField is set to a value greater 0, a length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized array for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.|(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211)

[SWS_CM_10279] Setting byte order for the length field of strings [If attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.byteOrder is set this attribute shall define the byte order for the length field that shall be inserted in front of the serialized array for which the Ap-SomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_00258] Default size of the length field for arrays [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField is set to a value equal to 0 and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField is not set, no length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized array for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps. — Note that omitting the length field by setting someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField to 0 is only allowed for arrays with static length (i.e., fixed length arrays) though (see also [constr_3447]).] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)



[SWS_CM_00259] Setting size of the length field for arrays [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField is set to a value greater 0 and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField is not set, a length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized array for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10280] Setting the byte order for size of length field for arrays [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.byteOrder is set and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.byteOrder is not set, the attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.byteOrder shall define the byte order for the length field that shall be inserted in front of the serialized array for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps. someipTransformationProps.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10258] Default size of the length field for arrays [If attribute Transfor-mationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField is not set and attribute SomeipDataPrototype-TransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField is not set, a length field of 4 bytes with the data type uint32 shall be inserted in front of the serialized array.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10281] Byte order of length field for arrays [If attribute Transfor-mationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps. byteOrder is not set and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformation-Props.someipTransformationProps.byteOrder is not set, a byte order of mostSignificantByteFirst (i.e., big endian) shall be used for the length field that shall be inserted in front of the serialized array. [RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00201]

[SWS_CM_10257] Datatype for the length field of arrays [If SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField defines the data type for the length field of a array, the data shall be:

- uint8 if sizeOfArrayLengthField equals 1
- uint16 if sizeOfArrayLengthField equals 2
- uint32 if sizeOfArrayLengthField equals 4

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211)



[SWS_CM_00260] Datatype for the length field of arrays [If TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps. sizeOfArrayLengthField defines the the data type for the length field of a array, the data shall be:

- uint8 if sizeOfArrayLengthField equals 1
- uint16 if sizeOfArrayLengthField equals 2
- uint32 if sizeOfArrayLengthField equals 4

(RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10076] Serializing arrays [A array shall be serialized as the concatenation of the following elements:

- the length indicator which holds the length (in bytes) of the following array
- the array which contains the serialized elements of the array

where the size of the length field shall be determined as specified by ApSomeip-TransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField which applies to the array] (RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211)

[SWS_CM_10234] Vector representation [A vector is represented in adaptive platform by a CppImplementationDataType with the category VECTOR. The payload is defined by a templateArgument that points with the templateType reference to the data type of elements that are contained in the vector. Note that vectors are realized with dynamic sized arrays on SOME/IP level.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10235] Array representation [An array is represented in adaptive platform by an CppImplementationDataType with the category ARRAY. The payload is defined by a templateArgument that points with the templateType reference to the data type of elements that are contained in the array. Note that CppImplementationDataType with the category ARRAY are realized with fixed length arrays on SOME/IP level. | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

In case of nested arrays, the same scheme applies.

[SWS_CM_10222] Setting the size of the length field for arrays [The serializing SOME/IP network binding shall write the size (in bytes) of the serialized array (without the size of the length field) into the length field.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00201)

The layout of arrays with dynamic length is shown in 7.14 and Figure 7.15 where L_1 and L_2 denote the length in bytes. The serialization of one- and multi-dimensional dynamic length arrays is described in the next two subchapters.



One-dimensional

A one-dimensional array carries a number of elements of the same type.

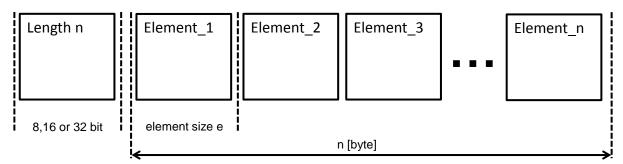


Figure 7.14: One-dimensional arrays (Example)

[SWS_CM_10070] Serializing one-dimentional array [A one-dimensional array shall be serialized by concatenating the arrays elements in order.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

Multi-dimensional

[SWS_CM_10072] Serializing multi-dimentional array [The serialization of multi-dimensional arrays shall happen in depth-first order.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

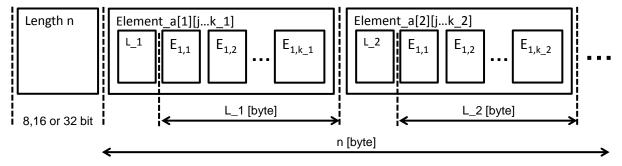


Figure 7.15: Multi-dimensional arrays (Example)

In case of multi-dimensional dynamic length arrays, each array (serialized as SOME/IP array) needs to have its own length field. See \mathbb{L}_1 and \mathbb{L}_2 in Figure 7.15.

7.4.1.9.7 Associative Maps

Associative map is modeled as StdCppImplementationDataType with category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP in the Manifest. As stated in the AUTOSAR Manifest Specification [5] the "natural" language binding in C++ for an associative map is ara::core:: Map<key_type, value_type> where key_type is the data type used for the key of a map element and value_type is the data type for the value of a map element.



Hereby key_type and value_type are derived from defined CppTemplateArguments aggregated by the Associative Map Cpp Implementation Data Type. Please see [SWS_LBAP_00023] for more details.

[SWS_CM_10261] Serialization of an associative map [As far as serialization is concerned the serialized representation of an associative map shall consist of the following parts without any intermediate padding:

- **Length field:** A length field describing the size of the associative map excluding the length field itself in units of bytes.
- **Elements:** The individual map elements themselves

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211)

[SWS_CM_10262] Insertion of an associative map length field [If attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField is set to a value greater 0, a length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized associative map for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps. someipTransformationProps. — Note that omitting the length field by setting someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField to 0 is only allowed for arrays with static length (i.e., fixed length arrays) though (see also [constr_3447]).] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10282] Setting the byte order for size of the length field for associative maps [If attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps. someipTransformationProps.byteOrder is set this attribute shall define the byte order for the length field that shall be inserted in front of the serialized associative map for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.|(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_00264] Setting the size of the length field for associative maps [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMap-ping.transformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField is set to a value greater 0 and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField is not set, a length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized associative map for which the ApSomeipTransformationProps is defined via SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps. someipTransformationProps. — Note that omitting the length field by setting someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField to 0 is only allowed for arrays with static length (i.e., fixed length arrays) though (see also [constr_3447]).] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10283] Setting the byte order for size of the length field for associative maps [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.byteOrder is set and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.byteOrder is not



set, the attribute <code>TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.byteOrder</code> shall define the byte order for the length field that shall be inserted in front of the serialized associative map for which the <code>Ap-SomeipTransformationProps</code> is defined via <code>SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.</code> <code>[RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)</code></code>

[SWS_CM_10267] Insertion of an associative map length field [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField is not set and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField is not set, a length field of 4 bytes with the data type uint32 shall be inserted in front of the serialized associative map.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10284] Default byte order for size of the length field for associative maps [If attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.byteOrder is not set and attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.byteOrder is not set, a byte order of mostSignificantByteFirst (i.e., big endian) shall be used for the length field that shall be inserted in front of the serialized associative map.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10264] Size of the associative map length field [If SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField defines the data type for the length field of an associative map, the data shall be:

- *uint8* if sizeOfArrayLengthField equals 1
- *uint16* if sizeOfArrayLengthField equals 2
- uint32 if sizeOfArrayLengthField equals 4

(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_00265] Datatype for the length field of associative maps $\lceil If \ Transformation Props To Service Interface Element Mapping.transformation Props.sizeOf Array Length Field defines the the data type for the length field of an associative map, the data shall be:$

- uint8 if sizeOfArrayLengthField equals 1
- uint16 if sizeOfArrayLengthField equals 2
- uint32 if sizeOfArrayLengthField equals 4

](RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10265] Serialization of associative map elements The individual elements of the associative map shall be serialized as a sequence of key-value pairs without any *additional* intermediate padding. Hereby the key attribute of an element shall



be serialized first followed by the value attribute of this element. $](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)$

Table 7.2 illustrates the serialized form of an example map consisting of 3 elements where each element consists of a key-value pair of type uint16 each. The sizeO-fArrayLengthField is set to 4 bytes.

length field = 4 Bytes		
key0	value0	
key1	value1	
key2	value2	

Table 7.2: Example of a serialized associative map

[SWS_CM_10266] Applicability of mandatory padding after variable length data elements [Any mandatory padding (see [TPS_MANI_03107] and [TPS_MANI_03073]) after variable length data elements (see [[TPS_MANI_03103], [TPS_MANI_03104], [TPS_MANI_03117] and [TPS_MANI_03105]) shall be applied after the serialized key attribute as well as after the value attribute in case the respective attributes is typed by a variable length data type. This requirement does not apply for the serialization of extensible structs and methods. [RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211] (see chapter 7.4.1.9.3)

Note: Adhering to [SWS_CM_10266] is essential to ensure interoperability with the AUTOSAR classic platform where maps may be modelled as ApplicationArray-DataType with a dynamicArraySizeProfile of VSA_LINEAR where each array element is an ApplicationRecordDataType of variable length and thus [TPS_SYST_02126] applies to the individual ApplicationRecordElements.

7.4.1.9.8 Variants

A Variant (type-safe union) can contain different types of elements. For example, if one defines a Variant of type uint8 and type uint16, the Variant shall carry an element of uint8 or uint16. When using different types of elements the alignment of subsequent parameters may be distorted. To resolve this, padding might be needed.

[SWS_CM_10088] Default Serialization layout of Variants specified by the union data type in SOME/IP \crus_{-}

Length field (optional)		
Type field		
Element including padding [sizeof(padding) = length - sizeof(element)]		

Table 7.3: Default serialization layout of unions (Variants)

(RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211)

SOME/IP allows to add a length field of 8, 16 or 32 bit in front of unions (Variants). The length field of a union (Variant) describes the number of bytes in the union (Variant).



This allows the deserializing network binding to quickly calculate the position where the data after the union (Variant) begin in the serialized data stream. This gets necessary if the union (Variant) contains data which are larger than expected, for example if a struct was extended with appended new members and only the first "old" members are deserialized by the SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS_CM_10254] Variant length field [If attribute sizeOfUnionLengthField of ApSomeipTransformationProps is set to a value greater 0, a length field shall be inserted in front of the serialized Variant for which the ApSomeipTransformation-Props is defined. | (RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10255] Variant length field data type [If ApSomeipTransformation-Props.sizeOfUnionLengthField is present for a Variant specified the data type of the length field for the Variant shall be determined by the value of ApSomeipTransformationProps.sizeOfUnionLengthField:

- uint8 if sizeOfUnionLengthField equals 1
- uint16 if sizeOfUnionLengthField equals 2
- uint32 if sizeOfUnionLengthField equals 4

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, RS CM 00202, RS CM 00211)

[SWS_CM_10226] Serialized Variant size [The serializing SOME/IP network binding shall write the size (in bytes) of the serialized Variant (including padding bytes but without the size of the length field and type field) into the length field of the Variant. This requirement does not apply for the serialization of extensible structs and methods.] (RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211) (see chapter 7.4.1.9.3)

[SWS_CM_10227] Length greater than expected Variant length [If the length is greater than the expected length of a Variant a deserializing SOME/IP network binding shall only interpret the expected data and skip the unexpected.] (RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00201)

To determine the start of the next expected data following the skipped unexpected part, the SOME/IP network binding can use the supplied length information.

The type field describes the type of the element. The length of the type field can be 32, 16, 8 or 0 bits.

[SWS_CM_10250] Data type for the length field of variants [The data type of the type field of a Variant shall be determined using the ara::core::Variant::index () member function. The Variant template class is specified in [17].](RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10251] Value of the variant type field [The value of the type field shall be set to the value which is returned by the ara::core::Variant::index() member function and incremented by 1.

Note: The ara::core::Variant::index() member function returns a zero-based index of the element hold in the Variant. A negative index represents a valueless Variant. $](RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)$



[SWS_CM_10098] Possible values of the variant type field [Possible values of the type field are defined by the elements of the Variant. The types are encoded in ascending order starting with 1 reusing the index encoding format of the Variant incremented by 1. The encoded value 0 is reserved for the NULL type - i.e. a valueless (empty) Variant. | (RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10099] Serialization of variant types | The element is serialized depending on the type in the type field. This also defines the length of the data. All bytes behind the data that are covered by the length, are padding. The deserializer shall skip the padding bytes by calculating the required number according to the formula given in [SWS_CM_10088]. | (RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

[SWS_CM_10230]{DRAFT} Data type for size of union field [If ApSomeipTransformationProps.sizeOfUnionTypeSelectorField is present for a specified Variant, the data type of the type selector field for the Variant shall be determined by the value of ApSomeipTransformationProps.sizeOfUnionTypeSelectorField:

- uint8 if sizeOfUnionTypeSelectorField equals 1
- uint16 if sizeOfUnionTypeSelectorField equals 2
- uint32 if sizeOfUnionTypeSelectorField equals 4

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211)

7.4.1.9.8.1 Example: Variant of uint8/uint16 both padded to 32 bit

In this example a length of the length field is specified as 32 bits. The Variant shall support a uint8 and a uint16 as elements. Both are padded to the 32 bit boundary (length=4 Bytes).

A uint8 will be serialized like this:

Length = 4 Bytes			
Type = 1			
uint8	Padding 0x00	Padding 0x00	Padding 0x00

A uint16 will be serialized like this:

Length = 4 Bytes					
Type = 2					
uint16	Padding 0x00	Padding 0x00			

7.4.1.9.9 Segmentation of SOME/IP messages

[SWS_CM_10454] Event message segmentation [If the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.maximumSegmentLength is set to a value, and the data length is larger



than maximumSegmentLength, the SOME/IP event message shall be transmitted/received using segmentation as described in [PRS_SOMEIP_00720] and following. $|(RS_SOMEIP_00051)|$

[SWS_CM_99036] Event message separation time [If attribute SomeipEventDeployment. separationTime is set, and segmentation is activated for the corresponding SOME/IP event message according to [SWS_CM_10454], the segments shall be separated in time by this value. | (RS_SOMEIP_00051)

[SWS_CM_10455] Method request message segmentation [If the attribute SomeipMethodDeployment.maximumSegmentLengthRequest is set to a value, and the data length is larger than maximumSegmentLengthRequest, the SOME/IP request message shall be transmitted/received using segmentation as described in [PRS_SOMEIP_00720] and following.|(RS_SOMEIP_00051)

[SWS_CM_99037] Method request message separation time [If attribute Someip-MethodDeployment. separationTimeRequest is set, and segmentation is activated for the corresponding SOME/IP method request message according to [SWS_CM_10455], the segments shall be separated in time by this value.] (RS_-SOMEIP 00051)

[SWS_CM_99038] Method response message segmentation [If the attribute SomeipMethodDeployment.maximumSegmentLengthResponse is set to a value, and the data length is larger than maximumSegmentLengthResponse, the SOME/- IP response message shall be transmitted/received using segmentation as described in [PRS_SOMEIP_00720] and following.] (RS_SOMEIP_00051)

[SWS_CM_99039] Method response message separation time [If attribute SomeipMethodDeployment. separationTimeResponse is set, and segmentation is activated for the corresponding SOME/IP method response message according to [SWS_CM_99038], the segments shall be separated in time by this value.] (RS_-SOMEIP 00051)

[SWS_CM_10456] Message segmentation for the get and set methods of fields [For the get and set methods aggregated by a SomeipFieldDeployment [SWS_CM_10455] shall apply. For the notifier aggregated by a SomeipFieldDeployment [SWS_CM_10454] shall apply. | (RS_SOMEIP_00051)

[SWS_CM_10457] Small messages segmentation [For messages that would fit into one segment no segmentation (i.e. no TP-Header) shall be applied.](RS_SOMEIP_-00051)

[SWS_CM_10445]{DRAFT} SomelpBurstTransmission [If parameter SomeipEventDeployment.burstSize, SomeipMethodDeployment.burst-SizeRequest Or SomeipMethodDeployment.burstSizeResponse is set to a value > 1 and the corresponding message is segmented no separationTime shall be applied for this number of segments. If not configured, SeparationTime will be applied between all frames. | (RS_SOMEIP_00051)



Note: If burstSize is set on receiver side it can be used to optimize buffer handling for reception of bursts.

7.4.1.10 Marker Interface

On the AUTOSAR adaptive platform there are use-cases for the utilization of a ServiceInterface that does not have any method, event, or field defined. In other words, the existence of a ServiceInterface by itself represents a valid semantics that has a value on its own.

A service instance that corresponds to such a ServiceInterface may be offered with the mere intention to signal that the ECU that provides the service instance is becoming ready for something. So the SOME/IP Service Discovery mechanism is used to indicate the readiness. But for the communication not SOME/IP but a different protocol will be used.

For example an ECU may indicate with a service offer that it is ready to being diagnosed. A tester could then take the existence of the offer as an indication to initiate a connection to the respective ECU.

[SWS_CM_10458] Handling of an ServiceInterface that does not contain any events, methods, or fields [If a SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment is defined for a ServiceInterface that does not contain any events, methods, or fields and a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance is defined in the ServiceInstanceManifest that points to the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterface then:

- the ServiceInterface shall be offered over SOME/IP as defined by [SWS_CM_00203] which means that the Endpoint Option shall include the IP-Address, Port Number and Protocol as defined by the Provided-SomeipServiceInstance
- the Server shall not create a UDP/TCP socket and shall not bind any socket to the configured server address

|(RS_CM_00101)

7.4.2 Signal-Based Network binding

The applications on the adaptive platform communicate with each other in a service-oriented manner. When exchanging information with software components executed on an AUTOSAR classic platform which make use of signal-based communication, a conversion between this signal-based communication and the service-oriented communication needs to take place. Hereby the signals of a received signal-based communication is being made available as elements of a provided ServiceInterface. The signals of a sent signal-based communication are being made available as elements of



a required ServiceInterface. The conversion between signal-based communication and service-oriented communication may be performed by a software component on an AUTOSAR classic platform gateway ECU or by an adaptive application on an AUTOSAR adaptive platform Machine.

There are two approaches how the signal-based information is made available at the adaptive AUTOSAR Machine:

- Network binding (see section 7.4.2.1)
- Network binding (see section 7.4.2.2)

7.4.2.1 Signal-Based SOME/IP Network binding

The Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding is currently a specialization of the SOME/IP network binding and many aspects of the SOME/IP network binding are re-used. Instead of replicating many specification items from the SOME/IP network binding the approach of this Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding chapter is to replicate the chapter structure. Specification items which are applicable to the Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding are just referenced, specification items which are NOT applicable to the Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding are explicitly excluded (via reference), and changed specification items are marked and the origin is referenced.

One major difference between the SOME/IP network binding and the Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding is the serialization technology. While the SOME/IP network binding only supports SOME/IP serialized payload the Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding supports the signal-based serialization of Classic platform COM-Stack as well as the SOME/IP serialization of payload (in order to support mixed use-cases).

[SWS_CM_11269]{DRAFT} Definition of serialization technology [The serialization technology is defined by the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer. If the attribute is set to signalBased then the signal-service-translation is responsible for the handling of the serialization. If the attribute is set to someip then the SOME/IP serializer is responsible for the handling of the serialization. | (RS CM 00204)

See also chapter 7.4.2.1.8 and chapter 7.4.1.9.

In figure 7.16 an example of a mixed serialized service is illustrated. The event x is defined to use someip serializer while event y is defined to use signalBased serializer. Both are part of one service and share the service discovery and general event handling.



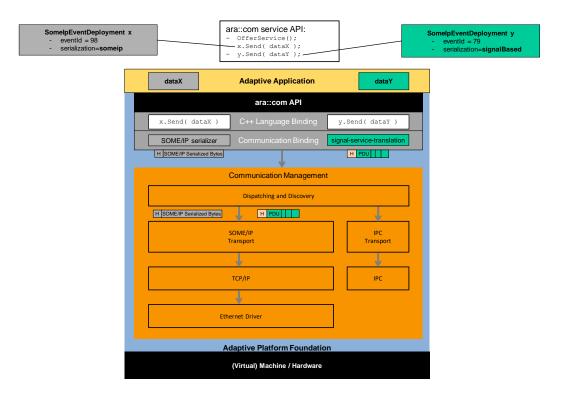


Figure 7.16: Example serialization settings

The modeling of the signal-based communication and the mapping between the individual elements of a ServiceInterface to the corresponding ISignalTriggerings is defined in the chapter "Signal-based communication" in [5].

[SWS_CM_10174]{DRAFT} Mix of signal-based and SOME/IP communication [A combination of signal-based network binding and SOME/IP network binding shall be possible in a way to support the reception of a mix of signal-based communication and SOME/IP communication within a single UDP datagram or a single TCP stream on one UDP/TCP socket. Such a mix can occur when using [18] with enabled PDU-header option on the sender side. | (RS CM 00204)

This allows to define the transport of messages from several services on the same socket, regardless of the serialization setting. Thus messages using the pure SOME/IP network binding can be transported together with messages using the signal-based network binding on the same socket.

Also one service - which consists of events with different serialization technologies (i.e. someip and signalBased) - shall be able to be transported on the same socket (this is covered by the signal-based network binding).

Based on [SWS_CM_10000]:

[SWS_CM_80001]{DRAFT} Signal-based network binding shall implement SOME/IP and SOME/IP-SD | The signal-based network binding shall implement the SOME/IP Service Discovery Protocol defined in [6] and the SOME/IP Protocol defined



in [4] (except for the serialization of signal-based payload). [RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_-00205, RS_CM_00004)

Length and Type fields shall always be in network byte order ([PRS_SOMEIP_00368] applies).

Based on [SWS_CM_10172]:

[SWS_CM_80003]{DRAFT} Byte order for signal-based network binding with SOME/IP serialization [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to someip then

the byte order of the parameters inside the payload shall be defined by byteOrder of ApSomeipTransformationProps.](RS_CM_00204, RS_SOMEIP_00026, RS_-CM_00004)

[SWS_CM_80004]{DRAFT} Byte order for signal-based network binding with signal-based serialization [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to signalBased then

the byte order of the parameters inside the payload shall be defined by the respective packingByteOrder of ISignalToIPduMapping and

by the packing Byte Order of Pdu To Frame Mapping.] (RS_CM_00004)

[SWS_CM_10240] applies.

7.4.2.1.1 Service Discovery

The section 7.4.1.2 is fully applicable to the signal-based network binding.

7.4.2.1.2 Accumulation of messages

Based on [SWS CM 10387]:

[SWS_CM_80017]{DRAFT} Data accumulation for UDP data transmission [To allow for the transmission of multiple messages (SOME/IP event, SOME/IP method request, SOME/IP method response, signal-based event, and signal-based field notifier) within a single UDP datagram, data accumulation for UDP data transmission shall be supported. | (RS CM 00204, RS CM 00004)

[SWS CM 10388] applies.

Based on [SWS CM 10389]:

[SWS_CM_80019]{DRAFT} Configuration of a data accumulation on a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance for transmission over UDP [For a Provided-SomeipServiceInstance all method responses and events for which the udp-CollectionTrigger is set to never shall be aggregated in a buffer until a trigger arrives that starts the data transmission.



The following trigger options shall be supported:

- a message needs to be transmitted for which the udpCollectionTrigger is set to always.
- the udpCollectionBufferTimeout is reached for one of the message already aggregated in the buffer.
- the buffer size defined by the attribute udpCollectionBufferSizeThreshold is reached.
- adding the method response or event to the buffer would lead to a message larger than the maximum possible size (e.g. MTU size). In this case the actual buffer shall be triggered before handling the new event or method response.

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00004)

Based on [SWS CM 10390]:

[SWS_CM_80020]{DRAFT} Configuration of a data accumulation on a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance for transmission over UDP [For a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance all method requests for which the udpCollectionTrigger is set to never shall be aggregated in a buffer until a trigger arrives that starts the data transmission.

The following trigger options shall be supported:

- a message needs to be transmitted for which the udpCollectionTrigger is set to always.
- the udpCollectionBufferTimeout is reached for one of the message already aggregated in the buffer.
- the buffer size defined by the attribute udpCollectionBufferSizeThreshold is reached.
- adding the method request or event to the buffer would lead to a message larger than the maximum possible size (e.g. MTU size). In this case the actual buffer shall be triggered before handling the new event or method response.

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00004)

In the following sections the term "sending of a message shall be requested" will be used to describe the fact that the sending of the message is requested but may be deferred due to data accumulation for UDP data transmission according to [SWS_CM_10388], [SWS_CM_80019], and [SWS_CM_80020].

7.4.2.1.3 Execution context of message reception actions

The section 7.4.1.4 is fully applicable to the signal-based network binding.



7.4.2.1.4 Handling Events

Based on [SWS CM 10287]:

[SWS_CM_80021]{DRAFT} Conditions for sending of an event message [The sending of an event message shall be requested by invoking the <code>Send</code> method of the respective <code>Event</code> class (see [SWS_CM_00162] and [SWS_CM_90437]) if there is at least one active subscriber and the offer of the service containing the event has not been stopped (either because the TTL contained in the SOME/IP OfferService message (see [SWS_CM_00203]) has expired or because the <code>StopOfferService</code> method (see [SWS_CM_00111]) of the <code>ServiceSkeleton</code> class has been called).] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00005, RS_SOMEIP_00017, RS_CM_00004)

Based on [SWS_CM_10288]:

[SWS_CM_80022]{DRAFT} Transport protocol for sending of an event message | The event message shall be transmitted using UDP if the threshold defined by the multicastThreshold attribute of the SomeipProvidedEventGroup that is aggregated by the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance in the role eventGroup in the Manifest has been reached (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00134]).

The event message shall be transmitted using the transport protocol defined by the attribute <code>SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.eventDeployment.trans-portProtocol</code> in the Manifest if this threshold has not been reached (see [PRS_-SOMEIPSD_00802]).] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_-SOMEIP_00010, RS_CM_00004)

Based on [SWS CM 10289]:

[SWS_CM_80023]{DRAFT} Source of an event message | The event message shall use the unicast IP address and port taken from the IPv4/v6 Endpoint Option (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00307] and [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00315]) of the SOME/IP OfferService message ([SWS_CM_00203]) as source address and source port for the transmission.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_000042, RS_CM_000004)

Based on [SWS CM 10290]:

[SWS_CM_80024]{DRAFT} Destination of an event message | The event message shall use the multicast IP address and the port taken from the IPv4/v6 Multicast Option (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00326] and [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00333]) of the SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupAck message (see [SWS_CM_00206]) as destination address and destination port for the transmission if the threshold defined by the multicas-tThreshold attribute of the SomeipProvidedEventGroup that is aggregated by the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance in the role eventGroup in the Manifest has been reached (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00134]). The event message shall use the unicast IP address and the port taken from the IPv4/v6 Endpoint Option (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00307] and [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00315]) of the SOME/IP SubscribeEvent-group message ([SWS_CM_00205]) as destination address and destination port for



the transmission if this threshold has not been reached (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_-00134]). In case multiple Endpoint Options have been contained in the SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message, the one matching the selected transport protocol (see [SWS_CM_80023]) shall be used. \((RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_-00004, RS_SOMEIP_00042, RS_CM_00004) \)

Based on the serviceInterfaceId and eventId the respective event is determined. If the serializer is defined as someip serializer the SOME/IP event handling applies.

Based on [SWS_CM_10291]:

[SWS_CM_80025]{DRAFT} Content of the SOME/IP serialized event message [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to someip then the entries in the SOME/IP serialized event message shall be as follows:

- The Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the eventDeployment.eventId by adding 0x8000 to the eventDeployment. eventId.
- The Length (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00042]) shall be set to the length of the serialized payload in units of bytes incremented by 8 (second part of the SOME/IP header that is covered by the Length)
- The Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) is unused for event messages (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) and thus shall be set to 0x0000.
- In case of inactive Session Handling, see [SWS_CM_10240], the Session ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00703]) is unused for event messages and thus shall be set to 0x0000 (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00932]) and [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]).
 - In case of active Session Handling, see [SWS_CM_10240], the Session ID is used for event messages and thus shall be incremented (with proper wrap around) upon every transmission of an event message (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00933], [PRS_SOMEIP_00934], [PRS_SOMEIP_00521], and [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]).
- The Protocol Version (see [PRS SOMEIP 00052]) shall be set to 0x01.
- The Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceVersion.majorVersion.
- The Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) shall be set to NOTIFICATION (0x02).



- The Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) is unused for event messages and thus (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]) shall be set to E_OK (0x00).
- The Payload shall contain the serialized payload (i.e., the serialized Variable—DataPrototype composed by the ServiceInterface in role event) according to the SOME/IP serialization rules.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00041, RS_-SOMEIP 00022, RS_SOMEIP 00003, RS_SOMEIP 00004, RS_CM_00004)

If the serializer is defined as signalBased the signal-based event handling applies. As the message containing the signal-based payload is going to be routed to the Classic platform (without the SOME/IP Transformation) the header just contains the Message Id (i.e. ServiceID and Method ID) (see [SWS CM 80026]).

[SWS_CM_80026]{DRAFT} Content of the signal-based serialized event message [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to signalBased then the entries in the signal-based event message shall be as follows:

- The Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the eventDeployment.eventId by adding 0x8000 to the eventDeployment. eventId.
- The Length (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00042]) shall be set to the length of the serialized payload in units of bytes
- The Payload shall contain the serialized payload (i.e., the serialized VariableDataPrototype composed by the ServiceInterface in role event) according to the signal-service-translation serialization rules defined in TPS-ManifestSpecification [5].

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00041, RS_-SOMEIP 00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_CM_00004)

If the serializer is defined as someip serializer the SOME/IP event handling applies.

Based on [SWS_CM_10292]:

[SWS_CM_80027]{DRAFT} Checks for a received SOME/IP serialized event message [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to someip then upon reception of a SOME/IP serialized event message the following checks shall be conducted:

• Verify that the Protocol Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00052]) is set to 0x01.



- Use the Length being larger than 8 in combination with the Message type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) being set to NOTIFICATION to determine that the received SOME/IP message is actually an event.
- Use the Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element in the Manifest to determine the right ServiceInterface.
- Verify that the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) matches 0x8000 + eventId attribute of one of the SomeipEventDeployments of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment which have the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer set to someip.
- Verify that the Client ID (see [PRS SOMEIP 00702]) is set to 0x0000.
- Verify that the Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) matches SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion. majorVersion.
- Verify that the Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_-00191]) is set to E OK (0x00).

If any of the above checks fails the received SOME/IP serialized event message shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation). \([RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00019, RS_SOMEIP_00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00008, RS_SOMEIP_00014, RS_CM_00004)

If the serializer is defined as signalBased the signal-based event handling applies. As the message containing the signal-based payload is coming from the Classic platform (without the SOME/IP Transformation) the header just contains the Message Id (i.e. ServiceID and Method ID) (see [SWS CM 80028]).

[SWS_CM_80028]{DRAFT} Checks for a received signal-based serialized event message [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to signalBased then upon reception of a signal-based serialized event message the following checks shall be conducted:

- Use the Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element in the Manifest to determine the right ServiceInterface.
- Verify that the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) matches 0x8000 + the eventId attribute of one of the SomeipEventDeployments of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment which have the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer set to signalBased.
- Verify that the Length is larger than 0.

If any of the above checks fails the received signal-based event message shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the



ara::com implementation).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00019, RS_SOMEIP_00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00008, RS_SOMEIP_00014, RS_CM_00004)

[SWS CM 10293] applies.

Based on [SWS_CM_10379]:

[SWS_CM_80030]{DRAFT} Silently discarding event messages for unsubscribed events [If the event identified according to [SWS_CM_10293] does not have an active subscription because the Subscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00141]) of the specific Event class of the ServiceProxy class has not been called, or the Unsubscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00151]) of the specific Event class of the ServiceProxy class has been called, or the TTL of the SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message (see [SWS_CM_00205]) has expired, then the received event message shall be silently discarded (i.e., [SWS_CM_80032], [SWS_CM_80033], [SWS_CM_10295], and [SWS_CM_10296] shall not be performed). [RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00203, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_CM_00004)

[SWS_CM_10296] applies.

Based on [SWS_CM_10294]:

[SWS_CM_80032]{DRAFT} Deserializing the SOME/IP serialized payload [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to someip then based on the event determined according to [SWS_CM_10293] the Payload of the SOME/IP serialized event message (i.e., the serialized VariableDataPrototype composed by the ServiceInterface in role event) shall be deserialized according to the SOME/IP serialization rules.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00028, RS_CM_00004)

Note: [SWS_CM_80032] supports the mix of signal-based and SOME/IP communication use case defined in [SWS_CM_10174].

[SWS_CM_80033]{DRAFT} Description the signal-based serialized payload [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to signalBased then based on the event determined according to [SWS_CM_10293] the Payload of the signal-based serialized event message (i.e., the serialized VariableDataPrototype composed by the ServiceInterface in role event) shall be described according to the signal-service-translation serialization rules defined in TPS-ManifestSpecification [5].](RS_-CM_00004)

[SWS CM 10295] applies.

7.4.2.1.5 Handling Triggers

[SWS_CM_10518]{DRAFT} Conditions for sending of a trigger [The sending of an trigger shall be requested by invoking the Send method of the respective Trigger class (see [SWS CM 00721] if there is at least one active subscriber and the



offer of the service containing the trigger has not been stopped (either because the TTL contained in the SOME/IP OfferService message (see [SWS_CM_00203]) has expired or because the <code>StopOfferService</code> method (see [SWS_CM_00111]) of the <code>ServiceSkeleton</code> class has been called). \[(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00005, RS_SOMEIP_00017, RS_CM_00004)

Please note that in the Manifest configuration the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.eventDeployment is used to configure triggers in the same way as events. The only difference is that in case of a trigger the SomeipEventDeployment will reference the Trigger in the role trigger. Therefore the following specification items described in chapter 7.4.2.1.4 are also valid for Triggers since a trigger defines a special kind of an event.

- [SWS CM 80022]
- [SWS CM 80023]
- [SWS CM 80024]

Based on the serviceInterfaceId and eventId the respective trigger is determined. If the serializer is defined as someip serializer the SOME/IP trigger handling applies.

[SWS_CM_10519]{DRAFT} Content of the SOME/IP serialized trigger message [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to someip then the entries in the SOME/IP serialized trigger message shall be as follows:

- The Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the eventDeployment.eventId by adding 0x8000 to the eventDeployment. eventId.
- The Length shall be set to 8
- The Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) is unused for trigger (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) and thus shall be set to 0x0000.
- In case of inactive Session Handling, see [SWS_CM_10240], the Session ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00703]) is unused for trigger and thus shall be set to 0x0000 (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00932]) and [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]).
 - In case of active Session Handling, see [SWS_CM_10240], the Session ID is used for trigger and thus shall be incremented (with proper wrap around) upon every transmission of an trigger (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00933], [PRS_SOMEIP_00934], [PRS_SOMEIP_00521], and [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]).
- The Protocol Version (see [PRS SOMEIP 00052]) shall be set to 0x01.



- The Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceVersion.majorVersion.
- The Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) shall be set to NOTIFICATION (0x02).
- The Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) is unused for trigger messages and thus (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]) shall be set to E_OK (0x00).

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00041, RS_-SOMEIP_00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_CM_00004)

If the serializer is defined as signalBased the signal-based trigger handling applies. As the message containing the signal-based payload is going to be routed to the Classic platform (without the SOME/IP Transformation) the header just contains the Message Id (i.e. ServiceID and Method ID) (see [SWS CM 10520]).

[SWS_CM_10520]{DRAFT} Content of the signal-based serialized trigger message [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to signalBased then the entries in the signal-based trigger shall be as follows:

- The Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the eventDeployment.eventId by adding 0x8000 to the eventDeployment. eventId.
- The Length shall be set to 0.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00041, RS_-SOMEIP 00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_CM_00004)

If the serializer is defined as someip serializer the SOME/IP trigger handling applies.

[SWS_CM_10521]{DRAFT} Checks for a received SOME/IP serialized trigger message [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to someip then upon reception of a SOME/IP serialized trigger the following checks shall be conducted:

- Verify that the Protocol Version (see [PRS SOMEIP 00052]) is set to 0x01.
- Use the Length being equal to 8 in combination with the Message type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) being set to NOTIFICATION to determine that the received SOME/IP message is actually a trigger.



- Use the Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element in the Manifest to determine the right ServiceInterface.
- Verify that the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) matches 0x8000 + the eventId attribute of one of the SomeipEventDeployments of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment which have the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer set to someip.
- Verify that the Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) is set to 0x0000.
- Verify that the Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) matches SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion. majorVersion.
- Verify that the Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_-00191]) is set to E_OK (0x00).

If any of the above checks fails the received SOME/IP serialized trigger shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation). \([RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00019, RS_SOMEIP_00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00008, RS_SOMEIP_00014, RS_CM_00004)

If the serializer is defined as signalBased the signal-based trigger handling applies. As the message containing the signal-based payload is coming from the Classic platform (without the SOME/IP Transformation) the header just contains the Message Id (i.e. ServiceID and Method ID) (see [SWS_CM_10520]).

[SWS_CM_10522]{DRAFT} Checks for a received signal-based serialized trigger [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to signalBased then upon reception of a signal-based serialized trigger the following checks shall be conducted:

- Use the Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) and the serviceInterfaceId attribute of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element in the Manifest to determine the right ServiceInterface.
- Verify that the Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) matches 0x8000 + the eventId attribute of one of the SomeipEventDeployments of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment which have the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer set to signalBased.
- Verify that the Length is equal to 0.

If any of the above checks fails the received signal-based trigger shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00019, RS_SOMEIP_00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00008, RS_SOMEIP_00014, RS_CM_00004)

[SWS CM 10514] applies.



[SWS_CM_10523]{DRAFT} Silently discarding trigger for unsubscribed triggers [If the trigger identified according to [SWS_CM_10514] does not have an active subscription because the Subscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00723]) of the specific Trigger class of the ServiceProxy class has not been called, or the Unsubscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00810]) of the specific Trigger class of the ServiceProxy class has been called, or the TTL of the SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message (see [SWS_CM_00205]) has expired, then the received trigger shall be silently discarded (i.e., [SWS_CM_00226], and [SWS_CM_00249] shall not be performed).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00203, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_CM_00004)

[SWS_CM_00249] applies.

7.4.2.1.6 Handling Method Calls

As the signal service translation does not apply to methods the handling is identical to the SOME/IP method serialization, see chapter 7.4.1.7.

7.4.2.1.7 Handling Fields

Based on [SWS_CM_10319]:

[SWS_CM_80063]{DRAFT} Conditions for sending of an event message | The sending of an event message shall be requested by invoking the Update method of the respective Field class (see [SWS_CM_00119]) or if the Future returned by the SetHandler registered with RegisterSetHandler (see [SWS_CM_00116]) becomes ready if there is at least one active subscriber and the offer of the service containing the event has not been stopped (either because the TTL contained in the SOME/IP OfferService message (see [SWS_CM_00203]) has expired or because the StopOfferService method (see [SWS_CM_00111]) of the ServiceSkeleton class has been called). | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00018, RS_CM_00004)

Based on [SWS_CM_10320]:

[SWS_CM_80064]{DRAFT} Transport protocol for sending of an event message | The event message shall be transmitted using UDP if the threshold defined by the multicastThreshold attribute of the SomeipProvidedEventGroup that is aggregated by the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance in the role eventGroup in the Manifest has been reached (see [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00134]).

The event message shall be transmitted using the transport protocol defined by the attribute <code>SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.fieldDeployment.notifier.transportProtocol</code> in the Manifest if this threshold has not been reached (see <code>[PRS_SOMEIPSD_00802]</code>). <code>[RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00010, RS_CM_00004)</code>



Based on [SWS_CM_10321]:

[SWS_CM_80065]{DRAFT} Source of an event message [The source address and the source port of the event message shall set according to [SWS_CM_80023].] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00042, RS_CM_00004)

Based on [SWS CM 10322]:

[SWS_CM_80066]{DRAFT} Destination of an event message | The destination address and the destination port of the event message shall be set according to [SWS_CM_80024]. | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_CM_00004)

Based on the serviceInterfaceId and eventId the respective field notifier is determined. If the serializer is defined as someip serializer the SOME/IP serialized event handling applies.

Based on [SWS CM 10323]:

[SWS_CM_80067]{DRAFT} Content of the SOME/IP serialized event message [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to someip then the entries in the SOME/IP serialized event message shall be as follows:

- The Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the eventDeployment.eventId by adding 0x8000 to the eventDeployment. eventId.
- The Length (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00042]) shall be set to the length of the serialized payload in units of bytes incremented by 8 (second part of the SOME/IP header that is covered by the Length)
- The Client ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) is unused for event messages (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00702]) and thus shall be set to 0x0000.
- In case of inactive Session Handling the Session ID (see [SWS_CM_10240]) the Session ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00703]) is unused for event messages and thus shall be set to 0x0000 (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00932]) and [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]).
 - In case of active Session Handling, see [SWS_CM_10240], the Session ID is used for event messages and thus shall be incremented (with proper wrap around) upon every transmission of an event message (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00933], [PRS_SOMEIP_00934], [PRS_SOMEIP_00521], and [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]).
- The Protocol Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00052]) shall be set to 0x01.



- The Interface Version (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00053]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceVersion.majorVersion.
- The Message Type (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) shall be set to NOTIFICATION (0x02).
- The Return Code (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00058] and [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]) is unused for event messages and thus (according to [PRS_SOMEIP_00925]) shall be set to $\mathbb{E}_0 \times (0x00)$.
- The Payload shall contain the serialized payload (i.e., the serialized Field composed by the ServiceInterface in role field) according to the SOME/IP serialization rules.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00041, RS_-SOMEIP_00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_CM_00004)

If the serializer is defined as signalBased the signal-based event handling applies. As the message containing the signal-based payload is going to be routed to the Classic platform (without the SOME/IP Transformation) the header just contains the Message Id (i.e. ServiceID and Method ID) (see [SWS_CM_80068]).

[SWS_CM_80068]{DRAFT} Content of the signal-based serialized event message [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to signalBased then the entries in the signal-based serialized event message shall be as follows:

- The Service ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.
- The Method ID (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]) shall be derived from the Manifest where the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the eventDeployment.eventId by adding 0x8000 to the eventDeployment. eventId.
- The Length (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00042]) shall be set to the length of the serialized payload in units of bytes
- The Payload shall contain the serialized payload (i.e., the serialized VariableDataPrototype composed by the ServiceInterface in role event) according to the signal-service-translation serialization rules defined in TPS-ManifestSpecification [5].

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00041, RS_SOMEIP_00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_CM_00004)

If the serializer is defined as someip serializer the SOME/IP serialized event handling applies.



Based on [SWS_CM_10324]:

[SWS_CM_80069]{DRAFT} Checks for a received SOME/IP serialized event message [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to someip then upon reception of a SOME/IP serialized event message the checks defined in [SWS_CM_80027] shall be conducted.

If any of the above checks fails the received SOME/IP serialized event message shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara:: com implementation). | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00019, RS_SOMEIP_00022, RS_SOMEIP_00003, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_SOMEIP_00014, RS_CM_00004)

If the serializer is defined as signalBased the signal-based event handling applies. As the message containing the signal-based payload is coming from the Classic platform (without the SOME/IP Transformation) the header just contains the Message Id (i.e. ServiceID and Method ID) (see [SWS_CM_80070]).

[SWS_CM_80070]{DRAFT} Checks for a received signal-based event message [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to signalBased then upon reception of a signal-based event message the checks defined in [SWS_CM_80028] shall be conducted.

If any of the above checks fails the received signal-based event message shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation). | (RS CM 00004)

[SWS CM 10325] applies.

Based on [SWS CM 10380]:

[SWS_CM_80072]{DRAFT} Silently discarding event messages for unsubscribed events [If the event identified according to [SWS_CM_10325] does not have an active subscription because the Subscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00141]) of the specific Field class of the ServiceProxy class has not been called, or the Unsubscribe method (see [SWS_CM_00151]) of the specific Field class of the ServiceProxy class has been called, or the TTL of the SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message (see [SWS_CM_00205]) has expired, then the received event message shall be silently discarded (i.e., [SWS_CM_80074], [SWS_CM_80101], [SWS_CM_10327], and [SWS_CM_10328] shall not be performed).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00203, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00009, RS_CM_00004)

[SWS_CM_10328] applies.

Based on [SWS CM 10326]:

[SWS_CM_80074]{DRAFT} Deserializing the SOME/IP serialized payload [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to someip then based on the event determined according to [SWS CM 10325] the Payload of the



SOME/IP serialized event message (i.e., the serialized Field composed by the ServiceInterface in role field) shall be deserialized according to the SOME/IP serialization rules. \(\frac{(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00004, RS_SOMEIP_00004) \)

Note: [SWS_CM_80074] supports the mix of signal-based and SOME/IP communication use case defined in [SWS_CM_10174].

[SWS_CM_80075]{DRAFT} Deserializing the signal-based payload [If SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to signalBased then based on the event determined according to [SWS_CM_10325] the Payload of the signal-based serialized event message (i.e., the serialized Field composed by the ServiceInterface in role field) shall be deserialized according to the signal-service-translation serialization rules defined in TPS-ManifestSpecification [5].] (RS_-CM_00004)

[SWS_CM_10327] applies.

[SWS CM 10329] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS_CM_10443] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS CM 10330] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS CM 10331] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS CM 10332] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS CM 10333] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS_CM_10334] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS_CM_10335] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding

[SWS CM 10336] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS CM 10338] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS CM 10339] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS CM 10340] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS_CM_10341] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS_CM_10342] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS_CM_10343] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS CM 10344] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS CM 10345] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS_CM_10346] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS_CM_10347] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.



[SWS CM 10348] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS_CM_10444] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS CM 10349] does not apply to Signal-Based SOME/IP network binding.

[SWS_CM_10350] applies.

[SWS CM 10363] applies.

7.4.2.1.8 Serialization of Payload

The serialization technology is defined by the attribute SomeipEventDeployment. serializer. If the attribute is set to signalBased then the signal-service-translation is responsible for the handling of the serialization. If the attribute is set to someip then the SOME/IP serializer (see section 7.4.1.9) is responsible for the handling of the serialization.

[SWS_CM_80100]{DRAFT} SOME/IP serialization of signal-based network binding [If the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to someip then the serialization of the payload shall be based on the SOME/IP serialization rules.] (RS_CM_00004)

Note: SOME/IP serialization rules are defined in section 7.4.1.9.

[SWS_CM_80101]{DRAFT} Signal-based serialization [If the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to signalBased then the serialization of the payload shall be based on the definition of the ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping defined for the signal-service-translation in TPS-ManifestSpecification [5].](RS_CM_00004)

[SWS_CM_80102]{DRAFT} Ignoring not mapped elements [To allow migration the description shall ignore signals which are not subject to ServiceInstance-ToSignalMapping.] (RS CM 00004, RS CM 00204, RS CM 00202)

[SWS_CM_80103]{DRAFT} Deserializing incomplete data belonging to a field [If less data than expected shall be deserialized and the data to be deserialized belong to a Field, the initValue shall be used if it is defined. Otherwise the data shall be completely discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation).|(RS CM 00004, RS CM 00204, RS CM 00202)

[SWS_CM_80104]{DRAFT} **Description more data than expected** [If more data than expected shall be described, the unexpected data shall be discarded. The known fraction shall be considered. | (RS CM 00004)



7.4.2.2 Signal-Based Static Network binding

The Signal-Based Static network binding is enabled when a Service-InstanceToSignalMapping refers to a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance Or RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance Of category SIGNAL-BASED_WITH_HEADER Or SIGNALBASED_NO_HEADER.

Please note that there is currently no static *ara::com* API optimization defined, thus it is expected that the adaptive application, which interacts with a ServiceInterface, uses the same steps as in any other service oriented interaction (i.e. calling OfferService(), FindService(), Subscribe(), ...).

The general approach is:

For a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance the connection is established in a UDP / TCP Server role.

For a RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance the connection is established in a UDP / TCP Client role.

7.4.2.2.1 Service Discovery

[SWS_CM_80501]{DRAFT} Mapping of Offer Service (Signal-Based Static network binding) [When instructed to offer a service instance which is mapped to a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance of category SIGNAL-BASED_WITH_HEADER or SIGNALBASED_NO_HEADER, then the Signal-Based Static network binding shall create / use a socket for each entry in the remotePeers list. Each connection is defined by the localUdpPortNumber or localTcpPort-Number and one element out of the remotePeers list. If a connection with identical credentials already exists then this existing connection shall be used.

If a localUdpPortNumber is defined then each connection is created using the UDP protocol and bound to the listed remotePeers.

If a localTcpPortNumber is defined then each connection is created using the TCP protocol and is listening for client connections. | (RS CM 00004, RS CM 00204)

[SWS_CM_80512]{DRAFT} Mapping of Stop Offer Service (Signal-Based Static network binding) [When instructed to stop offering a service instance which is mapped to a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance of category SIG-NALBASED_WITH_HEADER or SIGNALBASED_NO_HEADER, then the Signal-Based Static network binding shall check:

- If this is the last service instance which uses the respective connection then this connection shall be closed.
- If there are still other service instance using this connection then the connection shall be kept open.

(RS CM 00004, RS CM 00204)



[SWS_CM_80502]{DRAFT} Mapping of Find Service (Signal-Based Static network binding) [When instructed to find a service instance which is mapped to a RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance of category SIGNAL-BASED_WITH_HEADER or SIGNALBASED_NO_HEADER, then the Signal-Based Static network binding shall immediately return a ara::com::ServiceHandle-Container with information about the static connection:

- localUdpPortNumber Or localTcpPortNumber
- information about the EthernetCommunicationConnector (VLAN) where the connection shall be applied to
- a multicastIpAddress where the events will be consumed in case of multicast reception
- remotePeer information of the remote sender of the data (IP-Address and Port number)

(RS CM 00004, RS CM 00204)

[SWS_CM_80503]{DRAFT} Mapping of Subscribe Service (Signal-Based Static network binding) [When instructed to subscribe to an event which is part of a RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance of category SIGNAL-BASED_WITH_HEADER or SIGNALBASED_NO_HEADER, then the Signal-Based Static network binding shall:

If there is not already a socket connection established:

- TCP: use the information from the ara::com::ServiceHandleContainer create the socket and connect to the server.
- UDP: use the information from the ara::com::ServiceHandleContainer create the socket.

If there is already a socket connection established: use this socket connection. (RS_-CM_00004, RS_CM_00204)

[SWS_CM_80513]{DRAFT} Mapping of Unsubscribe Service (Signal-Based Static network binding) [When instructed to *un-subscribe* from an event which is part of a RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance of category SIGNAL-BASED_WITH_HEADER or SIGNALBASED_NO_HEADER, then the Signal-Based Static network binding shall check:

- If this is the last service instance which uses the respective connection then this connection shall be closed.
- If there are still other service instance using this connection then the connection shall be kept open.

(RS CM 00004, RS CM 00204)



7.4.2.2.2 Accumulation of messages

[SWS_CM_80505]{DRAFT} Data accumulation for UDP data transmission (Signal-Based Static network binding) [To allow for the transmission of multiple messages (signal-based events and signal-based field notifiers) within a single UDP datagram, data accumulation for UDP data transmission shall be supported.] (RS_CM_00004, RS_CM_00204)

[SWS_CM_80504]{DRAFT} Configuration of a data accumulation on a RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance for transmission over UDP (Signal-Based Static network binding) [For a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance of category SIGNALBASED_WITH_HEADER which has a udpCollectionBuffer-SizeThreshold > 0 defined, the events and field notifiers where udpCollection-Trigger is set to never shall be aggregated in a buffer until a trigger arrives that starts the data transmission.

The following trigger options shall be supported:

- a message needs to be transmitted for which the udpCollectionTrigger is set to always.
- the udpCollectionBufferTimeout is reached for one of the messages already aggregated in the buffer.
- the buffer size defined by the attribute udpCollectionBufferSizeThreshold is reached.
- adding the event of field notifier to the buffer would lead to a message larger than the maximum possible size (e.g. MTU size). In this case the actual buffer shall be triggered before handling the new event or field notifier.

(RS CM 00004, RS CM 00204)

7.4.2.2.3 Execution context of message reception actions

The section 7.4.1.4 is fully applicable to the Signal-Based Static network binding.

7.4.2.2.4 Handling Events

[SWS_CM_80506]{DRAFT} Arbitrary Message Header usage for Signal-Based Static network binding messages [If a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance Of RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance Of Category SIGNALBASED_WITH_HEADER is defined then each message shall have an Arbitrary Message Header (see [TPS_Manifest]) defined. This message header is composed of a 32 bit wide Message ID field and 32 bit wide Message Length field. Both encoded in big endian.



The the signal based payload is appended (the Message Length field is used to determine how long the payload is in bytes). | (RS_CM_00004, RS_CM_00204)

[SWS_CM_80507]{DRAFT} No header option for Signal-Based Static network binding messages [If a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance or RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance of category SIGNALBASED_NO_HEADER is defined then there is no header information standardized and thus the signal based payload is the only content of the message. | (RS_CM_00004, RS_CM_00204)

7.4.2.2.5 Handling Method Calls

[SWS_CM_80508]{DRAFT} No method support for Signal-Based Static network binding [The Signal-Based Static network binding does not support methods.] $(RS_CM_00004, RS_CM_00204)$

7.4.2.2.6 Handling Fields

[SWS_CM_80509]{DRAFT} Only field notifier support for Signal-Based Static network binding [The Signal-Based Static network binding only supports the field notifier. Getter or Setter methods are not supported.] (RS_CM_00004, RS_CM_00204)

7.4.2.2.7 Serialization of Payload

In case of the static signal-service-translation always the signal-service-translation is responsible for the handling of the serialization.

[SWS_CM_80510]{DRAFT} Ignoring not mapped elements [To allow migration the deserialization shall ignore signals which are not subject to ServiceInstance-ToSignalMapping.|(RS_CM_00004)

[SWS_CM_80511]{DRAFT} Deserializing incomplete data belonging to a field [If less data than expected shall be deserialized and the data to be deserialized belong to a Field, the initValue shall be used if it is defined. Otherwise the data shall be completely discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation).](RS_CM_00004)

7.4.3 DDS Network binding

[SWS_CM_11000] DDS Compliance The DDS network binding shall comply with the DDS Minimum Profile defined in [19], the DDS Wire Interoperability protocol (RTPS) defined in [20], and the DDS-XTYPES Minimal Programming Interface and Network Interoperability Profiles defined in [21]. (RS CM 00204, FO RS Dds 00001)



[SWS_CM_90500]{DRAFT} Choice of Service Instance discovery protocol [DdsProvidedServiceInstances and DdsRequiredServiceInstances provide a discoveryType attribute permitting the choice between two distinct discovery protocols. For a Service Interface Skeleton to be discoverable by a Service Interface Proxy, both shall be configured with the same discoveryType value.](RS_CM_00101, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

The DomainParticipantUserDataQos setting provides a discovery protocol that leverages the USER_DATA QoS policy of DDS Domain Participants, assigning a purpose-specific format string to it as described in 7.4.3.1 below. This approach is fast and nimble, since no additional DDS Entities beyond Domain Participants need to be created to exercise discovery of Service Instances.

The Topic setting provides, as described in section 7.4.3.2 below, a discovery protocol that employs a purpose-specific Topic of a well-defined type to distribute Service Instance announcements in a publish-subscribe, instance-based fashion. This protocol, although more resource-demanding (DDS entities down to a single DataWriter need to be created for Skeletons, same for a DataReader in Proxies), enhances interoperability and enables advanced DDS features such as persistence, routing and durability.

[SWS_CM_90501]{DRAFT} Topic naming for Domain Participant USER_DATA QoS - based Service Instances [When DomainParticipantUserDataQos is set in the discoveryType attribute for a specific DdsProvidedServiceInstance or DdsRequiredServiceInstance, the de-facto Topic naming scheme for events, triggers, methods and fields is the one described for SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION.] (RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00211, RS_CM_00216, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005)

7.4.3.1 Service Discovery via Domain Participant USER DATA QoS policy

[SWS_CM_11001] Mapping of OfferService method [When instructed to offer a Service, the DDS Binding shall perform the following operations:

- [SWS_CM_11002] It shall assign a DDS DomainParticipant to the Service Instance.
- [SWS_CM_11003] It shall assign a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every VariableDataPrototype defined in the ServiceInterface in the role event.
- [SWS_CM_10550] It shall assign a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Trigger defined in the ServiceInterface in the role trigger.
- [SWS_CM_11029] It shall assign a DDS Request Topic and a DDS Reply Topic, and create their corresponding DDS DataWriter and DataReader, to provide access to all ClientServerOperations defined in the ServiceInterface the role method.



- [SWS_CM_11030] It shall assign a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Field defined in the ServiceInterface in the role field with its hasNotifier attribute set to true.
- [SWS_CM_11031] It shall assign a DDS Request Topic and a DDS Reply Topic, and create their corresponding DDS DataWriter and DDS DataReader, to provide access to all the Fields defined in the ServiceInterface in the role field with hasGetter and/or hasSetter attributes set to true via getter/setter invocation.
- [SWS_CM_09004] It shall add the Service ID, Service Instance IDs, and ServiceInterface contract version to the DDS DomainParticipant's USER_DATA QoS Policy.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00101, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005)

[SWS_CM_11002] Assigning a DDS DomainParticipant to a Service Instance [The DDS Binding shall assign a DDS DomainParticipant to every Service Instance. The configuration of the DomainParticipant is described in the TPS ManifestSpecification:

- The Domain ID of the DomainParticipant shall be derived from the Manifest, where the DdsProvidedServiceInstance element defines the domainId.
- The QoS Profile of the DomainParticipant shall be derived from the Manifest, where the DdsProvidedServiceInstance element defines the gosProfile.

Before creating a new DomainParticipant, the DDS binding shall first look for existing DomainParticipants in the current process that match the configuration criteria specified above³. If the search is successful, the binding shall assign the DomainParticipant found to the Service⁴; otherwise, the binding shall create a new DomainParticipant according to the desired configuration and assign it to the Service.

Once the DomainParticipant is available to the Service Instance, the binding implementation shall create a DDS Publisher and a DDS Subscriber to enclose all DataWriters and DataReaders associated with the Instance. The Partition QoS of both the DDS Publisher and DDS Subscriber shall contain the following partition name:

"ara.com://services/<svcId>_<svcInId>"

Where:

<svcId> is the Service Id derived from the Manifest, where the DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.

<svcInId> is the Instance Id derived from the Manifest, where the DdsProvided-ServiceInstance element defines the serviceInstanceId.

³The DDS APIs that provide the ability to find existing DomainParticipants search in the scope of the address space of the current process—only local DomainParticipants may be reused.

⁴The rules specified in this binding ensure the creation of only one DomainParticipant for a given Domain and set of QoS settings (gosProfile).



Publisher and Subscriber objects may be reused across events and other resources provided by the Service Instance; therefore, they shall not be removed until the enclosing DomainParticipant is destroyed.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00101, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005)

[SWS_CM_11003] Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every **Event in the ServiceInterface** [The DDS binding shall assign a DDS Topic to every event in the ServiceInterface according to the mapping rules specified in [SWS_CM_11015]. Since these DDS Topics may already be available in the Domain-Participant assigned to the Service Instance (e.g., because a different Service Instance assigned to the same DomainParticipant may have created them), the service shall first look for existing Topics in the DomainParticipant matching the required criteria. If the search is unsuccessful, the DomainParticipant shall create a new DDS Topic to represent the event as defined in [SWS_CM_11015].

Once all DDS Topics representing the events in the ServiceInterface are ready for use, the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance shall create one DDS DataWriter of the equivalent Topic per event using the DDS Publisher created in [SWS_CM_11002]. The DataWriter shall be configured according to the qosProfile specified in the associated DdsEventQosProps.

Topic objects may be reused across service instances; therefore, they shall not be removed until the enclosing DomainParticipant is destroyed. \((RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00015) \)

[SWS_CM_10550]{DRAFT} Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Trigger in the ServiceInterface [The DDS binding shall assign a DDS Topic to every trigger in the ServiceInterface according to the mapping rules specified in [SWS_CM_10524]. Since these DDS Topics may already be available in the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance (e.g., because a different Service Instance assigned to the same DomainParticipant may have created them), the service shall first look for existing Topics in the DomainParticipant matching the required criteria. If the search is unsuccessful, the DomainParticipant shall create a new DDS Topic to represent the trigger as defined in [SWS_CM_10524].

Once all DDS Topics representing the triggers in the ServiceInterface are ready for use, the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance shall create one DDS DataWriter of the equivalent Topic per trigger using the DDS Publisher created in [SWS_CM_11002]. The DataWriter shall be configured according to the qosProfile specified in the associated DdsEventQosProps that in turn refers via DdsEventDeployment to the triggers.

Topic objects may be reused across service instances; therefore, they shall not be removed until the enclosing DomainParticipant is destroyed. \((RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00015) \)



[SWS_CM_11029] Assigning a DDS Request and Reply Topic, and DataWriters and DataReaders, to the Methods in the ServiceInterface [The DDS binding shall instantiate a DDS Service [22] to handle requests to all the methods in the ServiceInterface.

In practice, this implies assigning a DDS Request Topic and a DDS Reply Topic to the DDS Service that handles those method calls according to the mapping rules specified in [SWS_CM_11100]. Since these DDS Topics may already be available in the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance (e.g., because a different Service Instance assigned to the same DomainParticipant may have created them), the service shall first look for existing Topics in the DomainParticipant matching the required criteria. If the search is unsuccessful, the DomainParticipant shall create new DDS Request and Reply Topics to represent the DDS Service as specified in [SWS_CM_11100].

Once the corresponding DDS Request and Reply Topics are ready for use, the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance shall create:

- [SWS_CM_11106] A DDS DataReader of the DDS Request Topic to handle requests using the DDS Subscriber created in [SWS_CM_11002].
- [SWS_CM_11107] A DDS DataWriter of the DDS Reply Topic to handle replies using the DDS Publisher created in [SWS_CM_11002].

Topic objects may be reused across service instances; therefore, they shall not be removed until the enclosing DomainParticipant is destroyed. [RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00101, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00015] The handling of method calls with DDS is specified in 7.4.3.5.

[SWS_CM_11030] Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Field in the ServiceInterface with its hasNotifier attribute equal to true [The DDS binding shall assign a DDS Topic to every field in the ServiceInterface with its hasNotifier attribute set to true according to the mapping rules specified in [SWS_CM_11130]. Since these DDS Topics may already be available in the Domain-Participant assigned to the Service Instance (e.g., because a different Service Instance assigned to the same DomainParticipant may have created them), the service shall first look for existing Topics in the DomainParticipant matching the required criteria. If the search is unsuccessful, the DomainParticipant shall create a new DDS Topic to represent the field as defined in [SWS_CM_11130].

Once all DDS Topics representing the fields in the ServiceInterface are ready for use, the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance shall create one DDS DataWriter of the equivalent Topic per field with the hasNotifier attribute set to true using the DDS Publisher created in [SWS_CM_11002]. The DataWriter shall be configured according to the qosProfile specified in the associated DdsField-QosProps.

Topic objects may be reused across service instances; therefore, they shall not be removed until the enclosing DomainParticipant is destroyed. [RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00101, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00015]



[SWS_CM_11031] Assigning a DDS Request and Reply Topic, and DataWriters and DataReaders, to the Field Getters/Setters in the ServiceInterface [The DDS binding shall instantiate a DDS Service [22] to handle get/set requests to all the fields in the ServiceInterface with hasGetter and/or hasSetter set to true.

In practice, this implies assigning a DDS Request Topic and a DDS Reply Topic to the DDS Service according to the mapping rules specified in [SWS_CM_11144]. Since these DDS Topics may already be available in the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance (e.g., because a different Service Instance assigned to the same DomainParticipant may have created them), the service shall first look for existing Topics in the DomainParticipant matching the required criteria. If the search is unsuccessful, the DomainParticipant shall create new DDS Request and Reply Topics to represent the DDS Service as specified in [SWS_CM_11144].

Once the corresponding DDS Request and Reply Topics are ready for use, the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance shall create:

- [SWS_CM_11149] A DDS DataReader of the DDS Request Topic to handle requests using the DDS Subscriber created in [SWS_CM_11002].
- [SWS_CM_11150] A DDS DataWriter of the DDS Reply Topic to handle replies using the DDS Publisher created in [SWS_CM_11002].

Topic objects may be reused across service instances; therefore, they shall not be removed until the enclosing DomainParticipant is destroyed. \((RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00101, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00015, FO_RS_Dds_00016)\) The handling of fields with DDS is specified in section 7.4.3.6.

[SWS_CM_09004] Adding Service IDs, Service Instance IDs, and ServiceInterface Contract Versions to the DDS DomainParticipant's USER_DATA QoS Policy |
The binding implementation shall configure the USER_DATA QoS Policy of the DDS DomainParticipant associated with the Service Instance to propagate Service IDs, Instance IDs, and ServiceInterface contract versions, using the native DDS discovery mechanisms defined in [20]. The USER_DATA QoS Policy appends a user-defined value to the DomainParticipant's discovery messages. This information shall be used by ara::com Clients and DDS native applications to identify a DomainParticipant as an "ara::com DomainParticipant" that provides one or more Service Instances.

Service IDs, Service Instance IDs, and ServiceInterface contract versions shall be encoded in the USER_DATA QoS Policy in string format according to the following pattern:

"ara.com://services/<svcId>_<svcInId>-<svcMajVersion>.<svcMinVersion>
[&<svcId>_<svcInId>-<svcMajVersion>.<svcMinVersion>] *"

Where:

<svcId> is the Service ID derived from the Manifest, where the DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment element defines the serviceInterfaceId.



- <svcInId> is the Instance ID derived from the Manifest, where the DdsProvided-ServiceInstance element defines the serviceInstanceId.
- <svcMajVersion> is derived from the Manifest, where the majorVersion element
 of the ServiceInterface defines the contract's major version.
- <svcMinVersion> is derived from the Manifest, where the minorVersion element
 of the ServiceInterface defines the contract's minor version.

Because a DomainParticipant may be associated with one or more Service Instances, the syntax specified above allows appending one or more csvcId>_<svcInId>-csvcMajVersion>.<svcMinVersion> pairs to the USER_DATA QoS:

- If USER_DATA QoS is empty, the binding implementation shall set it to "ara.com://services/<svcId>_<svcInId>-<svcMajVersion>.-<svcMinVersion>".
- Else, if USER_DATA QoS is not empty, the binding implementation shall append the Service ID and Instance to the current value preceded by an ampersand symbol (i.e., "&<svcId>_<svcInId>-<svcMajVersion>.<svcMin-Version>").

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00101, RS_CM_00500, RS_CM_00501, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00005, FO RS Dds 00008)

[SWS_CM_11005] Mapping of StopOfferService method [When instructed to stop offering a Service, the DDS Binding shall perform the following operations:

- It shall remove the appropriate Service and Instance IDs from the USER_DATA QoS Policy of the DDS DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance.
- It shall remove all DDS DataWriters associated with events in the ServiceInterface created in previous calls to the OfferService() method.
- It shall remove all DDS DataWriters associated with triggers in the ServiceInterface created in previous calls to the OfferService() method.
- It shall remove all DDS DataWriters and DataReaders associated with the ClientServerOperations defined in the role method created in previous calls to the OfferService() method.
- It shall remove all DDS DataWriters associated with fields in the ServiceInterface with their hasNotifier attribute set to true created in previous calls to the OfferService() method.
- It shall remove all DDS DataWriters and DataReaders associated with the fields in the ServiceInterface with hasGetter and/or hasSetter attributes set to true created in previous calls to the OfferService () method.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00105, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00015, FO_RS_Dds_00016)



[SWS_CM_11006] Mapping of FindService method [When instructed to find remote Services, the DDS Binding shall perform the following operations:

- [SWS_CM_11007] It shall look for an existing DDS DomainParticipant capable of finding remote Services Instances. If such DomainParticipant does not exist, the DDS binding shall create a new one as specified in [SWS_CM_11008].
- [SWS_CM_11009] It shall iterate over the list of discovered remote DomainParticipants and look for those associated with Service Instances that: (1) match the filter criteria specified in the FindService() call, (2) have a compatible ServiceInterface contract version, and (3) have a ServiceInterface contract version that is not part of a DdsRequiredServiceInstance.blocklisted-Version.
- It shall return a HandleType object for every Service Instance that: (1) matches the filter criteria, (2) has a compatible ServiceInterface contract version, and (3) has a ServiceInterface contract version that is not part of a DdsRequiredServiceInstance.blocklistedVersion. The Handle object shall contain a reference to both the DomainParticipant that was used in the discovery phase and the DDS Publisher and Subscriber created to match the partition of the remote service instance (see [SWS_CM_11009]), so that they can be used to create the appropriate DataWriters and DataReaders to handle remote communication.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_11007] Finding a DDS DomainParticipant suitable for performing client-side operations | The DDS binding shall provide client-side methods with a DDS DomainParticipant capable of discovering and communicating with remote DDS DomainParticipants assigned to the requested Service Instance(s). The configuration of the DomainParticipant is described in the TPS_ManifestSpecification:

- The Domain ID of the DomainParticipant shall be derived from the Manifest, where the DdsRequiredServiceInstance element defines the domainId.
- The QoS Profile of the DomainParticipant shall be derived from the Manifest, where the DdsRequiredServiceInstance element defines the qosProfile.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_11008] Creating a DDS DomainParticipant suitable for performing client-side operations | To create a DomainParticipant capable of discovering and communicating with remote DDS DomainParticipants assigned to Service Instances, the binding implementation shall use the configuration parameters in the TPS_ManifestSpecification described in [SWS_CM_11007].] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00008)



[SWS_CM_11009] Discovering remote Service Instances through DDS Domain-Participants [DDS Domain-Participants created or retrieved in the context of Service Discovery are responsible for discovering remote Domain-Participants assigned to ara::com Service Instances.

To retrieve the list of discovered Service Instances, the DDS binding shall iterate first the list of remote DomainParticipants the DomainParticipant has discovered so far. This shall be done by calling <code>read()</code> on the DomainParticipant's built-in DataReader for the <code>DCPSParticipant</code> Topic. <code>DCPSParticipant</code> is a standard DDS Topic defined in [20] that DomainParticipants use to inform other DomainParticipants of their presence in the network. Among other things, <code>DCPSParticipant</code> Topics propagate the DomainParticipant's USER_DATA QoS Policy; therefore, these messages provide all the necessary information to identify remote DomainParticipants associated with ara::com Service Instances.

The DDS binding shall analyze the content of the USER_DATA QoS of each remote DomainParticipant and check whether they are associated with Service Instances matching the following criteria:

If requiredServiceInstanceId is set to "ALL", the binding shall return a new handle for each service instance found in remote DomainParticipants' USER_DATA QoS according to the following pattern:

```
"ara.com://services/.*<svcId>.*"
```

Else, if requiredServiceInstanceId is set to any value other than "ALL", the binding shall return a new handle for every service instance found in remote DomainParticipants' USER DATA QoS according to the following pattern:

```
"ara.com://services/.*<svcId>_<reqSvcInId>.*"
```

Where:

<svcId> is the corresponding serviceInterfaceId.

<reqSvcInId> is the corresponding requiredServiceInstanceId.

In either case, before returning new handles the binding implementation shall evaluate the ServiceInterface contract version for the corresponding Service Instance in the content of the USER DATA QoS. The binding shall return a new handle only if:

- 1. The ServiceInterface contract version of the discovered service instance is compatible with the serviceInterfaceDeployment version of the DdsRequiredServiceInstance according to [RS_CM_00501].
- 2. The ServiceInterface contract version is not part of any DdsRequiredServiceInstance.blocklistedVersion, according to [RS_CM_00701].

Before returning new handles, the binding implementation shall ensure that the DomainParticipant used in the discovery phase has one DDS Publisher and one DDS



Subscriber per service instance found matching the filter criteria⁵. The Partition QoS of both DDS Publisher and DDS Subscriber shall contain the following partition name to match the partition in which the DataReaders and DataWriters associated with the remote service instance are operating (in consonance with [SWS CM 11002]):

"ara.com://services/<svcId>_<reqSvcInId>"

If the binding implementation does not find a DDS Publisher with the aforementioned requirements, it shall create a new one and configure the Publisher's Partition QoS with the partition name defined above. Likewise, if it does not find a DDS Subscriber with those requirements, it shall create a new one and configure it accordingly.

Publisher and Subscriber objects may be reused across proxies associated with a remote service instance; therefore, they shall not be removed until the enclosing DomainParticipant is destroyed.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00008, RS_CM_00501, RS_CM_00701)

[SWS_CM_11010] Mapping of StartFindService method [When instructed to start a continuous service search, the DDS Binding shall perform the following operations:

- [SWS_CM_11007] It shall look for an existing DDS DomainParticipant capable of finding remote Service Instances. If such DomainParticipant does not exist, the DDS binding shall create it as specified in [SWS_CM_11008].
- [SWS_CM_11011] It shall define a DDS BuiltinParticipantListener capable of calling the given FindServiceHandler upon the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - 1. A remote DomainParticipant assigned to a matching Service is discovered.
 - 2. A remote DomainParticipant assigned to a matching Service does not contain the service anymore (i.e., any time a remote DomainParticipant stopped offering a matching Service by removing it from its USER DATA QoS).
 - 3. A remote DomainParticipant assigned to a matching Service ceases to exist (i.e., the instance state is either NOT_ALIVE_DISPOSED or NOT_ALIVE_NO_WRITERS).
- [SWS_CM_11012] It shall bind the defined BuiltinParticipantListener to the DomainParticipant.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_11011] Defining a DDS BuiltinParticipantListener [The DDS Binding implementation shall define a BuiltinParticipantListener class to handle notifications whenever a remote DomainParticipant is discovered. This class shall derive

⁵These Publishers and Subscribers will be used to enclose all the DDS DataWriters and DataReaders, respectively, that will handle communication with the corresponding remote service instance's DDS DataReaders and DataWriters.



from the standard DataReaderListener class [19], specifying that the data type of the samples to be handled is ParticipantBuiltinTopicData—the data type associated with the built-in DataReader for samples of DCPSParticipant Topic [20].

BuiltinParticipantListener shall implement the following methods according to the specified instructions:

- A Constructor that takes as a parameter references to a FindServiceHandler and a requiredServiceInstanceId. These references shall be stored in member variables so that they can be used by subsequent executions of on_data_available()—which is the method the listener calls every time a new DomainParticipant is discovered.
- An on_data_available() method that calls FindServiceHandler using the value of the member variable requiredServiceInstanceId. If the returned ServiceHandleContainer contains more than one element, on_data_available() shall invoke FindServiceHandler and pass the container as a parameter; otherwise the method shall return and perform no further action.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_11012] Binding a BuiltinParticipantListener to a DDS DomainParticipant [To bind a BuiltinParticipantListener to a DDS DomainParticipant, the DDS binding implementation shall create a new BuiltinParticipantListener object (see [SWS_CM_11011]) passing FindServiceHandler and requiredServiceInstanceId to the listener's constructor. Then service shall then bind the newly created listener to the DomainParticipant using the set_listener() method with StatusMask = DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS⁶.

The BuiltinParticipantListener shall be removed when the enclosing DomainParticipant is destroyed. \((RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00008) \)

[SWS_CM_11013] Mapping of StopFindService method [When instructed to stop a continuous service search initiated by a previous call to <code>StartFindService()</code>, the DDS Binding shall perform the following operations:

- [SWS_CM_11007] It shall look for an existing DDS DomainParticipant capable of finding remote Service Instances. If such DomainParticipant does not exist, StopFindService() shall return and perform no further action.
- [SWS_CM_11014] It shall unbind the BuiltinParticipantListener from the retrieved DDS DomainParticipant⁷.

⁶Note that the syntax of set_listener() and StatusMask is described in terms of the DDS Platform-Independent Model specified in [19]. Different Platform-Specific Mappings, such as the DDS-CPP-PSM specified in [23], map these concepts into more language-friendly constructs.

⁷Note that with the behavior specified for <code>FindService()</code> and <code>StartFindService()</code>—the only methods capable of creating <code>DomainParticipants</code>—guarantees that the <code>DomainParticipant</code> used by subsequent calls to <code>StartFindService()</code> and <code>StopFindService()</code> will be the same.



](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_-RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_11014] Unbinding a BuiltinParticipantListener from a DDS Domain-Participant [When instructed to unbind a BuiltinParticipantListener from a DDS DomainParticipant, the DDS binding implementation service shall invoke the DomainParticipant's set_listener() method to disable the listener. In that case, set_listener() shall be called with StatusMask = STATUS_MASK_NONE.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

7.4.3.2 Service Discovery via Topic

[SWS_CM_90502]{DRAFT} **Mapping of OfferService method** [When instructed to offer a Service, the DDS Binding shall perform the following operations:

- [SWS_CM_90503] It shall assign a DDS DomainParticipant to the Service Instance.
- [SWS_CM_90504] It shall assign a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every VariableDataPrototype defined in the ServiceInterface in the role event.
- [SWS_CM_90505] It shall assign a DDS Request Topic and a DDS Reply Topic, and create their corresponding DDS DataWriter and DataReader, to provide access to all ClientServerOperations defined in the ServiceInterface the role method.
- [SWS_CM_90506] It shall assign a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Field defined in the ServiceInterface in the role field with its hasNotifier attribute set to true.
- [SWS_CM_90507] It shall assign a DDS Request Topic and a DDS Reply Topic, and create their corresponding DDS DataWriter and DDS DataReader, to provide access to all the Fields defined in the ServiceInterface in the role field with hasGetter and/or hasSetter attributes set to true via getter/setter invocation.
- [SWS_CM_90508] It shall advertise the Service Interface ID, Service Instance ID, and ServiceInterface contract version via the ara.com://services/-discovery DDS topic

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00101, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_90503]{DRAFT} Assigning a DDS DomainParticipant to a Service Instance [The DDS Binding shall assign a DDS DomainParticipant to every Service Instance. The configuration of the DomainParticipant is described in the TPS ManifestSpecification:



- The Domain ID of the DomainParticipant shall be derived from the Manifest, where the DdsProvidedServiceInstance element defines the domainId.
- The QoS Profile of the DomainParticipant shall be derived from the Manifest, where the DdsProvidedServiceInstance element defines the gosProfile.

Before creating a new DomainParticipant, the DDS binding shall first look for existing DomainParticipants in the current process that match the configuration criteria specified above⁸. If the search is successful, the binding shall assign the DomainParticipant found to the Service⁹; otherwise, the binding shall create a new DomainParticipant according to the desired configuration and assign it to the Service.

Once the DomainParticipant is available to the Service Instance, the binding implementation shall create a DDS Publisher and a DDS Subscriber to enclose all DataWriters and DataReaders associated with the Service Instance.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00101, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00015, FO_RS_Dds_00016)

[SWS_CM_90504]{DRAFT} Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Event in the ServiceInterface [The DDS binding shall assign a DDS Topic to every event in the ServiceInterface according to the mapping rules specified in [SWS_CM_11015]. Since these DDS Topics may already be available in the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance (e.g., because a different Service Instance assigned to the same DomainParticipant may have created them), the service shall first look for existing Topics in the DomainParticipant matching the required criteria. If the search is unsuccessful, the DomainParticipant shall create a new DDS Topic to represent the event as defined in [SWS_CM_11015].

Once all DDS Topics representing the events in the ServiceInterface are ready for use, the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance shall create one DDS DataWriter of the equivalent Topic per event using the DDS Publisher created in [SWS_CM_90503]. The DataWriter shall be configured according to the qosProfile specified in the associated DdsEventQosProps.

Topic objects may be reused across service instances; therefore, they shall not be removed until the enclosing DomainParticipant is destroyed. \((RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00015) \)

[SWS_CM_90505]{DRAFT} Assigning a DDS Request and Reply Topic, and DataWriters and DataReaders, to the Methods in the ServiceInterface [The DDS binding shall instantiate a DDS Service [22] to handle requests to all the methods in the ServiceInterface.

⁸The DDS APIs that provide the ability to find existing DomainParticipants search in the scope of the address space of the current process—only local DomainParticipants may be reused.

⁹The rules specified in this binding ensure the creation of only one DomainParticipant for a given Domain and set of QoS settings (gosProfile).



In practice, this implies assigning a DDS Request Topic and a DDS Reply Topic to the DDS Service that handles those method calls according to the mapping rules specified in [SWS_CM_11100]. Since these DDS Topics may already be available in the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance (e.g., because a different Service Instance assigned to the same DomainParticipant may have created them), the service shall first look for existing Topics in the DomainParticipant matching the required criteria. If the search is unsuccessful, the DomainParticipant shall create new DDS Request and Reply Topics to represent the DDS Service as specified in [SWS_CM_11100].

Once the corresponding DDS Request and Reply Topics are ready for use, the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance shall create:

- [SWS_CM_11106] A DDS DataReader of the DDS Request Topic to handle requests using the DDS Subscriber created in [SWS_CM_90503].
- [SWS_CM_11107] A DDS DataWriter of the DDS Reply Topic to handle replies using the DDS Publisher created in [SWS_CM_90503].

Topic objects may be reused across service instances; therefore, they shall not be removed until the enclosing DomainParticipant is destroyed. \((RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00015, FO_RS_Dds_00016) \)

The handling of method calls with DDS is specified in 7.4.3.5.

[SWS_CM_90506]{DRAFT} Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Field in the ServiceInterface with its hasNotifier attribute equal to true [The DDS binding shall assign a DDS Topic to every field in the ServiceInterface with its hasNotifier attribute set to true according to the mapping rules specified in [SWS_CM_11130]. Since these DDS Topics may already be available in the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance (e.g., because a different Service Instance assigned to the same DomainParticipant may have created them), the service shall first look for existing Topics in the DomainParticipant matching the required criteria. If the search is unsuccessful, the DomainParticipant shall create a new DDS Topic to represent the field as defined in [SWS_CM_11130].

Once all DDS Topics representing the fields in the ServiceInterface are ready for use, the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance shall create one DDS DataWriter of the equivalent Topic per field with the hasNotifier attribute set to true using the DDS Publisher created in [SWS_CM_90503]. The DataWriter shall be configured according to the qosProfile specified in the associated DdsField-QosProps.

Topic objects may be reused across service instances; therefore, they shall not be removed until the enclosing DomainParticipant is destroyed. \((RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00005) \)



[SWS_CM_90507]{DRAFT} Assigning a DDS Request and Reply Topic, and DataWriters and DataReaders, to the Field Getters/Setters in the ServiceInterface [The DDS binding shall instantiate a DDS Service [22] to handle get/set requests to all the fields in the ServiceInterface with hasGetter and/or hasSetter set to true.

In practice, this implies assigning a DDS Request Topic and a DDS Reply Topic to the DDS Service according to the mapping rules specified in [SWS_CM_11144]. Since these DDS Topics may already be available in the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance (e.g., because a different Service Instance assigned to the same DomainParticipant may have created them), the service shall first look for existing Topics in the DomainParticipant matching the required criteria. If the search is unsuccessful, the DomainParticipant shall create new DDS Request and Reply Topics to represent the DDS Service as specified in [SWS_CM_11144].

Once the corresponding DDS Request and Reply Topics are ready for use, the DomainParticipant assigned to the Service Instance shall create:

- [SWS_CM_11149] A DDS DataReader of the DDS Request Topic to handle requests using the DDS Subscriber created in [SWS_CM_90503].
- [SWS_CM_11150] A DDS DataWriter of the DDS Reply Topic to handle replies using the DDS Publisher created in [SWS_CM_90503].

Topic objects may be reused across service instances; therefore, they shall not be removed until the enclosing DomainParticipant is destroyed. \((RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00204, RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00015, FO_RS_Dds_00016) \)

The handling of fields with DDS is specified in section 7.4.3.6.

[SWS_CM_90508]{DRAFT} Advertising Service IDs, Service Instance IDs, and ServiceInterface Contract Versions over the ara.com://services/discovery topic [The binding implementation shall configure DDS Topic, Publisher and DataWriter objects supporting the publication of announcement messages over the ara.com://services/discovery topic, whose type is ServiceAnnouncementMessage and is defined as follows¹⁰:

¹⁰DDS types are often defined in OMG IDL [24], which provides a standard language-independent format to represent data types and interfaces. Even though we use IDL throughout the specification to define data types, the use of IDL to is not mandated (i.e., a compliant implementation could choose to hand-craft these types, run code generation from an equivalent XML syntax, or run vendor-specific mechanisms to generate the actual data types).



Where:

interface_id is the Service Instance ID derived from the Manifest, where
 the DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment defines the serviceInterfaceId.
 The value of this field contributes to the topic instance key

instance_id is the Service Instance ID derived from the Manifest, where
 the DdsProvidedServiceInstance element defines the serviceInter faceId. The value of this field contributes to the topic instance key

version is derived from the Manifest, where the majorVersion element of the ServiceInterface defines the contract major version, and the minorVersion element of the ServiceInterface defines the contract minor version

identifier_type defines the protocol used by consumers of the Service Instance to bind themselves with it. This choice will determine topic naming, usage of partitions and the relevance of in-band instance identifiers in the following requirements: [SWS_CM_11015], [SWS_CM_11100], [SWS_CM_11130], [SWS_CM_11144] and [SWS_CM_10524].

In order to guarantee reception of <code>ServiceAnnouncementMessage</code> samples by all Service Interface consumers, including those joining after the Service Instance has been advertised, the following <code>DataWriterQoS</code> policies shall be set for the <code>ara.com:-//services/discovery</code> topic:

- RELIABILITY set to RELIABLE
- HISTORY set to KEEP_LAST with DEPTH set to 1
- DURABILITY set to TRANSIENT_LOCAL

Once the ara.com://services/discovery topic DataWriter is properly set up and ready to use, the offering Service Instance shall:

1. Instantiate a ServiceAnnouncementMessage sample, update it with the proper values uniquely identifying the Service Instance, and use it to register



via register_instance() a unique instance (keyed by interface_id and instance_id)

- 2. Use the Instance Handle returned by the previous step to publish the sample via write()
- 3. Keep a copy the sample and the Instance Handle for use upon Service Instance tear down (see [SWS_CM_11005])

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00101, RS_CM_00500, RS_CM_00501, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00007, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00015)

[SWS_CM_90509]{DRAFT} Mapping of StopOfferService method [When instructed to stop offering a Service, the DDS Binding shall perform the following operations:

- Call dispose() using the sample and the Instance Handle kept during Service Instance announcement (see [SWS CM 90508])
- It shall remove all DDS DataWriters associated with events in the ServiceInterface created in previous calls to the OfferService() method.
- It shall remove all DDS DataWriters and DataReaders associated with the ClientServerOperations defined in the role method created in previous calls to the OfferService() method.
- It shall remove all DDS DataWriters associated with fields in the ServiceInterface with their hasNotifier attribute set to true created in previous calls to the OfferService() method.
- It shall remove all DDS DataWriters and DataReaders associated with the fields in the ServiceInterface with hasGetter and/or hasSetter attributes set to true created in previous calls to the OfferService () method.

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00105, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00008)

[SWS_CM_90510]{DRAFT} **Mapping of FindService method** [When instructed to find remote Services, the DDS Binding shall perform the following operations:

- [SWS_CM_90511] It shall look for an existing DDS DomainParticipant capable of finding remote Services Instances. If such DomainParticipant does not exist, the DDS binding shall create a new one as specified in [SWS_CM_90512].
- [SWS_CM_90513] It shall create a DataReader matching the Topic and QoS policies defined by [SWS_CM_90508], looking into all samples received for those associated with Service Instances that: (1) match the filter criteria specified in the FindService() call, (2) have a compatible ServiceInterface contract version, and (3) have a ServiceInterface contract version that is not part of a DdsRequiredServiceInstance.blocklistedVersion.
- It shall return a HandleType object for every Service Instance that: (1) matches the filter criteria, (2) has a compatible ServiceInterface contract version, and



(3) has a ServiceInterface contract version that is not part of a DdsRequiredServiceInstance.blocklistedVersion.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_90511]{DRAFT} Finding a DDS DomainParticipant suitable for performing client-side operations | The DDS binding shall provide client-side methods with a DDS DomainParticipant capable of discovering and communicating with remote DDS DomainParticipants assigned to the requested Service Instance(s). The configuration of the DomainParticipant is described in the TPS ManifestSpecification:

- The Domain ID of the DomainParticipant shall be derived from the Manifest, where the DdsRequiredServiceInstance element defines the domainId.
- The QoS Profile of the DomainParticipant shall be derived from the Manifest, where the DdsRequiredServiceInstance element defines the gosProfile.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_90512]{DRAFT} Creating a DDS DomainParticipant suitable for performing client-side operations [To create a DomainParticipant capable of discovering and communicating with remote DDS DomainParticipants assigned to Service Instances, the binding implementation shall use the configuration parameters in the TPS_ManifestSpecification described in [SWS_CM_90511].] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_90513]{DRAFT} Discovering remote Service Instances through the ara.com://services/discovery topic \[DDS \] DomainParticipants created or retrieved in the context of Service Discoverty are responsible for discovering remote Domain-Participants assigned to ara::com Service Instances.

To retrieve a list of discovered Service Instances, the DDS binding shall process inbound ServiceAnnouncementMessage samples from the ara.com:/-/services/discovery topic. This shall be done by calling read() on the DataReader object defined by [SWS CM 90510].

If requiredServiceInstanceId is set to ALL, the binding shall return a new handle for each service instance declared by inbound ServiceAnnouncementMessage, as long as its interface_id field matches the corresponding serviceInterfaceId.

Else, if requiredServiceInstanceId is set to any value other than ALL, the binding should return a new handle for each service instance declared by inbound ServiceAnnouncementMessage, as long as its interface_id field matches the serviceInterfaceId and its instance_id field matches requiredServiceInstanceId.

In either case, before returning new handles, the binding implementation shall evaluate the ServiceInterface contract version for the corresponding Service Instance



in the content of the ServiceAnnouncementMessage samples. The binding shall return a new handle only if:

- The ServiceInterface contract version of the discovered service instance is compatible with the serviceInterfaceDeployment version of the DdsRequiredServiceInstance according to [RS_CM_00501]
- 2. The ServiceInterface contract version is not part of any DdsRequiredServiceInstance.blocklistedVersion, according to [RS CM 00701].

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_-Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_90514]{DRAFT} **Mapping of StartFindService method** [When instructed to start a continuous service search, the DDS Binding shall perform the following operations:

- [SWS_CM_90511] It shall look for an existing DDS DomainParticipant capable of finding remote Service Instances. If such DomainParticipant does not exist, the DDS binding shall create it as specified in [SWS_CM_90512].
- It shall continuously monitor arrival of ServiceAnnouncementMessage samples through the ara.com://services/discovery topic, calling FindServiceHandler whenever a matching Service Instance is discovered.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_90515]{DRAFT} Mapping of StopFindService method [When instructed to stop a continuous service search initiated by a previous call to StartFindService (), the DDS Binding shall perform the following operations:

- [SWS_CM_90511] It shall look for an existing DDS DomainParticipant capable of finding remote Service Instances. If such DomainParticipant does not exist, StopFindService() shall return and perform no further action.
- It shall stop monitoring the arrival of ServiceAnnouncementMessage samples through the ara.com://services/discovery topic.

