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1 Introduction

AUTOSAR models are in many cases not created from scratch but existing content is taken as the basis. The existing content could be contributed by the AUTOSAR initiative itself in form of standardized model elements.

This document specifies the Standardization Template. This template is intended to support the delivery of standardized model elements by AUTOSAR and others.

AUTOSAR 4.0 already specifies the blueprint approach for standardization. This approach is continued and refined by the Standardization Template. It thereby replaces Appendix A in Software Component Template ([1]).

As an particular example, let us consider the standardization of application interfaces. That is, in terms of the AUTOSAR meta-model the standardization mainly applies to the definition of PortPrototypes for specific purposes.

Due to the structure of the AUTOSAR meta-model it is not possible to merely express a standardized PortPrototype because for good reasons the latter does not exist on its own but is always owned by a SwComponentType.

The Standardization Template specifies the approach to overcome this situation.

For more details such as use cases please refer to [2].

1.1 Document Conventions

Technical terms are typeset in mono spaced font, e.g. PortPrototype. As a general rule, plural forms of technical terms are created by adding "s" to the singular form, e.g. PortPrototypes. By this means the document resembles terminology used in the AUTOSAR XML Schema.

This document contains constraints in textual form that are distinguished from the rest of the text by a unique numerical constraint ID, a headline, and the actual constraint text starting after the [character and terminated by the | character.

The purpose of these constraints is to literally constrain the interpretation of the AUTOSAR meta-model such that it is possible to detect violations of the standardized behavior implemented in an instance of the meta-model (i.e. on M1 level).

Makers of AUTOSAR tools are encouraged to add the numerical ID of a constraint that corresponds to an M1 modeling issue as part of the diagnostic message issued by the tool.

The attributes of the classes introduced in this document are listed in form of class tables. They have the form shown in the example of the top-level element AUTOSAR:



Please note that constraints are not supposed to be enforceable at any given time in an AUTOSAR workflow. During the development of a model, constraints may legitimately be violated because an incomplete model will obviously show inconsistencies.

However, at specific points in the workflow, constraints shall be enforced as a safeguard against misconfiguration.

The points in the workflow where constraints shall be enforced, sometimes also known as the "binding time" of the constraint, are different for each model category, e.g. on the classic platform, the constraints defined for software-components are typically enforced prior to the generation of the RTE while the constraints against the definition of an Ecu extract shall be applied when the Ecu configuration for the Com stack is created.

For each document, possible binding times of constraints are defined and the binding times are typically mentioned in the constraint themselves to give a proper orientation for implementers of AUTOSAR authoring tools.

Let AUTOSAR be an example of a typical class table. The first rows in the table have the following meaning:

Class: The name of the class as defined in the UML model.

Package: The UML package the class is defined in. This is only listed to help locating the class in the overall meta model.

Note: The comment the modeler gave for the class (class note). Stereotypes and UML tags of the class are also denoted here.

Base Classes: If applicable, the list of direct base classes.

The headers in the table have the following meaning:

Attribute: The name of an attribute of the class. Note that AUTOSAR does not distinguish between class attributes and owned association ends.

Type: The type of an attribute of the class.

Mul.: The assigned multiplicity of the attribute, i.e. how many instances of the given data type are associated with the attribute.

Kind: Specifies, whether the attribute is aggregated in the class (aggr aggregation), an UML attribute in the class (attr primitive attribute), or just referenced by it (ref reference). Instance references are also indicated (iref instance reference) in this field.

Note: The comment the modeler gave for the class attribute (role note). Stereotypes and UML tags of the class are also denoted here.

Please note that the chapters that start with a letter instead of a numerical value represent the appendix of the document. The purpose of the appendix is to support the explanation of certain aspects of the document and does not represent binding conventions of the standard.



1.2 Requirements Tracing

The following table references the requirements specified in [2] and links to the fulfillments of these.

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_STDT_00001]	Shall support and explain Blueprints in general	[TPS_STDT_00002] [TPS_STDT_00027] [TPS_STDT_00042] [TPS_STDT_00065] [TPS_STDT_00067]
[RS_STDT_00002]	Formalized description of BSW SWS	[TPS_STDT_00014] [TPS_STDT_00040] [TPS_STDT_00041] [TPS_STDT_00049] [TPS_STDT_00067] [TPS_STDT_00090] [TPS_STDT_00091]
[RS_STDT_00003]	Shall allow to represent port blueprints	[TPS_STDT_00007] [TPS_STDT_00047] [TPS_STDT_00061] [TPS_STDT_00082]
[RS_STDT_00004]	Shall allow to represent shortName patterns	[TPS_STDT_00003] [TPS_STDT_00047] [TPS_STDT_00055]
[RS_STDT_00005]	Shall support keywords and keyword abbreviations	[TPS_STDT_00004] [TPS_STDT_00012] [TPS_STDT_00068] [TPS_STDT_00069] [TPS_STDT_00070]
[RS_STDT_00006]	Shall be implemented without compatibility problems to existing template	[TPS_STDT_00033] [TPS_STDT_00041] [TPS_STDT_00047]
[RS_STDT_00007]	Shall be based on the AUTOSAR XML schema	[TPS_STDT_00033] [TPS_STDT_00041] [TPS_STDT_00047]
[RS_STDT_00008]	Shall provide means to support analyzing the conformity of implementations with the AUTOSAR standards	[TPS_STDT_00001] [TPS_STDT_00003] [TPS_STDT_00012] [TPS_STDT_00042] [TPS_STDT_00048] [TPS_STDT_00052] [TPS_STDT_00054] [TPS_STDT_00059] [TPS_STDT_00060]
[RS_STDT_00009]	Shall be able to represent requirements stated in SWS	[TPS_STDT_00001] [TPS_STDT_00042] [TPS_STDT_00050] [TPS_STDT_00052] [TPS_STDT_00060]
[RS_STDT_00010]	Shall refer to ECUC parameter definition	[TPS_STDT_00025] [TPS_STDT_00040]
[RS_STDT_00011]	Shall be able to standardize components	[TPS_STDT_00024]
[RS_STDT_00012]	Shall be able to standardize architecture	[TPS_STDT_00024]
[RS_STDT_00013]	Shall be able to express parts of reference paths resp. package hierarchies	[TPS_STDT_00013] [TPS_STDT_00051]
[RS_STDT_00014]	Shall be able to express levels of obligation	[TPS_STDT_00028] [TPS_STDT_00053] [TPS_STDT_00067]
[RS_STDT_00015]	Shall support different Approaches to derive from Blueprints	[TPS_STDT_00028]
[RS_STDT_00016]	Shall be able to express information about the state of model elements	[TPS_STDT_00038]
[RS_STDT_00017]	Shall cover the compatibility of blueprints and derived objects	[TPS_STDT_00005] [TPS_STDT_00008] [TPS_STDT_00051] [TPS_STDT_00072] [TPS_STDT_00085] [TPS_STDT_00086] [TPS_STDT_00087]
[RS_STDT_00018]	Shall allow to describe the dependencies of APIs (e.g. invocation and callback/polling interfaces)	[TPS_STDT_00014] [TPS_STDT_00048] [TPS_STDT_00090] [TPS_STDT_00091]



	Δ	
Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_STDT_00019]	Shall define the mandatory semantics for a Blueprint	[TPS_STDT_00003] [TPS_STDT_00006] [TPS_STDT_00010] [TPS_STDT_00021] [TPS_STDT_00028] [TPS_STDT_00048] [TPS_STDT_00092]
[RS_STDT_00020]	Shall support variants of a Variable Dataprototype	[TPS_STDT_00028] [TPS_STDT_00030] [TPS_STDT_00044] [TPS_STDT_00045] [TPS_STDT_00046]
[RS_STDT_00021]	Shall support multiple instantiation for an example SWC with Port Blueprint	[TPS_STDT_00003] [TPS_STDT_00036] [TPS_STDT_00037]
[RS_STDT_00022]	Means of exchange format between stakeholders for blueprints	[TPS_STDT_00025]
[RS_STDT_00023]	Shall be able to standardize Alias Names	[TPS_STDT_00011]
[RS_STDT_00024]	Shall be able to standardize Unique Names and Display Names	[TPS_STDT_00031]
[RS_STDT_00025]	Shall be able to standardize life cycle states	[TPS_STDT_00043] [TPS_STDT_00064]
[RS_STDT_00026]	Shall allow to represent port interface blueprints	[TPS_STDT_00009] [TPS_STDT_00066]
[RS_STDT_00027]	Shall allow to evaluate the integrity of Blueprints	[TPS_STDT_00034]
[RS_STDT_00028]	Shall allow to generate BSW "Standard AUTOSAR Interface" description from model	[TPS_STDT_00023] [TPS_STDT_00067]
[RS_STDT_00029]	Shall be able to represent further Blueprints	[TPS_STDT_00014] [TPS_STDT_00015] [TPS_STDT_00016] [TPS_STDT_00017] [TPS_STDT_00018] [TPS_STDT_00019] [TPS_STDT_00020] [TPS_STDT_00022] [TPS_STDT_00023] [TPS_STDT_00026] [TPS_STDT_00035] [TPS_STDT_00049] [TPS_STDT_00079] [TPS_STDT_00083] [TPS_STDT_00084] [TPS_STDT_00090]
[RS_STDT_00030]	Shall allow to standardize package structures	[TPS_STDT_00013] [TPS_STDT_00067]
[RS_STDT_00031]	Shall support general specification items	[TPS_STDT_00042] [TPS_STDT_00056] [TPS_STDT_00057] [TPS_STDT_00058] [TPS_STDT_00089]
[RS_STDT_00032]	Shall be able to provide Blueprints for Roles and Rights	[TPS_STDT_00062]
[RS_STDT_00033]	Shall be able to provide Blueprints for Build Action Manifest	[TPS_STDT_00063] [TPS_STDT_00065]
[RS_STDT_00034]	Blueprinting of Implicit Communication Behavior	[TPS_STDT_00071] [TPS_STDT_00073] [TPS_STDT_00074] [TPS_STDT_00075] [TPS_STDT_00076]
[RS_STDT_00035]	Shall support blueprinting of keywords	[TPS_STDT_00077]
[RS_STDT_00036]	StandardizationTemplate shall specify the representation of requirements in AUTOSAR documents	[TPS_STDT_00078] [TPS_STDT_00094]
[RS_STDT_00037]	StandardizationTemplate shall specify the representation of specification items in AUTOSAR documents	[TPS_STDT_00080]





Requirement	△ Description	Satisfied by
	<u> </u>	,
[RS_STDT_00038]	StandardizationTemplate shall specify the representation of constraint items in AUTOSAR documents	[TPS_STDT_00081] [TPS_STDT_00088]
[RS_STDT_00039]	StandardizationTemplate shall specify the representation of test items in AUTOSAR documents	[TPS_STDT_00029]
[RS_STDT_00040]	Multiplicity of elements in derived objects	[TPS_STDT_00032] [TPS_STDT_00039]
[RS_STDT_00041]	Formalized description of BSW Abstract SWS	[TPS_STDT_00014] [TPS_STDT_00027] [TPS_STDT_00090] [TPS_STDT_00091]
[RS_STDT_00042]	Shall provide the ability to define naming conventions for public symbols	[TPS_STDT_00004] [TPS_STDT_00012] [TPS_STDT_00068] [TPS_STDT_00069] [TPS_STDT_00070]
[RS_STDT_00043]	StandardizationTemplate shall specify the representation of advisory items in AUTOSAR template documents	[TPS_STDT_00093]
[RS_STDT_00101]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Provide a Human Readable High-Level Overview	[TPS_STDT_00120] [TPS_STDT_00121]
[RS_STDT_00102]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Describe Work Product in Methodology	[TPS_STDT_00100] [TPS_STDT_00102] [TPS_STDT_00103] [TPS_STDT_00104] [TPS_STDT_00123] [TPS_STDT_00156] [TPS_STDT_00187] [TPS_STDT_00188] [TPS_STDT_00192] [TPS_STDT_00193]
[RS_STDT_00103]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Describe Intended Use	[TPS_STDT_00100] [TPS_STDT_00102] [TPS_STDT_00103] [TPS_STDT_00104] [TPS_STDT_00123] [TPS_STDT_00124] [TPS_STDT_00156] [TPS_STDT_00187] [TPS_STDT_00188] [TPS_STDT_00192] [TPS_STDT_00193]
[RS_STDT_00104]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Describe Tool and Organization	[TPS_STDT_00121]
[RS_STDT_00105]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Describe AUTOSAR Revision	[TPS_STDT_00122] [TPS_STDT_00191] [TPS_STDT_00211]
[RS_STDT_00106]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Describe Relevant or Excluded Subset of the AUTOSAR Meta-Model	[TPS_STDT_00102] [TPS_STDT_00103] [TPS_STDT_00104] [TPS_STDT_00107] [TPS_STDT_00108] [TPS_STDT_00109] [TPS_STDT_00112] [TPS_STDT_00113] [TPS_STDT_00114] [TPS_STDT_00119] [TPS_STDT_00124] [TPS_STDT_00126] [TPS_STDT_00129] [TPS_STDT_00138] [TPS_STDT_00139] [TPS_STDT_00140] [TPS_STDT_00141] [TPS_STDT_00142] [TPS_STDT_00143] [TPS_STDT_00144] [TPS_STDT_00145] [TPS_STDT_00146] [TPS_STDT_00157] [TPS_STDT_00159] [TPS_STDT_00163] [TPS_STDT_00174] [TPS_STDT_00177] [TPS_STDT_00178] [TPS_STDT_00179] [TPS_STDT_00180] [TPS_STDT_00181] [TPS_STDT_00190] [TPS_STDT_00196] [TPS_STDT_00197] [TPS_STDT_00196] [TPS_STDT_00197] [TPS_STDT_00198] [TPS_STDT_00199] [TPS_STDT_00198] [TPS_STDT_00199] [TPS_STDT_00198] [TPS_STDT_00199]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
	•	•
[RS_STDT_00107]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Describe Relevant or Excluded Subset of Model	[TPS_STDT_00130] [TPS_STDT_00157]
[RS_STDT_00108]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Describe Relevant Constraints	[TPS_STDT_00102] [TPS_STDT_00103] [TPS_STDT_00104] [TPS_STDT_00111] [TPS_STDT_00124] [TPS_STDT_00125] [TPS_STDT_00147] [TPS_STDT_00157] [TPS_STDT_00164] [TPS_STDT_00165]
[RS_STDT_00109]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Describe Relevant Spec Items	[TPS_STDT_00102] [TPS_STDT_00103] [TPS_STDT_00104] [TPS_STDT_00124] [TPS_STDT_00157]
[RS_STDT_00110]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Describe Model Completeness	[TPS_STDT_00157] [TPS_STDT_00174]
[RS_STDT_00111]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Describe Applicability of Default Values	[TPS_STDT_00127] [TPS_STDT_00157] [TPS_STDT_00204] [TPS_STDT_00207]
[RS_STDT_00113]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Describe Limitation of Values of Primitive Attributes	[TPS_STDT_00157] [TPS_STDT_00173] [TPS_STDT_00203]
[RS_STDT_00114]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Support Severity Levels for Compliance with Individual Rules of the Profile	[TPS_STDT_00126] [TPS_STDT_00157] [TPS_STDT_00172] [TPS_STDT_00186]
[RS_STDT_00115]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Describe Rationales of Decisions	[TPS_STDT_00168] [TPS_STDT_00170]
[RS_STDT_00116]	Description of Data Exchange Point Shall Describe Usage of AUTOSAR Extension Mechanisms	[TPS_STDT_00132] [TPS_STDT_00157]
[RS_STDT_00117]	AUTOSAR Shall Provide Guidelines for Comparison of Profiles for Data Exchange Points	[TPS_STDT_00115] [TPS_STDT_00116]
[RS_STDT_00118]	AUTOSAR Shall Provide Guidelines for Compatibility of Profiles for Data Exchange Points	[TPS_STDT_00101] [TPS_STDT_00110] [TPS_STDT_00115] [TPS_STDT_00116] [TPS_STDT_00128] [TPS_STDT_00131] [TPS_STDT_00133] [TPS_STDT_00134] [TPS_STDT_00135] [TPS_STDT_00136] [TPS_STDT_00160] [TPS_STDT_00183] [TPS_STDT_00201] [TPS_STDT_00202] [TPS_STDT_00205] [TPS_STDT_00206] [TPS_STDT_00208] [TPS_STDT_00209] [TPS_STDT_00210]
[RS_STDT_00119]	AUTOSAR Shall provide Rules for Composition of Profiles for Data Exchange Points	[TPS_STDT_00115]
[RS_STDT_00120]	AUTOSAR Shall Provide Support for Handling of Incomplete Profiles for Data Exchange Points	[TPS_STDT_00105] [TPS_STDT_00106]
[RS_STDT_00121]	AUTOSAR Shall Provide Guidance for Checking Compliance of AUTOSAR Model Against Profiles for Data Exchange Points	[TPS_STDT_00117] [TPS_STDT_00118] [TPS_STDT_00125] [TPS_STDT_00129] [TPS_STDT_00159] [TPS_STDT_00163] [TPS_STDT_00164] [TPS_STDT_00165] [TPS_STDT_00167] [TPS_STDT_00169]
[RS_STDT_00122]	AUTOSAR Shall Provide Guidance for Identification of Not Yet Described Aspects within Profiles for Data Exchange Points	[TPS_STDT_00111]





Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_STDT_00123]	AUTOSAR Shall Provide Guidance for Consistency of Profiles for Data Exchange Points	[TPS_STDT_00107] [TPS_STDT_00157]
[RS_STDT_00125]	Support of AUTOSAR Specific Modeling Patterns	[TPS_STDT_00175] [TPS_STDT_00176]

Table 1.1: RequirementsTracing



2 Support for Traceability

AUTOSAR has defined four levels of requirements for its standardization work:

- 1. AUTOSAR Project Objectives
- 2. AUTOSAR Main Requirements
- 3. AUTOSAR Requirements Specifications (RS, SRS, ATR)
- 4. AUTOSAR Specifications (SWS, TPS, AI, TR, MOD, ATS, EXP etc.)

The used abbreviations are defined in [3].

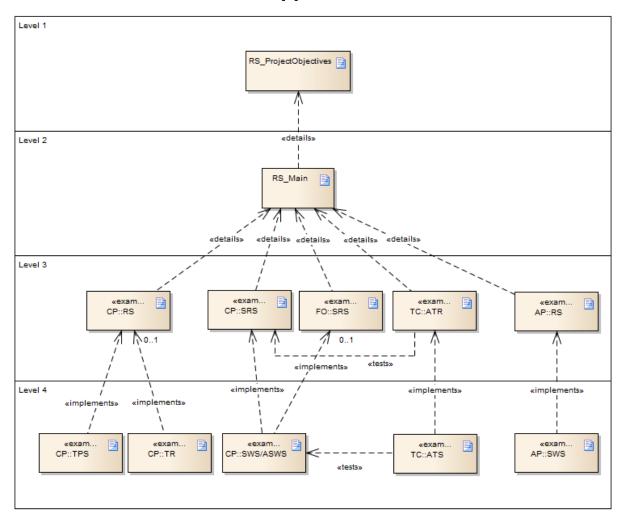


Figure 2.1: Specification levels

The assignment of platform based documents is realized by the "applies to" relation as illustrated in figure 2.2.



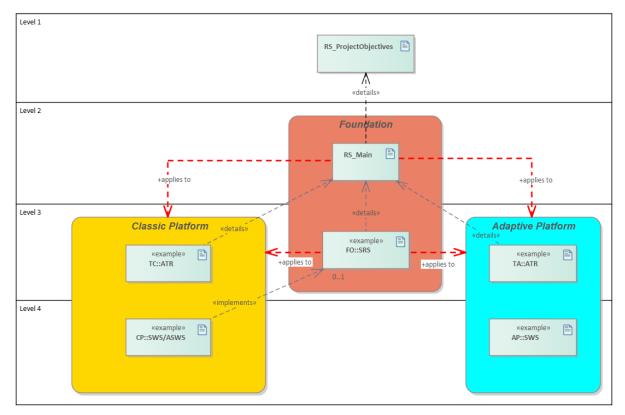


Figure 2.2: Platform based document structure

[TPS_STDT_00001] Support bottom up tracing [Standardization Template supports bottom up tracing between these levels by the meta-class Traceable. This allows to represent traceable entities and to establish traces between those. These entities reside within a DocumentationBlock. One prominent place is DocumentationBlock.trace in particular within Identifiable.introduction.](RS_-STDT_00008, RS_STDT_00009)

Constr	26251 Allowed	Lintraces wrt	life cycles [
ICOHSH	ZOZDI AHOWEO	i ubiiaces wii.	ille cycles i

	Trace to				
Trace from	draft	valid	obsolete	removed	
draft	1	1	0	0	
valid	0	1	0	0	
obsolete	1	1	1	0	
removed	1	1	1	1	

This table defines the allowed combinations of uptraces with respect to life cycle states [TPS_STDT_00064]

10

There "1" means allowed and "0" means not allowed combination. The above [constr_2625] shall ensure that the tracing element does not have a life cycle state that is in contradiction to the life cycle state of the traced element. E.g. a specification items is tracing a requirement.



[TPS_STDT_00080] Representation of specification items in AUTOSAR documents [AUTOSAR specification items are represented using the structure with the following attributes:

- The headline consists of an Id (short name) which shall be written inside squared brackets and shall follow [TPS STDT 00042].
- After the Id the LifeCycleState follows in curly brackets. The allowed values are VALID, DRAFT and OBSOLETE and shall follow [TPS_GST_00051]. If there is no LifeCycleState information stated then the state is VALID.
- After the LifeCycleState an optional specification item title (long name) should be stated to improve human readability.
- The next line starts with an opening half bracket and the content of the specification item follows. The end of it shall be marked by the closing half bracket.
- After the closing half bracket an opening round bracket indicates the comma separated list of requirements which are fulfilled by this specification item. The end of it shall be marked by the closing round bracket. If no up traces are available the round brackets shall be written with empty content.
- The specification items shall describe the semantics and syntax of models.

(RS STDT 00037)

[TPS_STDT_00081] Representation of constraint items in AUTOSAR template documents [AUTOSAR constraint items in template documents are represented using the structure with the following attributes:

- The constraint Identifier shortName is comprised of:
 - a string prefix: "constr "
 - a numerical suffix: 4-5 digits long
 - the leading digit of the numerical suffix shall be ≥ 1

On documentation level, this shall be rendered inside [] brackets. The numerical suffix is globally unique.

- After the Id the LifeCycleState follows in curly brackets. The allowed values are VALID, DRAFT and OBSOLETE and shall follow [TPS_GST_00051]. If there is no LifeCycleState information stated then the state is VALID.
- After the LifeCycleState the constraint title (long name) follows.
- The constraint content shall be written inside the opening and closing half bracket.
- The constraint items shall further restrict the validity of models.

(RS STDT 00038)



[TPS_STDT_00093] Representation of advisory items in AUTOSAR template documents [AUTOSAR advisory items in template documents are represented with the following format:

- The advisory Identifier shortName is comprised of:
 - a string prefix: "advisory_"
 - a numerical suffix: 4-5 digits long
 - the leading digit of the numerical suffix shall be ≥ 1

On documentation level, this shall be rendered inside [] brackets. The numerical suffix is globally unique.

- After the Identifier the LifeCycleState follows in curly brackets. The allowed values are VALID, DRAFT and OBSOLETE and shall follow [TPS_GST_00051]. If there is no LifeCycleState information stated then the state is VALID.
- After the LifeCycleState the advisory title longName follows.
- The advisory content shall be written inside the opening (ceil) and closing (floor) symbols.

(RS STDT 00043)

[TPS_STDT_00088] Representation of constraint items in AUTOSAR non template documents [AUTOSAR constraint items in AUTOSAR non template documents are represented using the structure with the following attributes:

- The headline consists of an Id (short name) which shall be written inside squared brackets and shall follow [TPS_STDT_00042].
- After the Id the LifeCycleState follows in curly brackets. The allowed values are VALID, DRAFT and OBSOLETE and shall follow [TPS_GST_00051]. If there is no LifeCycleState information stated then the state is VALID.
- After the LifeCycleState the constraint title (long name) follows.
- The constraint content shall be written inside the opening and closing half bracket.

(RS STDT 00038)

[TPS_STDT_00078] Representation of requirements in AUTOSAR documents[AUTOSAR requirements are represented using the structure of [TPS_STDT_00060] where the following attributes are presented as a table:

- The headline shall contain the ld (shortName), the LifeCycleState (type) and a nominalized unique short text (longName) of the requirement.
- The value of Type shall be one of "valid", "draft" or "obsolete", see [TPS_STDT_00064].
- The description of requirement contains of a complete English sentence using the sentence pattern [TPS_STDT_00094] including one of the keywords from



[TPS_STDT_00053]. Additional information: needed to understand the requirement, can be added to the description.

- The rationale can be used to justify or rationalize the requirement.
- Use case can be used to describe the use case of the requirement.
- Applies to shall contain a comma separated tag list with one of the following values "CP", "AP", "FO", "TC", "TA".
- Dependencies may contain references to other requirements in this document which this requirement depends on.
- Supporting material can be used for documenting references to other documents or models that support the implementation of this requirement.

(RS_STDT_00036)

The rendition is illustrated in figure 2.3. Please note that the value of Type is shown with curly brackets in the headline.

[SWS_FOO_07711]{DRAFT} Formal Requirements shall look like this

Description:	Additional text to improve the understanding of the requirement (optional). The description shall neither refine nor enhance the requirement by using key words (as defined below).				
Rationale:	Why is this requirement important, what its omission could cause? We deliberately should harmonize the presentation of the AUTOSAR requirements.				
Use Case:	A scenario that makes the requirement necessary or useful.				
AppliesTo:	CP, TC				
Dependencies:	References to other requirements in this document which this requirement depends on. More than one reference shall be separated by semicolon. For example see [SWS_FOO_00007], [SWS_FOO_00002]				
Supporting Material:	References to other documents, models etc.				

(SRS FOO 00815, SRS BAR 00007)

Figure 2.3: Requirements Table

In case no data are available for a dedicated field keep it empty.

The description of a requirement follows a dedicated sentence pattern.

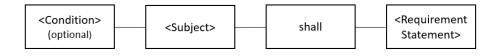


Figure 2.4: Sentence Pattern

[TPS STDT_00094] Sentence pattern [The sentence pattern is build up by:



- <Condition> (optional): A condition under which the <Requirement State-ment> shall be true. The condition starts with either if or when and ends with then. Where when identifies an event. I.e. the point in time when the condition becomes true. In natural language you could use "as soon as" to express the same. If in contrast identifies a static condition which is independent from time. For static conditions you may add else (optionally) after the <Requirement Statement> to express an alternative requirement by appending it as an additional sentence following the pattern.
- <Subject>: The item that is to fulfill the <Requirement Statement>. Remark: The subject typically represents your subject under development, a property or a part of it. It is highly recommended to maintain an overview of the subjects you are specifying in the introductory section of your specification document.
- shall: Separates the <Subject> from the <Requirement Statement> and identifies (partial) requirements.
- <Requirement Statement>: A statement that can either be verified or falsified. If the statement is true, then the <Subject> satisfies the requirement, otherwise it does not.

(RS STDT 00036)

[constr_2603] Use of "applies to" in context of the specification level [On specification level 1 and 2 only the requirements table including the appliesTo attribute shall be used. On the specification levels 3 and 4 only the requirements table without the appliesTo attribute shall be used. Exception: Documents of the foundation which are handled on specification level 3.]()

Rational: This avoids unintentional cross references which disturb the structure of tracing.

[constr_2604] Allowed uptraces in context of "applies to" values | Traces to documents of upper specification levels shall be conform to the values assigned to appliesTo. | ()

Note: Patterns of not allowed uptraces are marked with "NOT ALLOWED" in figure 2.5.



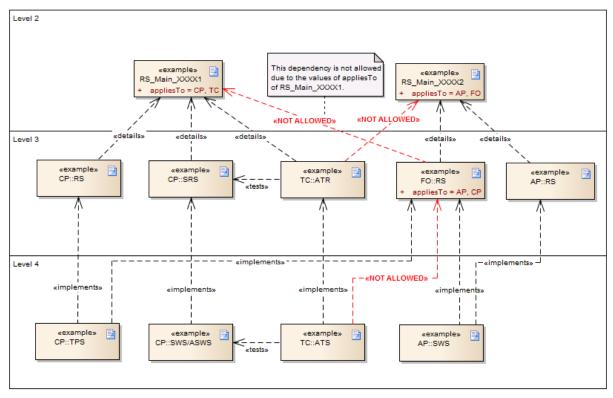


Figure 2.5: Use of appliesTo

Note: Optional requirements on level 1 to 4 of the AUTOSAR requirements hierarchy are not allowed. An optional part of an implementation is only optional for the end-user of AUTOSAR. In order to provide this option, the corresponding choice shall be mandatory in the according specification. That means, a feature described as "AUTOSAR should support foobar" can never be correct, because the underlying requirements layer is always static and would have no chance to decide whether "foobar" should be part of it or not. A correct writing would be e. g. "AUTOSAR shall support optional foobar".

[TPS_STDT_00029] Representation of test items in AUTOSAR documents [AUTOSAR test items are represented using the structure of [TPS_STDT_00060] where the following attributes are presented as a table:

- Id (short name) and test item (long name) are shown in the headline.
- The test item (long name) shall be a complete English sentence.
- "implements" represents the uptrace at the end of the table
- Type, Description, Rationale, Use Case, Dependencies, Supporting Material and Tested Items are shown as table rows.
- The value of Type shall be one of "valid", "draft" or "obsolete", see [TPS_STDT_00064].

|(RS_STDT_00039)



The representation of test items [TPS_STDT_00029] can also be used in level 4 as in level 3, see figure 2.1.

The rendition is illustrated in figure 2.6.

[ATR FOO 04711] Formal Tests shall look like this

Туре:	valid			
Description:	Additional text to improve the understanding of the acceptance test (optional). The description shall neither refine nor enhance the acceptance test by using key words as define below.			
Rationale:	Why is this acceptance test important, what its omission could cause? We deliberately should harmonize the presentation of the AUTOSAR acceptance tests.			
Use Case:	A scenario that makes the acceptance test necessary or useful. [UC_FOO_00001],[UC_FOO_00002]			
Dependencies:	References to other acceptance tests in this document which this acceptance test depends on. More than one reference shall be separated by semicolon. For example see [ATR_FOO_00007], [ATR_FOO_00002]			
Supporting Material:	References to other documents, models etc.			
Tested Items:	[SWS_FOO_00815],[TPS_STDT_00042]			

(RS BRF 00123)

Figure 2.6: Test Item Table

Note: The unicodes of the half brackets are for opening half bracket: 0x2308 and for closing half bracket: 0x230B.

Traceable is specialized in

• [TPS_STDT_00059] TraceableText | This represents a paragraph level text which can be referenced in order to establish requirements tracing. It is an abstract class from which particular specializations support specific kinds of tracing such as requirements / constraints.] (RS_STDT_00008)

[constr_2540] Tagged text category [The category of TraceableText shall be one of

- **ADVISORY_ITEM** The text represents a particular advisory. Such an item is applicable primarily in template specifications. It is similar to a constraint item but represents the characteristic of a WARNING rather than an ERROR.
- **CONSTRAINT_ITEM** The text represents a particular constraint. Such an item is applicable primarily in template specifications. It is similar to a specification item but represents issues that may be validated automatically e.g. by a tool.
- **IMPLEMENTATION_ITEM** The text represents a short description of an implementation. It is applicable primarily within the introduction of a model element.
- **REQUIREMENT_ITEM** The text represents a particular requirement. Such an item is applicable primarily in requirement specifications.



- **SAFETY_*** The text represents the type of safety requirements. The allowed values (*) are defined in [TPS_SAFEX_00102] in [?,].
- **SPECIFICATION_ITEM** The text represents a particular item in the specification. Such an item is a requirement for the implementation of the software specification.

SRC The text represents the source code content.

TEST_ITEM The text represents a short description of a test. Such an item is applicable primarily in test specifications.

10

[TPS_STDT_00060] StructuredReq [This represents a structured requirement as it is used within AUTOSAR RS documents.] (RS_STDT_00008, RS_STDT_00009)

Note that as TraceableText is aggregated in DocumentationBlock it also requires a proper rendition in printed documents. For an example of a proper rendition see [TPS STDT 00001] above.

[constr_2565] Trace shall not be nested [Due to the intended atomicity of requirements respectively specification items, Traceable shall not be nested. | ()

[TPS_STDT_00042] namePattern for shortNames of TraceableText in Standardization Documents | The intended name pattern applicable to short names TraceableText (in fact representing e.g. requirement tags) in AUTOSAR standardization documents is defined as

```
[{platform}_]{keyword(TraceCategory)}_{module}_({special}[_{index}])|{index}
```

In this pattern, the placeholders are defined as:

- platform is either AP or CP or FO.
- keyword (TraceCategory) is defined in [3] in keyword set Information—Categories, entries with classification TraceCategory.
- module is either module abbreviation in [4] or an entry of the keyword set DocumentAbbreviations with classification DocumentAbbreviation in [3] or the functional cluster shortname in [5]. Inside one document only the same module abbreviation or keyword shall be used.
- index is a numerical index
- special is one of (SPEC, NA, GEN, CONSTR). Note that special may also have an optional index. This allows to provide different special items with more detailed information.

(RS_STDT_00009, RS_STDT_00008, RS_STDT_00001, RS_STDT_00031)



Note that some existing specifications historically contain multiple abbreviations inside the document and do therefore not follow this pattern. These are exceptions and shall not be applied to new documents.

[TPS_STDT_00056] Identifying not applicable requirements [For those requirements which are not applicable to a particular specification, [TPS_STDT_00042] allows the special to be NA.

In order to apply this, specification item with the shortName e.g ([RS_STDT_NA] or even [RS_STDT_NA_00099]) may be created which traces back to the not applicable requirement items.

By this, not applicable requirements are easily identified in requirements tracing tables. Requirements tracing is complete since it also explicitly expresses the not applicable requirements. (RS_STDT_00031)

[TPS_STDT_00057] Identifying generally fulfilled requirements [For those requirements which are fulfilled by a generic concept, [TPS_STDT_00042] allows the special to be GEN.

In order to apply this, specification item with an appropriate shortName (e.g. [RS_STDT_GEN] or even [RS_STDT_GEN_00098]) may be created which traces back to the generally fulfilled requirement items.

By this, requirements considered to be fulfilled in general are easily identified in requirements tracing tables. Requirements tracing is complete since it also explicitly expresses the generally (or implicitly fulfilled) requirements. (RS_STDT_00031)

[TPS_STDT_00058] Identifying requirements which need more specialization [For those requirements which are fulfilled by items in a general specification together with items in individual specifications, [TPS_STDT_00042] allows the special to be SPEC.

In order to apply this, an item with an appropriate shortName (e.g. [RS_STDT_SPEC]
or even [RS_STDT_SPEC_00092]) may be created which traces back to the requirement items which need additional items in the individual specification.

By this, it is possible to identify the requirement items in the general specification, which need complementary items in an individual specification. This finally allows to perform a complete requirements tracing. (RS_STDT_00031)

Figure 2.7 illustrates a requirements tracing table which utilizes the features provided by [TPS STDT 00056] and [TPS STDT 00058]:



SWS Canlf

Requirements traceability to SRS BSW General

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_BSW_001]	Requirement title	[SWS_BSW_0100]
[RS_BSW_002]	Requirement title	[SWS_CANIF_0815]
		[SWS_CANIF_2000]
		[SWS_BSW_SPEC]
[RS_BSW_003]	Requirement title	[SWS_BSW_0100]
		[SWS_BSW_0105]
[RS_BSW_004]	Requirement title	[SWS_CANIF_0158]
		[SWS_BSW_0101]
[RS_BSW_005]	Requirement title	[SWS_CANIF_NA]
		[SWS_BSW_0102]
		[SWS_BSW_SPEC]
[RS_BSW_006]	Requirement title	[SWS_CANIF_NA]
[RS_BSW_007]	Requirement title	[SWS_CANIF_0784]
		[SWS_BSW_0104]
		[SWS_BSW_SPEC]
[RS_BSW_008]	Requirement title	[SWS_CANIF_NA]

...

Requirements traceability to SRS CAN

[RS_CANIF_001]	Requirement title	[SWS_CANIF_0434]
[RS_CANIF_002]	Requirement title	[SWS_CANIF_0435]
[RS_CANIF_003]	Requirement title	[SWS_CANIF_0436]

. . .

Figure 2.7: Example for trace table using NA and SPEC

[TPS_STDT_00089] Identifying specification items which are constraints in AUTOSAR non template documents [For those specification items which are constraints, [TPS_STDT_00042] allows the special to be CONSTR. In order to apply this, an item with an appropriate shortName (e.g. [SWS_Dem_CONSTR_06101]) may be created. For this case, the numerical index is mandatory.](RS_STDT_00031)

[TPS_STDT_00052] Characteristics of TraceableText | TraceableText should be:

¹This usage of the word "should" indicates that this is not always easy to decide. For example [TPS_STDT_00052] could also have been divided in one TraceableText per item.



- identifiable: TraceableText shall be identified by a unique short name (see [TPS_STDT_00042]). This is automatically fulfilled by applying the AUTOSAR meta model and schema.
- **specific**: TraceableText should be written such that the content is unambiguous and comprehensive even if this would not result in an elegant writing style.
- atomic: One TraceableText should cover one particular issue.
- **verifiable**: The content of TraceableText should be written concrete such that it can be verified not necessarily automatically but at least by human experts.

In particular the requirement levels specified in [TPS_STDT_00053] shall be applied.

|(RS_STDT_00008, RS_STDT_00009)

[TPS_STDT_00053] Expression of obligation [The following verbal forms for the expression of obligation shall be used to indicate requirements.

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as follows.

Note that the requirement level of the document in which they are used modifies the force of these words.

- MUST: This word, or the adjective "LEGALLY REQUIRED", means that the definition is an absolute requirement of the specification due to legal issues.
- MUST NOT: This phrase, or the phrase "MUST NOT", means that the definition is an absolute prohibition of the specification due to legal issues.
- SHALL: This phrase, or the adjective "REQUIRED", means that the definition is an absolute requirement of the specification.
- SHALL NOT: This phrase means that the definition is an absolute prohibition of the specification.
- SHOULD: This word, or the adjective "RECOMMENDED", means that there may
 exist valid reasons in particular circumstances to ignore a particular item, but the
 full implications must be understood and carefully weighed before choosing a
 different course.
- SHOULD NOT: This phrase, or the phrase "NOT RECOMMENDED", means that
 there may exist valid reasons in particular circumstances when the particular behavior is acceptable or even useful, but the full implications should be understood
 and the case carefully weighed before implementing any behavior described with
 this label.
- MAY: This word, or the adjective "OPTIONAL", means that an item is truly optional. One vendor may choose to include the item because a particular market-



place requires it or because the vendor feels that it enhances the product while another vendor may omit the same item.

An implementation, which does not include a particular option, SHALL be prepared to interoperate with another implementation, which does include the option, though perhaps with reduced functionality. In the same vein an implementation, which does include a particular option, SHALL be prepared to interoperate with another implementation, which does not include the option (except, of course, for the feature the option provides.)

(RS_STDT_00014)

[TPS_STDT_00054] Organisation of TraceableText [A set of TraceableText within a specification shall have the following properties:

- hierarchical structure: Multiple TraceableTexts shall be structured in several successive levels - this is mostly ensured by the templates for the different kind of AUTOSAR specifications.
- completeness: TraceableText at one level shall fully implement all TraceableText of the previous level.
- external consistency: Multiple TraceableTexts shall not contradict each other.
- no duplication of information within any level of the hierarchical structure: The content of one TraceableText shall not be repeated in any other TraceableText within the same level of the hierarchical structure.
- maintainability: A set of TraceableText can be modified or extended, e.g. by introduction of new versions of TraceableText or by adding/removing TraceableText. The shortName of TraceableText shall not be reused or changed.

|(RS_STDT_00008)

The levels mentioned in [TPS STDT 00054] are illustrated in figure 2.1.

[TPS_STDT_00050] namePattern for AUTOSAR delivered Files | The intended name pattern applied for filenames of AUTOSAR delivered files is defined as

```
[{platform}_]AUTOSAR_{keyword(DocumentCategory)}_{DocumentName}
```

In this pattern, the placeholders are defined as:

- platform is either AP or CP or FO.
- keyword (DocumentCategory) is defined in [3] in keyword set InformationCategories, entries with classification DocumentCategory.
- DocumentName is the shortName of the Keyword according to [3], keyword set DocumentAbbreviation entries with classification DocumentAbbreviation or the shortName of the module in [4]



(RS_STDT_00009)

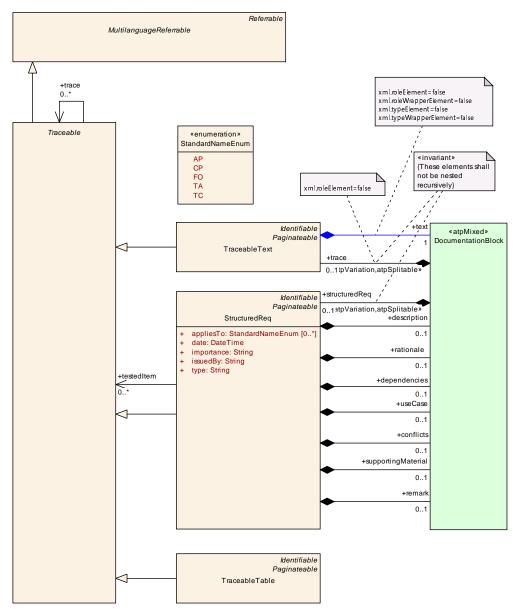


Figure 2.8: Requirements and Tracing

Class	Traceable (abstract)		
Package	M2::MSR::Documentation::BlockElements::RequirementsTracing		
Note	This meta class represents the ability to be subject to tracing within an AUTOSAR model.		
	Note that it is expected that its subclasses inherit either from MultilanguageReferrable or from Identifiable. Nevertheless it also inherits from MultilanguageReferrable in order to provide a common reference target for all Traceables.		
Base	ARObject, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable		
Subclasses	StructuredReq, TimingConstraint, TraceableTable, TraceableText		
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note		



Class	Traceable (abstract)			
trace	Traceable	*	ref	This association represents the ability to trace to upstream requirements / constraints. This supports for example the bottom up tracing
				ProjectObjectives <- MainRequirements <- Features <- RequirementSpecs <- BSW/AI
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20

Table 2.1: Traceable

Class	TraceableText	TraceableText			
Package	M2::MSR::Documentatio	M2::MSR::Documentation::BlockElements::RequirementsTracing			
Note	This meta-class represer	nts the abili	ty to dend	ote a traceable text item such as requirements etc.	
	The following approach a	applies:			
	• shortName repr	shortName represents the tag for tracing			
	longName represents the head line				
	category represents the kind of the tagged text				
Base	ARObject, DocumentViewSelectable, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Paginateable, Referrable, Traceable				
Aggregated by	DocumentationBlock.trac	е			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
text	DocumentationBlock	1	aggr	This represents the text to which the tag applies.	
				Tags: xml.roleElement=false xml.roleWrapperElement=false xml.sequenceOffset=30 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false	

Table 2.2: TraceableText

Class	StructuredReq				
Package	M2::MSR::Documentation	::BlockEle	ments::R	equirementsTracing	
Note	This represents a structur features are collected.	This represents a structured requirement. This is intended for a case where specific requirements for features are collected.			
	Note that this can be rend	ered as a	labeled li	st.	
Base	ARObject, DocumentViewSelectable, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Paginateable, Referrable, Traceable				
Aggregated by	DocumentationBlock.structuredReq				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
appliesTo	StandardNameEnum	*	attr	This attribute represents the platform the requirement is assigned to.	
				Tags: xml.namePlural=APPLIES-TO-DEPENDENCIES xml.sequenceOffset=25	
conflicts	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This represents an informal specification of conflicts.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40	





Class	StructuredReq			
date	DateTime	1	attr	This represents the date when the requirement was initiated.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=5
dependencies	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This represents an informal specification of dependencies. Note that upstream tracing should be formalized in the property trace provided by the superclass Traceable.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30
description	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This represents the general description of the requirement.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10
importance	String	1	attr	This allows to represent the importance of the requirement.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=8
issuedBy	String	1	attr	This represents the person, organization or authority which issued the requirement.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=6
rationale	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This represents the rationale of the requirement.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20
remark	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This represents an informal remark. Note that this is not modeled as annotation, since these remark is still essential part of the requirement.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=60
supporting Material	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This represents an informal specification of the supporting material.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=50
testedItem	Traceable	*	ref	This association represents the ability to trace on the same specification level. This supports for example the of acceptance tests.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=70
type	String	1	attr	This attribute allows to denote the type of requirement to denote for example is it an "enhancement", "new feature" etc.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=7
useCase	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This describes the relevant use cases. Note that formal references to use cases should be done in the trace relation.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=35

Table 2.3: StructuredReq

Enumeration	StandardNameEnum	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::DocumentationOnM1	
Note	This enumeration lists all allowed standard abbreviations.	
Aggregated by	StructuredReq.appliesTo	
Literal	Description	
AP	This values represents the Adaptive Platform.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0	





Enumeration	StandardNameEnum	
CP	This Value represents the Classic Platform.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1	
FO	This values represents the Foundation.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2	
TA	This Values represents the Testing of the Adaptive Platform.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3	
TC	This values represents the Testing of the Classic Platform.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4	

Table 2.4: StandardNameEnum



3 Life Cycle of AUTOSAR Definitions

In order to support evolution and backward compatibility of the standardized model elements like port prototype blueprints, port interfaces, keyword abbreviations, SW-Cs (in ASW) or of the API of a BSW module etc. AUTOSAR supports life cycles. The meta model and the details of the application of this meta model is specified in chapter "Life Cycle Support" of Generic Structure Template [6].

[TPS_STDT_00038] Life Cycle Support [STDT is able to express information about the state of the blueprints by references from within a LifeCycleInfoSet.](RS_-STDT_00016)

[TPS_STDT_00064] Applied Life Cycle Information Sets on AUTOSAR provided Models (M1) [

The following life cycle states are applied for AUTOSAR provided model elements:

- **valid** This indicates that the related entity is a valid part of the document. This is the default.
- **draft** This indicates that the related entity is introduced newly in the model but still experimental. This information is published but is subject to be changed without backward compatibility management.
- **obsolete** This indicates that the related entity is obsolete and kept in the model for compatibility reasons. If this tag is set, the note shall express the recommended alternative solution.
- **removed** This indicates that the related entity is removed from the model. It shall not be used and should not even appear in documents. An AUTOSAR release does not contain such elements. It is intended for AUTOSAR internal development.

Even if such removed elements are not included in an .arxml they can still be referenced in a LifeCycleInfoSet by using the <code>datpUriDef</code> attribute of type Referrable: lcObject, respectively useInstead.

If an object is not referenced in a LifeCycleInfoSet, the related entity is a valid part of the current model. | (RS_STDT_00025)

Note that according to [TPS_STDT_00064] if there is no life cycle information for an element then it is defined that the element is valid. In other words, in general there is no need to define a LifeCycleInfoSet with defaultLcState "valid". Nevertheless there might be use cases when it could be useful to explicitly define such a LifeCycleInfoSet. For example if element "x" gets life cycle state "obsolete" and subsequently this is identified as an error and the life cycle returns back to "valid". This could be documented in such a LifeCycleInfoSet.

Listing 3.1 provides the ARXML representation of the life cycle according to [TPS_-GST_00051] respectively [TPS_STDT_00064].

<!-- LifeCycleStateDefinitionGroup: AutosarLifeCycleStates -->
<LIFE-CYCLE-STATE-DEFINITION-GROUP>



```
<SHORT-NAME>AutosarLifeCycleStates
 <L-4 L="EN">Life Cycle Definitions used in AUTOSAR Standards</L-4>
</LONG-NAME>
<DESC>
 <L-2 L="EN">This set represents the life cycle definitions used by
     AUTOSAR on M1 and M2 level. See also [TPS_GST_00051] respectively
     [TPS_GST_00064].</L-2>
</DESC>
<LC-STATES>
 <!-- LifeCycleState: valid -->
 <LIFE-CYCLE-STATE>
   <SHORT-NAME>valid
   <LONG-NAME>
     <L-4 L="EN">VALID</L-4>
   </LONG-NAME>
    <DESC>
      <L-2 L="EN">This indicates that the related entity is a valid part
          of the document. This is the default.</L-2>
   </DESC>
 </LIFE-CYCLE-STATE>
 <!-- LifeCycleState: draft -->
 <LIFE-CYCLE-STATE>
    <SHORT-NAME>draft
   <LONG-NAME>
      <L-4 L="EN">DRAFT</L-4>
   </LONG-NAME>
   <DESC>
     <L-2 L="EN">This indicates that the related entity is introduced
         newly in the (meta) model but still experimental. This
         information is published but is subject to be changed without
        backward compatibility management.</L-2>
    </DESC>
 </LIFE-CYCLE-STATE>
 <!-- LifeCycleState: candidate -->
 <LIFE-CYCLE-STATE>
   <SHORT-NAME>candidate
   <LONG-NAME>
     <L-4 L="EN">CANDIDATE</L-4>
   </LONG-NAME>
   <DESC>
     <L-2 L="EN">This indicates that the entity was introduced by a
         concept result and is still not validated.</L-2>
   </DESC>
 </LIFE-CYCLE-STATE>
 <!-- LifeCycleState: obsolete -->
  <LIFE-CYCLE-STATE>
   <SHORT-NAME>obsolete
   <LONG-NAME>
     <L-4 L="EN">OBSOLETE</L-4>
   </LONG-NAME>
   <DESC>
     <L="EN">This indicates that the related entity is obsolete and
          kept in the (meta) model for compatibility reasons. </L-2>
    </DESC>
    <INTRODUCTION>
```



```
<P>
         <L-1 L="EN">If this life cycle state is set, the
         <TT TYPE="ARMetaClassRole">LifeCycleInfo.remark
             express the recommended alternative solution.</L-1>
       </P>
     </INTRODUCTION>
   </LIFE-CYCLE-STATE>
   <!-- LifeCycleState: removed -->
   <LIFE-CYCLE-STATE>
      <SHORT-NAME>removed
     <LONG-NAME>
       <L-4 L="EN">REMOVED</L-4>
     </LONG-NAME>
     <DESC>
       <L-2 L="EN">This indicates that the related entity is still in the
            (meta) model for whatever reason. It shall not be used and
           should not even appear in documents. </L-2>
     </DESC>
     <INTRODUCTION>
       <P>
         <L-1 L="EN">An AUTOSAR release does not contain such elements.
             It is intended for AUTOSAR internal development. <BR/>
             Removed elements are not included in an .arxml delivery but
             can be referenced in a LifeCycleInformationSet by using the
         <TT TYPE="ARStereotype">atpUriDef
attributes of type
         <TT TYPE="ARMetaClass">Referrable</TT>:
         <TT TYPE="ARMetaClassRole">LifeCycleInfo.lcObject</TT>,
             respectively
         <TT TYPE="ARMetaClassRole">LifeCycleInfo.useInstead/L-1>
       </P>
     </INTRODUCTION>
    </LIFE-CYCLE-STATE>
  </LC-STATES>
</LIFE-CYCLE-STATE-DEFINITION-GROUP>
```

Listing 3.1: AUTOSAR Standard LifeCycleStateDefinitionGroup



4 The Principles of Blueprints

[TPS_STDT_00002] The Principles of Blueprints This chapter describes the support of the AUTOSAR meta-model for the pre-definition of model elements taken as the basis for further modeling. These pre-definitions are called blueprints. (RS_STDT_-00001)

For example, an authoring tool provides the such predefined PortInterface as a kind of toolbox from which the definitions can be copied to a project.

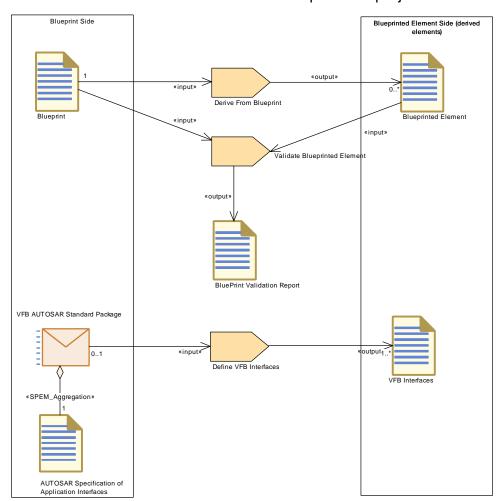


Figure 4.1: Blueprint methodology approach

Figure 4.1 illustrates the usecase. The blueprint is on one hand used as an input to derive objects (DeriveFromBlueprint) and later also used to validate the derived objects. As an example the figure shows that the application interfaces are used to derive VFB interfaces (namely PortInterfaces).



4.1 Abstract pattern for Blueprints

The blueprint approach is represented by the abstract blueprint structure as shown in figure 4.2. It is based on three entities:

- **Blueprint**, represented by AtpBlueprint, acts as the predefinition of the element. Basically it follows the same structure as the derived elements.
 - But there might be additional elements to support the fact that it is a blueprint. An example for this is that PortPrototypeBlueprint also specifies initValues which is not the case for PortPrototype which get their initial values from appropriate ComSpecs.
- Blueprinted Element, represented by AtpBlueprintable, acts as the element which was derived from the Blueprint. These elements are derived from blueprints mainly by copy and refine. This "refine" may add further attribute values, update shortName etc. The details of possible refinements are specified for each blueprint individually.

Note that the subsequent processing of blueprinted elements (e.g. RTE generation) does not refer to the blueprints anymore.

- **Blueprint Mapping**, represented by AtpBlueprintMapping, acts as a reference between blueprints and their derived elements. The main purpose of this blueprint mapping is to
 - provide the ability to validate for each derived element that they conform to the blueprint.
 - reflect the fact that the derived elements are part of a common concept.

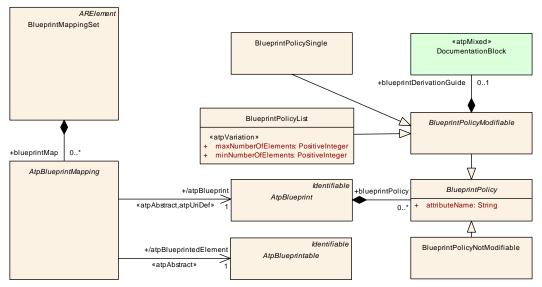


Figure 4.2: Abstract Blueprint Structure



Meta-classes for elements eligible for blueprinting are defined as specializations of AtpBlueprintable while meta-classes for blueprints are defined as specializations of AtpBlueprint. An example is given in figure 4.3.

