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# 1 Introduction and overview

This protocol specification specifies the format, message sequences and semantics of the AUTOSAR Time synchronization Protocol.

The Time synchronization Protocol handles the distribution of time information over Ethernet. The Ethernet mechanism is based on existing PTP (Precision Time Protocol) mechanisms that are described in standards like IEEE1588 (IEEE Standard for a Precision Clock Synchronization Protocol for Networked Measurement and Control Systems) and IEEE802.1AS (Timing and Synchronization for Time-Sensitive Applications in Bridged Local Area Networks). IEEE802.1AS, also known as gPTP (generalized Precision Time Protocol), can be seen as a profile (or subset) for using IEEE1588. However, neither IEEE1588 nor IEEE802.1AS have been developed considering automotive requirements. Therefore, the Time Synchronization over Ethernet uses the current mechanisms as defined in IEEE802.1AS with specific extensions and/or restrictions. Automotive Ethernet networks deviate from commercial Ethernet networks in terms of the following items:

- Role and functions of ECUs is known and defined a priori
- The network is static, i.e. components like ECUs, switches and characteristics like cable length, don't change during operation or even after switching off and switching on the vehicle. Components of course may be unavailable (due to failure situations or by purpose) but mostly only change when the vehicle is at a service facility.

Therefore, dynamic mechanisms like determining the Global Time Master (denoted as grandmaster in IEEE802.1AS) by the best master clock algorithm (BMCA) during operation are not required. It is also possible to omit the cyclic measurement of link delays on Ethernet links due to the static nature of the automotive network and restrict mechanisms that belonging to dynamic network topology.

## 1.1 Protocol purpose and objectives

The Time synchronization protocol is used to

- synchronize time bases and the corresponding Ethernet messages
- measure time differences between Ethernet frames

## 1.2 Applicability of the protocol

The concept is targeted at supporting time-critical and safety-related automotive applications such as airbag systems and braking systems. This doesn't mean that the concept has all that is required by such systems though, but crucial timing-related features that cannot be deferred to implementation are considered.

The concept is also targeted to secure the time bases to support security-critical use-cases such as digital certificate validity check and secure logging. It is also important to secure the time bases used in time-critical and safety-related automotive applications.

### 1.2.1 Constraints and assumptions

This document specifies the AUTOSAR Time Synchronization Protocol. It was created during elaboration of the AUTOSAR Foundation Standard 1.5.0 which took place in parallel to the development of the AUTOSAR Classic Standard 4.4.0. It already reflects all changes implied to TimeSyncOverEthernet by the work which was done for AUTOSAR Classic Platform.

### 1.2.2 Limitations

- No support of BMCA protocol, like specified in [1, IEEE 802.1 AS]
- No support of Announce and Signaling messages, like specified in [1, IEEE 802.1 AS].
- The reception of a Pdelay\_Req is not taken as a pre-condition to start with the transmission of Sync messages.
- The Rate Correction will be performed by the Time synchronization protocol, which does not require the Pdelay mechanism. For some applications, e.g. for Audio/Video, it might be necessary to use Pdelay based Rate Correction performed by Time synchronization protocol itself, which is optional and not considered by this specification.
- Because of (4), the Time synchronization protocol will not maintain the Ethernet HW clock but may use it as a source for the Virtual Local Time.
- While IEEE 802.1AS states, that IEEE 802.1AS message shall not have a VLAN tag nor a priority tag, the Time synchronization protocol would allow Time Synchronization on VLANs under the condition, that the switch HW supports forwarding of reserved multicast addresses using the range of 01:80:C2:00:00:00 .. 0F
- 'CRC secured' in the context of this document refers to CRC integrity protection mechanism and does not imply that CRC is used as a cybersecurity solution.
- No support of securing the messages of Pdelay protocol.

### 1.2.3 Accuracy

Time Master and Time Slave shall work with a Time Base reference clock accuracy as defined in [1, IEEE 802.1 AS], ANNEX B.1.2 "Time measurement granularity".

## **1.3 Dependencies**

### **1.3.1 Dependencies to other protocol layers**

There are no dependencies to other protocols.

### **1.3.2 Dependencies to other standards and norms**

The AUTOSAR Time Synchronization protocol is derived from [1, IEEE 802.1 AS]. For VLAN characteristics refer to [2, IEEE 802.1Q-2011].

### **1.3.3 Dependencies to the Application Layer**

There are no dependencies to the application layer.

## 2 Protocol Requirements

### 2.1 Requirements Traceability

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_TS_00039]	The implementation of Time Synchronization shall provide Freshness Value (FV) to TSP modules required to secure the time information	[PRS_TS_00249] [PRS_TS_00250]
[RS_TS_20047]	The Timesync over Ethernet module shall trigger Time Base Synchronization transmission	[PRS_TS_00016] [PRS_TS_00050] [PRS_TS_00186] [PRS_TS_00242]
[RS_TS_20048]	The Timesync over Ethernet module shall support IEEE 802.1AS as well as AUTOSAR extensions	[PRS_TS_00002] [PRS_TS_00003] [PRS_TS_00004] [PRS_TS_00005] [PRS_TS_00011] [PRS_TS_00012] [PRS_TS_00016] [PRS_TS_00018] [PRS_TS_00023] [PRS_TS_00025] [PRS_TS_00028] [PRS_TS_00050] [PRS_TS_00053] [PRS_TS_00054] [PRS_TS_00055] [PRS_TS_00056] [PRS_TS_00057] [PRS_TS_00058] [PRS_TS_00059] [PRS_TS_00060] [PRS_TS_00061] [PRS_TS_00062] [PRS_TS_00063] [PRS_TS_00066]  [PRS_TS_00067] [PRS_TS_00068] [PRS_TS_00069] [PRS_TS_00070] [PRS_TS_00071] [PRS_TS_00075] [PRS_TS_00077] [PRS_TS_00079] [PRS_TS_00086] [PRS_TS_00104] [PRS_TS_00141] [PRS_TS_00142] [PRS_TS_00149] [PRS_TS_00154] [PRS_TS_00163] [PRS_TS_00164] [PRS_TS_00166] [PRS_TS_00167] [PRS_TS_00168] [PRS_TS_00169] [PRS_TS_00170] [PRS_TS_00171] [PRS_TS_00181] [PRS_TS_00206]  [PRS_TS_00207] [PRS_TS_00208] [PRS_TS_00209] [PRS_TS_00210] [PRS_TS_00219]
[RS_TS_20051]	The Timesync over Ethernet module shall detect and handle errors in synchronization protocol / communication	[PRS_TS_00004] [PRS_TS_00025] [PRS_TS_00164] [PRS_TS_00210] [PRS_TS_00219]
[RS_TS_20052]	The configuration of the Time Synchronization over Ethernet module shall allow the module to work as a Time Master	[PRS_TS_00094]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_TS_20053]	The configuration of the Time Synchronization over Ethernet module shall allow the module to work as a Time Slave	[ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00156</a> ]
[RS_TS_20054]	The Implementation of the Time Synchronization shall evaluate and propagate Time Gateway relevant information	[ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00094</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00156</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00211</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00212</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00213</a> ]
[RS_TS_20059]	The Timesync over Ethernet module shall access all communication ports belonging to Time Synchronization	[ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00053</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00054</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00055</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00056</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00057</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00058</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00059</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00060</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00166</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00167</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00168</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00169</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00170</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00171</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00207</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00208</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00209</a> ]
[RS_TS_20061]	The Timesync over Ethernet module shall support means to protect the Time Synchronization protocol	[ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00028</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00062</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00063</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00066</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00067</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00068</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00069</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00070</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00071</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00074</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00075</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00076</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00077</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00078</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00079</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00084</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00085</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00086</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00091</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00092</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00093</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00097</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00098</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00099</a> ]  [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00100</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00101</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00102</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00103</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00104</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00105</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00106</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00107</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00108</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00109</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00110</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00112</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00113</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00114</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00115</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00116</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00117</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00118</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00119</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00120</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00157</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00181</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00182</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00183</a> ]  [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00184</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00185</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00187</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00188</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00189</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00190</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00191</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00192</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00193</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00194</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00195</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00196</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00197</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00198</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00199</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00200</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00214</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00215</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00216</a> ] [ <a href="#">PRS_TS_00217</a> ]

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_TS_20062]	The Timesync over Ethernet module shall support user specific data within the time measurement and synchronization protocol	[PRS_TS_00028] [PRS_TS_00062] [PRS_TS_00063] [PRS_TS_00066] [PRS_TS_00067] [PRS_TS_00068] [PRS_TS_00069] [PRS_TS_00070] [PRS_TS_00071] [PRS_TS_00074] [PRS_TS_00075] [PRS_TS_00076] [PRS_TS_00077] [PRS_TS_00078] [PRS_TS_00079] [PRS_TS_00084] [PRS_TS_00085] [PRS_TS_00086] [PRS_TS_00092] [PRS_TS_00103] [PRS_TS_00104] [PRS_TS_00105] [PRS_TS_00106] [PRS_TS_00118]  [PRS_TS_00119] [PRS_TS_00120] [PRS_TS_00181] [PRS_TS_00217] [PRS_TS_00218]
[RS_TS_20063]	The Timesync over Ethernet module shall use the Time Synchronization protocol for Synchronized Time Bases to transmit and receive Offset Time Bases	[PRS_TS_00092] [PRS_TS_00095] [PRS_TS_00103] [PRS_TS_00104] [PRS_TS_00105] [PRS_TS_00106] [PRS_TS_00110] [PRS_TS_00117] [PRS_TS_00118] [PRS_TS_00119] [PRS_TS_00120] [PRS_TS_00216]
[RS_TS_20066]	The Timesync over Ethernet module shall support a static (pre)configuration of IEEE 802.1AS Pdelay	[PRS_TS_00003] [PRS_TS_00011] [PRS_TS_00012] [PRS_TS_00140] [PRS_TS_00141] [PRS_TS_00142] [PRS_TS_00143] [PRS_TS_00149]
[RS_TS_20071]	The Timesync over Ethernet module shall enable time synchronization on peer-to-peer and multidrop topologies	[PRS_TS_00219]
[RS_TS_20072]	The Timesync over Ethernet module shall support means to secure the Time Synchronization protocol	[PRS_TS_00063] [PRS_TS_00071] [PRS_TS_00093] [PRS_TS_00104] [PRS_TS_00105] [PRS_TS_00107] [PRS_TS_00108] [PRS_TS_00109] [PRS_TS_00220] [PRS_TS_00221] [PRS_TS_00222] [PRS_TS_00223] [PRS_TS_00224] [PRS_TS_00225] [PRS_TS_00226] [PRS_TS_00227] [PRS_TS_00228] [PRS_TS_00229] [PRS_TS_00230] [PRS_TS_00231] [PRS_TS_00232] [PRS_TS_00233] [PRS_TS_00234] [PRS_TS_00235]  [PRS_TS_00236] [PRS_TS_00237] [PRS_TS_00238] [PRS_TS_00239] [PRS_TS_00240] [PRS_TS_00241] [PRS_TS_00242] [PRS_TS_00243] [PRS_TS_00244] [PRS_TS_00245] [PRS_TS_00246] [PRS_TS_00247] [PRS_TS_00248] [PRS_TS_00249] [PRS_TS_00250] [PRS_TS_00251] [PRS_TS_00252] [PRS_TS_00253] [PRS_TS_00254] [PRS_TS_00255]

## 3 Definition of terms and acronyms

### 3.1 Acronyms and abbreviations

Abbreviation / Acronym:	Description:
(G)TD	(Global) Time Domain
(G)TM	(Global) Time Master
<Bus>TSyn	A bus specific Time Synchronization module
AVB	Audio Video Bridging
BMCA	Best Master Clock Algorithm
CID	Company ID (IEEE)
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Checksum
Debounce Time	Minimum gap between two Tx messages with the same PDU
ETH	Ethernet
EthTSyn	Time Synchronization Provider module for Ethernet
Follow_Up	Time transport message (Follow-Up)
GM(C)	Grand Master (Clock)
ICV	Integrity Check Value
IDS	Intrusion Detection System
OFS	Offset synchronization
Pdelay	Propagation / path delay as given in IEEE 802.1AS
Pdelay_Req	Propagation / path delay request message
Pdelay_Resp	Propagation / path delay response message
Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up	Propagation / path delay Follow-Up message
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PTP	Precision Time Protocol
StbM	Synchronized Time-Base Manager
Timesync	Time Synchronization
Sync	Time synchronization message (Sync)
TG	Time Gateway
TLV	Type/Tag-Length-Value encoding scheme used by various protocols (e.g. IEEE 802.1AS) to encode data elements
TS	Time Slave
TSD	Time Sub-domain
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network

## 4 Protocol specification

### 4.1 General

[PRS\_TS\_00002] [The Time Master and Time Slave shall use the default configuration values as defined by [1, IEEE 802.1 AS] (e.g. MAC destination address or Ethernet frame type), if not otherwise specified within this specification.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#))

[PRS\_TS\_00005] [The Time Master and Time Slave shall start their protocol state machines without Announce message recognition.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#))

[PRS\_TS\_00206] [All messages belonging to the IEEE Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (PortAnnounceReceive, PortAnnounceInformation, PortRoleSelection, PortAnnounceTransmit) shall be ignored on the receiver side.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#))

**Note:** AUTOSAR implementations shall not send those messages.

### 4.2 VLAN Support

[PRS\_TS\_00163] [If `FramePrio` exists, a frame format with priority and VLAN tags shall be used. Otherwise a frame format without priority and VLAN tags shall be used.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#))

### 4.3 Message format

Some message extensions to the [1, IEEE 802.1 AS] are required. This is accomplished by a new AUTOSAR specific *TLV*, which is using a new IEEE CID (0x1A75FB) belonging to AUTOSAR only. An IEEE 802.1AS *TLV* is only available for the `message-type Announce` (not considered by this specification) and `Follow_Up` (extended by this specification). The `organizationId` of the new *TLV* identifies the AUTOSAR *TLV*, which is succeeding the IEEE 802.1AS *TLV*.

The AUTOSAR *TLV* contains *Sub-TLVs* which always consist of a Type, a Length and a data area.

The usage of the *CRC* is optional. To ensure a great variability between several time observing units, the configuration decides of how to handle the *CRC* of a secured *Sub-TLV*. If the receiver does not support the *CRC* calculation, it might be possible, that a receiver just uses the given values, without evaluating the *CRC* itself.

