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1 Introduction

This document contains the specification of the so-called the *Manifest* on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*. A description of the overall modeling approach can be found in section 1.1. A reference to the definition of the term *service* is given in section 1.2.

The term *Manifest* is used in this specification in the meaning of a formal specification of configuration content. Please find a more detailed description of the term and the implications for the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* in section 2.

Please note that the content of the document (despite the name) extends to the description of design elements necessary to develop software for the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

The design-related modeling mainly is focused on the development of application software on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* as well as the connection between application and diagnostics and is described in detail¹ in section 3 and section 4.

Section 6, in particular, describes the big picture of *AUTOSAR classic platform* and *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* communicating via service-oriented communication.

Section 9 describes the options for configuring a machine by means of a *manifest*.

Section 8 represents that counterpart to section 3 on deployment level, it describes the content of the so-called *execution manifest*.

Section 10 contains a string of sub-sections that explain the manifest content of platform module functionality.

Section 11 provides a detailed description of how service-oriented communication shall be configured on *manifest* level.

Section 12 describes the deployment modeling for raw data stream communication.

Section 13 explains how signal-based communication can be transformed into serviceoriented communication and vice versa in order to participate in the communication between ECUs on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*.

Section 14 explains the modeling of interactions among functional clusters in the AUTOSAR stack.

Section 15 describes the idea behind and the configuration of the concept of an uploadable software package.

Finally, section 16 makes some remarks about the interaction of the AUTOSAR adaptive platform with software on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

¹The description of the design elements may be moved to other model-related documents in the future. But for the time being, there is a coexistence of manifest-related and design-related model elements in this document.



1.1 Modeling Approach

1.1.1 General Considerations

The AUTOSAR adaptive platform has been introduced when the AUTOSAR classic platform was already a stable and well-established standard in the automotive domain.

And yet, the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* is no successor of the *AUTOSAR classic platform*. Both platforms complement each other for specific use cases that can be better implemented by one or the other platform.

In this situation, two possible approaches for modeling on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* could have been taken:

• The AUTOSAR adaptive platform is based on different principles than the AUTOSAR classic platform, and hence the modeling approach could also decouple from the canon of the AUTOSAR classic platform as much as possible to advertise the fact that the two platforms have different purposes.

Consequentially, even if specific model elements have clear counterparts in the respective other platform, use a different terminology to not confuse the users of both platforms.

• Despite the undeniable differences between the two platforms, there is still a significant number of striking similarities that strongly encourage the **usage of existing modeling concepts** from the *AUTOSAR classic platform*, especially from the specification of the AUTOSAR Software-Component Template [1], as much as possible.

Consequentially, the conclusion is to use the identical meta-classes for similar purposes on both platforms. It will then be necessary to extend some of the affected meta-classes platform specific where applicable and add constraints that clarify the platform-specific usage of the mentioned extensions.

Without further ado, the modeling approach for the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* follows the second alternative.

This means, for example, that a piece of application software on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform shall be represented by an SwComponentType. This includes the definition of CompositionSwComponentTypes that in turn aggregate SwComponentPrototypes typed by e.g. (in case of the AUTOSAR adaptive platform) AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentTypes.

The reuse of existing model-elements for the definition of the meta-model for the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* has the side effect that the descriptions of existing model elements may contain references to technical details that only make sense on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*.

After all, the model elements were created when only the *AUTOSAR classic platform* existed.



These references shall be taken with a grain of salt. It is expected that readers can abstract from those details and extract the aspects of these model elements that create relevance for the description of the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

1.1.2 Modeling of Diagnostic Configuration

The configuration of the "external behavior" of the AUTOSAR diagnostic stack is done by means of the so-called Diagnostic Extract. The Diagnostic Extract in general extends to both the AUTOSAR classic platform and the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

In particular, some parts of the Diagnostic Extract apply only for the AUTOSAR classic platform, some parts are shared between the AUTOSAR classic platform and the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, and some parts apply only for the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

The parts that are specific to the *AUTOSAR classic platform*, and the parts that apply to both the *AUTOSAR classic platform* and the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* are documented in the deliverable "TPS Diagnostic Extract Template" [2].

For technical reasons, the parts that apply to the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* cannot be included in the document "TPS Diagnostic Extract Template" and are consequently documented in this document, "TPS Manifest Specification".

The parts about the configuration of Diagnostic Management, as described in this document, fit seamlessly into the same modeling framework that is used on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*. This means that the specific parts for the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* utilize the shared parts that are described in the "TPS Diagnostic Extract Template".

In other words, readers who want to focus on Diagnostic Extract specifically for application on the AUTOSAR classic platform may concentrate on reading the "TPS Diagnostic Extract Template".

On the other hand, readers who'd like to understand how the Diagnostic Extract works on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* will have to read the diagnostics-related chapters of the "TPS Manifest Specification", plus the relevant parts of the "TPS Diagnostic Extract Template".

1.2 The Term Service

It is essential to keep in mind that the term *service* is frequently used within this document in particular and the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* in general.

This usage has its reasons despite the fact that the meaning of the term *service* on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* collides with other meanings used within AUTOSAR.

In summary, the following meaning of the term *service* exist in the scope of AUTOSAR:



- The Term *service* is used in the layered software architecture [3] to denote the highest layer of the AUTOSAR software architecture that interacts with the application. In this context, model elements like ServiceSwComponentType, Swc-ServiceDependency, ServiceNeeds, Or PortInterface.isService have been created on the AUTOSAR classic platform.
- The term *service* is used to express that information is related or required in a workshop where a car is **serviced**. In this context, *service-only diagnostic trouble codes* (DTC) are defined.
- The term *service* is used to describe the handling of **diagnostic services**, e.g. UDS service *ReadDataByIdentifier*, for the communication between a diagnostic tester and a diagnostic stack on an (AUTOSAR) ECU.
- the term *service* is used in the meaning defined by the **service-oriented architecture** (SOA) [4]. This meaning has the strongest relation to the usage of the term *service* on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

1.3 Terms and Abbreviations

The main list of terms and abbreviations are defined in [5]. The following table contains the list of terms and abbreviations used in the scope of this document which are not already defined in [5] along with the spelled-out meaning of each of the abbreviations.

Abbreviation	Meaning	
AES	Advanced Encryption Standard	
ATP	AUTOSAR Template Profile	
ARXML	AUTOSAR XML	
CTM	Counter Mode	
DDS	Data Distribution Service	
DES	Data Encryption Standard	
DM	Diagnostic Manager	
DNS	Domain Name System	
DTC	Diagnostic Trouble Code	
ECB Electronic Code Book		
ECC	Elliptic Curve Cryptography	
ECDSA	Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm	
ECIES Elliptic Curve Integrated Encryption Scheme		
EDDSA	DDSA Edwards-Curve Digital Signature Algorithm	
FQDN	Fully-Qualified Domain Name	
GCM	Galios/Counter Mode	

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Abbreviation	Meaning	
HMAC	Hash-based Message Authentication Code	
HTTP	Hypertext Transport Protocol	
IANA	Internet Assigned Numbers Authority	
ICV MACsec Integrity Check Value		
ID	Identifier	
IP	Internet Protocol	
ISO	International Standardization Organization	
JSON	JavaScript Object Notation	
KaY	MACsec Key Agreement Entity	
LAN	Local Area Network	
MAC	Media Access Control	
MAC	Message Authentication Code	
MACsec	Media Access Control security	
MD	Message Digest	
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit	
mDNS	Multicast DNS	
NM Network Management		
NV Non-Volatile		
PAE MACsec Port Access Entity		
PHM Platform Health Management		
PKCS Public Key Cryptography Standards		
POSIX Portable Operating System Interface		
PSK	Pre-Shared Key	
ROM	Read-Only Memory	
RSA	Cryptographic approach according to Rivest, Shamir, and Adleman	
SAK	MACsec Secure Association key	
SD	Service Discovery	
SDG Special Data Group		
SecY MACsec Security Entity		
SHA Secure Hash Algorithm		
SOME/IP Scalable service-Oriented MiddlewarE over IP		
SOVD	Service-Oriented Vehicle Diagnostics	
SWC	Software Component	
TLS	Transport Layer Security	
TLV	Tag Length Value	



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Abbreviation	Meaning	
TTL	Time to Live	
UDS	Unified Diagnostic Services	
UML	Unified Modeling Language	
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier	
URL Uniform Resource Locator		
UUID Universally Unique Identifier		
VLAN Virtual Local Area Network		
VSA Variable Size Array		

Table 1.1: Terms and Abbreviations used in the scope of this Document

1.4 Document Conventions

Technical terms are typeset in mono spaced font, e.g. PortPrototype. As a general rule, plural forms of technical terms are created by adding "s" to the singular form, e.g. PortPrototypes. By this means the document resembles terminology used in the AUTOSAR XML Schema.

This document contains constraints in textual form that are distinguished from the rest of the text by a unique numerical constraint ID, a headline, and the actual constraint text starting after the \lceil character and terminated by the \mid character.

The purpose of these constraints is to literally constrain the interpretation of the AUTOSAR meta-model such that it is possible to detect violations of the standardized behavior implemented in an instance of the meta-model (i.e. on M1 level).

Makers of AUTOSAR tools are encouraged to add the numerical ID of a constraint that corresponds to an M1 modeling issue as part of the diagnostic message issued by the tool.

The attributes of the classes introduced in this document are listed in form of class tables. They have the form shown in the example of the top-level element AUTOSAR:

Please note that constraints are not supposed to be enforceable at any given time in an AUTOSAR workflow. During the development of a model, constraints may legitimately be violated because an incomplete model will obviously show inconsistencies.

However, at specific points in the workflow, constraints shall be enforced as a safeguard against misconfiguration.

The points in the workflow where constraints shall be enforced, sometimes also known as the "binding time" of the constraint, are different for each model category, e.g. on the classic platform, the constraints defined for software-components are typically enforced



prior to the generation of the RTE while the constraints against the definition of an Ecu extract shall be applied when the Ecu configuration for the Com stack is created.

For each document, possible binding times of constraints are defined and the binding times are typically mentioned in the constraint themselves to give a proper orientation for implementers of AUTOSAR authoring tools.

Let AUTOSAR be an example of a typical class table. The first rows in the table have the following meaning:

Class: The name of the class as defined in the UML model.

Package: The UML package the class is defined in. This is only listed to help locating the class in the overall meta model.

Note: The comment the modeler gave for the class (class note). Stereotypes and UML tags of the class are also denoted here.

Base Classes: If applicable, the list of direct base classes.

The headers in the table have the following meaning:

Attribute: The name of an attribute of the class. Note that AUTOSAR does not distinguish between class attributes and owned association ends.

Type: The type of an attribute of the class.

Mul.: The assigned multiplicity of the attribute, i.e. how many instances of the given data type are associated with the attribute.

Kind: Specifies, whether the attribute is aggregated in the class (aggr aggregation), an UML attribute in the class (attr primitive attribute), or just referenced by it (ref reference). Instance references are also indicated (iref instance reference) in this field.

Note: The comment the modeler gave for the class attribute (role note). Stereotypes and UML tags of the class are also denoted here.

Please note that the chapters that start with a letter instead of a numerical value represent the appendix of the document. The purpose of the appendix is to support the explanation of certain aspects of the document and does not represent binding conventions of the standard.

The verbal forms for the expression of obligation specified in [TPS_STDT_00053] shall be used to indicate requirements, see Standardization Template, chapter Support for Traceability ([6]).

The representation of requirements in AUTOSAR documents follows the table specified in [TPS_STDT_00078], see Standardization Template, chapter Support for Traceability ([6]).



1.5 Imposition Times of Constraints

The constraints formulated in this document have different *actual* imposition times which denote the steps in the workflow when the respective constraint has to be imposed.

The imposition times that are considered applicable in the scope of this document² are listed in Table 1.2.

Please note that the imposition times are intentionally rendered as technical terms such that it is possible to link back from each constraint to the definition of the affected imposition time in Table 1.2.

This document has been created to apply primarily for the AUTOSAR adaptive platform and therefore the discussed imposition times also apply exclusively to the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

Imposition Time	Description
at the time before the generation of the ara API starts	This imposition time is aimed at the time when a software-component is ready for generating the header files such that the implementation of the software-component can be started.
at the time when the design of the Executable is complete	This imposition time is aimed at the time when an Executable is finished, i.e. it shall be used in constraints that target the consistency of the modeling of Executable.
at the time when the ProcessDesign is complete	This imposition time is aimed at the time when a ProcessDesign is finished, i.e. it shall be used in constraints that target the consistency of the modeling of ProcessDesign.
at the time when the GrantDesign is complete	This imposition time is aimed at the time when a GrantDesign is finished, i.e. it shall be used in constraints that target the consistency of the modeling of GrantDesign.
at the time when the system design is complete	This imposition time denotes the step in the workflow, where the system design is about to be finished.
at the time when the sub-system design is complete	This imposition time denotes the step in the workflow, where the system design is about to be finished.
at the time when the diagnostic design is complete	This imposition time denotes the step in the workflow, where the diagnostic design is about to be finished. ∇

²Different imposition times may be defined in the context of other AUTOSAR standard documents



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at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished	This imposition time denotes the step in the workflow, where the manifest is considered complete such that the installation on a target platform can be started.
at any time in the workflow	This means that the constraint is invariant of the imposition time and therefore universally applicable. Some model configurations <i>never</i> make sense and therefore need to be restricted as early as possible in order to avoid the situation where obviously non-sensical model content is unjustifiably tolerated until some step in the workflow. And then (considerable) effort has to be spent for cleaning up the model.

Table 1.2: Imposition Times considered in the scope of this document

1.6 Requirements Tracing

Requirements against this document are exclusively stated in the corresponding requirements document.

The following table 1.3 references the requirements specified in the corresponding requirements document and provides information about individual specification items that fulfill a given requirement.

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_MANI_00001]	Adaptive AUTOSAR Application	[TPS_MANI_01001] [TPS_MANI_01010] [TPS_MANI_01370] [TPS_MANI_01383]
[RS_MANI_00002]	Declaration of provided and required services in an application	[TPS_MANI_01039] [TPS_MANI_01040] [TPS_MANI_01053] [TPS_MANI_01057] [TPS_MANI_01190] [TPS_MANI_03210] [TPS_MANI_03211] [TPS_MANI_03212]
[RS_MANI_00003]	Specification of service interfaces	[TPS_MANI_01001] [TPS_MANI_01004] [TPS_MANI_01005] [TPS_MANI_01006] [TPS_MANI_01007] [TPS_MANI_01033] [TPS_MANI_01034] [TPS_MANI_01035] [TPS_MANI_01064] [TPS_MANI_03118] [TPS_MANI_03119] [TPS_MANI_03223] [TPS_MANI_03291] [TPS_MANI_03628]
[RS_MANI_00004]	Support of application design	[TPS_MANI_01010] [TPS_MANI_01228] [TPS_MANI_01229]
[RS_MANI_00005]	Configuration of diagnostic capabilities of an application	[TPS_MANI_01048] [TPS_MANI_01049] [TPS_MANI_01050] [TPS_MANI_01230] [TPS_MANI_01259] [TPS_MANI_01260] [TPS_MANI_01261] [TPS_MANI_01262] [TPS_MANI_01263] [TPS_MANI_01326] [TPS_MANI_01350] [TPS_MANI_01351] [TPS_MANI_01352] [TPS_MANI_01358] [TPS_MANI_01360] [TPS_MANI_01361] [TPS_MANI_01362] [TPS_MANI_01372] [TPS_MANI_01396] [TPS_MANI_01397] [TPS_MANI_01398] [TPS_MANI_01405]
[RS_MANI_00006]	Support of application deployment	[TPS_MANI_01011] [TPS_MANI_01308] [TPS_MANI_01337] [TPS_MANI_03147]
		$\overline{\vee}$



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_MANI_00007]	Configuration of application startup	[TPS_MANI_01012] [TPS_MANI_01013] [TPS_MANI_01017]
	behavior	[TPS_MANI_01041] [TPS_MANI_01046] [TPS_MANI_01061] [TPS_MANI_01188] [TPS_MANI_01209] [TPS_MANI_01277]
		[TPS_MANI_01278] [TPS_MANI_01328] [TPS_MANI_01334]
		[TPS_MANI_03151]
[RS_MANI_00008]	Service interface deployment to a	[TPS_MANI_01136] [TPS_MANI_01137] [TPS_MANI_01210]
	transport layer mechanism	[TPS_MANI_03036] [TPS_MANI_03037] [TPS_MANI_03038]
		[TPS_MANI_03039] [TPS_MANI_03070] [TPS_MANI_03071] [TPS_MANI_03072] [TPS_MANI_03073] [TPS_MANI_03074]
		[TPS_MANI_03072][TPS_MANI_03073][TPS_MANI_03074]
		[TPS_MANI_03105] [TPS_MANI_03106] [TPS_MANI_03107]
		[TPS_MANI_03108] [TPS_MANI_03116] [TPS_MANI_03117]
		[TPS_MANI_03217] [TPS_MANI_03235] [TPS_MANI_03278] [TPS_MANI_03288]
[RS_MANI_00009]	Service instance configuration on the network-level	[TPS_MANI_01316] [TPS_MANI_01317] [TPS_MANI_03001] [TPS_MANI_03002] [TPS_MANI_03003] [TPS_MANI_03004]
		[TPS_MANI_03005] [TPS_MANI_03006] [TPS_MANI_03007]
		[TPS_MANI_03008] [TPS_MANI_03009] [TPS_MANI_03010]
		[TPS_MANI_03022] [TPS_MANI_03023] [TPS_MANI_03024] [TPS_MANI_03049] [TPS_MANI_03061] [TPS_MANI_03236]
		[TPS_MANI_03049][TPS_MANI_03061][TPS_MANI_03280] [TPS_MANI_03237][TPS_MANI_03292][TPS_MANI_03293]
		[TPS_MANI_03554] [TPS_MANI_03555] [TPS_MANI_03619]
[RS MANI 00011]	Instantiation of provided and	[TPS_MANI_01275] [TPS_MANI_01276] [TPS_MANI_01282]
• •	required services in an application	[TPS_MANI_03000]
[RS_MANI_00014]	User defined transport layer	[TPS_MANI_01165] [TPS_MANI_03032] [TPS_MANI_03045]
	mechanisms	[TPS_MANI_03046] [TPS_MANI_03047] [TPS_MANI_03048]
		[TPS_MANI_03102] [TPS_MANI_03280] [TPS_MANI_03281]
[RS_MANI_00015]	Definition of the nature of a manifest	[TPS_MANI_01000] [TPS_MANI_01019] [TPS_MANI_01020] [TPS_MANI_01021]
[RS_MANI_00016]	Usage of data types specifically on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform	[TPS_MANI_01016] [TPS_MANI_01027] [TPS_MANI_01047] [TPS_MANI_01309]
[RS_MANI_00017]	Specification of the mapping of	[TPS MANI 01002] [TPS MANI 01003] [TPS MANI 01022]
• •	Service Interfaces	[TPS_MANI_01024] [TPS_MANI_01025] [TPS_MANI_01026]
		[TPS_MANI_01032] [TPS_MANI_03277] [TPS_MANI_03289]
[RS_MANI_00018]	Network connections of the machine	[TPS_MANI_03052] [TPS_MANI_03053]
[RS_MANI_00019]	Service discovery message exchange configuration	[TPS_MANI_03064]
[RS_MANI_00020]	Hardware resources of the machine	[TPS_MANI_01269] [TPS_MANI_03035] [TPS_MANI_03148]
[RS_MANI_00021]	Description of machine states	[TPS_MANI_01330] [TPS_MANI_03035]
[RS_MANI_00022]	Adaptive Platform configuration	[TPS_MANI_01208] [TPS_MANI_01273] [TPS_MANI_03035]
[RS_MANI_00023]	Adaptive Module configuration	[TPS_MANI_01208] [TPS_MANI_01226] [TPS_MANI_01227]
		[TPS_MANI_01279] [TPS_MANI_01343] [TPS_MANI_01365]
		[TPS_MANI_01366] [TPS_MANI_01367] [TPS_MANI_01370]
		[TPS_MANI_01374] [TPS_MANI_01375] [TPS_MANI_01376] [TPS_MANI_01377] [TPS_MANI_01379] [TPS_MANI_01383]
		[TPS_MANI_01384] [TPS_MANI_01387] [TPS_MANI_01388]
		[TPS_MANI_01389] [TPS_MANI_01390] [TPS_MANI_01391]
		[TPS_MANI_01392] [TPS_MANI_01399] [TPS_MANI_01400] [TPS_MANI_01401] [TPS_MANI_01402] [TPS_MANI_01403]
		[TPS_MANI_01401][TPS_MANI_01402][TPS_MANI_01403] [TPS_MANI_01404][TPS_MANI_01409][TPS_MANI_01836]
		[TPS_MANI_02384] [TPS_MANI_02385] [TPS_MANI_02386]
		[TPS_MANI_02387] [TPS_MANI_02388] [TPS_MANI_03035]
		[TPS_MANI_03056] [TPS_MANI_03096] [TPS_MANI_03098] [TPS_MANI_03162] [TPS_MANI_03163] [TPS_MANI_03164]
		[TPS_MANI_03165] [TPS_MANI_03166] [TPS_MANI_03167]
		[TPS_MANI_03218] [TPS_MANI_03219] [TPS_MANI_03220]
		[TPS_MANI_03221] [TPS_MANI_03222] [TPS_MANI_03226]



		\triangle
Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
		$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
[RS_MANI_00024]	SOME/IP transport layer mechanisms	[TPS_MANI_03672] [TPS_MANI_03673] [TPS_MANI_01136] [TPS_MANI_01137] [TPS_MANI_03002] [TPS_MANI_03003] [TPS_MANI_03004] [TPS_MANI_03005]
		[TPS_MANI_03006] [TPS_MANI_03007] [TPS_MANI_03008] [TPS_MANI_03009] [TPS_MANI_03010] [TPS_MANI_03011] [TPS_MANI_03012] [TPS_MANI_03013] [TPS_MANI_03014] [TPS_MANI_03015] [TPS_MANI_03016] [TPS_MANI_03017] [TPS_MANI_03015] [TPS_MANI_03020] [TPS_MANI_03021] [TPS_MANI_03022] [TPS_MANI_03020] [TPS_MANI_03021] [TPS_MANI_03022] [TPS_MANI_03020] [TPS_MANI_03024] [TPS_MANI_03025] [TPS_MANI_03026] [TPS_MANI_03027] [TPS_MANI_03029] [TPS_MANI_03030] [TPS_MANI_03042] [TPS_MANI_03029] [TPS_MANI_03030] [TPS_MANI_03042] [TPS_MANI_03040] [TPS_MANI_03041] [TPS_MANI_03042] [TPS_MANI_03040] [TPS_MANI_03041] [TPS_MANI_03042] [TPS_MANI_03050] [TPS_MANI_03051] [TPS_MANI_03057] [TPS_MANI_03050] [TPS_MANI_03061] [TPS_MANI_03057] [TPS_MANI_03068] [TPS_MANI_03061] [TPS_MANI_03070] [TPS_MANI_03071] [TPS_MANI_03072] [TPS_MANI_03073] [TPS_MANI_03074] [TPS_MANI_03156] [TPS_MANI_03157] [TPS_MANI_03158] [TPS_MANI_03156] [TPS_MANI_03157] [TPS_MANI_03217] [TPS_MANI_03277] [TPS_MANI_03230] [TPS_MANI_03231] [TPS_MANI_03235] [TPS_MANI_03237] [TPS_MANI_03231] [TPS_MANI_03554] [TPS_MANI_03255]
[RS_MANI_00025]	Definition and configuration of serialization	[TPS_MANI_01210] [TPS_MANI_03101] [TPS_MANI_03102] [TPS_MANI_03103] [TPS_MANI_03104] [TPS_MANI_03105] [TPS_MANI_03106] [TPS_MANI_03107] [TPS_MANI_03108] [TPS_MANI_03109] [TPS_MANI_03117] [TPS_MANI_03288]
[RS_MANI_00026]	Software Component System Design	[TPS_MANI_01191] [TPS_MANI_01192] [TPS_MANI_01198] [TPS_MANI_01274] [TPS_MANI_01863] [TPS_MANI_03110] [TPS_MANI_03111] [TPS_MANI_03112] [TPS_MANI_03113] [TPS_MANI_03114] [TPS_MANI_03115]



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Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_MANI_00027]	Support for access to persistent data	[TPS_MANI_01065] [TPS_MANI_01067] [TPS_MANI_01068] [TPS_MANI_01073] [TPS_MANI_01078] [TPS_MANI_01079] [TPS_MANI_01080] [TPS_MANI_01081] [TPS_MANI_01135] [TPS_MANI_01138] [TPS_MANI_01139] [TPS_MANI_01140] [TPS_MANI_01138] [TPS_MANI_01139] [TPS_MANI_01140] [TPS_MANI_01142] [TPS_MANI_01144] [TPS_MANI_01146] [TPS_MANI_01147] [TPS_MANI_01148] [TPS_MANI_01149] [TPS_MANI_01150] [TPS_MANI_01159] [TPS_MANI_01156] [TPS_MANI_01157] [TPS_MANI_01159] [TPS_MANI_01160] [TPS_MANI_01157] [TPS_MANI_01150] [TPS_MANI_01182] [TPS_MANI_01187] [TPS_MANI_01194] [TPS_MANI_01186] [TPS_MANI_01187] [TPS_MANI_01204] [TPS_MANI_01196] [TPS_MANI_01206] [TPS_MANI_01207] [TPS_MANI_01313] [TPS_MANI_01320] [TPS_MANI_01315] [TPS_MANI_01313] [TPS_MANI_01320] [TPS_MANI_01321] [TPS_MANI_01322] [TPS_MANI_01323] [TPS_MANI_01371] [TPS_MANI_01378] [TPS_MANI_01380]
[RS_MANI_00028]	Configuration of Safety protection	[TPS_MANI_01324] [TPS_MANI_01325] [TPS_MANI_01327] [TPS_MANI_03127] [TPS_MANI_03128] [TPS_MANI_03129] [TPS_MANI_03130] [TPS_MANI_03131] [TPS_MANI_03132] [TPS_MANI_03228] [TPS_MANI_03229] [TPS_MANI_03252]
[RS_MANI_00029]	Mapping description between Signal-based communication and Service-Oriented communication	[TPS_MANI_03124] [TPS_MANI_03125] [TPS_MANI_03627] [TPS_MANI_03629] [TPS_MANI_03635] [TPS_MANI_03665]
[RS_MANI_00030]	Definition of optional elements in composite data structures	[TPS_MANI_01097] [TPS_MANI_01184] [TPS_MANI_01185] [TPS_MANI_01186] [TPS_MANI_01270] [TPS_MANI_01333]
[RS_MANI_00031]	Interaction with Crypto Software	[TPS_MANI_03253] [TPS_MANI_03254] [TPS_MANI_03255] [TPS_MANI_03256] [TPS_MANI_03257] [TPS_MANI_03258] [TPS_MANI_03259]
[RS_MANI_00032]	Support for platform health management	[TPS_MANI_01280] [TPS_MANI_03500] [TPS_MANI_03502] [TPS_MANI_03503] [TPS_MANI_03505] [TPS_MANI_03508] [TPS_MANI_03509] [TPS_MANI_03510] [TPS_MANI_03511] [TPS_MANI_03512] [TPS_MANI_03513] [TPS_MANI_03514] [TPS_MANI_03515] [TPS_MANI_03516] [TPS_MANI_03517] [TPS_MANI_03534] [TPS_MANI_03544] [TPS_MANI_03545] [TPS_MANI_03546] [TPS_MANI_03553] [TPS_MANI_03573] [TPS_MANI_03574] [TPS_MANI_03575] [TPS_MANI_03576] [TPS_MANI_03624] [TPS_MANI_03625] [TPS_MANI_03626] [TPS_MANI_03630] [TPS_MANI_03631] [TPS_MANI_03633] [TPS_MANI_03651] [TPS_MANI_03670] [TPS_MANI_03672] [TPS_MANI_03673]
[RS_MANI_00034]	Specification of intents	[TPS_MANI_01106] [TPS_MANI_01107] [TPS_MANI_01108] [TPS_MANI_03209]
[RS_MANI_00035]	Definition of an uploadable software package	[TPS_MANI_01109] [TPS_MANI_01110] [TPS_MANI_01111] [TPS_MANI_01112] [TPS_MANI_01114] [TPS_MANI_01115] [TPS_MANI_01116] [TPS_MANI_01117] [TPS_MANI_01118] [TPS_MANI_01119] [TPS_MANI_01164] [TPS_MANI_01189] [TPS_MANI_01202] [TPS_MANI_01211] [TPS_MANI_01213] [TPS_MANI_01214] [TPS_MANI_01215] [TPS_MANI_01216] [TPS_MANI_01217] [TPS_MANI_01218] [TPS_MANI_01216] [TPS_MANI_01220] [TPS_MANI_01218] [TPS_MANI_01220] [TPS_MANI_01220] [TPS_MANI_01221] [TPS_MANI_01220] [TPS_MANI_01220] [TPS_MANI_01225] [TPS_MANI_01290] [TPS_MANI_01291] [TPS_MANI_01292] [TPS_MANI_01294] [TPS_MANI_01295] [TPS_MANI_01296] [TPS_MANI_01297] [TPS_MANI_01300] [TPS_MANI_01300] [TPS_MANI_01300] [TPS_MANI_01329] [TPS_MANI_01302] [TPS_MANI_01306] [TPS_MANI_01345] [TPS_MANI_01331] [TPS_MANI_01344] [TPS_MANI_01369] [TPS_MANI_01346] [TPS_MANI_01349] [TPS_MANI_01369] [TPS_MANI_01346] [TPS_MANI_01349]



D	Description	
Requirement [RS_MANI_00036]	Description Configuration of security protection	Satisfied by [TPS_MANI_03133] [TPS_MANI_03134] [TPS_MANI_03137] [TPS_MANI_03138] [TPS_MANI_03139] [TPS_MANI_03140] [TPS_MANI_03199] [TPS_MANI_03200] [TPS_MANI_03203] [TPS_MANI_03204] [TPS_MANI_03205] [TPS_MANI_03206] [TPS_MANI_03207] [TPS_MANI_03208] [TPS_MANI_03213] [TPS_MANI_03214] [TPS_MANI_03215] [TPS_MANI_03216] [TPS_MANI_03232] [TPS_MANI_03233] [TPS_MANI_03234] [TPS_MANI_03240] [TPS_MANI_03241] [TPS_MANI_03242] [TPS_MANI_03317] [TPS_MANI_03318] [TPS_MANI_03319] [TPS_MANI_03320] [TPS_MANI_03661] [TPS_MANI_03664]
[RS_MANI_00037]	Configuration of logging and tracing	[TPS_MANI_03284]
[RS_MANI_00038]	DDS transport layer mechanisms	[TPS_MANI_03525] [TPS_MANI_03526] [TPS_MANI_03527] [TPS_MANI_03528] [TPS_MANI_03529] [TPS_MANI_03530] [TPS_MANI_03531] [TPS_MANI_03532] [TPS_MANI_03533] [TPS_MANI_03556] [TPS_MANI_03557] [TPS_MANI_03558] [TPS_MANI_03561] [TPS_MANI_03562] [TPS_MANI_03567] [TPS_MANI_03568] [TPS_MANI_03622] [TPS_MANI_03650] [TPS_MANI_03668] [TPS_MANI_03622] [TPS_MANI_03650] [TPS_MANI_03662]
[RS_MANI_00039]	Usage of implementation specific data types	[TPS_MANI_01166] [TPS_MANI_01167] [TPS_MANI_01168] [TPS_MANI_01169] [TPS_MANI_01171] [TPS_MANI_01172] [TPS_MANI_01173] [TPS_MANI_01174] [TPS_MANI_01175] [TPS_MANI_01176] [TPS_MANI_01177] [TPS_MANI_01201] [TPS_MANI_01212] [TPS_MANI_01393] [TPS_MANI_03169] [TPS_MANI_01212] [TPS_MANI_03171] [TPS_MANI_03172] [TPS_MANI_03170] [TPS_MANI_03171] [TPS_MANI_03172] [TPS_MANI_03176] [TPS_MANI_03177] [TPS_MANI_03175] [TPS_MANI_03176] [TPS_MANI_03177] [TPS_MANI_03178] [TPS_MANI_03176] [TPS_MANI_03180] [TPS_MANI_03178] [TPS_MANI_03183] [TPS_MANI_03180] [TPS_MANI_03181] [TPS_MANI_03186] [TPS_MANI_03187] [TPS_MANI_03188] [TPS_MANI_03186] [TPS_MANI_03187] [TPS_MANI_03188] [TPS_MANI_03189] [TPS_MANI_03190] [TPS_MANI_03188] [TPS_MANI_03192] [TPS_MANI_03193] [TPS_MANI_03196] [TPS_MANI_03197] [TPS_MANI_03198] [TPS_MANI_03201] [TPS_MANI_03197] [TPS_MANI_03198] [TPS_MANI_03201]
[RS_MANI_00040]	Support for access to synchronized time	[TPS_MANI_03535] [TPS_MANI_03536] [TPS_MANI_03537] [TPS_MANI_03539] [TPS_MANI_03541] [TPS_MANI_03542] [TPS_MANI_03543] [TPS_MANI_03547] [TPS_MANI_03548] [TPS_MANI_03549] [TPS_MANI_03551] [TPS_MANI_03632] [TPS_MANI_03671]
[RS_MANI_00041]	Configuration of function groups	[TPS_MANI_01330] [TPS_MANI_03145] [TPS_MANI_03152] [TPS_MANI_03194] [TPS_MANI_03195]
[RS_MANI_00050]	Support of Deterministic Client	[TPS_MANI_01199] [TPS_MANI_01200] [TPS_MANI_01203] [TPS_MANI_01406] [TPS_MANI_01407] [TPS_MANI_01408]
[RS_MANI_00060]	Support of Identity and Access Management	[TPS_MANI_01231] [TPS_MANI_01232] [TPS_MANI_01233] [TPS_MANI_01234] [TPS_MANI_01235] [TPS_MANI_01236] [TPS_MANI_01237] [TPS_MANI_01238] [TPS_MANI_01239] [TPS_MANI_01240] [TPS_MANI_01241] [TPS_MANI_01284] [TPS_MANI_01307] [TPS_MANI_03238] [TPS_MANI_03239] [TPS_MANI_03240] [TPS_MANI_03241] [TPS_MANI_03242] [TPS_MANI_03244] [TPS_MANI_03245] [TPS_MANI_03246] [TPS_MANI_03247] [TPS_MANI_03248] [TPS_MANI_03249] [TPS_MANI_03250] [TPS_MANI_03251] [TPS_MANI_03290]



Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_MANI_00061]	Support of Diagnostic Interfaces	[TPS_MANI_01048] [TPS_MANI_01049] [TPS_MANI_01050] [TPS_MANI_01242] [TPS_MANI_01243] [TPS_MANI_01244] [TPS_MANI_01245] [TPS_MANI_01246] [TPS_MANI_01247] [TPS_MANI_01248] [TPS_MANI_01249] [TPS_MANI_01250] [TPS_MANI_01251] [TPS_MANI_01252] [TPS_MANI_01253] [TPS_MANI_01254] [TPS_MANI_01255] [TPS_MANI_01260] [TPS_MANI_01260] [TPS_MANI_01265] [TPS_MANI_01262] [TPS_MANI_01260] [TPS_MANI_01261] [TPS_MANI_01262] [TPS_MANI_01263] [TPS_MANI_01265] [TPS_MANI_013263] [TPS_MANI_01332] [TPS_MANI_01347] [TPS_MANI_01348] [TPS_MANI_01351] [TPS_MANI_01352] [TPS_MANI_01353] [TPS_MANI_01359] [TPS_MANI_01360] [TPS_MANI_01361] [TPS_MANI_01362] [TPS_MANI_01363] [TPS_MANI_01373] [TPS_MANI_01394] [TPS_MANI_01395]
[RS_MANI_00062]	Support for Partial Networking	[TPS_MANI_03224] [TPS_MANI_03225]
[RS_MANI_00063]	The Manifest specification shall support the translation between signal-based and service-oriented communication	[TPS_MANI_03287] [TPS_MANI_03577] [TPS_MANI_03578] [TPS_MANI_03579] [TPS_MANI_03580] [TPS_MANI_03581] [TPS_MANI_03582] [TPS_MANI_03583] [TPS_MANI_03585] [TPS_MANI_03589] [TPS_MANI_03590] [TPS_MANI_03591] [TPS_MANI_03592] [TPS_MANI_03593] [TPS_MANI_03594] [TPS_MANI_03595] [TPS_MANI_03597] [TPS_MANI_03598] [TPS_MANI_03599] [TPS_MANI_03600] [TPS_MANI_03601] [TPS_MANI_03602] [TPS_MANI_03603] [TPS_MANI_03604] [TPS_MANI_03603] [TPS_MANI_03603] [TPS_MANI_03604] [TPS_MANI_03603] [TPS_MANI_03603] [TPS_MANI_03604] [TPS_MANI_03603] [TPS_MANI_03603] [TPS_MANI_03604] [TPS_MANI_03603] [TPS_MANI_03603] [TPS_MANI_03604] [TPS_MANI_03615] [TPS_MANI_03620] [TPS_MANI_03641] [TPS_MANI_03636] [TPS_MANI_03642] [TPS_MANI_03643] [TPS_MANI_03642] [TPS_MANI_03643] [TPS_MANI_03644] [TPS_MANI_03643] [TPS_MANI_03644] [TPS_MANI_03643] [TPS_MANI_03653] [TPS_MANI_03643] [TPS_MANI_03644]
[RS_MANI_00064]	Service contract version for a service interface	[TPS_MANI_03616]
[RS_MANI_00065]	Service contract versioning for all Transport Deployment Protocols	[TPS_MANI_03617]
[RS_MANI_00066]	Service Versioning Blocklist	[TPS_MANI_03618]
[RS_MANI_00067]	Raw data stream deployment	[TPS_MANI_01285] [TPS_MANI_01287] [TPS_MANI_01307] [TPS_MANI_01354] [TPS_MANI_01355] [TPS_MANI_01356] [TPS_MANI_01357]
[RS_MANI_00068]	Support for security event reporting interface definitions	[TPS_MANI_01338] [TPS_MANI_01339] [TPS_MANI_01340]
[RS_MANI_00069]	Support for deployment definition of the Intrusion Detection System Manager	[TPS_MANI_01341] [TPS_MANI_01342]
[RS_MANI_00070]	Support for SOVD	[TPS_MANI_01394] [TPS_MANI_01395] [TPS_MANI_01396] [TPS_MANI_01397] [TPS_MANI_01398] [TPS_MANI_01399] [TPS_MANI_01400] [TPS_MANI_01401] [TPS_MANI_01402] [TPS_MANI_01403] [TPS_MANI_01404] [TPS_MANI_01405]

Table 1.3: RequirementsTracing



2 Big Picture of Manifest Definition

2.1 Design vs. Deployment

2.1.1 Overview

Despite the name, this document contains the description of model elements that are clearly bound to a *design* workflow **and** model elements that have a strong relation to the *deployment* aspect.

Model elements discussed in this document are either related to *design* or *deployment*, there is no overlap between the two groups.

Model elements that are related to *deployment* will be used in models that are uploaded to a target platform, see [TPS_MANI_01000]. These model elements are mainly described in sections of this document where the term "Manifest" is part of the section title.

2.1.2 Relation between Design and Deployment Models

Please note that in many cases the part of the meta-model related to *deployment* reflects a similar modeling in the *design* domain, e.g. the definition of E2E profile parameters.

There is currently no clearly defined preference about how the relation between *design* and *deployment* may impact a concrete development project. The following scenarios for the example of *E2E properties* might occur:

• An OEM delivers the description of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances including the definition of *E2E properties*.

It is safe to assume that subsequent processing of the model shall take the *E2E properties* as granted and develop the software with respect to the given properties.

• Software exists that has defined *E2E properties* by means of ComSpecs. For various reasons, it may happen that the software cannot be updated and therefore takes the "lead" in terms of the definition of *E2E properties*.

The definition of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances may then have to respect the existing modeling on the software side.

• It could also happen that existing definitions can be **partly** overwritten by engineers who **really** know what they are doing.

In addition, it should be noted that some model elements are used in both design and deployment steps of the workflow, which is another indication that the border between design and deployment is not as easily defined as on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*.



In contrast, other model elements described in this document that are part of the content that gets uploaded to the target platform have direct counterparts on the design level.

One example for such a relation is the definition of ProcessDesign and Process. In these cases it would be easier to draw the line between design and deployment aspects of the model.

A consequence of the (at least intended) separation between design and deployment model elements is that content that is primarily related to design objects needs to be duplicated on the deployment level as a measure to keep the actual manifest content as lean as possible.

For example, if a deployment element needs to refer to a PortPrototype and information from e.g. the ComSpec attached to the PortPrototype is required in the manifest to properly define the intended semantics, then the owner of the PortPrototype (i.e. a SwComponentPrototype typed by an SwComponentType) would also have to appear in the manifest.

It is obvious that, this way, the entire software model would make it into the manifest and inflate the manifest content unnecessarily.

However, in such a situation, there is a tendency to duplicate model content from the design domain in the deployment to at least keep the manifest content as compact as possible.

There are cases, however, where the mere existence of a reference into the design model is already representing valuable information. References that expose this capability are decorated with the stereotype $\ll atpUriDef \gg$.

Specifically, it is possible for the software on the platform to derive the value of an InstanceSpecifier from the content of an instanceRef decorated with \ll atpUriDef \gg . This is a very important mechanism for the platform software to interact with the application layer.

Another example is the definition of the checkpointId in the context of the configuration of the Platform Health Manager.

The modeling of the PHM interaction on the application layer involves the definition of the value of the PhmCheckpoint.checkpointId and the PortPrototype where a specific PhmCheckpoint.checkpointId is used is identified by means of a reference stereotyped as *datpuribef*.

And because the target of the reference is not necessarily existing on the platform, the <u>SupervisionCheckpoint.checkpointId</u> is replicated in the manifest model so that the platform software has access to this important piece of information (this aspect is also explained in Figure 10.9).



2.1.3 Structure of the document

The structure of the document maps to the division between *design* and *deployment* such that the *design* aspect is mostly described in sections 3, 4, 6, 7, and most of 13.

In contrast, chapters 9, 8, 10, 11, 13.3, 14, and 15 focus on *deployment*-related content.

2.2 About Manifest

This chapter shall clarify the definition of the term Manifest in the context of the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

[TPS_MANI_01000]{DRAFT} **Definition of the term Manifest** [A Manifest represents a piece of AUTOSAR model description that is created to support the configuration of an *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* product and which is uploaded to the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* product, potentially in combination with other artifacts (like binary files) that contain executable code to which the Manifest applies.](*RS_MANI_00015*)

It is important to stress the fact that the usage of a Manifest is indeed strictly limited to the AUTOSAR adaptive platform and that there is no use case to port the concept to the AUTOSAR classic platform.

2.3 Serialization Format

One aspect that the definition of a Manifest has in common with other AUTOSAR model content is the standardized serialization format.

[TPS_MANI_01020]{DRAFT} Serialization format of the Manifest in AUTOSAR [The standardized serialization format of Manifest content in AUTOSAR is ARXML.

Consequently, Manifest model content can be validated against the AUTOSAR XML Schema. (*RS_MANI_00015*)

An important consequence of [TPS_MANI_01020] is that there is no limitation to just one "manifest file" a.k.a. "the manifest".

Content may be distributed among several physical files according to the rules given in the specification of the AUTOSAR Generic Structure Template [7].

[TPS_MANI_01021]{DRAFT} Serialization format of Manifest content on a machine The serialization format used to actually upload a manifest on a machine may be freely chosen by a platform supplier.

However, the content and semantics of the original ARXML Manifest needs to be fully preserved.](RS_MANI_00015)



It can be expected that in many cases the best option for the upload of the Manifest will still be ARXML because a custom format obviously has to support the full complexity of the Manifest meta-model.

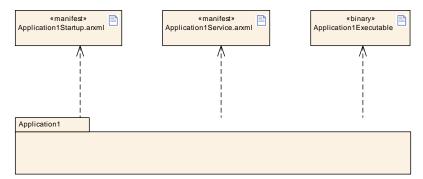


Figure 2.1: Example usage of several manifest files within one software delivery

Please note that the meta-model foresees the existence of references from manifestrelated meta-classes to design-related meta-classes.

These references are created for the sake of clarity but it is not mandatory that the content of the reference actually needs to be resolvable.

In terms of the AUTOSAR modeling approach, this translates to a decoration of these references with the stereotype $\ll atpUriDef \gg$. More information can be found in [7].

If the referenced meta-classes contain information that is relevant for the manifest level then this information is replicated on the manifest level (such that the manifest-level model does not have to rely on the availability of design-level information).

2.4 Scope

As mentioned before, the usage of a Manifest is limited to the AUTOSAR adaptive platform. This does not mean, however, that all ARXML produced in a development project that targets the AUTOSAR adaptive platform is automatically considered a Manifest.

In fact, the AUTOSAR adaptive platform is usually not exclusively used in a vehicle project.

A typical vehicle will most likely be also equipped with a number of ECUs developed on the *AUTOSAR classic platform* and the system design for the entire vehicle will therefore have to cover both ECUs built on top of the *AUTOSAR classic platform* and those created on top of the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

[TPS_MANI_01019]{DRAFT} Manifest content may apply to different aspects of the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* [Manifest content can apply to different aspects of the model. At the moment, Manifest content can roughly be divided into three focus areas:



- Application-related Manifest content describes all aspects of the deployment of an application, including but not limited to the startup configuration and the configuration of service-oriented communication endpoints on application level.
- Machine-related Manifest content describes the deployment of just a machine, i.e. without any application (including platform modules) running on the machine.
- Service instance-related Manifest describes how service-oriented communication on transport layer level is bound to endpoints in the application and (in some cases) platform software.

](*RS_MANI_00015*)

2.5 Manifests described in this Document

In principle, the term Manifest could be defined such that there is conceptually just one "manifest" and every deployment aspect would be handled in this context.

This does not seem appropriate because it became apparent that manifest-related model-elements exist that are relevant in entirely different phases of a typical development project.

This aspect is taken as the main motivation to subdivide the definition of the term Manifest in five different partitions:

Execution Manifest This kind of Manifest is used to specify the deployment-related information of applications running on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

An Execution Manifest is bundled with the actual executable code in order to support the integration of the executable code onto the machine.

Please find more information regarding this topic in section 8.

Service Instance Manifest This kind of Manifest is used to specify how serviceoriented communication is configured in terms of the requirements of the underlying transport protocols.

A Service Instance Manifest is bundled with the actual executable code that implements the respective usage of service-oriented communication.

Please find more information regarding this topic in section 11.

Machine Manifest This kind of Manifest is supposed to describe deploymentrelated content that applies to the configuration of just the underlying machine (i.e. without any applications running on the machine) that runs an *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

A Machine Manifest is bundled with the software taken to establish an instance of the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

Please find more information regarding this topic in sections 9 and 10.



- **Raw Data Stream Manifest** This kind of Manifest describes the configuration of client and server for the purpose of communicating via raw data streams.
- **Software Distribution** This kind of Manifest describes the packaging and logistics aspects of software on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

Please find more information regarding this topic in section 15.

The temporal division between the definition (and usage) of different kinds of Manifest leads to the conclusion that in most cases different physical files will be used to store the content of the different kinds of Manifest.

However, as with all kinds of ARXML content, this is not a binding rule.



3 Application Design

3.1 Overview

This chapter describes all design-related modeling that applies to the creation of application software on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

There are also some extensions of existing modeling used on the AUTOSAR classic platform specifically for the usage on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, e.g. the introduction of new values of the attribute category.

In particular, this section of the document focuses on the following aspects:

- Definition of a dedicated subclass of SwComponentType for the AUTOSAR adaptive platform (section 3.2)
- Definition of data types specifically for the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* (section 3.3)
- Service interface as the pivotal element for service-oriented communication (section 3.4)
- Definition of domain-specific PortInterfaces, e.g. for diagnostics (section 3.11), PHM (section 3.10), persistency (section 3.8), crypto (section 3.12).
- Service interface mapping as a mediator between internal and external communication (section 3.5)
- Service interface **element** mapping as a mediator between internal and external communication (section 3.6)
- Aspects of the fine-grained configuration of interaction with the "outside world" from the perspective of the inside of a software-component (section 3.17)
- Executable as the design-level representation of the smallest executable unit (section 3.18)
- Handling of optional elements in data structures, see section 3.19
- Configuration of transformation properties (section 3.20)
- Description of how to front-load the configuration of a Process by means of ProcessDesign, see section 3.21.
- Description of the design-level IAM configuration by means of the GrantDesign, see section 3.22



3.2 Software Component

In principle, it would be possible to directly take over the definition of e.g. ApplicationSwComponentType for the usage on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

However, this would complicate the formulation of constraints regarding the existence of model elements (for example: data types, as explained in section 3.3) that are exclusive to the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

Therefore, the AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType is defined as a representation of software-components on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

The Existence of the AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType allows for a convenient way (see [constr_1492]) to lock out most kinds of software-component defined for the AUTOSAR classic platform from the usage on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

The clarification of the opposite direction (i.e. an erroneous use of an AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType) is less obvious.

In other words, it may be possible to use an AdaptiveApplicationSwComponent-Type within a System as some sort of overall design model for software on both the AUTOSAR classic platform **and** the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

This aspect, however, is not clarified so far nor is a restriction in place that prohibits AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType to appear in the context of a System.

Later versions of this specification may fix the missing regulation.

Class	AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::ApplicationStructure
Note				ort the formal modeling of application software on the it shall only be used on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=A	daptiveAp	plicationSwComponentTypes
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, SwComponentType			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
internalBehavior	AdaptiveSwcInternal Behavior	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the internal behavior of the AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType for the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=internalBehavior.shortName, internal Behavior.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

Table 3.1: AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType



Class	AdaptiveSwcInternalBehavior				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::AdaptiveInternalBehavior	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define an internal behavior of an AtomicSwComponentType used on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.				
	Please note that the model of internal behavior in this case, in stark contrast to the situation of the AUTOSAR classic platform, is very minimal.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AdaptiveApplicationSwCo	mponentT	ype.interr	nalBehavior	
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
service Dependency	SwcService Dependency	*	aggr	This represents the collection of SwcService Dependencys owned by AdaptiveInternalBehavior.	

Table 3.2: AdaptiveSwcInternalBehavior

3.3 Data Type

3.3.1 Overview

The specification of data types on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* follows the same pattern as the counterpart on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*: data types are defined on different levels of abstraction that complement each other.

In the context of this document, the focus is on the discussion of Application-DataTypes and CppImplementationDataTypes.

In general, most of the concepts regarding the definition of data types can be taken over from the existing specifications on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*.

However, some aspects are specific to the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* and are consequently discussed in the scope of this document rather than the specification of the AUTOSAR Software Component Template [1].

One of the aspects that could be taken over from the *AUTOSAR classic platform* is the definition of initial values.

Although the utility of initial values is certainly limited on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, there is an opportunity to utilize the definition of initial values in the context of the so-called Fields (see [TPS_MANI_01034]).

3.3.2 ApplicationDataType

The full range of the modeling of ApplicationDataTypes that is supported on the *AUTOSAR classic platform* can directly be used on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* as well.



In addition to the ApplicationDataTypes supported on the AUTOSAR classic platform, there are further ApplicationDataTypes that – while in principle also available on the AUTOSAR classic platform – are primarily used on and designed for the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

Class	ApplicationDataType (at	ostract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::SWCom	onentTer	nplate::Datatype::Datatypes			
Note		ApplicationDataType defines a data type from the application point of view. Especially it should be used whenever something "physical" is at stake.					
				alues as seen in the application model, such as ementation details such as bit-size, endianess, etc.			
	It should be possible to model the application level aspects of a VFB system by using ApplicationData Types only.						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Subclasses	ApplicationCompositeDataType, ApplicationPrimitiveDataType						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	_	_	_	_			

 Table 3.3: ApplicationDataType

3.3.2.1 String Data Type

While the handling of data types that represent textual strings is very similar with respect to the definition of ApplicationDataTypes on the AUTOSAR classic platform and the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, special regulations apply on the level of CppImplementationDataTypes on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

For more information about the modeling of string data types on the level of CppImplementationDataType please refer to section 3.3.3.4.

For the sake of consistency, this chapter summarizes the modeling of Application-DataTypes for the modeling of data types that represent textual strings as far as the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* is concerned.

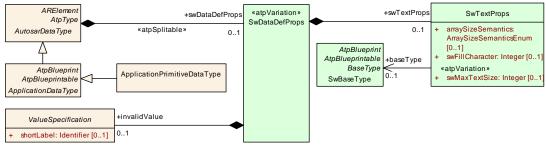


Figure 3.1: Specification of textual strings

The meta-classes used to define an ApplicationPrimitiveDataType of category STRING are summarized in Figure 3.1.



Please note that thanks to the usage of programming languages with richer data types than plain C, the implementation of an ApplicationPrimitiveDataType of category STRING on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform is predefined for a given language binding.

[TPS_MANI_01047]{DRAFT} **Existence of SwRecordLayout for an Applica-tionPrimitiveDataType of category STRING** [For the usage of an ApplicationPrimitiveDataType of category STRING on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, the existence of ApplicationPrimitiveDataType.swDataDefProps.swRecordLayout shall be ignored.](*RS_MANI_00016*)

Please note that [TPS_MANI_01047] intentionally does not forbid the existence of SwRecordLayout because the same ApplicationPrimitiveDataType of category STRING could rightfully be used **on both** the AUTOSAR adaptive platform and the AUTOSAR classic platform.

Class	ApplicationPrimitiveDat	ApplicationPrimitiveDataType				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SWCom	oonentTer	nplate::Datatype::Datatypes		
Note	A primitive data type defir	nes a set c	of allowed	values.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ApplicationDataTypes				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, ApplicationDataType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
-	-	-	-	-		

Table 3.4: ApplicationPrimitiveDataType

Class	SwTextProps				
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionar	y::DataDef	Properties	3	
Note	This meta-class express parameters.	es particula	ar properti	es applicable to strings in variables or calibration	
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	SwDataDefProps.swText	tProps			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
arraySize Semantics	ArraySizeSemantics Enum	01	attr	This attribute controls the semantics of the arraysize for the array representing the string in an Implementation DataType.	
				It is there to support a safe conversion between ApplicationDatatype and ImplementationDatatype, even for variable length strings as required e.g. for Support of SAE J1939.	
baseType	SwBaseType	01	ref	This is the base type of one character in the string. In particular this baseType denotes the intended encoding of the characters in the string on level of ApplicationData Type.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30	



Class	SwTextProps			
swFillCharacter	Integer	01	attr	Filler character for text parameter to pad up to the maximum length swMaxTextSize.
				The value will be interpreted according to the encoding specified in the associated base type of the data object, e.g. 0x30 (hex) represents the ASCII character zero as filler character and 0 (dec) represents an end of string as filler character.
				The usage of the fill character depends on the arraySize Semantics.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40
swMaxTextSize	Integer	01	attr	Specifies the maximum text size in characters. Note the size in bytes depends on the encoding in the corresponding baseType.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=20

 \triangle

Table 3.5: SwTextProps

Enumeration	ArraySizeSemanticsEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ImplementationDataTypes
Note	This type controls how the information about the number of elements in an ApplicationArrayDataType is to be interpreted.
Aggregated by	ApplicationArrayElement.arraySizeSemantics, DiagnosticDataElement.arraySizeSemantics, ImplementationDataTypeElement.arraySizeSemantics, SwTextProps.arraySizeSemantics
Literal	Description
fixedSize	This means that the ApplicationArrayDataType will always have a fixed number of elements.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
variableSize	This implies that the actual number of elements in the ApplicationArrayDataType might vary at run-time. The value of arraySize represents the maximum number of elements in the array.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1

Table 3.6: ArraySizeSemanticsEnum

Class	SwBaseType					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Base	eTypes				
Note	This meta-class represent	s a base t	type used	within ECU software.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=BaseTypes					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, BaseType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	-	-		

Table 3.7: SwBaseType



3.3.2.2 Associative Map Data Type

[TPS_MANI_01027]{DRAFT} Semantics of ApplicationAssocMapDataType [An ApplicationAssocMapDataType represents an associative data structure, i.e. a data structure where so-called *keys* (formalized as ApplicationAssocMap-DataType.key that are in turn typed by an ApplicationDataType) are associated with *values* (formalized as ApplicationAssocMapDataType.value that are also in turn typed by an ApplicationDataType).]*(RS_MANI_00016)*

[constr_3349]{DRAFT} **Usage of ApplicationAssocMapDataType is limited** [The usage of an ApplicationAssocMapDataType is limited to the context of AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentTypeS and CompositionSwComponent-Types defined in the context of an Executable, i.e. such a data type shall not be used on the AUTOSAR classic platform.]()

[constr_3349] is a formal approach to express that an ApplicationAssocMap-DataType shall only be used on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

[TPS_MANI_01016]{DRAFT} Category of ApplicationAssocMapDataType [The value ApplicationAssocMapDataType.category shall be set to ASSOCIA-TIVE_MAP for attribute.](*RS_MANI_00016*)

Figure 3.2 depicts an example of the structure of an ApplicationAssocMap-DataType.

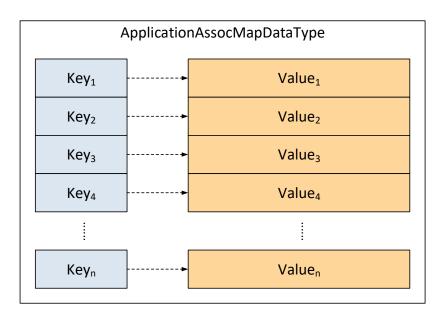


Figure 3.2: Example ApplicationAssocMapDataType on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform



As can be deduced from looking at Figure 3.2, the concept of an Application-DataType of category MAP shall not be confused with an ApplicationAssocMap-DataType¹.

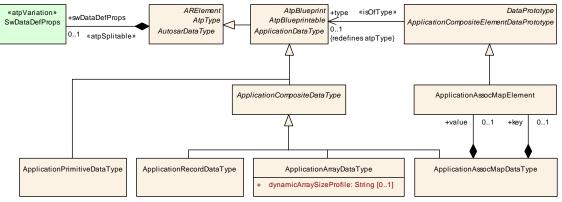


Figure 3.3: Formal model of ApplicationAssocMapDataType

There are a number of technical implications on the usage of an associative data structure at run-time, e.g. that the content of each *key* shall be unique within the context of the overall data structure.

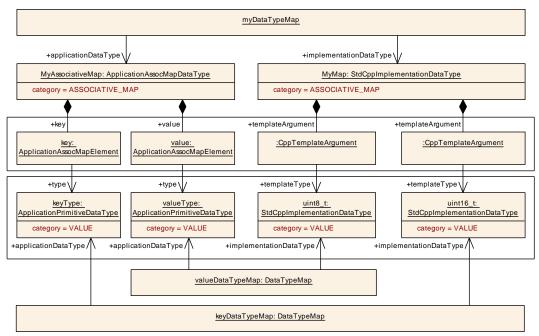


Figure 3.4: Example of the model of an associative map

On the other hand, it is totally no problem if content on the value-side contain duplicates, e.g. two unique keys are associated with values that have a completely identical content.

¹On the other hand, both concepts of a "map" are justified in their respective "community" and choosing to name one of these very different in order so reduce overall potential confusion would probably not be applicable



However, these aspects have no implication on the formal model of the ApplicationAssocMapDataType and are therefore not considered in this document.

The modeling of the ApplicationAssocMapDataType is somewhat minimalistic and motivated mainly be the fact that data types for both key and value need to be defined.

There is no assumption how the structure of an implementation of an associative map may look like. For example, in C++ (which is currently the only supported language binding on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*) the straightforward way to use an associative map is to utilize the container ara::core::Map (where the implementation is opaque to the client programmer).

Figure 3.4 contains a graphical representation of an example model for ApplicationAssocMapDataType.

Class	ApplicationAssocMapDataType				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::ApplicationDataType	
Note	An application data type	which is a	map and o	consists of a key and a value	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ApplicationDataTypes				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, ApplicationCompositeDataType, ApplicationDataType, AtpBlueprint, Atp Blueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
key	ApplicationAssocMap 01 aggr Key element of the map that is used to uniquely identified the value of the map.				
value	ApplicationAssocMap Element	01	aggr	Value element of the map that stores the content associated to a key.	

Table 3.8: ApplicationAssocMapDataType

[constr_10124]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute ApplicationAssocMap-DataType.key [For each ApplicationAssocMapDataType, the attribute key shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts. | ()

[constr_10125]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute ApplicationAssocMap-DataType.value [For each ApplicationAssocMapDataType, the attribute value shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts. |()

Class	ApplicationAssocMapElement					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ApplicationDataType				
Note	Describes the properties of	Describes the properties of the elements of an application map data type.				
Base	ARObject, ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ApplicationAssocMapData	Type.key,	, Applicati	onAssocMapDataType.value, AtpClassifier.atpFeature		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	_	-	-		

 Table 3.9: ApplicationAssocMapElement



Listing 3.1 provides the corresponding ARXML serialization of the example model of an ApplicationAssocMapDataType depicted in Figure 3.4.

```
<APPLICATION-ASSOC-MAP-DATA-TYPE>
  <SHORT-NAME>MyAssociativeMap</SHORT-NAME>
  <KEY>
    <SHORT-NAME>MyKey</SHORT-NAME>
    <TYPE-TREF DEST="APPLICATION-PRIMITIVE-DATA-TYPE">keyType</TYPE-TREF>
  </KEY>
  <VALUE>
    <SHORT-NAME>MyValue</SHORT-NAME>
    <TYPE-TREF DEST="APPLICATION-PRIMITIVE-DATA-TYPE">valueType</TYPE-TREF>
  </VALUE>
</APPLICATION-ASSOC-MAP-DATA-TYPE>
<APPLICATION-PRIMITIVE-DATA-TYPE>
 <SHORT-NAME>keyType</SHORT-NAME>
 <CATEGORY>VALUE</CATEGORY>
</APPLICATION-PRIMITIVE-DATA-TYPE>
<APPLICATION-PRIMITIVE-DATA-TYPE>
 <SHORT-NAME>valueType</SHORT-NAME>
  <CATEGORY>VALUE</CATEGORY>
</APPLICATION-PRIMITIVE-DATA-TYPE>
    Listing 3.1: Example for the definition of an ApplicationAssocMapDataType
```

The initialization of an ApplicationAssocMapDataType, however, needs to be clarified because it would (using a combination of RecordValueSpecification and ArrayValueSpecification) in general be technically possible to define a number of differently structured ValueSpecifications that are semantically identical.

In order to keep this element of uncertainty out of the AUTOSAR standard, the initialization of a DataPrototype typed by ApplicationAssocMapDataType is clarified by means of [constr_1488].

[constr_1488]{DRAFT} Initialization of a DataPrototype typed by an ApplicationAssocMapDataType [A DataPrototype typed by an ApplicationAssocMapDataType shall only be initialized by an ApplicationAssocMapValue-Specification.]()

As already mentioned, there is a semantic requirement that the *key* elements of an *associative map* need to the unique in the context of one *associative map* container.

Obviously, the model has no influence on what happens at run-time. On the other hand, there is an implication onto the initialization of an ApplicationAssocMapDataType, see [constr_1489].

[constr_1489]{DRAFT} Uniqueness of ApplicationAssocMapValueSpecification.mapElementTuple.key [The value of all mapElementTuple.key elements in the context of a given ApplicationAssocMapValueSpecification shall be unique.]()



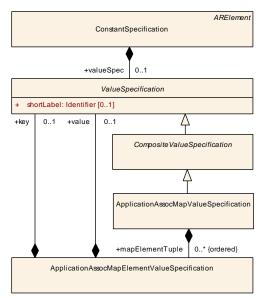


Figure 3.5: Formal model of the initialization of an ApplicationAssocMapDataType

Class	ApplicationAssocMapValueSpecification			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ApplicationDataType			
Note	This meta-class represent	s the abili	ty to defin	e the initialization of an ApplicationAssocMapDataType.
Base	ARObject, CompositeValu	leSpecific	ation, Val	ueSpecification
Aggregated by	ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification.key, ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification. value, ArrayValueSpecification.element, CalibrationParameterValue.applInitValue, CalibrationParameter Value.implInitValue, CompositeRuleBasedValueSpecification.argument, ConstantSpecification.value Spec, CryptoServiceKey.developmentValue, DiagnosticEnvDataCondition.compareValue, DiagnosticEnv DataElementCondition.compareValue, FieldSenderComSpec.initValue, ISignal.initValue, ISignal.timeout SubstitutionValue, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.initValue, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.timeout SubstitutionValue, NonqueuedSenderComSpec.initValue, NvProvideComSpec.ramBlockInitValue, Nv ProvideComSpec.romBlockInitValue, NvRequireComSpec.initValue, ParameterDataPrototype.initValue, ParameterProvideComSpec.initValue, ParameterRequireComSpec.initValue, PersistencyDataRequired ComSpec.initValue, RecordValueSpecification.field, StateManagementCompareCondition.compare Value, SwDataDefProps.invalidValue, VariableDataPrototype.initValue			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
mapElement Tuple (ordered)	ApplicationAssocMap ElementValue Specification	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the initial values for the elements of the ApplicationAssocMapValueSpecification.