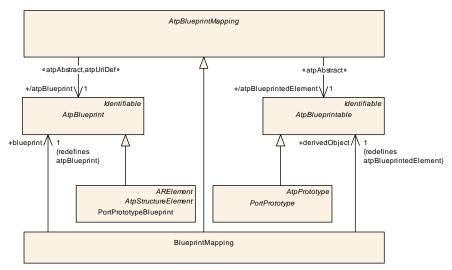


Figure 4.3: Port Blueprints as an example for separate meta-classes for Blueprint and blueprinted Element

[TPS_STDT_00072] Same Meta Class For Blueprints and Derived Objects [For most of the elements eligible for blueprinting, no extra meta-class is required because the same meta-class applies for blueprints and blueprinted elements. The meta-class of such an element inherits from both AtpBlueprint and AtpBlueprintable.] (RS STDT 00017) An example is given in figure 4.4.

[TPS_STDT_00041] Constraints may be violated in Blueprints [For blueprints using the same meta-class as the derived objects, the constraints defined for these objects may be violated by the blueprints such as:

- Required attributes may be missing.
- Referenced objects may not exist. Strictly speaking, references in blueprints can all be considered as atpuriDef>

(RS STDT 00002, RS STDT 00006, RS STDT 00007)



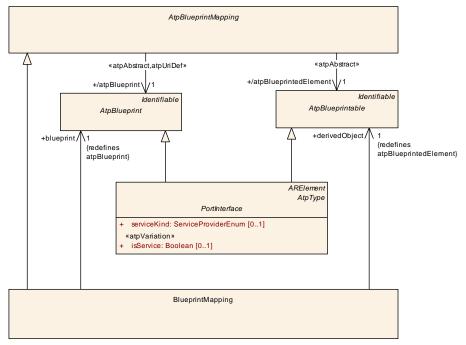


Figure 4.4: PortInterface Blueprints as an example for using the same meta-class for Blueprint and blueprinted Element

[TPS_STDT_00033] Recognize Blueprints [According to [6] the blueprints reside in a package of category "BLUEPRINT". Downstream AUTOSAR Tools such as RTE-generator shall ignore Elements living in a package of category "BLUEPRINT".] (RS_STDT_00006, RS_STDT_00007)

Blueprints are specializations of AtpBlueprint. Introduction of standardization therefore does not introduce compatibility problems to existing templates. Note that since AUTOSAR 4.0.3 AtpBlueprint.shortNamePattern is replaced by Identifier.namePattern resp. CIdentifier.namePattern. In addition since AUTOSAR 4.4.0 blueprintValue exists and is used e.g. in the context of ARMQL (AUTOSAR Model Query Language).

[TPS_STDT_00032] BlueprintPolicy [Blueprintable elements shall be characterized by BlueprintPolicy to indicate whether they will be modifiable or not modifiable.

- BlueprintPolicyNotModifiable means, that the related attribute is not modifiable during the blueprinting (see listing 4.1).
- BlueprintPolicyList means, that the related attribute is modifiable during the blueprinting. It applies only to an attribute with upper multiplicity greater than 1 (see listing 4.2).
- BlueprintPolicySingle means, that the related attribute is modifiable during the blueprinting. It applies only to an attribute with upper multiplicity equal 1 (see listing 4.3).

(RS STDT 00040)



[constr_2590] One BlueprintPolicy is allowed [For each attribute of a blueprint, at most one BlueprintPolicy is allowed.]

[constr_2591] BlueprintPolicyNotModifiable [If BlueprintPolicyNotModifiable is assigned to an attribute, then during blueprinting it is not allowed to modify the value of the attribute and all its contained content.]

[constr_2592] No BlueprintPolicy [If no BlueprintPolicy is assigned to an attribute, then arbitrary modifications are allowed while deriving from the blueprint.]()

[constr_2593] Expression for identifying the attribute a BlueprintPolicy relates to [The expression language for identifying the related attribute of a BlueprintPolicy is a subset version of xpath, see [7]. For navigation over the model we use the names as they are used in XML. | ()

[TPS_STDT_00039] Xpath Expressions for BlueprintPolicy [The Blueprint-Policy uses a subset of xpath expressions described in Table 4.1. Other xpath expressions shall not be use to avoid complexity. The root node is the blueprint owning the BlueprintPolicy.|(RS_STDT_00040)

Path Expressions	Description
nodename	Selects all nodes with the name "nodename"
/	Selects from the root node
@	Selects attributes
@ <attribute>='<value>'</value></attribute>	Selects an element node, which has the <attribute> set to <value></value></attribute>
text()=' <value>'</value>	Selects an element node, which contains the text <value></value>
*	Matches any element node
[n]	Selects the n-th element node

Table 4.1: Allowed xpath expressions in BlueprintPolicy

The xpath expression [n] in Table 4.1 starts with [1] due to the XML Path Language Specification [7]. The use of [n] is only allowed for ordered elements. One BlueprintPolicy can refine more than one attribute.

In listing 4.1 the root node is selected by the nodename (COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS). In listing 4.2 the root node is selected by nodename/nodename/* (COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS/COMPU-SCALES/*).



```
<SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
  <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
    <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
      <SW-POINTER-TARGET-PROPS>
        <TARGET-CATEGORY>TYPE REFERENCE</TARGET-CATEGORY>
        <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
          <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
            <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
              <IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE-REF DEST="IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE">
                 /AUTOSAR/Platform/ImplementationDataTypes_Blueprint/uint32<
                 /IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE-REF>
            </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
          </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
        </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
      </SW-POINTER-TARGET-PROPS>
    </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
  </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
</SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS>
```

Listing 4.1: Example for BlueprintPolicyNotModifiable

```
<COMPU-SCALE>
      <LOWER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">0x04</LOWER-LIMIT>
      <UPPER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">0x04/UPPER-LIMIT>
        <VT>CNV2XMSG TRANSMISSIONSTATE RESERVED1</VT>
      </COMPU-CONST>
   </COMPU-SCALE>
    <COMPU-SCALE>
      <LOWER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">0x05</LOWER-LIMIT>
     <UPPER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">0x05</upper-LIMIT>
        <VT>CNV2XMSG TRANSMISSIONSTATE RESERVED2</VT>
      </COMPU-CONST>
    </COMPU-SCALE>
    <COMPU-SCALE>
      <LOWER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">0x06</LOWER-LIMIT>
      <UPPER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">0x06/UPPER-LIMIT>
      <COMPU-CONST>
        <VT>CNV2XMSG_TRANSMISSIONSTATE_RESERVED3</VT>
      </COMPU-CONST>
   </COMPU-SCALE>
    <COMPU-SCALE>
      <LOWER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">0x07</LOWER-LIMIT>
      <UPPER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">0x07</UPPER-LIMIT>
      <COMPU-CONST>
        <VT>CNV2XMSG TRANSMISSIONSTATE UNAVAILABLE</VT>
      </COMPU-CONST>
    </COMPU-SCALE>
  </COMPU-SCALES>
</COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS>
```

Listing 4.2: Example for BlueprintPolicyList

The listing 4.3 illustrates the use of BlueprintPolicySingle.

```
<PORT-PROTOTYPE-BLUEPRINT>
```



```
<SHORT-NAME NAME-PATTERN="{anyName}">AFbForCmft
    <L-4 L="EN">Acceleration Feedback for Comfort</L-4>
 </LONG-NAME>
  <DESC>
    <L-2 L="EN">Cluster of information regarding acceleration and
       acceleration saturation feedbacks from Vehicle Longitudinal
       Control (VLC) to Adaptive Cruise Control (ACC). This information
       is used for comfort reasons.</L-2>
  </DESC>
  <BLUEPRINT-POLICYS>
    <BLUEPRINT-POLICY-SINGLE>
      <ATTRIBUTE-NAME>INTERFACE-REF</ATTRIBUTE-NAME>
      <BLUEPRINT-DERIVATION-GUIDE>
          <L-1 L="EN">Shall only refer to an interface of vendor xyz
             with the same shortname.</L-1>
       </P>
      </BLUEPRINT-DERIVATION-GUIDE>
    </BLUEPRINT-POLICY-SINGLE>
  </BLUEPRINT-POLICYS>
  <INTERFACE-REF DEST="SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE">/AUTOSAR/
     AISpecification/PortInterfaces_Blueprint/AFbForCmft1</INTERFACE-REF
</PORT-PROTOTYPE-BLUEPRINT>
```

Listing 4.3: Example for BlueprintPolicySingle

In listing 4.4 the BlueprintPolicySingle selects an element node with attribute which equals a defined string (PORTS/P-PORT-PROTOTYPE/SHORT-NAME[@NAME-PATTERN='{Name}_AsymDecrypt']).

Listing 4.4: Example for BlueprintPolicySingle with attribute name pattern

This results in the selection of the element node illustrated in listing 4.5.

Listing 4.5: Selected element node <SHORT-NAME>



In listing 4.6 the BlueprintPolicySingle selects an element node which contains a defined text pattern (OPERATIONS/CLIENT-SERVER-OPERATION[SHORT-NAME/text()="ReadData"]/ARGUMENTS/ARGUMENT-DATA-PROTOTYPE[SHORT-NAME/text()="Data"]).

Listing 4.6: Example for BlueprintPolicySingle with text pattern

This results in the selection of the element node (ARGUMENTS/ARGUMENT-DATA-PROTOTYPE/SHORT-NAME) with SHORT-NAME equal to 'Data' in case (CLIENT-SERVER-OPERATION/SHORT-NAME) is equal to 'ReadData', see listing 4.7.

```
<OPERATIONS>
  <CLIENT-SERVER-OPERATION>
     <SHORT-NAME>ReadData
     <INTRODUCTION>
        <P>
           <L-1 L="EN">The server is not allowed to return
              E_NOT_OK, but shall always provide a valid data
              value (e.g. a default/replacement value in an error-
              case) to Dcm/Dem nevertheless the signature of the
              operation includes E_NOT_OK to ensure compatibility
              between server runnable and RTE Call API, since the
              RTE may return negative Std_Return values in certain
               cases (e.g. partition of server stopped) </L-1>
        </P>
     </INTRODUCTION>
     <ARGUMENTS>
        <ARGUMENT-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
           <SHORT-NAME>Data
           <TYPE-TREF DEST="IMPLEMENTATION-DATA-TYPE">/AUTOSAR/Dem
               /ImplementationDataTypes_Blueprint/DataArrayType</
              TYPE-TREF>
           <DIRECTION>OUT
        </ARGUMENT-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
     </ARGUMENTS>
     <POSSIBLE-ERROR-REFS>
        <POSSIBLE-ERROR-REF DEST="APPLICATION-ERROR">/AUTOSAR/Dem/
            ClientServerInterfaces_Blueprint/DataServices/E_OK</
            POSSIBLE-ERROR-REF>
        <POSSIBLE-ERROR-REF DEST="APPLICATION-ERROR">/AUTOSAR/Dem/
            ClientServerInterfaces Blueprint/DataServices/E NOT OK<
            /POSSIBLE-ERROR-REF>
     </POSSIBLE-ERROR-REFS>
  </CLIENT-SERVER-OPERATION>
```



</OPERATIONS>

Listing 4.7: Example for BlueprintPolicySingle with text pattern

Class	AtpBlueprint (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Common	Structure	::StandardizationTemplate::AbstractBlueprintStructure		
Note		This meta-class represents the ability to act as a Blueprint. As this class is an abstract one, particular blueprint meta-classes inherit from this one.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable		
Subclasses	ARPackage, AbstractImplementationDataType, AclObjectSet, AclOperation, AclPermission, AclRole, AliasNameSet, ApplicationDataType, BswEntryRelationshipSet, BswModuleDescription, BswModule Entry, BuildActionEntity, BuildActionEnvironment, BuildActionManifest, ClientServerInterfaceToBsw ModuleEntryBlueprintMapping, CompuMethod, ConsistencyNeeds, DataConstr, DataTypeMappingSet, EcucDefinitionCollection, EcucDestinationUriDefSet, EcucModuleDef, FlatMap, KeywordSet, LifeCycle State, LifeCycleStateDefinitionGroup, ModeDeclarationGroup, PortInterface, PortInterfaceMapping, Port InterfaceMappingSet, PortPrototypeBlueprint, SwAddrMethod, SwBaseType, SwComponentType, Vfb Timing					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
blueprintPolicy	BlueprintPolicy	*	aggr	This role indicates whether the blueprintable element will be modifiable or not modifiable.		

Table 4.2: AtpBlueprint

Class	AtpBlueprintable (abstract)							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::AbstractBlueprintStructure							
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to be derived from a Blueprint. As this class is an abstract one, particular blueprintable meta-classes inherit from this one.							
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable							
Subclasses	ARPackage, AbstractImplementationDataType, AclObjectSet, AclOperation, AclPermission, AclRole, AliasNameSet, ApplicationDataType, BswEntryRelationshipSet, BswModuleDescription, BswModule Entry, BuildActionEntity, BuildActionEnvironment, BuildActionManifest, CompuMethod, Consistency Needs, DataConstr, DataTypeMappingSet, EcucDefinitionCollection, EcucDestinationUriDefSet, Ecuc ModuleDef, FlatMap, KeywordSet, LifeCycleState, LifeCycleStateDefinitionGroup, ModeDeclaration Group, PortInterface, PortInterfaceMapping, PortInterfaceMappingSet, PortPrototype, SwAddrMethod, SwBaseType, SwComponentType, VfbTiming							
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note							
_	- - -							

Table 4.3: AtpBlueprintable

Class	AtpBlueprintMapping (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplat	tes::Common	Structure	::StandardizationTemplate::AbstractBlueprintStructure	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express a particular mapping between a blueprint and an element derived from this blueprint.				
	Particular mappings are defined by specializations of this meta-class.				
Base	ARObject				
Subclasses	BlueprintMapping				
Aggregated by	BlueprintMappingSet.b	lueprintMap			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
atpBlueprint	AtpBlueprint	1	ref	This represents the blueprint.	
				Stereotypes: atpAbstract; atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=50	



 \triangle

Class	AtpBlueprintMapping (abstract)					
atpBlueprinted Element	AtpBlueprintable	1	ref	This represents the bluprinted elements which shall be mapped to the blueprint.		
				Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=60		

Table 4.4: AtpBlueprintMapping

Class	BlueprintPolicy (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Common	Structure	::StandardizationTemplate::AbstractBlueprintStructure
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to indicate whether blueprintable elements will be modifiable or not modifiable.			
Base	ARObject			
Subclasses	BlueprintPolicyModifiable, BlueprintPolicyNotModifiable			
Aggregated by	AtpBlueprint.blueprintPolic	су		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
attributeName	String	1	attr	This identifies the related attribute of a BlueprintPolicy. For navigation over the model a subset of xpath expressions is used.

Table 4.5: BlueprintPolicy

Class	BlueprintPolicyList			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Common	Structure	::StandardizationTemplate::AbstractBlueprintStructure
Note	The class represents that attribute with upper multip			e is modifiable during the blueprinting. It applies only to .
Base	ARObject, BlueprintPolicy	r, Blueprin	ntPolicyMo	odifiable
Aggregated by	AtpBlueprint.blueprintPolicy			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
maxNumberOf Elements	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Maximum number of elements in list. If the maximum number is not constraint it shall be set to "undefined".
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime
minNumberOf Elements	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Minimum number of elements in the list. If the minimum number is not constraint it shall be set to "undefined".
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime

Table 4.6: BlueprintPolicyList

Class	BlueprintPolicyModifiable (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::AbstractBlueprintStructure				
Note	The class represents that the related attribute is modifiable during the blueprinting.				
Base	ARObject, BlueprintPolicy				
Subclasses	BlueprintPolicyList, BlueprintPolicySingle				
Aggregated by	AtpBlueprint.blueprintPolic	су			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
blueprint DerivationGuide	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This role offers the possibility to give additional information to the policy.	

Table 4.7: BlueprintPolicyModifiable



Class	BlueprintPolicyNotModifiable				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::AbstractBlueprintStructure				
Note	The class represents that the related attribute is not modifiable during the blueprinting.				
Base	ARObject, BlueprintPolicy				
Aggregated by	AtpBlueprint.blueprintPolic	су			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	_	_	_	-	

Table 4.8: BlueprintPolicyNotModifiable

Class	BlueprintPolicySingle			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::AbstractBlueprintStructure			
Note	The class represents that the related attribute is modifiable during the blueprinting. It applies only to attribute with upper multiplicity equal 1.			
Base	ARObject, BlueprintPolicy, BlueprintPolicyModifiable			
Aggregated by	AtpBlueprint.blueprintPolic	AtpBlueprint.blueprintPolicy		
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	_	_	_	-

Table 4.9: BlueprintPolicySingle

4.2 Mapping of Blueprints to blueprinted Elements

In many cases it will be necessary to identify the relationship of a blueprinted element (e.g. PortPrototype) to the corresponding blueprint (e.g. PortPrototype-Blueprint) after the blueprinted element has been created according to the blueprint.

For this purpose it would theoretically be possible to establish a reference from Atp-Blueprintable to AtpBlueprint that identifies the pair of related model artifacts. However, this kind of information is relevant only in a narrow scope and does - as mentioned before - not impact the downstream model handling.

Therefore, a AtpBlueprintMapping is introduced which refers to both AtpBlueprintable and AtpBlueprint (see figure 4.2). The AtpBlueprintMapping is in turn aggregated at a container for the creation of blueprint mappings, the BlueprintMappingSet.

In previous AUTOSAR Releases a specialization of AtpBlueprintMapping was created for each particular meta class eligible for blueprinting. This has been replaced by one particular specialization (BlueprintMapping)¹.

¹For compatibility reasons, the abstract pattern was not changed. The previous specializations Port-InterfaceBlueprintMapping and PortPrototypeBlueprintMapping are removed.



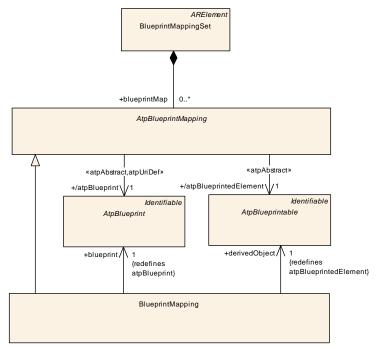


Figure 4.5: Mapping of Derived Objects and their Blueprints

[constr_2566] Blueprintmapping shall map appropriate elements [BlueprintMapping shall map elements which represent a valid pair of blueprint / derived object. In most of the cases this means that blueprint and derivedObject shall refer to objects of the same meta-class.]()

Class	BlueprintMappingSet				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Common	Structure	::StandardizationTemplate::BlueprintMapping	
Note	This represents a container of mappings between "actual" model elements and the "blueprint" that has been taken for their creation.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=BlueprintMappingSets				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
blueprintMap	AtpBlueprintMapping	*	aggr	This represents a particular blueprint map in the set.	

Table 4.10: BlueprintMappingSet

4.3 General Rules for Compliance of blueprint and blueprinted element

[TPS_STDT_00005] Compliance with Blueprints [Constraints [constr_2554] and [TPS_STDT_00087] apply in general for the compliance of blueprints with the derived objects.] (RS_STDT_00017)



[constr_2554] Derived objects shall match the blueprints [Unless specified explicitly otherwise, the attributes of the blueprint shall appear in the derived objects.

As an exception namePattern and blueprintValue may not be copied. | ()

[TPS_STDT_00087] Derived objects may have more attributes than the blueprints [Unless specified explicitly otherwise, derived objects may have more attributes than the blueprints. Such attributes can be

- additional values if the upper multiplicity of the attribute in the meta-model is greater than 1
- those specified by the related templates but not specified in the blueprint

(RS_STDT_00017)

[TPS_STDT_00085] Compatibility of longName, desc and introduction of blueprint and blueprinted element | Elements derived from blueprints are allowed to

- change longName
- change desc
- change introduction

|(RS_STDT_00017)

Note that [TPS STDT 00085] includes the ability to add text in a further language.

Note that introduction should not be used to describe the derivation of objects from the blueprint. See [TPS_STDT_00048] for details.

[TPS_STDT_00086] Specify a name pattern or a blueprint value in blueprints [For each blueprint, a namePattern or a blueprintValue shall be specified if the shortName respectively a symbol is not fixed but intended to be defined when objects are derived from a blueprint. This is used to verify the appropriate naming of the derived objects ([constr_2553]).|(RS_STDT_00017)

[Constr_2553] shortName shall follow the pattern defined in the Blueprint [The shortName respectively symbol of the derived objects shall follow the pattern defined in namePattern or blueprintValue of the blueprint according to [TPS_STDT_00086]|()

[constr_2570] No Blueprints in system descriptions [There shall be no blueprints in system descriptions. In consequence of this blueprint elements shall be referenced only from blueprints and AtpBlueprintMappings. Due to $\ll atpUriDef\gg$, the references from AtpBlueprintMapping do not need to be resolved in system descriptions. | ()

[constr_2571] Outgoing references from Blueprints Note that outgoing references from Blueprints are basically not limited. Practically, references to objects living in a package of category EXAMPLE should not occur. ()



Reason for [constr_2571] is the fact that these examples then also shall exist in the target system description but not as example. In such a case the example would take the role of a blueprint.

Figure 4.6 illustrates a scenario with standardized objects, blueprints and project related objects.

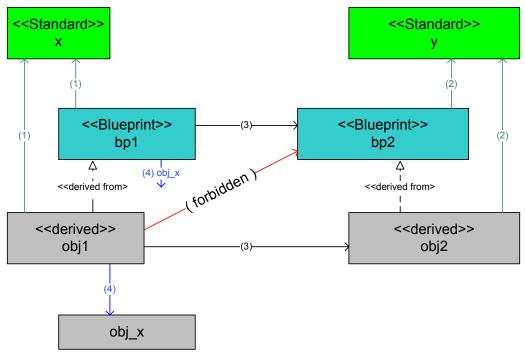


Figure 4.6: Relations between Blueprints, "Derived Objects" and "Standardized Objects"

This diagram in particular illustrates how references in blueprints shall be handled:

[TPS STDT 00051] Handling references when deriving objects from blueprints [

- Blueprints may reference standardized objects. These references also exist in the derived objects (1), (2).
- Blueprints may reference other blueprints (3). These references need to be replaced in order to meet [constr_2546]. Therefore a reference from a derived object to a blueprint is not allowed.
- Blueprints may contain references to arbitrary objects (4). According to [TPS_STDT_00041] it is allowed that these objects even do not exist. Nevertheless to meet [constr_2554] such references shall be copied to the derived objects and the referenced objects shall exist in the target system description.

(RS STDT 00013, RS STDT 00017)

[TPS_STDT_00034] Integrity of Blueprints [The integrity of blueprints can be established by applying references to blueprints of related objects. For example, a blueprint of a BswModuleDescription may refer to a blueprint of BswModuleEntry.] (RS_-STDT_00027)



[constr_2546] References in derived model elements [Model elements derived from blueprints shall never refer to model elements that are blueprints.] ()

Note: A blueprint may refer to another blueprint. When deriving objects such a reference shall be replaced such that the new reference target is an object derived from the corresponding reference target in the blueprint.

[TPS_STDT_00065] Nested Blueprint Can be Used as Blueprint of its own [If specialization of AtpBlueprint aggregates specialization of AtpBlueprint, then the such aggregated specialization of AtpBlueprint acts as a blueprint on its own and can be derived beyond the context of objects derived from the aggregating specialization of AtpBlueprint. This definition allows to create blueprints which are not specializations of ARElement.

In other words, If a blueprint contains blueprints, the "inner" blueprints can be derived independent from derived objects of the "outer" blueprint. \((RS_STDT_00001, RS_STDT_00033) \)

See chapter 5.8 for an use case of [TPS STDT 00065].

[TPS_STDT_00047] Ignore Blueprint Attributes in Non Blueprints [AUTOSAR Tools which do not process blueprints such as RTE-generator shall ignore Identifier.namePattern resp. CIdentifier.namePattern and blueprintValue.

The attributes Identifier.namePattern resp. CIdentifier.namePattern and blueprintValue should be removed when deriving objects from blueprints.](RS_-STDT_00003, RS_STDT_00004, RS_STDT_00006, RS_STDT_00007)

[TPS_STDT_00048] Express Decisions when Deriving Objects [Applying VariationPoint is a suitable way to express intended decisions to be made when deriving objects from blueprints. In this case the value of the UML tag vh.latestBindingTime is blueprintDerivationTime and VariationPoint. blueprintCondition, VariationPoint.formalBlueprintGenerator respectively AttributeValueVariationPoint.blueprintValue shall be used to express the intended derivation.](RS_STDT_00008, RS_STDT_00018, RS_STDT_00019)

[TPS_STDT_00028] Resolving VariationPoint in Blueprints [If a Variation-Point has only blueprintValue respectively blueprintCondition, formal-BlueprintGenerator but not swSyscond nor postBuildVariantCondition it shall be resolved when deriving elements.](RS_STDT_00014, RS_STDT_00015, RS_STDT_00019, RS_STDT_00020)

Please refer to Generic Structure Template [6] for the following aspects:

• Even if BindingTimeEnum does not contain the value blueprintDerivationTime, there are still VariationPoints which shall be bound on blueprint derivation. This is specified as blueprintDerivationTime in the UML tag vh.latestBindingTime at the variation point in the meta model.



• In [constr_2537] VariationPoint is limited to SwComponentType, BswModuleDescription, Documentation, even if the meta model supports variation point on any PackageableElement.

[constr_2564] VariationPoint in Blueprints of PackageableElement [To support standardization, constraint [constr_2537] in [6] is relaxed for blueprints. This means in particular, that all PackageableElements which inherit from AtpBlueprint and live in a package of category BLUEPRINT may have a VariationPoint.

In this case vh.latestBindingTime is considered as blueprintDerivationTime even if the meta model still states systemDesignTime for PackageableElement. | ()

See chapter 5 for such elements.

- See [constr_2557]: System configurations shall not contain VariationPoints with vh.latestBindingTime set to blueprintDerivationTime.
- [constr_2558]: If vh.latestBindingTime is blueprintDerivationTime then there shall only be blueprintCondition, formalBlueprintGenerator respectively blueprintValue.
- See [constr_2559]: VariationPoints shall not be nested. In particular this means that there shall not exist a VariationPoint within the DocumentationBlock in the role blueprintCondition in a VariationPoint.
- See [constr 2567]: Attribute Value Blueprints should contain undefined.

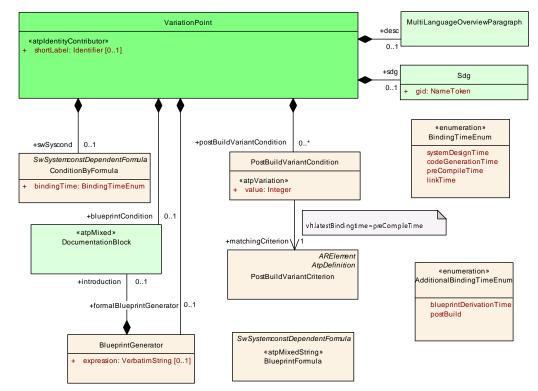


Figure 4.7: Variation Point



Class	VariationPoint					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	VariantHandling		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express a "structural variation point". The container of the variation point is part of the selected variant if swSyscond evaluates to true and each postBuildVariant Criterion is fulfilled.					
Base	ARObject					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
blueprint Condition	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This represents a description that documents how the variation point shall be resolved when deriving objects from the blueprint.		
				Note that variationPoints are not allowed within a blueprintCondition.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=28		
desc	MultiLanguageOverview Paragraph	01	aggr	This allows to describe shortly the purpose of the variation point.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20		
formalBlueprint Generator	BlueprintGenerator	01	aggr	This represents a description that documents how the variation point shall be resolved when deriving objects from the blueprint by using ARMQL.		
				Note that variationPoints are not allowed within a formal BlueprintGenerator.		
				Tags: atp.Status=draft xml.sequenceOffset=30		
postBuildVariant Condition	PostBuildVariant Condition	*	aggr	This is the set of post build variant conditions which all shall be fulfilled in order to (postbuild) bind the variation point.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40		
sdg	Sdg	01	aggr	An optional special data group is attached to every variation point. These data can be used by external software systems to attach application specific data. For example, a variant management system might add an identifier, an URL or a specific classifier.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=50		
shortLabel	Identifier	01	attr	This provides a name to the particular variation point to support the RTE generator. It is necessary for supporting splitable aggregations and if binding time is later than codeGenerationTime, as well as some RTE conditions. It needs to be unique with in the enclosing Identifiables with the same ShortName.		
				Stereotypes: atpldentityContributor Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10		
swSyscond	ConditionByFormula	01	aggr	This condition acts as Binding Function for the Variation Point. Note that the multiplicity is 01 in order to support pure postBuild variants.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30		

Table 4.11: VariationPoint

[TPS_STDT_00030] Blueprint of VariationPoint [A blueprint may contain VariationPoint with vh.latestBindingTime set to blueprintDerivationTime. These are considered as kind of blueprint of variation points which shall be handled when deriving objects. The following options apply for the container of the VariationPoint according to chosen approach for blueprint derivation:

1. If blueprintCondition is specified: resolved manually



2. If formalBlueprintGenerator is specified: resolved by a module generator. The resolver approach is formalized using ARMQL. Note that in this case it is also likely that multiple objects are created by the module generator.

After resolving the VariationPoint by one of these conditions the remaining variation is converted to a subsequent VariationPoint. (RS STDT 00020)

[TPS_STDT_00044] Transferring VariationPoint [Unless specified explicitly otherwise, VariationPoints with vh.latestBindingTime not set to BlueprintDerivationTime should be transferred to the derived objects (see also [TPS_STDT_00087]). Thereby the shortLabel of the VariationPoint may be adapted according to the specification in the blueprintCondition and formal-BlueprintGenerator.] (RS_STDT_00020)

[constr_2556] No Blueprint Motivated VariationPoints in AUTOSAR Descriptions [AUTOSAR descriptions which are not blueprints shall not have blueprint-Condition, formalBlueprintGenerator nor blueprintValue.]()

[constr_2569] Purely Blueprint Motivated VariationPoints [VariationPoints with vh.latestBindingTime set to blueprintDerivationTime shall have only blueprintCondition or formalBlueprintGenerator respectively blueprintValue.]()

[TPS_STDT_00045] Transferring Objects in General [Objects resp. references without VariationPoint shall be transferred to the derived objects. Thereby the namePatterns and the blueprintValues of the referenced Blueprints also apply for rewriting the shortName path in the reference. | (RS STDT 00020)

For more details about VariationPoint refer to [6], as all constraints are summarized there.

[TPS_STDT_00046] Configuration dependent properties [Some data types specify configuration-dependent properties like limits, base types etc. This is supported by an additional attribute blueprintValue in the AttributeValueVariationPoint.] (RS_STDT_00020)

An example for [TPS STDT 00046] is:

NvM_BlockIdType Range: 0..2\^(16- NvMDatasetSelectionBits)-1
Dem_RatioIdType Type: uint8, uint16



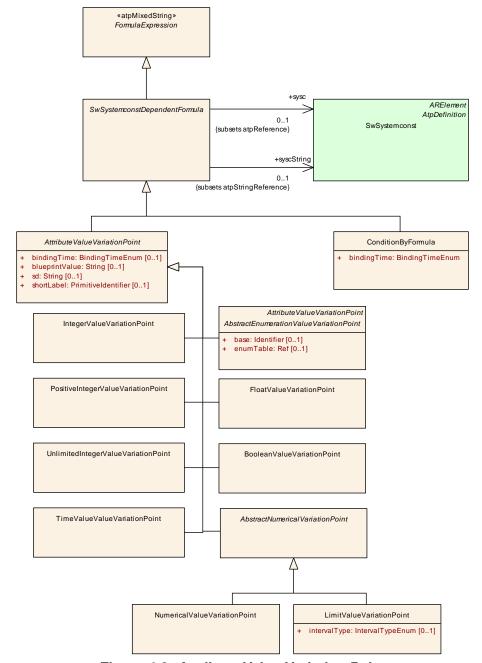


Figure 4.8: Attribute Value Variation Point

Class	< <atpmixedstring>> AttributeValueVariationPoint (abstract)</atpmixedstring>
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::VariantHandling::AttributeValueVariationPoints
Note	This class represents the ability to derive the value of the Attribute from a system constant (by Sw SystemconstDependentFormula). It also provides a bindingTime.
Base	ARObject, FormulaExpression, SwSystemconstDependentFormula
Subclasses	AbstractEnumerationValueVariationPoint, AbstractNumericalVariationPoint, BooleanValueVariationPoint, FloatValueVariationPoint, IntegerValueVariationPoint, PositiveIntegerValueVariationPoint, TimeValue ValueVariationPoint, UnlimitedIntegerValueVariationPoint
Aggregated by	VariationPointProxy.valueAccess





Δ

Class	< <atpmixedstring>> AttributeValueVariationPoint (abstract)</atpmixedstring>			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
bindingTime	BindingTimeEnum	01	attr	This is the binding time in which the attribute value needs to be bound.
				If this attribute is missing, the attribute is not a variation point. In particular this means that It needs to be a single value according to the type specified in the pure model. It is an error if it is still a formula.
				Tags:xml.attribute=true
blueprintValue	String	01	attr	This represents a description that documents how the value shall be defined when deriving objects from the blueprint.
				Tags:xml.attribute=true
sd	String	01	attr	This special data is provided to allow synchronization of Attribute value variation points with variant management systems. The usage is subject of agreement between the involved parties.
				Tags:xml.attribute=true
shortLabel	PrimitiveIdentifier	01	attr	This allows to identify the variation point. It is also intended to allow RTE support for CompileTime Variation points.
				Tags:xml.attribute=true

Table 4.12: AttributeValueVariationPoint

4.4 Applicable patterns to define attributes when deriving objects from blueprints

4.4.1 Name Patterns

[TPS_STDT_00003] Applying namePattern [When deriving an element from a blueprint it is often the case that a particular pattern shall be used to determine the shortName respectively the symbol of the object. This use case is supported by the attribute namePattern in Identifier resp. CIdentifier.](RS_STDT_00004, RS_STDT_00008, RS_STDT_00019, RS_STDT_00021)

Primitive	Identifier
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes
Note	An Identifier is a string with a number of constraints on its appearance, satisfying the requirements typical programming languages define for their Identifiers.
	This datatype represents a string, that can be used as a c-Identifier.
	It shall start with a letter, may consist of letters, digits and underscores.
	Tags: xml.xsd.customType=IDENTIFIER xml.xsd.maxLength=128 xml.xsd.pattern=[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9_]* xml.xsd.type=string





 \triangle

Primitive	Identifier			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
blueprintValue	String	01	attr	This represents a description that documents how the value shall be defined when deriving objects from the blueprint.
				Tags: atp.Status=draft xml.attribute=true
namePattern	String	01	attr	This attribute represents a pattern which shall be used to define the value of the identifier if the identifier in question is part of a blueprint.
				For more details refer to TPS_StandardizationTemplate.
				Tags:xml.attribute=true

Table 4.13: Identifier

Primitive	Cldentifier			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes			
Note	This datatype represents a string, that follows the rules of C-identifiers. Tags: xml.xsd.customType=C-IDENTIFIER xml.xsd.pattern=[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9_]* xml.xsd.type=string			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
blueprintValue	String	1	attr	This represents a description that documents how the value shall be defined when deriving objects from the blueprint.
				Tags: atp.Status=draft xml.attribute=true
namePattern	String	01	attr	This attribute represents a pattern which shall be used to define the value of the identifier if the Cldentifier in question is part of a blueprint.
				For more details refer to TPS_StandardizationTemplate.
				Tags:xml.attribute=true

Table 4.14: Cldentifier

[TPS_STDT_00055] General Syntax for Name Patterns [The name pattern uses the syntax described in Listing 4.8 defined according to ANTLR [8].] (RS_STDT_00004)



```
'blueprintName' |
                   'capitalizedCallbackName' |
                   'capitalizedMip' |
                  'codePeriode' |
                   'componentName' |
                   'componentTypeName' |
                   'componentPrototypeName' |
                   'ecucValue' '(' ecucName ')' |
                   'index' |
                   'initPolicy' |
                   'keyword' '(' kwClass ')' |
                   'Mip'
                   'modeName' |
                   'nameSpace' |
                   'portDir' |
                   'typeId'
                  subPattern
               '}';
fixedName : MyName;
kwClass :
             MyName;
separator
 : Separator;
pathSeparator
        : PathSeparator ;
              ( anyNamePart | pathSeparator) +;
                 MyName (separator MyName) *;
anyNamePart :
       : ('a'..'z' | ('A'..'\overline{Z}') | ('0'..'\overline{9}') | '-' )*;
MyName
Separator : '_' ;
PathSeparator : '/' ;
```

Listing 4.8: Grammar for name pattern

Example 4.1 illustrates valid name patterns. Note that {blueprintName} etc. denotes a placeholder.

Example 4.1

```
{blueprintName}_{anyName}

{portDir}_{blueprintName}_{keyword(Qualifier)}_{componentName}_{index}

--> example for a match: R_EngN_Max_Dem_3

{componentName}_{ecucValue(item1)}
```



```
h_b_{(a_{index}_b_{componentName}_{(x_{ecucValue(hugo)})*)*})*}
```

The semantics of the placeholder is defined as follows:

- anyName This represents a string which is valid shortName according to Identifier
- **anyNamePart** This represents a string [a-zA-Z0-9_]* which is valid part of a short-
 - Hint: The place holder "anyNamePart" shall not be used at the beginning of a shortName pattern to avoid invalid shortNames.
- **blueprintName** This represents the shortName / shortLabel / symbol of the applied blueprint
- **capitalizedCallbackName** This represents the name of the callback function including module prefix, but written in upper case.
- **capitalizedMip** This represents the capitalized module implementation prefix according to [SWS_BSW_00102]. All characters are converted to uppercase.
- **codePeriode** This represents the period time value and unit. Units are: US micro seconds, MS milli seconds, S second. For example: 100US, 10MS, 1S.
- **componentName** This represents the shortName of the BSW module resp.
 ASW SwComponentType / ASW component prototype related to the derived object. "Related" mainly could be both, aggregating or referencing.
 - [TPS_STDT_00036] Placeholder for Module / Component | The placeholder componentName in particular supports multiple derivation of a PortPrototypeBlueprint in the context of different software component types resp. modules. | (RS STDT 00021)
- **componentTypeName** This represents the shortName of the dedicated SwComponentType.
- **componentPrototypeName** This represents the shortName of the dedicated SwComponentPrototype.
- ecucValue [TPS_STDT_00040] Influence of ECUC | This indicates an influence of the ECU configuration. This placeholder takes an argument which is intended as a keyword reflecting the kind of influence. More details shall be specified in the blueprintCondition where the argument mentioned before can be taken for reference. | (RS_STDT_00002, RS_STDT_00010)
- **index** This represents a numerical index applicable for example to arrays.



keyword [TPS_STDT_00004] Abbreviated Name [This represents the abbrName of a keyword acting as a name part of the short name. The eligible keywords can be classified (using the argument kwClass). This classification shall match with one of the classification of the applied keyword.] (RS_STDT_00005, RS STDT 00042)

Mip This represents the module implementation prefix according to [SWS_BSW_-00102].

modeName This represents the shortName of the mode e.g. Dcm_{modeName}ModeEntry

portDir This represents the direction of a port.

[TPS_STDT_00037] Port Direction [The placeholder portDir in particular supports the case that the same blueprint is used for P-Port as well as for an R-Port. The values represented by this placeholder is P for P-Port respectively R for R-Port. $|(RS\ STDT\ 00021)$

typeld This represents an indicator based on the type of the object.

4.4.2 Blueprint Formula

[TPS_STDT_00006] Applying Expression Pattern [When deriving an element from a blueprint it is often the case that a particular pattern shall be used to determine the value and or the condition of the object. This use case is supported by the attribute blueprintValue.|(RS_STDT_00019)

[TPS_STDT_00010] General Syntax for Expression Patterns [The expression pattern uses the syntax of the Formula Language as defined in [TPS_GST_00012].] (RS_-STDT_00019)

[TPS_STDT_00092] Return values of the BlueprintFormula.ecuc query [The return values are defined in Table 4.15. In the case several EcucContainerValue(s) or EcucParameterValue(s) are asigned to the EcucContainerDef / EcucParameterDef the return value is undefined. | (RS_STDT_00019)

Return values	Description
EcucContainerDef	Ecuc returns the value of the shortName of the EcucCon-
	tainerValue
EcucBooleanParamDef	Ecuc returns the assigned value of the EcucNumerical-
	ParamValue
EcucIntegerParamDef	Ecuc returns the assigned value of the EcucNumerical-
	ParamValue
EcucFloatParamDef	Ecuc returns the assigned value of the EcucNumerical-
	ParamValue
EcucEnumerationParamDef	Ecuc returns the assigned value of the EcucTextual-
	ParamValue
EcucAbstractStringParamDef	Ecuc returns the assigned value of the EcucTextual-
	ParamValue



EcucReferenceDef	Ecuc returns the referenced container object qualified by the
	destination attribute.
EcucChoiceReferenceDef	Ecuc returns the referenced container objects (list) qualified
	by the destination attributes.
EcucUriReferenceDef	Ecuc returns the referenced container objects (list) qualified
	by the destinationUri attribute.

Table 4.15: Return values of the BlueprintFormula.ecuc query

[TPS_STDT_00021] Specialization of BlueprintFormula [These specialization(s) express the extension of the Formula Language to provide formalized blueprint-Value:

- ecuc: queries to the values described for ECUC-DEFINITION-ELEMENT. Depending on the ECUC-DEFINITION-ELEMENT a value or a string or an object is the result, see [TPS_GST_00094]
- sysc: queries to the values assigned to SW-SYSTEMCONST
- syscString: indicates that the referenced system constant shall be evaluated as a string according to [TPS_SWCT_01431]
- <VERBATIM>: defines the ability to specify non formula parts
- ->: Reference Operator; a -> b the value of object 'b' as specified in [TPS_GST_00094] which is pointed to by 'a'

(RS_STDT_00019)

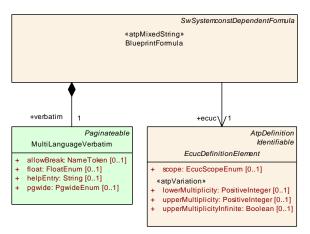


Figure 4.9: Blueprint Formula

Listing 4.9 illustrates valid expression patterns. Note that blueprintValue denotes a placeholder.



Listing 4.9: Use of Logical Expression

In listing 4.10 the use of the Reference Operator is illustrated. The Reference Operator is inserted as a XML entity.

```
<FORMAL-BLUEPRINT-CONDITION>
  (<ECUC-REF DEST="ECUC-ENUMERATION-PARAM-DEF">/AUTOSAR/EcucDefs/Dcm/
        DcmConfigSet/DcmDsp/DcmDspData/DcmDspDataUsePort</ECUC-REF> ==
        USE_DATA_SYNCH_CLIENT_SERVER) & amp; & amp;
  (<ECUC-REF DEST="ECUC-REFERENCE-DEF">/AUTOSAR/EcucDefs/Dcm/DcmConfigSet/
        DcmDsp/DcmDspData/DcmDspDataInfoRef</ECUC-REF>-&gt;<ECUC-REF DEST="
        ECUC-BOOLEAN-PARAM-DEF">/AUTOSAR/EcucDefs/Dcm/DcmConfigSet/DcmDsp/
        DcmDspDataInfo/DcmDspDataFixedLength</ECUC-REF> == false)
</FORMAL-BLUEPRINT-CONDITION>
```

Listing 4.10: Use of Reference Operator

4.5 Ecu Configuration Parameters and Blueprints

[TPS_STDT_00025] Deriving VSMD from STMD Uses its own Mechanism [Basically the Standard Module Definitions (STMD) specified by AUTOSAR according to [9] could also be considered as blueprints. On the other hand, the relationship between vendor specific module definitions (VSMD) is a very strict one and was there before the general concept of Blueprints was introduced. Therefore for sake of compatibility this relationship is still maintained using refinedModuleDef.

Nevertheless for company specific applications there is some support for ECU configuration in Standardization Template. | (RS_STDT_00022, RS_STDT_00010)

See chapter 5.13 resp. chapter 5.14 for more details.



5 Blueprintables defined in AUTOSAR Meta Model

The following sub chapters specify the particular model elements for which blueprints are supported.

5.1 Blueprinting AccessControl

[TPS_STDT_00062] Blueprinting Elements of AccessControl [AclObjectSet, AclOperation, AclPermission, AclRole can be blueprinted.] (RS_STDT_00032)

5.2 Blueprinting AliasNameSet

[TPS_STDT_00011] Blueprinting AliasNameSet [AliasNameSet can be blueprinted.] (RS STDT 00023)

5.3 Blueprinting ApplicationDataType

[TPS_STDT_00023] Blueprinting ApplicationDataType [ApplicationDataType can be blueprinted.] (RS_STDT_00028, RS_STDT_00029)

5.4 Blueprinting ARPackage

[TPS_STDT_00013] Blueprinting ARPackage [ARPackage can be blueprinted. Main use case is to support predefined package structures, e.g. those specified in [6].] (RS_-STDT_00013, RS_STDT_00030)

5.5 Blueprinting BswModuleDescription

[TPS_STDT_00027] Blueprinting BswModuleDescription [BswModuleDescription can be blueprinted.] (RS_STDT_00001, RS_STDT_00041)

Blueprints for <code>BswModuleDescription</code> are used in particular to describe dependencies to other modules. Note that in this case all references to other modules and module entries are targeting blueprints of the intended module. These references need to be replaced when deriving objects from the blueprint of <code>BswModuleDescription</code>.

A blueprint of BswModuleDescription shall specify the references to the standard-or blueprint- API elements, in particular

• BswModuleDescription.implementedEntry



• BswModuleDescription.expectedEntry

Nevertheless, it is allowed that derived BswModuleDescription adds further ones of these references.

Furthermore, optional elements like callbacks often come in 0..* multiplicity. In this case, the blueprint should specify one callback reference (to one blueprint BswModuleEntry) and express the open multiplicity in its namePattern respectively in the VariationPoint.blueprintCondition or VariationPoint.formalBlueprintGenerator as illustrated in Figure 5.1.

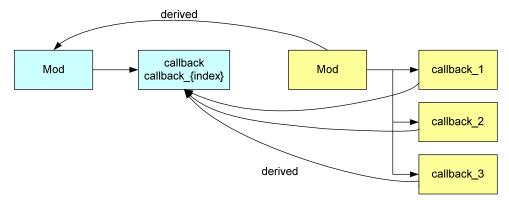


Figure 5.1: Multiply derived Objects

[constr_2563] BswModuleDescription blueprints should not have a BswInternalBehavior [A BswModuleDescription blueprint should not have a BswInternalBehavior since this is a matter of implementation and not subject to standardization. Exceptions might exist in vendor internal applications.]()

5.6 Blueprinting BswModuleEntry

[TPS_STDT_00014] Blueprinting BswModuleEntry [BswModuleEntry can be blueprinted.](RS_STDT_00002, RS_STDT_00018, RS_STDT_00029, RS_STDT_00041)

The meta-class <code>BswModuleEntry</code> and its composites (<code>SwServiceArg</code>) contain optional as well as mandatory elements which are never or only sometimes standardized, e.g. executionContext, <code>swServiceImplPolicy</code>, parts of <code>SwServiceArg.swDataDefProps</code>. Nevertheless Standardization Template does not explicitly specify constraint which attributes shall, may or shall not be defined in the blueprint (see also <code>[TPS_STDT_00049]</code>).



5.7 Blueprinting BswEntryRelationshipSet

[TPS_STDT_00090] Blueprinting BswEntryRelationshipSet [BswEntryRelationshipSet can be blueprinted.] (RS_STDT_00002, RS_STDT_00018, RS_STDT_00029, RS_STDT_00041)

[TPS_STDT_00091] Blueprinting BswEntryRelationshipSet [The BswEntryRelationshipSet describes a collection of BswEntryRelationships. A BswEntryRelationship describes a relationship between two BswModuleEntryS and the type of relationship. This is typically used to express that a concrete BswModuleEntry is derived from an abstract BswModuleEntry. In this case the bswEntryRelationshipType is set to derivedFrom, the BswEntryRelationship.from references the abstract BswModuleEntry and the BswEntryRelationship.to references the concrete BswModuleEntry.](RS_STDT_00002, RS_STDT_00018, RS_STDT_00041)

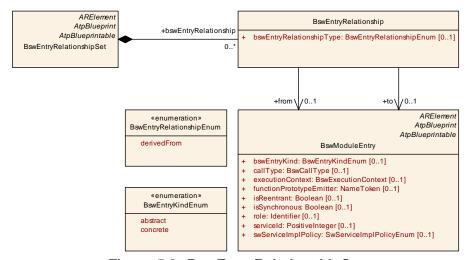


Figure 5.2: BswEntryRelationshipSet

Class	BswEntryRelationshipSet				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswInterfaces			
Note	Describes a set of relation	Describes a set of relationships between two BswModuleEntrys.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=BswEntryRelationshipSets			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
bswEntry Relationship	BswEntryRelationship	*	aggr	Relationship between two BswModuleEntrys.	

Table 5.1: BswEntryRelationshipSet



Class	BswEntryRelationship			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswInterfaces			
Note	Describes a relationship b	etween tw	vo BswMo	duleEntrys and the type of relationship.
Base	ARObject			
Aggregated by	BswEntryRelationshipSet.bswEntryRelationship			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
bswEntry Relationship Type	BswEntryRelationship Enum	01	attr	Denotes the type of the relationship. Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=5
from	BswModuleEntry	01	ref	Type of relationship that refers to the abstract BswModule Entry. Please notice that in this case the bswEntry RelationshipType shall be set to drivedFrom.
to	BswModuleEntry	01	ref	Type of relationship that refers to the concrete Bsw ModuleEntry

Table 5.2: BswEntryRelationship

Enumeration	BswEntryRelationshipEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswInterfaces
Note	Define the type of relationship between two BswModuleEntrys.
Aggregated by	BswEntryRelationship.bswEntryRelationshipType
Literal	Description
derivedFrom	Describes that the BswModuleEntry referenced as "to" needs to have the same signature as the "abstract" BswModuleEntry referenced as "from".
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0

Table 5.3: BswEntryRelationshipEnum

5.8 Blueprinting BuildActionManifest

[TPS_STDT_00063] Blueprinting BuildActionManifest [BuildActionManifest can be blueprinted. [TPS_STDT_00065] applies such that blueprints of BuildAction and BuildActionEnvironments are aggregated in a blueprint of BuildActionManifest.] (RS_STDT_00033)

5.9 Blueprinting CompuMethod

[TPS_STDT_00015] Blueprinting CompuMethod [CompuMethod can be blueprinted. $|(RS_STDT_00029)|$

Sometimes it is required to extend a standardized enumeration with vendor specific elements.

For example [SWS_RamTst_00192] states: If vendor specific algorithms were defined the enumeration fields of RamTst_AlgorithmType should be extended accordingly.



[TPS_STDT_00049] Blueprinting Enumerators [Extensions of enumerator values shall be expressed in the blueprint of the related CompuMethod by the Variation-Point at CompuScale.|(RS_STDT_00002, RS_STDT_00029)

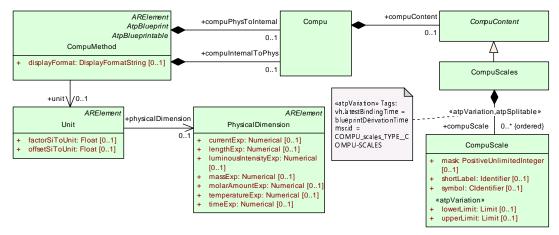


Figure 5.3: A CompuMethod and its attributes define data semantics

5.10 Blueprinting ConsistencyNeeds

[TPS_STDT_00071] Blueprinting ConsistencyNeeds [ConsistencyNeeds can be blueprinted. But as it is not derived from ARElement, all such blueprints are aggregated by ConsistencyNeedsBlueprintSet. This allows to apply [TPS_STDT_00072].](RS_STDT_00034)

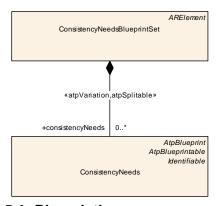


Figure 5.4: Blueprinting ConsistencyNeeds



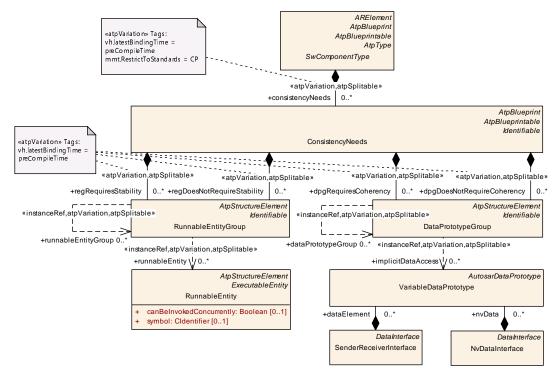


Figure 5.5: ConsistencyNeeds

[TPS_STDT_00073] Early definition of ConsistencyNeeds [Grouping of Data shall be possible before the RunnableEntitys with all the details (data access points) are known. In a top down approach the grouping of DataPrototypes can already be used to design the system in a way that consistency properties are guaranteed and that consistency is not required for unrelated DataPrototypes.

Therefore the DataPrototypeGroup in a ConsistencyNeeds (Blueprint) can reference VariableDataPrototypes of PortInterfaces without any further context information. | (RS_STDT_00034)

[TPS_STDT_00074] Categorization of Blueprints of ConsistencyNeeds [Since a ConsistencyNeeds (Blueprint) can be designed before the software component is known in all details it is required to denote the purpose of the DataPrototypeGroup and the RunnableEntityGroup of a ConsistencyNeeds(Blueprint). Therefore a set of category values is predefined which supports the "abstract" blueprinting of ConsistencyNeeds. | (RS STDT 00034)

[TPS_STDT_00075] Categories for DataPrototypeGroup in a Blueprint of ConsistencyNeeds [

- **ALL_PROVIDE_DATA_OF_COMPONENT** DataPrototypeGroup of the ConsistencyNeeds shall contain all VariableDataPrototypes instantiated in provide ports of the software component.
- ALL_REQUIRE_DATA_OF_COMPONENT DataPrototypeGroup of the ConsistencyNeeds shall contain all VariableDataPrototypes instantiated in require ports of the software component.