If the *CRC* option is used, one side effect must be considered. Due to the fact, that `Pdelay` messages do not contain any *TLV*, a *CRC* protection of the related timestamps is not possible. If applications using a *CRC* for `Follow_Up` together with a non-static

$P_{delay}$ , unprotected  $P_{delay}$  time values have to be mixed with protected  $Follow\_Up$  time values, while calculating the value of the corresponding Time Base.

The usage of the *ICV* is optional. To ensure a great variability between several time observing units, the configuration decides on how to handle the *ICV* of a authenticated *Sub-TLV*. If the receiver does not support the *ICV* verification, it might be possible, that a receiver just uses the given values, without verifying the *ICV* itself.

If the *ICV* option is used, then one side effect must be considered. Due to the fact, that  $P_{delay}$  messages do not contain any *TLV*, a *ICV* protection of the related timestamps is not possible. If applications using a *ICV* for  $Follow\_Up$  together with a non-static  $P_{delay}$ , unprotected  $P_{delay}$  time values have to be mixed with protected  $Follow\_Up$  time values, while calculating the value of the corresponding Time Base.

**[PRS\_TS\_00028]** [The message format, etc. shall be derived from [1, IEEE 802.1 AS] chapter 10. Media-independent layer specification and chapter 11. Media-dependent layer specification for full-duplex, point-to-point links, if not otherwise specified.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00181]** [The byte order for multibyte values is Big Endian, which is equal to the byte order defined by [1, IEEE 802.1 AS].] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

### 4.3.1 Header format

#### 4.3.1.1 Sync and Follow\_Up acc. to IEEE 802.1AS

**[PRS\_TS\_00061]** [If *MessageCompliance* is set to TRUE, *Sync* and *Follow\_Up* format shall be supported acc. to [1, IEEE 802.1 AS].] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#))

**Note:** This implies one Time Domain (0).

The table below gives an overview, how an [1, IEEE 802.1 AS] conformant *Sync* looks like.

<b>Sync Message Header [IEEE 802.1AS]</b>				
High Nibble	Low Nibble	Octets	Offset	Value
transportSpecific	message-type	1	0	0x10
reserved	versionPTP	1	1	0x02
messageLength		2	2	44
domainNumber		1	4	(UInteger8) domainNumber = 0
reserved		1	5	0
flags		2	6	Octet 0: 0x02, Octet 1: 0x08



△

<b>correctionField</b>	8	8	0..281474976710655ns [1ns = 2 <sup>16</sup> = 0x0000 0000 0001 0000]	
<b>reserved</b>	4	16	0	
<b>sourcePortIden- tity</b>	10	20	(PortIdentity) portIdentity from origin Time Aware End Station	
<b>sequenceId</b>	2	30	(UInteger16) SyncSequenceId = (UInteger16) (pre- vSyncSequenceId+1)	
<b>control</b>	1	32	0	
<b>logMessageInter- val</b>	1	33	(Integer8) current- LogSyncInterval	
<b>Sync Message Fields [IEEE 802.1AS]</b>				
<b>High Nibble</b>	<b>Low Nibble</b>	<b>Octets</b>	<b>Offset</b>	<b>Value</b>
<b>PTP Message Header</b>		34	0	[refer Sync Message Header]
<b>reserved</b>		10	34	0

The table below gives an overview, how an [1, IEEE 802.1 AS] conformant Follow\_Up looks like.

### Follow\_Up Message Header [IEEE 802.1AS]

<b>Follow_Up Message Header [IEEE 802.1AS]</b>				
<b>High Nibble</b>	<b>Low Nibble</b>	<b>Octets</b>	<b>Offset</b>	<b>Value</b>
<b>transportSpecific</b>	<b>message- type</b>	1	0	0x18
<b>reserved</b>	<b>versionPTP</b>	1	1	0x02
<b>messageLength</b>		2	2	76
<b>domainNumber</b>		1	4	(UInteger8) domainNumber = 0
<b>reserved</b>		1	5	0
<b>flags</b>		2	6	Octet 0: 0x00, Octet 1: 0x08
<b>correctionField</b>		8	8	0..281474976710655ns [1ns = 2 <sup>16</sup> = 0x0000 0000 0001 0000]
<b>reserved</b>		4	16	0

▽

△

<b>sourcePortIdentity</b>	10	20	(PortIdentity) portIdentity from origin Time Aware End Station	
<b>sequenceId</b>	2	30	UInteger16) SyncSequenceId	
<b>control</b>	1	32	2	
<b>logMessageInterval</b>	1	33	(Integer8) current- LogSyncInterval	
<b>Follow_Up Message Fields [IEEE 802.1AS]</b>				
<b>High Nibble</b>	<b>Low Nibble</b>	<b>Octets</b>	<b>Offset</b>	<b>Value</b>
<b>PTP Message Header</b>		34	0	[refer Follow_Up Message Header]
<b>preciseOriginTimestamp</b>		10	34	(Timestamp) preciseOriginTimestamp
<b>Follow_Up information TLV</b>		32	44	refer Follow_Up information TLV
<b>Follow_Up information TLV [IEEE 802.1AS]</b>				
<b>High Nibble</b>	<b>Low Nibble</b>	<b>Octets</b>	<b>Offset</b>	<b>Value</b>
<b>tlvType</b>		2	0	3
<b>lengthField</b>		2	2	28
<b>organizationId</b>		3	4	0x0080c2
<b>organizationSubType</b>		3	7	1
<b>cumulativeScaledRateOffset</b>		4	10	(Integer32) ( (RateRatio-1)*2 <sup>41</sup> )
<b>gmTimeBaseIndicator</b>		2	14	0
<b>lastGmPhaseChange</b>		12	16	0
<b>scaledLastGmFreqChange</b>		4	28	0

#### 4.3.1.2 Sync and Follow\_Up acc. to AUTOSAR

**[PRS\_TS\_00062]** [If `MessageCompliance` is set to FALSE, the Sync and Follow\_Up format shall be supported acc. to: Follow\_Up Message Header [AUTOSAR] and Sync Message Header [AUTOSAR] depending on configuration.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00063]{DRAFT}** [If `MessageCompliance` is set to FALSE, the Follow\_Up shall contain an AUTOSAR TLV, depending on configuration.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**Message Header [AUTOSAR]**

<i>Sync Message Header [AUTOSAR]</i>				
High Nibble	Low Nibble	Octets	Offset	Value
transportSpecific	message-type	1	0	0x10
reserved	versionPTP	1	1	0x02
messageLength		2	2	44
domainNumber		1	4	(UInteger8) domainNumber = 0..15
reserved		1	5	0
flags		2	6	Octet 0: 0x02, Octet 1: 0x08
correctionField		8	8	0..281474976710655ns [1ns = 2 <sup>16</sup> = 0x0000 0000 0001 0000]
reserved		4	16	0
sourcePortIdentity		10	20	(PortIdentity) portIdentity from origin Time Aware End Station
sequenceId		2	30	(UInteger16) SyncSequenceId = (UInteger16) (prevSyncSequenceId+1)
control		1	32	0
logMessageInterval		1	33	(Integer8) current- LogSyncInterval
<i>Sync Message Fields [AUTOSAR]</i>				
High Nibble	Low Nibble	Octets	Offset	Value
PTP Message Header		34	0	[refer Sync Message Header]
reserved		10	34	0

<i>Follow_Up Message Header [AUTOSAR]</i>				
High Nibble	Low Nibble	Octets	Offset	Value
transportSpecific	message-type	1	0	0x18
reserved	versionPTP	1	1	0x02
messageLength		2	2	76+10+Sum(Sub-TLVs)
domainNumber		1	4	(UInteger8) domainNumber = 0..15
reserved		1	5	0





△

<b>flags</b>	2	6	Octet 0: 0x00, Octet 1: 0x08	
<b>correctionField</b>	8	8	0..281474976710655ns [1ns = 2 <sup>16</sup> = 0x0000 0000 0001 0000]	
<b>reserved</b>	4	16	0	
<b>sourcePortIdentity</b>	10	20	(PortIdentity) portIdentity from origin Time Aware End Station	
<b>sequenceId</b>	2	30	(UInteger16) SyncSequenceId	
<b>control</b>	1	32	2	
<b>logMessageInterval</b>	1	33	(Integer8) current- LogSyncInterval	
<b>Follow_Up Message Fields [AUTOSAR]</b>				
<b>High Nibble</b>	<b>Low Nibble</b>	<b>Octets</b>	<b>Offset</b>	<b>Value</b>
<b>PTP Message Header</b>		34	0	[refer Follow_Up Message Header]
<b>preciseOriginTimestamp</b>		10	34	(Timestamp) preciseOriginTimestamp
<b>Follow_Up information TLV</b>		32 + 10 + sum(Sub-TLVs)	44	[refer Follow_Up information TLV]
<b>Follow_Up information TLV [IEEE 802.1AS]</b>				
<b>High Nibble</b>	<b>Low Nibble</b>	<b>Octets</b>	<b>Offset</b>	<b>Value</b>
<b>tlvType</b>		2	0	3
<b>lengthField</b>		2	2	28
<b>organizationId</b>		3	4	0x0080C2 [IEEE 802.1AS]
<b>organizationSubType</b>		3	7	1
<b>cumulativeScaledRateOffset</b>		4	10	(Integer32)((RateRatio-1) *2 <sup>41</sup> )
<b>gmTimeBaseIndicator</b>		2	14	0
<b>lastGmPhaseChange</b>		12	16	0
<b>scaledLastGmFreqChange</b>		4	28	0
<b>Follow_Up information TLV [AUTOSAR]</b>				
<b>High Nibble</b>	<b>Low Nibble</b>	<b>Octets</b>	<b>Offset</b>	<b>Value</b>

▽

△

AUTOSAR TLV Header				
tlvType	2	0	3	
lengthField	2	0	6 + Sum( <i>Sub-TLVs</i> )	
organizationId	3	4	0x1A75FB [AUTOSAR]	
organizationSub-Type	3	7	0x605676 [BCD coded GlobalTimeEthTSyn]	
AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:Time Secured				
High Nibble	Low Nibble	Octets	Offset	Value
Type		1	0	0x28 [Time secured]
Length		1	1	3
CRC_Time_Flags		1	2	BitMask 0x01 [messageLength] BitMask 0x02 [domainNumber] BitMask 0x04 [correctionField] BitMask 0x08 [sourcePortIdentity] BitMask 0x10 [sequenceId] BitMask 0x20 [preciseOriginTimestamp] BitMask 0x40 [reserved] BitMask 0x80 [reserved]
CRC_Time_0		1	3	0..255
CRC_Time_1		1	4	0..255
AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:Status Secured				
High Nibble	Low Nibble	Octets	Offset	Value
Type		1	0	0x50 [Status secured]
Length		1	1	2
Status		1	2	BitMask 0x01 [SGW with SyncToGTM = 0 SyncToSubDomain = 1] BitMask 0x02 [reserved] BitMask 0x04 [reserved] BitMask 0x08 [reserved] BitMask 0x10 [reserved] BitMask 0x20 [reserved] BitMask 0x40 [reserved] BitMask 0x80 [reserved]
CRC_Status		1	3	0..255
AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:Status Not Secured				

▽

△

High Nibble	Low Nibble	Octets	Offset	Value
Type		1	0	0x51 [Status Not Secured]
Length		1	1	2
Status		1	2	BitMask 0x01 [SGW with SyncToGTM = 0 SyncToSubDomain = 1] BitMask 0x02 [reserved] BitMask 0x04 [reserved] BitMask 0x08 [reserved] BitMask 0x10 [reserved] BitMask 0x20 [reserved] BitMask 0x40 [reserved] BitMask 0x80 [reserved]
reserved		1	3	0
<b>AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:UserData Secured</b>				
High Nibble	Low Nibble	Octets	Offset	Value
Type		1	0	0x60 [UserData secured]
Length		1	1	5
UserDataLength		1	2	1..3
UserByte_0		1	3	0..255 (default: 0)
UserByte_1		1	4	0..255 (default: 0)
UserByte_2		1	5	0..255 (default: 0)
CRC_UserData		1	6	0..255
<b>AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:UserData Not Secured</b>				
High Nibble	Low Nibble	Octets	Offset	Value
Type		1	0	0x61 [UserData not secured]
Length		1	1	5
UserDataLength		1	2	1..3
UserByte_0		1	3	0..255 (default: 0)
UserByte_1		1	4	0..255 (default: 0)
UserByte_2		1	5	0..255 (default: 0)
reserved		1	6	0
<b>AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:OFS Secured</b>				
High Nibble	Low Nibble	Octets	Offset	Value
Type		1	0	0x44 [OFS secured]
Length		1	1	17
OfsTimeDomain		1	2	16..31
OfsTimeSec		6	3	0..281474976710655s
OfsTimeNSec		4	9	0..999999999ns

▽

△

<b>Status</b>	1	13	BitMask 0x01 [SGW with SyncToGTM = 0 SyncToSubDomain = 1] BitMask 0x02 [reserved] BitMask 0x04 [reserved] BitMask 0x08 [reserved] BitMask 0x10 [reserved] BitMask 0x20 [reserved] BitMask 0x40 [reserved] BitMask 0x80 [reserved]	
<b>UserDataLength</b>	1	14	0..3 (default: 0)	
<b>UserByte_0</b>	1	15	0..255 (default: 0)	
<b>UserByte_1</b>	1	16	0..255 (default: 0)	
<b>UserByte_2</b>	1	17	0..255 (default: 0)	
<b>CRC_OFS</b>	1	18	0..255	
<b>AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:OFS Not Secured</b>				
<b>High Nibble</b>	<b>Low Nibble</b>	<b>Octets</b>	<b>Offset</b>	<b>Value</b>
<b>Type</b>		1	0	0x34 [OFS not secured]
<b>Length</b>		1	1	17
<b>OfsTimeDomain</b>		1	2	16..31
<b>OfsTimeSec</b>		6	3	0..281474976710655s
<b>OfsTimeNSec</b>		4	9	0..999999999ns
<b>Status</b>	1	13	BitMask 0x01 [SGW with SyncToGTM = 0 SyncToSubDomain = 1] BitMask 0x02 [reserved] BitMask 0x04 [reserved] BitMask 0x08 [reserved] BitMask 0x10 [reserved] BitMask 0x20 [reserved] BitMask 0x40 [reserved] BitMask 0x80 [reserved]	
<b>UserDataLength</b>	1	14	0..3 (default: 0)	
<b>UserByte_0</b>	1	15	0..255 (default: 0)	
<b>UserByte_1</b>	1	16	0..255 (default: 0)	
<b>UserByte_2</b>	1	17	0..255 (default: 0)	
<b>reserved</b>	1	18	0	
<b>AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated</b>				
<b>High Nibble</b>	<b>Low Nibble</b>	<b>Octets</b>	<b>Offset</b>	<b>Value</b>
<b>Type</b>		1	0	0x70 [Time Authenticated]
<b>Length</b>		1	1	2..216

▽

△

<b>ICV_Flags</b>	1	2	BitMask 0x01 [ICV with FV] BitMask 0x02 [ICV generation failed] BitMask 0x04 [ICV in multiple Sub-TLV] BitMask 0x08 [reserved] BitMask 0x10 [reserved] BitMask 0x20 [reserved] BitMask 0x40 [reserved] BitMask 0x80 [reserved]
<b>SequenceNumber</b>	1	3	0..4 Sequence number of Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated
<b>FreshnessValueLength</b>	1	4	This field is optional. If not present, then bit [ICV with FV] in ICV_Flags is 0. 0..64 Bits
<b>FV</b>	FVL (in Bytes)	5	This field is optional. If not present, then bit [ICV with FV] in ICV_Flags is 0.
<b>ICV</b>	l	4+1+FVL (in Bytes)	0..205 Bytes (Sequence Number is 0) 1..214 Bytes (Sequence Number is greater than 0) The value of l shall represent the number of octets in the field. If the ICV calculation failed, then it shall have the value of 0 octets.