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00200, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00008)

7.4.3.3 Handling Events

[SWS_CM_11015] Mapping Events to DDS Topics [The DDS binding shall map every VariableDataPrototype defined in the ServiceInterface in the role event to a DDS Topic. The equivalent DDS Topic shall be configured as follows:

• The Topic Name shall be derived from the Manifest according to the following rules:



- If the provided consumed Service Instance has or been advertised with the identifier type attribute to set SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION or SER-VICE INSTANCE RESOURCE INSTANCE ID, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<Major>.<Minor> /<TopicName>
- Additionally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION, then samples of this topic shall be sent and received via DataWriters and DataReaders whose respective parent Publisher and Subscriber objects include the following partition in the PARTITION QoS policy: ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceId>
- Finally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_TOPIC_PREFIX, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceID>/<Topic-Name>
- Where:
 - <InterfaceID> is the value of DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.
 serviceInterfaceId
 - <InstanceID> is the value of either DdsProvidedServiceInstance.
 serviceInstanceId or DdsRequiredServiceInstance.requiredServiceInstanceId
 - <Major> and <Minor> are the values of ServiceInterface.majorVersion and ServiceInterface.minorVersion, respectively
 - <TopicName> is the value of DdsEventDeployment.topicName
- The Topic Data Type shall be defined as specified in [SWS_CM_11016], and shall be registered under the equivalent data type name.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_-RS_Dds_00007, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_11016] DDS Topic data type definition The data type of a DDS Topic representing an Event shall be constructed according to the following IDL definition:

```
struct <eventTypeName>EventType {
    @key uint16 instance_id;
    <eventTypeName> data;
};
```

Where:

<eventTypeName> is the Cpp Implementation Data Type symbol



instance_id is a @key member of the type, which identifies all samples with the
 same instance_id as samples of the same Topic Instance.

data is the actual value of the event, which shall be constructed and encoded according to the DDS serialization rules. The @external annotation is optionally allowed, for cases where references yield implementation benefits over values.

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00007)

The DDS serialization rules are defined in section 7.4.3.7.

[SWS_CM_11017] Mapping of Send method [When instructed to send an event message, the DDS Binding shall construct a new sample of the equivalent DDS Topic data type (see [SWS CM 11016]) as follows:

- The Instance Id field (instance_id) shall be derived from the Manifest, where the DdsProvidedServiceInstance element defines the serviceInstance.
- The Data field (data) shall point to the data input parameter of the Send() method.

That sample shall be then passed as a parameter to the write() method of the DDS DataWriter associated with the event, which shall serialize the sample according to the serialization rules, and publish it over DDS. $\[(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00015) \]$

The DDS serialization rules are defined in section 7.4.3.7.

[SWS_CM_11018] Mapping of Subscribe method [When instructed to subscribe to an event, the DDS binding shall create a DDS DataReader using the DDS Subscriber created for the proxy in [SWS_CM_11009]. The rules to create the DataReader are specified in [SWS_CM_11019].

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00103, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00016)

[SWS_CM_11019] Creating a DDS DataReader for event subscription [The DDS binding shall create a DDS DataReader for the Topic associated with the event (see [SWS_CM_11015]). If the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION, to ensure the proxy communicates only with the service instance it is bound to, the binding implementation shall use the DDS Subscriber created in [SWS_CM_11002] (whose partition name is "ara.com://-services/<svcId>_<reqSvcInId>") to create the DataReader.

The DataReader shall be configured as follows:

• DataReaderQos shall be set as specified in the Manifest, where the DdsEventQosProps element defines the qosProfile that shall be used. To configure the DataReader's cache size according to the maxSampleCount specified in the Subscribe() method call, the value of the DataReader's HISTORY QoS specified in gosProfile shall be overridden as follows:



- history.kind = KEEP_LAST_HISTORY_QOS
- history.depth = <maxSampleCount>
- Listener shall be an instance of the DataReaderListener class specified in [SWS CM 11020].
- StatusMask shall be set to STATUS MASK NONE.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00103, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00016, FO_-RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_11020] Defining a DDS DataReaderListener [The DDS Binding implementation shall define a DataReaderListener class capable of handling notifications when a new sample is received and/or when the matched status of the subscription changes. This class shall derive from the standard DataReaderListener class [19], specifying that the samples to be handled are of the Topic data type specified in [SWS_CM_11016].

The DataReaderListener shall implement the following methods according to the specified instructions:

- A Constructor that initializes two member variables that hold references to an EventReceiveHandler and a SubscriptionStateChangeHandler.
- An on_data_available () method that calls the EventReceiveHandler if it has been set and there are valid samples in the DataReader's cache.
- An on_subscription_matched() method that calls GetSubscription—State() and passes the resulting SubscriptionState to Subscription—StateChangeHandler if it has been set.
- A set_event_receive_handler() method that takes as an input parameter a reference to an EventReceiveHandler and updates the member variable holding a reference to an EventReceiveHandler to point to the input parameter.
- A set_subscription_state_change_handler() method that takes as an input parameter a reference to a SubscriptionStateChangeHandler and updates the member variable holding a reference to a SubscriptionState—ChangeHandler to point to the input parameter.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00103, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_-RS_Dds_00016)

[SWS_CM_11021] Mapping of Unsubscribe method [When instructed to unsubscribe from a service event, the DDS binding shall delete the DataReader associated with the event.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00104, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)



[SWS_CM_11022] Mapping of GetSubscriptionState method [When instructed to provide the subscription state, the DDS binding shall check if the DataReader associated with the subscription exists:

- If it does exist, the binding shall call the DataReader's get_subscription_matched_status() method next.
 - If the total_count attribute of the resulting SubscriptionMatched— Status is greater than zero, GetSubscriptionState() shall return SubscriptionState = kSubscribed.
 - Otherwise, it shall return SubscriptionState = kSubscription-Pending.
- Else, if it does not exist—which indicates that either Subscribe() has never invoked or Unsubscribe() has been called before—GetSubscriptionState

 () shall return SubscriptionState = kNotSubscribed.

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00106, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00008)

[SWS_CM_11023] Mapping of GetNewSamples method [When instructed to get new samples, the DDS binding shall perform a take() on the DataReader as follows:

- If a maxNumberOfSamples is specified, the binding implementation shall invoke take() with max_samples = maxNumberOfSamples.
- Else, if no maxNumberOfSamples is specified (i.e., if maxNumberOfSamples is equal to the default value std::numeric_limits<std::size_t>::max()), the binding implementation shall invoke take() without specifying a max_samples limit.

After calling take(), the binding implementation shall invoke the Callable f for every valid sample taken from the DataReader's cache (i.e., every sample with SampleInfo.valid_data equal to true), providing f with a reference to the corresponding sample.

(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00202, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_11024] Mapping of GetFreeSampleCount method [When instructed to provide the number of free sample slots, the binding implementation shall return the number free sample slots in the DDS DataReader's cache.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_-00202, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_11025] Mapping of SetReceiveHandler method [When instructed to register an EventReceiveHandler, the binding implementation shall perform the following operations:

• It shall get a reference to the DataReader's listener using the get_listener() method.



- It shall use the set_event_receive_handler() method to instruct the listener to invoke the new EventReceiveHandler whenever there is data available.
- It shall update the DataReader's listener by calling set_listener() with listener equal to the new listener object and StatusMask set as follows:
 - If the original value of StatusMask was STATUS_MASK_NONE or DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS, set it to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS|SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS|SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS|SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS.

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00203, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00008)

[SWS_CM_11026] Mapping of UnsetReceiveHandler method [When instructed to unregister an EventReceiveHandler, the binding implementation shall perform the following operations:

- It shall get a reference to the DataReader's listener using the get_listener() method.
- It shall use the set_event_receive_handler() method to unset the internal EventReceiveHandler that is called whenever there is data available.
- It shall update the DataReader's listener by calling set_listener() with listener equal to the new listener object and StatusMask set as follows:
 - If the original value of StatusMask was STATUS_MASK_NONE or DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS, set it to STATUS_MASK_NONE.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was SUBSCRIP-TION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS|SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS.

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00203, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00008)

[SWS_CM_11027] Mapping of SetSubscriptionStateHandler method [When instructed to register a SubscriptionStateChangeHandler, the binding implementation shall perform the following operations:

• It shall get a reference to the DataReader's listener using the get_listener() method.



- It shall use the set subscription state change handler() method to instruct the listener to invoke the new SubscriptionStateChangeHandler whenever there is a change in the SubscriptionMatchedStatus.
- It shall update the DataReader's listener by calling set_listener() with listener equal to the new listener object and StatusMask set as follows:
 - If the original value of StatusMask was STATUS_MASK_NONE SUBSCRIPTION MATCHED STATUS, set it to SUBSCRIP-TION_MATCHED_STATUS.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS, set it to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS|SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS | SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS | SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS.

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00106, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00008)

[SWS CM 11028] Mapping of UnsetSubscriptionStateHandler method [When instructed to unregister a SubscriptionStateChangeHandler, the binding implementation shall perform the following operations:

- It shall get a reference to the DataReader's listener using the get_listener() method.
- It shall use the set_subscription_state_change_handler() method to instruct the listener to unset the internal SubscriptionStateChangeHandler that is called whenever there is a change in the SubscriptionMatchedStatus.
- It shall update the DataReader's listener by calling set listener () with listener equal to the new listener object and StatusMask set as follows:
 - If the original value of StatusMask was STATUS MASK NONE or SUB-SCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to STATUS_MASK_NONE.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS, set it to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS | SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to data_available_status.

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00106, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00008)



7.4.3.4 Handling Triggers

[SWS_CM_10524]{DRAFT} Mapping Triggers to DDS Topics [The DDS binding shall map every Trigger defined in the ServiceInterface in the role trigger to a DDS Topic. The equivalent DDS Topic shall be configured as follows:

- The Topic Name shall be derived from the Manifest according to the following rules:
 - provided If the consumed Service Instance or has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION or SER-VICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_INSTANCE_ID, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<Major>.<Minor> /<TopicName>
 - Additionally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION, then samples of this topic shall be sent and received via DataWriters and DataReaders whose respective parent Publisher and Subscriber objects include the following partition in the PARTITION QoS policy: ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceId>
 - Finally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_TOPIC_PREFIX, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceID>/<Topic-Name>
 - Where:
 - <InterfaceID> is the value of DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.
 serviceInterfaceId

 - <Major> and <Minor> are the values of ServiceInterface.majorVersion and ServiceInterface.minorVersion, respectively
 - <TopicName> is the value of DdsEventDeployment.topicName associated with the trigger
- The Topic Data Type shall be defined as specified in [SWS_CM_10525], and shall be registered under the equivalent data type name.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_-RS_Dds_00007, FO_RS_Dds_00008)



[SWS_CM_10525]{DRAFT} **DDS Topic data type definition** [The data type of a DDS Topic representing a trigger shall be constructed according to the following IDL definition:

```
1 struct TriggerType {
2    @key uint16 instanceIdentifier;
3 };
```

Where:

instance_id is a @key member of the type, which identifies all samples with the
 same instance_id as samples of the same Topic Instance.

```
(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00007)
```

[SWS_CM_10526]{DRAFT} **Mapping of Send method** [When instructed to send a trigger message, the DDS Binding shall construct a new sample of the equivalent DDS Topic data type (see [SWS_CM_10525]) as follows:

• The Instance Id field (instance_id) shall be derived from the Manifest, where the DdsProvidedServiceInstance element defines the serviceInstanceId.

That sample shall be then passed as a parameter to the write() method of the DDS DataWriter associated with the trigger, which shall serialize the sample according to the serialization rules, and publish it over DDS. \((RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_000015) \)

The DDS serialization rules are defined in section 7.4.3.7.

[SWS_CM_10527]{DRAFT} Mapping of Subscribe method [When instructed to subscribe to a trigger, the DDS binding shall create a DDS DataReader using the DDS Subscriber created for the proxy in [SWS_CM_11009] or [SWS_CM_90513]. The rules to create the DataReader are specified in [SWS_CM_10528].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00103, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00016)

[SWS_CM_10528]{DRAFT} Creating a DDS DataReader for trigger subscription [The DDS binding shall create a DDS DataReader for the Topic associated with the trigger (see [SWS_CM_10524]). If the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION, to ensure the proxy communicates only with the service instance it is bound to, the binding implementation shall use the DDS Subscriber created in [SWS_CM_11009] (whose partition name is "ara.com://services/<svcId>_<reqSvcInId>") to create the DataReader.

The DataReader shall be configured as follows:

- DataReaderQos shall be set as specified in the Manifest, where the DdsEventQosProps element defines the qosProfile that shall be used.
- Listener shall be an instance of the DataReaderListener class specified in [SWS_CM_11020].



• StatusMask shall be set to STATUS MASK NONE.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00103, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00016)

[SWS_CM_10529]{DRAFT} Defining a DDS DataReaderListener [The DDS Binding implementation shall define a DataReaderListener class capable of handling notifications when a new sample is received and/or when the matched status of the subscription changes. This class shall derive from the standard DataReaderListener class [19], specifying that the samples to be handled are of the Topic data type specified in [SWS_CM_10525].

The DataReaderListener shall implement the following methods according to the specified instructions:

- A Constructor that initializes two member variables that hold references to an TriggerReceiveHandler and a SubscriptionStateChangeHandler.
- An on_data_available() method that calls the TriggerReceiveHandler if it has been set and there are valid samples in the DataReader's cache.
- An on_subscription_matched() method that calls GetSubscription—State() and passes the resulting SubscriptionState to Subscription—StateChangeHandler if it has been set.
- A set_trigger_receive_handler() method that takes as an input parameter a reference to an TriggerReceiveHandler and updates the member variable holding a reference to an TriggerReceiveHandler to point to the input parameter.
- A set_subscription_state_change_handler() method that takes as an input parameter a reference to a SubscriptionStateChangeHandler and updates the member variable holding a reference to a SubscriptionState—ChangeHandler to point to the input parameter.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00103, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00016)

[SWS_CM_10530]{DRAFT} Mapping of Unsubscribe method [When instructed to unsubscribe from a service trigger, the DDS binding shall delete the DataReader associated with the trigger.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00104, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_10531]{DRAFT} **Mapping of GetSubscriptionState method** [When instructed to provide the subscription state, the DDS binding shall check if the DataReader associated with the subscription exists:

• If it does exist, the binding shall call the DataReader's get_subscription_matched_status() method next.



- If the total_count attribute of the resulting SubscriptionMatched-Status is greater than zero, GetSubscriptionState() shall return SubscriptionState = kSubscribed.
- Otherwise, it shall return SubscriptionState = kSubscription-Pending.
- Else, if it does not exist—which indicates that either Subscribe() has never invoked or Unsubscribe() has been called before—GetSubscriptionState () shall return SubscriptionState = kNotSubscribed.

(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00106, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_10532]{DRAFT} Mapping of GetNewTriggers method [When instructed to get new triggers, the DDS binding shall perform a take() on the DataReader without specifying a $max_samples$ limit.

After calling take(), the binding implementation shall increase the internal trigger count proportionally to the number of samples returned by take().](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00202, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_10534]{DRAFT} Mapping of SetReceiveHandler method [When instructed to register an TriggerReceiveHandler, the binding implementation shall perform the following operations:

- It shall get a reference to the DataReader's listener using the get_listener()
 method.
- It shall use the set_trigger_receive_handler() method to instruct the listener to invoke the new TriggerReceiveHandler whenever there is data available.
- It shall update the DataReader's listener by calling set_listener() with listener equal to the new listener object and StatusMask set as follows:
 - If the original value of StatusMask was STATUS_MASK_NONE or DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS, set it to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS|SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS|SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS|SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS.

(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00203, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00008)

[SWS_CM_10535]{DRAFT} Mapping of UnsetReceiveHandler method [When instructed to unregister an TriggerReceiveHandler, the binding implementation shall perform the following operations:



- It shall get a reference to the DataReader's listener using the get_listener() method.
- It shall use the set_trigger_receive_handler() method to unset the internal TriggerReceiveHandler that is called whenever there is data available.
- It shall update the DataReader's listener by calling set_listener() with listener equal to the new listener object and StatusMask set as follows:
 - If the original value of StatusMask was STATUS_MASK_NONE or DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS, set it to STATUS_MASK_NONE.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was SUBSCRIP-TION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS|SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS.

(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00203, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_10536]{DRAFT} Mapping of SetSubscriptionStateHandler method [When instructed to register a SubscriptionStateChangeHandler, the binding implementation shall perform the following operations:

- It shall get a reference to the DataReader's listener using the get_listener() method.
- It shall use the set_subscription_state_change_handler() method to instruct the listener to invoke the new SubscriptionStateChangeHandler whenever there is a change in the SubscriptionMatchedStatus.
- It shall update the DataReader's listener by calling set_listener() with listener equal to the new listener object and StatusMask set as follows:
 - If the original value of StatusMask was STATUS_MASK_NONE or SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS, set it to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS | SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS|SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS|SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00106, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_-RS_Dds_00016)

[SWS_CM_10537]{DRAFT} Mapping of UnsetSubscriptionStateHandler method [When instructed to unregister a SubscriptionStateChangeHandler, the binding implementation shall perform the following operations:



- It shall get a reference to the DataReader's listener using the get_listener() method.
- It shall use the set_subscription_state_change_handler() method to instruct the listener to unset the internal SubscriptionStateChangeHandler that is called whenever there is a change in the SubscriptionMatchedStatus.
- It shall update the DataReader's listener by calling set_listener() with listener equal to the new listener object and StatusMask set as follows:
 - If the original value of StatusMask was STATUS_MASK_NONE or SUB-SCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to STATUS_MASK_NONE.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS, set it to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS.
 - If the original value of StatusMask was DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS|SUBSCRIPTION_MATCHED_STATUS, set it to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00106, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00016)

7.4.3.5 Handling Method Calls

The RPC over DDS Specification (DDS-RPC) [22] introduces the concept of DDS Services. These Services provide the mechanisms required to define and implement methods that can be invoked remotely by DDS "client" applications using the building blocks of the DDS data-centric publish-subscribe middleware [19]. In this section, we specify how to handle ara::com method calls over DDS by defining the appropriate mapping between ara::com service methods and DDS service methods.

[SWS_CM_11100] Mapping Methods to DDS Service Methods and Topics [Every ServiceInterface containing one or more ClientServerOperations defined in the role method shall have an associated DDS Service to enable ara::com Service Instances to offer those operations, and to enable client applications to invoke them. The equivalent DDS Service shall provide all of the methods of the corresponding ServiceInterface.

DDS Services shall be constructed according to the Basic Service Mapping Profile of the RPC over DDS specification [22], which assigns two DDS Topics to every DDS Service: a Request Topic and a Reply Topic. Thus, every ServiceInterface containing one or more ClientServerOperations defined in the role method shall trigger the creation of two equivalent DDS Topics.

The equivalent DDS Request Topic shall be configured as follows:



- The Request Topic Name shall be derived from the Manifest according to the following rules:
 - If the provided or consumed Service Instance has been identifier_type advertised with the attribute set to SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION or SER-VICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_INSTANCE_ID, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<Major>.<Minor> /<TopicName>
 - Additionally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION, then samples of this topic shall be sent and received via DataWriters and DataReaders whose respective parent Publisher and Subscriber objects include the following partition in the PARTITION QoS policy: ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceId>
 - Finally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_TOPIC_PREFIX, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceID>/<Topic-Name>
 - <InterfaceID> is the value of DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.
 serviceInterfaceId

 - <Major> and <Minor> are the values of ServiceInterface.majorVersion and ServiceInterface.minorVersion, respectively
 - <TopicName> is the value of DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.
 methodRequestTopicName
- The Request Topic Data Type shall be defined as specified in [SWS_CM_11101], and shall be registered under the equivalent data type's name.

The equivalent DDS Reply Topic shall be configured as follows:

- The Reply Topic Name shall be derived from the Manifest according to the following rules:
 - If the provided consumed Service Instance or has been identifier_type advertised with the attribute set to SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION or SER-VICE INSTANCE RESOURCE INSTANCE ID, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<Major>.<Minor> /<TopicName>



- Additionally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION, then samples of this topic shall be sent and received via DataWriters and DataReaders whose respective parent Publisher and Subscriber objects include the following partition in the PARTITION QoS policy: ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceId>
- Finally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_TOPIC_PREFIX, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceID>/<Topic-Name>
- Where:
 - <InterfaceID> is the value of DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.
 serviceInterfaceId
 - <InstanceID> is the value of either DdsProvidedServiceInstance.
 serviceInstanceId or DdsRequiredServiceInstance.requiredServiceInstanceId
 - <Major> and <Minor> are the values of ServiceInterface.majorVersion and ServiceInterface.minorVersion, respectively
 - <TopicName> is the value of DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.
 methodReplyTopicName
- The Reply Topic Data Type shall be defined as specified in [SWS_CM_11102], and shall be registered under the equivalent data type's name.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_11101] DDS Service Request Topic data type definition [As specified in section 7.5.1.1.6 of [22], the Request Topic data type is a structure composed of a Request Header with meta-data a Call Structure with data. The IDL definition of the Request Topic data type is the following:

```
struct <svcId>Method_Request {
    dds::rpc::RequestHeader header;
    <svcId>Method_Call data;
};
```

Where:

<svcId> is the corresponding serviceInterfaceId.

dds::rpc::RequestHeader is the standard Request Header defined in section
7.5.1.1.1 of [22].



<svcId>Method_Call is the union that holds the value of the input parameters of the corresponding methods, according to the rules specified in section 7.5.1.1.6 of [22].

dds::rpc::RequestHeader shall be constructed as specified in section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22]. On top of that, the binding implementation shall set instanceName (a member of the RequestHeader structure that specifies the DDS Service instance name) to a string representation of the serviceInstanceId of the service instance that provides the methods.

<svcId>Method_Call shall be constructed as specified in section 7.5.1.1.6 of [22]:

- The name of the union shall be <svcId>Method_Call.
- The union discriminator shall be a 32-bit signed integer.
- The union shall have a default case of type dds::rpc::UnknownOperation (defined in section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22]) for unsupported and unknown operations.
- The union shall have a case label for each ClientServerOperation defined in the ServiceInterface with the role method, where:
 - The integer value of the case label shall be a 32-bit hash of the ClientServerOperation's shortName. The binding implementation shall compute the hash as specified in section 7.5.1.1.2 of [22]. Representations of the service interface in OMG IDL [24] shall define 32-bit signed integer constants (i.e., const int32 <svcId>Method_<methodName> _Hash; where <methodName> is the shortName of the ClientServerOperation) to simplify the representation of the union cases (see below).
 - The member name for the case label shall be the shortName of the ClientServerOperation.
 - The type for each case label shall be <svcId>Method_<methodName>
 _In, which shall be constructed as specified in section 7.5.1.1.4 of [22] (see below).

The IDL definition of the <svcId>Method_Call union is the following:

```
union <svcId>Method_Call switch(int32) {
default:
    dds::rpc::UnknownOperation unknownOp;

case <svcId>Method_<methodOName>_Hash:
    <svcId>Method_<methodOName>_In <methodOName>;

case <svcId>Method_<methodIName>_Hash:
    <svcId>Method_<methodIName>_In <methodIName>;

// ...
case <svcId>Method_<methodIName>_In <methodIName>;
<svcId>Method_<methodIName>_In <methodIName>;
<svcId>Method_<methodIName>_In <methodIName>;
</screen/
```

As defined in section 7.5.1.1.4 of [22], the <svcId>Method_<methodName>_In structure shall contain as members all the ArgumentDataPrototypes of the



In accordance with [22], for methods with no input parameters, the DDS binding shall generate a <svcId>Method_<methodName>_In structure with a single member named dummy of type dds::rpc::UnusedMember (see section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22]).

The resulting Request Topic data type shall be encoded according to the DDS serialization rules. Unions, such as the <svcId>Method_Call union, shall be serialized as specified in section 7.4.3.5 of [21]. \((RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00200, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00007) \)

[SWS_CM_11102] DDS Service Reply Topic data type definition [As specified in section 7.5.1.1.7 of [22], the Reply Topic data type is a structure composed of a Reply Header with meta-data and a Return Structure with data. The IDL definition of the Reply Topic data type is the following:

```
struct <svcId>Method_Reply {
    dds::rpc::ReplyHeader header;
    <svcId>Method_Return data;
};
```

Where:

<svcId> is the corresponding serviceInterfaceId.

dds::rpc::ReplyHeader is the standard Reply Header defined in section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22].

<svcId>Method_Return is the union that holds the return values (i.e., return values, output parameter values, and/or errors) of the corresponding response, according to the rules specified in section 7.5.1.1.7 of [22].

dds::rpc::ReplyHeader shall be constructed as specified in section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22].

<svcId>Method_Return shall be constructed as specified in section 7.5.1.1.7 of
[22]:

- The name of the union shall be svcId>MethodReturn.
- The union discriminator shall be a 32-bit signed integer.
- The union shall have a default case of type dds::rpc::UnknownOperation (defined in section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22]) for unsupported and unknown operations.



- The union shall have a case label for each ClientServerOperation defined in the ServiceInterface with the role method, where:
 - The integer value of the case label shall be a 32-bit hash of the ClientServerOperation's shortName. The binding implementation shall compute the hash as specified in section 7.5.1.1.2 of [22]. Representations of the service interface in OMG IDL [24] shall define 32-bit signed integer constants (i.e., const int32 <svcId>Method_<methodName> _Hash; where <methodName> is the shortName of the ClientServerOperation) to simplify the representation of the union cases (see below).
 - The member name for the case label shall be the shortName of the ClientServerOperation.
 - The type for each case label shall be <svcId>Method_<methodName> _Result, which shall be constructed as specified in section 7.5.1.1.4 of [22] (see below).

The IDL definition of <svcId>Method_Return is the following:

As defined in section 7.5.1.1.5 of [22], the sult union shall be constructed as follows:

- The union discriminator shall be a 32-bit signed integer.
- The union shall have a case with label dds::RETCODE_OK to represent a successful return:
 - The value of RETCODE_OK shall be 0x00, as specified in section 2.3.3 of [19].
 - The successful case shall have a single member named result of type <svcId>Method_<methodName>_Out (see below).
- The union shall also have a case with label dds::RETCODE_ERROR to represent the ApapplicationError the method may return:
 - The value of RETCODE_ERROR shall be 0x01, as specified in section 2.3.3 of [19].
 - The error case shall have a single member named error of type ara:: core::ErrorCode (see [SWS CM 10428]).



The IDL representation of <svcId>Method_<methodName>_Result is the following:

Lastly, as defined in section 7.5.1.1.5 of [22], the <svcId>Method_<methodName> _Out structure be constructed as follows:

- The structure shall contain as members all the ArgumentDataPrototypes of the ClientServerOperation with direction set to out or inout.
- The members of the structure representing out and inout arguments shall appear in the structure in the same order as they were declared.
- If the method has no out, and no inout arguments, the structure shall contain a single member named dummy of type dds::rpc::UnusedMember (in accordance with section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22]).

The IDL representation of <svcId>Method_<methodName>_Out is the following:

The resulting Reply Topic data type shall be encoded according to the DDS serialization rules. Unions, such as the svcId>Method_<methodName>_Result union, shall be serialized as specified in section 7.4.3.5 of [21]. \(\text{[21].} \text{[RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00200, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00007)} \)

[SWS_CM_10431] Mapping of ara::core::ErrorCode [A ApApplicationError shall be represented according to the following IDL [24]:

```
1 module dds {
2 module ara {
3 module core {
4
5 struct ErrorCode {
6    uint64 error_domain_value;
7    int32 error_code;
8 };
9
10 }; // module core
11 }; // module ara
12 }; // module dds
```

Where:



error_domain_value is a 64-bit unsigned integer representing the ApApplicationErrorDomain. value, to which the raised ApApplicationError belongs.

ara::core::ErrorCode shall be serialized according to the DDS serialization rules. Since IDL modules are translated to C++ namespaces during IDL to C++ code generation, the additional top-level module dds prevents clashing of the generated C++ type with ara::com's own ara::core::ErrorCode definition. | (RS_CM_00204, FO_RS_-Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00007)

The DDS serialization rules are defined in section 7.4.3.7.

[SWS_CM_11103] Creating a DataWriter to handle method requests on the client side [The DDS binding shall create a DDS DataWriter for the Request Topic associated with the methods of the ServiceInterface (see [SWS_CM_11101]) upon proxy instantiation.

If the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the <code>identifier_type</code> attribute set to <code>SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION</code>, to ensure the proxy communicates only with the service instance it is bound to, the binding implementation shall use the DDS Publisher created in [SWS_CM_11009] (whose partition name is "ara.com://services/<svcId>_<reqSvcInId>") to create the DataWriter.

The DataWriter shall be configured as follows:

• DataWriterQos shall be set as specified in the Manifest, where the DdsRequiredServiceInstance element defines the qosProfile that shall be used.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00015)

[SWS_CM_11104] Creating a DataReader to handle method responses on the client side [The DDS binding shall create a DDS DataReader for the Reply Topic associated with the methods of the ServiceInterface (see [SWS_CM_11102]) upon proxy instantiation.

If the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the <code>identifier_type</code> attribute set to <code>SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION</code>, to ensure the proxy communicates only with the service instance it is bound to, the binding implementation shall use the DDS Subscriber created in [SWS_CM_11009] (whose partition name is "ara.com://services/<svcId>_<reqSvcInId>") to create the DataReader.

The DataReader shall be configured as follows:



• DataReaderQos shall be set as specified in the Manifest, where the DdsRequiredServiceInstance element defines the qosProfile that shall be used.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00215, FO_RS_Dds_-00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00016)

[SWS_CM_11105] Creating a DataReader to handle method requests on the server side [The DDS binding shall create a DDS DataReader for the Request Topic associated with the methods of the ServiceInterface (see [SWS_CM_11101]) as part of the OfferService() operation (see [SWS_CM_11001]).

If the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION, the binding shall use the DDS Subscriber created in [SWS_CM_11002] (whose partition name is "ara.com://services/<svcId>_<svcInId>") to create the DataReader.

The DataReader shall be configured as follows:

- DataReaderQos shall be set as specified in the Manifest, where the DdsProvidedServiceInstance element defines the gosProfile that shall be used.
- Listener and StatusMask shall be set according to the value of Method-CallProcessingMode that was selected in the constructor of the ServiceSkeleton class:
 - For MethodCallProcessingMode = kEvent or kEventSingleThread, Listener shall be set to an instance of the DataReaderListener class specified in [SWS_CM_11110], and StatusMask shall be set to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS.
 - For MethodCallProcessingMode = kPoll, Listener shall remain unset, and StatusMask shall be set to STATUS_MASK_NONE.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00016)

[SWS_CM_11106] Creating a DataWriter to handle method responses on the server side [The DDS binding shall create a DDS DataWriter for the Reply Topic associated with the methods of the ServiceInterface (see [SWS_CM_11102]) as part of the OfferService() operation (see [SWS_CM_11101]).

If the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the <code>identifier_type</code> attribute set to <code>SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION</code>, the binding implementation shall use the DDS Publisher created in [SWS_CM_11002] (whose partition name is "ara.com://services/<svcId>_<svcInId>") to create the DataWriter.

The DataWriter shall be configured as follows:

• DataWriterQos shall be set as specified in the Manifest, where the DdsPro-videdServiceInstance element defines the qosProfile that shall be used.



](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00015)

[SWS_CM_11107] Calling a service method from the client side [When instructed to call a method from the client side, the DDS binding shall construct a new sample of the Request Topic—an instance of the Request Topic data type defined in [SWS_CM_11101])—as follows:

- To initialize the RequestHeader object,
 - requestId shall be set by the underlying DDS implementation according to the rules specified in [22].
 - instanceName shall be set by the binding implementation to the serviceInstanceId of the remote service instance.
- To initialize the <svcId>Method_Call object, the binding implementation shall first select the appropriate union case (as specified in [SWS_CM_11101], the hash of the method's name is the union discriminator that selects the union case), and then set accordingly the structure containing all the in and inout arguments.

That sample shall then be passed as a parameter to the write() method of the DDS DataWriter created in [SWS_CM_11103] to handle method requests on the client side, which shall serialize the sample according to the DDS serialization rules, and publish it over DDS. | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_000015)

The DDS serialization rules are defined in section 7.4.3.7.

[SWS_CM_11108] Notifying the client of a response to a method call [To notify the client application of a response as a result of a method call, the DDS binding implementation shall invoke either the set_value() operation or the SetError() operation of the ara::core::Promise corresponding to the ara::core::Future that is returned to the caller.

If the discriminator of the svcId>Method_<methodName>_Result union holding
the response for the specific method call in the received DDS Reply Topic sample is
dds::RETCODE_OK (i.e., 0 as defined in [19]), the binding implementation shall call the
ara::core::Promise's set_value() operation (see [SWS_CORE_00345] and
[SWS_CORE_00346]) using the members representing the out and inout arguments in the corresponding svcId>Method_<methodName>_Out result (see
[SWS_CM_11102]).

Else, for any other discriminator value, the binding implementation shall call the ara:: core::Promise's SetError() operation (see [SWS_CORE_00353]) with the corresponding ara::core::ErrorCode, which is based on the corresponding ApApplicationError (see [SWS_CM_11102]).

In either case, the associated set operation shall be performed upon the reception of a new Reply Topic sample by the corresponding DDS DataReader (see



[SWS_CM_11104]). The DDS binding shall use the DataReader's take() to process the sample. Moreover, to correlate a request with a response, the binding shall compare the header.relatedRequestId of the received sample with the original requestId that was set and sent in [SWS_CM_11107]^{11_12}.

If a received <code>relatedRequestId</code> does not correspond to a <code>requestId</code> that has been sent by the client, the response shall be discarded. $\[(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00215, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00015) \]$

[SWS_CM_11109] Processing a method call on the server side (event driven) [In case a MethodCallProcessingMode of either kEvent or kEventSingleThread has been passed to the constructor of the ServiceSkeleton (see [SWS_CM_00130]), the binding implementation shall create a DataReaderListener to process the requests asynchronously—as described in [SWS_CM_11110]—and attach an instance of it to the DataReader processing the requests in accordance with [SWS_CM_11105]. The listener is responsible for identifying the method that shall process the request and dispatch it (see [SWS_CM_11110]).](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00016)

[SWS_CM_11110] Creating a DataReaderListener to process asynchronous requests on the server side [According to [SWS_CM_11105], a MethodCallProcessingMode of either kEvent or kEventSingleThread requires the instantiation of a DataReaderListener to process asynchronously requests on the server side. The resulting listener shall derive from the standard DataReaderListener class [19], specifying that the data type of the samples to be handled is the Request Topic data type defined in [SWS_CM_11101].

The DataReaderListener shall implement the following methods according to the specified instructions:

• An on_data_available() method responsible for reading the received requests from the DataReader's cache—using the take() operation—and dispatching them to the appropriate methods for processing. To identify the method of the ServiceSkeleton class that shall process each request, on_data_available() shall use the union discriminator of the <svcId> Method_Call and provide the destination method with the specific Argument—DataPrototypes in the union case.

 $^{^{11}} The~RPC$ over DDS specification [22] does not mandate a specific mechanism or context to invoke the <code>take()</code> operation on the DataReader that subscribes to method replies.Implementers of this specification may therefore follow different approaches to address this issue.

¹²For instance, a proxy could provide a <code>ara::core::Map<dds::SampleIdentity</code>, <code>ara::core::Promise<T>> to hold the <code>ara::core::Promises</code> assigned to every request (identified by their <code>dds::SampleIdentity requestId</code>), and install a <code>DataReaderListener</code> (on the DataReader created in [SWS_CM_11104]) with an <code>on_data_available()</code> method that could call the setter of the corresponding <code>ara::core::Promise</code> using the <code>relatedRequestId</code> of the received Reply Topic sample to address it. Alternatively, a compliant solution could also call <code>take()</code> in the context of a <code>std::async</code> using a <code>dds::core::Waitset[19]</code> to block until the reception of the expected sample.</code>



](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00016)

[SWS_CM_11111] Processing a method call on the server side (polling) [In case a MethodCallProcessingMode of kPoll has been passed to the constructor of the ServiceSkeleton (see [SWS_CM_00130]), the ProcessNextMethodCall method is be responsible for calling take() on the DataReader processing the Request Topic associated with the service (see [SWS_CM_11105]). ProcessNextMethodCall, shall take only the first sample from the DataReader's cache and dispatch the call the appropriate service method (see [SWS_CM_00191]) of the ServiceSkeleton class according to the value of the discriminator of the <sv-cld>Method_Call union and provide the destination method with the specific ArgumentDataPrototypes in the union case.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00016)

[SWS_CM_11112] Sending a method call response from the server side [The binding implementation shall send a response upon the return (either as a result of a normal return or through one of the possible ApApplicationErrors referenced by the ClientServerOperation in the role possibleApError) of the service method (see [SWS_CM_10306] and [SWS_CM_10307]).

To send the response, the DDS binding shall construct a new sample of the Reply Topic —an instance of the Reply Topic data type defined in [SWS_CM_11102])—as follows:

- To initialize the ReplyHeader object,
 - relatedRequestId shall be set to the value of the header.requestId attribute of the request that triggered the method call (see [SWS CM 11107]).
- To initialize the <svcId>Method_Return object, the binding implementation shall:
 - Select the appropriate union case (as specified in [SWS_CM_11102], the hash of the method's name is the union discriminator that selects the union case).
 - Set the <svcId>Method_<methodName>_Result union selecting its union discriminator based on whether the operation generated the correct result or raised an ApApplicationError:
 - * If operation generated the correct result, the binding shall select the union case for dds::RETCODE_OK and set the <svcId>Method_</ri>
 <methodName> Out structure with all the out and inout arguments.
 - * Otherwise, if the operation raised an ApapplicationError, the binding shall select the union case 0x01 and construct the corresponding ara::core::ErrorCode (see [SWS_CM_11102]).

The sample shall then be passed as a parameter to the write() method of the DDS DataWriter created in [SWS CM 11105] to handle method responses on the server



side, which shall serialize the sample according to the DDS serialization rules, and publish it over DDS. $\[(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00008, FO RS Dds 00015) \]$

The DDS serialization rules are defined in section 7.4.3.7.

7.4.3.6 Handling Fields

[SWS_CM_11130] Mapping Fields with hasNotifier attribute to DDS Topics [The DDS binding shall assign a DDS Topic to every Field defined in the ServiceInterface in the role field with hasNotifier = true to enable its notification semantics over DDS. The equivalent DDS Topic shall be configured as follows:

- The Topic Name shall be derived from the Manifest according to the following rules:
 - If the provided or consumed Service Instance has been identifier_type advertised with the attribute set SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION orser-VICE INSTANCE RESOURCE INSTANCE ID, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<Major>.<Minor> /<TopicName>
 - Additionally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION, then samples of this topic shall be sent and received via DataWriters and DataReaders whose respective parent Publisher and Subscriber objects include the following partition in the PARTITION QoS policy: ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceId>
 - Finally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_TOPIC_PREFIX, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceID>/<Topic-Name>
 - Where:
 - <InterfaceID> is the value of DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.
 serviceInterfaceId
 - <InstanceID> is the value of either DdsProvidedServiceInstance.
 serviceInstanceId or DdsRequiredServiceInstance.requiredServiceInstanceId
 - <Major> and <Minor> are the values of ServiceInterface.majorVersion and ServiceInterface.minorVersion, respectively



<TopicName> is the value of DdsEventDeployment.topicName defined
for DdsFieldDeployment in the notifier role

• The Topic Data Type shall be defined as specified in [SWS_CM_11131], and shall be registered under the equivalent data type's name.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_-RS_Dds_00005)

[SWS_CM_11131] Field Notifier DDS Topic data type definition The data type of a DDS Topic representing a Field Notifier shall be constructed according to the following IDL definition:

```
struct <fieldTypeName>FieldNotifierType {
    @key uint16 instance_id;
    <fieldTypeName> data;
};
```

Where:

<fieldTypeName> is the Cpp Implementation Data Type symbol [25].

instance_id is a @key member of the type, which identifies all samples with the same instance_id as samples of the same Topic Instance.

data is the actual value of the field, which shall be constructed and encoded according to the DDS serialization rules. The @external annotation is optionally allowed, for cases where references yield implementation benefits over values.

```
(RS CM 00204, RS CM 00201, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00007)
```

The DDS serialization rules are defined in section 7.4.3.7.

[SWS_CM_11132] Mapping of Update method [When instructed to transmit a field notification message, the DDS binding shall construct a new sample of the equivalent DDS Topic data type (see [SWS_CM_11131]) as follows:

- The Instance Id field (instance_id) shall be derived from the Manifest, where the DdsProvidedServiceInstance element defines the serviceInstance.
- The Data field (data) shall point to the data input parameter of the Update() method.

That sample shall be then passed as a parameter to the write() method of the DDS DataWriter associated with the field, which shall serialize the sample according to the DDS serialization rules specified, and publish it over DDS. \(\frac{(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_000015)} \)

The DDS serialization rules are defined in section 7.4.3.7.

[SWS_CM_11133] Mapping of Subscribe method [When instructed to subscribe to a field, the DDS binding shall create a DDS DataReader to handle the subscription using the DDS Subscriber created for the proxy in [SWS_CM_11002]. The rules to create



the DataReader are specified in [SWS_CM_11134].] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00103, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00016)

[SWS_CM_11134] Creating a DDS DataReader for field subscription [The DDS binding shall create a DDS DataReader for the Topic associated with the field (see [SWS_CM_11130]). If the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION, to ensure the proxy communicates only with the service intsance it is bound to, the binding implementation shall use the DDS Subscriber created in [SWS_CM_11009] (whose partition name is "ara.com://services/<svcId>_<reqSvcInId>") to create the DataReader.

The DataReader shall be configured as follows:

- DataReaderQos shall be set as specified in the Manifest, where the DdsField-QosProps element defines the qosProfile that shall be used. To configure the DataReader's cache size according to the field subscription semantics, the maxSampleCount specified in the Subscribe() method call, the value of the DataReader's HISTORY QoS specified in qosProfile shall be overridden as follows:
 - history.kind = KEEP_LAST_HISTORY_QOS
 - history.depth = <maxSampleCount>

Moreover, to ensure that the proxy received the current value of the field as soon as it creates the subscription, the DataReaders's DURABILITY QoS shall be overridden as follows:

- durability.kind = TRANSIENT_LOCAL_DURABILITY_QOS

Likewise, the RELIABILITY QoS shall be overridden as follows:

- reliability.kind = RELIABLE_RELIABILITY_QOS
- Listener shall be an instance of the DataReaderListener class specified in [SWS_CM_11135].
- StatusMask shall be set to STATUS_MASK_NONE.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00103, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_-RS_Dds_00016, FO_RS_Dds_00005)

[SWS_CM_11135] Creating a DDS DataReaderListener for field subscription [The DDS implementation shall define a DataReaderListener class to handle field notifications when a new sample is received and/or the matched status of the subscription changes following the instructions specified in [SWS_CM_11020].

The DataReaderListener class shall specify that the samples to be handled are of the Topic data type specified in [SWS_CM_11131].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00103, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00005, FO_RS_Dds_00016)



- [SWS_CM_11136] Mapping of Unsubscribe method [When instructed to unsubscribe from a field event, the DDS binding shall delete the DataReader associated with the field notifier.] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00104, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)
- [SWS_CM_11137] Mapping of GetSubscriptionState method [The GetSubscriptionState method shall be mapped as specified in [SWS_CM_11022] using the DataReader created in [SWS_CM_11134].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00106, FO_-RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)
- [SWS_CM_11138] Mapping of GetNewSamples method [The GetNewSamples method shall be mapped as specified in [SWS_CM_11023] using the DataReader created in [SWS_CM_11134].] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00202, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)
- [SWS_CM_11139] Mapping of GetFreeSampleCount method [The GetFreeSampleCount method shall be mapped as specified in [SWS_CM_11024] using the DataReader created in [SWS_CM_11134].] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00202, FO_-RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)
- [SWS_CM_11140] Mapping of SetReceiveHandler method [The SetReceiveHandler method shall be mapped as specified in [SWS_CM_11025] using the DataReader created in [SWS_CM_11134].] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00203, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)
- [SWS_CM_11141] Mapping of UnsetReceiveHandler method | The UnsetReceiveHandler method shall be mapped as specified in [SWS_CM_11026] using the DataReader created in [SWS_CM_11134]. | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00203, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)
- [SWS_CM_11142] Mapping of SetSubscriptionStateHandler method [The SetSubscriptionStateHandler method shall be mapped as specified in [SWS_CM_11027] using the DataReader created in [SWS_CM_11134].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00106, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)
- [SWS_CM_11143] Mapping of UnsetSubscriptionStateHandler method | The UnsetSubscriptionStateHandler method shall be mapped as specified in [SWS_CM_11028] using the DataReader created in [SWS_CM_11134]. | (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00106, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)
- [SWS_CM_11144] Mapping of Field Get/Set methods to DDS Service Methods and Topics [Every ServiceInterface containing one or more Fields defined in the role field with hasGetter or hasSetter attributes set to true shall have an associated DDS Service to enable ara::com Service Instances to offer those operations, and to enable client applications to invoke them. The equivalent DDS Service shall provide the getter and setter methods for all the fields in the corresponding ServiceInterface.

In compliance with [SWS_CM_11100], these DDS Services shall be constructed according to the Basic Service Mapping Profile of the RPC over DDS specification [22].



Thus, every ServiceInterface containing one or more fields with the hasGetter or hasSetter attributes enabled shall trigger the creation of a pair of DDS Topics: a Request Topic and a Reply Topic.

The equivalent DDS Request Topic shall be configured as follows:

- The Request Topic Name shall be derived from the Manifest according to the following rules:
 - If provided Service the or consumed Instance has been advertised with attribute the identifier_type set to SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION or SER-VICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_INSTANCE_ID, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<Major>.<Minor> /<TopicName>
 - Additionally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION, then samples of this topic shall be sent and received via DataWriters and DataReaders whose respective parent Publisher and Subscriber objects include the following partition in the PARTITION QoS policy: ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceId>
 - Finally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_TOPIC_PREFIX, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceID>/<Topic-Name>
 - Where:
 - <InterfaceID> is the value of DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.
 serviceInterfaceId
 - <InstanceID> is the value of either DdsProvidedServiceInstance.
 serviceInstanceId or DdsRequiredServiceInstance.requiredServiceInstanceId
 - <Major> and <Minor> are the values of ServiceInterface.majorVersion and ServiceInterface.minorVersion, respectively
 - <TopicName> is the value of DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.
 fieldRequestTopicName
- The Request Topic Data Type shall be defined as specified in [SWS_CM_11145].

The equivalent DDS Reply Topic shall be configured as follows:

• The Reply Topic Name shall be derived from the Manifest according to the following rules:



- If the provided consumed Service Instance has or been advertised with the identifier type attribute to set SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION or SER-VICE INSTANCE RESOURCE INSTANCE ID, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<Major>.<Minor> /<TopicName>
- Additionally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION, then samples of this topic shall be sent and received via DataWriters and DataReaders whose respective parent Publisher and Subscriber objects include the following partition in the PARTITION QoS policy: ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceId>
- Finally, if the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the identifier_type attribute set to SER-VICE_INSTANCE_TOPIC_PREFIX, then the topic name shall be set to ara.com://services/<InterfaceID>/<InstanceID>/<Topic-Name>
- Where:
 - <InterfaceID> is the value of DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.
 serviceInterfaceId
 - <InstanceID> is the value of either DdsProvidedServiceInstance.
 serviceInstanceId or DdsRequiredServiceInstance.requiredServiceInstanceId
 - <Major> and <Minor> are the values of ServiceInterface.majorVersion and ServiceInterface.minorVersion, respectively
 - <TopicName> is the value of DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment. fieldReplyTopicName
- The Reply Topic Data Type shall be defined as specified in [SWS CM 11146].

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_-Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00005)

[SWS_CM_11145] DDS Service Request Topic data type definition for Field getter and setter operations [As specified in section 7.5.1.1.6 of [22], the Request Topic data type is a structure composed of a Request Header with meta-data and a Call Structure with data. The IDL definition of the Request Topic data type for the DDS Service handling field getters and setters is the following:

```
struct <svcId>Field_Request {
    dds::rpc::RequestHeader header;
    <svcId>Field_Call data;
};
```



Where:

<svcId> is the corresponding serviceInterfaceId.

dds::rpc::RequestHeader is the standard Request Header defined in section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22].

<svcId>Field_Call is the union that holds the value of the input parameters of the corresponding methods, according to the rules specified in section 7.5.1.1.6 of [22].

dds::rpc::RequestHeader shall be constructed as specified in section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22]. On top of that, the binding implementation shall set the instanceName (a member of the RequestHeader structure that specifies the DDS service instance name) to a string representation of the serviceInstanceId of the service instance that provides the fields (which have getters or setters).

<svcId>Field_Call shall be constructed as specified in section 7.5.1.1.6 of [22].

- The name of the union shall be <svcId>Field_Call.
- The union discriminator shall be a 32-bit signed integer.
- The union shall have a default case of type dds::rpc::UnknownOperation (defined in section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22]) for unsupported and unknown operations.
- The union shall have a case label for each hasGetter and hasSetter attribute equal to true in the Fields defined in the ServiceInterface with the role field, where:
 - The integer value of the case label shall be a 32-bit hash of the field getter or setter name. That is, "Get<fieldName>" and "Set<field-Name>"; where <fieldName> is the shortName of the Field. The binding implementation shall compute the hash as specified in section 7.5.1.1.2 of [22]. Representations of the service interface in OMG IDL [24] shall define 32-bit signed integer constants (i.e., const int32 <svcId>Field_Get<fieldName>_Hash or const int32 <svcId>Field_Set<fieldName>_Hash) to simplify the representation of the union cases (see below).
 - The member name for the case label shall be get<FieldName> for getter methods and set<FieldName> for setter methods.
 - The type for each case level shall be <svcId>Field_Get<fieldName> _In for getter methods, and <svcId>Field_Set<fieldName>_In for setter methods, which shall be constructed as specified in section 7.5.1.1.4 of [22] (see below).

The IDL definition of the <svcId>Field_Call union is the following:

```
union <svcId>Field_Call switch(int32) {
default:
dds::rpc::UnknownOperation unknownOp;
```



According to 7.5.1.1.4 of [22], <svcId>Field_Set<FieldName>_In structures shall contain as member, the corresponding StdCppImplementationDataType representing the value of Field to be set. Conversely, <svcId>Field_Get<FieldName> _In shall contain a single member named dummy of type dds::rpc::UnusedMember (see section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22]) to indicate that the method has no input parameters.

The resulting Request Topic data type shall be encoded according to the DDS serialization rules. Unions, such as the $<svcId>Field_Call$ union, shall be serialized as specified in section 7.4.3.5 of [21].](RS_CM_00204 , RS_CM_00212 , RS_CM_00213 , $FO_RS_Dds_00001$, $FO_RS_Dds_00007$)

[SWS_CM_11146] DDS Service Reply Topic data type definition for Field getter and setter operations [As specified in section 7.5.1.1.7 of [22], the Reply Topic data type is a structure composed of a Reply Header with meta-data and a Return Structure with data. The IDL definition of the Reply Topic data type for the DDS Service handling field getters and setters is the following:

```
struct <svcId>Field_Reply {
    dds::rpc::ReplyHeader header;
    <svcId>Field_Return data;
};
```

Where:

<svcId> is the corresponding serviceInterfaceId.

dds::rpc::ReplyHeader is the standard Reply Header defined in section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22].

<svcId>Field_Return is the union that holds the return values of the corresponding response, according to the rules specified in section 7.5.1.1.7 of [22].

dds::rpc::ReplyHeader shall be constructed as specified in section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22].

<svcId>Field_Return shall be constructed as specified in section 7.5.1.1.7 of [22]:

• The name of the union shall be <svcId>Field Return.



- The union discriminator shall be a 32-bit signed integer.
- The union shall have a default case of type dds::rpc::UnknownOperation (defined in section 7.5.1.1.1 of [22]) for unsupported and unknown operations.
- The union shall have a case label for each hasGetter and hasSetter attribute equal to true in the Fields defined in the ServiceInterface with the role field, where:
 - The integer value of the case label shall be a 32-bit hash of the field getter or setter name. That is, "Get<FieldName>" and "Set<Field-Name>"; where <FieldName> is the shortName of the Field. The binding implementation shall compute the hash as specified in section 7.5.1.1.2 of [22]. Representations of the service interface in OMG IDL [24] shall define 32-bit signed integer constants (i.e., const int32 <svcId>Field_Get<FieldName>_Hash or const int32 <svcId>Field_Set<FieldName>_Hash) to simplify the representation of the union cases (see below).
 - The member name of the case label shall be get<FieldName> for getter methods and set<FieldName> for setter methods.
 - The type for each case label shall be <svcId>Field_Get<FieldName> _Result for getter methods and <svcId>Field_Set<FieldName>_Result for setter methods, which shall be constructed as specified in section 7.5.1.1.4 of [22] (see below).

The IDL definition of <svcId>Field_Return is the following:

```
union <svcId>Field_Return switch(int32) {
2 default:
   dds::rpc::UnknownOperation unknownOp;
4 case <svcId>Field Get<Field0Name> Hash:
5 <svcId>Field_Get<Field0Name>_Result get<Field0Name>;
6 case <svcId>Field_Set<Field0Name>_Hash:
      <svcId>Field Set<Field0Name> Result set<Field0Name>;
8 case <svcId>Field_Get<Field1Name>_Hash:
   <svcId>Field_Get<Field1Name>_Result get<Field1Name>;
10 case <svcId>Field_Set<Field1Name>_Hash:
      <svcId>Field Set<Field1Name> Result set<Field1Name>;
13 case <svcId>Field_Get<FieldNName>_Hash:
14 <svcId>Field_Get<FieldNName>_Result get<FieldNName>;
15 case <svcId>Field_Set<FieldNName>_Hash:
      <svcId>Field_Set<FieldNName>_Result set<FieldNName>;
16
17 };
```

According with [SWS_CM_00112] and [SWS_CM_00113], both getters and setters have the same output parameter. Therefore, in accordance with section 7.5.1.1.5 of [22], both the <svcId>Field_Get<FieldName>_Result and <svcId>Field_Set<FieldName>_Result unions shall be constructed as follows:

• The union discriminator shall be a 32-bit signed integer.



- The union shall have a case with label dds::RETCODE_OK to represent a successful return:
 - The value of RETCODE_OK shall be 0, as specified in section 2.3.3 of [19].
 - The successful case shall have a single member named result_ of type <svcId>Field_Get<FieldName>_Out to hold the value to be returned to the getter, or type <svcId>Field_Set<FieldName>_Out to hold the value to be returned to the setter (see below).

The IDL representation of svcId>Field_Get<FieldName>_Result is the following:

Likewise, the IDL representation of svcId>Field_Set<FieldName>_Result is
the following:

Both types <svcId>Field_Get<FieldName>_Out and its counterpart <svcId> Field_Set<FieldName>_Out shall map to a structure with a single member named return_ of the StdCppImplementationDataType representing the value of the corresponding Field.

The resulting Reply Topic data type shall be encoded according to the DDS serialization rules. Unions, such as the <svcId>Field_Return union, shall be serialized as specified in section 7.4.3.5 of [21].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00007)

[SWS_CM_11147] Creating a DataWriter to handle get/set requests on the client side [The DDS binding shall create a DDS DataWriter for the Request Topic associated with the getters and setters of the fields of the ServiceInterface (see [SWS_CM_11145]) upon proxy instantiation.

If the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the <code>identifier_type</code> attribute set to <code>SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION</code>, to ensure the proxy communicates only with the service instance it is bound to, the binding implementation shall use the DDS Publisher created in [SWS_CM_11009] (whose partition name is "ara.com://services/<svcId>_<reqSvcInId>") to create the DataWriter.

The DataWriter shall be configured as follows:

• DataWriterQos shall be set as specified in the Manifest, where the DdsField-QosProps element defines the qosProfile that shall be used.



](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00005)

[SWS_CM_11148] Creating a DataReader to handle get/set responses on the client side [The DDS binding shall create a DDS DataReader for the Reply Topic associated with the getters and setters of the fields of the ServiceInterface (see [SWS_CM_11146]) upon proxy instantiation.

If the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the <code>identifier_type</code> attribute set to <code>SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION</code>, to ensure the proxy communicates only with the service instance it is bound to, the binding implementation shall use the DDS Subscriber created in [SWS_CM_11009] (whose partition name is "ara.com://services/<svcId>_<reqSvcInId>") to create the DataReader.

The DataReader shall be configured as follows:

• DataReaderQos shall be set as specified in the Manifest, where the DdsField-QosProps element defines the gosProfile that shall be used.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00215, FO_RS_Dds_-00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00005)

[SWS_CM_11149] Creating a DataReader to handle get/set requests on the server side [The DDS binding shall create a DDS DataReader for the Request Topic associated with the getters and setters of the fields of the ServiceInterface (see [SWS_CM_11145]).

If the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the <code>identifier_type</code> attribute set to <code>SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION</code>, the binding shall use the DDS Subscriber created in [SWS_CM_11002] (whose partition name is "ara.com://services/<svcId>_<svcInId>") to create the DataReader.

The DataReader shall be configured as follows:

- DataReaderQos shall be set as specified in the Manifest, where the DdsField-QosProps element defines the qosProfile that shall be used.
- Listener and StatusMask shall be set according to the value of Method-CallProcessingMode that was selected in the constructor of the ServiceSkeleton class:
 - For MethodCallProcessingMode = kEvent or kEventSingleThread, Listener shall be set to an instance of the DataReaderListener class specified in [SWS_CM_11154], and StatusMask shall be set to DATA_AVAILABLE_STATUS.
 - For MethodCallProcessingMode = kPoll, Listener shall remain unset, and StatusMask shall be set to STATUS MASK NONE.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_-Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00005)



[SWS_CM_11150] Creating a DataWriter to handle get/set responses on the server side [The DDS binding shall create a DDS DataWriter for the Reply Topic associated with the getters and setters of the fields of the ServiceInterface (see [SWS_CM_11146]).

If the provided or consumed Service Instance has been advertised with the <code>identifier_type</code> attribute set to <code>SERVICE_INSTANCE_RESOURCE_PARTITION</code>, the binding implementation shall use the DDS Publisher created in [SWS_CM_11002] (whose partition name is "ara.com://services/<svcId>_<svcInId>") to create the DataWriter.

The DataWriter shall be configured as follows:

• DataWriterQos shall be set as specified in the Manifest, where the DdsField-QosProps element defines the gosProfile that shall be used.

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00005)

[SWS_CM_11151] Calling get/set method associated with a field from the client side [When instructed to call the <code>Get()</code> or <code>Set()</code> method associated with a <code>Field</code> from the client side, the DDS binding shall construct a new sample of the corresponding Request Topic—an instance of the Request Topic data type defined in [SWS_CM_11145]—as follows:

- To initialize the RequestHeader object,
 - requestId shall be set by the underlying DDS implementation according to the rules specified in [22].
 - instanceName shall be set by the binding implementation to the serviceInstanceId of the remote service instance.
- To initialize the <svcId>Field_Call object, the binding implementation shall first select the appropriate union case (as specified in [SWS_CM_11145], the hash of the field getter/setter's name is the union discriminator that selects the union case). Then,
 - If the call corresponds to a getter, the binding shall leave the dummy member of the <svcId>Field_Get<FieldName>_In structure unset.
 - Else, if the call corresponds to a setter, the binding shall set accordingly the only member of the <svcId>Field_Set<FieldName>_In structure with the new value for the field.

That sample shall then be passed as a parameter to the write() method of the DDS DataWriter created in [SWS_CM_11147] to handle get/set requests on the client side, which shall serialize the sample according to the DDS serialization rules, and publish it over DDS.](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00217, RS_CM_00218, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00015)



The DDS serialization rules are defined in section 7.4.3.7.

[SWS_CM_11152] Notifying the client of the response to the get/set method call [To notify the client application of a response as a result of call to a Get() or Set() method associated with a Field, the DDS binding implementation shall invoke the $set_value()$ operation (see [SWS_CORE_00345] and [SWS_CORE_00346]) with the value of the corresponding result_ member of either the $sv-cid>Field_Get<FieldName>_Result structure, for get operations; or <math>svcid>Field_Set<FieldName>_Out, for set operations.$

The associated set operation shall be performed upon the reception of a new Reply Topic sample by the corresponding DDS DataReader (see [SWS_CM_11148]). The DDS binding shall use the DataReader's take() method to process the sample. Moreover, to correlate a request with a response, the binding shall compare the header. — relatedRequestsId of the received sample with the original requestId that was sent in [SWS_CM_11151]¹³. If the relatedRequestId does not correspond to a requestId that has been sent by the client, the response shall be discarded. [RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00217, RS_CM_00218, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_000015)

[SWS_CM_11153] Processing a get/set method call associated with a field on the server side (event driven) [In case a MethodCallProcessingMode of either kEvent or kEventSingleThread has been passed to the constructor of the ServiceSkeleton (see [SWS_CM_00130]), the binding implementation shall create a DataReaderListener to process the requests asynchronously—as described in [SWS_CM_11154]—and attach an instance of it to the DataReader processing the requests for the getters and setters of the ServiceInterface's fields in accordance with [SWS_CM_11149]. The listener is responsible for identifying the method that shall process the request and dispatch it (see [SWS_CM_11154]).](RS_CM_-00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00220, RS_CM_00221, FO_RS_-Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00016)

[SWS_CM_11154] Creating a DataReaderListener to process asynchronous requests for field getters and setters on the server side [According to [SWS_CM_11149], a MethodCallProcessingMode of either kEvent or kEventS-ingleThread requires the instantiation of a DataReaderListener to process asynchronously requests on the server side. The resulting listener shall derive from the standard DataReaderListener class [19], specifying that the type of the samples to be handled is the Request Topic data type defined in [SWS_CM_11145].

The DataReaderListener shall implement the following method according to the specified instructions:

• An on_data_available() method responsible for reading the received requests from the DataReader's cache—using the take() operation—and dispatching it to the corresponding registered SetHandler or—if it applies—GetHandler (see [SWS CM 00114] and [SWS CM 00116]). To identify the field of

¹³See footnotes in [SWS CM 11108].



](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00220, RS_CM_00221, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008)

[SWS_CM_11155] Processing a get/set method call associated with a field on the server side (polling) [In case a MethodCallProcessingMode of kPoll has been passed to the constructor of the ServiceSkeleton (see [SWS_CM_00130]), the ProcessNextMethodCall method is responsible for calling take() on the DataReader processing the Request Topic associated with the service (see [SWS_CM_11145]). ProcessNextMethodCall shall take only the first sample from the DataReader's cache and dispatch it to the corresponding registered SetHandler or—if it applies—GetHandler (see [SWS_CM_00114] and [SWS_CM_00116]).

To identify the field of the ServiceSkeleton class, the operation (i.e., Set () or Get ()), and therefore the corresponding handler, the binding implementation shall use the union discriminator of the svcId>Field_Call union (see [SWS_CM_11145]).
In the case of a Set() operation, the binding shall provide the corresponding
SetHandler with the only member of the received svcId>Field_FieldName>
_In structure, which contains the new value to be set. In the case of a Get() operation, the binding shall call the corresponding GetHandler—if it was registered—or dispatch to an internal lookup operation for the current value of the field if it was not.]

(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00220, RS_CM_00221, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00008)

[SWS_CM_11156] Sending a response for a get/set method call associated with a field from the server side [The binding implementation shall send a response upon the return of (1) a SetHandler in the case of a Set () operation; (2) a GetHandler in the case of a Get () operation where a GetHandler has previously been registered; or (3) a lookup operation 14 as a result of a Get () operation where no GetHandler was previously registered.

To send the response, the DDS binding shall construct a new sample of the Reply Topic—an instance of the Reply Topic data type defined in [SWS_CM_11146]—as follows:

• To initialize the ReplyHeader object,

¹⁴An internal lookup operation to retrieve the current value of a field.



- relatedRequestId shall be set to the value of the header.requestId attribute of the request that triggered the method call (see [SWS_CM_11151]).
- To initialize the <svcId>Field_Return object, the binding implementation shall:
 - Select the appropriate union case (as specified in [SWS_CM_11146]), the hash of the field's getter/setter method is the union discriminator that selects the union case).
 - Set the appropriate <svcId>Field_Get<FieldName>_Result—for Get
 () operations—or <svcId>Field_Set<FieldName>_Result—for Set
 () operations. In both cases, the binding shall select the union case for dds::RETCODE_OK and set the corresponding structure with the value retrieved upon the return of (1), (2), or (3).

The sample shall then be passed as a parameter to the <code>write()</code> method of the DDS DataWriter created in [SWS_CM_11150] to handle method responses on the server side, which shall serialize the sample according to the DDS serialization rules, an publish it over DDS. \([RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00220, RS_CM_00221, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00008, FO_RS_Dds_00015)

The DDS serialization rules are defined in section 7.4.3.7.

7.4.3.7 Serialization of Payload

[SWS_CM_11040] DDS standard serialization rules [The serialization of the payload shall be done according to the DDS standard serialization rules defined in section 7.4.3.5 of [21].] (RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00002)

7.4.3.7.1 Basic Data Types

[SWS_CM_11041] DDS serialization of StdCppImplementationDataType of category VALUE [StdCppImplementationDataType of category VALUE shall be serialized according to the standard serialization rules for the equivalent DDS PRIMITIVE_TYPE defined in section 7.4.3.5 of [21]. [SWS_CM_12020] provides the equivalent DDS PRIMITIVE_TYPEs for the primitive StdCppImplementation—DataTypes with category VALUE defined in [14].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00002, FO_RS_Dds_00007)

[SWS_CM_12020] StdCppImplementationDataTypes with category VALUE supported for serialization \lceil

Туре	DDS Type	Remark
boolean	Boolean	



std::uint8_t	Byte	Shall be encoded as a Byte type (opaque 8-bit type).
std::uint16_t	UInt16	
std::uint32_t	UInt32	
std::uint64_t	UInt64	
std::int8_t	Byte	Shall be encoded as a Byte type (opaque 8-bit type).
std::int16_t	Int16	
std::int32_t	Int32	
std::int64_t	Int64	
float	Float32	
double	Float64	

](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00102, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_-Dds_00002, FO_RS_Dds_00007)

7.4.3.7.2 Enumeration Data Types

[SWS_CM_11042] DDS serialization of enumeration data types | Enumeration data types shall be serialized according to the standard serialization rules for DDS ENUM_TYPE defined in section 7.4.3.5 of [21].

The bit bound of the ENUM_TYPE shall be set to the size of the enumeration's underlying basic data type (i.e., the Primitive Cpp Implementation Data Type according to [SWS_LBAP_00027]) in bits. $\[(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00002, FO_RS_Dds_00007) \]$

7.4.3.7.3 Structured Data Types (structs)

[SWS_CM_11043] DDS serialization of StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE [StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE shall be serialized according to the standard serialization rules for DDS STRUCT_TYPE defined in section 7.4.3.5 of [21].

Optional members of the structure shall be marked as optional as specified in section 7.2.2.4.4.5 of [21]. \([RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00002, FO_RS_Dds_00007) \)

7.4.3.7.4 Strings

[SWS_CM_11044] DDS serialization of StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRING with string shortName [An StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRING shall be serialized according to the standard serialization rules for DDS STRING_TYPE defined in section 7.4.3.5 of [21].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00007)



[SWS_CM_11046] Encoding Format and Endianness of Strings in DDS [Section 7.4.1.1.2 of [21] specifies the standard character encoding format for STRING_TYPE: UTF-8. The serialized version shall not include a Byte Order Mark (BOM), as byte order information is already available in the RTPS Encapsulation Identifier and the XCDR serialization format [21]. \(\left(RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211, RS_AP_00136, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00002, FO_RS_Dds_00007) \)

7.4.3.7.5 Vectors and Arrays

[SWS_CM_11047] DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR [A CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR shall be serialized according to the standard serialization rules for DDS SEQUENCE_TYPE defined in section 7.4.3.5 of [21].

Binding implementations shall serialize VECTOR CppImplementationDataTypes with more than one dimension, as nested DDS sequences.](RS_CM_00204, RS_-CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00002, FO_RS_Dds_00007)

[SWS_CM_11048] DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY [A CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY shall be serialized according to the standard serialization rules for DDS ARRAY_TYPE defined in section 7.4.3.5 of [21].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00007)

7.4.3.7.6 Associative Maps

[SWS_CM_11049] DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP [CppImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP shall be serialized according to the standard serialization rules for DDS MAP_TYPE defined in section 7.4.3.5 of [21].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00002, FO_RS_Dds_00007)

7.4.3.7.7 Variant

[SWS_CM_11050] DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of category VARIANT [CppImplementationDataType of category VARIANT shall be serialized according to the standard serialization rules for DDS UNION_TYPE defined in section 7.4.3.5 of [21].](RS_CM_00204, RS_CM_00201, RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00211, FO RS Dds 00001, FO RS Dds 00007)



7.4.3.8 End-to-end communication protection

The present DDS network binding is defined in terms of interactions between ara:: com APIs and standard DDS APIs. Hence, End-to-end communication protection as described in sections 7.6.1 and 7.6.2 doesn't apply, because API calls can't be check-summed or payloaded the same way serialized messages are.

By no means does this imply that DDS is exempt from E2E protection assurances, they are simply provided by the DDS middleware. Please find below the different kinds of faults defined in [7] (derived from ISO-26262-6:2011, annex D.2.4) and their corresponding DDS/RTPS protection mechanism:

- Repetition, loss, insertion, incorrect sequence, information from a sender received by only a subset of receivers, and blocking access to a communication channel: submessage 64-bit sequence number, as defined in [20] section 8.3.5.4 "SequenceNumber", and additional SequenceNumber-typed fields in section 8.3.7 "RTPS Submessages"
- Delay of information and blocking access to a communication channel: LA-TENCY_BUDGET Quality of Service policy, as defined in [19] section 2.2.3.8 "LA-TENCY_BUDGET"
- Masquerade or incorrect addressing of information: DDS Security authentication plugin, as defined in [26] section 8.3 "Authentication Plugin"
- Corruption of information, asymmetric information sent from a sender to multiple receivers: rtpsMessageChecksum under HeaderExtension submessage
 ([RTPS 2.5 or higher]). In absence of this feature, [26] also provides message integrity verification built into its message authentication protocol
- Translation of these fault conditions into ara::com::e2e::ProfileCheck-Status values depends on the specific capacities of the DDS implementation to report per-sample the status of the aforementioned protection measures (sequence numbers, latency budget, message authentications, checksums)

7.5 Security

In the following chapter the behavior according to the meta-model of access control and secure communication shall be described.

7.5.1 IAM

Access control for Communication Management allows to restrict the instances and elements of services that a local application or a *remote subject* (e.g., a remote ECU) may request to access. Having access control in place reduces the potential damage



that a compromised application (in case of local IAM) or a compromised ECU (in case of remote IAM) can cause.

Figure 7.17 demonstrates an example scenario where local IAM and remote IAM can take place. Upon a method call from a service, the client's request will be checked by the local IAM to ensure that the application is issuing a legitimate request based on its configured access rights. After successful authorization, the request will be forwarded to the machine where the service is running. When the request arrives at the recipient machine, the remote IAM takes place and a check will be performed to verify if such a request coming from the given sender ECU was envisioned.

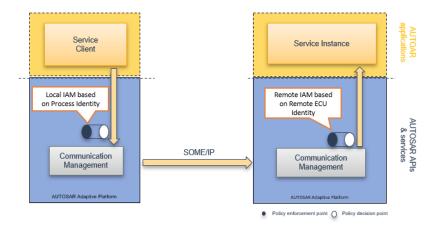


Figure 7.17: Local and Remote Identity and Access Management

The following assumption has to be held true to realize access control:

1. Communication between two applications has to be realized by using ara::com interfaces Communication Management to enable access control.

All access permissions for Communication Management are modeled using ComGrant model elements. A ComGrant can be used to model access permissions that either apply to a Machine-local Process or to a remote subject, i.e., either a local Process or a remote entity can be the *subject* of the access control policy: If a ComGrant references an AbstractIamRemoteSubject in the role remoteSubject, then the subjects of the ComGrant are all remote entities that can be identified using the information specified in the referenced AbstractIamRemoteSubject. If a ComGrant does not reference any remoteSubject, then the subjects of the ComGrant are all Processes referenced in the role process by ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMappings which reference an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance that is referenced by the ComGrant in the role serviceInstance.

Local access control and remote access control may be enforced independently from each other.



7.5.1.1 Configuration of Access Control

While Identity and Access Management (IAM) serves as an umbrella for access control on the Adaptive Platform, the enforcement of access control is implemented in different functional clusters such as CM. If no IAM Functional Cluster is instantiated on a Machine, then no enforcement of access control by CM is expected.

[SWS_CM_10492]{DRAFT} IAM Module Instantiation [If no IamModuleInstantiation is defined on the Machine, CM shall perform no access control, i.e., no access to any service shall be restricted because of missing ComGrants.|(RS_IAM_00002)

Depending on the architecture and the security model, all local Processes might be trusted, thus not requiring local access control. Furthermore, it is possible that all remote ECUs are trusted, e.g., because access control is already performed locally. For these cases, there are two configuration options to enable remote access control and local access control independently.

[SWS_CM_10493]{DRAFT} Local Access Control Activation [If IamModuleInstantiation.localComAccessControlEnabled is defined and is set to false, CM shall perform no local access control, i.e., no access to any service from a local Process shall be restricted because of missing ComGrants. If IamModuleInstantiation is defined on the Machine and IamModuleInstantiation.localComAccessControlEnabled is not defined or is set to true, CM shall perform local access control.] (RS_IAM_00002)

[SWS_CM_10494]{DRAFT} Remote Access Control Activation [If IamModuleInstantiation.remoteAccessControlEnabled is defined and is set to false, CM shall perform no remote access control, i.e., no access to any service from a remote subject shall be restricted because of missing ComGrants. If IamModuleInstantiation is defined on the Machine and IamModuleInstantiation.remoteAccessControlEnabled is not defined or is set to true, CM shall perform remote access control. | (RS_IAM_00002)

[SWS_CM_10542]{DRAFT} Local access control on providing service instances [If a Process requests to provide a service instance or any element thereof, but there exists no ComOfferServiceGrant that

- does not reference any remote subject in the role remoteSubject and
- references the requested ProvidedApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance and the ProvidedApServiceInstance is referenced by a ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping in the role serviceInstance and the ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping references the requesting Process in the role process,

then Communication Management shall drop the request. \(\lambda (RS_IAM_00001, RS_IAM_00002) \)

[SWS_CM_90006]{DRAFT} Local access control on service discovery [If a Process requests to find a service, but there exists no ComGrant that



- does not reference any remote subject in the role remoteSubject and
- references the requested RequiredApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance and the RequiredApServiceInstance is referenced by a ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping in the role serviceInstance and the ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping references the requesting Process in the role process,

then Communication Management shall drop the request and

- the constructor of the ServiceProxy class shall throw an exception (see [SWS_CM_00131]), or
- the named constructor function Create() of the ServiceProxy class (see [SWS_CM_10438]) shall return the error code ComErrc::kGrantEnforcementError.

|(RS_IAM_00006, RS_IAM_00007, RS_IAM_00010)

[SWS_CM_90001]{DRAFT} Local access control on executing methods [If a Process executes a method of a service interface, but there exists no ComMethodGrant that

- does not reference any remote subject in the role remoteSubject and
- references the requested RequiredApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance and the RequiredApServiceInstance is referenced by a ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping in the role serviceInstance and the ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping references the requesting Process in the role process,
- references the requested method in the role serviceDeployment,

then Communication Management shall drop the request and ComErrc::kGrantEnforcementError shall be returned in the Future of the operator(). | (RS_IAM_-00006, RS_IAM_00007, RS_IAM_00010)

Note:

In [SWS_CM_90001], field getters and setters are also methods.

[SWS_CM_90003]{DRAFT} Local access control on receiving events [If a Process subscribes to an event of a service interface, but there exists no ComEvent-Grant that

- does not reference any remote subject in the role remoteSubject and
- references the requested RequiredApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance and the RequiredApServiceInstance is referenced by a ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping in the role serviceInstance and the ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping references the requesting Process in the role process,
- references the subscribed event in the role serviceDeployment,



then Communication Management shall drop the request and ComErrc::kGrantEnforcementError shall be returned by the Subscribe() method of the respective Event class. | (RS_IAM_00006, RS_IAM_00007, RS_IAM_00010)

Note:

In [SWS CM 90003], field notifiers are also considered as events.

[SWS_CM_10539]{DRAFT} Local access control on receiving triggers [If a Process subscribes to a trigger of a service interface, but there exists no ComTrigger-Grant that

- does not reference any remote subject in the role remoteSubject and
- references the requested RequiredApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance and the RequiredApServiceInstance is referenced by a ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping in the role serviceInstance and the ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping references the requesting Process in the role process,
- references the subscribed trigger in the role serviceDeployment,

then Communication Management shall drop the request and ComErrc::kGrantEnforcementError shall be returned by the Subscribe() method of the respective Trigger class. | (RS IAM 00006, RS IAM 00007, RS IAM 00010)

Note:

In case of [SWS_CM_90003] dropping data, the application will not be notified.

A logging facility for security events is currently not defined in the AUTOSAR Adaptive Platform. Logging violations of access restrictions according to [SWS_CM_90001], [SWS_CM_90003], [SWS_CM_10542], [SWS_CM_10543] and [SWS_CM_90006] is up to the implementation or specific ECU projects.

7.5.1.2 Remote Access Control

In order to enforce access control on remote entities, the requesting entity first has to be authenticated, i.e., the identity of the *remote subject* has to be established. Then, it has to be decided whether the access is allowed according to the modeled grants.

There are currently three ways to authenticate a remote subject:

- TLS: If the remote subject is connected via (D)TLS secure communication, properties of this TLS connection and the used certificates can be used for authenticating the remote subject.
- **IPsec:** If IPsec is used to establish secure communication, IP related information specified for IPsec configuration can be used for authenticating the remote subject.



• **IP:** If IP based communication is used and the authenticity of communication partners can be guaranteed by, e.g., the operational environment, IP related information can be used for authenticating the remote subject.

Please note that while Secoc can also provide authenticity of a communication partner, it is not used in this section, because the existing association between Secoc keys and DataIDs already provides a fine grained access control mechanism directly on the level of secure communication and thus additionally applying IAM would not yield any benefit.

[SWS_CM_10495]{DRAFT} TLS-based Authentication [Communication Management shall associate remote subjects communicating via an established (D)TLS connection to a TlsIamRemoteSubject according to [TPS_MANI_03240].](RS_CM_-00803)

[SWS_CM_10496]{DRAFT} IP and IPsec-based Authentication [Communication Management shall associate remote subjects communicating via IP to an IPSecI-amRemoteSubject or an IpIamRemoteSubject according to [TPS_MANI_03242] and [TPS_MANI_03244].|(RS_CM_00803)

Please note that IPsec is usually handled by the OS and may therefore be transparent to Communication Management. Therefore, authentication of IPsec secured connections relies on tuples of IP addresses, protocols, and ports only.

[SWS_CM_10497]{DRAFT} Authentication Failure [If IamModuleInstantiation. remoteAccessControlEnabled is set to true and a remote subject cannot be authenticated, Communication Management shall silently drop all messages from this remote subject.] (RS_CM_00803)

[SWS_CM_10543]{DRAFT} Remote access control on providing service instances [If a remote subject provides a service instance or any element thereof, but there exists no ComOfferServiceGrant that

- references the providing remote subject in the role remoteSubject and
- references the provided RequiredApServiceInstance in the role service-Instance,

then Communication Management shall drop all requests to and from this service instance. | (RS_IAM_00001, RS_IAM_00002)

Note:

The remote subject can be identified through the unicast endpoint of the service offer message.

[SWS_CM_10498]{DRAFT} Remote access control on executing methods [If a remote subject requests the execution of a method of a service interface, but there exists no ComMethodGrant that

• references the requesting remote subject in the role remoteSubject and



- references a ProvidedApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance and
- references the requested method in the role serviceDeployment,

then Communication Management shall drop the request. \(\lambda (RS_IAM_00001, RS_-IAM_00002) \)

Note:

In [SWS CM 10498], field getters and setters are also methods.

[SWS_CM_10501]{DRAFT} Remote access control on consuming events [If a remote subject subscribes to an event of a service interface, but there exists no ComEventGrant that

- references the subscribing remote subject in the role remoteSubject and
- references a ProvidedApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance and
- references the subscribed event in the role serviceDeployment,

then Communication Management shall drop the subscription request. [(RS_IAM_-00001, RS_IAM_00002)]

Note:

In [SWS_CM_10501], field notifiers are also considered as events.

[SWS_CM_10541]{DRAFT} Remote access control on consuming triggers [If a remote subject subscribes to an trigger of a service interface, but there exists no ComTriggerGrant that

- references the subscribing remote subject in the role remoteSubject and
- references a ProvidedApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance and
- references the ServiceEventDeployment in the role serviceDeployment that in turn references the subscribed trigger.

then Communication Management shall drop the subscription request.](RS_IAM_-00001, RS_IAM_00002)

[SWS_CM_10505]{DRAFT} Remote access control on consuming field notifiers \lceil If a remote subject subscribes to a field notifier, but there exists no ComFieldGrant that

- references the subscribing remote subject in the role remoteSubject and
- references a ProvidedApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance and
- references the event in the role serviceDeployment,



then Communication Management shall drop the the subscription request. [(RS_IAM_-00001, RS_IAM_00002)]

[SWS_CM_10506]{DRAFT} Remote access control on calling field setters [If a remote subject requests the execution of a set method of a field, but there exists no ComFieldGrant that

- has the parameter ComFieldGrant.role set to setter or getterSetter and
- references the requesting remote subject in the role remoteSubject and
- references a ProvidedApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance and
- references the event in the role serviceDeployment,

then Communication Management shall drop the request. [(RS_IAM_00001, RS_-IAM_00002)]

[SWS_CM_10507]{DRAFT} Remote access control on calling field getters [If a remote subject requests the execution of a get method of a field, but there exists no ComFieldGrant that

- has the parameter ComFieldGrant.role set to getter or getterSetter and
- references the requesting remote subject in the role remoteSubject and
- references a ProvidedApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance and
- references the event in the role serviceDeployment,

then Communication Management shall drop the request. $(RS_IAM_00001, RS_IAM_00002)$

7.5.2 Secure Communication

Communication in Adaptive Platform can be transported via TCP and UDP. Therefore different security mechanisms have to be available to secure the communication. The following security protocols are currently supported:

- DDS Security
- SecOC
- TLS 1.2 (see [27])
- DTLS 1.2 (see [28])
- IPSec
- MACsec



The configuration of SecOc and TLS security protocols has a dependency on the network binding:

- For SOME/IP network binding AUTOSAR allows the configuration of secure communication for a ServiceInterface by configuring either TlsSecureComProps meta-class or SecOcSecureComProps meta-class. Both are specialization of SecureComProps class that is referenced by ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping. In the case of SecOc additionally ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig needs to be defined and it determines the configuration settings for the individual ServiceInterface elements. When TlsSecureComProps is configured, all the service interface elements are secured and ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig is not used.
- For Signal based network binding, only SecOc configuration is possible, and the configuration is determined by SecureCommunicationAuthentication—Props of a SecuredIPdu referenced by the PduTriggering. SecureComProps is not used in the context of signal-based network binding.
- For DDS Network binding, DDS Transport Security over TCP (TLS), DDS Transport Security over UDP (DTLS) and DDS Security [26] (as transport-independent security) are valid, independent and mutually exclusive choices for securing underlying DDS communications.

The configuration of Ipsec (IPSecConfig) in aggregated by a NetworkEndpoint therefore it is independent of the network binding.

SOME/IP supports one-to-many (unicast) and many-to-many (multicast) communication paradigms. These paradigms may switch at runtime for events (see multicast-Threshold).

It is therefore important to be aware of the limitations of the secure channel approach:

Confidentiality of events

If events are transported using UDP and may be sent using multicast, they cannot be guaranteed confidential due to the fact that only SecOC can be used to secure multicast communication and SecOC does not offer confidentiality. This restriction does not apply to DDS Security.

7.5.2.1 Creation and use of secure channels

7.5.2.1.1 SOME/IP and DDS network binding

[SWS_CM_90101]{DRAFT} Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS, DTLS and SecOC [The Communication Management software shall create secure UDP channels according to the input for all SecureComProps referenced by Service—InstanceToMachineMapping in the role secureComPropsForUdp. The Communication Management software shall create secure TCP channels according to the input for all SecureComProps referenced by ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping



in the role <code>secureComPropsForTcp</code>. Secure channels may be shared by multiple <code>AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances</code> by multiplexing the communication, i.e. by referencing the same <code>SecureComProps</code> in the same role. | (RS_CM_00801)

[SWS_CM_90102]{DRAFT} Using secure TLS, DTLS and SecOC channels [All communication triggered by a Skeleton or Proxy shall be sent via the respective secure channel according to the configuration input. In the configuration the appropriate secure channel is identified by examining the references to SecureComProps of ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping for the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance that is mapped to an EthernetCommunicationConnector of a Machine by this ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping. | (RS_CM_00801, RS_CM_00803)

The actual secure channel to be created is determined by the concrete sub-class of the SecureComProps base-class.

[SWS_CM_90201]{DRAFT} Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding [Secure channels shall be created as specified in [SWS_CM_90101]. $|(RS_CM_00801)|$

[SWS_CM_90202]{DRAFT} Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding [Secure channels shall be used as specified in [SWS_CM_90102].] (RS_CM_00801, RS_CM_00803)

7.5.2.2 DDS Security

DDS Security, as defined in [26], is a complementary standard to DDS, providing transport-independent security measures (authentication, secrecy, non-repudiation, integrity, access control and logging) without requiring changes to application logic.

Mapping DDS Service Interface and Instance Deployment models, as well as IAM Communications Grant models, to DDS QoS policies, and DDS Security certificate, governance and permission files is defined by [29].

[SWS_CM_90218]{DRAFT} Enforcement of IAM grants through DDS Security [Adaptive Applications providing or requiring Service Interface Instances through the DDS Network Binding shall enforce, when provided, deployed DDS Security policies.] (RS_IAM_00001, RS_IAM_00002, FO_RS_Dds_00001, FO_RS_Dds_00009)

7.5.2.3 SecOC

The Secure Onboard Communication (SecOC) feature is embedded into the Adaptive Communication Management. The behavioral aspects of the SecOC protocol are specified in the *PRS SecOcProtocolSpecification*.



One major goal is to achieve interoperability with the AUTOSAR Classic Platform *SecOC* functionality. This is especially applicable to the usage of *UDP multicast* messages (where SecOC is currently the only protocol supported) and secured signal-based communication with AUTOSAR Classic Platform through the signal-based network binding.

The SecOC secure channel may provide authenticity and integrity.

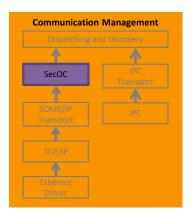


Figure 7.18: SecOC embedded in the Adaptive Communication Management

In order to achieve interoperability with the AUTOSAR Classic Platform the SecOC should be applied identically also in Adaptive Communication Management. The authentication information comprises of an Authenticator (e.g. Message Authentication Code) and optionally a Freshness Value.

The SOME/IP Message Header as shown in figure 7.19 divided into two parts: Part I containing the Message ID and the Length and Part II containing Request ID, Protocol Version, Interface Version, Message Type and Return Code(SOME/IP Protocol Specification [4]).

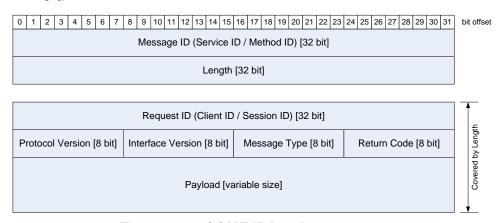


Figure 7.19: SOME/IP header structure



In figure 7.21 the handling of the SOME/IP payload, the SecOC part, and the SOME/IP Message Header are illustrated. This setup is defined by the AUTOSAR Classic platform. In order to achieve interoperability the Communication Management shall implement an identical behavior. It is essential that the Part I of the SOME/IP Message header is NOT covered by the SecOC calculation.

To keep the interoperability with the AUTOSAR Classic Platform and provide the optional Freshness Value Management functionality the Adaptive Communication Management will rely on a pluggable Freshness Value Management Library.

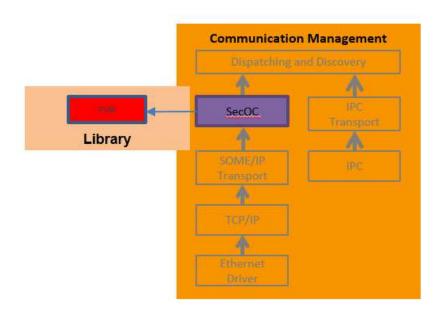


Figure 7.20: Freshness Value Management Pluggable Library

This library will provide the Freshness Value Management API comprising the replica of the AUTOSAR Classic Platform *FreshnessManagement* Client Server Interface and corresponding functions of the *Callout Definitions*.



7.5.2.3.1 SOME/IP network binding

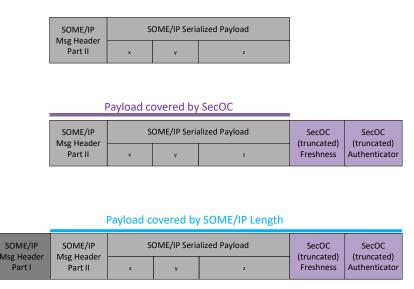


Figure 7.21: Payload covered by SecOC and SOME/IP transport

[SWS_CM_90108] SecOC secure channel for methods using reliable transport [A SecOC secure channel shall be created and used if:

• A SecOcSecureComProps instance is referenced in the role secureComPropsForTcp by a ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping and a Method of the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is selected for transmission over the secured channel by the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig and this Method of the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is configured for transmission over "tcp" by transportProtocol in the associated Someip-MethodDeployment.

(RS CM 00801)

[SWS_CM_90115] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [A SecOC secure channel shall be created and used if:

• A SecOcSecureComProps instance is referenced in the role secureComPropsForUdp by a ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping and a Method of the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is selected for transmission over the secured channel by the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig and this Method of the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is configured for transmission over "udp" by transportProtocol in the associated Someip-MethodDeployment.

(RS CM 00801)

[SWS_CM_90109] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using reliable transport [A SecOC secure channel shall be created and used if:



• A SecOcSecureComProps instance is referenced in the role secureCom-PropsForTcp by a ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping and an event or trigger of the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is selected for transmission over the secured channel by the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig and this event or trigger of the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is configured for transmission over "tcp" by transportProtocol in the associated SomeipEventDeployment.

(RS CM 00801)

[SWS_CM_90116] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport [A SecOC secure channel shall be created and used if:

• A SecOcSecureComProps instance is referenced in the role secureCom-PropsForUdp by a ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping and an event or trigger of the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is selected for transmission over the secured channel by the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig and this event or trigger of the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is configured for transmission over "udp" by transportProtocol in the associated SomeipEventDeployment.