- **ALL_PROVIDE_AND_REQUIRE_DATA_OF_COMPONENT** DataPrototypeGroup of the ConsistencyNeeds shall contain all VariableDataPrototypeS instantiated in provide and require ports of the software component.
- ALL_PROVIDE_DATA_OF_RUNNABLE_GROUP DataPrototypeGroup of the ConsistencyNeeds shall contain all VariableDataPrototypes where any RunnableEntity in the attached RunnableEntityGroup has a implicit write access to it.
- ALL_REQUIRE_DATA_OF_RUNNABLE_GROUP DataPrototypeGroup of the ConsistencyNeeds shall contain all VariableDataPrototypes where any RunnableEntity in the attached RunnableEntityGroup has a implicit read access to it.
- ALL_PROVIDE_AND_REQUIRE_PORTS_OF_RUNNABLE_GROUP DataPrototype—
 Group of the ConsistencyNeeds shall contain all VariableDataPrototypes where any RunnableEntity in the attached RunnableEntityGroup has a implicit write or read access to it.
- **EXPLICIT_DATA_PROTOTYPE_GROUP** DataPrototypeGroup of the ConsistencyNeeds shall contain VariableDataPrototypes according functional requirements

(RS STDT 00034)

- [TPS_STDT_00076] Categories for RunnableEntityGroup in a Blueprint of ConsistencyNeeds [
- **ALL_RUNNABLES_OF_COMPONENT** RunnableEntityGroup of the ConsistencyNeeds shall contain all RunnableEntitys of the software component.
- ALL_RUNNABLES_WRITING_TO_DATA_PROTOTYP_GROUP RunnableEntity-Group of the ConsistencyNeeds shall contain all RunnableEntitys with a implicit write access to any of the VariableDataPrototypes in the attached DataPrototypeGroup.
- ALL_RUNNABLES_READING_FROM_DATA_PROTOTYPE_GROUP RunnableEntity—Group of the ConsistencyNeeds shall contain all RunnableEntitys with a implicit read access to any of the VariableDataPrototypes in the attached DataPrototypeGroup.
- ALL_RUNNABLES_WRITING_TO_OR_READING_FROM_DATA_PROTOTYPE_GROUP

 RunnableEntityGroup of the ConsistencyNeed shall contain all RunnableEntitys with a implicit write or read access to any of the VariableDataPrototypes in the attached DataPrototypeGroup.
- **EXPLICIT_RUNNABLE_ENTITY_GROUP** RunnableEntityGroup of the ConsistencyNeeds shall contain RunnableEntitys according functional requirements

(RS_STDT_00034)



5.11 Blueprinting DataConstr

[TPS_STDT_00016] Blueprinting DataConstr [DataConstr can be blueprinted.] (RS_STDT_00029)

5.12 Blueprinting DataTypeMappingSet

[TPS_STDT_00017] Blueprinting DataTypeMappingSet [DataTypeMappingSet can be blueprinted.] (RS STDT 00029)

5.13 Blueprinting EcucDefinitionCollection

[TPS_STDT_00018] Blueprinting EcucDefinitionCollection [EcucDefinitionCollection can be blueprinted.] (RS_STDT_00029)

5.14 Blueprinting EcucModuleDef

[TPS_STDT_00019] Blueprinting EcucModuleDef [EcucModuleDef can be blueprinted. $|(RS_STDT_00029)|$

Note that this is intended for company internal use. Please refer to chapter 4.5.

5.15 Blueprinting FlatMap

[TPS_STDT_00035] Blueprinting FlatMap [FlatMap can be blueprinted.] (RS_-STDT_00029)

Usecase for blueprints of FlatMap is given in [10].

5.16 Blueprinting ImplementationDataType

[TPS_STDT_00020] Blueprinting ImplementationDataType [ImplementationDataType can be blueprinted.|(RS STDT 00029)

5.17 Blueprinting KeywordSet

[TPS_STDT_00077] Blueprinting KeywordSet [KeywordSet can be blueprinted. The following derivation rules apply:



- No keywords may be removed from or added to the KeywordSet
- The shortName of Keyword shall not be changed or extended
- [TPS_STDT_00085] applies except that longName of Keyword shall not be changed, but it is allowed to add representations in further languages.
- The abbrName shall not be changed or extended(AbbrName)
- The classification of a Keyword shall not be changed but it is allowed to provide additional classification.

|(RS_STDT_00035)

5.18 Blueprinting LifeCycleStateDefinitionGroups and LifeCycleStates

[TPS_STDT_00043] Blueprinting LifeCycleStateDefinitionGroup [Life-CycleStateDefinitionGroup and LifeCycleState can be blueprinted. [TPS_STDT_00065] applies such that blueprints of LifeCycleState are aggregated in a blueprint of LifeCycleStateDefinitionGroup. | (RS STDT 00025)

5.19 Blueprinting ModeDeclarationGroup

[TPS_STDT_00031] Blueprinting ModeDeclarationGroup [ModeDeclarationGroup can be blueprinted.] (RS_STDT_00024)

5.20 Blueprinting PortPrototype

One of the major activities of the AUTOSAR initiative is the standardization of application interfaces. That is, in terms of the AUTOSAR meta-model the standardization mainly applies to the definition of PortPrototypes for specific purposes.

Due to the structure of the AUTOSAR meta-model it is not possible to merely express a standardized PortPrototype because for good reasons the latter does not exist on its own but is always owned by a SwComponentType.

Therefore, in the past the standardization of "application interfaces" involuntarily also involved the creation of SwComponentTypes. This unnecessary complexity can be overcome by the usage of a PortPrototypeBlueprint.

[TPS_STDT_00007] Blueprinting PortPrototype [PortPrototype can be blueprinted by the specific meta class PortPrototypeBlueprint.] (RS_STDT_-00003)

For the mapping of PortPrototypeBlueprints see figure 4.3.



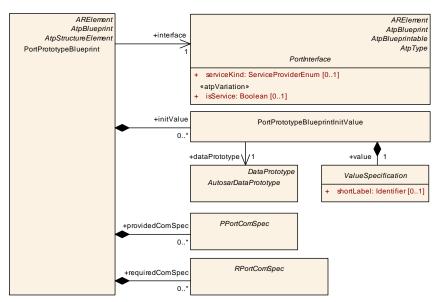


Figure 5.6: Blueprinting Port Prototype

A PortPrototypeBlueprint has the following characteristics:

- It is an ARElement and does therefore not require any element other than an ARPackage as context. It is therefore not necessary to involve "auxiliary" model elements into the definition of a standardized "application interface" for the mere purpose of conforming to the AUTOSAR meta-model.
- It acts as a "blueprint" for the creation of PortPrototypes. That is, probably supported by the used authoring tool, the user picks a specific PortPrototype typeBlueprint and creates a PortPrototype out of it. The structure of the created PortPrototype is indistinguishable from a PortPrototype created without taking a PortPrototypeBlueprint as a blueprint. An PortPrototypeBlueprint can be taken as the blueprint for as many PortPrototypes as required.
- It is possible to define additional attributes that are taken over to the created PortPrototype. For example, in some cases the definition of an initial value¹ is part of the definition of a standardized "application interface". Therefore, Port-PrototypeBlueprint also supports the definition of an initValue, which needs to be moved to the appropriate ComSpecs.
- It has a reference to the corresponding PortInterface. If the referenced PortInterface is not a blueprint, it can directly be taken over by the PortPrototype created out of the PortPrototypeBlueprint such that the new PortPrototype references the PortInterface. If the referenced PortInterface is a blueprint, it is necessary to derive a PortInterface and reference this in the PortPrototype.

¹AUTOSAR does not standardize init values for application interfaces, but it is supported for vendor internal use.



- It does not make any assumptions whether the PortPrototype created out of it will be a PPortPrototype or an RPortPrototype.
- It can basically be used for all kinds of PortInterfaces, i.e. it is not constrained to e.g. SenderReceiverInterfaces although this kind of PortInterface will most likely get a significant share of the usage of PortPrototypeBlueprint
- It can only be used for the standardization of "application interfaces". A Port-PrototypeBlueprint does not play any role in the formal description of any SwComponentType or related model artifacts (see also [TPS STDT 00044]).

[TPS_STDT_00061] PortPrototypeBlueprint can own both RPortComSpecs and PPortComSpecs [PortPrototypeBlueprint can own both RPortComSpecs and PPortComSpecs at the same time. The different ComSpecs are applicable for the derived PPortPrototypes, RPortPrototypes and PRPortPrototypes according the given communication direction. The [constr_1043] (PortInterface vs. ComSpec) in Software Component Template ([1]) is also applicable in this context.] (RS_STDT_-00003)

[TPS_STDT_00082] Multiple existence of initValue in the context of a PortPrototypeBlueprint [If an initValue exists on the NonqueuedReceiverComSpec or at the NonqueuedSenderComSpec the initValues at PortPrototypeBlueprint shall be ignored. | (RS STDT 00003)

In this context [TPS SWCT 01219] needs also be respected for a valid blueprint.

```
<PORT-PROTOTYPE-BLUEPRINT>
  <SHORT-NAME NAME-PATTERN="{anyName}">ALgtOnDoorAtFrntLe/SHORT-NAME>
  <LONG-NAME>
    <L-4 L="EN">Acceleration Longitudinal on Door at Front Left</L-4>
  </LONG-NAME>
  <DESC>
    <L-2 L="EN">Longitudinal high-g acceleration measured in front left
       door of vehicle (locking in driving direction) </L-2>
  </DESC>
  <INTERFACE-REF DEST="SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE">/AUTOSAR/AISpecification
     /PortInterfaces Blueprint/AExtForOccptPedSfty1</INTERFACE-REF>
  <PROVIDED-COM-SPECS>
    <NONQUEUED-SENDER-COM-SPEC>
      <NETWORK-REPRESENTATION>
        <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
          <SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
            <BASE-TYPE-REF DEST="SW-BASE-TYPE">/AUTOSAR/Platform/
               BaseTypes_Blueprint/uint8</BASE-TYPE-REF>
            <COMPU-METHOD-REF DEST="COMPU-METHOD">/AUTOSAR/Example/
               CompuMethods_Blueprint/AccelerationOnBus</COMPU-METHOD-REF
          </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-CONDITIONAL>
        </SW-DATA-DEF-PROPS-VARIANTS>
      </NETWORK-REPRESENTATION>
      <INIT-VALUE>
        <APPLICATION-VALUE-SPECIFICATION>
          <CATEGORY>VALUE</CATEGORY>
```



Listing 5.1: PortPrototypeBlueprint with ProvidedComSpecs

Class	PortPrototypeBlueprint					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: ProtoypeBlueprint	::Common	Structure	::StandardizationTemplate::BlueprintDedicated::Port		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express a blueprint of a PortPrototype by referring to a particular PortInterface. This blueprint can then be used as a guidance to create particular PortPrototypes which are defined according to this blueprint. By this it is possible to standardize application interfaces without the need to also standardize software-components with PortPrototypes typed by the standardized Port Interfaces.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPage	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PortPrototypeBlueprints				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Collectable Element, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element, Atpo	Classifier.	atpFeatur	е		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
initValue	PortPrototypeBlueprint InitValue	*	aggr	This specifies the init values for the dataElements in the particular PortPrototypeBlueprint.		
interface	PortInterface	1	ref	This is the interface for which the blueprint is defined. It may be a blueprint itself or a standardized PortInterface		
providedCom Spec	PPortComSpec	*	aggr	Provided communication attributes per interface element (data element or operation).		
requiredCom Spec	RPortComSpec	*	aggr	Required communication attributes, one for each interface element.		

Table 5.4: PortPrototypeBlueprint

Class	PortPrototypeBlueprintInitValue						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: ProtoypeBlueprint	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::BlueprintDedicated::Port ProtoypeBlueprint					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express init values in PortPrototypeBlueprints. These init values act as a kind of blueprint from which for example proper ComSpecs can be derived.						
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	PortPrototypeBlueprint.ini	tValue					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
dataPrototype	AutosarDataPrototype	1	ref	This is the data prototype for which the init value applies			
	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30						
value	ValueSpecification	1	aggr	This is the init value for the particular data prototype.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40			

Table 5.5: PortPrototypeBlueprintInitValue



As an AUTOSAR model taken for downstream model handling (e.g. generation of an RTE) requires the usage of complete PortInterfaces it is necessary to derive an "actual" PortInterface out of a blueprinted PortInterface defined in the standardization process.

[TPS_STDT_00008] Compatibility of PortPrototype with Blueprint [[constr_2526], [constr_2527], [constr_2528] and [constr_2529] apply for the compatibility of PortPrototypes and PortPrototypeBlueprints|(RS_STDT_00017)

[constr_2526] PortInterface need to be compatible to the blueprints [Port-Interface shall be compatible to their respective blueprints according to the compatibility rules. | ()

[constr_2527] Blueprints shall live in package of a proper category [As explained in detail in the [6], model artifacts (in this case PortPrototypeBlueprint and incompletely specified PortInterfaces) created for the purpose of becoming blueprints shall reside in an ARPackage of category BLUEPRINT. | ()

[constr_2528] PortPrototypes shall not refer to blueprints of a PortInterface [A portPrototype shall not reference a PortInterface which lives in a package of category BLUEPRINT. | ()

[constr_2529] PortPrototypeBlueprints and derived PortPrototypes shall reference proper PortInterfaces [A PortPrototypeBlueprint may reference a blueprint of PortInterface. According to [constr_2570], a system description shall not contain blueprints. Therefore the reference to the PortInterface may need to be rewritten when a PortPrototype is derived from the blueprint.

In this case the PortInterface referenced by the derived PortPrototype shall be compatible to the PortInterface (which is a blueprint) referenced by the PortPrototypeBlueprint.

According to [constr_2526] this can be ensured if the PortInterface referenced by the PortPrototypeBlueprint is the blueprint of the PortInterface referenced by the respective PortPrototype.]()

Note that [constr_2529] is obviously also fulfilled if the PortPrototypeBlueprint and the derived PortPrototype reference a STANDARD PortInterface (which lives in a ARPackage of category "STANDARD").

5.21 Blueprinting PortInterface

[TPS_STDT_00066] Blueprinting PortInterface [PortInterface can be blueprinted.] $(RS\ STDT\ 00026)$

[constr_2500] PortInterfaces shall be of same kind [Both objects (PortInterfaces) referenced by a blueprint mapping for port interfaces (represented



by BlueprintMapping) shall be of the same kind (e.g. both shall be Sender-ReceiverInterfaces). In other words both interfaces shall be instances of the same meta class. |()

Note that [constr 2500] is a special case of [constr 2566].

5.22 Blueprinting PortInterfaceMapping and PortInterfaceMappingSet

[TPS_STDT_00009] Blueprinting PortInterfaceMapping and Port-InterfaceMappingSet [PortInterfaceMapping can be blueprinted. [TPS_STDT_00065] applies such that the blueprints of PortInterfaceMapping are aggregated in a blueprint of PortInterfaceMappingSet. | (RS_STDT_00026)

The intended use cases for blueprinting PortInterfaceMapping are illustrated by figure 5.7. This diagram shows an PortInterface(Blueprint) (M), and two ports typed by PortInterface (S) respectively by PortInterface(R). (S) and (R) are mapped to the blueprint (M) by a PortInterfaceMapping(Blueprint) (SMMap) and (SMMap). From this, it is possible to

- 1. derive PortInterfaceMapping (SRMap) between (S and R) which is then derived from two blueprints (SMMap and RMMap)
- 2. propose connectors between two components using the interfaces (S and R)

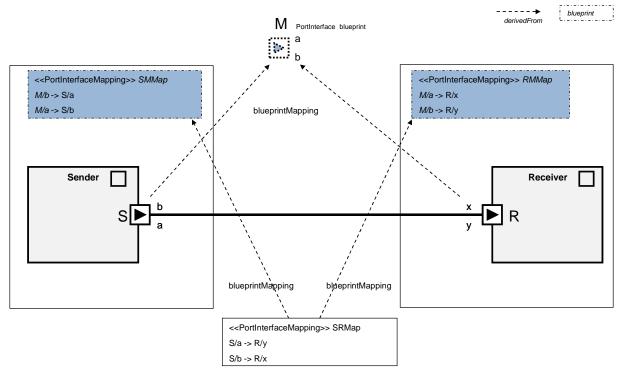


Figure 5.7: Deriving PortInterfaceMapping (1)



The intended derived objects can be determined according to the following steps:

- 1. find all PortInterface(blueprint)s within the BlueprintMappings of PortInterfaces containing S or R (in our example it would be M)
- 2. find all PortInterfaceMapping(Blueprint)s containing one of the PortInterface(Blueprint)s from step 1 and one of the PortInterfaces S and R (in our example it would be SMMap and RMMap)
- 3. derive a non blueprint PortInterfaceMapping between S and R from the ones found in step 2. Note that all PortInterfaceMappings found so far have a "blueprint reference" and a "non blueprint reference".

Take one of the PortInterfaceMapping(Blueprint)s from step 2 and replace the "blueprint reference" by the corresponding "non blueprint reference" of the other PortInterfaceMapping(Blueprint)

```
M/b (blueprint in SMMap) \rightarrow S/a <\rightarrow M/b (blueprint in RMmap) \rightarrow R/y M/a (blueprint in SMMap) \rightarrow S/b <\rightarrow M/a (blueprint in RMmap) \rightarrow R/x
```

For example M/b would be substituted by R/y and M/a by R/x resulting in the final mapping ($S/a \rightarrow R/y$, $S/b \rightarrow R/x$).

Same result is achieved if M/b would be substituted by S/a and M/a by S/b resulting in the final mapping ($S/a \rightarrow R/y$, $S/b \rightarrow R/x$).

Implicit mappings (i.e. if data element names between PortInterface and PortInterface(blueprint) are identical then no PortInterfaceMapping(blueprint) is needed) have to be considered too (for example by creating "temporary" mappings).

4. Create BlueprintMappings for the created PortInterfaceMapping (SRMap) in step 3 to the involved PortInterfaceMapping(blueprints) (SMMap and RMMap).

The scenario is shown in the now following listings:

- Listing 5.2 shows the definitions e.g. given by AUTOSAR.
- Listing 5.3 shows the part of LeftCompany
- Listing 5.4 shows the part of RightCompany
- Listing 5.5 shows the part of the integration in a Project



Listing 5.2: Scenario for Blueprints of PortInterfaceMapping (1)

Listing 5.3 shows that "LeftCompany" has created the PortInterface named S derived from the PortInterface(Blueprint) M. Thereby the description **how** this takes place is given in the blueprint of an appropriate PortInterfaceMapping named SMMap.

```
<AR-PACKAGE>
 <SHORT-NAME>LeftCompany
  <AR-PACKAGES>
    <AR-PACKAGE>
      <SHORT-NAME>PortInterfaces
      <ELEMENTS>
       <SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE>
         <SHORT-NAME>S</SHORT-NAME>
         <DATA-ELEMENTS>
           <VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
             <SHORT-NAME>b</SHORT-NAME>
           </VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
           <VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
             <SHORT-NAME>a</SHORT-NAME>
           </VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
         </DATA-ELEMENTS>
       </SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE>
     </ELEMENTS>
    </AR-PACKAGE>
    <AR-PACKAGE>
     <SHORT-NAME>BlueprintMappingSets/SHORT-NAME>
        <BLUEPRINT-MAPPING-SET>
         <SHORT-NAME>S_isDerivedFrom_M</SHORT-NAME>
         <DESC>
           <L-2 L="EN">This states <E>that</E> S is derived from M</L
         </DESC>
         <BLUEPRINT-MAPS>
           <BLUEPRINT-MAPPING>
              <BLUEPRINT-REF DEST="PORT-INTERFACE">/AUTOSAR/
                 PortInterfaces_Blueprint/M</BLUEPRINT-REF>
             <DERIVED-OBJECT-REF DEST="PORT-INTERFACE">/LeftCompany/
                 PortInterfaces/S</DERIVED-OBJECT-REF>
           </BLUEPRINT-MAPPING>
```



</BLUEPRINT-MAPS>

```
</BLUEPRINT-MAPPING-SET>
      </ELEMENTS>
    </AR-PACKAGE>
    <AR-PACKAGE>
      <SHORT-NAME>PortInterfaceMappingSets_Blueprint/SHORT-NAME>
      <CATEGORY>BLUEPRINT</CATEGORY>
      <ELEMENTS>
        <PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPING-SET>
          <SHORT-NAME NAME-PATTERN="{anyName}">BP</SHORT-NAME>
            <L-2 L="EN"></L-2>
          </DESC>
          <PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPINGS>
            <VARIABLE-AND-PARAMETER-INTERFACE-MAPPING>
              <SHORT-NAME NAME-PATTERN="{anyName}">SMMap</SHORT-NAME>
                <L-2 L="EN">This defines <E>how</E> S is derived (and
                    therefore mapped to) from M</L-2>
              </DESC>
              <DATA-MAPPINGS>
                <DATA-PROTOTYPE-MAPPING>
                  <FIRST-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-</pre>
                      PROTOTYPE">/AUTOSAR/PortInterfaces Blueprint/M/a</
                      FIRST-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                  <SECOND-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-</pre>
                     PROTOTYPE">/LeftCompany/PortInterfaces/S/b</SECOND
                      -DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                </DATA-PROTOTYPE-MAPPING>
                <DATA-PROTOTYPE-MAPPING>
                  <FIRST-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-</pre>
                      PROTOTYPE">/AUTOSAR/PortInterfaces Blueprint/M/b</
                      FIRST-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                  <SECOND-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-</pre>
                      PROTOTYPE">/LeftCompany/PortInterfaces/S/a</SECOND
                      -DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                </DATA-PROTOTYPE-MAPPING>
              </DATA-MAPPINGS>
            </VARIABLE-AND-PARAMETER-INTERFACE-MAPPING>
          </PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPINGS>
        </PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPING-SET>
      </ELEMENTS>
    </AR-PACKAGE>
  </AR-PACKAGES>
</AR-PACKAGE>
```

Listing 5.3: Scenario for Blueprints of PortInterfaceMapping (2)

Listing 5.4 shows that "RightCompany" has crated the PortInterface named R derived from the PortInterface(Blueprint) M. Thereby the description **how** this takes place is given in the blueprint of an appropriate PortInterfaceMapping named RMMap.

```
<AR-PACKAGE>
 <SHORT-NAME>RightCompany
 <AR-PACKAGES>
```



```
<AR-PACKAGE>
  <SHORT-NAME>PortInterfaces
 <PI.EMENTS>
   <SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE>
     <SHORT-NAME>R</SHORT-NAME>
     <DATA-ELEMENTS>
        <VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
          <SHORT-NAME>x</SHORT-NAME>
        </VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
        <VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
         <SHORT-NAME>V</SHORT-NAME>
        </VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
     </DATA-ELEMENTS>
   </SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE>
  </PT.EMENTS>
</AR-PACKAGE>
<AR-PACKAGE>
 <SHORT-NAME>BlueprintMappingSets/SHORT-NAME>
 <ELEMENTS>
   <BLUEPRINT-MAPPING-SET>
     <SHORT-NAME>R isDerivedFrom M</SHORT-NAME>
        <L-2 L="EN">This states <E>that</E> S is derived from M</L
     </DESC>
     <BLUEPRINT-MAPS>
        <BLUEPRINT-MAPPING>
          <BLUEPRINT-REF DEST="PORT-INTERFACE">/AUTOSAR/
             PortInterfaces_Blueprint/M</BLUEPRINT-REF>
          <DERIVED-OBJECT-REF DEST="PORT-INTERFACE">/RightCompany/
             PortInterfaces/R</DERIVED-OBJECT-REF>
        </BLUEPRINT-MAPPING>
     </BLUEPRINT-MAPS>
   </BLUEPRINT-MAPPING-SET>
  </ELEMENTS>
</AR-PACKAGE>
<AR-PACKAGE>
 <SHORT-NAME>PortInterfaceMappingSets_Blueprint/SHORT-NAME>
  <CATEGORY>BLUEPRINT</CATEGORY>
  <ELEMENTS>
   <PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPING-SET>
     <SHORT-NAME NAME-PATTERN="{anyName}">BP</SHORT-NAME>
     <PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPINGS>
        <VARIABLE-AND-PARAMETER-INTERFACE-MAPPING>
          <SHORT-NAME NAME-PATTERN="{anyName}">RMMap
         <DESC>
            <L-2 L="EN">This defines <E>how</E> R is derived (and
               therefore mapped to) from M</L-2>
          </DESC>
          <DATA-MAPPINGS>
            <DATA-PROTOTYPE-MAPPING>
              <FIRST-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-</pre>
                 PROTOTYPE">/AUTOSAR/PortInterfaces_Blueprint/M/a</
                 FIRST-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
```



```
<SECOND-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-</pre>
                      PROTOTYPE">/RightCompany/PortInterfaces/R/x</
                      SECOND-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                </DATA-PROTOTYPE-MAPPING>
                <DATA-PROTOTYPE-MAPPING>
                  <FIRST-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-</pre>
                      PROTOTYPE">/AUTOSAR/PortInterfaces_Blueprint/M/b</
                      FIRST-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                  <SECOND-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-</pre>
                      PROTOTYPE">/RightCompany/PortInterfaces/R/y</
                      SECOND-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                </DATA-PROTOTYPE-MAPPING>
              </DATA-MAPPINGS>
            </VARIABLE-AND-PARAMETER-INTERFACE-MAPPING>
          </PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPINGS>
        </PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPING-SET>
      </ELEMENTS>
    </AR-PACKAGE>
  </AR-PACKAGES>
</AR-PACKAGE>
```

Listing 5.4: Scenario for Blueprints of PortInterfaceMapping (3)

Listing 5.5 shows that "Project" used contributions from "RightCompany" and "Left-Company". Thereby it maps S to R in PortInterfaceMapping SRMap. This is derived from two blueprints (SMMap and SRMap).

```
<AR-PACKAGE>
 <SHORT-NAME>Project
  <AR-PACKAGES>
    <AR-PACKAGE>
      <SHORT-NAME>PortInterfaceMappingSets/SHORT-NAME>
      <ELEMENTS>
        <PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPING-SET>
          <SHORT-NAME>Set1
          <PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPINGS>
            <VARIABLE-AND-PARAMETER-INTERFACE-MAPPING>
              <SHORT-NAME>SRMap</SHORT-NAME>
              <DESC>
                <L-2 L="EN">This defines <E>how</E> S is mapped R</L-2>
              </DESC>
              <DATA-MAPPINGS>
                <DATA-PROTOTYPE-MAPPING>
                  <FIRST-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-</pre>
                     PROTOTYPE">/LeftCompany/PortInterfaces/S/b</FIRST-
                     DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                  <SECOND-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-</pre>
                     PROTOTYPE">/RightCompany/PortInterfaces/R/x</
                     SECOND-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                </DATA-PROTOTYPE-MAPPING>
                <DATA-PROTOTYPE-MAPPING>
                  <FIRST-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-</pre>
                     PROTOTYPE">/LeftCompany/PortInterfaces/S/a</FIRST-
                     DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
```



```
<SECOND-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-</pre>
                     PROTOTYPE">/RightCompany/PortInterfaces/R/y</
                     SECOND-DATA-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                </DATA-PROTOTYPE-MAPPING>
              </DATA-MAPPINGS>
            </VARIABLE-AND-PARAMETER-INTERFACE-MAPPING>
          </PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPINGS>
        </PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPING-SET>
      </ELEMENTS>
    </AR-PACKAGE>
    <AR-PACKAGE>
      <SHORT-NAME>BlueprintMappingSets/SHORT-NAME>
        <BLUEPRINT-MAPPING-SET>
          <SHORT-NAME>ProjectMap1
          <DESC>
            <L-2 L="EN">This states <E>that</E> SRMap is derived from
               SMMap and RMMap simultaneously</L-2>
          </DESC>
          <BLUEPRINT-MAPS>
            <BLUEPRINT-MAPPING>
              <BLUEPRINT-REF DEST="PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPING">/LeftCompany
                 /PortInterfaceMappingSets_Blueprint/BP/SMMap</
                 BLUEPRINT-REF>
              <DERIVED-OBJECT-REF DEST="PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPING">/
                 Project/PortInterfaceMappingSets/Set1/SRMap</DERIVED-
                 OBJECT-REF>
            </BLUEPRINT-MAPPING>
            <BLUEPRINT-MAPPING>
              <BLUEPRINT-REF DEST="PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPING">/
                 RightCompany/PortInterfaceMappingSets_Blueprint/BP/
                 RMMap</BLUEPRINT-REF>
              <DERIVED-OBJECT-REF DEST="PORT-INTERFACE-MAPPING">/
                 Project/PortInterfaceMappingSets/Set1/SRMap</DERIVED-
                 OBJECT-REF>
            </BLUEPRINT-MAPPING>
          </BLUEPRINT-MAPS>
        </BLUEPRINT-MAPPING-SET>
      </ELEMENTS>
    </AR-PACKAGE>
  </AR-PACKAGES>
</AR-PACKAGE>
```

Listing 5.5: Scenario for Blueprints of PortInterfaceMapping (4)

5.23 Blueprinting SwBaseType

[TPS_STDT_00022] Blueprinting SwBaseType [SwBaseType can be blueprinted.] (RS_STDT_00029)



5.24 Blueprinting SwComponentType

[TPS_STDT_00024] Blueprinting SwComponentType [SwComponentType can be blueprinted.|(RS_STDT_00011, RS_STDT_00012)

[constr_2568] SwComponentTypes shall be of same kind [Both objects (SwComponentTypes) referenced by a blueprint mapping for port interfaces (represented by BlueprintMapping) shall be of the same kind (e.g. both shall be AtomicSwComponentTypes). In other words both components shall be instances of the same meta class. | ()

Note that [constr_2568] is a special case of [constr_2566].

5.25 Blueprinting SwAddrMethods

[TPS_STDT_00026] Blueprinting SwAddrMethod [SwAddrMethod can be blueprinted.] (RS STDT 00029)

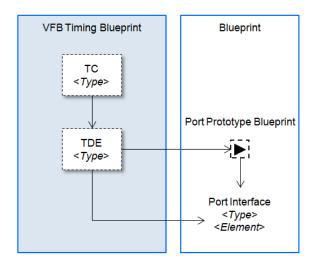
5.26 Blueprinting VfbTiming

[TPS_STDT_00079] Blueprinting VfbTiming [VfbTiming can be blueprinted.] (RS STDT 00029)

One of the essential purposes of blueprinting VFB Timing is enabling one to specify temporal characteristics of interfaces specified in the AUTOSAR Application Interface Table [11]. In particular, one likes to specify timing constraints imposed on sampling rate, recurrence, age, latency, etc. for such interfaces.

Figure 5.8 shows the basic structure of a VFB Timing Blueprint and how the specified timing elements reference other blueprint elements, specifically the elements PortPrototypeBlueprint and port interface elements which are referenced by the element PortInterface; like variable data prototypes (data elements), client-server operations, mode declarations, and triggers.





Legend:

TDE Timing Description Event
TDEC Timing Description Event Chain

TC Timing Constraint

VDPR Variable Data Prototype Received VDPS Variable Data Prototype Sent

S/R Sender/Receiver

PET Periodic Event Triggering

AC Age Constraint

Figure 5.8: VFB Timing Blueprint

A VFB Timing Blueprint consists of timing descriptions events related to the AUTOSAR VFB view, timing description event chains, and timing constraints as defined in the "AUTOSAR Specification of Timing Extensions" [12].

A VFB Timing references the software component it is associated with. In case of a VFB Timing Blueprint this reference need not to be set, but in the derived VFB Timing the VfbTiming.component shall be set properly. In addition, any reference to PortPrototypeBlueprint shall be replaced by the corresponding reference to the PortPrototype.

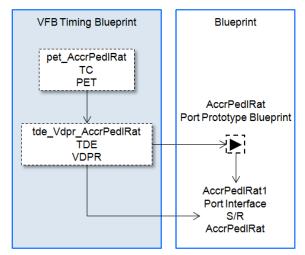
The following constraints apply to VFB Timing Blueprints and shall be considered when creating such blueprints.

[constr_2589] In VFB Timing Blueprint TDEventVfbPort shall reference Port-PrototypeBlueprint [In a VFB Timing Blueprint TDEventVfbPort shall reference PortPrototypeBlueprint. In other words, a VFB Timing Description Event specified in a VFB Timing Blueprint shall always reference a Port Prototype Blueprint. | ()

5.26.1 Example

In this subsection an example for a VFB Timing Blueprint is given. It is based on contents of the AUTOSAR document "Explanation of Application Interfaces of the Powertrain Domain" [13].





Legend:

TDE Timing Description Event
TDEC Timing Description Event Chain

TC Timing Constraint

VDPR Variable Data Prototype Received VDPS Variable Data Prototype Sent

S/R Sender/Receiver

PET Periodic Event Triggering

AC Age Constraint

Figure 5.9: VFB Timing Blueprint Simple Example

As sketched in Figure 5.9 a VFB Timing Blueprint is specified. This blueprint consists of a timing description event called "tde_Vdpr_AccrPedlRat" that references the port prototype blueprint called "AccrPedlRat"; and also references the variable data prototype called "AccrPedlRat" of the port interface called "AccrPedlRat1". The latter is referenced by the mentioned port prototype blueprint, too. In addition, a timing constraint, specifically a periodic event triggering constraint, is imposed on the timing description event. In essence, this timing model specifies that the variable data prototype called "AccrPedlRat" shall be received at a rate given by the periodic event triggering constraint.

The listing 5.6 provides the corresponding contents of the ARXML file related to the example shown in Figure 5.9, but contains further timing description events and an additional age timing constraint imposed on the receiption of the specific variable data prototype.

```
<AR-PACKAGES>
  <AR-PACKAGE>
   <SHORT-NAME NAME-PATTERN="{anyName}">VfbTimingBlueprint/SHORT-NAME>
   <CATEGORY>BLUEPRINT</CATEGORY>
    <ELEMENTS>
      <VFB-TIMING>
        <SHORT-NAME>vfbTiming_AccrPedlRat</SHORT-NAME>
        <TIMING-DESCRIPTIONS>
          <TD-EVENT-VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
            <SHORT-NAME>tde_Vdps_AccrPedlRat</SHORT-NAME>
            <IS-EXTERNAL>false
            <PORT-PROTOTYPE-BLUEPRINT-REF DEST="PORT-PROTOTYPE-BLUEPRINT"</pre>
               >/AUTOSAR/AISpecification/
               PortPrototypeBlueprints_Blueprint/AccrPedlRat</PORT-
               PROTOTYPE-BLUEPRINT-REF>
            <DATA-ELEMENT-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/AUTOSAR/
               AISpecification/PortInterfaces_Blueprint/AccrPedlRat1/
               AccrPedlRat</DATA-ELEMENT-REF>
            <TD-EVENT-VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE-TYPE>VARIABLE-DATA-
               PROTOTYPE-SENT</TD-EVENT-VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE-TYPE>
          </TD-EVENT-VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
```



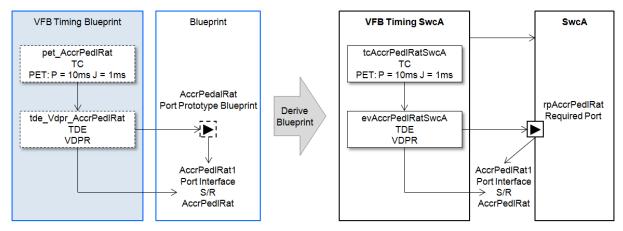
```
<TD-EVENT-VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
         <SHORT-NAME>tde Vdpr AccrPedlRat
         <IS-EXTERNAL>false
         <PORT-PROTOTYPE-BLUEPRINT-REF DEST="PORT-PROTOTYPE-BLUEPRINT"</pre>
             >/AUTOSAR/AISpecification/
             PortPrototypeBlueprints_Blueprint/AccrPedlRat</PORT-
             PROTOTYPE-BLUEPRINT-REF>
         <DATA-ELEMENT-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/AUTOSAR/
             AISpecification/PortInterfaces_Blueprint/AccrPedlRat1/
             AccrPedlRat</DATA-ELEMENT-REF>
         <TD-EVENT-VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE-TYPE>VARIABLE-DATA-
             PROTOTYPE-RECEIVED</TD-EVENT-VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE-TYPE>
       </TD-EVENT-VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
       <TD-EVENT-VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
         <SHORT-NAME>tde_Vdp_AccrPedlRat</SHORT-NAME>
         <IS-EXTERNAL>false
         <PORT-PROTOTYPE-BLUEPRINT-REF DEST="PORT-PROTOTYPE-BLUEPRINT"</pre>
             >/AUTOSAR/AISpecification/
             PortPrototypeBlueprints_Blueprint/AccrPedlRat</PORT-
             PROTOTYPE-BLUEPRINT-REF>
         <DATA-ELEMENT-REF DEST="VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/AUTOSAR/
             AISpecification/PortInterfaces_Blueprint/AccrPedlRat1/
             AccrPedlRat</DATA-ELEMENT-REF>
        </TD-EVENT-VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE>
      </TIMING-DESCRIPTIONS>
      <TIMING-REQUIREMENTS>
       <PERIODIC-EVENT-TRIGGERING>
         <SHORT-NAME>pet_AccrPedlRat</SHORT-NAME>
         <EVENT-REF DEST="TD-EVENT-VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/
             VfbTimingBlueprint/vfbTiming_AccrPedlRat/
             tde_Vdp_AccrPedlRat</EVENT-REF>
           <CSE-CODE>0</CSE-CODE>
           <CSE-CODE-FACTOR>1</CSE-CODE-FACTOR>
         </JITTER>
         <PERIOD>
           <CSE-CODE>0</CSE-CODE>
           <CSE-CODE-FACTOR>10</CSE-CODE-FACTOR>
         </PERIOD>
       </PERIODIC-EVENT-TRIGGERING>
       <AGE-CONSTRAINT>
         <SHORT-NAME>ac AccrPedlRat
         <MAXIMUM>
           <CSE-CODE>0</CSE-CODE>
           <CSE-CODE-FACTOR>10</CSE-CODE-FACTOR>
         </MAXIMUM>
          <SCOPE-REF DEST="TD-EVENT-VARIABLE-DATA-PROTOTYPE">/
             VfbTimingBlueprint/vfbTiming_AccrPedlRat/
             tde_Vdpr_AccrPedlRat</SCOPE-REF>
       </AGE-CONSTRAINT>
      </TIMING-REQUIREMENTS>
    </VFB-TIMING>
  </ELEMENTS>
</AR-PACKAGE>
```



</AR-PACKAGES>

Listing 5.6: Example for VFB Timing Blueprint

Figure 5.10 shows the VFB Timing Blueprint and the derived VFB Timing for a specific software component called "SW-C A".



Legend:

TDE Timing Description Event

TDEC Timing Description Event Chain

TC Timing Constraint

VDPR Variable Data Prototype Received

VDPS Variable Data Prototype Sent

S/R Sender/Receiver

PET Periodic Event Triggering

AC Age Constraint

Period

Jitter

Figure 5.10: Deriving a VFB Timing Blueprint

ClientServerInterfaceToBswModuleEntry-5.27 Blueprinting BlueprintMapping

[TPS_STDT_00083] Blueprinting ClientServerInterfaceToBswModuleEntryBlueprintMapping [ClientServerInterfaceToBswModuleEntry-BlueprintMapping can be blueprinted. | (RS_STDT_00029)

[TPS STDT 00084] ClientServerOperationBlueprintMapping predetermines the implementation of an ClientServerOperation [A ClientServer-OperationBlueprintMapping expresses the intended implementation of a ClientServerOperation by a specific BswModuleEntry under consideration of the expected usage of PortDefinedArgumentValues. | (RS_STDT_00029)



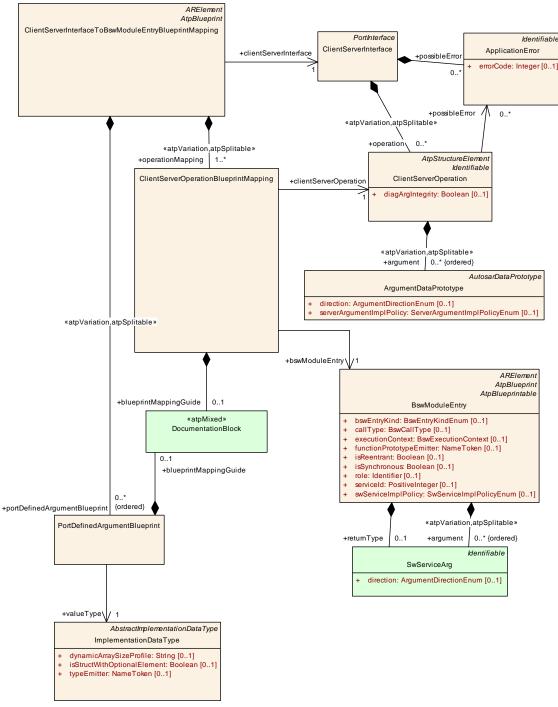


Figure 5.11: Client Server Operation Blueprint Mapping

Class	ClientServerOperationBlueprintMapping
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::ClientServerInterfaceToBsw ModuleEntryMapping
Note	This class describes a specific mapping between a ClientServerOperation in a ClientServerInterface blueprint and a BswModuleEntry blueprint.
Base	ARObject



 \triangle

Class	ClientServerOperationBlueprintMapping					
Aggregated by	ClientServerInterfaceToBs	ClientServerInterfaceToBswModuleEntryBlueprintMapping.operationMapping				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
blueprint MappingGuide	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This attribute offers the possibility to provide additional information with respect to the mapping.		
bswModule Entry	BswModuleEntry	1	ref	The referenced BswModuleEntry represents the Bsw ModuleEntry the mapping is dedicated to.		
clientServer Operation	ClientServerOperation	1	ref	The referenced ClientServerOperation represents the client server operation the mapping is dedicated to.		

Table 5.6: ClientServerOperationBlueprintMapping

The ClientServerOperationBlueprintMapping can be used to ensure and/or track the compatibility of BswModuleEntrys which are supposed to implement ClientServerOperations. It can already be defined in an early phase of the methodology when interfaces are defined. Thereby the ClientServerOperationBlueprintMapping can already be defined without all implementation details of the later required SwComponentType, SwcInternalBehavior, BswModuleDescription, BswInternalBehavior and SwcBswMapping.

Please note that the ClientServerInterfaceToBswModuleEntry-BlueprintMapping has no direct impact to the later generated RTE. The setup of the RTE is solely determined by the derived objects of ClientServerOperation, BswModuleEntry and the completed software component descriptions and basic software module descriptions respectively.

Such a mapping enables the formal check whether the number of arguments and the data types of arguments of the operation + additional PortDefinedArgument-Values matches the signature of the BswModuleEntry.

[constr_2597] ClientServerOperationBlueprintMapping constrains number of arguments [The number of arguments of the BswModuleEntry referenced by a bswModuleEntry shall be identical to the number of portDefinedArgumentBlueprints of the owning ClientServerInterfaceToBswModuleEntry-BlueprintMapping plus the number of ArgumentDataPrototypes aggregated in the role argument of the clientServerOperation (/)

[constr_2598] ClientServerOperationBlueprintMapping constrains the types of arguments [The arguments in the ordered lists bswModuleEntry and the matching arguments in the set union of the ordered lists portDefinedArgument-Blueprint plus clientServerOperation shall result in the identical C data type definitions.]()



6 Keywords

[TPS_STDT_00012] Defining Keywords [The meta-class KeywordSet can be used to define sets of Keywords. The purpose of a Keyword is to contribute parts of names for AUTOSAR model elements.] (RS_STDT_00005, RS_STDT_00008, RS_STDT_00042)

Keywords are referenced to be part of name pattern as specified in Chapter 4.4.1.

As an example, the shortName "CmftMngt" is composed out of two Keywords with the abbrName "Cmft" and "Mngt".

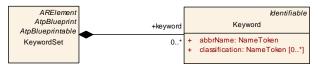


Figure 6.1: Keyword and KeywordSet

[TPS_STDT_00069] Attributes of Keyword [The meta-class Keyword is derived from Identifiable. The attributes of Identifiable shall be applied for Keyword as follows.

- **shortName** represents the unique name of the keyword. In the example above it would be "Cmft". Note that this is used only for identifying the keyword. The contributed name part is taken from abbrName.
- **longName** represents the long form of the keyword, typically its an unabbreviated technical term. In the example above it would be "Comfort".
- desc represents the definition of the keyword in terms of a verbal description allowing to identify whether the keyword applies for a specific case. In the example above the description would be "This keyword is used to express something as comfortable or convenient".
- introduction represents a verbal description of a use case. This can be used for additional explanations or examples.

(RS STDT 00005, RS STDT 00042)

Class	KeywordSet				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Common	Structure	::StandardizationTemplate::Keyword	
Note	This meta-class represent	ts the abil	ity to colle	ect a set of predefined keywords.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=K	eywordSe	ts	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
keyword	Keyword	*	aggr	This is one particular keyword in the keyword set.	

Table 6.1: KeywordSet



Class	Keyword						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::Keyword						
Note		This meta-class represents the ability to predefine keywords which may subsequently be used to construct names following a given naming convention, e.g. the AUTOSAR naming conventions.					
		Note that such names is not only shortName. It could be symbol, or even longName. Application of keywords is not limited to particular names.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	KeywordSet.keyword	KeywordSet.keyword					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
abbrName	NameToken	1	attr	This attribute specifies an abbreviated name of a keyword. This abbreviation may e.g. be used for constructing valid shortNames according to the AUTOSAR naming conventions.			
				Unlike shortName, it may contain any name token. E.g. it may consist of digits only.			
classification	NameToken	*	attr	This attribute allows to attach classification to the Keyword such as MEAN, ACTION, CONDITION, INDEX, PREPOSITION			

Table 6.2: Keyword

[TPS_STDT_00070] Classification of Keywords [The attribute classification depends on the applied naming convention.] (RS STDT 00005, RS STDT 00042)

For example, the values could be according to table 2 of [14] such as Action-PhysicalType, Condition-Qualifier, Index, Mean-Environment-Device, Preposition.

Listing 6.1 illustrates an example how to use Keyword. More elaborate usage can be seen in [3].

```
<AR-PACKAGE>
 <SHORT-NAME>AUTOSAR</SHORT-NAME>
 <AR-PACKAGES>
   <AR-PACKAGE>
     <SHORT-NAME>AISpecification/SHORT-NAME>
     <AR-PACKAGES>
       <AR-PACKAGE>
         <SHORT-NAME>KeywordSets
         <ELEMENTS>
           <KEYWORD-SET>
             <SHORT-NAME>KeywordListComfort
             <KEYWORDS>
               <KEYWORD>
                 <SHORT-NAME>Cmft</SHORT-NAME>
                 <LONG-NAME>
                   <L-4 L="EN">Comfort</L-4>
                 </LONG-NAME>
                 <DESC>
                   <L-2 L="EN">comfort. this keyword is used to
                      express something as comfortable or convenient</
                 </DESC>
                 <abbr-Name>Cmft</abbr-Name>
                 <CLASSIFICATIONS>
```



Listing 6.1: example for keywords

[TPS_STDT_00068] Expressing "stem"-Relation of Keywords [There are keywords which basically stem from the same root. This relationship is expressed by an Collection where the elementRole is named DECLINATION_OF. The root is denoted sourceElement. The declinations are denoted in element. The root is not a declination of itself, and therefore is not mentioned as an element again.] (RS_STDT_00005, RS_STDT_00042)

As an example for [TPS_STDT_00068] the keywords Drvr, Drvg stem from Drv^1 . This is delivered according to the example in Listing 6.2

Listing 6.2: Example for Stem Relation of Keywords

¹Note that Drv is not an element of this Collection since it is not a declination of itself.



7 Deriving from AUTOSAR-provided Blueprints

Model elements provided by AUTOSAR are mainly provided as blueprints. This holds true in particular for the Application Interfaces [11] but also for the Software Specifications of the BSW layer. These AUTOSAR delivered model elements follow the package structure specified in [TPS GST 00080].

Figure 7.1 illustrates the methodology to define data types for BSW module. The BSW Standard Package contains blueprints. In the above scenario, [TPS_STDT_00067] shall be followed but of course also holds true for the data types of other modules.

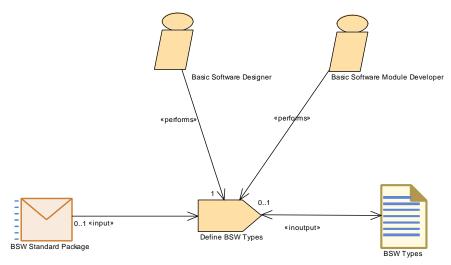


Figure 7.1: Define Bsw Types

[TPS_STDT_00067] Standardized Path for Standardized Elements [Objects derived from standardized blueprints, shall follow a package path as specified in [TPS_GST_00083]. That is, providers of Software components can rely that all AUTOSAR defined model elements can be accessed through a predicable path.] (RS_STDT_00001, RS_STDT_00002, RS_STDT_00014, RS_STDT_00028, RS_STDT_00030)

For example the Platformtypes [15] blueprinted in

/AUTOSAR/Platform/ImplementationDatatypes_Blueprint/uint8

shall be implemented in (and therefore safely be accessible through)

/AUTOSAR_Platform/ImplementationDatatypes/uint8



8 Description of Data Exchange Points

8.1 Overview

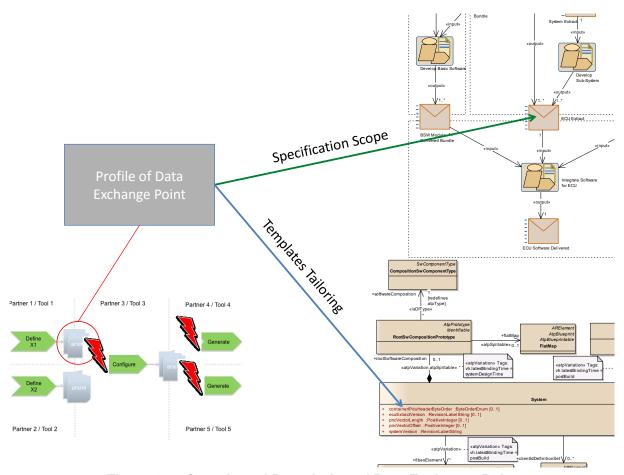


Figure 8.1: Overview of Description of Data Exchange Point

[TPS_STDT_00100] Motivation of Description of Data Exchange Points [

Profiles of Data Exchange Points intend to improve the interoperability between tools by describing which data is expected for a given activity or task in the methodology. | (RS_STDT_00102, RS_STDT_00103) (see figure 8.1)



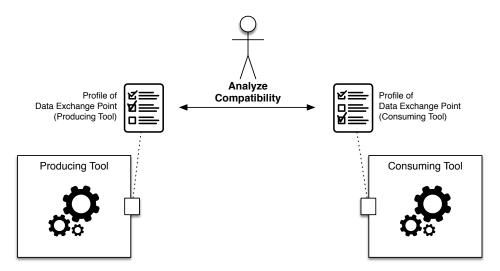


Figure 8.2: Documentation and Analysis of Data Interface of Tools

[TPS_STDT_00115] Analysis of Tool Compatibility [Profile of Data Exchange Points enable structured documentation of the subset of the AUTOSAR standard that is supported or explicitly not supported by a tool.

In other words: the profile describes the data interface of the tool. The availability of profiles enables initial checks of compatibility of tools before actual AUTOSAR models are available (e.g. due to IP issues, new features that are not yet implemented, ...). Commonalities usually show low risk of interoperability issues. Differences or undefined information show potential high risk of interoperability issues.

The formalized description of Data Exchange Points additionally enables tool support for finding locations with high risk of interoperability issues. However, the interpretation of the results requires engineering know how and interaction between tool vendors and users. | (RS_STDT_00117, RS_STDT_00118, RS_STDT_00119) (see figure 8.2)

[TPS_STDT_00116] Limitation of Analysis of Profile of Data Exchange Points \lceil

The analysis of the compatibility of two or more Profile of Data Exchange Points has the goal to identify potential interoperability issues. The analysis of profiles can help identifying some issues. However, the analysis cannot guarantee the absence of interoperability issues. This analysis does not replace other interoperability check mechanisms such as the creation and processing of example AUTOSAR models that make use of the intended features (reference models). \(\((RS_STDT_00117, RS_STDT_00118) \)



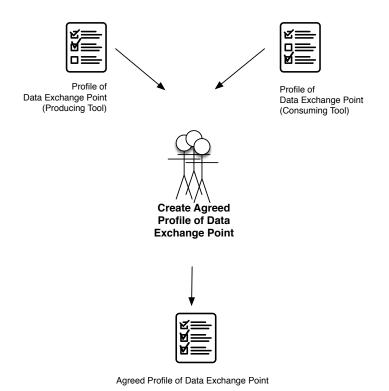


Figure 8.3: Creation of an agreed Profile of Data Exchange Point

[TPS STDT 00117] Agreed Profile of Data Exchange Point [

The result of the analysis and negotiation of Profile of Data Exchange Points can be documented as an Agreed Profile of Data Exchange Point. Usage scenarios for the Agreed Profile for Data Exchange include:

- Validation of the AUTOSAR models that are created by the producing tool with respect to compliance with the agreed contract. This validation can, for instance, be used as a quality gate before the actual AUTOSAR model is passed to the consuming tool.
- A Profile of Data Exchange Point can be used as a specification for intended future functionality. Tool vendors can analyze the Agreed Profile for Data Exchange in order to identify features that are not yet implemented.

(RS_STDT_00121) (see figure 8.3)



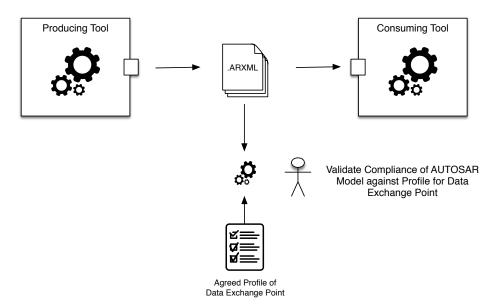


Figure 8.4: Validation of Compliance of AUTOSAR Models with Profile of Data Exchange Point

[TPS_STDT_00118] Compliance with Profile of Data Exchange Point [

A Profile of Data Exchange Point can tailor the AUTOSAR Data Format for a specific Data Exchange Point. This tailoring of Data Format Elements (Meta-Classes, Attributes, Constraints, Sdg usage) specifies a subset of the meta model that is relevant for this specific Data Exchange Point and defines which AUTOSAR and custom validation rules have to be evaluated. An AUTOSAR Model complies with a Profile of Data Exchange Point if all validation rules evaluate to true. (RS_-STDT_00121) (see figure 8.4)

Note: The following patterns, meta classes and attributes focus on the description of self-contained Profile of Data Exchange Points. Support for authoring of profiles such as the composition of a profile out of profile assets is not yet covered.

8.2 General Patterns

8.2.1 Top Level Data Structure

[TPS_STDT_00120] Purpose of DataExchangePoint | For a given Data Exchange Point the DataExchangePoint specifies the following aspects:

- Short description of the data exchange point using longName, desc and introduction (inherited from Identifiable).
- The Baseline of the AUTOSAR standard that is referenced by the profile
- High-Level specification of the data exchange point by selection of the relevant parts of the AUTOSAR Specifications.



• Detailed tailoring of the AUTOSAR Data Format (Meta-Classes, Attributes, Constraints, Special Data Group Definitions).

(RS_STDT_00101)

For details see sections 8.3 and 8.4.