Table 3.10: ApplicationAssocMapValueSpecification

Class	ApplicationAssocMap	ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	s::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::ApplicationDataType	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define the initialization of the elements of an ApplicationAssoc MapDataType.				
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	ApplicationAssocMapVa	ueSpecific	ation.map	ElementTuple	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
key	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the initialization of the key part of an AssociativeElementValueSpecification.	
value	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the initialization of the value part of an AssociativeElementValueSpecification.	

Table 3.11: ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification



[constr_10126]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification.key [For each ApplicationAssocMapElement-ValueSpecification, the attribute key shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

[constr_10127]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification.value [For each ApplicationAssocMapElement-ValueSpecification, the attribute value shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts. ()

3.3.2.3 Attributes of SwDataDefProps

[constr_1478]{DRAFT} SwDataDefProps applicable to ApplicationDataTypes exclusive to the AUTOSAR adaptive platform [

Attributes of SwDataDefProps	Root I	Elem.	Attribute Existence per Category
	ApplicationAssocMapDataType	ApplicationAssocMapElement	ASSOCIATIVE_MAP
additionalNativeTypeQualifier			
annotation	х	x	*
baseType			
compuMethod			
dataConstr			
displayFormat	х	x	01
implementationDataType			
invalidValue			
stepSize			
swAddrMethod			
swAlignment			
swBitRepresentation			
swCalibrationAccess			
swCalprmAxisSet			
swComparisonVariable			
swDataDependency			
swHostVariable			
swImplPolicy			
swIntendedResolution			
swInterpolationMethod			



\triangle		
swIsVirtual		
swPointerTargetProps		
swRecordLayout		
swRefreshTiming		
swTextProps		
swValueBlockSize		
unit		
valueAxisDataType		
Other Attributes below the Root Element		
key:ApplicationAssocMapElement	х	1
value: ApplicationAssocMapElement	х	1

]()

A consequence of [constr_1478] is that the [constr_1478] shows only the values of category that are limited to the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*. For all other values of category that are also supported on the *AUTOSAR classic platform* please refer to a similar table contained in the specification of the Software Component Template [1].

3.3.3 CppImplementationDataType

3.3.3.1 Overview

In the AUTOSAR standard, data types represent assets of paramount prominence for the entire development approach.

Therefore, AUTOSAR implements² a multi-level approach for the modeling of data types. One of the described levels, the so-called *Implementation Data Level* aims at a modeling on a level that could be described as "language binding" in the parlor of the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

For the AUTOSAR classic platform, the Implementation Data Level has been addressed by the creation of the ImplementationDataType that specifically aims at covering the data type behavior of the C programming language.

In contrast to the *AUTOSAR classic platform*, the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* currently does not foresee the usage of the C language and instead (at least for the foreseeable future) defines language binding to the C++ language.

It is therefore necessary to provide a modeling approach on the *Implementation Data Level* with a proper support for the capabilities of the C++ language.

²As explained in [1]



While it would technically be feasible to extend the semantics of Implementation-DataType for a support of a C++ language binding this would significantly water down the clarity and expressiveness of ImplementationDataType³.

It therefore seems reasonable to add a system of meta-classes that specifically supports the usage of data types with an intended binding to the C++ language.

[TPS_MANI_01166]{DRAFT} **Semantics of CppImplementationDataType** [The abstract meta-class CppImplementationDataType supports the modeling of data types specifically tailored towards a support for a C++ language binding.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

[TPS_MANI_03197]{DRAFT} **Semantics of StdCppImplementationDataType** [Meta-class StdCppImplementationDataType supports the modeling of data types that will be mapped to C++ Standard Library features in the C++ language binding.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

Please note that Structures (category = STRUCTURE) and type aliases (category = TYPE_REFERENCE) are also modeled as StdCppImplementationDataTypes for simplification reasons.

[TPS_MANI_03198]{DRAFT} **Semantics of CustomCppImplementation-DataType** [Meta-class CustomCppImplementationDataType supports the modeling of data types that will mapped to a custom implementation in the C++ language binding that is declared in the headerFile.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

Please note that the category values for a CustomCppImplementationDataType are restricted by [constr_1578].

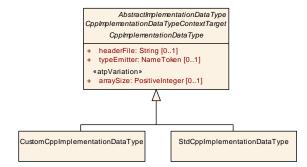


Figure 3.6: Specializations of CppImplementationDataType

This means that the modeling of primitive data types and strings is only possible with StdCppImplementationDataTypes. The reason is that the serialization rules that are defined in AUTOSAR for SOME/IP and DDS are based on the defined types of the standard library.

³And even if it were possible to extend ImplementationDataType towards a more or less clean support for C++ it may happen that further language bindings are added to the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* for which further and further extensions of ImplementationDataType would be required.



[constr_1571]{DRAFT} CppImplementationDataType is limited [The usage of a CppImplementationDataType is limited to the context of AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentTypes and CompositionSwComponentTypes defined in the context of an Executable.]()

[TPS_MANI_01167]{DRAFT} **AbstractImplementationDataType** [Meta-class CppImplementationDataType inherits from abstract base class AbstractImplementationDataType in order to become a valid target for specific references from other meta-classes that want to refer to "ImplementationDataType in general".] (*RS_MANI_00039*)

Class	CppImplementationDataType (abstract)							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::CppImplementationDataType							
Note	This meta-class represents the way to specify a reusable data type definition taken as a the basis for a C++ language binding							
Base	AtpType, AutosarDataTyp	e, Collecta	ableEleme	ionDataType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, ent, CppImplementationDataTypeContextTarget, geableElement, Referrable				
Subclasses	CustomCppImplementatio	nDataTyp	e, StdCp	oImplementationDataType				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
arraySize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute can be used to specify the array size if the enclosing CppImplementationDataType has array semantics.				
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime				
headerFile	String	01	attr	Configuration of the Header File with the custom class declaration.				
namespace (ordered)	SymbolProps	*	aggr	This aggregation allows for the definition an own namespace for the enclosing CppImplementationData Type.				
subElement (ordered)	CppImplementation DataTypeElement	*	aggr	This represents the collection of sub-elements of the enclosing CppImplementationDataType				
template Argument (ordered)	CppTemplateArgument	*	aggr	This aggregation allows for the specification of properties of template arguments				
typeEmitter	NameToken	01	attr	This attribute can be taken to control how the respective CppImplementationDataType is contributed to the language binding.				
typeReference	CppImplementation DataType	01	ref	This reference shall be defined to define a type reference (a.k.a. typedef).				

Table 3.13: CppImplementationDataType

Class	StdCppImplementationDataType						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::CppImplementationDataType						
Note	This meta-class represents the way to specify a data type definition that is taken as the basis for a C++ language binding to a C++ Standard Library feature.						
Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=CppImplementationDataTypes							
	∇						



Δ						
Class	StdCppImplementationDataType					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractImplementationDataType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, CppImplementationDataType, CppImplementationData TypeContextTarget, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
-	_	-	-	_		

Table 3.14: StdCppImplementationDataType

Class	CustomCppImplementationDataType						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::	Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::CppImplementationDataType			
Note	This meta-class represents the way to specify a data type definition that is taken as the basis for a C++ language binding to a custom implementation that is declared in the configured header file. The Short Name of this CustomCppImplementationDataType defines the Class-Name of the custom implementation.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=CppImplementationDataTypes						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractImplementationDataType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, CppImplementationDataType, CppImplementationDataTypeContextTarget, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
_	-	_	_	_			

Table 3.15: CustomCppImplementationDataType

Class	AbstractImplementationDataType (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Common	Structure	::ImplementationDataTypes	
Note	This meta-class represent	s an abst	ract base	class for different flavors of ImplementationDataType.	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Subclasses	CppImplementationDataType, ImplementationDataType				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
_	-	-	-	_	

Table 3.16: AbstractImplementationDataType

A prominent example for the idea of referring to "ImplementationDataType in general" can be found in meta-class DataTypeMap. The intention behind the existence of DataTypeMap is to map an ApplicationDataType to either an Implementa-tionDataType Or CppImplementationDataType.

By means of modeling the reference DataTypeMap.implementationDataType as a reference to AbstractImplementationDataType both options are possible in a single role.

In contrast to the C language, C++ supports the definition of namespaces in programs. This feature is also cleared for development on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* and therefore needs to be represented in the modeling approach.



[TPS_MANI_01168]{DRAFT} **Specification of a namespace for a CppImplemen-tationDataType** [The ability to define a namespace for a CppImplementation-DataType is expressed by means of the aggregation of SymbolProps at CppImplementationDataType in the role namespace.]*(RS_MANI_00039)*

[constr_3443]{DRAFT} Specification of a namespace for a StdCppImplementationDataType [The definition of a namespace for a StdCppImplementation-DataType of category VALUE is not allowed. For this value of category the std namespace is already assumed by the usage of the StdCppImplementation-DataType.]()

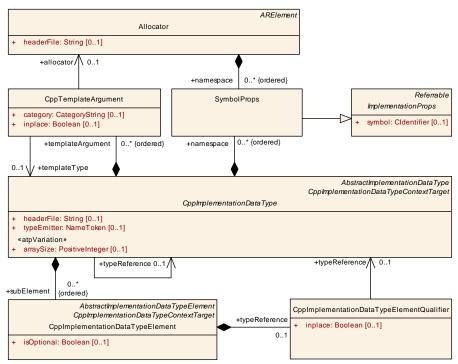


Figure 3.7: CppImplementationDataType overview

[TPS_MANI_01309]{DRAFT} Semantics of attribute CppImplementation-DataType.headerFile [The attribute CppImplementationDataType.header-File shall be used to specify the name of the corresponding header file in two cases:

- A CustomCppImplementationDataType shall set the value of the attribute to the name of the header file that defines the C++ code for the CustomCppImplementationDataType.
- A platform data type (modeled as a StdCppImplementationDataType) shall set the attribute to the name of the applicable header file (e.g. "cstdint") from the C++ standard library.

](*RS_MANI_00016*)



[constr_1743]{DRAFT} CppImplementationDataType.headerFile VS. CppImplementationDataType.typeEmitter [The two attributes CppImplementationDataType.headerFile and CppImplementationDataType.typeEmitter shall always be used mutually exclusive.

In other words, a subclass of CppImplementationDataType shall either use headerFile or typeEmitter. The simultaneous usage of both attributes is not supported.]()

[TPS_MANI_01176]{DRAFT} Standardized value for attribute CppImplementationDataType.typeEmitter [The AUTOSAR Standard reserves the following value for attribute CppImplementationDataType.typeEmitter:

- TYPE_EMITTER_ARA
- FUNDAMENTAL_TYPE: this value is only applicable for the platform types bool, float, and double.

(*RS_MANI_00039*)

[TPS_MANI_01177]{DRAFT} Semantics of attribute CppImplementation-DataType.typeEmitter [The following set of rules applies for the usage of the attribute CppImplementationDataType.typeEmitter:

- If the attribute typeEmitter is set to the value TYPE_EMITTER_ARA, the ARA generator shall generate the corresponding data type definition.
- If the attribute typeEmitter is set to any value other than TYPE_EMITTER_-ARA, the ARA generator shall silently **not** generate the corresponding data type definition.

](*RS_MANI_00039*)

In the context of [TPS_MANI_01177], [TPS_MANI_01309] and [constr_1743] apply.

[TPS_MANI_01212]{DRAFT} **Usage of attribute typeEmitter in the context of a CustomCppImplementationDataType** [Attribute typeEmitter does not have to be used in the context of a CustomCppImplementationDataType. If the type-Emitter is used regardless then the value of the attribute shall be set to the name of the header file that contains the language binding of the respective CustomCppImplementationDataType.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

[TPS_MANI_01169]{DRAFT} **Support for template data types** [Meta-class CppImplementationDataType supports the usage of templates for the definition of data types in C++ programs by means of the reference CppImplementationDataType. templateArgument.

The order of arguments in templates is significant, therefore templateArgument is modeled as an **ordered** collection.](*RS_MANI_00039*)



[TPS_MANI_01174]{DRAFT} Semantics of reference in the role CppTemplateAr-

gument.templateType [Attribute CppTemplateArgument.templateType specifies the data type to be filled in the respective position of the template in the language binding.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

[TPS_MANI_01175]{DRAFT} Semantics of reference in the role CppTemplateArgument.allocator [Attribute CppTemplateArgument.allocator specifies the behavior of an allocator class to be filled in the respective position of the template in the language binding.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

[constr_1576]{DRAFT} Existence of CppTemplateArgument.templateType vs. CppTemplateArgument.allocator [For any given CppTemplateArgument, at most one of the references

- CppTemplateArgument.templateType Or
- CppTemplateArgument.allocator

may exist.]()

[TPS_MANI_01201]{DRAFT} **Standardized values for attribute CppTemplateArgument.category** [AUTOSAR reserves the following values for attribute CppTemplateArgument.category:

- **ASSOC_MAP_KEY** : the specific CppTemplateArgument represents the *key* datatype of an associative map.
- **ASSOC_MAP_VALUE** : the specific CppTemplateArgument represents the *value* data-type of an associative map.

](*RS_MANI_00039*)

Class	CppTemplateArgument					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::CppImplementationDataType		
Note	This meta-class has the a	ability to de	fine prop	erties for template arguments.		
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	CppImplementationData1	<i>Type</i> .templ	ateArgum	ent		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
allocator	Allocator	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable allocator.		
category	CategoryString	01	attr	This attribute shall be used to contribute further clarification regarding the semantics of the enclosing Cpp TemplateArgument.		
inplace	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute specifies whether the shortName of the referenced templateType is used in the code generation and the type declaration is defined outside of the enclosing CppImplementationDataType (true) or whether the type definition is embedded inside of the enclosing CppImplementationDataType and the shortName is ignored (false).		
templateType	CppImplementation DataType	01	ref	This reference identifies the data type of the specific template argument required for the language binding.		

Table 3.17:	CppTemplateArgument
-------------	---------------------



[TPS_MANI_01171]{DRAFT} **Modeling of structured data types** [Meta-class Cp-pImplementationDataType supports the creation of nested data types by means of the aggregation of CppImplementationDataTypeElement in the role subElement.

Because the order of sub-elements in a structured data type is significant the aggregation subElement is modeled as an **ordered** collection. |(*RS_MANI_00039*)

Please note that although the modeling of structures is formally done by way of using CppImplementationDataType it is actually only possible to use StdCppImple-mentationDataType for this purpose (see [constr_1578]).

Class	CppImplementationDataTypeElement							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::CppImplementationDataType				
Note	where it is aggregated. A	Declares a data object which is locally aggregated. Such an element can only be used within the scope where it is aggregated. A CppImplementationDataTypeElement is used to represent an element of a structure, defining its type.						
Base				Element, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	CppImple	mentation	nDataType.subElement				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
isOptional	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to declare the enclosing CppImplementationDataTypeElement as optional. This means the that, at runtime, the Cpp ImplementationDataTypeElement may or may not have a valid value and shall therefore be ignored.				
				The underlying runtime software provides means to set the CppImplementationDataTypeElement as not valid at the sending end of a communication and determine its validity at the receiving end.				
typeReference	CppImplementation DataTypeElement Qualifier	01	aggr	This aggregation defines the type of the Cpp ImplementationDataTypeElement and determines whether in C++ the CppImplementationDataTypeElement is defined inside or outside of the enclosing Cpp ImplementationDataType.				

Table 3.18: CppImplementationDataTypeElement

Please note that there is no intention to support a "mixed" modeling of structured data types such that the resulting data type on C_{++} level would be composed of data types that are native to C_{++} and data types from the C subsystem.

While this would technically be possible on code level it would impose a huge effort on modeling level and the consensus is that there is no real use case for such a "mixed" data type.

The C++ data type system can, as far as the implementation of the AUTOSAR adaptive platform is concerned, fully replace the "legacy" C data types in C++.

[constr_1572]{DRAFT} Usage of SwDataDefProps.implementationDataType within a CppImplementationDataType [Within the scope of a CppImplementationDataType the reference CppImplementationDataType.swDataDefProps. implementationDataType shall not exist. (/)

This aspect is also expressed in a more general form by [constr_1579].



As a consequence of [constr_1572], type-references have to be done differently on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*. For this purpose dedicated references are available.

[TPS_MANI_01172]{DRAFT} **Description of type references in the scope of CppImplementationDataType** [The reference CppImplementationDataType. typeReference can be used to create a type reference from the enclosing CppImplementationDataType to another CppImplementationDataType.](*RS_-MANI_00039*)

[TPS_MANI_01173]{DRAFT} **Description of type references in the scope of CppImplementationDataTypeElement** [CppImplementationDataTypeElement.typeReference can be used to create a reference to the CppImplementationDataType that shall apply for the enclosing CppImplementationDataType-Element.|(*RS_MANI_00039*)

Please note that the CppImplementationDataTypeElement.typeReference is realized as an Association Class that allows to add the inplace attribute to the type-Reference.

Class	CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::CppImplementationDataType		
Note	This element qualifies the typeReference of the CppImplementationDataTypeElement to the Cpp ImplementationDataType.					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	CppImplementationDataTypeElement.typeReference					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
inplace	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether the member type of the CppImplementationDataTypeElement in C++ is an embedded type element inside of the enclosing struct (true) or whether the type declaration is defined outside of the struct.		
typeReference	CppImplementation DataType	01	ref	This reference defines a type reference.		

 Table 3.19: CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier

[constr_10128]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute CppImplementation-DataTypeElementQualifier.typeReference [For each CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier, the attribute typeReference shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts. | ()

[TPS_MANI_03196]{DRAFT} Semantics of CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier.inplace attribute [The CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier.inplace attribute defines whether the data type of the CppImplementationDataTypeElement in the C++ language binding is derived from the name or the properties of the referenced CppImplementationDataType.

Specifically, the following rules shall apply:



- if CppImplementationDataTypeElement.typeReference.inplace is set to False then the shortName of the CppImplementationDataType referenced in the role CppImplementationDataTypeElement.typeReference. typeReference shall be used in the C++ language binding.
- if CppImplementationDataTypeElement.typeReference.inplace is set to True then only the **properties** of the CppImplementationDataType referenced in the role CppImplementationDataTypeElement.typeReference. typeReference shall be used in the C++ language binding and the shortName is ignored.

](RS_MANI_00039)

Please note that Figure 3.13 shows an example of a Structure where the typeReference of one subElement is classified as inplace.

[constr_1659]{DRAFT} Restriction for the usage of CppImplementation-DataTypeElementQualifier.inplace [The attribute CppImplementation-DataTypeElementQualifier.inplace shall only exist if the target referenced in the role CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier.typeReference is an StdCppImplementationDataType that has the attribute category set to either of the values

- ARRAY
- VECTOR
- ASSOCIATIVE_MAP
- VARIANT
- STRUCTURE
- STRING
- TYPE_REFERENCE, if the CppImplementationDataType refers to a CompuMethod of category TEXTTABLE

]()

Rationale for the existence of [constr_1659]: by application of the exclusion principle, there are three cases where attribute CppImplementationDataTypeElemen-tQualifier.inplace shall not exist:

- StdCppImplementationDataType **of** category VALUE
- CustomCppImplementationDataType
- CppImplementationDataType of category TYPE_REFERENCE, unless the CppImplementationDataType refers to a CompuMethod of category TEXTTABLE



Neither of them can be used as a target of CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier.typeReference where CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier.inplace is set to True because in these cases there is already a valid name that is directly usable for the language binding and a possible indirection via a using clause would obviously require an additional name that is not available from the model.

After all, the motivation for the definition of a TYPE_REFERENCE is the direct opposite of the motivation behind using the attribute CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier.inplace to control the language binding. Therefore, this case is also excluded.

[TPS_MANI_03201]{DRAFT} Semantics of CppTemplateArgument.inplace attribute [The CppTemplateArgument.inplace attribute defines whether the data type that is referenced by the templateType in the C++ language binding is derived from the name or the properties of the referenced CppImplementationDataType.

Specifically, the following rules shall apply:

- if CppTemplateArgument.inplace is set to False then the shortName of the CppImplementationDataType referenced in the role CppTemplateArgument.templateType shall be used in the C++ language binding.
- if CppTemplateArgument.inplace is set to True then only the properties of the CppImplementationDataType referenced in the role CppTemplateArgument.templateType shall be used in the C++ language binding and the shortName is ignored.

](*RS_MANI_00039*)

[constr_1660]{DRAFT} Restriction for the usage of CppTemplateArgument.inplace [The attribute CppTemplateArgument.inplace shall only exist if the target referenced in the role CppTemplateArgument.templateType is an StdCppImplementationDataType that has the attribute category set to either of the values

- ARRAY
- VECTOR
- ASSOCIATIVE_MAP
- VARIANT
- STRUCTURE
- STRING

]()

Rationale for the existence of [constr_1660]: by application of the exclusion principle, there are three cases where attribute CppTemplateArgument.inplace shall not exist:



- StdCppImplementationDataType **Of** category VALUE
- CustomCppImplementationDataType
- CppImplementationDataType **Of** category TYPE_REFERENCE

Neither of them can be used as a target of CppTemplateArgument.templateType where CppTemplateArgument.inplace is set to True because in these cases there is already a valid name that is directly usable for the language binding and a possible indirection via a using clause would obviously require an additional name that is not available from the model.

After all, the motivation for the definition of a TYPE_REFERENCE is the direct opposite of the motivation behind using the attribute CppTemplateArgument.inplace to control the language binding. Therefore, this case is also excluded.

Please note that the question of the value of attribute CppTemplateArgument.inplace for the case of CppTemplateArgument.templateType referring to Std-CppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE is regulated by [constr_3462].

[constr_1708]{DRAFT} Combination of CppImplementationDataTypeElement. isOptional and CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier.inplace [If a CppImplementationDataTypeElement is typed by a CppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE then the combination of attribute CppImplementationDataTypeElement.isOptional set to True and CppImplementationDataTypeElement.typeReference.inplace set to True is not allowed. (/)

Rationale for the existence of [constr_1708]: the "optional" semantics is implemented via a template and it is not possible to pass an "inplace" structure as a template argument.

[constr_3462]{DRAFT} CppTemplateArgument.templateType reference to StdCppImplementationDataType Of category STRUCTURE and the inplace flag [CppTemplateArgument.templateType that points to a StdCppImplemen-tationDataType Of category STRUCTURE shall have the inplace attribute set to false. |()

Class	Allocator				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::CppImplementationDataType	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to specify an optional custom C++ allocator for a C++ type which may dynamically grow beyond it's initial allocated size during it's lifetime. Any storage principles are defined in the implementation of the allocator itself, which should implement the ISO C++ std::allocator_ traits interface.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=Allocators				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	Collectable	Element,	Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable	
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	



Δ										
Class	Allocator									
headerFile	String	01	attr	Configuration of the Header File with the custom class declaration						
namespace (ordered)	SymbolProps	*	aggr	This aggregation allows for the definition of a namespace of an Allocator.						

Table 3.20: Allocator

The reason for [constr_3462] is that the usage of an unnamed struct as template argument is not permitted by ISO C++11/14/17.

[constr_3446]{DRAFT} CppTemplateArgument with allocator reference and the inplace flag [A CppTemplateArgument that points with an allocator reference to an Allocator shall not have the inplace flag set to a value.]()

[constr_1578]{DRAFT}	Applicable data	categories [
----------------------	-----------------	--------------

Category	Applicable to								Description					
	ApplicationArrayDataType	ApplicationRecordDataType	ApplicationPrimitiveDataType	ApplicationRecordElement	ApplicationArrayElement	ApplicationValueSpecification	StdCppImplementationDataType	CustomCppImplementationDataType						
VALUE			х	x	x	х	х		Contains a single value. See also [TPS_MANI_03192].					
TYPE_REFERENCE							x		The element is defined via reference to another data type (via CppImplementationDataType.typeReference.					
STRUCTURE		x		x	x		x		Holds one or several further elements which can have different AutosarDataTypes. See also [TPS_MANI_03180].					
VARIANT							x	x	Can hold values of different data types. It is similar to STRUCTURE except that all of its members start at the same location in memory. A VARIANT data prototype can contain only one of its elements at a time and represents a type-safe union. The size of the VARIANT is at least					
									the size of the largest member. See also [TPS_MANI_03189].					
ARRAY	х			x	x		x	x	A fixed-sized array of sub-elements of the same data type. See also [TPS_MANI_03169].					
VECTOR							x	x	An array of elements of the same data type that is able to grow at run-time. See also [TPS_MANI_03174].					
ASSOCIA- TIVE_MAP							x	x	An associative array of key-value pairs. See also [TPS_MANI_03183].					
STRING			х	x	x	х	х		Contains a text string. See also [TPS_MANI_03178].					
BOOLEAN			x	x	x	x			Contains one boolean state. Depending on the CPU direct addressing of single bits may not be available.					
									So a byte or a word can be used to store only one logical state.					

]()



3.3.3.2 Attributes of SwDataDefProps

[constr_1579]{DRAFT} SwDataDefProps applicable to CppImplementation-DataTypes exclusive to the AUTOSAR adaptive platform [

Attributes of SwDataDefProps	Root Ele- ment	Attribute Existence per Category							
	CppImplementationDataType	VALUE	TYPE_REFERENCE	STRUCTURE	VARIANT	ARAY	VECTOR	ASSOCIATIVE_MAP	STRING
additionalNativeTypeQualifier									
annotation	х	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
baseType									
compuMethod	х		01						
dataConstr.dataConstrRule.physConstrs	х		d/c			d/c	d/c		
dataConstr.dataConstrRule.internalConstrs	х		01			01	01		
displayFormat	х	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01
implementationDataType									
invalidValue	х		01						01
stepSize									
swAddrMethod									
swAlignment									
swBitRepresentation									
swCalibrationAccess									
swCalprmAxisSet									
swComparisonVariable									
swDataDependency									
swHostVariable									
swImplPolicy									
swIntendedResolution									
swInterpolationMethod									
swIsVirtual									
swPointerTargetProps									
<pre>swPointerTargetProps.swDataDefProps</pre>									
swRecordLayout									
swRefreshTiming	х	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01
swTextProps									
swValueBlockSize									
unit									
valueAxisDataType									
Other Attributes									

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Attributes of SwDataDefProps	Root Ele- ment	Attribute Existence per Category								
	CppImplementationDataType	VALUE	TYPE_REFERENCE	STRUCTURE	VARIANT	ARRAY	VECTOR	ASSOCIATIVE_MAP	STRING	
<pre>subElement: CppImplementationDataTypeElement</pre>	х			1*						
templateArgument	х				1*	1	1*	2*	01	
typeReference	х		1							

]()

A consequence of [constr_1578] is that [constr_1579] shows only the values of category that are limited to the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*. For all other values of category that are also supported on the *AUTOSAR classic platform* please refer to a similar table contained in the specification of the Software Component Template [1].

The invalidValue is applicable to Primitive Data Types and defines one specific value (in the range of that Primitive Data Type) which indicates that the respective value is not valid.

A typical use case is a composite data type that contains the values of all 4 wheel speeds. If one of the wheel speed sensors fails, and is no longer able to provide useful data, it does still make sense to provide the other 3 wheel speed values.

In such a scenario the one wheel speed value would then be set to the invalidValue. The receivers are able to check for each individual element of the data composition whether the value corresponds to the invalidValue and take corresponding actions.

[constr_3569]{DRAFT} Applicability of attribute invalidValue on CppImplementationDataType of category TYPE_REFERENCE [If a CppImplementationDataType of category TYPE_REFERENCE has an invalidValue defined, then the referenced CppImplementationDataType (via typeReference) shall eventually be of category VALUE.]()

Please note that the following rationale exists for the support of invalidValue for specific categorys of data types:

• The usage of category VALUE on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform boils down to the usage of the standard types. There is no use case to define an invalid-Value for a standard data type because **all usages** of the standard data type would be characterized by the same invalidValue.



- The definition of an invalidValue for a container (except STRING) is not supported because there are no known use cases for supporting an invalidValue.
- The definition of an invalidValue on a data type of category STRING is accepted because it is also supported on the AUTOSAR classic platform and it is necessary to sustain interoperability between the AUTOSAR classic platform and the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.
- The definition of an invalidValue on an StdCppImplementationDataType of category TYPE_REFERENCE represents the main-stream use case for the definition of an invalidValue.

3.3.3.3 Primitive Data Types

[TPS_MANI_03192]{DRAFT} CppImplementationDataType of category VALUE [The primitive data types like Boolean, fixed-width integer data types and floating-point data types are described as CppImplementationDataTypes of category VALUE.] (*RS_MANI_00039*)

[TPS_MANI_03193]{DRAFT} **CppImplementationDataType of category TYPE_REFERENCE** [The definition of a CppImplementationDataType of category TYPE_REFERENCE creates an alias for another CppImplementation-DataType that is referenced by the typeReference.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

3.3.3.4 String Data Type

[TPS_MANI_03178]{DRAFT} **StdCppImplementationDataType Of category STRING** [A StdCppImplementationDataType Of category STRING represents a container data type for a sequence of characters.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

Please note that it is nonetheless possible to use a different encoding, e.g. UTF-16 on the level of a SOME/IP message. This behavior can be configured by means of ApSomeipTransformationProps. As a consequence, a transcoding may have to be applied between the representation of a string on the wire and in the software.

[TPS_MANI_03179]{DRAFT} C++ language binding of StdCppImplementation-DataTypes Of category STRING [A CppImplementationDataType Of category STRING shall be implemented as ara::core::String.](RS_MANI_00039)

The formulation of [TPS_MANI_03179] leaves room for potential later extensions towards the support for other storage formats.

The example depicted in Figure 3.8 contains the definition of both an ApplicationDataType as well as the definition of the corresponding CppImplementation-DataType.



The latter obviously becomes significantly lighter to model thanks to the restriction that, as far as the C++ language binding is concerned, a CppImplementationDataType of category STRING shall only be implemented on the basis of an ara::core::-String.

Another aspect of the example in Figure 3.8 is that it defines the intended encoding of the modeled data type in the scope of the ApplicationPrimitiveDataType.

Since C++ strings are not containerized types, they do not receive a containerized typename in the template<> argument list on code level. It is therefore necessary in this case to restrict the referenced templateType in CppTemplateArgument.

[constr_6815]{DRAFT} Existence of CppTemplateArgument.templateType for CppImplementationDataType of category STRING [In a CppImplementation-DataType of category STRING, the reference templateType shall not exist.]()

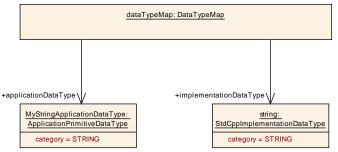


Figure 3.8: Example of the model of a string with UTF-8 encoding

[TPS_MANI_03188]{DRAFT} **Usage of an Allocator for a StdCppImplementationDataType Of category STRING** [A StdCppImplementationDataType Of category STRING is allowed to aggregate a CppTemplateArgument that refers to an Allocator with the allocator reference.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

3.3.3.5 Array Data Type

[TPS_MANI_03169]{DRAFT} CppImplementationDataType with fixed size array semantics [A CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY represents a container data type that encapsulates fixed size arrays.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

[TPS_MANI_03170]{DRAFT} CppImplementationDataType Of category ARRAY [For a C++ binding, a CppImplementationDataType Of category ARRAY can be implemented as

- an ara::core::Array if StdCppImplementationDataType subclass is used for modeling or as
- an array type in a custom namespace (e.g. my::array) if CustomCppImplementationDataType subclass is used (provided that the type in the custom namespace can be configured with the available modeling capabilities).