(RS CM 00801)

[SWS_CM_90110] SecOC secure channel for fields [The requirements [SWS_CM_90108], [SWS_CM_90109], [SWS_CM_90115], [SWS_CM_90116] apply to fields in the same manner, since fields are a composition of methods and events.] (RS CM 00801)

[SWS_CM_11271]{DRAFT} SecOC secure channel behavior [Whenever a SecOC secure channel interaction is detected (based on the configuration options of [SWS_CM_90108], [SWS_CM_90115], [SWS_CM_90109], [SWS_CM_90116], and [SWS_CM_90110]) the SecOC functionality shall be applied according to:

- sending according to [SWS_CM_11274], [SWS_CM_11275]
- reception according to [SWS_CM_11276], [SWS_CM_11277]

(RS CM 00801)

[SWS_CM_11272]{DRAFT} Lifecycle management of FVM [The lifecycle of an Secoc FreshnessValueManager implementation shall be managed by ara::com.] (RS CM 00801)

[SWS_CM_11273]{DRAFT} Initialization of the FVM [

• The Secoc FreshnessValueManager implementation shall be initialized by calling Freshness Value Management Library API ara::com:: secoc::FVM::Initialize.

(RS CM 00801)



[SWS_CM_11274] SecOC secure channel sending [If a message is configured to be SecOC sent, the message shall be secured according to [30] and following steps shall be performed:

- the message shall be handled as Authentic message by the Communication Management
- the message Authentication shall be performed in the order of operations after the E2E protection calculations
- if the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig has an attribute freshnessValueId defined, the Communication Management shall call the Freshness Value Mananement Library API ara::com::secoc:: FVM::GetTxFreshness with the freshnessValueId
- calculate the MAC using the Authentic message ([PRS_SecOc_00200] see [30]), (optionally the Freshness Value), and the dataId
- if the attribute authInfoTxLength is defined, the Authenticator ([PRS_-SecOc_00210] see [30]) shall be truncated
- if the attribute freshnessValueTxLength is defined, the Freshness Value shall be truncated ([PRS SecOc 00201] see [30])
- combine the Authentic message, (truncated) Freshness Value, and (truncated) Authenticator ([PRS SecOc 00211] see [30])
- continue in the Communication Management with the send processing

The details for the construction of secure message are described in: [PRS_SecOc_00103], [PRS_SecOc_00105], [PRS_SecOc_00200], [PRS_SecOc_00207], [PRS_SecOc_00207], [PRS_SecOc_00208], [PRS_SecOc_00209], [PRS_SecOc_00210], [PRS_SecOc_00211], [PRS_SecOc_00212] (see [30]) $|RS_CM_00801\rangle$

[SWS_CM_11275]{DRAFT} SecOC secure message build attempts [For every message to be sent and secured with SecOC [30] an Authentication Build Counter([PRS_SecOc_00202] see [30]) shall be maintained:

- the Authentication Build Counter shall be set to 0 if the operation was successful.
- if the query of the freshness value ara::com::secoc::FVM::GetTxFreshness return a recoverable error kFVNotAvailable, or an error occurs during calculation of the Authenticator, the Authentication Build Counter is incremented and the process of securing the message will be retried in an implementation specific manner.
- if the Authentication Build Counter has reached the SecOC implementation specific threshold SecOCAuthenticationBuildAttempts([PRS_SecOc_00206] see [30]), the message shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation).



The process is described in: [PRS_SecOc_00201], [PRS_SecOc_00202], [PRS_SecOc_00203], [PRS_SecOc_00204], [PRS_SecOc_00205], [PRS_SecOc_00206] (see [30])](RS_CM_00801)

[SWS_CM_11276] SecOC secure channel reception [If a message is configured to be SecOC received and the attribute securedRxVerification is set to true or is not defined, then the message shall be verified according to [30] and following steps shall be performed:

- the message shall be handled as Secured message by the Communication Management
- if the attribute freshnessValueTxLength is defined, the Freshness Value will be calculated by calling the Freshness Value Mananement Library API ara::com::secoc::FVM::GetRxFreshness with SecOCFreshness-ValueID equals to defined freshnessValueId and with the SecOCTruncatedFreshnessValue equals to the extracted Truncated Freshness Value([PRS_SecOc_00317] see [30]) from the Secured message, otherwise the Freshness Value([PRS_SecOc_00316] see [30]) shall be extracted from the Secured message itself
- if the attribute authInfoTxLength is defined, the Truncated Authenticator([PRS_SecOc_00315] see [30]) shall be extracted from the Secured message, otherwise the Authenticator([PRS_SecOc_00317] see [30]) shall be extracted from the Secured message
- verify the message by calculating the MAC using the Secured message, optionally the Freshness Value([PRS_SecOc_00300], and comparing the result with received Truncated Authenticator([PRS_SecOc_00315] and continue in the Communication Management with the receive processing
- the message authentication procedure is done before E2E checks

The details for the verification of secure message are described in: [PRS_SecOc_00103], [PRS_SecOc_00300], [PRS_SecOc_00313], [PRS_SecOc_00314], [PRS_SecOc_00315], [PRS_SecOc_00316], [PRS_SecOc_00317], [PRS_SecOc_00318], [PRS_SecOc_00330] (see [30]) | (RS_CM_00801)

[SWS_CM_11372]{DRAFT} SecOC secure channel reception bypass [If a message is configured to be SecOC received and the attribute securedRxVerification is set to false, then

- the message shall be handled as Secured message without verification by the Communication Management
- the Authentic message part shall be extracted and processed
- the VerificationStatus shall be set to VerificationStatusResult. kSecOcNoVerification

(RS_CM_00801)



[SWS_CM_11277]{DRAFT} SecOC secure message verification attempts [For every message received and secured with SecOc, an Authentication Build Counter([PRS_SecOc_00301] shall be maintained:

- the Authentication Build Counter shall be set to 0 if the operation was successful.
- if the query of the freshness value Freshness Value Mananement Library API ara::com::secoc::FVM::GetRxFreshness returns a recoverable error kFVNotAvailable, or an error occurs during calculation of the Authenticator, the Authentication Build Counter shall be incremented and the process of message verification will be retried in an implementation specific manner.
- if the counter has reached the parameter authenticationRetries([PRS_-SecOc_00307] see [30]), the message shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation).
- if the calculation of the Authenticator([PRS_SecOc_00315] was successful but the verification failed for the parameter authenticationRetries([PRS_SecOc_00306] see [30]), the message shall be discarded and the incident shall be logged (if logging is enabled for the ara::com implementation).

The process is described in: [PRS_SecOc_00301], [PRS_SecOc_00302], [PRS_SecOc_00303], [PRS_SecOc_00304], [PRS_SecOc_00305], [PRS_SecOc_00306], [PRS_SecOc_00307], [PRS_SecOc_00308], [PRS_SecOc_00309], [PRS_SecOc_00310], [PRS_SecOc_00311], [PRS_SecOc_00312] (see [30]) | (RS_CM_00801)

The Secoc VerificationStatus service is used to propagate the status of each verification attempt from the Secoc to an application. It can be used to continuously monitor the number of failed verification attempts and would allow setting up a security management system/intrusion detection system that is able to detect an attack flood and react with adequate dynamic countermeasures.

[SWS_CM_11278]{DRAFT} SecOC verification results [Communication Management shall make each verification result (VerificationStatusResult) accessible via the VerificationStatus service. | (RS_CM_00801)

[SWS_CM_11279]{DRAFT} SecOc override the verification result [Communication Management shall allow the configuration of SecOC behavior via the VerifyStatusOverride or VerifyStatusOverride methods. The overwrite options are defined by OverrideStatus. The configuration is available per dataID in the case of VerificationStatusConfigurationByDataId service or per freshnessID in the case of VerificationStatusConfigurationByFreshnessId service.] (RS_CM_00801)



7.5.2.3.2 Signal based network binding

The SOME/IP Message Header as shown in figure 7.19 is divided into two parts: Part I containing the Message ID and the Length and Part II containing Request ID, Protocol Version, Interface Version, Message Type and Return Code (SOME/IP Protocol Specification [4]).

In case of signal-service-translation only a partial header is used, namely the Part I. In figure 7.22 the handling of the Header Part I, the signal based payload, and the SecOC part is illustrated.

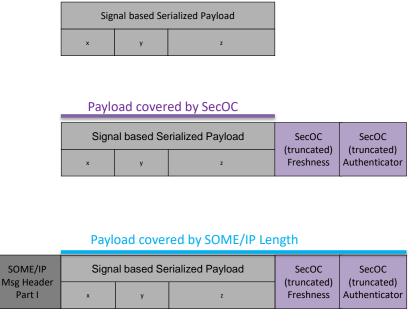


Figure 7.22: Payload covered by SecOC and Signal2Service transport

[SWS_CM_11346]{DRAFT} Usage of SecOC configuration with Signal Based Network Binding [If the ISignalTriggering is used in a signal-service-translation (the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer equals signalBased), CM shall check if the PduTriggering of this ISignalIPdu is referenced by a SecuredIPdu and use the SecureCommunicationAuthenticationProps, SecureCommunicationFreshnessProps and SecureCommunicationProps of the SecuredIPdu as configuration of SecOc. (RS CM 00801)

As described in Security chapter of [5], in the context of signal-based communication, SecOC is highly embedded into the Classic platform architecture the signal-service translation approach on security is to use the same architecture for its specification.

The input for signal based SecOC configuration is shown in figure 7.23:



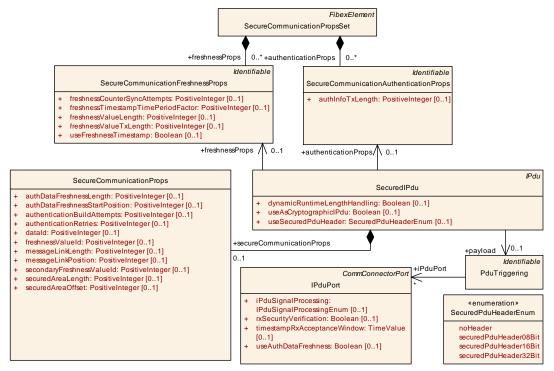


Figure 7.23: Input for for signal based SecOC configuration

7.5.2.4 (D)TLS

A (D)TLS secure channel may provide authenticity, integrity and confidentiality which may be used on combination with SOME/IP and DDS network binding.

The TLS and DTLS implementation should support the following cipher suites:

- TLS PSK WITH NULL SHA256 for authentic communication (see [31])
- TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 for confidential communication (see [31])

7.5.2.4.1 SOME/IP Network binding

[SWS_CM_90103]{DRAFT} TLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using reliable transport [A TLS secure channel shall be created and used if a TlsSecureComProps instance is referenced in the role secureComPropsForTcp by a ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping. All content of the ServiceInterface that is referenced by the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance that in turn is referenced by the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that is configured for transmission over "tcp" in the ServiceInterfaceDeployment is selected for transmission over the TLS secured channel. | (RS_CM_00801)



[SWS_CM_90104]{DRAFT} DTLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport [A DTLS secure channel shall be created and used if a TlsSecureComProps instance is referenced in the role secureComPropsForUdp by a ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping. All content of the ServiceInterface that is referenced by the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance that in turn is referenced by the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that is configured for transmission over "udp" in the ServiceInterfaceDeployment is selected for transmission over the TLS secured channel. | (RS CM 00801)

[SWS_CM_90121]{DRAFT} TLS server role of a Skeleton [The TLS secure channel shall be associated with the respective Skeleton and the implementation shall act as a TLS server, if the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance referenced in

- [SWS CM 90103]
- [SWS CM 90104]

is a ProvidedApServiceInstance. (RS CM 00801)

According to the constraints [constr_3485] and [constr_3486] a Proxy and Skeleton cannot be bound to the identical local endpoint (IP address and port). Hence, a local endpoint can either act as a TLS client or as a TLS server exclusively. However, if multiple Proxys are bound to the same endpoint, their common channel shall be shared in the middleware. Likewise, if multiple Skeletons are bound to the same endpoint, their common channel shall be shared in the middleware.

[SWS_CM_90119]{DRAFT} Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS | The instantiation according to [SWS_CM_00131] shall trigger the asynchronous handshake. | (RS CM 00804)

[SWS_CM_90111]{DRAFT} Behavior of a ServiceProxy over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [The communication channel is ready as soon as the TLS handshake is completed.

Therefore, the future returned by the following methods shall only be satisfied after the handshake has finished and once the communication was successful:

- the function call operator (operator()) of the respective Method class (see [SWS_CM_00196])
- the Set () method of the respective Field class (see [SWS_CM_00113])
- the Get () method of the respective Field class (see [SWS_CM_00112])

If the handshake fails, the error code <code>ComErrc::kPeerIsUnreachable</code> shall be returned in the <code>Future</code> of the respective methods (operator(), Set(), Get()). The error shall be logged. $\[\] (RS_CM_00804) \]$

[SWS_CM_90112]{DRAFT} Behavior of a ServiceProxy over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [The communication channel is ready as soon as the DTLS handshake is completed. Before completion the middleware shall drop all requests as if the remote peer is unreachable.] (RS_CM_00804)



The rationale for choosing different behavior in [SWS_CM_90111] and [SWS_CM_90112] is to reflect the nature of the underlying transport. E.g. plain UDP would also silently discard packets that cannot be sent, where TCP would report an error.

[SWS_CM_90113]{DRAFT} Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [The communication channel is ready as soon as the TLS handshake is completed. Therefore, [SWS_CM_10287] and [SWS_CM_10319] shall be extended to checking whether the TLS handshake did successfully finish.

Therefore, as if the proxy was not connected, the invocation of the following methods shall not result in sending any data:

- the Send() method of the respective Event class (see [SWS CM 00162])
- the Send() method of the respective Trigger class (see [SWS CM 00721])
- the Update () method of the respective Field class (see [SWS_CM_00119])

(RS CM 00804)

[SWS_CM_90114]{DRAFT} Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake | The communication channel is ready as soon as the TLS handshake is completed. Therefore, [SWS_CM_10287] and [SWS_CM_10319] shall be extended to checking whether the TLS handshake did successfully finish.

Therefore, as if the proxy was not connected, the invocation of the following methods shall not result in sending any data:

- the Send () method of the respective Event class (see [SWS CM 00162])
- the Send() method of the respective Trigger class (see [SWS_CM_00721])
- the Update () method of the respective Field class (see [SWS_CM_00119])

(RS CM 00804)

7.5.2.4.2 DDS Network Binding (secure transports)

DDS is built upon the Real-Time Publish-Subscribe (RTPS) wire protocol, which allows different implementations of the standard to interoperate at the wire level. The DDS-RTPS specification [20] defines the wire protocol using a Model Driven Architecture; i.e., in terms of a Platform-Independent Model (PIM), which can be mapped to Platform Specific Models (PSM) targeting different transport protocols. In particular, [20] defines



a UDP PSM, and different DDS vendors have implemented TCP PSMs¹⁵, and Shared Memory PSMs for Inter-Process Communication (IPC).

For consistency with the secure channel modeling and secure communication mechanisms specified in 7.5.2.4.1, this section defines support for communication over the following security protocols:

- DTLS, for secure communication over UDP.
- TLS, for secure communication over TCP.
- IPSec, for secure communication over IP.

[SWS_CM_90203]{DRAFT} TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport [A TLS secure channel shall be created and used if:

• a TlsSecureComProps instance is referenced in the role secureComProps-ForTcp by a ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping and a Method of the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is selected for transmission over the secure channel by the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig and this Method is configured for transmission over "tcp" by transportProtocol in the associated DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.

The DataReaders and DataWriters associated with the Method shall be configured to operate over TLS. | (RS_CM_00801)

[SWS_CM_90204]{DRAFT} DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [A DTLS secure channel shall be created and used if:

• a TlsSecureComProps instance is referenced in the role secureComProps—ForUdp by a ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping and a Method of the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is selected for transmission over the secured channel by the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig and this Method is configured for transmission over "udp" by transportProtocol in the associated DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.

The DataReaders and DataWriters associated with the Method shall be configured to operate over DTLS. | (RS CM 00801)

[SWS_CM_90205]{DRAFT} TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport [A TLS secure channel shall be created and used if:

• A TlsSecureComProps instance is referenced in the role secureComProps—ForTcp by a ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping and an event of the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is selected for transmission over the secured channel by the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig and this event is configured for transmission over "tcp" by transportProtocol in the associated DdsEventDeployment.

¹⁵A standard TCP PSM for DDS-RTPS is under development, the RFP document is publicly available at the Object Management Group website: https://www.omg.org/cgi-bin/doc.cgi?mars/2017-9-24.



The DataReaders and DataWriters associated with the event shall be configured to operate over TLS. | (RS_CM_00801)

[SWS_CM_90206]{DRAFT} DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [A DTLS secure channel shall be created and used if:

• a TlsSecureComProps instance is referenced in the role secureComProps— ForUdp by a ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping and an event of the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is selected for transmission over the secured channel by the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig and this event is configured for transmission over "udp" by transportProtocol in the associated DdsEventDeployment.

The DataReaders and DataWriters associated with the event shall be configured to operate over DTLS. | (RS_CM_00801)

[SWS_CM_90207]{DRAFT} TLS secure channel for fields [The requirements [SWS_CM_90203], [SWS_CM_90204], [SWS_CM_90205] and [SWS_CM_90206] apply to fields in the same manner, since fields are a composition of methods and events.] (RS_CM_00801)

[SWS_CM_90209]{DRAFT} IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [An IPsec secure channel shall be created and used according to the requirements and constraints specified in [SWS_CM_90117] and [SWS_CM_90118].|(RS_CM_00801)

7.5.2.5 IPsec

IPsec provides cryptographic protection for IP datagrams in IPv4 and IPv6 network packets.

[SWS_CM_90117]{DRAFT} IPsec secure channel between communication nodes [An IPsec secure channel shall be created and used if an AdaptivePlatform—ServiceInstance is mapped by ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping to an EthernetCommunicationConnector that points with the unicastNetworkEndpoint to a NetworkEndpoint that aggregates an IPSecConfig.

The IPSecRules in the IPSecConfig define security associations between the NetworkEndpoint that aggregates this IPSecConfig and remote nodes that are defined by the referenced remoteIpAddress. (RS_CM_00801)

[SWS_CM_90118]{DRAFT} Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [If a communication connection is established between a Service Provider and Service Requester and the configured transport layer connection matches the defined security association then the IP packets exchanged between the Service Provider and Service Requester will be protected by IPsec.

In other words it means that if the IPsec security association defined by



- the local Address (IP Address defined by the networkEndpointAddress, Port and Protocol defined by localPortRangeStart and localPortRangeEnd
- the remote Address (IP Address defined by the remoteIpAddress, Port and Protocol defined by remotePortRangeStart or remotePortRangeEnd)

equals the settings defined by

- the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping for the ProvidedApServiceInstance and
- the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping for the RequiredApServiceInstance and
- this network connection is established

then the IP packets between the two nodes will be protected according to the configuration that is also defined in the IPSecRule. | (RS CM 00801)

7.5.2.6 MACsec

MACsec provides cryptographic protection for MAC frames.

[SWS_CM_99040]{DRAFT} MACsec secure channel between communication nodes and MACsec security association [A MACsec secure channel and secure association shall be created and used according to the requirements and constraints specified in [SWS_CM_90117] and [SWS_CM_90118].](FO_RS_MACsec_00001, FO_RS_MACsec_00006)

7.6 Safety

In the following chapter the behavior according to the meta-model of safety communication shall be described.

7.6.1 End-to-end communication protection for Events

This section specifies the integration of E2E communication protection in ara::com for the processing of Events.

[SWS_CM_90402]{DRAFT} E2E event protection properties and profile configuration [An E2E-protected Event shall have its options configured in End2EndEventProtectionProps and E2EProfileConfiguration.] (RS_E2E_-08540)

[SWS_CM_90433]{DRAFT} Requirements of E2E_protect and E2E_check [The E2E functions mentioned in this section using the names E2E_protect and



E2E_check shall meet the requirements on E2E protection as defined in [9] and comply with the E2E protection protocol specification of [7] (especially [PRS_E2E_-00323]).|(RS_E2E_08540, RS_CM_00223)

For each specific Event class belonging to a specific ServiceProxy/ServiceSkeleton class the E2E dataID - based on, e.g., a combination of Service ID, Service Instance ID and Event ID - is available.

7.6.1.1 Limitations

The specified E2E communication protection for events is limited.

• EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps are not supported.

General limitations regarding E2E protection and the detectable failure modes are described in [7].

The values of the following E2E parameters are defined as fixed by the standard and shall not be changed. See [PRS_E2E_00324] of [7]:

- counterOffset
- crcOffset
- dataIdNibbleOffset

The value of following E2E parameters shall be set to the default values specified by [PRS E2E 00324] of [7]:

• offset

The value of dataIdMode for Events and the notifier of Fields shall be set according to the dataIdMode of the E2EProfileConfiguration which is referenced (in role e2eProfileConfiguration) by the AdaptivePlatformService—Instance.e2eEventProtectionProps which reference (in role event) the ServiceEventDeployment of the particular Event or the Field notifier.

7.6.1.2 Publisher

[SWS_CM_00046]{DRAFT} E2E protection of events in Send [For E2E-protected Events, E2E protection shall be performed within the context of Send.] (RS_CM_-00223, RS_E2E_08540)

Figure 7.24 shows an overview of the interaction of components involved during the E2E protection at the publisher side.



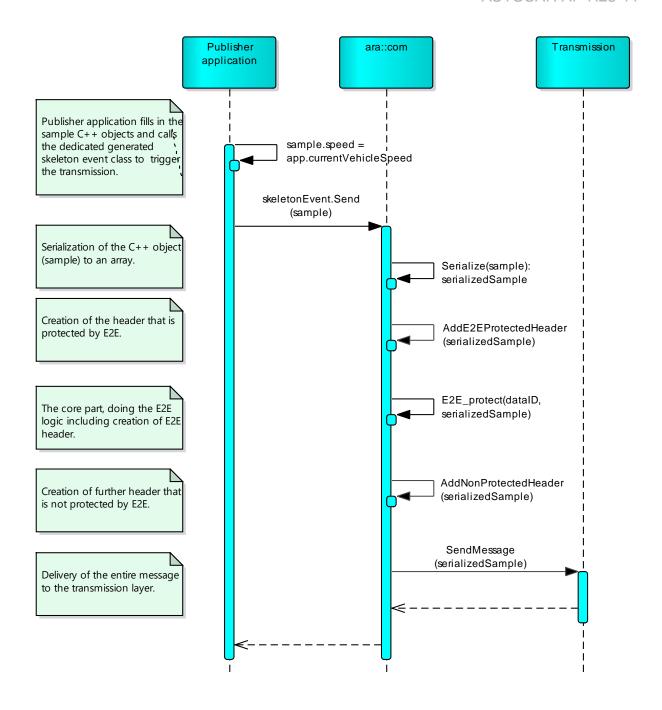


Figure 7.24: E2E Publisher

[SWS_CM_90430]{DRAFT} E2E-protected events sample serialization [For E2E-protected Events, Send shall serialize the sample and potentially add a protocol header according to the rules of the respective network binding (e.g., according to [SWS_CM_10291] in case of SOME/IP network binding), resulting in serialized data.] (RS_CM_00223, RS_E2E_08540)

From E2E protection perspective this serialized data include both a non-protected part as well as the part to be protected (see [PRS_E2E_UC_00239] and [PRS_E2E_USE_-00741]).



[SWS_CM_90401]{DRAFT} E2E_protect for event serialized data [For E2E-protected Events, E2E_protect shall be invoked on the to be protected serialized data (passed as argument serializedData to E2E_protect) according to [PRS_-E2E_00323].|(RS_E2E_08540)

[SWS_CM_90403]{DRAFT} Argument dataID in E2E_protect for events [For E2E-protected Events, the End2EndEventProtectionProps.dataId shall be passed as argument dataID to E2E_protect.|(RS E2E 08540)

[SWS_CM_90404]{DRAFT} E2E protection header for events [For E2E-protected Events, in case of SOME/IP serialization the E2E protection header shall be added to the message. If the protocol specification of the respective network binding imposes restrictions on the placement of the E2E protection header (e.g., [PRS_SOMEIP_-00941] in case of SOME/IP network binding), then these restrictions shall be honored.] (RS_E2E_08540)

7.6.1.3 Subscriber - GetNewSamples

[SWS_CM_90406]{DRAFT} E2E checking shall be done in GetNewSamples for events [For E2E-protected Events, E2E checking shall be performed within the context of GetNewSamples.|(RS_CM_00223, RS_E2E_08540)

Figure 7.25 shows an overview of the interaction of components involved during the E2E checking at the subscriber side.



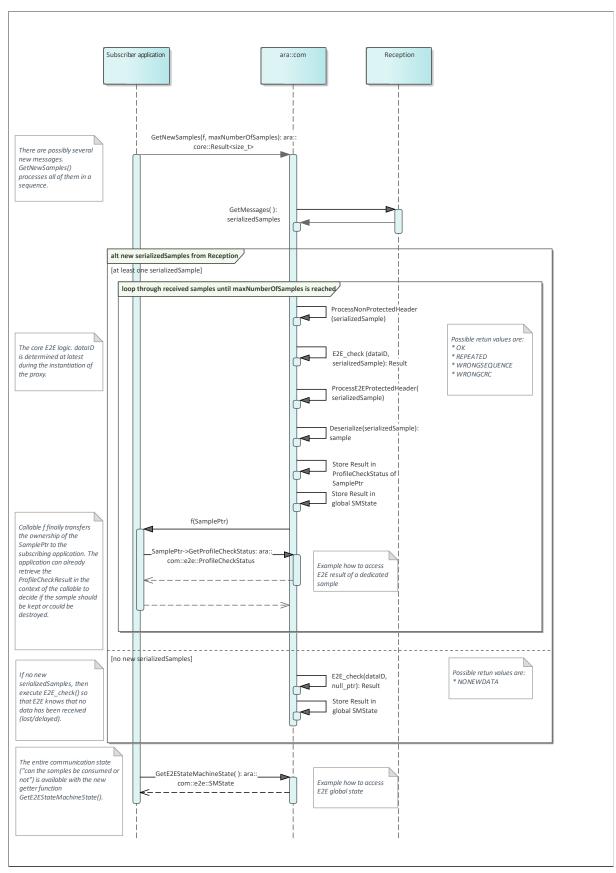


Figure 7.25: E2E Subscriber



[SWS_CM_90407]{DRAFT} GetNewSamples shall get all the serialized data that has not yet been fetched [For E2E-protected Events, GetNewSamples shall first get the collection of all serialized data that have not been fetched during the last call of this GetNewSamples function. | (RS CM 00224, RS E2E 08540)

From E2E protection perspective this serialized data include both a non-protected part as well as the part to be protected (see [PRS_E2E_UC_00239] and [PRS_E2E_USE_-00741]).

7.6.1.3.1 Case 1 - there are one or more serialized samples

For E2E-protected Events, in case serialized data for one or more samples are received, then for each sample, the following steps are to be done:

[SWS_CM_90408]{DRAFT} Processing the non-E2E-protected header of E2E-protected sample [For the given E2E-protected sample, GetNewSamples shall process the non-E2E protected header (if any) of the sample's serialized data.] (RS_CM_-00224, RS_E2E_08540)

[SWS_CM_90410]{DRAFT} E2E_check for event serialized data [For the given E2E-protected sample, E2E_check shall be invoked on the protected serialized data (passed as argument serializedData to E2E_check) according to [RS_E2E_-08540] and [PRS_E2E_00323].|(RS_E2E_08540)

[SWS_CM_00045]{DRAFT} Argument dataID in E2E_check for event with serialized sample [For the given E2E-protected sample, the End2EndEventProtectionProps.dataId shall be passed as argument dataID to E2E_check.] (RS_E2E_08540)

[SWS_CM_90411]{DRAFT} E2E_check for Events provides Result with SMState and ProfileCheckStatus [In return, for the given E2E-protected sample, E2E_check shall provide a Result (e2eResult according to [PRS_E2E_00322] of [7]) containing the elements SMState (e2eState according to [PRS_E2E_00322] of [7]) and ProfileCheckStatus (e2eStatus according to [PRS_E2E_00322] of [7]).](RS_E2E_08540, RS_E2E_08534)

[SWS_CM_00044]{DRAFT} E2E Protection header removal from serialized data For the given E2E-protected sample, the E2E protection header shall be removed from the serialized data. | (RS E2E 08540)

[SWS_CM_90412]{DRAFT} E2E-protected sample deserialization [For the given E2E-protected sample, GetNewSamples shall deserialize the resulting serialized data according to the rules of the respective network binding (e.g., according to [SWS_CM_10294] in case of SOME/IP network binding), resulting in the deserialized sample. | (RS CM 00224, RS E2E 08540)

[SWS_CM_90413]{DRAFT} GetNewSamples shall update ProfileCheckStatus in the SamplePtr and SMState in the Event class [For the given E2E-protected sample, GetNewSamples shall store the ProfileCheckStatus in the SamplePtr and shall



update/overwrite the global SMState within its specific Event class of the specific E2E-protected Event. | (RS_CM_00224, RS_E2E_08540, RS_E2E_08534)

7.6.1.3.2 Case 2 - there are no serialized samples

For E2E-protected Events, in case no serialized data are received, the steps are simpler and E2E protection works as timeout detection.

[SWS_CM_90415]{DRAFT} E2E_check invoked on a null sample [E2E_check shall be invoked on a null sample (i.e., a null pointer shall be passed as argument serializedData to E2E_check) according to [RS_E2E_08540] and [PRS_E2E_00323].] (RS_E2E_08540)

[SWS_CM_00043]{DRAFT} Argument dataID in E2E_check for events without serialized sample | The End2EndEventProtectionProps.dataId shall be passed as argument dataID to E2E_check. | (RS E2E 08540)

[SWS_CM_90416]{DRAFT} E2E_check Result on a null sample [In return, for the given null sample, E2E_check shall provide a Result (e2eResult according to [PRS_E2E_00322] of [7]) containing the elements SMState (e2eState according to [PRS_E2E_00322] of [7]) and ProfileCheckStatus (e2eStatus according to [PRS_E2E_00322] of [7]).|(RS_E2E_08540, RS_E2E_08534)

[SWS_CM_90417]{DRAFT} GetNewSamples shall update the SMState of specific event class [GetNewSamples shall update/overwrite the global SMState within its specific Event class of the specific E2E-protected Event.] (RS_CM_00224, RS_-E2E_08540, RS_E2E_08534)

7.6.1.4 Subscriber - Callable f

The user provided Callable f is invoked for each received sample. The Callable f is called with the SamplePtr of the corresponding sample as parameter. The SamplePtr contains the describing sample including the ProfileCheckStatus.

7.6.1.5 Subscriber - Access to E2E information

[SWS_CM_00042]{DRAFT} GetProfileCheckStatus method of SamplePtr [Each SamplePtr shall provide a GetProfileCheckStatus method to access the ProfileCheckStatus of each sample (see [SWS_CM_90420]).] (RS_CM_00224, RS_-E2E_08540)

[SWS_CM_10475]{DRAFT} GetE2EStateMachineState method for Events [A GetE2EStateMachineState method shall be provided for each Event class of a specific ServiceProxy class. | (RS CM 00224, RS E2E 08534)



[SWS_CM_90431]{DRAFT} GetE2EStateMachineState shall provide the global SMState [The GetE2EStateMachineState method shall provide access to the global SMState of the specific Event class, which was determined by the last run of E2E_check function invoked during the last call of GetNewSamples (see [SWS_CM_90417]).|(RS_CM_00224, RS_E2E_08534)

1 ara::com::e2e::SMState GetE2EStateMachineState() const noexcept;

7.6.2 End-to-end communication protection for Methods

This section specifies the integration of E2E communication protection in ara::com for the processing of Methodss. This includes E2E communication protection for a Method's request as well as E2E communication protection for any kind of Method's response (i.e., normal or error response).

[SWS_CM_10460]{DRAFT} Options of E2E Protection for Methods [An E2E-protected Method shall have its options configured in End2EndMethodProtectionProps and E2EProfileConfiguration.] (RS_-CM 00400, RS E2E 08541)

[SWS_CM_90485]{DRAFT} E2E Protection for Methods shall comply E2E Protection protocol specification [The E2E functions mentioned in this section using the name E2E_protect and E2E_check shall meet the requirements on E2E protection as defined in [9] and comply with the E2E protection protocol specification of [7] (especially [PRS_E2E_00828]).|(RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

For each specific Method class ([SWS_CM_00196]) belonging to a specific ServiceProxy class and for each provided method (see [SWS_CM_00191]) belonging to a specific ServiceSkeleton class the E2E dataID - based on, e.g., a combination of Service ID. Service Instance ID and Method ID - is available.

Within the scope of this section a failed E2E check is an invocation of E2E_check returning an e2eStatus of either REPEATED, WRONGSEQUENCE, NOTAVAILABLE, or NONEWDATA. A successful E2E check is an invocation of E2E_check returning an e2eStatus different from REPEATED, WRONGSEQUENCE, NOTAVAILABLE, and NONEWDATA.

7.6.2.1 Limitations

The specified E2E communication protection for Methods is limited.

- The processing mode kEvent (concurrent threads) is not supported for E2E protected methods.
- EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps are not supported.

General limitations regarding E2E protection and the detectable failure modes are described in [7].



The values of the following E2E parameters are defined as fixed by the standard and shall not be changed. See [PRS_E2E_00324] of [7]:

- counterOffset
- crcOffset
- dataIdNibbleOffset

The value of following E2E parameters shall be set to the default values specified by [PRS_E2E_00324] of [7]:

• offset

The value of dataIdMode for Methods and the getters and setters of Fields shall be set according to the dataIdMode of the E2EProfileConfiguration which is referenced (in role e2eProfileConfiguration) by the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance.e2eMethodProtectionProps which reference (in role method) the ServiceMethodDeployment of the particular Method or the Field getter/setter.

7.6.2.2 E2E protection of the service method request (Client)

[SWS_CM_10462]{DRAFT} E2E-protected Methods Request Message Protection [For E2E-protected Methods, E2E protection of the request message shall be performed within the context of the operator() of the Method class (see [SWS_CM_00196]) of the respective service method.](RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_-08541)

Figure 7.26 shows an overview of the interaction of components involved during the E2E protection of the Method request at the client side.



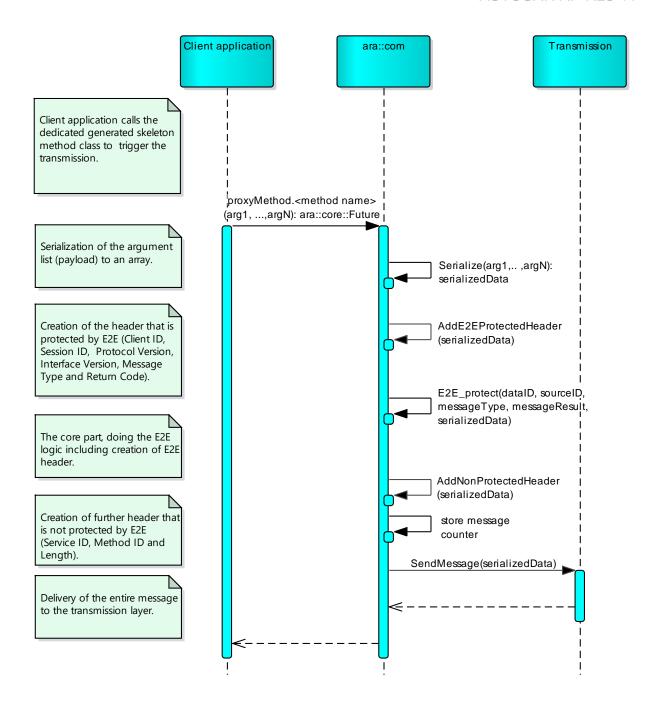


Figure 7.26: Interaction of components during E2E protection of the Method request at the client side

7.6.2.2.1 Serializing the payload

[SWS_CM_00041]{DRAFT} E2E-protected Methods Arguments Serialization [For E2E-protected Method requests, operator() shall serialize the Method's in and inout arguments and potentially add a protocol header according to the rules of the



respective network binding (e.g., according to [SWS_CM_10301] in case of SOME/IP network binding), resulting in the serialized data. | (RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

From E2E protection perspective this serialized data include both a non-protected part as well as the part to be protected (see [PRS_E2E_UC_00239] and [PRS_E2E_USE_-00741]).

7.6.2.2.2 E2E protection of the payload

[SWS_CM_90479]{DRAFT} E2E-protected Methods Serialized Data Protection For E2E-protected Method requests, E2E_protect shall be invoked on the to be protected serialized data (passed as argument serializedData to E2E_protect) according to [RS_E2E_08541], [PRS_E2E_00323], and [PRS_E2E_00828].] (RS_CM_-00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_10463]{DRAFT} E2E-protected Method Requests dataID Argument [For E2E-protected Method requests, the End2EndMethodProtectionProps. dataId shall be passed as argument dataID to E2E_protect.](RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_90486]{DRAFT} Argument sourceID for E2E_protect [For E2E-protected Method requests using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, the End2EndMethodProtectionProps.sourceId shall be passed as argument sourceID to E2E_protect.|(RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_90487]{DRAFT} Argument messageType for E2E_protect [For E2E-protected Method requests using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, STD_MESSAGETYPE_REQUEST (0) shall be passed as argument messageType to E2E_protect.|(RS CM 00400, RS E2E 08541)

[SWS_CM_90488]{DRAFT} Argument messageResult for E2E_protect [For E2E-protected Method requests using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, STD_MESSAGERESULT_OK (0) shall be passed as argument messageResult to E2E_protect.|(RS CM 00400, RS E2E 08541)

[SWS_CM_10464]{DRAFT} E2E protection header according to the network binding in the method request [For E2E-protected Method requests, the E2E protection header shall be added to the message. If the protocol specification of the respective network binding imposes restrictions on the placement of the E2E protection header (e.g., [PRS_SOMEIP_00941] in case of SOME/IP network binding), then these restrictions shall be honored.] (RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

7.6.2.3 E2E checking the service method request (Server)

[SWS_CM_10466]{DRAFT} E2E checking of the method request in ServiceSkeleton (message reception) For E2E-protected Method requests, E2E checking shall



be performed within the context of the message reception within the ServiceSkeleton if the MethodCallProcessingMode is set to kEventSingleThread. (RS_-CM 00400, RS E2E 08541)

[SWS_CM_10468]{DRAFT} E2E checking of the method request in ServiceSkeleton (ProcessNextMethodCall) [For E2E-protected Method requests, E2E checking shall be performed within the context of ProcessNextMethodCall within the ServiceSkeleton if the MethodCallProcessingMode is set to kPoll.](RS_CM_-00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_10467]{DRAFT} Wrong Method Call Processing Mode Error for ServiceSkeleton named constructor [In case a MethodCallProcessingMode of kEvent has been passed to the named constructor of the ServiceSkeleton for a service using E2E-protected methods (see [SWS_CM_10436] or [SWS_CM_10435]), an error code ComErro:kWrongMethodCallProcessingMode shall be returned in the Result of the named constructor Create(). If logging is enabled, the error shall be logged.|(RS CM 00402, RS CM 00400, RS E2E 08541)

Note: A MethodCallProcessingMode set to kEvent is not supported for E2E-protected Methods.

Figures 7.27 and 7.28 show an overview of the interaction of components involved during the E2E checking of the Method request at the server side.



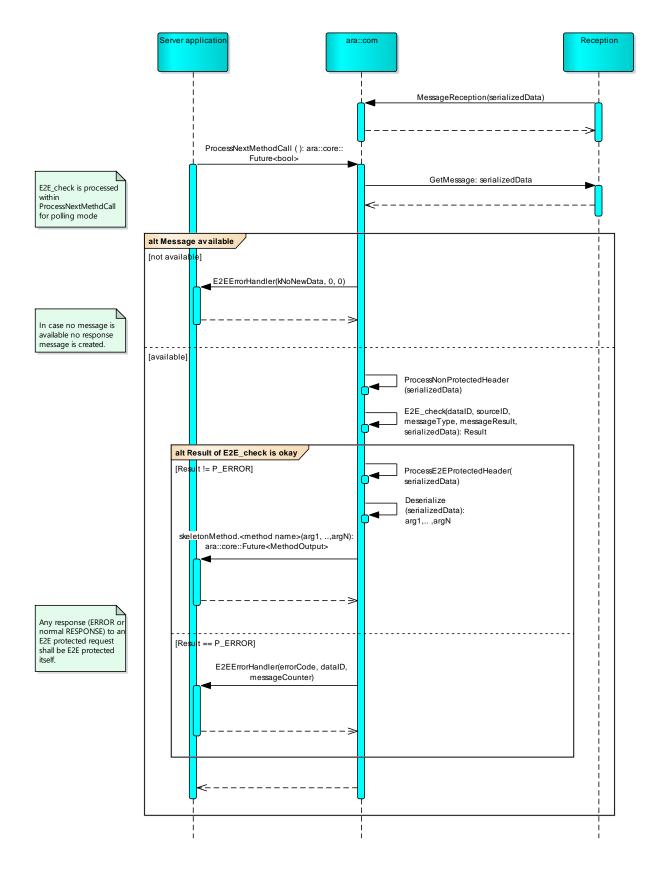


Figure 7.27: Interaction of components during E2E checking of the Method request at the server side - polling



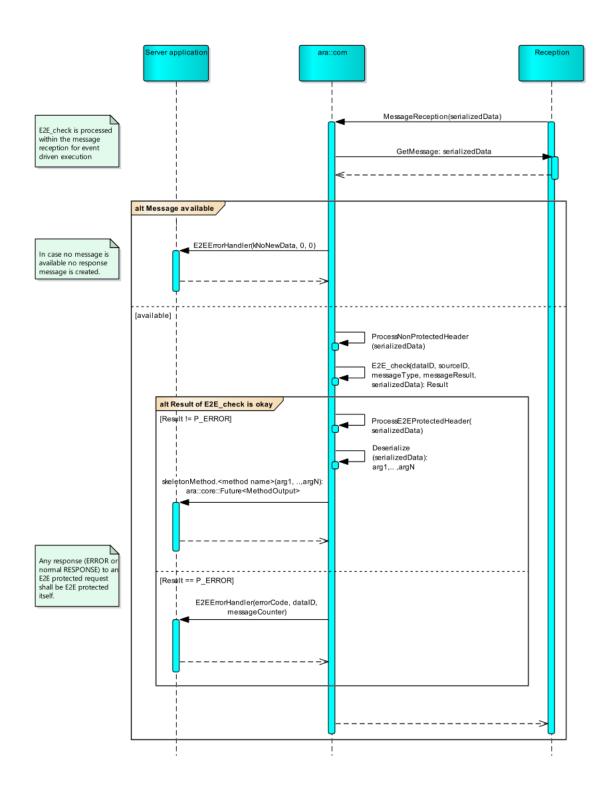


Figure 7.28: Interaction of components during E2E checking of the Method request at the server side - event driven



7.6.2.3.1 E2E checking of the payload

For E2E-protected Method requests, in case serialized data are available the following steps are to be done:

[SWS_CM_00040]{DRAFT} Processing the non-E2E-protected header of E2E-protected method request [For the given E2E-protected Method request, the non-E2E-protected header (if any) of the Method request's serialized data shall be processed. | (RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_90480]{DRAFT} Argument serializedData in E2E_check for method requests [For the given E2E-protected Method request, E2E_check() shall be invoked on the protected serialized data (passed as argument serializedData to E2E_check()) according to [RS_E2E_08541], [PRS_E2E_00323], and [PRS_E2E_00828].|(RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_00039]{DRAFT} Argument dataID in E2E_check for method requests [For the given E2E-protected Method request, the End2EndMethodProtectionProps.dataId shall be passed as argument dataID to E2E_check()).|(RS CM 00400, RS E2E 08541)

[SWS_CM_90489]{DRAFT} Argument sourceID in E2E_check for method requests [For E2E-protected Method requests using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, a reference to a variable to store the End2EndMethodProtectionProps. sourceId to shall be passed as argument sourceID to E2E_check. E2E_check shall extract the E2E Source ID contained in the E2E protection header into this variable. This extracted sourceID shall be stored for later use during E2E protection of response payload (see [SWS_CM_90492]).] (RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_90490]{DRAFT} Argument messageType in E2E_check for method requests [For E2E-protected Method requests using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, STD_MESSAGETYPE_REQUEST (0) shall be passed as argument messageType to E2E_check. | (RS CM 00400, RS E2E 08541)

[SWS_CM_90491]{DRAFT} Argument messageResult E2E_check for method requests [For E2E-protected Method requests using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, STD_MESSAGERESULT_OK (0) shall be passed as argument messageResult to E2E_check.] (RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_00038]{DRAFT} E2E_check for method request provides Result with SMState and ProfileCheckStatus [In return, for the given E2E-protected Method request, E2E_check shall provide a Result (e2eResult according to [PRS_E2E_-00322] of [7]) containing the elements SMState (e2eState according to [PRS_E2E_-00322] of [7]) and ProfileCheckStatus (e2eStatus according to [PRS_E2E_-00322] of [7]).](RS_E2E_08541, RS_E2E_08534)

[SWS_CM_00037]{DRAFT} E2E Protection header removal from serialized data for method requests For the given E2E-protected Method request, the E2E protection header shall be removed from the serialized data.] (RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_-08541)



7.6.2.3.2 Deserializing the payload

In case the call to $E2E_check$ (according to [SWS_CM_00040]) indicated a successful E2E check of the request message further processing of the request message shall take place.

[SWS_CM_00036]{DRAFT} Description of the data according to the network binding for method request [For the given E2E-protected Method request, the resulting serialized data shall be describlized according to the rules of the respective network binding (e.g., according to [SWS_CM_10304] in case of SOME/IP network binding), resulting in the describilized in and inout arguments to the Method call.] (RS CM 00400, RS E2E 08541)

7.6.2.3.3 E2E error notification

In case the call to E2E_check (according to [SWS_CM_00040]) indicated a failed E2E check of the request message, the server application can get notified via an E2E error handler.

The registration of an application's E2E error handler is static (before runtime). A dynamic registration/de-registration of an application's E2E error handler (like a publisher/subscriber pattern) is neither necessary nor possible.

[SWS_CM_10470]{DRAFT} E2E Error Handler - Existence [The ServiceSkeleton shall provide a virtual E2EErrorHandler method with arguments for error-Code, dataID, and messageCounter. This E2EErrorHandler function shall have an empty implementation which may be overridden by the actual ServiceSkeleton implementation. The E2EErrorHandler implementation is not required to be reentrant.

```
virtual void E2EErrorHandler(
    ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorCode errorCode,
    ara::com::e2e::DataID dataID,
    ara::com::e2e::MessageCounter messageCounter
   )
6 {
7 };
```

|(RS_CM_00401, RS_CM_00402)

Note - Faulty DataID: If the E2E error is a CRC error then some parts of the received message are faulty. If this part is the DataID then the E2E error handler is called with a faulty DataID. Consequently, in case of CRC error the server application can not rely on the DataID received by its error handler.

[SWS_CM_00034]{DRAFT} E2E Error Handler - Invocation [E2EErrorHandler shall be invoked from within a separate thread by the Communication Management software in case E2E_check reports an E2E error.] (RS_CM_00401, RS_CM_00402)



[SWS_CM_10471]{DRAFT} E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments [In case a new request message is available, E2EErrorHandler shall be called with the following arguments: errorCode shall be set to the ProfileCheckStatus obtained in [SWS_CM_90411], dataID shall be set to End2EndMethodProtectionProps. dataId, and messageCounter shall be set to the E2E counter of the received request message.|(RS CM 00401, RS CM 00402)

[SWS_CM_00047]{DRAFT} E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments [In case no new request message is available, E2EErrorHandler shall be called with the following arguments: errorCode shall be set to the kNotAvailable, dataID shall be set to 0, and messageCounter shall be set 0.|(RS CM 00401, RS CM 00402)

7.6.2.4 E2E protection of the service method response (Server)

[SWS_CM_90481]{DRAFT} E2E protection of method response message performed after the method or E2E error handler execution [For E2E-protected Methods, E2E protection of the response message shall be performed after the execution of the service method (in case of a successful E2E_check according to [SWS_CM_90480]) or after the execution of the E2E error handler (in case of a failed E2E check according to [SWS_CM_90480]).|(RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

Figure 7.29 shows an overview of the interaction of components involved during the E2E protection of the Method response at the server side.



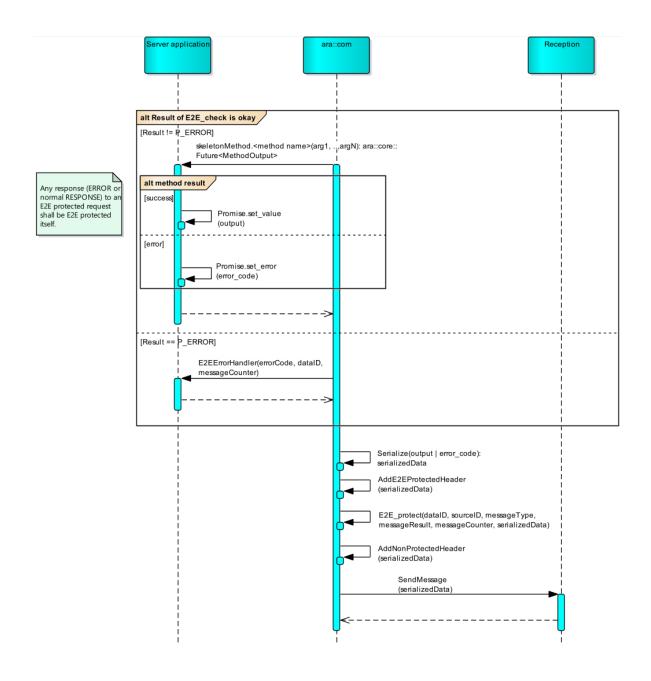


Figure 7.29: Interaction of components during E2E protection of the Method response at the server side



7.6.2.4.1 Serializing the E2E error response payload

[SWS_CM_10472]{DRAFT} E2E Error Response [In case E2E_check (according to [SWS_CM_90480]) reported an E2E error, an error response message according to the used network binding (e.g., [SWS_CM_10312] in case of SOME/IP) shall be sent to the client. | (RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_00033]{DRAFT} Payload of the E2E Error Response [The payload of this error response message shall contain an ara::core::ErrorCode of error domain ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain. The value of this ara::core::ErrorCode shall be set to the corresponding error value of E2E_check according to [SWS_CM_90421]. The serialization of this error code and the potential adding of a protocol header shall take place according to the used network binding (e.g., according to [SWS_CM_10312] and [SWS_CM_10428] in case of SOME/IP).](RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

7.6.2.4.2 Serializing the response payload

[SWS_CM_90467]{DRAFT} Payload of the Normal or Application Error Response [For E2E-protected Methods the Method inout and out arguments or the application error shall be serialized and a protocol header shall be potentially added according to the rules of the respective network binding (e.g., according to [SWS_CM_10312] in case of SOME/IP network binding), resulting in the serialized data. [RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

From E2E communication protection perspective this serialized data include both a non-protected part as well as the part to be protected (see [PRS_E2E_UC_00239] and [PRS_E2E_USE_00741]).

7.6.2.4.3 E2E protection of the response payload

[SWS_CM_90468]{DRAFT} Argument serializedData in E2E_protect for methods [For E2E-protected Method responses, E2E_protect shall be invoked on the to be protected serialized data (passed as argument serializedData to E2E_protect) according to [RS_E2E_08541], [PRS_E2E_00323], and [PRS_E2E_00828].](RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_10469]{DRAFT} Argument datald in E2E_protect for methods [For E2E-protected Method responses, the End2EndMethodProtectionProps.datald shall be passed as argument dataID to E2E_protect.] (RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_-08541)

Note: This is the same dataID that has been contained in the corresponding Method request.



[SWS_CM_90492]{DRAFT} Argument sourceld in E2E_protect for methods [For E2E-protected Method responses using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, the stored sourceID (which has been extracted according to [SWS_CM_90489]) shall be passed as argument sourceID to E2E_protect.|(RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_90493]{DRAFT} Argument messageType in E2E_protect for methods [For E2E-protected Method responses using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, STD_MESSAGETYPE_RESPONSE (1) shall be passed as argument messageType to E2E_protect.|(RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_90494]{DRAFT} Argument messageResult STD_MESSAGERESULT_OK in E2E_protect for methods [For E2E-protected Method responses using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, in case of a normal response (i.e., neither an application error response message nor an E2E error response message), STD_MESSAGERESULT_OK (0) shall be passed as argument messageResult to E2E_protect.](RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_90495]{DRAFT} Argument messageResult STD_MESSAGERESULT_ERROR in E2E_protect for methods [For E2E-protected Method responses using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, in case of an error response (i.e., either an application error response message or an E2E error response message), STD_MESSAGERESULT_ERROR (1) shall be passed as argument messageResult to E2E_protect. | (RS CM 00401, RS E2E 08541)

[SWS_CM_90469]{DRAFT} E2E Counter in E2E_protect for method response [For E2E-protected Method responses, the E2E counter contained in the corresponding Method request shall be used as E2E counter in the call to E2E_protect.] (RS_CM_-00400, RS_E2E_08541)

Note: The Method response carries the same dataID and E2E counter as the corresponding Method request to simplify the multiple client scenarios and allow the client to monitor the E2E counter.

[SWS_CM_90470]{DRAFT} E2E protection header according to the network binding in the method response [For E2E-protected Method responses, the E2E protection header shall be added to the message. If the protocol specification of the respective network binding imposes restrictions on the placement of the E2E protection header (e.g., [PRS_SOMEIP_00941] in case of SOME/IP network binding), then these restrictions shall be honored.] (RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

7.6.2.5 E2E checking the service method response (Client)

[SWS_CM_90471]{DRAFT} E2E checking of the method response in the ServiceProxy [For E2E-protected Method responses, E2E checking shall be performed within the context of the message reception within the ServiceProxy.] $(RS_CM_-00400, RS_E2E_08541)$



Figure 7.30 shows an overview of the interaction of components involved during the E2E checking of the Method response at the client side.



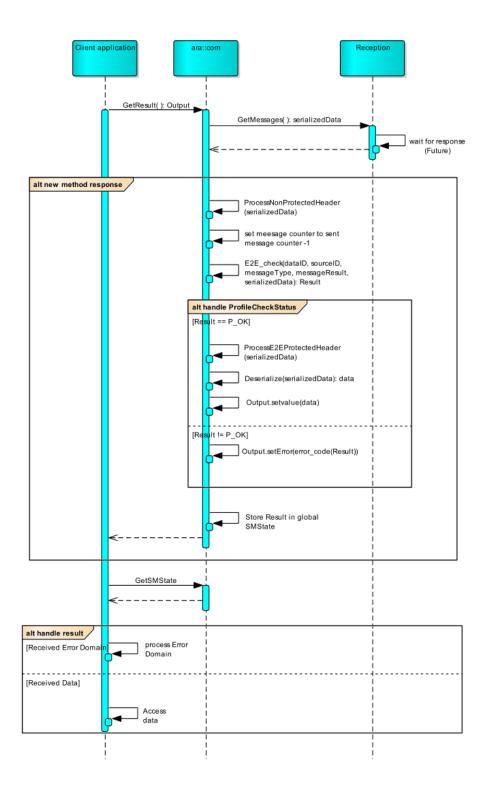


Figure 7.30: Interaction of components during E2E checking of the Method response at the client side



7.6.2.5.1 E2E checking of the payload

For E2E-protected Method responses, in case serialized data are available the following steps are to be done:

[SWS_CM_90472]{DRAFT} Processing the non-E2E-protected header of the E2E-protected method response [For the given E2E-protected Method responses, the non-E2E-protected header (if any) of the Method response's serialized data shall be processed. | (RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_90473]{DRAFT} Argument serialized Data in E2E_check for method response [For the given E2E-protected Method response, E2E_check() shall be invoked on the protected serialized data (passed as argument serializedData to E2E_check()) according to [RS_E2E_08541], [PRS_E2E_00323], and [PRS_E2E_00828]. $|(RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)|$

[SWS_CM_90474]{DRAFT} Argument datald in E2E_check for method response [For the given E2E-protected Method response, the End2EndMethodProtectionProps.dataId shall be passed as argument dataID to E2E_check()).|(RS CM 00400, RS E2E 08541)

[SWS_CM_10465]{DRAFT} E2E counter of method response shall match with the one in method request [For E2E-protected Method response, the response message shall carry the same E2E counter value as the request message. In case the E2E counter is different, the response message shall be discarded (without any further processing).|(RS CM 00400, RS E2E 08541)

Implementation Hint: The E2E counter can be extracted from the resulting state of the E2E_Protect()/E2E_Check() function.

[SWS_CM_90496]{DRAFT} Argument sourceld in E2E_check for method response [For E2E-protected Method responses using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, the End2EndMethodProtectionProps.sourceId shall be passed as argument sourceID to E2E_check.|(RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_90497]{DRAFT} Argument messageType in E2E_check for methods response [For E2E-protected Method responses using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, STD_MESSAGETYPE_RESPONSE (1) shall be passed as argument messageType to E2E_check.] (RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_90498]{DRAFT} Argument messageResult STD_MESSAGERESULT_OK in E2E_check for method response [For E2E-protected Method responses using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, in case of a normal response (i.e., neither an application error response message nor an E2E error response message), STD_MESSAGERESULT_OK (0) shall be passed as argument messageResult to E2E_check.](RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)

[SWS_CM_90499]{DRAFT} Argument messageResult STD_MESSAGERESULT_ERROR in E2E_check for method response | For E2E-protected Method responses using profiles P04m, P07m, P08m, or P44m, in



case of an error response (i.e., either an application error response message or an E2E error response message), STD_MESSAGERESULT_ERROR (1) shall be passed as argument messageResult to E2E_check. | (RS CM 00401, RS E2E 08541)

[SWS_CM_90478]{DRAFT} E2E_check for method response provides Result with SMState and ProfileCheckStatus [In return, for the given E2E-protected Method response, E2E_check shall provide a Result (e2eResult according to [PRS_E2E_-00322] of [7]) containing the elements SMState (e2eState according to [PRS_E2E_-00322] of [7]) and ProfileCheckStatus (e2eStatus according to [PRS_E2E_-00322] of [7]).] (RS_E2E_08541, RS_E2E_08534)

[SWS_CM_90482]{DRAFT} Update SMState of specific method class with the SMState provided in the Result of E2E_check [The global SMState within its specific Method class of a specific ServiceProxy class shall be updated/overwritten with the element SMState of the Result provided by E2E_check according to [SWS_CM_90478].|(RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541, RS_E2E_08534)

[SWS_CM_90475]{DRAFT} E2E protection header removal from the serialized data for method response | For the given E2E-protected Method response, the E2E protection header shall be removed from the serialized data. $](RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E 08541)$

7.6.2.5.2 Deserializing the payload

In case the call to $E2E_check$ (according to [SWS_CM_90473]) indicated a successful E2E check of the response message, further processing of the response message shall take place.

[SWS_CM_90476]{DRAFT} Description of the data according to the network binding for method response [For the given E2E-protected Method response, the resulting serialized data shall be describilized according to the rules of the respective network binding (e.g., according to [SWS_CM_10316] and [SWS_CM_10429] in case of SOME/IP network binding), resulting in the describilized input and out arguments to the Method call or in the describilized application error. [RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_-08541)

[SWS_CM_10473]{DRAFT} Handling the E2E Error Response [Handling of an E2E error response message (sent due to a detected E2E error in request according to [SWS_CM_10472]) shall be done in the same way as the reception and the handling of any other error response message according to the used network binding (e.g., according to [SWS_CM_10429] in case of SOME/IP network binding).](RS_CM_00223, RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_08541)



7.6.2.5.3 E2E error notification

In case the call to $E2E_check$ (according to [SWS_CM_90473]) indicated a failed E2E check of the response message, the client application shall get notified in the following way:

[SWS_CM_90477]{DRAFT} E2E Error Return Code [For the given E2E-protected Method response in case of failed E2E check an ara::core::ErrorCode of error domain ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain with value set to ProfileCheckStatus obtained in [SWS_CM_90478] shall be constructed according to [SWS_CM_90421]. This ara::core::ErrorCode shall be passed as argument in a call to SetError() on the ara::core::Promise.](RS_CM_00400, RS_E2E_-08541)

The handling of normal and application error responses (according to [SWS_CM_90476]) combined with the handlling of E2E error responses (according to [SWS_CM_10473]) and the explicit notification of E2E errors detected in the response message (according to [SWS_CM_90477]) will yield an ara::core:: Result containing either

- the correct output of the server operation in case of absence of any error
- an ara::core::ErrorCode of the error domain ApapplicationError.errorDomain with the value set to ApapplicationError.errorCode of the raised ApapplicationError in case the ClientServerOperation raised one of its configured possible ClientServerOperation.possibleApErrors and no E2E error was detected in the request message and the response message
- an ara::core::ErrorCode of error domain ara::com::e2e:: E2EErrorDomain and the value set to the ProfileCheckStatus of the Result of the E2E_check call at the server side in case an E2E error was detected in the request message at the server side and no E2E error was detected in the response message at the client side
- an ara::core::ErrorCode of error domain ara::com::e2e:: E2EErrorDomain and the value set to the ProfileCheckStatus of the Result of the E2E_check call at the client side in case an E2E error was detected in the response message at the client side

[SWS_CM_90483]{DRAFT} GetE2EStateMachineState method shall be provided for each method class [A GetE2EStateMachineState method shall be provided for each Method class of a specific ServiceProxy class. | (RS E2E 08534)

[SWS_CM_90484]{DRAFT} GetE2EStateMachineState method shall provide access to the SMState of the specific method class [The GetE2EStateMachineState method shall provide access to the global SMState of the specific Method class, which was determined by the last run of E2E_check function invoked during the last reception of the Method response (see [SWS_CM_90482]).] (RS_E2E_08534)



1 ara::com::e2e::SMState GetE2EStateMachineState() const noexcept;

7.6.2.6 Timeout supervision

ara::com does not support any timeout supervision for method calls. A lost response message could block some ara::core::Future methods like wait() forever. In case of E2E such a timeout supervision is desired, wherefore the adaptive application is strongly recommended to implement timeout supervision, e.g., by using the ReportCheckpoint() method of the ara::phm::SupervisedEntity or the wait_for(), wait_until(), or the is_ready() methods of the ara::core::Future.

7.6.3 End-to-end communication protection for Fields

This section specifies E2E protection for fields. For details of fields see [4]. A field is a data object that can be accessed by a getter and/or setter method. In addition update notifications may be provided to subscribers, whenever the value of the field gets updated. The principle of fields is already specified. This section specifies the E2E protection for fields. The E2E protection for methods Get and Set follows the E2E protection for Methods (chapter 7.6.2). The specifications [SWS_CM_10460] and [SWS_CM_90485] define the parameters for E2E protection of the methods Get () and Set (). The limitations of chapter 7.6.2.1 are applicable.

The E2E protection for <code>Update</code> follows the E2E protection for <code>events</code> (chapter 7.6.1). The specifications [SWS_CM_90402] and [SWS_CM_90433] define the parameters for E2E protection of the update event. The limitations of chapter 7.6.1.1 are applicable.

E2E results OK and OK_SOME_LOST are successful results. **E2E** results ERROR, REPEATED, WRONGSEQUENCE, NOTAVAILABLE and NONEWDATA are considered error results.

There are E2E profiles 4m, 7m, 8m or 44m for the protection of methods (Get, Set). Also the other E2E profiles can be used for the protection of Methods. But in this case some parameters of SOME/IP are not protected.

7.6.3.1 Send a GET message

The client application calls the <code>Get()</code> function at <code>ara::com</code> without arguments. A future for this method call is created by <code>ara::com</code>. Data of method <code>Get()</code> are serialized.

The E2E serialization follows the specification of [SWS_CM_00041] with the following exception: The result is a list without parameters because a Get() method has no IN or INOUT parameters.



The parameters dataID, sourceID, messageType and messageResult for E2E_XXmProtect method are passed as described in chapter 7.6.2.2.2.

After E2E protection the non E2E protected part is added to the message as described in [SWS_CM_10464].

Figure 7.31 shows the message flow of sending a Get () method. The figure does not list all details of E2E protection, e.g. functions of CRC library are omitted in this figure.

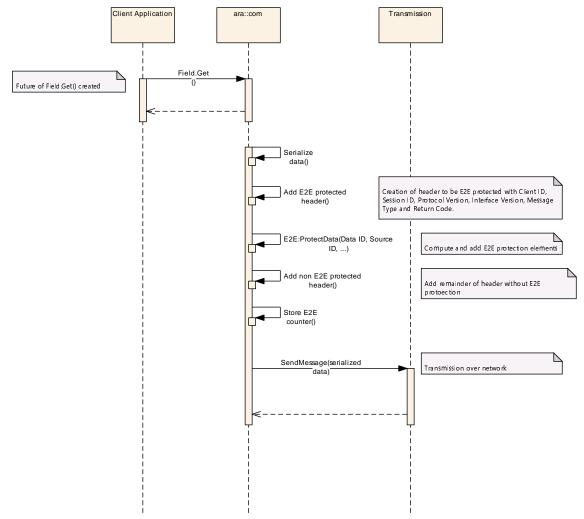


Figure 7.31: Send a GET Message

7.6.3.2 Receive a GET message

The message is received by the Publisher application. The Publisher application is a server application.

The E2E check of the received message follows the specification of chapter 7.6.2.3.



The type of the message to be sent back to the client is RESPONSE or ERROR. That depends on the result of the E2E check. If the E2E check fails, then the Return Code of the ERROR message is initialized with an E2E error code (See [PRS_SOMEIP_00191]).

Figure 7.32 shows the reception of a GET message. The E2E protected part of the serialized header is checked for E2E errors. If the incoming message was received with an E2E error, then the Publisher is informed through the E2E error handler (see chapter 7.6.2.3.3). In this case no value is retrieved from Publisher.

If the incoming message is received without E2E error, the GetHandler of the Publisher application is called.

Independent of the result of the E2E check a response message is sent to the client (caller of the Get() function). The message sent back to the client has message type type RESPONSE and return code either (OK) or (ERROR).

This response message is E2E protected the same way as the Get () message as described in chapters 7.6.2.4.1, 7.6.2.4.2 and 7.6.2.4.3.



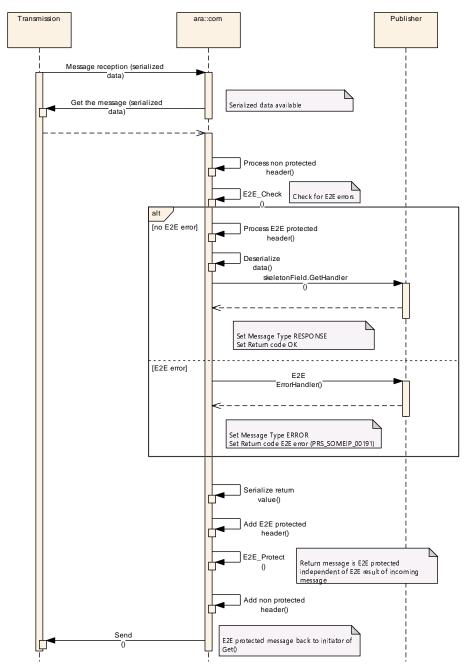


Figure 7.32: Receive a GET Message

7.6.3.3 Receive a response to a GET message

The reception of an E2E protected response message is described in chapter 7.6.2.5.

If the message is received with an E2E error, then the E2E Errorhandler of the client is called. The future of the Get () function is set to ready state with an error code. That is described in chapter 7.6.2.5.



The received message is of type RESPONSE or ERROR (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]). Type ERROR indicates that an E2E error occurred at the server site. If a message of type ERROR is received with Return Code of E2E error (indicating that the Publisher received the Get request with an E2E error) then the E2E Errorhandler of the Client Application is called. The future of the Get () function is set to ready state with an error code.

It is up to the Client application how to react to a call of its Errorhandler.

If the RESPONSE message is received without E2E errors then the future is updated with the received value of the Publishers field. The future becomes ready and the Client application can use this value.

If a RESPONSE message to an outgoing Get message does not arrive at all, then the client application is not informed if the value was retrieved from the remote application. The future of Field.Get() is not updated to state ready. In this case the client application can send the Get message again to the remote application to retrieve the value, or initiate its own error handling. A timeout supervision (chapter 7.6.2.6) may unlock the future. Figure 7.33 shows reception of a message from the server.



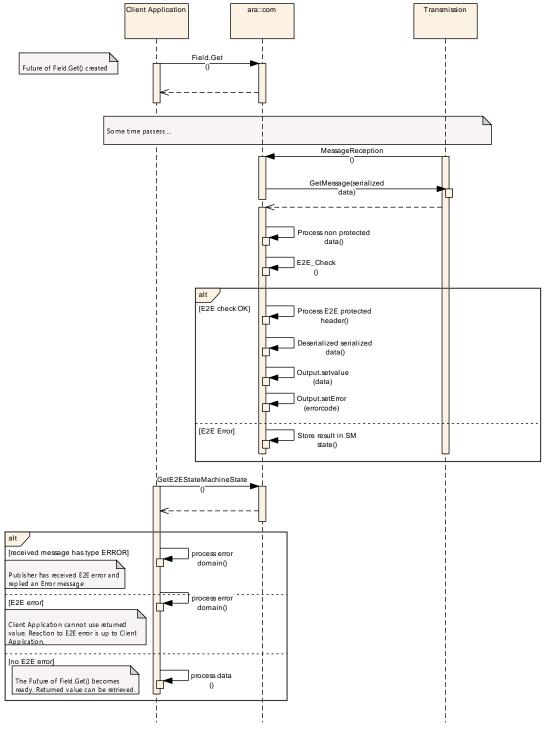


Figure 7.33: Receive response to a GET Message

7.6.3.4 Send a SET message

The E2E serialization follows the specification of [SWS_CM_00041]. Only one parameter is serialized: The parameter to be set at the publisher application.



The parameters dataID, sourceID, messageType and messageResult for E2E_XXmProtect method are passed as described in chapter 7.6.2.2.2.

After E2E protection the non E2E protected part is added to message as described in specification [SWS_CM_10464].

Figure 7.34 shows the message flow of sending a Set () method. The figure does not list all details of E2E protection, e.g. functions of libraries E2ELib and CrcLib are omitted in this figure.

The client application calls the Set () function at ara::com with one argument (the value that shall overwrite the field's value).

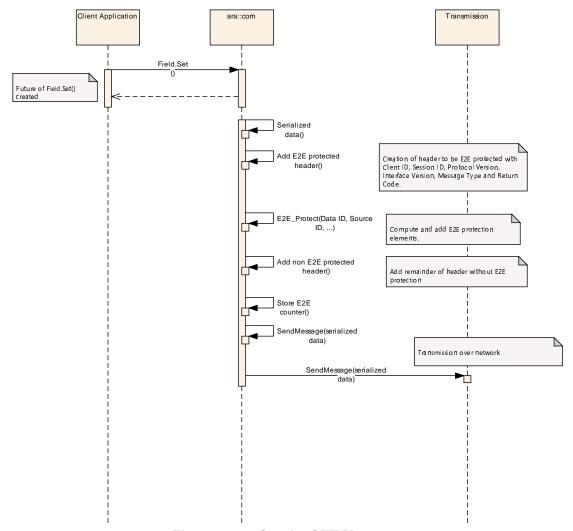


Figure 7.34: Send a SET Message

7.6.3.5 Receive a SET message

The message is received by the Publisher application. The Publisher application is a server application.



The E2E check of the received message follows the specification of chapter 7.6.2.3.

If the incoming message is received without E2E error the SetHandler of the Publisher application is called. The SetHandler returns the value to be written to the Publisher's field. The returned value may be identical to the parameter of the Set message (successful update). But there is also the possibility that an update could not be performed completely. If the parameter of the Set message is out of range then the field may be left unchanged or the field is updated by a value inside the field's range. The type of the response message is RESPONSE.

If the incoming message is received with an E2E error, then the Publisher is informed through the E2E error handler (see chapter 7.6.2.3.3). In this case The SetHandler of the Publisher is not called. The type of the response message is ERROR. If the E2E_Check fails the Return Code of the ERROR message is initialized with an E2E error code (See [PRS SOMEIP 00191]).

The type of the message to be sent back to the client is RESPONSE or ERROR. That depends on the result of the E2E check.

The message to be returned (type ERROR or RESPONSE) is serialized, E2E protected and sent back to the client.

This response message is E2E protected the same way as the Get () message as described in chapters 7.6.2.4.1, 7.6.2.4.2 and 7.6.2.4.3.

Figure 7.35 shows the reception of a Set message. The E2E protected part of the serialized header is checked for E2E errors. If the incoming message was received with an E2E error, then the Publisher is informed through the E2E error handler. The Publisher's field is not updated and no value is retrieved from Publisher's field.



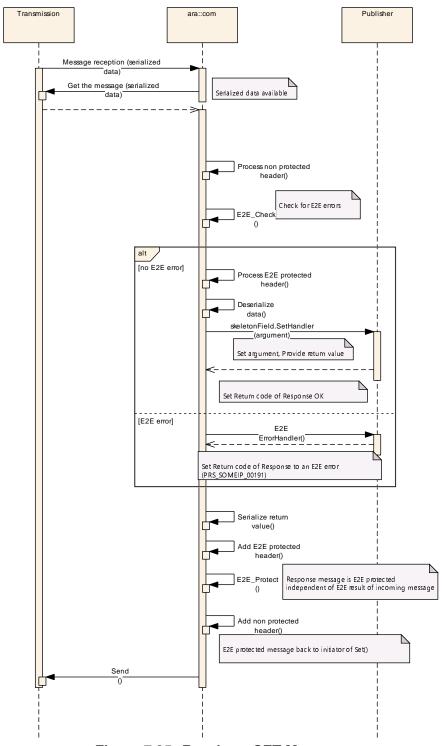


Figure 7.35: Receive a SET Message

7.6.3.6 Receive a response to a SET message

The reception of an E2E protected response message is described in chapter 7.6.2.5.



If the message is received with an E2E error, then the Errorhandler of the client is called. The future of the Set () function is set to ready state with an error code ().That is described in chapter 7.6.2.5.3.

The received message is of type RESPONSE or ERROR (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]). Type ERROR indicates that an E2E error occurred at the server site. If a message of type ERROR is received with Return Code of E2E error (indicating that the Publisher received the Set request with an E2E error) then the Errorhandler of the Client Application is called. The future of the Set () function is set to ready state with an error code.

It is up to the Client application how to react to a call of its Errorhandler.

If the RESPONSE message is received without E2E errors then the future is updated with the received value of Publisher's field. The future becomes ready and the Client application can use this value.

If a RESPONSE message to an outgoing Set message does not arrive at all then the client application is not informed about the value which is set at the remote application. The future of Field.Set() is not updated to state ready. In this case the client application can send the Set message again to the remote application in order to set the intended value and receive the set value or initiate its own error handling. A timeout supervision (chapter 7.6.2.6) can unlock the future.

Figure 7.36 shows reception of a response. This message is of type RESPONSE or ERROR (see [PRS_SOMEIP_00055]) and similar to the reception of a response to a Get message.



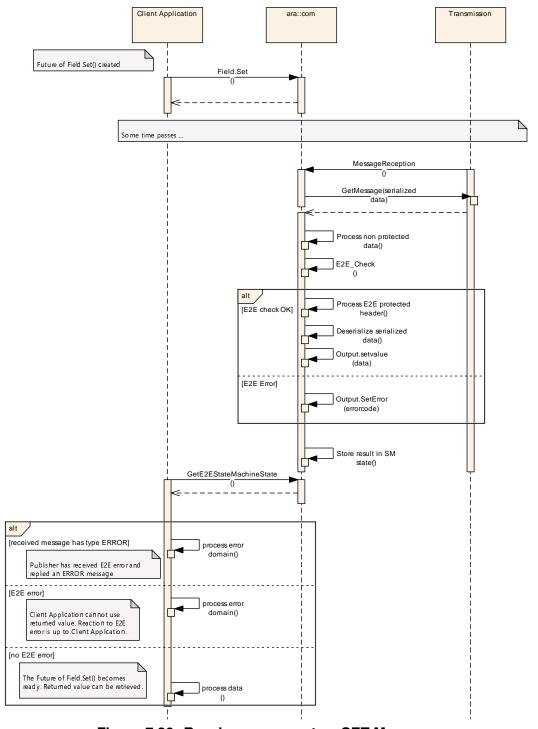


Figure 7.36: Receive response to a SET Message

7.6.3.7 Send an UPDATE message

The application triggers the sending of update messages to subscribers. The update of a field's value by a SetHandler() is a reason to trigger update messages.



An update of a subscriber is an event. The E2E protection of an update is described in chapter 7.6.1.2. The update message is sent to every subscriber to the publisher's field.

Figure 7.37 shows sending of field update messages.

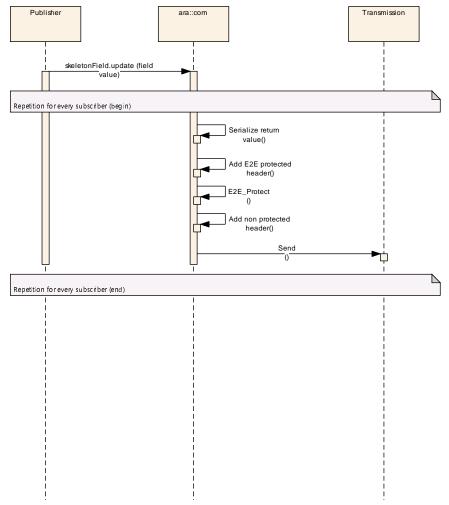


Figure 7.37: Send an UPDATE Message

7.6.3.8 Receive an UPDATE message

The loop over samples indicates that more than one update messages are collected and evaluated by E2E state machine. In the case of E2E fields this is rather a theoretical option. Usually the number of received update messages is zero or one.

The reception of E2E protected fields is described in chapter 7.6.1.3.

The reception of E2E protected fields follows the principle of E2E protected events (see figure 7.25 in chapter 7.6.1). This reception of E2E protected fields demands periodic communication.



If one or more update messages are received the E2E state machine provides one of the following results: OK, ERROR, REPEATED, NONEWDATA, WRONGSEQUENCE (See [PRS_E2E_00597]). Only result OK indicates that the received value is valid.

Figure 7.38 shows reception of a field update message.

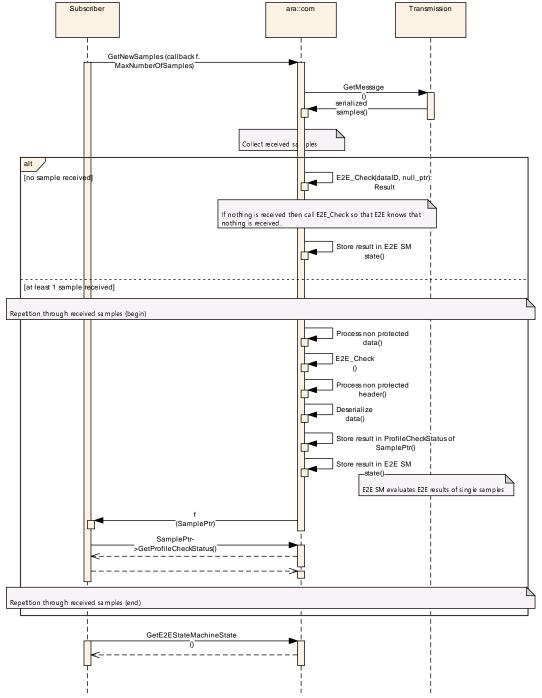


Figure 7.38: Receive an UPDATE Message



7.7 Functional cluster lifecycle

The Communication Management functional cluster provides the primary communication infrastructure for Adaptive AUTOSAR, which is used by State Management. Because the interaction between State Management and Execution Management has a key impact on the lifecycle of the entire Adaptive AUTOSAR platform, the availability of communication infrastructure is essential for system state changes. AUTOSAR assumes the availability of this communication in the states Startup and Shutdown to the extent necessary to perform these states.

7.7.1 Startup

No special startup handling is needed for the Communication Management functional cluster. However, Communication Management provides the communication infrastructure used by State Management. Therefore, it is recommended to start Communication Management in parallel with Execution Management or after starting Execution Management but before starting State Management. Once State Management and Execution Management are operational, they should take control of the Communication Management lifecycle.

Please note that the specific implementation details and configuration of Language Binding, Communication Binding and Network Binding made by the integrator affects the specific requirements for a given deployment.

7.7.2 Shutdown

Control over this state of the Communication Management functional cluster lifecycle should be handled by State Management and Execution Management. However, Communication Management provides the communication infrastructure used by State Management. Therefore, the Communication Management functional cluster should maintain the functionality required by State Management as long as it is necessary.

Please note that the specific implementation details and configuration of Language Binding, Communication Binding, and Network Binding affects the shutdown strategy for a particular deployment. It is the responsibility of the system integrator to carefully consider when the Communication Management elements will terminate to ensure the success of the system shutdown and notification of Applications. In particular the system integrator should provide a concept how to notify application processes still holding SamplePtr's to memory elements of communication management.



7.8 Communication Interfaces

ara::com is the interface that AUTOSAR Adaptive Applications use to interact with the Communication Management.

In this chapter, the functional specifications for the communication interfaces of ara::com are described. The actual C++ APIs of ara::com are described in chapter 8.

7.8.1 Offer service

For the service offering C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.3.

[SWS_CM_00102]{DRAFT} Uniqueness of offered service on local machine [Upon a call to OfferService() the Communication Management shall check the offered service for uniqueness on the local machine using information available to the service discovery. If the implementation detects a service instance duplication (i.e., a service with the same serviceInstanceId, serviceInterfaceId and majorVersion on the same VLAN (e.g.according to [constr_1723] of [5]) is already registered, the requested service offering shall not start, and the function shall return positively after error is logged. | (RS_CM_00200, RS_CM_00101, RS_CM_00108)

Note: System/vehicle-wide Uniqueness of offered service (see [RS_CM_00108]); System/vehicle-wide uniqueness should be targeted in a best-effort way, i.e., if knowledge about a a remotely offered service is available, this knowledge shall be used in the uniqueness check.

[SWS_CM_00103] Network binding where a service is offered [When a new service is offered by the application, the Communication Management shall check over which network binding this service shall be offered. This information is configured in the class of ServiceInterfaceDeployment referencing the offered ServiceInterface in the role serviceInterface. If the class is SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment then the Some/IP network binding shall handle the OfferService call as described in [SWS_CM_00203]. If the class is DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment, then the DDS network binding shall handle the OfferService call as described in [SWS_CM_11001]. If the class is UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment, the Communication Management implementer is responsible for implementing the OfferService method in an appropriate way. | (RS_CM_00101)

[SWS_CM_00104]{DRAFT} Network binding for StopOfferService [When a service calls StopOfferService, the Communication Management shall check over which network binding the offered service shall be stopped. This information is configured in the class of ServiceInterfaceDeployment referencing the offered ServiceInterface in the role serviceInterface. If the class is SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment then the Some/IP network binding shall handle the mapping of the StopOfferService method as described in [SWS_CM_00204]. If the class is DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment, then the DDS network binding shall



handle the mapping of the StopOfferService as described in [SWS_CM_11005]. If the class is UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment, the Communication Management implementer is responsible for implementing the StopOfferService method in an appropriate way. | (RS CM 00101)

7.8.2 Service skeleton creation

For the service skeleton creation C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.2.

[SWS_CM_10410] InstanceIdentifier check during the creation of service skeleton [The Communication Management shall check the value of the InstanceIdentifier argument: the identifier shall be unique. If the same InstanceIdentifier is used for the creation of more than one skeleton instance of the same service shall be handled as violation according to [SWS_CORE_00003]. | (RS_CM_00101)

[SWS_CM_10450] InstanceSpecifier check during the creation of service skeleton [The Communication Management shall check the value of the Instance-Specifier argument: the specifier shall be unique, using the same instance specifier for the creation of more than one skeleton instance of the same service shall be handled as violation according to [SWS_CORE_00003].] (RS_CM_00101, RS_AP_00137)

[SWS_CM_10451] InstanceIdentifierContainer check during the creation of service skeleton | The Communication Management shall check the value of the InstanceIdentifierContainer argument:

- the container size shall be bigger than zero
- the identifiers of the container shall be unique
- the identifiers of the container shall correspond to the same instance specifier.

If there are failing checks, and the same InstanceIdentifier is used for the creation of more than one skeleton instance of the same service shall be handled as violation according to [SWS_CORE_00003].|(RS_CM_00101)

7.8.3 Query Service Event Subscription State on Skeleton side

[SWS_CM_12012] Subscription State change handler [The handler SubscriptionStateChangeHandler defined in [SWS_CM_00311], [SWS_CM_12008] and [SWS_CM_12009] shall be called by the Communication Management implementation as soon as the subscription state of this event has changed. Handler may be overwritten during runtime.]

[SWS_CM_12013] Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler on Skeleton side with kSubscribed | The Communication Management shall call the SubscriptionState-ChangeHandler on the skeleton side with the value kSubscribed whenever the number of active subscriptions to this event become more than 0. | ()



[SWS_CM_12014] Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler on Skeleton side with kNotSubscribed [The Communication Management shall call the SubscriptionStateChangeHandler on the skeleton side with the value kNotSubscribed whenever the number of active subscriptions to this event become 0. | ()

[SWS_CM_12015] Query Subscription State on Skeleton side | GetSubscriptionState on the skeleton side shall return kSubscribed if at least one active subscription to this event exists and kNotSubscribed otherwise. kSubscriptionPending shall not be used on the Server side. | ()

[SWS_CM_12016] Re-entrancy and thread-safety GetSubscriptionState | GetSubscriptionState | (see [SWS_CM_12011]) | shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Event class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Event class instance, the behavior is undefined.] (RS_CM_00106, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00119)

[SWS_CM_12017] Re-entrancy and thread-safety SetSubscriptionState-ChangeHandler [SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler [SWS_CM_12008] and [SWS_CM_12009] shall be reentrant and thread-safe for different Event class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Event class instance, the behavior is undefined.] (RS_CM_00106, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121)

[SWS_CM_12018] Re-entrancy and thread-safety UnsetSubscriptionState-ChangeHandler [UnsetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler [SWS_CM_12010] shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Event class instances. When called reentrant or concurrently on the same Event class instance, the behavior is undefined.] (RS_CM_-00106, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120)

7.8.4 Send event

For the event sending C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.5.

To support sending of events where the data is owned by the application and continuously updated and the data is explicitly created for sending, the <u>Send</u> method shall be provided in two ways: One where the application is owner of the data and the <u>Send</u> method makes a copy for sending and one where Communication Management is responsible for the data and the application is not allowed to do anything with the data after sending.

[SWS_CM_99031] Send event where application is responsible for the data [As defined in [SWS_CM_00162], the Send method of the specific Event class where the application is responsible for the data and the Communication Management creates a copy for sending shall be used whenever the application wants to work further with the data. | (RS_CM_00201)

[SWS_CM_99032] Send event where Communication Management is responsible for the data [As defined in [SWS_CM_90437], the Send method of the specific Event



class where the Communication Management is responsible for the data and the application is not allowed to access the data after sending shall be used whenever the data is created explicitly for sending and no further processing is happening afterward by the application itself.

Before sending the event, the corresponding data has to be requested from the Communication Management (see [SWS_CM_99033]) and filled with the respective data. (RS CM 00201)

[SWS_CM_99033] Allocating data for event transfer [Data shall be requested by calling the Allocate method of the specific Event class as defined in [SWS_CM_90438]. By calling the Send method with the data, it is ensured that the data will be freed by the Communication Management.] (RS_CM_00201)

[SWS_CM_99034] [Since the SampleAllocateePtr pointer type behaves like a std::unique_ptr, the ownership of the pointer has to be transferred via std:: move for utilizing zero-copy optimizations.|(RS_CM_00201)

7.8.5 Processing of service methods

For the processing of service methods C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.6.

The *Method Call Processing Mode* defined in [SWS_CM_00198] allows the implementation providing the service method to select how the incoming service method invocations are processed. The selection is valid for all the methods of the specific ServiceSkeleton instance.

[SWS_CM_10411]{DRAFT} **Service method processing modes** | The following service method processing modes shall be supported:

- **Polling**: Instead of calling a provided service method, the Communication Management software collects incoming service method invocations. The processing of each invocation is explicitly triggered by the implementation providing the service method using the mechanism defined in [SWS CM 00199].
- Event-driven, concurrent: The Communication Management software activates the invoked service method when the invocation arrives. Consumer concurrent calls are allowed and will be processed concurrently on provider side by using different threads.

This is the default mode.

• Event-driven, sequential: The Communication Management software activates the invoked service method when the invocation arrives. Consumer concurrent calls are allowed, but will not be processed concurrently on provider side, by instead executing them one after the other to avoid the need of synchronization mechanisms in the implementation providing the service method.

(RS CM 00211)



The ProcessNextMethodCall defined in [SWS_CM_00199] allows the implementation providing the service method to trigger the execution of the next service consumer method call at a specific point of time if the processing mode is set to Polling.

7.8.6 Registering get handlers for fields

For the registering get handlers for fields C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.7.

[SWS_CM_10412]{DRAFT} Invoking GetHandlers [The registered GetHandler shall be called by the implementation whenever the Communication Management receives a Get.] (RS_CM_00218)

7.8.7 Registering set handlers for fields

For the registering set handlers for fields C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.8.

[SWS_CM_10413]{DRAFT} Invoking SetHandlers [The registered SetHandler shall be called by the implementation whenever the Communication Management receives a Set.|(RS_CM_00218)

Note: Upon a call to the <code>SetHandler</code>, the Service Provider has to validate the received <code>field</code> value (it can accept, modify or reject it). After that, it sets the new value in the future object (see [SWS_CM_00116]). If the <code>SetHandler</code> needs to access the current <code>field</code> value to validate the new <code>field</code> value, the skeleton implementation has to provide a replica of the underlying <code>field</code> value that is accessible from application level.

[SWS_CM_10415]{DRAFT} Notify the Field value after a call to the SetHandler function [The Communication Management implementation shall take the effective field value returned by the SetHandler function, and send it back to the requester as return value of the Set function (see [SWS_CM_00113]), and to all the other subscribed entities via notification (see [SWS_CM_00119]).|(RS_CM_00218)

[SWS_CM_00128]{DRAFT} Ensuring the existence of valid Field values [To ensure the existence of a valid field values upon a call to the Subscribe() method (see [SWS_CM_00141]) or to the Get() method (see [SWS_CM_00112]) the ara::com implementation shall do the following: If a service containing a Field is offered via a call to OfferService() (see [SWS_CM_00101]), if Update() has not been called yet and one or more of the following applies:

- hasNotifier = true
- hasGetter = true and a GetHandler (see [SWS_CM_00114]) has not yet been registered.

Then the error code ComErro::kFieldValueIsNotValid shall be returned in the result type of OfferService(). The error shall be logged. | (RS_CM_00218)



[SWS_CM_00129]{DRAFT} Ensuring the existence of SetHandler [Upon a call to OfferService() in a skeleton implementation for a given service, the following error check shall be made: if for at least one contained Field having hasSetter = true no SetHandler (see [SWS_CM_00116]) has been registered yet, the error code ComErrc::kFieldSetHandlerNotSet shall be returned in the result type of OfferService(). The error shall be logged.](RS_CM_00218)

7.8.8 Find service

For the find service C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.11.