#### 4.3.1.3 Follow\_Up Message Header [AUTOSAR]

[PRS\_TS\_00066] [The messageLength of the Follow\_Up Message Header has to be adapted according to the length of all existing TLVs.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

#### 4.3.1.4 AUTOSAR TLV Header

[PRS\_TS\_00067] [The AUTOSAR TLV Header has a multiplicity of 1.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

[PRS\_TS\_00068] [If an AUTOSAR TLV Header exists, at least one AUTOSAR Sub-TLV must exist as well.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00069]** [If an *AUTOSAR TLV Header* exists, the `lengthField` shall be adapted according to the accumulated size of the subsequent *AUTOSAR Sub-TLVs*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

#### 4.3.1.5 AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLVs

**[PRS\_TS\_00070]** [If an *AUTOSAR Sub-TLV* exists, it shall be placed after the *AUTOSAR TLV Header*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00071]**{DRAFT} [If more than one *AUTOSAR Sub-TLV* exists, each *Sub-TLV* shall be placed after the preceding *Sub-TLV* without gaps.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**Note:** If more than one *AUTOSAR Sub-TLV* exists, the position of each *Sub-TLV* is arbitrary except *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*. *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* shall be the last *Sub-TLV*. It is assumed that the order of the *Sub-TLVs* does not change during runtime for a given configuration.

**[PRS\_TS\_00220]**{DRAFT} [All *AUTOSAR Sub-TLVs* shall have a `Type` field of length 1 (byte) and a `Length` field of length 1 (byte).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**Rationale:**

Length field has been limited to 1 byte for resource efficiency.

#### 4.3.1.6 AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:Time Secured

**[PRS\_TS\_00074]** [The *AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Time Secured* has a multiplicity of 1 and is only available, if *CRC* protection is required.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00075]** [If `MessageCompliance` is `FALSE` and `TxSubTLVTime` is set to `TRUE`, the Time Master shall send a `FollowUp`, which contains an *AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Time Secured*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

#### 4.3.1.7 AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:Status Secured / Not Secured

**[PRS\_TS\_00076]** [The *AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Status* has a multiplicity of 1 and can either be *CRC* protected (*Status Secured*) or not (*Status Not Secured*).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00077]** [If `MessageCompliance` is set to `FALSE` and `TxSubTLVStatus` is set to `TRUE`, the Time Master shall send a `FollowUp`, which contains an *AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Status Secured* or *Sub-TLV:Status Not Secured*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

#### 4.3.1.8 AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:UserData Secured / Not Secured

[PRS\_TS\_00078] [The AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:UserData* has a multiplicity of 1 and can either be *CRC* protected (*UserData Secured*) or not (*UserData Not Secured*).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

[PRS\_TS\_00079] [If *MessageCompliance* is set to `FALSE` and *TxSubTLVUserData* is set to `TRUE`, the Time Master shall send a *FollowUp*, which contains an AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:UserData Secured* or *Sub-TLV:UserData Not Secured*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

#### 4.3.1.9 AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:OFS Secured / Not Secured

[PRS\_TS\_00084] [The AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:OFS* has a multiplicity of 16 and can either be *CRC* protected (*OFS Secured*) or not (*OFS Not Secured*).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

[PRS\_TS\_00085] [The element *OfsTimeDomain* of the AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:OFS* shall contain the Offset Time Domain identifier, which is in a range between 16 and 31.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

**Note:** Compared to CAN and FlexRay, Ethernet does need any optimization on payload bytes on bit-level.

[PRS\_TS\_00086] [If *MessageCompliance* is set to `FALSE` and *TxSubTLVOFS* is set to `TRUE`, the Time Master shall send a *FollowUp*, which contains at least one AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:OFS Secured* or *Sub-TLV:OFS Not Secured*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

#### 4.3.1.10 AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated

[PRS\_TS\_00221]{DRAFT} [The AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* shall have a multiplicity of 5.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

[PRS\_TS\_00222]{DRAFT} [The AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* shall not be *CRC* protected.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

[PRS\_TS\_00223]{DRAFT} [If *MessageCompliance* is set to `FALSE` and *TLVFollowUpICVSubTLV* is set to `TRUE`, the Time Master shall send a *FollowUp*, which contains the AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

[PRS\_TS\_00224]{DRAFT} [The length of the FV field of AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* shall be configurable (*GlobalTimeIcvFvLength*).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

[PRS\_TS\_00225]{DRAFT} [The length of the ICV field of AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* shall be configurable (*GlobalTimeIcvLength*).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00226]{DRAFT}** [When ICV value does not fit within one AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*, the `Follow_Up` message shall contain multiple AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* with fragmented ICV value in each AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**Rationale:**

Fragmentation of the ICV allows for bigger ICV value, because the length of the value field of a single AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV* is limited to 255 bytes (refer to [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00220\]](#)).

**[PRS\_TS\_00227]{DRAFT}** [When `Follow_Up` message contains multiple AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*, the Time Master shall fragment the ICV value into  $n$  ( $n$  is less than or equal to 5) fragments.

- The length of first fragment shall not exceed  $(\text{MAXLEN\_SUBTLV\_TIMEAUTH} - \text{LEN\_SUBTLV\_TIMEAUTH\_PCI} - \text{LEN\_FVL} - \text{FVL})$  bytes.
- The length of the following fragments shall not exceed  $(\text{MAXLEN\_SUBTLV\_TIMEAUTH} - \text{LEN\_SUBTLV\_TIMEAUTH\_PCI})$  bytes.

With

**MAXLEN\_SUBTLV\_TIMEAUTH** = 216 (refer to the 'length' field of AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* in [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00063\]](#))

**LEN\_SUBTLV\_TIMEAUTH\_PCI** = 2 (length of 'ICV\_Flags' field + length of 'SequenceNumber' field)

**LEN\_FVL** (length of the optional 'FVL' field) = 1, if bit [ICV with FV] of ICV\_Flags is set. Otherwise set to 0.

] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**Note:** `Follow_Up` message (with 1500 bytes of payload) would allow for an ICV length of up to 1061 bytes.

**[PRS\_TS\_00228]{DRAFT}** [When `Follow_Up` message contains multiple AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*, the Time Master shall put the ICV fragments according to their significance in ascending order into the AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*, i.e., the most significant fragment is contained in AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* with sequence number 0.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00229]{DRAFT}** [The Time Master shall set the sequence number of the first AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* in `Follow_Up` message to 0. When `Follow_Up` message contains multiple AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*, the Time Master shall increment the sequence number by 1 in the consecutive AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00230]{DRAFT}** [When `Follow_Up` message contains multiple AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*, the Time Master shall reset the bit 'ICV in multiple Sub-TLV' in ICV\_Flags in AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* with the last fragmented ICV value. All other AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* in that `Follow_Up` message shall have the bit 'ICV in multiple Sub-TLV' in ICV\_Flags set.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00231]{DRAFT}** [When `Follow_Up` message contains multiple AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*,



- AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* with the sequence number equal to 0 shall have the FV field included and the FVL field accordingly filled
- AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* with the sequence number not equal to 0 shall not include the FV and FVL field

]([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00232]{DRAFT}** [In the below cases,

- Time Aware Bridge with GTM not as Management CPU
- Time Aware Bridge with switch device running a firmware which provides the Switch Management and Global Time support

the Time Master shall add the AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* with correctionField having value '0'. And the Time Aware Bridge shall update the AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* with the updated value of correctionField.]([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00233]{DRAFT}** [In the case of cascaded Time Aware Bridges, each bridge shall verify the ICV in the received AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*. If ICV verification is successful, the bridge shall update the AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* after updating the correctionField and CrcCorrectionField in received FollowUp message. If ICV verification fails, the bridge shall discard the received FollowUp message.

]([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

### 4.3.2 Body/Payload format

Placeholder for upcoming AUTOSAR releases.

### 4.3.3 Data Types

Refer to [1, IEEE 802.1 AS].

## 4.4 Message types

Refer to [1, IEEE 802.1 AS].

### 4.4.1 Data Messages

Refer to [1, IEEE 802.1 AS].

## 4.4.2 Control Messages

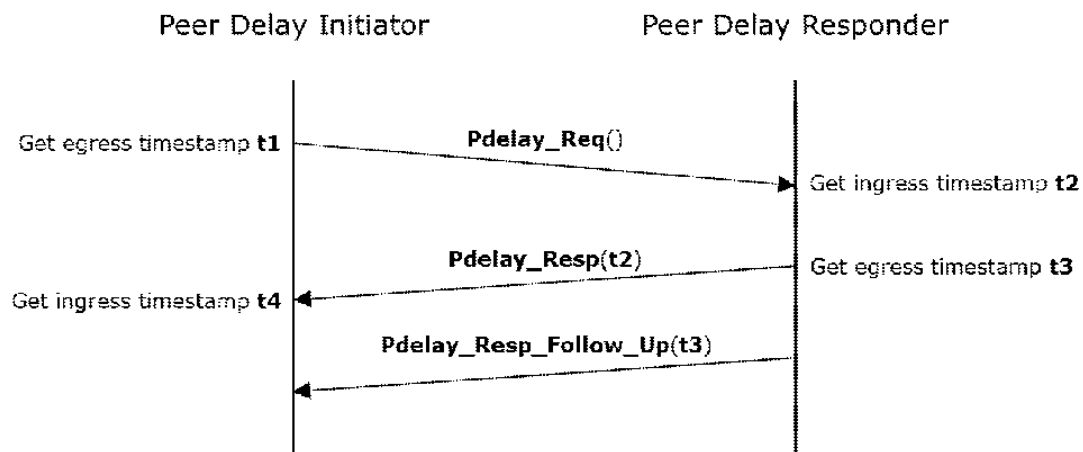
Refer to [1, IEEE 802.1 AS].

## 4.5 Services / Commands

Placeholder for upcoming AUTOSAR releases.

## 4.6 Sequences (lower layer)

### 4.6.1 Pdelay Protocol for Latency Calculation



**Figure 4.1: Propagation Delay Measurement (Pdelay)**

**[PRS\_TS\_00003]** [The Time Sync module shall use for latency calculation

- either static `Pdelay` values (`GlobalTimePropagationDelay`)
- or runtime-based values calculated by `Pdelay_Req`, `Pdelay_Resp`, `Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up` according to Figure 5.1: Propagation Delay Measurement (`Pdelay`)

depending on configuration of `GlobalTimeTxPdelayReqPeriod`] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20066](#))

**Note:** Due to the limitation [1] and [3] 1.2.2 "Limitations", it is sufficient that only the Time Slave initiates the `Pdelay` measurement

**[PRS\_TS\_00154]** [If `GlobalTimeTxPdelayReqPeriod` is not equal to 0 and if the `Pdelay` latency calculation result exceeds `PdelayLatencyThreshold`, the measured value shall be discarded and the previous value shall be kept.]([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00219]** [If

- a `Pdelay_Resp` message or a `Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up` message is received by a Peer Delay Initiator
- and the `requestingPortIdentity` of the message does not match the `sourcePortIdentity` of the Peer Delay Requester,

the Peer Delay Initiator shall ignore the received messages.]([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20051](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20071](#))

**Rationale:** In multidrop topologies (like 10BASE-T1S) a node may receive more than one `Pdelay_Resp` message and thus even `Pdelay_Resp` messages for "foreign" `Pdelay_Req` messages responding to requests from other nodes. To prevent system degradation foreign `Pdelay_Resp` messages shall be ignored.

**[PRS\_TS\_00004]** [A `Pdelay_Resp` timeout or incomplete `Pdelay` protocol with the exception of [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00219\]](#) shall stop the latency calculation algorithm. In such cases, the device shall use the latest successful calculated latency value.]([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20051](#))

**Note:** A timeout is detected, when sending the next subsequent `Pdelay_Req` before receiving the `Pdelay_Resp resp. Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up` belonging to the `Pdelay_Req` before.

**[PRS\_TS\_00164]** [Time Master and Time Slave shall observe the `Pdelay` timeout as given by `PdelayRespAndRespFollowUpTimeout`, if a `Pdelay_Req` has been transmitted (waiting for `Pdelay_Resp`) or if a `Pdelay_Resp` has been received (waiting for `Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up`). A value of 0 deactivates this timeout observation.]([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20051](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00210]** [If a reception timeout occurs (refer to [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00164\]](#)), any received `Pdelay_Resp resp. Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up` shall be ignored, until a new `Pdelay_Req` has been sent.]([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20051](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00140]** [If `GlobalTimeTxPdelayReqPeriod` equals 0, Time Master and Time Slave shall not measure the propagation delay. The Time Slave shall use a static value `GlobalTimePropagationDelay` as propagation delay instead.]([RS\\_TS\\_20066](#))

**Note:** Since `GlobalTimeTxPdelayReqPeriod` is ECU specific, neither a Time Master nor all Time Slaves have to measure the propagation delay. Global Time Synchronization in AUTOSAR does yet not define dynamic reconfiguration or backup strategies that will reassign the role as Time Master, therefore propagation delay measurements make currently no sense for a Time Master (although a Time Master shall be able to handle `Pdelay_Req` initiated by a Time Slave).