](RS_MANI_00039)



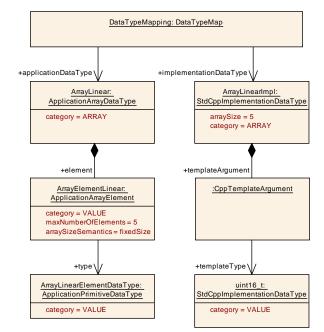


Figure 3.9: Example of the model of a one-dimensional array

[TPS_MANI_03171]{DRAFT} Value type of a CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY [The type of elements contained in a CppImplementation-DataType of category ARRAY is defined by the aggregated templateArgument and the corresponding templateType that defines the data type of the CppTemplateArgument.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

[constr_3433]{DRAFT} Aggregation of templateArguments for an ARRAY [CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY that boils down to ara::core:-:Array shall aggregate exactly one templateArgument that defines the type of elements contained in the CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY.]()

[TPS_MANI_03172]{DRAFT} Size of a CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY [The primitive attribute arraySize of a CppImplementation-DataType of category ARRAY shall be used to define the size of the array.](RS_-MANI_00039)

Figure 3.9 shows an example of an one-dimensional array of uint16 elements with arraySize = 5.

[TPS_MANI_03173]{DRAFT} **Definition of a multidimensional Array** [A multidimensional CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY contains nested CppImplementationDataTypes of category ARRAY.

The CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY that represents the outer array will refer to a CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY that represents the inner array via the aggregated templateArgument. Such a definition describes a two-dimensional Array; consequently a type with more dimensions is described by just nesting more CppImplementationDataTypes of category ARRAY.



The array element itself is specified by the innermost CppImplementation-DataType with category different from ARRAY.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

Figure 3.10 shows an example of a multidimensional array where a CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY with arraySize = 5 has a templateArgument that points to the inner CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY in the role templateType.

The inner CppImplementationDataType has a templateArgument that finally points with the templateType reference to a primitive type.

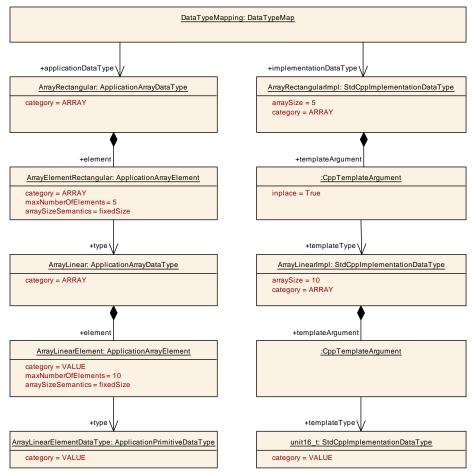


Figure 3.10: Example of the model of a multidimensional array

3.3.3.6 Vector Data Type

[TPS_MANI_03174]{DRAFT} **CppImplementationDataType with variable size array semantics** [A CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR represents a container data type that encapsulates variable size arrays.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

[TPS_MANI_03175]{DRAFT} **CppImplementationDataType Of category VEC-TOR** [For a C++ binding, a CppImplementationDataType Of category VECTOR can be implemented as



- an ara::core::Vector if StdCppImplementationDataType subclass is used or as
- a vector type in a custom namespace (e.g. my::vector) if CustomCppImplementationDataType subclass is used (provided that the type in the custom namespace can be configured with the available modeling capabilities).

(RS_MANI_00039)

[TPS_MANI_03176]{DRAFT} Value type of a CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR [The type of elements contained in a CppImplementation-DataType of category VECTOR is defined by the aggregated templateArgument and the corresponding templateType that defines the data type of the CppTemplateArgument.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

[constr_3434]{DRAFT} Aggregation of templateArguments for a VECTOR [CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR that boils down to ara::core::Vector shall aggregate

- One templateArgument that defines the type of elements contained in the CppImplementationDataType Of category VECTOR with the templateType reference.
- optionally one additional templateArgument that defines the Allocator with the allocator reference.

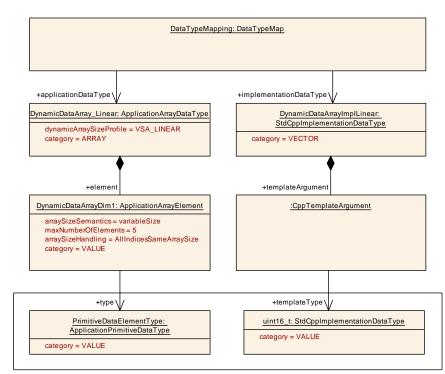


Figure 3.11: Example of the model of a one-dimensional vector

Figure 3.11 shows an example of an one-dimensional vector of uint16 elements.

]()



[TPS_MANI_03186]{DRAFT} **Usage of arraySize in case of a Vector** [If the CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR aggregates a templateArgument that defines the Allocator with the allocator reference then the attribute arraySize that defines the maximum size of the vector is allowed to be used.](*RS_-MANI_00039*)

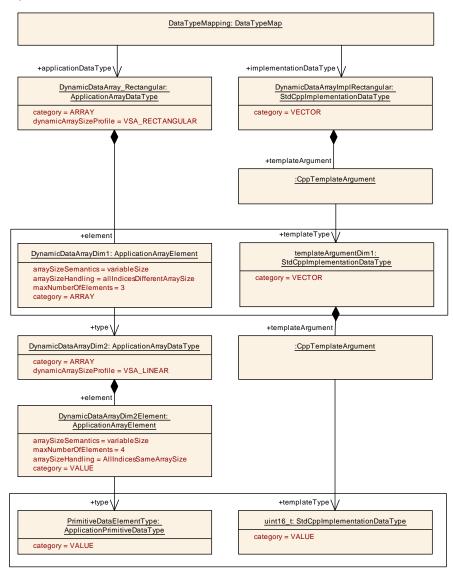


Figure 3.12: Example of the model of a multidimensional vector

[TPS_MANI_03177]{DRAFT} **Definition of a multidimensional Vector** [A multidimensional CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR contains nested CppImplementationDataTypes of category VECTOR.

The CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR that represents the outer vector will refer to a CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR that represents the inner vector via the aggregated templateArgument.



Such a definition describes a two-dimensional Vector; consequently a type with more dimensions is described by just nesting more CppImplementationDataTypes of category VECTOR.

The vector element itself is specified by the innermost CppImplementation-DataType with category different from VECTOR. (*RS_MANI_00039*)

Figure 3.12 shows an example of a multidimensional vector where a CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR has a templateArgument that points to the inner CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR in the role templateType. The inner CppImplementationDataType has a templateArgument that finally points with the templateType reference to a primitive type.

Please note that the meta-model supports the creation of a reference to a specific element (identified by means of the index) of a CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR.

However, this may lead to a problem at run-time if the specific element does not exist at the respective point in time. Any software using such data types needs to be prepared for the potential non-existence of vector elements.

Alternatively, it could be an option to simply avoid a situation where an element of a CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR becomes the target of a reference in the model.

3.3.3.7 Struct Data Type

[TPS_MANI_03180]{DRAFT} **Definition of Structures** [A StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE represents a data type for holding an ordered collection of variables of arbitrary data types.](*RS_MANI_00039*)

[TPS_MANI_03181]{DRAFT} Definition of members in StdCppImplementation-DataType Of category STRUCTURE [Members in a StdCppImplementation-DataType Of category STRUCTURE are defined by ordered CppImplementation-DataTypeElements that are aggregated in the role subElement by the enclosing StdCppImplementationDataType Of category STRUCTURE.

The name of each member is defined by the shortName of the CppImplementationDataTypeElement.

The type of each member is defined by the typeReference to a CppImplementationDataType.](RS_MANI_00039)

Please note that the inplace flag that is able to classify a CppImplementation-DataTypeElement.typeReference is documented in [TPS_MANI_03196].

The example depicted in Figure 3.13 shows the definition of a Structure, called MyStruct, that has two members. The typeReference of the subElements with the shortName ArrayElement is classified with inplace = **True**.



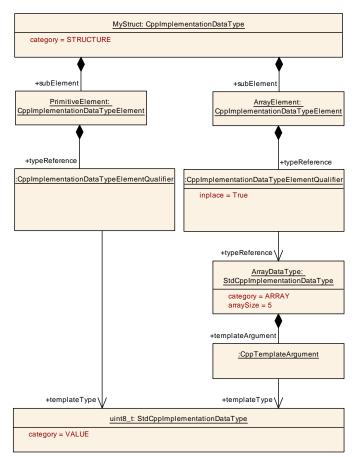


Figure 3.13: Example of the model of a Struct

In case that the inplace attribute in the typeReference to the array is set to False the model results in a using-declaration of ArrayDataType that is defined outside MyStruct.

3.3.3.8 Enumeration Data Type

[TPS_MANI_03187]{DRAFT} **Definition of enumeration types** [In the AUTOSAR meta-model, an enumeration is not implemented by means of a CppImplementa-tionDataType with an own category.

Instead, a discrete set of integer numbers can be used as a structural description for a single fundamental CppImplementationDataType of category TYPE_REFERENCE that boils down to a CppImplementationDataType of category VALUE.

The mapping of the integer numbers to labels in the scope of the definition of an enumeration is considered part of the semantical definition via an attached CompuMethod with category TEXTTABLE rather than part of the structural description.](*RS_MANI_-00039*)



The rules for the usage of a CompuMethod with category TEXTTABLE are the same as in the AUTOSAR Classic Platform and are described in the Software Component Template [1].

To summarize, an enumeration value in the CompuMethod with category TEXT-TABLE can be provided as a text value in the vt of the CompuConst, in the short-Label or symbol of the applicable CompuScale of the CompuMethod.

Each CompuScale shall be defined as compuInternalToPhys computation in the CompuMethod and shall contain an upperLimit and lowerLimit.

The following example illustrates how an enumeration is specified using a CompuMethod.

```
<COMPU-METHOD>
 <SHORT-NAME>cylinders</SHORT-NAME>
 <CATEGORY>TEXTTABLE</CATEGORY>
 <COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS>
    <COMPU-SCALES>
      <COMPU-SCALE>
        <LOWER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">0</LOWER-LIMIT>
        <UPPER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">0</UPPER-LIMIT>
        <COMPU-CONST>
          <VT>Cylinder1</VT>
        </COMPU-CONST>
      </COMPU-SCALE>
      <COMPU-SCALE>
        <LOWER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">1</LOWER-LIMIT>
        <UPPER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">1</UPPER-LIMIT>
        <COMPU-CONST>
          <VT>Cylinder2</VT>
        </COMPU-CONST>
      </COMPU-SCALE>
      <COMPU-SCALE>
        <LOWER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">2</LOWER-LIMIT>
        <UPPER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">2</UPPER-LIMIT>
        <COMPU-CONST>
          <VT>Cylinder3</VT>
        </COMPU-CONST>
      </COMPU-SCALE>
      <COMPU-SCALE>
        <LOWER-LIMIT INTERVAL-TYPE="CLOSED">3</LOWER-LIMIT>
        <upper-limit interval-type="closed">3</upper-limit>
        <COMPU-CONST>
          <VT>Cylinder4</VT>
        </COMPU-CONST>
      </COMPU-SCALE>
    </COMPU-SCALES>
  </COMPU-INTERNAL-TO-PHYS>
</COMPU-METHOD>
```

Listing 3.2: example for enumeration



3.3.3.9 Map Data Type

[TPS_MANI_03183]{DRAFT} **CppImplementationDataType of category ASSO-CIATIVE_MAP** [A CppImplementationDataType Of category ASSOCIATIVE_-MAP represents a container that contains key-value pairs with unique keys.]*(RS_-MANI_00039)*

[TPS_MANI_03184]{DRAFT} **CppImplementationDataType of category ASSO-CIATIVE_MAP** [For a C++ binding, a CppImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP can be implemented as

- an ara::core::Map if StdCppImplementationDataType subclass is used or as
- a map type in a custom namespace (e.g. my::map) if CustomCppImplementationDataType subclass is used (provided that the type in the custom namespace can be configured with the available modeling capabilities).

(*RS_MANI_00039*)

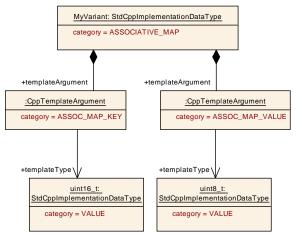


Figure 3.14: Example of the model of an **ASSOCIATIVE_MAP**

[TPS_MANI_03185]{DRAFT} Structure of a CppImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP [A CppImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP that boils down to a ara::core::Map shall aggregate the following CppTemplateArguments:

- one CppTemplateArgument shall have the category ASSOC_MAP_KEY and shall reference a CppImplementationDataType with the templateType reference. This CppTemplateArgument represents the role that corresponds to ApplicationAssocMapDataType.key and defines the respective data type details.
- One CppTemplateArgument shall shall have the category AS-SOC_MAP_VALUE and shall reference a CppImplementationDataType with the templateType reference. This CppTemplateArgument represents



the role that corresponds to ApplicationAssocMapDataType.value and defines the respective data type details.

• one additional optional CppTemplateArgument is allowed to reference an Allocator with the allocator reference.

](*RS_MANI_00039*)

The example depicted in Figure 3.14 shows the definition of a ASSOCIATIVE_MAP that has two CppTemplateArguments, one for the key and one for the value.

3.3.3.10 Variant Data Type

[TPS_MANI_03189]{DRAFT} Definition of CppImplementationDataType of category VARIANT [A CppImplementationDataType of category VARIANT represents a type safe union. | (RS_MANI_00039)

[TPS_MANI_03190]{DRAFT} CppImplementationDataType Of category VARI-ANT [For a C++ binding, a CppImplementationDataType Of category VARIANT can be implemented as

- an ara::core::Variant if StdCppImplementationDataType subclass is used or as
- a variant type in a custom namespace (e.g. my::variant) if CustomCppImplementationDataType subclass is used (provided that the type in the custom namespace can be configured with the available modeling capabilities).

](*RS_MANI_00039*)

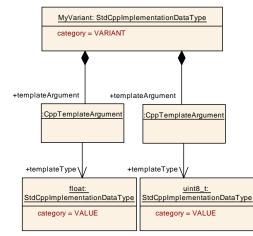


Figure 3.15: Example of the model of an VARIANT

[TPS_MANI_03191]{DRAFT} **Definition of type alternatives stored in a VARIANT** [A type alternative that is stored in a CppImplementationDataType of category VARIANT is defined by the aggregated templateArgument and the corresponding



templateType that defines the data type of the CppTemplateArgument.](RS_-MANI_00039)

[constr_3429]{DRAFT} No allocator usage for CppImplementationDataTypes of category VARIANT [CppImplementationDataType Of category VARIANT is not allowed to aggregate a templateArgument that points to an Allocator in the role allocator.]()

The example depicted in Figure 3.15 shows the definition of a VARIANT that has two CppTemplateArguments. Each one represents one alternative type. Please note that the CppTemplateArguments of a CppImplementationDataType are ordered in ARXML and this order is not visible in the object diagram.

[TPS_MANI_01393]{DRAFT} **Initialization of a data object typed by a CppImplementationDataType of category VARIANT** [The initialization of a data object that is typed by a CppImplementationDataType of category VARIANT is done by using a RecordValueSpecification with two fields:

- The first field identifies the index of the element inside the variant data type. The index of the first element shall be 1 and growing from there.
- The second field identifies the "payload" of the initialization and consists of a ValueSpecification that matches the data type of the element in the variant data type that is supposed to be initialized.

](RS_MANI_00039)

Please note the convention to let the index be 1-based is in place to achieve the same initialization semantics as on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*.

This means that – in principle – the same RecordValueSpecification can be used to initialize a data object typed by a variant data type (*AUTOSAR adaptive platform*) and a corresponding data object typed by a Wrapped Union Data Type on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*.

The conversion of the index value to a numerical value used in an expression of the language binding of the variant data type is out of scope of the TPS Manifest Specification.

In other words, if the actual initialization uses 0-based index value then the value provided in the model has to be decremented by 1 accordingly.

[constr_10399]{DRAFT} Allowed interval of the "index" field according to the initialization rule for data object typed by a CppImplementationDataType of category VARIANT [The allowed value range of the "index" field of a RecordValueSpecification according to [TPS_MANI_01393] goes from 1 to the number of templateArguments owned by the CppImplementationDataType Of category VARIANT.]()



3.3.3.11 Bitfield Data Type

[TPS_MANI_03202]{DRAFT} **Definition of bitfield types** [In the AUTOSAR metamodel, a bitfield is not implemented by means of a CppImplementationDataType with an own category.

A bitfield is defined in the context of a primitive StdCppImplementationDataType of category TYPE_REFERENCE that boils down to a StdCppImplementation-DataType of category VALUE.

A CompuMethod of category BITFIELD_TEXTTABLE is used to assign a special meaning to each bit of the primitive StdCppImplementationDataType.](RS_-MANI_00039)

CompuScales with a mask inside of the CompuMethod of category BIT-FIELD_TEXTTABLE are defining isolated parts that can be independent from each other with respect to the semantics of the data that match the mask.

The rules for the usage of a CompuMethod with category BITFIELD_TEXTTABLE are the same as in the AUTOSAR Classic Platform and are described in the Software Component Template [1].

3.3.4 Compatibility of ApplicationDataType and CppImplementationDataType

The usage of ApplicationDataTypes implies that also a corresponding CppImplementationDataType exists at a certain point in time. The usage of CppImplementationDataTypes in a ServiceInterface is required as the basis for generating the ara::com proxies and skeletons and as basis for the serialization of the payload in the network binding.

[TPS_MANI_03223]{DRAFT} **Existence of CppImplementationDataType** [The existence of CppImplementationDataTypes is **not** required until the methodology step of generating the Service header files for a ServiceInterface. Before arriving at this step in the methodology, it is perfectly feasible to use only ApplicationDataTypes for describing the semantics of ServiceInterfaces.](RS_MANI_00003)

As a consequence, it is necessary to define compatibility rules that unambiguously clarify the conformance of an ApplicationDataType with a CppImplementation-DataType and vice versa.

Several rules depend on the category of the data types:

1. As a general rule, if a CppImplementationDataType of category TYPE_-REFERENCE is targeted by a type mapping all the rules given below apply to the CppImplementationDataType which is finally valid after resolving all such references.



This is not repeated in all rules. For example, if the document states that a given ApplicationDataType can be mapped to a CppImplementationDataType of category VALUE this shall include the possibility of mapping to a CppImplementationDataType of category TYPE_REFERENCE which refers to another CppImplementationDataType of category VALUE.

2. [constr_5033]{DRAFT} Compatibility of data types with category VALUE [An ApplicationDataType of category VALUE can only be mapped to a CppImplementationDataType which also has category VALUE.]()

In this case, the C++ data type resulting from the <code>CppImplementation-DataType</code> shall be able to express all the numerical values required by the <code>ApplicationDataType</code>.

This condition is fulfilled if the numerical range which can be expressed by the C++ data type at least covers the range defined by the limits in Application-DataType.swDataDefProps.dataConstr (which are either internal limits or physical limits to be converted via the CompuMethod which also has to be provided by the ApplicationDataType).

The condition is also fulfilled if the C++ data type covers the range defined in the CompuMethod for an enumeration.

- 3. [constr_5034]{DRAFT} Compatibility of data types with category BOOLEAN [An ApplicationDataType of category BOOLEAN can only be mapped to a CppImplementationDataType of category VALUE.]()
- 4. [constr_5035]{DRAFT} Compatibility of data types with category STRING [A CppImplementationDataType where attribute category is set to the value STRING can only be mapped to an ApplicationDataType
 - where attribute category is set to the value STRING and
 - where attribute swDataDefProps.swTextProps.baseType.baseType-Definition.baseTypeEncoding is set to the value UTF-8.

]()

- 5. [constr_5036]{DRAFT} Compatibility of data types with category ARRAY [An ApplicationDataType of category ARRAY can only be mapped to
 - **a** CppImplementationDataType **of** category ARRAY **or**
 - **a** CppImplementationDataType **of** category VECTOR.

]()

In this case, the array size and the type of the array elements of the CppImplementationDataType shall be such that they can be mapped/transferred 1:1 by order to the corresponding application data and vice versa.

6. [constr_5037]{DRAFT} Compatibility of data types with category ARRAY with variableSize [An ApplicationDataType of category ARRAY that



includes one ApplicationArrayElement with arraySizeSemantics set to
variableSize in one of the defined dimensions shall be mapped to

• **a** CppImplementationDataType **Of** category VECTOR

]()

- 7. [constr_5038]{DRAFT} Compatibility of data types with category ARRAY with fixedSize [An ApplicationDataType of category ARRAY that includes only ApplicationArrayElements with arraySizeSemantics set to fixedSize in all defined dimensions shall be mapped to
 - **a** CppImplementationDataType **of** category ARRAY

]0

8. [constr_5039]{DRAFT} Compatibility of data types with category STRUC-TURE [An ApplicationDataType of category STRUCTURE can only be mapped to a CppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE.]()

This means, that the corresponding pairs of elements shall also have compatible types.

- 9. [constr_5040]{DRAFT} Compatibility of ApplicationRecordDataType and CppImplementationDataType that both represent an Optional Element Structure [An ApplicationRecordDataType that represents an Optional Element Structure can only be mapped to a CppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE that represents an Optional Element Structure if corresponding pairs of elements have the same value of the attribute isOptional.]()
- 10. [constr_5041]{DRAFT} Compatibility of data types with category ASSOCIA-TIVE_MAP [An ApplicationDataType of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP can only be mapped to a CppImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIA-TIVE_MAP. |()
- 11. [constr_5042]{DRAFT} No data type mapping for CppImplementation-DataType of category VARIANT [An ApplicationDataType shall never be mapped to a CppImplementationDataType of category VARIANT.]()
- 12. [constr_5043]{DRAFT} Forbidden mappings to CppImplementation-DataType [An ApplicationDataType of category COM_AXIS, RES_AXIS, CURVE, MAP, CUBOID, CUBE_4, CUBE_5 is not supported by the Adaptive Platform and can therefore not be mapped to a CppImplementationDataType.] ()

Please note that the categories listed in [constr_5043] are not supported because there is no use case for the usage in Adaptive Platform.

On the AUTOSAR classic Platform, elements of a composite data type are not required to be considered in a DataTypeMap. This regulation is motivated by the fact that an



element of a composite data type on the AUTOSAR classic Platform does not necessarily have a reference to an ImplementationDataType.

On the AUTOSAR adaptive Platform the situation is different. The CppImplementationDataTypeElement always requires a reference to a formalized CppImplementationDataType.

Since the processing of the data type definition becomes much easier if all the relevant data types are mentioned in a DataTypeMap the existence of [constr_5044] is motivated.

[constr_5044]{DRAFT} DataTypeMap for composite data types [In the context of a given ServiceInterface, all pairs of ApplicationDataType and CppImplementationDataType used in the context of the definition of an ApplicationCompositeDataType used in the context of an event, field, method shall be described in a DataTypeMap that is contained in one of the DataTypeMappingSets that are referenced in a PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping that also references the mentioned ServiceInterface.]()

3.4 Service Interface

3.4.1 Overview

[TPS_MANI_01001]{DRAFT} **Meaning of ServiceInterface** [Meta-class ServiceInterface inherits from PortInterface and allows for a heterogeneous aggregation of elements, i.e. it is possible to mix

- aggregation of VariableDataPrototype in the role event with
- aggregation of meta-class Field in the role field with
- aggregation of ClientServerOperation in the role method
- aggregation of Trigger in the role trigger

within the same ServiceInterface.](RS_MANI_00001, RS_MANI_00003)

The purpose of this modeling is to embrace the concept of service-oriented communication [4] and better support this paradigm for communication on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

Please note that, in terms of semantics, the ApApplicationError represents a sort of second-class citizen (that only makes sense in the presence of ClientServerOperation in the role method) in the scope of the ServiceInterface.

More information can be found in section 3.4.8.



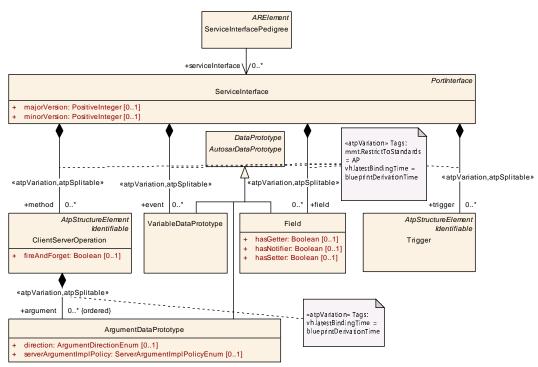


Figure 3.16: Modeling of the ServiceInterface

[constr_1483]{DRAFT} Applicability of a ServiceInterface [The applicability of a ServiceInterface shall be limited to the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, i.e. a ServiceInterface shall only be taken to type a PortPrototype if the latter is aggregated by an AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType or by a Composition-SwComponentType defined in the context of an Executable. ()

Please note that on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* there are use-cases for the utilization of a <u>ServiceInterface</u> without the existence of a corresponding <u>Port-</u> <u>Prototype</u>. For more explanation, please refer to [TPS_MANI_01032].

Class	ServiceInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface		
Note	This represents the ability to define a PortInterface that consists of a heterogeneous collection of methods, events and fields.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
event	VariableDataPrototype * aggr			This represents the collection of events defined in the context of a ServiceInterface.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=event.shortName, event.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=30		



Class	ServiceInterface			
field	Field	*	aggr	This represents the collection of fields defined in the context of a ServiceInterface.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=field.shortName, field.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=40
majorVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Major version of the service contract.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10
method	ClientServerOperation	*	aggr	This represents the collection of methods defined in the context of a ServiceInterface.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=method.shortName, method.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=50
minorVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minor version of the service contract.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20
trigger	Trigger	*	aggr	This represents the collection of triggers defined in the context of a ServiceInterface.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=trigger.shortName, trigger.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=60

 \triangle

 Table 3.21: ServiceInterface

As already described in [TPS_SWCT_01844], AUTOSAR does not support the existence of optional arguments in a ClientServerOperation.

This restriction is motivated by the lack of support for optional arguments in the APIs of the RTE on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*. For the sake of interoperability between the *classic platform* and the *adaptive platform*, this restriction is observed on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* as well.

[TPS_MANI_01007]{DRAFT} **Atomic unit of service discovery** [As far as the application level is concerned, the atomic unit for **service discovery** on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* is the ServiceInterface.](*RS_MANI_00003*)

Please note that there is no obligation to have any method, event, trigger, or field defined in the context of a given ServiceInterface. In other words, the existence of a ServiceInterface by itself represents a valid semantics that has a value on its own.

For example, a use case could exist where a given service instance that corresponds to such a <u>ServiceInterface</u> is offered with the mere intention to signal that the ECU that provides the service instance is becoming ready for something, e.g. being diagnosed.



A tester could then take the existence of the offer as an indication to initiate a connection to the respective ECU.

3.4.2 Event

[TPS_MANI_01033]{DRAFT} Semantics of ServiceInterface.event [An event represents an update to a piece of data. The server decides when to send this update and makes sure that the event has full control over the value.

The occurrence of an event is transmitted from a server to one or more client(s).] (*RS_MANI_00003*)

[constr_1494]{DRAFT} Initial value for event [An ServiceInterface.event shall not have an initValue.]()

For the client, the only way to get access to the value of an event is to receive an update of the event from the server.

As mentioned in [constr_1494], the Server always has full control over the value of the event and when it is sent to clients. Therefore, the definition of an initValue is not necessary.

Class	VariableDataPrototype					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWCom	oonentTer	nplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes		
Note	A VariableDataPrototype represents a formalized generic piece of information that is typically mutable by the application software layer. VariableDataPrototype is used in various contexts and the specific context gives the otherwise generic VariableDataPrototype a dedicated semantics.					
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ApplicationInterface.indication, <i>AtpClassifier</i> .atpFeature, BswInternalBehavior.arTypedPerInstance Memory, BswModuleDescription.providedData, BswModuleDescription.requiredData, BulkNvData Descriptor.bulkNvBlock, <i>InternalBehavior</i> .staticMemory, NvBlockDescriptor.ramBlock, NvDataInterface. nvData, SenderReceiverInterface.dataElement, ServiceInterface.event, SwcInternalBehavior.arTypedPer InstanceMemory, SwcInternalBehavior.explicitInterRunnableVariable, SwcInternalBehavior.implicitInter RunnableVariable					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
initValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Specifies initial value(s) of the VariableDataPrototype		

 Table 3.22: VariableDataPrototype

3.4.3 Trigger

[TPS_MANI_03291]{DRAFT} **Semantics of ServiceInterface.trigger** [A trigger represents a special kind of an event without any data that is transmitted from a server to one or more client(s) and at which occurrence the Service Consumer shall react in a particular manner. |*(RS_MANI_00003)*



Class	Trigger						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::TriggerDeclaration					
Note	The Trigger represents a special kind of an event (without data) at which occurrence the Service Consumer shall react in a particular manner.						
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable						
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, BswModuleDescription.releasedTrigger, BswModuleDescription.required Trigger, ServiceInterface.trigger, TriggerInterface.trigger						
Attribute	Туре	Mult. Kind Note					
_	-	_	_	-			

Table 3.23: Trigger

Please note that the trigger is processed in the queued manner, i.e. the triggers are stored in a queue and are processed in "first in first out" order.

3.4.4 Field

[TPS_MANI_01034]{DRAFT} **Semantics of ServiceInterface.field** [A field represents a piece of data hosted by a server that exposes to one or more client(s) a get accessor and/or a set mutator.

Clients can optionally receive notifications of changes of the field's value.](RS_-MANI_00003)

In comparison to an event, a field has a concrete value at any time. This conceptual difference can be explained along the following examples:

Let a traffic-sign detection be an example for the semantics of an event. The detection of a traffic-sign represents a discrete event in time that would be raised by the service component any time a speed limit sign is detected.

On the other hand, let a temperature preset of the in-vehicle air-condition be an example for a field that has a concrete value at any given time. The concrete value can be set by a client, can be obtained on request of a client, and – at the same time – a change of the temperature preset represents relevant information by itself.

In summary, this means that if a field is defined with hasNotifier and a client subscribes to it then the current value of the field is sent back immediately to the subscriber in an event-like notification pattern as soon as the subscription to the field becomes effective.

Additional update notifications will be sent to subscribers whenever the value of the field gets updated.

In more technical terms, the get () accessor method the current field value can be retrieved by the client. By means of calling the set () mutator method the field value can be updated by the client.



Please note that all features that a field provides are optional, given a fulfillment of [constr_1673]. In the ServiceInterface.field description it is defined whether the field supports the on-change-notification (hasNotifier), the get() accessor (hasGetter) or the set() mutator (hasSetter).

Admittedly, the concept of the field is roughly equivalent to an aggregation of an event with correlated get()/set() methods.

As far as the meta-model is concerned, the fact that a field shall have a concrete value at any time demands the **definition of an initial value** for the field. This aspect is clarified by [TPS_MANI_03212].

The existence of meta-class field as a first class citizen in the ServiceInterface expresses in addition to the existence of an individual event and individual methods that the two defined accessor/mutator methods get() and set() are applied to the **same data object** and that the defined field notifier reports each value change of this data object to subscribers.

In other words, the semantics of meta-class Field is fully determined by the attributes hasGetter, hasSetter, and hasNotifier.

Therefore, a Field where all of these attributes are set to False wouldn't have any useful meaning and shall therefore not exist.

[constr_1673]{DRAFT} Existence of attributes hasGetter, hasSetter, and has-Notifier [For any given Field, all of the attributes

- hasGetter
- hasSetter
- hasNotifier

shall exist and at least one of the attributes shall be set to True. ()

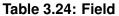
Please note that [constr_1673] allows that a Field may be defined with a notifier but without the two defined methods get() and set(). As described above a subscriber to a field notifier will get the current value of the Field immediately after the subscription. This functionality makes a Field without get()/set() methods useful in some functional cases compared to the usage of an event where the value would only be sent after the event is triggered.

Class	Field					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a piece of data that can be accessed with read and/or write semantics. It is also possible to generate a notification if the value of the data changes.					
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ApplicationInterface.attribute, AtpClassifier.atpFeature, ServiceInterface.field					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					

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			\triangle	
Class	Field			
hasGetter	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute controls whether read access is foreseen to this field.
hasNotifier	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute controls whether a notification semantics is foreseen to this field.
hasSetter	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute controls whether write access is foreseen to this field.