The aspects that are described by the <code>DataExchangePoint</code> are located on the Meta Level (M2 as described in [6]). On this level we can find the AUTOSAR Meta Model and the AUTOSAR XML Schema. Although a <code>Profile</code> of <code>DataExchangePoint</code> specifies information on M2 level we reuse the approach for the specification of the <code>Profile</code> of <code>DataExchangePoint</code> language that is already used by the AUTOSAR Template specifications. Using this approach, we can store a <code>Profile</code> of <code>DataExchangePoint</code> in a .arxml file and we can reuse existing meta classes such as <code>ARPackage</code>, <code>Documentation</code>, <code>Identifiable</code>, etc.

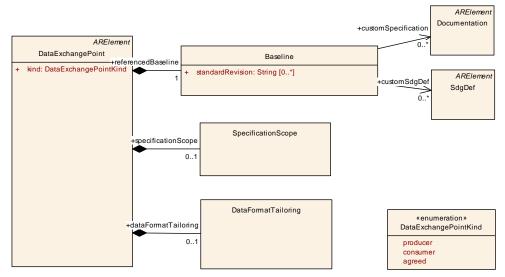


Figure 8.5: Overview of Data Exchange Point

[TPS_STDT_00121] High-level Overview Description of DataExchangePoint | The high-level overview description is provided by means of its attributes longName, desc and introduction. | (RS STDT 00101, RS STDT 00104)

[TPS_STDT_00122] Purpose of Baseline [Baseline specifies a baseline of the AUTOSAR standard that is used as a reference for all references to AUTOSAR Specification Elements in this DataExchangePoint. The baseline is specified by listing the AUTOSAR standards and their revisions. Custom defined functionality and deviations are described using the Documentation M1 Documentation capabilities.] (RS_STDT_00105)

[TPS_STDT_00211] Specification of the AUTOSAR Standards that are part of the Baseline [AUTOSAR is modularised into several standards. A combination of those AUTOSAR standards in a specific version is identified by specifying the standard-Revision of each included standard. |(RS_STDT_00105)



Note: the identifiers of the standards that have an impact on the XML schema are referenced in section "Covered Standards:" of the readme.txt that is part the MMOD XMLSchema 230.

E.g.:

```
standardRevision[0]="FO 1.4.0", standardRevision[1]="CP 4.4.0", standardRevision[2]="AP 18-10"
```

[constr_2609] Single revision per AUTOSAR standard [

The standardRevision may only contain a single revision per AUTOSAR standard. E.g. it is allowed to combine the AUTOSAR standards "Foundation" in revision 1.0.0 with the "Classic Platform" in revision 4.3.0. However, it is not allowed to reference the revisions 4.2.2 and 4.3.0 of the "Classic Platform" in the same Baseline. | ()

Class	DataExchangePoint				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint				
Note	The Data Exchange Point methodology with a tailori			onship between a work product and its intended use in the R templates.	
				sc' and 'introduction' attributes of the DataExchangePoint. e subject that is described by this data exchange point. E.g.	
	 producible data o 	f tool A, ve	ersion x		
	consumable data	of tool B,	version y		
	agreed profile bet	ween part	ner A and	d partner B in project xyz	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=D	ataExcha	ngePoints	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
dataFormat Tailoring	DataFormatTailoring	01	aggr	tailoring to the Autosar Exchange Data Format The subset and tailoring of the templates specifications (Meta-Classes, Attributes, Sdgs, Constraints, SpecItems)	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40	
kind	DataExchangePoint Kind	1	attr	Specifies the kind of this DataExchangePoint. It provides information if this DataExchangePoint represents	
				 the output of a tool that produce data, 	
				 the input of a tool that consumes data or 	
				an agreed profile	
referenced Baseline	Baseline	1	aggr	The baseline of the AUTOSAR standard that is used as a reference within this Data Exchange Point.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10	
specification Scope	SpecificationScope	01	aggr	The speficication of the relevant subset of Autosar standardized and custom specifications.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30	

Table 8.1: DataExchangePoint



Class	Baseline					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint					
Note	Specification of the baseline of the AUTOSAR standard this Data Exchange Point relates to. The baseline is specified by listing the AUTOSAR products and their revisions. Custom defined functionality and deviations to the standard can be provided as well. All references to specification elements in this Data Exchange Point refer to specification elements that are part of this specification baseline.					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	DataExchangePoint.refe	rencedBase	eline			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
customSdgDef	SdgDef	*	ref	Reference to custom SdgDefs that extend the data format of this baseline,		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30		
custom Specification	Documentation	*	ref	Reference to custom specifications that extend this baseline,		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20		
standard Revision	String	*	attr	Specifies a combination of revisions of AUTOSAR standards that are used as the specification baseline of this Data Exchange Point. All standard specification elements that are referenced by this Profile of Data Exchange Point have to be part of specifications that belong to the defined AUTOSAR standards.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10		

Table 8.2: Baseline

Enumeration	DataExchangePointKind			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint			
Note	Specifies the kind of a DataExchangePoint.			
Aggregated by	DataExchangePoint.kind			
Literal	Description			
agreed	the data exchange point description represents the agreed data exchange point that should be used during data exchange			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2			
consumer	the data exchange point description represents the input of a consuming tool.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			
producer	the data exchange point description represents the output of a producing tool.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			

Table 8.3: DataExchangePointKind



```
<L-2 L="EN">This profile describes the data that is exchanged in
            the deliverable "ECU_System_Description" and focuses on data
            that is required for configuring the behavior of the ECU on
           the CAN network with respect to unsegmented signal-based
           communication. The profile shows the supported input of
          FancyCanStackConfigurator version 1.2.2</L-2>
      </DESC>
      <INTRODUCTION>
       <P>
         <L-1 L="EN">Consumer, Tool: FancyCanStackConfigurator version
            1.2.2, invoked using "fancy, -buildCar"</L-1>
       </P>
      </INTRODUCTION>
      <KIND>CONSUMER</KIND>
      <REFERENCED-BASELINE>
       <STANDARD-REVISIONS>
         <STANDARD-REVISION>CP R4.3.0
         <STANDARD-REVISION>FO R1.0.0/STANDARD-REVISION>
       </STANDARD-REVISIONS>
         <CUSTOM-SPECIFICATION-REFS>
         <CUSTOM-SPECIFICATION-REF DEST="DOCUMENTATION">/VendorName/
            DataExchangePoints/CustomExtensions</CUSTOM-SPECIFICATION-
            REF>
       </CUSTOM-SPECIFICATION-REFS>
      </REFERENCED-BASELINE>
      <SPECIFICATION-SCOPE>
       <!--->
      </SPECIFICATION-SCOPE>
      <DATA-FORMAT-TAILORING>
       <!-- -->
      </DATA-FORMAT-TAILORING>
    </DATA-EXCHANGE-POINT>
    <DOCUMENTATION>
     <SHORT-NAME>CustomExtensions
     <DOCUMENTATION-CONTENT>
       <CHAPTER>
         <SHORT-NAME>RFCs
         <STRUCTURED-REQ>
           <SHORT-NAME>Example_RFC12345
           <DESCRIPTION>
             <P>
               <L-1 L="EN">Description of the change request</L-1>
           </DESCRIPTION>
         </STRUCTURED-REQ>
       </CHAPTER>
      </DOCUMENTATION-CONTENT>
    </DOCUMENTATION>
  </ELEMENTS>
</AR-PACKAGE>
```

Listing 8.1: Example of Top Level Structure



8.2.2 Referencing Standardized Specification Elements

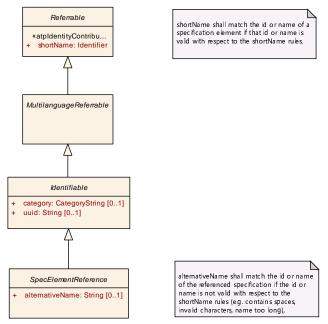


Figure 8.6: Referencing Specification Elements

[TPS_STDT_00102] Referencing AUTOSAR Specification Elements via short-Name [If the name of the AUTOSAR Specification Element follows the rules of shortNames (see Identifier), then SpecElementReference.shortName shall describe the name of the referenced AUTOSAR Specification Element.](RS_-STDT_00102, RS_STDT_00103, RS_STDT_00106, RS_STDT_00108, RS_STDT_00109)

[TPS_STDT_00103] Referencing AUTOSAR Specification Elements via alternativeName [If the name of the AUTOSAR Specification Element does not follow the rules of shortNames (see Identifier), then alternativeName shall describe the name of the referenced AUTOSAR Specification Element. The shortName shall contain a simplified name that is created using the following rules:

- replace all characters, that are not allowed by the shortName rules (see Identifier) by ' '(underline)
- If the shortName is longer than 128 characters, then the following algorithm applies:
 - 1. get the first 121 characters. This leaves room for a separator and a CRC number.
 - 2. append "_0x"
 - 3. append a CRC16 checksum in hex format (uppercase) of the original name. For more information about the CRC16 algorithm see [16].

](RS_STDT_00102, RS_STDT_00103, RS_STDT_00106, RS_STDT_00108, RS_-STDT_00109)



[constr_2610] No alternativeName if matching via shortName [The alternativeName shall not be set if the referenced AUTOSAR Specification Element matches the rules of Identifier.]()

[constr_2611] Referenced AUTOSAR Specification Elements shall be part of the AUTOSAR Specification Baseline [If the SpecElementReference references an AUTOSAR specification element then the shortName or alternativeName shall match the name of the AUTOSAR specification element in a specification that is part of the revision of the standard that is specified in Baseline.]()

See also example A.1.

Class	SpecElementRefe	SpecElementReference (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTem Patterns	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Common Patterns					
Note	This is a reference	This is a reference to a specification element in the Autosar standard.					
Base	ARObject, Identifia	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Subclasses	DataFormatElemen	ntReference, Spe	ecElemen	tScope			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
alternative Name	String	01	attr	Alternative name of a specification element if its name doesn't fit into the shortName. E.g. because the name contains spaces.			

Table 8.4: SpecElementReference

8.2.3 Referencing Custom Specification Elements

[TPS_STDT_00104] Referencing Custom Specification Elements [If it is required to define custom specification elements that go beyond the AUTOSAR standardized specification elements, then the Description of Data Exchange Points allows the referencing of those descriptions via AUTOSAR shortName path based references. If a reference to a custom Specification Element is defined, then this reference is used for identification of the Specification element. No matching of AUTOSAR defined Specification Elements via alternativeName or shortName applies. [(RS_STDT_00102, RS_STDT_00103, RS_STDT_00106, RS_STDT_00108, RS_STDT_00109)]

[constr_2608] Custom extensions shall be part of the Documentation that is referenced by the Baseline [If a SpecElementReference references a custom defined specification element, then this specification element shall be part of a Documentation that is referenced by the Baseline of this Profile.]()



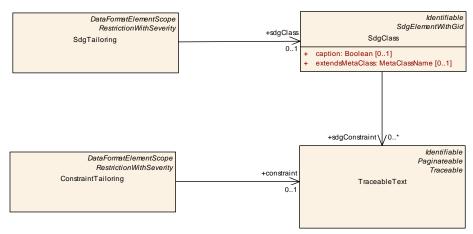


Figure 8.7: Referencing Custom Defined Constraints and Special Data Groups

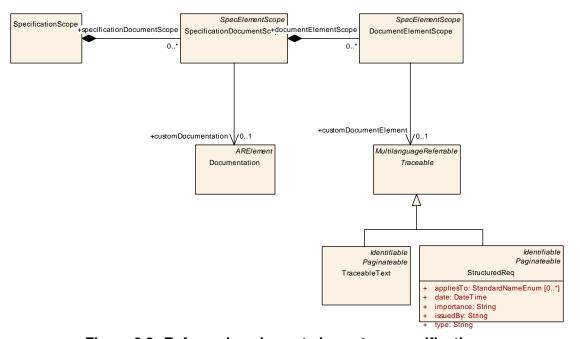


Figure 8.8: Referencing elements in custom specifications

See also example A.1.



8.2.4 Scoping of Specification Elements

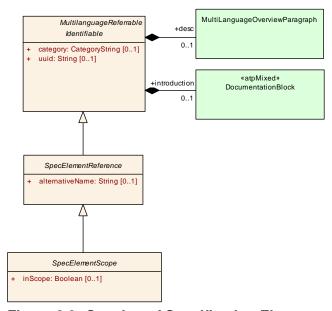


Figure 8.9: Scoping of Specification Elements

[TPS_STDT_00124] Purpose of SpecElementScope [For all AUTOSAR specification elements and custom functionality a Data Exchange Point describes if a referenced specification element is relevant for the Data Exchange Point. If inScope==true, then the specification element is relevant. (e.g. a requirement needs to be fullfilled, a constraint is enabled, an attribute shall exist, ...). If inScope==false, then the specification element is not relevant. (e.g. a requirement does not apply, a constraint is disabled, it is not relevant if an attribute exists, ...) (RS_STDT_00103, RS_STDT_00106, RS_STDT_00109)

Class	SpecElementScope (abs	SpecElementScope (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: Patterns	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Common Patterns					
Note	This class defines if a spe	cification (element is	relevant within the context of this data exchange point.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mi	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, SpecElementReference					
Subclasses	DataFormatElementScop	e, Docume	entElemer	ntScope, SpecificationDocumentScope			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
inScope	Boolean	01	attr	indicates, if a specification element is relevant for this data exchange point. It is relevant if inScope==true. It is not relevant or don't care if inScope=false.			

Table 8.5: SpecElementScope



8.2.5 Tailoring of Data Format Elements

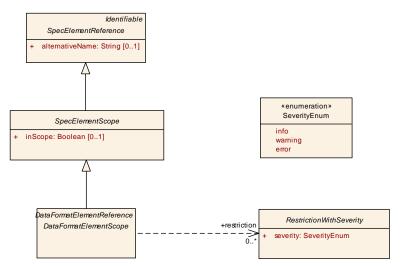


Figure 8.10: Tailoring of Data Format Elements

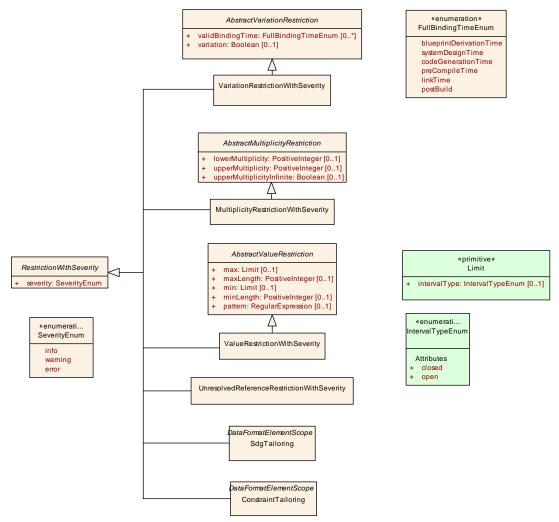


Figure 8.11: Restrictions with Severity



[TPS_STDT_00126] Definition: Data Format Elements [Data Format Elements are Meta-Classes, Meta-Attributes, Constraints and Special Data Group Definitions that have direct impact on the AUTOSAR data exchange format.|(RS_STDT_00106, RS_STDT_00114)

[TPS_STDT_00186] Scope and Restrictions of Data Format Elements [A DataFormatElementScope defines if a Data Format Element is relevant for the Data Exchange Point. If inScope == true then restrictions with severity specify additional constraints and their severity. | (RS STDT 00106, RS STDT 00114)

[TPS_STDT_00172] Purpose of RestrictionWithSeverity [A Restriction-WithSeverity defines constraints on the model. The severity describes the severity level that is reported in case the restriction is violated. $|(RS_STDT_00114)|$

[TPS_STDT_00173] Purpose of ValueRestrictionWithSeverity [A ValueRestrictionWithSeverity defines constraints on the value of a simple attribute (string, integer, float). | (RS_STDT_00113)

[TPS_STDT_00174] Purpose of MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity [A MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity specifies the valid number of occurrences of an element in the current context. | (RS STDT 00106, RS STDT 00110)

[TPS_STDT_00175] Purpose of VariationRestrictionWithSeverity [A VariationRestrictionWithSeverity specifies constraints on the usage of variation and on the valid binding times. | (RS STDT 00125)

[TPS_STDT_00176] Context specific Tailoring | The tailoring of a Meta Class can optionally depend on

- the role by which an object is aggregated or referenced and
- conditions that depend for instance on attribute values (e.g. the value of "category")

(RS_STDT_00125)

Class	RestrictionWithSeverity	RestrictionWithSeverity (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: Patterns	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Common Patterns				
Note	A restriction that has a ser restriction is violated.	A restriction that has a severity. The severity describes the severity level that is reported in case the restriction is violated.				
Base	ARObject	ARObject				
Subclasses		ConstraintTailoring, MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity, SdgTailoring, UnresolvedReferenceRestrictionWithSeverity, ValueRestrictionWithSeverity, VariationRestrictionWithSeverity				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
severity	SeverityEnum	1	attr	Severity level that is reported in case the restriction is violated.		

Table 8.6: RestrictionWithSeverity



Enumeration	SeverityEnum						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint						
Note	Definition of severity levels.						
Aggregated by	RestrictionWithSeverity.severity						
Literal	Description						
error	Something is not right. High risk of interoperability issues.						
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2						
info	Something was found that is worth mentioning. Low risk of interoperability issues.						
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0						
warning	Something might be wrong depending on the context. Medium risk of interoperability issues.						
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1						

Table 8.7: SeverityEnum

Class	ValueRestrictionWithSeverity					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring					
Note	Specifies valid values of primitive data types. A value is valid if all rules defined by this ValueRestriction evaluate to true.					
Base	ARObject, AbstractValueF	ARObject, AbstractValueRestriction, RestrictionWithSeverity				
Aggregated by	PrimitiveAttributeTailoring.	valueRes	triction			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	-	-	-	-		

Table 8.8: ValueRestrictionWithSeverity

Class	AbstractValueRestriction (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ModelRestrictionTypes						
Note	Restricts primitive values.	A value is	s valid if a	Il rules that are defined by this restriction evaluate to true.			
Base	ARObject						
Subclasses	PrimitiveAttributeCondition	PrimitiveAttributeCondition, SdgAbstractPrimitiveAttribute, ValueRestrictionWithSeverity					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
max	Limit	01	attr	Specifies the upper bounds for numeric values.			
maxLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the maximum number of characters of textual values.			
min	Limit	01	attr	Specifies the lower bounds for numeric values.			
minLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the minimal number of characters of textual values.			
pattern	RegularExpression	01	attr	Defines the exact sequence of characters that are acceptable.			

Table 8.9: AbstractValueRestriction

Class	MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring
Note	Restriction that specifies the valid number of occurrences of an element in the current context.
Base	ARObject, AbstractMultiplicityRestriction, RestrictionWithSeverity





 \triangle

Class	MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity					
Aggregated by	Attribute Tailoring. multiplicity Restriction, Class Tailoring. multiplicity Restriction					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
-	-	_	-	-		

Table 8.10: MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity

Class	AbstractMultiplicityRestriction (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ModelRestrictionTypes						
Note	Restriction that specifies t	he valid n	umber of	occurrences of an element in the current context.			
Base	ARObject						
Subclasses	AttributeCondition, Multipl	AttributeCondition, MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity, SdgAttribute					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
lowerMultiplicity	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the minimal number of times an object shall occur. If this primitive attribute is not set, then the object is optional.			
upperMultiplicity	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the maximum number of times an object may occur. If this primitive attribute is not set, then there is no limit with respect to the maximum occurrence.			
upperMultiplicity Infinite	Boolean	01	attr	This explicitly specifies, that the upper multiplicity is NOT restricted. Note: The use of 'upperMultiplicityInfinite' and 'upperMultiplicity' is mutual exclusive.			

Table 8.11: AbstractMultiplicityRestriction

Class	VariationRestrictionWithSeverity					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring					
Note	Defines constraints on the	Defines constraints on the usage of variation and on the valid binding times.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractVariationRestriction, RestrictionWithSeverity					
Aggregated by	AttributeTailoring.variation	Restrictio	n, <i>ClassT</i>	ailoring.variationRestriction		
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	-	-	-	-		

Table 8.12: VariationRestrictionWithSeverity

Class	AbstractVariationRestri	AbstractVariationRestriction (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ModelRestrictionTypes						
Note	Defines constraints on the	Defines constraints on the usage of variation and on the valid binding times.						
Base	ARObject	ARObject						
Subclasses		SdgAggregationWithVariation, SdgForeignReferenceWithVariation, SdgPrimitiveAttributeWithVariation, VariationRestrictionWithSeverity						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note						
validBinding	FullBindingTimeEnum	FullBindingTimeEnum * attr List of valid binding times.						
Time				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20				



 \triangle

Class	AbstractVariationRestriction (abstract)					
variation	Boolean	01	attr	Defines if the AUTOSAR model may define a Variation Point at this location.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10		

Table 8.13: AbstractVariationRestriction

Enumeration	FullBindingTimeEnum					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ModelRestrictionTypes					
Note	This enumeration specifies the BindingTimes that can be used in AUTOSAR models.					
Aggregated by	AbstractVariationRestriction.validBindingTime					
Literal	Description					
blueprintDerivation	The point in time when an object is created from a blueprint.					
Time	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0					
codeGeneration	Coding by hand, based on requirements document.					
Time	Tool based code generation, e.g. from a model.					
	The model may contain variants.					
	Only code for the selected variant(s) is actually generated.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2					
linkTime	Configure what is included in object code, and what is omitted Based on which variant(s) are select E.g. for modules that are delivered as object code (as opposed to those that are delivered as source code)					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4					
postBuild	PostBuild is the binding time which is bound latest at startup of the ECU. In other words this is everything between creation of the executable program and startup of the ECU.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=5					
preCompileTime	This is typically the C-Preprocessor. Exclude parts of the code from the compilation process, e.g., because they are not required for the selected variant, because they are incompatible with the selected variant, because they require resources that are not present in the selected variant. Object code is only generated for the selected variant(s). The code that is excluded at this stage code will not be available at later stages.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3					
systemDesignTime	Designing the VFB.					
	Software Component types (PortInterfaces).					
	SWC Prototypes and the Connections between SWCprototypes.					
	Designing the Topology					
	ECUs and interconnecting Networks					
	Designing the Communication Matrix and Data Mapping					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1					

Table 8.14: FullBindingTimeEnum

8.2.6 Effective vs. Serialized Profile

[TPS_STDT_00105] Serialized Profile [

The Serialized Profile of Data Exchange Point is the ARXML Description of a Profile of Data Exchange Points. This ARXML representation



shall explicitly specify the parts of a Profile that deviate from the default values. It may explicitly specify values that do not deviate from the default values. (RS_STDT_00120) (see section 8.5)

[TPS_STDT_00106] Effective Profile [

The Effective Profile of Data Exchange Point is a logical representation of a Profile that provides

- a scope for all AUTOSAR Specifications and their elements and
- a tailoring and restrictions for each Meta Class and Attribute, Constraint, etc.

of a dedicated AUTOSAR revision. It is calculated by applying the default values that are described in section 8.5 whenever the given profile does not explicitly specify a value. $|(RS_STDT_00120)|$

For details see section 8.5.

8.2.7 Documentation of Rationales

[TPS_STDT_00170] Local documentation of Rationale [

desc and introduction of the SpecElementScope objects can be used to document why something is in scope or tailored in a specific way. | (RS_STDT_00115)

[TPS_STDT_00168] Share documentation of Rationale [

A DocumentElementScope can reference multiple DataFormatElementReferences in order to document that it is the rationale for the referenced tailorings. $J(RS_-STDT_00115)$



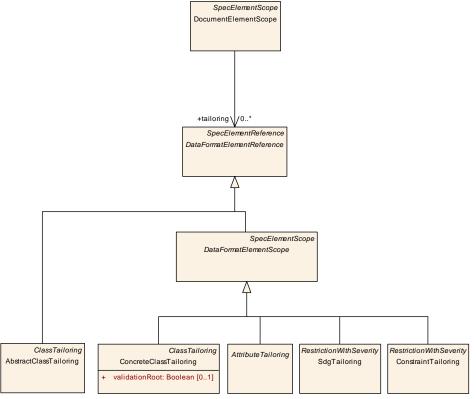


Figure 8.12: Shared Rationale

Class	DataFormatElementRefe	DataFormatElementReference (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Common Patterns						
Note		Superclass of all references to specification elements that have direct impact on the data exchange format (Meta-Classes, Meta-Attributes, constraints, SdgDefs)					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, SpecElementReference					
Subclasses	AbstractClassTailoring, Da	ataFormat	ElementS	Scope			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	_	_	_	_			

Table 8.15: DataFormatElementReference

Class	DataFormatElementScop	DataFormatElementScope (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring						
Note	This class specifies if a Me Exchange Point.	This class specifies if a Meta Class, Meta Attribute, Constraint or SdgDef is relevant for the Data Exchange Point.					
Base	1	ARObject, DataFormatElementReference, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, Spec ElementReference, SpecElementScope					
Subclasses	AttributeTailoring, Concret	AttributeTailoring, ConcreteClassTailoring, ConstraintTailoring, SdgTailoring					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	_	-	-	-			

Table 8.16: DataFormatElementScope



8.2.8 Validation Semantics

[TPS_STDT_00127] Validation Environment [The evaluation of the compliance of an AUTOSAR Model with a profile assumes that:

- The model is loaded and merged according to the splitable rules as defined in [6].
- Default values that are standardized by AUTOSAR are applied according to the strategy defined in PrimitiveAttributeTailoring.defaultValue—Handling.
- Variation is bound (temporarily).

(RS_STDT_00111)

[TPS_STDT_00129] Semantics of DataFormatElementScope with in-Scope==true [If inScope of DataFormatElementScope is true then all attached restrictions are enabled otherwise they are disabled. E.g. If a meta class is out of scope, then the AUTOSAR model may contain an instance of that meta class. However this instance is not subject of validation. | (RS STDT 00106, RS STDT 00121)

Figure 8.13 visualizes the semantics of the scope of DataFormatElementScope.



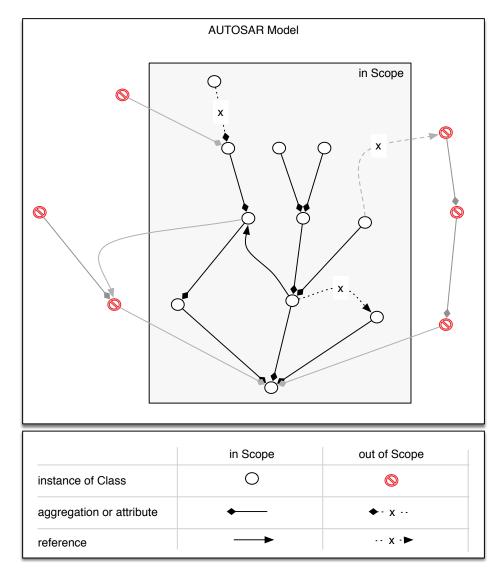


Figure 8.13: Example of AUTOSAR Model with Scoping.

[TPS_STDT_00130] Navigation strategy for validation | The evaluation of the restrictions that are enabled or implied by the profile focuses on the subset of the AUTOSAR Model that is reachable from one or more validationRoot objects using the following navigation strategy. In contrast to the scoping based on meta classes and attributes as described in [TPS_STDT_00129] this navigation strategy allows to collect all objects in the current model that are actually used directly or indirectly by the instances of ConcreteClassTailorings with inScope==true. E.g. It can be used to differentiate interfaces that are used from interfaces that are not used. Interfaces that are not used may contain errors while interfaces that are used should be valid.

• Start with an instance of a Meta-Class that is specified as a root element for the validation (ConcreteClassTailoring.validationRoot==true). If there are more than one validationRoot elements, then the validating tool should support the selection of one or more elements that are subject of validation.



- Follow the aggregations if the following preconditions evaluate to true:
 - 1. The aggregation is in scope and the aggregation is not explicitly excluded (AggregationTailoring.inScope==true AND AggregationTailoring.multiplicityRestriction.upperMultiplicity!=0) AND
 - 2. The aggregated object is in scope and it is not explicitly excluded (ConcreteClassTailoring.inScope==true AND Concrete-ClassTailoring.multiplicityRestriction.upperMultiplicity!=0)
- Follow the references if the following preconditions evaluate to true:
 - The reference is in scope and it is not explicitly excluded
 (ReferenceTailoring.inScope==true AND ReferenceTailoring.
 multiplicityRestriction.upperMultiplicity!=0) AND
 - 2. The referenced object is in scope and and not explicitly excluded (ConcreteClassTailoring.inScope==true AND Concrete-ClassTailoring.multiplicityRestriction.upperMultiplicity!=0)

(RS STDT 00107)

Figure 8.14 shows an example of the application of the aforementioned navigation strategy.



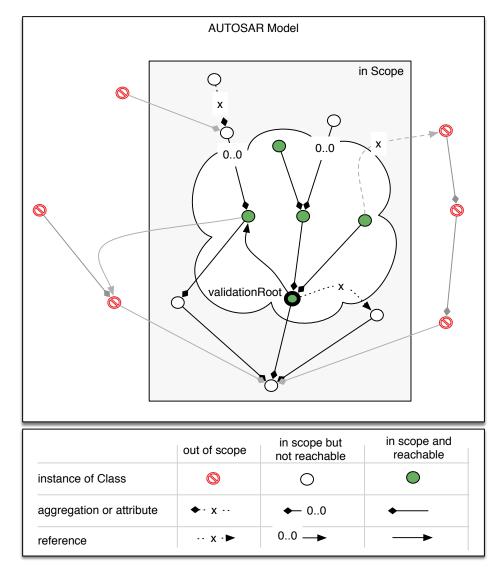


Figure 8.14: Example of AUTOSAR Model with Scoping (Elements that are reachable during validation are marked green)

8.3 Scoping of Specifications

[TPS_STDT_00156] Purpose of SpecificationScope [The Specification—Scope specifies the subset of AUTOSAR Specifications and AUTOSAR specification elements that is relevant for this DataExchangePoint.] (RS_STDT_-00102, RS STDT 00103) (See 8.15)

[TPS_STDT_00188] Purpose of SpecificationDocumentScope | The Speci



[TPS_STDT_00187] Purpose of DocumentElementScope | The DocumentElementScope specifies if an element in an AUTOSAR or custom specification is relevant for this DataExchangePoint. Elements of Autosar Specifications are identified by their Id (e.g. TPS_STDT_00187) that is composed according to [TPS_STDT_00042] or its name if the specification element is a SPEM Work Definition or SPEM Work Product in the Methodology specification [17]. Custom elements are referenced by DocumentElementScope.customDocumentElement.] (RS_STDT_00102, RS_STDT_00103)

[TPS_STDT_00123] Guidance on how to specify SpecificationDocumentScope and DocumentScope [When specifying the SpecificationDocumentScopes and DocumentElementScopes of a Data Exchange Point then the author should focus on Autosar Specifications and Specification Elements that describe the current status of the data and on the description of how the data will be used after data exchange. | (RS_STDT_00102, RS_STDT_00103)

For example, a Profile of Data Exchange Point should refer to the Autosar Specification "Methodology" [17] and should refer to a deliverable. Additionally, it should describe which follow-up activities are intended to be performed based on that deliverable.

However, the author does not need to describe how the deliverable was produced.

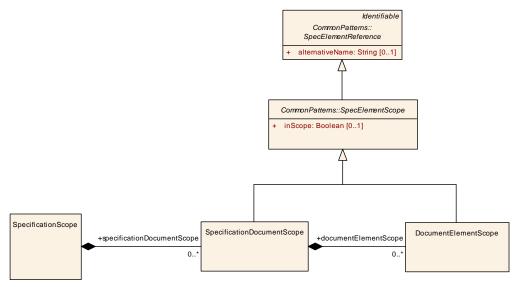


Figure 8.15: Overview SpecificationScope

Class	SpecificationScope
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchange Point::SpecificationScope
Note	Specification of the relevant subset of Autosar specifications.
Base	ARObject
Aggregated by	DataExchangePoint.specificationScope



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Class	SpecificationScope					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
specification Document Scope	SpecificationDocument Scope	*	aggr	The Autosar or custom specifications that contain that are considered in this Data Exchange Point.		

Table 8.17: SpecificationScope

Class	SpecificationDocumentS	SpecificationDocumentScope				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: Point::SpecificationScope	:Common	Structure	::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchange		
Note	Represents a standardized or custom specification document such as Software Component Template, Main Requirements, Specification of Communication, etc.					
	Autosar specifications are	reterence	ed via thei	r title.		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu Scope	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable, SpecElementReference, SpecElement		
Aggregated by	SpecificationScope.specif	icationDo	cumentSc	cope		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
custom Documentation	Documentation 01 ref reference to a custom defined specification.					
document ElementScope	DocumentElement Scope	*	aggr	An element with a name or ID that is specified in the Specification Document.		

Table 8.18: SpecificationDocumentScope

Class	DocumentElementScope	•			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: Point::SpecificationScope	:Common	Structure	::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchange	
Note	Specifies if a specification element such as a requirement, specification, deliverable, artifact, task definition or activity is in scope of this data exchange point. The DocumentElementScope may reference all specification elements that have a name or ID. The only exception are Meta Classes, Meta Attribute and constraints which are handled in the Data Format Tailoring section of the Profile of Data Exchange Point.				
	Elements of Autosar specitems) or name (deliverable			are referenced via their ID (requirement, specification nition or activity)	
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu Scope	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable, SpecElementReference, SpecElement	
Aggregated by	SpecificationDocumentSc	ope.docur	mentElem	entScope	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
custom Document Element	Traceable	01 ref Reference to a custom defined specification element.			
tailoring	DataFormatElement Reference	*	ref	Data Format Element that is implied by this element in the specification. Used to share one rationale for more tailorings.	

Table 8.19: DocumentElementScope

8.3.1 Addition Constraints

None



8.4 Tailoring of Data Format Elements

[TPS_STDT_00157] Purpose of DataFormatTailoring [The DataFormatTailoring tailors the AUTOSAR Data Exchange Format for a specific data exchange point. This includes:

- Identification if meta-classes, attributes, constraints, or SDGs are relevant (in-Scope) of the data exchange point.
- Restriction of multiplicities, attribute values and use of variation
- Specification of severities in case a rule is violated
- Declaration of completeness
- Declaration on how to handle AUTOSAR defined default values
- Specification of the structure of Special Data Group
- Definition of the start element and navigation strategy during validation

](RS_STDT_00106, RS_STDT_00107, RS_STDT_00108, RS_STDT_00109, RS_STDT_00110, RS_STDT_00111, RS_STDT_00113, RS_STDT_00114, RS_STDT_00116, RS_STDT_00123)

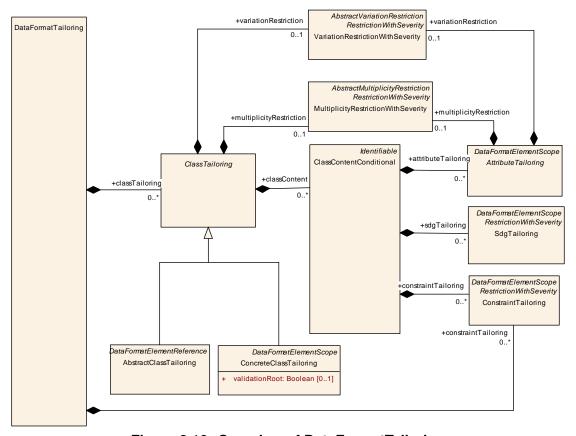


Figure 8.16: Overview of DataFormatTailoring



8.4.1 Tailoring of Classes

8.4.1.1 Description

[TPS_STDT_00145] Purpose of ClassTailoring [The ClassTailoring tailors a Meta-Class with respect to the relevant attributes, applicable constraints, number of occurances, use of variation and the extensibility via Sdgs. | (RS STDT 00106)

[TPS_STDT_00109] AUTOSAR Standardized Concrete Meta-Classes [AUTOSAR standardized concrete meta-classes are specified by concrete UML classes (abstract=false) that are not representing primitive types (no stereotype «primitive», «enumeration») in the AUTOSAR MetaModel [18], sub-packages "M2::AUTOSAR DataFormat" or "M2::MSR".

The reference is established via the name of the UML classes. (RS STDT 00106)

[TPS_STDT_00146] AUTOSAR Standardized Abstract Meta-Classes [AUTOSAR standardized abstract meta-classes are specified by abstract UML classes (abstract=true) that are not representing primitive types (no stereotype «primitive», «enumeration») in the AUTOSAR Meta Model [18], sub-packages "M2::AUTOSAR DataFormat" or "M2::MSR".

The reference is established via the name of the UML classes. | (RS_STDT_00106)

[TPS_STDT_00177] Global ClassTailoring [ClassTailorings that are directly contained by DataFormatTailoring are global ClassTailorings. If a global ConcreteClassTailoring is inScope then its tailorings and restrictions apply for all reachable instances of the class. | (RS STDT 00106)

[TPS_STDT_00178] Role Specific ClassTailoring [ClassTailorings that are contained by AggregationTailoring.typeTailoring or ReferenceTailoring.typeTailoring are context specific ClassTailorings. Their tailorings and restrictions are applicable if

- inScope == true AND
- the object in the AUTOSAR model is aggregated or referenced by the specified role.

(RS STDT 00106)

See also examples A.2, A.3 and A.4.

[TPS_STDT_00179] Conditional ClassTailoring [The content model of a metaclass is tailored via one or more ClassContentConditionals. Multiple ClassContentConditionals may apply for a single object.] (RS_STDT_00106)

[TPS_STDT_00180] Invariant Content Model [If condition does not exist, then the tailorings and restrictions defined by this ClassContentConditional shall be applied for all instances within the current context.|(RS STDT 00106)



[TPS_STDT_00181] Conditional Content Model [If condition is defined, then the restrictions defined by this ClassContentConditional shall apply if that condition evaluates to true. $|(RS_STDT_00106)|$

See also example A.5.

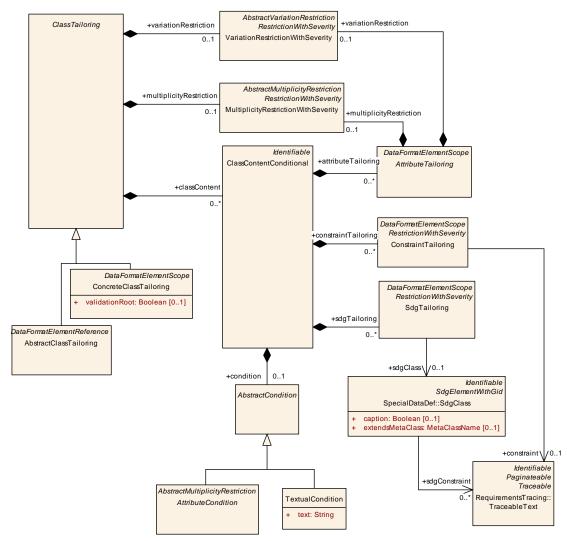


Figure 8.17: Overview of ClassTailoring



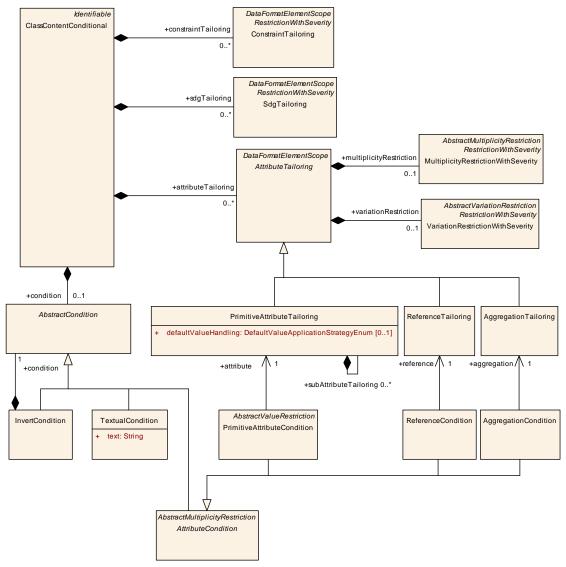


Figure 8.18: Overview of ClassContentConditional

Class	AbstractClassTailoring				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring				
Note	Tailoring of abstract classe	es in the A	UTOSAR	meta-model	
Base	ARObject, ClassTailoring, DataFormatElementReference, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, SpecElementReference				
Aggregated by	AggregationTailoring.type	Tailoring, I	DataForm	atTailoring.classTailoring, ReferenceTailoring.typeTailoring	
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	_	_	_	-	

Table 8.20: AbstractClassTailoring



Class	AbstractCondition (abstr	AbstractCondition (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring					
Note	A premise upon which the	fulfillmen	t of an ag	reement depends		
Base	ARObject					
Subclasses	AttributeCondition, InvertC	Condition,	TextualCo	ondition		
Aggregated by	ClassContentConditional.c	condition,	InvertCor	ndition.condition		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	-	-		

Table 8.21: AbstractCondition

Class	AggregationCondition				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring				
Note	The AggregationCondition evaluates to true, if the referenced aggregation is accepted by all rules of this condition.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractCondit	ion, Abstr	actMultipl	licityRestriction, AttributeCondition	
Aggregated by	ClassContentConditional.	condition,	InvertCor	ndition.condition	
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
aggregation	AggregationTailoring	1	ref	The aggregation that has to be accepted by the restrictions of this AggregationCondition	

Table 8.22: AggregationCondition

Class	AttributeCondition (abstr	AttributeCondition (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring				
Note	The AttributeCondition evaluates to true, if the referenced attribute is accepted by all rules of this condition.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractCondit	ion, Abstr	actMultipl	cityRestriction	
Subclasses	AggregationCondition, Prin	mitiveAttri	buteCond	ition, ReferenceCondition	
Aggregated by	ClassContentConditional.condition, InvertCondition.condition				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	_	-	_	-	

Table 8.23: AttributeCondition

Class	ClassTailoring (abstract)	ClassTailoring (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring					
Note	The ClassTailoring is an a Sdgs.	The ClassTailoring is an abstract class that allows the tailoring of its attributes, applicable constraints and Sdgs.				
Base	ARObject	ARObject				
Subclasses	AbstractClassTailoring, Co	oncreteCla	assTailorir	g		
Aggregated by	AggregationTailoring.typeTailoring, DataFormatTailoring.classTailoring, ReferenceTailoring.typeTailoring					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		





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Class	ClassTailoring (abstract)				
classContent	ClassContent Conditional	*	aggr	Specifies the accepted / not accepted content of the class. All rules apply that fullfill the condition of the Class ContentConditional Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30	
multiplicity Restriction	MultiplicityRestriction WithSeverity	01	aggr	Specifies the multiplicity of the class in the current context.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10	
variation	VariationRestrictionWith	01	aggr	Specifies restrictions on the usage of variant handling.	
Restriction	Severity			Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20	

Table 8.24: ClassTailoring

Class	ClassContentConditional				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates FormatTailoring	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring			
Note	Specifies the valid conter attribute 'category')	nt of the cla	ass. The c	content can optionally depend on a condition. (E.g. value of	
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	lultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable	
Aggregated by	ClassTailoring.classCont	ent			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
attribute Tailoring	AttributeTailoring	*	aggr	Tailorings of the owned and inherited attributes of this Meta Classes	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20	
condition	AbstractCondition	01	aggr	The rules on the content of this class are enabled if the condition validates to true.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10	
constraint Tailoring	ConstraintTailoring	*	aggr	Specification of tailorings of Constraints of that are owned by this Meta Classes	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30	
sdgTailoring	SdgTailoring	*	aggr	Specification of the applicable Special Data Group	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40	

Table 8.25: ClassContentConditional

Class	ConcreteClassTailoring	ConcreteClassTailoring					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring						
Note	Tailoring of concrete meta	Tailoring of concrete meta classes.					
Base	ARObject, ClassTailoring, DataFormatElementReference, DataFormatElementScope, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, SpecElementReference, SpecElementScope						
Aggregated by	AggregationTailoring.typeTailoring, DataFormatTailoring.classTailoring, ReferenceTailoring.typeTailoring						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			



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Class	ConcreteClassTailoring			
validationRoot	Boolean	01	attr	Specification if this concrete Meta-Class is a root element for validation. I.e.: The validation starts at an object of this concrete Meta-Class and continues by following all aggregations and references that are in scope of this Data Exchange Point. Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10

Table 8.26: ConcreteClassTailoring

Class	InvertCondition			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::DataFormatTailoring			
Note	inverts the nested condition			
Base	ARObject, AbstractCondition			
Aggregated by	ClassContentConditional.c	condition,	InvertCon	ndition.condition
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note		
condition	AbstractCondition	1	aggr	The inverted condition

Table 8.27: InvertCondition

Class	PrimitiveAttributeCondition				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring				
Note	The PrimitiveAttributeCondition evaluates to true, if the referenced primitive attribute is accepted by all rules of this condition.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractCondition, AbstractMultiplicityRestriction, AbstractValueRestriction, AttributeCondition				
Aggregated by	ClassContentConditional.	condition,	InvertCor	ndition.condition	
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
attribute	PrimitiveAttribute Tailoring	PrimitiveAttribute 1 ref The primitive attribute that has to be accepted by the			

Table 8.28: PrimitiveAttributeCondition

Class	ReferenceCondition			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring			
Note	The ReferenceCondition evaluates to true, if the referenced reference is accepted by all rules of this condition.			
Base	ARObject, AbstractCondition, AbstractMultiplicityRestriction, AttributeCondition			
Aggregated by	ClassContentConditional.	condition,	InvertCor	ndition.condition
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note		
reference	ReferenceTailoring	1	ref	The reference that has to be accepted by the restrictions of this ReferenceCondition

Table 8.29: ReferenceCondition



Class	TextualCondition	TextualCondition			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring				
Note	Specifies additional conditions for one or more model elements. The condition is described using human language.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractCondition				
Aggregated by	ClassContentConditional.c	condition,	InvertCor	ndition.condition	
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
text	String	1	attr	Human language description of the condition.	

Table 8.30: TextualCondition

8.4.1.2 Additional Constraints

[constr_2612] shortName of ConcreteClassTailoring shall match the name of an AUTOSAR specified concrete meta-class [shortName of Concrete-ClassTailoring shall match the name of an AUTOSAR specified concrete meta-class).]()

[constr_2613] shortName of AbstractClassTailoring shall match the name of an AUTOSAR specified abstract meta-class [shortName of AbstractClassTailoring shall match the name of an AUTOSAR specified abstract meta-class).]()

[constr_2614] PrimitiveAttributeCondition.attribute shall reference invariant owned PrimitiveAttributeTailoring, only [The following conditions need to evaluate to true for PrimitiveAttributeCondition.attribute:

- The referenced PrimitiveAttributeTailoring is owned by an ClassContentConditional that has no condition (invariant class content) AND
- The ClassContentConditional that owns the referenced PrimitiveAttributeTailoring and the ClassContentConditional that owns this PrimitiveAttributeCondition are owned by the same ClassTailoring.

10

[constr_2615] AggregationCondition.aggregation shall reference invariant owned AggregationTailoring, only [The following conditions need to evaluate to true for AggregationCondition.aggregation:

- The referenced AggregationTailoring is owned by an ClassContentConditional that has no condition (invariant class content) AND
- The ClassContentConditional that owns the referenced Aggregation— Tailoring and the ClassContentConditional that owns this AggregationCondition are owned by the same ClassTailoring.

10



[constr_2616] ReferenceCondition.reference shall reference invariant owned ReferenceTailoring, only [The following conditions need to evaluate to true for ReferenceCondition.reference:

- The referenced ReferenceTailoring is owned by an ClassContentConditional that has no condition (invariant class content) AND
- The ClassContentConditional that owns the referenced ReferenceTailoring and the ClassContentConditional that owns this ReferenceCondition are owned by the same ClassTailoring.

10

[constr_2617] ClassTailoring.variationRestriction only applicable for "atpVariation" classes [If the tailored meta class is not marked with stereotype "atpVariation" then ClassTailoring.variationRestriction shall not be defined.]
()

8.4.1.3 Additional Validation Semantics for Reachable Elements

[TPS_STDT_00163] Validation Semantics of ConcreteClassTailoring [If ConcreteClassTailoring.inScope = true then the restrictions that are defined for this class are evaluated. If the restrictions are violated then a validation message with the specified severity shall be created.|(RS STDT 00106, RS STDT 00121)

[TPS_STDT_00182] Validation Semantics of AbstractClassTailoring [AbstractClassTailorings may be used in order to define restrictions that shall apply for all instances of this class.] (RS_STDT_00106)

[TPS_STDT_00107] Validation Semantics of global ConcreteClassTailoring. multiplicityRestriction With validationRoot==true [

If the ConcreteClassTailoring is directly aggregated by DataFormatTailoring.classTailoring and ConcreteClassTailoring.validationRoot==true then the MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity is evaluated for all instances of the concrete meta class in the context of the complete model (not only the reachable elements). This evaluation can happen before the set of reachable elements is calculated. | (RS_STDT_00106, RS_STDT_00123)

Example 8.2 specifies a ConcreteClassTailoring of a class that is used as validationRoot element. The Validation semantics is: the complete model shall contain exactly one System.

```
<DATA-EXCHANGE-POINT>
  <SHORT-NAME>MyExchangePointSystem/SHORT-NAME>
  <!-- -->
  <DATA-FORMAT-TAILORING>
    <CLASS-TAILORINGS>
    <CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
        <SHORT-NAME>System/SHORT-NAME>
    <DESC>
```



Listing 8.2: Example of Multiplicity Restriction of class that is used as validation root element

[TPS_STDT_00108] Validation Semantics of global ConcreteClassTailoring. multiplicityRestriction With validationRoot==false [

If the ConcreteClassTailoring is directly aggregated by DataFormatTailoring.classTailoring and ConcreteClassTailoring.validationRoot==false then the MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity is evaluated for each instance of a reference and aggregation individually. I.e. for all reachable instances of references and all reachable instances of aggregations that have a type which is identical to the tailored meta class, the number of referenced / contained objects which are an instance of the tailored meta class is determined and evaluated with respect to the MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity. | (RS_STDT_00106)

Example 8.3 specifies a ConcreteClassTailoring of a class that is not used as validationRoot element.

The validation semantics of the example is: In the set of reachable elements no instances of references to FlexrayFrames are allowed. Additionally, not instances of aggregations that contain FlexrayFrames are allowed.

Note that FlexrayFrames might exist in parts of the model that are not reachable from selected validation root elements.



Listing 8.3: Example of Multiplicity Restriction of class that is not used as validation root element

[TPS_STDT_00113] Validation Semantics of AbstractClassTailoring.multiplicityRestriction [

If the AbstractClassTailoring is directly aggregated by DataFormatTailoring.classTailoring then the MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity is evaluated for each instance of a reference and aggregation individually. I.e. for all reachable instances of references and all reachable instances of aggregations which have a type which is a sub class of the tailored meta class, the number of referenced / contained objects which are an instance of the tailored meta class is determined and evaluated with respect to the MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity.] (RS STDT 00106)

8.4.2 Tailoring of Attributes

8.4.2.1 Description

[TPS_STDT_00144] Purpose of AttributeTailoring | The AttributeTailoring specifies if an owned or inherited AUTOSAR Attribute is in scope and defines which restrictions have to be considered. | (RS_STDT_00106)



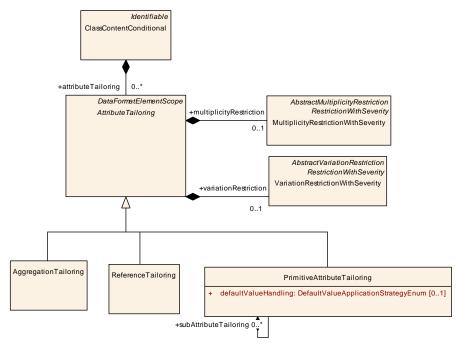


Figure 8.19: Overview of AttributeTailoring

Class	AttributeTailoring (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring					
Note	Tailoring of Attributes	Tailoring of Attributes				
Base	ARObject, DataFormatElementReference, DataFormatElementScope, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable, SpecElementReference, SpecElementScope					
Subclasses	AggregationTailoring, PrimitiveAttributeTailoring, ReferenceTailoring					
Aggregated by	ClassContentConditional.a	attributeTa	iloring			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
multiplicity	MultiplicityRestriction	01	aggr	Multiplicity restriction of the attribute		
Restriction	WithSeverity Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10					
variation	VariationRestrictionWith					
Restriction	Severity			Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20		

Table 8.31: AttributeTailoring

8.4.2.2 Additional Constraints

[constr_2618] ShortName of AttributeTailoring shall match owned or inherited attributes [The shortName shall match the name of an attribute that is owned or inherited by the AUTOSAR meta-class which is identified by the ClassTailoring that owns this AttributeTailoring.]()

[constr_2619] No AttributeTailoring for Derived or Abstract Attributes [No AttributeTailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes that are marked with stereotypes <<atp>AttributeSailorings are allowed for Attributes are allowed for At



See [TPS_GST_00022] and [TPS_GST_00023] in [6] for more details about the stereotypes <<atpDerived>> and <<atpAbstract>>.

[constr_2624] AttributeTailoring.variationRestriction only applicable for «atpVariation» attributes [If the tailored attribute is not marked with stereotype «atpVariation» then AttributeTailoring.variationRestriction shall not be defined. | ()

8.4.2.3 Additional Validation Semantics for Reachable Elements

[TPS_STDT_00159] Semantics of Attribute that is in Scope [If AttributeTailoring.inScope = true then the restrictions defined for the AttributeTailoring apply.|(RS_STDT_00106, RS_STDT_00121)

[TPS_STDT_00114] MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity in the context of ClassTailoring VS. AggregationTailoring/ReferenceTailoring

- The MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity that is aggregated via AggregationTailoring.multiplicityRestriction evaluates the total number of contained elements per instance of the tailored aggregation.
- The MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity that is aggregated via ReferenceTailoring.multiplicityRestriction evaluates the total number of referenced elements per instance of the tailored reference.
- The MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity that is aggregated via ClassTailoring.multiplicityRestriction evaluates the total number of aggregated or referenced elements that are an instance of the tailored class per instance of aggregation or reference.

(RS STDT 00106)

See also [TPS STDT 00108], [TPS STDT 00112] and example A.2

8.4.3 Tailoring of Primitive Attributes

8.4.3.1 Description

[TPS_STDT_00142] Purpose of PrimitiveAttributeTailoring [The PrimitiveAttributeTailoring specifies if a owned or inherited Primitive Attribute is in scope. Additionally, it defines the handling of AUTOSAR specified default values. | (RS_STDT_00106)

[TPS_STDT_00143] AUTOSAR Standardized Primitive Attributes of Meta-Class [Within the context of a given AUTOSAR meta-class all inherited and owned primitive



attributes that are not marked with <<atpDerived>> or <<atpAbstract>> may be tailored. The reference to the primitive attribute is established via the name of the primitive attribute. $|(RS_STDT_00106)|$

Note: In the context of this specification a primitive attribute is a UML property that has a type that is marked with a stereotype <<pre><<pre>crimitive>> or <<enumeration>>.