**[PRS\_TS\_00141]** [If `GlobalTimeTxPdelayReqPeriod` is greater than 0, Time Master and Time Slave shall cyclically measure the propagation delay using `Pdelay_Req`, `Pdelay_Resp`, `Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up` as defined in [1, IEEE802.1 AS] chapter 11.1.2 "Propagation delay measurement".] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20066](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00149]** [If `GlobalTimeTxPdelayReqPeriod` is greater than 0, Time Master and Time Slave shall cyclically measure the propagation delay only on that Time Domain with the lowest Time Domain ID and shall use this value to adjust all corresponding Time Bases.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20066](#))

**Note:** There is no need to measure the propagation delay for all Time Domains, because the same value is expected. This requirement ensures also the usage of Time Domain 0 for `Pdelay`, to be compatible to [1, IEEE 802.1 AS].

**[PRS\_TS\_00142]** [If `GlobalTimeTxPdelayReqPeriod` is greater than 0, `GlobalTimePropagationDelay` shall be used as default value for the propagation delay, until first valid propagation delay has been measured.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20066](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00011]** [If `GlobalTimeTxPdelayReqPeriod` is greater than 0, Time Master and Time Slave shall periodically transmit `Pdelay_Req` for latency calculation with the cycle `GlobalTimeTxPdelayReqPeriod` as defined in [1, IEEE 802.1 AS] chapter 11.1.2 "Propagation delay measurement".] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20066](#))

**Note:** `GlobalTimePdelayRespEnable` allows disabling of `Pdelay_Resp` and `Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up`, if no `Pdelay_Req` is expected to be received, i.e. for the Time Master, if all Time Slaves have set `GlobalTimeTxPdelayReqPeriod` to 0 or for any Time Slave if the Time Master has set `GlobalTimeTxPdelayReqPeriod` to 0.

**[PRS\_TS\_00012]** [If `GlobalTimePdelayRespEnable` is set to `TRUE`, Time Master and Time Slave shall react to `Pdelay_Req` by transmitting `Pdelay_Resp` for latency calculation as defined in [1, IEEE 802.1 AS] chapter 11.1.2 "Propagation delay measurement".] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20066](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00143]** [If `GlobalTimePdelayRespEnable` is set to `FALSE`, `Pdelay_Resp` and `Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up` shall be omitted.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20066](#))

## 4.6.2 Acting as Time Master

A Time Master is an entity which is the master for a certain Time Base and which propagates this Time Base to a set of Time Slaves within a certain segment of a communication network, being a source for this Time Base.

If a Time Master is also the owner of the Time Base then he is the Global Time master. A Time Gateway typically consists of one Time Slave and one or more Time Masters. When mapping time entities to real ECUs, an ECU could be Time Master (or even Global Time Master) for one Time Base and Time Slave for another Time Base.

#### 4.6.2.1 Message Processing

**[PRS\_TS\_00050]** [The Time Master shall support the transmission of Sync and Follow\_Up according as well as the transmission and reception of Pdelay\_Req, Pdelay\_Resp and Pdelay\_Resp\_Follow\_Up.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20047](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20048](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00016]** [The Time Master shall periodically transmit Sync with the cycle GlobalTimeTxPeriod as defined in [1, IEEE 802.1 AS] chapter 11.1.3 "Transport of time-synchronization information", if the GLOBAL\_TIME\_BASE bit within the timeBaseStatus, which is read from the corresponding Time Base, is set and GlobalTimeTxPeriod is not 0.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20047](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20048](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00018]** [The preciseOriginTimestamp as calculated above, shall be used in the transmission of the Follow\_Up as defined in [1, IEEE 802.1 AS] chapter 11.1.3 "Transport of time-synchronization information".] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#))

##### 4.6.2.1.1 Frame Debouncing

**[PRS\_TS\_00186]** [If multiple frames are triggered at the same time, the frames shall be sent in the following order:

1. Sync
2. Follow\_Up
3. Pdelay\_Req
4. Pdelay\_Resp, Pdelay\_Resp\_Follow\_Up

] ([RS\\_TS\\_20047](#))

#### 4.6.2.2 Message Field Calculation and Assembling

**[PRS\_TS\_00092]** [If MessageCompliance is set to FALSE, a Time Master shall add an AUTOSAR TLV to the Follow\_Up frame.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20063](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00091]** [If MessageCompliance is set to FALSE, CRC\_SUPPORT shall be considered.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00093]{DRAFT}** [Depending on CRC\_SUPPORT the Follow\_Up.TLV [AUTOSAR].Sub-TLV.Type shall be:] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

Follow\_Up Message Header [IEEE 802.1AS]

	Sub-TLV.Type	
	CRC_SUPPORTED	CRC_NOT_SUPPORTED
GlobalTimeTxCrcSecured		
	0x28 Sub-TLV:Time Secured is CRC secured	n.a.
	0x50 Sub-TLV:Status is CRC secured	0x51 Sub-TLV:Status is not CRC secured
	0x60 Sub-TLV:UserData is CRC secured	0x61 Sub-TLV:UserData is not CRC secured
	0x44 Sub-TLV:OFS is CRC secured	0x34 Sub-TLV:OFS is not CRC secured
	0x70 Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated is not CRC secured	0x70 Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated is not CRC secured

#### 4.6.2.2.1 SGW Calculation

**[PRS\_TS\_00094]** [The *SGW* value (Time Gateway synchronization status) shall be mapped to the Status element of the *AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Status* resp. the *AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:OFS*. If the *SYNC\_TO\_GATEWAY* is set, the *SGW* value shall be *SyncToSub-Domain*. Otherwise, it shall be *SyncToGTM*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20052](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20054](#))

#### 4.6.2.2.2 OFS Calculation

**[PRS\_TS\_00095]** [The Time Master of an Offset Time Base shall send the "second" part of the Offset Time Base value via the *OfsTimeSec* element of the corresponding *AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:OFS* and the "nanosecond" part of the Offset Time Base value via the *OfsTimeNSec* element of the corresponding *AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:OFS*] ([RS\\_TS\\_20063](#))

#### 4.6.2.2.3 CRC Calculation

**[PRS\_TS\_00097]** [The *DataID* shall be calculated as:  $DataID = DataIDList [Follow\_Up.sequenceId \bmod 16]$ , where *DataIDList* is given by configuration for the *Follow\_Up*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

**Note:** A specific *DataID* out of a predefined *DataIDList* ensures the identification of data elements of Time Synchronization messages.

**[PRS\_TS\_00182]** [If applying the *CRC* calculation on multibyte values, the byte order shall be such, that the byte containing the most significant bit of the value shall be used first.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00184]** [If applying the *CRC* calculation on multibyte message data, the byte order shall be in ascending order of the octets, i.e., the octet with the lowest offset shall be used first.]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

#### 4.6.2.2.3.1 AUTOSAR TLV *Sub-TLV:Time Secured*

**[PRS\_TS\_00098]** [If [GlobalTimeTxCrcSecured](#) is `CRC_SUPPORTED`, the Time Master shall write the contents of [CrcTimeFlagsTxSecured](#) to `CRC_Time_Flags` acc. to the following rule.]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

	<a href="#">CrcTimeFlagsTxSecured</a> contents:	
<code>CRC_Time_Flags</code>	Follow_Up Message Header	Follow_Up Message Field
BitMask 0x01	<code>CRCMessageLength</code>	n.a.
BitMask 0x02	<code>CRCDomainNumber</code>	n.a.
BitMask 0x04	<a href="#">CrcCorrectionField</a>	n.a.
BitMask 0x08	<code>CRCSourcePortIdentity</code>	n.a.
BitMask 0x10	<code>CRCSequenceIdentity</code>	n.a.
BitMask 0x20	n.a.	<code>CRCPrecise - OriginTimestamp</code>
BitMask 0x40	n.a.	n.a.
BitMask 0x80	n.a.	n.a.

**[PRS\_TS\_00099]** [If [GlobalTimeTxCrcSecured](#) is `CRC_SUPPORTED`, the Time Master shall calculate the *CRC* for `CRC_Time_0` by considering the contents of `CRC_Time_Flags` itself, the contents of the dependent fields as defined in [CrcTimeFlagsTxSecured](#) acc. to the rule in the table below and the `DataID`. The data elements used for the calculation of the *CRC* shall apply the following order:

1. the value of `CRC_Time_Flags`
2. the `domainNumber` inside the Follow\_Up Message Header, if `CRC_Time_Flags` contains BitMask `0x02`
3. the `sourcePortIdentity` inside the Follow\_Up Message Header, if `CRC_Time_Flags` contains BitMask `0x08`
4. the `preciseOriginTimestamp` inside the Follow\_Up Message Field, if `CRC_Time_Flags` contains BitMask `0x20`
5. the `DataID`

]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

	For CRC_Time_0 calculation considered contents:	
If CRC_Time_Flags is set to 1	Follow_Up Message Header	Follow_Up Message Field
BitMask 0x01	n.a.	n.a.
BitMask 0x02	domainNumber	n.a.
BitMask 0x04	n.a.	n.a.
BitMask 0x08	sourcePortIdentity	n.a.
BitMask 0x10	n.a.	n.a.
BitMask 0x20	n.a.	preciseOriginTimestamp
BitMask 0x40	n.a.	n.a.
BitMask 0x80	n.a.	n.a.

**Note:** CRC\_Time\_Flags is having the same value like the configuration item [Crc-TimeFlagsTxSecured](#), whereas the resulting CRC of the dependent items remains network wide unchanged.

**[PRS\_TS\_00100]** [If [GlobalTimeTxCrcSecured](#) is set to CRC\_SUPPORTED, the Time Master shall calculate the CRC for CRC\_Time\_1 by considering the contents of CRC\_Time\_Flags itself, the contents of the dependent fields as defined in [Crc-TimeFlagsTxSecured](#) acc. to the rule in the table below and the DataID. The data elements used for the calculation of the CRC shall apply the following order:

1. the value of CRC\_Time\_Flags
2. the messageLength inside the Follow\_Up Message Header, if CRC\_Time\_Flags contains BitMask 0x01
3. the correctionField inside the Follow\_Up Message Header, if CRC\_Time\_Flags contains BitMask 0x04
4. the sequenceId inside the Follow\_Up Message Header, if CRC\_Time\_Flags contains BitMask 0x10
5. the DataID

]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

	For CRC_Time_1 calculation considered contents:	
If CRC_Time_Flags is set to 1	Follow_Up Message Header	Follow_Up Message Field
BitMask 0x01	messageLength	n.a.
BitMask 0x02	n.a.	n.a.
BitMask 0x04	correctionField	n.a.
BitMask 0x08	n.a.	n.a.
BitMask 0x10	sequenceId	n.a.





△

BitMask 0x20	n.a.	n.a.
BitMask 0x40	n.a.	n.a.
BitMask 0x80	n.a.	n.a.

**Note:** `CRC_Time_Flags` has the same value as the configuration item `CrcTime-FlagsTxSecured`.

#### 4.6.2.2.3.2 AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:Status secured

**[PRS\_TS\_00101]** [If `GlobalTimeTxCrcSecured` is set to `CRC_SUPPORTED`, the Time Master shall calculate the *CRC* for `CRC_Status` by considering the contents of `Status` and `DataID` (in this order).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

#### 4.6.2.2.3.3 AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:UserData secured

**[PRS\_TS\_00102]** [If `GlobalTimeTxCrcSecured` is set to `CRC_SUPPORTED`, the Time Master shall calculate the *CRC* for `CRC_UserData` by considering the contents of `UserDataLength`, `UserByte_0`, `UserByte_1`, `UserByte_2` and `DataID` (in this order).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

#### 4.6.2.2.3.4 AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:OFS secured

**[PRS\_TS\_00103]** [If `GlobalTimeTxCrcSecured` is set to `CRC_SUPPORTED`, the Time Master shall calculate the *CRC* for `CRC_OFS` by considering the contents of `OfsTimeDomain`, `OfsTimeSec`, `OfsTimeNSec`, `Status`, `UserDataLength`, `UserByte_0`, `UserByte_1`, `UserByte_2` and `DataID` (in this order).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20063](#))

#### 4.6.2.2.4 Sequence Counter (sequenceId) Calculation

**[PRS\_TS\_00187]** [The Sequence Counter (`sequenceId`) of a `Sync` and `Pdelay_Req` message shall be initialized with 0.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00188]** [The Peer Delay Initiator shall increment the Sequence Counter of a `Pdelay_Req` message by 1 on each transmission request for a `Pdelay_Req` message. The Sequence Counter shall wrap around at 65535 to 0 again.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00189]** [The Time Master shall increment the Sequence Counter of a `Sync` message by 1 on each transmission request for a `Sync` message of a given Time Domain. The Sequence Counter shall wrap around at 65535 to 0 again.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00190]** [The Time Master shall set the Sequence Counter (`sequenceId`) value for a `Follow_Up` message to the Sequence Counter (`sequenceId`) value of the corresponding `Sync` message.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00191]** [The Peer Delay Responder shall set the Sequence Counter (`sequenceId`) value for a `Pdelay_Resp` and `Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up` message to the Sequence Counter (`sequenceId`) value of the corresponding `Pdelay_Req` message.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

#### 4.6.2.2.5 ICV Generation

Each timebase is configured with at least one Freshness Value (FV). The FV refers to a monotonic counter that is used to ensure freshness of the timebase. Such a monotonic counter could be realized by means of individual message counters, called Freshness Counter, or by a time stamp value called Freshness Timestamp.

The ICV refers to the result of a cryptographic function, that are used to ensure that unauthorized modifications of a message are detected. A cryptographic function can be of any primitive with the associated cryptographic key.