[constr_10129]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute Field.hasGetter [For each Field, the attribute hasGetter shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

[constr_10130]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute Field.hasSetter [For each Field, the attribute hasSetter shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts. ()

[constr_10131]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute Field.hasNotifier [For each Field, the attribute hasNotifier shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

3.4.5 Method

[TPS_MANI_01035]{DRAFT} **Semantics of ServiceInterface.method** [A method represents a function that is executed by and in the scope of a server on request of one or more client(s).](*RS_MANI_00003*)

Class	ClientServerOperation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTen	nplate::PortInterface	
Note	An operation declared with	nin the sco	ope of a c	lient/server interface.	
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, A Referrable	AtpFeature	e, AtpStru	ctureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,	
Aggregated by	ApplicationInterface.command, <i>AtpClassifier</i> .atpFeature, ClientServerInterface.operation, Diagnostic DataElementInterface.read, DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface.read, DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface. write, DiagnosticRoutineInterface.requestResult, DiagnosticRoutineInterface.start, DiagnosticRoutine Interface.stop, PhmRecoveryActionInterface.recovery, ServiceInterface.method				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
argument	ArgumentDataPrototype	*	aggr	An argument of this ClientServerOperation	
(ordered)				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=argument.shortName, argument.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime	
fireAndForget	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether this method is a fire&forget method (true) or not (false).	
				Tags:atp.Status=draft	



Class	ClientServerOperation			
possibleApError	ApApplicationError	*	ref	This reference identifies AdaptivePlatformApplication Errors as a possible error raised by the enclosing Client ServerOperation.
				Tags:atp.Status=draft
possibleApError Set	ApApplicationErrorSet	*	ref	This reference represents the ability to refer to an entire group of ApApplicationErrors as one model element instead of having to refer to all the represented Ap ApplicationErrors separately.
				Tags:atp.Status=draft

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Table 3.25: ClientServerOperation

3.4.5.1 Fire and Forget Method

A so-called "fire & forget" method represents a special form of a method dedicated to the sole purpose of conveying information from a client to a server.

There is no expectation that the implementation of the method executes any kind of algorithm other than to merely accept the incoming data.

Spun from this angle, the semantics of a "fire & forget" method is comparable to the semantics of an event, only reverse.

In other words, the "fire & forget" method conveys the data and the occurrence of the data **from a client to a server**. For comparison, the event is used to convey information in combination with the occurrence of the information from **a server to a client**.

The *occurrence* aspect of this statement has the consequence that e.g. the number of "fire & forget" calls can be counted by the implementation of the server and this meta-information could be taken to convey additional semantics on top of the actual data.

[TPS_MANI_01064]{DRAFT} **Semantics of attribute method.fireAndForget** [The activation of the "fire & forget" semantics of a given method is achieved by setting the value of attribute method.fireAndForget to value true.](*RS_MANI_00003*)

[TPS_MANI_03118]{DRAFT} Semantics of ServiceInterface.method with fireAndForget set to true [A method with fireAndForget set to the value true represents a void-return-method where the client is not expecting any kind of acknowl-edge or handshake from the server side.](*RS_MANI_00003*)

[constr_3374]{DRAFT} method with attribute fireAndForget set to true shall not have any inout or out arguments [A method that has the value of attribute fireAndForget set to true is not allowed to have any arguments with direction inout or out.]()



[constr_3375]{DRAFT} method with attribute fireAndForget set to true shall not reference an ApApplicationError [A method that has the value of attribute fireAndForget set to true is not allowed to reference

- an ApApplicationError in role possibleApError and/or
- an ApApplicationErrorSet in the role possibleApErrorSet.

]()

[TPS_MANI_03119]{DRAFT} **Default value for the attribute fireAndForget of meta-class ClientServerOperation** [If the attribute fireAndForget is not defined then it shall be assumed that no "fire & forget" semantics is intended.](*RS_-MANI 00003*)

3.4.6 Versioning of ServiceInterfaceS

Using multiple versions of the same <u>ServiceInterface</u> supports an independent life cycle of services and allows to change and enhance <u>ServiceInterfaces</u> without affection of existing consumers. This chapter describes how different versions of the same <u>ServiceInterface</u> can be modeled.

A version of a ServiceInterface may be defined for example as ServiceInterface with an own shortName (e.g. Service_Version1, Service_Version2) or as ServiceInterface that is located in an own ARPackage (e.g. /Version1/Service, /Version2/Service).

It is also allowed to assign a different *namespace* to the different ServiceInterface versions to influence the generated code, e.g. to generate com::version1::Service and com::version2::Service.

It is expected that if using different versions of the same ServiceInterface in one Executable then different *namespaces* shall be used for each ServiceInterface version.

The attributes ServiceInterface.majorVersion and ServiceInterface.minorVersion provide the possibility to define version information at the level of the ServiceInterface.

[TPS_MANI_03616]{DRAFT} Semantic versioning of ServiceInterface.majorVersion and ServiceInterface.minorVersion [Service contract versioning rules:

- for backwards-incompatible interface or behavior changes the majorVersion number shall be increased and the minorVersion number shall be set to 0
- for backwards-compatible interface or behavior changes the majorVersion number shall be unchanged and the minorVersion number shall be increased.

](*RS_MANI_00064*)



Note that it is expected that the decision about backwards compatibility is made by the service designer. In other words AUTOSAR does not define formal criteria for the backwards compatibility of ServiceInterfaces.

As for the modeling of several versions of a ServiceInterface, the fully qualified shortNames of the ServiceInterfaces have to be different. The ServiceInterfacePedigree allows to collect the set of ServiceInterfaces which form the collection of different versions of the same *Service*.

Class	ServiceInterfacePedigree					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface					
Note	Collection of ServiceInterfaces that belong to the same versioning.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInterfacePedigrees					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
serviceInterface	ServiceInterface	*	ref	Reference to the ServiceInterfaces which belong to the same versioning.		

 Table 3.26: ServiceInterfacePedigree

The other consumers of this service do not need to switch to using the latest version of this ServiceInterface, but can continue to use older versions of the ServiceInterface they were designed for and tested with.

3.4.6.1 Versioning driven by transport layer

Each transport layer mechanism (e.g. SOME/IP) may define its own compatibility rules. Therefore, for each individual transport layer an own impact assessment on the compatibility needs to be performed whether the changed service interface has an incompatible representation on this transport layer.

The compatibility depends on the features that are used on the transport layer. For example, in SOME/IP a length field that is put in front of a struct allows that during deserialization unknown elements at the end of an extensible data struct are skipped.

An additional option in SOME/IP is the usage of Data IDs in front of optional struct members. With this approach the receiver can skip unknown members of the struct, i.e. where the Data ID is unknown.

Therefore, on the Application Design level, all changes of <u>ServiceInterfaces</u> shall be handled carefully since only the used transport layer and the used features on the transport layer decide whether the change is compatible or not.

If one wants to make sure that two AutosarDataPrototypes inside a ServiceInterface are compatible then both AutosarDataPrototypes shall be typed by an identical AutosarDataType.



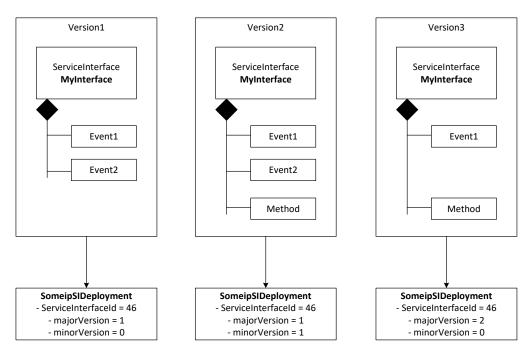


Figure 3.17: Example for different versions of the same ServiceInterface

During the ServiceInterfaceDeployment the ServiceInterface is mapped to a middleware transport layer where the necessary middleware transport layer specific configuration settings are performed, as described in chapter 11.2.

For example, it is possible to assign the same SOME/IP serviceInterfaceId to different versions of the same ServiceInterface, but a different majorVersion or minorVersion.

This approach takes into account that the compatibility of ServiceInterfaces is heavily influenced by the used transport binding.

Please note that the compatibility rules for SOME/IP are described in [8].

3.4.7 Namespace

The definition of a <u>ServiceInterface</u> has a direct impact on the code of an application on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

Without going into too much detail at this point, it is necessary to support the definition of a *namespace* in the context of a ServiceInterface.

The namespace shall be used to encapsulate source code related to the ServiceInterface and thus avoid name clashes with the content of other definitions of ServiceInterfaceS.

In principle, the definition of the namespace around a concrete ServiceInterface could be derived from the structure of ARPackages in which the definition of the



ServiceInterface is contained. However, this approach puts some constraints of the package structure.

The same ServiceInterface may be used in different projects that may or may not demand the usage of a specific *different* package structure.

This placement of the same <u>ServiceInterface</u> in potentially different package hierarchies would lead to the definition of different namespaces, and thus the necessity to create or generate the code representing the <u>ServiceInterface</u> **plus** the code that uses this definition again and again.

One way to overcome this potential issue is to attach a dedicated namespace definition to the definition of the ServiceInterface itself.

This approach is documented in Figure 3.18.



Figure 3.18: Specification of namespaces in **PortInterfaces**

[TPS_MANI_01004]{DRAFT} **Semantics of ServiceInterface.namespace** [The aggregation ServiceInterface.namespace shall be used to define the namespace to be used for the source code that corresponds to the given ServiceInterface.] (*RS_MANI_00003*)

```
<SERVICE-INTERFACE>
 <SHORT-NAME>MyServiceInterface</SHORT-NAME>
 <NAMESPACES>
    <SYMBOL-PROPS>
      <SHORT-NAME>first</SHORT-NAME>
      <SYMBOL>com</SYMBOL>
   </SYMBOL-PROPS>
    <SYMBOL-PROPS>
      <SHORT-NAME>second</SHORT-NAME>
      <SYMBOL>myCompany</SYMBOL>
    </SYMBOL-PROPS>
    <SYMBOL-PROPS>
      <SHORT-NAME>third</SHORT-NAME>
      <SYMBOL>software</SYMBOL>
    </SYMBOL-PROPS>
  </NAMESPACES>
</SERVICE-INTERFACE>
```

Listing 3.3: Example for the definition of a namespace for a given **ServiceInterface**

[TPS_MANI_01005]{DRAFT} The definition of the namespace of a ServiceInterface may follow a hierarchical pattern [The namespace of a ServiceInterface may follow a hierarchical pattern, as supported by many modern programming languages.



The separator between the elements of the hierarchical namespace definition depends on the used programming language and is not explicitly defined in the model.

The model only defines the elements of the hierarchical namespace pattern.](RS_-MANI_00003)

As the consequence of the ability to define a hierarchical namespace, the aggregation ServiceInterface.namespace is qualified as being ordered.

This means that the order of individual elements to the collection of namespaces has a semantical relevance⁴.

[TPS_MANI_01006]{DRAFT} **Ordered definition of ServiceInterface.namespace** [In a hierarchical definition of ServiceInterface.namespace the order of namespace fragments shall be maintained in the translation of the namespace to source code.

In other words, the first namespace fragment shall appear first, followed by the second namespace fragment, and so on.](*RS_MANI_00003*)

Class	PortInterface (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SWComp	oonentTer	nplate::PortInterface	
Note	Abstract base class for an	n interface	that is eit	her provided or required by a port of a software component.	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Subclasses	AbstractRawDataStreamInterface, AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface, ClientServerInterface, CryptoInterface, DataInterface, DiagnosticPortInterface, FirewallStateSwitchInterface, LogAndTrace Interface, ModeSwitchInterface, PersistencyInterface, PlatformHealthManagementInterface, Security EventReportInterface, ServiceInterface, StateManagementPortInterface, TriggerInterface				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
namespace (ordered)	SymbolProps	*	aggr	This represents the SymbolProps used for the definition of a hierarchical namespace applicable for the generation of code artifacts out of the definition of a ServiceInterface.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=namespace.shortName atp.Status=draft	

Table 3.27: PortInterface

Class	SymbolProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to contribute a part of a namespace.					
Base	ARObject, ImplementationProps, Referrable					
Aggregated by	Allocator.namespace, ApApplicationErrorDomain.namespace, <i>AtomicSwComponentType</i> .symbolProps, <i>CppImplementationDataType</i> .namespace, ImplementationDataType.symbolProps, <i>PortInterface</i> . namespace, SecurityEventDefinition.eventSymbolName					

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⁴This means that the definition of a namespace a::b is semantically different from the definition of a namespace b::a.



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Class	SymbolProps					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
-	-	-	-	_		



The Listing 3.3 exemplifies the statement made by [TPS_MANI_01006], i.e. the resulting name space in e.g. C++ would look like sketched in Listing 3.4.

Listing 3.4: Resulting namespace for the example ServiceInterface

3.4.8 Error Handling

The modeling of error handling on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* slightly differs from the approach implemented on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*.

In particular, the formal representation of an error during the execution of a method is done in a global scope, i.e. such a definition can be reused arbitrarily by any ServiceInterface.

[TPS_MANI_01190]{DRAFT} Semantics of ApApplicationError [Meta-class ApApplicationError represents the ability to define the existence of an error during the execution of a method independently of the scope of a ServiceInterface or ClientServerOperation.](*RS_MANI_00002*)

Class	ApApplicationError				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to formally specify the semantics of an application error on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ApplicationErrors				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
errorCode	Integer	01	attr	This attribute has the ability to specify the error code value within the enclosing AdaptivePlatformApplication Error.	
errorDomain	ApApplicationError Domain	01	ref	This reference represents the error domain of the Ap ApplicationError.	

 Table 3.29: ApApplicationError



[constr_10132]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute ApApplicationError.error-Code [For each ApApplicationError, the attribute errorCode shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts. | ()

[constr_1625]{DRAFT} Existence of reference ApApplicationError.errorDomain [For each ApApplicationError, the reference errorDomain shall exist.

In other words, the association of an ApApplicationError with a corresponding ApApplicationErrorDomain is mandatory.]()

[TPS_MANI_01198]{DRAFT} **Semantics of ApApplicationErrorSet** [Meta-class ApApplicationErrorSet has the ability to group references to ApApplication-Error and thus represents a "proxy" to this group of references towards the ClientServerOperation.

The use case for this modeling ability is that some ClientServerOperations may have to reference an identical significant number of ApApplicationErrors.

Letting each of the ClientServerOperations repeat the same set of references to ApApplicationError is considered unnecessary and therefore the ability to refer to a group instead of individual references is provided as an alternative.](*RS_MANI_-00026*)

The decision whether an ApApplicationErrorSet is defined and referenced from specific ClientServerOperations has to be done on an individual basis. AUTOSAR just wants to make this business as straightforward as possible.

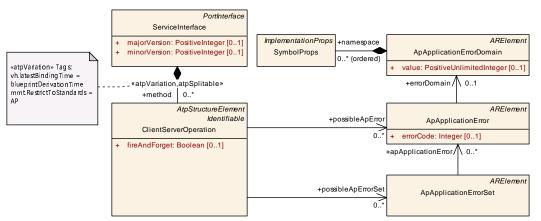


Figure 3.19: Modeling of ApApplicationError on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

Please note that it is also positively possible to mix the usage of ClientServer-Operation.possibleApError and ClientServerOperation.possibleApErrorSet.



Class	ApApplicationErrorSet			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface			
Note	This meta-class acts as a reference target that represents an entire collection of APApplicationErrors. This takes the burden from ClientServerOperations that reference a larger number of ApApplication Errors.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ApplicationErrorSets			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
apApplication Error	ApApplicationError	*	ref	This reference represents the collection of ApApplication Error represented by the enclosing ApApplicationErrorSet

Table 3.30: ApApplicationErrorSet

As ApApplicationError is no longer defined within the scope of a ServiceInterface, there is no need to define a mapping between two ApApplicationErrors by means of a dedicated sub-class of ServiceInterfaceElementMapping.

[TPS_MANI_01191]{DRAFT} Modeling of possible errors [A ClientServerOperation aggregated by a ServiceInterface in the role method shall reference

- one or more ApApplicationError(s) in the role possibleApError
- one or more ApApplicationErrorSet(s) in the role possibleApErrorSet

to formally specify the existence of possible errors raised by the ClientServerOperation.](RS_MANI_00026)

[TPS_MANI_01192]{DRAFT} Semantics of ApApplicationErrorDomain [Metaclass ApApplicationErrorDomain shall be used to define a specific error domain that can potentially be standardized by AUTOSAR.

Therefore, the definition of such an error domain is not defined in the scope of the ApApplicationError itself. Instead, an ApApplicationError identifies the applicable error domain by means of a reference in the role errorDomain.

It is possible to attach the definition of a namespace to ApApplicationErrorDomain because this information is relevant for the language binding.](*RS_MANI_00026*)

[TPS_MANI_01863]{DRAFT} Supported value range for attribute ApApplicationErrorDomain.value [The supported value range of attribute ApApplicationErrorDomain.value is given by [constr_2637].](*RS_MANI_00026*)

Please note that [constr_2637] can be found in the document TPS Generic Structure Template [7].

[constr_10133]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute ApApplicationErrorDomain. value [For each ApApplicationErrorDomain, the attribute value shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

[constr_1664]{DRAFT} Unique ApApplicationError.shortName [Within the set of all ApApplicationErrors that reference a given ApApplicationErrorDomain



in the role <code>errorDomain</code> the attribute <code>ApApplicationError.shortName</code> shall have a unique value.]()

[constr_1665]{DRAFT} Unique ApApplicationError.errorCode [Within the set of all ApApplicationErrors that reference a given ApApplicationErrorDomain in the role errorDomain the attribute ApApplicationError.errorCode shall have a unique value.]()

Class	ApApplicationErrorDomain				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a global error domain for an ApApplicationError.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ApplicationErrorDomains				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
namespace (ordered)	SymbolProps	*	aggr	This aggregation defines the namespace of the Ap ApplicationErrorDomain	
value	PositiveUnlimitedInteger	01	attr	This attribute identifies the error category.	

Table 3.31: ApApplicationErrorDomain

Rationale for the existence of [constr_1664] and [constr_1665]: the language binding for C++ foresees the usage of attributes ApApplicationError.shortName and ApApplicationError.errorCode for the creation of an enum within the context of the ApApplicationErrorDomain.

Duplicates in terms of labels of enumerators or values of enumerators lead to compiletime errors.

3.4.9 Service Interface Data Type Mapping

An important step in the workflow of implementing software on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* is the creation of a code-based representation of a <u>ServiceInterface</u> to make it accessible for the application code.

This creation of a code-based representation is usually automatized and will be executed by a code generator. This code generator needs an input from the model. The main input for this purpose is obviously the definition of the <u>ServiceInterface</u> itself.

However, this is not sufficient. The designer of a ServiceInterface is free to use ApplicationDataTypes for the specification of the details of the ServiceInterface.

It is therefore necessary to provide the definition of an AbstractImplementation-DataType for each of the used ApplicationDataType. In the meta-model, this correspondence is implemented by means of the meta-class DataTypeMappingSet⁵.

 $^{^5}For$ more background regarding the definition and use of meta-class <code>DataTypeMappingSet</code> please refer to [1].



However, from the methodological point of view it is considered inappropriate to let ServiceInterface directly refer to one or more DataTypeMappingSet(s).

For clarification, this would mean that the mapping of ApplicationDataType to AbstractImplementationDataType becomes an integral part of the definition of the ServiceInterface although the mapping itself does not really contribute to the actual semantics of the ServiceInterface.

As a consequence, the ServiceInterface would have to be updated whenever the mapping between data types changes.

But since the definition of ServiceInterfaces are usually considered very stable a frequent update for the mere purpose of acknowledging a change in the data type mapping is not acceptable.

In this concrete case, the described problem can be circumvented by the definition of a mapping class that refers to both a ServiceInterface and a DataTypeMappingSet and therefore create the correspondence without the need to update the ServiceInterface.

Although the prelude into this chapter suggests the existence of a meta-class that maps a ServiceInterface to one or more DataTypeMappingSet(s) the actual meta-model is designed with a broader focus.

In the future, there could be further kinds of PortInterfaces beside the ServiceInterface that need to fulfill the same use case.

Consequently, the name of the meta-class created for this purpose is PortInter-faceToDataTypeMapping.



Figure 3.20: Modeling of PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping

[constr_1507]{DRAFT} PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping is only applicable to ServiceInterface Or PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface [Port-

InterfaceToDataTypeMapping.portInterface shall only refer to either a ServiceInterface Or a PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.]()

Class	PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to associate a PortInterface with a DataTypeMappingSet. This association is needed for the generation of header files in the scope of a single PortInterface.					
	The association is intentionally made outside the scope of the PortInterface itself because the designers of a PortInterface most likely will not want to add details about the level of ImplementationDataType.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PortInterfaceToDataTypeMappings					

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Class	PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
dataType MappingSet	DataTypeMappingSet	*	ref	This represents the reference to the applicable data TypemappingSet	
				Tags:atp.StatusComment=Reserved for adaptive platform	
portInterface	PortInterface	01	ref	This represents the reference to the applicable Port Interface	
				Tags:atp.StatusComment=Reserved for adaptive platform	

Table 3.32: PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping

[constr_10134]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping.dataTypeMappingSet [For each PortInterface-ToDataTypeMapping, the reference in the role dataTypeMappingSet Shall exist at least once at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

[constr_10135]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping.portInterface [For each PortInterfaceTo-DataTypeMapping, the reference in the role portInterface shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

Class	DataTypeMappingSet				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes				
Note	This class represents a list of mappings between ApplicationDataTypes and ImplementationDataTypes. In addition, it can contain mappings between ImplementationDataTypes and ModeDeclarationGroups.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DataTypeMappingSets				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
dataTypeMap	DataTypeMap	*	aggr	This is one particular association between an Application DataType and its AbstractImplementationDataType.	
modeRequest TypeMap	ModeRequestTypeMap	*	aggr	This is one particular association between an Mode DeclarationGroup and its AbstractImplementationData Type.	

Table 3.33: DataTypeMappingSet

Class	DataTypeMap
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes
Note	This class represents the relationship between ApplicationDataType and its implementing Abstract ImplementationDataType.

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Class	DataTypeMap			
Base	ARObject			
Aggregated by	DataTypeMappingSet.dataTypeMap			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
applicationData Type	ApplicationDataType	01	ref	This is the corresponding ApplicationDataType
implementation DataType	AbstractImplementation DataType	01	ref	This is the corresponding AbstractImplementationData Type.

Table 3.34: DataTypeMap

3.4.10 Communication Group pattern

The Communication Group defines a specific pattern of the usage of a ServiceInterface in a bi-directional way.

The details can be found in SWS_CommunicationManagement [9]. In order to define a Communication Group several ServiceInterface.category values are defined.

[TPS_MANI_03628]{DRAFT} Standardized values of ServiceInterface.category [The AUTOSAR Standard reserves the following values for attribute ServiceInterface.category:

- COMMUNICATION_GROUP
- COMMUNICATION_GROUP_SERVER
- COMMUNICATION_GROUP_CLIENT

It is possible to use a custom, non-standardized value for the attribute <u>ServiceIn-terface.category</u> but this option comes with the obligation to use a value that is guaranteed to not clash with possible future extensions of the collection of standard-ized values, e.g. use company name in the <u>category</u> value. (*RS MANI 00003*)

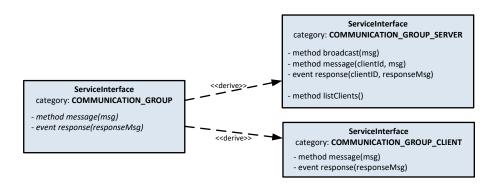


Figure 3.21: Example of Communication Group categories



The general idea of the Communication Group pattern is that a ServiceInterface of category COMMUNICATION_GROUP is created to describe the information to be transported (the msg and responseMsg data types). There will not be any instance of this ServiceInterface of category COMMUNICATION_GROUP in the system, it is just a design artifact.

Out of the ServiceInterface of category COMMUNICATION_GROUP the two ServiceInterfaces for the server (category COMMUNICATION_GROUP_SERVER) and the client (category COMMUNICATION_GROUP_CLIENT) roles are created. The rules how this creation shall be done are defined in SWS_CommunicationManagement [9].

3.5 Service Interface Mapping

Please note that, according to [TPS_MANI_01007], the ServiceInterface becomes the single basis for both VFB-based and *external* (i.e. using communication networks) communication.

This concept is in stark contrast to the approach on the *AUTOSAR classic platform* where different model elements are used for the VFB-level (PortInterface) and the network-level (SystemSignal, ISignal, and ISignalIPdu).

The usage of different model elements optimally supports the existence of different granularity for VFB-based vs. network-based communication.

In other words, design of communication on the network level may be subject to different design restrictions, e.g. keep the bus load caused by service discovery manageable by defining coarse-grained communication packages.

Opposed to that, designers on the VFB level may want to define interface granularity to achieve maximum reusability.

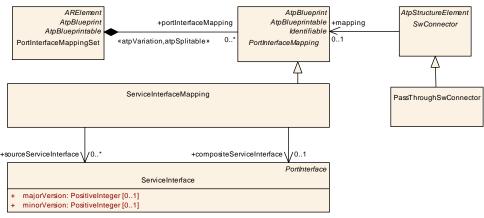


Figure 3.22: Modeling of the ServiceInterfaceMapping

[TPS_MANI_01002]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class ServiceInterfaceMapping [In order to sort out a potentially different motivation between the definition of

• ServiceInterfaces explicitly designed for VFB-based communication and



• ServiceInterfaces explicitly designed for network-based communication

meta-class ServiceInterfaceMapping is available to map

- (fine-grained) ServiceInterfaces for the VFB-communication to
- (coarse-grained) ServiceInterfaces for network communication.

](*RS_MANI_00017*)

[TPS_MANI_01032]{DRAFT} **Usage of ServiceInterfaceMapping** [It is possible to derive a dedicated AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType that implements the mapping functionality. A SwComponentPrototype derived from this so-called *facade* software-component would expose PortPrototypes for each of the ServiceInterfaceS.

Other SwComponentPrototypes could then "connect" to the PortPrototypes typed by ServiceInterfaces referenced in the role sourceServiceInterface.

This means that the PortPrototype typed by the ServiceInterface referenced in the role compositeServiceInterface is used for external communication.

PassThroughSwConnectors can be used to describe in the modeled facade CompositionSwComponentType which "fine-grained" Ports are combined to a "coarsegrained" Port that is used for network communication. The mapping of Service Interface elements of the "fine-grained" Ports to the Service Interface elements of the "course-grained" Port is described with the ServiceInterfaceMapping or rather ServiceInterfaceElementMapping.](RS_MANI_00017)

Please note that the modeling of a *facade* SwComponentType does not make any assumptions about the implementation and about the realization of such a *facade* functionality. The *facade* may be realized by an Adaptive Software Component/Application or it may be realized by a "Network-Daemon". AUTOSAR does not define any instructions for the implementation of such a functionality and the decision is project specific. The behavioral aspects of such a "facade" (e.g. when is the coarse-grained ServiceInstance offered) are also project-specific and are not predefined by AUTOSAR.

Figure 3.23 summarizes the idea behind the creation of a *facade* software-component. The latter is able to "bundle" the communication of different PortPrototypes owned by potentially different SwComponentTypes for external communication.

In other words, elements event1 owned by SWC1 and event2 owned by SWC2 are combined into one ServiceInterface used to type one PortPrototype of the *facade* software-component.

From the communication-related outside point-of-view, SWC3 acts like a facade to the "inner structure" created by SWC1 and SWC2 that is, by way of the existence of SWC3, abstracted away.



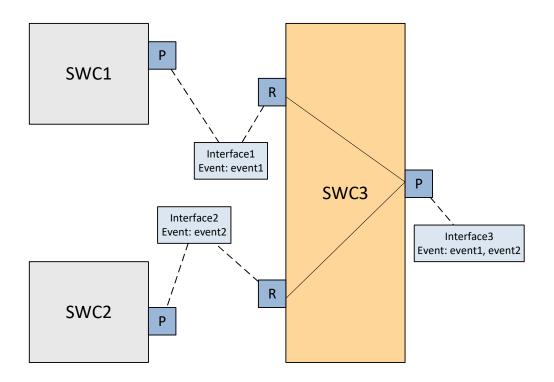


Figure 3.23: Concept of a facade software-component

[constr_5056]{DRAFT} Restriction of sub-class of CompositionSwComponent-Type.connector [In the context of a CompositionSwComponentType.connector (transitively) referenced by a Executable.rootSwComponentPrototype, the only supported sub-class of SwConnector is PassThroughSwConnector.]()

[constr_5057]{DRAFT} PassThroughSwConnector and ServiceInterfaceMapping [If a PassThroughSwConnector is defined between two Ports in a CompositionSwComponentType either:

- a ServiceInterfaceMapping between the ServiceInterfaces of these two Ports shall be defined and the PassThroughSwConnector shall reference the relevant ServiceInterfaceMapping in the role mapping or
- ServiceInterfaceElementMappings for elements of ServiceInterfaces of the two Ports shall be defined and the PassThroughSwConnector shall reference the relevant ServiceInterfaceElementMappings in the role serviceInterfaceElementMapping.

]()

[TPS_MANI_01022]{DRAFT} **Concept behind ServiceInterfaceMapping** [The concept behind the definition of a ServiceInterfaceMapping is that **all elements** of the sourceServiceInterface are required to have a **counterpart of the same kind** (ServiceInterface.event, ServiceInterface.field, or ServiceInterface.method) and with the identical shortName.](*RS_MANI_00017*)



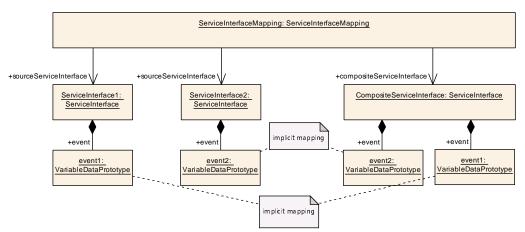


Figure 3.24: Example for the application of a ServiceInterfaceMapping

The regulation stated in [TPS_MANI_01022] is exemplified in Figure 3.24.

Please note that the creation of a <u>ServiceInterfaceMapping</u> is considered an atomic step, it is unlikely that such a <u>ServiceInterfaceMapping</u> is partially created and then later finished by a different party.

After all, there are mutually exclusive ways to specify the mapping, and any creator of a partial mapping of <u>ServiceInterfaces</u> could not be sure which of the alternatives apply for a specific pairing of one <u>ServiceInterface</u> with another without already knowing the other <u>ServiceInterface</u> (in which case the mapping can already be completed).

Therefore, there is no need to set the lower multiplicity of the references to ServiceInterface to 0.

Class	ServiceInterfaceMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ServiceInterfaceMapping				
Note	Specifies one ServiceInterfaceMapping that allows to define that a ServiceInterface is composite of several other ServiceInterfaces.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInterfaceMappings			erfaceMappings	
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PortInterfaceMapping, Referrable				
Aggregated by	PortInterfaceMappingSet.	portInterfa	асеМарріі	ng	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
composite ServiceInterface	ServiceInterface	01	ref	This represents the composite ServiceInterface.	
sourceService Interface	ServiceInterface	*	ref	ServiceInterface that is mapped into the composite ServiceInterface.	

Table 3.35: ServiceInterfaceMapping

[constr_10136]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterfaceMapping.compositeServiceInterface [For each ServiceInterfaceMapping, the reference in the role compositeServiceInterface shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()



[constr_10137]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterfaceMapping.sourceServiceInterface [For each ServiceInterfaceMapping, the reference in the role sourceServiceInterface shall exist at least once at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

[TPS_MANI_01003]{DRAFT} Limitation of the applicability of ServiceInterfaceMapping [The applicability of the ServiceInterfaceMapping is limited to cases where the shortNames of the elements of the compositeServiceInterface are unique in the context of the compositeServiceInterface.](*RS_MANI_-*00017)

Note that the ServiceInterfaceMapping is not an up-front association (by means of SwConnectors) between communication ends in the sense of section 3.4.6.

As stated in [TPS_MANI_01032], the ServiceInterfaceMapping allows for the derivation of a facade software-component or a proper configuration of the communication middleware.

The compatibility between the sourceServiceInterfaces and the composite-ServiceInterface is achieved by an adequate transformation implemented in the facade software-component or the configuration of the middleware.

Thus, connecting ServiceInterfaces (or parts of them) via ServiceInterfaceMappings is not constrained by any compatibility rules apart from the ones stated in [TPS_MANI_01022].