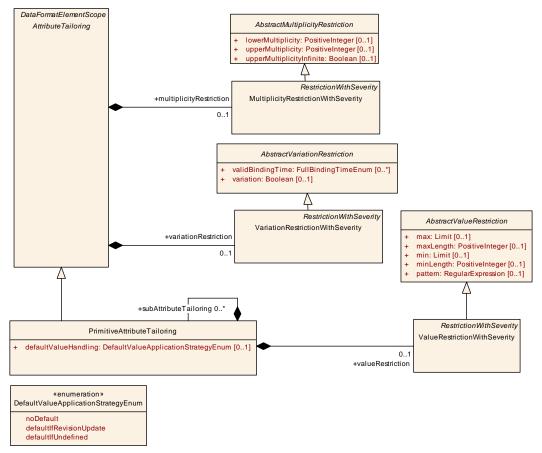


Figure 8.20: Tailoring of Primitive Attributes

Class	PrimitiveAttributeTailorii	PrimitiveAttributeTailoring				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring					
Note	Tailoring of primitive attributes. Primitive attributes are attributes that have a type which is marked by the stereotype < <pre>remaining of primitive attributes are attributes that have a type which is marked by the stereotype <<pre>remaining of primitive attributes are attributes that have a type which is marked by the stereotype <<pre>remaining of primitive attributes are attributes that have a type which is marked by the stereotype <<pre>remaining of primitive attributes are attributes that have a type which is marked by the stereotype <<pre>remaining of primitive attributes are attributes that have a type which is marked by the stereotype <<pre>remaining of primitive attributes are attributes are attributes that have a type which is marked by the stereotype <<pre>remaining of primitive attributes are attributes are</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>					
Base	ARObject, AttributeTailoring, DataFormatElementReference, DataFormatElementScope, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, SpecElementReference, SpecElementScope					
Aggregated by	ClassContentConditional.attributeTailoring, PrimitiveAttributeTailoring.subAttributeTailoring					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
defaultValue Handling	DefaultValueApplication StrategyEnum	01	attr	Specification of how to handle AUTOSAR defined default values.		
subAttribute Tailoring	PrimitiveAttribute * aggr Tailors the attribute of a < <pre>rmitive>>> data type.</pre>					
valueRestriction	ValueRestrictionWith Severity	01	aggr	The restriction of the attribute value.		

Table 8.32: PrimitiveAttributeTailoring



Enumeration	DefaultValueApplicationStrategyEnum					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring					
Note	Enumeration that describes how to handle AUTOSAR defined default values. If the strategy requires application of the AUTOSAR defined default value, then the value shall be added before further validation or processing.					
Aggregated by	PrimitiveAttributeTailoring.defaultValueHandling					
Literal	Description					
defaultIfRevision Update	If the AUTOSAR model is older than the Baseline of the Data Exchange Point and the older version did not yet support the attribute, then the AUTOSAR defined default value SHALL be applied before further validation or processing.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1					
defaultIfUndefined	If the AUTOSAR model does not explicitly specify a value, then the apply the AUTOSAR defined default value before further validation or processing.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2					
noDefault	do not apply the AUTOSAR defined default value					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0					

Table 8.33: DefaultValueApplicationStrategyEnum

8.4.3.2 Additional Constraints

[constr_2620] shortName of PrimitiveAttributeTailoring shall be a primitive attribute in the referenced Baseline [The shortName of PrimitiveAttributeTailoring shall match the name of an AUTOSAR specified primitive attribute of the Meta-Class in the referenced Baseline. | ()

8.4.3.3 Additional Validation Semantics for Reachable Elements

No additional validation semantics.

8.4.4 Tailoring of Aggregations

8.4.4.1 Description

[TPS_STDT_00140] Purpose of AggregationTailoring [The Aggregation-Tailoring specifies if an owned or inherited Aggregation is in scope.] (RS_-STDT 00106)

[TPS_STDT_00141] AUTOSAR Standardized Aggregations of Meta-Class [Within the context of a given AUTOSAR meta-class all inherited and owned aggregations that are not marked with <<atpDerived>> or <<atpAbstract>> may be tailored. | (RS_-STDT_00106)



Note: In the context of this specification an aggregation is a UML property that has a type that is NOT marked with a stereotype "primitive" or "enumeration" and aggregation=AggegationKind::composite.

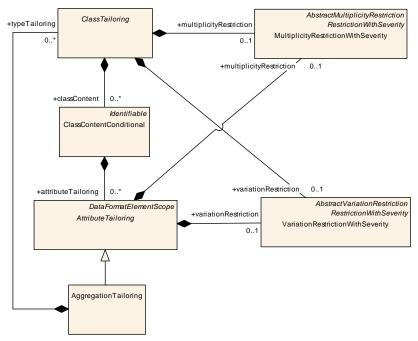


Figure 8.21: Tailoring of Aggregations

Class	AggregationTailoring				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring				
Note	Tailoring of aggregations in the AUTOSAR meta-model				
Base	ARObject, AttributeTailoring, DataFormatElementReference, DataFormatElementScope, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, SpecElementReference, SpecElementScope				
Aggregated by	ClassContentConditional.a	attributeTa	iloring		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
typeTailoring	ClassTailoring	*	aggr	Local class tailoring which is applied if the content is contained by this aggregation.	

Table 8.34: AggregationTailoring

8.4.4.2 Additional Constraints

[constr_2621] The shortName of AggregationTailoring shall match the name of an AUTOSAR specified aggregation of the meta-class [The shortName of AggregationTailoring shall match the name of an AUTOSAR specified aggregation of the meta-class).]()



8.4.4.3 Additional Validation Semantics for Reachable Elements

[TPS_STDT_00112] Validation Semantics of ClassTailoring.multiplicityRestriction in the context of AggregationTailoring.typeTailoring [

If the ClassTailoring is directly aggregated by AggregationTailoring.typeTailoring then the MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity is evaluated for each instance the tailored aggregation individually. I.e. for each instance of the tailored aggregation, the number of contained objects which are an instance of the tailored meta class is determined and evaluated with respect to the MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity. | (RS_STDT_00106)

See also example A.3.

8.4.5 Tailoring of References

8.4.5.1 Description

[TPS_STDT_00138] Purpose of ReferenceTailoring [The ReferenceTailoring specifies if an owned or inherited Reference is in scope. | (RS STDT 00106)

[TPS_STDT_00139] AUTOSAR Standardized References of Meta-Class [Within the context of a given AUTOSAR Meta-Class all inherited and owned references that are not marked with <<atpDerived>> or <<atpAbstract>> may be tailored. The reference to the reference is established via the name of the reference. | (RS STDT 00106)

Note: in the context of this specification a reference is a UML property that has a type that is NOT marked with a stereotype "primitive" or "enumeration" and aggregation=AggregationKind::none.



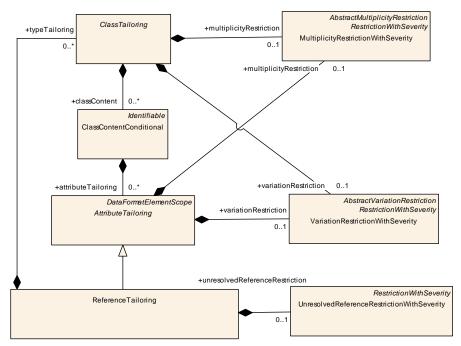


Figure 8.22: Tailoring of References

Class	ReferenceTailoring				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring				
Note	Tailoring of Non-Containment References.				
Base	ARObject, AttributeTailoring, DataFormatElementReference, DataFormatElementScope, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, SpecElementReference, SpecElementScope				
Aggregated by	ClassContentConditional.	ClassContentConditional.attributeTailoring			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
typeTailoring	ClassTailoring	*	aggr	Local class tailoring for content that is referenced by this reference.	
unresolved Reference Restriction	UnresolvedReference RestrictionWithSeverity	01	aggr	Specifies the severity of unresolved references.	

Table 8.35: ReferenceTailoring

8.4.5.2 Additional Constraints

[constr_2622] The shortName of ReferenceTailoring shall match the name
of an AUTOSAR specified reference of the meta-class | The shortName of ReferenceTailoring shall match the name of an AUTOSAR specified reference of the
meta-class).]()



8.4.5.3 Additional Validation Semantics for Reachable Elements

[TPS_STDT_00169] Handling of unresolved references [If a reachable object defines an unresolved reference that is referenced by this ReferenceTailoring then the unresolvedReferenceRestriction specifies the severity of this violation.] (RS_STDT_00121)

[TPS_STDT_00119] Validation Semantics of ClassTailoring.multiplicityRestriction in the context of ReferenceTailoring.typeTailoring [If the ClassTailoring is directly aggregated by ReferenceTailoring.typeTailoring then the MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity is evaluated for each instance of the tailored reference individually. I.e. for each instance of the tailored reference, the number of referenced objects which are an instance of the tailored meta class is determined and evaluated with respect to the MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity.|(RS_STDT_00106)

See also example A.2.

8.4.6 Tailoring of Constraints

8.4.6.1 Description

[TPS_STDT_00147] Purpose of ConstraintTailoring [The ConstraintTailoring specifies if the referenced Constraint is enabled for this DataExchange-Point.] (RS_STDT_00108)

[TPS_STDT_00111] AUTOSAR Standardized Constraints [Constraints are Specification Elements that have an ID that starts with 'constr_'. A complete list of constraints is available in document AUTOSARModelConstraints [19].] (RS_STDT_00108, RS_-STDT_00122)

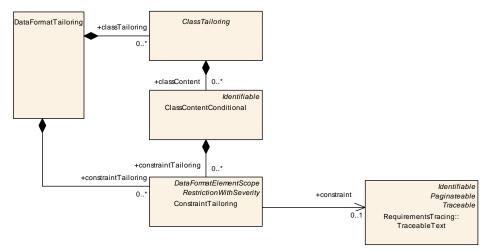


Figure 8.23: Tailoring of Constraints



Class	ConstraintTailoring					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring					
Note	Tailoring of constraints. If a constraint is in scope, then the severity defines its Error Severity Level. If it is not in scope, then the constraint is disabled.					
Base	ARObject, DataFormatElementReference, DataFormatElementScope, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable, RestrictionWithSeverity, SpecElementReference, SpecElementScope					
Aggregated by	ClassContentConditional.constraintTailoring, DataFormatTailoring.constraintTailoring			DataFormatTailoring.constraintTailoring		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
constraint	TraceableText	01	ref	Reference to custom specification of constraint.		

Table 8.36: ConstraintTailoring

8.4.6.2 Additional Constraints

none

8.4.6.3 Additional Validation Semantics for Reachable Elements

[TPS_STDT_00164] Semantics of a Constraint that is out of Scope [If ConstraintTailoring.inScope = false then the referenced constraint is disabled.]

(RS_STDT_00108, RS_STDT_00121)

[TPS_STDT_00165] Semantics of Constraint that is in Scope [If Constraint-Tailoring.inScope = true then the referenced constraint is evaluated.] (RS_STDT_-00108, RS_STDT_00121)

[TPS_STDT_00125] Trigger for Evaluation of Constraints [

The context in which a ConstraintTailoring is specified defines the trigger for the evaluation of the constraint:

- If a ConstraintTailoring is aggregated via ClassContentConditional. constraintTailoring then the constraint is only evaluated for reachable instances of the tailored meta class which fullfill the condition.
- If a ConstraintTailoring is aggregated via DataFormatTailoring.constraintTailoring then no explicit hint on instances of classes which trigger the evaluation are provided. It is up to the tool implementer to decide on the correct trigger.

Therefore, the author of a Profile of Data Exchange Point should attach ConstraintTailorings to ClassTailorings whenever this is possible. | (RS_-STDT 00108, RS STDT 00121)



8.4.7 Tailoring of Special Data Groups

8.4.7.1 Description

[TPS_STDT_00132] Purpose of SdgTailoring [SdgTailoring specifies if a Sdg-Class (Sdg with a specific gid and structure) may be added to a given MetaClass.] (RS_STDT_00116)

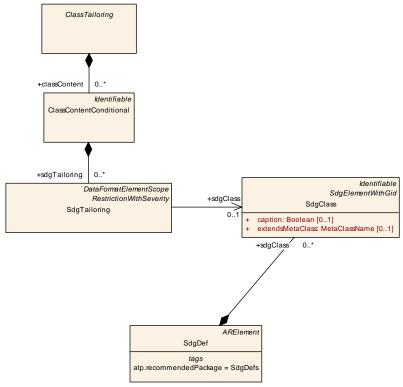


Figure 8.24: Tailoring of Usage of Special Data Groups

Class	SdgTailoring				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring				
Note	Describes if the referenced Sdg may be attached to the current class.				
Base	ARObject, DataFormatElementReference, DataFormatElementScope, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable, RestrictionWithSeverity, SpecElementReference, SpecElementScope				
Aggregated by	ClassContentConditional.s	sdgTailori	ng		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
sdgClass	SdgClass	01	ref	Specification of the structure of the Special Data Group.	

Table 8.37: SdgTailoring



8.4.7.2 Additional Constraints

[constr_2623] Referenced SdgClass shall be part of a SdgDef that is referenced by the Baseline [Referenced SdgClass shall be part of a SdgDef that is referenced by the Baseline of this Profile of Data Exchange Point.]()

8.4.7.3 Additional Validation Semantics for Reachable Elements

[TPS_STDT_00167] Semantics of SdgTailoring that is in scope [If SdgTailoring.inScope == true then Sdg structure of instance of the tailored class shall be evaluated against the structure that is specified by the referenced SdgClass.](RS_-STDT_00121)

8.4.8 Description of Special Data Group Definitions

The Special Data Group Definition SdgDef specifies the structure of special data group extensions. For a quick overview see figure 8.25. More detailed information is described in [TPS_GST_00374], [TPS_GST_00375], [TPS_GST_00421] and [TPS_GST_00422] in [6].

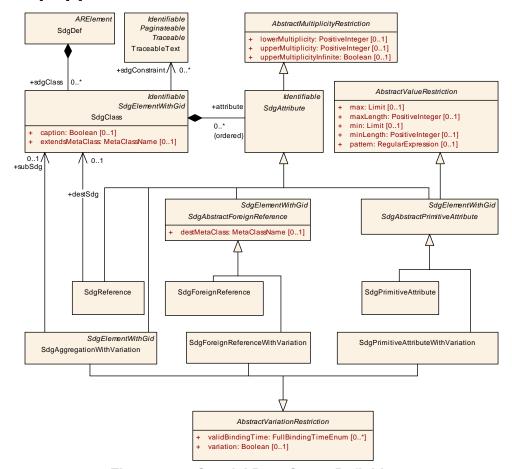


Figure 8.25: Special Data Group Definition



8.4.9 Description of Custom Constraints

8.4.9.1 Description

Custom constraints are documented as TraceableText with category==CONSTRAINT_ITEM as defined in [TPS_STDT_00059] and [constr_2540]

8.4.9.2 Additional Constraints

none

8.4.9.3 Additional Validation Semantics for Reachable Elements

none

8.5 Default Values in Profiles of Data Exchange Point

This chapter describes rules for default values in Profile of Data Exchange Points which apply if a Profile does not explicitly specify that information. In addition to these rules AUTOSAR provides Baseline Profiles which explicitly declare the default values of the latest AUTOSAR releases.

[TPS_STDT_00191] Purpose of Baseline Profile of Data Exchange Point \lceil

A Baseline Profile of Data Exchange Point is a Profile of Data Exchange Point that explicitly models the following default values of ClassTailorings:

- inScope (see [TPS_STDT_00190])
- validationRoot (see [TPS_STDT_00196])
- multiplicityRestriction (see [TPS_STDT_00197])
- variationRestriction (see [TPS STDT 00200])

Additionally, it specifies the default values of AttributeTailorings:

- inScope (see [TPS_STDT_00195])
- multiplicityRestriction (see [TPS_STDT_00198])
- variationRestriction (see [TPS_STDT_00199])
- defaultValueHandling (see [TPS STDT 00204])

(RS STDT 00105, RS STDT 00106)



8.5.1 Default Values in SpecificationScope

The following rules define the default scope of AUTOSAR Specifications and their contained elements.

[TPS_STDT_00192] Default Scope of AUTOSAR Specifications [

If SpecificationDocumentScope.inScope is not explicitly specified for an AUTOSAR Specification then that AUTOSAR Specification is considered as not relevant for the Data Exchange Point.

Default value of SpecificationDocumentScope.inScope is false.] (RS_STDT_-00102, RS STDT 00103)

[TPS_STDT_00193] Default Scope of AUTOSAR Specification Elements [

If DocumentElementScope.inScope is not explicitly specified for an element in an AUTOSAR Specification then that element has the same scope as the AUTOSAR Specification that contains it.

Default value of DocumentElementScope.inScope is SpecificationDocumentScope.inScope of the AUTOSAR Specification that contains the element.] (RS STDT 00102, RS STDT 00103)

8.5.2 Default Values in DataFormatTailoring

The following rules define default scope and restrictions with respect to the Data Format.

[TPS STDT 00190] Default Scope of concrete Meta Classes

If ConcreteClassTailoring.inScope is not explicitly specified for a Meta Class then instances of that Meta Class are considered as not relevant for the Data Exchange Point by default.

Default value of ConcreteClassTailoring.inScope is false. | (RS STDT 00106)

[TPS_STDT_00196] Default Validation Root of concrete Meta Classes \lceil

If ${\tt ConcreteClassTailoring.validationRoot}$ is not explicitly specified for a Meta Class then instances of that Meta Class are no root elements for the validation by default.

Default value of ConcreteClassTailoring.validationRoot is false.](RS_-STDT_00106)

[TPS_STDT_00197] Default multiplicityRestriction of Meta Classes

If attributes of ClassTailoring.multiplicityRestriction are not explicitly specified for a Meta Class then the default values as defined in table 8.38 apply by default. Note that the default values depend on the life cycle status of the Meta Class (see also [TPS_GST_00051] in [6]). $\[(RS_STDT_00106) \]$



Life cycle status of concrete Meta Class	Default value of ClassTailoring. multiplicityRestric- tion				Description
	.lowerMultiplicity	.upperMultiplicity	.upperMultiplicityInfinite	.severity	
valid	0	n/a	true	info	No restrictions. Any number of this class may occur.
draft	0	0	n/a	info	Info Message if draft classes are used
obsolete	0	0	n/a	warning	Warning message if obsolete classes are used
removed	0	0	n/a	error	Error Message if removed classes are used

Table 8.38: Default Multiplicity Restrictions of Meta Classes

[TPS_STDT_00200] Default variationRestriction of Meta Classes [
If a meta class is marked with stereotype <<atpVariation>> (see [TPS_GST_-00189] in [6]) and attributes of ClassTailoring.variationRestriction are not explicitly specified then the default values as defined in table 8.39 apply by default. Note that the default values depend on the vh.latestBindingTime of the Meta Attribute (see also [TPS_GST_00182] in [6]).|(RS_STDT_00106)



vh.latestBindingTime Of Meta Class	Default value of ClassTailoring. variationRestriction		
	.variation	.validBindingTime	.severity
blueprintDerivationTime	true	blueprintDerivationTime	error
systemDesignTime	true	blueprintDerivationTime, systemDesignTime	error
codeGenerationTime	true	blueprintDerivationTime, systemDesignTime, codeGenerationTime	error
preCompileTime	true	blueprintDerivationTime, systemDesignTime, codeGenerationTime, preCompileTime	error
linkTime	true	blueprintDerivationTime, systemDesignTime, codeGenerationTime, preCompileTime, linkTime	error
postBuild	true	blueprintDerivationTime, systemDesignTime, codeGenerationTime, preCompileTime, linkTime, postBuild	error

Table 8.39: Default Variation Restriction of Meta Classes

[TPS STDT 00195] Default Scope of Meta Attributes [

If AttributeTailoring.inScope is not explicitly specified for a Meta Attribute then occurrences of that Attribute are considered as not relevant for the Data Exchange Point by default.

Default value of AttributeTailoring.inScope is false. | (RS_STDT_00106)

[TPS_STDT_00198] Default multiplicityRestriction of Meta Attributes | If attributes of AttributeTailoring.multiplicityRestriction are not explicitly specified for a Meta Attribute then the default values as defined in table 8.40 apply by default. Note that the default values depend on the life cycle status of the Meta Attribute (see also [TPS_GST_00051] in [6]).|(RS_STDT_00106)|

¹see [TPS_XMLSPR_00036], [TPS_XMLSPR_00046], [TPS_XMLSPR_00003] in [20]



Life cycle status of Meta Attribute		ue of Attr	ibuteTailo iction	oring.	Description
	.lowerMultiplicity	upperMultiplicity	.upperMultiplicityInfinite	severity	
valid	(lower)	(upper)	(upperInf)	info	Multiplicity is not restricted. Same rules apply as in AUTOSAR XSD Schema [21]: if attribute is tagged with 'xml.enforceMinMultiplicity=true' then .lowerMultiplicity = lower multiplicity of attribute as defined in the meta model. else .lowerMultiplicity = 0 if (upper multiplicity of attribute in the meta model is infinite) or (attribute is not marked with xml.attribute=true and it is owned by a class that is marked with stereotypes < <atpmixed>> or <<atpmixed>>) then upperMultiplicity = n/a and. upperMultiplicityInfinite = true else .upperMultiplicity = upper multiplicity as defined in meta model and .upperMultiplicityInfinite = n/a.</atpmixed></atpmixed>
draft	0	0	n/a	info	Info Message if draft attribute is used
obsolete	0	0	n/a	warning	Warning message if obsolete attribute is used
removed	0	0	n/a	error	Error Message if removed attribute is used

Table 8.40: Default Multiplicity Restrictions of Meta Attributes

[TPS_STDT_00199] Default variationRestriction of Meta Attributes | If attributes of AttributeTailoring.variationRestriction are not explicitly specified for a Meta Attribute then the default values as defined in table 8.41 apply by default. Note that the default values depend on the vh.latestBindingTime of the Meta Attribute (see also [TPS_GST_00182] in [6]).|(RS_STDT_00106)



vh.latestBindingTime Of Meta Attribute	Default value of AttributeTailoring. variationRestriction		
	.variation	.validBindingTime	.severity
blueprintDerivationTime	true	{blueprintDerivationTime}	error
systemDesignTime	true	{blueprintDerivationTime, systemDesignTime}	error
codeGenerationTime	true	{blueprintDerivationTime, systemDesignTime, codeGenerationTime}	error
preCompileTime	true	{blueprintDerivationTime, systemDesignTime, codeGenerationTime, preCompileTime}	error
linkTime	true	{blueprintDerivationTime, systemDesignTime, codeGenerationTime, preCompileTime, linkTime}	error
postBuild	true	{blueprintDerivationTime, systemDesignTime, codeGenerationTime, preCompileTime, linkTime, postBuild}	error

Table 8.41: Default Variation Restriction of Meta Attributes

[TPS_STDT_00203] Default PrimitiveAttributeTailoring.valueRestriction \lceil

If attributes of PrimitiveAttributeTailoring.valueRestriction are not explicitly specified for a primitive Attribute then the default values as defined in table 8.42 apply by default. In other words: By default the ValueRestriction of a primitive attribute semantically equals the declaration of its primitive type in the AUTOSAR meta model. | (RS STDT 00113)



if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.pattern then value of xml.xsd.pattern else if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.maxInclusive that is not +INF then value of xml.xsd.maxInclusive with intervalType=closed else if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.maxExclusive that is not +INF then value of xml.xsd.maxExclusive with intervalType=open else +INF with intervalType=infinite if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minInclusive that is not -INF then value of xml.xsd.minInclusive with intervalType=closed else if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minExclusive that is not -INF then value of xml.xsd.minExclusive with intervalType=open else -INF with intervalType=infinite if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.maxLength then value of xml.xsd.maxLength else +INF if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minLength then value of xml.xsd.minLength else of the primitive attribute specifies	Attribute	Default Value
the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.maxInclusive that is not +INF then value of xml.xsd.maxInclusive with intervalType=closed else if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.maxExclusive that is not +INF then value of xml.xsd.maxExclusive with intervalType=open else +INF with intervalType=infinite if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minInclusive that is not -INF then value of xml.xsd.minInclusive with intervalType=closed else if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minExclusive that is not -INF then value of xml.xsd.minExclusive with intervalType=open else -INF with intervalType=infinite if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.maxLength then value of xml.xsd.maxLength else +INF if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minLength then value of xml.xsd.maxLength else +INF if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minLength then value of xml.xsd.minLength else 0	pattern	the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.pattern then value of xml.xsd.pattern
the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minInclusive that is not -INF then value of xml.xsd.minInclusive with intervalType=closed else if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minExclusive that is not -INF then value of xml.xsd.minExclusive with intervalType=open else -INF with intervalType=infinite if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.maxLength then value of xml.xsd.maxLength else +INF if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minLength then value of xml.xsd.minLength else 0	max	the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.maxInclusive that is not +INF then value of xml.xsd.maxInclusive with intervalType=closed else if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.maxExclusive that is not +INF then value of xml.xsd.maxExclusive with intervalType=open else
the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.maxLength then value of xml.xsd.maxLength else +INF if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minLength then value of xml.xsd.minLength else 0	min	the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minInclusive that is not -INF then value of xml.xsd.minInclusive with intervalType=closed else if the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minExclusive that is not -INF then value of xml.xsd.minExclusive with intervalType=open else
the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minLength then value of xml.xsd.minLength else 0	maxLength	the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.maxLength then value of xml.xsd.maxLength else
severity	minLength	the type of the primitive attribute specifies xml.xsd.minLength then value of xml.xsd.minLength else
	severity	error

Table 8.42: Default Values of Value Restrictions

[TPS_STDT_00204] Default PrimitiveAttributeTailoring.defaultValue-Handling

If attribute PrimitiveAttributeTailoring.defaultValueHandling is not explicitly specified for a primitive Attribute then the no default values are applied by default.

Default value of PrimitiveAttributeTailoring.defaultValueHandling is noDefault.](RS_STDT_00111)

[TPS_STDT_00207] Default ReferenceTailoring.unresolvedReferenceRestriction \lceil

If ReferenceTailoring.unresolvedReferenceRestriction or Reference
eTailoring.unresolvedReferenceRestriction.severity are not defined



then the default value of ReferenceTailoring.unresolvedReferenceRestriction.severity is error.] (RS_STDT_00111)

8.6 Compatibility

This section describes the meaning of compatibility of Profiles of Data Exchange Points and defines generic rules for evaluating the compatibility of profiles. Compatibility is a measure for the level of interoperability risk. When evaluating the compatibility of a producer's and consumer's profile, a workflow is assumed where both, the producer and consumer, validate an artifact against their individual profiles. A compatibility analysis shall answer the question "What interoperability issues might arise if an Autosar Model passes the producer's validation and is imported on the consumer's side?" Problems can occur, for example, if the consumer's profile is more restrictive than the producer's profile. On the other hand, an issue on the producer side may not necessarily result in a problem on the consumer side, for example, if only a subset of the data is consumed.

- Note, the compatibility of Profiles of Data Exchange Points does not guarantee the absence of any interoperability issues. This compatibility however is an indicator for a low overall interoperability risk.
- On the other hand, the incompatibility of Profiles of Data Exchange Points does not necessarily imply the presence of interoperability issues. This incompatibility however is an indicator for a high interoperability risk.

[TPS_STDT_00110] Identification of Potential Interoperability Issues

Potential interoperability risks are identified using the following iterative approach. The approach focuses on early identification of incompatibilities with a high risk of producing interoperability issues. The following steps refer to the effective representation of the profiles as specified in [TPS_STDT_00106].

- 1. Compare the high level descriptions in DataExchangePoint.longName, DataExchangePoint.desc and DataExchangePoint.introduction in order to understand if the Profile of Data Exchange Points actually fit to each other with respect to the intended step in the Autosar Methodology. This is a fully manual step. If the profiles relate to completely different steps in the methodology, then an expert discussion about the methodological integration is required.
- 2. Compare the Baselines according to the rules defined in [TPS_STDT_00183]. If the Baselines are compatible then we can continue with the following steps. Otherwise, special caution is required, since specification items, constraints, meta model elements, etc. might have been added, removed or changed in the Baselines. Thus, in addition to the descriptions in the following steps, it is required to figure out if the changes between the baselines actually affect the compared Profile of Data Exchange Points.



- 3. Identify matching SpecElementReference elements. The key for matching of standardized Specification Elements is the relative shortName path that is relative to the DataExchangePoint. The key for matching custom Specification Elements is the absolute shortName path of the referenced custom element.
 - (a) If there is no matching SpecElementReference in the other profile, then expert discussion is needed. This can for instance happen if profiles with incompatible Baselines are compared or if custom extensions are used.
 - (b) Otherwise: continue with next steps.
- 4. Identify not relevant elements: Elements that are not relevant (SpecElementScope.inScope==false) in both profiles result in low risk for interoperability issues and are ignored in further analysis.
- 5. Analyze the SpecificationScope (see also section 8.6.2):
 - (a) Compare SpecificationDocumentScope.inScope as defined in [TPS_STDT_00128] and [TPS_STDT_00160]. Experts should discuss the identified incompatibilities.
- 6. Analyze DataFormatTailoring (see also section 8.6.3):
 - (a) Compare ConcreteClassTailoring.inScope as defined in [TPS_STDT_00101]. Experts should discuss the identified incompatibilities. Suspect ConcreteClassTailorings are analyzed in the next steps.
 - (b) Compare ConcreteClassTailoring.validationRoots. Expert discussion is required if the values are not identical.
 - (c) Compare ClassTailoring.multiplicityRestriction [TPS_STDT_00210] and ClassTailoring.variationRestrictions [TPS_STDT_00201]. Experts should discuss the identified incompatibilities. Incompatible restrictions with severity==error in the consumer's profile should be handled first, followed by restrictions with severity==warning and restrictions with severity==info.
 - (d) Compare ClassTailoring.classContent [TPS_STDT_00135]. Two ClassContentConditional match if the condition is equal. Experts should discuss if there is no match in the other profile or if incompatibilities are identified.
 - (e) Compare ClassContentConditional.attributeTailorings [TPS_STDT_00131][TPS_STDT_00133][TPS_STDT_00134], Class-ContentConditional.constraintTailorings [TPS_STDT_00209] and ClassContentConditional.sdgTailorings [TPS_STDT_00209]. Experts should discuss the identified incompatibilities. Incompatible restrictions with severity==error in the consumer's profile should be handled



first, followed by restrictions with severity==warning and restrictions with severity==info.

(RS STDT 00118)

8.6.1 Compatibility of Baseline

[TPS STDT 00183] Compatibility of Baselines [

Baselines are compatible if the following criteria are fulfilled

- standardRevisions specify the same revisions of Autosar standards² and
- customSpecifications refer to the same set of custom Documentations and
- customSdqDefs refer to the same set of SdqDefs.

Otherwise the Baselines are not compatible and discussion by engineers is required. | (RS_STDT_00118)

8.6.2 Compatibility of SpecificationScope

[TPS STDT 00128] Compatibility of SpecificationDocumentScopes

SpecificationDocumentScopes are incompatible if the attribute inScope has different values. Further analysis of the contained DocumentElementScopes is required if the specification is relevant in both profiles (inScope==true). See also table 8.43.] (RS_STDT_00118)

	SpecificationDocumentScope.inScope of consumer x = compatible, - = incompatible, ? = suspect	
SpecificationDocu- mentScope.inScope Of producer	false	true
false	x	-
true	-	<pre>? suspect, further analysis of contained DocumentElementScopeS required => see [TPS_STDT_00160]</pre>

Table 8.43: Compatibility of SpecificationDocumentScope

[TPS_STDT_00160] Compatibility of DocumentElementScopes [

DocumentElementScopes are compatible if the attribute inScope has the same value. Otherwise it is incompatible. See also table 8.44. \((RS_STDT_00118) \)

 $^{^2}$ Different standardRevisions do not automatically result in problems with respect to tool interoperability. Especially, in case the Data Exchange Point relates to parts of the standard that have not changed between the revisions



	DocumentElementScope.inScope of consumer x = compatible, - = incompatible	
DocumentElementScope. inScope of producer	false	true
false	х	-
true	-	х

Table 8.44: Compatibility of DocumentElementScope

8.6.3 Compatibility of DataFormatTailoring

[TPS STDT 00101] Compatibility of ConcreteClassTailoringS

ConcreteClassTailorings are compatible if both the consumer and producer consider the related class as not relevant. (i.e. ConcreteClassTailoring.in—Scope==false). They are incompatible if the values of ConcreteClassTailoring. inScope are different. Further analysis is required if both the consumer and producer consider the related class as relevant. (i.e. ConcreteClassTailoring.in—Scope=true). See also table 8.45. | (RS_STDT_00118)

	ConcreteClassTailoring.inScope of consumer x = compatible, - = incompatible, ? = suspect	
ConcreteClassTailoring. inScope of producer	false	true
false	х	-
true	-	? Further analysis required

Table 8.45: Compatibility of ConcreteClassTailoring

[TPS_STDT_00135] Compatibility of ClassContentConditional [

Two ClassContentConditionals are considered to be incompatible if

- condition is not equivalent OR
- elements in attributeTailoring do not match OR
- elements in constraintTailoring do not match OR
- elements in sdgTailoring do not match

Otherwise further analysis is required. See also [TPS_STDT_00131], [TPS_STDT_00133], [TPS_STDT_00134], [TPS_STDT_00209] and [TPS_STDT_00208].|(RS_STDT_00118)

[TPS_STDT_00136] Compatibility of AttributeTailoring [

Two AttributeTailorings are considered to be incompatible if

• multiplicityRestriction is incompatible [TPS STDT 00210] OR



• variationRestriction is incompatible [TPS STDT 00201]

(RS_STDT_00118)

[TPS_STDT_00131] Compatibility of AggregationTailoring [

Two AggregationTailorings are incompatible

- if they are incompatible according to [TPS_STDT_00136] OR
- if the elements in typeTailoring are incompatible.

If no incompatibilities were identified then it is considered as compatible. [(RS_STDT_-00118)]

[TPS_STDT_00133] Compatibility of ReferenceTailoring [

Two ReferenceTailorings are incompatible

- if they are incompatible according to [TPS STDT 00136] OR
- if the elements in typeTailoring are incompatible **OR**
- if unresolvedReferenceRestriction is incompatible

If no incompatibilities were identified then it is considered as compatible. (RS_STDT_-00118)

[TPS STDT 00134] Compatibility of PrimitiveAttributeTailoring

Two PrimitiveAttributeTailorings are incompatible

- if they are incompatible according to [TPS STDT 00136] OR
- if defaultValueHandling is not the same **OR**
- if valueRestriction [TPS STDT 00205] is incompatible

(RS STDT 00118)

[TPS STDT 00209] Compatibility of SdgTailorings

Two SdgTailorings are considered to be compatible if their sdgClass reference points to the same SdgClass. | (RS_STDT_00118)

Note: This definition of compatibility does not cover the case, where two SdgClass definitions exist at different locations, but boil down to the equivalent SdgClasses. This is accepted for simplicity of validation.

[TPS_STDT_00208] Compatibility of ConstraintTailorings

An interoperability risk exists if the severity of a constraint in the producer's profile is less than the severity in the consumer's profile. Another interoperability risk exists, if a custom constraint is referenced and the textual description is not identical in



the producer's and consumer's profile. In both cases, expert discussion is needed.] (RS_STDT_00118)

[TPS_STDT_00210] Compatibility of MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity \lceil

MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeveritys are compatible if the range that is specified by lowerMultiplicity and upperMultiplicity/upperMultiplicityInfinite of the producer is fully covered by the range that is specified by the consumer. See also table 8.46. | (RS STDT 00118)

	MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity of Consumer x = compatible, - = incompatible				
Multiplici- tyRestriction- WithSeverity of Producer	00	01	0*	11	1*
00	x	х	х	-	-
01	-	х	х	-	-
0*	-	-	х	-	-
11	-	х	х	х	х
1*	-	-	х	-	х

Table 8.46: Compatibility of Multiplicity Restrictions

[TPS_STDT_00201] Compatibility of VariationRestrictionWithSeverity. variation \lceil

When evaluating the compatibility of VariationRestrictionWithSeveritys the variation attribute at the producer's and the consumer's side are compared in a first step. Table 8.47 illustrates the outcome of this evaluation w.r.t. compatibility. $(RS_-STDT\ 00118)$

	Value of VariationRestrictionWithSeverity.variation of the Consumer	
Value of VariationRestrictionWithSeverity.variation of the Producer	false	true
false	compatible	compatible
true	incompatible	further evaluation of the VariationRestrictionWith- Severity.validBindingTime attribute is required. See [TPS_STDT_00202]

Table 8.47: Compatibility of Variation Restrictions

[TPS_STDT_00202] Compatibility of VariationRestrictionWithSeverity. validBindingTime \lceil

In case the value of <code>VariationRestrictionWithSeverity.variation</code> is true at both the producer's and the consumer's side, further evaluation of the <code>VariationRestrictionWithSeverity.validBindingTime</code> attribute is required. The <code>validBindingTime</code> attributes at the producer's and the consumer's side are considered



compatible if the set of valid binding times of the producer is a subset of the set of valid binding times of the consumer. Otherwise the validBindingTime attributes at the producer's and the consumer's side are considered incompatible. [(RS_STDT_-00118)

[TPS_STDT_00205] Compatibility of ValueRestrictionWithSeverity [

The compatibility of ValueRestrictionWithSeveritys is calculated using the following algorithm:

- if min of the producer >= min of the consumer then
 min is compatible. Continue with next attribute. else
 ValueRestrictionWithSeverity is incompatible. Stop comparison.
- 2. if max of the producer <= max of the consumer then max is compatible. Continue with next attribute. else ValueRestrictionWithSeverity is incompatible. Stop comparison.
- 3. **if** minLength of the producer >= minLength of the consumer **then**minLength is compatible. Continue with next attribute. **else**ValueRestrictionWithSeverity is incompatible. Stop comparison.
- 4. **if** maxLength of the producer <= maxLength of the consumer **then**maxLength is compatible. Continue with next attribute. **else**ValueRestrictionWithSeverity is incompatible. Stop comparison.
- 5. **if** any match to the regular expression defined in the pattern attribute at the producer's side also yields a match to the regular expression defined in the pattern attribute at the consumer's side³ **then**pattern is compatible. ValueRestrictionWithSeverity is compatible **else**

ValueRestrictionWithSeverity is incompatible. Stop comparison.

(RS STDT 00118)

[TPS_STDT_00206] Compatibility of UnresolvedReferenceRestriction-WithSeverity [

For an existing reference attribute, the <code>UnresolvedReferenceRestrictionWith-Severity</code> defines the <code>severity</code>, if the given reference path cannot be resolved. An interoperability problem exists if the <code>UnresolvedReferenceRestriction-WithSeverity</code>. severity on the producer side is lower than the <code>UnresolvedReferenceRestrictionWithSeverity</code>. severity on the consumer side. <code>[RS_STDT_00118]</code>

³Note that this basically boils down to computing the intersection to the two languages describe by the two regular expressions and checking whether this intersection in equal to the language described by the regular expression at the producer's side. Since this is a rather complex check it is permissible that a validating tool simply performs a string comparison of the two pattern attributes and treats them as incompatible if the two strings are not equal



Note: Unresolved references may happen by mistake or intentionally. For example, unresolved references may be tolerated by the consumer, if the data is not needed for the intended methodology step.



A Example Profiles of Data Exchange Points

A.1 Referencing Specification Elements

Example A.1 shows examples of references to standardized and custom specification elements.

```
<DATA-EXCHANGE-POINT>
 <SHORT-NAME>ExampleDataExchangePointWithCustomExtensions/SHORT-NAME>
 <REFERENCED-BASELINE>
    <STANDARD-REVISIONS>
      <STANDARD-REVISION>CP R4.2.2
   </STANDARD-REVISIONS>
     <CUSTOM-SPECIFICATION-REFS>
     <CUSTOM-SPECIFICATION-REF DEST="DOCUMENTATION">
         CustomSpecificationOfOS</CUSTOM-SPECIFICATION-REF>
     <CUSTOM-SPECIFICATION-REF DEST="DOCUMENTATION">
         CustomDataFormatExtensions</CUSTOM-SPECIFICATION-REF>
   </CUSTOM-SPECIFICATION-REFS>
     <CUSTOM-SDG-DEF-REFS>
     <CUSTOM-SDG-DEF-REF DEST="SDG-DEF">SafetyExtensionSdgDef/CUSTOM-SDG-
    </CUSTOM-SDG-DEF-REFS>
 </REFERENCED-BASELINE>
  <SPECIFICATION-SCOPE>
    <SPECIFICATION-DOCUMENT-SCOPES>
      <SPECIFICATION-DOCUMENT-SCOPE>
       <SHORT-NAME>Methodology</short-NAME>
       <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
       <DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPES>
          <DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPE>
           <SHORT-NAME>Topology</SHORT-NAME>
            <DESC>
             <L-2 L="EN">Reference to STANDARDIZED element via shortName<//>
                L-2>
           </DESC>
           <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
         </DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPE>
         <DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPE>
           <SHORT-NAME>ECU_System_Description
           <DESC>
             <L-2 L="EN">Reference to STANDARDIZED deliverable via
                 alternativeName. The name of the deliverable contains
                 spaces and thus it is required to use the alternativeName<
           </DESC>
           <ALTERNATIVE-NAME>ECU System Description/ALTERNATIVE-NAME>
           <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
         </DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPE>
        </DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPES>
     </SPECIFICATION-DOCUMENT-SCOPE>
     <SPECIFICATION-DOCUMENT-SCOPE>
```

<SHORT-NAME>Specification_of_Operating_System/SHORT-NAME>



```
<DESC>
       <L-2 L="EN">Reference to STANDARDIZED Specification via
           alternative name that represents the title of the
           specification</L-2>
     </DESC>
     <ALTERNATIVE-NAME>Specification of Operating System/ALTERNATIVE-
         NAME>
     <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
      <DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPES>
       <DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPE>
         <SHORT-NAME>SRS_Os_11005
         <DESC>
           <L-2 L="EN">Reference to STANDARDIZED requirement via
               shortName</L-2>
         </DESC>
          <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
        </DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPE>
     </DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPES>
   </SPECIFICATION-DOCUMENT-SCOPE>
   <SPECIFICATION-DOCUMENT-SCOPE>
     <SHORT-NAME>CustomSpecificationOfOsScope
     <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
     <CUSTOM-DOCUMENTATION-REF DEST="DOCUMENTATION">
         CustomSpecificationOfOS</CUSTOM-DOCUMENTATION-REF>
     <DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPES>
       <DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPE>
         <SHORT-NAME>Custom_SRS_Os_00001_Scope
           <L-2 L="EN">Reference to CUSTOM requirement via shortName
               path</L-2>
         </DESC>
         <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
         <CUSTOM-DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-REF DEST="STRUCTURED-REO">
             CustomSpecificationOfOS/FunctionalExtensions/
             Custom SRS Os 00001</CUSTOM-DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-REF>
        </DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPE>
     </DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPES>
   </SPECIFICATION-DOCUMENT-SCOPE>
   <SPECIFICATION-DOCUMENT-SCOPE>
     <SHORT-NAME>Software_Component_Template
     <ALTERNATIVE-NAME>Software Component Template/ALTERNATIVE-NAME>
     <DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPES>
       <DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPE>
         <SHORT-NAME>TPS SWCT 01251
           <L-2 L="EN">Reference to STANDARDIZED specItem via shortName<
               /L-2>
         </DESC>
          <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
       </DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPE>
     </DOCUMENT-ELEMENT-SCOPES>
   </SPECIFICATION-DOCUMENT-SCOPE>
  </SPECIFICATION-DOCUMENT-SCOPES>
</SPECIFICATION-SCOPE>
<DATA-FORMAT-TAILORING>
  <CLASS-TAILORINGS>
```



```
<CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
       <SHORT-NAME>StructuredReg/SHORT-NAME>
       <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
       <CLASS-CONTENTS>
         <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
           <SHORT-NAME>Invariant
           <SDG-TAILORINGS>
             <SDG-TAILORING>
               <SHORT-NAME>SafetyExtension
               <SEVERITY>WARNING
               <SDG-CLASS-REF DEST="SDG-CLASS">SafetyExtensionSdgDef/
                  SafetyRequirement</SDG-CLASS-REF>
             </SDG-TAILORING>
           </SDG-TAILORINGS>
         </CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
       </CLASS-CONTENTS>
     </CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
   </CLASS-TAILORINGS>
    <CONSTRAINT-TAILORINGS>
     <CONSTRAINT-TAILORING>
       <SHORT-NAME>constr 2508
         <L-2 L="EN">Reference to STANDARDIZED constraint via shortName</L
       </DESC>
       <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
     </CONSTRAINT-TAILORING>
     <CONSTRAINT-TAILORING>
       <SHORT-NAME>CUSTOM_constr_0001Tailoring
       <DESC>
         <L-2 L="EN">Reference to CUSTOM constraint via shortName path</L
       </DESC>
       <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
       <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
       <CONSTRAINT-REF DEST="TRACEABLE-TEXT">CustomDataFormatExtensions/
          CustomConstraints/CUSTOM_constr_0001</CONSTRAINT-REF>
     </CONSTRAINT-TAILORING>
    </CONSTRAINT-TAILORINGS>
  </DATA-FORMAT-TAILORING>
</DATA-EXCHANGE-POINT>
<DOCUMENTATION>
 <SHORT-NAME>CustomSpecificationOfOS</SHORT-NAME>
 <DOCUMENTATION-CONTENT>
    <CHAPTER>
     <SHORT-NAME>FunctionalExtensions
     <STRUCTURED-REO>
       <SHORT-NAME>Custom_SRS_Os_00001
       <DESCRIPTION>
         <P>
           <L-1 L="EN">The description of the custom requirement</L-1>
         </P>
       </DESCRIPTION>
       <RATIONALE>
         <P>
           <L-1 L="EN">The rationale of the custom requirement</L-1>
```



```
</P>
       </RATIONALE>
     </STRUCTURED-REQ>
    </CHAPTER>
 </DOCUMENTATION-CONTENT>
</DOCUMENTATION>
<DOCUMENTATION>
 <SHORT-NAME>CustomDataFormatExtensions
  <DOCUMENTATION-CONTENT>
    <CHAPTER>
     <SHORT-NAME>CustomConstraints
     <TRACE>
       <SHORT-NAME>CUSTOM constr 0001
       <CATEGORY>CONSTRAINT_ITEM</CATEGORY>
         <L-1 L="EN">Description of the custom constraint</L-1>
       </P>
     </TRACE>
   </CHAPTER>
 </DOCUMENTATION-CONTENT>
</DOCUMENTATION>
<SDG-DEF>
 <SHORT-NAME>SafetyExtensionSdgDef/SHORT-NAME>
   <L-2 L="EN">Sdgs used for safety extensions</L-2>
 </DESC>
 <SDG-CLASSES>
    <SDG-CLASS>
     <SHORT-NAME>SafetyRequirement
       <L-2 L="EN">[TPS_SAFEX_00104] Status attribute</L-2>
     </DESC>
     <GID>SAFEX</GID>
     <EXTENDS-META-CLASS>StructuredReq/EXTENDS-META-CLASS>
     <ATTRIBUTES>
       <SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
         <SHORT-NAME>asil
           <L-2 L="EN">[TPS_SAFEX_00201] ASIL attribute of safety
               requirements</L-2>
         </DESC>
         <GID>ASIL</GID>
         <PATTERN>QM | A | B | C | D | QM (A) | QM (B) | QM (C) | QM (D) | A (B) | A \ (C\) | A (D) | B (B)
             |B(C)|B(D)|C(C)|C(D)|D(D)</PATTERN>
       </SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
       <SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
         <SHORT-NAME>status
         <DESC>
           <L-2 L="EN">[TPS_SAFEX_00104] Status attribute</L-2>
         </DESC>
         <GID>STATUS</GID>
       </SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
     </ATTRIBUTES>
    </SDG-CLASS>
```

Listing A.1: Referencing Specification Elements



A.2 Class Tailoring With MultiplicityRestrictions and ValueRestrictions

Example A.2 specifies a ClassTailoring that

- Requires exactly one instance of the meta class System in the complete model.
- This instance of System is a validationRoot element for determining the set of reachable elements.
- The value of the attribute category of that System shall be "ECU SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"
- The number of elements that are referenced by System.fibexElement is restricted to 100.
- Exactly one instance of EcuInstance shall be referenced in the role System.fibexElement
- Exactly one instance of CanCluster shall be referenced in the role System.fibexElement

```
<CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
 <SHORT-NAME>System
   <L-2 L="EN">The model shall contain exactly one instance.</L-2>
 </DESC>
 <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
 <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
   <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
   <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
   <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
 </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
 <CLASS-CONTENTS>
   <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
     <SHORT-NAME>Invariant
       <L-2 L="EN">The category shall be set to ECU_SYSTEM_DESCRIPTION</L
          -2>
     </DESC>
     <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
       <PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING>
         <SHORT-NAME>category
         <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
         <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
           <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
           <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
         </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
         <VALUE-RESTRICTION>
           <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
           <PATTERN>ECU SYSTEM DESCRIPTION</PATTERN>
         </VALUE-RESTRICTION>
       </PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING>
       <REFERENCE-TAILORING>
         <SHORT-NAME>fibexElement
```



<DESC>

```
<L-2 L="EN">
           This reference is a collection of all elements that
           belong to the System. We expect at least one element
           and at most 100 elements.
            </L-2>
         </DESC>
         <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
          <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
            <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
            <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
            <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>100</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
         </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
         <TYPE-TAILORINGS>
            <CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
              <SHORT-NAME>ECUInstance
                <L-2 L="EN">exactly one ECU instance is required</L-2>
              </DESC>
              <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
              <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
                <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
                <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
                <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
              </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
            </CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
            <CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
              <SHORT-NAME>CanCluster
                <L-2 L="EN">exactly one CanCluster is required</L-2>
              </DESC>
              <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
              <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
               <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
               <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
                <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
              </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
            </CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
         </TYPE-TAILORINGS>
         <UNRESOLVED-REFERENCE-RESTRICTION>
            <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
         </UNRESOLVED-REFERENCE-RESTRICTION>
       </REFERENCE-TAILORING>
     </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
   </CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
  </CLASS-CONTENTS>
  <VALIDATION-ROOT>true</VALIDATION-ROOT>
</CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
```

Listing A.2: Example of Class Tailoring With MultiplicityRestrictions and ValueRestriction



A.3 Class Tailoring With Global and Local MultiplicityRestrictions

Example A.3 specifies ClassTailorings that express the following semantics:

- PPortPrototypes and RPortPrototypes are in scope an may be used without restrictions with respect to the multiplicity. Any exception from this rule has to be defined explicitly by adding further multiplicity restrictions.
- PRPortPrototypes are not allowed.
- In the context of an ParameterSwComponentType an additional restriction applies which disallows the usage of RPortPrototypes in the role port.

```
<DATA-EXCHANGE-POINT>
 <SHORT-NAME>MyExchangePointPorts
 <!-- -->
 <DATA-FORMAT-TAILORING>
   <CLASS-TAILORINGS>
     <CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
       <SHORT-NAME>PPortPrototype
         <L-2 L="EN">No restriction with respect to multiplicity of
            PPortPrototypes</L-2>
       </DESC>
       <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
       <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
         <SEVERITY>INFO</SEVERITY>
         <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>0</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
         <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY-INFINITE>true/UPPER-MULTIPLICITY-INFINITE>
       </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
       <VALIDATION-ROOT>false
     </CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
     <CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
       <SHORT-NAME>PRPortPrototype
         <L-2 L="EN">No PRPortPrototypes are allowed in the set of
            reachable elements</L-2>
       </DESC>
       <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
       <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
         <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
         <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>0</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
         <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>0</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
       </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
       <VALIDATION-ROOT>false
     </CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
     <CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
       <SHORT-NAME>RPortPrototype
         <L-2 L="EN">No restriction with respect to multiplicity of
            RPortPrototypes</L-2>
       </DESC>
       <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
       <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
         <SEVERITY>INFO</SEVERITY>
```



```
<LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>0</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
    <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY-INFINITE>true/UPPER-MULTIPLICITY-INFINITE>
  </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
  <VALIDATION-ROOT>false
</CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
<CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
  <SHORT-NAME>ParameterSwComponentType</SHORT-NAME>
  <DESC>
    <L-2 L="EN">
No restriction with respect to the number of used
ParameterSwComponentTypes.
In the context of the ParameterSwComponentType
only PPortPrototypes are allowed. (constr_1092) </L-2>
  </DESC>
  <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
  <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
    <SEVERITY>INFO</SEVERITY>
    <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>0</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
    <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY-INFINITE>true/UPPER-MULTIPLICITY-INFINITE>
  </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
  <CLASS-CONTENTS>
    <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
      <SHORT-NAME>invariant
      <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
        <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
          <SHORT-NAME>port
         <DESC>
           <L-2 L="EN">No restriction with respect to the number of
               PortPrototypes</L-2>
          </DESC>
          <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
            <SEVERITY>INFO</SEVERITY>
            <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>0</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
            <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY-INFINITE>true/UPPER-MULTIPLICITY-
               INFINITE>
          </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
          <TYPE-TAILORINGS>
           <1 --
             No additional restriction for PRPortPrototypes:
             Globally defined ClassTailoring applies which
             does not allow the use of PRPortPrototypes
             in the context of all references and aggregations
            -->
            <!--
             No additional restriction for PPortPrototypes:
             Globally defined ClassTailoring applies which
             allows for unrestricted number of PPortPrototypes
             in the context of all references and aggregations
            <CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
              <SHORT-NAME>RPortPrototype
               <L-2 L="EN">No RPortPrototypes are allowed at
                   ParameterSwComponentTypes</L-2>
              </DESC>
              <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
```



Listing A.3: Example of Class Tailoring With Global and Local MultiplicityRestrictions

A.4 Class Tailoring That Depends On the Using Role

Example A.4 specifies:

- The initValue of a VariableDataPrototype is optional if the Variable-DataPrototype is used in the roles implicitInterRunnableVariable or implicitInterRunnableVariable of a SwcInternalBehavior.
- The initValue of a VariableDataPrototype shall not exist if the VariableDataPrototype is used in the role dataElement of a Sender-ReceiverInterface.

```
<CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
 <SHORT-NAME>SwcInternalBehavior
 <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
 <CLASS-CONTENTS>
   <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
     <SHORT-NAME>Invariant
     <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
       <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
        <SHORT-NAME>explicitInterRunnableVariable
        <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
        <TYPE-TAILORINGS>
          <CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
            <SHORT-NAME>VariableDataPrototype
            <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
            <CLASS-CONTENTS>
              <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
                <SHORT-NAME>Invariant
                <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
                 <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
                   <SHORT-NAME>initValue
                   <DESC>
```



```
<L-2 L="EN">[TPS SWCT 01268] Definition of
                          initValue for a VariableDataPrototype or a
                          ParameterDataPrototype</L-2>
                     </DESC>
                     <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
                     <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
                       <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
                       <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>0</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
                       <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
                     </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
                   </AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
                 </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
               </CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
             </CLASS-CONTENTS>
             <VALIDATION-ROOT>false
           </CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
         </TYPE-TAILORINGS>
       </AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
       <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
         <SHORT-NAME>implicitInterRunnableVariable
         <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
         <TYPE-TAILORINGS>
           <CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
             <SHORT-NAME>VariableDataPrototype
             <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
             <CLASS-CONTENTS>
               <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
                 <SHORT-NAME>Invariant
                 <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
                   <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
                     <SHORT-NAME>initValue
                       <L-2 L="EN">[TPS_SWCT_01268] Definition of
                          initValue for a VariableDataPrototype or a
                          ParameterDataPrototype</L-2>
                     </DESC>
                     <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
                     <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
                       <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
                       <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>0</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
                       <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
                     </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
                   </AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
                 </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
               </CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
             </CLASS-CONTENTS>
             <VALIDATION-ROOT>false
           </CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
         </TYPE-TAILORINGS>
       </AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
     </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
   </CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
 </CLASS-CONTENTS>
</CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
<CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
 <SHORT-NAME>SenderReceiverInterface
```



```
<IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
 <CLASS-CONTENTS>
   <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
     <SHORT-NAME>Invariant
     <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
       <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
         <SHORT-NAME>dataElement
         <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
         <TYPE-TAILORINGS>
           <CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
             <SHORT-NAME>VariableDataPrototype
             <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
             <CLASS-CONTENTS>
               <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
                 <SHORT-NAME>Invariant
                 <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
                   <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
                     <SHORT-NAME>initValue
                       <L-2 L="EN">[TPS_SWCT_01269] In PortInterfaces,
                          initial values defined for DataPrototypes are
                          ignored</L-2>
                     </DESC>
                     <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
                     <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
                       <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>0</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
                     </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
                   </AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
                 </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
               </CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
             </CLASS-CONTENTS>
           </CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
         </TYPE-TAILORINGS>
       </AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
     </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
   </CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
 </CLASS-CONTENTS>
</CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
```

Listing A.4: Example of Class Tailoring That Depends On the Using Role

A.5 Class Tailoring That Depends On the Value of an Attribute

Example A.5 specifies a ClassTailoring that specifies the content model of an instance of SwDataDefProps if it attached to an ImplementationDataType with category VALUE or DATA_REFERENCE as described in table "Allowed Attributes vs. category for ImplementationDataType" in the [1].

```
<CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
  <SHORT-NAME>ImplementationDataType</SHORT-NAME>
  <DESC>
```



```
<L-2 L="EN">Example that demonstates how to express complex
     constraints as defined in [constr_1009] SwDataDefProps applicable
     to ImplementationDataTypes.</L-2>
</DESC>
<IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
<CLASS-CONTENTS>
 <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
   <SHORT-NAME>Invariant
   <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
     <PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING>
       <SHORT-NAME>category/SHORT-NAME>
       <DESC>
         <L-2 L="EN">[TPS_SWCT_01251] Limited set of values for
            category are applicable for ImplementationDataType.</L-2>
       </DESC>
       <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
       <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
         <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
       </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
       <DEFAULT-VALUE-HANDLING>NO-DEFAULT/DEFAULT-VALUE-HANDLING>
       <VALUE-RESTRICTION>
         <PATTERN>VALUE|DATA REFERENCE|FUNCTION REFERENCE|
            TYPE REFERENCE | STRUCTURE | UNION | ARRAY < / PATTERN>
       </VALUE-RESTRICTION>
     </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
 </CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
 <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
   <SHORT-NAME>VALUE</SHORT-NAME>
   <CONDITION>
     <PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-CONDITION>
       <PATTERN>VALUE</PATTERN>
       <ATTRIBUTE-REF DEST="PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING">
          ExampleClassTailoring/ImplementationDataType/Invariant/
           category</ATTRIBUTE-REF>
     </PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-CONDITION>
   </CONDITION>
   <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
     <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
       <SHORT-NAME>swDataDefProps
       <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
       <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
         <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
         <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
       </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
       <TYPE-TAILORINGS>
         <CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
           <SHORT-NAME>SwDataDefProps</SHORT-NAME>
           <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
           <CLASS-CONTENTS>
             <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
               <SHORT-NAME>Invariant
               <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
                 <PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING>
                   <SHORT-NAME>additionalNativeTypeQualifier
                      NAME>
```



```
</PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING>
               <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
                 <SHORT-NAME>annotation
                 <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
               </AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
               <REFERENCE-TAILORING>
                 <SHORT-NAME>baseType
                 <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
                 <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
                   <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
                   <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
                 </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
               </REFERENCE-TAILORING>
               <REFERENCE-TAILORING>
                 <SHORT-NAME>compuMethod
                 <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
               </REFERENCE-TAILORING>
               <REFERENCE-TAILORING>
                 <SHORT-NAME>dataConstr
                 <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
               </REFERENCE-TAILORING>
               <PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING>
                 <SHORT-NAME>displayFormat
                 <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
               </PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING>
               <REFERENCE-TAILORING>
                 <SHORT-NAME>implementationDataType
                 <IN-SCOPE>false</IN-SCOPE>
               </REFERENCE-TAILORING>
               <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
                 <SHORT-NAME>invalidValue</SHORT-NAME>
                 <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
               </AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
               <!--->
             </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
           </CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
         </CLASS-CONTENTS>
       </CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
     </TYPE-TAILORINGS>
   </AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
 </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
</CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
<CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
 <SHORT-NAME>DATA_REFERENCE</SHORT-NAME>
 <CONDITION>
    <PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-CONDITION>
     <PATTERN>DATA_REFERENCE</pattern>
     <ATTRIBUTE-REF DEST="PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING">
         ExampleClassTailoring/ImplementationDataType/Invariant/
         category</ATTRIBUTE-REF>
    </PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-CONDITION>
 </CONDITION>
 <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
   <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
     <SHORT-NAME>swDataDefProps</SHORT-NAME>
```

<IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>



```
<IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
<MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
 <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
 <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
</MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
<TYPE-TAILORINGS>
  <CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
   <SHORT-NAME>SwDataDefProps</SHORT-NAME>
   <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
   <CLASS-CONTENTS>
     <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
       <SHORT-NAME>Invariant
       <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
         <PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING>
           <SHORT-NAME>additionalNativeTypeQualifier
              NAME>
           <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
         </PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING>
         <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
           <SHORT-NAME>annotation
           <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
         </AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
         <REFERENCE-TAILORING>
           <SHORT-NAME>baseType
           <IN-SCOPE>false</IN-SCOPE>
           <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
             <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
             <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
           </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
         </REFERENCE-TAILORING>
         <REFERENCE-TAILORING>
           <SHORT-NAME>compuMethod
           <IN-SCOPE>false</IN-SCOPE>
         </REFERENCE-TAILORING>
         <REFERENCE-TAILORING>
           <SHORT-NAME>dataConstr
           <IN-SCOPE>false</IN-SCOPE>
         </REFERENCE-TAILORING>
         <PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING>
           <SHORT-NAME>displayFormat
           <IN-SCOPE>false</IN-SCOPE>
         </PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING>
         <REFERENCE-TAILORING>
           <SHORT-NAME>implementationDataType
           <IN-SCOPE>false</IN-SCOPE>
         </REFERENCE-TAILORING>
         <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
           <SHORT-NAME>invalidValue
           <IN-SCOPE>false</IN-SCOPE>
         </AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
         <!-- ... -->
       </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
     </CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
   </CLASS-CONTENTS>
  </CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
</TYPE-TAILORINGS>
```



```
</AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
    </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
    </CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
    </CLASS-CONTENTS>
</CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
```

Listing A.5: Example of Class Tailoring That Depends On the Value of an Attribute

A.6 Class Tailoring That Depends on Existence of Attribute

Example A.6 specifies a ClassTailoring that specifies the content model of a class that depends on the existence of an attribute: If there exists an NvBlockDescriptor.nvBlockNeeds.nRomBlocks is mandatory and its value shall be bigger than 1.

```
<CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
 <SHORT-NAME>NvBlockDescriptor</SHORT-NAME>
 <DESC>
   <L-2 L="EN">The input may contain a 'NvBlockDescriptor'.</L-2>
 </DESC>
 <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
 <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
   <SEVERITY>INFO</SEVERITY>
   <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>0</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
   <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY-INFINITE>true
 </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
 <CLASS-CONTENTS>
   <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
     <SHORT-NAME>Invariant
     <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
       <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
         <SHORT-NAME>romBlock/SHORT-NAME>
         <DESC>
           <L-2 L="EN">The input may contain a 'romBlock'.</L-2>
         <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
         <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
           <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
           <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>0</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
           <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
         </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
       </AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
     </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
   </CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
   <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
     <SHORT-NAME>UsingRomBlock</SHORT-NAME>
       <L-2 L="EN">Content that is required if romBlock is defined</L-2>
     </DESC>
     <CONDITION>
       <AGGREGATION-CONDITION>
         <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
```



```
<AGGREGATION-REF DEST="AGGREGATION-TAILORING">
         ExampleClassTailoring/NvBlockDescriptor/Invariant/romBlock</
         AGGREGATION-REF>
   </AGGREGATION-CONDITION>
 </CONDITION>
  <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
   <AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
     <SHORT-NAME>nvBlockNeeds
     <DESC>
       <L-2 L="EN">The input may contain 'nvBlockNeeds'.</L-2>
     </DESC>
     <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
     <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
       <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
       <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
       <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
     </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
     <TYPE-TAILORINGS>
       <CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
         <SHORT-NAME>NvBlockNeeds
         <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
         <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
           <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
           <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
           <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
         </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
         <CLASS-CONTENTS>
           <CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
             <SHORT-NAME>Invariant
             <ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
               <PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE-TAILORING>
                 <SHORT-NAME>nRomBlocks
                 <DESC>
                   <L-2 L="EN">'nRomBlocks' shall be present and
                      greater than 0 in case the enclosing
                      NvBlockDescriptor has a romBlock.</L-2>
                 </DESC>
                 <IN-SCOPE>true</IN-SCOPE>
                 <MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
                   <SEVERITY>ERROR</SEVERITY>
                   <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
                   <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
                 </MULTIPLICITY-RESTRICTION>
                 <VALUE-RESTRICTION>
                   <MIN INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">1</MIN>
                 </VALUE-RESTRICTION>
               </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
           </CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
         </CLASS-CONTENTS>
         <VALIDATION-ROOT>false
       </CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>
     </TYPE-TAILORINGS>
   </AGGREGATION-TAILORING>
  </ATTRIBUTE-TAILORINGS>
</CLASS-CONTENT-CONDITIONAL>
```



</CLASS-CONTENTS>
</CONCRETE-CLASS-TAILORING>

Listing A.6: Example of Class Tailoring That Depends on Existence of Attribute



B Glossary

- **Artifact** This is a Work Product Definition that provides a description and definition for tangible work product types. Artifacts may be composed of other artifacts ([22]).
 - At a high level, an artifact is represented as a single conceptual file.
- **AUTOSAR Tool** This is a software tool which supports one or more tasks defined as AUTOSAR tasks in the methodology. Depending on the supported tasks, an AUTOSAR tool can act as an authoring tool, a converter tool, a processor tool or as a combination of those (see separate definitions).
- **AUTOSAR Authoring Tool** An AUTOSAR Tool used to create and modify AUTOSAR XML Descriptions. Example: System Description Editor.
- **AUTOSAR Converter Tool** An AUTOSAR Tool used to create AUTOSAR XML files by converting information from other AUTOSAR XML files. Example: ECU Flattener
- **AUTOSAR Definition** This is the definition of parameters which can have values. One could say that the parameter values are Instances of the definitions. But in the meta model hierarchy of AUTOSAR, definitions are also instances of the meta model and therefore considered as a description. Examples for AUTOSAR definitions are: EcucParameterDef, PostBuildVariantCriterion, SwSystemconst.
- **AUTOSAR XML Description** In AUTOSAR this means "filled Template". In fact an AUTOSAR XML description is the XML representation of an AUTOSAR model.
 - The AUTOSAR XML description can consist of several files. Each individual file represents an AUTOSAR partial model and shall validate successfully against the AUTOSAR XML schema.
- **AUTOSAR Meta-Model** This is an UML2.0 model that defines the language for describing AUTOSAR systems. The AUTOSAR meta-model is an UML representation of the AUTOSAR templates. UML2.0 class diagrams are used to describe the attributes and their interrelationships. Stereotypes, UML tags and OCL expressions (object constraint language) are used for defining specific semantics and constraints.
- **AUTOSAR Meta-Model Tool** The AUTOSAR Meta-Model Tool is the tool that generates different views (class tables, list of constraints, diagrams, XML Schema etc.) on the AUTOSAR meta-model.
- **AUTOSAR Model** This is a representation of an AUTOSAR product. The AUTOSAR model represents aspects suitable to the intended use according to the AUTOSAR methodology.
 - Strictly speaking, this is an instance of the AUTOSAR meta-model. The information contained in the AUTOSAR model can be anything that is representable according to the AUTOSAR meta-model.



- AUTOSAR Partial Model In AUTOSAR, the possible partitioning of models is marked in the meta-model by atpSplitable>. One partial model is represented in an AUTOSAR XML description by one file. The partial model does not need to fulfill all semantic constraints applicable to an AUTOSAR model.
- **AUTOSAR Processor Tool** An AUTOSAR Tool used to create non-AUTOSAR files by processing information from AUTOSAR XML files. Example: RTE Generator
- **AUTOSAR Specification Element** An AUTOSAR Specification Element is a named element that is part of an AUTOSAR specification. Examples: requirement, constraint, specification item, class or attribute in the meta model, methodology, deliverable, methodology activity, model element, bsw module etc.
- **AUTOSAR Template** The term "Template" is used in AUTOSAR to describe the format different kinds of descriptions. The term template comes from the idea, that AUTOSAR defines a kind of form which shall be filled out in order to describe a model. The filled form is then called the description.
 - In fact the AUTOSAR templates are now defined as a meta-model.
- **AUTOSAR Validation Tool** A specialized AUTOSAR Tool which is able to check an AUTOSAR model against the rules defined by a profile.
- **AUTOSAR XML Schema** This is a W3C XML schema that defines the language for exchanging AUTOSAR models. This Schema is derived from the AUTOSAR meta-model. The AUTOSAR XML Schema defines the AUTOSAR data exchange format.
- **Blueprint** This is a model from which other models can be derived by copy and refinement. Note that in contrast to meta model resp. types, this process is *not* an instantiation.
- **Instance** Generally this is a particular exemplar of a model or of a type.
- **Life Cycle** Life Cycle is the course of development/evolutionary stages of a model element during its life time.
- **Meta-Model** This defines the building blocks of a model. In that sense, a Meta-Model represents the language for building models.
- **Meta-Data** This includes pertinent information about data, including information about the authorship, versioning, access-rights, timestamps etc.
- **Model** A Model is an simplified representation of reality. The model represents the aspects suitable for an intended purpose.
- **Partial Model** This is a part of a model which is intended to be persisted in one particular artifact.
- **Pattern in GST** This is an approach to simplify the definition of the meta model by applying a model transformation. This transformation creates an enhanced model out of an annotated model.



- **Profile Authoring Support Data** Data that is used for efficient authoring of a profile. E.g. list of referable constraints, meta-classes, meta-attributes or other reusable model assets (blueprints)
- **Profile Authoring Tool** A specialized AUTOSAR Tool which focuses on the authoring of profiles for data exchange points. It e.g. provides support for the creation of profiles from scratch, modification of existing profiles or composition of existing profiles.
- **Profile Compatibility Checker Tool** A specialized AUTOSAR Tool which focuses on checking the compatibility of profiles for data exchange. Note that this compatibility check includes manual compatibility checks by engineers and automated assistance using more formal algorithms.
- **Profile Consistency Checker Tool** A specialized AUTOSAR Tool which focuses on checking the consistency of profiles.
- **Property** A property is a structural feature of an object. As an example a "connector" has the properties "receive port" and "send port"
 - **Properties are made variant by the** ≪atpVariation≫.
- **Prototype** This is the implementation of a role of a type within the definition of another type. In other words a type may contain Prototypes that in turn are typed by "Types". Each one of these prototypes becomes an instance when this type is instantiated.
- **Type** A type provides features that can appear in various roles of this type.
- **Value** This is a particular value assigned to a "Definition".
- **Variability** Variability of a system is its quality to describe a set of variants. These variants are characterized by variant specific property settings and / or selections. As an example, such a system property selection manifests itself in a particular "receive port" for a connection.
 - This is implemented using the ≪atpVariation≫.
- **Variant** A system variant is a concrete realization of a system, so that all its properties have been set respectively selected. The software system has no variability anymore with respect to the binding time.
 - This is implemented using EvaluatedVariantSet.
- **Variation Binding** A variant is the result of a variation binding process that resolves the variability of the system by assigning particular values/selections to all the system's properties.
 - This is implemented by VariationPoint.
- **Variation Binding Time** The variation binding time determines the step in the methodology at which the variability given by a set of variable properties is resolved.



This is implemented by vh.LatestBindingtime at the related properties.

Variation Definition Time The variation definition time determines the step in the methodology at which the variation points are defined.

Variation Point A variation point indicates that a property is subject to variation. Furthermore, it is associated with a condition and a binding time which define the system context for the selection / setting of a concrete variant.

This is implemented by VariationPoint.



C Change History

C.1 Change History R4.0.3

C.1.1 Added Constraints

Number	Heading
[constr_2500]	PortInterfaces s shall be of same kind
[constr_2526]	PortInterfaces need to be compatible to the blueprints
[constr_2527]	Blueprints shall live in package of a proper category
[constr_2528]	PortPrototypes shall not refer to blueprints of a PortInterface
[constr_2529]	PortPrototypeBlueprints and derived PortPrototypes shall ref-
	erence proper PortInterfaceS
[constr_2540]	Tagged text category
[constr_2542]	Compatibility of introduction of blueprint and blueprinted element
[constr_2543]	Specify a name pattern in blueprints
[constr_2546]	References from Blueprint to Blueprint need to be replaced in derived ob-
	jects
[constr_2553]	shortName shall follow the pattern defined in the Blueprint
[constr_2554]	Derived objects shall match the blueprints
[constr_2555]	Derived objects may have more attributes than the blueprints
[constr_2556]	No Blueprint Motivated VariationPoints in AUTOSAR Descriptions
[constr_2563]	BswModuleDescription blueprints should not have a BswModuleBe-
	havior
[constr_2564]	VariationPoint in Blueprints of PackageableElements
[constr_2565]	Trace shall not be nested
[constr_2566]	Blueprintmapping shall map appropriate elements
[constr_2568]	SwComponentTypes shall be of same kind
[constr_2569]	Purely Bluprint Motivated VariationPoints
[constr_2570]	No Blueprints in system descriptions
[constr_2571]	Outgoing references from Blueprints

Table C.1: Added Constraints in 4.0.3

C.1.2 Added Specification Items

Number	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00037]	Port Direction
[TPS_STDT_00038]	Life Cycle Support
[TPS_STDT_00040]	Influence of ECUC
[TPS_STDT_00041]	Constraints may be Violated in Blueprints
[TPS_STDT_00042]	namePattern for short names of TraceableText in Template Documents
[TPS_STDT_00043]	Blueprinting LifeCycleDefinitionGroups
[TPS_STDT_00044]	Transferring VariationPoint
[TPS_STDT_00045]	Transferring Objects in General
[TPS_STDT_00046]	Configuration dependent properties
[TPS_STDT_00047]	Ignore Blueprint Attributes
[TPS_STDT_00048]	Express Decisions when Deriving Objects
[TPS_STDT_00049]	Blueprinting Enumerators
[TPS_STDT_00050]	namePattern for AUTOSAR delivered Files
[TPS_STDT_00051]	Handling references when deriving objects from blueprints



[TPS_STDT_00052]	Characteristics of TraceableText
[TPS_STDT_00053]	Expression of obligation
[TPS_STDT_00054]	Organisation of TraceableText
[TPS_STDT_00055]	General Syntax for Name Patterns

Table C.2: Added Specification Items in 4.0.3

C.2 Change History R4.1.1

C.2.1 Added Constraints

Number	Heading

Table C.3: Added Constraints in 4.1.1

C.2.2 Added Specification Items

Number	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00056]	Identifying not applicable requirements
[TPS_STDT_00057]	Identifying generally fulfilled requirements
[TPS_STDT_00058]	Identifying requirements which need more specialization
[TPS_STDT_00059]	TraceableText
[TPS_STDT_00060]	StructuredReq
[TPS_STDT_00062]	Blueprinting Elements of AccessControl
[TPS_STDT_00063]	Blueprinting BuildActionManifest
[TPS_STDT_00064]	Applied Life Cycle Information Sets on AUTOSAR provided Models (M1)
[TPS_STDT_00065]	Nested Blueprint Can be Used as Blueprint of its own
[TPS_STDT_00066]	Blueprinting PortInterface
[TPS_STDT_00067]	Standardized Path for Standardized Elements
[TPS_STDT_00068]	Expressing "stem"-Relation of Keywords
[TPS_STDT_00069]	Attributes of Keyword
[TPS_STDT_00070]	Classification of Keywords
[TPS_STDT_00071]	Blueprinting ConsistencyNeeds
[TPS_STDT_00072]	Same Meta Class For Blueprints and Derived Objects
[TPS_STDT_00073]	Early definition of ConsistencyNeeds
[TPS_STDT_00074]	Categorization of Blueprints of ConsistencyNeeds
[TPS_STDT_00075]	Categories for DataPrototypeGroup in a Blueprint of Consisten-
	cyNeeds
[TPS_STDT_00076]	Categories for RunnableEntityGroup in a Blueprint of Consisten-
	cyNeeds
[TPS_STDT_00077]	Blueprinting KeywordSet
[TPS_STDT_00078]	Representation of requirements in AUTOSAR documents

Table C.4: Added Specification Items in 4.1.1

C.3 Change History R4.1.2

C.3.1 Added Constraints



Number	Heading

Table C.5: Added Constraints in 4.1.2

C.3.2 Added Specification Items

Number	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00006]	Applying expressionPattern
[TPS_STDT_00010]	General Syntax for Expression Patterns
[TPS_STDT_00021]	Specialization of BlueprintFormula
[TPS_STDT_00079]	Blueprinting VfbTiming
[TPS_STDT_00080]	Representation of specification items in AUTOSAR documents
[TPS_STDT_00081]	Representation of constraint items in AUTOSAR documents

Table C.6: Added Specification Items in 4.1.2

C.4 Constraint History R4.1.3

C.4.1 Added Traceables in 4.1.3

ld	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00026]	Blueprinting SwAddrMethod

Table C.7: Added Traceables in 4.1.3

C.4.2 Changed Traceables in 4.1.3

ld	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00055]	General Syntax for Name Patterns
[TPS_STDT_00057]	Identifying generally fulfilled requirements

Table C.8: Changed Traceables in 4.1.3

C.4.3 Deleted Traceables in 4.1.3

none

C.4.4 Added Constraints in 4.1.3

ld	Heading
[constr_2589]	In VFB Timing Blueprint TDEventVfbPort shall reference PortPrototype-
	Blueprint

Table C.9: Added Constraints in 4.1.3



C.4.5 Changed Constraints in 4.1.3

none

C.4.6 Deleted Constraints in 4.1.3

none

C.5 Constraint History R4.2.1

C.5.1 Added Traceables in 4.2.1

ld	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00029]	Representation of test items in AUTOSAR documents
[TPS_STDT_00032]	BlueprintPolicy
[TPS_STDT_00039]	Xpath Expressions for BlueprintPolicy
[TPS_STDT_00061]	PortPrototypeBlueprint can own both RPortComSpecs and PPort-
	ComSpecS
[TPS_STDT_00082]	Multiple existence of initValue in the context of a PortPrototype-
	Blueprint

Table C.10: Added Traceables in 4.2.1

C.5.2 Changed Traceables in 4.2.1

Id	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00004]	Abbreviated Name
[TPS_STDT_00012]	Defining Keywords
[TPS_STDT_00021]	Specialization of BlueprintFormula
[TPS_STDT_00041]	Constraints may be violated in Blueprints
[TPS_STDT_00067]	Standardized Path for Standardized Elements
[TPS_STDT_00068]	Expressing "stem"-Relation of Keywords
[TPS_STDT_00069]	Attributes of Keyword
[TPS_STDT_00070]	Classification of Keywords

Table C.11: Changed Traceables in 4.2.1

C.5.3 Deleted Traceables in 4.2.1

none

C.5.4 Added Constraints in 4.2.1

ld	Heading
[constr_2590]	One BlueprintPolicy is allowed



[constr_2591]	BlueprintPolicyNotModifiable
[constr_2592]	No BlueprintPolicy
[constr_2593]	Expression for identifying the attribute a BlueprintPolicy relates to

Table C.12: Added Constraints in 4.2.1

C.5.5 Changed Constraints in 4.2.1

ld	Heading
[constr_2540]	Tagged text category

Table C.13: Changed Constraints in 4.2.1

C.5.6 Deleted Constraints in 4.2.1

none

C.6 Constraint History R4.2.2

C.6.1 Added Traceables in 4.2.2

none

C.6.2 Changed Traceables in 4.2.2

ld	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00039]	Xpath Expressions for BlueprintPolicy
[TPS_STDT_00077]	Blueprinting KeywordSet
[TPS_STDT_00080]	Representation of specification items in AUTOSAR documents
[TPS_STDT_00081]	Representation of constraint items in AUTOSAR documents

Table C.14: Changed Traceables in 4.2.2

C.6.3 Deleted Traceables in 4.2.2

none

C.6.4 Added Constraints in 4.2.2



C.6.5 Changed Constraints in 4.2.2

ld	Heading
[constr_2592]	No BlueprintPolicy

Table C.15: Changed Constraints in 4.2.2

C.6.6 Deleted Constraints in 4.2.2

none

C.7 Constraint History R4.3.0

C.7.1 Added Traceables in 4.3.0

Id	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00083]	Blueprinting ClientServerInterfaceToBswModuleEntry-
	BlueprintMapping
[TPS_STDT_00084]	ClientServerOperationBlueprintMapping predetermines the imple-
	mentation of an ClientServerOperation
[TPS_STDT_00085]	Compatibility of longName, desc and introduction of blueprint and
	blueprinted element
[TPS_STDT_00086]	Specify a name pattern in blueprints
[TPS_STDT_00087]	Derived objects may have more attributes than the blueprints
[TPS_STDT_00088]	Representation of constraint items in AUTOSAR non template documents
[TPS_STDT_00089]	Identifying specification items which are constraints in AUTOSAR non tem-
	plate documents
[TPS_STDT_00090]	Blueprinting BswEntryRelationshipSet
[TPS_STDT_00091]	Blueprinting BswEntryRelationshipSet
[TPS_STDT_00100]	Motivation of Description of Data Exchange Points
[TPS_STDT_00101]	Compatibility of ConcreteClassTailoringS
[TPS_STDT_00102]	Referencing AUTOSAR Specification Elements via shortName
[TPS_STDT_00103]	Referencing AUTOSAR Specification Elements via alternativeName
[TPS_STDT_00104]	Referencing Custom Specification Elements
[TPS_STDT_00105]	Serialized Profile
[TPS_STDT_00106]	Effective Profile
[TPS_STDT_00107]	Validation Semantics of global ConcreteClassTailoring.multiplici-
	tyRestriction with validationRoot==true
[TPS_STDT_00108]	Validation Semantics of global ConcreteClassTailoring.multiplici-
ITDO OTDT 004001	tyRestriction with validationRoot==false
[TPS_STDT_00109]	AUTOSAR Standardized Concrete Meta-Classes
[TPS_STDT_00110]	Identification of Potential Interoperability Issues
[TPS_STDT_00111]	AUTOSAR Standardized Constraints
[TPS_STDT_00112]	Validation Semantics of ClassTailoring.multiplicityRestriction
ITDO OTDT 004401	in the context of AggregationTailoring.typeTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00113]	Validation Semantics of AbstractClassTailoring.multiplicityRe-
ITDO OTDT 004441	striction
[TPS_STDT_00114]	MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity in the context of ClassTai-
ITDC CTDT 001451	loring VS. AggregationTailoring/ReferenceTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00115]	Analysis of Tool Compatibility



ITDO OTDT COLLO	
[TPS_STDT_00116]	Limitation of Analysis of Profile of Data Exchange Points
[TPS_STDT_00117]	Agreed Profile of Data Exchange Point
[TPS_STDT_00118]	Compliance with Profile of Data Exchange Point
[TPS_STDT_00119]	Validation Semantics of ClassTailoring.multiplicityRestriction
	in the context of ReferenceTailoring.typeTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00120]	Purpose of DataExchangePoint
[TPS_STDT_00121]	High-level Overview Description of DataExchangePoint
[TPS_STDT_00122]	Purpose of Baseline
[TPS_STDT_00123]	Guidance on how to specify SpecificationDocumentScope and Docu-
	mentElementScope
[TPS_STDT_00124]	Purpose of SpecElementScope
[TPS_STDT_00125]	Trigger for Evaluation of Constraints
[TPS_STDT_00126]	Definition: Data Format Elements
[TPS_STDT_00127]	Validation Environment
[TPS_STDT_00128]	Compatibility of SpecificationDocumentScopeS
[TPS_STDT_00129]	Semantics of DataFormatElementScope with inScope==true
[TPS_STDT_00130]	Navigation strategy for validation
[TPS_STDT_00131]	Compatibility of AggregationTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00132]	Purpose of SdgTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00133]	Compatibility of ReferenceTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00134]	Compatibility of PrimitiveAttributeTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00135]	Compatibility of ClassContentConditional
[TPS STDT 00136]	Compatibility of AttributeTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00138]	Purpose of ReferenceTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00139]	AUTOSAR Standardized References of Meta-Class
[TPS_STDT_00140]	Purpose of AggregationTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00141]	AUTOSAR Standardized Aggregations of Meta-Class
[TPS STDT 00141]	Purpose of PrimitiveAttributeTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00143]	AUTOSAR Standardized Primitive Attributes of Meta-Class
[TPS_STDT_00144]	Purpose of AttributeTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00144]	Purpose of ClassTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00146]	AUTOSAR Standardized Abstract Meta-Classes
[TPS_STDT_00147]	Purpose of ConstraintTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00156]	Purpose of Constraint Fair of Fing
[TPS_STDT_00157]	Purpose of DataFormatTailoring
[TPS STDT 00159]	Semantics of Attribute that is in Scope
[TPS_STDT_00160]	Compatibility of DocumentElementScopes
[TPS_STDT_00163]	Validation Semantics of ConcreteClassTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00163]	Semantics of a Constraint that is out of Scope
[TPS_STDT_00165]	Semantics of Constraint that is in Scope
[TPS_STDT_00167]	Semantics of SdgTailoring that is in scope
[TPS_STDT_00168]	Share documentation of Rationale
[TPS_STDT_00168]	Handling of unresolved references
	Local documentation of Rationale
[TPS_STDT_00170]	
[TPS_STDT_00172]	Purpose of RestrictionWithSeverity
[TPS_STDT_00173]	Purpose of ValueRestrictionWithSeverity
[TPS_STDT_00174]	Purpose of MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity
[TPS_STDT_00175]	Purpose of VariationRestrictionWithSeverity
[TPS_STDT_00176]	Context specific Tailoring
[TPS_STDT_00177]	Global ClassTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00178]	Role Specific ClassTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00179]	Conditional ClassTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00180]	Invariant Content Model



[TPS_STDT_00181]	Conditional Content Model
[TPS_STDT_00182]	Validation Semantics of AbstractClassTailoring
[TPS_STDT_00183]	Compatibility of Baselines
[TPS_STDT_00186]	Scope and Restrictions of Data Format Elements
[TPS_STDT_00187]	Purpose of DocumentElementScope
[TPS_STDT_00188]	Purpose of SpecificationDocumentScope
[TPS_STDT_00190]	Default Scope of concrete Meta Classes
[TPS_STDT_00191]	Purpose of Baseline Profile of Data Exchange Point
[TPS_STDT_00192]	Default Scope of AUTOSAR Specifications
[TPS_STDT_00193]	Default Scope of AUTOSAR Specification Elements
[TPS_STDT_00195]	Default Scope of Meta Attributes
[TPS_STDT_00196]	Default Validation Root of concrete Meta Classes
[TPS_STDT_00197]	Default multiplicityRestriction of Meta Classes
[TPS_STDT_00198]	Default multiplicityRestriction Of Meta AttributeS
[TPS_STDT_00199]	Default variationRestriction of Meta Attributes
[TPS_STDT_00200]	Default variationRestriction of Meta Classes
[TPS_STDT_00201]	Compatibility of VariationRestrictionWithSeverity.variation
[TPS_STDT_00202]	Compatibility of VariationRestrictionWithSeverity.validBind-
	ingTime
[TPS_STDT_00203]	Default PrimitiveAttributeTailoring.valueRestriction
[TPS_STDT_00204]	Default PrimitiveAttributeTailoring.defaultValueHandling
[TPS_STDT_00205]	Compatibility of ValueRestrictionWithSeverity
[TPS_STDT_00206]	Compatibility of UnresolvedReferenceRestrictionWithSeverity
[TPS_STDT_00207]	Default ReferenceTailoring.unresolvedReferenceRestriction
[TPS_STDT_00208]	Compatibility of ConstraintTailoringS
[TPS_STDT_00209]	Compatibility of SdgTailorings
[TPS_STDT_00210]	Compatibility of MultiplicityRestrictionWithSeverity

Table C.16: Added Traceables in 4.3.0

C.7.2 Changed Traceables in 4.3.0

ld	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00003]	Applying namePattern
[TPS_STDT_00005]	Compliance with Blueprints
[TPS_STDT_00029]	Representation of test items in AUTOSAR documents
[TPS_STDT_00042]	namePattern for shortNames of TraceableText in Standardization Docu-
	ments
[TPS_STDT_00044]	Transferring VariationPoint
[TPS_STDT_00050]	namePattern for AUTOSAR delivered Files
[TPS_STDT_00055]	General Syntax for Name Patterns
[TPS_STDT_00069]	Attributes of Keyword
[TPS_STDT_00077]	Blueprinting KeywordSet
[TPS_STDT_00078]	Representation of requirements in AUTOSAR documents
[TPS_STDT_00080]	Representation of specification items in AUTOSAR documents
[TPS_STDT_00081]	Representation of constraint items in AUTOSAR template documents

Table C.17: Changed Traceables in 4.3.0

C.7.3 Deleted Traceables in 4.3.0



C.7.4 Added Constraints in 4.3.0

ld	Heading
[constr_2597]	ClientServerOperationBlueprintMapping constrains number of arguments
[constr_2598]	ClientServerOperationBlueprintMapping constrains the types of argu-
	ments
[constr_2603]	Use of "applies to" in context of the specification level
[constr_2604]	Allowed uptraces in context of "applies to" values
[constr_2608]	Custom extensions shall be part of the Documentation that is referenced by the
	Baseline
[constr_2609]	Single revision per AUTOSAR standard
[constr_2610]	No alternativeName if matching via shortName
[constr_2611]	Referenced AUTOSAR Specification Elements shall be part of the AUTOSAR Spec-
	ification Baseline
[constr_2612]	shortName of ConcreteClassTailoring shall match the name of an AUTOSAR
	specified concrete meta-class
[constr_2613]	shortName of AbstractClassTailoring shall match the name of an AUTOSAR
	specified abstract meta-class
[constr_2614]	PrimitiveAttributeCondition.attribute shall reference invariant owned
	PrimitiveAttributeTailoring, only
[constr_2615]	AggregationCondition.aggregation shall reference invariant owned Aggre-
	gationTailoring, only
[constr_2616]	ReferenceCondition.reference shall reference invariant owned Referenc-
	eTailoring, only
[constr_2617]	ClassTailoring.variationRestriction only applicable for «atpVariation»
	classes
[constr_2618]	ShortName of AttributeTailoring shall match owned or inherited attributes
[constr_2619]	No AttributeTailoring for Derived or Abstract Attributes
[constr_2620]	shortName of PrimitiveAttributeTailoring shall be a primitive attribute in
[the referenced Baseline
[constr_2621]	The shortName of AggregationTailoring shall match the name of an
[tr. 0000]	AUTOSAR specified aggregation of the meta-class
[constr_2622]	The shortName of ReferenceTailoring shall match the name of an AUTOSAR
[constr 0000]	specified reference of the meta-class
[constr_2623]	Referenced SdgClass shall be part of a SdgDef that is referenced by the Base-
Iconotr 26241	line
[constr_2624]	AttributeTailoring.variationRestriction only applicable for «atpVariation» attributes
	tion, attributes

Table C.18: Added Constraints in 4.3.0

C.7.5 Changed Constraints in 4.3.0

ld	Heading
[constr_2546]	References in derived model elements
[constr_2553]	shortName shall follow the pattern defined in the Blueprint

Table C.19: Changed Constraints in 4.3.0

C.7.6 Deleted Constraints in 4.3.0

Id Heading



[constr_2542]	Compatibility of longName, desc and introduction of blueprint and blueprinted element
[constr_2543]	Specify a name pattern in blueprints
[constr_2555]	Derived objects may have more attributes than the blueprints

	Table C.20: Deleted Constraints in 4.3.0
C.8	Constraint History R4.3.1
C.8.1	Added Traceables in 4.3.1
none	
C.8.2	Changed Traceables in 4.3.1
none	
C.8.3	Deleted Traceables in 4.3.1
none	
C.8.4	Added Constraints in 4.3.1
none	
C.8.5	Changed Constraints in 4.3.1
none	

none

C.8.6 Deleted Constraints in 4.3.1



C.9 Constraint History R4.4.0

C.9.1 Added Traceables in 4.4.0

Number	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00092]	Return values of the BlueprintFormula.ecuc query
[TPS_STDT_00211]	Specification of the AUTOSAR Standards that are part of the Baseline

Table C.21: Added Traceables in 4.4.0

C.9.2 Changed Traceables in 4.4.0

Number	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00006]	Applying Expression Pattern
[TPS_STDT_00021]	Specialization of BlueprintFormula
[TPS_STDT_00045]	Transferring Objects in General
[TPS_STDT_00047]	Ignore Blueprint Attributes in Non Blueprints
[TPS_STDT_00086]	Specify a name pattern or a blueprint value in blueprints

Table C.22: Changed Traceables in 4.4.0

C.9.3 Deleted Traceables in 4.4.0

none

C.9.4 Added Constraints in 4.4.0

Number	Heading
[constr_2625]	Allowed uptraces wrt. life cycles

Table C.23: Added Constraints in 4.4.0



C.9.5 Changed Constraints in 4.4.0

Number	Heading
[constr_2553]	shortName shall follow the pattern defined in the Blueprint
[constr_2554]	Derived objects shall match the blueprints
[constr_2569]	Purely Blueprint Motivated VariationPoints

Table C.24: Changed Constraints in 4.4.0

C.9.6 Deleted Constraints in 4.4.0

none

C.10 Constraint History R19-11

C.10.1 Added Traceables in 19-11

none

C.10.2 Changed Traceables in 19-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00006]	Applying Expression Pattern
[TPS_STDT_00021]	Specialization of BlueprintFormula
[TPS_STDT_00028]	Resolving VariationPoint in Blueprints
[TPS_STDT_00030]	Blueprint of VariationPoint
[TPS_STDT_00044]	Transferring VariationPoint
[TPS_STDT_00046]	Configuration dependent properties
[TPS_STDT_00048]	Express Decisions when Deriving Objects

Table C.25: Changed Traceables in 19-11

C.10.3 Deleted Traceables in 19-11



C.10.4 Added Constraints in 19-11

none

C.10.5 Changed Constraints in 19-11

Number	Heading
[constr_2556]	No Blueprint Motivated VariationPoints in AUTOSAR Descriptions
[constr_2569]	Purely Blueprint Motivated VariationPoints

Table C.26: Changed Constraints in 19-11

C.10.6 Deleted Constraints in 19-11

none

C.11 Constraint History R20-11

C.11.1 Added Traceables in R20-11

none

C.11.2 Changed Traceables in R20-11

none

C.11.3 Deleted Traceables in R20-11

none

C.11.4 Added Constraints in R20-11



C.11.5 Changed Constraints in R20-11

Number	Heading
[constr_2540]	Tagged text category

Table C.27: Changed Constraints in R20-11

C.11.6 Deleted Constraints in R20-11

none

C.12 Constraint History R21-11

C.12.1 Added Traceables in R21-11

none

C.12.2 Changed Traceables in R21-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00014]	Blueprinting BswModuleEntry
[TPS_STDT_00027]	Blueprinting BswModuleDescription
[TPS_STDT_00064]	Applied Life Cycle Information Sets on AUTOSAR provided Models (M1)
[TPS_STDT_00081]	Representation of constraint items in AUTOSAR template documents
[TPS_STDT_00090]	Blueprinting BswEntryRelationshipSet
[TPS_STDT_00091]	Blueprinting BswEntryRelationshipSet
[TPS_STDT_00092]	Return values of the BlueprintFormula.ecuc query
[TPS_STDT_00107]	Validation Semantics of global ConcreteClassTailoring. multiplicityRestriction with validationRoot==true
[TPS_STDT_00115]	Analysis of Tool Compatibility
[TPS_STDT_00157]	Purpose of DataFormatTailoring

Table C.28: Changed Traceables in R21-11

C.12.3 Deleted Traceables in R21-11



C.12.4 Added Constraints in R21-11

none

C.12.5 Changed Constraints in R21-11

none

C.12.6 Deleted Constraints in R21-11

none

C.13 Constraint History R22-11

C.13.1 Added Traceables in R22-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00093]	Representation of advisory items in AUTOSAR template documents
[TPS_STDT_00094]	Sentence pattern

Table C.29: Added Traceables in R22-11

C.13.2 Changed Traceables in R22-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_STDT_00042]	namePattern for shortNames of TraceableText in Standardization Documents
[TPS_STDT_00050]	namePattern for AUTOSAR delivered Files
[TPS_STDT_00078]	Representation of requirements in AUTOSAR documents

Table C.30: Changed Traceables in R22-11

C.13.3 Deleted Traceables in R22-11



C.13.4 Added Constraints in R22-11

none

C.13.5 Changed Constraints in R22-11

none

C.13.6 Deleted Constraints in R22-11



D Mentioned Class Tables

For the sake of completeness, this chapter contains a set of class tables representing meta-classes mentioned in the context of this document but which are not contained directly in the scope of describing specific meta-model semantics.

An element that can be defined stand-alone, i.e. without being part of another element (except for packages of course). Base ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable Type, BaseType, BlueprintMappingSet, BswEntryRelationshipSet, BswModuleDescription, BswModule Entry, BuildActionManifest, CalibrationParameterValueSet, ClientIdDefinitionSet, ClientServerInterface BswModuleEntry, BuildActionManifest, CalibrationParameterValueSet, ClientIdDefinitionSet, ClientServerInterface BswModuleEntryBlueprintMapping, Collection, CompuMethod, ConsistencyNeedsBlueprintSet, Constar Specification, ConstantSpecificationMappingSet, CpSoftwareCluster, CpSoftwareCluster BeourcePool, CryptoEllipticCurveProps CryptoServiceCertificate, CryptoServiceKey, CryptoServicePrimitive, CryptoServiceQueue, Crypto SignatureScheme, DataConstr, DataExchangePoint, DataTransformationSet, DataTypeMappingSet, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticComnection, DiagnosticContributionSet, DitContext, DitEcou, Documentation, E2EProfileCompatibilityProps, EcucDefinitionCollection, EcucDestinationUriDefSet, EcucModuleConfigurationValues, EcucModuleDef, EcucValueCollection, EndToEndProtectionSet, Ethlp Props, EthTcplpIcmpProps, EthTcplpProps, EvaluatedVariantSet, FMFeature, FMFeatureMap, FM FeatureModel, FMFeatureSelectionSet, FlatMap, GeneralPurposeConnection, HwCategory, HwElemer HwType, IPSecConfigProps, IPv6ExtHeaderFilterSet, IdsCommonElement, IdsDesign, Implementation, InterpolationRoutineMappingSet, J1939ControllerApplication, KeywordSet, LifeCycleInfoSet, LifeCycle StateDefinitionGroup, LogAndTraceMessageCollectionSet, MacSecGlobalKayProps, MacSecParticipan Set, McFunction, McGroup, ModeDeclarationMappingSet, OsTaskProxy, PhysicalDimension, PhysicalDimensionMappingSet, PortInterface, PortInterfaceMappingSet, Port PrototypeBlueprint, PostBuildVariantCriterion, PostBuildVariantCriterionValueSet, PredefinedVariant, RapidPrototypingScenario, SdgDef, SignalServiceTranslationPropsSet, SomeipSdClientEven	Class	ARElement (abstract)	ARElement (abstract)					
Base ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable Subclasses AclObjectSet, AclOperation, AclPermission, AclRole, AliasNameSet, ApplicationPartition, AutosarData Type, BaseType, BlueprintMappingSet, BswEntryRelationshipSet, BswModuleDescription, BswModule Entry, BuildActionManifest, CalibrationParameterValueSet, ClientIdDefinitionSet, ClientServerInterfaceT BswModuleEntryBlueprintMapping, Collection, CompuMethod, ConsistencyNeedsBlueprintSet, Constan Specification, ConstantSpecificationMappingSet, CpSoftwareCluster, CpSoftwareClusterBinaryManifest Descriptor, CpSoftwareClusterMappingSet, CpSoftwareClusterResourcePool, CryptoEllipticCurvePrope CryptoServiceCertificate, CryptoServicePcy, CryptoServiceProperviptory SignatureScheme, DataConstr, DataExchangePoint, DataTransformationSet, DataTypeMappingSet, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticConnection, DiagnosticContributionSet, DitContext, DitEcu, Documentation, E2EProfileCompatibilityProps, EcucDefinitionCollection, EcucDestinationUriDefSet, EcucModuleConfigurationValues, EcucModuleDef, EcucValueCollection, EuclDestinationUriDefSet, EthToplpIcmpProps, EthToplpProps, EvaluatedVariantSet, FMFeature, FMFeatureMap, FM FeatureModel, FMFeatureSelectionSet, FlatMap, GeneralPurposeConnection, HwCategory, HwElemen HwType, IPSecConfigProps, IPv6ExtHeaderFilterset, IdsCommonElement, IdsDesign, Implementation, InterpolationRoutineMappingSet, J1939ControllerApplication, KeywordSet, LifeCycleInfoSet, LifeCycle StateDefinitionGroup, LogAndTraceMessageCollectionSet, MacSecGlobalKayProps, MacSecParticipan Set, McFunction, McGroup, ModeDeclarationGroup, ModeDeclarationMappingSet, Port PrototypeBlueprint, PostBuildVariantCriterion, PostBuildVariantCriterionValueSet, PredefinedVariant, RapidPrototypingScenario, SdgDef, SignalServiceTranslationPropsSet, SomeipSdClientEventGroup TimingConfig, SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig, SomeipSdServerEventGroupTimingConfig, SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig, SwAddrMethod, SwAxisType, S	Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::ARPackage			
AclObjectSet, AclOperation, AclPermission, AclRole, AliasNameSet, ApplicationPartition, AutosarData Type, BaseType, BlueprintMappingSet, BswEntryRelationshipSet, BswModuleDescription, BswModule Entry, BuildActionManifest, CalibrationParameterValueSet, ClientIdDefinitionSet, ClientServerInterface1 BswModuleEntryBlueprintMapping, Collection, CompuMethod, ConsistencyNeedsBlueprintSet, Constat Specification, ConstantSpecificationMappingSet, CpSoftwareCluster, CpSoftwareClusterBinaryManifest Descriptor, CpSoftwareClusterMappingSet, CpSoftwareClusterResourcePool, CryptoEllipticCurveProps CryptoServiceCertificate, CryptoServiceKey, CryptoServicePrimitive, CryptoServiceQueue, Crypto SignatureScheme, DataConstr, DataExchangePoint, DataTransformationSet, DataTypeMappingSet, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticConnection, DiagnosticContributionSet, DitContext, DitEcu, Documentation, E2EProfileCompatibilityProps, EcucDefinitionCollection, EcucDestinationUriDefSet, EcucModuleConfigurationValues, EcucModuleDef, EcucValueCollection, EndToEndProtectionSet, EthIp Props, EthTcplpIcmpProps, EthTcplpProps, EvaluatedVariantSet, FMFeature, FMFeatureMap, FM FeatureModel, FMFeatureSelectionSet, FlatMap, GeneralPurposeConnection, HwCategory, HwElemen HwType, IPSecConfigProps, IPv6ExtHeaderFilterSet, IdsCommonElement, IdsDesign, Implementation, InterpolationRoutineMappingSet, J1939ControllerApplication, KeywordSet, LifeCycleInfoSet, LifeCycleStateDefinitionGroup, LogAndTraceMessageCollectionSet, MacSecGlobalKayProps, MacSecParticipan Set, McFunction, McGroup, ModeDeclarationGroup, ModeDeclarationMappingSet, OsTaskProxy, PhysicalDimension, PhysicalDimensionMappingSet, PortInterface, PortInterface, PortInterfaceMappingSet, Port PrototypeBlueprint, PostBuildVariantCriterion, PostBuildVariantCriterionValueSet, PredefinedVariant, RapidPrototypingSenario, SdgDef, SignalServiceTranslationPropsSet, SomeipSdClientEventGroup TimingConfig, SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig, SwAddrMethod, SwAxisType, SwComponentMappingSet, Top OptionFilterSet, Tim	Note	1	efined star	nd-alone,	.e. without being part of another element (except for			
Type, BaseType, BlueprintMappingSet, BswEntryRelationshipSet, BswModuleDescription, BswModule Entry, BuildActionManifest, CalibrationParameterValueSet, ClientIdDefinitionSet, ClientServerInterfaceT BswModuleEntryBlueprintMapping, Collection, CompuMethod, ConsistencyNeedsBlueprintSet, Constat Specification, ConstantSpecificationMappingSet, CpSoftwareCluster, CpSoftwareClusterBinaryManifest) Descriptor, CpSoftwareClusterMappingSet, CpSoftwareClusterResourcePool, CryptoEllipticCurveProps CryptoServiceCertificate, CryptoServiceKey, CryptoServicePrintive, CryptoServiceQueue, Crypto SignatureScheme, DataConstr, DataExchangePoint, DataTransformationSet, DataTypeMappingSet, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticConnection, DiagnosticContributionSet, DltContext, DltEcu, Documentation, E2EProfileCompatibilityProps, EcucDefinitionCollection, EcucDestinationUriDefSet, EcucModuleConfigurationValues, EcucModuleDef, EcucValueCollection, EndToEndProtectionSet, EthIp Props, EthToplpIcmpProps, EthToplpProps, EvaluatedVariantSet, FMFeature, FMFeatureMap, FM FeatureModel, FMFeatureSelectionSet, FlatMap, GeneralPurposeConnection, HwCategory, HwElemen HwType, IPSecConfigProps, IPv6ExtHeaderFilterSet, IdsCommonElement, IdsDesign, Implementation, InterpolationRoutineMappingSet, J1939ControllerApplication, KeywordSet, LifeCycleInfoSet, LifeCycle StateDefinitionGroup, LogAndTraceMessageCollectionSet, MacSecGlobalKayProps, MacSecParticipan Set, McFunction, McGroup, ModeDeclarationGroup, ModeDeclarationMappingSet, OsTaskProxy, PhysicalDimension, PhysicalDimensionMappingSet, Port PrototypeBlueprint, PostBuildVariantCriterion, PostBuildVariantCriterionValueSet, PredefinedVariant, RapidPrototypingScenario, SdgDef, SignalServiceTranslationPropsSet, SomeipSdClientEventGroup TimingConfig, SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig, SwAcddfMethod, SwAxisType, SwComponentMapping Constraints, SwComponentType, SwRecordLayout, SwSystemconst, SwSystemconstantValueSet, Swc BswMapping, System, SystemSignal, SystemSignalGroup, TDCpSoftwareClusterMappingSet, Top O	Base	ARObject, CollectableElei	ment, <mark>Ide</mark>	ntifiable, I	MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable			
Aggregated by ARPackage.element	Subclasses	Type, BaseType, BlueprintMappingSet, BswEntryRelationshipSet, BswModuleEntry, BuildActionManifest, CalibrationParameterValueSet, ClientIdDefinitionSet, ClientServerInterfaceToBswModuleEntryBlueprintMapping, Collection, CompuMethod, ConsistencyNeedsBlueprintSet, Constant Specification, ConstantSpecificationMappingSet, CpSoftwareCluster, CpSoftwareClusterBinaryManifest Descriptor, CpSoftwareClusterMappingSet, CpSoftwareClusterResourcePool, CryptoEllipticCurveProps, CryptoServiceCertificate, CryptoServiceKey, CryptoServicePrimitive, CryptoServiceQueue, Crypto SignatureScheme, DataConstr, DataExchangePoint, DataTransformationSet, DataTypeMappingSet, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticConnection, DiagnosticContributionSet, DltContext, DltEcu, Documentation, E2EProfileCompatibilityProps, EcucDefinitionCollection, EucDestinationUriDefSet, EcucModuleConfigurationValues, EcucModuleDef, EcucValueCollection, EndToEndProtectionSet, Ethlp Props, EthTcplpIcmpProps, EthTcplpProps, EvaluatedVariantSet, FMFeature, FMFeatureMap, FM FeatureModel, FMFeatureSelectionSet, FlatMap, GeneralPurposeConnection, HwCategory, HwElement, HwType, IPSecConfigProps, IPv6ExtHeaderFilterSet, IdsCommonElement, IdsDesign, Implementation, InterpolationRoutineMappingSet, J1939ControllerApplication, KeywordSet, LifeCycleInfoSet, LifeCycle StateDefinitionGroup, LogAndTraceMessageCollectionSet, MacSecGlobalKayProps, MacSecParticipant Set, McFunction, McGroup, ModeDeclarationGroup, ModeDeclarationMappingSet, OsTaskProxy, PhysicalDimension, PhysicalDimensionMappingSet, PortInterface, PortInterface, PortInterface, PortInterface, PortInterface, PortInterface, PortInterface, PortInterface, Second Seco						
Attribute Type Mult. Kind Note	Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
- - - -	Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
	_	_	_	-	-			

Table D.1: ARElement

Class	ARPackage	ARPackage				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::ARPackage		
Note	AUTOSAR package, allow	ing to cre	ate top lev	rel packages to structure the contained ARElements.		
		ARPackages are open sets. This means that in a file based description system multiple files can be used to partially describe the contents of a package.				
	This is an extended versio	This is an extended version of MSR's SW-SYSTEM.				
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprint, A Referrable	ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.arPackage, AUTOSAR.arPackage					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		



Class	ARPackage			
arPackage	ARPackage	*	aggr	This represents a sub package within an ARPackage, thus allowing for an unlimited package hierarchy.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=arPackage.shortName, arPackage.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=30
element	PackageableElement	*	aggr	Elements that are part of this package
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=element.shortName, element.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime xml.sequenceOffset=20
referenceBase	ReferenceBase	*	aggr	This denotes the reference bases for the package. This is the basis for all relative references within the package. The base needs to be selected according to the base attribute within the references.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=referenceBase.shortLabel xml.sequenceOffset=10

Table D.2: ARPackage

Class	AUTOSAR	AUTOSAR					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AutosarTopLevelStructure					
Note	Root element of an AUTO	Root element of an AUTOSAR description, also the root element in corresponding XML documents.					
	Tags:xml.globalElement	true=					
Base	ARObject						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
adminData	AdminData	01	aggr	This represents the administrative data of an Autosar file.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10			
arPackage	ARPackage	*	aggr	This is the top level package in an AUTOSAR model.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=arPackage.shortName, arPackage.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=30			
fileInfo Comment	FileInfoComment	01	aggr	This represents a possibility to provide a structured comment in an AUTOSAR file.			
				Stereotypes: atpStructuredComment Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=-10 xml.typeElement=false			
introduction	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This represents an introduction on the Autosar file. It is intended for example to represent disclaimers and legal notes.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20			

Table D.3: AUTOSAR



Class	AclObjectSet						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::RolesAndRights					
Note	This meta class represents the ability to denote a set of objects for which roles and rights (access control lists) shall be defined. It basically can define the objects based on						
	the nature of objections	ects					
	the involved blue	orints					
	the artifact in whi	ch the obj	ects are s	erialized			
	the definition of the def	ne object (in a defini	ition - value pattern)			
	 individual referen 	ce objects	i				
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=A	clObjectS	Sets			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, A Referrable, Packageable			eprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
aclObjectClass	ReferrableSubtypes Enum	*	attr	This specifies that the considered objects as instances of the denoted meta class.			
aclScope	AclScopeEnum	1	attr	this indicates the scope of the referenced objects.			
collection	Collection	01	ref	This indicates that the relevant objects are specified via a collection.			
derivedFrom Blueprint	AtpBlueprint	*	ref	This association indicates that the considered objects are the ones being derived from the associated blueprint.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef			
engineering Object	AutosarEngineering Object	*	aggr	This indicates an engineering object. The AclPermission relates to all objects in this partial model.			
				This also implies that the other objects in this set shall be placed in the specified engineering object.			
				Note that semantic constraints apply with respect to < <atpsplitable>></atpsplitable>			
object	Referrable	*	ref	This association applies a particular (usually small) set of objects (e.g. a singular package). Main usage is, if one does not want to create a collection specifically for access control.			
objectDefinition	AtpDefinition	*	ref	This denotes an object by its definition. For example the right to manipulate the value of a particular ecuc parameter is denoted by reference to the definition of the parameter.			
				Note that this can also be a reference to a Standard Module Definition. Therefore it is stereotyped by atpUri Def.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef			

Table D.4: AclObjectSet

Class	AclOperation						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	RolesAndRights			
Note		This meta class represents the ability to denote a particular operation which may be performed on objects in an AUTOSAR model.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=A	clOperation	ons			
Base		ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					





Class	AclOperation			
implied Operation	AclOperation	*	ref	This indicates that the related operations are also implied. Therefore the permission is also granted for this operation.