**[PRS\_TS\_00234]**{DRAFT} [When (`GlobalTimeIcvFvLength`) is configured greater than 0, then the Time Master shall derive the FV and include the FV in the ICV generation.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00235]**{DRAFT} [When (`GlobalTimeIcvFvLength`) is configured greater than 0, then the Time Master shall add the FV, the length of FV (FVL) and set the 'FV in ICV' flag of `ICV_Flags` in AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00236]**{DRAFT} [When (`GlobalTimeIcvFvLength`) is configured to 0, then the Time Master shall not add the FV, set the length of FV (FVL) to 0 and reset the 'FV in ICV' flag of `ICV_Flags` in AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00237]**{DRAFT} [When (`GlobalTimeIcvFvLength`) is configured greater than 0 and the Time Master fails to derive the FV, then the ICV generation shall be considered as failed. In this case, the Time Master shall reset the 'FV in ICV' and set the 'ICV generation failed' flags of `ICV_Flags` in AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00238]**{DRAFT} [If `TLVFollowUpICVSubTLV` is set to TRUE, the Time Master shall generate the ICV value by applying the cryptographic primitive (`GlobalTimeIcvCryptoPrimitive`) to the content of the `Follow_Up` message (i.e., the header, the message fields and all TLVs - except for the ICV value itself in the AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00239]**{DRAFT} [If the ICV generation (including deriving the FV) fails or takes longer than the timeout `IcvGenerationTimeout`, the Time Master shall set flag 'ICV Generation Failed' in the `ICV_Flags` field of AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

[PRS\_TS\_00240]{DRAFT} [When ICV value does not fit within one AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*, the Time Master shall fragment the ICV value correctly into multiple AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* (refer to [PRS\_TS\_00227], [PRS\_TS\_00228], [PRS\_TS\_00229], [PRS\_TS\_00230], [PRS\_TS\_00231]).] (*RS-TS\_20072*)

#### 4.6.2.2.6 Message Assembling

[PRS\_TS\_00104]{DRAFT} [For each transmission of a Time Synchronization message, the Time Synchronization module shall set-up the message as follows:

1. Assemble Message Header
2. If `Follow_Up`: Calculate `Follow_Up.preciseOriginTimestamp`
3. If `Follow_Up`: Assemble IEEE TLV
4. If `Follow_Up`: Assemble AUTOSAR TLV (configuration dependent) except the AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated*.
5. If `Follow_Up`: Assemble AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* (if configured; refer to section 4.6.2.2.5).

] (*RS\_TS\_20048, RS\_TS\_20061, RS\_TS\_20062, RS\_TS\_20063, RS\_TS\_20072*)

#### 4.6.3 Acting as Time Slave

A Time Slave is an entity, which is the recipient for a certain Time Base within a certain segment of a communication network, being a consumer for this Time Base .

##### 4.6.3.1 Message processing

[PRS\_TS\_00023] [The Time Slave shall support the reception of `Sync` and `Follow_Up` according [1, IEEE 802.1 AS] as well as the transmission and reception of `Pdelay_Req`, `Pdelay_Resp` and `Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up`, [PRS\_TS\_00140], [PRS\_TS\_00141],[PRS\_TS\_00004].] (*RS\_TS\_20048*)

[PRS\_TS\_00025]{DRAFT} [For each configured Time Slave the Ethernet module shall observe the reception timeout `GlobalTimeFollowUpTimeout` between the `Sync` and its `Follow_Up`.

If no `Follow_Up` received before the reception timeout expires, the Time Slave shall reset the sequence (i.e. waiting for a new `Sync`).

A value of 0 deactivates this timeout observation.] (*RS\_TS\_20048, RS\_TS\_20051*)

**[PRS\_TS\_00241]{DRAFT}** [While `GlobalTimeFollowUpTimeout` is running, if the `Sync` message is received, the Time Slave shall discard the `Sync` and shall reset the sequence (i.e. waiting for a new `Sync`).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**Note:** A timeout is detected when receiving the next subsequent `Sync` before receiving the `Follow_Up` belonging to the `Sync` before. The general timeout monitoring for the Time Base update is located in the Implementation of Time Synchronization and not in the provider modules.

#### 4.6.3.1.1 Frame Debouncing

**[PRS\_TS\_00242]{DRAFT}** [During `rx_debounce_time` any `Sync` or `Follow_Up` message received shall be discarded and the sequence shall be reset (i.e., waiting for a new `Sync`).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20047](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

#### 4.6.3.2 Message Field Validation and Disassembling

**[PRS\_TS\_00105]{DRAFT}** [If `MessageCompliance` is set to `FALSE`, `RxCrcValidated`, `RxIcvVerification` shall be considered.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20063](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00106]** [If `MessageCompliance` is set to `FALSE`, a Time Slave shall check if an AUTOSAR `TLV` in the `Follow_Up` message exists.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20063](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00107]{DRAFT}** [The `CRCs` inside the `AUTOSAR TLV` shall be validated, depending on `RxCrcValidated` and the `Follow_Up.TLV[AUTOSAR].Sub-TLV.Type` acc. to:] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

	Sub-TLV.Type	
<code>RxCrcValidated</code>	<code>CRC_VALIDATED</code>	<code>CRC_NOT_VALIDATED</code>
	<code>0x28 Sub-TLV:Time Secured is CRC secured</code>	n.a.
	<code>0x50 Sub-TLV:Status is CRC secured</code>	<code>0x51 Sub-TLV:Status is not CRC secured</code>
	<code>0x60 Sub-TLV:UserData is CRC secured</code>	<code>0x61 Sub-TLV:UserData is not CRC secured</code>
	<code>0x44 Sub-TLV:OFS is CRC secured</code>	<code>0x34 Sub-TLV:OFS is not CRC secured</code>
	<code>0x70 Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated is not CRC secured</code>	<code>0x70 Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated is not CRC secured</code>

**[PRS\_TS\_00108]{DRAFT}** [The `CRCs` inside the `AUTOSAR TLV` shall be ignored, if `RxCrcValidated` is set to `CRC_IGNORED` and the `Follow_Up.TLV[AUTOSAR]`

.Sub-TLV.Type contains any of the following defined values:](RS\_TS\_20061, RS\_TS\_20072)

	Sub-TLV.Type	
RxCrcValidated	CRC_IGNORED	
	0x28 Sub-TLV:Time Secured is CRC secured	n.a.
	0x50 Sub-TLV:Status is CRC secured	0x51 Sub-TLV:Status is not CRC secured
	0x60 Sub-TLV:UserData is CRC secured	0x61 Sub-TLV:UserData is not CRC secured
	0x44 Sub-TLV:OFS is CRC secured	0x34 Sub-TLV:OFS is not CRC secured
	0x70 Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated is not CRC secured	0x70 Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated is not CRC secured

[PRS\_TS\_00109][DRAFT] [The CRCs inside the AUTOSAR TLV shall be either validated or not validated, if RxCrcValidated is set to CRC\_OPTIONAL and the FollowUp.TLV[AUTOSAR].Sub-TLV.Type contains any of the following defined values:](RS\_TS\_20061, RS\_TS\_20072)

	Sub-TLV.Type	
RxCrcValidated	CRC_OPTIONAL	
	CRC shall be validated	CRC shall not be validated
	0x28 Sub-TLV:Time Secured is CRC secured	n.a.
	0x50 Sub-TLV:Status is CRC secured	0x51 Sub-TLV:Status is not CRC secured
	0x60 Sub-TLV:UserData is CRC secured	0x61 Sub-TLV:UserData is not CRC secured
	0x44 Sub-TLV:OFS is CRC secured	0x34 Sub-TLV:OFS is not CRC secured
	0x70 Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated is not CRC secured	0x70 Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated is not CRC secured

Note: The ICV of the FollowUp TLV shall be verified, depending on RxIcvVerification. Refer to section 4.6.3.2.6.

#### 4.6.3.2.1 SGW Calculation

[PRS\_TS\_00211] [If MessageCompliance is set to TRUE the SYNC\_TO\_GATEWAY bit within timeBaseStatus shall be set to zero.](RS\_TS\_20054)

**[PRS\_TS\_00156]** [For a Synchronized Time Base and if `MessageCompliance` is set to `FALSE` and if `RxSubTLVStatus` is set to `TRUE` the `SGW` value (Time Gateway synchronization status) shall be retrieved from the Status element of the AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Status Secured or Sub-TLV:Status Not Secured if the AUTOSAR TLV in the Follow\_Up message exists and if this Sub-TLV is part of the AUTOSAR TLV. If the `SGW` value is set to `SyncToSubDomain`, the `SYNC_TO_GATEWAY` bit within `timeBaseStatus` shall be set to one. Otherwise, it shall be set to zero.]([RS\\_TS\\_20053](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20054](#))

**Note:** Since a Global Time Master will not set the Time Gateway synchronization status to `SYNC_TO_GATEWAY` it is superfluous to transmit an AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Status in this case.

**[PRS\_TS\_00212]** [If `MessageCompliance` is set to `FALSE` and if an AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Status in the Follow\_Up message does not exist, the `SYNC_TO_GATEWAY` bit within `timeBaseStatus` shall be set to zero.]([RS\\_TS\\_20054](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00214]** [If `MessageCompliance` is set to `FALSE` and if `RxSubTLVStatus` is set to `TRUE`: if either the AUTOSAR TLV in the Follow\_Up message does not exist or if the AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Status Secured or Sub-TLV:Status Not Secured is not part of the AUTOSAR TLV a Time Slave shall discard the received Follow\_Up message]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00213]** [If `MessageCompliance` is set to `FALSE` and if an AUTOSAR TLV in the Follow\_Up message exists the `SGW` value (Time Gateway synchronization status) shall be retrieved from the Status element of each AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:OFS that is part of the AUTOSAR TLV. If the `SGW` value is set to `SyncToSubDomain`, the `SYNC_TO_GATEWAY` bit within `timeBaseStatus` shall be set to one. Otherwise, it shall be set to zero.]([RS\\_TS\\_20054](#))

#### 4.6.3.2.2 OFS Calculation

**[PRS\_TS\_00110]** [The Time Slave of an Offset Time Base shall calculate the Offset Time Base from the `OfsTimeSec` and `OfsTimeNSec` elements of the corresponding AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:OFS Secured or Sub-TLV:OFS Not Secured. If the `OfsTimeNSec` element is greater than 999999999 a Time Slave shall discard the received Follow\_Up message.]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20063](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00216]** [If `MessageCompliance` is set to `FALSE` and if `RxSubTLVOFS` is set to `TRUE`: if either the AUTOSAR TLV in the Follow\_Up message does not exist or if the AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:OFS Secured or Sub-TLV:OFS Not Secured is not part of the AUTOSAR TLV a Time Slave shall discard the received Follow\_Up message.]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20063](#))

#### 4.6.3.2.3 UserData Processing

**[PRS\_TS\_00217]** [If `MessageCompliance` is set to `FALSE` and if `RxSubTLVUserData` is set to `TRUE`: if either the *AUTOSAR TLV* in the `Follow_Up` message does not exist or if the *AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:UserData Secured* or *Sub-TLV:UserData Not Secured* is not part of the *AUTOSAR TLV* a Time Slave shall discard the received `Follow_Up` message.]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00218]** [If `MessageCompliance` is either set to `TRUE` or if `RxSubTLVUserData` is set to `FALSE`, a Time Slave shall discard User Data.]([RS\\_TS\\_20062](#))

#### 4.6.3.2.4 CRC Validation

**[PRS\_TS\_00112]** [The `DataID` shall be calculated as:  $DataID = DataIDList [Follow\_Up.sequenceId \bmod 16]$ , where `DataIDList` is given by configuration for the `Follow_Up`.]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

**Note:** A specific `DataID` out of a predefined `DataIDList` ensures the identification of data elements of Time Synchronization messages.

**[PRS\_TS\_00183]** [If applying the *CRC* calculation on multibyte values, the byte order shall be such that the byte containing the most significant bit of the value shall be used first.]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00185]** [If applying the *CRC* calculation on multibyte message data, the byte order shall be in ascending order of the octets, i.e., the octet with the lowest offset shall be used first.]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

##### 4.6.3.2.4.1 AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:Time Secured

**[PRS\_TS\_00215]** [If `MessageCompliance` is set to `FALSE` and if `RxSubTLVTime` is set to `TRUE`: if either the *AUTOSAR TLV* in the `Follow_Up` message does not exist or if the *AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Time Secured* is not part of the *AUTOSAR TLV* a Time Slave shall discard the received `Follow_Up` message.]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00157]** [If `RxSubTLVTime` is set to `TRUE` and if `RxCrcValidated` is set to `CRC_VALIDATED` or `CRC_OPTIONAL`, the Time Slave shall validate the *CRC* as defined in `CrcFlagsRxValidated` acc. to the following rule.]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

Element	Validate if <code>CrcFlagsRxValidated</code> element is set to <code>TRUE</code> :	
	Follow_Up Message Header	Follow_Up Message Field
<code>CrcMessageLength</code>	<code>messageLength</code>	n.a.
<code>CrcDomainNumber</code>	<code>domainNumber</code>	n.a.



△

<a href="#">CrcCorrectionField</a>	correctionField	n.a.
<a href="#">CrcSourcePortIdentity</a>	sourcePortIdentity	n.a.
<a href="#">CrcSequenceId</a>	sequenceId	n.a.
<a href="#">CrcPreciseOrigin-Timestamp</a>	n.a.	preciseOriginTimes-tamp

**[PRS\_TS\_00113]** [If [RxSubTLVTime](#) is set to TRUE and if [RxCrcValidated](#) is set to CRC\_VALIDATED or CRC\_OPTIONAL, , the Time Slave shall validate the CRC for CRC\_Time\_0 by considering the contents of CRC\_Time\_Flags itself, the contents of the dependent fields as defined in [CrcFlagsRxValidated](#) acc. to the rule in the table below and the DataID. The data elements used for the calculation and thus validation of the CRC shall apply the following order:

1. the value of CRC\_Time\_Flags
2. the domainNumber inside the Follow\_Up Message Header, if [CrcDomain-Number](#) is set to TRUE
3. the preciseOriginTimestamp inside the Follow\_Up Message Field, if [Crc-PreciseOriginTimestamp](#) is set to TRUE
4. the sourcePortIdentity inside the Follow\_Up Message Header, if [Crc-SourcePortIdentity](#) is set to TRUE
5. the DataID (refer to [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00112\]](#))

]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

	For CRC_Time_0 verification required contents:	
If <a href="#">CrcFlagsRxValidated</a> element is set to TRUE:	Follow_Up Message Header	Follow_Up Message Field
<a href="#">CrcMessageLength</a>	n.a.	n.a.
<a href="#">CrcDomainNumber</a>	domainNumber	n.a.
<a href="#">CrcCorrectionField</a>	n.a.	n.a.
<a href="#">CrcSourcePortIdentity</a>	sourcePortIdentity	n.a.
<a href="#">CrcSequenceId</a>	n.a.	n.a.
<a href="#">CrcPreciseOrigin-Timestamp</a>	n.a.	preciseOriginTimes-tamp

**[PRS\_TS\_00114]** [If [RxSubTLVTime](#) is set to TRUE and if [RxCrcValidated](#) is set to CRC\_VALIDATED or CRC\_OPTIONAL, the Time Slave shall validate the CRC for CRC\_Time\_1 by considering the contents of CRC\_Time\_Flags itself, the contents of the dependent fields as defined in [CrcFlagsRxValidated](#) acc. to the rule in the table below and the DataID. The data elements used for the calculation and thus validation of the CRC shall apply the following order:

1. the value of CRC\_Time\_Flags



2. the `messageLength` inside the `Follow_Up Message Header`, if `CrcMessageLength` is set to `TRUE`
3. the `CrcCorrectionField` inside the `Follow_Up Message Header`, if `CrcCorrectionField` is set to `TRUE`
4. the `sequenceId` inside the `Follow_Up Message Field`, if `CrcSequenceId` is set to `TRUE`
5. the `DataID` (refer to [PRRS\_TS\_00112])

](RS\_TS\_20061)

	For CRC_Time_1 verification required contents:	
If <code>CrcFlagsRxValidated</code> element is set to <code>TRUE</code> :	Follow_Up Message Header	Follow_Up Message Field
<code>CrcMessageLength</code>	<code>messageLength</code>	n.a.
<code>CrcDomainNumber</code>	n.a.	n.a.
<code>CrcCorrectionField</code>	<code>correctionField</code>	n.a.
<code>CrcSourcePortIdentity</code>	n.a.	n.a.
<code>CrcSequenceId</code>	<code>sequenceId</code>	n.a.
<code>CrcPreciseOriginTimestamp</code>	n.a.	n.a.