[SWS_CM_00124]{DRAFT} Find service handler invocation [After calling the StartFindService method, the FindServiceHandler shall be called by the Communication Management software to receive the found services. By the first call, the FindServiceHandler shall receive the initially known matches, if there are any. In following, the FindServiceHandler shall be called every time the availability of any of the services matching the given instance criteria changes. | (RS_CM_00102)

[SWS_CM_10382]{DRAFT} Calling stop find service for already stopped finds [Calls to the StopFindService method using a FindServiceHandle obtained from a StartFindService that already has been stopped shall be silently ignored.] (RS_CM_00102)

7.8.9 Service proxy creation

For the service proxy creation C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.12.

[SWS_CM_10491]{DRAFT} **Re-establishing service connection** [In case the service becomes temporarily unavailable (due to restart, network problem or so), or if an error occurs while establishing a connection to the service, the error shall be logged, and the Communication Management shall retry to establish the connection once the next offer is received. | (RS_CM_00102, RS_CM_00107)

7.8.10 Service proxy destruction

[SWS_CM_10446]{DRAFT} Destruction of service proxy [The destructor of each specific ServiceProxy class shall destroy the Promise instances corresponding to the Future instances returned by the function call operator (operator()) of the respective Method class (see [SWS_CM_00196]) or by the Get or Set method of the respective Field class (see [SWS_CM_00112] and [SWS_CM_00113]) by explicitly or implicitly invoking the destructor of the Promise (see [SWS_CORE_00349]). This in turn will make the corresponding Future ready (if this is not already the case) with an ara::core::ErrorCode (see [SWS_CORE_00501]) where the error domain is set to ara::core::FutureErrorDomain (see [SWS_CORE_00421]) and the value



is set to broken_promise (see [SWS_CORE_00400]).] $(RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00145)$

7.8.11 Service event subscription

For the service event subscription C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.13.

[SWS_CM_00700]{DRAFT} Ensure memory allocation of maxSampleCount samples [The Communication Management shall ensure, that after returning from method Subscribe sufficient memory resources are available, so that the number of samples given in parameter maxSampleCount can be concurrently accessed by application layer. | (RS CM 00103)

[SWS_CM_99035] Subscription State change handler on the Proxy side [The handler SubscriptionStateChangeHandler defined in [SWS_CM_00311] shall be called for the Proxy side by the Communication Management implementation as soon as the subscription state of this event has changed. Handler may be overwritten during runtime. | (RS_CM_00106)

[SWS_CM_00313] Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler with kSubscription-Pending on the Proxy side [The Communication Management shall call the SubscriptionStateChangeHandler on the Proxy side with the value kSubscriptionPending in the following cases:

- the client subscribes to an event and the actual subscription does not happen immediately (e.g. due to a bus protocol)
- the client is subscribed to an event and Communication Management has detected that the server instance is currently not available (due to restart, network problem or so)

(RS CM 00103, RS CM 00104, RS CM 00106, RS CM 00107)

[SWS_CM_12006] Asynchronous nature of Subscribe() In order to keep application functionality robust against Network Binding configuration changes, applications shall assume asynchronous operation when calling Subscribe().

This implies not assuming success in the subscription process until GetSubscriptionState() or the handler set by SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler() have reported kSubscribed, even if Subscribe() has returned with no error.

(RS CM 00106, RS CM 00107)

[SWS_CM_00314] Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler with kSubscribed on the Proxy side [The Communication Management shall call the Subscription—StateChangeHandler on the Proxy side with the value kSubscribed in the following cases:

the client subscribes to an event and the actual subscription is established successfully



• the client is subscribed to an event and the actual subscription is re-established again after being temporarily unavailable (due to restart, network problem or so)

(RS_CM_00103, RS_CM_00104, RS_CM_00106, RS_CM_00107)

[SWS_CM_00315] Re-establishing an active subscription [The Communication Management shall re-establish the actual subscription again after the server service being temporarily unavailable (due to restart, network problem or so). This shall work independently of whether a network binding is involved or not. The re-establishment shall also provide a possible update of binding specific connection properties if needed. | (RS_CM_00103, RS_CM_00104, RS_CM_00106, RS_CM_00107)

7.8.12 Receive event

For the event data access C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.14.

[SWS_CM_00703] Sequence of actions in GetNewSamples [In the context of the GetNewSamples call, the Communication Management shall do the following steps repeatedly:

- get next received event data sample from underlying receive buffers.
- de-serialize the data, if needed.
- place the de-serialized data sample of type SampleType in the local cache.
- call user provided f with a SamplePtr (including ProfileCheckStatus) referencing the data sample located in local cache.

until at least one of the following conditions is true:

- maxNumberOfSamples have already been fetched from the underlying receive buffers within this GetNewSamples call.
- maxSampleCount reached. I.e. the application is currently holding exactly as many SamplePtrs provided by this Event class instance, than it has committed in call to Subscribe via maxSampleCount.
- no new data samples available from underlying receive buffers.

(RS CM 00202)

[SWS_CM_00707] Calculation of Free Sample Count

- After call to Subscribe with parameter maxSampleCount set to N and before any call to GetNewSamples on the same Event class instance, a call to GetFreeSampleCount shall return N.
- Each SamplePtr created by the Communication Middleware in the context of a call to GetNewSamples on the same Event class instance shall lead to a decrement of count of free samples.



• Each destruction or std::nullptr_t assignment (see [SWS_CM_00306]) of a SamplePtr instance created from this Event class instance shall lead to an increment of count of free samples.

(RS CM 00202)

[SWS_CM_00709] FIFO semantics The Communication Management shall provide buffering with FIFO semantics between sender and receiver of events.] (RS_CM_-00203)

Note: The Implementation of such a FIFO buffer (i.e. whether to be in Kernel Space, Shared Memory Space or IPC-Daemon Space) was not further detailed on purpose.

[SWS_CM_12007] New data samples received by CM at execution time of receive handler [In case new data samples arrive at Communication Management side during the execution of a user defined receive handler, Communication Management shall postpone the next call to receive handler until the previous call to receive handler is finished. | (RS CM 00203)

[SWS_CM_00710]{DRAFT} No implicit context switches [When no ReceiveHandler has been set at the proxy side via SetReceiverHandler(), new SampleData shall only be received by directly invoking GetNewSamples() (polling behaviour). Reception of new events itself shall not lead to an implicit context switch in the local receiver process (i.e. if only polling behavior is used). In case a SetReceiveHandler () is enabled, a context switch shall be enforced with the reception of new events to schedule/invoke the ReceiveHandler.] (RS_CM_00203)

7.8.12.1 Receive event by polling

For the polling access no additional APIs on top of 8.1.3.14 are needed.

7.8.12.2 Receive event by getting triggered

For the receive event by getting triggered C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.14.1.

[SWS_CM_00182]{DRAFT} Event Receive Handler call serialization [The Communication Management shall serialize calls to the registered EventReceiveHandler function as it is not guaranteed that the callback function is re-entrant.] (RS_-CM_00203)

[SWS_CM_00711]{DRAFT} GetNewSamples shall provide data samples if Get-FreeSampleCount is not 0 [After the Communication Management has called the registered EventReceiveHandler function for a specific Event class instance, the next call to GetNewSamples on the same instance shall provide at least one data sample as long as GetFreeSampleCount is not already returning 0 at the point in time of the call. | (RS CM 00203)



7.8.13 Service trigger subscription

For the service trigger subscription C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.18.

Getting subscription state and set a subscription change handler for Trigger is the same as for Event. The following specification are also valid for Trigger:

- [SWS CM 00316] Query Subscription State.
- [SWS_CM_00024] Reentrancy GetSubscriptionState.
- [SWS CM 00333] Set Subscription State change handler.
- [SWS_CM_11354] Execution Context for setting Subscription State change handler.
- [SWS_CM_11355] Error behavior of provided Execution Context for setting Subscription State change handler.
- [SWS CM 00025] Reentrancy SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler.
- [SWS CM 00334] Unset Subscription State change handler.
- [SWS_CM_00026] Reentrancy UnsetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler.
- [SWS_CM_00313] Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler with kSubscription-Pending.
- [SWS CM 00314] Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler with kSubscribed.
- [SWS CM 00315] Re-establishing an active subscription.

7.8.14 Receive trigger

For the trigger data access C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.19.

[SWS_CM_00227]{DRAFT} Sequence of actions in GetNewTriggers [In the context of the GetNewTriggers (see [SWS_CM_00226]) call, the Communication Management shall get the number of triggers occurred since the last call of GetNewTriggers.|(RS_CM_00202)

7.8.14.1 Receive trigger by getting triggered

For the receive event by getting triggered C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.19.1.

The following specification are also valid for Trigger

- [SWS CM 00028] Reentrancy SetReceiveHandler
- [SWS CM 00183] Disable service event trigger



• [SWS_CM_00029] Reentrancy - UnsetReceiveHandler

7.8.15 Call a service method

For the call a service method C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.15.

[SWS_CM_10414]{DRAFT} Initiate a method call [At the point of time when the caller calls the method (see [SWS_CM_00196]), the Communication Management software does not know yet if the result shall be returned with synchronous or asynchronous behavior. Therefore the Communication Management software shall instantiate the ara::core::Future object to be returned to the caller, but shall not perform actions which lead to uncontrolled context switches from the caller point of view, e.g. an asynchronous event-style mechanism for a wait-on-event.] (RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_AP_00138)

[SWS_CM_10371]{DRAFT} Context of return checked errors [If during processing of a method call one of the checked errors occurs, the corresponding ara::core:: ErrorCode shall be returned in the context of the ara::core::Future::GetResult()/ara::core::Future::get() call.](RS_CM_00211, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00214)

See subsubsection 8.1.2.7) for the definition of checked errors.

[SWS_CM_90436]{DRAFT} No checked errors for Fire and Forget method calls [There shall be no checked errors returned for Fire and Forget method calls.] (RS_CM_00225)

[SWS_CM_00194]{DRAFT} Cancel the method call [The destructor of the returned ara::core::Future object shall be used by the caller to cancel the request after issuing a method call. Deleting the returned ara::core::Future object shall result in the abort of the method call and ensure that any related buffers are released and no result is returned to the caller.](RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00127)

This is a mechanism on client side to tell the Communication Management software that the caller is not interested in the method result anymore. Propagating the cancellation of a method call to the skeleton side, which implements the service interface method is network binding dependant and therefore purposely not in scope of Communcation Management specification and left as optional.

[SWS_CM_00195]{DRAFT} Retrieving results of the method call [The method GetResult () of the returned ara::core::Future object shall be used to retrieve the result of the method call as ara::core::Result. The call of the method GetResult () will block if there is not yet a result available and will return after the result has been received returning an object of the respective Output or an error. As an alternative, get () returns the contained object of the result from GetResult (), or throws the contained error as exception, respectively. [RS_CM_00212, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00139)



[SWS_CM_00192]{DRAFT} Synchronous behavior of method call [To achieve synchronous behavior of the method call, the methods of ara::core::Future object with blocking behavior shall be used because they only return when the output of the method call according to [SWS_CM_00196] is available: get(), wait(), wait_for (), wait_until(). With the call of one of these methods and the result still pending, the Communication Management software is allowed to perform actions which lead to uncontrolled context switches from the caller point of view, e.g. an asynchronous event-style mechanism for a wait-on-event. $\frac{RS_CM_00212}{RS_AP_00138}$, $\frac{RS_AP_00138}{RS_AP_00128}$, $\frac{RS_AP_00138}{RS_AP_00138}$

Note that there are situations where the methods of an ara::core::Future object with blocking behavior will block forever. The adaptive application will need to gracefully handle such a situation. Prominent examples for such situations are the following ones:

- the request message or the response message of the (remote) service method call gets lost
- the implementation for the service method in the subclass of the respective ServiceSkeleton (see [SWS_CM_00194]) does not return (i.e., hangs)

ara::com will **not** internally perform some kind of timeout supervision in order to eventually unblock those blocking ara::core::Future methods. If such a timeout supervision is desired from the perspective of the adaptive application, it is up to the adaptive application to implement according mechanisms, e.g., by using the wait_for (), wait_until(), or the is_ready() methods of the ara::core::Future.

On the other hand there are situations where the ara::com implementation on the client side **knows** that an issued (remote) service method call will not succeed and thus would block forever. Prominent examples for such situations are the following ones:

- the sending of request message of the (remote) service method failed locally (i.e., the corresponding system or library call indicated an error)
- the received response message partly contains malformed message content but contains sufficient correct information allowing to determine the method this response is targeted at (i.e., there is sufficient information available about who to notify/which ara::core::Future to fulfill) – in case of the SOME/IP network binding (see Section 7.4.1) this would be a response message where
 - the layer 2 and layer 4 checksums are correct
 - the SOME/IP header (which contains the method ID) is intact (e.g., in case of a SOME/IP response message, the checks described in [SWS_CM_10313] are passed)
 - the de-serialization of the payload fails though



[SWS_CM_10440]{DRAFT} Aborting method calls in case of locally detected failures ures [To notify the adaptive application about locally detected failures which prevent an issued (remote) service method call from succeeding, the ara::com implementation shall make the Future returned by the function call operator (operator()) of the respective Method class (see [SWS_CM_00196]) or by the Get or Set method of the respective Field class (see [SWS_CM_00112] and [SWS_CM_00113]) ready by invoking the SetError (see [SWS_CORE_00353]) operation of the Promise corresponding to this Future with an ara::core::ErrorCode (see [SWS_CORE_00501]) where the error domain is set to ara::com::ComErrorDomain (see [SWS_CM_11264]) and the value is set to kNetworkBindingFailure (see [SWS_CM_10432]) as an argument.] (RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00214, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_00193]{DRAFT} Asynchronous behavior of method call with polling [To achieve asynchronous behavior of the method call with polling on the result availability, the non-blocking method <code>is_ready()</code> of <code>ara::core::Future</code> object shall be used. If <code>is_ready()</code> returns <code>true</code>, the next call of <code>get()</code> shall not block, but immediately return the valid value. $](RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00214, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00127)$

Note:

When the user just calls <code>is_ready()</code> of <code>ara::core::Future</code> and on positive response, finally <code>GetResult()/get()</code> of <code>ara::core::Future</code>, retrieving the result works polling-based without any overhead in the middleware and uncontrolled context switches due to asynchronous event-style mechanisms.

[SWS_CM_00197]{DRAFT} Asynchronous behavior of method call with notification [To achieve asynchronous behavior of the method call with event-driven notification on the result availability, the non-blocking method then() of ara::core::Future object shall be used. It allows to register a function, which gets asynchronously called in case the future has a valid result.](RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00215, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138)

7.8.16 Update notification events for fields

[SWS_CM_00120]{DRAFT} Provision of an update notification event for a Field \lceil If hasNotifier is true, update notification events for the Field shall be provided as of the following requirements:

- [SWS_CM_00141] Method to subscribe to a service event. This subscribe leads immediately to a service event that contains the initial field value send from provider side to the consumer.
- [SWS_CM_00151] Method to unsubscribe from a service event.
- [SWS CM 00316] Method to query the subscription state.
- [SWS CM 00701] Method to receive a service event using polling.



- [SWS_CM_00181] Method to enable service event trigger.
- [SWS CM 00182] Event Receive Handler call serialization.
- [SWS_CM_00183] Method to disable service event trigger.
- [SWS CM 00333] Method to set a subscription state change handler.
- [SWS CM 00334] Method to unset a subscription state change handler.

Except that the corresponding methods reside in the Field class instead of the Event class. $|(RS_CM_00218)|$

7.8.17 Instance Specifier Translation

For the instance specifier translation C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.20.

[SWS_CM_10452]{DRAFT} InstanceSpecifier translation to InstanceIdentifiers [The Communication Management shall translate an InstancSpecifier to InstanceIdentifiers. Based on the match there shall be zero, 1 or multiple InstanceIdentifiers. | (RS CM 00200, RS AP 00137)

7.8.18 API Data Types

This chapter describes the functionality of the data types used by the ara::com API, both the specific ones which are part of the standardized proxy and skeleton interfaces, and the ones derived from the description based on the AUTOSAR meta-model.

7.8.18.1 Service Identifier Data Types

For the Service Identifier Data Types C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.2.1.

The data types described in this chapter are used to identify a specific service or service instance.

There might exist different instances of exactly the same service in the system. To handle this, an InstanceIdentifier or an InstanceSpecifier are used to identify a specific instance of a service.

An InstanceIdentifier (see [SWS_CM_00302]) is a unique identifier of a specific instance of a service, needed to distinguish different instances of exactly the same service in the system. It contains instance information and information about the service type. This will make the InstanceIdentifier unique for different instances.

A service can be identified at least by a fully qualified name and a version.

[SWS_CM_99029]{DRAFT} Service Contract Version [The value of the service contract major version (serviceContractVersionMajor) shall be derived from the



majorVersion attribute in the ServiceInterface. The value of the service contract minor version (serviceContractVersionMinor) shall be derived from the minorVersion attribute in the ServiceInterface. (RS_CM_00500)

The following data types are used for the handling of services on the service consumer side.

[SWS_CM_99030]{DRAFT} Find Service Handle [To identify a triggered request to find a service, the StartFindService method of [SWS_CM_00123] shall return a FindServiceHandle which is used as parameter to cancel this request with StopFindService as described in [SWS_CM_00125].](RS_CM_00102, RS_-AP_00122, RS_AP_00119)

The usage of the API to find service instances, as defined in [SWS_CM_00122] and [SWS_CM_00123], provides a *handle container* (see [SWS_CM_00319]) holding a list of *handle*s. Each *handle* represents an existing service instance and by passing the *handle* as parameter to the proxy constructor [SWS_CM_00131], it allows the ara::com API user to create a proxy instance to access this service instance.

7.8.18.2 Event Related Data Types

For the Event Related Data Types C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.2.2.

Event handling on receiver side is based on queued communication with configurable cache sizes. The cache size for a specific event of a proxy instance is determined by the Communication Management, when subscribing to a specific event by [SWS CM 00141].

After the receiver subscribed to an event, the method <code>GetNewSamples</code>, as defined in <code>[SWS_CM_00701]</code>, is used to retrieve the data samples of that event. In the context of <code>GetNewSamples</code> application provided callback functions are called by the Communication Management, where <code>Sample Pointers</code> to the data samples retrieved from underlying queues are passed in. A <code>Sample Pointer</code> (see <code>[SWS_CM_00306]</code>) is an alias for an event data type pointer.

On the event provider side, it is possible to let the Communication Management allocate the memory for the storage of the data before sending it as defined in [SWS_CM_90438]. A Sample Allocatee Pointer (see [SWS_CM_00308]) is an alias for an event data type pointer used both for allocation and data sending.

The event receiver can register an *Event Receive Handler* (see [SWS_CM_00309]) as a callback to get notified if new event data has arrived. The callback function itself is defined in the event consumer implementation; the *Event Receive Handler* type is just an general purpose function alias for the use in the method <code>SetReceiveHandler</code> as defined by [SWS_CM_00181].

The event receiver can monitor the state of a service event subscription by requesting or getting a notification of the *Subscription State* (see [SWS_CM_00310],



[SWS_CM_00316] and [SWS_CM_00311]), as the real process of subscription might happen at a later point in time than the return of the call to <code>Subscribe</code>. The Subscription State related ara::com API methods require the definitions of a Subscription State enumeration ([SWS_CM_00310]) and a Subscription State Changed Handler function wrapper.

7.8.18.3 Trigger Related Data Types

For the Trigger Related Data Types C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.2.3.

The trigger receiver can register a *Trigger Receive Handler* (see [SWS_CM_00351]) as a callback to get notified if new trigger has arrived. The callback function itself is defined in the trigger consumer implementation; the *Trigger Receive Handler* type is just an general purpose function alias for the use in the method SetReceiveHandler as defined by [SWS_CM_00249].

The trigger receiver can monitor the state of a service trigger subscription by requesting or getting a notification of the *Subscription State* (see [SWS_CM_00310], [SWS_CM_00316] and [SWS_CM_00311]), as the real process of subscription might happen at a later point in time than the return of the call to <code>Subscription</code>. The *Subscription State* related ara::com API methods require the definitions of a *Subscription State* enumeration ([SWS_CM_00310]) and a *Subscription State Changed Handler* function wrapper.

The [SWS CM 00310] and [SWS CM 00311] are also valid for triggers as well.

7.8.18.4 Method Related Data Types

For the Method Related Data Types C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.2.4.

Service method invocation on provider side can be executed in different processing modes, where the *Method Call Processing Mode* (see [SWS_CM_00301]) is set as a parameter of the ServiceSkeleton constructor defined by [SWS_CM_00130].

The expected behavior of each processing mode is described in [SWS CM 00198].



8 Communication API specification

While the primary focus of ara::com is targeted towards an implementation in the C++ programming language, the following chapter structures of the document allow for future versions to add further Language Bindings.

8.1 C++ language binding

8.1.1 API Header files

This chapter specifies those C++ header files used directly in the API implementation of the ServiceInterface in an Adaptive Application. As part of the Adaptive Platform Methodology, these C++ header files are generated by a workflow tool directly from the ServiceInterface ARXML configuration either as part of the i) Service/Common/-Types Header file generation, or the ii) Implementation Types header file generation [25].

The following requirements are applicable for all header files; requirements which are specific for a header file are described in own sub-chapters.

[SWS_CM_01020]{DRAFT} Common/Service header files directory structure [The Service header files defined by [SWS_CM_01002] and the Common header files defined by [SWS_CM_01012] shall be located within the folder:

<namespace[0]>/<namespace[1]>/.../<namespace[n]>/

where:

<namespace[0]> ... <namespace[n]> are the namespace names as defined
in [SWS_CM_01005].](RS_CM_00001 , RS_AP_00114)

[SWS_CM_12000]{DRAFT} Implementation types header files directory structure | The communication management expects the Implementation Types header files generated according to [SWS_CM_12001] shall be located within the directory according to [SWS_LBAP_00033] and [SWS_LBAP_00035].|(RS_CM_00001, RS_AP_00114)

8.1.1.1 Service header files

The Service header files are the central definition of the ara::com API and any associated data structures that are required by the AdaptiveApplication software components to use the communication management.

[SWS_CM_01002]{DRAFT} Service header files existence [The communication management shall provide one *Proxy header file* and one *Skeleton header file* for each ServiceInterface defined in the input by using the file name <name>_proxy.-h for the *Proxy header file* and <name>_skeleton.h for the *Skeleton header file*,



where <name> is the ServiceInterface.shortName converted to lower-case letters.|(RS_CM_00001, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00116)

[SWS_CM_01004]{DRAFT} **Inclusion of common header file** [The *Proxy* and *Skeleton header file* shall include the *Common header file*:

```
1 #include "<namespace[0]>/<namespace[1]>/.../<namespace[n]>/<name>
    _common.h"
```

where:

<namespace[0]> ... <namespace[n]> are the namespace names as defined
in [SWS_CM_01005] and [SWS_LBAP_00035]. <name> is the the ServiceInterface.shortName converted to lower-case letters.|(RS CM 00001, RS AP 00114)

Namespaces are used to separate the definition of services from each other to prevent name conflicts and they allow to use reasonably short names.

[SWS_CM_01005]{DRAFT} Namespace of Service header files [Based on the symbol attributes of the ordered SymbolProps aggregated by PortInterface in role namespace, the C++ namespace of the Service header file shall be:

```
namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[0].symbol> {
namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[1].symbol> {
namespace <...> {
namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[n].symbol> {
...
} // namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[n].symbol>
} // namespace <...>
} // namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[1].symbol>
} // namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[1].symbol>
} // namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[0].symbol>
```

with all namespace names converted to lower-case letters. $](RS_CM_00002, RS_AP_-00114)$

Note: In order to avoid name clashes between Events, Fields, and Methods of different ServiceInterfaces in situation where the Events (ServiceInterface.event), Fields (ServiceInterface.field), and Methods (ServiceInterface.method) of the different ServiceInterfaces carry the same shortName, it is highly recommend to place different ServiceInterfaces into dedicated unique C++ namespaces. This is achieved by attaching corresponding ordered SymbolProps to the ServiceInterfaces where the ordered SymbolProps differ in at least one of their symbol attributes.

Starting from the innermost namespace as defined by [SWS_CM_01005], there are additional C++ namespaces for the proxy or the skeleton and for the events and methods. These namespaces are used for the declarations and definitions as described in chapter 8.1.3.

[SWS_CM_01006]{DRAFT} Service skeleton namespace \lceil The C++ namespace for a specific service skeleton class shall be:

```
namespace skeleton {
   ...
} // namespace skeleton
```



```
(RS CM 00002, RS AP 00114)
```

[SWS_CM_01007]{DRAFT} **Service proxy namespace** The C++ namespace for a specific service proxy class shall be:

```
namespace proxy {
   ...
   // namespace proxy
```

```
(RS_CM_00002, RS_AP_00114)
```

[SWS_CM_01009]{DRAFT} Service events namespace [The *Proxy* and *Skeleton header file* shall provide a C++ namespace for the definition of events within the namespace defined by [SWS_CM_01006] and [SWS_CM_01007] respectively:

```
1 namespace events {
2 ...
3 } // namespace events
```

```
(RS_AP_00114, RS_CM_00002)
```

[SWS_CM_01015]{DRAFT} Service methods namespace [The *Proxy* and *Skeleton header file* shall provide a C++ namespace for the definition of methods within the namespace defined by [SWS_CM_01006] and [SWS_CM_01007] respectively:

```
namespace methods {
   ...
   // namespace methods
```

```
(RS CM 00002, RS AP 00114)
```

[SWS_CM_01031]{DRAFT} Service fields namespace [The *Proxy* and *Skeleton header file* shall provide a C++ namespace for the definition of fields within the namespace defined by [SWS_CM_01006] and [SWS_CM_01007] respectively:

```
namespace fields {
   ...
   // namespace fields
```

```
(RS CM 00002, RS CM 00216, RS AP 00114)
```

As a summary of the C++ namespace requirements [SWS_CM_01005], [SWS_CM_01006], and [SWS_CM_01009], the namespace hierarchy in the *Skeleton header file* looks like:

```
namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[0].symbol> {
namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[1].symbol> {
namespace <...> {
namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[n].symbol> {
namespace skeleton {
namespace events {
}
} // namespace events
}
```



```
12 ...
13 } // namespace methods
14
15 namespace fields {
16 ...
17 } // namespace fields
18
19 ...
20 } // namespace skeleton
21 } // namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[n].symbol>
22 } // namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[1].symbol>
23 } // namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[0].symbol>
24 } // namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[0].symbol>
```

As a summary of the C++ namespace requirements [SWS_CM_01005], [SWS_CM_01007], [SWS_CM_01009], and [SWS_CM_01015], the namespace hierarchy in the *Proxy header file* looks like:

```
namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[0].symbol> {
2 namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[1].symbol> {
3 namespace <...> {
4 namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[n].symbol> {
5 namespace proxy {
7 namespace events {
  } // namespace events
10
namespace methods {
13 } // namespace methods
15 namespace fields {
17 } // namespace fields
18
20 } // namespace proxy
21 } // namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[n].symbol>
22 } // namespace <...>
23 } // namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[1].symbol>
24 } // namespace <ServiceInterface.namespace[0].symbol>
```

8.1.1.2 Common header file

The Common header file includes the ara::com specific type declarations derived from the ApApplicationErrors composed by a particular ServiceInterface as well Service Identifier type declarations related to a particular ServiceInterface.

[SWS_CM_01012]{DRAFT} Common header file existence [The communication management shall provide a *Common header file* for each ServiceInterface defined in the input by using the file name <name>_common.h, where <name> is the



ServiceInterface.shortName converted to lower-case letters.](RS_CM_00001, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00116)

As a minimal requirement, the *Types header file* and the *Implementation Types header files* need to be included.

[SWS_CM_01001]{DRAFT} Inclusion of Types header file | The Common header file shall include the Types header file:

1 #include "ara/com/types.h"

(RS_CM_00001, RS_AP_00114)

[SWS_CM_10372]{DRAFT} Inclusion of Implementation Types header files [The Common header file shall include the Implementation Types header files of those Cp-pImplementationDataTypes that are actually used by the particular ServiceInterface:

where <namespace [0..n]> is the namespace hierarchy defined in [SWS_LBAP_00035], and <symbol> is the Cpp Implementation Data Type symbol according to [25] converted to lower-case letters.] $(RS_CM_00001, RS_AP_00114)$

It is not mandatory that all declarations and definitions are located directly in the *Common header file*. A Communication Management implementation might also distribute the declarations and definitions into different header files, but at least all those header files need to be included into the *Common header file*.

[SWS_CM_10370]{DRAFT} Common header file for Application Errors [The Common header file shall include the class definitions for all ApapplicationError-Domains for the ApapplicationErrors of a ServiceInterface according to [SWS_CM_11266].|(RS_CM_00001)

[SWS_CM_01017]{DRAFT} Service Identifier Type definitions in Common header file | The Common header file shall include the information to identify the service type according to the requirement [SWS_CM_01010].] (RS_CM_00001)

[SWS_CM_01008]{DRAFT} Namespace for Service Identifier Type definitions | The declarations and definitions according to [SWS_CM_01017] shall be located in the C++ namespace as defined by [SWS_CM_01005] to match to the namespace of the related skeleton and proxy header file.] (RS_CM_00002)

8.1.1.3 Types header file

The *Types header file* includes the data type definitions which are specific for the ara::com API. Such data type definitions are used in the standardized proxy and skeleton interfaces defined in chapter 8.1.3.



[SWS_CM_01013]{DRAFT} Types header file existence [The communication management shall provide a *Types header file* by using the file name types.h.] (RS_CM_-00001, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00116)

[SWS_CM_01018]{DRAFT} **Types header file namespace** [The C++ namespace for the data type definitions included by the *Types header file* shall be:

```
namespace ara {
namespace com {
namespace com {
namespace com }
namespace ara
} // namespace ara
```

(RS_CM_00002, RS_AP_00114)

It is not mandatory that all data type definitions are located directly in the *Types header file*. A Communication Management implementation might also distribute the definitions into different header files, but at least all those header files need to be included into the *Types header file*.

[SWS_CM_01019]{DRAFT} Data Type declarations in Types header file [The Types header file shall include the data type definitions according to [SWS_CM_00301], [SWS_CM_00302], [SWS_CM_00303], [SWS_CM_00304], [SWS_CM_00383], [SWS_CM_00306], [SWS_CM_00308], [SWS_CM_00309], [SWS_CM_00310], [SWS_CM_00311] and [SWS_CM_00319].|(RS_CM_00001)

8.1.1.4 Implementation Types header files

As part of the Adaptive Application methodology, all referenced CppImplementationDataTypes in all modeled ServiceInterfaces for a given Adaptive Application, must be processed by an ARA generator to generate the respective C++ language binding representation [32].

The processing rules which specify how an ARA generator shall create the *Implementation Types header files* are specified in detail in [25]. The role of communication management is as a 'consumer' of the respective generated *Implementation Types header files*.

[SWS_CM_12001]{DRAFT} C++ Implementation Data Types files [The communication management shall use the generated C++ Implementation Types header files produced according to:

• [SWS_LBAP_00033] (header file naming),

 $\rfloor ()$



8.1.2 API Data Types

This chapter describes the data types used by the ara::com API, both the specific ones which are part of the standardized proxy and skeleton interfaces, and the ones derived from the description based on the AUTOSAR meta-model.

8.1.2.1 Service Identifier Data Types

For the functional description of the Service Identifier Data Types, see chapter 7.8.18.1.

The data types described in this chapter are derived from the ara::com API design.

The serviceIdentifier is not visible in the ara::com API, as the specific service skeleton and proxy class itself represent the service type, but the serviceIdentifier is needed for the implementation of the Communication Management software. It is defined here to guarantee a minimum amount of information.

[SWS_CM_01010]{DRAFT} Service Identifier and Service Contract Version [The Communication Management shall provide a C++ class named ServiceInterface. shortName. The class contains at least a fully qualified name identifier (serviceInterface), a service contract major (serviceContractVersionMajor) and minor (serviceContractVersionMinor) version number.

```
class <ServiceInterface.shortName> {
  public:
    static const serviceIdentifierType serviceIdentifier;

static std::uint32_t serviceContractVersionMajor;
  static std::uint32_t serviceContractVersionMinor;

};

class serviceIdentifierType {
  bool operator==(const serviceIdentifierType& other) const;
  bool operator<(const serviceIdentifierType& other) const;
  serviceIdentifierType& operator=(const serviceIdentifierType& other);
  ara::core::StringView ToString() const;
}</pre>
```

(RS CM 00200, RS CM 00500)

InstanceIdentifier or InstanceSpecifier are a necessary parameter of the API defined for both the skeleton and proxy side:



- service skeleton side. types needed on it the parameter to identify the service instance when creating an instance by [SWS CM 00130], [SWS CM 00152], [SWS CM 00153].
- on service proxy side, it types the parameter needed to identify the service instance when searching for a specific instance by [SWS_CM_00122] or [SWS_CM_00123].

[SWS_CM_00302]{DRAFT} Instance Identifier Class

The Communication Management shall provide a class InstanceIdentifier in namespace ara::com. The definition of the InstanceIdentifier can be extended by the Communication Management software provider, but at least the given Named Constructor Create(), the class constructor and the class method signatures must be preserved. InstanceIdentifier shall further satisfy the EqualityComparable requirements according to table 17, the LessThanComparable requirements according to table 18, and the CopyAssignable requirements according to table 23 of section 17.6.3.1 of [33] to allow for logging of InstanceIdentifiers as well as storing and managing InstanceIdentifiers in C++ container classes by the using application. These requirements are fulfilled if the operators operator==, operator<, and operator= as well as a ToString() method is provided.

The format of the string passed to the constructor, or returned by the <code>ToString()</code> method is specific to the Communication Management software provider, and not standardized.

In case the format of the string representation provided to <code>Create()</code> is corrupted, or not compliant to the software provider specification, an error code <code>ComErrc:kInvalidInstanceIdentifierString</code> shall be returned in the Result type. The class constructor shall throw a <code>ComException</code> in case the format of the string provided is corrupted, or not compliant to the software provider specification.

(RS CM 00101, RS CM 00102, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00122, RS AP 00127)



[SWS_CM_00319]{DRAFT} Instance Identifier Container Class [The Communication Management shall provide the definition of a InstanceIdentifierContainer in namespace ara::com. The container holds a list of InstanceIdentifier. The assigned data type is allowed to be changed by the Communication Management software provider, but must adhere to the *general container requirements* according to table 96 of section 23.2.1 and the *sequence container requirements* according to table 100 of section 23.2.3 of [33]. A ara::core::Vector for example fulfills these requirements.

```
using InstanceIdentifierContainer = ara::core::Vector<ara::com::
    InstanceIdentifier>;
```

```
\((RS_CM_00101, RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00122)\)
```

The following data types are used for the handling of services on the service consumer side, therefore they are part of the API defined for the proxy side.

[SWS_CM_00303]{DRAFT} Find Service Handle [The Communication Management shall provide the definition of an opaque FindServiceHandle with exactly this name in namespace ara::com. FindServiceHandle shall satisfy the EqualityComparable requirements according to table 17, the LessThanComparable requirements according to table 18, and the CopyAssignable requirements according to table 23 of section 17.6.3.1 of [33] to allow storing and managing FindServiceHandles in C++ container classes by the using application. These requirements are fulfilled if the following operators are provided: operator==, operator<, and operator=. The exact definition of FindServiceHandle is communication management implementation specific. | (RS CM 00102, RS AP 00122)

For example, a definition of FindServiceHandle could look like this:

```
1 struct FindServiceHandle {
2   internal::ServiceId serviceIdentifier;
3   internal::InstanceId instanceIdentifier;
4   std::uint32_t uid;
5
6   bool operator==(const FindServiceHandle& other) const;
7   bool operator<(const FindServiceHandle& other) const;
8   FindServiceHandle& operator=(const FindServiceHandle& other);
9   ...
10 };</pre>
```

[SWS_CM_00353]{DRAFT} The default constructor of FindServiceHandle shall be deleted [The FindServiceHandle default constructor has to be deleted with the following declaration:

```
FindServiceHandle() = delete;
|(RS_AP_00146)
```



[SWS_CM_00312]{DRAFT} Handle Type Class [The Communication Management shall provide the definition of HandleType. It types the handle for a specific service instance and shall contain the information that is needed to create a ServiceProxy. The definition of the HandleType can be extended by the Communication Management software provider, but at least the given class and class method signatures must be preserved.

HandleType shall satisfy the EqualityComparable requirements according to table 17 and the LessThanComparable requirements according to table 18 of section 17.6.3.1 of [33]. These requirements are fulfilled if the following operators are provided: operator== and operator<. This, together with [SWS_CM_00317] and [SWS_CM_00318], allows storing and managing HandleTypes in C++ container classes by the using application.

The definition of the <code>HandleType</code> class shall be located inside the <code>ServiceProxy</code> class defined by [SWS_CM_00004]. This allows the Communication Management software to provide handles with different implementation dependent on the binding to the represented service.

```
class HandleType {
public:
bool operator==(const HandleType& other) const;
bool operator<(const HandleType& other) const;
const ara::com::InstanceIdentifier& GetInstanceId() const;
};</pre>
```

|(RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00122)

Since the Communication Management software is responsible for creation of handles and the application just uses instances of it, the constructor signature is not part of the HandleType specification.

[SWS_CM_00820]{DRAFT} Binding information [HandleType class shall have embedded information to determine how the ServiceProxy shall react to different service discovery mechanism.]()

[SWS_CM_00317]{DRAFT} Copy semantics of handle Type Class [The Communication Management shall provide the possibility to copy construct and copy assign a HandleType instance from another instance.

```
HandleType(const HandleType&);
HandleType& operator=(const HandleType&);
|(RS CM 00102, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00145)
```

[SWS_CM_00318]{DRAFT} Move semantics of handle Type Class [The Communication Management shall provide the possibility to move construct and move assign a <code>HandleType</code> instance from another instance.

```
HandleType(HandleType &&);
HandleType& operator=(HandleType &&);

](RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00145)
```



[SWS_CM_00349]{DRAFT} HandleType default constructor shall be deleted [The HandleType default constructor has to be deleted with the following declaration:

```
HandleType() = delete;
```

[SWS_CM_11371]{DRAFT} HandleType destructor [The Communication Management shall provide a destructor for the the HandleType.

```
~HandleType() noexcept;

](RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00145, RS_AP_00132)
```

[SWS_CM_00304]{DRAFT} Service Handle Container [The Communication Management shall provide the definition of a ServiceHandleContainer in namespace ara::com. The container holds a list of service handles and is used as a return value of the FindService methods. The assigned data type is allowed to be changed by the Communication Management software provider, but must adhere to the *general container requirements* according to table 96 of section 23.2.1 and the *sequence container requirements* according to table 100 of section 23.2.3 of [33]. A ara::core:: Vector for example fulfills these requirements.

```
template <typename T>
using ServiceHandleContainer = ara::core::Vector<T>;

(RS CM 00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00122)
```

The possibility to continuously find services by registering a *handler function* as defined in [SWS_CM_00123] requires a definition of such a *handler function*. The function implementation itself is to be provided by the proxy user.

[SWS_CM_00383]{DRAFT} Find Service Handler [The Communication Management shall provide the definition of FindServiceHandler in namespace ara::com, as a function wrapper for the handler function that gets called by the Communication Management software in case the service availability changes. It takes as input parameter a handle container containing handles for all matching service instances and a FindServiceHandle which can be used to invoke StopFindService (see [SWS_CM_00125]) from within the FindServiceHandler.

```
1 template <typename T>
2 using FindServiceHandler =
3 std::function<void(ara::com::ServiceHandleContainer<T>, ara::com:: FindServiceHandle)>;
```

```
|(RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120)
```

See [SWS_CM_00304] for the type definition of ServiceHandleContainer.



8.1.2.2 Event Related Data Types

For the functional description of the Event Related Data Types, see chapter 7.8.18.2.

SamplePtr behaves similar to std::unique_ptr but it may be implemented with a subset of features. It also contains an additional method GetProfileCheckStatus to access the E2E results provided by ProfileCheckStatus of the referred sample.

[SWS_CM_00306]{DRAFT} Sample Pointer [The Communication Management shall provide a SamplePtr template class in namespace ara::com, which provides a pointer to a managed data object. The implementation shall at least contain the following constructors, assign operators and methods:

```
template< typename T >
class SamplePtr {
 // Default constructor
 constexpr SamplePtr() noexcept;
 // semantically equivalent to Default constructor
 constexpr SamplePtr(std::nullptr_t) noexcept;
 // Copy constructor is deleted
 SamplePtr ( const SamplePtr& ) = delete;
 // Move constructor
 SamplePtr( SamplePtr&& ) noexcept;
 // Destructor
 ~SamplePtr() noexcept;
  // Default copy assignment operator is deleted
 SamplePtr& operator=( const SamplePtr& ) = delete;
 // Assignment of nullptr_t
 SamplePtr& operator=(std::nullptr_t) noexcept;
 // Move assignment operator
 SamplePtr& operator=( SamplePtr&& ) noexcept;
 // Dereferences the stored pointer
 T& operator*() const noexcept;
 T* operator->() const noexcept;
 //Checks if the stored pointer is null
 explicit operator bool () const noexept;
 // Swaps the managed object
```



```
void Swap ( SamplePtr& ) noexcept;

//Replaces the managed object
void Reset (std::nullptr_t) noexcept;

//Returns the stored object
T* Get () const noexcept;

// Returns the end 2 end protection check result
ara::com::e2e::ProfileCheckStatus GetProfileCheckStatus() const noexcept;

};

](RS_CM_00202, RS_CM_00203, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00122, RS_AP_00132,
RS_AP_00135, RS_AP_00145)
```

[SWS_CM_90420]{DRAFT} E2E ProfileCheckStatus of a sample [The SamplePtr shall provide the access to the ProfileCheckStatus of each sample by means of the method GetProfileCheckStatus:

```
1 ara::com::e2e::ProfileCheckStatus GetProfileCheckStatus() const noexcept;
```

```
](RS_E2E_08534, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00132)
```

[SWS_CM_99041]{DRAFT} Lifetime of data samples pointed to by SamplePtr | The lifetime of data samples pointed to by a SamplePtr shall be tied to the lifetime of the Event/Field and thus the Proxy which has handed out the SamplePtr in the context of a call to the callable f (see [SWS_CM_00702]) which has been passed as an argument to GetNewSamples() (see [SWS_CM_00701]). Thus, if the Proxy and the contained Event/Field has been destroyed (destructor has been called), any SamplePtr still held by the adaptive application will be dangling.

[SWS_CM_99042]{DRAFT} Dereferencing a dangling SamplePtr [Dereferencing (i.e., calling operator*(), operator->(), or Get()) a dangling SamplePtr will result in undefined behavior. | ()

[SWS_CM_99043]{DRAFT} Destroying, resetting, assigning to, and swapping a dangling SamplePtr [Destroying (i.e., calling SamplePtr()), resetting (i.e., calling Reset()), assigning to (i.e., calling operator=), and swapping (i.e., calling Swap()) a dangling SamplePtr shall not cause an error and is defined behavior.]()

[SWS_CM_00308]{DRAFT} Sample Allocatee Pointer [The Communication Management shall provide the definition of SampleAllocateePtr in namespace ara:: com, as a pointer to a data sample allocated by the Communication Management implementation. The implementation is allowed to be changed by the Communication Management software provider.

```
1 template <typename T>
2 using SampleAllocateePtr = std::unique_ptr<T>;
```



(RS CM 00201, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00122, RS AP 00135)

[SWS_CM_99044]{DRAFT} Lifetime of data samples pointed to by SampleAllocateePtr [The lifetime of data samples pointed to by a SampleAllocateePtr shall be tied to the lifetime of the Event/Field and thus the Skeleton which has handed out the SampleAllocateePtr in the context of a call to Allocate() (see [SWS_CM_90438]). Thus, if the Skeleton and the contained Event/Field has been destroyed (destructor has been called), any SampleAllocateePtr still held by the adaptive application will be dangling. | ()

[SWS_CM_99045]{DRAFT} Dereferencing a dangling SampleAllocateePtr [Dereferencing (i.e., calling operator*(), operator->(), or get()) a dangling SampleAllocateePtr will result in undefined behavior. | ()

[SWS_CM_99046]{DRAFT} Destroying, resetting, releasing, assigning to, and swapping a dangling SampleAllocateePtr [Destroying (i.e., calling SampleAllocateePtr()), resetting (i.e., calling reset()), releasing (i.e., calling release()), assigning to (i.e., calling operator=), and swapping (i.e., calling swap()) a dangling SampleAllocateePtr shall not cause and error and is defined behavior. |(

[SWS_CM_99047]{DRAFT} Lifetime of data samples pointed to by SamplePtr - Unsubscribe [The lifetime of data samples pointed to by a SamplePtr shall be additionally tied to the active subscription of the Event/Field. Thus, if the active subscription to the respective Event/Field is stopped by calling Unsubscribe(), any SamplePtr still held by the adaptive application will be dangling.

[SWS_CM_99048]{DRAFT} Lifetime of data samples pointed to by SamplePtr - StopOfferService [The lifetime of data samples pointed to by a SampleAllocateePtr shall be additionally tied to the active offering of the Service instance. Thus, if the active offering to the respective Service instance is stopped by calling StopOfferService(), any SampleAllocateePtr still held by the adaptive application will be dangling. |(

[SWS_CM_00309]{DRAFT} Event Receive Handler | The Communication Management shall provide the definition of EventReceiveHandler in namespace ara:: com, as a function wrapper without parameters for the handler function that gets called by the Communication Management software in case new event data arrives for an event. The event receiver must provide the function implementation which is not required to be re-entrant.

The symbolic name is set; for the alias it is recommended to use the C++ general-purpose polymorphic function wrapper std::function, but this is not mandatory and is allowed to be changed by the Communication Management software provider.

using EventReceiveHandler = std::function<void()>;

(RS AP 00114, RS CM 00203, RS AP 00120)



[SWS_CM_00310]{DRAFT} Subscription State [The Communication Management shall provide an enumeration SubscriptionState in namespace ara::com, which defines the subscription state of an event.

```
1 enum class SubscriptionState : std::uint8_t {
2    kSubscribed,
3    kNotSubscribed,
4    kSubscriptionPending
5 }:
```

](RS_CM_00103, RS_CM_00104, RS_CM_00106, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00125, RS_AP_00119)

[SWS_CM_00311]{DRAFT} Subscription State Changed Handler [The Communication Management shall provide the definition of SubscriptionStateChangeHandler in namespace ara::com, as a function wrapper for the handler function that gets called by the Communication Management software in case the subscription state of an event has changed.

```
using SubscriptionStateChangeHandler =
std::function<void(ara::com::SubscriptionState)>;
```

(RS_CM_00103, RS_CM_00104, RS_CM_00106, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120)

8.1.2.3 Trigger Related Data Types

For the functional description of the Trigger Related Data Types, see chapter 7.8.18.3.

[SWS_CM_00351]{DRAFT} Trigger Receive Handler | The Communication Management shall provide the definition of TriggerReceiveHandler as a function wrapper without parameters for the handler function that gets called by the Communication Management software in case a new trigger is received. The trigger receiver must provide the function implementation which is not required to be re-entrant.

The symbolic name is set; for the alias it is recommended to use the C++ general-purpose polymorphic function wrapper std::function, but this is not mandatory and is allowed to be changed by the Communication Management software provider.

```
using TriggerReceiveHandler = std::function<void()>;
|(RS_AP_00114, RS_CM_00203, RS_AP_00120)
```

8.1.2.4 Method Related Data Types

For the functional description of the Method Related Data Types, see chapter 7.8.18.4.



[SWS_CM_00301]{DRAFT} Method Call Processing Mode [The Communication Management shall provide an enumeration MethodCallProcessingMode in namespace ara::com, which defines the processing modes for the service implementation side.

```
1 enum class MethodCallProcessingMode : std::uint8_t {
2    kPoll,
3    kEvent,
4    kEventSingleThread
5 };
```

(RS_CM_00211, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00125)

8.1.2.5 Service Related Data Types

[SWS_CM_01071]{DRAFT}

Kind:	enum	
Symbol:	ServiceState	
Scope:	namespace ara::com	
Syntax:	enum ServiceState : std::uint8_t {kNotAvailable, kAvailable};	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/types.h"	
Description:	The ServiceState enum used as return value from GetServiceState().	

]()

[SWS_CM_01072]{DRAFT}

Kind:	function pointer	
Symbol:	ServiceStateHandler	
Scope:	namespace ara::com	
Syntax:	<pre>using ServiceStateHandler = std::function<void (ara::com::service<br="">State)></void></pre>	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/types.h"	
Description:	The ServiceStateHandler function pointer used as input arguments for SetServiceStateChange Handler().	

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8.1.2.6 Generic Data Types

8.1.2.6.1 Invalid Value

[SWS_CM_10453]{DRAFT} **Implementation of invalidValue** For AUTOSAR data types which have an invalidValue specified, header file shall also contain the following definition in the same namespace as type declaration:

constexpr static <SourceDataType> kInvalidValue<DataType> = <InvalidValue>;



where

- <DataType> is the short name of the data type
- <SourceDataType> is data type, implicitly convertible to <DataType>; In simplest case <DataType> itself.
- <InvalidValue> is the value defined as invalidValue for the data type

```
(RS CM 00001)
```

Note: invalidValues are only applicable to CppImplementationDataType of category TYPE_REFERENCE and STRING.

8.1.2.6.2 Future and Promise

The Future and Promise class templates are described in [17].

8.1.2.6.3 Optional Data Types

The Optional class template ara::core::Optional used in ara::com to provide access to optional record elements of a Structure Cpp Implementation Data Type is described in [17].

8.1.2.6.4 Variant Data Types

The class template ara::core::Variant is used to provide a type-save union representation is described in [17]. Whenever there is a mention of the standard C++17 Item std::variant, the implied source material is [34].

The class template std::variant at a given time either holds a value of one of its alternative types, or in the case of an error, no value.

[SWS_CM_01050]{DRAFT} Variant Class Template | The Communication Management shall at least provide an Variant class template which provides a type-save union representation.

```
template< class... Types >
class Variant {

   // Default constructor
   Variant() noexcept;
   // Move constructor
   Variant( Variant&& ) noexcept;
   // Copy constructor
   Variant( const Variant& );
```



```
// Converting constructor
  template< class T >
  Variant ( T&& ) noexcept;
  // Explicit converting constructors
  template< class T, class... Args >
  explicit Variant ( std::in_place_type_t<T> , Arg&&... );
  template < class T, class U, class... Args >
  explicit Variant ( std::in_place_type_t<T> , std::initializer_list<U> ,
                     Arg&&...);
  template< std::size_t I, class... Args >
  explicit Variant ( std::in_place_index_t<I> , Arg&&... );
  template< std::size_t I, class U, class... Args >
  explicit Variant ( std::in_place_index_t<I> , std::initializer_list<U> ,
                     Arg&&...);
  // Destructor
  ~Variant() noexcept;
  // Move assignment operator
 Variant& operator=( Variant&& ) noexcept;
  // Default copy assignment operator
 Variant& operator=( const Variant& );
  // Converting assignment operator
  template < class T >
  Variant& operator=( T&& ) noexcept;
  // Returns the zero-based index of the alternative
  std::size_t index();
  // Checks if the Variant is an invalid state
 bool valueless by exception() const noexcept;
  // Modifiers
  template < class T, class... Args >
  void emplace( Args&&... );
  template < class T, class U, class... Args >
 void emplace( std::initializer_list<U> , Args&&... );
 template < std::size_t I, class... Args >
 void emplace( Args&&... );
 template <std::size_t I, class U, class... Args>
  void emplace( initializer_list<U> , Args&&... );
  // Swap
 void swap( Variant& ) noexcept;
};
|(RS_CM_00205, RS_SOMEIP_00050, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00122, RS_AP_-
00132, RS AP 00127, RS AP 00134, RS AP 00145)
```



$[SWS_CM_01051] \{ DRAFT \} \ \, \textbf{Variant default constructor} \ \, [The \ \, \textbf{Variant constructor} \ \,] \\$

```
1 Variant();
```

behaves as the std::variant constructor

```
variant();
```

(RS CM 00205, RS SOMEIP 00050, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00145)

[SWS_CM_01052]{DRAFT} Variant move constructor [The Variant move constructor

1 Variant(Variant&&) noexcept;

behaves as the std::variant move constructor

```
1 constexpr variant( variant&& other ) noexcept;
```

](RS_CM_00205, RS_SOMEIP_00050, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00132, RS_AP_-00145)

[SWS_CM_01053]{DRAFT} Variant copy constructor [The Variant copy constructor

```
1 Variant( const Variant& );
```

behaves as the std::variant copy constructor

```
1 constexpr variant( const variant& other );
```

(RS CM 00205, RS SOMEIP 00050, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00145)

[SWS_CM_01054]{DRAFT} Variant converting constructor [The Variant converting constructor

```
template < class T >
Variant ( T&& ) noexcept;
```

behaves as the std::variant converting constructor

```
template < class T >
constexpr variant( TT& t ) noexcept;
```

](RS_CM_00205, RS_SOMEIP_00050, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00132, RS_AP_-00145)

[SWS_CM_01055]{DRAFT} Variant explicit converting constructor with specified alternative [The Variant explicit converting constructor with specified alternative

```
template < class T, class... Args >
explicit Variant ( std::in_place_type_t < T > , Arg&&... );
```

behaves as the std::variant explicit converting constructor with specified alternative



```
template< class T, class... Args >
constexpr explicit variant ( std::in_place_type_t<T> , Arg&&... args );
```

](RS_CM_00205, RS_SOMEIP_00050, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00132, RS_AP_-00145)

[SWS_CM_01056]{DRAFT} Variant explicit converting constructor with specified alternative and initializer list [The Variant explicit converting constructor with specified alternative and initializer list

behaves as the std::variant explicit converting constructor with specified alternative and initializer list

```
template < class T, class U, class... Args >
constexpr explicit variant ( std::in_place_type_t<T> , std::
initializer_list<U> il, Arg&&... args );
```

```
(RS CM 00205, RS SOMEIP 00050, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00145)
```

[SWS_CM_01057]{DRAFT} Variant explicit converting constructor with alternative specified by index | The Variant explicit converting constructor with alternative specified by index

```
template < std::size_t I, class... Args >
explicit Variant ( std::in_place_index_t < I > , Arg&&... );
```

behaves as the std::variant with alternative specified by index

```
template< std::size_t I, class... Args >
constexpr explicit variant ( std::in_place_index_t<I> , Arg&&... args )
:
```

```
(RS CM 00205, RS SOMEIP 00050, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00145)
```

[SWS_CM_01058]{DRAFT} variant explicit converting constructor with alternative specified by index and initializer list | The Variant explicit converting constructor with alternative specified by index and initializer list

```
template< std::size_t I, class U, class... Args >
explicit Variant ( std::in_place_index_t<I> , std::initializer_list<U>
, Arg&&... );
```

behaves as the std::variant with alternative specified by index and initializer list

```
template< std::size_t I, class U, class... Args >
constexpr explicit variant ( std::in_place_index_t<I> , std::
    initializer_list<U> il, Arg&&... args );
```

```
(RS CM 00205, RS SOMEIP 00050, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00145)
```

[SWS_CM_01059]{DRAFT} Variant destructor [The Variant destructor



```
1 ~Variant() noexcept;
```

behaves as the std::variant destructor with noexcept specifier

```
1 ~variant() noexcept;
```

](RS_CM_00205, RS_SOMEIP_00050, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00134, RS_AP_-00145)

[SWS_CM_01060]{DRAFT} Variant move assignment operator [The Variant move assignment operator

```
1 Variant& operator=( Variant&& ) noexcept;
```

behaves as the std::variant move assignment operator

```
1 constexpr variant( variant&& rhs ) noexcept
```

](RS_CM_00205, RS_SOMEIP_00050, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00132, RS_AP_-00145)

[SWS_CM_01061]{DRAFT} Variant default copy assignment operator [The Variant default copy assignment operator

```
1 Variant& operator=(const Variant&);
```

behaves as the std::variant default copy assignment operator

```
variant& operator=( const variant& rhs );
```

```
(RS CM 00205, RS SOMEIP 00050, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00145)
```

[SWS_CM_01062]{DRAFT} Variant converting assignment operator [The Variant converting assignment operator

```
template < class T >
Variant& operator=( T&& ) noexcept;
```

behaves as the std::variant converting assignment operator

```
1 template < class T >
2 variant& operator=( T&& t ) noexcept;
```

```
|(RS_CM_00205, RS_SOMEIP_00050, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00132)
```

[SWS_CM_01063]{DRAFT} Variant function to return the zero-based index of the alternative \lceil The Variant function returns the zero-based index of the alternative

```
std::size_t index();
```

behaves as the std::variant function to return the zero-based index of the alternative

```
1 constexpr std::size_t index();
```



(RS_CM_00205, RS_SOMEIP_00050, RS_AP_00114)

[SWS_CM_01064]{DRAFT} variant function to check if the Variant is in invalid state [The Variant function checks if the Variant is in invalid state

```
1 bool valueless_by_exception() const noexcept;
```

behaves as the std::variant function to return false if the variant holds a value, else true

```
1 constexpr bool valueless_by_exception() const noexcept;
```

```
(RS CM 00205, RS SOMEIP 00050, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00132)
```

[SWS_CM_01066]{DRAFT} Variant function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object | The Variant creates a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object

```
template < class T, class... Args >
void emplace( Args&&... );
```

behaves as the std::variant emplace function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object

```
template < class T, class... Args >
void emplace( Args&&... args );
```

```
(RS CM 00205, RS SOMEIP 00050, RS AP 00114)
```

[SWS_CM_01067]{DRAFT} Variant function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object using an initializer list [The Variant creates a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object using initializer list

```
template < class T, class U, class... Args >
void emplace( std::initializer_list<U> , Args&&... );
```

behaves as the std::variant emplace function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object using an initializer list

```
template < class T, class U, class... Args >
void emplace( std::initializer_list<U> il , Args&&... args );
```

```
(RS_CM_00205, RS_SOMEIP_00050, RS_AP_00114)
```

[SWS_CM_01068]{DRAFT} Variant function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object by destoying and initializing the contained value | The Variant creates a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object by destroying and initializing the contained value

```
template < std::size_t I, class... Args >
void emplace( Args&&... );
```

behaves as the std::variant emplace function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object by destroying and initializing the contained value



```
template < std::size_t I, class... Args >
void emplace( Args&&... args );
```

The behavior is undefined if I is not less than sizeof...(Types) | (RS_CM_00205, RS_-SOMEIP 00050, RS_AP 00114)

[SWS_CM_01069]{DRAFT} Variant function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object by destoying and initializing the contained value using an initializer list [The Variant creates a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object by destroying and initializing the contained value using an initializer list

```
template <std::size_t I, class U, class... Args>
void emplace(initializer_list<U> , Args&&...);
```

behaves as the std::variant emplace function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object by destroying and initializing the contained value using an initializer list

```
template <std::size_t I, class U, class... Args>
void emplace(initializer_list<U> il , Args&&... args );
```

The behavior is undefined if I is not less than sizeof...(Types) | (RS_CM_00205, RS_-SOMEIP 00050, RS_AP 00114)

[SWS_CM_01065] $\{DRAFT\}$ Variant function to swap two Variants [The Variant function swaps two Variants

```
void swap( Variant& ) noexcept;
```

behaves as the std::variant function to swap two Variants

```
void swap( Variant& rhs ) noexcept;
```

(RS CM 00205, RS SOMEIP 00050, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00132)

8.1.2.7 Error Types

[SWS_CM_11265]{DRAFT} Use of general ara::com errors [Any Checked Error of a service interface shall be reported via the return type as specified in [17].] (RS_-CM_00211, RS_AP_00119)

In ara::com, there are the following types of Checked Errors:

- 1. General ara::com errors: These errors can occur in a call of a service interface method but are not specific to a certain service interface. They are defined in the error domain ara::com::ComErrorDomain.
- 2. E2E errors: These errors are specific to E2E checks. They are defined in the error domain ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain (see chapter 8.1.2.8)
- 3. Application Errors: These errors are specific to a certain service interface call. They are defined as ApApplicationError in the meta-model.



4. Communication Group Errors: These errors are specific to communication groups. They are defines in the error domain ara::com::cg::CgErrorDomain. NOTE: Communication Groups have been set to obsolete and will be removed or replaced in the next AUTOSAR release(s).

[SWS_CM_11264]{DRAFT} Definition general ara::com errors [General ara::com errors shall be defined in the error domain ara::com::ComErrorDomain in accordance with [17].|(RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00119)

[SWS_CM_11267]{DRAFT} General errors domain [Error domain to describe general ara::com errors ara::com::ComErrorDomain shall be defined. It shall have the shortname Com and the identifier 0x8000'0000'0000'1267. | (RS_AP_00130)

[SWS_CM_10432]{DRAFT} Definition of API enum ara::com::ComErrc

Exceeded= 2	enumeration			Kind:
Scope: namespace ara::com		#include "ara/com/com_error_domain.h"		Header file:
Symbol: Underlying type: ara::core::ErrorDomain::CodeType Syntax: enum class ComErrc : ara::core::ErrorDomain::CodeType {}; kServiceNotAvailable= 1 Service is not available. kMaxSamples Exceeded= 2 kNetworkBindingFailure= The network binding reported a recoverable communications 3 kGrantEnforcement Error= 4 kPeerlsUnreachable= 5 TLS handshake fail.	#include "ara/com/com_fwd.h"		Forwarding header file:	
Underlying type: Syntax: enum class ComErrc: ara::core::ErrorDomain::CodeType {}; kServiceNotAvailable= 1 Service is not available. kMaxSamples Exceeded= 2 Application holds more SamplePtrs than committed in Subscriptions and the service is not available. kNetworkBindingFailure= 3 The network binding reported a recoverable communications are serviced by Grant enforcement layer. kGrantEnforcement Error= 4 Request was refused by Grant enforcement layer. kPeerlsUnreachable= 5 TLS handshake fail.	namespace ara::com		Scope:	
Syntax: enum class ComErrc: ara::core::ErrorDomain::CodeType {}; kServiceNotAvailable= 1 Service is not available. kMaxSamples Exceeded= 2 kNetworkBindingFailure= The network binding reported a recoverable communications 3 kGrantEnforcement Error= 4 kPeerlsUnreachable= 5 TLS handshake fail.			ComErrc	Symbol:
kServiceNotAvailable= 1 Service is not available. kMaxSamples Exceeded= 2 kNetworkBindingFailure= 3 kGrantEnforcement Error= 4 kPeerlsUnreachable= 5 Tervice is not available. Application holds more SamplePtrs than committed in Subscription in Subsc		odeType	ara::core::ErrorDomain::Co	Underlying type:
kMaxSamples Exceeded= 2 kNetworkBindingFailure= 3 kGrantEnforcement Error= 4 kPeerlsUnreachable= 5 KMaxSamples Exceeded= 2 knetwork binding reported a recoverable communications Request was refused by Grant enforcement layer. TLS handshake fail.		: ara::core::ErrorDomain::CodeType {};	enum class ComErrc :	Syntax:
Application holds more SamplePtrs than committed in Subscri Exceeded= 2 kNetworkBindingFailure= The network binding reported a recoverable communications kGrantEnforcement Error= 4 kPeerlsUnreachable= 5 TLS handshake fail.		Service is not available.	kServiceNotAvailable= 1	
3 kGrantEnforcement Error= 4 kPeerlsUnreachable= 5 TLS handshake fail.	pe().	Application holds more SamplePtrs than committed in Subscrib		Values:
Error= 4 kPeerIsUnreachable= 5 TLS handshake fail.	error.	The network binding reported a recoverable communications of	, and the second	
		Request was refused by Grant enforcement layer.		
kFieldValueIsNotValid= 6 Field Value is not valid,.		TLS handshake fail.	kPeerIsUnreachable= 5	
		Field Value is not valid,.	kFieldValueIsNotValid= 6	
kFieldSetHandlerNot Field SetHandler has not been registered. Set= 7		Field SetHandler has not been registered.		
kUnsetHandlerFailure= 8 Failure detected when unregistering a handler.		Failure detected when unregistering a handler.	kUnsetHandlerFailure= 8	
kSampleAllocation Not Sufficient memory resources can be allocated. Failure= 9		Not Sufficient memory resources can be allocated.	•	
klllegalUseOfAllocate= 10 The allocation was illegally done via custom allocator (i.e., no shared memory allocation).	via	The allocation was illegally done via custom allocator (i.e., not shared memory allocation).		
kServiceNotOffered= 11 Service not offered.		Service not offered.	kServiceNotOffered= 11	
kInstanceIDCouldNotBe Resolved= 15 ResolveInstanceIDs() failed to resolve InstanceID from InstanceIDs () failed to resolve InstanceIDs () failed to reso	е	ResolveInstanceIDs() failed to resolve InstanceID from InstanceID specifier, i.e. is not mapped correctly		
kMaxSampleCountNot Provided maxSampleCount not realizable. Realizable= 16		Provided maxSampleCount not realizable.		
		Wrong processing mode passed to constructor method call or wrong MethodCallProcessingMode for ProcessNextMethodCa		
kErroneousFileHandle= The FileHandle returned from FindService is corrupt/service is available	ot	The FileHandle returned from FindService is corrupt/service n available		
kCouldNotExecute= 19 Command could not be executed in provided Execution Conte	xt.	Command could not be executed in provided Execution Conte	kCouldNotExecute= 19	
kInvalidInstanceIdentifier Given InstanceIdentifier string is corrupted or non-compliant. String= 20		Given InstanceIdentifier string is corrupted or non-compliant.		
kSetHandlerFailure= 21 Failed to register handler.		Failed to register handler.	kSetHandlerFailure= 21	





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Description:	The ComErrc enumeration defines the error codes for the ComErrorDomain.
--------------	---

(RS AP 00130, RS AP 00122, RS AP 00127)

[SWS CM 11327]{DRAFT} Definition of API class ara::com::ComException

Kind:	class		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/com_error_domain.h"		
Forwarding header file:	#include "ara/com/com_fwd.h"		
Scope:	namespace ara::com		
Symbol:	ComException		
Base class:	ara::core::Exception		
Syntax:	<pre>class ComException : public ara::core::Exception {};</pre>		
Description:	Defines a class for exceptions to be thrown by the Communication APIs.		

(RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00122, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_11328]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::ComException::ComException \lceil

Kind:	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/com_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::ComException	
Symbol:	ComException(ara::core::ErrorCode errorCode)	
Syntax:	explicit ComException (ara::core::ErrorCode errorCode) noexcept;	
Parameters (in):	errorCode The error code.	
Exception Safety:	noexcept	
Description:	Constructs a new ComException object containing an error code.	

(RS AP 00120, RS AP 00121, RS AP 00130, RS AP 00132)

[SWS_CM_11329]{DRAFT} Definition of API class ara::com::ComErrorDomain

Kind:	class	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/com_error_domain.h"	
Forwarding header file:	#include "ara/com/com_fwd.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com	
Symbol:	ComErrorDomain	
Base class:	ara::core::ErrorDomain	
Syntax:	<pre>class ComErrorDomain final : public ara::core::ErrorDomain {};</pre>	
Unique ID:	0x8000'0000'0000'1267	
Description:	Defines a class representing the Communication error domain.	

(RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00122, RS_AP_00127)



[SWS_CM_11336]{DRAFT} Definition of API type ara::com::ComErrorDomain::Errc \lceil

Kind:	type alias	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/com_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::ComErrorDomain	
Symbol:	Errc	
Syntax:	using Errc = ComErrc;	
Description:	Alias for the error code value enumeration.	

|(RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00132)

[SWS_CM_11337]{DRAFT} Definition of API type ara::com::ComErrorDomain::Exception \lceil

Kind:	type alias	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/com_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::ComErrorDomain	
Symbol:	Exception	
Syntax:	using Exception = ComException;	
Description:	Alias for the exception base class.	

](RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00132)

[SWS_CM_11330]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::ComErrorDomain::ComErrorDomain

Kind:	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/com_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::ComErrorDomain	
Symbol:	ComErrorDomain()	
Syntax:	ComErrorDomain ()=delete;	
Description:	Constructs a new ComErrorDomain object - Not allowed.	

(RS AP 00120, RS AP 00130, RS AP 00146)

[SWS_CM_11331]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::ComErrorDomain::Name \lceil

Kind:	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/com_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::ComErrorDomain	
Symbol:	Name()	
Syntax:	const char * Name () const noexcept override;	
Return value:	const char * "Com".	
Exception Safety:	noexcept	
Description:	Returns a string constant associated with ComErrorDomain.	

|(RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00132)



[SWS_CM_11332]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::ComErrorDomain::Message \lceil

Kind:	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/com_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::ComErrorDomain	
Symbol:	Message(CodeType errorCode)	
Syntax:	<pre>const char * Message (CodeType errorCode) const noexcept override;</pre>	
Parameters (in):	errorCode The error code number.	
Return value:	const char * The message associated with the error code.	
Exception Safety:	noexcept	
Description:	Returns the message associated with errorCode.	

](RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00132)

[SWS_CM_11333]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::ComErrorDomain::ThrowAsException \lceil

Kind:	function			
Header file:	#include "ara/com/com_err	#include "ara/com/com_error_domain.h"		
Scope:	class ara::com::ComErrorD	class ara::com::ComErrorDomain		
Symbol:	ThrowAsException(const ara::core::ErrorCode &errorCode)			
Syntax:	<pre>void ThrowAsException (const ara::core::ErrorCode &errorCode) const noexcept(false) override;</pre>			
Parameters (in):	errorCode	errorCode The error to throw.		
Return value:	None			
Exception Safety:	noexcept(false)			
Description:	Creates a new instance of ComException from errorCode and throws it as a C++ exception.			

(RS AP 00120, RS AP 00121, RS AP 00130)

[SWS_CM_11334] $\{DRAFT\}$ Definition of API function ara::com::GetComErrorDomain \lceil

Kind:	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/com_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com	
Symbol:	GetComErrorDomain()	
Syntax:	<pre>constexpr const ara::core::ErrorDomain & GetComErrorDomain () noexcept;</pre>	
Return value:	const ara::core::Error Domain &	A reference to the global ComErrorDomain object.
Exception Safety:	noexcept	
Description:	Returns a reference to the global ComErrorDomain object.	

(RS AP 00120, RS AP 00130, RS AP 00132)



[SWS_CM_11335]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::MakeErrorCode

Kind:	function		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/com_err	#include "ara/com/com_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com	namespace ara::com	
Symbol:	MakeErrorCode(ara::com::ComErrc code, ara::core::ErrorDomain::SupportDataType data)		
Syntax:	<pre>constexpr ara::core::ErrorCode MakeErrorCode (ara::com::ComErrc code, ara::core::ErrorDomain::SupportDataType data) noexcept;</pre>		
Parameters (in):	code Error code number.		
	data	Vendor defined data associated with the error.	
Return value:	ara::core::ErrorCode	An ErrorCode object.	
Exception Safety:	noexcept		
Description:	Creates an instance of ErrorCode.		

(RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00132)

[SWS_CM_11266]{DRAFT} Definition of Application Errors [Each ApapplicationError references an ApapplicationErrorDomain. The error domain corresponding ApapplicationErrorDomain shall be defined as specified in [17]. The corresponding enumeration shall contain an entry for each ApapplicationError referencing this ApapplicationErrorDomain using the shortName of the ApapplicationError as symbol and the errorCode of the ApapplicationError as value:

(RS CM 00211, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00119, RS AP 00127)

[SWS_CM_99026]{DRAFT} E2E errors domain [Error domain to describe E2E related ara::com errors ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain shall be defined. It shall have the shortname E2E and the identifier 0x8000'0000'0000'1268.|(RS_AP_00130)

[SWS_CM_10474]{DRAFT} Definition of API enum ara::com::e2e::E2EErrc \lceil

Kind:	enumeration		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/e2e/e2e_	#include "ara/com/e2e/e2e_error_domain.h"	
Forwarding header file:	#include "ara/com/com_fwd	#include "ara/com/com_fwd.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com::e2e		
Symbol:	E2EErrc		
Underlying type:	ara::core::ErrorDomain::CodeType		
Syntax:	enum class E2EErrc : ara::core::ErrorDomain::CodeType {};		
Values:	kRepeated= 1	Data has a repeated counter.	





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	kWrongSequence= 2	The checks of the Data in this cycle were successful, with the exception of counter jump, which changed more than the allowed delta.
	kError= 3	Error not related to counters occurred (e.g. wrong crc, wrong length, wrong Data ID) or the return of the check function was not OK.
	kNotAvailable= 4	No value has been received yet (e.g. during initialization). This is used as the initialization value for the buffer, it is not returned by any E2E profile.
	kNoNewData= 5	No new data is available.
Description:	The E2EErrc enumeration defines the error codes for the E2EErrorDomain.	

](RS_AP_00130)

[SWS_CM_12501]{DRAFT} Definition of API class ara::com::e2e::E2EException

Kind:	class	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/e2e/e2e_error_domain.h"	
Forwarding header file:	#include "ara/com/com_fwd.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com::e2e	
Symbol:	E2EException	
Base class:	ara::core::Exception	
Syntax:	<pre>class E2EException : public ara::core::Exception {};</pre>	
Description:	Defines a class for exceptions to be thrown by the E2E APIs.	

|(RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00122, RS_AP_00127)

 $[SWS_CM_12502] \{ DRAFT \} \qquad Definition \qquad of \qquad API \qquad function \\ ara::com::e2e::E2EException::E2EException \ \lceil \ \rceil$

Kind:	function		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/e2e/e2e_error_domain.h"		
Scope:	class ara::com::e2e::E2E	class ara::com::e2e::E2EException	
Symbol:	E2EException(ara::core::ErrorCode errorCode)		
Syntax:	explicit E2EException (ara::core::ErrorCode errorCode) noexcept;		
Parameters (in):	errorCode	The error code.	
Exception Safety:	noexcept		
Description:	Constructs a new E2EException object containing an error code.		

\((RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00132)\)

[SWS_CM_12503]{DRAFT} Definition of API class ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain \lceil

Kind:	class
Header file:	#include "ara/com/e2e/e2e_error_domain.h"
Forwarding header file:	#include "ara/com/com_fwd.h"
Scope:	namespace ara::com::e2e
Symbol:	E2EErrorDomain





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Base class:	ara::core::ErrorDomain	
Syntax:	<pre>class E2EErrorDomain final : public ara::core::ErrorDomain {};</pre>	
Unique ID:	0x8000'0000'0000'1268	
Description:	Defines a class representing the E2E error domain.	

](RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00122, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_12504]{DRAFT} Definition of API type ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain::Errc

Kind:	type alias	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/e2e/e2e_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain	
Symbol:	Errc	
Syntax:	using Errc = E2EErrc;	
Description:	Alias for the error code value enumeration.	

(RS AP 00120, RS AP 00130, RS AP 00132)

[SWS_CM_12505] $\{DRAFT\}$ Definition of API type ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain::Exception

Kind:	type alias	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/e2e/e2e_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain	
Symbol:	Exception	
Syntax:	using Exception = E2EException;	
Description:	Alias for the exception base class.	

(RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00132)

[SWS_CM_12506]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain::E2EErrorDomain

Kind:	function
Header file:	#include "ara/com/e2e/e2e_error_domain.h"
Scope:	class ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain
Symbol:	E2EErrorDomain()
Syntax:	constexpr E2EErrorDomain () noexcept;
Exception Safety:	noexcept
Description:	Constructs a new E2EErrorDomain object.

(RS AP 00120, RS AP 00130, RS AP 00132)



[SWS_CM_12507]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain::Name \lceil

Kind:	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/e2e/e2e_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain	
Symbol:	Name()	
Syntax:	const char * Name () const noexcept override;	
Return value:	const char *	"E2E".
Exception Safety:	noexcept	
Description:	Returns a string constant associated with E2EErrorDomain.	

(RS AP 00120, RS AP 00130, RS AP 00132)

[SWS_CM_12508]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain::Message

Kind:	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/e2e/e2e_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain	
Symbol:	Message(CodeType errorCode)	
Syntax:	<pre>const char * Message (CodeType errorCode) const noexcept override;</pre>	
Parameters (in):	errorCode	The error code number.
Return value:	const char *	The message associated with the error code.
Exception Safety:	noexcept	
Description:	Returns the message associated with errorCode.	

(RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00132)

[SWS_CM_12509]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain::ThrowAsException

Kind:	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/e2e/e2e_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain	
Symbol:	ThrowAsException(const ara::core::ErrorCode &errorCode)	
Syntax:	<pre>void ThrowAsException (const ara::core::ErrorCode &errorCode) const noexcept(false) override;</pre>	
Parameters (in):	errorCode The error to throw.	
Return value:	None	
Exception Safety:	noexcept(false)	
Description:	Creates a new instance of E2EException from errorCode and throws it as a C++ exception.	

](RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00130)



[SWS_CM_12510]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::e2e::GetE2EError Domain \lceil

Kind:	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/e2e/e2e_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com::e2e	
Symbol:	GetE2EErrorDomain()	
Syntax:	<pre>constexpr const ara::core::ErrorDomain & GetE2EErrorDomain () noexcept;</pre>	
Return value:	const ara::core::Error Domain &	A reference to the global E2EErrorDomain object.
Exception Safety:	noexcept	
Description:	Returns a reference to the global E2EErrorDomain object.	

(RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00132)

[SWS_CM_12511]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::e2e::MakeError Code \lceil

Kind:	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/e2e/e2e_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com::e2e	
Symbol:	MakeErrorCode(ara::com::e2e::E2EErrc errorCode, ara::core::ErrorDomain::SupportDataType data)	
Syntax:	<pre>constexpr ara::core::ErrorCode MakeErrorCode (ara::com::e2e::E2EErrc errorCode, ara::core::ErrorDomain::SupportDataType data) noexcept;</pre>	
Parameters (in):	errorCode Error code number.	
	data	Vendor defined data associated with the error.
Return value:	ara::core::ErrorCode An ErrorCode object.	
Exception Safety:	noexcept	
Description:	Creates an instance of ErrorCode.	

(RS AP 00120, RS AP 00121, RS AP 00130, RS AP 00132)

[SWS_CM_99023]{OBSOLETE} Definition general ara::com::cg errors [General ara::com::cg errors shall be defined in the error domain ara::com::cg::CgError-Domain in accordance with [17].|(RS_AP_00130)

[SWS_CM_99024]{OBSOLETE} Definition of API enum ara::com::cg::CgErrc

Kind:	enumeration	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/cg/cg_error_domain.h"	
Forwarding header file:	#include "ara/com/com_fwd.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com::cg	
Symbol:	CgErrc	
Underlying type:	ara::core::ErrorDomain::CodeType	
Syntax:	enum class CgErrc : ara::core::ErrorDomain::CodeType {};	
Values:	kCommunicationGroup NotActive= 1	Commincation Group not active/connected by a Server.
	kNoClients= 2	No communication group clients.





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	kWrongClientAddress= 3	Wrong client address.
	kBindingError= 4	Error at technology binding.
	kMemoryError= 5	Memory Error.
	kServerExists= 6	Other server already connected to communication group.
Description:	The CgErrc enumeration defines the error codes for the CgErrorDomain.	

(RS AP 00130)

[SWS_CM_99027]{OBSOLETE} Cg errors domain [Error domain to describe ara::com errors related to the Communication Groups ara::com::cg::CgError-Domain shall be defined. It shall have the shortname Cg and the identifier 0x8000'0000'0000'1270.|(RS AP 00130)

8.1.2.8 E2E Related Data Types

Some data types are used only in context of e2e-protected communication of events.

[SWS_CM_90421]{DRAFT} ara::com::e2e::ProfileCheckStatus [The Communication Management shall provide an enumeration ara::com::e2e::ProfileCheckStatus which represents the results of the check of a single sample:

- kOk: The checks of the sample in this cycle were successful (including counter check).
- kRepeated: sample has a repeated counter.
- kWrongSequence: The checks of the sample in this cycle were successful, with the exception of counter jump, which changed more than the allowed delta.
- kError: Error not related to counters occurred (e.g. wrong crc, wrong length, wrong Data ID).
- kCheckDisabled: No E2E check status available. Return value of function GetProfileCheckStatus if EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps. disableEndToEndCheck is set to TRUE

```
1 enum class ProfileCheckStatus : std::uint8_t
2 {
3         kOk,
4         kRepeated,
5         kWrongSequence,
6         kError,
7         kCheckDisabled
8 };
```

Results of E2E are described in [PRS_E2E_00322] and [PRS_E2E_00677] of [7]. (RS_E2E_08534, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00119)



[SWS_CM_90426]{DRAFT} Mapping of ProfileCheckStatus [The E2E profile independent results according to [PRS_E2E_00677] shall be mapped to the enumeration literals of ara::com::e2e::ProfileCheckStatus as described in [SWS_CM_12021].|(RS_E2E_08534, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00119)

[SWS_CM_12021]{DRAFT} Mapping of ProfileCheckStatus [

Enumeration literal of ProfileCheckStatus	Profile independent result of E2E_Check()
kOk	OK
kRepeated	REPEATED
kWrongSequence	WRONGSEQUENCE
kError	WRONGCRC
n/a	NONEWDATA
kCheckDisabled	n/a

Table 8.1: Mapping of ProfileCheckStatus

(RS E2E 08534, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00115, RS AP 00119)

The E2E state machine SMState is determined by checking a history of ProfileCheckStatuses. The current value of SMState mirrors the current state of the E2E supervision, but is not necessarily applicable to all samples received during the last update.

[SWS_CM_90422]{DRAFT} ara::com::e2e::SMState [The Communication Management shall provide an enumeration ara::com:e2e::SMState which represents in what state is the E2E supervision after the most recent check of the sample(s) of a received sample of the event. If SMState is Valid, and the GetProfileCheck-Status did not result in Error then the last checked sample can be used.

- kValid: Communication of the samples of this event functioning properly according to E2E checks, sample(s) can be used.
- kNoData: No data have been received from the publisher at all.
- kInit: Not enough data where the E2E check yielded OK from the publisher is available since the initialization, sample(s) cannot be used.
- kInvalid: Too few data where the E2E check yielded OK or to many data where the E2E check yielded ERROR were received within the E2E time window communication of the sample of this event not functioning properly, sample(s) cannot be used.
- kStateMDisabled: No E2E state machine available. Return value of function GetE2EStateMachineState if EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps. disableEndToEndStateMachine is set to TRUE.

```
1 enum class SMState : std::uint8_t
2 {
3          kValid,
4          kNoData,
```



```
5 kInit,
6 kInvalid,
7 kStateMDisabled
8 };
```

Results of E2E state machine are described in [PRS_E2E_00322] and [PRS_E2E_-00678] of [7].|(RS_E2E_08534, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00119)

[SWS_CM_90427]{DRAFT} Mapping of SMState | The communication channel status according to [PRS_E2E_00678] shall be mapped to the enumeration literals of SMState as described in [SWS_CM_12022].](RS_E2E_08534, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00119)

[SWS_CM_12022]{DRAFT} Mapping of SMState [

Enumeration literal of SMState	communication channel status
kValid	VALID
kNoData	NODATA, DEINIT
kInit	INIT
kInvalid	INVALID
kStateMDisabled	n/a

Table 8.2: Mapping of SMState

|(RS_E2E_08534, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00119)



8.1.3 API Reference

The ServiceInterface description is the input for the generation of the service API header files content.

The proxy and skeleton header files contain different classes representing the ServiceInterface itself and its elements event, method and field.

[SWS_CM_00002]{DRAFT} Service skeleton class [The Communication Management shall provide the definition of a C++ class named <name>Skeleton in the service skeleton header file within the namespace defined by [SWS_CM_01006], where <name> is the ServiceInterface.shortName in upper camel case format.

```
class UpperCamelCase(<ServiceInterface.shortName>)Skeleton {
   ...
};
```

```
\((RS_CM_00101, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00122)\)
```

[SWS_CM_00003]{DRAFT} Service skeleton Event class [For each Variable-DataPrototype defined in the ServiceInterface in the role event the definition of a C++ class using the shortName in upper camel case format of the Variable-DataPrototype shall be provided in the service skeleton header file within the name-space defined by [SWS_CM_01009].

```
1 class UpperCamelCase(<VariableDataPrototype.shortName>) {
2 ...
3 };
```

```
(RS CM 00201, RS AP 00114)
```

[SWS_CM_11400]{DRAFT} Service skeleton SampleType type alias [Each service skeleton Event class (according to [SWS_CM_00003]) shall provide a type alias named SampleType for the CppImplementationDataType of the Event (i.e., for the CppImplementationDataType which is either referenced by the VariableDataPrototype in role type directly or via the indirection of a DataTypeMap.

```
using SampleType = <name>;
```

where <name> is the Cpp Implementation Data Type symbol of the CppImplementationDataType of the event. | (RS CM 00201, RS AP 00114)

[SWS_CM_00007]{DRAFT} Service skeleton Field class [For each Field defined in the ServiceInterface in the role field the definition of a C++ class using the shortName in upper camel case format of the Field shall be provided in the service skeleton header file within the namespace defined by [SWS_CM_01031].

```
1 class UpperCamelCase(<Field.shortName>) {
2 ...
3 };
```

(RS CM 00219, RS AP 00114)



[SWS_CM_11402]{DRAFT} Service skeleton FieldType class [Each skeleton Field class (according to [SWS_CM_00007]) shall provide a type alias named FieldType for the CppImplementationDataType of the Field (i.e., for the CppImplementationDataType which is either referenced by the VariableDataPrototype in role type or via indirection of a DataTypeMap).

```
using FieldType = <name>;
```

where <name> is the Cpp Implementation Data Type symbol of the CppImplementationDataType of the Field. | (RS_CM_00219, RS_AP_00114)

[SWS_CM_00004]{DRAFT} Service proxy class [The Communication Management shall provide the definition of a C++ class named <name>Proxy in the service proxy header file within the namespace defined by [SWS_CM_01007], where <name> is the ServiceInterface.shortName in upper camel case format.

```
1 class UpperCamelCase(<ServiceInterface.shortName>)Proxy {
2 ...
3 };
```

|(RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00122)

[SWS_CM_00005]{DRAFT} Service proxy Event class [For each VariableDataPrototype defined in the ServiceInterface in the role event the definition of a C++ class using the shortName in upper camel case format of the VariableDataPrototype shall be provided in the service proxy header file within the namespace defined by [SWS CM 01009].

```
class UpperCamelCase(<VariableDataPrototype.shortName>) {
   ...
};
```

(RS CM 00103, RS AP 00114)

[SWS_CM_11401]{DRAFT} Service proxy SampleType type alias [Each service proxy Event class (according to [SWS_CM_00005]) shall provide a type alias named SampleType for the CppImplementationDataType of the Event (i.e., for the CppImplementationDataType which is either referenced by the VariableDataPrototype in role type directly or via the indirection of a DataTypeMap).

```
using SampleType = <name>;
```

where <name> is the Cpp Implementation Data Type symbol of the CppImplementationDataType of the event. | (RS CM 00103, RS AP 00114)

[SWS_CM_00006]{DRAFT} Service proxy Method class [For each ClientServerOperation defined in the ServiceInterface in the role method the definition of a C++ class using the shortName in upper camel case format of the ClientServerOperation shall be provided in the service proxy header file within the namespace defined by [SWS_CM_01015].



```
1 class UpperCamelCase(<ClientServerOperation.shortName> {
2   ...
3 };
```

(RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_AP_00114)

[SWS_CM_00008]{DRAFT} Service proxy Field class [For each Field defined in the ServiceInterface in the role field the definition of a C++ class using the shortName in upper camel case format of the Field shall be provided in the service proxy header file within the namespace defined by [SWS_CM_01031].

```
1 class UpperCamelCase(<Field.shortName>) {
2 ...
3 };
```

(RS CM 00216, RS AP 00114)

[SWS_CM_11403]{DRAFT} Service proxy FieldType alias [Each service proxy Field class (according to [SWS_CM_00008]) shall provide a type alias named FieldType for the CppImplementationDataType of the Field (i.e., for the CppImplementationDataType which is either referenced by the VariableDataPrototype in role type directly or via the indirection of a DataTypeMap).

```
using FieldType = <name>;
```

where <name> is the Cpp Implementation Data Type symbol of the CppImplementa-tionDataType of the Field. | (RS CM 00216, RS AP 00114)

[SWS_CM_99028]{DRAFT} Types of APIs - Communication and Service Discovery APIs | There are two categories of APIs: Service Discovery API and Communication API.

Service Discovery API: These APIs are used in service discovery process. The following APIs are Service Discovery APIs:

- OfferService()
- StopOfferService()
- RegisterGetHandler()
- RegisterSetHandler()
- FindService()
- StartFindService()
- StopFindService()
- GetHandle()
- Subscribe()
- Unsubscribe()



- GetSubscriptionState()
- SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler()
- UnsetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler()
- SetReceiveHandler()
- UnsetReceiveHandler()

Communication API: These APIs are used in communication between Client and Server. The following APIs are Communication APIs:

- Send()
- Allocate()
- Update()
- GetNewSamples()
- GetFreeSampleCount()
- Method call operator()
- Get()
- Set()

]()

[SWS_CM_00009]{DRAFT} **Re-entrancy and thread-safety - General** The concurrent invocation of communication APIs shall be allowed irrespective of the class instance. - I.e., concurrent invocation of *different* member functions shall be allowed for the same class instance and for *different* class instances.

The concurrent invocation of service discovery APIs shall be allowed for *different* class instances and shall not be allowed for same class instances.

Only communication APIs shall be thread-safe against each other (for same class instance).

Service Discovery APIs shall be NOT thread-safe against each other, or against Communication APIs (for same proxy/skeleton instance). | (RS_Main_00050)

The following sub-chapters describe the content of the previously defined classes.

8.1.3.1 Object Creation via Named Constructor Approach

The Named Constructor approach enables exception-less error reporting for object construction. Since service skeletons and service proxies can be created using a <code>Named Constructor</code>, this section describes the general requirements of this approach. For the service skeleton and service proxy creation C++ API reference, see chapter 8.1.3.2 and 8.1.3.12, respectively.



[SWS_CM_11326]{DRAFT} Creation of an object using Named Constructor approach [The ClassToBeCreated shall provide a static member function Create() returning the constructed object embedded in an ara::core::Result. This function first performs all operations for constructing an object of ClassToBeCreated, which may fail or result in an error. E.g. parameter checks or resource allocation may fail. If an error occurs during these operations, the error is returned as an ara::core::ErrorCode in the ara::core::Result. If no error occurs, the created object is returned as a value in the ara::core::Result. The value object can then be considered as valid. The function shall not throw an exception.

Unless a potentially-throwing constructor shall be available for ClassToBeCreated, only the Create() function shall be public for the user. All regular constructors shall be private. $\[(RS_CM_00101, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00132, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00144) \]$

8.1.3.2 Service skeleton creation

For the functional description of the service skeleton creation API, see chapter 7.8.2.

[SWS_CM_00130] Creation of service skeleton using Instance ID [The Communication Management shall provide a constructor for each specific ServiceSkeleton class taking two arguments:

- InstanceIdentifier: See [SWS_CM_00302] for the type definition.
- MethodCallProcessingMode: As a default argument with kEvent as default value. See [SWS_CM_00301] for the type definition and [SWS_CM_00198] for more details on the behavior.