Table D.5: AclOperation

Class	AclPermission	AclPermission					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::RolesAndRights					
Note	This meta class represent model.	ts the abili	ty to repre	esent permissions granted on objects in an AUTOSAR			
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=A	clPermiss	ions			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, A Referrable, Packageable			eprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
aclContext	NameToken	*	attr	This attribute is intended to specify the context under which the AclPemission is applicable. The values are subject to mutual agreement between the involved stakeholders.			
				For examples the values can be the names of binding times.			
aclObject	AclObjectSet	*	ref	This denotes an object to which the AclPermission applies.			
aclOperation	AclOperation	*	ref	This denotes an operation which is granted by the given AclPermission.			
aclRole	AclRole	*	ref	This denotes the role (individual or even organization) for which the AclPermission. is granted.			
aclScope	AcIScopeEnum	1	attr	This indicates the scope of applied permissions: explicit, descendant, dependent;			

Table D.6: AclPermission

Class	AcIRole	AciRole				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	RolesAndRights		
Note	This meta class represents the ability to specify a particular role which is used to grant access rights to AUTOSAR model. The purpose of this meta-class is to support the mutual agreements between the involved parties.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=A	clRoles			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, Al Referrable, PackageableE			eprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
IdapUrl	UriString	01	attr	This is an URL which allows to represent users or organizations taking the particular role.		

Table D.7: AcIRole



Class	AliasNameSet				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Common	Structure	::FlatMap	
Note	This meta-class represent A2L-Generator.	ts a set of	AliasNam	nes. The AliasNameSet can for example be an input to the	
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=A	liasName	Sets	
Base		ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
aliasName	AliasNameAssignment	*	aggr	AliasNames contained in the AliasNameSet.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=aliasName.shortLabel, aliasName.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime	

Table D.8: AliasNameSet

Class	ApplicationDataType (abstract)							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWCom	onentTer	nplate::Datatype::Datatypes				
Note		ApplicationDataType defines a data type from the application point of view. Especially it should be used whenever something "physical" is at stake.						
	An ApplicationDataType represents a set of values as seen in the application model, such as measurement units. It does not consider implementation details such as bit-size, endianess, etc.							
	It should be possible to model the application level aspects of a VFB system by using ApplicationData Types only.							
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable							
Subclasses	ApplicationCompositeDataType, ApplicationPrimitiveDataType							
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
_	_	_	_	-				

Table D.9: ApplicationDataType

Class	ArgumentDataPrototype					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTer	nplate::PortInterface		
Note		An argument of an operation, much like a data element, but also carries direction information and is owned by a particular ClientServerOperation.				
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, ClientServerOperation.argument					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
direction	ArgumentDirection Enum	01	attr	This attribute specifies the direction of the argument prototype.		
serverArgument ImplPolicy	ServerArgumentImpl PolicyEnum	01	attr	This defines how the argument type of the servers RunnableEntity is implemented.		
				If the attribute is not defined this has the same semantics as if the attribute is set to the value useArgumentType for primitive arguments and structures.		

Table D.10: ArgumentDataPrototype



Class	AtomicSwComponentType (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTer	nplate::Components	
Note	An atomic software compo distributed across multiple		omic in th	e sense that it cannot be further decomposed and	
Base				eprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, reableElement, Referrable, SwComponentType	
Subclasses	ApplicationSwComponentType, ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType, EcuAbstractionSwComponent Type, NvBlockSwComponentType, SensorActuatorSwComponentType, ServiceProxySwComponent Type, ServiceSwComponentType				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
internalBehavior	SwcInternalBehavior	01	aggr	The SwcInternalBehaviors owned by an AtomicSw ComponentType can be located in a different physical file. Therefore the aggregation is < <atpsplitable>>.</atpsplitable>	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=internalBehavior.shortName, internal Behavior.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime	
symbolProps	SymbolProps	01	aggr	This represents the SymbolProps for the AtomicSw ComponentType.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=symbolProps.shortName	

Table D.11: AtomicSwComponentType

Enumeration	BindingTimeEnum					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::VariantHandling					
Note	This enumerator specifies the applicable binding times for the pre build variation points.					
Aggregated by	Attribute Value Variation Point. binding Time, Condition By Formula. binding Time, FMF eature. maximum Intended Binding Time, FMF eature. minimum Intended Binding Time, FMF eature Selection. maximum Selected Binding Time, FMF eature Selection. minimum Selected Binding Time					
Literal	Description					
codeGeneration	Coding by hand, based on requirements document.					
Time	Tool based code generation, e.g. from a model.					
	The model may contain variants.					
	Only code for the selected variant(s) is actually generated.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0					
linkTime	Configure what is included in object code, and what is omitted Based on which variant(s) are selected					
	E.g. for modules that are delivered as object code (as opposed to those that are delivered as source code)					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1					
preCompileTime	This is typically the C-Preprocessor. Exclude parts of the code from the compilation process, e.g., because they are not required for the selected variant, because they are incompatible with the selected variant, because they require resources that are not present in the selected variant. Object code is only generated for the selected variant(s). The code that is excluded at this stage code will not be available at later stages.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2					



Enumeration	BindingTimeEnum
systemDesignTime	Designing the VFB.
	Software Component types (PortInterfaces).
	SWC Prototypes and the Connections between SWCprototypes.
	Designing the Topology
	ECUs and interconnecting Networks
	Designing the Communication Matrix and Data Mapping
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3

Table D.12: BindingTimeEnum

Class	< <atpmixedstring>> Blue</atpmixedstring>	< <atpmixedstring>>> BlueprintFormula</atpmixedstring>					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Common	Structure	::StandardizationTemplate::BlueprintFormula			
Note	This class express the extended blueprintCondition.	This class express the extension of the Formula Language to provide formalized blueprint-Value resp. blueprintCondition.					
Base	ARObject, FormulaExpre	ARObject, FormulaExpression, SwSystemconstDependentFormula					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
ecuc	EcucDefinitionElement	1	ref	The EcucDefinitionElement serves as a argument for the formular.			
verbatim	MultiLanguageVerbatim	1	aggr	This represents an informal term in the expression as verbatim text. Note that the result of this is same as formula keyword "undefined".			

Table D.13: BlueprintFormula

Class	BlueprintMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::BlueprintDedicated::Generic Blueprint					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to map two an object and its blueprint.					
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprintMapping					
Aggregated by	BlueprintMappingSet.blueprintMap					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
blueprint	AtpBlueprint	1	ref	This represents the mapped blueprint.		
derivedObject	AtpBlueprintable	1	ref	This represents the object which was derived from the blueprint.		

Table D.14: BlueprintMapping

	SW mod	dule or a	te::BswBehavior BSW cluster w.r.t. the code entities visible by the BSW	
			BSW cluster w.r.t. the code entities visible by the BSW	
Description.	VC 30VC	eral differ	ent BswInternalBehaviors referring to the same BswModule	
ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, InternalBehavior, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable				
AtpClassifier.atpFeature, BswModuleDescription.internalBehavior				
Type Mult. Kind Note				
/	Description. ARObject, AtpClassifier, Atpl Referrable, Referrable AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Bsw	Description. ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature Referrable, Referrable AtpClassifier.atpFeature, BswModule	Description. ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStru Referrable, Referrable AtpClassifier.atpFeature, BswModuleDescript	





			\triangle	
Class	BswInternalBehavior			
arTypedPer Instance Memory	VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	Defines an AUTOSAR typed memory-block that needs to be available for each instance of the Basic Software Module. The aggregation of arTypedPerInstanceMemory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the Basic Software Module's implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=arTypedPerInstanceMemory.shortName, ar TypedPerInstanceMemory.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
bswPerInstance MemoryPolicy	BswPerInstance MemoryPolicy	*	aggr	Policy for a arTypedPerInstanceMemory The policy selects the options of the Schedule Manager API generation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=bswPerInstanceMemoryPolicy, bswPer InstanceMemoryPolicy.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
clientPolicy	BswClientPolicy	*	aggr	Policy for a requiredClientServerEntry. The policy selects the options of the Schedule Manager API generation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=clientPolicy, clientPolicy.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
distinguished Partition	BswDistinguished Partition	*	aggr	Indicates an abstract partition context in which the enclosing BswModuleEntity can be executed.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=distinguishedPartition.shortName, distinguishedPartition.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=60
entity	BswModuleEntity	*	aggr	A code entity for which the behavior is described Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=entity.shortName, entity.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=5
event	BswEvent	*	aggr	An event required by this module behavior.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=event.shortName, event.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=10





			Δ	
Class	BswInternalBehavior	1	ı	
exclusiveArea Policy	BswExclusiveArea Policy	*	aggr	Policy for an ExclusiveArea in this BswInternalBehavior. The policy selects the options of the Schedule Manager API generation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=exclusiveAreaPolicy, exclusiveArea
				Policy.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
includedData TypeSet	IncludedDataTypeSet	*	aggr	The includedDataTypeSet is used by a basic software module for its implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=includedDataTypeSet
includedMode Declaration GroupSet	IncludedMode DeclarationGroupSet	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the included Mode DeclarationGroups
GroupSet				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=includedModeDeclarationGroupSet
internal	BswInternalTriggering	*	aggr	An internal triggering point.
TriggeringPoint	Point			Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=internalTriggeringPoint.shortName, internal TriggeringPoint.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=2
internal TriggeringPoint Policy	BswInternalTriggering PointPolicy	*	aggr	Policy for an internalTriggeringPoint in this BswInternal Behavior The policy selects the options of the Schedule Manager API generation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=internalTriggeringPointPolicy, internal TriggeringPointPolicy.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
modeReceiver	BswModeReceiver	*	aggr	Implementation policy for the reception of mode switches
Policy	Policy			Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=modeReceiverPolicy, modeReceiver Policy.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=25
modeSender	BswModeSenderPolicy	*	aggr	Implementation policy for providing a mode group.
Policy				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=modeSenderPolicy, modeSender Policy.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=20
parameterPolicy	BswParameterPolicy	*	aggr	Policy for a perInstanceParameter in this BswInternal Behavior. The policy selects the options of the Schedule Manager API generation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=parameterPolicy, parameterPolicy.variation
				Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime





Class	BswInternalBehavior			
perInstance Parameter	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	Describes a read only memory object containing characteristic value(s) needed by this BswInternal Behavior. The role name perInstanceParameter is chosen in analogy to the similar role in the context of SwcInternal Behavior.
				In contrast to constantMemory, this object is not allocated locally by the module's code, but by the BSW Scheduler and it is accessed from the BSW module via the BSW Scheduler API. The main use case is the support of software emulation of calibration data.
				The aggregation is subject to variability with the purpose to support implementation variants.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=perInstanceParameter.shortName, per InstanceParameter.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=45
receptionPolicy	BswDataReception Policy	*	aggr	Data reception policy for inter-partition and/or inter-core communication.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=receptionPolicy, receptionPolicy.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=55
releasedTrigger Policy	BswReleasedTrigger Policy	*	aggr	Policy for a releasedTrigger. The policy selects the options of the Schedule Manager API generation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=releasedTriggerPolicy, releasedTrigger Policy.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
schedulerName Prefix	BswSchedulerName Prefix	*	aggr	Optional definition of one or more prefixes to be used for the BswScheduler.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=schedulerNamePrefix.shortName, scheduler NamePrefix.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=50
sendPolicy	BswDataSendPolicy	*	aggr	Policy for a providedData. The policy selects the options of the Schedule Manager API generation. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=sendPolicy, sendPolicy.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime





Class	BswInternalBehavior			
service Dependency	BswService Dependency	*	aggr	Defines the requirements on AUTOSAR Services for a particular item.
				The aggregation is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ServiceNeeds.
				The aggregation is splitable in order to support that ServiceNeeds might be provided in later development steps.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=serviceDependency.ident.shortName, serviceDependency.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=40
triggerDirect Implementation	BswTriggerDirect Implementation	*	aggr	Specifies a trigger to be directly implemented via OS calls.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=triggerDirectImplementation, triggerDirect Implementation.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=15
variationPoint	VariationPointProxy	*	aggr	Proxy of a variation points in the C/C++ implementation.
Proxy				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=variationPointProxy.shortName

Table D.15: BswInternalBehavior

Class	BswModuleDescription					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswOverview					
Note				SW module or BSW cluster. In case it describes a BSW ls the name of the BSW module.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=B	swModule	eDescriptions		
Base				eprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, geReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element, Atpo	Classifier.	atpFeatur	е		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
bswModule Dependency	BswModuleDependency	*	aggr	Describes the dependency to another BSW module. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=bswModuleDependency.shortName, bsw ModuleDependency.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=20		
bswModule Documentation	SwComponent Documentation	01	aggr	This adds a documentation to the BSW module. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=bswModuleDocumentation, bswModule Documentation.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=6		



Class	BswModuleDescription			
expectedEntry	BswModuleEntry	*	ref	Indicates an entry which is required by this module. Replacement of outgoingCallback / requiredEntry. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=expectedEntry.bswModuleEntry, expected Entry.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
implemented Entry	BswModuleEntry	*	ref	Specifies an entry provided by this module which can be called by other modules. This includes "main" functions, interrupt routines, and callbacks. Replacement of providedEntry / expectedCallback.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=implementedEntry.bswModuleEntry, implementedEntry.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
internalBehavior	BswInternalBehavior	*	aggr	The various BswInternalBehaviors associated with a Bsw ModuleDescription can be distributed over several physical files. Therefore the aggregation is < <atp style="color: red; color: blue;"><atp style="color: blue;"><atp style="</td"></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp></atp>
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=internalBehavior.shortName xml.sequenceOffset=65
moduleld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Refers to the BSW Module Identifier defined by the AUTOSAR standard. For non-standardized modules, a proprietary identifier can be optionally chosen.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=5
providedClient ServerEntry	BswModuleClientServer Entry	*	aggr	Specifies that this module provides a client server entry which can be called from another partition or core. This entry is declared locally to this context and will be connected to the requiredClientServerEntry of another or the same module via the configuration of the BSW Scheduler.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=providedClientServerEntry.shortName, providedClientServerEntry.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=45
providedData	VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	Specifies a data prototype provided by this module in order to be read from another partition or core. The provided Data is declared locally to this context and will be connected to the required Data of another or the same module via the configuration of the BSW Scheduler.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=providedData.shortName, provided Data.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=55





Class	BswModuleDescription			
providedMode Group	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	*	aggr	A set of modes which is owned and provided by this module or cluster. It can be connected to the required ModeGroups of other modules or clusters via the configuration of the BswScheduler. It can also be synchronized with modes provided via ports by an associated ServiceSwComponentType, EcuAbstraction SwComponentType or ComplexDeviceDriverSw ComponentType.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=providedModeGroup.shortName, provided ModeGroup.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=25
releasedTrigger	Trigger	*	aggr	A Trigger released by this module or cluster. It can be connected to the requiredTriggers of other modules or clusters via the configuration of the BswScheduler. It can also be synchronized with Triggers provided via ports by an associated ServiceSwComponentType, Ecu AbstractionSwComponentType or ComplexDeviceDriver SwComponentType.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=releasedTrigger.shortName, released Trigger.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=35
requiredClient ServerEntry	BswModuleClientServer Entry	*	aggr	Specifies that this module requires a client server entry which can be implemented on another partition or core. This entry is declared locally to this context and will be connected to the provided Client Server Entry of another or the same module via the configuration of the BSW Scheduler.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=requiredClientServerEntry.shortName, requiredClientServerEntry.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=50
requiredData	VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	Specifies a data prototype required by this module in oder to be provided from another partition or core. The required Data is declared locally to this context and will be connected to the provided Data of another or the same module via the configuration of the BswScheduler.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=requiredData.shortName, required Data.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=60





Class	BswModuleDescription			
requiredMode Group	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	*	aggr	Specifies that this module or cluster depends on a certain mode group. The requiredModeGroup is local to this context and will be connected to the providedModeGroup of another module or cluster via the configuration of the BswScheduler.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=requiredModeGroup.shortName, required ModeGroup.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=30
requiredTrigger	Trigger	*	aggr	Specifies that this module or cluster reacts upon an external trigger. This required Trigger is declared locally to this context and will be connected to the provided Trigger of another module or cluster via the configuration of the BswScheduler.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=requiredTrigger.shortName, required Trigger.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=40

Table D.16: BswModuleDescription

Class	BswModuleEntry								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::BswModuleTemplate::BswInterfaces								
Note	This class represents a s	This class represents a single API entry (C-function prototype) into the BSW module or cluster.							
	The name of the C-function is equal to the short name of this element with one exception: In case of multiple instances of a module on the same CPU, special rules for "infixes" apply, see description of BswImplementation.								
	Tags:atp.recommendedF	ackage=B	swModule	eEntrys					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, A Referrable, Packageable			eprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element								
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note					
argument	SwServiceArg	*	aggr	An argument belonging to this BswModuleEntry.					
(ordered)				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=argument.shortName, argument.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=45					
bswEntryKind	BswEntryKindEnum	01	attr	This describes whether the entry is concrete or abstract. If the attribute is missing the entry is considered as concrete.					
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40					
callType	BswCallType	01	attr	The type of call associated with this service.					
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=25					
execution Context	BswExecutionContext	01	attr	Specifies the execution context which is required (in case of entries into this module) or guaranteed (in case of entries called from this module) for this service.					
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30					



Class	BswModuleEntry			
function Prototype Emitter	NameToken	01	attr	This attribute is used to control the generation of function prototypes. If set to "RTE", the RTE generates the function prototypes in the Module Interlink Header File.
isReentrant	Boolean	01	attr	Reentrancy from the viewpoint of function callers:
				 true: Enables the service to be invoked again, before the service has finished.
				 false: It is prohibited to invoke the service again before is has finished.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=15
isSynchronous	Boolean	01	attr	Synchronicity from the viewpoint of function callers:
				true: This calls a synchronous service, i.e. the service is completed when the call returns.
				 false: The service (on semantical level) may not be complete when the call returns.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20
returnType	SwServiceArg	01	aggr	The return type belonging to this bswModuleEntry.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40
role	Identifier	01	attr	Specifies the role of the entry in the given context. It shall be equal to the standardized name of the service call, especially in cases where no Serviceldentifier is specified, e.g. for callbacks. Note that the ShortName is not always sufficient because it maybe vendor specific (e.g. for callbacks which can have more than one instance).
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10
serviceld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Refers to the service identifier of the Standardized Interfaces of AUTOSAR basic software. For non-standardized interfaces, it can optionally be used for proprietary identification.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=5
swServiceImpl Policy	SwServiceImplPolicy Enum	01	attr	Denotes the implementation policy as a standard function call, inline function or macro. This has to be specified on interface level because it determines the signature of the call.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=35

Table D.17: BswModuleEntry

Class	BuildAction					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::GenericS	Structure::	BuildActionManifest		
Note	This meta-class represent	ts the abili	ty to spec	ify a build action.		
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprint, A Referrable	ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, BuildActionEntity, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	BuildActionManifest.builda	Action				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
createdData	BuildActionIoElement	*	aggr	This represents the artifacts which are created by the processor.		
followUpAction	BuildAction	*	ref	This association specifies a set of follow up actions.		
	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=-80					
inputData	BuildActionIoElement	*	aggr	This represents the artifacts which are read by the processor.		





Class	BuildAction			
modifiedData	BuildActionIoElement	*	aggr	This denotes the data which are modified by the action.
predecessor Action	BuildAction	*	ref	This association specifies a set of predecessors. These actions shall be finished before but necessarily immediately after the given action
				These actions need to be performed in the specified order.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=-90
required Environment	BuildActionEnvironment	1	ref	This represents the environment which is required to use the specified Processor.

Table D.18: BuildAction

Class	BuildActionEnvironment				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::BuildActionManifest			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to specify a build action environment.				
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	BuildActionManifest.buildA	ActionEnvi	ironment		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
sdg	Sdg	*	aggr	This represents a general data structure intended to denote parameters for the BuildActionEnvironment.	

Table D.19: BuildActionEnvironment

Class	BuildActionManifest						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::BuildActionManifest					
Note		This meta-class represents the ability to specify a manifest for processing artifacts. An example use case is the processing of ECUC parameter values.					
	Tags: atp.recommendedPackage xml.globalElement=false	e=BuildAc	tionManif	ests			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, Al Referrable, PackageableE			eprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
buildAction	BuildAction	*	aggr	This represents a particular action in the build chain.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=buildAction.shortName, buildAction.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime			
buildAction	BuildActionEnvironment	*	aggr	This represents a build action environment.			
Environment				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=buildActionEnvironment.shortName, build ActionEnvironment.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime			
dynamicAction	BuildAction	*	ref	This denotes an Action which is to be executed as part of the dynamic action set.			



Class	BuildActionManifest			
startAction	BuildAction	*	ref	This specifies the list of actions to be performed at the beginning of the process.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=-90
tearDownAction	BuildAction	*	ref	This specifies the set of action which shall be performed after all other actions in the manifest were performed.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=-80

Table D.20: BuildActionManifest

Class	ClientServerInterfaceTo	BswModu	ıleEntryB	BlueprintMapping			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::ClientServerInterfaceToBsw ModuleEntryMapping						
Note	in order to express the int under consideration of Po number of arguments and	This represents a mapping between one ClientServerInterface blueprint and BswModuleEntry blueprint in order to express the intended implementation of ClientServerOperations by specific BswModuleEntries under consideration of PortDefinedArguments. Such a mapping enables the formal check whether the number of arguments and the data types of arguments of the operation + additional PortDefined Arguments matches the signature of the BswModuleEntry.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=B	lueprintM	appingSets			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, A PackageableElement, Re		t, Collect	ableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
clientServer Interface	ClientServerInterface	1	ref	The referenced ClientServerInterface represents the client server interface the mapping is dedicated to.			
operation Mapping	ClientServerOperation BlueprintMapping	1*	aggr	This specifies the operations used in the mapping between the ClientServerInterface and the BswModule Entry.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=operationMapping, operation Mapping.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
portDefined Argument Blueprint	PortDefinedArgument Blueprint	*	aggr	This specifies the PortDefinedArguments used in the mapping between the ClientServerInterface and the Bsw ModuleEntry.			
(ordered)				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=portDefinedArgumentBlueprint, portDefined ArgumentBlueprint.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			

Table D.21: ClientServerInterfaceToBswModuleEntryBlueprintMapping

Class	ClientServerOperation
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface
Note	An operation declared within the scope of a client/server interface.
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,





Class	ClientServerOperation				
Aggregated by	ApplicationInterface.command, AtpClassifier.atpFeature, ClientServerInterface.operation, Diagnostic DataElementInterface.read, DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface.read, DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface.write, DiagnosticRoutineInterface.requestResult, DiagnosticRoutineInterface.start, DiagnosticRoutine Interface.stop, PhmRecoveryActionInterface.recovery, ServiceInterface.method				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
argument	ArgumentDataPrototype	*	aggr	An argument of this ClientServerOperation	
(ordered)				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=argument.shortName, argument.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime	
diagArgIntegrity	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute shall only be used in the implementation of diagnostic routines to support the case where input and output arguments are allocated in a shared buffer and might unintentionally overwrite input arguments by tentative write operations to output arguments.	
				This situation can happen during sliced execution or while output parameters are arrays (call by reference). The value true means that the ClientServerOperation is aware of the usage of a shared buffer and takes precautions to avoid unintentional overwrite of input arguments.	
				If the attribute does not exist or is set to false the Client ServerOperation does not have to consider the usage of a shared buffer.	
possibleError	ApplicationError	*	ref	Possible errors that may by raised by the referring operation.	

Table D.22: ClientServerOperation

Class	Collection	Collection					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ElementCollection					
Note	This meta-class specifies a collection of elements. A collection can be utilized to express additional aspects for a set of elements.						
	Note that Collection is an not obvious.	AREleme	nt. Theref	fore it is applicable e.g. for EvaluatedVariant, even if this is			
		Usually the category of a Collection is "SET". On the other hand, a Collection can also express an arbitrary relationship between elements. This is denoted by the category "RELATION" (see also [TPS GST 00347]).					
	In this case the collection represents an association from "sourceElement" to "targetElement" in the role "role".						
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=C	ollections				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
autoCollect	AutoCollectEnum	01	attr	This attribute reflects how far the referenced objects are part of the collection.			
	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20						
collected Instance	AtpFeature	AtpFeature * iref This instance ref supports the use case that a particular instance is part of the collection.					
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=60 InstanceRef implemented by:AnyInstanceRef			



Class	Collection			<u> </u>
collection Semantics	NameToken	01	attr	Provides the ability to express the semantics of a Collection depending on the intended use case. The collectionSemantics is specified as a NameToken which must be agreed by all stakeholders.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=25
element	Identifiable	*	ref	This is an element in the collection. Note that Collection itself is collectable. Therefore collections can be nested.
				In case of category="RELATION" this represents the target end of the relation.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40
elementRole	Identifier	01	attr	This attribute allows to denote a particular role of the collection. Note that the applicable semantics shall be mutually agreed between the two parties.
				In particular it denotes the role of element in the context of sourceElement.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30
sourceElement	Identifiable	*	ref	Only if Category = "RELATION". This represents the source of a relation.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=50
sourceInstance	AtpFeature	*	iref	Only if Category = "RELATION". This represents the source instance of a relation.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=70 InstanceRef implemented by:AnyInstanceRef

Table D.23: Collection

Class	CompuMethod					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::ComputationMethod					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express the relationship between a physical value and the mathematical representation.					
	Note that this is still indep formula how the internal v			ical implementation in data types. It only specifies the oits physical pendant.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=C	ompuMet	hods		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
compulnternal ToPhys	Compu	01	aggr	This specifies the computation from internal values to physical values.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=80		
compuPhysTo Internal	Compu	01	aggr	This represents the computation from physical values to the internal values.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=90		
displayFormat	DisplayFormatString	01	attr	This property specifies, how the physical value shall be displayed e.g. in documents or measurement and calibration tools.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20		



Class	CompuMethod			
unit	Unit	01	ref	This is the physical unit of the Physical values for which the CompuMethod applies.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30

Table D.24: CompuMethod

Class	CompuScale					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::ComputationMethod					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to specify one segment of a segmented computation method.					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	CompuScales.compuScale					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
compulnverse Value	CompuConst	01	aggr	This is the inverse value of the constraint. This supports the case that the scale is not reversible per se.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=60		
compuScale Contents	CompuScaleContents	01	aggr	This represents the computation details of the scale. Tags: xml.roleElement=false xml.roleWrapperElement=false xml.sequenceOffset=70 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false		
desc	MultiLanguageOverview Paragraph	01	aggr	<desc> represents a general but brief description of the object in question.</desc>		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30		
lowerLimit	Limit	01	attr	This specifies the lower limit of the scale. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=40		
mask	PositiveUnlimitedInteger	01	attr	In difference to all the other computational methods every COMPU-SCALE will be applied including the bit MASK. Therefore it is allowed for this type of COMPU-METHOD, that COMPU-SCALES overlap. To calculate the string reverse to a value, the string has to be split and the according value for each substring has to		
				be summed up. The sum is finally transmitted. The processing has to be done in order of the COMPU-SCALE elements. Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=35		
shortLabel	Identifier	01	attr	This element specifies a short name for the particular scale. The name can for example be used to derive a programming language identifier.		
symbol	Cldentifier	01	attr	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20 The symbol, if provided, is used by code generators to get a C identifier for the CompuScale. The name will be used as is for the code generation, therefore it needs to be unique within the generation context. Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=25		



Class	CompuScale			
upperLimit	Limit	01	attr	This specifies the upper limit of a of the scale.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=50

Table D.25: CompuScale

Class	ConsistencyNeeds	ConsistencyNeeds					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::ImplicitCommunicationBehavior					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define requirements on the implicit communication behavior.						
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ConsistencyNeedsBluepr	intSet.con	sistencyN	leeds, SwComponentType.consistencyNeeds			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
dpgDoesNot Require Coherency	DataPrototypeGroup	*	aggr	This group of VariableDataPrototypes does not require coherency with respect to the implicit communication behavior.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dpgDoesNotRequireCoherency.shortName, dpgDoesNotRequireCoherency.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
dpgRequires Coherency	DataPrototypeGroup	*	aggr	This group of VariableDataPrototypes requires coherency with respect to the implicit communication behavior, i.e. all read and write access to VariableDataPrototypes in the DataPrototypeGroup by the RunnableEntitys of the RunnableEntityGroup need to be handled in a coherent manner.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dpgRequiresCoherency.shortName, dpg RequiresCoherency.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
regDoesNot RequireStability	RunnableEntityGroup	*	aggr	This group of RunnableEntities does not require stability with respect to the implicit communication behavior.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=regDoesNotRequireStability.shortName, reg DoesNotRequireStability.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
regRequires Stability	RunnableEntityGroup	*	aggr	This group of RunnableEntities requires stability with respect to the implicit communication behavior, i.e. all read and write access to VariableDataPrototypes in the DataPrototypeGroup by the RunnableEntitys of the RunnableEntityGroup need to be handled in a stable manner.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=regRequiresStability.shortName, reg RequiresStability.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			

Table D.26: ConsistencyNeeds



Class	ConsistencyNeedsBlueprintSet					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::Blueprint Dedicated::ConsistencyNeedsBlueprintSet					
Note	This meta class represer	nts the abili	ty to spec	ify a set of blueprint for ConsistencyNeeds.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedF	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ConsistencyNeedsBlueprintSets				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
consistency Needs	ConsistencyNeeds	*	aggr	This represents a particular blueprint of consistency Needs. Note that it is		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=consistencyNeeds.shortName, consistency Needs.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		

Table D.27: ConsistencyNeedsBlueprintSet

Class	DataConstr				
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::C	onstraints::C	GlobalCon	straints	
Note	This meta-class represe	ents the abili	ty to spec	ify constraints on data.	
	Tags:atp.recommended	dPackage=D	ataConst	rs	
Base		ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
dataConstrRule	DataConstrRule	*	aggr	This is one particular rule within the data constraints.	
				Tags:	

Table D.28: DataConstr

Class	DataFormatTailoring				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::Data FormatTailoring				
Note	This class collects all rul	es that tailc	r the AUT	OSAR templates for a specific data exchange point.	
Base	ARObject	ARObject			
Aggregated by	DataExchangePoint.dataFormatTailoring				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
classTailoring	ClassTailoring	*	aggr	Specification of tailorings of Meta Classes	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10	
constraint Tailoring	ConstraintTailoring	*	aggr	Specification of tailorings of Constraints that are not explicitly owned by any Meta-Class	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20	

Table D.29: DataFormatTailoring



Class	DataPrototypeGroup					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::ImplicitCommunicationBehavior					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a collection of DataPrototypes that are subject to the formal definition of implicit communication behavior. The definition of the collection can be nested.					
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, ConsistencyNeeds.dpgDoesNotRequireCoherency, ConsistencyNeeds.dpg RequiresCoherency					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
dataPrototype Group	DataPrototypeGroup	*	iref	This represents the ability to define nested groups of VariableDataPrototypes.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dataPrototypeGroup.contextSwComponent Prototype, dataPrototypeGroup.targetDataPrototype Group, dataPrototypeGroup.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime InstanceRef implemented by:InnerDataPrototypeGroup InCompositionInstanceRef		
implicitData Access	VariableDataPrototype	*	iref	This represents a collection of VariableDataPrototypes that belong to the enclosing DataPrototypeGroup		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=implicitDataAccess.contextSwComponent Prototype, implicitDataAccess.contextPortPrototype, implicitDataAccess.targetVariableDataPrototype, implicit DataAccess.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime InstanceRef implemented by:VariableDataPrototypeIn CompositionInstanceRef		

Table D.30: DataPrototypeGroup

Class	DataTypeMappingSet					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes					
Note	This class represents a list of mappings between ApplicationDataTypes and ImplementationDataTypes. In addition, it can contain mappings between ImplementationDataTypes and ModeDeclarationGroups.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DataTypeMappingSets					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
dataTypeMap	DataTypeMap	*	aggr	This is one particular association between an Application DataType and its AbstractImplementationDataType.		
modeRequest TypeMap	ModeRequestTypeMap	*	aggr	This is one particular association between an Mode DeclarationGroup and its AbstractImplementationData Type.		

Table D.31: DataTypeMappingSet



Class	Documentation			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	DocumentationOnM1
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to handle a so called standalone documentation. Standalone means, that such a documentation is not embedded in another ARElement or identifiable object. The standalone documentation is an entity of its own which denotes its context by reference to other objects and instances.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=D	ocumenta	ations
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
context	DocumentationContext	*	aggr	This is the context of the particular documentation.
documentation Content	PredefinedChapter 01 aggr This is the content of the documentation related to the specified contexts.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=200

Table D.32: Documentation

Class	< <atpmixed>>> DocumentationBlock</atpmixed>						
Package	M2::MSR::Documentation::BlockElements						
Note	This class represents a documentation block. It is made of basic text structure elements which can be displayed in a table cell.						
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	AUTOSAR.introduction, BlueprintGenerator.introduction, BlueprintPolicyModifiable.blueprintDerivation Guide, ClientServerOperationBlueprintMapping.blueprintMappingGuide, DataMapping.introduction, Def Item.def, Describable.introduction, EcucAddInfoParamValue.value, EcuResourceEstimation.introduction, Entry.entryContents, FrameMapping.introduction, GeneralAnnotation.annotationText, Identifiable. introduction, IPduMapping.introduction, ISignalMapping.introduction, Item.itemContents, LabeledItem. itemContents, LifeCycleInfo.remark, MappingConstraint.introduction, MsrQueryP2.msrQueryResultP2, Note.noteText, PortDefinedArgumentBlueprint.blueprintMappingGuide, PrmChar.cond, PrmChar.remark, ScheduleTableEntry.introduction, SignalPathConstraint.introduction, StructuredReq.conflicts, Structured Req.dependencies, StructuredReq.description, StructuredReq.rationale, StructuredReq.remark, StructuredReq.supportingMaterial, StructuredReq.useCase, SwAxisType.swGenericAxisDesc, Topic Content.blockLevelContent, TraceableText.text, VariationPoint.blueprintCondition						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
defList	DefList	01	aggr	This represents a definition list in the documentation block. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=defList, defList.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=40			
figure	MIFigure	01	aggr	This represents a figure in the documentation block.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=figure, figure.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=70			
formula	MIFormula	01	aggr	This is a formula in the definition block.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=formula, formula.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=60			





Class	< <atpmixed>> Document</atpmixed>	ationBlo	ck	
labeledList	LabeledList	01	aggr	This represents a labeled list.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=labeledList, labeledList.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=50
list	List	01	aggr	This represents numbered or unnumbered list.
		01	uggi	Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=list, list.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=30
msrQueryP2	MsrQueryP2	01	aggr	This represents automatically contributed contents provided by an msrquery in the context of Documentation Block.
note	Note	01	aggr	This represents a note in the text flow.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=note, note.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=80
p	MultiLanguage	01	aggr	This is one particular paragraph.
	Paragraph			Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=p, p.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=10
structuredReq	StructuredReq	01	aggr	This aggregation supports structured requirements embedded in a documentation block.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=structuredReq.shortName, structured Req.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=100
trace	TraceableText	01	aggr	This represents traceable text in the documentation block. This allows to specify requirements/constraints in any documentation block.
				The kind of the trace is specified in the category.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=trace.shortName, trace.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=90
verbatim	MultiLanguageVerbatim	01	aggr	This represents one particular verbatim text.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=verbatim, verbatim.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=20

Table D.33: DocumentationBlock



Class	< <atpvariation>> <i>EcucAb</i></atpvariation>	stractStr	ingParan	nDef (abstract)
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:ECUCPa	rameterD	efTemplate
Note	Abstract class that is used FunctionNameDef and Mu			mon properties for StringParamDefs, LinkerSymbolDef, Defs.
	atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_	00083]		
	Tags:vh.latestBindingTime	e=codeGe	enerationT	ime
Base	ARObject, AtpDefinition, EcucCommonAttributes, EcucDefinitionElement, EcucParameterDef, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Subclasses	EcucFunctionNameDef, E	cucLinker	SymbolDe	ef, EcucMultilineStringParamDef, EcucStringParamDef
Aggregated by	EcucDestinationUriPolicy.	paramete	r, EcucPa	ramConfContainerDef.parameter
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
defaultValue	VerbatimString	01	attr	Default value of the string configuration parameter.
maxLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Max length allowed for this string.
minLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Min length allowed for this string.
regular Expression	RegularExpression	01	attr	This represents the regular expression which shall be used to validate the string parameter value.

Table D.34: EcucAbstractStringParamDef

Class	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:ECUCPa	rameterD	efTemplate
Note	Configuration parameter ty	ype for Bo	olean. All	owed values are true and false.
Base	ARObject, AtpDefinition, EcucCommonAttributes, EcucDefinitionElement, EcucParameterDef, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	EcucDestinationUriPolicy.	paramete	r, EcucPa	ramConfContainerDef.parameter
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
defaultValue	Boolean	01	attr	Default value of the boolean configuration parameter.
	atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00083]			
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime

Table D.35: EcucBooleanParamDef

Class	EcucChoiceReference[EcucChoiceReferenceDef				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::ECUCPa	rameterD	efTemplate		
Note	Specify alternative references where in the ECU Configuration description only one of the specified references will actually be used.					
Base	, , ,			alReferenceDef, EcucAbstractReferenceDef, EcucCommon e, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable		
Aggregated by	EcucDestinationUriPolicy	reference.	, EcucPar	amConfContainerDef.reference		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
destination	EcucContainerDef	*	ref	All the possible parameter containers for the reference are specified.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef		

Table D.36: EcucChoiceReferenceDef



Class	EcucContainerDef (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::ECUCParameterDefTemplate					
Note	Base class used to gather	r common	attributes	of configuration container definitions.		
Base	ARObject, AtpDefinition,	EcucDefin	itionElem	ent, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable		
Subclasses	EcucChoiceContainerDef	, EcucPara	amConfCo	ontainerDef		
Aggregated by	EcucDestinationUriPolicy. Container	container,	EcucMod	duleDef.container, EcucParamConfContainerDef.sub		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
destinationUri	EcucDestinationUriDef	*	ref	Several destinationUris can be defined for an Ecuc ContainerDef. With such destinationUris an Ecuc ContainerDef is applicable for several EcucUriReference Defs. Stereotypes: atpUriDef		
multiplicity ConfigClass	EcucMultiplicity ConfigurationClass	*	aggr	Specifies which MultiplicityConfigurationClass this container is available for which ConfigurationVariant. This aggregation is optional if the surrounding EcucModuleDef has the Category STANDARDIZED_MODULE_DEFINITION. If the category attribute of the EcucModule Def is set to VENDOR_SPECIFIC_MODULE_DEFINITION and if the upperMultiplicity is greater than the lowerMultiplicity then this aggregation is mandatory.		
				Tags:xml.name Plural=MULTIPLICITY-CONFIG-CLASSES		
origin	String	01	attr	This attribute specifies whether this configuration container is an AUTOSAR standardized container or whether it is vendor-specific.		
postBuildVariant Multiplicity	Boolean	01	attr	Indicates if a container may have different number of instances in different post-build variants (previously known as post-build selectable configuration sets). TRUE means yes, FALSE means no.		
requiresIndex	Boolean	01	attr	Used to define whether the value element for this definition shall be provided with an index.		

Table D.37: EcucContainerDef

Class	EcucContainerValue					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::ECUCDescriptionTemplate				
Note	Represents a Container of	definition in	the ECU	Configuration Description.		
Base	ARObject, EcucIndexable	eValue, Ide	entifiable,	MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable		
Aggregated by	EcucContainerValue.sub(Container,	EcucMod	luleConfigurationValues.container		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
definition	EcucContainerDef	01	ref	Reference to the definition of this Container in the ECU Configuration Parameter Definition.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=-10		
parameterValue	EcucParameterValue	*	aggr	Aggregates all ECU Configuration Values within this Container.		
		atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00079]				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=parameterValue, parameterValue.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild		



Class	EcucContainerValue			
referenceValue	EcucAbstractReference	*	aggr	Aggregates all References with this container.
	Value			atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00079]
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=referenceValue, referenceValue.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
subContainer	EcucContainerValue	*	aggr	Aggregates all sub-containers within this container.
				atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00078]
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=subContainer.shortName, sub Container.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild

Table D.38: EcucContainerValue

Class	EcucDefinitionCollection					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:ECUCPa	rameterD	efTemplate		
Note	This represents the anchor point of an ECU Configuration Parameter Definition within the AUTOSAR templates structure.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=E	cucDefini	tionCollections		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
module	EcucModuleDef	*	ref	References to the module definitions of individual software modules.		

Table D.39: EcucDefinitionCollection

Class	EcucEnumerationParamDef				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::ECUCPa	rameterD	efTemplate	
Note	Configuration parameter t	ype for En	umeration	n.	
Base	ARObject, AtpDefinition, Identifiable, Multilanguage			utes, EcucDefinitionElement, EcucParameterDef, able	
Aggregated by	EcucDestinationUriPolicy.	paramete	r, EcucPa	ramConfContainerDef.parameter	
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
defaultValue	Identifier	01	attr	Default value of the enumeration configuration parameter. This string needs to be one of the literals specified for this enumeration.	
literal	EcucEnumerationLiteral Def	*	aggr	Aggregation on the literals used to define this enumeration parameter. This aggregation is optional if the surrounding EcucModuleDef has the category STANDARDIZED_MODULE_DEFINITION. If the category attribute of the EcucModuleDef is set to VENDOR_SPECIFIC_MODULE_DEFINITION then this aggregation is mandatory.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=literal.shortName	

Table D.40: EcucEnumerationParamDef



Class	EcucFloatParamDef					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::ECUCPa	rameterD	efTemplate		
Note	Configuration parameter t	ype for Flo	oat.			
Base	ARObject, AtpDefinition, Identifiable, Multilanguage			utes, EcucDefinitionElement, EcucParameterDef, able		
Aggregated by	EcucDestinationUriPolicy.	paramete	r, EcucPa	ramConfContainerDef.parameter		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
defaultValue	Float	01	attr	Default value of the float configuration parameter.		
				atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00083]		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime		
max	Limit	01	attr	Max value allowed for the parameter defined.		
				atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00084]		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime		
min	Limit	01	attr	Min value allowed for the parameter defined.		
				atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00084]		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime		

Table D.41: EcucFloatParamDef

Class	EcucIntegerParamDef						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::ECUCParameterDefTemplate					
Note	Configuration parameter	type for Int	teger.				
Base	ARObject, AtpDefinition, Identifiable, Multilanguage			utes, EcucDefinitionElement, EcucParameterDef, able			
Aggregated by	EcucDestinationUriPolicy	y.paramete	r, EcucPa	ramConfContainerDef.parameter			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
defaultValue	UnlimitedInteger	01	attr	Default value of the integer configuration parameter.			
				atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00083]			
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime			
max	UnlimitedInteger	01	attr	Max value allowed for the parameter defined.			
				atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00084]			
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime			
min	UnlimitedInteger	01	attr	Min value allowed for the parameter defined.			
				atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00084]			
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime			

Table D.42: EcucIntegerParamDef



Class	EcucModuleDef					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::ECUCParameterDefTemplate					
Note	Used as the top-level element for configuration definition for Software Modules, including BSW and RTE as well as ECU Infrastructure.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=E	cucModul	eDefs		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, A DefinitionElement, Identii	tpBlueprir fiable, Mult	nt, AtpBlue tilanguage	eprintable, AtpDefinition, CollectableElement, Ecuc eReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
apiServicePrefix	Cldentifier	01	attr	For modules where several instances of the VSMD can be defined the apiServicePrefix defines the API namespace of the derived instances, e.g. Cdd, Xfrm (ComXf, SomelpXf, E2EXf).		
container	EcucContainerDef	*	aggr	Aggregates the top-level container definitions of this specific module definition.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=container.shortName xml.sequenceOffset=11		
postBuildVariant Support	Boolean	01	attr	Indicates if a module supports different post-build variants (previously known as post-build selectable configuration sets). TRUE means yes, FALSE means no.		
refinedModule Def	EcucModuleDef	01	ref	Optional reference from the Vendor Specific Module Definition to the Standardized Module Definition it refines. In case this EcucModuleDef has the category STANDARDIZED_MODULE_DEFINITION this reference shall not be provided. In case this EcucModuleDef has the category VENDOR_SPECIFIC_MODULE_DEFINITION this reference is mandatory.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef		
supported ConfigVariant	EcucConfiguration VariantEnum	*	attr	Specifies which ConfigurationVariants are supported by this software module. This attribute is optional if the Ecuc ModuleDef has the category STANDARDIZED_ MODULE_DEFINITION. If the category attribute of the EcucModuleDef is set to VENDOR_SPECIFIC_ MODULE_DEFINITION then this attribute is mandatory.		

Table D.43: EcucModuleDef

Class	EcucNumericalParamValue				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:ECUCDe	scriptionT	emplate	
Note	Holding the value which is	subject to	o variant h	nandling.	
Base	ARObject, EcucIndexable	Value, Ec	ucParame	eterValue	
Aggregated by	EcucContainerValue.para	EcucContainerValue.parameterValue			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
value	Numerical	01	attr	Value which is subject to variant handling.	
		atpVariation: [RS_ECUC_00080]			
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime	

Table D.44: EcucNumericalParamValue



Class	EcucParameterDef (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::ECUCParameterDefTemplate				
Note	Abstract class used to de subclasses.	fine the sir	milarities (of all ECU Configuration Parameter types defined as	
Base	ARObject, AtpDefinition, Referrable, Referrable	EcucCom	monAttrib	utes, EcucDefinitionElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage	
Subclasses	EcucAbstractStringParan Def, EcucFloatParamDef			aramDef, EcucBooleanParamDef, EcucEnumerationParamDef	
Aggregated by	EcucDestinationUriPolicy	.paramete	r, EcucPa	ramConfContainerDef.parameter	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
derivation	EcucDerivation Specification	01	aggr	A derivation of a Configuration Parameter value can be specified by an informal Calculation Formula or by a formal language that can be used to specify the computational rules.	
symbolicName Value	Boolean	01	attr	Specifies that this parameter's value is used, together with the aggregating container, to derive a symbolic name definition. See chapter "Representation of Symbolic Names" in Ecuc specification for more details.	
withAuto	Boolean	01	attr	Specifies whether it shall be allowed on the value side to specify this parameter value as "AUTO".	
				If withAuto is "true" it shall be possible to set the "isAuto Value" attribute of the respective parameter to "true". This means that the actual value will not be considered during ECU Configuration but will be (re-)calculated by the code generator and stored in the value attribute afterwards. These implicit updated values might require a re-generation of other modules which reference these values.	
				If withAuto is "false" it shall not be possible to set the "is AutoValue" attribute of the respective parameter to "true".	
				If withAuto is not present the default is "false".	

Table D.45: EcucParameterDef

Class	EcucParameterValue (ab	EcucParameterValue (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:ECUCDe	scription	[emplate	
Note	Common class to all types	of config	uration va	llues.	
Base	ARObject, EcucIndexable	Value			
Subclasses	EcucAddInfoParamValue,	EcucNum	nericalPar	amValue, EcucTextualParamValue	
Aggregated by	EcucContainerValue.para	meterValu	е		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
annotation	Annotation	*	aggr	Possibility to provide additional notes while defining the ECU Configuration Parameter Values. These are not intended as documentation but are mere design notes.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10	
definition	EcucParameterDef	01	ref	Reference to the definition of this EcucParameterValue subclasses in the ECU Configuration Parameter Definition.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=-10	





Class	EcucParameterVa	alue (abstract)		
isAutoValue	Boolean	01	attr	If withAuto is set to "true" for this parameter definition the isAutoValue can be set to "true". If isAutoValue is set to "true" the actual value will not be considered during ECU Configuration but will be (re-)calculated by the code generator and stored in the value attribute afterwards. These implicit updated values might require a re-generation of other modules which reference these values. If isAutoValue is not present the default is "false". Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20

Table D.46: EcucParameterValue

Class	EcucReferenceDef	EcucReferenceDef			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:ECUCPa	rameterD	efTemplate	
Note	Specify references within	the ECU (Configurat	ion Description between parameter containers.	
Base	ARObject, AtpDefinition, EcucAbstractInternalReferenceDef, EcucAbstractReferenceDef, EcucCommon Attributes, EcucDefinitionElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	EcucDestinationUriPolicy.	reference	, EcucPar	amConfContainerDef.reference	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
destination	EcucContainerDef 01 ref Exactly one reference to a parameter container is allowed as destination.				
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef	

Table D.47: EcucReferenceDef

Class	EcucTextualParamValue			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::ECUCDescriptionTemplate		
Note	Holding a value which is n	Holding a value which is not subject to variation.		
Base	ARObject, EcucIndexableValue, EcucParameterValue			
Aggregated by	EcucContainerValue.parameterValue			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
value	VerbatimString	01	attr	Value of the parameter, not subject to variant handling.