#### 4.6.3.2.4.2 AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:Status secured

[PRRS\_TS\_00115] [If `RxCrcValidated` is set to `CRC_VALIDATED` or `CRC_OPTIONAL`, the Time Slave shall validate the *CRC* for `CRC_Status` by considering the contents of `Status` and `DataID` (in this order).](RS\_TS\_20061)

#### 4.6.3.2.4.3 AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:UserData secured

[PRRS\_TS\_00116] [If `RxCrcValidated` is set to `CRC_VALIDATED` or `CRC_OPTIONAL`, the Time Slave shall validate the *CRC* for `CRC_UserData` by considering the contents of `UserDataLength`, `UserByte_0`, `UserByte_1`, `UserByte_2` and `DataID` (in this order).](RS\_TS\_20061)

#### 4.6.3.2.4.4 AUTOSAR TLV Sub-TLV:OFS secured

[PRRS\_TS\_00117] [If `RxCrcValidated` is set to `CRC_VALIDATED` or `CRC_OPTIONAL`, the Time Slave shall validate the *CRC* for `CRC_OFS` by considering the contents of `OfsTimeDomain`, `OfsTimeSec`, `OfsTimeNSec`, `Status`, `User-`

DataLength, UserByte\_0, UserByte\_1, UserByte\_2 and DataID (in this order).](RS\_TS\_20061, RS\_TS\_20063)

#### 4.6.3.2.5 Sequence Counter (sequenceId) Validation

**[PRS\_TS\_00192]** [If the Sequence Counter (sequenceId) of a received Pdelay\_Resp message does not match the Sequence Counter (sequenceId) of the corresponding Pdelay\_Req message, the Peer Delay Initiator shall ignore the Pdelay\_Resp message.](RS\_TS\_20061)

**[PRS\_TS\_00193]** [The Peer Delay Initiator shall ignore a Pdelay\_Resp message, if the Pdelay\_Resp message has not been received within the timeout interval GlobalTimePdelayRespAndRespFollowUpTimeout.](RS\_TS\_20061)

**[PRS\_TS\_00194]** [If the Sequence Counter (sequenceId) of a received Pdelay\_Resp\_Follow\_Up message does not match the Sequence Counter (sequenceId) of the transmitted Pdelay\_Req message, the Peer Delay Initiator shall ignore the received Pdelay\_Resp\_Follow\_Up message.](RS\_TS\_20061)

**[PRS\_TS\_00195]** [The Peer Delay Initiator shall discard the content of a Pdelay\_Resp message, if no Pdelay\_Resp\_Follow\_Up message with a matching Sequence Counter (sequenceId) has been received within the timeout interval GlobalTimePdelayRespAndRespFollowUpTimeout.](RS\_TS\_20061)

**[PRS\_TS\_00196]** [ If the Sequence Counter (sequenceId) of a received Follow\_Up message does not match the Sequence Counter (sequenceId) of the previously received Sync message of the same Time Domain (domainNumber), the Time Slave shall ignore the Follow\_Up message.](RS\_TS\_20061)

**[PRS\_TS\_00197]** [If no Follow\_Up message with a matching Sequence Counter (sequenceId) and Time Domain (domainNumber) has been received within the timeout interval GlobalTimeFollowUpTimeout, the Time Slave shall discard the contents of the already received Sync message.](RS\_TS\_20061)

**[PRS\_TS\_00198]** [The Sequence Counter Jump Width between two consecutive Sync messages of the same Time Domain (domainNumber) shall be greater than 0 and smaller than or equal to GlobalTimeSequenceCounterJumpWidth.

Otherwise the Time Slave shall discard the Sync message.

If GlobalTimeSequenceCounterJumpWidth is set to 0, the Time Slave shall not check the Sequence Counter Jump Width.

](RS\_TS\_20061)

**[PRS\_TS\_00199]** [A Time Slave shall check the Sequence Counter (sequenceId) of a received Sync message per Time Domain (domainNumber) against the configured value of GlobalTimeSequenceCounterJumpWidth, unless

- GlobalTimeSequenceCounterJumpWidth is configured to 0

- or it is the first `Sync` message after Initialization
- or it is the first `Sync` message after a Synchronization Timeout.

]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

**Note:** A Synchronization Timeout means, that a Time Slave could not (re-)synchronize within a given timeout interval due to missing or invalid `Sync` or `Follow_up` messages.

**Note:** There are scenarios when it makes sense to skip the check of the Sequence Counter Jump Width, e.g. at startup (Time Slaves start asynchronously to the Time Master) or after a message timeout to allow for Sequence Counter (re-)synchronization. In case of a timeout the error has been detected already by the timeout monitoring, there is no benefit in generating a subsequent error by the jump width check.

**Note:** During Time Base update timeout the Sequence Counter validation will still discard messages with a Sequence Counter Jump Width being zero (i.e., stuck Sequence Counter).

**[PRS\_TS\_00200]** [While a Time Base Timeout is present (TIMEOUT bit set in Time Base synchronization status `timeBaseStatus`), `Sync/Follow_up` messages shall be discarded unless they are successfully validated (refer to [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00198\]](#)) in `n` consecutive `Sync/Follow_up` message pairs (`n` is given by the parameter `GlobalTimeSequenceCounterHysteresis`). In such a scenario any valid message pair would cause the Time Slave to leave the Timeout state (refer to [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00199\]](#)) although the sequence counter is not incremented correctly. An additional hysteresis avoids this.]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#))

**Note:** [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00200\]](#) improves robustness against a scenario with a buggy master implementation or injection of invalid Time Master messages (Sequence Counter increments greater than `GlobalTimeSequenceCounterJumpWidth`).

#### 4.6.3.2.6 ICV Verification

**[PRS\_TS\_00243]{DRAFT}** [If `RxIcvVerification` is set to `ICV_IGNORED`, the Time Slave shall not perform the ICV verification. If the received `Follow_up` message contains the AUTOSAR `Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated`, then the Time Slave shall ignore it.]([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00244]{DRAFT}** [If `RxIcvVerification` is set to `ICV_OPTIONAL`, the Time Slave shall not perform the ICV verification, when the received `Follow_up` message does not contain the AUTOSAR `Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated`.]([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00245]{DRAFT}** [If `RxIcvVerification` is set to `ICV_OPTIONAL`, the Time Slave shall perform the ICV verification, when the received `Follow_up` message contains the AUTOSAR `Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated`.]([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00246]{DRAFT}** [If `RxIcvVerification` is set to `ICV_VERIFIED`, the Time Slave shall perform the ICV verification. If the received `Follow_up` message does not contain the AUTOSAR `Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated`, then the ICV verification shall be assessed as unsuccessful.]([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00247]{DRAFT}** [If `RxIcvVerification` is set to `ICV_NOT_VERIFIED`, the Time Slave shall not perform the ICV verification and the received `Follow_up` message shall not contain the AUTOSAR `Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated`. If the received `Follow_up` message contains the AUTOSAR `Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated`, then the Time Slave shall not perform the ICV verification and ICV verification shall be assessed as unsuccessful.]([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00248]{DRAFT}** [As initial step of ICV verification process, if FVL is greater than 0 and 'ICV with FV' bit is set in `ICV_Flags` of the received `Follow_Up` message, then the Time Slave shall derive the FV and perform the FV verification. If the Time Slave fails to derive the FV and FV verification is unsuccessful, then the ICV verification is unsuccessful.]([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00249]{DRAFT}** [During the ICV verification process if 'ICV with FV' bit is not set in `ICV_Flags` of received `Follow_Up` message, the Time Slave shall not include the FV in the ICV verification.]([RS\\_TS\\_00039](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00250]{DRAFT}** [During the ICV verification process if FVL is equal to 0 and 'ICV with FV' bit is set in `ICV_Flags` of received `Follow_Up` message, the Time Slave shall not derive the FV and the ICV verification is unsuccessful.]([RS\\_TS\\_00039](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00251]{DRAFT}** [When the received `Follow_up` message contains multiple AUTOSAR `Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated`, the Time Slave shall aggregate the ICV value correctly (refer to [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00227\]](#), [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00228\]](#), [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00229\]](#), [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00230\]](#), [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00231\]](#)). If the Time Slave cannot aggregate the ICV value correctly (e.g., incorrect sequence numbers, length), then ICV verification is unsuccessful.]([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00252]{DRAFT}** [If the ICV verification (Inclusive of FV verification time) takes longer than the timeout `IcvVerificationTimeout`, then ICV verification is unsuccessful.]([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

#### 4.6.3.2.7 Message Disassembling

**[PRS\_TS\_00118]** [If the Type of a `Sub-TLV` cannot be recognized at the receiver side, it shall be ignored and the next subsequent `Sub-TLV` shall be evaluated.]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20063](#))

**Note:** The Length field of each `Sub-TLV` is always at the same position within each `Sub-TLV`. It will be used to jump over the unknown `Sub-TLV` to the next Type field.

**[PRS\_TS\_00119]{DRAFT}** [If any of the following conditions is not met, a Time Slave shall consider the validation of received `Sync` or `Follow_Up` message is not success-

ful, discard a received `Sync` or `Follow_Up` message and reset the sequence (ie., waiting for next `Sync` message):

1. Validation of Sequence Counter (`sequenceId`) is successful (refer to: [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00196\]](#), [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00197\]](#), [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00198\]](#), [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00199\]](#)).
2. If `Follow_Up`: `Follow_Up.TLV[AUTOSAR].Sub-TLV.Type` matches depending on configuration of [RxCrcValidated](#)
3. The Time Domain matches to the defined Time Domain range for each `domain-Number` resp. to the element `OfsTimeDomain` of the AUTOSAR `Sub-TLV:OFS` (configuration dependent).
4. The Time Domain matches to one of the configured Time Domains
5. If `Follow_Up`: All CRCs are successfully validated depending on the configuration of [RxCrcValidated](#) and [CrcFlagsRxValidated](#).
6. If `Follow_Up`: The `Length` field for every "known", i.e., specified in [4.3.1.2](#), `Sub-TLV` that is contained in the AUTOSAR TLV matches the specified value for this `Sub-TLV`.
7. If `Follow_Up`: The AUTOSAR TLV Header's `lengthField` is equal to the accumulated length of all Sub-TLVs plus 6.
8. If `Follow_Up`: The `ICV` is successfully verified depending on the configuration of [RxIcvVerification](#).

]([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20063](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00120]** [For each received Time Synchronization message, the Time synchronization protocol shall disassemble the message after successful validation.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20061](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20062](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20063](#))

## 4.7 Time measurement with Switches

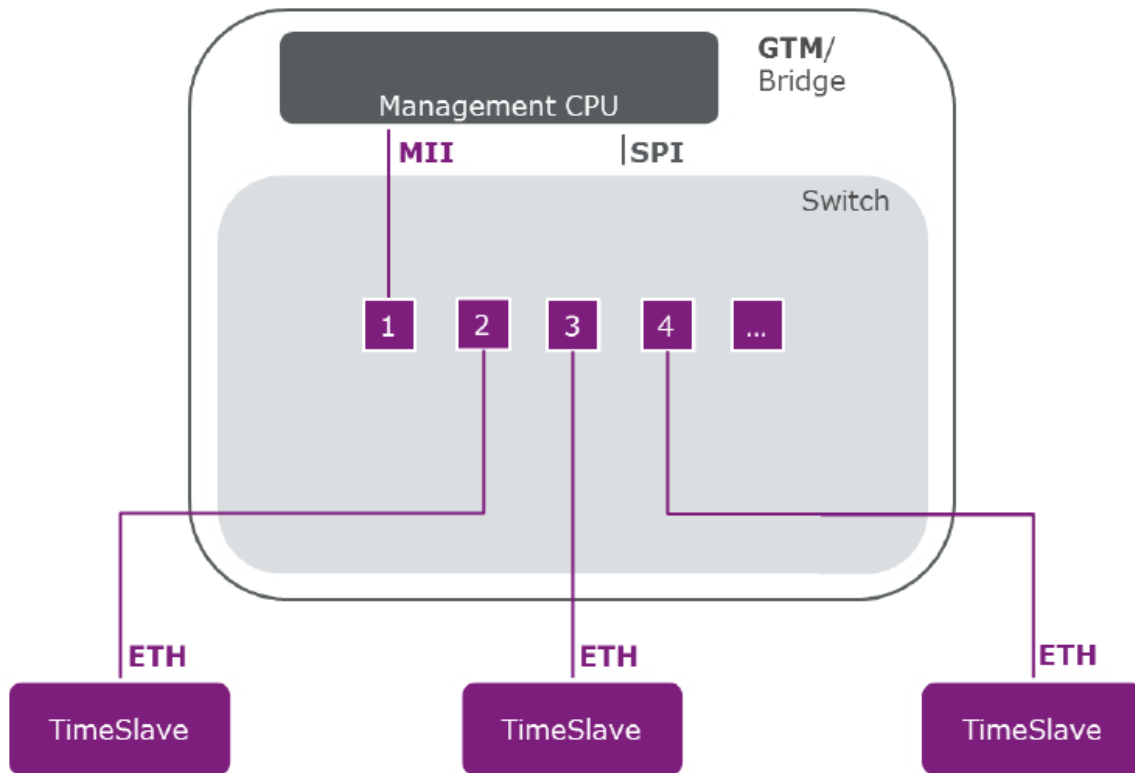
In a time aware Ethernet network, two basic HW types of control units exists:

1. Endpoints directly working on a local Ethernet-Controller
2. Time Gateways, resp. Time Aware Bridges, where the local Ethernet-Controller connects to an external Switch device.