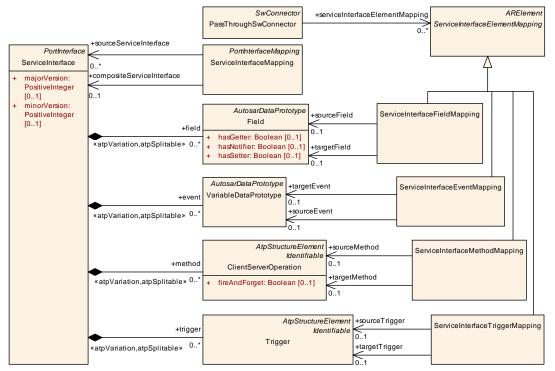


Figure 3.25: Overview of the modeling of the ServiceInterfaceMapping and ServiceInterfaceElementMapping



Class	PassThroughSwConnector				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Composition				
Note	This kind of SwConnector can be used inside a CompositionSwComponentType to connect two delegation PortPrototypes.				
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, SwConnector				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, CompositionSwComponentType.connector				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
providedOuter Port	AbstractProvidedPort Prototype	01	ref	This represents the provided outer delegation Port Prototype of the PassThroughSwConnector.	
requiredOuter Port	AbstractRequiredPort Prototype	01	ref	This represents the required outer delegation Port Prototype of the PassThroughSwConnector.	
serviceInterface Element Mapping	ServiceInterface ElementMapping	*	ref	Reference to a ServiceInterfaceElementMapping specifying the mapping of unequal named Service Interface elements of the two different ServiceInterfaces typing the two PortPrototypes which are referenced by the PassThroughSwConnector. Tags: atp.Status=draft	

Table 3.36: PassThroughSwConnector

3.6 Service Interface Element Mapping

3.6.1 Overview

The existence of the ServiceInterfaceMapping leaves the question about how ServiceInterfaces where elements have non-matching shortName can be mapped.

The answer to this question is provided by the ability to create an element-wise mapping of elements of the same kind.

Figure 3.26 provides an example of how such a mapping on element basis looks like. Note that, in this example, both ServiceInterface1 and ServiceInterface2 aggregate a field with the shortName field1.

This configuration disqualifies the scenario from the application of the ServiceInterfaceMapping, as of [TPS_MANI_01003]. The element-wise mapping, however, is able to work around the existence of the shortName field1 in both "source" ServiceInterfaces quite nicely:

- ServiceInterface1.field1 is mapped to CompositeServiceInterface.leftField
- ServiceInterface2.field1 is mapped to CompositeServiceInterface.rightField

The formal modeling of the individual mappings is described in section 3.6.

Please note that it is **not intended** to mix a mapping of ServiceInterfaces with a mapping of elements of a ServiceInterface.



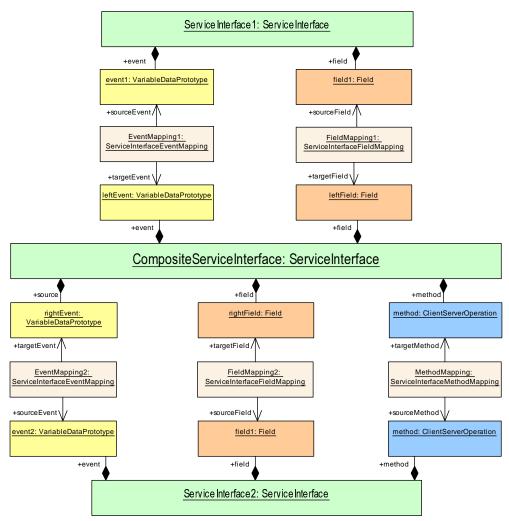


Figure 3.26: Example for a mapping of elements of ServiceInterface

In other words, as soon as a mapping between two ServiceInterfaces exists, it is not supported that a mapping between elements of the same pair of ServiceInter-faces exists. This important restriction is formalized by [constr_1482].

[constr_1482]{DRAFT} Mapping of service interfaces vs. mapping of service interface elements [In order to establish a mapping between a given pair of ServiceInterfaces, at most one of the following alternatives can exist:

- the given pair of ServiceInterfaces is referenced by a ServiceInterfaceMapping, where one ServiceInterface is referenced in the role sourceServiceInterface and the other ServiceInterface is referenced in the role compositeServiceInterface.
- an arbitrary mixture of the following options exists:
 - an event aggregated by one of the given ServiceInterfaces is referenced by a ServiceInterfaceEventMapping in the role sourceEvent



and one events aggregated by the other given <code>ServiceInterface</code> is referenced by the same <code>ServiceInterfaceEventMapping</code> in the role <code>targetEvent</code>.

- a trigger aggregated by one of the given ServiceInterfaces is referenced by a ServiceInterfaceTriggerMapping in the role sourceTrigger and one trigger aggregated by the other given ServiceInterface is referenced by the same ServiceInterfaceTriggerMapping in the role targetTrigger.
- a field aggregated by one of the given ServiceInterfaces is referenced by a ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping in the role sourceField and one fields aggregated by the other given ServiceInterface is referenced by the same ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping in the role targetField.
- a method aggregated by one of the given ServiceInterfaces is referenced by a ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping in the role sourceMethod and one methods aggregated by the other given ServiceInterface is referenced by the same ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping in the role targetMethod.

]()

Of course, it is possible that the same ServiceInterface is referenced by mappings to elements and mappings to entire ServiceInterfaces. The limitation formalized in [constr_1482] always applies to a **pair** of ServiceInterfaces.

A mapping between elements of ServiceInterfaces is modeled by means of a subclass of the abstract meta-class ServiceInterfaceElementMapping.

Class	ServiceInterfaceElementMapping (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	s::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::ServiceInterfaceMapping			
Note	This abstract meta-class acts as base class for the mapping of specific elements of a ServiceInterface.						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable						
Subclasses	ServiceInterfaceEventMapping, ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping, ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping, Service InterfaceTriggerMapping						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
_	_		_	_			

Table 3.37: ServiceInterfaceElementMapping

Please note that the creation of a <u>ServiceInterfaceElementMapping</u> is considered an atomic step, i.e. it is unlikely that such a <u>ServiceInterfaceElementMapping</u> is partially created, handed over to a different party and then later finished by that different party.

After all, there are mutually exclusive ways to specify the mapping, and any creator of a partial mapping of <u>ServiceInterfaces</u> could not be sure which of the alternatives



apply for a specific pairing of one ServiceInterface with another without already knowing the other ServiceInterface (in which case the mapping can already be completed).

Therefore, there is no need to set the lower multiplicity of the references to elements of the ServiceInterface to 0.

[TPS_MANI_03277]{DRAFT} **ServiceInterfaceElementMappings for a subset of elements of a single ServiceInterface** [If elements of a source ServiceInterface are mapped to target ServiceInterface elements by ServiceInterfaceElementMappings it is allowed that only a subset of those source ServiceInterface elements are mapped to the target ServiceInterface elements.](*RS_MANI_00017*)

With [TPS_MANI_03277] use cases are supported as shown in Figure 3.27 where the event4 and method2 of ServiceInterface2 that is provided by AppM1_2 are used only locally on the Machine1 and event3 of the same ServiceInterface is provided together with the ServiceInterface1 elements as new SOME/IP Service over the network.

Please note that the modeling of a facade SwComponentType does not make any assumptions about the implementation and about the realization of such a facade functionality.

AUTOSAR does not define any instructions for the implementation of such a functionality and the decision is project specific.

The behavioral aspects of such a "facade" (e.g. when is the coarse-grained ProvidedApServiceInstance offered) are also project-specific and are not predefined by AUTOSAR.

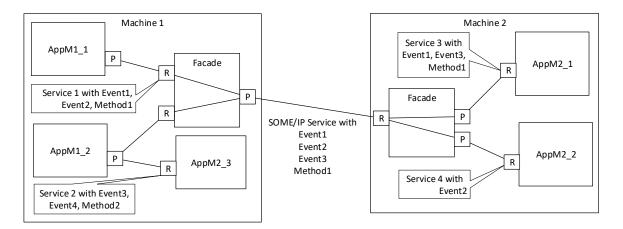


Figure 3.27: Example for ServiceInterfaceElementMapping for a subset of elements of a single ServiceInterface on the provider side

Similar use cases are applicable on the Consumer side as well as shown in Figure 3.28 where the Facade component is the service consumer of a SOME/IP service with



event1, event2 and event3, and method1 but only event1, event3 and method1 are used by Software that is deployed on Machine2.

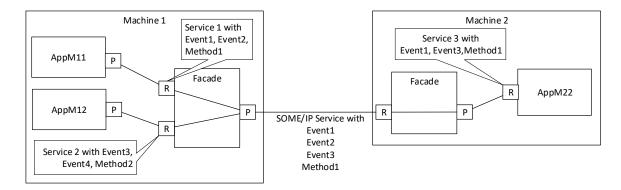


Figure 3.28: Example for ServiceInterfaceElementMapping for a subset of elements of a single ServiceInterface on the consumer side

3.6.2 Service Interface Event Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01024]{DRAFT} Semantics of ServiceInterfaceEventMapping [Meta-class ServiceInterfaceEventMapping has the ability to map a ServiceInterface.event referenced in the role sourceEvent explicitly to another ServiceInterface.event referenced in the role targetEvent.](*RS_MANI_00017*)

ARElement ServiceInterfaceElementMapping	ServiceInterfaceEventMapping	+sourceEvent	AutosarDataPrototype VariableDataPrototype
		+targetEvent	

Figure 3.29: Modeling of the ServiceInterfaceEventMapping

Class	ServiceInterfaceEventMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::ServiceInterfaceMapping			
Note	This meta-class allows to define a mapping between events of ServiceInterfaces that are mapped to each other by the ServiceInterfaceMapping. Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInterfaceElementMappings						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, ServiceInterfaceElementMapping						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
sourceEvent	VariableDataPrototype	01	ref	Reference to an event that is contained in the source ServiceInterface.			
targetEvent	VariableDataPrototype	01	ref	Reference to an event that is contained in the composite ServiceInterface.			

Table 3.38: ServiceInterfaceEventMapping



[constr_10138]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterfaceEventMapping.sourceEvent [For each ServiceInterfaceEventMapping, the reference in the role sourceEvent shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

[constr_10139]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterfaceEventMapping.targetEvent [For each ServiceInterfaceEventMapping, the reference in the role targetEvent shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts. ()

The explicit mapping implemented by ServiceInterfaceEventMapping does not require equal shortNames on both sides of the mapping.

It is also possible to map a given event of a given ServiceInterface multiple times in different roles to the ServiceInterface that aggregates the targetEvent, as exemplified by Figure 3.30.

Please note that the mapping of one sourceEvent to different targetEvents does **not** represent a *fan-out* of any kind.

It only means that the <u>sourceEvent</u> will be used in different roles, as specified in the deployment. For more explanation, please find an example of how the role-based mapping of elements of <u>ServiceInterfaces</u> works in Figure A.5.

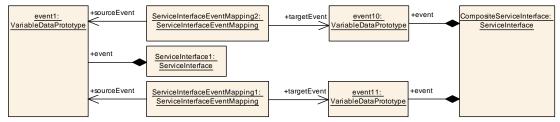


Figure 3.30: Example for the application of a ServiceInterfaceEventMapping

3.6.3 Service Interface Trigger Mapping

[TPS_MANI_03289]{DRAFT} Semantics of ServiceInterfaceTriggerMapping [Meta-class ServiceInterfaceTriggerMapping has the ability to map a ServiceInterface.trigger referenced in the role sourceTrigger explicitly to another ServiceInterface.trigger referenced in the role targetTrigger.](*RS_-MANI 00017*)

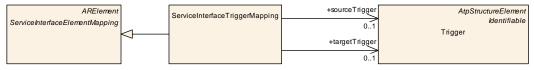


Figure 3.31: Modeling of the ServiceInterfaceTriggerMapping



Class	ServiceInterfaceTriggerMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ServiceInterfaceMapping						
Note	This meta-class allows to define a mapping between triggers of ServiceInterfaces that are mapped to each other by the ServiceInterfaceMapping.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInterfaceElementMappings						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, ServiceInterfaceElementMapping						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
sourceTrigger	Trigger	01	ref	Reference to a trigger that is contained in the source ServiceInterface.			
targetTrigger	Trigger	01	ref	Reference to a trigger that is contained in the target ServiceInterface.			

 Table 3.39:
 ServiceInterfaceTriggerMapping

The explicit mapping implemented by ServiceInterfaceTriggerMapping does **not** require equal shortNames on both sides of the mapping.

It is also possible to map a given trigger of a given ServiceInterface multiple times in different roles to the ServiceInterface that aggregates the targetTrigger.

Please note that the mapping of one sourceTrigger to different targetTriggers does **not** represent a *fan-out* of any kind.

It only means that the sourceTrigger will be used in different roles, as specified in the deployment.

3.6.4 Service Interface Field Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01025]{DRAFT} Semantics of ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping [Meta-class ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping has the ability to map a ServiceInterface.field referenced in the role sourceField explicitly to another ServiceInterface.field referenced in the role targetField.](*RS_MANI_00017*)

ARElement ServiceInterfaceElementMapping	1	ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping	+sourceField	AutosarDataPrototype Field
			+targetField	 + hasGetter: Boolean [01] + hasNotifier: Boolean [01] + hasSetter: Boolean [01]

Figure 3.32: Modeling of the ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping

The explicit mapping implemented by ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping does not require equal shortNames on both sides of the mapping.

It is also possible to map a given field of a given ServiceInterface multiple times in different roles to the ServiceInterface that aggregates the targetField, as exemplified by Figure 3.33.



Class	ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ServiceInterfaceMapping							
Note	This meta-class allows to define a mapping between fields of ServiceInterfaces that are mapped to each other by the ServiceInterfaceMapping.							
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInterfaceElementMappings							
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, ServiceInterfaceElementMapping							
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
sourceField	Field	01	ref	Reference to a field that is contained in the source ServiceInterface.				
targetField	Field	01	ref	Reference to a field that is contained in the composite ServiceInterface.				

 Table 3.40:
 ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping

[constr_10140]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterface-FieldMapping.sourceField [For each ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping, the reference in the role sourceField shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

[constr_10141]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterface-FieldMapping.targetField [For each ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping, the reference in the role targetField shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts. |()

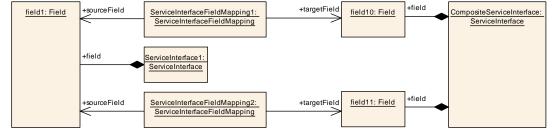


Figure 3.33: Example for the application of a ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping

Please note that the mapping of one sourceField to different targetFields does **not** represent a *fan-out* of any kind.

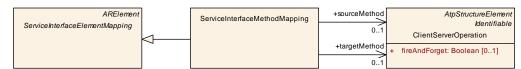
It only means that the sourceField will be used in different roles, as specified in the deployment. For more explanation, please find an example of how the role-based mapping of elements of ServiceInterfaces works in Figure A.5.

3.6.5 Service Interface Method Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01026]{DRAFT} Semantics of ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping [Meta-class ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping has the ability to map a ServiceInterface.method referenced in the role sourceMethod explicitly to another



ServiceInterface.method referenced in the role targetMethod.](RS_MANI_-00017)





Class	ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::ServiceInterfaceMapping				
Note	This meta-class allows to define a mapping between methods of ServiceInterfaces that are mapped to each other by the ServiceInterfaceMapping. Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInterfaceElementMappings							
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, ServiceInterfaceElementMapping							
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
sourceMethod	ClientServerOperation	01	ref	Reference to a method that is contained in the source ServiceInterface.				
targetMethod	ClientServerOperation	01	ref	Reference to a method that is contained in the composite ServiceInterface.				

Table 3.41: ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping

[constr_10142]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping.sourceMethod [For each ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping, the reference in the role sourceMethod shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

[constr_10143]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping.targetMethod [For each ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping, the reference in the role targetMethod shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

The explicit mapping implemented by ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping does **not** require equal shortNames on both sides of the mapping.

It is also possible to map a given method of a given ServiceInterface multiple times in different roles to the ServiceInterface that aggregates the target-Method, as exemplified by Figure 3.35.

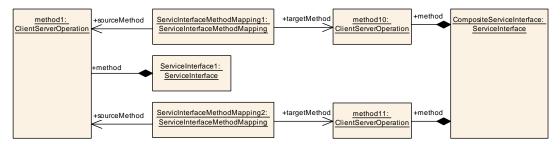


Figure 3.35: Example for the application of a ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping



Please note that the mapping of one sourceMethod to different targetMethods does **not** represent a *fan-out* of any kind.

It only means that the <u>sourceMethod</u> will be used in different roles, as specified in the deployment. For more explanation, please find an example of how the role-based mapping of elements of <u>ServiceInterfaces</u> works in Figure A.5.

3.7 State Management Interface

3.7.1 Overview

PortInterfaces defined in the context of State Management are supposed to be used by the modeling of the State Management itself, i.e. the PortInterfaces described in this chapter shall be used to type PortPrototypes in the context of one or more Executable(s) that implement(s) the State Management.

There are two kinds of PortInterfaces used in the context of State Management:

- ServiceInterface, see section 3.4
- sub-classes of StateManagementPortInterface, see Figure 3.36

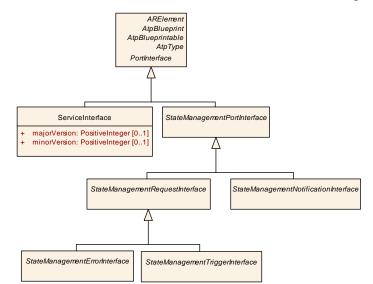


Figure 3.36: Big picture of State Management interface modeling

Class	StateManagementPortInterface (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface					
Note	This abstract class acts as a base class for PortInterfaces that are used in the context of state management on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.					
	Tags:atp.Status=draft					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					



Δ							
Class	StateManagementPortInterface (abstract)						
Subclasses	StateManagementNotificationInterface, StateManagementRequestInterface						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
_	-	_	_	-			

Table 3.42: StateManagementPortInterface

Furthermore, the subclasses of StateManagementPortInterface are subdivided in PortInterfaces for the processing of requests to State Management (represented by abstract class StateManagementRequestInterface) and the notification of state switches, modeled as abstract class StateManagementNotification-Interface.

The "big picture" of the modeling of PortInterfaces for State Management is depicted in Figure 3.36.

Class	StateManagementNotific	cationInte	e rface (ab	stract)		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::StateManagement		
Note	This meta-class acts as a	n abstract	base clas	s for state management notification interfaces.		
	Tags:atp.Status=draft					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable, State ManagementPortInterface					
Subclasses	StateManagementFunctio	nGroupSv	witchNotifi	cationInterface		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
_	_	_	_	_		

Table 3.43: StateManagementNotificationInterface

In terms of requests, State Management interacts with a variety of function cluster modules and the interaction patterns, as well as the underlying APIs are very diverse. Therefore, it is necessary (for the use cases that don't utilize ServiceInterfaces) to define a collection of different PortInterfaces separately for the two main request use cases:

- Processing of "triggers", see section 3.7.3
- Processing of "errors", see section 3.7.4

Class	StateManagementRequestInterface (abstract)
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::StateManagement
Note	This meta-class acts as an abstract base class for state management request interfaces.
	Tags:atp.Status=draft

 \bigtriangledown



\bigtriangleup							
Class	StateManagementRequestInterface (abstract)						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable, State ManagementPortInterface						
Subclasses	StateManagemer	ntErrorInterface, Si	tateMana	gementTriggerInterface			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	_	_	_	-			

Table 3.44: StateManagementRequestInterface

Consequently, further abstract base classes are introduced to organize the definition of PortInterfaces for the different State Management use cases:

• StateManagementTriggerInterface

• StateManagementErrorInterface

Class	StateManagementTriggerInterface (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface			
Note	The usage of this meta-class for typing a PortPrototype indicates that the PortPrototype is used for the trigger provision in the context of state management on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.						
	Tags:atp.Status=draft						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable, State ManagementPortInterface, StateManagementRequestInterface						
Subclasses	StateManagementDiagTriggerInterface						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	-	_	-	-			

Table 3.45: StateManagementTriggerInterface

Class	StateManagementErrorInterface (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::StateManagement			
Note	The usage of this meta-class for typing a PortPrototype indicates that the PortPrototype is used for the error provision in the context of state management on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.						
	Tags:atp.Status=draft						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable, State ManagementPortInterface, StateManagementRequestInterface						
Subclasses	StateManagemenPhmErrorInterface, StateManagementEmErrorInterface						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
-	-	-	-	_			

Table 3.46: StateManagementErrorInterface



3.7.2 State Management Interfaces for Notifications

As depicted by Figure 3.37, there are two kinds of notification that the State Management needs to support:

- Notification of Function Group state switch. This notification is typically directed at the execution management, it is formalized as StateManagement-FunctionGroupSwitchNotificationInterface.
- Notification of the switch of an "internal" state, represented by a field owned by a ServiceInterface.

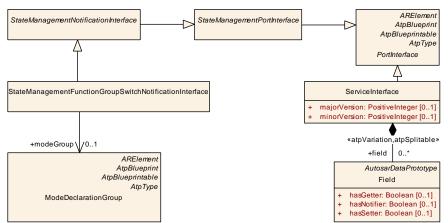


Figure 3.37: Modeling of StateManagementPortInterfaces for state switch notifications

Class	StateManagementFunctionGroupSwitchNotificationInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::StateManagement		
Note	The usage of this meta-class for typing a PortPrototype indicates that the PortPrototype is used for sending out a notification of a function group state change in the context of state management on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.					
	Tags: atp.Status=draft atp.recommendedPackage=StateManagementPortInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable, State ManagementNotificationInterface, StateManagementPortInterface					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
modeGroup	ModeDeclarationGroup 01 ref This reference identifies the ModeDeclarationGroup that defines the individual states that that can be switched to					
				Tags:atp.Status=draft		

Table 3.47: StateManagementFunctionGroupSwitchNotificationInterface

[constr_10389]{DRAFT} Existence of attribute StateManagementFunction-GroupSwitchNotificationInterface.modeGroup [For each StateManagementFunctionGroupSwitchNotificationInterface, the aggregation in the role modeGroup shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. ()



3.7.3 State Management Interfaces for Triggers

In the majority of cases, communication of triggers is done by means of ServiceInterface. the notable exception from this rule is the diagnostics management, which uses a dedicated subclass of StateManagementTriggerInterface: StateManagementDiagTriggerInterface.

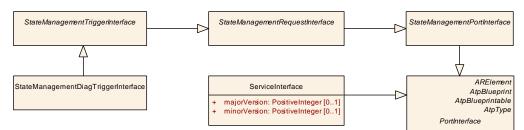


Figure 3.38: Modeling of State Management trigger interfaces

Class	StateManagementDiagT	riggerInte	erface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::StateManagement			
Note	This meta-class indicates that the PortPrototype that references this class is used for accepting a state change trigger from the diagnostics management. Tags: atp.Status=draft atp.recommendedPackage=StateManagementPortInterfaces						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable, State ManagementPortInterface, StateManagementRequestInterface, StateManagementTriggerInterface						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
_	_	_	_	_			

 Table 3.48: StateManagementDiagTriggerInterface

3.7.4 State Management Interfaces for Errors

In contrast to the communication of triggers, errors in the context of State Management are entirely handled by dedicated subclasses of StateManagementErrorInterface, as depicted in Figure 3.39.

As of the current state of interaction patterns with the State Management, two functional clusters report errors directly to State Management:

- For Execution Management [10], State Management exposes a PortPrototype typed by StateManagementEmErrorInterface.
- For Platform Health Management [11], State Management exposes a PortPrototype typed by StateManagemenPhmErrorInterface.



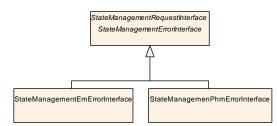


Figure 3.39: Modeling of State Management error interfaces

Class	StateManagementEmErrorInterface						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::StateManagement			
Note	This meta-class indicates that the PortPrototype that references this class is used for accepting a erro submissions from the execution management.						
	Tags: atp.Status=draft atp.recommendedPackage=StateManagementPortInterfaces						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable, State ManagementErrorInterface, StateManagementPortInterface, StateManagementRequestInterface						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
_	_	_	_	_			

Table 3.49: StateManagementEmErrorInterface

Class	StateManagemenPhmErrorInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::StateManagement		
Note	This meta-class indicates that the PortPrototype that references this class is used for accepting a error submissions from the platform health management.					
	Tags: atp.Status=draft atp.recommendedPackage=StateManagementPortInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable, State ManagementErrorInterface, StateManagementPortInterface, StateManagementRequestInterface					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_						

Table 3.50: StateManagemenPhmErrorInterface

3.8 Persistency Interface

3.8.1 Overview

3.8.1.1 The big Picture

The *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* foresees a support for access to persistent data by e.g. application software.



There are some similarities to the communication model in terms of the usage of PortPrototypes.

In contrast to the configuration of communication, however, the modeling approach is much less detailed (i.e. instead of providing access to individual elements of a key-value storage an entire key-value storage is accessible on the level of PortProto-type).

The aspect of deployment for the configuration of persistent data is explained in Figure 3.40.

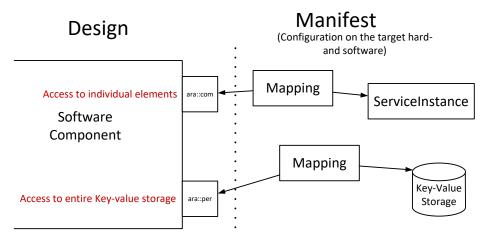


Figure 3.40: General approach for the modeling of persistency

Please note that the AUTOSAR meta-model actually defines two separate metaclasses (for more details, please refer to Figure 3.41) for the different use cases of access to persistent data (i.e. PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface) and access to files on the file system, or maybe an emulation of one (by means of PersistencyFileStorageInterface).

3.8.1.2 Modeling of Persistency Interface

Abstract meta-class PersistencyInterface has been created as a means of categorization, i.e. it allows for easily referring to PortInterfaces dedicated to persistency in general.

As a counterpart to the abstract base class <code>PersistencyInterface</code> on interface level, meta-class <code>PersistencyInterfaceElement</code> has been defined as an abstract base class for elements of a <code>PersistencyInterface</code>.



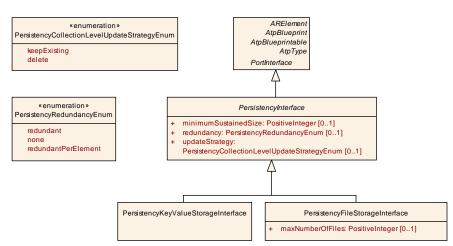


Figure 3.41: Specification of **PortInterfaces** for persistency use cases

Class	PersistencyInterfaceElement (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::Persistency		
Note	This meta-class provides the abstract ability to define an element of a PortInterface for the support of persistency use cases.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Subclasses	PersistencyDataElement,	Persisten	cyFileEler	nent		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
updateStrategy	PersistencyElement LevelUpdateStrategy Enum	01	attr	This attribute can be used to specify the update strategy of the respective PersistencyInterfaceElement.		

Table 3.51: PersistencyInterfaceElement

[TPS_MANI_01194]{DRAFT} **Semantics of PersistencyInterface.minimum-SustainedSize** [Attribute PersistencyInterface.minimumSustainedSize can be used for the definition of a minimum amount of storage that the PersistencyInterface will need to allocate from the application designer's point of view.] (*RS_MANI_00027*)

Class	PersistencyInterface (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::Persistency		
Note	This meta-class provides the abstract ability to define a PortInterface for the support of persistency use cases.					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Subclasses	PersistencyFileStorageInterface, PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
minimum SustainedSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The value of this attribute represents the minimum size (unit: bytes) required at design time for the enclosing PersistencyInterface.		
redundancy	PersistencyRedundancy Enum	01	attr	This attribute represents a requirement towards the redundancy of storage.		



Δ							
Class	PersistencyInterface (ab	stract)					
redundancy Handling	PersistencyRedundancy Handling	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the chosen approaches to handle redundancy for the various use cases implemented by subclasses			
updateStrategy	PersistencyCollection LevelUpdateStrategy Enum	01	attr	This attribute can be used to specify the update strategy of the respective PersistencyInterface as a whole.			



3.8.1.3 Redundancy Handling

[TPS_MANI_01204]{DRAFT} **Specification of redundancy of persistent data** [The attribute PersistencyInterface.redundancy can be taken to specify whether the respective key-value storage or file storage shall store data redundantly from the perspective of the designer of the software-component.] (*RS_MANI_00027*)

The details are left to an integrator who may also decide to overrule the value of PersistencyInterface.redundancy entirely if there is a use case for that.

Enumeration	PersistencyRedundancyEnum				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ComSpec				
Note	This meta-class provides a way to specify in which way redundancy shall be applied on collection level.				
Aggregated by	PersistencyInterface.redundancy				
Literal	Description				
none	This value represents the requirement that redundancy measures are not applied on persistency storage level.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1				
redundant	This value represents the requirement that redundancy measures are applied on persistency storage level.				
	The nature of the redundant persistent storage is not further qualified and subject to integrator decisions.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0				
redundantPer Element	This value represents the requirement that redundancy measures are applied on key-value level of a key-value storage or on file level of a file storage.				
	The nature of the redundancy used on the persistent storage is not further qualified and subject to integrator decisions.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2				

Table 3.53: PersistencyRedundancyEnum

[TPS_MANI_01319]{DRAFT} **Modeling of redundancy in the context of PersistencyInterface** [As an alternative to the ability to use PersistencyInterface. redundancy for announcing the consideration of redundancy at all, the design level for persistency also provides the ability to provide a more detailed definition of redundant behavior for both key-value storage and files by means of the aggregation of PersistencyRedundancyHandling at PersistencyInterface.



This modeling is attached to the abstract base class PersistencyInterface in order to let both aspects of persistency (i.e. key-value storage and file storage) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform benefit from the existence of meta-class PersistencyRedundancyHandling. (*RS_MANI_00027*)

Class	PersistencyRedundancyHandling (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency		
Note	This abstract base class re	This abstract base class represents a formal description of redundancy.				
Base	ARObject					
Subclasses	PersistencyRedundancyChecksum, PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN					
Aggregated by	PersistencyDeployment.re	edundancy	Handling	, PersistencyInterface.redundancyHandling		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
scope	PersistencyRedundancy HandlingScopeEnum	01	attr	This attribute controls the scope in which the redundancy handling is applied.		

[TPS_MANI_01320]{DRAFT} Definition of redundancy on interface level may be overruled in deployment [The modeling of redundancy by means of Persistency-Interface.redundancyHandling represents the intention of the designer of the PersistencyInterface.

While this is certainly a valuable input to the deployment phase, it is explicitly foreseen that an integrator may overrule the design decision regarding persistency based on superior knowledge only available at deployment time.](*RS_MANI_00027*)

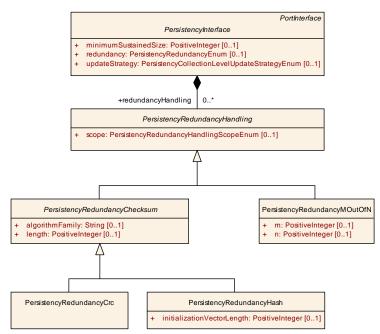


Figure 3.42: Specification of redundancy on the level of PersistencyInterface

[constr_1746]{DRAFT} Mutual exclusive existence of PersistencyInterface. redundancy and PersistencyInterface.redundancyHandling [For each PersistencyInterface, either the attribute redundancy or the aggregation of



PersistencyRedundancyHandling in the role redundancyHandling may exist.] ()

Enumeration	PersistencyRedundancyHandlingScopeEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency
Note	This meta-class provides values to control the scope of redundancy measures in the persistency deployment
Aggregated by	PersistencyRedundancyHandling.scope
Literal	Description
persistency Redundancy HandlingScope Element	The redundancy handling shall be applied on element level (key-value pair and file). Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
persistency Redundancy HandlingScope Storage	The redundancy handling shall be applied on storage (key-value storage and file storage) level. Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1

Table 3.55: PersistencyRedundancyHandlingScopeEnum

[TPS_MANI_01207]{DRAFT} Standardized values of attribute PersistencyRedundancyChecksum.algorithmFamily [The following values of attribute PersistencyRedundancyChecksum.algorithmFamily are standardized by AUTOSAR:

- CRC_J1850
- CRC_CCITT_FALSE
- CRC_ETHERNET
- CRC_0x42F0E1EBA9EA3693
- CRC_8H2F
- CRC_16ARC
- CRC_32P4

](RS_MANI_00027)

Class	PersistencyRedundancyChecksum (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency			
Note	Abstract class that defines	s the com	non attrib	utes for implementations of redundancy.	
Base	ARObject, PersistencyRe	dundancy	Handling		
Subclasses	PersistencyRedundancyC	rc, Persist	encyRed	undancyHash	
Aggregated by	PersistencyDeployment.re	edundancy	/Handling	, PersistencyInterface.redundancyHandling	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
algorithmFamily	String	01	attr	This attribute identifies the algorithm family that is used to execute the CRC/Hash.	
length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the length of the CRC/Hash in the unit bits.	