[SWS_CM_10435] Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance ID [The Communication Management shall provide a non-throwing constructor for each specific ServiceSkeleton class using the Named Constructor idiom according to [SWS_CM_11326]. The Named Constructor shall be called Create() and shall take two arguments:

• InstanceIdentifier: See [SWS_CM_00302] for the type definition.



• MethodCallProcessingMode: As a default argument with kEvent as default value. See [SWS_CM_00301] for the type definition and [SWS_CM_00198] for more details on the behavior.

In case E2E-protected methods are used by the service, and a MethodCallProcessingMode of kEvent is passed to the constructor, an error code kWrongMethodCallProcessingMode shall be returned in the Result. See [SWS_CM_10467]

In case of a Grant enforcement failure, an error code ComErrc::kGrantEnforcementError shall be returned in the Result. See [SWS_CM_10542] and [SWS_CM_10543].

](RS_CM_00101, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00132, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00145, RS_AP_00144)

[SWS_CM_00152] Creation of service skeleton using Instance Spec [The Communication Management shall provide a constructor for each specific ServiceSkeleton class taking two arguments:

- InstanceSpecifier: See [SWS CORE 08001] for the type definition.
- MethodCallProcessingMode: As a default argument with kEvent as default value. See [SWS_CM_00301] for the type definition and [SWS_CM_00198] for more details on the behavior.

](RS_CM_00101, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00137, RS_AP_00145)

[SWS_CM_10436] Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance Spec [The Communication Management shall provide a non-throwing constructor for each specific ServiceSkeleton class using the Named Constructor idiom according to [SWS_CM_11326]. The Named Constructor shall be called Create() and shall take two arguments:

- InstanceSpecifier: See [SWS_CORE_08001] for the type definition.
- MethodCallProcessingMode: As a default argument with kEvent as default value. See [SWS_CM_00301] for the type definition and [SWS_CM_00198] for more details on the behavior.



In case E2E-protected methods are used by the service, and a MethodCallProcessingMode of kEvent is passed to the constructor, an error code kWrongMethodCallProcessingMode shall be returned in the Result. See [SWS CM 10467].

In case of a Grant enforcement failure, an error code ComErrc::kGrantEnforcementError shall be returned in the Result. See [SWS_CM_10542] and [SWS_CM_10543].

](RS_CM_00101, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00132, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00137, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00145, RS_AP_00144)

[SWS_CM_00153] Creation of service skeleton using Instance ID Container | The Communication Management shall provide a constructor for each specific ServiceSkeleton class taking two arguments:

- InstanceIdentifierContainer: See [SWS_CM_00319] for the type definition.
- MethodCallProcessingMode: As a default argument with kEvent as default value. See [SWS_CM_00301] for the type definition and [SWS_CM_00198] for more details on the behavior.

[SWS_CM_10437] Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance ID Container [The Communication Management shall provide a non-throwing constructor for each specific ServiceSkeleton class using the Named Constructor idiom according to [SWS_CM_11326]. The Named Constructor shall be called Create() and shall take two arguments:

- InstanceIdentifierContainer: See [SWS_CM_00319] for the type definition.
- MethodCallProcessingMode: As a default argument with kEvent as default value. See [SWS_CM_00301] for the type definition and [SWS_CM_00198] for more details on the behavior.



```
ara::com::MethodCallProcessingMode mode =
ara::com::MethodCallProcessingMode::kEvent) noexcept;
```

In case E2E-protected methods are used by the service, and a MethodCallProcessingMode of kEvent is passed to the constructor, an error code kWrongMethodCallProcessingMode shall be returned in the Result. See [SWS_CM_10467].

In case of a Grant enforcement failure, an error code ComErrc::kGrantEnforcementError shall be returned in the Result. See [SWS_CM_10542] and [SWS_CM_10543].

](RS_CM_00101, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00132, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00145, RS_AP_00144)

Note: See chapter 7.8.18.1 for more details on the behavior of InstanceIdentifier, InstanceIdentifierContainer and InstanceSpecifier.

[SWS_CM_00134] Copy semantics of service skeleton class [The Communication Management shall disable the generation of the copy constructor and the copy assignment operator for each specific ServiceSkeleton class.

```
ServiceSkeleton(const ServiceSkeleton&) = delete;
ServiceSkeleton& operator=(const ServiceSkeleton&) = delete;
```

```
\((RS_CM_00101, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00145, RS_AP_00147)\)
```

[SWS_CM_00135] Move semantics of service skeleton class [The Communication Management shall provide the possibility to move construct and move assign a ServiceSkeleton instance from another instance.

```
ServiceSkeleton(ServiceSkeleton &&);
ServiceSkeleton& operator=(ServiceSkeleton &&);
```

```
(RS CM 00101, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00145, RS AP 00147)
```

[SWS_CM_11370]{DRAFT} ServiceSkeleton destructor [The Communication Management shall provide a destructor for the ServiceSkeleton.

```
~ServiceSkeleton();
|(RS AP 00114, RS AP 00145)
```

8.1.3.3 Offer service

For the functional description of the service offering API, see chapter 7.8.1.

[SWS_CM_00101] Method to offer a service [The Communication Management shall provide an OfferService method as part of the ServiceSkeleton class to offer a service to applications.



```
ara::core::Result<void> OfferService();
```

If the offered service contains a Field, and the field value is not valid according to [SWS_CM_00128] when OfferService() is called, the service shall not be offered, and the error code ComErro::kFieldValueIsNotValid shall be returned in the Result type.

If the offered service contains a Field that is defined with hasSetter=true, and no SetHandler has been registered yet, the service shall not be offered, and the error code ComErrc::kFieldSetHandlerNotSet shall be returned in the Result type. See [SWS_CM_00129]

If the network binding reported a recoverable communications error, the error code ComErrc::kNetworkBindingFailure shall be returned in the Result type.

```
(RS_CM_00101, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120)
```

[SWS_CM_00010]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - OfferService [OfferService shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different ServiceSkeleton class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same ServiceSkeleton ton class instance, the behavior is undefined.] $(RS_CM_00101, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120)$

[SWS_CM_00111] Method to stop offering a service | The Communication Management shall provide a StopOfferService method as part of the ServiceSkeleton class to stop offering services to applications.

```
void StopOfferService();
|(RS_CM_00105, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120)
```

[SWS_CM_00011]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety- StopOfferService | StopOfferService shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different ServiceSkeleton class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same ServiceSkeleton class instance, the behavior is undefined. $|RS_CM_00105, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120|$

8.1.3.4 Query Service Event Subscription State on Skeleton side

[SWS_CM_12008] Set Subscription State change handler on Skeleton side [The Communication Management shall provide an API SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler on the Skeleton side to give the possibility to set a subscription state change handler.



[SWS_CM_12009] Execution Context for setting Subscription State change handler on Skeleton side [For the SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler method described in [SWS_CM_12008]

[SWS_CM_12010] Unset Subscription State change handler on Skeleton side [The CommunicationManagement shall provide an API UnsetSubscriptionState-ChangeHandler on the Skeleton side to give the possibility to unset the subscription state change handler.

```
void UnsetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler();
```

[SWS_CM_12011] Query Subscription State on Skeleton side [The Communication Management shall provide an API GetSubscriptionState on the Skeleton side which returns the subscription state of an event. The conditions for the Subscription state being returned by GetSubscriptionState shall be the same as for the SubscriptionStateChangeHandler described in [SWS_CM_00311], [SWS_CM_12013] and [SWS_CM_12014].

```
ara::com::SubscriptionState GetSubscriptionState() const;
|()
```

8.1.3.5 Send event

For the functional description of event sending API, see chapter 7.8.4.

Inside the specific Event class belonging to the specific ServiceSkeleton class, a Send method shall be provided to initiate sending the corresponding event.

[SWS_CM_00162] Send event where application is responsible for the data

The Send method of the specific Event class where the application is responsible for the data and the Communication Management creates a copy for sending takes in the input parameter data, the data to send and sends it to all subscribed applications.

```
ara::core::Result<void> Event::Send(const SampleType &data);
```

If not successful, Send() shall return an ara::core::ErrorCode from the ara::com::ComErrorDomain indicating the error. The following errors are possible:

- ComErrc::kServiceNotOffered: Service not offered.
- ComErrc::kNetworkBindingFailure: The network binding reported a recoverable communications error.



|(RS_CM_00201, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121)

[SWS_CM_90437] Send event where Communication Management is responsible for the data [The Send method of the specific Event class where the Communication Management is responsible for the data and the application is not allowed to access the data after sending takes in the input parameter data, the data to send and sends it to all subscribed applications.

If not successful, Send() shall return an ara::core::ErrorCode from the ara::com::ComErrorDomain indicating the error. The following errors are possible:

- ComErrc::kServiceNotOffered: Service not offered.
- ComErrc::kNetworkBindingFailure: The network binding reported a recoverable communications error.

```
|(RS_CM_00201, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121)
```

[SWS_CM_00012]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Send | Send shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Event class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Event class instance, the behavior is undefined.](RS_-CM_00201, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121)

[SWS_CM_90438] Allocate data when Communication Management is responsible for the data \lceil

The Allocate method of the specific Event class is used to allocate memory for the event data when Communication Management is responsible for the data.

```
ara::core::Result<ara::com::SampleAllocateePtr<SampleType>>
    Event::Allocate();
```

There are two error codes that shall be returned in the Result of the Allocate method of the specific Event class:

- ComErrc::kSampleAllocationFailure: If the allocation of the shared memory fails (i.e., failure to retrieve/allocate a shared slot for a sample).
- ComErrc::kIllegalUseOfAllocate: If the allocation is done via custom allocator (i.e., not via shared memory allocation). The error shall be logged.

```
(RS CM 00201, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00115, RS AP 00120)
```

See [SWS_CM_00308] for the type definition of SampleAllocateePtr and ARA-ComAPI explanatory document [1] for more details on the behavior.

[SWS_CM_00013]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Allocate | Allocate | shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Event class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Event class instance, the behavior is undefined.] $(RS_CM_00201, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00120)$



8.1.3.6 Processing of service methods

For the functional description of the processing of service methods API, see chapter 7.8.5.

[SWS_CM_00198]{DRAFT} Set service method processing mode [

With the instantiation of a specific ServiceSkeleton class, the mode for processing service method invocations is set by providing an ara::com::MethodCallProcessingMode as a parameter of the constructor. The data type representing the processing modes is defined by [SWS CM 00301].

The following processing modes shall be supported:

- **Polling** (enumeration element kPoll)
- Event-driven, concurrent (enumeration element kEvent)
- Event-driven, sequential (enumeration element kEventSingleThread)

(RS_CM_00211, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00120)

[SWS_CM_00199] Process Service method invocation [

Inside the specific ServiceSkeleton class, a ProcessNextMethodCall method
shall be provided.

The method shall return an ara::core::Future object wrapping a bool parameter as return value. A returned value true indicates that there is at least one pending invocation, returning false indicates the opposite. The returned ara:: core::Future becomes ready, after the service method (see [SWS_CM_00191] or [SWS_CM_90434]) invoked due to ProcessNextMethodCall() has completed.

ara::core::Future<bool> ProcessNextMethodCall();

If ProcessNextMethodCall() is called within Skeleton that was constructed with MethodCallProcessingMode kEvent Or kEventSingleThread, Process-NextMethodCall() shall return a ComErrc::kWrongMethodCallProcessing-Mode ara::core::ErrorCode within the returned ara::core::Future.

In this case the ara::core::Future will be immediately ready.

](RS_CM_00211, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138)

[SWS_CM_11350]{DRAFT} Execution Context for process service method invocation [

For the ProcessNextMethodCall method described in [SWS_CM_00199], a second overload with an additional input parameter shall be provided. This parameter



shall provide an executioner object in which any asynchronous computation spawn by ProcessNextMethodCall shall be invoked. The minimum behavior of the Execution Context is defined in [SWS_CM_11364]. For the first overload without an execution context argument, an implementation defined default execution context (like in previous AUTOSAR releases) shall be used.

```
template<typename ExecutorT>
ara::core::Future<bool> ProcessNextMethodCall(ExecutorT &&executor);

](RS_CM_00211, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128,
RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138)
```

[SWS_CM_11351]{DRAFT} Error behaviour of provided Execution Context for process service method invocation [In case a ProcessNextMethodCall() cannot be executed with the provided executor (e.g. because of resource problem) an ComErro::kCouldNotExecute error shall be raised in all cases.](RS_CM_00211, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00214, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_10362]{DRAFT} Raising checked errors for application errors [Whenever on the skeleton side of a service method an ApapplicationError – according to the interface description in the Manifest – is detected, the corresponding ara::core::ErrorCode representing this ApapplicationError (see [SWS_CM_11266]) shall be stored into the ara::core::Promise object, from which the ara::core::Future is returned to the caller. (RS_CM_00211, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00214, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127)

8.1.3.7 Registering get handlers for fields

For the functional description of the registering get handlers for fields API, see chapter 7.8.6.

[SWS_CM_00114] Registering Getters [Inside the specific Field class belonging to the specific ServiceSkeleton class a RegisterGetHandler method shall be provided to give the possibility to register a GetHandler.

In case RegisterGetHandler fails, ComErrc::kSetHandlerFailure shall be returned in the Result.](RS_CM_00218, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_11360]{DRAFT} Execution Context for registering Getters [For the RegisterGetHandler method described in [SWS_CM_00114] a second overload with an additional input parameter shall be provided. This parameter shall provide



an executioner object in which any asynchronous computation spawn by Register-GetHandler shall be invoked. The minimum behavior of the Execution Context is defined in [SWS_CM_11364].

For the first overload without an execution context argument an implementation defined default execution context (like in previous AUTOSAR releases) shall be used. In case RegisterGetHandler fails, ComErrc::kSetHandlerFailure shall be returned in the Result. (RS_CM_00211, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138)

[SWS_CM_11361]{DRAFT} Error behaviour of provided Execution Context for registering Getters [In case a RegisterGetHandler() cannot be executed with the provided executor (e.g. because of resource problem) a ComErro::kCouldNotExecute error shall be raised in all cases. | (RS_CM_00211, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00214, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_00115]{DRAFT} Existence of RegisterGetHandler method [The existence of RegisterGetHandler as part of the Field class shall be controlled by Field.hasGetter.|(RS CM 00218, RS AP 00114)

[SWS_CM_00014]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - RegisterGetH-andler | RegisterGetHandler shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different | Field class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Field class instance, the behavior is undefined.](RS_CM_00218, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127)

8.1.3.8 Registering set handlers for fields

For the functional description of the registering set handlers for fields API, see chapter 7.8.7.

[SWS_CM_00116] Registering Setters [Inside the specific Field class belonging to the specific ServiceSkeleton class a RegisterSetHandler function shall be provided to give the possibility to register a SetHandler.

In case RegisterSetHandler fails, ComErrc::kSetHandlerFailure shall be returned in the Result.](RS_CM_00218, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127)



[SWS_CM_11362]{DRAFT} Execution Context for registering Setters [For the RegisterSetHandler method described in [SWS_CM_00116] a second overload with an additional input parameter shall be provided. This parameter shall provide an executioner object in which any asynchronous computation spawn by Register—SetHandler shall be invoked. The minimum behavior of the Execution Context is defined in [SWS_CM_11364].

For the first overload without an execution context argument an implementation defined default execution context (like in previous AUTOSAR releases) shall be used. In case RegisterSetHandler fails, ComErrc::kSetHandlerFailure shall be returned in the Result. (RS_CM_00211, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138)

[SWS_CM_11363]{DRAFT} Error behaviour of provided Execution Context for registering Setters [In case a RegisterGetHandler() cannot be executed with the provided executor (e.g. because of resource problem) a ComErro::kCouldNotExecute error shall be raised in all cases. [RS_CM_00211, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00214, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_00117]{DRAFT} Existence of the RegisterSetHandler method [The existence of RegisterSetHandler as part of the Field class shall be controlled by Field.hasSetter.|(RS_CM_00218, RS_AP_00114)

[SWS_CM_00015]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Register-SetHandler | RegisterSetHandler shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Field class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Field class instance, the behavior is undefined.](RS_CM_00218, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_00119]{DRAFT} Update Function [Inside the specific Field class belonging to the specific ServiceSkeleton class an Update function shall be provided to initiate the transmission of updated field data to the subscribers. See [SWS_CM_00162] for the required behavior. The Update method shall look as follows:

```
ara::core::Result<void> Field::Update(const FieldType &value);
```

It shall return void if the connection is successful, or an ara::core::ErrorCode from the ara::com::ComErrorDomain indicating the error if not successful.

The following errors from the ara::core::ComErrorDomain are possible:

- **kServiceNotOffered**: Service not offered.
- kNetworkBindingFailure: The network binding reported a recoverable communications error



The Update function shall also update the field's internal value, if:

- If Field.hasGetter is true (according to [SWS CM 00132] and
- no custom Getter has been registered

An update notification shall be sent, if hasNotification is true (in accordance to [SWS CM 00120].|(RS CM 00218, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00120, RS AP 00121)

[SWS_CM_00016]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Update [Update shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Field class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Field class instance, the behavior is undefined.] $(RS_CM_00218, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121)$

8.1.3.9 Send Trigger

Inside the specific Trigger class belonging to the specific ServiceSkeleton class a Send method shall be provided to initiate sending the corresponding trigger.

[SWS_CM_00721]{DRAFT} Send trigger [The Send method of the specific Trigger class shall trigger all subscribed applications.

```
ara::core::Result<void> Trigger::Send();
```

(RS CM 00201, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00120, RS AP 00121)

[SWS_CM_00725]{DRAFT} Errors in Send trigger call [If not successful, Send() shall return an ara::core::ErrorCode from the ara::com::ComErrorDomain indicating the error. The following errors are possible:

- ComErrc::kServiceNotOffered: Service not offered.
- ComErrc::kNetworkBindingFailure: The network binding reported a recoverable communications error.

(RS CM 00201, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00120, RS AP 00121)

[SWS_CM_00722]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Send [Send shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Trigger class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Trigger class instance, the behavior is undefined.] (RS_CM_00201 , RS_AP_00114 , RS_AP_00120 , RS_AP_00121)

8.1.3.10 Provide a service method

[SWS_CM_00191]{DRAFT} Provision of method [A pure virtual method shall be defined inside the specific ServiceSkeleton class for each provided method of the service.

The name of this method and its parameters are derived from the signature of the provided service method.



The service method input parameters shall become input parameters of the respective method defined inside the ServiceSkeleton class.

An Output type combining the possible output parameters shall be provided inside the ServiceSkeleton class.

The method shall return an ara::core::Future object wrapping the output parameters as result.

A corresponding subclass providing implementations for the methods shall be created to implement the methods of a respective ServiceSkeleton.

```
struct Method1Output {
   TypeOutputParameter1 output1;
   TypeOutputParameter2 output2;
   ...
};

virtual ara::core::Future <Method1Output> Method1(
   TypeInputParameter1 input1,
   TypeInputParameter2 input2,
   ...
) = 0;

J(RS_CM_00211, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127,
RS_AP_00138)
```

[SWS_CM_90434]{DRAFT} Provision of a Fire and Forget method [A pure virtual method shall be defined inside the specific ServiceSkeleton class for each provided Fire and Forget method of the service.

The name of this method and its parameters are derived from the signature of the provided Fire and Forget method.

The Fire and Forget method input parameters shall become input parameters of the respective method defined inside the ServiceSkeleton class.

The Fire and Forget method shall have no return values.

A corresponding subclass providing implementations for the Fire and Forget methods shall be created to implement the Fire and Forget method of a respective ServiceSkeleton.

```
virtual void FireForgetMethod1(
   TypeInputParameter1 input1,
   TypeInputParameter2 input2,
   ...
) = 0;
|(RS CM 00225, RS AP 00114)
```

[SWS_CM_00017]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - ServiceSkeleton method implementation | The ServiceSkeleton method implementation shall be re-entrant and thread-safe in case the ServiceSkeleton instance has been created in event-driven concurrent mode(kEvent). - The ServiceSkeleton method implementation may be non-re-entrant and non-thread-safe otherwise (i.e., in event-driven



sequential mode (kEventSingleThread) and in polling mode (kPoll)). | (RS_CM_-00211, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138)

8.1.3.11 Find service

For the functional description of the find service API, see chapter 7.8.8.

The Communication Management shall provide FindService methods as part of the ServiceProxy class to enable applications to find services. To support event-based and time-triggered systems the FindService methods shall be provided in a handler registration and a immediately returned request style.

[SWS_CM_00122]{DRAFT} Find service with immediately returned request using Instance ID [The FindService method of the ServiceProxy class with immediately returned request takes an instance ID qualifying the wanted instance of the service as input parameter.

It shall return a result struct encapsulating a container of handles for all matching service instances, or an ara::core::ErrorCode from the ara::com::ComErrorDomain indicating the error if not successful.

There is one FindService method for using a specified InstanceIdentifier.

where <ProxyClassName> is the name of the ServiceProxy class as defined in [SWS_CM_00004].

The following errors from ara::com::ComErrorDomain are possible:

- kNetworkBindingFailure: Local failure has been detected by the network binding.
- kGrantEnforcementError: Request was refused by Grant enforcement layer.
- kPeerIsUnreachable: Transport Layer Security handshake failed.

InstanceIdentifier validation errors or allocation failures of the ServiceHandleContainer shall be treated as Violations. ([SWS_CORE_00003], [SWS_CORE_00005])](RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00119)

For the definition of the types used in the FindService signature, see:

- [SWS_CM_00304] for ServiceHandleContainer,
- [SWS_CM_00312] for HandleType,



• [SWS CM 00302] for InstanceIdentifier.

[SWS_CM_00622]{DRAFT} Find service with immediately returned request using Instance Specifier [The FindService method of the ServiceProxy class with immediately returned request takes an instance Specifier qualifying the wanted Abstract Network Binding for the instance.

It shall return a result struct encapsulating a container of handles for all matching service instances, or an ara::core::ErrorCode from the ara::com::ComErrorDomain indicating the error if not successful.

where <ProxyClassName> is the name of the ServiceProxy class as defined in [SWS_CM_00004].

The following errors from ara::com::ComErrorDomain are possible:

- kNetworkBindingFailure: Local failure has been detected by the network binding.
- kGrantEnforcementError: Request was refused by Grant enforcement layer.
- kPeerIsUnreachable: Transport Layer Security handshake failed.

InstanceSpecifier validation errors, or allocation failures of the ServiceHandleContainer shall be treated as Violations. ([SWS_CORE_00003], [SWS_CORE_00005])](RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00137)

For the definition of the types used in the FindService signature, see:

- [SWS CM 00304] for ServiceHandleContainer,
- [SWS CM 00312] for HandleType,
- [SWS CORE 08001] for InstanceSpecifier.

[SWS_CM_00018]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - FindService [Find-Service is neither re-entrant nor thread-safe. When called re-entrant or concurrently, the behavior is undefined.] (RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00137)

[SWS_CM_00123]{DRAFT} Find service with handler registration using Instance ID [The StartFindService method of the ServiceProxy class with handler registration takes as input parameters a FindServiceHandler, fitting for the corresponding ServiceProxy class which gets called upon detection of a matching service, and an instance ID qualifying the wanted instance of the service. The return value is a result struct encapsulating a FindServiceHandle



for this search/find request, or an ara::core::ErrorCode from the ara::com:: ComErrorDomain indicating the error if not successful. The FindServiceHandle is needed to stop the service availability monitoring and related firing of the given handler.

There is one StartFindService method for using a specified InstanceIdentifier.

```
static ara::core::Result<ara::com::FindServiceHandle> StartFindService(
    ara::com::FindServiceHandler<<ProxyClassName>::HandleType> handler,
    ara::com::InstanceIdentifier instance);
```

where <ProxyClassName> is the name of the ServiceProxy class as defined in [SWS CM 00004].

The following errors from ara::com::ComErrorDomain are possible:

- kNetworkBindingFailure: Local failure has been detected by the network binding.
- kGrantEnforcementError: Request was refused by Grant enforcement layer.
- kPeerIsUnreachable: Transport Layer Security handshake failed.
- kSetHandlerFailure: Failed to register FindServiceHandler.

InstanceIdentifier validation errors or allocation failures of the ServiceHandleContainer shall be treated as Violations. ([SWS_CORE_00003], [SWS_CORE_00005])

```
](RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00119)
```

For the definition of the types used in the StartFindService signature, see:

- [SWS CM 00303] for FindServiceHandle,
- [SWS_CM_00383] for FindServiceHandler,
- [SWS CM 00312] for HandleType,
- [SWS CM 00302] for InstanceIdentifier.

Note: StartFindService is an asynchronous indication of availability and not to be abused for liveness monitoring.

[SWS_CM_11352]{DRAFT} Execution Context for finding service with handler registration using Instance ID [For the StartFindService method described in [SWS_CM_00123] a second overload with an additional input parameter shall be provided. This parameter shall provide an executioner object in which any asynchronous computation spawn by StartFindService shall be invoked. The minimum behavior of the Execution Context is defined in [SWS_CM_11364].



```
template<typename ExecutorT>
static ara::core::Result<ara::com::FindServiceHandle> StartFindService(
   ara::com::FindServiceHandler<<ProxyClassName>::HandleType> handler,
   ara::com::InstanceIdentifier instance, ExecutorT&& executor);
```

For the first overload without an execution context argument an implementation defined default execution context (like in previous AUTOSAR releases) shall be used. \(\left[(RS_-CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_-AP_00119) \)

[SWS_CM_11353]{DRAFT} Error behavior of provided Execution Context for finding service with handler registration using Instance ID [In case a StartFind-Service() cannot be executed with the provided executor (e.g. because of resource problem) an ComErro::kCouldNotExecute error shall be raised in all cases.](RS_CM_00211, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00214, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_00623]{DRAFT} Find service with handler registration using Instance Specifier [The StartFindService method of the ServiceProxy class with handler registration takes as input parameters a FindServiceHandler, fitting for the corresponding ServiceProxy class which gets called upon detection of a matching service, and an instance Specifier qualifying the wanted Abstract Network Binding of the instance of the service. The return value is a result struct encapsulating a FindServiceHandle for this search/find request, or an ara::core::ErrorCode from the ara::com::ComErrorDomain indicating the error if not successful. The FindServiceHandle is needed to stop the service availability monitoring and related firing of the given handler.

```
static ara::core::Result<ara::com::FindServiceHandle> StartFindService(
ara::com::FindServiceHandler<<Pre>roxyClassName>::HandleType> handler,
ara::core::InstanceSpecifier instance);
```

where <ProxyClassName> is the name of the ServiceProxy class as defined in [SWS_CM_00004].

The following errors from ara::com::ComErrorDomain are possible:

- kNetworkBindingFailure: Local failure has been detected by the network binding.
- kGrantEnforcementError: Request was refused by Grant enforcement layer.
- kPeerIsUnreachable: Transport Layer Security handshake failed.
- kSetHandlerFailure: Failed to register FindServiceHandler.

InstanceSpecifier validation errors, or allocation failures of the Service-HandleContainer should be treated as Violations. ([SWS_CORE_00003], [SWS_CORE_00005])](RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00137)



For the definition of the types used in the StartFindService signature, see:

- [SWS_CM_00303] for FindServiceHandle,
- [SWS_CM_00383] for FindServiceHandler,
- [SWS_CM_00312] for HandleType,
- [SWS_CORE_08001] for InstanceSpecifier.

Note: StartFindService is an asynchronous indication of availability and not to be abused for liveness monitoring.

[SWS_CM_11365]{DRAFT} Execution Context for finding service with handler registration using Instance Specifier [For the StartFindService method described in [SWS_CM_00623] a second overload with an additional input parameter shall be provided. This parameter shall provide an executioner object in which any asynchronous computation spawn by StartFindService shall be invoked. The minimum behavior of the Execution Context is defined in [SWS_CM_11364].

```
template<typename ExecutorT>
static ara::core::Result<ara::com::FindServiceHandle> StartFindService(
   ara::com::FindServiceHandler<<ProxyClassName>::HandleType> handler,
   ara::com::InstanceSpecifier instance, ExecutorT&& executor);
```

For the first overload without an execution context argument an implementation defined default execution context (like in previous AUTOSAR releases) shall be used. \(\left(RS_-CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00119 \)

[SWS_CM_11366]{DRAFT} Error behavior of provided Execution Context for finding service with handler registration using InstanceSpecifier [In case a StartFindService() cannot be executed with the provided executor (e.g. because of resource problem) an ComErro::kCouldNotExecute error shall be raised in all cases. [RS_CM_00211, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00214, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_00019]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - StartFindService | StartFindService is neither re-entrant nor thread-safe. When called re-entrant or concurrently, the behavior is undefined.] (RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00137)

[SWS_CM_00125]{DRAFT} Stop find service \[To\] stop receiving further notifications the ServiceProxy class shall provide a StopFindService method. The FindServiceHandle returned by the FindService method with handler registration has to be provided as input parameter.

```
void StopFindService(ara::com::FindServiceHandle handle)
|(RS CM 00102, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00120, RS AP 00121)
```



See [SWS_CM_00303] for the type definition of FindServiceHandle.

[SWS_CM_00020]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - StopFindService | StopFindService shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different ara::com:: FindServiceHandles. When called re-entrant or concurrently with the same ara:: com::FindServiceHandle, the behavior is undefined.](RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_-00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121)

8.1.3.12 Service proxy creation

For the functional description of the service proxy creation API, see chapter 7.8.9.

[SWS_CM_00131]{DRAFT} Creation of service proxy [The Communication Management shall provide a constructor for each specific ServiceProxy class taking a handle returned by any FindService method of the ServiceProxy class to get a valid ServiceProxy based on the handles returned by FindService.

```
explicit ServiceProxy::ServiceProxy(const HandleType &handle);

|(RS CM 00102, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00121, RS AP 00145)
```

[SWS_CM_10438]{DRAFT} Exception-less creation of service proxy [The Communication Management shall provide a non-throwing constructor for each specific ServiceProxy class using the Named Constructor idiom according to [SWS_CM_11326]. The Named Constructor shall be called Create() and shall take a handle returned by any FindService method of the ServiceProxy class as argument.

In case the handle returned from FindService is corrupt, an error code kErroneousFile-Handle shall be returned in the Result.

In case of a Grant enforcement failure, an error code ComErrc::kGrantEnforcementError shall be returned in the Result. See [SWS CM 90006].

```
](RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00132, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00145, RS_AP_00144)
```

[SWS_CM_10383]{DRAFT} GetHandle function to return the proxy instance creation handle [The Communication Management shall provide a GetHandle method for each specific ServiceProxy class to get the handle from which the ServiceProxy instance has been created.

```
HandleType ServiceProxy::GetHandle() const;
```

```
(RS CM 00107, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00119)
```

See [SWS CM 00312] for the type definition of HandleType.

[SWS_CM_00021]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - GetHandle [GetHandle shall be re-entrant and thread-safe irrespective of the ServiceProxy class



instance. - i.e. GetHandle shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for the same ServiceProxy class instance and for different ServiceProxy class instances. (RS_CM_-00107, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00119)

[SWS_CM_00136]{DRAFT} Copy semantics of service proxy class [The Communication Management shall disable the generation of the copy constructor and the copy assignment operator for each specific ServiceProxy class.

```
ServiceProxy(const ServiceProxy&) = delete;
ServiceProxy& operator=(const ServiceProxy&) = delete;
|(RS CM 00102, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00145, RS AP 00147)
```

[SWS_CM_00137]{DRAFT} Move semantics of service proxy class [The Communication Management shall provide the possibility to move construct and move assign a ServiceProxy instance from another instance.

```
ServiceProxy(ServiceProxy &&);
ServiceProxy& operator=(ServiceProxy &&);
|(RS_CM_00102, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00145, RS_AP_00147)
```

[SWS_CM_00821]{DRAFT} **Service location scenarios** [Service proxy creation shall react according to the location of the service provided by the handle type class information, these scenarios are:

- The found service is located on a different node on the network
- The found service is located within a different application on the same node (within the same AP infrastructure)
- The found service is located within the same process

and allow multiple scenarios at the same time.

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8.1.3.13 Service event subscription

For the functional description of the service event subscription API, see chapter 7.8.11.

[SWS_CM_00141] Method to subscribe to a service event [Inside the specific Event class belonging to the specific ServiceProxy class a Subscribe method shall be provided to start subscription of the corresponding event. As input parameter the maxSampleCount of the subscription needs to be specified.



If the Event is already subscribed to at the time of the call, and the provided maxSampleCount value is the same as for the current subscription, Subscribe () shall return without action.

If the Event is already subscribed to at the time of the call, and the provided maxSampleCount value is different from the value for the current subscription, Subscribe () shall return the error code ComErrc::kMaxSampleCountNotRealizable in the Result.|(RS_CM_00103, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120)

[SWS_CM_00022]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Subscribe [Subscribe shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Event class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Event class instance, the behavior is undefined. | (RS CM 00103, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00120)

[SWS_CM_00151] Method to unsubscribe from a service event [Inside the specific Event class belonging to the specific ServiceProxy class a Unsubscribe method shall be provided to allow for unsubscribing from previously subscribed events.

```
void Event::Unsubscribe();
```

If the Event is not subscribed to at the time of the call, Unsubscribe() shall return without action. (RS CM 00104, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00120)

[SWS_CM_00023]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Unsubscribe [Un-subscribe] shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Event class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Event class instance, the behavior is undefined. $[RS_CM_00104, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120]$

[SWS_CM_00316] Query Subscription State on Proxy side [The Communication Management shall provide an API GetSubscriptionState on the Proxy side which returns the subscription state of an event. The conditions for the Subscription state being returned by GetSubscriptionState shall be the same as for the SubscriptionStateChangeHandler described in [SWS_CM_00311], [SWS_CM_00313] and [SWS_CM_00314]. The possible values for the return type are described in [SWS_CM_00310].

1 ara::com::SubscriptionState GetSubscriptionState() const;

(RS CM 00106, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00115, RS AP 00120, RS AP 00119)

[SWS_CM_00024]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - GetSubscription—State [GetSubscriptionState shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Event class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Event class instance, the behavior is undefined.](RS_CM_00106, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00119)

[SWS_CM_00333] Set Subscription State change handler on the Proxy side [



The Communication Management shall provide an API SetSubscriptionState—ChangeHandler on the Proxy side to give the possibility to set a subscription state change handler.

In case SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler fails, ComErrc:: kSetHandlerFailure shall be returned in the Result.](RS_CM_00106, RS_-AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121)

[SWS_CM_11354]{DRAFT} Execution Context for setting Subscription State change handler on Proxy side [For the SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler method on the Proxy side described in [SWS_CM_00333] a second overload with an additional input parameter shall be provided. This parameter shall provide an executioner object in which any asynchronous computation spawn by SetSubscription—StateChangeHandler shall be invoked. The minimum behavior of the Execution Context is defined in [SWS_CM_11364].

```
template<typename ExecutorT>
ara::core::Result<void> SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler(
    ara::com::SubscriptionStateChangeHandler handler, ExecutorT&& executor);
```

For the first overload without an execution context argument an implementation defined default execution context (like in previous AUTOSAR releases) shall be used. \(\left(RS_-CM_00211, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138) \)

[SWS_CM_11355]{DRAFT} Error behaviour of provided Execution Context for setting Subscription State change handler [In case a SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler() cannot be executed with the provided executor (e.g. because of resource problem) an Comerc::kCouldNotExecute error shall be raised in all cases.](RS_CM_00211, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00214, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_00025]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - SetSubscription—StateChangeHandler [SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler shall be reentrant and thread-safe for *different* Event class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Event class instance, the behavior is undefined.](RS_-CM_00106, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121)

[SWS_CM_00334] Unset Subscription State change handler on Proxy side [The Communication Management shall provide an API UnsetSubscriptionState—ChangeHandler on the Proxy side to give the possibility to unset the subscription state change handler.

```
1 ara::core::Result<void> UnsetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler();
```



In case UnsetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler fails, ComErrc::kUnsetHandlerFailure shall be returned in the Result. | (RS_CM_00106, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120)

[SWS_CM_00026]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - UnsetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler [UnsetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Event class instances. When called reentrant or concurrently on the same Event class instance, the behavior is undefined.]

(RS CM 00106, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00120)

8.1.3.14 Receive event

For the functional description of the event receiving API, see chapter 7.8.12.

Inside the specific Event class belonging to the specific ServiceProxy class, a Get-NewSamples and a GetFreeSampleCount method shall be provided to allow for access of received events.

[SWS_CM_00701] Method to update the event cache [The Communication Management shall provide an <code>GetNewSamples</code> method as part of the <code>Event</code> class to update the event cache with the meanwhile received data samples. As input parameters the <code>GetNewSamples</code> method expects a <code>Callablef</code> and allows to specify a <code>maxNumberOfSamples</code> to restrict the number of received data samples being processed in this call.

](RS_CM_00202, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00139)

[SWS_CM_00702] Signature of Callable f | The user provided Callable f has to comply with the following signature:

```
void(ara::com::SamplePtr<SampleType const>)
```

For the definition of the types used in the signature of f, see:

• [SWS CM 00306] for SamplePtr.

```
(RS CM 00202, RS AP 00114)
```

[SWS_CM_00704]{DRAFT} Return Value [The returned ara::core::Result either contains a



• size_t indicating the total number of data samples passed to f in the context of the GetNewSamples call.

or

• a ara::core::ErrorCode (see [SWS_CORE_00501]) where the error domain is set to ara::com::ComErrorDomain with the value kMaxSamplesExceeded indicating, that applications SamplePtrs count has been exceeded. This means that all SamplePtrs are currently held by the application and no more samples can be delivered.

|(RS_CM_00202, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127)

Note: This means that maxSampleCount, which is given in the Subscribe() method is exceeded

[SWS_CM_00714] Re-entrancy and thread-safety - GetNewSamples [Get-NewSamples shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Event class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Event class instance, the behavior is undefined. (If required, the application shall implement the locks).](RS_CM_00202, RS_AP_00114)

[SWS_CM_00705] Query Free Sample Slots [The Communication Management shall provide a <code>GetFreeSampleCount</code> method as part of the <code>Event</code> class to query the number of free/unused slots for event sample data.

```
std::size_t GetFreeSampleCount() const noexcept;
```

](RS_CM_00202, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00132, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00139)

[SWS_CM_00706] Return Value of GetFreeSampleCount | The returned size_t indicates the number of free/unused slots for event sample data in the local cache.] (RS_CM_00202, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_00027]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - GetFreeSample-Count [GetFreeSampleCount shall be re-entrant and thread-safe irrespective of the Event class instance i.e. GetFreeSampleCount shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for the same Event class instance and for different Event class instances.] (RS_-CM_00202, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00139, RS_AP_00128, RS_-AP_00132, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00139)

8.1.3.14.1 Receive event by getting triggered

For the functional description of the receive event by getting triggered API, see chapter 7.8.12.2.



[SWS_CM_00181]{DRAFT} Enable service event trigger [To enable that applications get triggered upon receiving of an event inside the specific Event class belonging to the specific ServiceProxy class a SetReceiveHandler method shall be provided to allow for specifying the function to call upon event arrival. Therefore, it takes as input parameter handler a pointer to the respective function.

```
ara::core::Result<void> Event::SetReceiveHandler(
    ara::com::EventReceiveHandler handler);
```

The EventReceiveHandler constitutes a function without parameters and has to use the GetNewSamples method of the specific Event class to access the retrieved event data. See [SWS CM 00309] for its definition.

In case SetReceiveHandler() fails, ComErrc::kSetHandlerFailure shall be returned in the Result.](RS_CM_00203, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121)

[SWS_CM_11356]{DRAFT} Execution Context for enabling service event trigger [For the SetReceiveHandler method described in [SWS_CM_00181] a second overload with an additional input parameter shall be provided. This parameter shall provide an executioner object in which any asynchronous computation spawn by SetReceiveHandler shall be invoked. The minimum behavior of the Execution Context is defined in [SWS_CM_11364].

```
template<typename ExecutorT>
ara::core::Result<void> Event::SetReceiveHandler(
    ara::com::EventReceiveHandler handler, ExecutorT&& executor);
```

For the first overload without an execution context argument an implementation defined default execution context (like in previous AUTOSAR releases) shall be used. \(\left(RS_-CM_00211, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138) \)

[SWS_CM_11357]{DRAFT} Error behaviour of provided Execution Context for enabling service event trigger [In case a SetReceiveHandler() cannot be executed with the provided executor (e.g. because of resource problem) an ComErrc:: kCouldNotExecute error shall be raised in all cases. [RS_CM_00211, RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_CM_00214, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_00028]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - SetReceiveHandler | SetReceiveHandler shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Event class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Event class instance, the behavior is undefined.](RS_CM_00203, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121)



[SWS_CM_00183]{DRAFT} Disable service event trigger [To disable the triggering of the application upon receiving of an event inside the specific Event class belonging to the specific ServiceProxy class an UnsetReceiveHandler method shall be provided to allow for disabling of triggering the application.

```
ara::core::Result<void> Event::UnsetReceiveHandler();
```

In case UnsetReceiveHandler() fails, ComErrc::kUnsetHandlerFailure
shall be returned in the Result.

```
](RS_CM_00203, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120)
```

[SWS_CM_00029]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - UnsetReceiveHandler dler [UnsetReceiveHandler shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Event class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Event class instance, the behavior is undefined.](RS_CM_00203, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120)

8.1.3.15 Call a service method

For the functional description of the call a service method API, see chapter 7.8.15.

[SWS_CM_00196]{DRAFT} Initiate a method call [For each service method (i.e., ServiceInterface.method with ClientServerOperation.fireAndForget set to false) of a ServiceInterface a specific Method class named by the ServiceInterface.method.shortName shall be provided inside the specific ServiceProxy class of the ServiceInterface.

Within this Method class, a dedicated method Output type combining the possible output parameters (ClientServerOperation.arguments with ArgumentDataPrototype.direction set to out or inout) shall be provided.

Additionally the operator() shall be provided inside the specific Method class to allow the call of a method provided by a server.

As input parameters, the <code>operator()</code> shall take the respective input parameters (<code>ClientServerOperation.arguments</code> with <code>ArgumentDataPrototype.direction</code> set to in or input) of the provided method.

The operator() shall return an ara::core::Future object wrapping the dedicated method Output type. If the network binding reported a recoverable communications error in the operator() call, the error code ComErro::kNetworkBindingFailure shall be returned in the Future type.

```
class Method {
  struct Output {
    TypeOutputParameter1 output1;
    TypeOutputParameter2 output2;
    ...
};
```



```
ara::core::Future<Output> operator()(
    TypeInputParameter1 input1,
    TypeInputParameter2 input2,
    ...
);
};
```

](RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138)

The method call according to [SWS_CM_00196] will return immediately. The caller's selection of a synchronous or asynchronous behavior to get the method output is achieved by the use of the returned ara::core::Future object which is used to query for method completion and result including possible error.

[SWS_CM_00032]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Method call operator [operator() shall be re-entrant and thread-safe irrespective of the Method class instance i.e. operator() shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for the same Method class instance and for different Method class instances.] (RS_CM_00212, RS_CM_00213, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138)

[SWS_CM_90435]{DRAFT} Initiate a Fire and Forget method call [For each fire and forget service method (i.e., ServiceInterface.method with ClientServerOperation.fireAndForget set to true) of a ServiceInterface a specific FireAndForgetMethod class named by the ServiceInterface. method.shortName shall be provided inside the specific ServiceProxy class of the ServiceInterface.

Within this FireAndForgetMethod class, the operator() shall be provided to allow the call of a fire and forget method provided by a server.

As input parameters, the <code>operator()</code> shall take the respective input parameters (<code>ClientServerOperation.argumentS</code> with <code>ArgumentDataPrototype.direction</code> set to in) of the provided fire and forget method.

The operator() shall return an ara::core::Result object, wrapping type void. If the network binding reported a recoverable communications error in the operator () call, the error code ComErro::kNetworkBindingFailure shall be returned in the Result type.

```
class FireAndForgetMethod {
   ara::core::Result<void> operator()(
      TypeInputParameter1 input1,
      TypeInputParameter2 input2,
      ...
   );
};

[(RS CM 00225, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00120)]
```



8.1.3.16 Get method for fields

[SWS_CM_00112] Method to get the value of a field [The Communication Management shall provide a Get method as part of the Field class to offer a service to request the current value of the service provider. If the network binding reported a recoverable communications error in the Get () call, the error code ComErrc::kNet-workBindingFailure shall be returned in the Future type.

```
ara::core::Future<FieldType> Get();
```

](RS_CM_00218, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138)

[SWS_CM_00132]{DRAFT} Existence of getter method [The existence of the Get method as part of the Field class shall be controlled by Field.hasGetter.](RS_-CM_00218, RS_AP_00114)

[SWS_CM_00030]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Get | Get | shall be re-entrant and thread-safe irrespective of the Field class instance i.e. Get | shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for the same Field class instance and for different | Field | class | instances. | (RS_CM_00218, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138)

8.1.3.17 Set method for fields

[SWS_CM_00113] Method to set the value of a field [The Communication Management shall provide a Set method as part of the Field class to offer a service to the applications to request the setting of a new value within the service provider. If the network binding reported a recoverable communications error in the Set() call, the error code ComErro::kNetworkBindingFailure shall be returned in the Future type.

```
ara::core::Future<FieldType> Set(const FieldType& value);
```

](RS_CM_00217, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138)

[SWS_CM_00133]{DRAFT} Existence of the set method [The existence of the set method as part of the Field class shall be controlled by Field.hasSetter.](RS_-CM_00218, RS_AP_00114)

Note: There is no need to have Get method itself return [Application Errors] errors when getting a field value (as there are no errors possible when getting a field value). The Set-Method may return [Application Errors], but does so via returning a value different from the one passed in the request parameter.



[SWS_CM_00031]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Set | Set shall be re-entrant and thread-safe irrespective of the Field class instance i.e. Set shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for the same Field class instance and for different Field class instances.](RS_CM_00217, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00138)

8.1.3.18 Service Trigger subscription

For the functional description of the service trigger subscription API, see chapter 7.8.13.

[SWS_CM_00723]{DRAFT} Method to subscribe to a service trigger [Inside the specific Trigger class belonging to the specific ServiceProxy class a Subscribe method shall be provided to start subscription of the corresponding trigger.

```
ara::core::Result<void> Trigger::Subscribe();
```

If the Trigger is already subscribed to at the time of the call, and Subscribe() is invoked, it shall return without any action. [RS_CM_00103, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120]

[SWS_CM_00724]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Subscribe [Subscribe shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Trigger class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Trigger class instance, the behavior is undefined. | (RS CM 00103, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00120)

[SWS_CM_00810]{DRAFT} Method to unsubscribe from a service trigger [Inside the specific Trigger class belonging to the specific ServiceProxy class a Unsubscribe method shall be provided to allow for unsubscribing from previously subscribed triggers.

```
void Trigger::Unsubscribe();
```

If the Trigger is not subscribed to at the time of the call, Unsubscribe () shall return silently without any action. | (RS CM 00104, RS AP 00114, RS AP 00120)

[SWS_CM_00035]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Unsubscribe [Un-subscribe] shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Trigger class instances. When called re-entrant or concurrently on the same Trigger class instance, the behavior is undefined. $[RS_CM_00104, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120]$

8.1.3.19 Receive Trigger

For the functional description of the trigger receiving API, see chapter 7.8.14.

Inside the specific Trigger class belonging to the specific ServiceProxy class, a GetNewTriggers method shall be provided to allow for access of received triggers.



[SWS_CM_00226]{DRAFT} Method to update the trigger counter [The Communication Management shall provide an GetNewTriggers method as part of the Trigger class to update the trigger counter.

```
std::size_t GetNewTriggers();
```

The returned <code>size_t</code> indicates the number of triggers occurred since the last call to <code>GetNewTriggers</code> (Zero value means that there is no new triggers received).] (RS_-CM_00202, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00139, RS_-AP_00128, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00139)

[SWS_CM_11251]{DRAFT} Re-entrancy and thread-safety - GetNewTriggers [GetNewTriggers shall be re-entrant and thread-safe for different Trigger class instances. When called concurrently on the same Trigger class instance, the behavior is undefined. | (RS_CM_00202, RS_AP_00114)

8.1.3.19.1 Receive trigger by getting triggered

For the functional description of the receive trigger by getting triggered API, see [SWS_CM_00182] and chapter 7.8.14.1. Applications can get triggered upon receiving a trigger inside the specific Trigger class. The method SetReceiveHandler of the Trigger class enables this feature.

[SWS_CM_00249]{DRAFT} Service Trigger reception trigger [The Trigger class that belongs to the corresponding ServiceProxy shall define a SetReceiveHandler method. This method shall specify the function to call upon trigger reception.] (RS_CM_00203, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121)

[SWS_CM_00250]{DRAFT} Trigger SetReceiveHandler [The method SetReceiveHandler shall take as input parameter a pointer to the TriggerReceiveHandler function.

```
ara::core::Result<void> Trigger::SetReceiveHandler(
ara::com::TriggerReceiveHandler handler);
```

The TriggerReceiveHandler constitutes a function without parameters and has to use the GetNewTriggers method of the specific Trigger class to access the retrieved trigger counter. See [SWS_CM_00351] for its definition.](RS_CM_00203, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121)

[SWS_CM_00251]{DRAFT} Error in Trigger SetReceiveHandler [In case SetReceiveHandler() fails, ComErro::kSetHandlerFailure shall be returned in the Result. | (RS_CM_00203, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121)

[SWS_CM_00352]{DRAFT} Execution Context for enabling service Trigger trigger For the SetReceiveHandlermethod described in [SWS_CM_00250] a second overload with an additional input parameter shall be provided. This parameter shall provide



an executioner object in which any asynchronous computation spawn by SetReceive-Handler shall be invoked. The minimum behavior of the Execution Context is defined in [SWS_CM_11364].

```
template<typename ExecutorT>
ara::core::Result<void> Trigger::SetReceiveHandler(
ara::com::EventReceiveHandler handler, ExecutorT&& executor);
```

For the first overload without an execution context argument an implementation defined default execution context (like in previous AUTOSAR releases) shall be used. | (RS_-CM_00211, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00138, RS_AP_00128, RS_-AP_00127, RS_AP_00138)

8.1.3.20 Instance Specifier Translation

For the functional description of the Instance Specifier Translation API, see chapter 7.8.17.

[SWS_CM_00118]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::runtime::Resolve InstanceIDs [

Kind:	function	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/runtime/	#include "ara/com/runtime/runtime.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com::runti	me	
Symbol:	ResolveInstanceIDs(ara::co	ore::InstanceSpecifier modelName)	
Syntax:	<pre>ara::core::Result< ara::com::InstanceIdentifierContainer > Resolve InstanceIDs (ara::core::InstanceSpecifier modelName);</pre>		
Parameters (in):	modelName The instance specifier to be translated.		
Return value:	ara::core::Result< An Instance Identifier list if successful, otherwise an error code indicating the error IdentifierContainer >		
Exception Safety:	not exception safe		
Errors:	ara::com::ComErrc::k InstanceIDCouldNotBe Resolved ResolveInstanceIDs() failed to resolve InstanceID from Instance Specifier, i.e. is not mapped correctly.		
Description:	Method Instance Specifier Translation. The Communication Management shall provide a ResolveInstanceIDs method to translate an InstanceSpecifier to an Instance Identifiers list. The size of the list could be 1 or greater than 1 depending on the match.		

](RS_CM_00200, RS_AP_00114, RS_AP_00115, RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00119, RS_AP_00127, RS_AP_00137)

For the definition of the types used in the ResolveInstanceIDs signature, see:

- [SWS CM 00319] for InstanceIdentifierContainer,
- [SWS CORE 08001] for InstanceSpecifier.



8.1.3.21 Service State API

$\textbf{[SWS_CM_01073]} \{ \texttt{DRAFT} \} \; \lceil \;$

Kind:	function		
Symbol:	GetServiceState(void)		
Scope:	class ara::com::Proxy		
Syntax:	<pre>ara::core::Result<ara::com::servicestate> GetServiceState (void) noexcept;</ara::com::servicestate></pre>		
Return value:	ara::core::Result <ara::com::servicestate< th=""><th>> The service availability, otherwise an error code indicating the error.</th></ara::com::servicestate<>	> The service availability, otherwise an error code indicating the error.	
Exception Safety:	noexcept		
Errors:	kNetworkBindingFailure The network binding reported a recoverable communications error.		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/types.h"		
Description:	The Communication Management provides an API GetServiceState which returns the service state.		

]()

$\textbf{[SWS_CM_01074]} \{ \texttt{DRAFT} \} \; \lceil \;$

Kind:	function	function		
Symbol:	SetServiceStateChangeHandler(ara::com::ServiceStateHandler Handler)			
Scope:	class ara::com::Proxy	class ara::com::Proxy		
Syntax:	ara::core::Result <void> SetServiceStateChangeHandler (ara::com::ServiceStateHandler Handler) noexcept;</void>			
Parameters (in):	ara::com::ServiceStateHandler The callback for service state change handler.			
Return value:	ara::core::Result <void> void</void>			
Exception Safety:	noexcept	noexcept		
Errors:	kNetworkBindingFailure	Local failure has been detected by the network binding.		
	kSetHandlerFailure	Failed to register service state change handler		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/types.h"			
Description:	The Communication Management provides an API SetServiceStateChangeHandler to give the possibility to set a service state change handler. This handler shall be called by the Communication Management implementation as soon as the service availability state has changed. Handler may be overwritten during runtime.			

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$\textbf{[SWS_CM_01076]} \{ \texttt{DRAFT} \} \; \lceil \;$

Kind:	function		
Symbol:	SetServiceStateChangeHandler(ara::com::ServiceStateHandler Handler, ExecutorT&& executor)		
Scope:	class ara::com::Proxy		
Syntax:	<pre>ara::core::Result<void> SetServiceStateChangeHandler (ara::com::ServiceStateHandler handler, ExecutorT&& executor) noexcept;</void></pre>		
Parameters (in):	handler The callback for service state change handler.		
	executor	Executioner object.	





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Return value:	ara::core::Result <void></void>	void	
Exception Safety:	noexcept		
Errors:	kNetworkBindingFailure The network binding reported a recoverable communications error.		
	kSetHandlerFailure	Failed to register service state change handler	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/types.h"		
Description:	The Communication Management provides an API SetServiceStateChangeHandler to give the possibility to set a service state change handler. This handler shall be called by the Communication Management implementation as soon as the service availability state has changed. Handler may be overwritten during runtime.		
	For the SetServiceStateChangeHandler method a second overload with an additional input parameter shall be provided. This parameter shall provide an executioner object in which any asynchronous computation spawn by SetServiceStateChangeHandler shall be invoked.		

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$\textbf{[SWS_CM_01075]} \{ \texttt{DRAFT} \} \; \lceil \;$

Kind:	function		
Symbol:	UnsetServiceStateChangeHandler(void)		
Scope:	class ara::com::Proxy		
Syntax:	<pre>ara::core::Result<void> UnsetServiceStateChangeHandler (void) noexcept;</void></pre>		
Parameters (in):	void The callback for service state change handler.		
Return value:	ara::core::Result <void> void</void>		
Exception Safety:	noexcept		
Errors:	kNetworkBindingFailure The network binding reported a recoverable communications error.		
	kUnsetHandlerFailure Failure has been detected by unset operation.		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/types.h"		
Description:	The Communication Management provides an API UnsetServiceStateChangeHandler to give the possibility to unset the service availability state change handler.		

]()



9 Service Interfaces

9.1 P-Ports

[SWS_CM_11367] Definition of Port VerificationStatus provided by functional cluster CM \lceil

Name	VerificationStatus		
Kind	ProvidedPort	Interface	VerificationStatus
Description	Provide services for VerificationStatus		
Variation			

10

[SWS_CM_11369] Definition of Port VerificationStatusConfigurationByDatald provided by functional cluster CM \lceil

Name	VerificationStatusConfigurationByDataId		
Kind	ProvidedPort	Interface	VerificationStatusConfigura- tionByDataId
Description	Provide services for VerificationStatusConfigurationByDataId		
Variation			

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[SWS_CM_11368] Definition of Port VerificationStatusConfigurationByFreshnessId provided by functional cluster CM \lceil

Name	VerificationStatusConfigurationByFreshnessId		
Kind	ProvidedPort Interface VerificationStatusConfigurationByFreshnessId		
Description	Provide services for VerificationStatusConfigurationByFreshnessId		
Variation			

10

9.2 Service Interfaces

[SWS CM 11280]{DRAFT} Definition of ServiceInterface VerificationStatus

Name	VerificationStatus	
Namespace	ara::com::secoc	
Event	VerificationStatus	
Type	VerificationStatusContainer	

](RS_CM_00801, RS_CM_00802, RS_CM_00803, RS_CM_00804)



[SWS_CM_11282]{DRAFT} Definition of ServiceInterface VerificationStatusConfigurationByDatald \lceil

Name	VerificationStatusConfigurationByDataId
Namespace	ara::com::secoc

Method	VerifyStatusOverride	
Description	This service method provides the ability to force specific behavior of SecOc: accept or drop a message with or without performing the verification of authenticator or independent of the authenticator verification result, and to force a specific result for VerificationStatusResult allowing additional fault handling in the application.	
FireAndForget	false	
Parameter	dataID	,
	Description	Data ID for which the override operation shall happen
	Туре	uint16_t
	Variation	
	Direction	IN
Parameter	overrideStatus	
	Description	The override status enum that defines whether verification is executed and whether the message is passed on, and for how long the override is active
	Туре	OverrideStatus
	Variation	
	Direction	IN
Parameter	ter numberOfMessagesToOverride	
	Description	Number of sequential VerifyStatus to override when using a specific counter for authentication verification. This is only considered when OverrideStatus is equal to k SecOcOverrideDropUntilLimit, kSecOcOverrideSkipUntilLimit or kSecOcOverride PassUntilLimit.
	Туре	uint8_t
	Variation	
	Direction	IN

(RS_CM_00801, RS_CM_00802, RS_CM_00803, RS_CM_00804)

[SWS_CM_11281]{DRAFT} Definition of ServiceInterface VerificationStatusConfigurationByFreshnessId \lceil

Name	VerificationStatusConfigurationByFreshnessId			
Namespace	ara::com::secoc			

Method	VerifyStatusOverride							
Description	This service method provides the ability to force specific behavior of SecOc: accept or drop a message with or without performing the verification of authenticator or independent of the authenticator verification result, and to force a specific result for VerificationStatusResult allowing additional fault handling in the application.							
FireAndForget	false							
Parameter	freshnessID							
	Description	Freshness value ID for which the override operation shall happen						
	Туре	uint16_t						
	Variation	on						





	Direction	IN					
Parameter	overrideStatus						
	Description	The override status enum that defines whether verification is executed and whether the message is passed on, and for how long the override is active					
	Туре	OverrideStatus					
	Variation						
	Direction	IN					
Parameter	numberOfMessage	nberOfMessagesToOverride					
Description		Number of sequential VerifyStatus to override when using a specific counter for authentication verification. This is only considered when OverrideStatus is equal to k SecOcOverrideDropUntilLimit, kSecOcOverrideSkipUntilLimit or kSecOcOverride PassUntilLimit.					
	Туре	uint8_t					
	Variation						
	Direction	IN					

(RS_CM_00801, RS_CM_00802, RS_CM_00803, RS_CM_00804)

9.3 Data Types

$[SWS_CM_11285] \\ \{ DRAFT \} \ \textbf{Definition of ImplementationDataType OverrideStatus} \\$

Name	OverrideStatus					
Namespace	ara::com::secoc					
Kind	TYPE_REFEREI	NCE				
Derived from	uint8_t					
Description	Override Status	enum				
Range / Symbol	Limit Description					
kSecOcOverrideDropUntil Notice	0x00	Until further notice, authenticator verification is not performed, PDU is dropped, verification result is set to kSecOcNoVerification.				
kSecOcOverrideDropUntilLimit	0x01	Until NumberOfMessagesToOverride is reached, authenticator verification is not performed, PDU is dropped, verification result is set to kSecOcNoVerification.				
kSecOcOverrideCancel	0x02 Cancel Override of VerifyStatus.					
kSecOcOverridePassUntil Notice	0x40	Until further notice, authenticator verification is performed, PDU is forwarded to the application independent of verification result, verification result is set to kSecOcVerificationFailureOverwritten in case of failed verification.				
kSecOcOverrideSkipUntilLimit 0x41		Until NumberOfMessagesToOverride is reached, authenticator verification is not performed, PDU is sent to the application, verification result is set to kSecOcNoVerification.				
kSecOcOverridePassUntilLimit 0x42		Until NumberOfMessagesToOverride is reached, authenticator verification is performed, PDU is sent to the application independent of verification result, verification result is set to kSecOcVerificationFailure Overwritten in case of failed verification.				
kSecOcOverrideSkipUntil 0x43 Notice		Until further notice, authenticator verification is not performed, PDU is sent to the application, verification result is set to kSecOcNo Verification.				

(RS_CM_00801, RS_CM_00802, RS_CM_00803, RS_CM_00804)



[SWS_CM_11283]{DRAFT} Definition of ImplementationDataType VerificationStatusContainer \lceil

Name	VerificationStatusContainer					
Namespace	ara::com::secoc					
Kind	STRUCTURE					
Sub-elements	freshnessValueID uint16_t					
	verificationStatus VerificationStatusResult					
	secOCDatald uint16_t					
Derived from	-					
Description	Data structure to bundle the status of a verification attempt for a specific Freshness Value and Data ID					

(RS_CM_00801, RS_CM_00802, RS_CM_00803, RS_CM_00804)

[SWS_CM_11284]{DRAFT} Definition of ImplementationDataType VerificationStatusResult \lceil

Name	VerificationStatus	VerificationStatusResult					
Namespace	ara::com::secoc	ara::com::secoc					
Kind	TYPE_REFEREN	NCE					
Derived from	uint8_t						
Description	Description Data structure to bundle the status of a verification attempt for a specific Freshand Data ID						
Range / Symbol	Limit Description						
kSecOcVerificationSuccess	0x00	Verification successful					
kSecOcVerificationFailure	0x01	0x01 Verification not successful					
kSecOcFreshnessFailure	0x02	Verification not successful because of wrong freshness value.					
kSecOcAuthenticationBuild Failure	0x03	Verification not successful because of wrong build authentication codes					
kSecOcNoVerification	0x04 Verification has been skipped and the data has been provided to the application as is.						
kSecOcVerificationFailure Overwritten	0x05	Verification failed, but the PDU was passed on to the application due to the override status for this PDU.					

(RS_CM_00801, RS_CM_00802, RS_CM_00803, RS_CM_00804)



A Mentioned Class Tables

For the sake of completeness, this chapter contains a set of class tables representing meta-classes mentioned in the context of this document.

Class	AbstractlamRemoteSubject (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	SCREIAM
Note	This abstract meta-class of	lefines the	proxy inf	ormation about the remote node.
	Tags: atp.Status=candida	te		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadableDeploymentElement, UploadablePackageElement			
Subclasses	IPSeclamRemoteSubject, IplamRemoteSubject, TIslamRemoteSubject			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
_	_	-	-	-

Table A.1: AbstractlamRemoteSubject

Class	AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment					
Note	This meta-class represent an abstract way.	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a service instance in an abstract way.				
Base				Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable nent, UploadablePackageElement		
Subclasses	ProvidedApServiceInstand	ce, Requii	redApSer	viceInstance		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
e2eEvent ProtectionProps	End2EndEvent ProtectionProps	*	aggr	This aggregation allows to protect an event or a field notifier that is defined inside of the ServiceInterface that is referenced by the ServiceInstance in the role service Interface.		
e2eMethod ProtectionProps	End2EndMethod ProtectionProps	*	aggr	This aggregation allows to protect a method or a field getter or a field setter that is defined inside of the Service Interface that is referenced by the ServiceInstance in the role serviceInterface		
secureCom Config	ServiceInterface ElementSecureCom Config	*	aggr	Configuration settings to secure the communication of ServiceInterface elements.		
serviceInterface Deployment	ServiceInterface Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a ServiceInterfaceDeployment that identifies the ServiceInterface that is represented by the Service Instance.		

Table A.2: AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance

Class	Allocator						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::CppImplementationDataType						
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to specify an optional custom C++ allocator for a C++ type which may dynamically grow beyond it's initial allocated size during it's lifetime. Any storage principles are defined in the implementation of the allocator itself, which should implement the ISO C++ std::allocator_traits interface.						
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=Allocators						



Class	Allocator				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
headerFile	String	01	attr	Configuration of the Header File with the custom class declaration	
namespace (ordered)	SymbolProps	*	aggr	This aggregation allows for the definition of a namespace of an Allocator.	

Table A.3: Allocator

Class	ApApplicationError				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to formally specify the semantics of an application error on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform				
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=ApplicationErrors				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
errorCode	Integer	01	attr	This attribute has the ability to specify the error code value within the enclosing AdaptivePlatformApplication Error.	
errorDomain	ApApplicationError Domain	01	ref	This reference represents the error domain of the Ap ApplicationError.	

Table A.4: ApApplicationError

Class	ApApplicationErrorDomain				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represent	This meta-class represents the ability to define a global error domain for an ApApplicationError.			
	Tags: atp.recommendedP	ackage=A	Application	nErrorDomains	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
namespace (ordered)	SymbolProps	*	aggr	This aggregation defines the namespace of the Ap ApplicationErrorDomain	
value	PositiveUnlimitedInteger	01	attr	This attribute identifies the error category.	

Table A.5: ApApplicationErrorDomain



Class	ApApplicationErrorSet				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface	
Note	This meta-class acts as a reference target that represents an entire collection of APApplicationErrors. This takes the burden from ClientServerOperations that reference a larger number of ApApplication Errors.				
	Tags: atp.recommendedP	ackage=A	Application	nErrorSets	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
apApplication Error	ApApplicationError * ref This reference represents the collection of ApApplication Error represented by the enclosing ApApplicationErrorSet				

Table A.6: ApApplicationErrorSet

Class	ApSomeipTransformation	ApSomeipTransformationProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::SerializationProperties							
Note	SOME/IP serialization properties.							
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mi	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable, TransformationProps				
Aggregated by	TransformationPropsSet.t	ransforma	tionProps	3				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
alignment	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the padding for alignment purposes that will be added by the SOME/IP transformer after the serialized data of the variable data length data element. The alignment shall be specified in Bits.				
byteOrder	ByteOrderEnum	01	attr	Specifies the byte order of data in the serialized data stream.				
implements LegacyString Serialization	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute indicates that Strings in the SOME/IP message shall NOT be serialized according to the SOME/IP specification for Strings.				
				If this attribute is set to true, BOM and null-termination shall NOT be added in the serialization for Strings in the payload.				
				If this attribute is set to false (or not set) BOM and null-termination shall be added in the serialization for Strings in the payload according to the SOME/IP specification for Strings.				
				NOTE! This attribute is not future safe, and will be removed in an upcoming AUTOSAR release!				
				Tags: atp.Status=obsolete				
isDynamic LengthFieldSize	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to control the setting of the wire type for TLV encoding.				
				If the attribute is set to true then wire type 5-7 shall be used.				
				If the attribute does not exist or is set to false then wire type 4 shall be used.				
sizeOfArray LengthField	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Configures the SOME/IP serialization for the referenced dataPrototype in case of a variable size Array (Vector), fixed-size Array or an Associative_Map. It describes the size of the length field (in Bytes) that will be put in front of the Array or Associative_Map in the SOME/IP message.				



Class	ApSomeipTransformati	onProps		
sizeOfString LengthField	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Configures the SOME/IP serialization for the referenced dataPrototype in case of a String. It describes the size of the length field (in Bytes) that will be put in front of the String in the SOME/IP message.
sizeOfStruct LengthField	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Configures the SOME/IP serialization for the referenced dataPrototype in case of an Struct. It describes the size of the length field (in Bytes) that will be put in front of the Struct in the SOME/IP message.
sizeOfUnion LengthField	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Configures the SOME/IP serialization for the referenced dataPrototype in case of a Union. It describes the size of the length field (in Bytes) that will be put in front of the Union in the SOME/IP message.
sizeOfUnion TypeSelector Field	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Configures the SOME/IP serialization for the referenced dataPrototype in case of a Union. It describes the size of the type selector field (in Bytes) that will be put in front of the Union in the SOME/IP message.
stringEncoding	BaseTypeEncoding String	01	attr	Configures the encoding for SOME/IP serialization for the referenced dataPrototype in case of an String.

Table A.7: ApSomeipTransformationProps

Class	ApplicationArrayDataType				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::SWCom	onentTer	nplate::Datatype::Datatypes	
Note	An application data type v	vhich is ar	array, ea	ch element is of the same application data type.	
	Tags: atp.recommendedF	Package=	Application	nDataTypes	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, ApplicationCompositeDataType, ApplicationDataType, AtpBlueprint, Atp Blueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
dynamicArray SizeProfile	String	01	attr	Specifies the profile which the array will follow if it is a variable size array.	
element	ApplicationArray Element	01	aggr	This association implements the concept of an array element. That is, in some cases it is necessary to be able to identify single array elements, e.g. as input values for an interpolation routine.	

Table A.8: ApplicationArrayDataType

Class	ApplicationDataType (abstract)
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes
Note	ApplicationDataType defines a data type from the application point of view. Especially it should be used whenever something "physical" is at stake.
	An ApplicationDataType represents a set of values as seen in the application model, such as measurement units. It does not consider implementation details such as bit-size, endianess, etc.
	It should be possible to model the application level aspects of a VFB system by using ApplicationData Types only.
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable
Subclasses	ApplicationCompositeDataType, ApplicationPrimitiveDataType
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element





Class	ApplicationDataType (abstract)					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
_	-	-	-	-		

Table A.9: ApplicationDataType

Class	ApplicationError					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface				
Note	This is a user-defined error that is associated with an element of an AUTOSAR interface. It is specific for the particular functionality or service provided by the AUTOSAR software component.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ClientServerInterface.poss	sibleError				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
errorCode	Integer	01	attr	The RTE generator is forced to assign this value to the corresponding error symbol. Note that for error codes certain ranges are predefined (see RTE specification).		

Table A.10: ApplicationError

Class	ApplicationRecordDataType						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes						
Note	An application data type	which can	be decom	posed into prototypes of other application data types.			
	Tags: atp.recommended	Package= <i>F</i>	Application	nDataTypes			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, ApplicationCompositeDataType, ApplicationDataType, AtpBlueprint, Atp Blueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
element	ApplicationRecord	*	aggr	Specifies an element of a record.			
(ordered)	Element			The aggregation of ApplicationRecordElement is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of elements inside a ApplicationrecordData Type.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=element.shortName, element.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			

Table A.11: ApplicationRecordDataType

Class	ApplicationRecordElement				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes				
Note	Describes the properties of one particular element of an application record data type.				
Base	ARObject, ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ApplicationRecordDataType.element, AtpClassifier.atpFeature				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	





Class	ApplicationRecord	lElement		
isOptional	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to declare the enclosing ApplicationRecordElement as optional. This means the that, at runtime, the ApplicationRecord Element may or may not have a valid value and shall therefore be ignored. The underlying runtime software provides means to set the ApplicationRecordElement as not valid at the sending end of a communication and determine its validity at the receiving end.

Table A.12: ApplicationRecordElement

Class	ArgumentDataPrototype						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWCom	onentTer	nplate::PortInterface			
Note		An argument of an operation, much like a data element, but also carries direction information and is owned by a particular ClientServerOperation.					
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable						
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, ClientServerOperation.argument					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
direction	ArgumentDirection Enum	01	attr	This attribute specifies the direction of the argument prototype.			
serverArgument ImplPolicy	ServerArgumentImpl 01 attr This defines how the argument type of the servers RunnableEntity is implemented.						
				If the attribute is not defined this has the same semantics as if the attribute is set to the value useArgumentType for primitive arguments and structures.			

Table A.13: ArgumentDataPrototype

Enumeration	ArgumentDirectionEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes
Note	Use cases:
	Arguments in ClientServerOperation can have different directions that need to be formally indicated because they have an impact on how the function signature looks like eventually.
	Arguments in BswModuleEntry already determine a function signature, but the direction is used to specify the semantics, especially of pointer arguments.
Aggregated by	ArgumentDataPrototype.direction, SwServiceArg.direction
Literal	Description
in	The argument value is passed to the callee.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
inout	The argument value is passed to the callee but also passed back from the callee to the caller.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1
out	The argument value is passed from the callee to the caller.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2

Table A.14: ArgumentDirectionEnum



Class	AutosarDataPrototype (a	abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTer	nplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes	
Note	Base class for prototypica	I roles of a	an Autosa	rDataType.	
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, At	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Subclasses	ArgumentDataPrototype, Field, ParameterDataPrototype, PersistencyDataElement, VariableData Prototype				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
type	AutosarDataType 01 tref This represents the corresponding data type.				
				Stereotypes: isOfType	

Table A.15: AutosarDataPrototype

Class	BaseTypeDirectDefinition						
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::BaseTypes						
Note	This BaseType is defined directly (as opposite to a derived BaseType)						
Base	ARObject, BaseTypeDefinition						
Aggregated by	BaseType.baseTypeDefini	ition					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
baseType Encoding	BaseTypeEncoding String	01	attr	This specifies, how an object of the current BaseType is encoded, e.g. in an ECU within a message sequence.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=90			
baseTypeSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Describes the length of the data type specified in the container in bits.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=70			
byteOrder	ByteOrderEnum	01	attr	This attribute specifies the byte order of the base type.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=110			
memAlignment	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the alignment of the memory object in bits. E.g. "8" specifies, that the object in question is aligned to a byte while "32" specifies that it is aligned four byte. If the value is set to "0" the meaning shall be interpreted as "unspecified".			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=100			
native Declaration	NativeDeclarationString	01	attr	This attribute describes the declaration of such a base type in the native programming language, primarily in the Programming language C. This can then be used by a code generator to include the necessary declarations into a header file. For example			
				BaseType with shortName: "MyUnsignedInt" native Declaration: "unsigned short"			
				Results in			
				typedef unsigned short MyUnsignedInt;			
				If the attribute is not defined the referring Implementation DataTypes will not be generated as a typedef by RTE.			
				If a nativeDeclaration type is given it shall fulfill the characteristic given by basetypeEncoding and baseType Size.			
				This is required to ensure the consistent handling and interpretation by software components, RTE, COM and MCM systems.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=120			

Table A.16: BaseTypeDirectDefinition



Enumeration	ByteOrderEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes
Note	When more than one byte is stored in the memory the order of those bytes may differ depending on the architecture of the processing unit. If the least significant byte is stored at the lowest address, this architecture is called little endian and otherwise it is called big endian.
	ByteOrder is very important in case of communication between different PUs or ECUs.
Aggregated by	ApSomeipTransformationProps.byteOrder, BaseTypeDirectDefinition.byteOrder, DiagnosticCommon Props.defaultEndianness, ISignalToIPduMapping.packingByteOrder, MultiplexedIPdu.selectorField ByteOrder, PduToFrameMapping.packingByteOrder, SegmentPosition.segmentByteOrder, SOMEIP TransformationDescription.byteOrder, System.containerIPduHeaderByteOrder
Literal	Description
mostSignificantByte First	Most significant byte shall come at the lowest address (also known as BigEndian or as Motorola-Format)
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
mostSignificantByte	Most significant byte shall come highest address (also known as LittleEndian or as Intel-Format)
Last	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1
opaque	For opaque data endianness conversion has to be configured to Opaque. See AUTOSAR COM Specification for more details.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2

Table A.17: ByteOrderEnum

Class	ClientServerOperation						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface						
Note	An operation declared with	nin the sco	ppe of a c	lient/server interface.			
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, A	AtpFeature	e, AtpStru	ctureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,			
Aggregated by	ApplicationInterface.command, AtpClassifier.atpFeature, ClientServerInterface.operation, Diagnostic DataElementInterface.read, DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface.read, DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface.write, DiagnosticRoutineInterface.requestResult, DiagnosticRoutineInterface.start, DiagnosticRoutine Interface.stop, PhmRecoveryActionInterface.recovery, ServiceInterface.method						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
argument (ordered)	ArgumentDataPrototype	*	aggr	An argument of this ClientServerOperation Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=argument.shortName, argument.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime			
fireAndForget	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether this method is a fire&forget method (true) or not (false).			
possibleApError	ApApplicationError	*	ref	This reference identifies AdaptivePlatformApplication Errors as a possible error raised by the enclosing Client ServerOperation.			
possibleApError Set	ApApplicationErrorSet	*	ref	This reference represents the ability to refer to an entire group of ApApplicationErrors as one model element instead of having to refer to all the represented Ap ApplicationErrors separately.			

Table A.18: ClientServerOperation



Class	ComEventGrant						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement			
Note	This meta-class represent	s the abili	ty to gran	t access to a ServiceInterface.event.			
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, ComGrant, Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadableDeploymentElement, UploadablePackageElement						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
design	ComEventGrantDesign	01	ref	This reference identifies the ComEventGrantDesign that the enclosing ComEventGrant was created from.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags: atp.Status=candidate			
service Deployment	ServiceEvent Deployment	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable deployment within the context of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance for which the grant applies.			
				Tags: atp.Status=candidate			

Table A.19: ComEventGrant

Class	ComFieldGrant						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement						
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to grant access to a ServiceInterface.field.						
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackag						
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, ComGrant, Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadableDeploymentElement, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
design	ComFieldGrantDesign	01	ref	This reference identifies the ComFieldGrantDesign that the enclosing ComFieldGrant was created from.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags: atp.Status=candidate			
role	FieldAccessEnum	01	attr	This attribute provides the ability to further specify the access to the ServiceInterface.field.			
				Tags: atp.Status=candidate			
service Deployment	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable deployment within the context of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance for which the grant applies.			
				Tags: atp.Status=candidate			

Table A.20: ComFieldGrant

Class	ComGrant (abstract)
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement
Note	This meta-class serves as the abstract base class for defining specific ComGrants
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadableDeploymentElement, UploadablePackageElement





Class	ComGrant (abstract)					
Subclasses	ComEventGrant, ComFie	ldGrant, C	omMetho	dGrant, ComTriggerGrant		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
remoteSubject	AbstractlamRemote Subject	*	ref	This optional reference defines the remoteSubject that is allowed to access the defined Object via the Grant. Tags: atp.Status=candidate		
serviceInstance	AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance for which the grant applies. Tags: atp.Status=candidate		

Table A.21: ComGrant

Class	ComMethodGrant					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement		
Note	This meta-class represent	s the abili	ty to gran	t access to a ServiceInterface.method.		
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=Grants					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, ComGrant, Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadableDeploymentElement, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
design	ComMethodGrant Design	01	ref	This reference identifies the ComMethodGrantDesign that the enclosing ComMethodGrant was created from.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags: atp.Status=candidate		
service Deployment	ServiceMethod Deployment	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable deployment within the context of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance for which the grant applies.		
				Tags: atp.Status=candidate		

Table A.22: ComMethodGrant

Class	ComOfferServiceGrant	ComOfferServiceGrant				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to grant the offering of a service. Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=Grants					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadableDeploymentElement, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
design	ComOfferServiceGrant Design	01	ref	This reference identifies the ComOfferServiceGrant Design that the enclosing ComOfferServiceGrant was created from. Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags: atp.Status=candidate		





Class	ComOfferServiceGrant					
serviceInstance	AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance	01	ref	This reference identifies the AdaptivePlatformService Instances for which the grant applies.		
				Tags: atp.Status=candidate		

Table A.23: ComOfferServiceGrant

Class	ComTriggerGrant						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement			
Note	This meta-class represent	ts the abili	ty to gran	t access to a ServiceInterface.trigger			
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackag						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, ComGrant, Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadableDeploymentElement, UploadablePackageElement						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
design	ComTriggerGrant Design	01	ref	This reference identifies the ComTriggerGrantDesign that the enclosing ComTriggerGrant was created from			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags: atp.Status=candidate			
service Deployment	ServiceEvent Deployment	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable deployment within the context of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance for which the grant applies.			
				Tags: atp.Status=candidate			

Table A.24: ComTriggerGrant

Class	CppImplementationDataType (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::CppImplementationDataType					
Note	This meta-class represent C++ language binding	ts the way	to specify	a reusable data type definition taken as a the basis for a		
Base	AtpType, AutosarDataTyp	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractImplementationDataType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, CppImplementationDataTypeContextTarget, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Subclasses	CustomCppImplementation	nDataTyp	e, StdCpp	olmplementationDataType		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
arraySize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute can be used to specify the array size if the enclosing CppImplementationDataType has array semantics.		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
headerFile	String	01	attr	Configuration of the Header File with the custom class declaration.		
namespace (ordered)	SymbolProps	*	aggr	This aggregation allows for the definition an own namespace for the enclosing CppImplementationData Type.		
subElement (ordered)	CppImplementation DataTypeElement	*	aggr	This represents the collection of sub-elements of the enclosing CppImplementationDataType		





Class	CppImplementationDataType (abstract)			
template Argument (ordered)	CppTemplateArgument	*	aggr	This aggregation allows for the specification of properties of template arguments
typeEmitter	NameToken	01	attr	This attribute can be taken to control how the respective CppImplementationDataType is contributed to the language binding.
typeReference	CppImplementation DataType	01	ref	This reference shall be defined to define a type reference (a.k.a. typedef).

Table A.25: CppImplementationDataType

Class	CppImplementationDataTypeElement				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::CppImplementationDataType				
Note		CppImple		gated. Such an element can only be used within the scope pataTypeElement is used to represent an element of a	
Base				Element, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable	
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	CppImple	mentation	DataType.subElement	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
isOptional	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to declare the enclosing CppImplementationDataTypeElement as optional. This means the that, at runtime, the Cpp ImplementationDataTypeElement may or may not have a valid value and shall therefore be ignored.	
				The underlying runtime software provides means to set the CppImplementationDataTypeElement as not valid at the sending end of a communication and determine its validity at the receiving end.	
typeReference	CppImplementation DataTypeElement Qualifier	01	aggr	This aggregation defines the type of the Cpp ImplementationDataTypeElement and determines whether in C++ the CppImplementationDataTypeElement is defined inside or outside of the enclosing Cpp ImplementationDataType.	

Table A.26: CppImplementationDataTypeElement

Class	CppTemplateArgument				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::CppImplementationDataType	
Note	This meta-class has the a	This meta-class has the ability to define properties for template arguments.			
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	CppImplementationDataType.templateArgument				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
allocator	Allocator	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable allocator.	
category	CategoryString	01	attr	This attribute shall be used to contribute further clarification regarding the semantics of the enclosing Cpp TemplateArgument.	





Class	CppTemplateArgument			
inplace	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute specifies whether the shortName of the referenced templateType is used in the code generation and the type declaration is defined outside of the enclosing CppImplementationDataType (true) or whether the type definition is embedded inside of the enclosing CppImplementationDataType and the shortName is ignored (false).
templateType	CppImplementation DataType	01	ref	This reference identifies the data type of the specific template argument required for the language binding.

Table A.27: CppTemplateArgument

Class	DataPrototype (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SWComp	onentTer	nplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes	
Note	Base class for prototypical roles of any data type.				
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProps	01	aggr	This property allows to specify data definition properties which apply on data prototype level.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=swDataDefProps	

Table A.28: DataPrototype

Class	DataTypeMap				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTer	nplate::Datatype::Datatypes	
Note	This class represents the relationship between ApplicationDataType and its implementing Abstract ImplementationDataType.				
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	DataTypeMappingSet.data	DataTypeMappingSet.dataTypeMap			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
applicationData Type	ApplicationDataType	01	ref	This is the corresponding ApplicationDataType	
implementation DataType	AbstractImplementation DataType	01	ref	This is the corresponding AbstractImplementationData Type.	

Table A.29: DataTypeMap

Class	DdsEventDeployment			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment			
Note	DDS configuration settings for an Event.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceEventDeployment			
Aggregated by	DdsFieldDeployment.notif	ier, <i>Servic</i>	ceInterface	eDeployment.eventDeployment
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
eventTopic AccessRule	DdsTopicAccessRule	01	ref	DDS Security access rule applicable to the DDS Topics used for the service interface event.





Class	DdsEventDeployment			
topicName	String	01	attr	Name of the DDS Topic associated with the Event.
transport Protocol	String	*	attr	This attribute defines over which Transport Layer Protocol(s) this event is intended to be sent.

Table A.30: DdsEventDeployment

Class	DdsEventQosProps			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment			
Note	Configuration properties of the Event using DDS as the underlying network binding.			
Base	ARObject, DdsQosProps			
Aggregated by	DdsProvidedServiceInstar	nce.event(QosProps	, DdsRequiredServiceInstance.eventQosProps
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
event	ServiceEvent Deployment	01	ref	Reference to an event that is provided.

Table A.31: DdsEventQosProps

Class	DdsFieldDeployment				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment				
Note	DDS configuration settings for a Field.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceFieldDeployment				
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeployme	ent.fieldDe	eployment		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
notifier	DdsEventDeployment	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the settings of the notifier.	

Table A.32: DdsFieldDeployment

Class	DdsFieldQosProps			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment			
Note	Configuration properties of the Field interaction when using DDS as the underlying network binding.			
Base	ARObject, DdsQosProps			
Aggregated by	DdsProvidedServiceInstance.fieldNotifierQosProps, DdsRequiredServiceInstance.fieldNotifierQosProps			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
field	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	Reference to the field.

Table A.33: DdsFieldQosProps

Class	DdsProvidedServiceInstance
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a provided service instance in a concrete implementation on top of DDS.
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInstances





Class	DdsProvidedServiceInst	DdsProvidedServiceInstance					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, DdsQosProps, Dds ServiceInstanceProps, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, ProvidedApServiceInstance, Referrable, UploadableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
discoveryType	DdsServiceInstance DiscoveryTypeEnum	01	attr	Discovery protocol.			
eventQosProps	DdsEventQosProps	*	aggr	List of configuration properties for the Events that are provided by the Service Instance.			
fieldNotifierQos Props	DdsFieldQosProps	*	aggr	List of configuration properties for Field notifiers that are provided by the Service Instance.			
resource IdentifierType	DdsServiceInstance ResourceIdentifierType Enum	01	attr	Type of resource identification scheme.			
serviceInstance Id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Identification number that is used by DDS to identify DomainParticipants associated with an instance of the service.			

Table A.34: DdsProvidedServiceInstance

Class	DdsQosProps (ab	DdsQosProps (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTen	nplates::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment		
Note		QoS configuration properties for the DDS entities associated with an event, method, or field provided by or requested from a Service Instance using DDS as the underlying network binding.				
Base	ARObject	ARObject				
Subclasses	DdsEventQosProp	s, DdsFieldQosP	rops, <i>Dds</i>	ServiceInstanceProps		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
qosProfile	String	01	attr	Identifies a group of QoS Policies that apply to the DDS entities associated with the event, method, field, or the service instance.		

Table A.35: DdsQosProps

Class	DdsRequiredServiceIns	DdsRequiredServiceInstance				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment		
Note		This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a required service instance in a concrete implementation on top of DDS.				
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInstances					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, DdsQosProps, Dds ServiceInstanceProps, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, RequiredApServiceInstance, UploadableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
blocklisted Version	DdsServiceVersion	*	aggr	Collection of blocklisted versions.		
discoveryType	DdsServiceInstance 01 attr Discovery protocol. DiscoveryTypeEnum					
eventQosProps	DdsEventQosProps	*	aggr	List of configuration properties for the Events that are required by the Service Instance.		





Class	DdsRequiredServiceInstance				
fieldNotifierQos Props	DdsFieldQosProps	*	aggr	List of configuration properties for Field notifiers that are required by the Service Instance.	
requiredService InstanceId	AnyServiceInstanceId	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to describe the required service instance ID.	

Table A.36: DdsRequiredServiceInstance

Class	DdsServiceInstancePro	DdsServiceInstanceProps (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment	
Note		Common configuration properties for the DDS entities provided by or requested from a Service Instance using DDS as the underlying network binding.			
Base	ARObject, DdsQosProps	ARObject, DdsQosProps			
Subclasses	DdsProvidedServiceInsta	nce, DdsF	RequiredS	erviceInstance	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
domainId	Integer	01	attr	This attribute identifies the DDS Domain the Service Instance shall join.	

Table A.37: DdsServiceInstanceProps

Class	DdsServiceInterfaceDe	DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment						
Note	DDS configuration setting	DDS configuration settings for a ServiceInterface.					
	Tags: atp.recommended	Package=	ServiceInt	erfaceDeployments			
Base				Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, loadableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
fieldReplyTopic Name	String	01	attr	Name of the DDS Reply Topic associated with the Field.			
fieldRequest TopicName	String	01	attr	Name of the DDS Request Topic associated with the Field.			
fieldTopics AccessRule	DdsTopicAccessRule	01	ref	DDS Security access rule applicable to the DDS Topics used for service interface field access methods (Get, Set).			
methodReply TopicName	String	01	attr	Name of the DDS Reply Topic associated with the Method.			
methodRequest TopicName	String	01	attr	Name of the DDS Request Topic associated with the Method.			
methodTopics AccessRule	DdsTopicAccessRule	01	ref	DDS Security access rule applicable to the DDS Topics used for service interface methods.			
serviceInterface Id	String	01	attr	Unique Identifier that identifies the ServiceInterface in DDS. This Identifier is encoded in the USER_DATA QoS of the DomainParticipant associated with the Service Instance and its value is propagated by DDS Discovery messages.			
transport Protocol	String	*	attr	This attribute defines over which Transport Layer Protocol(s) this Method is intended to be sent.			

Table A.38: DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment



Class	E2EProfileConfiguration							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::E2E						
Note	This element holds E2E profile specific configuration settings.							
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable							
Aggregated by	E2EProfileConfigurationS	et.e2ePro	fileConfig	uration				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
clearFromValid ToInvalid	Boolean	01	attr	Clear monitoring window on transition from state Valid to state Invalid.				
dataldMode	DataldModeEnum	01	attr	This attribute describes the inclusion mode that is used to include the implicit Data ID in the one-byte CRC.				
e2eProfile Compatibility Props	E2EProfileCompatibility Props	01	ref	Reference to additional settings for the E2E state machine.				
maxDelta Counter	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum allowed difference between two counter values of two consecutively received valid messages. For example, if the receiver gets data with counter 1 and Max DeltaCounter is 3, then at the next reception the receiver can accept Counters with values 2, 3 or 4.				
maxErrorState Init	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_INIT.				
maxErrorState Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_INVALID.				
maxErrorState Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_VALID.				
minOkStateInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_INIT.				
minOkState Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_INVALID.				
minOkState Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_VALID.				
profileName	NameToken	01	attr	Definition of the E2E profile.				
windowSizeInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Init for the E2E state machine.				
windowSize Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Invalid for the E2E state machine.				
windowSize Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Valid for the E2E state machine.				