The extension "Time measurement with Switches" focusses on 2. A Switch device leads to additional delays, which have to be considered for the calculation of the corresponding Time Base. Additionally, the support of time stamping in HW is a Switch-Port specific feature, which leads to an extension of the used function APIs. These APIs enabling a Switch port specific detection of ingress and egress messages together with a given timestamp, if enabled.

If the Switch Management and Global Time support is implemented as a part of the program running on the Switch HW, this will not be considered by 2. For this case, the behavior can be seen as described in 1.

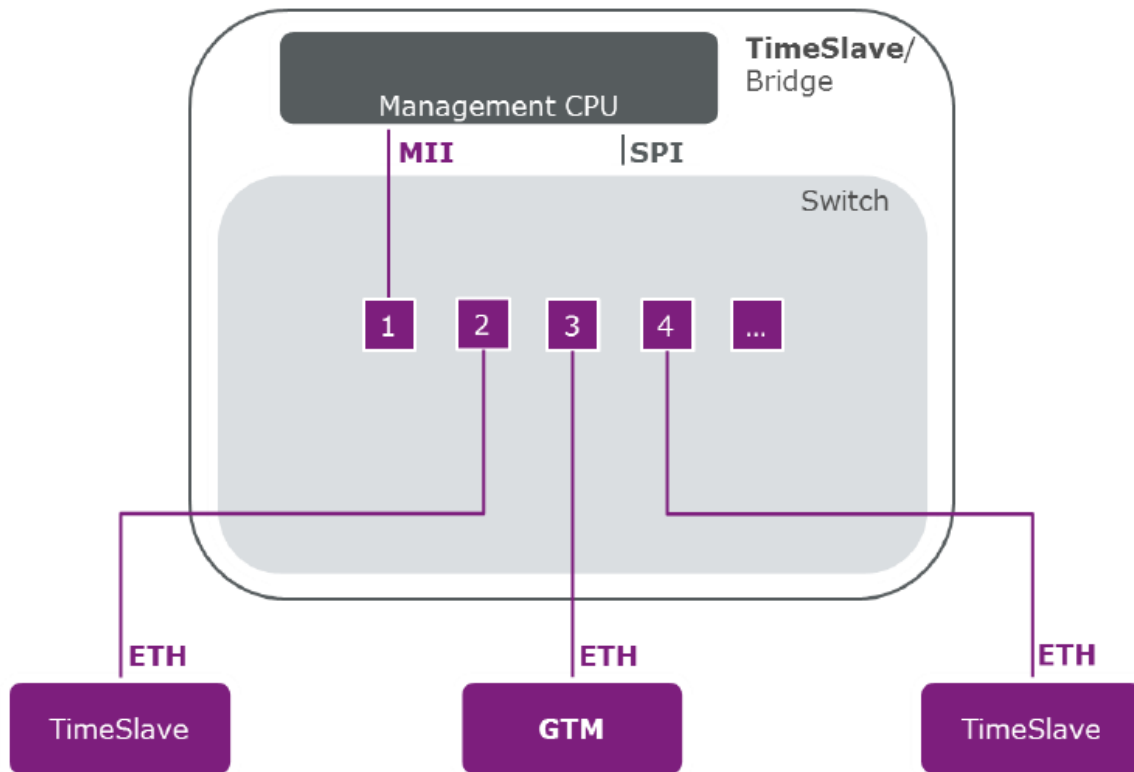
**[PRS\_TS\_00053]** [Time measurement with Switches supports the use case "Time Aware Bridge with GTM as Management CPU" like shown in Figure [Figure 5.2.](#)]([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))



**Figure 4.2: Time Aware Bridge with GTM as Management CPU**

**[PRS\_TS\_00054]** [Time measurement with Switches supports the use case "Time Aware Bridge with GTM not as Management

CPU" like shown in [Figure 5.3.](#) ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))



**Figure 4.3: Time Aware Bridge with GTM not as Management CPU**

#### 4.8 Pdelay and Time Synchronization measurement point

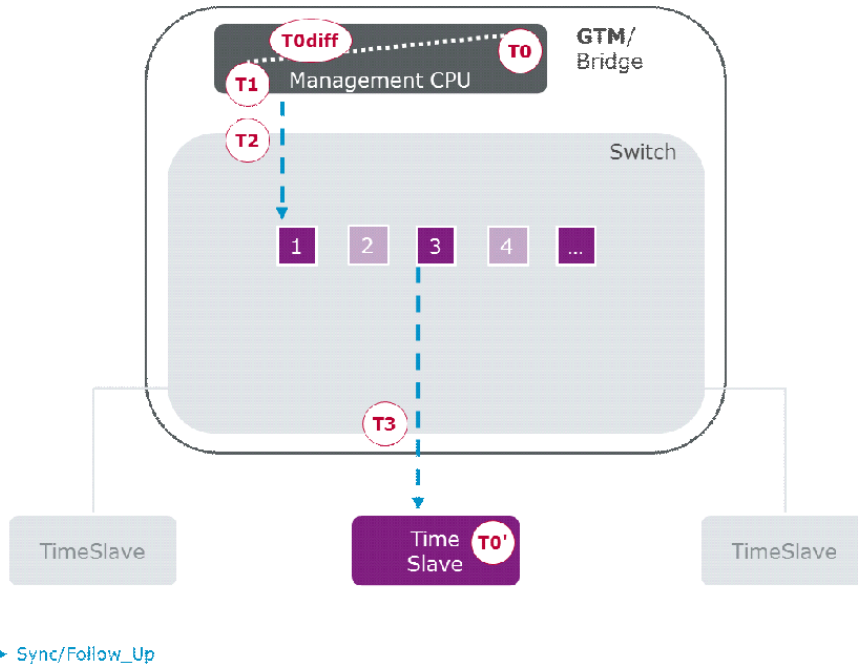
**[PRS\_TS\_00055]** [The path delay measurement will be done always as Port-to-Port measurement like specified in in [1, IEEE 802.1 AS] chapter 11.1.2 Propagation delay measurement for the device external Ethernet path.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00056]** [The inner delay of the Ethernet path (Residence Time) is determined at the time where `Sync` is received and transmitted, by using the message specific ingress and egress timestamps.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))

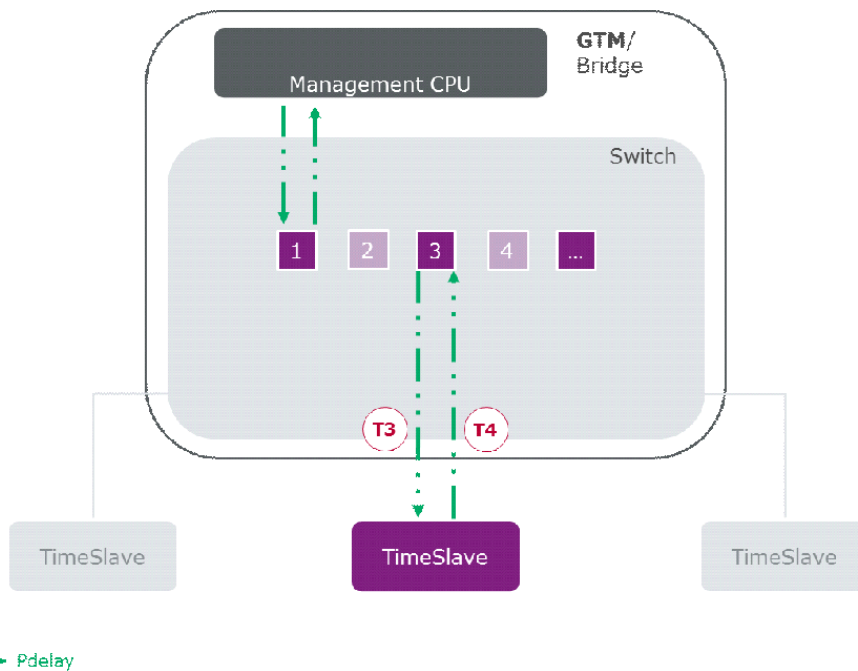
**Note:** This belongs to the fact, that the Residence Time might be discontinuous, depending on the current busload, while `Sync` messages are transmitted / received, the Switch HW architecture and the message forwarding method. A static delay measurement method for this part of the communication path might lead to an unprecise time measurement. Nevertheless, static Residence Time parameters are considered by this specification, to increase the performance while calculating the Global Time resp. the `correctionField` and the flexibility to support different Switch devices, such as Switches, which do not support time stamping on each ingress or egress port.

### 4.9 Time Aware Bridge with GTM as Management CPU

[PRS\_TS\_00057] [Time measurement with Switches supporting the use case "Time Aware Bridge with GTM as Management CPU" following the given timestamping points like shown in Figure 5.4] (RS\_TS\_20048, RS\_TS\_20059)



**Figure 4.4: Sync/Follow\_Up message flow with Timestamping points for Sync for Time Aware Bridge with GTM as Management CPU**

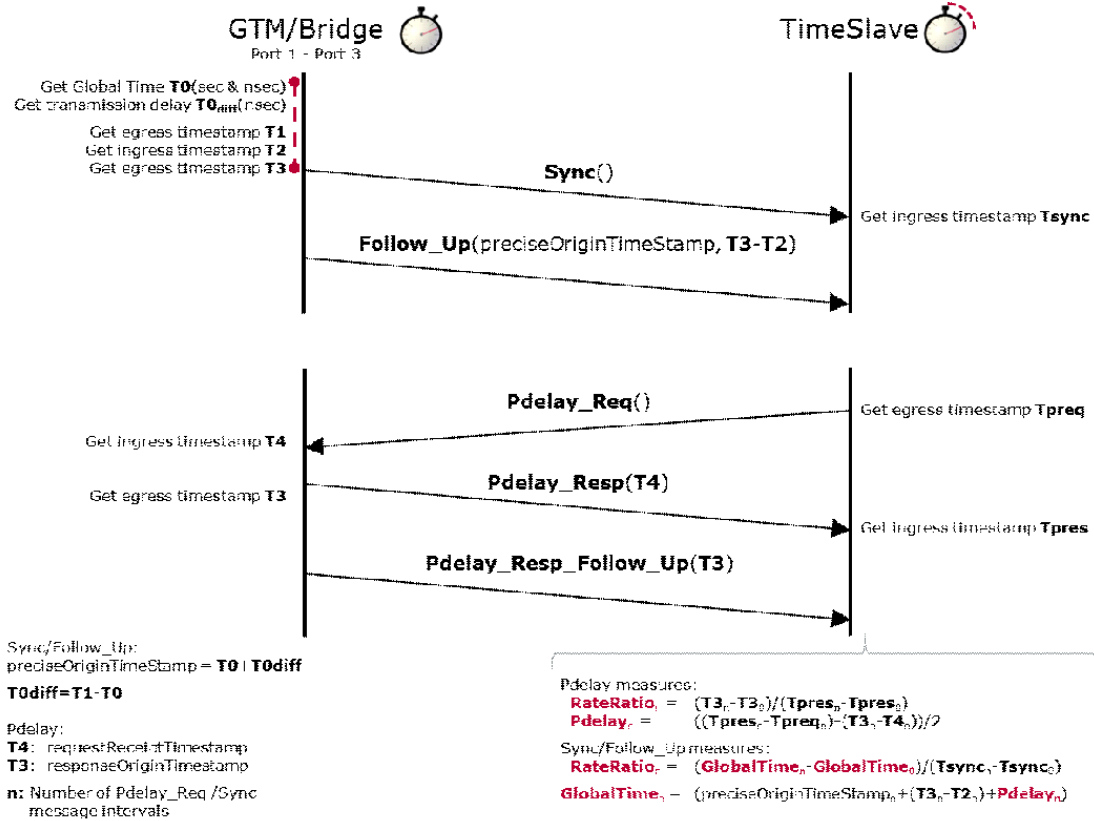


**Figure 4.5: Pdelay message flow with Timestamping points for Time Aware Bridge with GTM as Management CPU**



**Note:** The picture [Figure 5.4](#) and [Figure 5.5](#) shows an example Port selection as simplification.

**[PRS\_TS\_00058]** [Time measurement with Switches supporting the use case "Time Aware Bridge with GTM as Management CPU" considers the inner Switch delay by a modification of the correctionField as well as Pdelay timestamping for requestReceiptTimestamp and responseOriginTimestamp like shown in [Figure 5.6](#).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))



**Figure 4.6: Timestamping sequence for Time Aware Bridge with GTM as Management CPU**

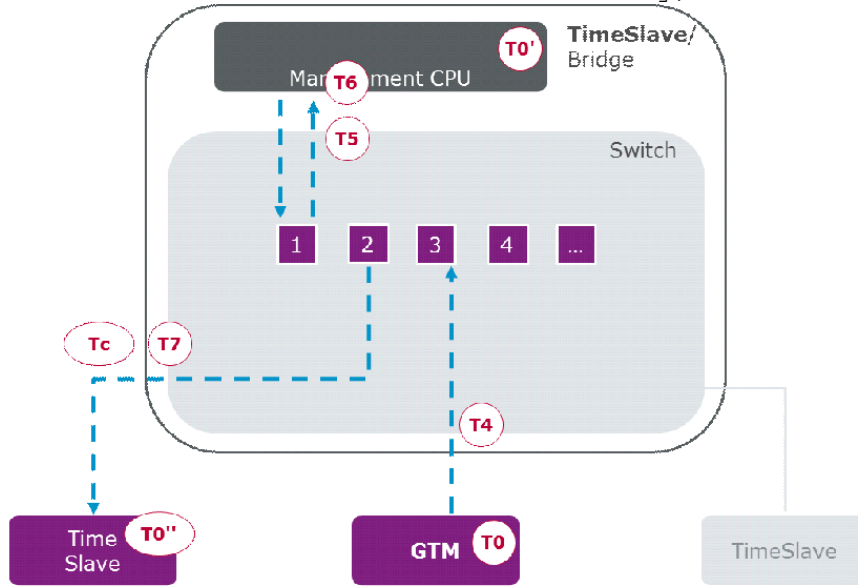
**Note:** The calculation in [Figure 5.6](#) shows an example Port selection as simplification.