Table 3.56: PersistencyRedundancyChecksum



[constr_10144]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role PersistencyRedundancyChecksum.algorithmFamily [For each PersistencyRedundancy-Checksum, the reference in the role algorithmFamily shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

[constr_10145]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role PersistencyRedundancyChecksum.length [For each PersistencyRedundancyChecksum, the reference in the role length shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts. ()

[constr_1668]{DRAFT} Allowed combinations of PersistencyRedundancy-Checksum.length and algorithmFamily

	8	16	32	64
CRC_J1850	x			
CRC_CCITT_FALSE		x		
CRC_ETHERNET			x	
CRC_0x42F0E1EBA9EA3693				х
CRC_8H2F	x			
CRC_16ARC		x		
CRC_32P4			x	

|0|

Class	PersistencyRedundancyCrc				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency			
Note	This meta-class formally d	lescribes	the usage	of a CRC for the implementation of redundancy.	
Base	ARObject, PersistencyRedundancyChecksum, PersistencyRedundancyHandling				
Aggregated by	PersistencyDeployment.redundancyHandling, PersistencyInterface.redundancyHandling				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
_	-	-	-	-	

Table 3.58: PersistencyRedundancyCrc

Class	PersistencyRedundancyHash				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency			
Note	This meta-class formally c	This meta-class formally describes the usage of a Hash for the implementation of redundancy.			
Base	ARObject, PersistencyRedundancyChecksum, PersistencyRedundancyHandling				
Aggregated by	PersistencyDeployment.re	PersistencyDeployment.redundancyHandling, PersistencyInterface.redundancyHandling			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
initialization VectorLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Length of the initialization vector.	

Table 3.59: PersistencyRedundancyHash

[constr_10046]{DRAFT} **Value of PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.n** [The value of Value of PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.n shall be set at least to 2 and at most to 255, i.e. the allowed interval is [2..255]. |()



[constr_1751]{DRAFT} Value of PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.m [The value of attribute PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.m shall be set at least to 1 and at most to the value of attribute PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.n, i.e. the allowed interval is [1..PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.n].]()

Class	PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency	
Note	This meta-class provides t is the number of copies cr access to the data.	This meta-class provides the ability to describe redundancy via an "M out of N" approach. In this case N is the number of copies created and M is the minimum number of identical copies to justify a reliable read access to the data.			
Base	ARObject, PersistencyRe	ARObject, PersistencyRedundancyHandling			
Aggregated by	PersistencyDeployment.re	PersistencyDeployment.redundancyHandling, PersistencyInterface.redundancyHandling			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
m	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the "M" coordinate in the "M out of N" scheme.	
n	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the "N" coordinate in the "M out of N" scheme.	

Table 3.60: PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN

[constr_10146]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.m [For each PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN, the reference in the role m shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts. |()

[constr_10147]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.n [For each PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN, the reference in the role n shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

3.8.1.4 Update Handling

[TPS_MANI_01139]{DRAFT} Semantics of PersistencyInterface.updateStrategy [The attribute PersistencyInterface.updateStrategy can be used to specify the strategy for updating the actual persistent elements used in the context of the PersistencyDeployment that corresponds to PersistencyInterface.

This update strategy shall be applied to the PersistencyInterface as a whole except for the explicitly modeled PersistencyInterfaceElements that define their own updateStrategy. (*RS_MANI_00027*)

Enumeration	PersistencyCollectionLevelUpdateStrategyEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface
Note	This enumeration provides possible values for the update strategy on interface/storage level.
Aggregated by	PersistencyDeployment.updateStrategy, PersistencyInterface.updateStrategy
Literal	Description

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\bigtriangleup				
Enumeration	PersistencyCollectionLevelUpdateStrategyEnum			
delete	The update strategy is to delete all values on the level of the respective collection.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			
keepExisting	The update strategy is to keep the existing values on the level of the respective collection.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			

Table 3.61: PersistencyCollectionLevelUpdateStrategyEnum

[TPS_MANI_01140]{DRAFT} **Semantics of PersistencyInterfaceElement.updateStrategy** [The attribute PersistencyInterfaceElement.updateStrategy can be used to specify the strategy for updating the actual persistent element that corresponds to PersistencyInterfaceElement.]*(RS_MANI_00027)*

Enumeration	PersistencyElementLevelUpdateStrategyEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::Persistency
Note	This enumeration provides possible values for the update strategy on element level.
Aggregated by	PersistencyDeploymentElement.updateStrategy, PersistencyInterfaceElement.updateStrategy
Literal	Description
delete	The update strategy is to delete the value of the respective data item.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2
keepExisting	The update strategy is to keep the existing value of the respective data item.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1
overwrite	The update strategy is to overwrite the respective data item.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0

Table 3.62: PersistencyElementLevelUpdateStrategyEnum

The behavior of the software in terms of applying an update strategy is explained in detail in [12].

3.8.2 Persistency Key Value Storage Interface

[TPS_MANI_01065]{DRAFT} **Purpose of PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface** [The purpose of the PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface is to support the persistent access to data in a key-value storage.] (*RS_MANI_00027*)

Class	PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::Persistency				
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to implement a PortInterface for supporting persistency use cases for data.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PersistencyInterface, PortInterface, Referrable				

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			\bigtriangleup			
Class	PersistencyKeyValueSto	PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
dataElement	PersistencyData Element	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of Persistency DataElements in the context of the enclosing Persistency KeyValueStorageInterface.		
dataTypeFor Serialization	AbstractImplementation DataType	*	ref	This reference identifies the AbstractImplementationData Types that shall be supported for storing in a key-value storage in addition to the types already determined from tha aggregation of PersistencyDataElement.		
dataType Mapping	PersistencyKeyValue DataTypeMapping	01	aggr	This aggregation provides a collection of replacement rules for data types used in the context of the enclosing PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.		

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 Table 3.63: PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface

[TPS_MANI_01135]{DRAFT} Semantics of PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataTypeForSerialization [The reference PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataTypeForSerialization can be taken to get information about data types for which a serialization algorithm has to be generated in order to support the persistent storage of objects of such data type.](*RS_MANI_00027*)

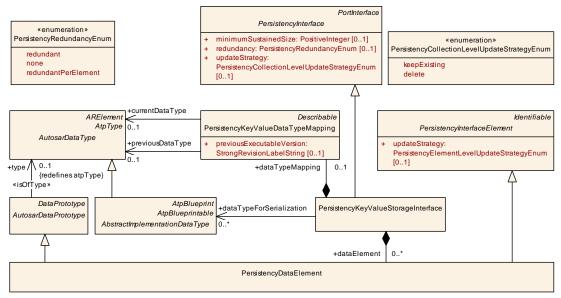


Figure 3.43: Modeling of the PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface

In contrast to other kinds of PortInterfaces it is **not required** to define elements of a PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface. If this is intended, however, the aggregation PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataElement shall be used for this purpose.

[TPS_MANI_01138]{DRAFT} Semantics of PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataElement [By aggregating PersistencyDataElement in the role dataElement, it is possible to explicitly model key-value pairs (and some of their properties) accessible to the application software within the context of a PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.](*RS_MANI_00027*)



[TPS_MANI_01180]{DRAFT} Collection of data types that requires serialization support [The collection of data types that requires serialization support consists of

- AbstractImplementationDataTypes referenced in the role PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataTypeForSerialization
- either
 - AbstractImplementationDataTypes taken to type a PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataElement Or
 - AbstractImplementationDataTypes mapped to Application-DataTypes taken to type a PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataElement by means of PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping. dataTypeMappingSet that also refers to the enclosing PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.

](RS_MANI_00027)

Class	PersistencyDataElement					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::Persistency		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to formally specify a piece of data that is subject to persistency in the context of the enclosing PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.					
	PersistencyDataElement represents also a key-value pair of the deployed PersistencyKeyValueStorage and provides an initial value.					
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PersistencyInterfaceElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataElement					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
-	-	-	-	_		

 Table 3.64: PersistencyDataElement

Please note that a PersistencyDataElement can be typed by either an ApplicationDataType or else a CppImplementationDataType.

[TPS_MANI_01378]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class PersistencyKeyValue-DataTypeMapping [Meta-class PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping supports the porting of a previously used data type (represented by the role previous-DataType) used in an existing key-value pair to the currently used data type (represented by the role currentDataType) used in the context of the application software.

This way, application software that uses a given AutosarDataType can access a keyvalue-pair that was stored using a different (i.e. used in previous versions) data type as long as the mapping from the previous data type to the data type used currently in the key-value-pair is formally defined by means of the PersistencyKeyValue-DataTypeMapping such that the application software can provide a suitable conversion. The conversion will typically happen in the update callback function registered by the application. |*(RS_MANI_00027)*



Class	PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::Persistency			
Note		This meta-class represents the ability to define a mapping between an existing data type in a key-value-storage stored by a previous version to a new data type used on application software level in the current version.					
Base	ARObject, Describable	ARObject, Describable					
Aggregated by	PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataTypeMapping						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
currentData Type	AutosarDataType	01	ref	This reference identifies the current data type for an existing key-value-pair in the context of the enclosing PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.			
previousData Type	AutosarDataType	01	ref	This reference identifies the previous data type in a key-value-pair existing in the context of the enclosing PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.			
previous Executable Version	StrongRevisionLabel String	01	attr	This attribute identifies the version of the Executable in which the previousDataType was used.			

 Table 3.65: PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping

Please note that a PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping needs to be complete, i.e. for each PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping the two references shall exist in any case.

[constr_10377]{DRAFT} Completeness of the modeling of PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping [For each PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping, the references in the roles

- previousDataType
- currentDataType

shall both exist at the time before the generation of the ara API
starts.]()

It only makes sense to map types of the same data type level, which is ensured by the following two constraints:

[constr_10378]{DRAFT} PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping references AbstractImplementationDataType in the role currentDataType [Each PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping that references to an AbstractImplementationDataType as part of the collection in the role currentDataType shall also refer to an AbstractImplementationDataType in the role previous-DataType.

This rule shall be imposed at the time before the generation of the ara API starts. ()

[constr_10379]{DRAFT} PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping references ApplicationDataType in the role currentDataType [Each PersistencyKey-ValueDataTypeMapping that references to an ApplicationDataType as part of the collection in the role currentDataType shall also refer to an Application-DataType in the role previousDataType.



This rule shall be imposed at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

Of course, it does not make much sense if the modeling of PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping.currentDataType is not even used in the context of the enclosing PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface because this way a conversion to an unused data type is defined that would never be used in reality. This caveat is addressed by [advisory_01009].

[advisory_01009]{DRAFT} PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping.current-DataType shall refer to a data type used in the context of the PersistencyKey-ValueStorageInterface [All data types referenced in the role PersistencyKey-ValueDataTypeMapping.currentDataType shall be in use in the context of the enclosing PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface. This means any data type referenced in the role currentDataType shall also be referenced in one of the following roles:

- PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataElement.type
- PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataTypeForSerialization

This rule shall be imposed at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

Please note that the usage of references previousDataType and current-DataType does not make any assumptions with respect to the compatibility of a pair of previousDataType and currentDataType. It is up to the application software to sort out any potential compatibility issues.

3.8.3 Persistency File Storage Interface

[TPS_MANI_01067]{DRAFT} **Purpose of PersistencyFileStorageInterface** [The purpose of meta-class PersistencyFileStorageInterface is to support access to an abstract representation of file storage.]*(RS_MANI_00027)*

As far as AUTOSAR persistency is concerned, a file can have binary or text content. If it has text content then the content of the file is expected to be encoded as UTF-8 encoding with UNIX line endings.

[TPS_MANI_01068]{DRAFT} Semantics of PersistencyFileStorageInterface.maxNumberOfFiles [Any PortPrototype typed by a Persistency-FileStorageInterface has the ability to access a number of files.

The upper bound of the number of files represented by a given <code>PortPrototype</code> typed by a <code>PersistencyFileStorageInterface</code> can be configured using the attribute <code>PersistencyFileStorageInterface.maxNumberOfFiles</code>.



The value of attribute PersistencyFileStorageInterface.maxNumberOfFiles includes the explicitly modeled PersistencyFileStorageInterface.fileElements. (*RS_MANI_00027*)

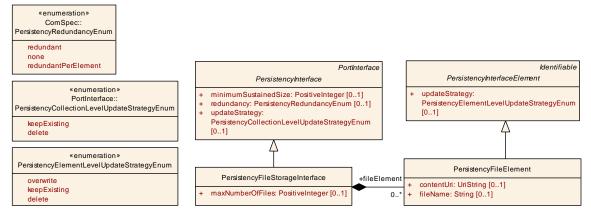


Figure 3.44: Modeling of the PersistencyFileStorageInterface

Please note that the existence of the PersistencyFileStorageInterface does not violate the restrictions set by the POSIX subset PSE51 defined in IEEE1003.13 [13].

Class	PersistencyFileStorageInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::Persistency		
Note	This meta-class provides files.	This meta-class provides the ability to implement a PortInterface for supporting persistency use cases for files.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PersistencyFileStorageInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PersistencyInterface, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
fileElement	PersistencyFileElement	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of Persistency FileStorages in the context of the enclosing Persistency FileStorageInterface.		
maxNumberOf Files	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the definition of an upper bound for the handling of files at run-time in the context of the enclosing PersistencyFileStorageInterface.		

 Table 3.66:
 PersistencyFileStorageInterface

A PortPrototype typed by a PersistencyFileStorageInterface allows for abstracting the actual calls to the operating system away from the scope of the application software and into the modules of the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

[TPS_MANI_01142]{DRAFT} **Semantics of PersistencyFileElement** [By aggregating PersistencyFileElement in the role fileElement, it is possible to explicitly model files (and some of their properties) accessible to the application software within the context of a PersistencyFileStorageInterface.](*RS_MANI_00027*)



Class	PersistencyFileElement					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::Persistency		
Note	This meta-class has the ability to represent a file at design time such that it is possible to configure the behavior for accessing the represented file at run-time.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PersistencyInterfaceElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	PersistencyFileStorageInt	erface.file	Element			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
contentUri	UriString	01	attr	This attribute represents the URI that identifies the initial content of the PersistencyFile.		
fileName	String	01	attr	This attribute holds the filename part of the storage location, e.g. file on the file system.		

 Table 3.67: PersistencyFileElement

[constr_10148]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role Persistency-FileElement.contentUri [For each PersistencyFileElement, the reference in the role contentUri shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

[constr_10149]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role Persistency-FileElement.fileName [For each PersistencyFileElement, the reference in the role fileName shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

[constr_1581]{DRAFT} Value of fileElement.fileName [Within the scope of any given PersistencyFileStorageInterface, the value of all fileElement. fileName shall be unique.]()

[constr_10080]{DRAFT} Existence of initial values for PersistencyFileElement [For each PersistencyFileElement, if the value of attribute updateStrategy is set to the value delete, then attribute PersistencyFileElement.contentUri shall not exist.]()

3.9 Time Synchronization Interface

The Time Synchronization functional cluster within the Adaptive Platform is responsible to provide various Time-Base Resources for the application to read from or to write to.

In order to interface with the Time Synchronization foundation software an application developer needs to declare which kind of Time-Base Resource this application will interact with.

The interface towards the Time Synchronization follows the generic pattern of Port-Prototypes and PortInterfaces which are applied to many use-cases concerning the interaction of application software with platform software.

In contrast to the service based communication, the modeling of platform software interaction using PortPrototypes and PortInterfaces is less detailed. The PortPrototype is a placeholder for the interaction with platform software, it does



not model the actually used APIs available for the interaction. The APIs to be used are formally specified in the platform software SWS document, i.e. SWS_TimeSync [14].

[TPS_MANI_03535]{DRAFT} **Definition of Time Synchronization interaction** [The meta-class AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface together with its sub classes are used to define the interaction of the application software with a Time Synchronization Time Base.](*RS_MANI_00040*)

For more information, please refer to Figure 3.45.

Class	AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface		
Note	This meta-class provides the abstract ability to define a PortInterface for the interaction with Time Synchronization.					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Subclasses	SynchronizedTimeBase	SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumerInterface, SynchronizedTimeBaseProviderInterface				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	-					

Table 3.68: AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface

By defining an RPortPrototype which is typed by one of the AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface sub classes the application indicates that it will access a specific Time Base.

[TPS_MANI_03549]{DRAFT} **Usage of PortPrototype for the interaction with Time Synchronization** [Depending on the use-case the usage of RPortPrototype or PPortPrototype typed by one of the sub-classes of AbstractSynchronized-TimeBaseInterface shall be used for the interaction with the Time Synchronization.](*RS_MANI_00040*)

The application software may take the active or the passive role in the interaction with functional cluster, thus either a RPortPrototype or a PPortPrototype shall be used to represent this interaction from the application software point of view. The Time-Base Resource instance is identified using the InstanceSpecifier of the respective PortPrototype.

[TPS_MANI_03536]{DRAFT} **Time Synchronization interaction in a provider role** [The meta-class SynchronizedTimeBaseProviderInterface is used to indicate the intended interaction with a synchronized global Time Base in a *provider* role.]*(RS_-MANI_00040)*



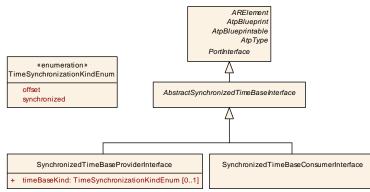


Figure 3.45: Modeling of Time Synch Interfaces

When interacting with a synchronized global Time Base in a *provider* role, the application is able to *set* (and *get*) the value of the synchronized global Time Base which is then propagated to the time value on the network.

[TPS_MANI_03537]{DRAFT} **Time Synchronization interaction in a consumer role** [The meta-class SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumerInterface is used to indicate the intended interaction with a synchronized global Time Base in a *consumer* role.] (*RS_MANI_00040*)

When interacting with a synchronized global Time Base in a *consumer* role, the application is able to only *get* the value of the synchronized global Time Base which is synchronized from a time value coming from the network.

[TPS_MANI_03551]{DRAFT} **Definition of Time Base kind** [The attributes SynchronizedTimeBaseProviderInterface.timeBaseKind defines whether the Time Base shall be a synchronized or an offset Time Base.](*RS_MANI_00040*)

Class	SynchronizedTimeBase	eProviderl	nterface			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::Adaptive	Platform:	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface		
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to define a PortInterface for the interaction with a Time Synchronization Provider.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=TimeSynchronizationInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Atp Classifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
timeBaseKind	TimeSynchronization KindEnum	01	attr	Defines which kind of time base is requested at this interface.		

 Table 3.69:
 SynchronizedTimeBaseProviderInterface

[constr_10150]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role SynchronizedTime-BaseProviderInterface.timeBaseKind [For each SynchronizedTimeBase-ProviderInterface, the reference in the role timeBaseKind shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()



Class	SynchronizedTimeBase	SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumerInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface			
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to define a PortInterface for the interaction with a Time Synchronization Consumer.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=TimeSynchronizationInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, Atp Classifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	-	_	-	-			

Table 3.70: SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumerInterface

Enumeration	TimeSynchronizationKindEnum				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface				
Note	Defines the possible kinds of TimeSynchronizationInterfaces.				
Aggregated by	SynchronizedTimeBaseProviderInterface.timeBaseKind				
Literal	Description				
offset	Defines that the requested time base shall be an offset time based.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1				
synchronized	Defines that the requested time base shall be a synchronized time based.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0				

Table 3.71: TimeSynchronizationKindEnum

In the example in figure 3.46 the interaction of one Application with several time sync aspects are illustrated.

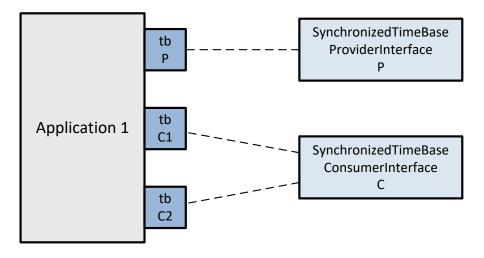


Figure 3.46: Example Application and Time Sync interaction

The interaction approach is that, for each PortPrototype typed by a sub-class of AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface, the application developer gains access to the respective kind of Time-Base Resource.



In the application code, the respective Time Base class (as defined in [14]) is constructed using the InstanceSpecifier representing the PortPrototype name.

During application deployment, those PortPrototypes are mapped to actual Time-Base Resources in the Time-Sync Management (see figure 10.24).

3.10 Platform Health Management Interface

3.10.1 Overview

Platform Health Management functional cluster within the Adaptive Platform is responsible to supervise the execution of applications, monitor their status, and triggering the State Management for respective actions.

In order to interface with the Platform Health Management foundation software an application developer needs to declare which supervisions and status information is provided by the application software and shall be observed by the Platform Health Management.

The interface towards the Platform Health Management follows the generic pattern of PortPrototypes and PortInterfaces which are applied to many use-cases concerning the interaction of application software with platform software.

In contrast to the service based communication, the modeling of platform software interaction using PortPrototypes and PortInterfaces is less detailed. The PortPrototype is a placeholder for the interaction with platform software, it does not model the actually used APIs available for the interaction. The APIs to be used are formally specified in the platform software SWS document [11].

3.10.2 Supervised Entities and Checkpoints

The interaction of supervision with the Platform Health Management is defined by PhmSupervisedEntityInterface and PhmCheckpoints.

[TPS_MANI_03500]{DRAFT} **Definition of Platform Health Management Supervision and Checkpoints** [The meta-class PhmSupervisedEntityInterface together with the aggregated PhmCheckpoint are used to define the interaction of one Supervised Entity with the Platform Health Management supervision.](*RS_MANI_00032*)

By defining an RPortPrototype which is typed by the PhmSupervisedEntityInterface the application indicates that it wants to report the checkpoints of this PhmSupervisedEntityInterface.

[constr_1727]{DRAFT} Qualified combinations of PortPrototypes and Phm-SupervisedEntityInterface on application software level [Within the context



of an Executable of category APPLICATION_LEVEL the usage of PhmSupervisedEntityInterface is only supported for an RPortPrototype. ()

The application software takes the active role in the interaction with foundation platform software thus a RPortPrototype is used to represent this interaction from the application software point of view. The *SupervisedEntity* instance is constructed using the InstanceSpecifier of the respective RPortPrototype.

The application code then calls the *ReportCheckpoint* API (defined in [11]) of the *SupervisedEntity* (which has been constructed in the context of the respective RPort-Prototype typed by the PhmSupervisedEntityInterface) in order to notify the Platform Health Management that a specific PhmCheckpoint has been reached in the program flow.

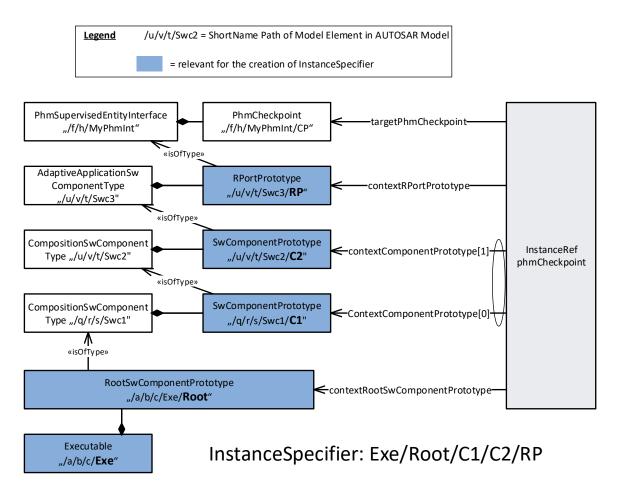


Figure 3.47: Example for the creation of an InstanceSpecifier of a SupervisedEntity

[constr_3530]{DRAFT} Mandatory definition of checkpointId [The checkpointId shall be defined for every PhmCheckpoint element.]()

The checkpointId is used during the call to the *ReportCheckpoint* API as a representation of the PhmCheckpoint.



PlatformHealthManagementInterface PhmSupervisedEntityInterface	+checkpoint	AtpFeature PhmCheckpoint
	0*	+ checkpointld: PositiveInteger [01]

Figure 3.48: Modeling of Supervised Entities and Checkpoints

Note that from the application design point of view there are no relations defined between the checkpoints (as to indicate a specific observed order in reporting). The possible transitions between the checkpoints and their timing aspects are defined in the context of the PlatformHealthManagementContribution and described in chapter 10.3.3.

Class	PhmSupervisedEntityInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface		
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to implement a PortInterface for interaction with the Platform Health Management Supervised Entity.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=P	latformHe	althManagementInterfaces		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PlatformHealthManagementInterface, Port Interface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
checkpoint	PhmCheckpoint	*	aggr	Defines the set of checkpoints which can be reported on this supervised entity.		

Table 3.72: PhmSupervisedEntityInterface

Class	PhmCheckpoint				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface	
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to implement a checkpoint for interaction with the Platform Health Management Supervised Entity.				
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	PhmSupe	rvisedEnt	ityInterface.checkpoint	
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
checkpointId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the numeric value which is used to indicate the reporting of this Checkpoint to the Phm.	

Table 3.73: PhmCheckpoint

[constr_10151]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role PhmCheckpoint. checkpointId [For each PhmCheckpoint, the reference in the role checkpointId shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts. ()

3.10.3 Health Channels

The interaction of Health Channels with the Platform Health Management is defined by PhmHealthChannelInterface and PhmHealthChannelStatus states.



[TPS_MANI_03534]{DRAFT} **Definition of Platform Health Management Health Channel** [The meta-class PhmHealthChannelInterface together with the aggregated PhmHealthChannelStatus are used to define the interaction of one Health Channel with the Platform Health Management. | (*RS_MANI_00032*)

By defining a RPortPrototype which is typed by the PhmHealthChannelInterface (see [constr_1728]) the application indicates that it wants to report the status of this PhmHealthChannelInterface.

The application software takes the active role in the interaction with foundation platform software thus a RPortPrototype is used to represent this interaction from the application software point of view. The *HealthChannel* instance is constructed using the InstanceSpecifier of the respective RPortPrototype.

The application code then calls the *ReportHealthStatus* API (defined in [11]) of the *HealthChannel* (which has been constructed in the context of the respective RPort-Prototype typed by the PhmHealthChannelInterface) in order to notify the Platform Health Management that the Health Channel defined by the RPortPrototype has changed its status.

[constr_3532]{DRAFT} Mandatory definition of statusId [The statusId shall be defined for every PhmHealthChannelStatus element. ()

[TPS_MANI_03624]{DRAFT} **Usage of statusId in application code** [The application code shall only use those PhmHealthChannelStatus.statusId values which are defined as members of the PhmHealthChannelInterface.status.] (*RS_MANI_00032*)

[TPS_MANI_03630]{DRAFT} **Semantics of triggersRecoveryNotification** [The attribute triggersRecoveryNotification defines whether this specific PhmHealthChannelStatus shall be considered by the PHM as triggering the recovery notification. |*(RS_MANI_00032)*

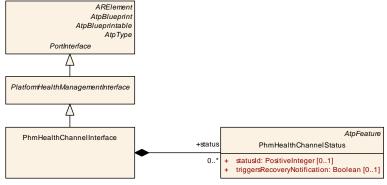


Figure 3.49: Modeling of Health Channel

[constr_1728]{DRAFT} Qualified combinations of PortPrototypes and PhmHealthChannelInterface on application software level [Within the context of an Executable of category APPLICATION_LEVEL the usage of PhmHealthChannelInterface is only supported for a RPortPrototype.]()



Class	PhmHealthChannelInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface		
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to implement a PortInterface for interaction with the Platform Health Management Health Channel.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=P	latformHe	althManagementInterfaces		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PlatformHealthManagementInterface, Port Interface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
status	PhmHealthChannel Status	*	aggr	Defines the possible set of status information available to the health channel.		

Table 3.74: PhmHealthChannelInterface

Class	PhmHealthChannelStatus					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface		
Note	The PhmHealthChannelS	tatus spec	ifies one	possible status of the health channel.		
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, Id	entifiable,	Multilang	uageReferrable, Referrable		
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	PhmHealt	hChannel	Interface.status		
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
statusId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the numeric value which is used to indicate the indication of this status the Phm.		
triggers Recovery Notification	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether this PhmHealthChannelStatus shall cause the Phm to trigger the Health Channel recovery notification.		
				True: Indicates unhealthy state. Phm to trigger the Health Channel recovery notification when the Health channel status changes to this state.		
				False: Indicates healthy state. Phm not to trigger the Health Channel recovery notification when the Health channel status changes to this state.		

Table 3.75: PhmHealthChannelStatus

3.10.4 Recovery notification to State Management

The Phm monitors the reporting of Supervised Entities and Checkpoints as well as the reported Health Channel status information. In case of violations the Phm can be configured to report the violation to the State Management and let the State Management deal with the recovery activities.

The example in figure 3.50 illustrates the reporting of Supervised Entities by Application 1 and 2. The Phm is configured to perform the supervision of these reported elements. In case of violations the Phm is configured to notify the State Management application to deal with the situation.

[TPS_MANI_01280]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class PhmSupervisionRecoveryNotificationInterface [The recovery notification of a failed Supervision by PHM does issue is to call a piece of code on State Management software level.



The mechanism for activating the code on the level of State Management software is to model a PPortPrototype typed by a PhmSupervisionRecoveryNotifica-tionInterface. (*RS_MANI_00032*)

[TPS_MANI_03631]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class PhmHealthChannelRecoveryNotificationInterface [The recovery notification of a failed HealthChannel monitoring by PHM does issue is to call a piece of code on State Management software level.

The mechanism for activating the code on the level of State Management software is to model a PPortPrototype typed by a PhmHealthChannelRecoveryNotificationInterface.](*RS_MANI_00032*)

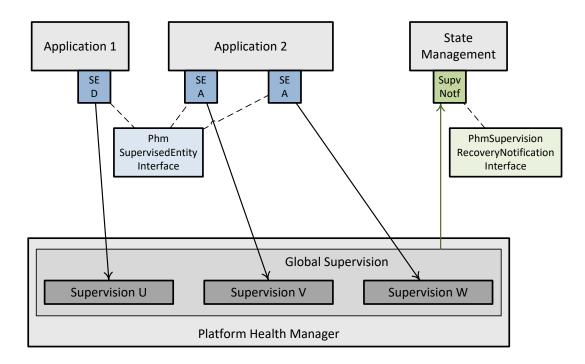


Figure 3.50: Example of a Phm monitoring and recovery setup

The operation to be called by Phm in the context of [TPS_MANI_01280] and [TPS_MANI_03631] are defined in the Platform Health Management specification document [11].

As already mentioned, the State Management is supposed to implement the recovery actions. This implies that the PhmSupervisionRecoveryNotificationInterface and PhmHealthChannelRecoveryNotificationInterface can only be used in combination with a PPortPrototype. This aspect is clarified by [constr_1729].