Table A.39: E2EProfileConfiguration

Class	End2EndEventProtectionProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::E2E			
Note	This element allows to protect an event or a field notifier with an E2E profile.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Μι	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	AdaptivePlatformServiceII	nstance.e	2eEventP	rotectionProps	
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				





Class	End2EndEventProtection	nProps		
datald (ordered)	PositiveInteger	*	attr	This represents a unique numerical identifier for the referenced event or field notifier that is included in the CRC calculation.
				Note: ID is used for protection against masquerading. The details concerning the maximum number of values (this information is specific for each E2E profile) applicable for this attribute are controlled by a semantic constraint that depends on the category of the EndToEnd Protection.
dataLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Length of payload including E2E header in bits.
dataUpdate Period	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute describes the period in which the applications are assumed to process E2E-protected messages. The middleware does not use this attribute at all.
e2eProfile Configuration	E2EProfileConfiguration	01	ref	Reference to E2E profile configuration settings that are valid to protect the referenced event or field notifier.
event	ServiceEvent Deployment	01	ref	Reference to an event that is protected by the E2E profile.
maxDataLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum length of payload including E2E header in bits.
minDataLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimum length of payload including E2E header in bits.

Table A.40: End2EndEventProtectionProps

Class	End2EndMethodProtect	End2EndMethodProtectionProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::E2E						
Note	This element allows to pro	tect a me	thod, a fie	eld setter or a field getter with an E2E profile.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AdaptivePlatformServiceI	nstance.e	2eMethoc	lProtectionProps				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
datald (ordered)	PositiveInteger	*	attr	This represents a numerical identifier that is included in the CRC calculation. This datald is used for call and response.				
				Note: ID is used for protection against masquerading. The details concerning the maximum number of values (this information is specific for each E2E profile) applicable for this attribute are controlled by a semantic constraint that depends on the category of the EndToEnd Protection.				
dataLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Length of payload including E2E header in bits.				
dataUpdate Period	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute describes the period in which the applications are assumed to process E2E-protected messages. The middleware does not use this attribute at all.				
e2eProfile Configuration	E2EProfileConfiguration	01	ref	Reference to E2E profile configuration settings that are valid to protect the referenced method, field getter or field setter.				
maxDataLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum length of payload including E2E header in bits.				
method	ServiceMethod Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a method, a field getter or a field setter that is protected by the E2E profile.				
minDataLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimum length of payload including E2E header in bits.				





Class	End2EndMethodPro	tectionProps		
sourceld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This represents a unique numerical identifier identifying the source of a certain transmission. In case of C/S communication, this ID uniquely identifies the client. Note: ID is used for protection against masquerading. The details concerning the maximum number of values (this information is specific for each E2E profile) applicable for this attribute are controlled by a semantic constraint that depends on the category of the EndToEnd Protection.

Table A.41: End2EndMethodProtectionProps

Class	EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Transformer						
Note	The class EndToEndTransformationIComSpecProps specifies port specific configuration properties for EndToEnd transformer attributes.						
Base	ARObject, Describable, T	ransforma	tionCom	SpecProps			
Aggregated by	ClientComSpec.transform ServerComSpec.transform			os, ReceiverComSpec.transformationComSpecProps, ops			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
clearFromValid ToInvalid	Boolean	01	attr	Clear monitoring window on transition from state Valid to state Invalid.			
disableEndTo EndCheck	Boolean	01	attr	Disables/Enables the E2E check. The E2Eheader is removed from the payload independent from the setting of this attribute.			
disableEndTo EndState Machine	Boolean	01	attr	Disables the E2EStateMachine (only E2E check functionality is performed)			
e2eProfile Compatibility Props	E2EProfileCompatibility Props	01	ref	Reference to additional settings for the E2E state machine.			
maxDelta Counter	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum allowed difference between two counter values of two consecutively received valid messages. For example, if the receiver gets data with counter 1 and Max DeltaCounter is 3, then at the next reception the receiver can accept Counters with values 2, 3 or 4.			
maxErrorState Init	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_INIT.			
				The minimum value is 0.			
maxErrorState Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_INVALID.			
				The minimum value is 0.			
maxErrorState Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_VALID.			
				The minimum value is 0.			
minOkStateInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_INIT.			
				The minimum value is 1.			



Class	EndToEndTransform	nationComSp	ecProps	
minOkState Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_INVALID.
				The minimum value is 1.
minOkState Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_VALID.
				The minimum value is 1.
windowSizeInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Init for the E2E state machine.
windowSize Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Invalid for the E2E state machine.
windowSize Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Valid for the E2E state machine.

Table A.42: EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps

Class	EndToEndTransformationDescription						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Transformer						
Note	EndToEndTransformationI value for all E2E transforn		n holds th	ese attributes which are profile specific and have the same			
Base	ARObject, Describable, T	ransforma	tionDesci	ription			
Aggregated by	TransformationTechnology	y.transforr	nationDes	scription			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
clearFromValid ToInvalid	Boolean	01	attr	Clear monitoring window on transition from state Valid to state Invalid.			
counterOffset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Offset of the counter in the Data[] array in bits.			
crcOffset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Offset of the CRC in the Data[] array in bits.			
dataldMode	DataldModeEnum	01	attr	This attribute describes the inclusion mode that is used to include the implicit two-byte Data ID in the one-byte CRC.			
dataldNibble Offset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Offset of the Data ID nibble in the Data[] array in bits.			
e2eProfile Compatibility Props	E2EProfileCompatibility Props	01	ref	Reference to additional settings for the E2E state machine.			
maxDelta Counter	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum allowed difference between two counter values of two consecutively received valid messages. For example, if the receiver gets data with counter 1 and Max DeltaCounter is 3, then at the next reception the receiver can accept Counters with values 2, 3 or 4.			
maxErrorState Init	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_INIT.			
maxErrorState Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_INVALID.			
maxErrorState Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_VALID.			
maxNoNewOr RepeatedData	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The maximum allowed amount of consecutive failed counter checks.			





Class	EndToEndTransforma	tionDescrip	tion	
minOkStateInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_INIT.
minOkState Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_INVALID.
minOkState Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_VALID.
offset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Offset of the E2E header in the Data[] array in bits.
profileBehavior	EndToEndProfile BehaviorEnum	01	attr	Behavior of the check functionality
profileName	NameToken	01	attr	Definition of the E2E profile.
syncCounterInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Number of checks required for validating the consistency of the counter that shall be received with a valid counter (i.e. counter within the allowed lock-in range) after the detection of an unexpected behavior of a received counter.
upperHeader BitsToShift	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the number of upper-header bits to be shifted.
				value = 0 or not present: shift of upper header is NOT performed.
				value > 0: the E2E Transformer on the protect-side, takes the first upperHeaderBitsToShift bits from the upper buffer (e.g. SOME/IP header part generated by SOME/IP transformer) and shifts them towards the lower bytes and bits within the Data[] for the length of the E2E header (e.g. 12 bytes in case of E2E Profile 4). This means the shift distance is fixed - it depends on the E2E header size - what is configured here is the number of bits that are to be shifted. This option is defined because the Some/IP header generated by SOME/IP transformer shall be, due to compatibility between non-protected and E2E-protected communication, at the same position, which is before E2E header.
windowSizeInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Init for the E2E state machine.
windowSize Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Invalid for the E2E state machine.
windowSize Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Valid for the E2E state machine.

Table A.43: EndToEndTransformationDescription

Class	EthernetCommunicationConnector				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology			
Note	Ethernet specific attributes to the CommunicationConnector.				
Base	ARObject, CommunicationConnector, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	Eculnstance.connector, M	lachineDe	sign.comr	municationConnector	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
apApplication Endpoint	ApApplicationEndpoint * aggr Collection of Application Addresses that are used on the CommunicationConnector.				





Class	EthernetCommunicatio	nConnect	or	
canXIProps	CanXIProps	*	ref	If the Ethernet frames handled by this Ethernet CommunicationConnector are tunneled through CAN XL, then this reference shall refer the CanXIProps which contains the specific configuration parameters of the CAN XL controller of the physical CAN XL connection to be used for tunneling.
maximum Transmission Unit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute specifies the maximum transmission unit in bytes.
neighborCache Size	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute specifies the size of neighbor cache or ARP table in units of entries.
pathMtu Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	If enabled the IPv4/IPv6 processes incoming ICMP "Packet Too Big" messages and stores a MTU value for each destination address.
pathMtuTimeout	TimeValue	01	attr	If this value is >0 the IPv4/IPv6 will reset the MTU value stored for each destination after n seconds.
unicastNetwork Endpoint	NetworkEndpoint	*	ref	Network Endpoint that defines the IPAddress of the machine.

Table A.44: EthernetCommunicationConnector

Class	Field					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface		
Note		This meta-class represents the ability to define a piece of data that can be accessed with read and/or write semantics. It is also possible to generate a notification if the value of the data changes.				
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, A Referrable, Referrable	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ApplicationInterface.attri	bute, <i>AtpCi</i>	lassifier.a	tpFeature, ServiceInterface.field		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
hasGetter	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute controls whether read access is foreseen to this field.		
hasNotifier	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute controls whether a notification semantics is foreseen to this field.		
hasSetter	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute controls whether write access is foreseen to this field.		

Table A.45: Field

Enumeration	FieldAccessEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::GrantDesign::ComGrant
Note	This meta-class provides values that qualify access to a field.
Aggregated by	ComFieldGrant.role, ComFieldGrantDesign.role
Literal	Description
getter	Access to the getter of the Field.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
getterSetter	Access to getter and setter of the field
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2
setter	Access to the setter of the Field.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1

Table A.46: FieldAccessEnum



Class	FieldSenderComSpec				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ComSpec				
Note	Port specific communication attributes for a Field that is defined in a ServiceInterface.				
Base	ARObject, PPortComSpec, SenderComSpec				
Aggregated by	AbstractProvidedPortProte	AbstractProvidedPortPrototype.providedComSpec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.providedComSpec			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
initValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Initial value for a Field that is set before the Service Interface is offered.	

Table A.47: FieldSenderComSpec

Class	IPSecConfig			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemTe	emplate::	SecureCommunication
Note	IPsec is a protocol that is designed to provide "end-to-end" cryptographically-based security for IP network connections.			
Base	ARObject			
Aggregated by	NetworkEndpoint.ipSecConfig			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note		
ipSecConfig Props	IPSecConfigProps	01	ref	Global IPsec configuration settings that are valid for all IPSecRules that are defined on the NetworkEndpoint.
ipSecRule	IPSecRule	*	aggr	IPSec rules and filters that are defined in the IPSecConfig for a specific NetworkEndpoint.

Table A.48: IPSecConfig

Class	IPSeclamRemoteSubject			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SCREIAM
Note	This meta-class defines the	ne proxy ir	nformation	about the remote node in case of IPsec.
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=lamRemoteSubjects			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractlamRemoteSubject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadableDeploymentElement, UploadablePackage Element			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
locallpSecRule	IPSecRule * ref This reference is used to describe theRemoteSubjects local IPSecRules.			
				Tags: atp.Status=candidate

Table A.49: IPSeclamRemoteSubject

Class	IPSecRule			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication			
Note	This element defines an IPsec rule that describes communication traffic that is monitored, protected and filtered.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	IPSecConfig.ipSecRule			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			





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Class	IPSecRule			
direction	Communication DirectionType	01	attr	This attribute defines the direction in which the traffic is monitored. If this attribute is not set a bidirectional traffic monitoring is assumed.
headerType	IPsecHeaderTypeEnum	01	attr	Header type specifying the IPsec security mechanism.
ipProtocol	IPsecIpProtocolEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines the relevant IP protocol used in the Security Policy Database (SPD) entry.
localCertificate	CryptoService Certificate	*	ref	This reference identifies the applicable certificate used for a local authentication.
localld	String	01	attr	This attribute defines how the local participant should be identified for authentication.
localPortRange End	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute restricts the traffic monitoring and defines an end value for the local port range.
				If this attribute is not set then this rule shall be effective for all local ports.
				Please note that port ranges are currently not supported in the AUTOSAR AP's operating system backend. If AP systems are involved, each IPsec rule may only contain a single port.
localPortRange Start	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute restricts the traffic monitoring and defines a start value for the local port range.
				If this attribute is not set then this rule shall be effective for all local ports.
				Please note that port ranges are currently not supported in the AUTOSAR AP's operating system backend. If AP systems are involved, each IPsec rule may only contain a single port.
mode	IPsecModeEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines the type of the connection.
policy	IPsecPolicyEnum	01	attr	An IPsec policy defines the rules that determine which type of IP traffic needs to be secured using IPsec and how that traffic is secured.
preSharedKey	CryptoServiceKey	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable cryptograhic key used for authentication.
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the priority of the IPSecRule (SPD entry). The processing of entries is based on priority, starting with the highest priority "0".
remote Certificate	CryptoService Certificate	*	ref	This reference identifies the applicable certificate used for a remote authentication.
remoteld	String	01	attr	This attribute defines how the remote participant should be identified for authentication.
remotelp Address	NetworkEndpoint	*	ref	Definition of the remote NetworkEndpoint. With this reference the connection between the local Network Endpoint and the remote NetworkEndpoint is described on which the traffic is monitored.
remotePort RangeEnd	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute restricts the traffic monitoring and defines an end value for the remote port range.
				If this attribute is not set then this rule shall be effective for all local ports.
				Please note that port ranges are currently not supported in the AUTOSAR AP's operating system backend. If AP systems are involved, each IPsec rule may only contain a single port.





Class	IPSecRule			
remotePort RangeStart	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute restricts the traffic monitoring and defines a start value for the remote port range.
				If this attribute is not set then this rule shall be effective for all local ports.
				Please note that port ranges are currently not supported in the AUTOSAR AP's operating system backend. If AP systems are involved, each IPsec rule may only contain a single port.

Table A.50: IPSecRule

Class	ISignallPdu						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication						
Note	Represents the IPdus handled by Com. The ISignalIPdu assembled and disassembled in AU COM consists of one or more signals. In case no multiplexing is performed this IPdu is routed Interface Layer.						
	A maximum of one dynamic length signal per IPdu is allowed.						
	Tags: atp.recommendedF	Package=F	Pdus				
Base				FibexElement, IPdu, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, adableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
iPduTiming Specification	IPduTiming	01	aggr	Timing specification for Com IPdus (Transmission Modes). This information is mandatory for the sender in a System Extract. This information may be omitted on receivers in a System Extract.			
				atpVariation: The timing of a Pdu can vary.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=iPduTimingSpecification, iPduTiming Specification.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild			
iSignalToPdu Mapping	ISignalToIPduMapping	*	aggr	Definition of SignalToIPduMappings included in the Signal IPdu.			
				atpVariation: The content of a PDU can be variable.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=iSignalToPduMapping.shortName, iSignalToPduMapping.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild			
unusedBit Pattern	Integer	01	attr	AUTOSAR COM and AUTOSAR IPDUM are filling not used areas of an IPDU with this bit-pattern. This attribute is mandatory to avoid undefined behavior. This byte-pattern will be repeated throughout the IPdu.			

Table A.51: ISignallPdu

Class	ISignalTolPduMapping
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication
Note	An ISignalToIPduMapping describes the mapping of ISignals to ISignalIPdus and defines the position of the ISignal within an ISignalIPdu.





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Class	ISignalTolPduMapping			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable
Aggregated by	ISignalIPdu.iSignalToPduMapping, NmPdu.iSignalToIPduMapping			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
iSignal	ISignal	01	ref	Reference to a ISignal that is mapped into the ISignal IPdu.
				Each ISignal contained in the ISignalGroup shall be mapped into an IPdu by an own ISignalToIPduMapping. The references to the ISignal and to the ISignalGroup in an ISignalToIPduMapping are mutually exclusive.
iSignalGroup	ISignalGroup	01	ref	Reference to an ISignalGroup that is mapped into the SignalIPdu. If an ISignalToIPduMapping for an ISignal Group is defined, only the UpdateIndicationBitPosition and the transferProperty is relevant. The startPosition and the packingByteOrder shall be ignored.
				Each ISignal contained in the ISignalGroup shall be mapped into an IPdu by an own ISignalToIPduMapping. The references to the ISignal and to the ISignalGroup in an ISignalToIPduMapping are mutually exclusive.
packingByte Order	ByteOrderEnum	01	attr	This parameter defines the order of the bytes of the signal and the packing into the SignallPdu. The byte ordering "Little Endian" (MostSignificantByteLast), "Big Endian" (MostSignificantByteFirst) and "Opaque" can be selected. For opaque data endianness conversion shall be configured to Opaque. The value of this attribute impacts the absolute position of the signal into the SignallPdu (see the startPosition attribute description).
				For an ISignalGroup the packingByteOrder is irrelevant and shall be ignored.
startPosition	UnlimitedInteger	01	attr	This parameter is necessary to describe the bitposition of a signal within an SignallPdu. It denotes the least significant bit for "Little Endian" and the most significant bit for "Big Endian" packed signals within the IPdu (see the description of the packingByteOrder attribute). In AUTOSAR the bit counting is always set to "sawtooth" and the bit order is set to "Decreasing". The bit counting in byte 0 starts with bit 0 (least significant bit). The most significant bit in byte 0 is bit 7.
				Please note that the way the bytes will be actually sent on the bus does not impact this representation: they will always be seen by the software as a byte array.
				If a mapping for the ISignalGroup is defined, this attribute is irrelevant and shall be ignored.
transferProperty	TransferPropertyEnum	01	attr	Defines how the referenced ISignal contributes to the send triggering of the ISignalIPdu.





Class	ISignalTolPduMapping			
update IndicationBit Position	UnlimitedInteger	01	attr	The UpdateIndicationBit indicates to the receivers that the signal (or the signal group) was updated by the sender. Length is always one bit. The UpdateIndicationBitPosition attribute describes the position of the update bit within the SignalIPdu. For Signals of a ISignalGroup this attribute is irrelevant and shall be ignored.
				Note that the exact bit position of the updateIndicationBit Position is linked to the value of the attribute packingByte Order because the method of finding the bit position is different for the values mostSignificantByteFirst and most SignificantByteLast. This means that if the value of packingByteOrder is changed while the value of update IndicationBitPosition remains unchanged the exact bit position of updateIndicationBitPosition within the enclosing ISignalIPdu still undergoes a change.
				This attribute denotes the least significant bit for "Little Endian" and the most significant bit for "Big Endian" packed signals within the IPdu (see the description of the packingByteOrder attribute). In AUTOSAR the bit counting is always set to "sawtooth" and the bit order is set to "Decreasing". The bit counting in byte 0 starts with bit 0 (least significant bit). The most significant bit in byte 0 is bit 7.

Table A.52: ISignalToIPduMapping

Class	ISignalTriggering				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication				
Note	A ISignalTriggering allow	s an assigr	nment of I	Signals to physical channels.	
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, N	ในltilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable	
Aggregated by	PhysicalChannel.iSignal	Triggering			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
iSignal	ISignal	01	ref	This reference shall be used if an ISignal is transported on the PhysicalChannel. This reference forms an XOR relationship with the ISignalTriggering-ISignalGroup reference.	
iSignalGroup	ISignalGroup	01	ref	This reference shall be used if an ISignalGroup is transported on the PhysicalChannel. This reference forms an XOR relationship with the ISignal Triggering-ISignal reference.	
iSignalPort	ISignalPort	*	ref	References to the ISignalPort on every ECU of the system which sends and/or receives the ISignal.	
				References for both the sender and the receiver side shall be included when the system is completely defined.	

Table A.53: ISignalTriggering

Class	lamModuleInstantiation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a definition of an IAM instantiation.				
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate				
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable				





Class	lamModuleInstantiation			
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
grant	Grant	*	ref	This reference identifies the applicable Grants for this lam ModuleInstantiation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=grant atp.Status=candidate
localCom AccessControl	Boolean	01	attr	This switch activates the policy enforcement in Communication Management on local applications.
Enabled				Tags: atp.Status=candidate
remoteAccess	Boolean	01	attr	This switch activates the check of the remote subject.
ControlEnabled				Tags: atp.Status=candidate

Table A.54: lamModuleInstantiation

Class	Identifiable (abstract)
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Identifiable
Note	Instances of this class can be referred to by their identifier (within the namespace borders). In addition to this, Identifiables are objects which contribute significantly to the overall structure of an AUTOSAR description. In particular, Identifiables might contain Identifiables.
Base	ARObject, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable
Subclasses	ARPackage, AbstractDolpLogicAddressProps, AbstractEvent, AbstractServiceInstance, Abstract SignalBasedTolSignalTriggeringMapping, AdaptiveSwcInternalBehavior, ApApplicationEndpoint, ApplicationEndpoint, ApplicationError, AppliedStandard, ArtifactChecksum, ArtifactLocator, AtpBlueprint AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AutosarOperationArgumentInstance, AutosarVariable Instance, BuildActionEntity, BuildActionEnvironment, Chapter, CheckpointTransition, ClassContent Conditional, ClientIdDefinition, ClientServerOperation, Code, CollectableElement, ComManagement Mapping, CommConnectorPort, CommunicationConnector, CommunicationController, Compiler, ConsistencyNeeds, ConsumedEventGroup, CouplingPort, CouplingPortStructuralElement, Crypto Certificate, CryptoKeySlot, CryptoProvider, CryptoServiceMapping, DataProtypeGroup, Data Transformation, DdsCpDomain, DdsCpPartition, DdsCpQosProfile, DdsCpTopic, DdsDomainRange, DependencyOnArtifact, DiagEventDebounceAlgorithm, DiagnosticAuthTransmitCertificateEvaluation, DiagnosticConnectedIndicator, DiagnosticDataElement, DiagnosticDebounceAlgorithmProps, Diagnostic FunctionInhibitSource, DiagnosticParameterElement, DiagnosticPoutineSubfunction, DiagnosticSovd MethodPrimitive, DltApplication, DltArgument, DltMessage, DolpInterface, DolpLogicAddress, Dolp RoutingActivation, EzEProfileConfiguration, End2EndEventProtectionProps, End2EndMethodProtection Props, EndToEndProtection, EthernetWakeupSleepOnDatalineConfig, EventHandler, EventMapping, ExclusiveArea, ExecutableEntity, ExecutionTime, RMAttributeDef, FMFeatureRestriction, FMFeatureSelection FieldMapping, FireAndForgetMethodMapping, FlexrayArTpNode, FlexrayTpPduPool, FrameTriggering, GeneralParameter, GlobalSupervision, GlobalTimeGateway, GlobalTimeMaster, GlobalTimeSlave, HealthChannel, HeapUsage, HwAttributeDef, HwAttributeLiteralDef, HwPin, HwPinGroup, IEEE1722Tp AcfBus, IEEE1722TpAcfBusPart, IPSecRule, IPV6ExtHeaderFilterList, ISignalTolPduMapping, ISignal Triggering, IdentCaption, ImpositionTime, InternalTriggeringP





Class	Identifiable (abstract)						
	CommunicationDeployment, SecureCommunicationFreshnessProps, SecurityEventContextProps, ServiceEventDeployment, ServiceFieldDeployment, ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig, Service MethodDeployment, ServiceNeeds, SignalServiceTranslationEventProps, SignalServiceTranslation Props, SocketAddress, SoftwarePackageStep, SomeipEventGroup, SomeipProvidedEventGroup, SomeipTpChannel, SpecElementReference, StackUsage, StateManagementActionItem, State ManagementActionList, StateManagementStateNotification, StateManagementStateRequest, Static SocketConnection, StructuredReq, SupervisionCheckpoint, SupervisionMode, SupervisionMode Condition, SwGenericAxisParamType, SwServiceArg, SwcServiceDependency, SystemMapping, Time BaseResource, TimingClock, TimingClockSyncAccuracy, TimingCondition, TimingConstraint, Timing Description, TimingExtensionResource, TimingModeInstance, TIsCryptoCipherSuite, TIsCryptoCipher SuiteProps, TlsJobMapping, Topic1, TpAddress, TraceableTable, TraceableText, TracedFailure, TransformationProps, TransformationTechnology, Trigger, UcmDescription, UcmRetryStrategy, Ucm Step, VariableAccess, VariationPointProxy, VehicleRolloutStep, ViewMap, VlanConfig, WaitPoint						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
adminData	AdminData	01	aggr	This represents the administrative data for the identifiable object. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=adminData			
annotation	Annotation	*	aggr	xml.sequenceOffset=-40 Possibility to provide additional notes while defining a			
				model element (e.g. the ECU Configuration Parameter Values). These are not intended as documentation but are mere design notes.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-25			
category	CategoryString	01	attr	The category is a keyword that specializes the semantics of the Identifiable. It affects the expected existence of attributes and the applicability of constraints.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-50			
desc	MultiLanguageOverview Paragraph	01	aggr	This represents a general but brief (one paragraph) description what the object in question is about. It is only one paragraph! Desc is intended to be collected into overview tables. This property helps a human reader to identify the object in question.			
		More elaborate documentation, (in particular how the object is built or used) should go to "introduction".					
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-60			
introduction	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This represents more information about how the object in question is built or is used. Therefore it is a DocumentationBlock.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-30			





Class	<i>Identifiable</i> (abstr	ract)		
uuid	String	01	attr	The purpose of this attribute is to provide a globally unique identifier for an instance of a meta-class. The values of this attribute should be globally unique strings prefixed by the type of identifier. For example, to include a DCE UUID as defined by The Open Group, the UUID would be preceded by "DCE:". The values of this attribute may be used to support merging of different AUTOSAR models. The form of the UUID (Universally Unique Identifier) is taken from a standard defined by the Open Group (was Open Software Foundation). This standard is widely used, including by Microsoft for COM (GUIDs) and by many companies for DCE, which is based on CORBA. The method for generating these 128-bit IDs is published in the standard and the effectiveness and uniqueness of the IDs is not in practice disputed. If the id namespace is omitted, DCE is assumed. An example is "DCE:2fac1234-31f8-11b4-a222-08002b34c003". The unid attribute has no semantic meaning for an AUTOSAR model and there is no requirement for AUTOSAR tools to manage the timestamp.
				Tags: xml.attribute=true

Table A.55: Identifiable

Class	ImplementationProps (a	ImplementationProps (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Common	Structure	::Implementation		
Note		Defines a symbol to be used as (depending on the concrete case) either a complete replacement or a prefix when generating code artifacts.				
Base	ARObject, Referrable	ARObject, Referrable				
Subclasses	BswSchedulerNamePrefi SymbolicNameProps	BswSchedulerNamePrefix, ExecutableEntityActivationReason, SectionNamePrefix, SymbolProps, SymbolicNameProps				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
symbol	Cldentifier	77-				

Table A.56: ImplementationProps

Class	InitialSdDelayConfig			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::l	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances
Note	This element is used to co	onfigure th	e offer be	havior of the server and the find behavior on the client.
Base	ARObject			
Aggregated by	SdClientConfig.initialFindBehavior, SdServerConfig.initialOfferBehavior, SomeipSdClientServiceInstance Config.initialFindBehavior, SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig.initialOfferBehavior			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
initialDelayMax Value	TimeValue	01	attr	Max Value in seconds to delay randomly the first offer (if aggregated in role initialOfferBehavior by SomeipSd ServerServiceInstanceConfig) or the transmission of a find message (if aggregated in role initialFindBehavior by SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig).





Class	InitialSdDelayConfig			
initialDelayMin Value	TimeValue	01	attr	Min Value in seconds to delay randomly the first offer (if aggregated in role initialOfferBehavior by SomeipSd ServerServiceInstanceConfig) or the transmission of a find message (if aggregated in role initialFindBehavior by SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig).
initial Repetitions BaseDelay	TimeValue	01	attr	The base delay for offer repetitions (if aggregated in role initialOfferBehavior by SomeipSdServerServiceInstance Config) or find repetitions (if aggregated in role initialFind Behavior by SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig). Successive find messages have an exponential back off delay.
initial RepetitionsMax	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Describes the maximum amount of offer repetitions (if aggregated in role initialOfferBehavior by SomeipSd ServerServiceInstanceConfig) or the maximum amount of find repetitions (if aggregated in role initialFindBehavior by SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig).

Table A.57: InitialSdDelayConfig

Class	IplamRemoteSubject				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	SCREIAM	
Note	This meta-class defines the communication.	e proxy ir	nformation	about the remote node in case of general IP	
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=lamRemoteSubjects				
Base				Subject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage, UploadableDeploymentElement, UploadablePackage	
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
authentic Connection	IplamAuthentic ConnectionProps				
Props				Tags: atp.Status=candidate	

Table A.58: IplamRemoteSubject

Class	Ipv4Configuration				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemTe	emplate::f	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology	
Note	Internet Protocol version 4	(IPv4) co	onfiguratio	n.	
Base	ARObject, NetworkEndpo	intAddres	s		
Aggregated by	NetworkEndpoint.networkEndpointAddress				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
assignment Priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Priority of assignment (1 is highest). If a new address from an assignment method with a higher priority is available, it overwrites the IP address previously assigned by an assignment method with a lower priority.	
defaultGateway	lp4AddressString	01	attr	IP address of the default gateway.	
dnsServer	lp4AddressString	*	attr	IP addresses of preconfigured DNS servers.	
Address				Tags: xml.namePlural=DNS-SERVER-ADDRESSES	





Class	Ipv4Configuration			
ipAddressKeep Behavior	IpAddressKeepEnum	01	attr	Defines the lifetime of a dynamically fetched IP address.
ipv4Address	lp4AddressString	01	attr	IPv4 Address. Notation: 255.255.255.255. The IP Address shall be declared in case the ipv4AddressSource is FIXED and thus no auto-configuration mechanism is used.
ipv4Address Source	Ipv4AddressSource Enum	01	attr	Defines how the node obtains its IP address.
networkMask	lp4AddressString	01	attr	Network mask. Notation 255.255.255
ttl	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Lifespan of data (0255). The purpose of the TimeToLive field is to avoid a situation in which an undeliverable datagram keeps circulating on a system.

Table A.59: Ipv4Configuration

Class	Ipv6Configuration	Ipv6Configuration					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::SystemT	emplate::	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology			
Note	Internet Protocol version	6 (IPv6) co	onfiguratio	on.			
Base	ARObject, NetworkEndp	ointAddres	s				
Aggregated by	NetworkEndpoint.network	kEndpoint/	Address				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
assignment Priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Priority of assignment (1 is highest). If a new address from an assignment method with a higher priority is available, it overwrites the IP address previously assigned by an assignment method with a lower priority.			
defaultRouter	lp6AddressString	01	attr	IP address of the default router.			
dnsServer	lp6AddressString	*	attr	IP addresses of pre configured DNS servers.			
Address				Tags: xml.namePlural=DNS-SERVER-ADDRESSES			
enableAnycast	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute is used to enable anycast addressing (i.e. to one of multiple receivers).			
hopCount	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The distance between two hosts. The hop count n means that n gateways separate the source host from the destination host (Range 0255)			
ipAddressKeep Behavior	IpAddressKeepEnum	01	attr	Defines the lifetime of a dynamically fetched IP address.			
ipAddressPrefix Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	IPv6 prefix length defines the part of the IPv6 address that is the network prefix.			
ipv6Address	lp6AddressString	01	attr	IPv6 Address. Notation: FFFF::FFFF. The IP Address shall be declared in case the ipv6AddressSource is FIXED and thus no auto-configuration mechanism is used.			
ipv6Address Source	Ipv6AddressSource Enum	01	attr	Defines how the node obtains its IP address.			

Table A.60: Ipv6Configuration

Class	Machine
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::MachineManifest
Note	Machine that represents an Adaptive Autosar Software Stack.
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=Machines





Class	Machine					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadableDeployment Element, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element, Atp	Classifier.	atpFeatur	е		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
default Application Timeout	EnterExitTimeout	01	aggr	This aggregation defines a default timeout in the context of a given Machine with respect to the launching and termination of applications.		
environment Variable	TagWithOptionalValue	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of environment variables that shall be added to the environment defined on the level of the enclosing Machine.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=environmentVariable		
machineDesign	MachineDesign	01	ref	Reference to the MachineDesign this Machine is implementing.		
module Instantiation	AdaptiveModule Instantiation	*	aggr	Configuration of Adaptive Autosar module instances that are running on the machine.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=moduleInstantiation.shortName		
processor	Processor	*	aggr	This represents the collection of processors owned by the enclosing machine.		
secure Communication	SecureCommunication Deployment	*	aggr	Deployment of secure communication protocol configuration settings to crypto module entities.		
Deployment				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=secureCommunication Deployment.shortName		
trustedPlatform Executable LaunchBehavior	TrustedPlatform ExecutableLaunch BehaviorEnum	01	attr	This attribute controls the behavior of how authentication affects the ability to launch for each Executable.		

Table A.61: Machine

Class	NetworkEndpoint	NetworkEndpoint				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemTe	emplate::F	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology		
Note	The network endpoint defi	nes the n	etwork ad	dressing (e.g. IP-Address or MAC multicast address).		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable		
Aggregated by	EthernetPhysicalChannel.	networkE	ndpoint			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
fullyQualified DomainName	String	01	attr	Defines the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) e.g. some.example.host.		
ipSecConfig	IPSecConfig	01	aggr	Optional IPSec configuration that provides security services for IP packets.		
network Endpoint Address	NetworkEndpoint Address	*	aggr	Definition of a Network Address. Tags: xml.name Plural=NETWORK-ENDPOINT-ADDRESSES		
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the frame priority where values from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest) are allowed.		

Table A.62: NetworkEndpoint





Class	< <atpprototype>> PduToFrameMapping</atpprototype>						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication						
Note	A PduToFrameMapping defines the composition of Pdus in each frame.						
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable			
Aggregated by	Frame.pduToFrameMapp	ing					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
packingByte Order	ByteOrderEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines the order of the bytes of the Pdu and the packing into the Frame. Please consider that [constr_3246] and [constr_3222] are restricting the usage of this attribute.			
pdu	Pdu	01	ref	Reference to a I-Pdu, N-Pdu or NmPdu that is transmitted in the Frame.			
startPosition	Integer	01	attr	This attribute describes the bitposition of a Pdu within a Frame.			
				Please note that the absolute position of the Pdu in the Frame is determined by the definition of the packingByte Order attribute. If Big Endian is specified, the start position indicates the bit position of the most significant bit in the Frame. If Little Endian is specified, the start position indicates the bit position of the least significant bit in the Frame. The bit counting in byte 0 starts with bit 0 (least significant bit). The most significant bit in byte 0 is bit 7.			
				The Pdus are byte aligned in a Frame and only the values 0, 8, 16, 24, (for little endian) and 7, 15, 23, (for big endian) are allowed.			
update IndicationBit Position	Integer	01	attr	Indication to the receivers that the corresponding Pdu was updated by the sender. This attribute describes the position of the update bit in the frame that aggregates this PDUToFrameMapping. Length is always one bit.			
				Note that the exact bit position of the updateIndicationBit Position is linked to the value of the attribute packingByte Order because the method of finding the bit position is different for the values mostSignificantByteFirst and most SignificantByteLast. This means that if the value of packingByteOrder is changed while the value of update IndicationBitPosition remains unchanged the exact bit position of updateIndicationBitPosition within the enclosing Frame still undergoes a change.			
				This attribute denotes the least significant bit for "Little Endian" and the most significant bit for "Big Endian" packed signals within the IPdu (see the description of the packingByteOrder attribute). In AUTOSAR the bit counting is always set to "sawtooth" and the bit order is set to "Decreasing". The bit counting in byte 0 starts with bit 0 (least significant bit). The most significant bit in byte 0 is bit 7.			

Table A.63: PduToFrameMapping

Class	PduTriggering					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication					
Note	The PduTriggering describes on which channel the IPdu is transmitted. The Pdu routing by the PduR is only allowed for subclasses of IPdu.					
	Depending on its relation to entities such channels and clusters it can be unambiguously deduced whether a fan-out is handled by the Pdu router or the Bus Interface.					
	If the fan-out is specified between different clusters it shall be handled by the Pdu Router. If the fan-out is specified between different channels of the same cluster it shall be handled by the Bus Interface.					





Class	PduTriggering						
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable						
Aggregated by	PhysicalChannel.pduTriggering						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
iPdu	Pdu	01	ref	Reference to the Pdu for which the PduTriggering is defined. One I-Pdu can be triggered on different channels (PduR fan-out). The Pdu routing by the PduR is only allowed for subclasses of IPdu.			
				Nevertheless is the reference to the Pdu element necessary since the PduTriggering element is also used to specify the sending and receiving connections to Ecu Ports.			
iPduPort	IPduPort	*	ref	References to the IPduPort on every ECU of the system which sends and/or receives the I-PDU.			
				References for both the sender and the receiver side shall be included when the system is completely defined.			
iSignal Triggering	ISignalTriggering	*	ref	This reference provides the relationship to the ISignal Triggerings that are implemented by the PduTriggering. The reference is optional since no ISignalTriggering can be defined for DCM and Multiplexed Pdus.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=iSignalTriggering.iSignalTriggering, iSignal Triggering.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild			
secOcCrypto Mapping	SecOcCryptoService Mapping	01	ref	This reference identifies the crypto profile applicable to the usage (send, receive) of the also referenced Secured IPdu.			
				Obviously, this reference is only applicable if the Pdutriggering also references a SecuredlPdu in the role i Pdu.			
triggerIPduSend Condition	TriggerIPduSend Condition	*	aggr	Defines the trigger for the Com_TriggerIPDUSend API call. Only if all defined TriggerIPduSendConditions evaluate to true (AND associated) the Com_Trigger IPDUSend API shall be called.			

Table A.64: PduTriggering

Class	PortInterface (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWCom	oonentTer	nplate::PortInterface			
Note	Abstract base class for an	interface	that is eit	her provided or required by a port of a software component.			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Subclasses	AbstractRawDataStreamInterface, AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface, ClientServerInterface, CryptoInterface, DataInterface, DiagnosticPortInterface, FirewallStateSwitchInterface, IdsmAbstractPort Interface, LogAndTraceInterface, ModeSwitchInterface, NetworkManagementPortInterface, Persistency Interface, PlatformHealthManagementInterface, ServiceInterface, StateManagementPortInterface, TriggerInterface						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			





Class	PortInterface (abstract)				
namespace (ordered)	SymbolProps	*	aggr	This represents the SymbolProps used for the definition of a hierarchical namespace applicable for the generation of code artifacts out of the definition of a ServiceInterface.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=namespace.shortName	

Table A.65: PortInterface

Class	Process								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ExecutionManifest								
Note	This meta-class provides information required to execute the referenced Executable.								
	Tags: atp.recommendedF	Package=F	Processes	3					
Base		ARElement, ARObject, AbstractExecutionContext, AtpClassifier, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadableDeploymentElement, Uploadable PackageElement							
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element								
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note					
design	ProcessDesign	01	ref	This reference represents the identification of the design-time representation for the Process that owns the reference.					
executable	Executable	*	ref	Reference to executable that is executed in the process.					
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef					
functionCluster Affiliation	String	01	attr	This attribute specifies which functional cluster the Process is affiliated with.					
numberOf RestartAttempts	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines how often a process shall be restarted if the start fails.					
				numberOfRestartAttempts = "0" OR Attribute not existing, start once					
				numberOfRestartAttempts = "1", start a second time					
preMapping	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute describes whether the executable is preloaded into the memory.					
processState Machine	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	01	aggr	Set of Process States that are defined for the process.					
securityEvent	SecurityEventDefinition	*	ref	The reference identifies the collection of SecurityEvents that can be reported by the Process.					
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpUriDef Tags: atp.Splitkey=securityEvent atp.Status=candidate					
stateDependent StartupConfig	StateDependentStartup Config	*	aggr	Applicable startup configurations.					

Table A.66: Process

Class	ProvidedApServiceInstance (abstract)
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a provided service instance in an abstract way.





Class	ProvidedApServiceInstance (abstract)				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadableDesignElement, Uploadable PackageElement				
Subclasses	DdsProvidedServiceInstance, ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance, ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_					

Table A.67: ProvidedApServiceInstance

Class	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment						
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a provided service instance in a concrete implementation on top of SOME/IP.						
	Tags: atp.recommended	Package=S	ServiceIns	stances			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, ProvidedApServiceInstance, Referrable, Uploadable DesignElement, UploadablePackageElement						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
capability Record (ordered)	TagWithOptionalValue	*	aggr	A sequence of records to store arbitrary name/value pairs conveying additional information about the named service.			
eventProps	SomeipEventProps	*	aggr	Configuration settings for individual events that are provided by the ServiceInstance.			
loadBalancing Priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute is used to specify the priority in the load balancing option of SOME/IP that is added to the Offer Service.			
				When a client searches for all service instances of a service, the client shall choose the service instance with highest priority if one is defined.			
loadBalancing Weight	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute is used to specify the weight in the load balancing option of SOME/IP that is added to the Offer Service.			
				When a client searches for all service instances of a service, the client shall choose the service instance with highest priority if one is defined. If several service instances exist with the highest priority the service instance shall be chosen based on the weights of the service instances.			
method ResponseProps	SomeipMethodProps	*	aggr	Configuration settings for individual methods that are provided by the ServiceInstance.			
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the VLAN frame priority for SOME/IP messages that are resulting from this ProvidedSomeip ServiceInstance (Method and Event communication). Values from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest) are allowed.			
providedEvent Group	SomeipProvidedEvent Group	*	aggr	List of EventGroups that are provided by the Service Instance.			
sdServerConfig	SomeipSdServer ServiceInstanceConfig	01	ref	Server specific configuration settings relevant for the SOME/IP service discovery.			



Class	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance				
serviceInstance Id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Identification number that is used by SOME/IP service discovery to identify the instance of the service.	
				The value 65535 for service instance id is reserved and should not be used.	

Table A.68: ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance

Class	ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a provided service instance in a concrete implementation that is not standardized by AUTOSAR.					
	Tags: atp.recommendedP	ackage=9	ServiceIns	tances		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, ProvidedApServiceInstance, Referrable, Uploadable DesignElement, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	-	-		

Table A.69: ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance

Class	Referrable (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::Identifiable			
Note	Instances of this class car	be referr	ed to by t	heir identifier (while adhering to namespace borders).			
Base	ARObject						
Subclasses	AtpDefinition, BswDistinguishedPartition, BswModuleCallPoint, BswModuleClientServerEntry, Bsw VariableAccess, CouplingPortTrafficClassAssignment, CppImplementationDataTypeContextTarget, DiagnosticEnvModeElement, EthernetPriorityRegeneration, ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder, HwDescription Entity, ImplementationProps, ModeTransition, MultilanguageReferrable, NmNetworkHandle, Pnc MappingIdent, SingleLanguageReferrable, SoConlPduldentifier, SocketConnectionBundle, Someip RequiredEventGroup, TimeSyncServerConfiguration, TpConnectionIdent						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
shortName	Identifier	1	attr	This specifies an identifying shortName for the object. It needs to be unique within its context and is intended for humans but even more for technical reference.			
				Stereotypes: atpldentityContributor Tags: xml.enforceMinMultiplicity=true xml.sequenceOffset=-100			
shortName Fragment	ShortNameFragment	*	aggr	This specifies how the Referrable.shortName is composed of several shortNameFragments.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-90			

Table A.70: Referrable

Class	RequestResponseDelay
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances
Note	Time to wait before answering the query.
Base	ARObject





Class	RequestResponseDelay			
Aggregated by	SdClientConfig.requestResponseDelay, SdServerConfig.requestResponseDelay, SomeipSdClientEvent GroupTimingConfig.requestResponseDelay, SomeipSdServerEventGroupTimingConfig.request ResponseDelay, SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig.requestResponseDelay			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
maxValue	TimeValue	01	attr	Maximum allowable response delay to entries received by multicast in seconds.
minValue	TimeValue	01	attr	Minimum allowable response delay to entries received by multicast in seconds.

Table A.71: RequestResponseDelay

Class	RequiredApServiceInstance (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment	
Note		This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a required service instance in an abstract way.			
Base		ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadableDesignElement, Uploadable PackageElement			
Subclasses	DdsRequiredServiceInsta	DdsRequiredServiceInstance, RequiredSomeipServiceInstance, RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	_	_	-	-	

Table A.72: RequiredApServiceInstance

Class	RequiredSomeipService	RequiredSomeipServiceInstance					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment					
Note	This meta-class represen instance in a concrete imp			ribe the existence and configuration of a required service of SOME/IP.			
	Tags: atp.recommendedF	Package=S	ServiceIns	stances			
Base	MultilanguageReferrable,	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, RequiredApServiceInstance, Uploadable DesignElement, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
blocklisted Version	SomeipServiceVersion	*	aggr	Collection of blocklisted versions.			
capability Record (ordered)	TagWithOptionalValue	*	aggr	A sequence of records to store arbitrary name/value pairs conveying additional information about the named service.			
methodRequest Props	SomeipMethodProps	*	aggr	Configuration settings for individual methods that are requested by the ServiceInstance.			
requiredEvent Group	SomeipRequiredEvent Group	*	aggr	List of EventGroups that are used by the RequiredService Instance.			
requiredMinor Version	AnyVersionString	01	attr	This attribute is used to configure for which minor version of the Somelp ServiceInterface the Service Discovery will search. Value can be set to a number that represents the Minor Version of the searched service or to ANY.			
requiredService InstanceId	AnyServiceInstanceId	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to describe the required service instance ID.			





Class	RequiredSomeipServiceInstance			
sdClientConfig	SomeipSdClientService InstanceConfig	01	ref	Client specific configuration settings relevant for the SOME/IP service discovery.
versionDriven FindBehavior	ServiceVersion AcceptanceKindEnum	01	attr	Defines the service discovery find behavior.

Table A.73: RequiredSomeipServiceInstance

Class	RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a required service instance in a concrete implementation that is not standardized by AUTOSAR. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInstances			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, RequiredApServiceInstance, Uploadable DesignElement, UploadablePackageElement			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	_	_	_	-

Table A.74: RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance

Class	SecOcSecureComProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::SecureCommunication					
Note	Configuration of AUTOSA	R SecOC.					
	Tags: atp.recommendedF	Package=S	SecureCo	mProps			
Base				Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable padableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
authentication	CryptoServicePrimitive	01	ref	This reference defines the authentication algorithm used for MAC generation and verification.			
authentication VerifyAttempts	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the additional number of authentication attempts that are to be carried out when the generation of the authentication information failed for a given message. If zero is set than only one authentication attempt is done.			
authInfoTx Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the length in bits of the authentication code to be included in the payload of the authenticated Message.			
freshnessValue Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the complete length in bits of the Freshness Value.			
freshnessValue TxLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the length in bits of the Freshness Value to be included in the payload of the secured message.			
jobRequirement	SecOcJobRequirement	*	aggr	Collection of cryptographic job requirements.			

Table A.75: SecOcSecureComProps



Class	SecureComProps (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::SecureCommunication	
Note	This meta-class defines a	communi	cation sec	curity protocol and its configuration settings.	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement				
Subclasses	DdsSecureComProps, Se	cOcSecur	reComPro	ps, TlsSecureComProps	
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	_	_	_	-	

Table A.76: SecureComProps

Class	SecureCommunicationAuthenticationProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication				
Note	Authentication properties	Authentication properties used to configure SecuredIPdus.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	SecureCommunicationPro	psSet.au	thenticatio	nProps		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
authInfoTx Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the length in bits of the authentication code to be included in the payload of the authenticated Pdu.		

Table A.77: SecureCommunicationAuthenticationProps

Class	SecureCommunicationFreshnessProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication					
Note	Freshness properties use	d to config	jure Secu	redIPdus.		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable		
Aggregated by	SecureCommunicationPro	opsSet.fre	shnessPr	ops		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
freshness CounterSync Attempts	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the number of Freshness Counter re-synchronization attempts when a verification failed for a Secured I-PDU. If the value is zero, there will be no additional verification attempt to synchronize with a potentially better fitting Freshness Counter value. This attribute is only applicable if useFreshnessTimestamp is FALSE.		
freshness TimestampTime PeriodFactor	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines a factor that specifies the time period for the Freshness Timestamp. It holds a multiplication factor that specifies the concrete meaning of a Freshness Timestamp increment by one on basis of microseconds.		
freshnessValue Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the complete length in bits of the Freshness Value. As long as the key doesn't change the counter shall not overflow. The length of the counter shall be determined based on the expected life time of the corresponding key and frequency of usage of the counter.		
freshnessValue TxLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the length in bits of the Freshness Value to be included in the payload of the Secured I-PDU. This length is specific to the least significant bits of the complete Freshness Counter. If the attribute is 0 no Freshness Value is included in the Secured I-PDU.		





Class	SecureCommunicationFreshnessProps				
useFreshness Timestamp	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute specifies whether the Freshness Value is generated through individual Freshness Counters or by a Timestamps. The value is set to TRUE when Timestamps are used.	

Table A.78: SecureCommunicationFreshnessProps

Class	SecureCommunicationProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication						
Note	This meta-class contains configuration settings that are specific for an individual SecuredIPdu.						
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	SecuredIPdu.secureCon	nmunication	nProps				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
authData Freshness Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the length in bits of the authentic PDU data that is passed to the SWC that verifies and generates the Freshness.			
authData FreshnessStart Position	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This value determines the start position in bits of the Authentic PDU that shall be passed on to the SWC that verifies and generates the Freshness. The bit counting is done according to TPS_SYST_01068.			
authentication BuildAttempts	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute specifies the number of authentication build attempts.			
authentication Retries	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the additional number of authentication attempts that are to be carried out when the generation of the authentication information failed for a given SecuredIPdu. If zero is set than only one authentication attempt is done.			
datald	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines a numerical identifier for the Secured I-PDU.			
freshnessValue Id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the ld of the Freshness Value. The Freshness Value might be a normal counter or a time value.			
messageLink Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	SecOC links an AuthenticlPdu and CryptographiclPdu together by repeating a specific part (Message Linker) of the AuthenticlPdu in the CryptographiclPdu. This attribute defines the length in bits of the messageLinker.			
messageLink Position	PositiveInteger	01	attr	SecOC links an AuthenticIPdu and CryptographicIPdu together by repeating a specific part (Message Linker) of the AuthenticIPdu in the CryptographicIPdu. This attribute defines the startPosition in bits of the messageLinker.			
secondary FreshnessValue Id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the ld of the Secondary Freshness Value. The Secondary Freshness Value might be a normal counter or a time value. Please note that this attribute is for documentation only to allow the configuration of required freshness value manager and no upstream mapping is defined for it.			
securedArea Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the length in bytes of the area within the payload Pdu which will be secured.			
securedArea Offset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the start position (offset in byte) of the area within the payload Pdu which will be secured.			

Table A.79: SecureCommunicationProps



Class	SecuredIPdu							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication							
Note	If useAsCryptographicPdu is not set or set to false this IPdu contains the payload of an Authentic IPdu supplemented by additional Authentication Information (Freshness Counter and an Authenticator).							
	transported in a separate	If useAsCryptographicPdu is set to true this IPdu contains the Authenticator for a payload that is transported in a separate message. The separate Authentic IPdu is described by the Pdu that is referenced with the payload reference from this SecuredIPdu.						
	Tags: atp.recommendedF	Package=F	Pdus					
Base	1			FibexElement, IPdu, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, adableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
authentication Props	SecureCommunication AuthenticationProps	01	ref	Reference to authentication properties that are valid for this SecuredIPdu.				
dynamic RuntimeLength Handling	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether the length information for handling this SecuredIPdu with SecuredIPdu.useSecuredPdu Header=noHeader is taken from the configuration or from the actually provided length information during runtime.				
				true: SecuredIPdu length information is taken from the actually provided length information during runtime.				
				false: SecuredIPdu length information is taken from the configuration.				
freshnessProps	SecureCommunication FreshnessProps	01	ref	Reference to freshness properties that are valid for this SecuredIPdu.				
payload	PduTriggering	01	ref	Reference to a Pdu that will be protected against unauthorized manipulation and replay attacks.				
secure Communication Props	SecureCommunication Props	01	aggr	Specific configuration properties for this SecuredIPdu.				
useAs Cryptographic IPdu	Boolean	01	attr	If this attribute is set to true the SecuredIPdu contains the Authentication Information for an AuthenticIPdu that is transmitted in a separate message. The AuthenticIPdu contains the original payload, i.e. the secured data.				
				If this attribute is set to false this SecuredIPdu contains the payload of an Authentic IPdu supplemented by additional Authentication Information.				
useSecuredPdu Header	SecuredPduHeader Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines the size of the header which is inserted into the SecuredIPdu. If this attribute is set to anything but noHeader, the SecuredIPdu contains the Secured I-PDU Header to indicate the length of the AuthenticIPdu. The AuthenticIPdu contains the original payload, i.e. the secured data.				

Table A.80: SecuredIPdu

Enumeration	SerializationTechnologyEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment			
Note	This enumeration allows to choose a Serialization Technology.			
Aggregated by	SomeipEventDeployment.serializer			
Literal	Description			
signalBased	Signal-Based serializer.			
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			
someip	SOME/IP Serializer			
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			

Table A.81: SerializationTechnologyEnum



Class	ServiceEventDeployment (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment	
Note	This abstract meta-class transport layer.	represents	the abilit	y to specify a deployment of an Event to a middleware	
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable	
Subclasses	DdsEventDeployment, Sc	meipEven	tDeploym	ent, UserDefinedEventDeployment	
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeploym	ent.event[Deployme	nt	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
event	VariableDataPrototype	01	ref	Reference to an Event that is deployed to a middleware transport layer.	
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef	
trigger	Trigger	01	ref	Reference to a Trigger that is deployed to a middleware transport layer.	
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef	

Table A.82: ServiceEventDeployment

Class	ServiceFieldDeployment (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTem	plates::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment	
Note	This abstract meta-class represents the ability to specify a deployment of a Field to a middleware transport layer.				
Base	ARObject, Identifial	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Subclasses	DdsFieldDeploymer	nt, SomeipField[Deployme	nt, UserDefinedFieldDeployment	
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDe	ployment.fieldDe	eploymen	t	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
field	Field	01	ref	Reference to a Field that is deployed to a middleware transport layer.	
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef	

Table A.83: ServiceFieldDeployment

Class	ServiceInstanceToMach	ineMappi	i ng (abstra	act)		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceMapping		
Note	This meta-class represen CommunicationConnecto			one or several AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances to a		
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement				
Subclasses	DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping, SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping, UserDefined ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
communication Connector	Communication Connector	01	ref	Reference to the Machine to which the ServiceInstance is mapped.		
secOcCom PropsFor Multicast	SecOcSecureCom Props	*	ref	Reference to communication security configuration settings that are valid for the udp multicast endpoint (Port + Multicast IP Address) defined by the ServiceInstanceTo MachineMapping.		





Class	ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping (abstract)				
secureCom PropsForTcp	SecureComProps	01	ref	Reference to communication security configuration settings that are valid for the tcp unicast endpoint (Tcp Port + Unicast IP Address) defined by the Service InstanceToMachineMapping.	
secureCom PropsForUdp	SecureComProps	01	ref	Reference to communication security configuration settings that are valid for the udp unicast endpoint (Udp Port + Unicast IP Address) defined by the Service InstanceToMachineMapping.	
serviceInstance	AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance	*	ref	Reference to a ServiceInstance that is mapped to the Machine.	

Table A.84: ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping

Class	ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceMapping						
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to assign a transport layer dependent ServiceInstance to a Port Prototype.						
	With this mapping it is point terms of service config		efine how	specific PortPrototypes are represented in the middleware			
	Tags: atp.recommended	Package=S	ServiceIns	stanceToPortPrototypeMappings			
Base				Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable nent, UploadablePackageElement			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
portPrototype	PortPrototype	01	iref	Reference to a specific PortPrototype that represents the ServiceInstance.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef InstanceRef implemented by: PortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef			
process	Process	01	ref	Reference to the Process in which the enclosing Service InstanceToPortPrototypeMapping is executed.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=process			
processDesign	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the ProcessDesign in which the Executable that contains the SoftwareComponent and the referenced PortPrototype is executed.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef			
serviceInstance	AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance	01	ref	Reference to a ServiceInstance that is represented in the Software Component by the mapped group of Port Prototypes.			

Table A.85: ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping

Class	ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SignalBasedCommunication
Note	This meta-class is defined for a specific ServiceInstance and contains the mappings of elements of a ServiceInterface for which the ServiceInstance is defined to individual ISignalTriggerings.
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping





Class	ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
eventElement Mapping	SignalBasedEvent ElementTolSignal	*	aggr	Mapping of an event or an element inside of the event to an ISignalTriggering.			
	TriggeringMapping			Tags: atp.Status=candidate			
fieldMapping	SignalBasedFieldTol	*	aggr	Mapping of a field to ISignalTriggerings.			
	SignalTriggering Mapping			Tags: atp.Status=candidate			
fireAndForget MethodMapping	SignalBasedFireAnd ForgetMethodTolSignal	*	aggr	Mapping of an ISignalTriggering being part of a fire and forget message to a ClientServerOperation.			
	TriggeringMapping			Tags: atp.Status=candidate			
serviceInstance	AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance	01	ref	Reference to a ServiceInstance from which the corresponding ServiceInterface elements will be transported in the signal-based way over a communication medium.			
				Tags: atp.Status=candidate			
triggerMapping	SignalBasedTriggerTol	*	aggr	Mapping of a trigger to an ISignalTriggering.			
	SignalTriggering Mapping			Tags: atp.Status=candidate			

Table A.86: ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping

	ServiceInterface						
M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface							
This represents the ability to define a PortInterface that consists of a heterogeneous collection of methods, events and fields.							
Tags: atp.recommendedF	Package=S	ServiceInt	erfaces				
			eprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, geableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
ARPackage.element							
Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	This represents the collection of events defined in the context of a ServiceInterface.				
			Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=event.shortName, event.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=30				
Field	*	aggr	This represents the collection of fields defined in the context of a ServiceInterface.				
			Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=field.shortName, field.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=40				
PositiveInteger	01	attr	Major version of the service contract. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=10				
	This represents the ability methods, events and field Tags: atp.recommendedF ARElement, ARObject, A Identifiable, Multilanguage ARPackage.element Type VariableDataPrototype Field	This represents the ability to define methods, events and fields. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=S ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprin Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable ARPackage.element Type Mult. VariableDataPrototype *	This represents the ability to define a PortInte methods, events and fields. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInt ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlue Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Package ARPackage.element Type Mult. Kind VariableDataPrototype * aggr				





Class	ServiceInterface			
method	ClientServerOperation	*	aggr	This represents the collection of methods defined in the context of a ServiceInterface.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=method.shortName, method.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=50
minorVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minor version of the service contract.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20
trigger	Trigger	*	aggr	This represents the collection of triggers defined in the context of a ServiceInterface.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=trigger.shortName, trigger.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=60

Table A.87: ServiceInterface

Class	ServiceInterfaceDeployment (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment						
Note	Middleware transport layers ServiceInterface element		configura	tion settings for the ServiceInterface and all contained			
Base				Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable nent, UploadablePackageElement			
Subclasses	DdsServiceInterfaceDepl Deployment	loyment, So	omeipSer	viceInterfaceDeployment, UserDefinedServiceInterface			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
event Deployment	ServiceEvent Deployment	*	aggr	Middleware transport layer specific configuration settings for an Event that is defined in the ServiceInterface.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=eventDeployment.shortName, event Deployment.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime			
fieldDeployment	ServiceField Deployment	*	aggr	Middleware transport layer specific configuration settings for a Field that is defined in the ServiceInterface.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=fieldDeployment.shortName, field Deployment.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime			
method Deployment	ServiceMethod Deployment	*	aggr	Middleware transport layer specific configuration settings for a method that is defined in the ServiceInterface.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=methodDeployment.shortName, method Deployment.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime			





Class	ServiceInterfaceDeployment (abstract)			
serviceInterface	ServiceInterface	01	ref	Reference to a ServiceInterface that is deployed to a middleware transport layer.
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef

Table A.88: ServiceInterfaceDeployment

Class	ServiceInterfaceEleme	ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::SecureCommunication						
Note	This element allows to s	ecure the c	ommunica	ation of the referenced ServiceInterface element.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, I	Multilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable			
Aggregated by	AdaptivePlatformService	elnstance.s	ecureCon	nConfig			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
datald	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines a unique numerical identifier for the referenced ServiceInterface element.			
event	ServiceEvent Deployment	01	ref	Reference to an event that is protected by a security protocol.			
fieldNotifier	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a field notifier that is protected by a security protocol.			
freshnessValue Id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the Id of the Freshness Value.			
getterCall	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a field getter call message that is protected by a security protocol.			
getterReturn	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a field getter return message that is protected by a security protocol.			
methodCall	ServiceMethod Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a method call message that is protected by a security protocol.			
methodReturn	ServiceMethod Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a method return message that is protected by a security protocol.			
securedRx Verification	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether the ServiceInterface element shall verify its security credentials during reception.			
setterCall	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a field setter call message that is protected by a security protocol.			
setterReturn	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a field setter return message that is protected by a security protocol.			

Table A.89: ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig

Class	ServiceMethodDeployment (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment
Note	This abstract meta-class represents the ability to specify a deployment of a Method to a middleware transport layer.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Subclasses	SomeipMethodDeploymer	nt, UserDe	efinedMetl	nodDeployment
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeployment.methodDeployment			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note





Class	ServiceMethodDeployment (abstract)			
method	ClientServerOperation	01	ref	Reference to a method that is deployed to a middleware transport layer.
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef

Table A.90: ServiceMethodDeployment

Enumeration	ServiceVersionAcceptanceKindEnum				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances				
Note	Defined the possible acceptance kinds for required service instances.				
Aggregated by	ConsumedServiceInstance.versionDrivenFindBehavior, RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.version DrivenFindBehavior				
Literal	Description				
exactOrAnyMinor Version	Search for ANY or specific minor version service instance and select either ALL returned service instances (in case of ANY) or exactly the specific minor version service instances defined in required MinorVersion.				
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0				
minimumMinor Version	Search for ANY minor version service instance and select only those service instances which have an equal or greater minor version than given in requiredMinorVersion.				
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1				

Table A.91: ServiceVersionAcceptanceKindEnum

Class	SomeipCollectionProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment	
Note		Collection of attributes that are configurable for an event that is provided by a ServiceInstance or for a method that is provided or requested by a ServiceInstance.			
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	SomeipEventProps.collec	tionProps	, SomeipN	MethodProps.collectionProps	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
udpCollection BufferTimeout	TimeValue	01	attr	Maximum time, an outgoing message (event, method call or method response) may be delayed, due to data collection.	
udpCollection Trigger	UdpCollectionTrigger Enum	01	attr	Defines whether the ServiceInterface element (event or method) contributes to the triggering of the udp data transmission if data collection is enabled.	

Table A.92: SomeipCollectionProps

Class	SomeipDataPrototypeTra	SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::SerializationProperties					
Note		This meta-class represents the ability to define data transformation props specifically for a SOME/IP serialization for a given DataPrototype.					
	Tags: atp.recommendedP	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationPropss					
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			



Class	SomeipDataPrototypeTra	ansforma	tionProp	s
dataPrototype	DataPrototypeInService InterfaceRef	*	aggr	Collection of DataPrototypes for which the settings in SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps are valid. For reuse reasons the SomeipDataPrototypeTransformation Props is able to aggregate several DataPrototypes.
network Representation	SwDataDefProps	01	aggr	Optional specification of the actual network representation for the referenced primitive DataPrototype. If a network representation is provided then the baseType available in the SwDataDefProps shall be used as input for the serialization/deserialization. If the network Representation is not provided then the baseType of the AbstractImplementationDataType shall be used for the serialization/deserialization. Stereotypes: atpSplitable
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=networkRepresentation
someip Transformation Props	ApSomeip TransformationProps	01	ref	This reference represents the ability to define data transformation props specifically for a SOME/IP serialization.

Table A.93: SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps

Class	SomeipEventDeployment						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment						
Note	SOME/IP configuration settings for an Event.						
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mi	ultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable, ServiceEventDeployment			
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeployme	ent.event[Deployme	nt, SomeipFieldDeployment.notifier			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
burstSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the number of segments that shall be transmitted in a burst ignoring separationTime. SeparationTime will then only be applied between bursts. If not configured, SeparationTime will be applied between all frames.			
eventId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Unique Identifier within a ServiceInterface that identifies the Event in SOME/IP. This Identifier is sent as part of the Message ID in SOME/IP messages.			
eventReception DefaultValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Value used to fill the Event data on the receiver side, if less then expected data is received. The value is expected to cover the entire expected event network payload.			
				The value specification is supposed to take the order of serialized representation of the data on the network, as opposed to the order of elements in a data type description.			
maximum SegmentLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the length in bytes of the SOME/IP segment. This includes 8 bytes for the Request ID, Protocol Version, Interface Version, Message Type and Return Code and 4 additional SOME/IP TP bytes.			
				If this attribute is set to a value and the data length is larger than maximumSegmentLength then the corresponding SOME/IP message will be segmented into smaller parts that are transmitted over the network.			
separationTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Sets the duration of the minimum time in seconds SOME/IP shall wait between the transmissions of segments.			
serializer	SerializationTechnology Enum	01	attr	Defines which serialization technology shall be used.			
transport Protocol	TransportLayerProtocol Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines over which Transport Layer Protocol this event is intended to be sent.			

Table A.94: SomeipEventDeployment



Class	SomeipEventGroup	SomeipEventGroup			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment	
Note	Grouping of events and no	otification	events ins	side a ServiceInterface in order to allow subscriptions.	
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mi	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.eventGroup				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
event	SomeipEvent Deployment	*	ref	Reference to an event that is part of the EventGroup.	
eventGroupId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Unique Identifier that identifies the EventGroup in SOME/IP. This Identifier is sent as Eventgroup ID in SOME/IP Service Discovery messages.	

Table A.95: SomeipEventGroup

Class	SomeipEventProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment	
Note	This meta-class allows to	set config	uration op	otions for an event in the provided service instance.	
Base	ARObject	ARObject			
Aggregated by	ProvidedSomeipServiceIn	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.eventProps			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
collectionProps	SomeipCollectionProps	01	aggr	Collection of timing attributes configurable for an event that is provided by a Service Instance.	
event	SomeipEvent Deployment	01	ref	Reference to the event for which the SomeipEventProps are applicable.	

Table A.96: SomeipEventProps

Class	SomeipFieldDeployment				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment	
Note	SOME/IP configuration se	ttings for	a Field.		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable, ServiceFieldDeployment	
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeployme	ent.fieldDe	eployment	i e	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
get	SomeipMethod Deployment	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the setting of the get method.	
notifier	SomeipEvent Deployment	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the settings of the notifier.	
set	SomeipMethod Deployment	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the settings of the set method	

Table A.97: SomeipFieldDeployment

Class	SomeipMethodDeployment					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment				
Note	SOME/IP configuration settings for a Method.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceMethodDeployment					
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeployment.methodDeployment, SomeipFieldDeployment.get, SomeipFieldDeployment.set					
Attribute	Туре					





Class	SomeipMethodDeploym	ent		
burstSize Request	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the number of segments for the Method Call that shall be transmitted in a burst ignoring separation Time. SeparationTime will then only be applied between bursts. If not configured, SeparationTime will be applied between all frames.
burstSize Response	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the number of segments for the Method Response that shall be transmitted in a burst ignoring separationTime. SeparationTime will then only be applied between bursts. If not configured, SeparationTime will be applied between all frames.
maximum SegmentLength Request	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the length in bytes of one SOME/IP segment into which the Method Call Message will be divided. This length field includes 8 bytes for the Request ID, Protocol Version, Interface Version, Message Type and Return Code and 4 additional SOME/IP TP bytes.
				If this attribute is set to a value and the data length is larger than maximumSegmentLengthRequest then the corresponding SOME/IP message will be segmented into smaller parts that are transmitted over the network.
maximum SegmentLength Response	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the length in bytes of one SOME/IP segment into which the Method Return Message will be divided. This length field includes 8 bytes for the Request ID, Protocol Version, Interface Version, Message Type and Return Code and 4 additional SOME/IP TP bytes.
				If this attribute is set to a value and the data length is larger than maximumSegmentLengthResponse then the corresponding SOME/IP message will be segmented into smaller parts that are transmitted over the network.
methodId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Unique Identifier within a ServiceInterface that identifies the Method in SOME/IP. This Identifier is sent as part of the Message ID in SOME/IP messages.
separationTime Request	TimeValue	01	attr	Sets the duration of the minimum time in seconds SOME/ IP shall wait between the transmissions of segments into which the Method Call Message will be divided.
separationTime Response	TimeValue	01	attr	Sets the duration of the minimum time in seconds SOME/ IP shall wait between the transmissions of segments into which the Method Return Message will be divided.
transport Protocol	TransportLayerProtocol Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines over which Transport Layer Protocol this method is intended to be sent.

Table A.98: SomeipMethodDeployment

Class	SomeipMethodProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment	
Note	This meta-class allows to	set config	uration op	otions for a method in the service instance.	
Base	ARObject	ARObject			
Aggregated by	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.methodResponseProps, RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.method RequestProps				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
collectionProps	SomeipCollectionProps	01	aggr	Collection of timing attributes configurable for a method that is provided or requested by a Service Instance.	
method	SomeipMethod Deployment	01	ref	Reference to the method for which the SomeipMethod Props are applicable.	

Table A.99: SomeipMethodProps



Class	SomeipProvidedEventO	SomeipProvidedEventGroup					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment						
Note	The meta-class represen provided side for each Ev			gure ServiceInstance related communication settings on the y.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	lultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ProvidedSomeipServicel	nstance.pr	ovidedEve	entGroup			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
eventGroup	SomeipEventGroup	01	ref	Reference to the SomeipEventGroup in the System Manifest for which the ServiceInstance related Event Group settings are valid.			
eventMulticast UdpPort	PositiveInteger	01	attr	UdpPort configuration that is used for Event communication in the IP-Multicast case.			
				During SOME/IP Service Discovery: Send in the SD-SubscribeEventGroupAck Message to client (answer to SD-SubscribeEventGroup).			
				Event: This is the destination-port where the server sends the multicast event messages if the multicastThreshold is exceeded.			
ipv4MulticastIp Address	lp4AddressString	01	attr	Multicast IPv4 Address that is transmitted in the Event GroupSubscribeAck message.			
ipv6MulticastIp Address	lp6AddressString	01	attr	Multicast IPv6 Address that is transmitted in the Event GroupSubscribeAck message.			
multicast Threshold	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the number of subscribed clients that trigger the server to change the transmission of events to multicast.			
				Example: If configured to 0 only unicast will be used. If configured to 1 the first client will be already served by multicast. If configured to 2 the first client will be served with unicast and as soon as the 2nd client arrives both will be served by multicast.			
				This does not influence the handling of initial events, which are served using unicast only.			
sdServerEvent GroupTiming Config	SomeipSdServerEvent GroupTimingConfig	01	ref	Server Timing configuration settings that are EventGroup specific.			

Table A.100: SomeipProvidedEventGroup

Class	SomeipRequiredEventGroup					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment		
Note		The meta-class represents the ability to configure ServiceInstance related communication settings on the required side for each EventGroup separately.				
Base	ARObject, Referrable	ARObject, Referrable				
Aggregated by	RequiredSomeipServiceIr	nstance.re	quiredEve	entGroup		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
eventGroup	SomeipEventGroup	01	ref	Reference to the SomeipEventGroup in the System Manifest for which the ServiceInstance related Event Group settings are valid.		
sdClientEvent GroupTiming Config	SomeipSdClientEvent GroupTimingConfig	01	ref	Client Timing configuration settings that are EventGroup specific.		

Table A.101: SomeipRequiredEventGroup



Class	SomeipSdClientEventGroupTimingConfig						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemTe	emplate::l	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances			
Note	This meta-class is used to group on SOME/IP.	This meta-class is used to specify configuration related to service discovery in the context of an event group on SOME/IP.					
	Tags: atp.recommendedP	ackage=S	SomeipSd	TimingConfigs			
Base	1	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
request ResponseDelay	RequestResponseDelay	01	aggr	The Service Discovery shall delay answers to unicast messages triggered by multicast messages (e.g. Subscribe Eventgroup after Offer Service).			
subscribe Eventgroup RetryDelay	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute defines the interval in seconds to re-trigger a subscription to a Eventgroup, if a retry to subscribe to a Eventgroup is configured (subscribeEventgroupRetryMax > 0).			
subscribe Eventgroup RetryMax	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute define the maximum counts of retries to subscribe to an Eventgroup. If the value is set to 0 no retry shall be done. If the value is set to 255 the retry shall be done as along as the Eventgroup is requested and no SubscribeEventGroupAck was received.			
timeToLive	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the time in seconds the subscription of this event is expected by the client. this value is sent from the client to the server in the SD-subscribeEvent message.			

Table A.102: SomeipSdClientEventGroupTimingConfig

Class	SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::l	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances	
Note	Client specific settings that	at are relev	vant for th	e configuration of SOME/IP Service-Discovery.	
	Tags: atp.recommended	Package=8	SomeipSd	TimingConfigs	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable, Uplo	Collectable oadableDe	Element, esignElem	Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable nent, UploadablePackageElement	
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
initialFind Behavior	InitialSdDelayConfig	01	aggr	Controls initial find behavior of clients.	
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the VLAN frame priority for Service Discovery messages that result from RequiredSomeip ServiceInstances that are referncing this SomeipSdClient ServiceInstanceConfig (Find, SubscribeEventGroup, Stop SubscribeEventgroup). Values from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest) are allowed.	

Table A.103: SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig

Class	SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances
Note	Server specific settings that are relevant for the configuration of SOME/IP Service-Discovery.
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=SomeipSdTimingConfigs
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement





Class	SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
initialOffer Behavior	InitialSdDelayConfig	01	aggr	Controls offer behavior of the server.		
offerCyclicDelay	TimeValue	01	attr	Optional attribute to define cyclic offers. Cyclic offer is active, if the delay is set (in seconds) and greater then 0.		
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the VLAN frame priority for Service Discovery messages that result from ProvidedSomeip ServiceInstances that are referencing the SomeipSd ServerServiceInstanceConfig (OfferService, StopOffer Service, SubscribeEventGroupAck). Values from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest) are allowed.		
request ResponseDelay	RequestResponseDelay	01	aggr	Maximum/Minimum allowable response delay to entries received by multicast in seconds. The Service Discovery shall delay answers to entries that were transported in a multicast SOME/IP-SD message (e.g. FindService).		
serviceOffer TimeToLive	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the time in seconds the service offer is valid.		

Table A.104: SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig

Class	SomeipServiceInstance	ToMachin	eMappin	g			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceMapping					
Note				eInstances to a CommunicationConnector of a Machine. In ss, Transport Protocol, Port Number) for the ServiceInstance			
	Tags: atp.recommendedF	Package=S	ServiceIns	stanceToMachineMappings			
Base				Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable hineMapping, UploadableDesignElement, Uploadable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
remoteMulticast Config	SomeipRemote MulticastConfig	*	ref	This reference defines a remote multicast Address (IP Address, Port) that is used in a static configuration to setup the communication path between a service provider and service consumer. This reference shall ONLY be used if the remote address is determined from the configuration and not at runtime from the Service Discovery.			
				Tags: atp.Status=candidate			
remoteUnicast Config	SomeipRemoteUnicast Config	*	ref	In case that a static service connection is used and a single peer exists this element is used to statically configure the remote peer's address.			
				Tags: atp.Status=candidate			
tcpPort	ApApplicationEndpoint	01	ref	local TcpPort that will be used by the ServiceInstance for the communication.			
udpCollection BufferSize Threshold	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the amount of data in bytes that shall be buffered for data transmission over the udp connection specified by this SomeipServiceInstanceToMachine Mapping. If this attribute is set to a value, then the data collection feature is enabled.			
udpPort	ApApplicationEndpoint	01	ref	local UdpPort that will be used by the ServiceInstance for the communication.			

Table A.105: SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping



Class	SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment	
Note	SOME/IP configuration se	ttings for	a Service	Interface.	
	Tags: atp.recommendedF	ackage=8	ServiceInt	erfaceDeployments	
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, ServiceInterfaceDeployment, UploadableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
eventGroup	SomeipEventGroup	*	aggr	SOME/IP EventGroups that are defined within the SOME/IP ServiceClass.	
serviceInterface Id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Unique Identifier that identifies the ServiceInterface in SOME/IP. This Identifier is sent as Service ID in SOME/IP Service Discovery messages.	
serviceInterface Version	SomeipServiceVersion	01	aggr	The SOME/IP major and minor Version of the Service.	

Table A.106: SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment

Class	SomeipServiceVersion				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::SystemT	emplate::l	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances	
Note	This meta-class represent	ts the abili	ty to desc	ribe a version of a SOME/IP Service.	
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	ConsumedServiceInstance.blocklistedVersion, RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.blocklistedVersion, SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
majorVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Major Version of the ServiceInterface.	
		Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=10			
minorVersion	PositiveInteger	PositiveInteger 01 attr Minor Version of the ServiceInterface.			
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=20	

Table A.107: SomeipServiceVersion

Class	StdCppImplementationDataType					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::CppImplementationDataType		
Note	This meta-class represents the way to specify a data type definition that is taken as the basis for a C++ language binding to a C++ Standard Library feature.					
	Tags: atp.recommendedP	ackage=0	OppImpler	nentationDataTypes		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractImplementationDataType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, CppImplementationDataType, CppImplementationDataTypeContextTarget, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	_	-		

Table A.108: StdCppImplementationDataType



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	< <atpvariation>> SwData</atpvariation>	< <atpvariation>> SwDataDefProps</atpvariation>					
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::DataDefProperties						
Note	This class is a collection of properties relevant for data objects under various aspects. One could consider this class as a "pattern of inheritance by aggregation". The properties can be applied to all objects of all classes in which SwDataDefProps is aggregated.						
	Note that not all of the attributes or associated elements are useful all of the time. Hence, the process definition (e.g. expressed with an OCL or a Document Control Instance MSR-DCI) has the task of implementing limitations.						
	SwDataDefProps covers v	various as	pects:				
	the recordLayouts whic	h specify	how such	n use cases: is it a single value, a curve, or a map, but also elements are mapped/converted to the DataTypes in the This is mainly expressed by properties like swRecordLayout			
				by swImplPolicy, swVariableAccessImplPolicy, swAddr mplementationDataType and additionalNativeTypeQualifier			
	Access policy for the M	CD syster	m, mainly	expressed by swCalibrationAccess			
	Semantics of the data e Value	element, n	nainly exp	ressed by compuMethod and/or unit, dataConstr, invalid			
	Code generation policy	provided	by swRed	ordLayout			
	Tags: vh.latestBindingTin	ne=codeG	eneration	Time			
Base	ARObject						
	AutosarDataType.swDataDefProps, CompositeNetworkRepresentation.networkRepresentation, Data Prototype.swDataDefProps, DataPrototypeTransformationProps.networkRepresentationProps, DiagnosticDataElement.swDataDefProps, DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition.swDataDefProps, Dlt Argument.networkRepresentation, FlatInstanceDescriptor.swDataDefProps, ImplementationDataType Element.swDataDefProps, InstantiationDataDefProps.swDataDefProps, ISignal.networkRepresentation Props, McDataInstance.resultingProperties, ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw DataDefProps, ReceiverComSpec.networkRepresentation, SenderComSpec.networkRepresentation, SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.networkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef Props, SwServiceArg.swDataDefProps, SwSystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps						
	Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, ReceiverC SomeipDataPrototypeTrai	esultingPro ComSpec.insformation	operties, f networkRe onProps.n	ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, SenderComSpec.networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef			
Attribute	Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, ReceiverC SomeipDataPrototypeTrai	esultingPro ComSpec.insformation	operties, f networkRe onProps.n	ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, SenderComSpec.networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef			
Attribute additionalNative TypeQualifier	Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, ReceiverC SomeipDataPrototypeTrai Props, SwServiceArg.swD	esultingPro ComSpec.Insformation	operties, finetworkRe onProps.nops, SwS	ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, SenderComSpec.networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps Note This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string.			
additionalNative TypeQualifier	Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, ReceiverC SomeipDataPrototypeTrai Props, SwServiceArg.swD Type NativeDeclarationString	esultingPro ComSpec.insformation DataDefPr	operties, InetworkReporProps.nops, SwS Kind attr	ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, SenderComSpec.networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps Note This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235			
additionalNative	Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, ReceiverC SomeipDataPrototypeTrai Props, SwServiceArg.swE Type	esultingPro ComSpec.insformation DataDefPr	operties, FinetworkRepnProps.nops, SwS	ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, SenderComSpec.networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps Note This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string.			
additionalNative TypeQualifier	Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, ReceiverC SomeipDataPrototypeTrai Props, SwServiceArg.swD Type NativeDeclarationString	esultingPro ComSpec.insformation DataDefPr	operties, InetworkReporProps.nops, SwS Kind attr	ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, SenderComSpec.networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps Note This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235 This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads) related to the current data object. Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.roleWrapperElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=20 xml.typeElement=false			
additionalNative TypeQualifier	Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, ReceiverC SomeipDataPrototypeTrai Props, SwServiceArg.swD Type NativeDeclarationString Annotation	esultingProcomSpec.insformatic DataDefPr Mult. 01	operties, InetworkReporProps.nops, SwS Kind attr	ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, SenderComSpec.networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps Note This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235 This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads) related to the current data object. Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.roleWrapperElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=20 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false			
additionalNative TypeQualifier	Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, ReceiverC SomeipDataPrototypeTrai Props, SwServiceArg.swD Type NativeDeclarationString Annotation	esultingProcomSpec.insformatic DataDefPr Mult. 01	operties, InetworkReporProps.nops, SwS Kind attr	ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, SenderComSpec.networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps Note This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235 This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads) related to the current data object. Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.roleWrapperElement=true xml.roleWrapperElement=true xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false Base type associated with the containing data object.			
additionalNative TypeQualifier annotation baseType	Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, ReceiverC SomeipDataPrototypeTrai Props, SwServiceArg.swD Type NativeDeclarationString Annotation SwBaseType	esultingProcomSpec.insformatic DataDefPr Mult. 01	poperties, InetworkReporProps.nops, SwS Kind attr aggr	ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, SenderComSpec.networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps Note This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235 This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads) related to the current data object. Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.roleWrapperElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=20 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false Base type associated with the containing data object. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=50 Computation method associated with the semantics of			
additionalNative TypeQualifier annotation baseType	Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, ReceiverC SomeipDataPrototypeTrai Props, SwServiceArg.swD Type NativeDeclarationString Annotation SwBaseType	esultingProcomSpec.insformatic DataDefPr Mult. 01	poperties, InetworkReporProps.nops, SwS Kind attr aggr	ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, SenderComSpec.networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps Note This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235 This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads) related to the current data object. Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.roleWrapperElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=20 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false Base type associated with the containing data object. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=50 Computation method associated with the semantics of this data object.			





Class	< <atpvariation>> SwData</atpvariation>	DefProps	5	
displayFormat	DisplayFormatString	01	attr	This property describes how a number is to be rendered e.g. in documents or in a measurement and calibration system.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=210
display Presentation	DisplayPresentation Enum	01	attr	This attribute controls the presentation of the related data for measurement and calibration tools.
implementation DataType	AbstractImplementation DataType	01	ref	This association denotes the ImplementationDataType of a data declaration via its aggregated SwDataDefProps. It is used whenever a data declaration is not directly referring to a base type. Especially
				redefinition of an ImplementationDataType via a "typedef" to another ImplementationDatatype
				the target type of a pointer (see SwPointerTarget Props), if it does not refer to a base type directly
				the data type of an array or record element within an ImplementationDataType, if it does not refer to a base type directly
				the data type of an SwServiceArg, if it does not refer to a base type directly
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=215
invalidValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Optional value to express invalidity of the actual data element.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=255
stepSize	Float	01	attr	This attribute can be used to define a value which is added to or subtracted from the value of a DataPrototype when using up/down keys while calibrating.
swAddrMethod	SwAddrMethod	01	ref	Addressing method related to this data object. Via an association to the same SwAddrMethod it can be specified that several DataPrototypes shall be located in the same memory without already specifying the memory section itself.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30
swAlignment	AlignmentType	01	attr	The attribute describes the intended typical alignment of the DataPrototype. If the attribute is not defined the alignment is determined by the swBaseType size and the memoryAllocationKeywordPolicy of the referenced Sw AddrMethod.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=33
swBit Representation	SwBitRepresentation	01	aggr	Description of the binary representation in case of a bit variable.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=60
swCalibration Access	SwCalibrationAccess Enum	01	attr	Specifies the read or write access by MCD tools for this data object.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=70
swCalprmAxis Set	SwCalprmAxisSet	01	aggr	This specifies the properties of the axes in case of a curve or map etc. This is mainly applicable to calibration parameters.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=90
swComparison Variable	SwVariableRefProxy	*	aggr	Variables used for comparison in an MCD process.
variable				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=170 xml.typeElement=false





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Class	< <atpvariation>> SwData</atpvariation>	DefProps	3	
swData Dependency	SwDataDependency	01	aggr	Describes how the value of the data object has to be calculated from the value of another data object (by the MCD system).
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=200
swHostVariable	SwVariableRefProxy	01	aggr	Contains a reference to a variable which serves as a host-variable for a bit variable. Only applicable to bit objects.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=220 xml.typeElement=false
swImplPolicy	SwImplPolicyEnum	01	attr	Implementation policy for this data object.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=230
swIntended Resolution	Numerical	01	attr	The purpose of this element is to describe the requested quantization of data objects early on in the design process.
				The resolution ultimately occurs via the conversion formula present (compuMethod), which specifies the transition from the physical world to the standardized world (and vice-versa) (here, "the slope per bit" is present implicitly in the conversion formula).
				In the case of a development phase without a fixed conversion formula, a pre-specification can occur through swIntendedResolution.
				The resolution is specified in the physical domain according to the property "unit".
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=240
swInterpolation Method	Identifier	01	attr	This is a keyword identifying the mathematical method to be applied for interpolation. The keyword needs to be related to the interpolation routine which needs to be invoked.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=250
swlsVirtual	Boolean	01	attr	This element distinguishes virtual objects. Virtual objects do not appear in the memory, their derivation is much more dependent on other objects and hence they shall have a swDataDependency.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=260
swPointerTarget Props	SwPointerTargetProps	01	aggr	Specifies that the containing data object is a pointer to another data object.
				Note: This atpSplitable property has no atp.Splitkey due to atpVariation (PropertySetPattern).
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=280
swRecord	SwRecordLayout	01	ref	Record layout for this data object.
Layout	l	1	I	Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=290





Class	< <atpvariation>> SwData</atpvariation>	aDefProps	3	
swRefresh Timing	MultidimensionalTime	01	aggr	This element specifies the frequency in which the object involved shall be or is called or calculated. This timing can be collected from the task in which write access processes to the variable run. But this cannot be done by the MCD system.
				So this attribute can be used in an early phase to express the desired refresh timing and later on to specify the real refresh timing.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=300
swTextProps	SwTextProps	01	aggr	the specific properties if the data object is a text object.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=120
swValueBlock	Numerical	01	attr	This represents the size of a Value Block
Size				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=80
swValueBlock SizeMult (ordered)	Numerical	*	attr	This attribute is used to specify the dimensions of a value block (VAL_BLK) for the case that that value block has more than one dimension.
				The dimensions given in this attribute are ordered such that the first entry represents the first dimension, the second entry represents the second dimension, and so on.
				For one-dimensional value blocks the attribute swValue BlockSize shall be used and this attribute shall not exist.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
unit	Unit	01	ref	Physical unit associated with the semantics of this data object. This attribute applies if no compuMethod is specified. If both units (this as well as via compuMethod) are specified the units shall be compatible.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=350
valueAxisData Type	ApplicationPrimitive DataType	01	ref	The referenced ApplicationPrimitiveDataType represents the primitive data type of the value axis within a compound primitive (e.g. curve, map). It supersedes CompuMethod, Unit, and BaseType.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=355

Table A.109: SwDataDefProps

Class	SwTextProps						
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary:	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::DataDefProperties					
Note	This meta-class expresses parameters.	This meta-class expresses particular properties applicable to strings in variables or calibration parameters.					
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	SwDataDefProps.swTextProps						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			





Class	SwTextProps			
arraySize Semantics	ArraySizeSemantics Enum	01	attr	This attribute controls the semantics of the arraysize for the array representing the string in an Implementation DataType.
				It is there to support a safe conversion between ApplicationDatatype and ImplementationDatatype, even for variable length strings as required e.g. for Support of SAE J1939.
baseType	SwBaseType	01	ref	This is the base type of one character in the string. In particular this baseType denotes the intended encoding o the characters in the string on level of ApplicationData Type.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=30
swFillCharacter	Integer	01	attr	Filler character for text parameter to pad up to the maximum length swMaxTextSize.
				The value will be interpreted according to the encoding specified in the associated base type of the data object, e.g. 0x30 (hex) represents the ASCII character zero as filler character and 0 (dec) represents an end of string as filler character.
				The usage of the fill character depends on the arraySize Semantics.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=40
swMaxTextSize	Integer	01	attr	Specifies the maximum text size in characters. Note the size in bytes depends on the encoding in the corresponding baseType.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=20

Table A.110: SwTextProps

Class	SymbolProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components				
Note	This meta-class represent	This meta-class represents the ability to contribute a part of a namespace.				
Base	ARObject, Implementation	ARObject, ImplementationProps, Referrable				
Aggregated by	Allocator.namespace, ApApplicationErrorDomain.namespace, AtomicSwComponentType.symbolProps, CppImplementationDataType.namespace, ImplementationDataType.symbolProps, PortInterface. namespace, SecurityEventDefinition.eventSymbolName					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	_	_	_	-		

Table A.111: SymbolProps

Primitive	TimeValue
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes
Note	This primitive type is taken for expressing time values. The numerical value is supposed to be interpreted in the physical unit second.
	Tags: xml.xsd.customType=TIME-VALUE xml.xsd.type=double

Table A.112: TimeValue



Class	TIslamRemoteSubject							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SCREIAM							
Note	This meta-class defines the proxy information about the remote node in case of TLS.							
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=lamRemoteSubjects							
Base		ARElement, ARObject, AbstractlamRemoteSubject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadableDeploymentElement, UploadablePackage Element						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
acceptedCrypto CipherSuiteWith	TlsCryptoCipherSuite	*	ref	This reference is used to identify a remote node by means of the preshared Key.				
Psk				Tags: atp.Status=candidate				
accepted Remote	CryptoService Certificate	*	ref	This reference is used to identify a remote node by means of the certificate.				
Certificate				Tags: atp.Status=candidate				
certCommon Name	String	01	attr	This attribute defines the common name (CN) of the certificate of the remote peer.				
				Tags: atp.Status=candidate				
derived Certificate	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether a derivedCertificate is accepted (true) or not (false).				
Accepted				Tags: atp.Status=candidate				
iamRelevantTls SecureCom	TlsSecureComProps	*	ref	This reference defines the local TIsSecureComProps that are relevant for IAM.				
Props				Tags: atp.Status=candidate				

Table A.113: TIslamRemoteSubject

Class	TisSecureComProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::SecureCommunication		
Note	Configuration of the Trans	port Layer	Security	protocol (TLS).		
	Tags: atp.recommendedF	ackage=S	SecureCo	mProps		
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, SecureComProps, UploadableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
keyExchange	CryptoServicePrimitive	*	ref	This reference identifies the shared (i.e. applicable for each of the aggregated cipher suites) crypto service primitive for the execution of key exchange during the handshake phase.		
tlsCipherSuite	TlsCryptoCipherSuite	*	aggr	Collection of supported cipher suites that are used to negotiate the security settings for a network connection defined by the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.		