**[PRS\_TS\_00166]** [If [GlobalTimeUplinkToTxSwitchResidenceTime](#) is set to 0, the Ethernet module shall ignore this parameter and measure the inner delay of the Switch egress Ethernet path (Uplink to Tx Residence Time ( $T3 - T2$ )) by using always the ingress ( $T2$ ) and egress ( $T3$ ) timestamp as given in [Figure 5.6](#).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00167]** [If [GlobalTimeUplinkToTxSwitchResidenceTime](#) is greater than 0, the Ethernet module shall use this parameter as value for the inner delay of the Switch egress Ethernet path (Uplink to Tx Residence Time ( $T3 - T2$ )) instead of using the measurement method described in [\[PRS\\_TS\\_00166\]](#).] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))

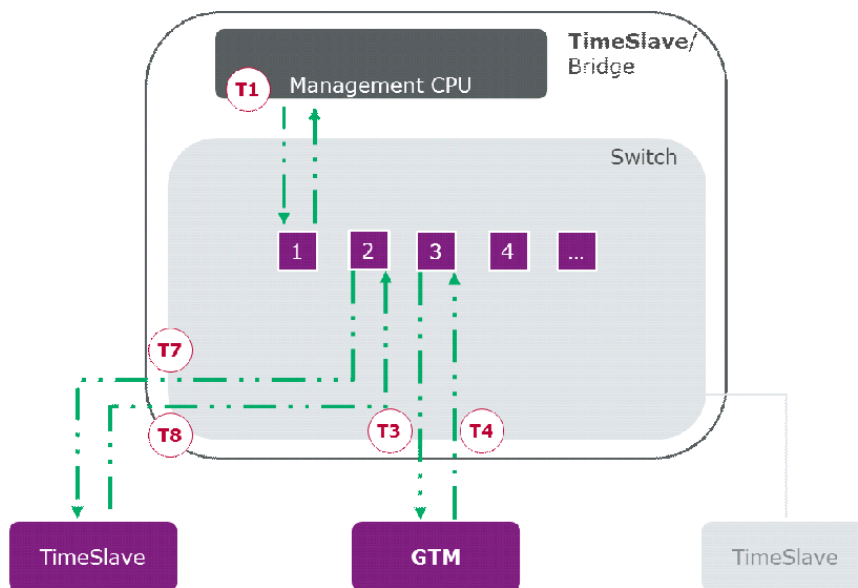
### 4.10 Time Aware Bridge with GTM not as Management CPU

[PRS\_TS\_00059] [Time measurement with Switches supporting the use case Time Aware Bridge with GTM not as Management CPU following the given timestamping points like shown in Figure 5.7 and Figure 5.8.] (RS\_TS\_20048, RS\_TS\_20059)



Legend:  
- - - Sync/Follow\_Up

**Figure 4.7: Sync/Follow\_Up message flow with Timestamping points for Sync for Time Aware Bridge with GTM not as Management CPU**



Legend:  
- . - Pdelay

**Figure 4.8: Pdelay message flow with Timestamping points for Time Aware Bridge with GTM not as Management CPU**

**[PRS\_TS\_00060]** [Time measurement with Switches supporting the use case Time Aware Bridge with GTM not as Management CPU considers the inner Switch delay by a modification of the `correctionField` as well as `Pdelay` timestamping for `requestReceiptTimestamp` and `responseOriginTimestamp`.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00207]** [If the `Follow_Up` message contains an AUTOSAR TLV, which contains a `Sub-TLV:Time Secured` it shall be checked, if the element `CRC_Time_Flags` contains `BitMask 0x04` (i.e., the content of `correctionField` is CRC protected). If this bit is set then the validation of the `CRC_Time_1` element shall be done as follows: The CRC Validation shall be done as specified in section 4.6.3.2.4. The data elements used for the calculation and thus validation of the CRC shall be applied with the following order:

1. the value of `CRC_Time_Flags`
2. the length of the message inside the `Follow_Up` Message Header, if the element `CRC_Time_Flags` contains `BitMask 0x01`
3. the `correctionField` inside the `Follow_Up` Message Header
4. the `sequenceId` inside the `Follow_Up` Message Header, if the element `CRC_Time_Flags` contains `BitMask 0x10`
5. the `DataID`

] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00208]** [If the CRC validation of an AUTOSAR TLV fails, the `Follow_Up` message shall be dropped instead of being forwarded.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00209]** [If the CRC validation of an AUTOSAR TLV is successful, the `correctionField` shall be modified and the element `CRC_Time_1` inside the `Sub-TLV:Time Secured` shall be calculated according to the content of the `CRC_Time_Flags` element.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00253]**{DRAFT} [If the `Follow_Up` message contains an AUTOSAR TLV, which contains AUTOSAR `Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated`, then the Time Aware Bridge shall verify the ICV.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00254]**{DRAFT} [If the ICV verification of the `Follow_Up` message fails, then the `Follow_Up` message shall be dropped instead of being forwarded.] ([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00255]**{DRAFT} [If the ICV verification of the `Follow_Up` message is successful, then the following shall be done:

1. `CrcCorrectionField` shall be modified inside the `Sub-TLV:Time Secured`
2. the new AUTOSAR `Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated` is constructed for the updated `Follow_Up`

3. the old AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* is replaced with the new AUTOSAR *Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated* in the `Follow_Up` message

]([RS\\_TS\\_20072](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00168]** [If `rx_residence_time` is set to 0, the Time Synchronization over Ethernet shall ignore this parameter and measure the inner delay of the Switch ingress Ethernet path (Rx to Uplink Residence Time (T5 - T4)) by using always the ingress (T4) and egress (T5) timestamp.]([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00171]** [If `rx_residence_time` is greater than 0, the Time Synchronization over Ethernet shall use this parameter as value for the inner delay of the Switch ingress Ethernet path (Rx to Uplink Residence Time (T5 - T4)) instead of using the measurement method.]([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00169]** [If `rx_residence_time` and `tx_residence_time` are set to 0, the Ethernet module shall ignore both parameter and measure the inner delay of the Switch ingress and egress Ethernet path (Rx to Uplink and Uplink to Tx Residence Time (T7 to T4)) by using always the ingress (T4) and egress (T7) timestamp.]([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))

**[PRS\_TS\_00170]** [If `rx_residence_time` and `tx_residence_time` are greater than 0, the Ethernet module shall use the sum of both parameter for the value of the inner delay of the Switch ingress and egress Ethernet path (Rx to Uplink and Uplink to Tx Residence Time (T7 to T4)) instead of using the measurement method.]([RS\\_TS\\_20048](#), [RS\\_TS\\_20059](#))

**Note:** A separate Uplink to Tx Residence Time (T7 to  $T_{\text{UplinkMmCpu}}$ ) replacement by using `tx_residence_time` might be also possible, but is not considered by the scenario.

## 4.11 Error messages

There are no dedicated error messages defined in IEEE Standard 802.1AS-30 [1, IEEE 802.1 AS].

## 4.12 Security Events

Security Events handling is specified in the corresponding classic and adaptive platform documents.

## 5 Configuration parameters

The Following chapter summarizes all the configuration parameters that are used.

Name	Description
CRC_Support	represents whether the CRC configuration is supported or not
rx_residence_time	This parameter is specifying the default value used for the residence time
tx_residence_time	This parameter is specifying the default value used for the residence time
FramePrio	This optional parameter, if present, indicates the priority of outgoing messages, if sent via VLAN (used for the 3-bit PCP field of the VLAN tag). If this optional parameter is not present, frames are sent without a priority and VLAN field.
GlobalTimeTxPdelayReqPeriod	This parameter represents configuration of the TX period for Pdelay_Req messages. A value of 0 disables the cyclic Pdelay measurement.
PdelayLatencyThreshold	Threshold for calculated Pdelay. If a measured Pdelay exceeds PdelayLatencyThreshold, this value is discarded.
PdelayRespAndResp-FollowUpTimeout	Timeout value for Pdelay_Resp and Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up after a Pdelay_Req has been transmitted resp. a Pdelay_Resp has been received. A value of 0 deactivates this timeout observation.
GlobalTimePropagationDelay	If cyclic propagation delay measurement is enabled, this parameter represents the default value of the propagation delay until the first actually measured propagation delay is available. If cyclic propagation delay measurement is disabled, this parameter replaces a measured propagation delay by a fixed value.
GlobalTimePdelayRespEnable	This parameter allows disabling Pdelay_Resp, Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up transmission, if no Pdelay_Req messages are expected. FALSE: No Pdelay requests expected. Pdelay_Resp / Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up transmission is disabled. TRUE: Pdelay requests expected. Pdelay_Resp, Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up transmission is enabled.
GlobalTimeTxPeriod	This parameter represents configuration of the TX period.
GlobalTimeFollowUpTimeout	Timeout value of the Follow_Up message (of the subsequent Sync message). A value of 0 deactivates this timeout observation.
MasterSlaveConflictDetection	Enables master / slave conflict detection and notification. true: detection and notification is enabled. false: detection and notification is disabled.
MessageCompliance	true: IEEE 802.1AS compliant message format will be used. false: IEEE 802.1AS message format with AUTOSAR extension will be used.

RxCrcValidated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CRC_IGNORED (ignores any CRC inside the Sub-TLVs)</li> <li>• CRC_NOT_VALIDATED (If MessageCompliance is set to FALSE: Ethernet discards Follow_Up messages with Sub-TLVs of Type 0x28, 0x44, 0x50 or 0x60)</li> <li>• CRC_OPTIONAL ( If MessageCompliance is set to FALSE: Ethernet discards Follow_Up messages with Sub-TLVs of Type 0x28, 0x44, 0x50 or 0x60, that contain an incorrect CRC value.)</li> <li>• CRC_VALIDATED (If MessageCompliance is set to FALSE: Ethernet discards Follow_Up messages with Sub-TLVs of Type 0x28, 0x44, 0x50 or 0x60, that contain an incorrect CRC value. Ethernet rejects Follow_Up messages with Sub-TLVs of Type 0x34, 0x51 or 0x61)</li> </ul>
CrcFlagsRxValidated	This container collects definitions which parts of the Follow_Up message elements shall be included in the CRC validation.
CrcMessageLength	messageLength from the Follow_Up Message Header shall be included in CRC calculation.
CrcDomainNumber	domainNumber from the Follow_Up Message Header shall be included in CRC calculation.
CrcCorrectionField	correctionField from the Follow_Up Message Header shall be included in CRC calculation.
CrcSourcePortIdentity	sourcePortIdentity from the Follow_Up Message Header shall be included in CRC calculation.
CrcSequenceId	sequenceId from the Follow_Up Message Header shall be included in CRC calculation.
CrcPreciseOriginTimestamp	preciseOriginTimestamp from the Follow_Up Message Field shall be included in CRC calculation.
GlobalTimeUplinkTo-TxSwitchResidenceTime	This parameter is specifying the default value used for the residence time of the Ethernet Switch [Uplink to Egress]. This value is used by the Ethernet module if the calculation of the residence time failed.
TxSubTLVTime	This represents the configuration whether a Sub-TLV:Time Secured shall be sent by the Time Master within the AUTOSAR TLV.
TxSubTLVStatus	This represents the configuration whether a Sub-TLV:Status Secured or Sub-TLV:Status Not Secured shall be sent by the Time Master within the AUTOSAR TLV.
TxSubTLVUserData	This represents the configuration whether a Sub-TLV:UserData Secured or Sub-TLV:UserData Not Secured shall be sent by the Time Master within the AUTOSAR TLV.

TxSubTLVOFS	This represents the configuration whether a Sub-TLV:OFS Secured or Sub-TLV:OFS Not Secured shall be sent by the Time Master within the AUTOSAR TLV.
RxSubTLVTime	This represents the configuration whether a Sub-TLV:Time Secured within the AUTOSAR TLV shall be processed by the Time Slave or Time Gateway.
RxSubTLVStatus	This represents the configuration whether a Sub-TLV:Status Secured or Sub-TLV:Status Not Secured within the AUTOSAR TLV shall be processed by the Time Slave or Time Gateway.
RxSubTLVUserData	This represents the configuration whether a Sub-TLV:UserData Secured or Sub-TLV:UserData Not Secured within the AUTOSAR TLV shall be processed by the Time Slave or Time Gateway.
RxSubTLVOFS	This represents the configuration whether a Sub-TLV:OFS Secured or Sub-TLV:OFS Not Secured within the AUTOSAR TLV shall be processed by the Time Slave or Time Gateway.
TLVFollowUpICVSubTLV	This represents the configuration of whether an AUTOSAR Follow_Up TLV Time Authenticated Sub-TLV is used or not.
CrcTimeFlagsTxSecured	This item collects definitions which parts of the Follow_Up message elements shall be used for CRC calculation.
GlobalTimeTxCrcSecured	This represents the configuration of whether or not CRC is supported.
GlobalTimeSequenceCounterJump-Width	GlobalTimeSequenceCounterJumpWidth specifies the maximum allowed jump of the Sequence Counter between consecutive two Sync messages.
GlobalTimePdelayRespAndResp-FollowUpTimeout	Timeout value for Pdelay_Resp and Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up after a Pdelay_Req has been transmitted resp. a Pdelay_Resp has been received.
IcvGenerationTimeout	This represents the configuration of timeout value for the ICV calculation.
IcvVerificationTimeout	This represents the configuration of timeout value for the ICV verification.

RxIcvVerification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ICV_IGNORED (the ICV verification of received Follow_Up messages is ignored. If AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated is present, then ICV verification will not be performed.)</li> <li>• ICV_OPTIONAL (the ICV verification of received Follow_Up messages is performed when it contains the AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated.)</li> <li>• ICV_VERIFIED (the ICV verification of received Follow_Up messages is performed, i.e., the received Follow_Up messages shall contain the AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated.)</li> <li>• ICV_NOT_VERIFIED (the ICV verification of received Follow_Up messages is not performed, i.e., the received Follow_Up messages shall not contain the AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated.)</li> </ul>
tx_debounce_time	This represents the configuration of timeout value for the transmission of ptp frames.
rx_debounce_time	This represents the configuration of timeout value for not receiving the Follow_Up message after Sync is received.
GlobalTimeIcvFvLength	This represents the configuration of length of FV in the AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated.
GlobalTimeIcvLength	This represents the configuration of length of ICV in the AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated.
GlobalTimeIcvCryptoPrimitive	This represents the configuration of cryptographic primitive used for ICV generation and ICV verification.

**Table 5.1: Configuration Parameters**



## **6 Protocol usage and guidelines**

Please note that chapter 5 provides several requirements on usage.

## 7 References

### References

- [1] IEEE Standard 802.1AS-2011
- [2] IEEE 802.1Q-2011 - IEEE Standard for Local and metropolitan area networks - Media Access Control (MAC) Bridges and Virtual Bridged Local Area Networks