Table D.48: EcucTextualParamValue

Class	EcucUriReferenceDef					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::ECUCParameterDefTemplate				
Note	possible to define a referer	Definition of reference with a destination that is specified via a destinationUri. With such a reference it is possible to define a reference to a EcucContainerDef in a different module independent from the concrete definition of the target container.				
Base		ARObject, AtpDefinition, EcucAbstractInternalReferenceDef, EcucAbstractReferenceDef, EcucCommon Attributes, EcucDefinitionElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	EcucDestinationUriPolicy.reference, EcucParamConfContainerDef.reference					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		





Class	EcucUriReferenceDef			
destinationUri	EcucDestinationUriDef	01	ref	Any EcucContainerDef with a destinationUri that is identical to the destinationUri that is referenced here defines a valid target.
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef

Table D.49: EcucUriReferenceDef

Class	FlatMap				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::FlatMap				
Note	Contains a flat list of references to software objects. This list is used to identify instances and to resolve name conflicts. The scope is given by the RootSwCompositionPrototype for which it is used, i.e. it can be applied to a system, system extract or ECU-extract.				
	An instance of FlatMap may also be used in a preliminary context, e.g. in the scope of a software component before integration into a system. In this case it is not referred by a RootSwComposition Prototype.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=F	latMaps		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
instance	FlatInstanceDescriptor	1*	aggr	A descriptor instance aggregated in the flat map.	
				The variation point accounts for the fact, that the system in scope can be subject to variability, and thus the existence of some instances is variable.	
				The aggregation has been made splitable because the content might be contributed by different stakeholders at different times in the workflow. Plus, the overall size might be so big that eventually it becomes more manageable if it is distributed over several files.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=instance.shortName, instance.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild	

Table D.50: FlatMap

Class	Identifiable (abstract)
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Identifiable
Note	Instances of this class can be referred to by their identifier (within the namespace borders). In addition to this, Identifiables are objects which contribute significantly to the overall structure of an AUTOSAR description. In particular, Identifiables might contain Identifiables.
Base	ARObject, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable





Class	Identifiable (abstract)			
Subclasses	ARPackage, AbstractDol AbstractSecurityEventFill ProxyToEcuTaskProxyMa Mapping, AsynchronousS Feature, AutosarOperatic Object, BinaryManifestIte BlockState, BswInternalT Environment, CanTpAdd Definition, ClientServerO ConnectorPort, Commun ConsumedEventGroup, G SoftwareClusterResource SoftwareClusterToResour DependencyOnArtifact, L Element, DiagnosticDebot Element, DiagnosticDebot Element, DiagnosticRout Interface, DolpLogicAddr EcuPartition, EcucContai LiteralDef, EcucQuery, E Config, EventHandler, Ex Assertion, FMFeatureMa FMFeatureSelection, Flat Node, FlexrayTpPduPool GlobalTimeSlave, HeapL IPv6ExtHeaderFilterList, J1939SharedAddressClu Linker, MacMulticastGroundoeDeclarationMapping, Descriptor, Packageable, PduTriggering, PerInstan PortGroup, PortInterface, Prototype, RptComponer Context, RptProfile, RptS TaskProxyMapping, RteE RunnableEntityGroup, Sc CommunicationFreshnes ServiceTranslationEleme SocketAddress, SomeipT StructuredReq, SwGenet PartitionMapping, SwcTo Mapping, TDCpSoftware Accuracy, TimingConditic ModeInstance, TIsCrypto	ter, Abstra apping, App ServerCallf onArgumer emDefinitio press, CanT peration, Co cicationCor CouplingPo e To Applica rceMappin ounceAlgor cucValidati cclusiveAre pCondition tlinstanceD	ctSecurity ctSecurity colicationEn ResultPoir titInstance in, Binaryl coint, BswM Tochanne To	s, AbstractEvent, AbstractImplementationDataTypeElementIdsmInstanceFilter, AbstractServiceInstance, AppOsTask indpoint, ApplicationError, ApplicationPartitionToEcuPartitiont, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, Atp, AutosarVariableInstance, BinaryManifestAddressable ManifestResource, BinaryManifestResourceDefinition, ModuleDependency, BuildActionEntity, BuildAction I, CanTpNode, Chapter, ClassContentConditional, ClientId ectableElement, ComManagementMapping, CommonmunicationController, Compiler, ConsistencyNeeds, IngPortStructuralElement, CpSoftwareClusterResource, CponMapping, CpSoftwareClusterToEcuInstanceMapping, CpServiceMapping, DataPrototypeGroup, DataTransformationAlgorithm, DiagnosticConnectedIndicator, DiagnosticDatas, DiagnosticFunctionInhibitSource, DiagnosticParameter application, DitArgument, DitLogChannel, DitMessage, Dolptivation, ECUMapping, EOCExecutableEntityRefAbstract, InitionElement, EcucDestinationUriDef, EcucEnumeration on, EndToEndProtection, EthernetWakeupSleepOnDatalineableEntity, ExecutionTime, FMAttributeDef, FMFeatureMapureMapElement, FMFeatureRelation, FMFeatureRestriction FlexrayArTpNode, FlexrayTpConnectionControl, FlexrayTpGeneralParameter, GlobalTimeGateway, GlobalTimeMaster of, HwAttributeLiteralDef, HwPin, HwPinGroup, IPSecRule, Ing, ISignalTriggering, IdentCaption, InternalTriggeringPoint Keyword, LifeCycleState, LinScheduleTable, LinTpNode, Cipant, McDataInstance, MemorySection, ModeDeclaration NetworkEndpoint, NmCluster, NmEcu, NmNode, NvBlock Access, PduActivationRoutingGroup, PduToFrameMapping rorReaction, ResourceConsumption, RootSwComposition ExecutableEntity, RptExecutableEntityEvent, RptExecutionInfloompositionSeparation, RteEventInCompositionToOs ation, RteEventInSystemToOsTaskProxyMapping, s, SecureCommunicationAuthenticationProps, Secure IntContextProps, ServerCallPoint, ServiceNeeds, Signal iceTranslationEventProps, SignalServiceTranslationProps, mentReference, StackUsage, StaticSocketConnection, ImplMapping, SystemMapping, TDCpSoftwareCluster Deponden
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
adminData	AdminData	01	aggr	This represents the administrative data for the identifiable object.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=adminData xml.sequenceOffset=-40
annotation	Annotation	*	aggr	Possibility to provide additional notes while defining a





Class	Identifiable (abstract)			
category	CategoryString	01	attr	The category is a keyword that specializes the semantics of the Identifiable. It affects the expected existence of attributes and the applicability of constraints.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=-50
desc	MultiLanguageOverview Paragraph	01	aggr	This represents a general but brief (one paragraph) description what the object in question is about. It is only one paragraph! Desc is intended to be collected into overview tables. This property helps a human reader to identify the object in question.
				More elaborate documentation, (in particular how the object is built or used) should go to "introduction".
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=-60
introduction	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This represents more information about how the object in question is built or is used. Therefore it is a DocumentationBlock.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=-30
uuid	String	01	attr	The purpose of this attribute is to provide a globally unique identifier for an instance of a meta-class. The values of this attribute should be globally unique strings prefixed by the type of identifier. For example, to include DCE UUID as defined by The Open Group, the UUID would be preceded by "DCE:". The values of this attribut may be used to support merging of different AUTOSAR models. The form of the UUID (Universally Unique Identifier) is taken from a standard defined by the Open Group (was Open Software Foundation). This standard i widely used, including by Microsoft for COM (GUIDs) and by many companies for DCE, which is based on CORBA The method for generating these 128-bit IDs is published in the standard and the effectiveness and uniqueness of the IDs is not in practice disputed. If the id namespace is omitted, DCE is assumed. An example is "DCE:2fac1234-31f8-11b4-a222-08002b34c003". The uuid attribute has no semantic meaning for an AUTOSAR model and there is no requirement for AUTOSAR tools to manage the timestamp.
				Tags:xml.attribute=true
				iago:xim.attibuto-tido

Table D.51: Identifiable

Class	ImplementationDataType					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Common	Structure	::ImplementationDataTypes		
Note	Describes a reusable data type on the implementation level. This will typically correspond to a typedef in C-code.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ImplementationDataTypes					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractImplementationDataType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
dynamicArray SizeProfile	String	01	attr	Specifies the profile which the array will follow in case this data type is a variable size array.		





Class	ImplementationDataTyp	ре		
isStructWith Optional	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute is only valid if the attribute category is set to STRUCTURE.
Element				If set to true, this attribute indicates that the ImplementationDataType has been created with the intention to define at least one element of the structure as optional.
subElement (ordered)	ImplementationData TypeElement	*	aggr	Specifies an element of an array, struct, or union data type.
				The aggregation of ImplementionDataTypeElement is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of elements inside a Implementation DataType representing a structure.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=subElement.shortName, sub Element.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
symbolProps	SymbolProps	01	aggr	This represents the SymbolProps for the Implementation DataType.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=symbolProps.shortName
typeEmitter	NameToken	01	attr	This attribute is used to control which part of the AUTOSAR toolchain is supposed to trigger data type definitions.

Table D.52: ImplementationDataType

Class	LifeCycleInfo						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::LifeCycles					
Note	LifeCycleInfo describes to use instead	he life cycl	e state of	an element together with additional information like what to			
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	LifeCycleInfoSet.lifeCycle	elnfo					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
IcObject	Referrable	1	ref	Element(s) have the life cycle as described in lcState.			
IcState	LifeCycleState	01	ref	This denotes the particular state assigned to the object. If no lcState is given then the default life cycle state of Life CycleInfoSet is assumed.			
periodBegin	LifeCyclePeriod	01	aggr	Starting point of period in which the element has the denoted life cycle state lcState. If no periodBegin is given then the default period begin of LifeCycleInfoSet is assumed.			
periodEnd	LifeCyclePeriod	01	aggr	Expiry date, i.e. end point of period the element does not have the denoted life cycle state lcState any more. If no periodEnd is given then the default period begin of Life CycleInfoSet is assumed.			
remark	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	Remark describing for example • why the element was given the specified life cycle			
				the semantics of useInstead			



Class	LifeCycleInfo			
useInstead	Referrable	*	ref	Element(s) that should be used instead of the one denoted in referrable.
				Only relevant in case of life cycle states IcState unlike "valid". In case there are multiple references the exact semantics shall be individually described in the remark.

Table D.53: LifeCycleInfo

Class	LifeCycleInfoSet						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::LifeCycles						
Note	This meta class represent	s the abili	ty to attac	ch a life cycle information to a particular set of elements.			
	The information can be de	efined for a	a particula	ar period. This supports the definition of transition plans.			
	If no period is specified, th	ne life cycl	e state ap	oplies forever.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=Li	ifeCycleIn	foSets			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
defaultLcState	LifeCycleState	1	ref	This denotes the default life cycle state. To be used in all LifeCycleInfo elements within the LifeCycleInfoSet if no life cycle state is stated there explicitly. I.e. the defaultLc State can be overwritten in LifeCycleInfo elements.			
defaultPeriod Begin	LifeCyclePeriod	01	aggr	Default starting point of period in which all the specified lifeCycleInfo apply. Note that the default period can be overridden for each lifeCycleInfo individually.			
defaultPeriod End	LifeCyclePeriod	01	aggr	Default expiry date, i.e. default end point of period for which all specified lifeCycleInfo apply. Note that the default period can be overridden for each lifeCycleInfo individually.			
lifeCycleInfo	LifeCycleInfo	*	aggr	This represents one particular life cycle information.			
usedLifeCycle StateDefinition Group	LifeCycleStateDefinition Group	1	ref	This denotes the life cycle states applicable to the current life cycle info set.			

Table D.54: LifeCycleInfoSet

Class	LifeCycleState				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::LifeCycles				
Note	This meta class represents one particular state in the LifeCycle.				
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprint, A	ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	LifeCycleStateDefinitionG	roup.lcSta	ate		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	_	_	_	_	

Table D.55: LifeCycleState



Class	LifeCycleStateDefinitionGroup				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	LifeCycles	
Note	This meta class represent	s the abili	ty to defin	e the states and properties of one particular life cycle.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=Li	ifeCycleSt	tateDefintionGroups	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
IcState	LifeCycleState	*	aggr	Describes a single life cycle state of this life cycle state definition group.	

Table D.56: LifeCycleStateDefinitionGroup

Primitive	Limit	Limit					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes			
Note	This class represents the ability to express a numerical limit. Note that this is in fact a NumericalVariation Point but has the additional attribute intervalType.						
	Tags: xml.xsd.customType=LIMIT-VALUE xml.xsd.pattern=(0[xX][0-9a-fA-F]+) (0[0-7]+) (0[bB][0-1]+) (([+\-]?[1-9] [0-9]+(\.[0-9]+)? [+\-]?[0-9](\.[0-9]+)?)([eE]([+\-]?)[0-9]+)?) \.0 INF -INF NaN xml.xsd.type=string						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
intervalType	IntervalTypeEnum	01	attr	This specifies the type of the interval. If the attribute is missing the interval shall be considered as "CLOSED".			
				Tags:xml.attribute=true			

Table D.57: Limit

Class	ModeDeclarationGroup						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ModeDeclaration					
Note	A collection of Mode Decl	arations. A	Also, the i	nitial mode is explicitly identified.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPage	ackage=M	lodeDecla	arationGroups			
Base				eprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, geableElement, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
initialMode	ModeDeclaration	01	ref	The initial mode of the ModeDeclarationGroup. This mode is active before any mode switches occurred.			
mode Declaration	ModeDeclaration	*	aggr	The ModeDeclarations collected in this ModeDeclaration Group.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=modeDeclaration.shortName, mode Declaration.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime			
modeManager ErrorBehavior	ModeErrorBehavior	01	aggr	This represents the ability to define the error behavior expected by the mode manager in case of errors on the mode user side (e.g. terminated mode user).			
modeTransition	ModeTransition	*	aggr	This represents the avaliable ModeTransitions of the ModeDeclarationGroup			





Class	ModeDeclarationGroup			
modeUserError Behavior	ModeErrorBehavior	01	aggr	This represents the definition of the error behavior expected by the mode user in case of errors on the mode manager side (e.g. terminated mode manager).
onTransition Value	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The value of this attribute shall be taken into account by the RTE generator for programmatically representing a value used for the transition between two statuses.

Table D.58: ModeDeclarationGroup

Class	MultilanguageReferrable	MultilanguageReferrable (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::Identifiable	
Note	Instances of this class can be referred to by their identifier (while adhering to namespace borders). They also may have a longName. But they are not considered to contribute substantially to the overall structure of an AUTOSAR description. In particular it does not contain other Referrables.				
Base	ARObject, Referrable	ARObject, Referrable			
Subclasses	Caption, DefItem, Docume	Caption, Defltem, DocumentationContext, Identifiable, SdgCaption, TraceReferrable, Traceable			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
IongName	MultilanguageLong Name	01	aggr	This specifies the long name of the object. Long name is targeted to human readers and acts like a headline.	

Table D.59: MultilanguageReferrable

Class	NonqueuedReceiverComSpec					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Communication					
Note	Communication attributes	specific to	non-que	eued receiving.		
Base	ARObject, RPortComSpe	c, Receive	erComSp	ec		
Aggregated by	AbstractRequiredPortProt	<i>totype</i> .reqi	uiredCom	Spec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.requiredComSpec		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
aliveTimeout	TimeValue	01	attr	Specify the amount of time (in seconds) after which the software component (via the RTE) needs to be notified if the corresponding data item have not been received according to the specified timing description.		
				If the aliveTimeout attribute is 0 no timeout monitoring shall be performed.		
enableUpdate	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute controls whether application code is entitled to check whether the value of the corresponding Variable DataPrototype has been updated.		
filter	DataFilter	01	aggr	The applicable filter algorithm for filtering the value of the corresponding dataElement.		
handleData Status	Boolean	01	attr	If this attribute is set to true, then the Rte_IStatus API shall exist. If the attribute does not exist or is set to false, then the Rte_IStatus API may still exist in response to the existence of further conditions.		



Class	NonqueuedReceiverCo	mSpec		
handleNever Received	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute specifies whether for the corresponding VariableDataPrototype the "never received" flag is available. If yes, the RTE is supposed to assume that initially the VariableDataPrototype has not been received before. After the first reception of the corresponding VariableDataPrototype the flag is cleared.
				If the value of this attribute is set to "true" the flag is required.
				 If set to "false", the RTE shall not support the "never received" functionality for the corresponding VariableDataPrototype.
handleTimeout Type	HandleTimeoutEnum	01	attr	This attribute controls the behavior with respect to the handling of timeouts.
initValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Initial value to be used in case the sending component is not yet initialized. If the sender also specifies an initial value, then the receiver's value will be used.
timeout Substitution Value	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	This attribute represents the substitution value applicable in the case of a timeout.

Table D.60: NonqueuedReceiverComSpec

Class	NonqueuedSenderComSpec			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTer	nplate::Communication
Note	Communication attributes	for non-q	ueued ser	nder/receiver communication (sender side)
Base	ARObject, PPortComSpe	c, Sender	ComSpec	
Aggregated by	AbstractProvidedPortPrototype.providedComSpec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.providedComSpec			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
dataFilter	DataFilter	01	aggr	The applicable filter algorithm for filtering the value of the corresponding dataElement.
initValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Initial value to be sent if sender component is not yet fully initialized, but receiver needs data already.

Table D.61: NonqueuedSenderComSpec

Class	PPortComSpec (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTer	nplate::Communication	
Note	Communication attributes of a provided PortPrototype. This class will contain attributes that are valid for all kinds of provide ports, independent of client-server or sender-receiver communication patterns.				
Base	ARObject				
Subclasses	ModeSwitchSenderComSpec, NvProvideComSpec, ParameterProvideComSpec, SenderComSpec, ServerComSpec				
Aggregated by	AbstractProvidedPortPrototype.providedComSpec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.providedComSpec				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	_	-	

Table D.62: PPortComSpec



Class	PPortPrototype				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTer	nplate::Components	
Note	Component port providing a certain port interface.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractProvidedPortPrototype, AtpBlueprintable, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PortPrototype, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, SwComponentType.port				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
provided	PortInterface	01 tref The interface that this port provides.			
Interface				Stereotypes: isOfType	

Table D.63: PPortPrototype

Class	PRPortPrototype				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	s::SWCom _l	ponentTer	mplate::Components	
Note	This kind of PortPrototy	e can take	the role o	f both a required and a provided PortPrototype.	
Base	ARObject, AbstractProvidedPortPrototype, AbstractRequiredPortPrototype, AtpBlueprintable, Atp Feature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PortPrototype, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature	, SwComp	onentType	p.port	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
provided Required	PortInterface	01 tref This represents the PortInterface used to type the PF Prototype			
Interface				Stereotypes: isOfType	

Table D.64: PRPortPrototype

Class	PackageableElement (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ARPackage			
Note	This meta-class specifies	This meta-class specifies the ability to be a member of an AUTOSAR package.			
Base	ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	ARElement, EnumerationMappingTable, FibexElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	_	-	_	_	

Table D.65: PackageableElement

Class	PortDefinedArgumentValue				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTer	nplate::SwcInternalBehavior::PortAPIOptions	
Note	A PortDefinedArgumentValue is passed to a RunnableEntity dealing with the ClientServerOperations provided by a given PortPrototype. Note that this is restricted to PPortPrototypes of a ClientServer Interface.				
Base	ARObject	ARObject			
Aggregated by	PortAPIOption.portArgVal	PortAPIOption.portArgValue			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
value	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Specifies the actual value.	





Class	PortDefinedArgumentValue			
valueType	ImplementationData Type	01	tref	The implementation type of this argument value. It should not be composite type or a pointer.
				Stereotypes: isOfType

Table D.66: PortDefinedArgumentValue

Class	PortInterface (abstract)	PortInterface (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface					
Note	Abstract base class for ar	ninterface	that is eit	her provided or required by a port of a software component.			
Base				eprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, geableElement, Referrable			
Subclasses	ClientServerInterface, Da	taInterface	e, ModeSv	witchInterface, TriggerInterface			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
isService	Boolean	01	attr	This flag is set if the PortInterface is to be used for communication between an			
				ApplicationSwComponentType or			
				ServiceProxySwComponentType or			
				SensorActuatorSwComponentType or			
				 ComplexDeviceDriverSwComponentType 			
				 ServiceSwComponentType 			
				 EcuAbstractionSwComponentType 			
				and a ServiceSwComponentType (namely an AUTOSAR Service) located on the same ECU. Otherwise the flag is not set.			
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime			
serviceKind	ServiceProviderEnum	01	attr	This attribute provides further details about the nature of the applied service.			

Table D.67: PortInterface

Class	PortInterfaceMapping (a	PortInterfaceMapping (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWCom	onentTer	nplate::PortInterface		
Note	Specifies one PortInterfaceMapping to support the connection of Ports typed by two different Port Interfaces with PortInterface elements having unequal names and/or unequal semantic (resolution or range).					
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprint, A	ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	ClientServerInterfaceMapping, ModeInterfaceMapping, TriggerInterfaceMapping, VariableAndParameter InterfaceMapping					
Aggregated by	PortInterfaceMappingSet.portInterfaceMapping					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
_	_	_	_	-		

Table D.68: PortInterfaceMapping



Class	PortInterfaceMappingSet				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SWComp	onentTer	nplate::PortInterface	
Note	Specifies a set of (one or	more) Por	tInterface	Mappings.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedF	ackage=P	ortInterfac	ceMappingSets	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
portInterface Mapping	PortInterfaceMapping	*	aggr	Specifies one PortInterfaceMapping to support the connection of Ports typed by two different PortInterfaces with PortInterface elements having unequal names and/or unequal semantic (resolution or range).	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=portInterfaceMapping.shortName, port InterfaceMapping.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime	

Table D.69: PortInterfaceMappingSet

Class	PortPrototype (abstract)	PortPrototype (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components							
Note	Base class for the ports o	Base class for the ports of an AUTOSAR software component.						
	The aggregation of PortPlexistence of ports.	rototypes i	s subject	to variability with the purpose to support the conditional				
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprintal	ole, AtpFe	ature, Atp	Prototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	AbstractProvidedPortProt	otype, Ab	stractReq	uiredPortPrototype				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	SwCompo	onentType	e.port				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
clientServer Annotation	ClientServerAnnotation	*	aggr	Annotation of this PortPrototype with respect to client/ server communication.				
delegatedPort Annotation	DelegatedPort Annotation	01	aggr	Annotations on this delegated port.				
ioHwAbstraction Server Annotation	IoHwAbstractionServer Annotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this IO Hardware Abstraction port.				
modePort Annotation	ModePortAnnotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this mode port.				
nvDataPort Annotation	NvDataPortAnnotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this non voilatile data port.				
parameterPort Annotation	ParameterPort Annotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this parameter port.				
senderReceiver Annotation	SenderReceiver Annotation	*	aggr	Collection of annotations of this ports sender/receiver communication.				
triggerPort Annotation	TriggerPortAnnotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this trigger port.				

Table D.70: PortPrototype



Class	RPortComSpec (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWCom	onentTer	nplate::Communication	
Note	Communication attributes of a required PortPrototype. This class will contain attributes that are valid for all kinds of require-ports, independent of client-server or sender-receiver communication patterns.				
Base	ARObject				
Subclasses	ClientComSpec, ModeSwi ReceiverComSpec	ClientComSpec, ModeSwitchReceiverComSpec, NvRequireComSpec, ParameterRequireComSpec, ReceiverComSpec			
Aggregated by	AbstractRequiredPortProt	AbstractRequiredPortPrototype.requiredComSpec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.requiredComSpec			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	_	_	_	-	

Table D.71: RPortComSpec

Class	RPortPrototype			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTer	nplate::Components
Note	Component port requiring	a certain	port interf	face.
Base	ARObject, AbstractRequiredPortPrototype, AtpBlueprintable, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PortPrototype, Referrable			
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, SwComponentType.port			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
mayBe Unconnected	Boolean	01	attr	If set to true, this attribute indicates that the enclosing RPortPrototype may be left unconnected and that this aspect has explicitly been considered in the software-component's design.
required Interface	PortInterface	01	tref	The interface that this port requires. Stereotypes: isOfType

Table D.72: RPortPrototype

Class	Referrable (abstract)	Referrable (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::Identifiable			
Note	Instances of this class car	be referr	ed to by th	neir identifier (while adhering to namespace borders).			
Base	ARObject						
Subclasses	AtpDefinition, BswDistinguishedPartition, BswModuleCallPoint, BswModuleClientServerEntry, Bsw VariableAccess, CouplingPortTrafficClassAssignment, DiagnosticEnvModeElement, EthernetPriority Regeneration, ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder, HwDescriptionEntity, ImplementationProps, LinSlaveConfig Ident, ModeTransition, MultilanguageReferrable, PncMappingIdent, SingleLanguageReferrable, SoConl Pduldentifier, SocketConnectionBundle, TimeSyncServerConfiguration, TpConnectionIdent						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
shortName	Identifier	1	attr	This specifies an identifying shortName for the object. It needs to be unique within its context and is intended for humans but even more for technical reference.			
				Stereotypes: atpldentityContributor Tags: xml.enforceMinMultiplicity=true xml.sequenceOffset=-100			
shortName Fragment	ShortNameFragment	*	aggr	This specifies how the Referrable.shortName is composed of several shortNameFragments.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=-90			

Table D.73: Referrable



Class	RunnableEntity						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::SWComp	oonentTer	mplate::SwcInternalBehavior			
Note	A RunnableEntity represents the smallest code-fragment that is provided by an AtomicSwComponent Type and are executed under control of the RTE. RunnableEntities are for instance set up to respond to data reception or operation invocation on a server.						
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, ExecutableEntity, Identifiable, Multilanguag Referrable, Referrable						
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	SwcIntern	nalBehavi	or.runnable			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
argument (ordered)	RunnableEntity Argument	*	aggr	This represents the formal definition of a an argument to a RunnableEntity.			
asynchronous ServerCall	AsynchronousServer CallResultPoint	*	aggr	The server call result point admits a runnable to fetch the result of an asynchronous server call.			
ResultPoint				The aggregation of AsynchronousServerCallResultPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of client server PortPrototypes and the variant existence of server call result points in the implementation.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=asynchronousServerCallResultPoint.short Name, asynchronousServerCallResultPoint.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
canBelnvoked Concurrently	Boolean	01	attr	If the value of this attribute is set to "true" the enclosing RunnableEntity can be invoked concurrently (even for one instance of the corresponding AtomicSwComponent Type). This implies that it is the responsibility of the implementation of the RunnableEntity to take care of this form of concurrency.			
dataRead Access	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has implicit read access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype.			
				The aggregation of dataReadAccess is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver ports or the variant existence of dataReadAccess in the implementation.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dataReadAccess.shortName, dataRead Access.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
dataReceive PointBy Argument	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has explicit read access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The result is passed back to the application by means of an argument in the function signature.			
				The aggregation of dataReceivePointByArgument is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver PortPrototype or the variant existence of data receive points in the implementation.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dataReceivePointByArgument.shortName, dataReceivePointByArgument.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			





Class	RunnableEntity			
dataReceive PointByValue	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has explicit read access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype. The result is passed back to the application by means of the return value. The aggregation of dataReceivePointBy
				Value is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver ports or the variant existence of data receive points in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dataReceivePointByValue.shortName, data ReceivePointByValue.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
dataSendPoint	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has explicit write access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype.
				The aggregation of dataSendPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver PortPrototype or the variant existence of data send points in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dataSendPoint.shortName, dataSend Point.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
dataWrite Access	VariableAccess	*	aggr	RunnableEntity has implicit write access to dataElement of a sender-receiver PortPrototype or nv data of a nv data PortPrototype.
				The aggregation of dataWriteAccess is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of sender receiver ports or the variant existence of dataWriteAccess in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dataWriteAccess.shortName, dataWrite Access.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
external TriggeringPoint	ExternalTriggeringPoint	*	aggr	The aggregation of ExternalTriggeringPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of trigger ports or the variant existence of external triggering points in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=externalTriggeringPoint.ident.shortName, externalTriggeringPoint.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
internal TriggeringPoint	InternalTriggeringPoint	*	aggr	The aggregation of InternalTriggeringPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the variant existence of internal triggering points in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=internalTriggeringPoint.shortName, internal TriggeringPoint.variationPoint.shortLabel





	T		\triangle	
Class	RunnableEntity	_		
modeAccess Point	ModeAccessPoint	*	aggr	The runnable has a mode access point. The aggregation of ModeAccessPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of mode ports or the variant existence of mode access points in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=modeAccessPoint.ident.shortName, mode AccessPoint.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
modeSwitch Point	ModeSwitchPoint	*	aggr	The runnable has a mode switch point. The aggregation of ModeSwitchPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of mode ports or the variant existence of mode switch points in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=modeSwitchPoint.shortName, modeSwitch Point.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
parameter Access	ParameterAccess	*	aggr	The presence of a ParameterAccess implies that a RunnableEntity needs read only access to a Parameter DataPrototype which may either be local or within a Port Prototype.
				The aggregation of ParameterAccess is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of parameter ports and component local parameters as well as the variant existence of Parameter Access (points) in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=parameterAccess.shortName, parameter Access.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
readLocal Variable	VariableAccess	*	aggr	The presence of a readLocalVariable implies that a RunnableEntity needs read access to a VariableData Prototype in the role of implicitInterRunnableVariable or explicitInterRunnableVariable.
				The aggregation of readLocalVariable is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of implicitInterRunnableVariable and explicit InterRunnableVariable or the variant existence of read LocalVariable (points) in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=readLocalVariable.shortName, readLocal Variable.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
serverCallPoint	ServerCallPoint	*	aggr	The RunnableEntity has a ServerCallPoint. The aggregation of ServerCallPoint is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of client server PortPrototypes or the variant existence of server call points in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=serverCallPoint.shortName, serverCall Point.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime





Class	RunnableEntity			
symbol	Cldentifier	01	attr	The symbol describing this RunnableEntity's entry point. This is considered the API of the RunnableEntity and is required during the RTE contract phase.
waitPoint	WaitPoint	*	aggr	The WaitPoint associated with the RunnableEntity.
writtenLocal VariableAccess * aggr Variable	aggr	The presence of a writtenLocalVariable implies that a RunnableEntity needs write access to a VariableData Prototype in the role of implicitInterRunnableVariable or explicitInterRunnableVariable.		
				The aggregation of writtenLocalVariable is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of implicitInterRunnableVariable and explicit InterRunnableVariable or the variant existence of written LocalVariable (points) in the implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=writtenLocalVariable.shortName, written LocalVariable.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table D.74: RunnableEntity

Class	RunnableEntityGroup				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::ImplicitCommunicationBehavior				
Note	This meta-class represent nested.	ts the abili	ty to defir	ne a collection of RunnableEntities. The collection can be	
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, ARObject, ARObject, AtpClassifier, ARObject, ARObject, AtpClassifier, ARObject, A	AtpFeatur	e, AtpStru	ıctureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,	
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, ConsistencyNeeds.regDoesNotRequireStability, ConsistencyNeeds.reg RequiresStability				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
runnableEntity	RunnableEntity	*	iref	This represents a collection of RunnableEntitys that belong to the enclosing RunnableEntityGroup.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=runnableEntity.contextSwComponent Prototype, runnableEntity.targetRunnableEntity, runnable Entity.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime InstanceRef implemented by:RunnableEntityIn CompositionInstanceRef	
runnableEntity Group	RunnableEntityGroup	*	iref	This represents the ability to define nested groups of RunnableEntitys.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=runnableEntityGroup.contextSwComponent Prototype, runnableEntityGroup.targetRunnableEntity Group, runnableEntityGroup.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime InstanceRef implemented by:InnerRunnableEntity GroupInCompositionInstanceRef	

Table D.75: RunnableEntityGroup



Class	SdgClass					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::SpecialDataDef					
Note	An SdgClass specifies the name and structure of the SDG that may be used to store proprietary data in an AUTOSAR model.					
	The SdgClass is similar to an UML stereotype.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, I	Aultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable, SdgElementWithGid		
Aggregated by	SdgDef.sdgClass					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
attribute	SdgAttribute	*	aggr	Defintion of the structure of the Sdg		
(ordered)				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30		
caption	Boolean	01	attr	Specifies if a caption is required. Note: only Sdgs that have a caption can be referenced		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20		
extendsMeta Class	MetaClassName	01	attr	The AUTOSAR Meta-Class that may be extended by this SdgClass.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10		
sdgConstraint	TraceableText	*	ref	Semantic constraints that restrict the structure of the special data group.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40		

Table D.76: SdgClass

Class	SdgDef	SdgDef			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::SpecialDataDef	
Note	A SdgDef groups several	SdgClass	es which l	pelong to the same extension.	
	The concept of an SdgDe	The concept of an SdgDef is similiar to an UML Profile.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=SdgDefs				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
sdgClass	SdgClass	*	aggr	The owned sdgClasses which define the structure of the Sdgs	
				Tags:xml.namePlural=SDG-CLASSES	

Table D.77: SdgDef

Primitive	SectionInitializationPolicyType					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes					
Note	SectionInitializationPolicyType describes the intended initialization of MemorySections. The following values are standardized in AUTOSAR Methodology:					
	INIT: To be used for (explicitly or not explicitly) initialized variables.					
	CLEARED: To be used for not explicitly initialized variables.					
	 POWER-ON-CLEARED: To be used for variables that are not explicitly initialized (cleared) during normal start-up. Instead these are cleared only after power on reset. 					
	Please note that the values are defined similar to the representation of enumeration types in the XML schema to ensure backward compatibility.					
	Tags: xml.xsd.customType=SECTION-INITIALIZATION-POLICY-TYPE xml.xsd.type=NMTOKEN					

Table D.78: SectionInitializationPolicyType



Class	SenderReceiverInterfac	е		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SWCom	onentTer	mplate::PortInterface
Note	A sender/receiver interfac	e declares	s a numbe	er of data elements to be sent and received.
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=P	ortInterfac	ces
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DataInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
dataElement	VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	The data elements of this SenderReceiverInterface.
invalidation Policy	InvalidationPolicy	*	aggr	InvalidationPolicy for a particular dataElement
metaDataItem Set	MetaDataItemSet	*	aggr	This aggregation defines fixed sets of meta-data items associated with dataElements of the enclosing Sender ReceiverInterface

Table D.79: SenderReceiverInterface

Class	SwAddrMethod						
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::AuxillaryObjects						
Note	Used to assign a commor These objects could actual			d, e.g. common memory section, to data or code objects. nodules or components.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=S	wAddrMe	thods			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, A Referrable, Packageable			eprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
memory Allocation KeywordPolicy	MemoryAllocation KeywordPolicyType	01	attr	Enumeration to specify the name pattern of the Memory Allocation Keyword.			
option	Identifier	*	attr	This attribute introduces the ability to specify further intended properties of the MemorySection in with the related objects shall be placed.			
				These properties are handled as to be selected. The intended options are mentioned in the list.			
				In the Memory Mapping configuration, this option list is used to determine an appropriate MemMapAddressing ModeSet.			
section Initialization Policy	SectionInitialization PolicyType	01	attr	Specifies the expected initialization of the variables (inclusive those which are implementing VariableData Prototypes). Therefore this is an implementation constraint for initialization code of BSW modules (especially RTE) as well as the start-up code which initializes the memory segment to which the AutosarData Prototypes referring to the SwAddrMethod's are later on mapped.			
				If the attribute is not defined it has the identical semantic as the attribute value "INIT"			
sectionType	MemorySectionType	01	attr	Defines the type of memory sections which can be associated with this addressing method.			

Table D.80: SwAddrMethod



Class	SwBaseType					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Base	eTypes				
Note	This meta-class represent	s a base t	type used	within ECU software.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=BaseTypes					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, BaseType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	-	-		

Table D.81: SwBaseType

Class	SwComponentPrototype				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Composition				
Note	Role of a software compo	Role of a software component within a composition.			
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	Compositi	onSwCor	nponentType.component	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
type	SwComponentType	01	tref	Type of the instance.	
				Stereotypes: isOfType	

Table D.82: SwComponentPrototype

Class	SwComponentType (abstract)							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components							
Note	Base class for AUTOSA	R software	compone	nts.				
Base	1			eprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, geableElement, Referrable				
Subclasses	AtomicSwComponentTy	pe, Compos	sitionSwC	componentType, ParameterSwComponentType				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
consistency Needs	ConsistencyNeeds	*	aggr	This represents the collection of ConsistencyNeeds owned by the enclosing SwComponentType.				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=consistencyNeeds.shortName, consistency Needs.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime				
port	PortPrototype	*	aggr	The PortPrototypes through which this SwComponent Type can communicate.				
				The aggregation of PortPrototype is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of PortPrototypes.				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=port.shortName, port.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime				





Class	SwComponentType (abs	tract)		
portGroup	PortGroup	*	aggr	A port group being part of this component.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=portGroup.shortName, portGroup.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
swcMapping Constraint	SwComponentMapping Constraints	*	ref	Reference to constraints that are valid for this Sw ComponentType.
swComponent Documentation	SwComponent Documentation	01	aggr	This adds a documentation to the SwComponentType. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=swComponentDocumentation, sw ComponentDocumentation.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=-10
unitGroup	UnitGroup	*	ref	This allows for the specification of which UnitGroups are relevant in the context of referencing SwComponentType.

Table D.83: SwComponentType

Class	< <atpvariation>> SwDataDefProps</atpvariation>					
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::DataDefProperties					
Note	This class is a collection of properties relevant for data objects under various aspects. One could consider this class as a "pattern of inheritance by aggregation". The properties can be applied to all objects of all classes in which SwDataDefProps is aggregated.					
	Note that not all of the attributes or associated elements are useful all of the time. Hence, the process definition (e.g. expressed with an OCL or a Document Control Instance MSR-DCI) has the task of implementing limitations.					
	SwDataDefProps covers various aspects:					
	 Structure of the data element for calibration use cases: is it a single value, a curve, or a map, but also the recordLayouts which specify how such elements are mapped/converted to the Data Types in the programming language (or in AUTOSAR). This is mainly expressed by properties like swRecordLayout and swCalprmAxisSet 					
	 Implementation aspects, mainly expressed by swImplPolicy, swVariableAccessImplPolicy, sw AddrMethod, swPointerTagetProps, baseType, implementationDataType and additionalNative TypeQualifier 					
	Access policy for the MCD system, mainly expressed by swCalibrationAccess					
	 Semantics of the data element, mainly expressed by compuMethod and/or unit, dataConstr, invalidValue 					
	Code generation policy provided by swRecordLayout					
	Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	AutosarDataType.swDataDefProps, CompositeNetworkRepresentation.networkRepresentation, Data Prototype.swDataDefProps, DataPrototypeTransformationProps.networkRepresentationProps, DiagnosticDataElement.swDataDefProps, DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition.swDataDefProps, Dlt Argument.networkRepresentation, FlatInstanceDescriptor.swDataDefProps, ImplementationDataType Element.swDataDefProps, InstantiationDataDefProps.swDataDefProps, Isignal.networkRepresentation Props, McDataInstance.resultingProperties, ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw DataDefProps, ReceiverComSpec.networkRepresentation, SenderComSpec.networkRepresentation, SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.networkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDefProps, SwServiceArg.swDataDefProps, SwSystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					



Class	< <atpvariation>> SwData</atpvariation>	DefProps	3	
additionalNative TypeQualifier	NativeDeclarationString	01	attr	This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=235
annotation	Annotation	*	aggr	This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads
			uggi) related to the current data object. Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.roleWrapperElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=20 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false
baseType	SwBaseType	01	ref	Base type associated with the containing data object.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=50
compuMethod	CompuMethod	01	ref	Computation method associated with the semantics of this data object.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=180
dataConstr	DataConstr	01	ref	Data constraint for this data object.
	5, , 5, ,0,,			Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=190
displayFormat	DisplayFormatString	01	attr	This property describes how a number is to be rendered e.g. in documents or in a measurement and calibration system.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=210
display Presentation	DisplayPresentation Enum	01	attr	This attribute controls the presentation of the related data for measurement and calibration tools.
implementation DataType	AbstractImplementation DataType	01	ref	This association denotes the ImplementationDataType of a data declaration via its aggregated SwDataDefProps. It is used whenever a data declaration is not directly referring to a base type. Especially
				 redefinition of an ImplementationDataType via a "typedef" to another ImplementationDatatype
				 the target type of a pointer (see SwPointerTarget Props), if it does not refer to a base type directly
				 the data type of an array or record element within an ImplementationDataType, if it does not refer to a base type directly
				 the data type of an SwServiceArg, if it does not refer to a base type directly
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=215
invalidValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Optional value to express invalidity of the actual data element.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=255
stepSize	Float	01	attr	This attribute can be used to define a value which is added to or subtracted from the value of a DataPrototype when using up/down keys while calibrating.





Class	< <atpvariation>> SwDat</atpvariation>	aDefProps	\$	
swAddrMethod	SwAddrMethod	01	ref	Addressing method related to this data object. Via an association to the same SwAddrMethod it can be specified that several DataPrototypes shall be located in the same memory without already specifying the memory section itself.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30
swAlignment	AlignmentType	01	attr	The attribute describes the intended typical alignment of the DataPrototype. If the attribute is not defined the alignment is determined by the swBaseType size and the memoryAllocationKeywordPolicy of the referenced Sw AddrMethod.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=33
swBit Representation	SwBitRepresentation	01	aggr	Description of the binary representation in case of a bit variable.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=60
swCalibration Access	SwCalibrationAccess Enum	01	attr	Specifies the read or write access by MCD tools for this data object.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=70
swCalprmAxis Set	SwCalprmAxisSet	01	aggr	This specifies the properties of the axes in case of a curve or map etc. This is mainly applicable to calibration parameters.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=90
swComparison	SwVariableRefProxy	*	aggr	Variables used for comparison in an MCD process.
Variable				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=170 xml.typeElement=false
swData Dependency	SwDataDependency	01	aggr	Describes how the value of the data object has to be calculated from the value of another data object (by the MCD system).
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=200
swHostVariable	SwVariableRefProxy	01	aggr	Contains a reference to a variable which serves as a host-variable for a bit variable. Only applicable to bit objects.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=220 xml.typeElement=false
swImplPolicy	SwImplPolicyEnum	01	attr	Implementation policy for this data object.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=230
swIntended Resolution	Numerical	01	attr	The purpose of this element is to describe the requested quantization of data objects early on in the design process.
				The resolution ultimately occurs via the conversion formula present (compuMethod), which specifies the transition from the physical world to the standardized world (and vice-versa) (here, "the slope per bit" is presen implicitly in the conversion formula).
				In the case of a development phase without a fixed conversion formula, a pre-specification can occur through swIntendedResolution.
				The resolution is specified in the physical domain according to the property "unit".
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=240





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Class	< <atpvariation>> SwData</atpvariation>	aDefProps	\$	
swInterpolation Method	Identifier	01	attr	This is a keyword identifying the mathematical method to be applied for interpolation. The keyword needs to be related to the interpolation routine which needs to be invoked.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=250
swlsVirtual	Boolean	01	attr	This element distinguishes virtual objects. Virtual objects do not appear in the memory, their derivation is much more dependent on other objects and hence they shall have a swDataDependency.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=260
swPointerTarget Props	SwPointerTargetProps	01	aggr	Specifies that the containing data object is a pointer to another data object.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=280
swRecord	SwRecordLayout	01	ref	Record layout for this data object.
Layout				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=290
swRefresh Timing	MultidimensionalTime	01	aggr	This element specifies the frequency in which the object involved shall be or is called or calculated. This timing can be collected from the task in which write access processes to the variable run. But this cannot be done by the MCD system.
				So this attribute can be used in an early phase to express the desired refresh timing and later on to specify the real refresh timing.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=300
swTextProps	SwTextProps	01	aggr	the specific properties if the data object is a text object.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=120
swValueBlock	Numerical	01	attr	This represents the size of a Value Block
Size				Stereotypes: atpVariation
				Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=80
swValueBlock SizeMult (ordered)	Numerical	*	attr	This attribute is used to specify the dimensions of a value block (VAL_BLK) for the case that that value block has more than one dimension.
				The dimensions given in this attribute are ordered such that the first entry represents the first dimension, the second entry represents the second dimension, and so on.
				For one-dimensional value blocks the attribute swValue BlockSize shall be used and this attribute shall not exist.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
unit	Unit	01	ref	Physical unit associated with the semantics of this data object. This attribute applies if no compuMethod is specified. If both units (this as well as via compuMethod) are specified the units shall be compatible.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=350
valueAxisData Type	ApplicationPrimitive DataType	01	ref	The referenced ApplicationPrimitiveDataType represents the primitive data type of the value axis within a compound primitive (e.g. curve, map). It supersedes CompuMethod, Unit, and BaseType.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=355

Table D.84: SwDataDefProps



Class	SwServiceArg						
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary::ServiceProcessTask						
Note	Specifies the properties of a data object exchanged during the call of an SwService, e.g. an argument o a return value.						
	The SwServiceArg can also be used in the argument list of a C-macro. For this purpose the category shall be set to "MACRO". A reference to implementationDataType can optional be added if the actual argument has an implementationDataType.						
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	lultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable			
Aggregated by	BswModuleEntry.argume	ent, BswMo	duleEntry	v.returnType			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
direction	ArgumentDirection Enum	01	attr	Specifies the direction of the data transfer. The direction shall indicate the direction of the actual information that is being consumed by the caller and/or the callee, not the direction of formal arguments in C.			
				The attribute is optional for backwards compatibility reasons. For example, if a pointer is used to pass a memory address for the expected result, the direction shall be "out". If a pointer is used to pass a memory address with content to be read by the callee, its direction shall be "in".			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10			
swArraysize	ValueList	01	aggr	This turns the argument of the service to an array.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20			
swDataDef	SwDataDefProps	01	aggr	Data properties of this SwServiceArg.			
Props				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=swDataDefProps xml.sequenceOffset=30			

Table D.85: SwServiceArg

Class	SwTextProps				
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionar	y::DataDef	Properties	8	
Note	This meta-class expresso parameters.	es particula	ar properti	ies applicable to strings in variables or calibration	
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	SwDataDefProps.swTextProps				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
arraySize Semantics	ArraySizeSemantics Enum	01	attr	This attribute controls the semantics of the arraysize for the array representing the string in an Implementation DataType.	
				It is there to support a safe conversion between ApplicationDatatype and ImplementationDatatype, even for variable length strings as required e.g. for Support of SAE J1939.	
baseType	SwBaseType	01	ref	This is the base type of one character in the string. In particular this baseType denotes the intended encoding of the characters in the string on level of ApplicationData Type.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30	





Class	SwTextProps			
swFillCharacter	Integer	01	attr	Filler character for text parameter to pad up to the maximum length swMaxTextSize.
				The value will be interpreted according to the encoding specified in the associated base type of the data object, e.g. 0x30 (hex) represents the ASCII character zero as filler character and 0 (dec) represents an end of string as filler character.
				The usage of the fill character depends on the arraySize Semantics.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40
swMaxTextSize	Integer	01	attr	Specifies the maximum text size in characters. Note the size in bytes depends on the encoding in the corresponding baseType.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=20

Table D.86: SwTextProps

Class	SwcBswMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::Common	Structure	::SwcBswMapping		
Note	Maps an SwcInternalBehavior to an BswInternalBehavior. This is required to coordinate the API generation and the scheduling for AUTOSAR Service Components, ECU Abstraction Components and Complex Driver Components by the RTE and the BSW scheduling mechanisms.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa			11 0		
Base				ature, AtpStructureElement, CollectableElement, geableElement, Referrable		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element, Atpo	Classifier.	atpFeatur	е		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
bswBehavior	BswInternalBehavior	01	ref	The mapped BswInternalBehavior		
runnable	SwcBswRunnable	*	aggr	A mapping between a pair of SWC and BSW runnables.		
Mapping	Mapping			Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=runnableMapping, runnable Mapping.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
swcBehavior	SwcInternalBehavior	01	ref	The mapped SwcInternalBehavior.		
synchronized ModeGroup	SwcBswSynchronized ModeGroupPrototype	*	aggr	A pair of SWC and BSW mode group prototypes to be synchronized by the scheduler.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=synchronizedModeGroup, synchronized ModeGroup.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
synchronized Trigger	SwcBswSynchronized Trigger	*	aggr	A pair of SWC and BSW Triggers to be synchronized by the scheduler.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=synchronizedTrigger, synchronized Trigger.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		

Table D.87: SwcBswMapping



Class	SwcInternalBehavior					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior					
Note	The SwcInternalBehavior of an AtomicSwComponentType describes the relevant aspects of the software-component with respect to the RTE, i.e. the RunnableEntities and the RTEEvents they respond to.					
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, InternalBehavior, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	AtomicSwComponentTyp	e.internalE	Behavior,	AtpClassifier.atpFeature		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
arTypedPer Instance	VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	Defines an AUTOSAR typed memory-block that needs to be available for each instance of the SW-component.		
Memory				This is typically only useful if supportsMultipleInstantiation is set to "true" or if the component defines NVRAM access via permanent blocks.		
				The aggregation of arTypedPerInstanceMemory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software component's implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=arTypedPerInstanceMemory.shortName, ar TypedPerInstanceMemory.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
event	RTEEvent	*	aggr	This is a RTEEvent specified for the particular Swc InternalBehavior.		
				The aggregation of RTEEvent is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of RTE events. Note: the number of RTE events might vary due to the conditional existence of PortPrototypes using Data ReceivedEvents or due to different scheduling needs of algorithms.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=event.shortName, event.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
exclusiveArea Policy	SwcExclusiveArea Policy	*	aggr	Options how to generate the ExclusiveArea related APIs. When no SwcExclusiveAreaPolicy is specified for an ExclusiveArea the default values apply.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=exclusiveAreaPolicy, exclusiveArea Policy.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
explicitInter Runnable Variable	VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	Implement state message semantics for establishing communication among runnables of the same component. The aggregation of explicitInterRunnable Variable is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=explicitInterRunnableVariable.shortName, explicitInterRunnableVariable.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		





Class	SwcInternalBehavior			
handle TerminationAnd Restart	HandleTerminationAnd RestartEnum	01	attr	This attribute controls the behavior with respect to stopping and restarting. The corresponding AtomicSw ComponentType may either not support stop and restart, or support only stop, or support both stop and restart.
implicitInter Runnable Variable	VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	Implement state message semantics for establishing communication among runnables of the same component. The aggregation of implicitInterRunnable Variable is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=implicitInterRunnableVariable.shortName, implicitInterRunnableVariable.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
includedData TypeSet	IncludedDataTypeSet	*	aggr	The includedDataTypeSet is used by a software component for its implementation.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=includedDataTypeSet
includedMode Declaration	IncludedMode DeclarationGroupSet	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the included Mode DeclarationGroups
GroupSet				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=includedModeDeclarationGroupSet
instantiation DataDefProps	InstantiationDataDef Props	*	aggr	The purpose of this is that within the context of a given SwComponentType some data def properties of individual instantiations can be modified. The aggregation of InstantiationDataDefProps is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of Port Prototypes and component local memories like "per InstanceParameter" or "arTypedPerInstanceMemory".
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=instantiationDataDefProps, instantiationData DefProps.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
perInstance Memory	PerInstanceMemory	*	aggr	Defines a per-instance memory object needed by this software component. The aggregation of PerInstance Memory is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=perInstanceMemory.shortName, perInstance Memory.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime





Class	SwcInternalBehavior			
perinstance Parameter	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	Defines parameter(s) or characteristic value(s) that needs to be available for each instance of the software-component. This is typically only useful if supportsMultipleInstantiation is set to "true". The aggregation of perInstanceParameter is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=perInstanceParameter.shortName, per InstanceParameter.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
portAPIOption	PortAPIOption	*	aggr	Options for generating the signature of port-related calls from a runnable to the RTE and vice versa. The aggregation of PortPrototypes is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ports.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=portAPIOption, portAPIOption.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
runnable	RunnableEntity	*	aggr	This is a RunnableEntity specified for the particular Swc InternalBehavior.
				The aggregation of RunnableEntity is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of RunnableEntities. Note: the number of RunnableEntities might vary due to the conditional existence of Port Prototypes using DataReceivedEvents or due to different scheduling needs of algorithms.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=runnable.shortName, runnable.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
service Dependency	SwcService Dependency	*	aggr	Defines the requirements on AUTOSAR Services for a particular item.
				The aggregation of SwcServiceDependency is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ports as well as the conditional existence of ServiceNeeds.
				The SwcServiceDependency owned by an SwcInternal Behavior can be located in a different physical file in orde to support that SwcServiceDependency might be provided in later development steps or even by different expert domain (e.g OBD expert for Obd related Service Needs) tools. Therefore the aggregation is < <atp>Splitable>>>.</atp>
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=serviceDependency.shortName, service Dependency.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime





Class	SwcInternalBehavior			
shared Parameter	ParameterData Prototype	*	aggr	Defines parameter(s) or characteristic value(s) shared between SwComponentPrototypes of the same Sw ComponentType The aggregation of sharedParameter is subject to variability with the purpose to support variability in the software components implementations. Typically different algorithms in the implementation are requiring different number of memory objects.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=sharedParameter.shortName, shared Parameter.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
supports Multiple Instantiation	Boolean	01	attr	Indicate whether the corresponding software-component can be multiply instantiated on one ECU. In this case the attribute will result in an appropriate component API on programming language level (with or without instance handle).
variationPoint	VariationPointProxy	*	aggr	Proxy of a variation points in the C/C++ implementation.
Proxy				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=variationPointProxy.shortName

Table D.88: SwcInternalBehavior

Class	TDEventVfbPort (abstract	TDEventVfbPort (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: Events::TDEventVfb	:Common	Structure	::Timing::TimingDescription::TimingDescription	
Note	This is the abstract parent level.	class to d	describe s	pecific timing event types at Virtual Functional Bus (VFB)	
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu DescriptionEvent	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, TDEventVfb, TimingDescription, Timing DescriptionEvent			
Subclasses	TDEventModeDeclaration	, TDEvent	Operation	n, TDEventTrigger, TDEventVariableDataPrototype	
Aggregated by	TimingExtension.timingDe	scription			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
isExternal	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute is used to refer to external events that are related to hardware I/O, like physical sensors and actuators, at Virtual Functional Bus (VFB) level.	
port	PortPrototype 01 ref The port scope of the timing event.			The port scope of the timing event.	
portPrototype Blueprint	PortPrototypeBlueprint	01	ref	The PortPrototypeBlueprint is the scope of the timing event.	

Table D.89: TDEventVfbPort

Class	UnresolvedReferenceRestrictionWithSeverity			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::StandardizationTemplate::DataExchangePoint::DataFormatTailoring			
Note	This restriction defines the severity level of unresolved references.			
Base	ARObject, RestrictionWithSeverity			
Aggregated by	ReferenceTailoring.unresc	olvedRefe	renceRes	triction
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note		
_	_	-	_	_

Table D.90: UnresolvedReferenceRestrictionWithSeverity



Class	< <atpmixed>> ValueList</atpmixed>				
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary	::DataDef	Properties	3	
Note	This is a generic list of nu	merical va	lues.		
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	RuleBasedAxisCont.swArraysize, RuleBasedValueCont.swArraysize, SwAxisCont.swArraysize, Sw ServiceArg.swArraysize, SwValueCont.swArraysize				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
v	Numerical	01	attr	This is a particular numerical value without variation.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30	
vf (ordered)	Numerical	*	attr	This is one entry in the list of numerical values	
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.roleElement=true xml.roleWrapperElement=false xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false	

Table D.91: ValueList

Class	VariableDataPrototype			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWCom	onentTer	nplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes
Note	A VariableDataPrototype represents a formalized generic piece of information that is typically mutable by the application software layer. VariableDataPrototype is used in various contexts and the specific context gives the otherwise generic VariableDataPrototype a dedicated semantics.			
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ApplicationInterface.indication, AtpClassifier.atpFeature, BswInternalBehavior.arTypedPerInstance Memory, BswModuleDescription.providedData, BswModuleDescription.requiredData, BulkNvData Descriptor.bulkNvBlock, InternalBehavior.staticMemory, NvBlockDescriptor.ramBlock, NvDataInterface. nvData, SenderReceiverInterface.dataElement, ServiceInterface.event, SwcInternalBehavior.arTypedPer InstanceMemory, SwcInternalBehavior.explicitInterRunnableVariable, SwcInternalBehavior.implicitInter RunnableVariable			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
initValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Specifies initial value(s) of the VariableDataPrototype

Table D.92: VariableDataPrototype

Class	VfbTiming			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Common	Structure	::Timing::TimingExtensions
Note	A model element used to	define tim	ing descri	ptions and constraints at VFB level.
		TimingDescriptions aggregated by VfbTiming are restricted to event chains referring to events which are derived from the class TDEventVfb.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=TimingExtensions			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, TimingExtension			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
component	SwComponentType	01	ref	This defines the scope of a VfbTiming. All corresponding timing descriptions and constraints shall be defined within this scope.

Table D.93: VfbTiming



E Variation Points in this Template

This chapter contains a table of all model elements stereotyped \ll atpVariation \gg in the meta-model.

Each entry in the table consists of the identification of the model element itself and the applicable value of the tagged value <code>vh.latestBindingTime</code>.

Variation Point	Latest Binding Time
BlueprintPolicyList.maxNumberOfElements	blueprintDerivationTime
BlueprintPolicyList.minNumberOfElements	blueprintDerivationTime
ClientServerInterfaceToBswModuleEntryBlueprintMapping.operationMapping	preCompileTime
ClientServerInterfaceToBswModuleEntryBlueprintMapping.portDefinedArgument Blueprint	preCompileTime
ConsistencyNeedsBlueprintSet.consistencyNeeds	preCompileTime
SwDataDefProps	codeGenerationTime
SwDataDefProps.swValueBlockSize	preCompileTime
SwDataDefProps.swValueBlockSizeMult	preCompileTime
SwTextProps.swMaxTextSize	preCompileTime
ValueList.vf	preCompileTime

Table E.1: Usage of variation points