Table A.114: TIsSecureComProps

Class	TlvDataldDefinition
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Transformer
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define the tlvDatald.
Base	ARObject





Class	TlvDataldDefinition			
Aggregated by	TlvDataldDefinitionSet.tlvDataldDefinition			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the definition of the value of the TlvDatald
				Stereotypes: atpldentityContributor
tlvArgument	ArgumentDataPrototype	01	ref	This reference assigns a tlvDatald to a given argument of a ClientServerOperation.
tlv Implementation DataType Element	AbstractImplementation DataTypeElement	01	ref	This reference associates the definition of a TLV data id with a given AbstractImplementationDataTypeElement.
tlvRecord Element	ApplicationRecord Element	01	ref	This reference associates the definition of a TLV data id with a given ApplicationRecordElement.

Table A.115: TlvDataldDefinition

Class	TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ApplicationStructure				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to associate a ServiceInterface element with TransformationProps. The referenced elements of the Service Interface will be serialized according to the settings defined in the TransformationProps.				
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMappings			ationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMappings	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
event	VariableDataPrototype	*	ref	This represents the reference to one or several events of one ServiceInterface.	
field	Field	*	ref	This represents the reference to one or several fields of one ServiceInterface.	
methodCall	ClientServerOperation	*	ref	This represents the reference to one or several method calls of one ServiceInterface.	
methodReturn	ClientServerOperation	*	ref	This represents the reference to one or several method return of one ServiceInterface.	
tlvDataId Definition	TlvDataIdDefinitionSet	*	ref	This reference identifies the TlvDataldDefinitions relevant for the enclosing TransformationPropsToServiceInterface Mapping.	
transformation Props	TransformationProps	01	ref	This represents the reference to the applicable Serialization properties.	
trigger	Trigger	*	ref	This represents the reference to one or several triggers of one ServiceInterface.	

Table A.116: TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping

Enumeration	TransportLayerProtocolEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment			
Note	This enumeration allows to choose a TCP/IP transport layer protocol.			
Aggregated by	SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol, SomeipMethodDeployment.transportProtocol			
Literal	Description			





Enumeration	TransportLayerProtocolEnum			
tcp	Transmission control protocol			
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			
udp	User datagram protocol			
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			

Table A.117: TransportLayerProtocolEnum

Class	Trigger			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::TriggerDeclaration			
Note	The Trigger represents a special kind of an event (without data) at which occurrence the Service Consumer shall react in a particular manner.			
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, BswModuleDescription.releasedTrigger, BswModuleDescription.required Trigger, ServiceInterface.trigger, TriggerInterface.trigger			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
_	_	_	_	_

Table A.118: Trigger

Enumeration	UdpCollectionTriggerEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment
Note	Defines whether the ServiceInterface element (event or method) contributes to the triggering of the udp data transmission if data collection is enabled.
Aggregated by	SomeipCollectionProps.udpCollectionTrigger
Literal	Description
always	ServiceInterface element will trigger the transmission of the data.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
never	ServiceInterface element will be buffered and will not trigger the transmission of the data.
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1

Table A.119: UdpCollectionTriggerEnum

Class	UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment			
Note	UserDefined configuration settings for a ServiceInterface.			
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInterfaceDeployments			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, ServiceInterfaceDeployment, UploadableDesignElement, UploadablePackageElement			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
_	_	_	_	-

Table A.120: UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment



Specification of Communication Management AUTOSAR AP R23-11

Class	VariableDataPrototype	VariableDataPrototype		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes		
Note	A VariableDataPrototype represents a formalized generic piece of information that is typically mutable by the application software layer. VariableDataPrototype is used in various contexts and the specific context gives the otherwise generic VariableDataPrototype a dedicated semantics.			
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ApplicationInterface.indication, AtpClassifier.atpFeature, BswInternalBehavior.arTypedPerInstance Memory, BswModuleDescription.providedData, BswModuleDescription.requiredData, BulkNvData Descriptor.bulkNvBlock, InternalBehavior.staticMemory, NvBlockDescriptor.ramBlock, NvDataInterface. nvData, SenderReceiverInterface.dataElement, ServiceInterface.event, SwcInternalBehavior.arTypedPer InstanceMemory, SwcInternalBehavior.explicitInterRunnableVariable, SwcInternalBehavior.implicitInter RunnableVariable			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
initValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Specifies initial value(s) of the VariableDataPrototype

Table A.121: VariableDataPrototype



B Platform Extension API (normative)

The focus of the APIs in this section are for OEM-specific platform extensions. The abstraction of the interfaces is lower which could lead to a higher machine dependency

B.1 Freshness Value Management(FVM) Library API

The following section provides the Freshness Value Management Library API as defined in fvm.h header file which is part of the ara::com:secoc namespace.

B.1.1 Library API Reference

[SWS_CM_11287]{DRAFT} Definition of API class ara::com::secoc::FVM [

Kind:	class	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm.h"	
Forwarding header file:	#include "ara/com/com_fwd.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com::secoc	
Symbol:	FVM	
Syntax:	class FVM {};	
Description:	A freshness value management interface to be implmented by the OEM/stack vendor.	
Notes:	To be used by the freshness value management library implementer either OEM or stack vendor. The class will have a single instance in the CM.	

(RS CM 00801, RS CM 00802, RS CM 00803, RS CM 00804)

[SWS_CM_11288]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::FVM::Get RxFreshness \lceil

Kind:	function	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fv	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::secoc::FVN	class ara::com::secoc::FVM	
Symbol:		GetRxFreshness(std::uint16_t SecOCFreshnessValueID, const FVContainer &SecOCTruncated FreshnessValue, std::uint16_t SecOCAuthVerifyAttempts)	
Syntax:	OCFreshnessValueID,	<pre>ara::core::Result< FVContainer > GetRxFreshness (std::uint16_t Sec OCFreshnessValueID, const FVContainer &SecOCTruncatedFreshnessValue, std::uint16_t SecOCAuthVerifyAttempts) noexcept;</pre>	
Parameters (in):	SecOCFreshnessValue ID	the identifier of the freshness value.	
	SecOCTruncated FreshnessValue	the freshness value container with the values from the received Secured I-PDU/ message	
	SecOCAuthVerify Attempts	the number of authentication verify attempts of this I-PDU/message since the last reception. The value is 0 for the first attempt and incremented on every unsuccessful verification attempt.	





Return value:	ara::core::Result< FVContainer >	freshness value container that holds the freshness value to be used for the calculation of the the authenticator by the SecOC or recoverable error.
Exception Safety:	noexcept	
Description:	This method is used by the SecOC to obtain the current freshness value.	
Notes:	synchronous, reentrant	

(RS_CM_00801, RS_CM_00802, RS_CM_00803, RS_CM_00804)

[SWS_CM_11289]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::FVM::Get TxFreshness \lceil

Kind:	function		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm.h"		
Scope:	class ara::com::secoc::FVN	Л	
Symbol:	GetTxFreshness(std::uint16_t SecOCFreshnessValueID)		
Syntax:	<pre>ara::core::Result< FVContainer > GetTxFreshness (std::uint16_t Sec OCFreshnessValueID) noexcept;</pre>		
Parameters (in):	SecOCFreshnessValue ID	the identifier of the freshness value.	
Return value:	ara::core::Result< FVContainer >	freshness value container that holds the freshness value to be used for the calculation of the authenticator by the SecOC or recoverable error.	
Exception Safety:	noexcept		
Description:	This method is used by the SecOC to obtain the current freshness value.		
Notes:	synchronous, reentrant		

](RS_CM_00801, RS_CM_00802, RS_CM_00803, RS_CM_00804)

Kind:	function		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fv	m.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::secoc::FVM		
Symbol:	Initialize()		
Syntax:	ara::core::Result< void > Initialize () noexcept;		
Return value:	ara::core::Result< void > no return value in case of success, kFVInitializeFailed otherwise.		
Exception Safety:	noexcept		
Description:	This method initializes FVM plugin implementation.		
Notes:	synchronous, non-reentrant		

(RS CM 00801, RS CM 00802, RS CM 00803, RS CM 00804)



[SWS_CM_11286]{DRAFT} Definition of API class ara::com::secoc::FVContainer

Kind:	struct	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm.h"	
Forwarding header file:	#include "ara/com/com_fwd.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com::secoc	
Symbol:	FVContainer	
Syntax:	struct FVContainer {};	
Description:	A freshness value container to hold the length of freshness value in bits and the freshness value itself as an ara::core::Vector .	

(RS CM 00801, RS CM 00802, RS CM 00803, RS CM 00804)

[SWS_CM_11344]{DRAFT} Definition of API variable ara::com::secoc::FVContainer::length

Kind:	variable	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm.h"	
Scope:	struct ara::com::secoc::FVContainer	
Symbol:	length	
Туре:	std::uint64_t	
Syntax:	std::uint64_t length;	
Description:	length in bits of the freshness value passed in FVContainer	

(RS_CM_00801, RS_CM_00802, RS_CM_00803, RS_CM_00804)

[SWS_CM_11345]{DRAFT} Definition of API variable ara::com::secoc::FVContainer::value

Kind:	variable	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm.h"	
Scope:	struct ara::com::secoc::FVContainer	
Symbol:	value	
Туре:	ara::core::Vector< std::uint8_t >	
Syntax:	ara::core::Vector <std::uint8_t> value;</std::uint8_t>	
Description:	vector of bytes containing the freshness value	
Notes:	depends if the container is used as an input or returning value by the method it will contain either the full freshness or truncated values	

(RS CM 00801, RS CM 00802, RS CM 00803, RS CM 00804)

B.1.2 Error Types

[SWS_CM_11340]{DRAFT} Definition general ara::com::secoc errors [General ara::com::secoc errors shall be defined in the error domain ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain in accordance with [17].|(RS_AP_00130)

[SWS_CM_11341]{DRAFT} **SecOcFvm errors domain** [Error domain to describe ara::com errors related to the Freshness Value Management Library API ara::com::



secoc::ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain shall be defined. It shall have the shortname ComSecOcFvm and the identifier 0x8000'0000'1271.|(RS_AP_00130)

[SWS_CM_11342] $\{DRAFT\}$ Definition of API enum ara::com::secoc::ComSecOc FvmErrc

Kind:	enumeration		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fv	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm_error_domain.h"	
Forwarding header file:	#include "ara/com/com_fwd.h"		
Scope:	namespace ara::com::secoc		
Symbol:	ComSecOcFvmErrc		
Underlying type:	ara::core::ErrorDomain::CodeType		
Syntax:	<pre>enum class ComSecOcFvmErrc : ara::core::ErrorDomain::CodeType {};</pre>		
Values:	kFVNotAvailable= 1 Freshness Value not available.		
	kFVInitializeFailed= 2 Initialization of Freshness Value Manager failed.		
Description:	The enumeration class defines the error codes for the ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain.		

(RS_AP_00130)

[SWS_CM_12512]{DRAFT} Definition of API class ara::com::secoc::ComSecOc FvmException \lceil

Kind:	class	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm_error_domain.h"	
Forwarding header file:	#include "ara/com/com_fwd.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com::secoc	
Symbol:	ComSecOcFvmException	
Base class:	ara::core::Exception	
Syntax:	<pre>class ComSecOcFvmException : public ara::core::Exception {};</pre>	
Description:	Defines a class for exceptions to be thrown by the SecOc Freshness Value Manager.	

(RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00122, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_12513]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::ComSec OcFvmException:

Kind:	function			
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm_error_domain.h"		
Scope:	class ara::com::secoc::Co	class ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmException		
Symbol:	ComSecOcFvmException(ara::core::ErrorCode errorCode)			
Syntax:	<pre>explicit ComSecOcFvmException (ara::core::ErrorCode errorCode) noexcept;</pre>			
Parameters (in):	errorCode The error code.			
Exception Safety:	noexcept			
Description:	Constructs a new ComSecOcFvmException object containing an error code.			

](RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00121, RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00132)



[SWS_CM_12514]{DRAFT} Definition of API class ara::com::secoc::ComSecOc FvmErrorDomain \lceil

Kind:	class	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm_error_domain.h"	
Forwarding header file:	#include "ara/com/com_fwd.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com::secoc	
Symbol:	ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain	
Base class:	ara::core::ErrorDomain	
Syntax:	<pre>class ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain final : public ara::core::ErrorDomain {};</pre>	
Unique ID:	0x8000'0000'0000'1271	
Description:	Defines a class representing the SecOc Freshness Value Manager error domain.	

|(RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00122, RS_AP_00127)

[SWS_CM_12515] $\{DRAFT\}$ Definition of API type ara::com::secoc::ComSecOc FvmErrorDomain::Errc \lceil

Kind:	type alias	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain	
Symbol:	Errc	
Syntax:	using Errc = ComSecOcFvmErrc;	
Description:	Alias for the error code value enumeration.	

(RS AP 00120, RS AP 00130, RS AP 00132)

[SWS_CM_12516]{DRAFT} Definition of API type ara::com::secoc::ComSecOc FvmErrorDomain::Exception \lceil

Kind:	type alias	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain	
Symbol:	Exception	
Syntax:	using Exception = ComSecOcFvmException;	
Description:	Alias for the exception base class.	

(RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00132)

[SWS_CM_12517]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::ComSec OcFvmErrorDomain::ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain

Kind:	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain	
Symbol:	ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain()	
Syntax:	constexpr ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain () noexcept;	
Exception Safety:	noexcept	
Description:	Constructs a new ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain object.	



(RS AP 00120, RS AP 00130, RS AP 00132)

[SWS_CM_12518] $\{DRAFT\}$ Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::ComSec OcFvmErrorDomain::Name

Kind:	function	
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain	
Symbol:	Name()	
Syntax:	const char * Name () const noexcept override;	
Return value:	const char *	"ComSecOcFvm"
Exception Safety:	noexcept	
Description:	Returns a string constant associated with ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain.	

(RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00132)

[SWS_CM_12519]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::ComSec OcFvmErrorDomain::Message

Kind:	function		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm_error_domain.h"		
Scope:	class ara::com::secoc::Con	class ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain	
Symbol:	Message(CodeType errorCode)		
Syntax:	<pre>const char * Message (CodeType errorCode) const noexcept override;</pre>		
Parameters (in):	errorCode	The error code number.	
Return value:	const char *	The message associated with the error code.	
Exception Safety:	noexcept		
Description:	Returns the message associated with errorCode.		

(RS AP 00120, RS AP 00121, RS AP 00130, RS AP 00132)

[SWS_CM_12520]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::ComSec OcFvmErrorDomain::ThrowAsException \lceil

Kind:	function		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fv	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	class ara::com::secoc::Con	class ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain	
Symbol:	ThrowAsException(const a	ThrowAsException(const ara::core::ErrorCode &errorCode)	
Syntax:	<pre>void ThrowAsException (const ara::core::ErrorCode &errorCode) const noexcept(false) override;</pre>		
Parameters (in):	errorCode	The error to throw.	
Return value:	None	None	
Exception Safety:	noexcept(false)		
Description:	Creates a new instance of ComSecOcFvmException from errorCode and throws it as a C++ exception.		

(RS AP 00120, RS AP 00121, RS AP 00130)



[SWS_CM_12521]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::GetCom SecOcFvmErrorDomain \lceil

Kind:	function		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fv	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com::secoc		
Symbol:	GetComSecOcFvmErrorDomain()		
Syntax:	<pre>constexpr const ara::core::ErrorDomain & GetComSecOcFvmErrorDomain () noexcept;</pre>		
Return value:	const ara::core::Error Domain &	A reference to the global ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain object.	
Exception Safety:	noexcept		
Description:	Returns a reference to the global ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain object.		

(RS_AP_00120, RS_AP_00130, RS_AP_00132)

[SWS_CM_12522]{DRAFT} Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::MakeError Code \lceil

Kind:	function		
Header file:	#include "ara/com/secoc/fv	#include "ara/com/secoc/fvm_error_domain.h"	
Scope:	namespace ara::com::seco	namespace ara::com::secoc	
Symbol:	MakeErrorCode(ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmErrc errorCode, ara::core::Error Domain::SupportDataType data)		
Syntax:	<pre>constexpr ara::core::ErrorCode MakeErrorCode (ara::com::secoc::ComSec OcFvmErrc errorCode, ara::core::ErrorDomain::SupportDataType data) noexcept;</pre>		
Parameters (in):	errorCode	Error code number.	
	data	Vendor defined data associated with the error.	
Return value:	ara::core::ErrorCode	An ErrorCode object.	
Exception Safety:	noexcept		
Description:	Creates an instance of ErrorCode.		

(RS AP 00120, RS AP 00121, RS AP 00130, RS AP 00132)



C History of Specification Items

C.1 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R17-10

C.1.1 Added Specification Items in 17-10

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00002]	Service skeleton Event class
[SWS_CM_00007]	Service skeleton Field class
[SWS_CM_00112]	Method to get the value of a field
[SWS_CM_00113]	Method to set the value of a field
[SWS_CM_00114]	Registering Getters
[SWS_CM_00115]	Existence of RegisterGetHandler method
[SWS_CM_00116]	Registering Setters
[SWS_CM_00117]	Existence of the RegisterSetHandler method
[SWS_CM_00119]	Update Function
[SWS_CM_00120]	Provision of an update notification event for a Field
[SWS_CM_00128]	Ensuring the existence of valid Field values
[SWS_CM_00129]	Ensuring existence of SetHandler
[SWS_CM_00132]	Existence of getter method
[SWS_CM_00133]	Existence of the set method
[SWS_CM_00182]	Event Receive Handler call serialization
[SWS_CM_00183]	Disable service event trigger
[SWS_CM_00252]	
[SWS_CM_00253]	
[SWS_CM_00254]	
[SWS_CM_00255]	
[SWS_CM_00256]	
[SWS_CM_00257]	
[SWS_CM_00258]	
[SWS_CM_00259]	
[SWS_CM_00260]	
[SWS_CM_00262]	
[SWS_CM_00263]	
[SWS_CM_00264]	
[SWS_CM_00265]	
[SWS_CM_00266]	FilterFunction for incoming event filtering
[SWS_CM_00427]	String Data Type with baseTypeSize of 16
[SWS_CM_00428]	Element specification typed by String Data Type with baseTypeSize of 16



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_01031]	Service fields namespace
[SWS_CM_10268]	
[SWS_CM_10269]	
[SWS_CM_10270]	
[SWS_CM_10271]	
[SWS_CM_10272]	
[SWS_CM_10273]	
[SWS_CM_10274]	
[SWS_CM_10275]	
[SWS_CM_10276]	
[SWS_CM_10277]	
[SWS_CM_10278]	
[SWS_CM_10279]	
[SWS_CM_10280]	
[SWS_CM_10281]	
[SWS_CM_10282]	
[SWS_CM_10283]	
[SWS_CM_10284]	
[SWS_CM_10285]	Responsibility of proper string encoding
[SWS_CM_10286]	Encoding mismatch in input configurations
[SWS_CM_10287]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10288]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10289]	Source of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10290]	Destination of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10291]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10292]	Checks for a received SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10293]	Identifying the right event
[SWS_CM_10294]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10295]	Store the received event data
[SWS_CM_10296]	Invoke receive handler
[SWS_CM_10297]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10298]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10299]	Source of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10300]	Destination of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10301]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10302]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10303]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_10304]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10305]	Store the received method data





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10306]	Invoke the method - event driven
[SWS_CM_10307]	Invoke the method - polling
[SWS_CM_10308]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10309]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10310]	Source of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10311]	Destination of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10312]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10313]	Checks for a received SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10314]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_10315]	Discarding orphaned responses
[SWS_CM_10316]	Deserializing the payload - response mesages
[SWS_CM_10317]	Making the Future ready
[SWS_CM_10318]	Invoke the notification function
[SWS_CM_10319]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10320]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10321]	Source of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10322]	Destination of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10323]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10324]	Checks for a received SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10325]	Identifying the right event
[SWS_CM_10326]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10327]	Store the received event data
[SWS_CM_10328]	Invoke receive handler
[SWS_CM_10329]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10330]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10331]	Source of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10332]	Destination of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10333]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10334]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10335]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_10336]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10337]	Store the received method data
[SWS_CM_10338]	Invoke the registered set/get handlers - event driven
[SWS_CM_10339]	Invoke the registered set/get handlers - polling
[SWS_CM_10340]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10341]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10342]	Source of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10343]	Destination of a SOME/IP response message





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10344]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10345]	Checks for a received SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10346]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_10347]	Discarding orphaned responses
[SWS_CM_10348]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10349]	Making the Future ready
[SWS_CM_10350]	Invoke the notification function
[SWS_CM_10351]	Service application errors
[SWS_CM_10352]	Definition of ServiceNotAvailableException
[SWS_CM_10353]	Use of ServiceNotAvailableException
[SWS_CM_10354]	Definition of ApplicationErrorException
[SWS_CM_10355]	Use of ApplicationErrorException
[SWS_CM_10356]	Definition of sub-classes of ApplicationErrorException
[SWS_CM_10357]	Distinguishing errors from normal responses
[SWS_CM_10358]	Identifying the right application error
[SWS_CM_10359]	Deserializing the payload - error response mesages
[SWS_CM_10361]	
[SWS_CM_10362]	Raising checked exceptions for application errors
[SWS_CM_10370]	Data Type definitions for Application Errors in Common header file
[SWS_CM_10371]	Context of thrown checked exceptions
[SWS_CM_11262]	
[SWS_CM_11263]	
[SWS_CM_90101]	Secure channel creation
[SWS_CM_90102]	Using secure channels
[SWS_CM_90103]	TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90104]	DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90105]	TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90106]	DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90107]	TLS secure channel for fields
[SWS_CM_90108]	SecOC secure channel for methods
[SWS_CM_90109]	SecOC secure channel for events
[SWS_CM_90110]	SecOC secure channel for fields
[SWS_CM_90401]	
[SWS_CM_90402]	
[SWS_CM_90403]	
[SWS_CM_90404]	
[SWS_CM_90405]	
[SWS_CM_90406]	
[SWS_CM_90407]	





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_90408]	
[SWS_CM_90409]	
[SWS_CM_90410]	
[SWS_CM_90411]	
[SWS_CM_90412]	
[SWS_CM_90413]	
[SWS_CM_90414]	
[SWS_CM_90415]	
[SWS_CM_90416]	
[SWS_CM_90417]	
[SWS_CM_90418]	
[SWS_CM_90419]	
[SWS_CM_90420]	E2ECheckStatus of a sample
[SWS_CM_90421]	ara::com:state_machine::E2E check status
[SWS_CM_90422]	ara::com:state_machine::State
[SWS_CM_90423]	E2EResult
[SWS_CM_90424]	Provide E2E Result
[SWS_CM_90425]	Namespace of Sample Pointer
[SWS_CM_90430]	
[SWS_CM_90431]	
[SWS_CM_90432]	Functionality of Sample Pointer

Table C.1: Added Specification Items in 17-10

C.1.2 Changed Specification Items in 17-10

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00122]	Find service with immediately returned request
[SWS_CM_00123]	Find service with handler registration
[SWS_CM_00124]	Find service handler behavior
[SWS_CM_00171]	Receive a service event using polling
[SWS_CM_00181]	Enable service event trigger
[SWS_CM_00195]	Retrieving results of the method call
[SWS_CM_00202]	SOME/IP FindService message
[SWS_CM_00203]	SOME/IP OfferService message
[SWS_CM_00205]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_00206]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupAck message





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00300]	Event Cache Update Policy
[SWS_CM_00302]	Instance Identifier Class
[SWS_CM_00303]	Find Service Handle
[SWS_CM_00304]	Service Handle Container
[SWS_CM_00305]	Find Service Handler
[SWS_CM_00306]	Sample Pointer
[SWS_CM_00307]	Sample Container
[SWS_CM_00308]	Sample Allocatee Pointer
[SWS_CM_00309]	Event Receive Handler
[SWS_CM_00310]	Subscription State
[SWS_CM_00312]	Handle Type Class
[SWS_CM_00346]	Promise::set_value, forwarding reference version
[SWS_CM_00406]	String Data Type with baseTypeSize of 8
[SWS_CM_00409]	Associative Map Data Type
[SWS_CM_00420]	Element specification typed by String Data Type with baseTypeSize of 8
[SWS_CM_01010]	Service Identifier and Service Version Classes
[SWS_CM_01016]	Data Type definitions for AUTOSAR Data Types in Common header file
[SWS_CM_01019]	Data Type declarations in Types header file
[SWS_CM_10017]	
[SWS_CM_10034]	
[SWS_CM_10059]	
[SWS_CM_10242]	UTF-8 Strings
[SWS_CM_10243]	UTF-16 Strings
[SWS_CM_10245]	Serialization of strings
[SWS_CM_10247]	Deserialization of strings
[SWS_CM_10252]	
[SWS_CM_10253]	
[SWS_CM_10256]	
[SWS_CM_10257]	
[SWS_CM_10258]	
[SWS_CM_10260]	
[SWS_CM_10262]	Insertion of an associative map length field
[SWS_CM_10264]	Size of the associative map length field
[SWS_CM_10267]	Insertion of an associative map length field

Table C.2: Changed Specification Items in 17-10



C.1.3 Deleted Specification Items in 17-10

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_01003]	Inclusion protection

Table C.3: Deleted Specification Items in 17-10

C.2 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R18-03

C.2.1 Added Specification Items in 18-03

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00008]	Service proxy Field class
[SWS_CM_00172]	Method to update the event cache
[SWS_CM_00173]	Method to get the cached samples
[SWS_CM_00174]	Method to clean-up the event cache
[SWS_CM_00313]	Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler with kSubscriptionPending
[SWS_CM_00314]	Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler with kSubscribed
[SWS_CM_00315]	Re-establishing an active subscription
[SWS_CM_00316]	Query Subscription State
[SWS_CM_00383]	Extended Find Service Handler
[SWS_CM_00412]	Union Data Type
[SWS_CM_00417]	Element specification typed by Union
[SWS_CM_00448]	Element specification typed by Variant
[SWS_CM_00449]	Variant Data Type
[SWS_CM_00450]	Maximum size of allocated vector memory
[SWS_CM_00451]	Namespace specification for an ImplementationDataType of category VECTOR
[SWS_CM_01032]	Accessing optional record elements inside a Structure Cpp Implementation Data Type that are serialized with the Tag-Length-Value principle.
[SWS_CM_01033]	Optional Class Template
[SWS_CM_01034]	Optional default constructor
[SWS_CM_01035]	Optional move constructor
[SWS_CM_01036]	Optional copy constructor
[SWS_CM_01037]	Optional destructor
[SWS_CM_01038]	Optional move assignment operator
[SWS_CM_01039]	Optional default copy assignment operator
[SWS_CM_01040]	Optional function to get contained value





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_01041]	Optional function to check availability of contained value
[SWS_CM_01042]	Optional bool operator
[SWS_CM_01043]	Optional reset function
[SWS_CM_01044]	
[SWS_CM_01045]	Every record element inside a struct that contains at least one optional record element shall be serialized based on the Tag-Length-Value principle.
[SWS_CM_01046]	Regarding the definition of tlvDataId see [TPS_MANI_01097] and [constr_1532] for details.
[SWS_CM_01047]	Every record element shall have a wire type assigned when the optionality is used for at least one record element inside the struct.
[SWS_CM_01048]	Every record element shall have a tag assigned when the optionality is used for at least one record element inside the struct.
[SWS_CM_01049]	The tlvDataIds shall be synchronized between the interacting proxy and skeleton instances.
[SWS_CM_01050]	Variant Class Template
[SWS_CM_01051]	Variant default constructor
[SWS_CM_01052]	Variant move constructor
[SWS_CM_01053]	Variant copy constructor
[SWS_CM_01054]	Variant destructor
[SWS_CM_01055]	Variant move assignment operator
[SWS_CM_01056]	Variant default copy assignment operator
[SWS_CM_01057]	Variant function to return the zero-based index of the alternative
[SWS_CM_01058]	Variant function to check if the Variant is in invalid state
[SWS_CM_10040]	
[SWS_CM_10235]	
[SWS_CM_10244]	UTF-16LE Strings
[SWS_CM_10372]	Inclusion of Implementation Types header files
[SWS_CM_10373]	Implementation Types header files existence
[SWS_CM_10374]	Data Type definitions for AUTOSAR Data Types in Implementation Types header files
[SWS_CM_10375]	Implementation Types header file namespace
[SWS_CM_10376]	Skip CompuScales with non-point range
[SWS_CM_10377]	Sending SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup messages - initial
[SWS_CM_10378]	Sending SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup messages
[SWS_CM_10379]	Silently discarding SOME/IP event messages for unsubscribed events
[SWS_CM_10380]	Silently discarding SOME/IP event messages for unsubscribed events
[SWS_CM_10381]	Sending SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup messages - renewal
[SWS_CM_10382]	Calling stop find service for already stopped finds
[SWS_CM_10384]	Change of Service Interface Deployment
[SWS_CM_10385]	Change of Service Instance Deployment





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10386]	Change of Network Configuration
[SWS_CM_10387]	Data accumulation for UDP data transmission
[SWS_CM_10388]	Enabling of data accumulation for UDP data transmission
[SWS_CM_10389]	Configuration of a data accumulation on a ProvidedServiceInstance for transmission over UDP
[SWS_CM_10390]	Configuration of a data accumulation on a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance for transmission over UDP
[SWS_CM_11000]	
[SWS_CM_11001]	Mapping of OfferService method
[SWS_CM_11002]	Assigning a DDS DomainParticipant to a Service Instance
[SWS_CM_11003]	Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Event in the ServiceInterface
[SWS_CM_11004]	Adding Service and Service Instance IDs to the DDS Domain Participant's USER_DATA QoS Policy
[SWS_CM_11005]	Mapping of StopOfferService method
[SWS_CM_11006]	Mapping of FindService method
[SWS_CM_11007]	Finding a DDS DomainParticipant suitable for performing client-side operations
[SWS_CM_11008]	Creating a DDS DomainParticipant suitable for performing client-side operations
[SWS_CM_11009]	Discovering remote Service Instances through DDS DomainParticipants
[SWS_CM_11010]	Mapping of StartFindService method
[SWS_CM_11011]	Defining a DDS BuiltinParticipantListener
[SWS_CM_11012]	Binding a BuiltinParticipantListener to a DDS DomainParticipant
[SWS_CM_11013]	Mapping of StopFindService method
[SWS_CM_11014]	Unbinding a BuiltinParticipantListener from a DDS DomainParticipant
[SWS_CM_11015]	Mapping Events to DDS Topics
[SWS_CM_11016]	DDS Topic datatype definition
[SWS_CM_11017]	Mapping of Send method
[SWS_CM_11018]	Mapping of Subscribe method
[SWS_CM_11019]	Creating a DDS DataReader for event subscription
[SWS_CM_11020]	Defining a DDS DataReaderListener
[SWS_CM_11021]	Mapping of Unsubscribe method
[SWS_CM_11022]	Mapping of GetSubscriptionState method
[SWS_CM_11023]	Mapping of Update method
[SWS_CM_11024]	Mapping of GetCachedSamples method
[SWS_CM_11025]	Mapping of SetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_11026]	Mapping of UnsetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_11027]	Mapping of SetSubscriptionStateHandler method
[SWS_CM_11028]	Mapping of UnsetSubscriptionStateHandler method
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Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11041]	
[SWS_CM_11042]	
[SWS_CM_11043]	
[SWS_CM_11044]	Serialization of Strings of baseTypeSize 8
[SWS_CM_11045]	Serialization of Strings of baseTypeSize 16
[SWS_CM_11046]	Serialization of ImplementationDataType of category VECTOR
[SWS_CM_11047]	Serialization of ImplementationDataType of category ARRAY
[SWS_CM_11048]	
[SWS_CM_90001]	Restrictions on executing methods
[SWS_CM_90002]	Restrictions on sending events
[SWS_CM_90003]	Restrictions on receiving events
[SWS_CM_90004]	Process separation of network and language binding for access control
[SWS_CM_90433]	
[SWS_CM_90434]	Provision of a Fire and Forget method
[SWS_CM_90435]	Initiate a Fire and Forget method call
[SWS_CM_90436]	No checked exceptions thrown for Fire and Forget method calls
[SWS_CM_90437]	Send event where Communication Management is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_90438]	Allocating data for event transfer

Table C.4: Added Specification Items in 18-03

C.2.2 Changed Specification Items in 18-03

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00002]	Service skeleton class
[SWS_CM_00003]	Service skeleton Event class
[SWS_CM_00004]	Service proxy class
[SWS_CM_00005]	Service proxy Event class
[SWS_CM_00006]	Service proxy Method class
[SWS_CM_00007]	Service skeleton Field class
[SWS_CM_00102]	Uniqueness of offered service
[SWS_CM_00120]	Provision of an update notification event for a Field
[SWS_CM_00123]	Find service with handler registration
[SWS_CM_00124]	Find service handler behavior
[SWS_CM_00141]	Method to subscribe to a service event
[SWS_CM_00162]	Send event where application is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_00201]	Start of service discovery protocol on Server side





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00202]	SOME/IP FindService message
[SWS_CM_00203]	SOME/IP OfferService message
[SWS_CM_00204]	SOME/IP StopOffer message
[SWS_CM_00205]	Content of SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_00206]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupAck message
[SWS_CM_00207]	Content of SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_00208]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupNack message
[SWS_CM_00209]	Start of service discovery protocol on Client side
[SWS_CM_00252]	
[SWS_CM_00253]	
[SWS_CM_00254]	
[SWS_CM_00255]	
[SWS_CM_00256]	
[SWS_CM_00257]	
[SWS_CM_00258]	
[SWS_CM_00259]	
[SWS_CM_00260]	
[SWS_CM_00262]	
[SWS_CM_00263]	
[SWS_CM_00264]	
[SWS_CM_00265]	
[SWS_CM_00302]	Instance Identifier Class
[SWS_CM_00303]	Find Service Handle
[SWS_CM_00306]	Sample Pointer
[SWS_CM_00310]	Subscription State
[SWS_CM_00311]	Subscription State Changed Handler
[SWS_CM_00312]	Handle Type Class
[SWS_CM_00400]	Naming of data types by short name
[SWS_CM_00401]	Naming of data types by symbol
[SWS_CM_00402]	Primitive Data Type
[SWS_CM_00403]	Array Data Type with one dimension
[SWS_CM_00404]	Array Data Type with more than one dimension
[SWS_CM_00405]	Structure Data Type
[SWS_CM_00406]	String Data Type with baseTypeSize of 8
[SWS_CM_00407]	Vector Data Type with one dimension
[SWS_CM_00408]	Vector Data Type with more than one dimension
[SWS_CM_00409]	Associative Map Data Type
[SWS_CM_00410]	Data Type redefinition
[SWS_CM_00411]	Avoid Data Type redeclaration





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00413]	Element specification typed by Base Type
[SWS_CM_00414]	Element specification typed by Implementation Data Type
[SWS_CM_00415]	Element specification typed by Array
[SWS_CM_00416]	Element specification typed by Structure
[SWS_CM_00418]	Element specification typed by Vector
[SWS_CM_00419]	Element specification typed by Map
[SWS_CM_00420]	Element specification typed by String Data Type with baseTypeSize of 8
[SWS_CM_00421]	Provide data type definitions
[SWS_CM_00422]	Reject data type definitions
[SWS_CM_00423]	Data Type Mapping
[SWS_CM_00424]	Enumeration Data Type
[SWS_CM_00425]	Definition of enumerators
[SWS_CM_00426]	Reject incomplete Enumeration Data Types
[SWS_CM_00427]	String Data Type with baseTypeSize of 16
[SWS_CM_00428]	Element specification typed by String Data Type with baseTypeSize of 16
[SWS_CM_01005]	Namespace of Service header files
[SWS_CM_01008]	Common header file namespace
[SWS_CM_01010]	Service Identifier and Service Version Classes
[SWS_CM_01015]	Service methods namespace
[SWS_CM_01017]	Service Identifier Type definitions in Common header file
[SWS_CM_01020]	Folder structure
[SWS_CM_01031]	Service fields namespace
[SWS_CM_10013]	
[SWS_CM_10016]	
[SWS_CM_10017]	
[SWS_CM_10034]	
[SWS_CM_10036]	
[SWS_CM_10037]	
[SWS_CM_10042]	
[SWS_CM_10053]	
[SWS_CM_10054]	
[SWS_CM_10055]	
[SWS_CM_10056]	
[SWS_CM_10057]	
[SWS_CM_10058]	
[SWS_CM_10059]	
[SWS_CM_10060]	
[SWS_CM_10070]	
[SWS_CM_10072]	





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10076]	
[SWS_CM_10169]	
[SWS_CM_10172]	
[SWS_CM_10218]	
[SWS_CM_10219]	
[SWS_CM_10222]	
[SWS_CM_10234]	
[SWS_CM_10242]	UTF-8 Strings
[SWS_CM_10243]	UTF-16BE Strings
[SWS_CM_10245]	Serialization of strings
[SWS_CM_10247]	Deserialization of strings
[SWS_CM_10248]	
[SWS_CM_10252]	
[SWS_CM_10253]	
[SWS_CM_10256]	
[SWS_CM_10257]	
[SWS_CM_10258]	
[SWS_CM_10259]	
[SWS_CM_10260]	
[SWS_CM_10261]	Serialization of an associative map
[SWS_CM_10262]	Insertion of an associative map length field
[SWS_CM_10264]	Size of the associative map length field
[SWS_CM_10265]	Serialization of associative map elements
[SWS_CM_10266]	Applicability of mandatory padding after variable length data elements
[SWS_CM_10267]	Insertion of an associative map length field
[SWS_CM_10268]	
[SWS_CM_10269]	
[SWS_CM_10270]	
[SWS_CM_10271]	
[SWS_CM_10272]	
[SWS_CM_10273]	
[SWS_CM_10274]	
[SWS_CM_10275]	
[SWS_CM_10276]	
[SWS_CM_10277]	
[SWS_CM_10278]	
[SWS_CM_10279]	
[SWS_CM_10280]	
[SWS_CM_10281]	



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10282]	
[SWS_CM_10283]	
[SWS_CM_10284]	
[SWS_CM_10285]	Responsibility of proper string encoding
[SWS_CM_10286]	Encoding mismatch in input configurations
[SWS_CM_10287]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10288]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10289]	Source of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10290]	Destination of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10291]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10292]	Checks for a received SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10293]	Identifying the right event
[SWS_CM_10294]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10295]	Store the received event data
[SWS_CM_10296]	Invoke receive handler
[SWS_CM_10297]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10298]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10299]	Source of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10300]	Destination of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10301]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10302]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10303]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_10304]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10305]	Store the received method data
[SWS_CM_10306]	Invoke the method - event driven
[SWS_CM_10307]	Invoke the method - polling
[SWS_CM_10308]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10309]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10310]	Source of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10311]	Destination of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10312]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10313]	Checks for a received SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10314]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_10315]	Discarding orphaned responses
[SWS_CM_10316]	Deserializing the payload - response messages
[SWS_CM_10317]	Making the Future ready
[SWS_CM_10318]	Invoke the notification function
[SWS_CM_10319]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP event message





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10320]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10321]	Source of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10322]	Destination of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10323]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10324]	Checks for a received SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10325]	Identifying the right event
[SWS_CM_10326]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10327]	Store the received event data
[SWS_CM_10328]	Invoke receive handler
[SWS_CM_10329]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10330]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10331]	Source of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10332]	Destination of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10333]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10334]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10335]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_10336]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10337]	Store the received method data
[SWS_CM_10338]	Invoke the registered set/get handlers - event driven
[SWS_CM_10339]	Invoke the registered set/get handlers - polling
[SWS_CM_10340]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10341]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10342]	Source of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10343]	Destination of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10344]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10345]	Checks for a received SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10346]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_10347]	Discarding orphaned responses
[SWS_CM_10348]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10349]	Making the Future ready
[SWS_CM_10350]	Invoke the notification function
[SWS_CM_10356]	Definition of sub-classes of ApplicationErrorException
[SWS_CM_10357]	Distinguishing errors from normal responses
[SWS_CM_10358]	Identifying the right application error
[SWS_CM_10359]	Deserializing the payload - error response mesages
[SWS_CM_10361]	
[SWS_CM_11262]	
[SWS_CM_11263]	





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_90103]	TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90104]	DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90105]	TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90106]	DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90401]	
[SWS_CM_90402]	
[SWS_CM_90403]	
[SWS_CM_90404]	
[SWS_CM_90405]	
[SWS_CM_90406]	
[SWS_CM_90407]	
[SWS_CM_90408]	
[SWS_CM_90409]	
[SWS_CM_90410]	
[SWS_CM_90411]	
[SWS_CM_90412]	
[SWS_CM_90413]	
[SWS_CM_90414]	
[SWS_CM_90416]	
[SWS_CM_90417]	
[SWS_CM_90418]	
[SWS_CM_90419]	
[SWS_CM_90420]	E2ECheckStatus of a sample
[SWS_CM_90421]	ara::com:E2E_state_machine::E2Echeckstatus
[SWS_CM_90422]	ara::com:E2E_state_machine::E2EState
[SWS_CM_90423]	E2EResult
[SWS_CM_90424]	Provide E2E Result
[SWS_CM_90430]	
[SWS_CM_90431]	

Table C.5: Changed Specification Items in 18-03



C.2.3 Deleted Specification Items in 18-03

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00121]	Method to find a service
[SWS_CM_00161]	Method to send a service event
[SWS_CM_00163]	Send event where Communication Management is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_00171]	Receive a service event using polling
[SWS_CM_01014]	No memory allocation in header files
[SWS_CM_01016]	Data Type definitions for AUTOSAR Data Types in Common header file
[SWS_CM_90425]	Namespace of Sample Pointer

Table C.6: Deleted Specification Items in 18-03

C.3 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R18-10

C.3.1 Added Specification Items in 18-10

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00118]	Method Instance Specifier Translation
[SWS_CM_00134]	Copy semantics of service skeleton class
[SWS_CM_00135]	Move semantics of service skeleton class
[SWS_CM_00136]	Copy semantics of service proxy class
[SWS_CM_00137]	Move semantics of service proxy class
[SWS_CM_00152]	Creation of service skeleton using Instance Spec
[SWS_CM_00153]	Creation of service skeleton using Instance ID Container
[SWS_CM_00317]	Copy semantics of handle Type Class
[SWS_CM_00318]	Move semantics of handle Type Class
[SWS_CM_00333]	Set Subscription State change handler
[SWS_CM_00334]	Unset Subscription State change handler
[SWS_CM_00350]	Instance Specifier Class
[SWS_CM_00452]	Usage of attribute arraySize of an CppImplementationDataType with category VECTOR
[SWS_CM_00502]	CustomCppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY
[SWS_CM_00503]	StdCppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR with one dimension defined with an Allocator
[SWS_CM_00504]	Supported Primitive Cpp Implementation Data TypeS
[SWS_CM_00505]	StdCppImplementationDataType with category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP defined with an Allocator
[SWS_CM_00506]	CustomCppImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00507]	CustomCppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR
[SWS_CM_00508]	CustomCppImplementationDataType Of category VARIANT
[SWS_CM_00509]	StdCppImplementationDataType with the category STRING with a defined Allocator
[SWS_CM_00622]	Find service with immediately returned request using Instance Specifier
[SWS_CM_00623]	Find service with handler registration using Instance Specifier
[SWS_CM_01059]	Variant destructor
[SWS_CM_01060]	Variant move assignment operator
[SWS_CM_01061]	Variant default copy assignment operator
[SWS_CM_01062]	Variant converting assignment operator
[SWS_CM_01063]	Variant function to return the zero-based index of the alternative
[SWS_CM_01064]	Variant function to check if the Variant is in invalid state
[SWS_CM_01065]	Variant function to swap two Variants
[SWS_CM_01066]	Variant function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object
[SWS_CM_01067]	Variant function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object using an initializer list
[SWS_CM_01068]	Variant function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object by destoying and initializing the contained value
[SWS_CM_01069]	Variant function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object by destoying and initializing the contained value using an initializer list
[SWS_CM_10088]	
[SWS_CM_10098]	
[SWS_CM_10099]	
[SWS_CM_10174]	Mix of signal-based and SOME/IP communication
[SWS_CM_10226]	
[SWS_CM_10227]	
[SWS_CM_10250]	
[SWS_CM_10251]	
[SWS_CM_10254]	
[SWS_CM_10255]	
[SWS_CM_10383]	GetHandle function to return the proxy instance creation handle
[SWS_CM_10391]	
[SWS_CM_10392]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable Class Template
[SWS_CM_10393]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable static assertion
[SWS_CM_10394]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable underlying type deduction
[SWS_CM_10395]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable default constructor
[SWS_CM_10396]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable copy constructor
[SWS_CM_10397]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable constructor with enum class argument
[SWS_CM_10398]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable constructor with underlying type argument
[SWS_CM_10399]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable copy assignment operator





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10400]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable assignment operator with enum class argurment
[SWS_CM_10401]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable assignment operator with underlying type argument
[SWS_CM_10402]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable cast operator to the underlying type
[SWS_CM_10403]	Equal to operator between two ScaleLinear And Text table objects
[SWS_CM_10404]	Equal to operators between ScaleLinear And Text table and an underlying type
[SWS_CM_10405]	Equal to operators between ScaleLinearAndTexttable and an enum class
[SWS_CM_10406]	Not equal to operator between two ScaleLinear And Text table objects
[SWS_CM_10407]	Not equal to operators between ScaleLinear And Text table and an underlying type
[SWS_CM_10408]	Not equal to operators between ScaleLinearAndTexttable and an enum class
[SWS_CM_10409]	Scale Linear And Textable type definition
[SWS_CM_10410]	InstanceIdentifier check during the creation of service skeleton
[SWS_CM_10411]	Service method processing modes
[SWS_CM_10412]	Invoking GetHandlers
[SWS_CM_10413]	Invoking SetHandlers
[SWS_CM_10414]	Initiate a method call
[SWS_CM_10415]	Notify the Field value after a call to the SetHandler function
[SWS_CM_10428]	payload representing application error
[SWS_CM_10429]	Identifying the right application error in a message with Message Type set to ERROR (0x81)
[SWS_CM_10430]	Handling invalid messages with Message Type set to RESPONSE (0x81)
[SWS_CM_10431]	Mapping of ara::core::ErrorCode
[SWS_CM_10432]	
[SWS_CM_10433]	Declaration of Construction Token
[SWS_CM_10434]	Creation of a Construction Token
[SWS_CM_10435]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_10436]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance Spec
[SWS_CM_10437]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance ID Container
[SWS_CM_10438]	Exception-less creation of service proxy
[SWS_CM_10450]	InstanceSpecifier check during the creation of service skeleton
[SWS_CM_10451]	InstanceIdentifierContainer check during the creation of service skeleton
[SWS_CM_10452]	InstanceSpecifier translation to InstanceIdentifiers
[SWS_CM_10590]	Abstract Network Protocol Binding
[SWS_CM_11029]	Assigning a DDS Request and Reply Topic, and DataWriters and DataReaders, to the Methods in the ServiceInterface





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11030]	Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Field in the ServiceInterface with its hasNotifier attribute equal to true
[SWS_CM_11031]	Assigning a DDS Request and Reply Topic, and DataWriters and DataReaders, to the Field Getters/Setters in the ServiceInterface
[SWS_CM_11040]	DDS standard serialization rules
[SWS_CM_11049]	DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of category ASSO-CIATIVE_MAP
[SWS_CM_11050]	DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of category VARI-ANT
[SWS_CM_11100]	Mapping Methods to DDS Service Methods and Topics
[SWS_CM_11101]	DDS Service Request Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_11102]	DDS Service Reply Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_11103]	Creating a DataWriter to handle method requests on the client side
[SWS_CM_11104]	Creating a DataReader to handle method responses on the client side
[SWS_CM_11105]	Creating a DataReader to handle method requests on the server side
[SWS_CM_11106]	Creating a DataWriter to handle method responses on the server side
[SWS_CM_11107]	Calling a service method from the client side
[SWS_CM_11108]	Notifying the client of a response to a method call
[SWS_CM_11109]	Processing a method call on the server side (event driven)
[SWS_CM_11110]	Creating a DataReaderListener to process asynchronous requests on the server side
[SWS_CM_11111]	Processing a method call on the server side (polling)
[SWS_CM_11112]	Sending a method call response from the server side
[SWS_CM_11130]	Mapping Fields with hasNotifier attribute to DDS Topics
[SWS_CM_11131]	Field Notifier DDS Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_11132]	Mapping of Send method
[SWS_CM_11133]	Mapping of Subscribe method
[SWS_CM_11134]	Creating a DDS DataReader for field subscription
[SWS_CM_11135]	Creating a DDS DataReaderListener for field subscription
[SWS_CM_11136]	Mapping of Unsubscribe method
[SWS_CM_11137]	Mapping of GetSubscriptionState method
[SWS_CM_11138]	Mapping of Update method
[SWS_CM_11139]	Mapping of GetCachedSamples method
[SWS_CM_11140]	Mapping of SetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_11141]	Mapping of UnsetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_11142]	Mapping of SetSubscriptionStateHandler method
[SWS_CM_11143]	Mapping of UnsetSubscriptionStateHandler method
[SWS_CM_11144]	Mapping of Field Get/Set methods to DDS Service Methods and Topics
[SWS_CM_11145]	DDS Service Request Topic data type definition for Field getter and setter operations





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11146]	DDS Service Reply Topic data type definition for Field getter and setter operations
[SWS_CM_11147]	Creating a DataWriter to handle get/set requests on the client side
[SWS_CM_11148]	Creating a DataReader to handle get/set responses on the client side
[SWS_CM_11149]	Creating a DataReader to handle get/set requests on the server side
[SWS_CM_11150]	Creating a DataWriter to handle get/set responses on the server side
[SWS_CM_11151]	Calling get/set method associated with a field from the client side
[SWS_CM_11152]	Notifying the client of the response to the get/set method call
[SWS_CM_11153]	Processing a get/set method call associated with a field on the server side (event driven)
[SWS_CM_11154]	Creating a DataReaderListener to process asynchronous requests for field getters and setters on the server side
[SWS_CM_11155]	Processing a get/set method call associated with a field on the server side (polling)
[SWS_CM_11156]	Sending a response for a get/set method call associated with a field from the server side
[SWS_CM_11264]	Definition general ara::com errors
[SWS_CM_11265]	Use of general ara::com errors
[SWS_CM_11266]	Definition of Application Errors
[SWS_CM_90005]	Restrictions on offering services
[SWS_CM_90006]	Restrictions on using services
[SWS_CM_90111]	Behavior of a ServiceProxy over TLS before successful completion of the handshake
[SWS_CM_90112]	Behavior of a ServiceProxy over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake
[SWS_CM_90113]	Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake
[SWS_CM_90114]	Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake
[SWS_CM_90115]	SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90116]	SecOC secure channel for events using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90117]	IPsec secure channel between communication nodes
[SWS_CM_90118]	Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association
[SWS_CM_90119]	Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS
[SWS_CM_90120]	TLS client role of a Proxy
[SWS_CM_90121]	TLS server role of a Skeleton
[SWS_CM_90201]	Secure channel creation
[SWS_CM_90202]	Using secure channels
[SWS_CM_90203]	TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90204]	DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90205]	TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_90206]	DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90207]	TLS secure channel for fields
[SWS_CM_90209]	IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association
[SWS_CM_90210]	Using the DDS Security standard plug-ins in the Adaptive Platform

Table C.7: Added Specification Items in 18-10

C.3.2 Changed Specification Items in 18-10

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00102]	Uniqueness of offered service
[SWS_CM_00103]	Protocol where a service is offered
[SWS_CM_00112]	Method to get the value of a field
[SWS_CM_00113]	Method to set the value of a field
[SWS_CM_00114]	Registering Getters
[SWS_CM_00116]	Registering Setters
[SWS_CM_00120]	Provision of an update notification event for a Field
[SWS_CM_00122]	Find service with immediately returned request using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_00123]	Find service with handler registration using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_00124]	Find service handler behavior
[SWS_CM_00128]	Ensuring the existence of valid Field values
[SWS_CM_00129]	Ensuring the existence of SetHandler
[SWS_CM_00130]	Creation of service skeleton using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_00131]	Creation of service proxy
[SWS_CM_00172]	Method to update the event cache
[SWS_CM_00191]	Provision of method
[SWS_CM_00192]	Synchronous behavior of method call
[SWS_CM_00193]	Asynchronous behavior of method call with polling
[SWS_CM_00194]	Cancel the method call
[SWS_CM_00195]	Retrieving results of the method call
[SWS_CM_00196]	Initiate a method call
[SWS_CM_00197]	Asynchronous behavior of method call with notification
[SWS_CM_00198]	Set service method processing mode
[SWS_CM_00199]	Process Service method invocation
[SWS_CM_00202]	SOME/IP FindService message
[SWS_CM_00203]	SOME/IP OfferService message





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00205]	Content of SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_00206]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupAck message
[SWS_CM_00207]	Content of SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_00208]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupNack message
[SWS_CM_00257]	
[SWS_CM_00258]	
[SWS_CM_00264]	
[SWS_CM_00302]	Instance Identifier Class
[SWS_CM_00304]	Service Handle Container
[SWS_CM_00306]	Sample Pointer
[SWS_CM_00307]	Sample Container
[SWS_CM_00312]	Handle Type Class
[SWS_CM_00314]	Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler with kSubscribed
[SWS_CM_00315]	Re-establishing an active subscription
[SWS_CM_00316]	Query Subscription State
[SWS_CM_00383]	Find Service Handler
[SWS_CM_00400]	Naming of data types by short name
[SWS_CM_00402]	Primitive fixed width integer types
[SWS_CM_00403]	StdCppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY with one dimension
[SWS_CM_00404]	Array Data Type with more than one dimension
[SWS_CM_00405]	Structure Data Type
[SWS_CM_00406]	StdCppImplementationDataType with the category STRING
[SWS_CM_00407]	StdCppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR with one dimension defined without an Allocator
[SWS_CM_00408]	Vector Data Type with more than one dimension
[SWS_CM_00409]	StdCppImplementationDataType with category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP defined without an Allocator
[SWS_CM_00410]	Data Type redefinition
[SWS_CM_00411]	Avoid Data Type redeclaration
[SWS_CM_00414]	Element specification typed by CppImplementationDataType
[SWS_CM_00421]	Provide data type definitions
[SWS_CM_00423]	Data Type Mapping
[SWS_CM_00424]	Enumeration Data Type
[SWS_CM_00425]	Definition of enumerators
[SWS_CM_00426]	Reject incomplete Enumeration Data Types
[SWS_CM_00449]	Variant Data Type
[SWS_CM_00450]	Define the maximum size of allocated vector memory
[SWS_CM_01004]	Inclusion of common header file
[SWS_CM_01008]	Namespace for Service Identifier Type definitions





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_01010]	Service Identifier and Service Version Classes
[SWS_CM_01015]	Service methods namespace
[SWS_CM_01019]	Data Type declarations in Types header file
[SWS_CM_01020]	Folder structure
[SWS_CM_01032]	Accessing optional record elements inside a Structure Cpp Implementation Data Type that are serialized with the Tag-Length-Value principle.
[SWS_CM_01045]	Use cases for the definition oftlyDataId
[SWS_CM_01046]	Definition oftlvDataId
[SWS_CM_01049]	Synchronization oftlvDataIds between the interacting proxy and skeleton instances.
[SWS_CM_01050]	Variant Class Template
[SWS_CM_01054]	Variant converting constructor
[SWS_CM_01055]	Variant explicit converting constructor with specified alternative
[SWS_CM_01056]	Variant explicit converting constructor with specified alternative and initializer list
[SWS_CM_01057]	Variant explicit converting constructor with alternative specified by index
[SWS_CM_01058]	Variant explicit converting constructor with alternative specified by index and initializer list
[SWS_CM_10017]	
[SWS_CM_10036]	
[SWS_CM_10042]	
[SWS_CM_10059]	
[SWS_CM_10070]	
[SWS_CM_10234]	
[SWS_CM_10235]	
[SWS_CM_10242]	Model representation of UTF-8 Strings
[SWS_CM_10245]	Serialization of strings
[SWS_CM_10247]	Deserialization of strings
[SWS_CM_10253]	
[SWS_CM_10262]	Insertion of an associative map length field
[SWS_CM_10265]	Serialization of associative map elements
[SWS_CM_10285]	Responsibility of proper string encoding
[SWS_CM_10291]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10292]	Checks for a received SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10294]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10301]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10302]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10304]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10308]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10312]	Content of the SOME/IP response message





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10313]	Checks for a received SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10316]	Deserializing the payload - normal response messages
[SWS_CM_10317]	Making the Future ready
[SWS_CM_10323]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10324]	Checks for a received SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10326]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10333]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10334]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10336]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10339]	Invoke the registered set/get handlers - polling
[SWS_CM_10344]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10345]	Checks for a received SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10348]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_10349]	Making the Future ready
[SWS_CM_10357]	Distinguishing errors from normal responses
[SWS_CM_10358]	Identifying the right application error in a message with Message Type set to RESPONSE (0x80)
[SWS_CM_10361]	
[SWS_CM_10362]	Raising checked errors for application errors
[SWS_CM_10370]	Common header file for Application Errors
[SWS_CM_10371]	Context of return checked errors
[SWS_CM_10372]	Inclusion of Implementation Types header files
[SWS_CM_10373]	Implementation Types header files existence
[SWS_CM_10374]	Data Type definitions for AUTOSAR Data Types in Implementation Types header files
[SWS_CM_10375]	Implementation Types header file namespace
[SWS_CM_10382]	Calling stop find service for already stopped finds
[SWS_CM_10388]	Enabling of data accumulation for UDP data transmission
[SWS_CM_10389]	Configuration of a data accumulation on a ProvidedServiceInstance for transmission over UDP
[SWS_CM_10390]	Configuration of a data accumulation on a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance for transmission over UDP
[SWS_CM_11001]	Mapping of OfferService method
[SWS_CM_11002]	Assigning a DDS DomainParticipant to a Service Instance
[SWS_CM_11003]	Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Event in the ServiceInterface
[SWS_CM_11004]	Adding Service and Service Instance IDs to the DDS DomainParticipant's USER_DATA QoS Policy
[SWS_CM_11005]	Mapping of StopOfferService method
[SWS_CM_11006]	Mapping of FindService method





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11007]	Finding a DDS DomainParticipant suitable for performing client-side operations
[SWS_CM_11009]	Discovering remote Service Instances through DDS DomainParticipants
[SWS_CM_11010]	Mapping of StartFindService method
[SWS_CM_11011]	Defining a DDS BuiltinParticipantListener
[SWS_CM_11012]	Binding a BuiltinParticipantListener to a DDS DomainParticipant
[SWS_CM_11014]	Unbinding a BuiltinParticipantListener from a DDS DomainParticipant
[SWS_CM_11015]	Mapping Events to DDS Topics
[SWS_CM_11016]	DDS Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_11017]	Mapping of Send method
[SWS_CM_11018]	Mapping of Subscribe method
[SWS_CM_11019]	Creating a DDS DataReader for event subscription
[SWS_CM_11020]	Defining a DDS DataReaderListener
[SWS_CM_11021]	Mapping of Unsubscribe method
[SWS_CM_11022]	Mapping of GetSubscriptionState method
[SWS_CM_11023]	Mapping of Update method
[SWS_CM_11025]	Mapping of SetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_11026]	Mapping of UnsetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_11027]	Mapping of SetSubscriptionStateHandler method
[SWS_CM_11028]	Mapping of UnsetSubscriptionStateHandler method
[SWS_CM_11041]	DDS serialization of StdCppImplementationDataType of category VALUE
[SWS_CM_11042]	DDS serialization of enumeration data types
[SWS_CM_11043]	DDS serialization of StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE
[SWS_CM_11044]	DDS serialization of StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRING with string shortName
[SWS_CM_11046]	Encoding Format and Endianness of Strings in DDS
[SWS_CM_11047]	DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of categoryVECTOR
[SWS_CM_11048]	DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of categoryARRAY
[SWS_CM_90001]	Restrictions on executing methods
[SWS_CM_90101]	Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS, DTLS and SecOC
[SWS_CM_90102]	Using secure TLS, DTLS and SecOC channels
[SWS_CM_90103]	TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90104]	DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90105]	TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90106]	DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90108]	SecOC secure channel for methods using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90109]	SecOC secure channel for events using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90110]	SecOC secure channel for fields





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_90401]	
[SWS_CM_90404]	
[SWS_CM_90420]	E2ECheckStatus of a sample
[SWS_CM_90421]	ara::com:E2E_state_machine::E2Echeckstatus
[SWS_CM_90422]	ara::com:E2E_state_machine::E2EState
[SWS_CM_90430]	
[SWS_CM_90436]	No checked errors for Fire and Forget method calls

Table C.8: Changed Specification Items in 18-10

C.3.3 Deleted Specification Items in 18-10

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00262]	
[SWS_CM_00263]	
[SWS_CM_00305]	Find Service Handler
[SWS_CM_00320]	FutureStatus
[SWS_CM_00321]	Future Class Template
[SWS_CM_00322]	Future default constructor
[SWS_CM_00323]	Future move constructor
[SWS_CM_00324]	Future unwrapping constructor
[SWS_CM_00325]	Move assignment operator
[SWS_CM_00326]	Future::get
[SWS_CM_00327]	Future::valid
[SWS_CM_00328]	Future::wait
[SWS_CM_00329]	Future::wait_for
[SWS_CM_00330]	Future::wait_until
[SWS_CM_00331]	Future::then
[SWS_CM_00332]	Future::is_ready
[SWS_CM_00340]	Promise Class Template
[SWS_CM_00341]	Promise default constructor
[SWS_CM_00342]	Promise move constructor
[SWS_CM_00343]	Promise move assignment operator
[SWS_CM_00344]	Promise::get_future
[SWS_CM_00345]	Promise::set_value
[SWS_CM_00346]	Promise::set_value, forwarding reference version
[SWS_CM_00347]	Promise::set_exception



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00348]	Promise::set_future_dtor_handler
[SWS_CM_00401]	Naming of data types by symbol
[SWS_CM_00412]	Union Data Type
[SWS_CM_00413]	Element specification typed by Base Type
[SWS_CM_00415]	Element specification typed by Array
[SWS_CM_00416]	Element specification typed by Structure
[SWS_CM_00417]	Element specification typed by Union
[SWS_CM_00418]	Element specification typed by Vector
[SWS_CM_00419]	Element specification typed by Map
[SWS_CM_00420]	Element specification typed by String Data Type with baseTypeSize of 8
[SWS_CM_00422]	Reject data type definitions
[SWS_CM_00427]	String Data Type with baseTypeSize of 16
[SWS_CM_00428]	Element specification typed by String Data Type with baseTypeSize of 16
[SWS_CM_00448]	Element specification typed by Variant
[SWS_CM_00451]	Namespace specification for an ImplementationDataType of category VECTOR
[SWS_CM_01033]	Optional Class Template
[SWS_CM_01034]	Optional default constructor
[SWS_CM_01035]	Optional move constructor
[SWS_CM_01036]	Optional copy constructor
[SWS_CM_01037]	Optional destructor
[SWS_CM_01038]	Optional move assignment operator
[SWS_CM_01039]	Optional default copy assignment operator
[SWS_CM_01040]	Optional function to get contained value
[SWS_CM_01041]	Optional function to check availability of contained value
[SWS_CM_01042]	Optional bool operator
[SWS_CM_01043]	Optional reset function
[SWS_CM_01044]	
[SWS_CM_10040]	
[SWS_CM_10243]	UTF-16BE Strings
[SWS_CM_10244]	UTF-16LE Strings
[SWS_CM_10286]	Encoding mismatch in input configurations
[SWS_CM_10351]	Service application errors
[SWS_CM_10352]	Definition of ServiceNotAvailableException
[SWS_CM_10353]	Use of ServiceNotAvailableException
[SWS_CM_10354]	Definition of ApplicationErrorException
[SWS_CM_10355]	Use of ApplicationErrorException
[SWS_CM_10356]	Definition of sub-classes of ApplicationErrorException
[SWS_CM_10359]	Deserializing the payload - error response mesages





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11045]	Serialization of Strings of baseTypeSize 16
[SWS_CM_90432]	Functionality of Sample Pointer

Table C.9: Deleted Specification Items in 18-10

C.4 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R19-03

C.4.1 Added Specification Items in 19-03

none

C.4.2 Changed Specification Items in 19-03

none

C.4.3 Deleted Specification Items in 19-03

none

C.5 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R19-11

C.5.1 Added Specification Items in R19-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00700]	Ensure memory allocation of maxSampleCount samples
[SWS_CM_00701]	Method to update the event cache
[SWS_CM_00702]	Signature of Callable f
[SWS_CM_00703]	Sequence of actions in GetNewSamples
[SWS_CM_00704]	Return Value
[SWS_CM_00705]	Query Free Sample Slots
[SWS_CM_00706]	Return Value of GetFreeSampleCount
[SWS_CM_00707]	Calculation of Free Sample Count





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00709]	FIFO semantics
[SWS_CM_00710]	No implicit context switches
[SWS_CM_00711]	
[SWS_CM_00714]	Reentrancy
[SWS_CM_09004]	Adding Service IDs, Service Instance IDs, and ServiceInterface Contract Versions to the DDS DomainParticipant's USER_DATA QoS Policy
[SWS_CM_10202]	Version blacklist
[SWS_CM_10416]	Reception of a malformed message
[SWS_CM_10440]	Aborting method calls in case of locally detected failures
[SWS_CM_10441]	Failures in sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10442]	Failures during deserialization of response messages
[SWS_CM_10443]	Failures in sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10444]	Failures during deserialization of response messages
[SWS_CM_10446]	Destruction of service proxy
[SWS_CM_10453]	Implementation of invalidValue
[SWS_CM_10454]	
[SWS_CM_10455]	
[SWS_CM_10456]	
[SWS_CM_10457]	
[SWS_CM_10458]	Handling of an ServiceInterface that does not contain any events, methods, or fields
[SWS_CM_10459]	
[SWS_CM_10460]	
[SWS_CM_10461]	
[SWS_CM_10462]	
[SWS_CM_10463]	
[SWS_CM_10464]	
[SWS_CM_10465]	
[SWS_CM_10466]	
[SWS_CM_10467]	
[SWS_CM_10468]	
[SWS_CM_10469]	
[SWS_CM_10470]	
[SWS_CM_10471]	E2E Error Handler
[SWS_CM_10472]	E2E Error Response
[SWS_CM_10473]	E2E Error Response
[SWS_CM_10475]	
[SWS_CM_10476]	Defining a RawDataStream
[SWS_CM_10477]	Connect stream link





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10478]	Shutdown stream link
[SWS_CM_10479]	Read data from stream
[SWS_CM_10480]	Write data to stream
[SWS_CM_10481]	Class RawDataStream
[SWS_CM_10482]	RawDataStream Constructor
[SWS_CM_10483]	RawDataStream Destructor
[SWS_CM_10484]	Method Connect
[SWS_CM_10485]	Method Shutdown
[SWS_CM_10486]	Method ReadData
[SWS_CM_10487]	Method WriteData
[SWS_CM_10488]	Raw data stream header file existence
[SWS_CM_10489]	Raw data stream header file namespace
[SWS_CM_10490]	Data Type declarations in Raw data stream header file
[SWS_CM_11267]	General errors domain
[SWS_CM_11268]	Definition general ara::com::raw errors
[SWS_CM_12367]	
[SWS_CM_80001]	
[SWS_CM_80002]	
[SWS_CM_80003]	Byte order for signal-based network binding with SOME/IP serialization
[SWS_CM_80004]	Byte order for signal-based network binding with signal-based serialization
[SWS_CM_80005]	Start of service discovery protocol on Server side
[SWS_CM_80006]	Start of service discovery protocol on Client side
[SWS_CM_80007]	SOME/IP FindService message
[SWS_CM_80008]	SOME/IP OfferService message
[SWS_CM_80009]	SOME/IP StopOffer message
[SWS_CM_80010]	Sending SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup messages - initial
[SWS_CM_80011]	Sending SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup messages - renewal
[SWS_CM_80012]	Content of SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_80013]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupAck message
[SWS_CM_80014]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupNack message
[SWS_CM_80015]	Sending SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup messages
[SWS_CM_80016]	Content of SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_80017]	Data accumulation for UDP data transmission
[SWS_CM_80018]	Enabling of data accumulation for UDP data transmission
[SWS_CM_80019]	Configuration of a data accumulation on a ProvidedServiceInstance for transmission over UDP
[SWS_CM_80020]	Configuration of a data accumulation on a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance for transmission over UDP
[SWS_CM_80021]	Conditions for sending of an event message





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_80022]	Transport protocol for sending of an event message
[SWS_CM_80023]	Source of an event message
[SWS_CM_80024]	Destination of an event message
[SWS_CM_80025]	Content of the SOME/IP serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80026]	Content of the signal-based serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80027]	Checks for a received SOME/IP serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80028]	Checks for a received signal-based serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80029]	Identifying the right event
[SWS_CM_80030]	Silently discarding event messages for unsubscribed events
[SWS_CM_80031]	Invoke receive handler
[SWS_CM_80032]	Deserializing the SOME/IP serialized payload
[SWS_CM_80033]	Deserializing the signal-based serialized payload
[SWS_CM_80034]	Providing the received event data
[SWS_CM_80035]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80036]	Failures in sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80037]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80038]	Source of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80039]	Destination of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80040]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80041]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80042]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_80043]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_80044]	Invoke the method - event driven
[SWS_CM_80045]	Invoke the method - polling
[SWS_CM_80046]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80047]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80048]	Source of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80049]	Destination of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80050]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80051]	payload representing application error
[SWS_CM_80052]	Checks for a received SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80053]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_80054]	Discarding orphaned responses
[SWS_CM_80055]	Distinguishing errors from normal responses
[SWS_CM_80056]	Deserializing the payload - normal response messages
[SWS_CM_80057]	Failures during deserialization of response messages
[SWS_CM_80058]	Identifying the right application error in a message with Message Type set to RESPONSE (0x80)





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_80059]	Identifying the right application error in a message with Message Type set to ERROR (0x81)
[SWS_CM_80060]	Handling invalid messages with Message Type set to RESPONSE (0x81)
[SWS_CM_80061]	Making the Future ready
[SWS_CM_80062]	Invoke the notification function
[SWS_CM_80063]	Conditions for sending of an event message
[SWS_CM_80064]	Transport protocol for sending of an event message
[SWS_CM_80065]	Source of an event message
[SWS_CM_80066]	Destination of an event message
[SWS_CM_80067]	Content of the SOME/IP serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80068]	Content of the signal-based serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80069]	Checks for a received SOME/IP serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80070]	Checks for a received signal-based event message
[SWS_CM_80071]	Identifying the right event
[SWS_CM_80072]	Silently discarding event messages for unsubscribed events
[SWS_CM_80073]	Invoke receive handler
[SWS_CM_80074]	Deserializing the SOME/IP serialized payload
[SWS_CM_80075]	Deserializing the signal-based payload
[SWS_CM_80076]	Providing the received event data
[SWS_CM_80077]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80078]	Failures in sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80079]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80080]	Source of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80081]	Destination of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80082]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80083]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80084]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_80085]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_80086]	Invoke the registered set/get handlers - event driven
[SWS_CM_80087]	Invoke the registered set/get handlers - polling
[SWS_CM_80088]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80089]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80090]	Source of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80091]	Destination of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80092]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80093]	Checks for a received SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80094]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_80095]	Discarding orphaned responses
[SWS_CM_80096]	Deserializing the payload





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_80097]	Failures during deserialization of response messages
[SWS_CM_80098]	Making the Future ready
[SWS_CM_80099]	Invoke the notification function
[SWS_CM_80100]	SOME/IP serialization of signal-based network binding
[SWS_CM_80101]	ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping input for serialization of signal-based network binding
[SWS_CM_80102]	Ignoring not mapped elements
[SWS_CM_80103]	Init value for field elements
[SWS_CM_90007]	Restrictions on using RawDataStreams
[SWS_CM_90211]	Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS
[SWS_CM_90212]	Using secure TLS, DTLS channels
[SWS_CM_90213]	TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90214]	DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90215]	IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Raw Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association
[SWS_CM_99003]	

Table C.10: Added Specification Items in R19-11

C.5.2 Changed Specification Items in R19-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00002]	Service skeleton class
[SWS_CM_00003]	Service skeleton Event class
[SWS_CM_00004]	Service proxy class
[SWS_CM_00005]	Service proxy Event class
[SWS_CM_00006]	Service proxy Method class
[SWS_CM_00007]	Service skeleton Field class
[SWS_CM_00008]	Service proxy Field class
[SWS_CM_00101]	Method to offer a service
[SWS_CM_00111]	Method to stop offering a service
[SWS_CM_00112]	Method to get the value of a field
[SWS_CM_00113]	Method to set the value of a field
[SWS_CM_00114]	Registering Getters
[SWS_CM_00115]	Existence of RegisterGetHandler method
[SWS_CM_00116]	Registering Setters
[SWS_CM_00117]	Existence of the RegisterSetHandler method





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00118]	Method Instance Specifier Translation
[SWS_CM_00119]	Update Function
[SWS_CM_00120]	Provision of an update notification event for a Field
[SWS_CM_00122]	Find service with immediately returned request using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_00123]	Find service with handler registration using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_00124]	Find service handler invocation
[SWS_CM_00125]	Stop find service
[SWS_CM_00130]	Creation of service skeleton using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_00131]	Creation of service proxy
[SWS_CM_00132]	Existence of getter method
[SWS_CM_00133]	Existence of the set method
[SWS_CM_00134]	Copy semantics of service skeleton class
[SWS_CM_00135]	Move semantics of service skeleton class
[SWS_CM_00136]	Copy semantics of service proxy class
[SWS_CM_00137]	Move semantics of service proxy class
[SWS_CM_00141]	Method to subscribe to a service event
[SWS_CM_00151]	Method to unsubscribe from a service event
[SWS_CM_00152]	Creation of service skeleton using Instance Spec
[SWS_CM_00153]	Creation of service skeleton using Instance ID Container
[SWS_CM_00162]	Send event where application is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_00181]	Enable service event trigger
[SWS_CM_00183]	Disable service event trigger
[SWS_CM_00191]	Provision of method
[SWS_CM_00192]	Synchronous behavior of method call
[SWS_CM_00193]	Asynchronous behavior of method call with polling
[SWS_CM_00194]	Cancel the method call
[SWS_CM_00195]	Retrieving results of the method call
[SWS_CM_00196]	Initiate a method call
[SWS_CM_00197]	Asynchronous behavior of method call with notification
[SWS_CM_00198]	Set service method processing mode
[SWS_CM_00199]	Process Service method invocation
[SWS_CM_00202]	SOME/IP FindService message
[SWS_CM_00203]	SOME/IP OfferService message
[SWS_CM_00205]	Content of SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_00206]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupAck message
[SWS_CM_00209]	Start of service discovery protocol on Client side
[SWS_CM_00301]	Method Call Processing Mode
[SWS_CM_00302]	Instance Identifier Class





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00303]	Find Service Handle
[SWS_CM_00304]	Service Handle Container
[SWS_CM_00306]	Sample Pointer
[SWS_CM_00308]	Sample Allocatee Pointer
[SWS_CM_00309]	Event Receive Handler
[SWS_CM_00310]	Subscription State
[SWS_CM_00311]	Subscription State Changed Handler
[SWS_CM_00312]	Handle Type Class
[SWS_CM_00313]	Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler with kSubscriptionPending
[SWS_CM_00314]	Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler with kSubscribed
[SWS_CM_00315]	Re-establishing an active subscription
[SWS_CM_00316]	Query Subscription State
[SWS_CM_00317]	Copy semantics of handle Type Class
[SWS_CM_00318]	Move semantics of handle Type Class
[SWS_CM_00319]	Instance Identifier Container Class
[SWS_CM_00333]	Set Subscription State change handler
[SWS_CM_00334]	Unset Subscription State change handler
[SWS_CM_00350]	Instance Specifier Class
[SWS_CM_00383]	Find Service Handler
[SWS_CM_00402]	Primitive fixed width integer types
[SWS_CM_00403]	StdCppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY with one dimension
[SWS_CM_00404]	Array Data Type with more than one dimension
[SWS_CM_00405]	Structure Data Type
[SWS_CM_00406]	StdCppImplementationDataType with the category STRING
[SWS_CM_00407]	StdCppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR with one dimension defined without an Allocator
[SWS_CM_00409]	StdCppImplementationDataType with category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP defined without an Allocator
[SWS_CM_00410]	Data Type redefinition
[SWS_CM_00414]	Element specification typed by CppImplementationDataType
[SWS_CM_00424]	Enumeration Data Type
[SWS_CM_00425]	Definition of enumerators
[SWS_CM_00449]	Variant Data Type
[SWS_CM_00502]	CustomCppImplementationDataType Of category ARRAY
[SWS_CM_00503]	StdCppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR with one dimension defined with an Allocator
[SWS_CM_00504]	Supported Primitive Cpp Implementation Data TypeS
[SWS_CM_00505]	StdCppImplementationDataType with category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP defined with an Allocator
[SWS_CM_00506]	CustomCppImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00507]	CustomCppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR
[SWS_CM_00508]	CustomCppImplementationDataType of category VARIANT
[SWS_CM_00509]	StdCppImplementationDataType with the category STRING with a defined Allocator
[SWS_CM_00622]	Find service with immediately returned request using Instance Specifier
[SWS_CM_00623]	Find service with handler registration using Instance Specifier
[SWS_CM_01001]	Inclusion of Types header file
[SWS_CM_01002]	Service header files existence
[SWS_CM_01004]	Inclusion of common header file
[SWS_CM_01005]	Namespace of Service header files
[SWS_CM_01006]	Service skeleton namespace
[SWS_CM_01007]	Service proxy namespace
[SWS_CM_01009]	Service events namespace
[SWS_CM_01010]	Service Identifier, Service Version Classes and Service Contract Version
[SWS_CM_01012]	Common header file existence
[SWS_CM_01013]	Types header file existence
[SWS_CM_01015]	Service methods namespace
[SWS_CM_01018]	Types header file namespace
[SWS_CM_01019]	Data Type declarations in Types header file
[SWS_CM_01020]	Folder structure
[SWS_CM_01031]	Service fields namespace
[SWS_CM_01032]	Accessing optional record elements inside a Structure Cpp Implementation Data Type that are serialized with the Tag-Length-Value principle.
[SWS_CM_01046]	Definition of tlvDataIdDefinition
[SWS_CM_01050]	Variant Class Template
[SWS_CM_01051]	Variant default constructor
[SWS_CM_01052]	Variant move constructor
[SWS_CM_01053]	Variant copy constructor
[SWS_CM_01054]	Variant converting constructor
[SWS_CM_01055]	Variant explicit converting constructor with specified alternative
[SWS_CM_01056]	Variant explicit converting constructor with specified alternative and initializer list
[SWS_CM_01057]	Variant explicit converting constructor with alternative specified by index
[SWS_CM_01058]	Variant explicit converting constructor with alternative specified by index and initializer list
[SWS_CM_01059]	Variant destructor
[SWS_CM_01060]	Variant move assignment operator
[SWS_CM_01061]	Variant default copy assignment operator
[SWS_CM_01062]	Variant converting assignment operator
[SWS_CM_01063]	Variant function to return the zero-based index of the alternative



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_01064]	Variant function to check if the Variant is in invalid state
[SWS_CM_01065]	Variant function to swap two Variants
[SWS_CM_01066]	Variant function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object
[SWS_CM_01067]	Variant function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object using an initializer list
[SWS_CM_01068]	Variant function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object by destoying and initializing the contained value
[SWS_CM_01069]	Variant function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object by destoying and initializing the contained value using an initializer list
[SWS_CM_10017]	
[SWS_CM_10054]	
[SWS_CM_10242]	Model representation of UTF-8 Strings
[SWS_CM_10245]	Serialization of strings
[SWS_CM_10247]	Deserialization of strings
[SWS_CM_10266]	Applicability of mandatory padding after variable length data elements
[SWS_CM_10285]	Responsibility of proper string encoding
[SWS_CM_10291]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10292]	Checks for a received SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10295]	Providing the received event data
[SWS_CM_10299]	Source of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10301]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10302]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10308]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10310]	Source of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10312]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10313]	Checks for a received SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10317]	Making the Future ready
[SWS_CM_10323]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10327]	Providing the received event data
[SWS_CM_10333]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10334]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10344]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10358]	Identifying the right application error in a message with Message Type set to RESPONSE (0x80)
[SWS_CM_10362]	Raising checked errors for application errors
[SWS_CM_10372]	Inclusion of Implementation Types header files
[SWS_CM_10373]	Implementation Types header files existence
[SWS_CM_10375]	Implementation Types header file namespace
[SWS_CM_10383]	GetHandle function to return the proxy instance creation handle





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10384]	Change of Service Interface Deployment
[SWS_CM_10385]	Change of Service Instance Deployment
[SWS_CM_10392]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable Class Template
[SWS_CM_10393]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable static assertion
[SWS_CM_10394]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable underlying type deduction
[SWS_CM_10395]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable default constructor
[SWS_CM_10396]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable copy constructor
[SWS_CM_10397]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable constructor with enum class argument
[SWS_CM_10398]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable constructor with underlying type argument
[SWS_CM_10399]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable copy assignment operator
[SWS_CM_10400]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable assignment operator with enum class argurment
[SWS_CM_10401]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable assignment operator with underlying type argument
[SWS_CM_10402]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable cast operator to the underlying type
[SWS_CM_10403]	Equal to operator between two ScaleLinearAndTexttable objects
[SWS_CM_10404]	Equal to operators between ScaleLinearAndTexttable and an underlying type
[SWS_CM_10405]	Equal to operators between ScaleLinearAndTexttable and an enum class
[SWS_CM_10406]	Not equal to operator between two ScaleLinearAndTexttable objects
[SWS_CM_10407]	Not equal to operators between ScaleLinearAndTexttable and an underlying type
[SWS_CM_10408]	Not equal to operators between ScaleLinearAndTexttable and an enum class
[SWS_CM_10409]	Scale Linear And Textable type definition
[SWS_CM_10414]	Initiate a method call
[SWS_CM_10428]	payload representing application error
[SWS_CM_10430]	Handling invalid messages with Message Type set to RESPONSE (0x80)
[SWS_CM_10431]	Mapping of ara::core::ErrorCode
[SWS_CM_10432]	
[SWS_CM_10433]	Declaration of Construction Token
[SWS_CM_10434]	Creation of a Construction Token
[SWS_CM_10435]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_10436]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance Spec
[SWS_CM_10437]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance ID Container
[SWS_CM_10438]	Exception-less creation of service proxy
[SWS_CM_10450]	InstanceSpecifier check during the creation of service skeleton
[SWS_CM_10451]	InstanceIdentifierContainer check during the creation of service skeleton
[SWS_CM_10452]	InstanceSpecifier translation to InstanceIdentifiers





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10590]	Abstract Network Protocol Binding
[SWS_CM_11001]	Mapping of OfferService method
[SWS_CM_11002]	Assigning a DDS DomainParticipant to a Service Instance
[SWS_CM_11006]	Mapping of FindService method
[SWS_CM_11009]	Discovering remote Service Instances through DDS DomainParticipants
[SWS_CM_11015]	Mapping Events to DDS Topics
[SWS_CM_11017]	Mapping of Send method
[SWS_CM_11018]	Mapping of Subscribe method
[SWS_CM_11019]	Creating a DDS DataReader for event subscription
[SWS_CM_11021]	Mapping of Unsubscribe method
[SWS_CM_11023]	Mapping of GetNewSamples method
[SWS_CM_11024]	Mapping of GetFreeSampleCount method
[SWS_CM_11041]	DDS serialization of StdCppImplementationDataType of category VALUE
[SWS_CM_11043]	DDS serialization of StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE
[SWS_CM_11044]	DDS serialization of StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRING with string shortName
[SWS_CM_11046]	Encoding Format and Endianness of Strings in DDS
[SWS_CM_11047]	DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR
[SWS_CM_11048]	DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY
[SWS_CM_11102]	DDS Service Reply Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_11132]	Mapping of Update method
[SWS_CM_11133]	Mapping of Subscribe method
[SWS_CM_11134]	Creating a DDS DataReader for field subscription
[SWS_CM_11136]	Mapping of Unsubscribe method
[SWS_CM_11138]	Mapping of GetNewSamples method
[SWS_CM_11139]	Mapping of GetFreeSampleCount method
[SWS_CM_11145]	DDS Service Request Topic data type definition for Field getter and setter operations
[SWS_CM_11146]	DDS Service Reply Topic data type definition for Field getter and setter operations
[SWS_CM_11264]	Definition general ara::com errors
[SWS_CM_11265]	Use of general ara::com errors
[SWS_CM_11266]	Definition of Application Errors
[SWS_CM_90001]	Restrictions on executing methods
[SWS_CM_90002]	Restrictions on sending events
[SWS_CM_90003]	Restrictions on receiving events
[SWS_CM_90005]	Restrictions on offering services
[SWS_CM_90006]	Restrictions on using services



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_90113]	Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake
[SWS_CM_90114]	Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake
[SWS_CM_90118]	Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association
[SWS_CM_90401]	
[SWS_CM_90402]	
[SWS_CM_90403]	
[SWS_CM_90404]	
[SWS_CM_90405]	
[SWS_CM_90406]	
[SWS_CM_90407]	
[SWS_CM_90408]	
[SWS_CM_90410]	
[SWS_CM_90411]	
[SWS_CM_90412]	
[SWS_CM_90413]	
[SWS_CM_90415]	
[SWS_CM_90416]	
[SWS_CM_90417]	
[SWS_CM_90420]	E2E ProfileCheckStatus of a sample
[SWS_CM_90421]	ara::com::e2e::ProfileCheckStatus
[SWS_CM_90422]	ara::com:E2E_state_machine::E2EState
[SWS_CM_90424]	Provide E2E Result
[SWS_CM_90430]	
[SWS_CM_90431]	
[SWS_CM_90433]	
[SWS_CM_90434]	Provision of a Fire and Forget method
[SWS_CM_90435]	Initiate a Fire and Forget method call
[SWS_CM_90436]	No checked errors for Fire and Forget method calls
[SWS_CM_90437]	Send event where Communication Management is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_90438]	Allocating data for event transfer
[SWS_CM_90443]	
[SWS_CM_90444]	
[SWS_CM_90445]	
[SWS_CM_90446]	
[SWS_CM_90451]	
[SWS_CM_90452]	

Table C.11: Changed Specification Items in R19-11



C.5.3 Deleted Specification Items in R19-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00172]	Method to update the event cache
[SWS_CM_00173]	Method to get the cached samples
[SWS_CM_00174]	Method to clean-up the event cache
[SWS_CM_00266]	FilterFunction for incoming event filtering
[SWS_CM_00300]	Event Cache Update Policy
[SWS_CM_00307]	Sample Container
[SWS_CM_10305]	Store the received method data
[SWS_CM_10337]	Store the received method data
[SWS_CM_90409]	
[SWS_CM_90414]	
[SWS_CM_90418]	
[SWS_CM_90419]	
[SWS_CM_90423]	E2EResult
[SWS_CM_90439]	
[SWS_CM_90440]	
[SWS_CM_90441]	
[SWS_CM_90442]	
[SWS_CM_90447]	
[SWS_CM_90448]	
[SWS_CM_90449]	
[SWS_CM_90450]	
[SWS_CM_90453]	
[SWS_CM_90454]	
[SWS_CM_90455]	
[SWS_CM_90456]	
[SWS_CM_90457]	
[SWS_CM_90458]	
[SWS_CM_90459]	
[SWS_CM_90460]	
[SWS_CM_90461]	
[SWS_CM_90462]	
[SWS_CM_90463]	
[SWS_CM_90464]	
[SWS_CM_90465]	
[SWS_CM_90466]	

Table C.12: Deleted Specification Items in R19-11



C.6 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R20-11

C.6.1 Added Specification Items in R20-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00009]	Re-entrancy - General
[SWS_CM_00010]	Re-entrancy - OfferService
[SWS_CM_00011]	Re-entrancy - StopOfferService
[SWS_CM_00012]	Re-entrancy - Send
[SWS_CM_00013]	Re-entrancy - Allocate
[SWS_CM_00014]	Re-entrancy - RegisterGetHandler
[SWS_CM_00015]	Re-entrancy - RegisterSetHandler
[SWS_CM_00016]	Re-entrancy - Update
[SWS_CM_00017]	Re-entrancy - ServiceSkeleton method implementation
[SWS_CM_00018]	Re-entrancy - FindService
[SWS_CM_00019]	Re-entrancy - StartFindService
[SWS_CM_00020]	Re-entrancy - StopFindService
[SWS_CM_00021]	Re-entrancy - GetHandle
[SWS_CM_00022]	Re-entrancy - Subscribe
[SWS_CM_00023]	Re-entrancy - Unsubscribe
[SWS_CM_00024]	Re-entrancy - GetSubscriptionState
[SWS_CM_00025]	Re-entrancy - SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler
[SWS_CM_00026]	Re-entrancy - UnsetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler
[SWS_CM_00027]	Re-entrancy - GetFreeSampleCount
[SWS_CM_00028]	Re-entrancy - SetReceiveHandler
[SWS_CM_00029]	Re-entrancy - UnsetReceiveHandler
[SWS_CM_00030]	Re-entrancy - Get
[SWS_CM_00031]	Re-entrancy - Set
[SWS_CM_00032]	Re-entrancy - Method call operator
[SWS_CM_10230]	
[SWS_CM_10240]	
[SWS_CM_10360]	Failures in sending a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10363]	Failures in sending a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10447]	Dealing with unmodelled ApApplicationErrors
[SWS_CM_10491]	Re-establishing service connection
[SWS_CM_10492]	IAM Module Instantiation
[SWS_CM_10493]	Local Access Control Activation
[SWS_CM_10494]	Remote Access Control Activation



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10495]	TLS-based Authentication
[SWS_CM_10496]	IP and IPsec-based Authentication
[SWS_CM_10497]	Authentication Failure
[SWS_CM_10498]	Remote access control on executing methods
[SWS_CM_10499]	Remote access control on providing methods
[SWS_CM_10500]	Remote access control on providing events
[SWS_CM_10501]	Remote access control on consuming events
[SWS_CM_10502]	Remote access control on providing field notifiers
[SWS_CM_10503]	Remote access control on providing field setters
[SWS_CM_10504]	Remote access control on providing field getters
[SWS_CM_10505]	Remote access control on consuming field notifiers
[SWS_CM_10506]	Remote access control on calling field setters
[SWS_CM_10507]	Remote access control on calling field getters
[SWS_CM_11269]	Definition of serialization technology
[SWS_CM_11270]	Selecting elements of the ServiceInterface for SecOC transmission
[SWS_CM_11271]	SecOC secure channel behavior
[SWS_CM_11272]	Lifecycle management of FVM
[SWS_CM_11273]	Initialization of the FVM
[SWS_CM_11274]	SecOC secure channel sending
[SWS_CM_11275]	SecOC secure message build attempts
[SWS_CM_11276]	SecOC secure channel reception
[SWS_CM_11277]	SecOC secure message verification attempts
[SWS_CM_11278]	SecOC verification results
[SWS_CM_11279]	SecOc override the verification result
[SWS_CM_11286]	
[SWS_CM_11287]	
[SWS_CM_11288]	
[SWS_CM_11289]	
[SWS_CM_11290]	
[SWS_CM_11291]	
[SWS_CM_11292]	
[SWS_CM_11293]	
[SWS_CM_11295]	
[SWS_CM_11296]	
[SWS_CM_11297]	
[SWS_CM_11298]	
[SWS_CM_11299]	
[SWS_CM_11300]	
[SWS_CM_11301]	





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11302]	
[SWS_CM_11303]	
[SWS_CM_11304]	
[SWS_CM_11305]	
[SWS_CM_11306]	
[SWS_CM_11307]	
[SWS_CM_11308]	
[SWS_CM_11309]	
[SWS_CM_11310]	
[SWS_CM_11311]	
[SWS_CM_11312]	
[SWS_CM_11313]	
[SWS_CM_11314]	
[SWS_CM_11315]	
[SWS_CM_11316]	
[SWS_CM_11317]	
[SWS_CM_11318]	
[SWS_CM_11319]	
[SWS_CM_11320]	
[SWS_CM_11321]	
[SWS_CM_11322]	
[SWS_CM_11323]	
[SWS_CM_11324]	
[SWS_CM_11325]	
[SWS_CM_11326]	Creation of an object using Named Constructor approach
[SWS_CM_11327]	
[SWS_CM_11328]	
[SWS_CM_11329]	
[SWS_CM_11330]	
[SWS_CM_11331]	
[SWS_CM_11332]	
[SWS_CM_11333]	
[SWS_CM_11334]	
[SWS_CM_11335]	
[SWS_CM_11336]	
[SWS_CM_11337]	
[SWS_CM_11340]	Definition general ara::com::secoc errors
[SWS_CM_11341]	SecOcFvm errors domain
[SWS_CM_11342]	





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11344]	
[SWS_CM_11345]	
[SWS_CM_11346]	
[SWS_CM_11350]	Execution Context for process service method invocation
[SWS_CM_11351]	Error behaviour of provided Execution Context for process service method invocation
[SWS_CM_11352]	Execution Context for finding service with handler registration using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_11353]	Error behavior of provided Execution Context for finding service with handler registration using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_11354]	Execution Context for setting Subscription State change handler
[SWS_CM_11355]	Error behaviour of provided Execution Context for setting Subscription State change handler
[SWS_CM_11356]	Execution Context for enabling service event trigger
[SWS_CM_11357]	Error behaviour of provided Execution Context for enabling service event trigger
[SWS_CM_11358]	Execution Context to update the event cache
[SWS_CM_11359]	Error behaviour of provided Execution Context to update the event cache
[SWS_CM_11360]	Execution Context for registering Getters
[SWS_CM_11361]	Error behaviour of provided Execution Context for registering Getters
[SWS_CM_11362]	Execution Context for registering Setters
[SWS_CM_11363]	Error behaviour of provided Execution Context for registering Setters
[SWS_CM_11364]	Minimal behaviour of provided Execution Context
[SWS_CM_90453]	
[SWS_CM_90454]	
[SWS_CM_90455]	
[SWS_CM_90456]	
[SWS_CM_90457]	
[SWS_CM_90458]	
[SWS_CM_90459]	
[SWS_CM_90460]	
[SWS_CM_90461]	
[SWS_CM_90462]	
[SWS_CM_90463]	
[SWS_CM_90464]	E2E Error Handler - Invocation
[SWS_CM_90465]	E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments
[SWS_CM_90466]	Payload of the E2E Error Response
[SWS_CM_90467]	Payload of the Normal or Application Error Response
[SWS_CM_90468]	
[SWS_CM_90469]	



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_90470]	
[SWS_CM_90471]	
[SWS_CM_90472]	
[SWS_CM_90473]	
[SWS_CM_90474]	
[SWS_CM_90475]	
[SWS_CM_90476]	
[SWS_CM_90477]	E2E Error Return Code
[SWS_CM_90478]	
[SWS_CM_90479]	
[SWS_CM_90480]	
[SWS_CM_90481]	
[SWS_CM_90482]	
[SWS_CM_90483]	
[SWS_CM_90484]	
[SWS_CM_90485]	
[SWS_CM_90486]	
[SWS_CM_90487]	
[SWS_CM_90488]	
[SWS_CM_90489]	
[SWS_CM_90490]	
[SWS_CM_90491]	
[SWS_CM_90492]	
[SWS_CM_90493]	
[SWS_CM_90494]	
[SWS_CM_90495]	
[SWS_CM_90496]	
[SWS_CM_90497]	
[SWS_CM_90498]	
[SWS_CM_90499]	
[SWS_CM_99000]	CommunicationGroupServer Service
[SWS_CM_99001]	Broadcast method of CommunicationGroupServer Service
[SWS_CM_99002]	Peer To Peer Message method of CommunicationGroupServer Service
[SWS_CM_99004]	Attributes for the RawDataStream instance
[SWS_CM_99005]	Wait for incoming connections
[SWS_CM_99006]	Timeout handling
[SWS_CM_99007]	CommunicationGroupClient Service
[SWS_CM_99008]	Message method of CommunicationGroupClient Service
[SWS_CM_99009]	Message Response event of CommunicationGroupClient Service





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_99010]	Broadcast task
[SWS_CM_99011]	Peer To Peer message task
[SWS_CM_99012]	Message Response task
[SWS_CM_99013]	List Clients task
[SWS_CM_99014]	Message Response event of CommunicationGroupServer Service
[SWS_CM_99015]	List Clients method of CommunicationGroupServer Service
[SWS_CM_99016]	Connection Status of a Communication Group Server
[SWS_CM_99017]	Identifiable.category value COMMUNICATION_GROUP
[SWS_CM_99018]	Identifiable.category value COMMUNICATION_GROUP_SERVER
[SWS_CM_99019]	Identifiable.category value COMMUNICATION_GROUP_CLIENT
[SWS_CM_99020]	Communcation Group template
[SWS_CM_99021]	SHORT-NAME value of generated CommunicationGroupServer service
[SWS_CM_99022]	SHORT-NAME value of generated CommunicationGroupClient service
[SWS_CM_99023]	Definition general ara::com::cg errors
[SWS_CM_99024]	
[SWS_CM_99025]	Raw errors domain
[SWS_CM_99026]	E2E errors domain
[SWS_CM_99027]	Cg errors domain

Table C.13: Added Specification Items in R20-11

C.6.2 Changed Specification Items in R20-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00101]	Method to offer a service
[SWS_CM_00102]	Uniqueness of offered service on local machine
[SWS_CM_00114]	Registering Getters
[SWS_CM_00116]	Registering Setters
[SWS_CM_00118]	Method Instance Specifier Translation
[SWS_CM_00119]	Update Function
[SWS_CM_00122]	Find service with immediately returned request using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_00123]	Find service with handler registration using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_00128]	Ensuring the existence of valid Field values
[SWS_CM_00129]	Ensuring the existence of SetHandler
[SWS_CM_00141]	Method to subscribe to a service event
[SWS_CM_00151]	Method to unsubscribe from a service event
[SWS_CM_00152]	Creation of service skeleton using Instance Spec





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00162]	Send event where application is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_00181]	Enable service event trigger
[SWS_CM_00183]	Disable service event trigger
[SWS_CM_00202]	SOME/IP FindService message
[SWS_CM_00203]	SOME/IP OfferService message
[SWS_CM_00204]	SOME/IP StopOffer message
[SWS_CM_00205]	Content of SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_00206]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupAck message
[SWS_CM_00207]	Content of SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_00208]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupNack message
[SWS_CM_00302]	Instance Identifier Class
[SWS_CM_00306]	Sample Pointer
[SWS_CM_00333]	Set Subscription State change handler
[SWS_CM_00403]	StdCppImplementationDataType of category with one dimension
[SWS_CM_00404]	Array Data Type with more than one dimension
[SWS_CM_00503]	StdCppImplementationDataType of Identifiable.category VECTOR with one dimension defined with an Allocator
[SWS_CM_00622]	Find service with immediately returned request using Instance Specifier
[SWS_CM_00623]	Find service with handler registration using Instance Specifier
[SWS_CM_00700]	Ensure memory allocation of maxSampleCount samples
[SWS_CM_00704]	Return Value
[SWS_CM_00707]	Calculation of Free Sample Count
[SWS_CM_01010]	Service Identifier, Service Version Classes and Service Contract Version
[SWS_CM_01059]	Variant destructor
[SWS_CM_10247]	Deserialization of strings
[SWS_CM_10291]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10292]	Checks for a received SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10301]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10302]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10308]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10312]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10323]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10333]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10334]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10344]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10357]	Distinguishing errors from normal responses
[SWS_CM_10358]	Identifying the right application error in a message with Message Type set to RESPONSE (0x80)
[SWS_CM_10410]	InstanceIdentifier check during the creation of service skeleton





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10429]	Identifying the right application error in a message with Message Type set to ERROR (0x81)
[SWS_CM_10430]	Handling invalid messages with Message Type set to ERROR (0x81)
[SWS_CM_10431]	Mapping of ara::core::ErrorCode
[SWS_CM_10432]	
[SWS_CM_10435]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_10436]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance Spec
[SWS_CM_10437]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance ID Container
[SWS_CM_10438]	Exception-less creation of service proxy
[SWS_CM_10450]	InstanceSpecifier check during the creation of service skeleton
[SWS_CM_10453]	Implementation of SwDataDefProps.invalidValue
[SWS_CM_10462]	
[SWS_CM_10463]	
[SWS_CM_10464]	
[SWS_CM_10465]	
[SWS_CM_10467]	
[SWS_CM_10468]	
[SWS_CM_10469]	
[SWS_CM_10470]	E2E Error Handler - Existence
[SWS_CM_10471]	E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments
[SWS_CM_10472]	E2E Error Response
[SWS_CM_10473]	Handling the E2E Error Response
[SWS_CM_10474]	
[SWS_CM_10475]	
[SWS_CM_10476]	Defining a RawDataStream
[SWS_CM_10477]	Connect stream link
[SWS_CM_10478]	Shutdown stream link
[SWS_CM_10479]	Read data from stream
[SWS_CM_10480]	Write data to stream
[SWS_CM_10481]	
[SWS_CM_10482]	
[SWS_CM_10483]	
[SWS_CM_10484]	
[SWS_CM_10485]	
[SWS_CM_10486]	
[SWS_CM_10487]	
[SWS_CM_11001]	Mapping of OfferService method
[SWS_CM_11009]	Discovering remote Service Instances through DDS DomainParticipants
[SWS_CM_11016]	DDS Topic data type definition





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11100]	Mapping Methods to DDS Service Methods and Topics
[SWS_CM_11103]	Creating a DataWriter to handle method requests on the client side
[SWS_CM_11104]	Creating a DataReader to handle method responses on the client side
[SWS_CM_11105]	Creating a DataReader to handle method requests on the server side
[SWS_CM_11106]	Creating a DataWriter to handle method responses on the server side
[SWS_CM_11131]	Field Notifier DDS Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_11144]	Mapping of Field Get/Set methods to DDS Service Methods and Topics
[SWS_CM_11268]	Definition general ara::com::raw errors
[SWS_CM_12367]	
[SWS_CM_80021]	Conditions for sending of an event message
[SWS_CM_80023]	Source of an event message
[SWS_CM_80024]	Destination of an event message
[SWS_CM_80025]	Content of the SOME/IP serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80027]	Checks for a received SOME/IP serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80030]	Silently discarding event messages for unsubscribed events
[SWS_CM_80032]	Deserializing the SOME/IP serialized payload
[SWS_CM_80033]	Deserializing the signal-based serialized payload
[SWS_CM_80063]	Conditions for sending of an event message
[SWS_CM_80067]	Content of the SOME/IP serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80072]	Silently discarding event messages for unsubscribed events
[SWS_CM_80074]	Deserializing the SOME/IP serialized payload
[SWS_CM_80075]	Deserializing the signal-based payload
[SWS_CM_90001]	Restrictions on executing methods
[SWS_CM_90002]	Restrictions on sending events
[SWS_CM_90003]	Restrictions on receiving events
[SWS_CM_90005]	Restrictions on offering services
[SWS_CM_90006]	Restrictions on using services
[SWS_CM_90007]	Restrictions on using RawDataStreams
[SWS_CM_90102]	Using secure TLS, DTLS and SecOC channels
[SWS_CM_90103]	TLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90104]	DTLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90111]	Behavior of a ServiceProxy over TLS before successful completion of the handshake
[SWS_CM_90115]	SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90121]	TLS server role of a Skeleton
[SWS_CM_90203]	TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90204]	DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90401]	
[SWS_CM_90403]	





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_90404]	
[SWS_CM_90408]	
[SWS_CM_90410]	
[SWS_CM_90411]	
[SWS_CM_90412]	
[SWS_CM_90413]	
[SWS_CM_90415]	
[SWS_CM_90416]	
[SWS_CM_90417]	
[SWS_CM_90421]	ara::com::e2e::ProfileCheckStatus
[SWS_CM_90422]	ara::com::e2e::SMState
[SWS_CM_90430]	
[SWS_CM_90431]	
[SWS_CM_90433]	
[SWS_CM_90437]	Send event where Communication Management is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_90438]	Allocating data for event transfer

Table C.14: Changed Specification Items in R20-11

C.6.3 Deleted Specification Items in R20-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00350]	Instance Specifier Class
[SWS_CM_10433]	Declaration of Construction Token
[SWS_CM_10434]	Creation of a Construction Token
[SWS_CM_10461]	
[SWS_CM_80002]	
[SWS_CM_80005]	Start of service discovery protocol on Server side
[SWS_CM_80006]	Start of service discovery protocol on Client side
[SWS_CM_80007]	SOME/IP FindService message
[SWS_CM_80008]	SOME/IP OfferService message
[SWS_CM_80009]	SOME/IP StopOffer message
[SWS_CM_80010]	Sending SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup messages - initial
[SWS_CM_80011]	Sending SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup messages - renewal
[SWS_CM_80012]	Content of SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_80013]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupAck message
[SWS_CM_80014]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupNack message





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_80015]	Sending SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup messages
[SWS_CM_80016]	Content of SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_80018]	Enabling of data accumulation for UDP data transmission
[SWS_CM_80029]	Identifying the right event
[SWS_CM_80031]	Invoke receive handler
[SWS_CM_80034]	Providing the received event data
[SWS_CM_80035]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80036]	Failures in sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80037]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80038]	Source of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80039]	Destination of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80040]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80041]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80042]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_80043]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_80044]	Invoke the method - event driven
[SWS_CM_80045]	Invoke the method - polling
[SWS_CM_80046]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80047]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80048]	Source of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80049]	Destination of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80050]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80051]	payload representing application error
[SWS_CM_80052]	Checks for a received SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80053]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_80054]	Discarding orphaned responses
[SWS_CM_80055]	Distinguishing errors from normal responses
[SWS_CM_80056]	Deserializing the payload - normal response messages
[SWS_CM_80057]	Failures during deserialization of response messages
[SWS_CM_80058]	Identifying the right application error in a message with Message Type set to RESPONSE (0x80)
[SWS_CM_80059]	Identifying the right application error in a message with Message Type set to ERROR (0x81)
[SWS_CM_80060]	Handling invalid messages with Message Type set to RESPONSE (0x81)
[SWS_CM_80061]	Making the Future ready
[SWS_CM_80062]	Invoke the notification function
[SWS_CM_80071]	Identifying the right event
[SWS_CM_80073]	Invoke receive handler
[SWS_CM_80076]	Providing the received event data





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_80077]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80078]	Failures in sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80079]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80080]	Source of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80081]	Destination of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80082]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80083]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_80084]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_80085]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_80086]	Invoke the registered set/get handlers - event driven
[SWS_CM_80087]	Invoke the registered set/get handlers - polling
[SWS_CM_80088]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80089]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80090]	Source of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80091]	Destination of a SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80092]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80093]	Checks for a received SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_80094]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_80095]	Discarding orphaned responses
[SWS_CM_80096]	Deserializing the payload
[SWS_CM_80097]	Failures during deserialization of response messages
[SWS_CM_80098]	Making the Future ready
[SWS_CM_80099]	Invoke the notification function
[SWS_CM_90004]	Process separation of network and language binding for access control
[SWS_CM_90105]	TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90106]	DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90107]	TLS secure channel for fields
[SWS_CM_90120]	TLS client role of a Proxy
[SWS_CM_90405]	

Table C.15: Deleted Specification Items in R20-11



C.7 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R21-11

C.7.1 Added Specification Items in R21-11

[SWS_CM_00001] [SWS_CM_00035] Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Unsubscribe [SWS_CM_00104] StopOfferService [SWS_CM_00226] Method to update the trigger counter [SWS_CM_00227] Sequence of actions in GetNewTriggers [SWS_CM_00228] Return Value [SWS_CM_00249] Enable service Trigger trigger [SWS_CM_00351] Trigger Receive Handler [SWS_CM_00721] Send trigger
[SWS_CM_00035] Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Unsubscribe [SWS_CM_00104] StopOfferService [SWS_CM_00226] Method to update the trigger counter [SWS_CM_00227] Sequence of actions in GetNewTriggers [SWS_CM_00228] Return Value [SWS_CM_00249] Enable service Trigger trigger [SWS_CM_00351] Trigger Receive Handler
[SWS_CM_00104] StopOfferService [SWS_CM_00226] Method to update the trigger counter [SWS_CM_00227] Sequence of actions in GetNewTriggers [SWS_CM_00228] Return Value [SWS_CM_00249] Enable service Trigger trigger [SWS_CM_00351] Trigger Receive Handler
[SWS_CM_00226] Method to update the trigger counter [SWS_CM_00227] Sequence of actions in GetNewTriggers [SWS_CM_00228] Return Value [SWS_CM_00249] Enable service Trigger trigger [SWS_CM_00351] Trigger Receive Handler
[SWS_CM_00227] Sequence of actions in GetNewTriggers [SWS_CM_00228] Return Value [SWS_CM_00249] Enable service Trigger trigger [SWS_CM_00351] Trigger Receive Handler
[SWS_CM_00228] Return Value [SWS_CM_00249] Enable service Trigger trigger [SWS_CM_00351] Trigger Receive Handler
[SWS_CM_00249] Enable service Trigger trigger [SWS_CM_00351] Trigger Receive Handler
[SWS_CM_00351] Trigger Receive Handler
[SWS_CM_00721] Send trigger
[SWS_CM_00722] Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Send
[SWS_CM_00723] Method to subscribe to a service trigger
[SWS_CM_00724] Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Subscribe
[SWS_CM_00810] Method to unsubscribe from a service trigger
[SWS_CM_10445] SomelpBurstTransmission
[SWS_CM_10511] Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP trigger
[SWS_CM_10512] Content of the SOME/IP trigger
[SWS_CM_10513] Checks for a received SOME/IP trigger
[SWS_CM_10514] Identifying the right trigger
[SWS_CM_10515] Silently discarding SOME/IP triggers for unsubscribed triggers
[SWS_CM_10516] Invoke receive handler
[SWS_CM_10517] Failures in sending a SOME/IP trigger
[SWS_CM_10518] Conditions for sending of a trigger
[SWS_CM_10519] Content of the SOME/IP serialized trigger message
[SWS_CM_10520] Content of the signal-based serialized trigger message
[SWS_CM_10521] Checks for a received SOME/IP serialized trigger message
[SWS_CM_10522] Checks for a received signal-based serialized trigger
[SWS_CM_10523] Silently discarding trigger for unsubscribed triggers
[SWS_CM_10524] Mapping Triggers to DDS Topics
[SWS_CM_10525] DDS Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_10526] Mapping of Send method
[SWS_CM_10527] Mapping of Subscribe method
[SWS_CM_10528] Creating a DDS DataReader for trigger subscription





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10529]	Defining a DDS DataReaderListener
[SWS_CM_10530]	Mapping of Unsubscribe method
[SWS_CM_10531]	Mapping of GetSubscriptionState method
[SWS_CM_10532]	Mapping of GetNewTriggers method
[SWS_CM_10534]	Mapping of SetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_10535]	Mapping of UnsetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_10536]	Mapping of SetSubscriptionStateHandler method
[SWS_CM_10537]	Mapping of UnsetSubscriptionStateHandler method
[SWS_CM_10538]	Restrictions on sending triggers
[SWS_CM_10539]	Restrictions on receiving triggers
[SWS_CM_10540]	Remote access control on providing triggers
[SWS_CM_10541]	Remote access control on consuming triggers
[SWS_CM_10550]	Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Trigger in the ServiceInterface
[SWS_CM_11251]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - GetNewTriggers
[SWS_CM_11370]	ServiceSkeleton destructor
[SWS_CM_11371]	HandleType destructor
[SWS_CM_12000]	Implementation types header files directory structure
[SWS_CM_12001]	C++ Implementation Data Types files
[SWS_CM_80501]	Mapping of Offer Service (Signal-Based Static network binding)
[SWS_CM_80502]	Mapping of Find Service (Signal-Based Static network binding)
[SWS_CM_80503]	Mapping of Subscribe Service (Signal-Based Static network binding)
[SWS_CM_80504]	Configuration of a data accumulation on a RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance for transmission over UDP (Signal-Based Static network binding)
[SWS_CM_80505]	Data accumulation for UDP data transmission (Signal-Based Static network binding)
[SWS_CM_80506]	Arbitrary Message Header usage for Signal-Based Static network binding messages
[SWS_CM_80507]	No header option for Signal-Based Static network binding messages
[SWS_CM_80508]	No method support for Signal-Based Static network binding
[SWS_CM_80509]	Only field notifier support for Signal-Based Static network binding
[SWS_CM_80510]	Ignoring not mapped elements
[SWS_CM_80511]	Deserializing incomplete data belonging to a field
[SWS_CM_80512]	Mapping of Stop Offer Service (Signal-Based Static network binding)
[SWS_CM_80513]	Mapping of Unsubscribe Service (Signal-Based Static network binding)
[SWS_CM_90216]	Socket Options configuration
[SWS_CM_90217]	TLS properties configuration
[SWS_CM_90218]	Enforcement of IAM grants through DDS Security
[SWS_CM_90426]	Mapping of ProfileCheckStatus





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_90427]	Mapping of SMState
[SWS_CM_90500]	Choice of Service Instance discovery protocol
[SWS_CM_90501]	Topic naming for Domain Participant USER_DATA QoS - based Service Instances
[SWS_CM_90502]	Mapping of OfferService method
[SWS_CM_90503]	Assigning a DDS DomainParticipant to a Service Instance
[SWS_CM_90504]	Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Event in the ServiceInterface
[SWS_CM_90505]	Assigning a DDS Request and Reply Topic, and DataWriters and DataReaders, to the Methods in the ServiceInterface
[SWS_CM_90506]	Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Field in the ServiceInterface with its hasNotifier attribute equal to true
[SWS_CM_90507]	Assigning a DDS Request and Reply Topic, and DataWriters and DataReaders, to the Field Getters/Setters in the ServiceInterface
[SWS_CM_90508]	Advertising Service IDs, Service Instance IDs, and ServiceInterface Contract Versions over the ara.com://services/discovery topic
[SWS_CM_90509]	Mapping of StopOfferService method
[SWS_CM_90510]	Mapping of FindService method
[SWS_CM_90511]	Finding a DDS DomainParticipant suitable for performing client-side operations
[SWS_CM_90512]	Creating a DDS DomainParticipant suitable for performing client-side operations
[SWS_CM_90513]	Discovering remote Service Instances through the ara.com://services/discovery topic
[SWS_CM_90514]	Mapping of StartFindService method
[SWS_CM_90515]	Mapping of StopFindService method
[SWS_CM_99028]	Types of APIs - Communication and Service Discovery APIs

Table C.16: Added Specification Items in R21-11

C.7.2 Changed Specification Items in R21-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00009]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - General
[SWS_CM_00010]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - OfferService
[SWS_CM_00011]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety- StopOfferService
[SWS_CM_00012]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Send
[SWS_CM_00013]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Allocate
[SWS_CM_00014]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - RegisterGetHandler





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00015]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - RegisterSetHandler
[SWS_CM_00016]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Update
[SWS_CM_00017]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - ServiceSkeleton method implementation
[SWS_CM_00018]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - FindService
[SWS_CM_00019]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - StartFindService
[SWS_CM_00020]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - StopFindService
[SWS_CM_00021]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - GetHandle
[SWS_CM_00022]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Subscribe
[SWS_CM_00023]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Unsubscribe
[SWS_CM_00024]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - GetSubscriptionState
[SWS_CM_00025]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler
[SWS_CM_00026]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - UnsetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler
[SWS_CM_00027]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - GetFreeSampleCount
[SWS_CM_00028]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - SetReceiveHandler
[SWS_CM_00029]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - UnsetReceiveHandler
[SWS_CM_00030]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Get
[SWS_CM_00031]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Set
[SWS_CM_00032]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - Method call operator
[SWS_CM_00102]	Uniqueness of offered service on local machine
[SWS_CM_00103]	Protocol where a service is offered
[SWS_CM_00119]	Update Function
[SWS_CM_00141]	Method to subscribe to a service event
[SWS_CM_00162]	Send event where application is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_00191]	Provision of method
[SWS_CM_00196]	Initiate a method call
[SWS_CM_00199]	Process Service method invocation
[SWS_CM_00209]	Start of service discovery protocol on Client side
[SWS_CM_00253]	Default size of length field for structs
[SWS_CM_00254]	Precedence when setting size of length field for structs
[SWS_CM_00255]	Default size of length field for structs
[SWS_CM_00256]	Default data type for the length field of structs
[SWS_CM_00258]	Default size of the length field for arrays
[SWS_CM_00259]	Setting size of the length field for arrays
[SWS_CM_00260]	Datatype for the length field of arrays
[SWS_CM_00264]	Setting the size of the length field for associative maps
[SWS_CM_00265]	Datatype for the length field of associative maps
[SWS_CM_00301]	Method Call Processing Mode
[SWS_CM_00302]	Instance Identifier Class





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00306]	Sample Pointer
[SWS_CM_00310]	Subscription State
[SWS_CM_00701]	Method to update the event cache
[SWS_CM_00703]	Sequence of actions in GetNewSamples
[SWS_CM_00704]	Return Value
[SWS_CM_00705]	Query Free Sample Slots
[SWS_CM_00710]	No implicit context switches
[SWS_CM_00714]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - GetNewSamples
[SWS_CM_01004]	Inclusion of common header file
[SWS_CM_01010]	Service Identifier and Service Contract Version
[SWS_CM_01020]	Common/Service header files directory structure
[SWS_CM_01069]	Variant function to create a new value in-place, in an existing Variant object by destoying and initializing the contained value using an initializer list
[SWS_CM_10258]	Default size of the length field for arrays
[SWS_CM_10267]	Insertion of an associative map length field
[SWS_CM_10269]	Setting the byte order of the length field for structs
[SWS_CM_10270]	Default byte order for the length field of structs
[SWS_CM_10273]	Size of length field for strings
[SWS_CM_10274]	Setting byte order for the length field of strings
[SWS_CM_10275]	Default size of length field for strings
[SWS_CM_10276]	Default byte order for the length field of strings
[SWS_CM_10278]	Data type of the length field for strings
[SWS_CM_10280]	Setting the byte order for size of length field for arrays
[SWS_CM_10281]	Byte order of length field for arrays
[SWS_CM_10283]	Setting the byte order for size of the length field for associative maps
[SWS_CM_10284]	Default byte order for size of the length field for associative maps
[SWS_CM_10292]	Checks for a received SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10361]	Serializing Enumeration Data Type
[SWS_CM_10372]	Inclusion of Implementation Types header files
[SWS_CM_10389]	Configuration of a data accumulation on a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance for transmission over UDP
[SWS_CM_10391]	Serializing Scale Linear And Texttable Data Type
[SWS_CM_10432]	
[SWS_CM_10451]	InstanceIdentifierContainer check during the creation of service skeleton
[SWS_CM_10458]	Handling of an ServiceInterface that does not contain any events, methods, or fields
[SWS_CM_10475]	
[SWS_CM_10476]	Defining a RawDataStream
[SWS_CM_10477]	Connect stream link





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10482]	
[SWS_CM_10484]	
[SWS_CM_10485]	
[SWS_CM_10486]	
[SWS_CM_10487]	
[SWS_CM_11001]	Mapping of OfferService method
[SWS_CM_11005]	Mapping of StopOfferService method
[SWS_CM_11015]	Mapping Events to DDS Topics
[SWS_CM_11016]	DDS Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_11019]	Creating a DDS DataReader for event subscription
[SWS_CM_11023]	Mapping of GetNewSamples method
[SWS_CM_11042]	DDS serialization of enumeration data types
[SWS_CM_11100]	Mapping Methods to DDS Service Methods and Topics
[SWS_CM_11102]	DDS Service Reply Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_11103]	Creating a DataWriter to handle method requests on the client side
[SWS_CM_11104]	Creating a DataReader to handle method responses on the client side
[SWS_CM_11105]	Creating a DataReader to handle method requests on the server side
[SWS_CM_11106]	Creating a DataWriter to handle method responses on the server side
[SWS_CM_11130]	Mapping Fields with hasNotifier attribute to DDS Topics
[SWS_CM_11133]	Mapping of Subscribe method
[SWS_CM_11134]	Creating a DDS DataReader for field subscription
[SWS_CM_11144]	Mapping of Field Get/Set methods to DDS Service Methods and Topics
[SWS_CM_11147]	Creating a DataWriter to handle get/set requests on the client side
[SWS_CM_11148]	Creating a DataReader to handle get/set responses on the client side
[SWS_CM_11149]	Creating a DataReader to handle get/set requests on the server side
[SWS_CM_11150]	Creating a DataWriter to handle get/set responses on the server side
[SWS_CM_11262]	Missing alignment for a variable data length data element
[SWS_CM_11263]	Precedence of alignment settings for a variable data length data element
[SWS_CM_11286]	
[SWS_CM_11307]	
[SWS_CM_11309]	
[SWS_CM_11310]	
[SWS_CM_11312]	
[SWS_CM_11318]	
[SWS_CM_11319]	
[SWS_CM_11320]	
[SWS_CM_11322]	
[SWS_CM_11323]	



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11324]	
[SWS_CM_11325]	
[SWS_CM_11345]	
[SWS_CM_11346]	
[SWS_CM_11350]	Execution Context for process service method invocation
[SWS_CM_11352]	Execution Context for finding service with handler registration using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_11354]	Execution Context for setting Subscription State change handler
[SWS_CM_11356]	Execution Context for enabling service event trigger
[SWS_CM_11358]	Execution Context to update the event cache
[SWS_CM_11360]	Execution Context for registering Getters
[SWS_CM_11362]	Execution Context for registering Setters
[SWS_CM_12367]	
[SWS_CM_80019]	Configuration of a data accumulation on a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance for transmission over UDP
[SWS_CM_80027]	Checks for a received SOME/IP serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80028]	Checks for a received signal-based serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80103]	Deserializing incomplete data belonging to a field
[SWS_CM_90109]	SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90113]	Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake
[SWS_CM_90114]	Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake
[SWS_CM_90116]	SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90213]	TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90214]	DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90421]	ara::com::e2e::ProfileCheckStatus
[SWS_CM_90422]	ara::com::e2e::SMState
[SWS_CM_90431]	
[SWS_CM_90437]	Send event where Communication Management is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_90443]	Wire type for non-dynamic data types
[SWS_CM_90444]	Wire type for dynamic data types
[SWS_CM_90445]	A deserializer shall always be able to handle the wire types 4, 5, 6 and 7
[SWS_CM_90446]	Data ID
[SWS_CM_90451]	Byte order for the length field of serialized structs
[SWS_CM_90452]	Default byte order for the length field of structs
[SWS_CM_90483]	
[SWS_CM_90484]	
[SWS_CM_90486]	
[SWS_CM_90487]	



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_90488]	
[SWS_CM_90489]	
[SWS_CM_90490]	
[SWS_CM_90491]	
[SWS_CM_90492]	
[SWS_CM_90493]	
[SWS_CM_90494]	
[SWS_CM_90495]	
[SWS_CM_90496]	
[SWS_CM_90497]	
[SWS_CM_90498]	
[SWS_CM_90499]	
[SWS_CM_99004]	Ethernet endpoint configuration
[SWS_CM_99005]	Wait for incoming connections
[SWS_CM_99006]	Timeout handling

Table C.17: Changed Specification Items in R21-11

C.7.3 Deleted Specification Items in R21-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00400]	Naming of data types by short name
[SWS_CM_00402]	Primitive fixed width integer types
[SWS_CM_00403]	StdCppImplementationDataType of category with one dimension
[SWS_CM_00404]	Array Data Type with more than one dimension
[SWS_CM_00405]	Structure Data Type
[SWS_CM_00406]	StdCppImplementationDataType with the category
[SWS_CM_00407]	StdCppImplementationDataType of Identifiable.category VECTOR with one dimension defined without an Allocator
[SWS_CM_00408]	Vector Data Type with more than one dimension
[SWS_CM_00409]	StdCppImplementationDataType with Identifiable.category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP defined without an Allocator
[SWS_CM_00410]	Data Type redefinition
[SWS_CM_00411]	Avoid Data Type redeclaration
[SWS_CM_00414]	Element specification typed by CppImplementationDataType
[SWS_CM_00421]	Provide data type definitions
[SWS_CM_00423]	Data Type Mapping
[SWS_CM_00424]	Enumeration Data Type



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00425]	Definition of enumerators
[SWS_CM_00426]	Reject incomplete Enumeration Data Types
[SWS_CM_00449]	Variant Data Type
[SWS_CM_00450]	Define the maximum size of allocated vector memory
[SWS_CM_00452]	Usage of attribute CppImplementationDataType.arraySize of an CppImplementationDataType with category
[SWS_CM_00502]	CustomCppImplementationDataType of Identifiable.category
[SWS_CM_00503]	StdCppImplementationDataType of Identifiable.category VECTOR with one dimension defined with an Allocator
[SWS_CM_00504]	Supported Primitive Cpp Implementation Data Types
[SWS_CM_00505]	StdCppImplementationDataType with Identifiable.category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP defined with an Allocator
[SWS_CM_00506]	CustomCppImplementationDataType of category
[SWS_CM_00507]	CustomCppImplementationDataType of category
[SWS_CM_00508]	CustomCppImplementationDataType of Identifiable.category
[SWS_CM_00509]	StdCppImplementationDataType with the category with a defined Allocator
[SWS_CM_01032]	Accessing optional record elements inside a Structure Cpp Implementation Data Type that are serialized with the Tag-Length-Value principle.
[SWS_CM_10373]	Implementation Types header files existence
[SWS_CM_10374]	Data Type definitions for AUTOSAR Data Types in Implementation Types header files
[SWS_CM_10375]	Implementation Types header file namespace
[SWS_CM_10376]	Skip CompuScales with non-point range
[SWS_CM_10392]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable Class Template
[SWS_CM_10393]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable static assertion
[SWS_CM_10394]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable underlying type deduction
[SWS_CM_10395]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable default constructor
[SWS_CM_10396]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable copy constructor
[SWS_CM_10397]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable constructor with enum class argument
[SWS_CM_10398]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable constructor with underlying type argument
[SWS_CM_10399]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable copy assignment operator
[SWS_CM_10400]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable assignment operator with enum class argurment
[SWS_CM_10401]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable assignment operator with underlying type argument
[SWS_CM_10402]	ScaleLinearAndTexttable cast operator to the underlying type
[SWS_CM_10403]	Equal to operator between two ScaleLinearAndTexttable objects
[SWS_CM_10404]	Equal to operators between ScaleLinearAndTexttable and an underlying type
[SWS_CM_10405]	Equal to operators between ScaleLinearAndTexttable and an enum class
[SWS_CM_10406]	Not equal to operator between two ScaleLinearAndTexttable objects





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10407]	Not equal to operators between ScaleLinearAndTexttable and an underlying type
[SWS_CM_10408]	Not equal to operators between ScaleLinearAndTexttable and an enum class
[SWS_CM_10409]	Scale Linear And Textable type definition
[SWS_CM_11004]	Adding Service and Service Instance IDs to the DDS DomainParticipant's USER_DATA QoS Policy
[SWS_CM_11308]	
[SWS_CM_11321]	
[SWS_CM_90210]	Using the DDS Security standard plug-ins in the Adaptive Platform

Table C.18: Deleted Specification Items in R21-11

C.8 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R22-11

C.8.1 Added Specification Items in R22-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00820]	Binding information
[SWS_CM_00821]	Service location scenarios
[SWS_CM_01071]	
[SWS_CM_01072]	
[SWS_CM_01073]	
[SWS_CM_01074]	
[SWS_CM_01075]	
[SWS_CM_02201]	Static service connection
[SWS_CM_02202]	Service Discovery is bypassed by static service connection
[SWS_CM_02203]	Service versioning is not checked at runtime in case of a static service connection
[SWS_CM_10061]	Supported encoding of CppImplementationDataType with category equal to STRING
[SWS_CM_11372]	SecOC secure channel reception bypass
[SWS_CM_11373]	Cyclic interval of OfferService messages
[SWS_CM_11374]	Periodic link state monitoring
[SWS_CM_11375]	Link loss on Client side
[SWS_CM_11376]	Link loss on Server side
[SWS_CM_11400]	Service skeleton SampleType type alias
[SWS_CM_11401]	Service proxy SampleType type alias





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11402]	Service skeleton FieldType class
[SWS_CM_11403]	Service proxy FieldType alias
[SWS_CM_11411]	Deserializing incomplete data on the skeleton side
[SWS_CM_11412]	Deserializing incomplete data on the proxy side
[SWS_CM_11413]	Deserializing incomplete data on the proxy side belonging to a field and initValue not defined
[SWS_CM_12501]	
[SWS_CM_12502]	
[SWS_CM_12503]	
[SWS_CM_12504]	
[SWS_CM_12505]	
[SWS_CM_12506]	
[SWS_CM_12507]	
[SWS_CM_12508]	
[SWS_CM_12509]	
[SWS_CM_12510]	
[SWS_CM_12511]	
[SWS_CM_12512]	
[SWS_CM_12513]	
[SWS_CM_12514]	
[SWS_CM_12515]	
[SWS_CM_12516]	
[SWS_CM_12517]	
[SWS_CM_12518]	
[SWS_CM_12519]	
[SWS_CM_12520]	
[SWS_CM_12521]	
[SWS_CM_12522]	
[SWS_CM_99029]	Service Contract Version
[SWS_CM_99030]	Find Service Handle
[SWS_CM_99031]	Send event where application is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_99032]	Send event where Communication Management is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_99033]	Allocating data for event transfer
[SWS_CM_99034]	
[SWS_CM_99035]	Set Subscription State change handler
[SWS_CM_99036]	Event message separation time
[SWS_CM_99037]	Method request message separation time
[SWS_CM_99038]	Method response message segmentation
[SWS_CM_99039]	Method response message separation time



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_99040]	MACsec secure channel between communication nodes and MACsec security association

Table C.19: Added Specification Items in R22-11

C.8.2 Changed Specification Items in R22-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00008]	Service proxy Field class
[SWS_CM_00009]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety - General
[SWS_CM_00103]	Network binding where a service is offered
[SWS_CM_00104]	Network binding for StopOfferService
[SWS_CM_00112]	Method to get the value of a field
[SWS_CM_00113]	Method to set the value of a field
[SWS_CM_00114]	Registering Getters
[SWS_CM_00116]	Registering Setters
[SWS_CM_00118]	
[SWS_CM_00119]	Update Function
[SWS_CM_00122]	Find service with immediately returned request using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_00123]	Find service with handler registration using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_00130]	Creation of service skeleton using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_00152]	Creation of service skeleton using Instance Spec
[SWS_CM_00153]	Creation of service skeleton using Instance ID Container
[SWS_CM_00162]	Send event where application is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_00198]	Set service method processing mode
[SWS_CM_00199]	Process Service method invocation
[SWS_CM_00201]	Start of service discovery protocol on Server side
[SWS_CM_00202]	SOME/IP FindService message
[SWS_CM_00203]	SOME/IP OfferService message
[SWS_CM_00204]	SOME/IP StopOffer message
[SWS_CM_00205]	Content of SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_00206]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupAck message
[SWS_CM_00207]	Content of SOME/IP StopSubscribeEventgroup message
[SWS_CM_00208]	SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroupNack message
[SWS_CM_00209]	Start of service discovery protocol on Client side
[SWS_CM_00227]	Sequence of actions in GetNewTriggers
[SWS_CM_00302]	Instance Identifier Class



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00303]	Find Service Handle
[SWS_CM_00313]	Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler with kSubscriptionPending
[SWS_CM_00314]	Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler with kSubscribed
[SWS_CM_00315]	Re-establishing an active subscription
[SWS_CM_00319]	Instance Identifier Container Class
[SWS_CM_00333]	Set Subscription State change handler
[SWS_CM_00383]	Find Service Handler
[SWS_CM_00622]	Find service with immediately returned request using Instance Specifier
[SWS_CM_00700]	Ensure memory allocation of maxSampleCount samples
[SWS_CM_00703]	Sequence of actions in GetNewSamples
[SWS_CM_00704]	Return Value
[SWS_CM_00707]	Calculation of Free Sample Count
[SWS_CM_01010]	Service Identifier and Service Contract Version
[SWS_CM_10017]	Deserializing incomplete data on the proxy side belonging to a field and initValue defined
[SWS_CM_10036]	Serialization of supported StdCppImplementationDataTypes
[SWS_CM_10202]	Version blocklist
[SWS_CM_10247]	Deserialization of strings
[SWS_CM_10287]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10288]	Transport protocol for sending of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10289]	Source of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10290]	Destination of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10291]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10292]	Checks for a received SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10293]	Identifying the right event
[SWS_CM_10297]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10300]	Destination of a SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10301]	Content of the SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10302]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10303]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_10312]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10313]	Checks for a received SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10314]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_10317]	Making the Future ready
[SWS_CM_10319]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10323]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10325]	Identifying the right event
[SWS_CM_10328]	Invoke receive handler
[SWS_CM_10333]	Content of the SOME/IP request message





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10334]	Checks for a received SOME/IP request message
[SWS_CM_10335]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_10344]	Content of the SOME/IP response message
[SWS_CM_10346]	Identifying the right method
[SWS_CM_10371]	Context of return checked errors
[SWS_CM_10377]	Sending SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup messages - initial
[SWS_CM_10379]	Silently discarding SOME/IP event messages for unsubscribed events
[SWS_CM_10416]	Reception of a malformed message
[SWS_CM_10432]	
[SWS_CM_10435]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_10436]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance Spec
[SWS_CM_10437]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance ID Container
[SWS_CM_10440]	Aborting method calls in case of locally detected failures
[SWS_CM_10454]	Event message segmentation
[SWS_CM_10455]	Method request message segmentation
[SWS_CM_10459]	Legacy string serialization
[SWS_CM_10467]	
[SWS_CM_10474]	
[SWS_CM_10481]	
[SWS_CM_10482]	
[SWS_CM_10483]	
[SWS_CM_10484]	
[SWS_CM_10485]	
[SWS_CM_10486]	
[SWS_CM_10487]	
[SWS_CM_10495]	TLS-based Authentication
[SWS_CM_10496]	IP and IPsec-based Authentication
[SWS_CM_10497]	Authentication Failure
[SWS_CM_10511]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP trigger
[SWS_CM_10512]	Content of the SOME/IP trigger
[SWS_CM_10513]	Checks for a received SOME/IP trigger
[SWS_CM_10514]	Identifying the right trigger
[SWS_CM_10515]	Silently discarding SOME/IP triggers for unsubscribed triggers
[SWS_CM_10519]	Content of the SOME/IP serialized trigger message
[SWS_CM_10520]	Content of the signal-based serialized trigger message
[SWS_CM_10521]	Checks for a received SOME/IP serialized trigger message
[SWS_CM_10522]	Checks for a received signal-based serialized trigger
[SWS_CM_11006]	Mapping of FindService method





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11009]	Discovering remote Service Instances through DDS DomainParticipants
[SWS_CM_11041]	DDS serialization of StdCppImplementationDataType of category VALUE
[SWS_CM_11108]	Notifying the client of a response to a method call
[SWS_CM_11270]	Selecting elements of the ServiceInterface for SecOC transmission
[SWS_CM_11271]	SecOC secure channel behavior
[SWS_CM_11272]	Lifecycle management of FVM
[SWS_CM_11273]	Initialization of the FVM
[SWS_CM_11274]	SecOC secure channel sending
[SWS_CM_11275]	SecOC secure message build attempts
[SWS_CM_11276]	SecOC secure channel reception
[SWS_CM_11277]	SecOC secure message verification attempts
[SWS_CM_11278]	SecOC verification results
[SWS_CM_11279]	SecOc override the verification result
[SWS_CM_11280]	
[SWS_CM_11281]	
[SWS_CM_11282]	
[SWS_CM_11283]	
[SWS_CM_11284]	
[SWS_CM_11285]	
[SWS_CM_11286]	
[SWS_CM_11287]	
[SWS_CM_11288]	
[SWS_CM_11289]	
[SWS_CM_11290]	
[SWS_CM_11291]	
[SWS_CM_11292]	
[SWS_CM_11293]	
[SWS_CM_11295]	
[SWS_CM_11296]	
[SWS_CM_11297]	
[SWS_CM_11298]	
[SWS_CM_11299]	
[SWS_CM_11300]	
[SWS_CM_11301]	
[SWS_CM_11302]	
[SWS_CM_11303]	
[SWS_CM_11304]	
[SWS_CM_11305]	



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11306]	
[SWS_CM_11307]	
[SWS_CM_11309]	
[SWS_CM_11310]	
[SWS_CM_11311]	
[SWS_CM_11312]	
[SWS_CM_11313]	
[SWS_CM_11314]	
[SWS_CM_11315]	
[SWS_CM_11316]	
[SWS_CM_11317]	
[SWS_CM_11318]	
[SWS_CM_11319]	
[SWS_CM_11320]	
[SWS_CM_11322]	
[SWS_CM_11323]	
[SWS_CM_11324]	
[SWS_CM_11325]	
[SWS_CM_11327]	
[SWS_CM_11328]	
[SWS_CM_11329]	
[SWS_CM_11330]	
[SWS_CM_11331]	
[SWS_CM_11332]	
[SWS_CM_11333]	
[SWS_CM_11334]	
[SWS_CM_11335]	
[SWS_CM_11336]	
[SWS_CM_11337]	
[SWS_CM_11342]	
[SWS_CM_11344]	
[SWS_CM_11345]	
[SWS_CM_11346]	
[SWS_CM_11350]	Execution Context for process service method invocation
[SWS_CM_11358]	Execution Context to update the event cache
[SWS_CM_12367]	
[SWS_CM_80023]	Source of an event message
[SWS_CM_80024]	Destination of an event message
[SWS_CM_80025]	Content of the SOME/IP serialized event message





[SWS_CM_80026] Content of the signal-based serialized event message [SWS_CM_80027] Checks for a received SQME/IP serialized event message [SWS_CM_80028] Checks for a received signal-based serialized event message [SWS_CM_80068] Content of the SQME/IP serialized event message [SWS_CM_80101] Signal-based serialization [SWS_CM_80101] Signal-based serialization [SWS_CM_90102] Using secure TLS, DTLS and SecOC channels [SWS_CM_90103] TLS secure channel for PerviceInterface content using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90104] DTLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90108] SecOC secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90109] SecOC secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90111] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90112] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90113] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90115] SecCC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport	Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_80028] Checks for a received signal-based serialized event message [SWS_CM_80067] Content of the SOME/IP serialized event message [SWS_CM_80068] Content of the signal-based serialized event message [SWS_CM_80061] Signal-based serialization [SWS_CM_90101] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS, DTLS and SecOC [SWS_CM_90103] TLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90103] TLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90103] TLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90108] SecOC secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90108] SecOC secure channel for revents and triggers using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90109] SecOC secure channel for revents and triggers using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90111] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90112] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90113] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90116] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90117] </th <th>[SWS_CM_80026]</th> <th>Content of the signal-based serialized event message</th>	[SWS_CM_80026]	Content of the signal-based serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80067] Content of the SOME/IP serialized event message [SWS_CM_80068] Content of the signal-based serialized event message [SWS_CM_80101] Signal-based serialization [SWS_CM_90102] Using secure TLS, DTLS and SecOC channels [SWS_CM_90103] TLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90104] DTLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90108] SecOC secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90109] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90110] SecOC secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90111] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90112] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90113] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90115] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90116] Fore secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service comm	[SWS_CM_80027]	Checks for a received SOME/IP serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80068] Content of the signal-based serialized event message [SWS_CM_80101] Signal-based serialization [SWS_CM_90101] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS, DTLS and SecOC [SWS_CM_90102] Using secure TLS, DTLS and SecOC channels [SWS_CM_90103] TLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90104] DTLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90108] SecOC secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90109] SecOC secure channel for reents and triggers using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90110] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90111] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90112] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90113] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90115] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90116] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport	[SWS_CM_80028]	Checks for a received signal-based serialized event message
[SWS_CM_90101] Signal-based serialization [SWS_CM_90102] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS, DTLS and SecOC [SWS_CM_90102] Using secure TLS, DTLS and SecOC channels [SWS_CM_90103] TLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90104] DTLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90108] SecOC secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90109] SecOC secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90110] SecOC secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90111] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90112] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90113] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90115] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90116] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90117] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes [SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service communication over an IPsec s	[SWS_CM_80067]	Content of the SOME/IP serialized event message
[SWS_CM_90101] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS, DTLS and SecOC [SWS_CM_90102] Using secure TLS, DTLS and SecOC channels [SWS_CM_90103] TLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90104] DTLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90109] SecOC secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90109] SecOC secure channel for revents and triggers using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90110] SecOC secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90111] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90112] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90113] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90115] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90116] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90117] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes [SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90201	[SWS_CM_80068]	Content of the signal-based serialized event message
[SWS_CM_90102] Using secure TLS, DTLS and SecOC channels [SWS_CM_90103] TLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90104] DTLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90108] SecOC secure channel for revents and triggers using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90109] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90110] SecOC secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90111] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90112] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90113] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90115] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90116] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90117] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes [SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90121] TLS server role of a Skeleton [SWS_CM_90201] <td< th=""><th>[SWS_CM_80101]</th><th>Signal-based serialization</th></td<>	[SWS_CM_80101]	Signal-based serialization
[SWS_CM_90103] TLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90104] DTLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90108] SecOC secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90109] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90110] SecOC secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90111] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90112] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90113] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90115] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90116] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90117] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes [SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90119] Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS [SWS_CM_90121] TLS server role of a Skeleton [SWS_CM_90201] Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90203] TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90204] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90205] TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90206] DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] T	[SWS_CM_90101]	Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS, DTLS and SecOC
[SWS_CM_90104] DTLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90108] SecOC secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90109] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90110] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90111] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90112] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90113] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90115] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90116] SecOC secure channel between communication nodes [SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90121] TLS server role of a Skeleton [SWS_CM_90201] Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding	[SWS_CM_90102]	Using secure TLS, DTLS and SecOC channels
[SWS_CM_90108] SecOC secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90109] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90110] SecOC secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90111] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90112] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90113] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90115] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90116] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90117] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes [SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90119] Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS [SWS_CM_90121] TLS server role of a Skeleton [SWS_CM_90201] Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90203] TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90204] DTLS secure channel for events	[SWS_CM_90103]	TLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90109] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90110] SecOC secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90111] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90112] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90113] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90115] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90116] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90117] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes [SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90119] Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS [SWS_CM_90121] TLS server role of a Skeleton [SWS_CM_90201] Secure TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90202] Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90203] TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90204] DTLS secure chann	[SWS_CM_90104]	DTLS secure channel for ServiceInterface content using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90110] SecOC secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90111] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90112] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90113] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90115] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90116] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90117] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes [SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90119] Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS [SWS_CM_90121] TLS server role of a Skeleton [SWS_CM_90201] Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90202] Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90203] TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90204] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90206] DTLS secure channel for even	[SWS_CM_90108]	SecOC secure channel for methods using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90111] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90112] Behavior of a ServiceProxy over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90113] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90114] Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake [SWS_CM_90115] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90116] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90117] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes [SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90119] Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS [SWS_CM_90121] TLS server role of a Skeleton [SWS_CM_90201] Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90202] Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90203] TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90204] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90205] TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams u	[SWS_CM_90109]	SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using reliable transport
Behavior of a ServiceProxy over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake	[SWS_CM_90110]	SecOC secure channel for fields
SWS_CM_90113 Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over TLS before successful completion of the handshake	[SWS_CM_90111]	
SWS_CM_90114 Behavior of a ServiceSkeleton over DTLS before successful completion of the handshake SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport SWS_CM_90116 SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport SWS_CM_90117 IPsec secure channel between communication nodes SWS_CM_90118 Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association SWS_CM_90119 Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS SWS_CM_90121 TLS server role of a Skeleton Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding SWS_CM_90202 Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding SWS_CM_90203 TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport SWS_CM_90204 DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport SWS_CM_90205 TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport SWS_CM_90206 DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport SWS_CM_90207 TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport SWS_CM_90207 TLS secure channel for fields IPsec secure channel for fields IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association SWS_CM_90211 Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS SWS_CM_90212 Using secure TLS, DTLS channels SWS_CM_90213 TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90112]	
the handshake [SWS_CM_90115] SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90116] SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90117] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes [SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90119] Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS [SWS_CM_90121] TLS server role of a Skeleton [SWS_CM_90201] Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90202] Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90203] TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90204] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90205] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90206] DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90113]	·
[SWS_CM_90116]SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport[SWS_CM_90117]IPsec secure channel between communication nodes[SWS_CM_90118]Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association[SWS_CM_90119]Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS[SWS_CM_90121]TLS server role of a Skeleton[SWS_CM_90201]Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding[SWS_CM_90202]Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding[SWS_CM_90203]TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport[SWS_CM_90204]DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport[SWS_CM_90205]TLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport[SWS_CM_90206]DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport[SWS_CM_90207]TLS secure channel for fields[SWS_CM_90209]IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association[SWS_CM_90211]Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS[SWS_CM_90212]Using secure TLS, DTLS channels[SWS_CM_90213]TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90114]	·
[SWS_CM_90117] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes [SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90119] Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS [SWS_CM_90121] TLS server role of a Skeleton [SWS_CM_90201] Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90202] Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90203] TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90204] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90205] TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90206] DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90115]	SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90118] Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90119] Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS [SWS_CM_90121] TLS server role of a Skeleton [SWS_CM_90201] Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90202] Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90203] TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90204] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90205] TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90206] DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90116]	SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90119] Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS [SWS_CM_90121] TLS server role of a Skeleton [SWS_CM_90201] Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90202] Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90203] TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90204] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90205] TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90206] DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90209] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90117]	IPsec secure channel between communication nodes
[SWS_CM_90121] TLS server role of a Skeleton [SWS_CM_90201] Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90202] Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding [SWS_CM_90203] TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90204] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90205] TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90206] DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90209] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90118]	Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association
[SWS_CM_90201]Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding[SWS_CM_90202]Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding[SWS_CM_90203]TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport[SWS_CM_90204]DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport[SWS_CM_90205]TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport[SWS_CM_90206]DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport[SWS_CM_90207]TLS secure channel for fields[SWS_CM_90209]IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association[SWS_CM_90211]Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS[SWS_CM_90212]Using secure TLS, DTLS channels[SWS_CM_90213]TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport		Behavior of a creating ServiceProxy over TLS or DTLS
[SWS_CM_90202]Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding[SWS_CM_90203]TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport[SWS_CM_90204]DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport[SWS_CM_90205]TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport[SWS_CM_90206]DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport[SWS_CM_90207]TLS secure channel for fields[SWS_CM_90209]IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association[SWS_CM_90211]Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS[SWS_CM_90212]Using secure TLS, DTLS channels[SWS_CM_90213]TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90121]	
[SWS_CM_90203] TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90204] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90205] TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90206] DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90207] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90201]	Secure TLS and DTLS channel creation in the DDS Network Binding
[SWS_CM_90204] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90205] TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90206] DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90209] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90202]	Using TLS and DTLS secure channels in the DDS Network Binding
[SWS_CM_90205]TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport[SWS_CM_90206]DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport[SWS_CM_90207]TLS secure channel for fields[SWS_CM_90209]IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association[SWS_CM_90211]Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS[SWS_CM_90212]Using secure TLS, DTLS channels[SWS_CM_90213]TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport		TLS secure channel for methods using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90206] DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90209] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90204]	DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90207] TLS secure channel for fields [SWS_CM_90209] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90205]	TLS secure channel for events using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90209] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90206]	DTLS secure channel for events using unreliable transport
Service communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90207]	TLS secure channel for fields
[SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90209]	
[SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport	[SWS_CM_90211]	Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS
	[SWS_CM_90212]	Using secure TLS, DTLS channels
[SWS_CM_90214] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport	[SWS_CM_90213]	TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport
	[SWS_CM_90214]	DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_90215]	IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Raw Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association
[SWS_CM_90437]	Send event where Communication Management is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_90438]	Allocate data when Communication Management is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_90477]	E2E Error Return Code
[SWS_CM_90481]	
[SWS_CM_90501]	Topic naming for Domain Participant USER_DATA QoS - based Service Instances
[SWS_CM_90510]	Mapping of FindService method
[SWS_CM_90513]	Discovering remote Service Instances through the ara.com://services/discovery topic
[SWS_CM_99024]	

Table C.20: Changed Specification Items in R22-11

C.8.3 Deleted Specification Items in R22-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10242]	Model representation of UTF-8 Strings
[SWS_CM_90424]	Provide E2E Result

Table C.21: Deleted Specification Items in R22-11

C.9 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R23-11

C.9.1 Added Specification Items in R23-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00033]	Payload of the E2E Error Response
[SWS_CM_00034]	E2E Error Handler - Invocation
[SWS_CM_00036]	Deserialization of the data according to the network binding for method request
[SWS_CM_00037]	E2E Protection header removal from serialized data for method requests
[SWS_CM_00038]	E2E_check for method request provides Result with SMState and ProfileCheckStatus
[SWS_CM_00039]	Argument dataID in E2E_check for method requests



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00040]	Processing the non-E2E-protected header of E2E-protected method request
[SWS_CM_00041]	E2E-protected Methods Arguments Serialization
[SWS_CM_00042]	GetProfileCheckStatus method of SamplePtr
[SWS_CM_00043]	Argument dataID in E2E_check for events without serialized sample
[SWS_CM_00044]	E2E Protection header removal from serialized data
[SWS_CM_00045]	Argument dataID in E2E_check for event with serialized sample
[SWS_CM_00046]	E2E protection of events in Send
[SWS_CM_00047]	E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments
[SWS_CM_00250]	Trigger SetReceiveHandler
[SWS_CM_00251]	Error in Trigger SetReceiveHandler
[SWS_CM_00270]	Maximum number of vector elements
[SWS_CM_00349]	HandleType default constructor shall be deleted
[SWS_CM_00352]	Execution Context for enabling service Trigger trigger
[SWS_CM_00353]	The default constructor of FindServiceHandle shall be deleted
[SWS_CM_00725]	Errors in Send trigger call
[SWS_CM_01076]	
[SWS_CM_10542]	Local access control on providing service instances
[SWS_CM_10543]	Remote access control on providing service instances
[SWS_CM_11365]	Execution Context for finding service with handler registration using Instance Specifier
[SWS_CM_11366]	Error behavior of provided Execution Context for finding service with handler registration using InstanceSpecifier
[SWS_CM_11367]	Definition of Port VerificationStatus provided by functional cluster CM
[SWS_CM_11368]	Definition of Port VerificationStatusConfigurationByFreshnessId provided by functional cluster CM
[SWS_CM_11369]	Definition of Port VerificationStatusConfigurationByDataId provided by functional cluster CM
[SWS_CM_12002]	Active subscriber
[SWS_CM_12003]	Active subscriber when SOME/IP Network binding is used
[SWS_CM_12004]	Deserializing incomplete data on the proxy side belonging to an event and eventReceptionDefaultValue is defined
[SWS_CM_12005]	Deserializing incomplete data on the proxy side belonging to an event and eventReceptionDefaultValue is not defined
[SWS_CM_12006]	Asynchronous nature of Subscribe()
[SWS_CM_12007]	New data samples received by CM at execution time of receive handler
[SWS_CM_12008]	Set Subscription State change handler on Skeleton side
[SWS_CM_12009]	Execution Context for setting Subscription State change handler on Skeleton side
[SWS_CM_12010]	Unset Subscription State change handler on Skeleton side
[SWS_CM_12011]	Query Subscription State on Skeleton side
[SWS_CM_12012]	Subscription State change handler





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_12013]	Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler on Skeleton side with kSubscribed
[SWS_CM_12014]	Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler on Skeleton side with kNotSubscribed
[SWS_CM_12015]	Query Subscription State on Skeleton side
[SWS_CM_12016]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety GetSubscriptionState
[SWS_CM_12017]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety SetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler
[SWS_CM_12018]	Re-entrancy and thread-safety UnsetSubscriptionStateChangeHandler
[SWS_CM_12019]	Service Discovery Endpoint Options
[SWS_CM_12020]	StdCppImplementationDataTypes with category VALUE supported for serialization
[SWS_CM_12021]	Mapping of ProfileCheckStatus
[SWS_CM_12022]	Mapping of SMState
[SWS_CM_80104]	Deserializing more data than expected
[SWS_CM_99041]	Lifetime of data samples pointed to by SamplePtr
[SWS_CM_99042]	Dereferencing a dangling SamplePtr
[SWS_CM_99043]	Destroying, resetting, assigning to, and swapping a dangling SamplePtr
[SWS_CM_99044]	Lifetime of data samples pointed to by SampleAllocateePtr
[SWS_CM_99045]	Dereferencing a dangling SampleAllocateePtr
[SWS_CM_99046]	Destroying, resetting, releasing, assigning to, and swapping a dangling SampleAllocateePtr
[SWS_CM_99047]	Lifetime of data samples pointed to by SamplePtr - Unsubscribe
[SWS_CM_99048]	Lifetime of data samples pointed to by SamplePtr - StopOfferService

Table C.22: Added Specification Items in R23-11

C.9.2 Changed Specification Items in R23-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00101]	Method to offer a service
[SWS_CM_00112]	Method to get the value of a field
[SWS_CM_00113]	Method to set the value of a field
[SWS_CM_00114]	Registering Getters
[SWS_CM_00116]	Registering Setters
[SWS_CM_00118]	Definition of API function ara::com::runtime::ResolveInstanceIDs
[SWS_CM_00119]	Update Function
[SWS_CM_00123]	Find service with handler registration using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_00129]	Ensuring the existence of SetHandler
[SWS_CM_00141]	Method to subscribe to a service event





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00151]	Method to unsubscribe from a service event
[SWS_CM_00162]	Send event where application is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_00181]	Enable service event trigger
[SWS_CM_00183]	Disable service event trigger
[SWS_CM_00196]	Initiate a method call
[SWS_CM_00199]	Process Service method invocation
[SWS_CM_00209]	Start of service discovery protocol on Client side
[SWS_CM_00226]	Method to update the trigger counter
[SWS_CM_00249]	Service Trigger reception trigger
[SWS_CM_00301]	Method Call Processing Mode
[SWS_CM_00302]	Instance Identifier Class
[SWS_CM_00303]	Find Service Handle
[SWS_CM_00304]	Service Handle Container
[SWS_CM_00306]	Sample Pointer
[SWS_CM_00308]	Sample Allocatee Pointer
[SWS_CM_00309]	Event Receive Handler
[SWS_CM_00310]	Subscription State
[SWS_CM_00311]	Subscription State Changed Handler
[SWS_CM_00313]	Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler with kSubscriptionPending on the Proxy side
[SWS_CM_00314]	Call SubscriptionStateChangeHandler with kSubscribed on the Proxy side
[SWS_CM_00316]	Query Subscription State on Proxy side
[SWS_CM_00319]	Instance Identifier Container Class
[SWS_CM_00333]	Set Subscription State change handler on the Proxy side
[SWS_CM_00334]	Unset Subscription State change handler on Proxy side
[SWS_CM_00351]	Trigger Receive Handler
[SWS_CM_00383]	Find Service Handler
[SWS_CM_00623]	Find service with handler registration using Instance Specifier
[SWS_CM_00710]	No implicit context switches
[SWS_CM_00711]	GetNewSamples shall provide data samples if GetFreeSampleCount is not 0
[SWS_CM_00721]	Send trigger
[SWS_CM_00723]	Method to subscribe to a service trigger
[SWS_CM_01019]	Data Type declarations in Types header file
[SWS_CM_01073]	
[SWS_CM_01074]	
[SWS_CM_01075]	
[SWS_CM_09004]	Adding Service IDs, Service Instance IDs, and ServiceInterface Contract Versions to the DDS DomainParticipant's USER_DATA QoS Policy
[SWS_CM_10036]	$\textbf{Serialization of supported primitive $\tt StdCppImplementationDataTypeS}$



Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10088]	Default Serialization layout of Variants specified by the union data type in SOME/IP
[SWS_CM_10172]	Payload Byte order definition
[SWS_CM_10240]	Session handling state
[SWS_CM_10287]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10291]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10296]	Invoke receive handler
[SWS_CM_10319]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10323]	Content of the SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10381]	Sending SOME/IP SubscribeEventgroup messages - renewal
[SWS_CM_10431]	Mapping of ara::core::ErrorCode
[SWS_CM_10432]	Definition of API enum ara::com::ComErrc
[SWS_CM_10435]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_10436]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance Spec
[SWS_CM_10437]	Exception-less creation of service skeleton using Instance ID Container
[SWS_CM_10438]	Exception-less creation of service proxy
[SWS_CM_10460]	Options of E2E Protection for Methods
[SWS_CM_10462]	E2E-protected Methods Request Message Protection
[SWS_CM_10463]	E2E-protected Method Requests dataID Argument
[SWS_CM_10464]	E2E protection header according to the network binding in the method request
[SWS_CM_10465]	E2E counter of method response shall match with the one in method request
[SWS_CM_10466]	E2E checking of the method request in ServiceSkeleton (message reception)
[SWS_CM_10467]	Wrong Method Call Processing Mode Error for ServiceSkeleton named constructor
[SWS_CM_10468]	E2E checking of the method request in ServiceSkeleton (ProcessNextMethodCall)
[SWS_CM_10469]	Argument datald in E2E_protect for methods
[SWS_CM_10471]	E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments
[SWS_CM_10472]	E2E Error Response
[SWS_CM_10474]	Definition of API enum ara::com::e2e::E2EErrc
[SWS_CM_10475]	GetE2EStateMachineState method for Events
[SWS_CM_10511]	Conditions for sending of a SOME/IP trigger
[SWS_CM_10512]	Content of the SOME/IP trigger
[SWS_CM_10515]	Silently discarding SOME/IP triggers for unsubscribed triggers
[SWS_CM_10516]	Invoke receive handler
[SWS_CM_10517]	Failures in sending a SOME/IP trigger
[SWS_CM_10518]	Conditions for sending of a trigger
[SWS_CM_10519]	Content of the SOME/IP serialized trigger message





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10524]	Mapping Triggers to DDS Topics
[SWS_CM_10525]	DDS Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_10526]	Mapping of Send method
[SWS_CM_10527]	Mapping of Subscribe method
[SWS_CM_10528]	Creating a DDS DataReader for trigger subscription
[SWS_CM_10529]	Defining a DDS DataReaderListener
[SWS_CM_10530]	Mapping of Unsubscribe method
[SWS_CM_10531]	Mapping of GetSubscriptionState method
[SWS_CM_10532]	Mapping of GetNewTriggers method
[SWS_CM_10534]	Mapping of SetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_10535]	Mapping of UnsetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_10536]	Mapping of SetSubscriptionStateHandler method
[SWS_CM_10537]	Mapping of UnsetSubscriptionStateHandler method
[SWS_CM_10539]	Local access control on receiving triggers
[SWS_CM_10550]	Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Trigger in the ServiceInterface
[SWS_CM_11000]	DDS Compliance
[SWS_CM_11001]	Mapping of OfferService method
[SWS_CM_11002]	Assigning a DDS DomainParticipant to a Service Instance
[SWS_CM_11003]	Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Event in the ServiceInterface
[SWS_CM_11005]	Mapping of StopOfferService method
[SWS_CM_11006]	Mapping of FindService method
[SWS_CM_11007]	Finding a DDS DomainParticipant suitable for performing client-side operations
[SWS_CM_11008]	Creating a DDS DomainParticipant suitable for performing client-side operations
[SWS_CM_11009]	Discovering remote Service Instances through DDS DomainParticipants
[SWS_CM_11010]	Mapping of StartFindService method
[SWS_CM_11011]	Defining a DDS BuiltinParticipantListener
[SWS_CM_11012]	Binding a BuiltinParticipantListener to a DDS DomainParticipant
[SWS_CM_11013]	Mapping of StopFindService method
[SWS_CM_11014]	Unbinding a BuiltinParticipantListener from a DDS DomainParticipant
[SWS_CM_11015]	Mapping Events to DDS Topics
[SWS_CM_11016]	DDS Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_11017]	Mapping of Send method
[SWS_CM_11018]	Mapping of Subscribe method
[SWS_CM_11019]	Creating a DDS DataReader for event subscription
[SWS_CM_11020]	Defining a DDS DataReaderListener





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11021]	Mapping of Unsubscribe method
[SWS_CM_11022]	Mapping of GetSubscriptionState method
[SWS_CM_11023]	Mapping of GetNewSamples method
[SWS_CM_11024]	Mapping of GetFreeSampleCount method
[SWS_CM_11025]	Mapping of SetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_11026]	Mapping of UnsetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_11027]	Mapping of SetSubscriptionStateHandler method
[SWS_CM_11028]	Mapping of UnsetSubscriptionStateHandler method
[SWS_CM_11029]	Assigning a DDS Request and Reply Topic, and DataWriters and DataReaders, to the Methods in the ServiceInterface
[SWS_CM_11030]	Assigning a DDS Topic and a DDS DataWriter to every Field in the ServiceInterface with its hasNotifier attribute equal to true
[SWS_CM_11031]	Assigning a DDS Request and Reply Topic, and DataWriters and DataReaders, to the Field Getters/Setters in the ServiceInterface
[SWS_CM_11040]	DDS standard serialization rules
[SWS_CM_11041]	DDS serialization of StdCppImplementationDataType of category VALUE
[SWS_CM_11042]	DDS serialization of enumeration data types
[SWS_CM_11043]	<pre>DDS serialization of StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE</pre>
[SWS_CM_11044]	DDS serialization of StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRING with string shortName
[SWS_CM_11046]	Encoding Format and Endianness of Strings in DDS
[SWS_CM_11047]	DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR
[SWS_CM_11048]	DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY
[SWS_CM_11049]	DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP
[SWS_CM_11050]	DDS serialization of CppImplementationDataType of category VARIANT
[SWS_CM_11100]	Mapping Methods to DDS Service Methods and Topics
[SWS_CM_11101]	DDS Service Request Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_11102]	DDS Service Reply Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_11103]	Creating a DataWriter to handle method requests on the client side
[SWS_CM_11104]	Creating a DataReader to handle method responses on the client side
[SWS_CM_11105]	Creating a DataReader to handle method requests on the server side
[SWS_CM_11106]	Creating a DataWriter to handle method responses on the server side
[SWS_CM_11107]	Calling a service method from the client side
[SWS_CM_11108]	Notifying the client of a response to a method call
[SWS_CM_11109]	Processing a method call on the server side (event driven)
[SWS_CM_11110]	Creating a DataReaderListener to process asynchronous requests on the server side





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11111]	Processing a method call on the server side (polling)
[SWS_CM_11112]	Sending a method call response from the server side
[SWS_CM_11130]	Mapping Fields with hasNotifier attribute to DDS Topics
[SWS_CM_11131]	Field Notifier DDS Topic data type definition
[SWS_CM_11132]	Mapping of Update method
[SWS_CM_11133]	Mapping of Subscribe method
[SWS_CM_11134]	Creating a DDS DataReader for field subscription
[SWS_CM_11135]	Creating a DDS DataReaderListener for field subscription
[SWS_CM_11136]	Mapping of Unsubscribe method
[SWS_CM_11137]	Mapping of GetSubscriptionState method
[SWS_CM_11138]	Mapping of GetNewSamples method
[SWS_CM_11139]	Mapping of GetFreeSampleCount method
[SWS_CM_11140]	Mapping of SetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_11141]	Mapping of UnsetReceiveHandler method
[SWS_CM_11142]	Mapping of SetSubscriptionStateHandler method
[SWS_CM_11143]	Mapping of UnsetSubscriptionStateHandler method
[SWS_CM_11144]	Mapping of Field Get/Set methods to DDS Service Methods and Topics
[SWS_CM_11145]	DDS Service Request Topic data type definition for Field getter and setter operations
[SWS_CM_11146]	DDS Service Reply Topic data type definition for Field getter and setter operations
[SWS_CM_11147]	Creating a DataWriter to handle get/set requests on the client side
[SWS_CM_11148]	Creating a DataReader to handle get/set responses on the client side
[SWS_CM_11149]	Creating a DataReader to handle get/set requests on the server side
[SWS_CM_11150]	Creating a DataWriter to handle get/set responses on the server side
[SWS_CM_11151]	Calling get/set method associated with a field from the client side
[SWS_CM_11152]	Notifying the client of the response to the get/set method call
[SWS_CM_11153]	Processing a get/set method call associated with a field on the server side (event driven)
[SWS_CM_11154]	Creating a DataReaderListener to process asynchronous requests for field getters and setters on the server side
[SWS_CM_11155]	Processing a get/set method call associated with a field on the server side (polling)
[SWS_CM_11156]	Sending a response for a get/set method call associated with a field from the server side
[SWS_CM_11273]	Initialization of the FVM
[SWS_CM_11274]	SecOC secure channel sending
[SWS_CM_11276]	SecOC secure channel reception
[SWS_CM_11326]	Creation of an object using Named Constructor approach
[SWS_CM_11330]	Definition of API function ara::com::ComErrorDomain::ComErrorDomain





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11331]	Definition of API function ara::com::ComErrorDomain::Name
[SWS_CM_11332]	Definition of API function ara::com::ComErrorDomain::Message
[SWS_CM_11333]	Definition of API function ara::com::ComErrorDomain::ThrowAsException
[SWS_CM_11334]	Definition of API function ara::com::GetComErrorDomain
[SWS_CM_11335]	Definition of API function ara::com::MakeErrorCode
[SWS_CM_11336]	Definition of API type ara::com::ComErrorDomain::Errc
[SWS_CM_11337]	Definition of API type ara::com::ComErrorDomain::Exception
[SWS_CM_11340]	Definition general ara::com::secoc errors
[SWS_CM_11341]	SecOcFvm errors domain
[SWS_CM_11342]	Definition of API enum ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmErrc
[SWS_CM_11344]	Definition of API variable ara::com::secoc::FVContainer::length
[SWS_CM_11345]	Definition of API variable ara::com::secoc::FVContainer::value
[SWS_CM_11352]	Execution Context for finding service with handler registration using Instance ID
[SWS_CM_11360]	Execution Context for registering Getters
[SWS_CM_11362]	Execution Context for registering Setters
[SWS_CM_11412]	Deserializing incomplete data on the proxy side
[SWS_CM_12000]	Implementation types header files directory structure
[SWS_CM_12001]	C++ Implementation Data Types files
[SWS_CM_12501]	Definition of API class ara::com::e2e::E2EException
[SWS_CM_12502]	Definition of API function ara::com::e2e::E2EException::E2EException
[SWS_CM_12503]	Definition of API class ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain
[SWS_CM_12504]	Definition of API type ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain::Errc
[SWS_CM_12505]	Definition of API type ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain::Exception
[SWS_CM_12506]	Definition of API function ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain::E2EErrorDomain
[SWS_CM_12507]	Definition of API function ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain::Name
[SWS_CM_12508]	Definition of API function ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain::Message
[SWS_CM_12509]	Definition of API function ara::com::e2e::E2EErrorDomain::ThrowAs Exception
[SWS_CM_12510]	Definition of API function ara::com::e2e::GetE2EErrorDomain
[SWS_CM_12511]	Definition of API function ara::com::e2e::MakeErrorCode
[SWS_CM_12512]	Definition of API class ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmException
[SWS_CM_12513]	Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmException::Com SecOcFvmException
[SWS_CM_12514]	Definition of API class ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain
[SWS_CM_12515]	Definition of API type ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain::Errc
[SWS_CM_12516]	Definition of API type ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmError Domain::Exception
[SWS_CM_12517]	Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmError Domain::ComSecOcFvmErrorDomain





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_12518]	Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmError Domain::Name
[SWS_CM_12519]	Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmError Domain::Message
[SWS_CM_12520]	Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::ComSecOcFvmError Domain::ThrowAsException
[SWS_CM_12521]	Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::GetComSecOcFvmErrorDomain
[SWS_CM_12522]	Definition of API function ara::com::secoc::MakeErrorCode
[SWS_CM_80021]	Conditions for sending of an event message
[SWS_CM_80025]	Content of the SOME/IP serialized event message
[SWS_CM_80063]	Conditions for sending of an event message
[SWS_CM_80067]	Content of the SOME/IP serialized event message
[SWS_CM_90001]	Local access control on executing methods
[SWS_CM_90003]	Local access control on receiving events
[SWS_CM_90006]	Local access control on service discovery
[SWS_CM_90108]	SecOC secure channel for methods using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90109]	SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using reliable transport
[SWS_CM_90110]	SecOC secure channel for fields
[SWS_CM_90115]	SecOC secure channel for methods using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90116]	SecOC secure channel for events and triggers using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90435]	Initiate a Fire and Forget method call
[SWS_CM_90437]	Send event where Communication Management is responsible for the data
[SWS_CM_90489]	Argument sourceID in E2E_check for method requests
[SWS_CM_90490]	Argument messageType in E2E_check for method requests
[SWS_CM_90491]	Argument messageResult E2E_check for method requests
[SWS_CM_90492]	Argument sourceld in E2E_protect for methods
[SWS_CM_90493]	Argument messageType in E2E_protect for methods
[SWS_CM_90494]	Argument messageResult STD_MESSAGERESULT_OK in E2E_protect for methods
[SWS_CM_99000]	CommunicationGroupServer Service
[SWS_CM_99001]	Broadcast method of CommunicationGroupServer Service
[SWS_CM_99002]	Peer To Peer Message method of CommunicationGroupServer Service
[SWS_CM_99007]	CommunicationGroupClient Service
[SWS_CM_99008]	Message method of CommunicationGroupClient Service
[SWS_CM_99009]	Message Response event of CommunicationGroupClient Service
[SWS_CM_99010]	Broadcast task
[SWS_CM_99011]	Peer To Peer message task
[SWS_CM_99012]	Message Response task
[SWS_CM_99013]	List Clients task
[SWS_CM_99014]	Message Response event of CommunicationGroupServer Service





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_99015]	List Clients method of CommunicationGroupServer Service
[SWS_CM_99016]	Connection Status of a Communication Group Server
[SWS_CM_99017]	category value COMMUNICATION_GROUP
[SWS_CM_99018]	category value COMMUNICATION_GROUP_SERVER
[SWS_CM_99019]	category value COMMUNICATION_GROUP_CLIENT
[SWS_CM_99020]	Communcation Group template
[SWS_CM_99021]	SHORT-NAME value of generated CommunicationGroupServer service
[SWS_CM_99022]	SHORT-NAME value of generated CommunicationGroupClient service
[SWS_CM_99023]	Definition general ara::com::cg errors
[SWS_CM_99024]	Definition of API enum ara::com::cg::CgErrc
[SWS_CM_99027]	Cg errors domain
[SWS_CM_99035]	Subscription State change handler on the Proxy side

Table C.23: Changed Specification Items in R23-11

C.9.3 Deleted Specification Items in R23-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_00228]	Return Value
[SWS_CM_10013]	Header Byte order
[SWS_CM_10360]	Failures in sending a SOME/IP event message
[SWS_CM_10391]	Serializing Scale Linear And Texttable Data Type
[SWS_CM_10476]	Defining a RawDataStream
[SWS_CM_10477]	Connect stream link
[SWS_CM_10478]	Shutdown stream link
[SWS_CM_10479]	Read data from stream
[SWS_CM_10480]	Write data to stream
[SWS_CM_10481]	
[SWS_CM_10482]	
[SWS_CM_10483]	
[SWS_CM_10484]	
[SWS_CM_10485]	
[SWS_CM_10486]	
[SWS_CM_10487]	
[SWS_CM_10488]	Raw data stream header file existence
[SWS_CM_10489]	Raw data stream header file namespace
[SWS_CM_10490]	Data Type declarations in Raw data stream header file





Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_10499]	Remote access control on providing methods
[SWS_CM_10500]	Remote access control on providing events
[SWS_CM_10502]	Remote access control on providing field notifiers
[SWS_CM_10503]	Remote access control on providing field setters
[SWS_CM_10504]	Remote access control on providing field getters
[SWS_CM_10538]	Restrictions on sending triggers
[SWS_CM_10540]	Remote access control on providing triggers
[SWS_CM_11268]	Definition general ara::com::raw errors
[SWS_CM_11291]	
[SWS_CM_11292]	
[SWS_CM_11293]	
[SWS_CM_11295]	
[SWS_CM_11296]	
[SWS_CM_11297]	
[SWS_CM_11298]	
[SWS_CM_11299]	
[SWS_CM_11300]	
[SWS_CM_11301]	
[SWS_CM_11302]	
[SWS_CM_11303]	
[SWS_CM_11304]	
[SWS_CM_11305]	
[SWS_CM_11306]	
[SWS_CM_11307]	
[SWS_CM_11309]	
[SWS_CM_11310]	
[SWS_CM_11311]	
[SWS_CM_11312]	
[SWS_CM_11313]	
[SWS_CM_11314]	
[SWS_CM_11315]	
[SWS_CM_11316]	
[SWS_CM_11317]	
[SWS_CM_11318]	
[SWS_CM_11319]	
[SWS_CM_11320]	
[SWS_CM_11322]	
[SWS_CM_11323]	
[SWS_CM_11324]	





[SWS_CM_11325] Execution Context to update the event cache [SWS_CM_11359] Error behaviour of provided Execution Context to update the event cache [SWS_CM_12367] Restrictions on sending events [SWS_CM_90002] Restrictions on offering services [SWS_CM_90007] Restrictions on using RawDataStreams [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90214] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90215] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Raw Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90216] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90453] [SWS_CM_90453] [SWS_CM_90454] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90457] [SWS_CM_90458] [SWS_CM_90459] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90462] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90464] E2E Error Handler - Invocation [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response	Number	Heading
[SWS_CM_11359] Error behaviour of provided Execution Context to update the event cache [SWS_CM_12367] Restrictions on sending events [SWS_CM_90002] Restrictions on offering services [SWS_CM_90007] Restrictions on using RawDataStreams [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90214] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90215] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Raw Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90216] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90453] TLS properties configuration [SWS_CM_90454] [SWS_CM_90455] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90459] [SWS_CM_90460] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90462] [SWS_CM_90463] E2E Error Handler - Invocation [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_9006] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_9006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_11325]	
[SWS_CM_12367] Restrictions on sending events [SWS_CM_90002] Restrictions on offering services [SWS_CM_90007] Restrictions on using RawDataStreams [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90214] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90215] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Raw Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90216] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90453] TLS properties configuration [SWS_CM_90453] [SWS_CM_90451] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90457] [SWS_CM_90458] [SWS_CM_90460] [SWS_CM_90460] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90462] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90464] E2E Error Handler - Invocation [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_9006] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_9006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_11358]	Execution Context to update the event cache
[SWS_CM_90002] Restrictions on sending events [SWS_CM_90005] Restrictions on offering services [SWS_CM_90007] Restrictions on using RawDataStreams [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90214] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport of Raw Data Stream communication nodes and Transport of Raw Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90215] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90453] TLS properties configuration [SWS_CM_90453] Sews_CM_90451 [SWS_CM_90456] Sews_CM_90451 [SWS_CM_90457] Sews_CM_90458 [SWS_CM_90458] Sews_CM_90459 [SWS_CM_90460] Sews_CM_90461 [SWS_CM_90461] Sews_CM_90462 [SWS_CM_90463] Seed For Handler - Invocation [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_99004] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_99005] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_99006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_11359]	Error behaviour of provided Execution Context to update the event cache
[SWS_CM_90005] Restrictions on offering services [SWS_CM_90007] Restrictions on using RawDataStreams [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90214] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport of Raw Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90216] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90217] TLS properties configuration [SWS_CM_90453] TLS properties configuration [SWS_CM_90456] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90457] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90458] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90450] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90450] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90450] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90461] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90046] E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments [SWS_CM_90046] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_9006] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_9006] Timeout handling </td <td>[SWS_CM_12367]</td> <td></td>	[SWS_CM_12367]	
[SWS_CM_90007] Restrictions on using RawDataStreams [SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90214] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90215] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Raw Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90217] TLS properties configuration [SWS_CM_90453] TLS properties configuration [SWS_CM_90456] Secked Options configuration [SWS_CM_90456] Secked Options configuration [SWS_CM_90453] Secked Options configuration [SWS_CM_90454] Secked Options configuration [SWS_CM_90456] Secked Options configuration [SWS_CM_90458] Secked Options configuration [SWS_CM_90461] Secked Options configuration [SWS_CM_90462] Secked Options configuration [SWS_CM_90046] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_9006] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_9006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90002]	Restrictions on sending events
[SWS_CM_90211] Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS [SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90214] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90215] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Raw Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90216] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90217] TLS properties configuration [SWS_CM_90453] Secure Configuration [SWS_CM_90454] Secure Configuration [SWS_CM_90455] Secure Configuration [SWS_CM_90458] Secure Configuration [SWS_CM_90459] Secure Configuration [SWS_CM_90461] Secure Configuration [SWS_CM_90462] Secure Configuration [SWS_CM_90463] E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_9004] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_9006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90005]	Restrictions on offering services
[SWS_CM_90212] Using secure TLS, DTLS channels [SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90214] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90215] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Raw Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90216] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90217] TLS properties configuration [SWS_CM_90453] [SWS_CM_90454] [SWS_CM_90455] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90457] [SWS_CM_90458] [SWS_CM_90459] [SWS_CM_90460] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90462] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90464] E2E Error Handler - Invocation [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_90046] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_99005] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_99006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90007]	Restrictions on using RawDataStreams
[SWS_CM_90213] TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport [SWS_CM_90214] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90215] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Raw Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90216] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90217] TLS properties configuration [SWS_CM_90453] [SWS_CM_90453] [SWS_CM_90455] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90457] [SWS_CM_90457] [SWS_CM_90459] [SWS_CM_90459] [SWS_CM_90460] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90462] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90466] E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_99004] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_99005] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_99006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90211]	Secure UDP and TCP channel creation for TLS and DTLS
[SWS_CM_90214] DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport [SWS_CM_90215] IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Raw Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90216] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90217] TLS properties configuration [SWS_CM_90453] [SWS_CM_90454] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90457] [SWS_CM_90458] [SWS_CM_90459] [SWS_CM_90460] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90464] [SWS_CM_90464] E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_99004] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_99005] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_99006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90212]	Using secure TLS, DTLS channels
IPsec secure channel between communication nodes and Transport of Raw Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association	[SWS_CM_90213]	TLS secure channel for raw data streams using reliable transport
Data Stream communication over an IPsec security association [SWS_CM_90216] Socket Options configuration [SWS_CM_90217] TLS properties configuration [SWS_CM_90453] [SWS_CM_90454] [SWS_CM_90455] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90457] [SWS_CM_90458] [SWS_CM_90459] [SWS_CM_90460] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90462] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90466] E2E Error Handler - Invocation [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_9004] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_9005] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_9006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90214]	DTLS secure channel for methods using unreliable transport
[SWS_CM_90217] TLS properties configuration [SWS_CM_90453] [SWS_CM_90454] [SWS_CM_90455] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90457] [SWS_CM_90458] [SWS_CM_90459] [SWS_CM_90460] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90462] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90464] [SWS_CM_90465] E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_99004] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_99005] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_99006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90215]	
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[SWS_CM_90454] [SWS_CM_90455] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90457] [SWS_CM_90458] [SWS_CM_90459] [SWS_CM_90460] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90462] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90464] [SWS_CM_90465] [SWS_CM_90465] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_90046] [SWS_CM_90046] [SWS_CM_90046] [SWS_CM_9006] [SWS_CM_9005] [SWS_CM_9006]	[SWS_CM_90217]	TLS properties configuration
[SWS_CM_90455] [SWS_CM_90456] [SWS_CM_90457] [SWS_CM_90458] [SWS_CM_90459] [SWS_CM_90460] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90462] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90464] E2E Error Handler - Invocation [SWS_CM_90465] E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_99004] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_99005] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_99006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90453]	
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[SWS_CM_90458] [SWS_CM_90459] [SWS_CM_90460] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90462] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90464] [SWS_CM_90465] [SWS_CM_90465] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_9004] [SWS_CM_9004] [SWS_CM_99006] [SWS_CM_99005] [SWS_CM_99006] [SWS_CM_99006] [SWS_CM_99006] [SWS_CM_99006] [SWS_CM_99006] [SWS_CM_99006] [SWS_CM_99006]	[SWS_CM_90456]	
[SWS_CM_90459] [SWS_CM_90460] [SWS_CM_90461] [SWS_CM_90462] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90464] [SWS_CM_90465] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_90466] [SWS_CM_90046] [SWS_CM_9004] [SWS_CM_90006] [SWS_CM_90005] [SWS_CM_90006] [SWS_CM_90006] [SWS_CM_90006] [SWS_CM_90006] [SWS_CM_90006] [SWS_CM_90006] [SWS_CM_90006] [SWS_CM_90006]	[SWS_CM_90457]	
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[SWS_CM_90462] [SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90464]	[SWS_CM_90460]	
[SWS_CM_90463] [SWS_CM_90464] E2E Error Handler - Invocation [SWS_CM_90465] E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_99004] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_99005] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_99006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90461]	
[SWS_CM_90464] E2E Error Handler - Invocation [SWS_CM_90465] E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_99004] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_99005] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_99006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90462]	
[SWS_CM_90465] E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments [SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_99004] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_99005] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_99006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90463]	
[SWS_CM_90466] Payload of the E2E Error Response [SWS_CM_99004] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_99005] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_99006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90464]	E2E Error Handler - Invocation
[SWS_CM_99004] Ethernet endpoint configuration [SWS_CM_99005] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_99006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90465]	E2E Error Handler - Invocation Arguments
[SWS_CM_99005] Wait for incoming connections [SWS_CM_99006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_90466]	Payload of the E2E Error Response
[SWS_CM_99006] Timeout handling	[SWS_CM_99004]	Ethernet endpoint configuration
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	[SWS_CM_99005]	Wait for incoming connections
[SWS_CM_99025] Raw errors domain	[SWS_CM_99006]	Timeout handling
	[SWS_CM_99025]	Raw errors domain

Table C.24: Deleted Specification Items in R23-11



C.9.4 Added Constraints in R23-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM CONSTR 00002]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Discardable flag
[SWS_CM CONSTR 00003]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Configuration options
[SWS_CM CONSTR 00004]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Load balancing options
[SWS_CM CONSTR 00005]	SOME/IP Service Discovery SD endpoint options
[SWS_CM CONSTR 00006]	SOME/IP Service Discovery Reboot detection
[SWS_CM CONSTR 00007]	E2E Protection

Table C.25: Added Constraints in R23-11

C.9.5 Changed Constraints in R23-11

Number	Heading
[SWS_CM CONSTR 00001]	Optional method arguments with SOME/IP Tag-Length-Value serialization

Table C.26: Changed Constraints in R23-11

C.9.6 Deleted Constraints in R23-11

none