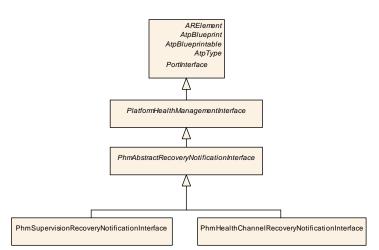


Figure 3.51: Modeling of the PhmAbstractRecoveryNotificationInterface

[constr_1729]{DRAFT} Qualified combinations of PortPrototypes and Phm-SupervisionRecoveryNotificationInterface / PhmHealthChannelRecoveryNotificationInterface on State Management software level [Within the context of an Executable of category APPLICATION_LEVEL the usage of Phm-SupervisionRecoveryNotificationInterface and PhmHealthChannelRecoveryNotificationInterface is only supported for a PPortPrototype.]()

Class	PhmSupervisionRecove	PhmSupervisionRecoveryNotificationInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface		
Note	This meta-class represents a PortInterface that can be taken for implementing a PHM Supervision notification.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PlatformHealthManagementInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PhmAbstractRecoveryNotificationInterface, PlatformHealthManagementInterface, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	_	-	_		

Table 3.76: PhmSupervisionRecoveryNotificationInterface

Class	PhmHealthChannelRecoveryNotificationInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents a PortInterface that can be taken for implementing a PHM HealthChannel notification.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PlatformHealthManagementInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PhmAbstractRecoveryNotificationInterface, PlatformHealthManagementInterface, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	-	-	-	-	

Table 3.77: PhmHealthChannelRecoveryNotificationInterface



Class	PhmAbstractRecoveryN	PhmAbstractRecoveryNotificationInterface (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface		
Note	This abstract meta-class provides the abstract ability to define a PortInterface for the Recovery Notification by Platform Health Management.					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PlatformHealthManagementInterface, Port Interface, Referrable					
Subclasses	PhmHealthChannelRecov	PhmHealthChannelRecoveryNotificationInterface, PhmSupervisionRecoveryNotificationInterface				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	-	-		

 Table 3.78: PhmAbstractRecoveryNotificationInterface

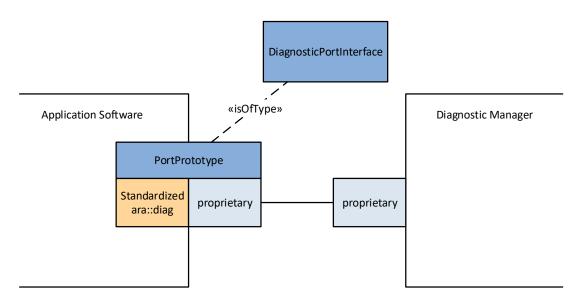
3.11 Diagnostic Interface

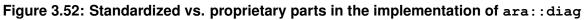
3.11.1 Overview

On the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, dedicated PortInterfaces are defined for the interaction of application-layer software with the AUTOSAR Diagnostic Manager.

In contrast to the conventions on the AUTOSAR classic Platform, these PortInterfaces and, by extension, the standardized ara::diag API are only used on the application side of this communication relation.

The interfaces on the side of the AUTOSAR Diagnostic Manager (and thus the part of the implementation of the PortPrototype that faces the AUTOSAR Diagnostic Manager) are entirely proprietary. This aspect is depicted in Figure 3.52.





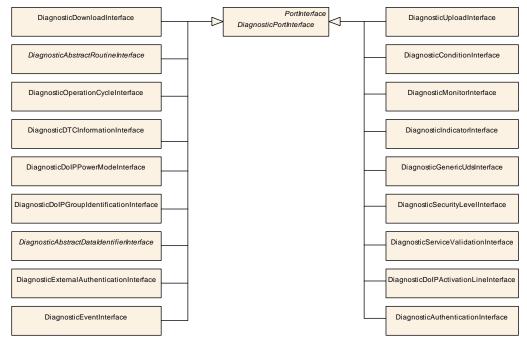


This arrangement tries to provide the application programmer with the simplest possible API from the application's point of view. At the same time it hides a lot of the complexity of the interaction between application and Diagnostic Manager behind a solid abstraction layer.

[TPS_MANI_01242]{DRAFT} **PortInterfaces used for communication with the AUTOSAR Diagnostic Manager** [All PortInterfaces used for this purpose are derived from the abstract meta-class DiagnosticPortInterface. A DiagnosticPortInterface does not implement a service-oriented communication pattern, in particular there is no explicit service discovery on the API level involved.](*RS_-MANI 00061*)

The specializations of DiagnosticPortInterface cover the various aspects of diagnostic communication, e.g. the implementation of diagnostic routines, the reporting of diagnostic events or the access to a Diagnostic Data Identifier (DID).

Figure 3.53 depicts all meta-classes that directly inherit from DiagnosticPortInterface.





Class	DiagnosticPortInterface (abstract)
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface
Note	This meta-class serves as an abstract base-class for all diagnostics-related PortInterfaces.
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable

 $\overline{\nabla}$



	\bigtriangleup					
Class	DiagnosticPortInterface	(abstract))			
Subclasses	DiagnosticAbstractDataldentifierInterface, DiagnosticAbstractRoutineInterface, DiagnosticAuthentication Interface, DiagnosticComControlInterface, DiagnosticConditionInterface, DiagnosticDTCInformation Interface, DiagnosticDoIPActivationLineInterface, DiagnosticDoIPEntityIdentificationInterface, Diagnostic DoIPGroupIdentificationInterface, DiagnosticDoIPPowerModeInterface, DiagnosticDoIPTriggerVehicle AnnouncementInterface, DiagnosticDownloadInterface, DiagnosticEcuResetInterface, DiagnosticEvent Interface, DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationInterface, DiagnosticGenericUdsInterface, Diagnostic IndicatorInterface, DiagnosticMonitorInterface, DiagnosticOperationCycleInterface, DiagnosticRequest FileTransferInterface, DiagnosticSecurityLeveIInterface, DiagnosticServiceValidationInterface, Diagnostic SovdPortInterface, DiagnosticUploadInterface					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре					
_	-	-	-	-		

Table 3.79: DiagnosticPortInterface

3.11.2 Diagnostic Routine Interface

The convention for the creation of diagnostic routines is to establish at most three methods for each diagnostic routine:

- Start the execution of the routine.
- Stop the execution of the routine.
- Request the results of the routine's execution.

In response to this convention the DiagnosticRoutineInterface is modeled to aggregate ClientServerOperation in three dedicated roles: start, stop, and requestResult.

[constr_1696]{DRAFT} ClientServerOperation aggregated by DiagnosticRoutineInterface [Any ClientServerOperation aggregated by a DiagnosticRoutineInterface shall not define the following attributes:

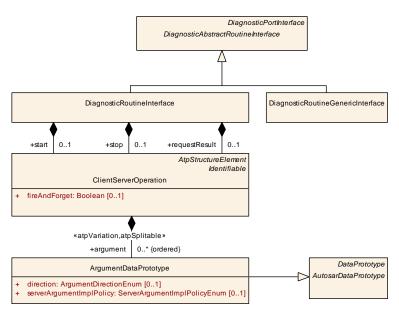
- fireAndForget
- possibleApError
- possibleApErrorSet

]()

The arguments to the diagnostic routine shall be modeled as the arguments of the respective ClientServerOperations aggregated in the roles start, stop, and requestResult.

In addition to the modeling of "typed" diagnostic routines using the DiagnosticRoutineInterface it is possible to use the DiagnosticRoutineGenericInterface to define a diagnostic routine for which no further formalization is provided.







Class	DiagnosticRoutineInter	DiagnosticRoutineInterface			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a routine-focused PortInterface for diagnostics on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticAbstractRoutineInterface, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
requestResult	ClientServerOperation	ClientServerOperation 01 aggr This represents the request result method of the diagnostic routine.			
start	ClientServerOperation	ClientServerOperation 01 aggr This represents the start method of the diagnostic routine.			
stop	ClientServerOperation	01	aggr	This represents the stop method of the diagnostic routine.	

Table 3.80: DiagnosticRoutineInterface

Class	DiagnosticRoutineGener	ricInterfa	се			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a generic Routine-focused PortInterface for diagnostics on the adaptive platform.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces			PortInterfaces		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticAbstractRoutineInterface, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
-	-	_	-	-		

Table 3.81: DiagnosticRoutineGenericInterface



This means that implicitly there are still up to three methods defined for the already mentioned roles of a diagnostic routine.

However, the methods inside the context of such a generic diagnostic routine would always use plain byte arrays as the arguments and therefore a formalization within the AUTOSAR meta-model does not make sense any longer.

Meta-class DiagnosticAbstractRoutineInterface serves as the abstract base class to all routine-related DiagnosticPortInterfaces on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

[constr_10031]{DRAFT} Existence of DiagnosticRoutineInterface.start [Attribute DiagnosticRoutineInterface.start shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

Class	DiagnosticAbstractRou	DiagnosticAbstractRoutineInterface (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface	
Note	This meta-class serves as the abstract base class of PortInterfaces dedicated to routine execution on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Subclasses	DiagnosticRoutineGenericInterface, DiagnosticRoutineInterface				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	-	-	

 Table 3.82: DiagnosticAbstractRoutineInterface

3.11.3 Interface to Data Identifier and Element of Data Identifier

The ability to access diagnostic-relevant **data** in the application software is formalized in another abstract sub-class of DiagnosticPortInterface: DiagnosticAbstractDataIdentifierInterface.

Meta-class DiagnosticAbstractDataIdentifierInterface, in turn, defines three concrete subclasses that represent the concrete abilities to access diagnosticrelated data in the application software.

[TPS_MANI_01243]{DRAFT} Semantics of DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface [DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface is used to access the content of an entire DID at once.

For this purpose up to two ClientServerOperations are aggregated in the roles read and write, depending on the concrete use case for a specific Diagnostic-DataIdentifierInterface.](RS_MANI_00061)

[constr_10030]{DRAFT} Existence of DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface. read [Attribute DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface.read shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()



Class	DiagnosticAbstractDat	DiagnosticAbstractDataIdentifierInterface (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface		
Note	1	This meta-class serves as the abstract base class of PortInterfaces dedicated to the access of diagnostic data identifiers on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.				
Base		ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Subclasses	DiagnosticDataElementI Interface	DiagnosticDataElementInterface, DiagnosticDataIdentifierGenericInterface, DiagnosticDataIdentifier Interface				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	_	-	-	-		

Table 3.83: DiagnosticAbstractDataIdentifierInterface

Class	DiagnosticDataldentifierInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a DID-focused PortInterface for diagnostics on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticAbstractDataIdentifierInterface, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
read	ClientServerOperation	ClientServerOperation 01 aggr This represents the method to read the content of a diagnostic data identifier.			
write	ClientServerOperation	01	aggr	This represents the method to write the contents of a diagnostic data identifier.	

Table 3.84: DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface

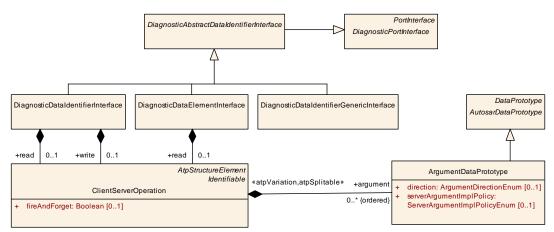


Figure 3.55: Modeling of DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface

[TPS_MANI_01244]{DRAFT} Semantics of DiagnosticDataElementInterface [DiagnosticDataElementInterface is used to access the content of an element within a given DID.

For this purpose, a ClientServerOperations is aggregated in the role read.] (RS_MANI_00061)



Please note that the DiagnosticDataElementInterface intentionally does not support a write operation because the consistency of the data in principle cannot be ensured if it is send to the application software piecemeal. Different Processes may be configured to receive the data but it cannot be ensured that all processes are up and running when data is transmitted.

Class	DiagnosticDataElementInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a element-of-DID-focused PortInterface for diagnostics on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticAbstractDataIdentifierInterface, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
read	ClientServerOperation	01	aggr	This represents the method to read the content of an element of a diagnostic data identifier.	

 Table 3.85: DiagnosticDataElementInterface

[TPS_MANI_01245]{DRAFT} Semantics of DiagnosticDataIdentifierGenericInterface [DiagnosticDataIdentifierGenericInterface is used to access the content of an entire DID at once.

For this purpose methods will be defined with a read and write semantics, but these methods will always only provide arguments that are byte-arrays.

Therefore, a further formalization of these methods for reading and writing data within the context of the AUTOSAR meta-model does not make sense and is therefore omit-ted. (*RS_MANI_00061*)

Class	DiagnosticDataldentifier	DiagnosticDataldentifierGenericInterface			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a generic DID-focused PortInterface for diagnostics on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces			PortInterfaces	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticAbstractDataIdentifierInterface, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	-	-	-	-	

Table 3.86: DiagnosticDataldentifierGenericInterface

Please note that it is necessary to put some restrictions on the argument **unless** a given DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface or DiagnosticDataElementInterface aggregates only one ClientServerOperation in either the role read **Or** write.



[constr_1697]{DRAFT} Restriction for ClientServerOperation aggregated by a DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface Or DiagnosticDataElementInter-

face [If meta-classes DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface Or Diagnostic-DataElementInterface aggregate two ClientServerOperations then

- The two ClientServerOperations shall have the same number of arguments.
- The arguments on the nth position in the collection of arguments shall have identical properties, except the direction. In particular, the following conditions shall be fulfilled with respect to attribute direction:
 - Any ArgumentDataPrototype aggregated by a ClientServerOperation that is itself aggregated in either the role DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface.read Or DiagnosticDataElementInterface.read shall set attribute direction to out.
 - Any ArgumentDataPrototype aggregated by a ClientServerOperation that is itself aggregated in the role DiagnosticDataIdentifier-Interface.write shall set attribute direction to in.

]()

3.11.4 Interface to diagnostic Events

AUTOSAR defines several subclasses of DiagnosticPortInterface that are dedicated to the handling of diagnostic events.

[TPS_MANI_01246]{DRAFT} Semantics of DiagnosticMonitorInterface [Meta-class DiagnosticMonitorInterface represents the ability to report diagnostic events to the AUTOSAR Diagnostic Manager.](*RS_MANI_00061*)

Class	DiagnosticMonitorInterf	DiagnosticMonitorInterface			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a monitor-focused PortInterface for diagnostics on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	-	-	-	_	

Table 3.87: DiagnosticMonitorInterface



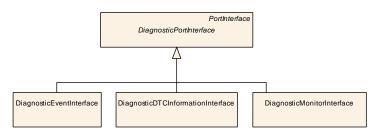


Figure 3.56: Modeling of DiagnosticEventInterface

[TPS_MANI_01247]{DRAFT} Semantics of DiagnosticDTCInformationInterface [Meta-class DiagnosticDTCInformationInterface represents the ability to retrieve information about a given diagnostic trouble code.](*RS_MANI_00061*)

Class	DiagnosticDTCInformationInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to access the properties of DTCs on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult. Kind Note			
-	-	-	-	-	

Table 3.88: DiagnosticDTCInformationInterface

[TPS_MANI_01248]{DRAFT} Semantics of DiagnosticEventInterface [Metaclass DiagnosticEventInterface represents the ability to retrieve information about a given diagnostic event.](*RS_MANI_00061*)

Class	DiagnosticEventInterfac	DiagnosticEventInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to access the properties of diagnostic events on the adaptive platform.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	_	-	-		

Table 3.89: DiagnosticEventInterface

3.11.5 Interface to diagnostic Condition

[TPS_MANI_01249]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DiagnosticConditionInterface** [AUTOSAR supports different diagnostic conditions, i.e. enable condition and clear



condition. This aspect is represented in the definition of the DiagnosticConditionInterface for the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.](RS_MANI_00061)

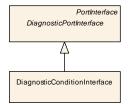


Figure 3.57: Modeling of DiagnosticConditionInterface

The DiagnosticConditionInterface does not require any further details in its formalization.

Class	DiagnosticCond	DiagnosticConditionInterface			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTe	mplates::Adaptivel	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to process requests for diagnostic conditions on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recomm	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces			
Base		ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	-	_	-	-	

Table 3.90: DiagnosticConditionInterface

3.11.6 Indicator Interface

[TPS_MANI_01250]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DiagnosticIndicatorInterface** [The usage of the DiagnosticIndicatorInterface is foreseen for software that implements a diagnostic indicator (i.e. a warning light on the dashboard).](*RS_MANI_-*00061)

Class	DiagnosticIndicatorInter	DiagnosticIndicatorInterface			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to implement indicator functionality on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	-	-	-	-	

Table 3.91: DiagnosticIndicatorInterface



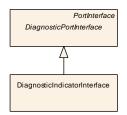


Figure 3.58: Modeling of DiagnosticIndicatorInterface

The ${\tt DiagnosticIndicatorInterface}$ does not require any further details in its formalization.

3.11.7 Security Level Interface

[TPS_MANI_01251]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DiagnosticSecurityLevelInterface** [The usage of the DiagnosticSecurityLevelInterface is foreseen for software that implements the checks for the clearance of a given security level.](*RS_MANI_00061*)

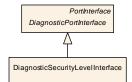


Figure 3.59: Modeling of DiagnosticSecurityLevelInterface

Class	DiagnosticSecurityLevelInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a security-level-focused PortInterface for diagnostics on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
_	-	-	-	-	

Table 3.92: DiagnosticSecurityLevelInterface

The DiagnosticSecurityLevelInterface does not require any further details in its formalization.



3.11.8 Service Validation Interface

[TPS_MANI_01252]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DiagnosticServiceValidationInterface** [The usage of the DiagnosticServiceValidationInterface is foreseen for software that implements the checks for clearance on manufacturer or supplier level. | (*RS_MANI_00061*)

The DiagnosticServiceValidationInterface does not require any further details in its formalization.

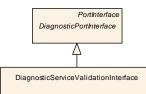


Figure 3.60: Modeling of DiagnosticServiceValidationInterface

Class	DiagnosticServiceValidationInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplat	tes::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to process requests for service validation on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	ype Mult. Kind Note			
_	-	_	_	_	

 Table 3.93: DiagnosticServiceValidationInterface

3.11.9 Operation Cycle Interface

[TPS_MANI_01253]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DiagnosticOperationCycleInterface** [The usage of the DiagnosticOperationCycleInterface is foreseen for software that implements the manages the operation cycles.](*RS_MANI_00061*)

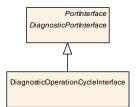


Figure 3.61: Modeling of DiagnosticOperationCycleInterface



Class	DiagnosticOperationCyc	DiagnosticOperationCycleInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to process requests for operation cycles on the adaptive platform.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	-	-		

Table 3.94: DiagnosticOperationCycleInterface

The DiagnosticOperationCycleInterface does not require any further details in its formalization.

3.11.10 Generic UDS Interface

[TPS_MANI_01254]{DRAFT} Semantics of DiagnosticGenericUdsInterface [The AUTOSAR diagnostic communication API also foresees the existence of one DiagnosticPortInterface that support the implementation of a completely generic handler of a UDS service.](*RS_MANI_00061*)

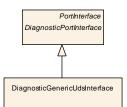


Figure 3.62: Modeling of DiagnosticGenericUdsInterface

Class	DiagnosticGenericUdsIn	DiagnosticGenericUdsInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a generic UDS PortInterface for diagnostics on the adaptive platform.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	-	_		

Table 3.95: DiagnosticGenericUdsInterface

The DiagnosticGenericUdsInterface does not require any further details in its formalization.



3.11.11 DoIP Interfaces

[TPS_MANI_01255]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DolP DiagnosticPortInterfaces** [The AUTOSAR diagnostic communication API also foresees the existence of DiagnosticPortInterfaces to implement functionalities in the context of DolP operation.

Specifically, the following concrete sub-classes of DiagnosticPortInterface are defined to support the implementation of functionalities in the context of DoIP:

- DiagnosticDoIPGroupIdentificationInterface
- DiagnosticDoIPPowerModeInterface
- DiagnosticDoIPActivationLineInterface
- DiagnosticDoIPTriggerVehicleAnnouncementInterface
- DiagnosticDoIPEntityIdentificationInterface

](*RS_MANI_00061*)

Class	DiagnosticDolPGroupIde	DiagnosticDolPGroupIdentificationInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to implement the DoIP Group Identification on the adaptive platform.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult. Kind Note				
_	_	_	_	_		

Table 3.96: DiagnosticDolPGroupIdentificationInterface

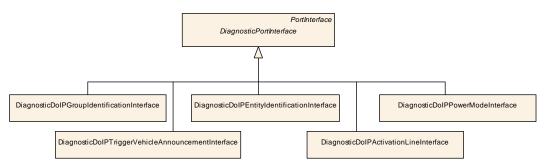


Figure 3.63: Modeling of DolP DiagnosticPortInterfaces



Class	DiagnosticDoIPPowerMo	DiagnosticDoIPPowerModeInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to implement the DoIP Power Mode on the adaptive platform.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult. Kind Note				
-	-	_	-	-		

Table 3.97: DiagnosticDolPPowerModeInterface

Class	DiagnosticDoIPActivatio	DiagnosticDoIPActivationLineInterface			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to implement the DoIPActivationLine on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
-	-	-	-	-	

Table 3.98: DiagnosticDolPActivationLineInterface

Class	DiagnosticDoIPTriggerVehicleAnnouncementInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to implement the DoIPTriggerVehicle Announcement on the adaptive platform.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
_	_	_	-	-		

Table 3.99: DiagnosticDoIPTriggerVehicleAnnouncementInterface

Class	DiagnosticDoIPEntityIdentificationInterface					
Package	M2:: A UTOSART emplates:: A daptive Platform:: Application Design:: PortInterface:: Diagnostic PortInterface and the platform of the platfor					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to implement the DoIP Entity Identification on the adaptive platform.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					

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Class	DiagnosticDoIPEntityIdentificationInterface						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
-	-	-	-	-			

Table 3.100: DiagnosticDolPEntityIdentificationInterface

The DiagnosticDoIPGroupIdentificationInterface, DiagnosticDoIP-PowerModeInterface, DiagnosticDoIPActivationLineInterface, DiagnosticDoIPEntityIdentificationInterface and DiagnosticDoIPTriggerVehicleAnnouncementInterface do not require any further details in its formalization.

3.11.12 Diagnostic Interfaces for Upload and Download

[TPS_MANI_01265]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DiagnosticDownloadInterface and DiagnosticDownloadInterface** [The AUTOSAR diagnostic communication API also foresees the existence of DiagnosticPortInterfaces to implement upload and download via diagnostic channels.

Specifically, the following concrete sub-classes of DiagnosticPortInterface are defined to support the implementation of upload and download:

- DiagnosticUploadInterface
- DiagnosticDownloadInterface

](*RS_MANI_00061*)

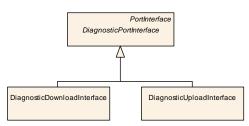


Figure 3.64: Modeling of DiagnosticUploadInterface and DiagnosticDownloadInterface

Class	DiagnosticUploadInterface
Package	M2:: A UTOSART emplates:: A daptive Platform:: Application Design:: PortInterface:: Diagnostic PortInterface Platform:: PortInterface Platform:: PortInterface Platform:: PortInterface:: Diagnostic PortInterface Platform:: PortInterface Platform:: PortInterface:: Diagnostic PortInterface Platform:: Platform:: PortInterface Platform:: Platform:: PortInterface Platform:: Platform:
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to process requests for uploading data using diagnostic channels on the adaptive platform.
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces

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Class	DiagnosticUploadInterface					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
-	-	-	-	-		

Table 3.101: DiagnosticUploadInterface

Class	DiagnosticDownloadInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to process requests for downloading data using diagnostic channels on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
_	-	-	-	_	

Table 3.102: DiagnosticDownloadInterface

The DiagnosticUploadInterface and DiagnosticDownloadInterface do not require any further details in its formalization.

3.11.13 Interface to support managing the EcuReset

[TPS_MANI_01332]{DRAFT} Semantics of DiagnosticEcuResetInterface [Meta-class DiagnosticEcuResetInterface represents the ability to support the handling of a request to reset the machine.

This interface will typically be used by the state manager on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform. |(*RS_MANI_00061*)

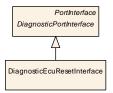


Figure 3.65: Modeling of DiagnosticEcuResetInterface



Class	DiagnosticEcuResetInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a focused PortInterface for handling the diagnostic service EcuReset on the adaptive platform.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
-	-	-	-	-		

Table 3.103: DiagnosticEcuResetInt	terface
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3.11.14 Diagnostic Authentication Interface

[TPS_MANI_01359]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DiagnosticAuthenticationInterface** [The ability to support the diagnostic authentication in the application software is formalized in another sub-class of DiagnosticPortInterface: DiagnosticAuthenticationInterface.](*RS_MANI_00061*)

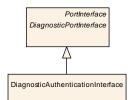


Figure 3.66: Modeling of DiagnosticAuthenticationInterface

Class	DiagnosticAuthenticationInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a focused PortInterface for handling the diagnostic service "authentication" on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
_	-	-	-	-	

Table 3.104: DiagnosticAuthenticationInterface

3.11.15 Diagnostic External Authentication Interface

[TPS_MANI_01353]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationInterface** [The ability to support the authentication of a diagnostic client in the



application software is formalized in another sub-class of DiagnosticPortInterface: DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationInterface. (*RS_MANI_00061*)

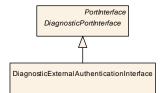


Figure 3.67: Modeling of DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationInterface

Class	DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a focused PortInterface for handling the diagnostic client authentication (i.e. convey the Authentication state to the Diagnostic Server instance of the DM) on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
-	-	-	-	-	

Table 3.105: DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationInterface

3.11.16 Diagnostic Communication Control Interface

[TPS_MANI_01363]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DiagnosticComControlInterface** [The ability to support the activation and deactivation of communication with a diagnostic client is formalized in another sub-class of DiagnosticPortInterface: DiagnosticComControlInterface.](*RS_MANI_00061*)

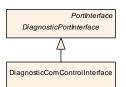


Figure 3.68: Modeling of DiagnosticComControlInterface

Class	DiagnosticComControlInterface
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a focused PortInterface for handling the diagnostic service communication control on the adaptive platform.
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces

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Class	DiagnosticComControlInterface						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_			_	-			



3.11.17 Diagnostic Request File Transfer Interface

[TPS_MANI_01373]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DiagnosticRequestFileTransfer**-**Interface** [The usage of the DiagnosticRequestFileTransferInterface is foreseen for software that implements a handler for requests for file transfer.](*RS_MANI_00061*)

The DiagnosticRequestFileTransferInterface does not require any further details in its formalization.

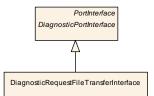


Figure 3.69: Modeling of DiagnosticRequestFileTransferInterface

Class	DiagnosticRequestFileTransferInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a PortInterface to process requests for file transfer using diagnostic channels on the adaptive platform.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	_	- 1	_	_		

Table 3.107: DiagnosticRequestFileTransferInterface



3.11.18 Diagnostic Port Interfaces for SOVD

[TPS_MANI_01394]{DRAFT} **Support for the authorization of SOVD clients** [The ability to support the authorization of SOVD clients is formalized in meta-class DiagnosticSovdAuthorizationInterface, modeled as a sub-class of abstract base class DiagnosticSovdPortInterface. Application Software exposes a PPort-Prototype for the support of authorization.](*RS_MANI_00061, RS_MANI_00070*)

[TPS_MANI_01395]{DRAFT} **Support for the proximity challenge in the context of SOVD** [The ability to support the proximity challenge in the context of SOVD is formalized in meta-class DiagnosticSovdProximityChallengeInterface, modeled as a sub-class of abstract base class DiagnosticSovdPortInterface. Application Software exposes a PPortPrototype for the proximity challenge.](*RS_MANI_00070*)

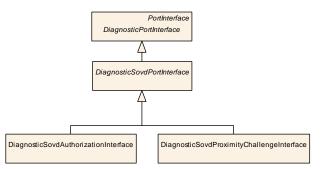


Figure 3.70: Modeling of sub-classes of DiagnosticSovdPortInterface

Class	DiagnosticSovdPortInte	rface (abs	stract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface		
Note	This abstract meta-class acts as a base class for all diagnostics-related PortInterfaces used in the context of SOVD.					
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Subclasses	DiagnosticSovdAuthorizationInterface, DiagnosticSovdProximityChallengeInterface					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	_	_	_	_		

Table 3.108: DiagnosticSovdPortInterface

Class	DiagnosticSovdAuthorizationInterface
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface
Note	This meta-class is used to type a PPortPrototype for implementing the SOVD authorization.
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces

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Class	DiagnosticSovdAuthoriz	ationInte	rface			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, DiagnosticSovdPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
-	_	_	_	_		

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Table 3.109: DiagnosticSovdAuthorizationInterface

Class	DiagnosticSovdProximityChallengeInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface::DiagnosticPortInterface		
Note	This meta-class is used to	type a Pl	PortProtot	ype for implementing the SOVD proximity challenge.		
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DiagnosticPortInterface, DiagnosticSovdPortInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
-	-	-	-	-		

Table 3.110: DiagnosticSovdProximityChallengeInterface

3.12 Crypto Interfaces

3.12.1 Interaction with Crypto Software

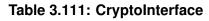
[TPS_MANI_03253]{DRAFT} **Interaction with crypto software** [Interaction with crypto software on an instance of the application software shall be modeled on the basis of the existence of RPortPrototypes typed by a PortInterface that is derived from the abstract meta-class CryptoInterface.](*RS_MANI_00031*)

In contrast to the conventions on the AUTOSAR classic Platform, these CryptoInterfaces are only used on the application side of this communication relation.

The Crypto API is described in [15]. The model-path to an RPortPrototype that is referencing a CryptoInterface is provided by the ara::core::InstanceSpecifier that defines the logical local name used by the application developer in the API call. This local ara::core::InstanceSpecifier is translated at runtime with the information from the deployment model to a specific crypto object, e.g. CryptoKeySlot in a CryptoKeyStorage.



Class	CryptoInterface (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::CryptoDesign			
Note	This meta-class provides	the abstra	ct ability t	o define a PortInterface for the support of crypto use cases.			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidat	e					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable						
Subclasses	CryptoCertificateInterface, CryptoKeySlotInterface, CryptoProviderInterface, CryptoTrustMasterInterface						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
_	-						



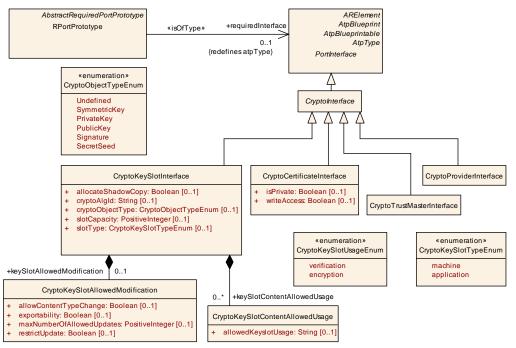


Figure 3.71: CryptoInterfaces for modeling of the interaction of the Application with the Crypto software

Figure 3.71 depicts all meta-classes that directly inherit from CryptoInterface.

3.12.2 Crypto Key Slot Interface

[TPS_MANI_03254]{DRAFT} **Modeling of application that uses and modifies a Crypto Key** [Application software that uses and modifies a Crypto Key is modeled as a AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType with an RPortPrototype that is typed by a CryptoKeySlotInterface that has the slotType value set to application.](*RS_MANI_00031*)

[TPS_MANI_03255]{DRAFT} **Modeling of Key Manager application that manages a Crypto Key that is used by Stack Services** [An Key Manager Application that manages a Crypto Key that is used by Stack Services like COM, Persistency or Diagnostic



is modeled as a AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType with an RPortPrototype that is typed by a CryptoKeySlotInterface that has the slotType value set to machine.](RS_MANI_00031)

Class	CryptoKeySlotInterface						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::CryptoDesign						
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to define a PortInterface for Crypto Key Slots. Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=CryptoInterfaces						
Base				eprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, eferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
allocateShadow Copy	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether a shadow copy of this Key Slot shall be allocated to enable rollback of a failed Key Slot update campaign (see interface BeginTransaction).			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
cryptoAlgId	String	01	attr	This attribute defines a crypto algorithm restriction (kAlgld Any means without restriction). The algorithm can be specified partially: family & length, mode, padding.			
				Future Crypto Providers can support some crypto algorithms that are not well known/ standardized today, therefore AUTOSAR doesn't provide a concrete list of crypto algorithms' identifiers and doesn't suppose usage of numerical identifiers. Instead of this a provider supplier should provide string names of supported algorithms in accompanying documentation. The name of a crypto algorithm shall follow the rules defined in the specification of cryptography for Adaptive Platform.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
cryptoObject Type	CryptoObjectTypeEnum	01	attr	Object type that can be stored in the slot. If this field contains "Undefined" then mSlotCapacity must be provided and larger then 0			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
keySlotAllowed	CryptoKeySlotAllowed	01	aggr	Restricts how this keySlot may be used			
Modification	Modification			Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
keySlotContent	CryptoKeySlotContent	*	aggr	Restriction of allowed usage of a key stored to the slot.			
AllowedUsage	AllowedUsage			Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
slotCapacity	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Capacity of the slot in bytes to be reserved by the stack vendor. One use case is to define this value in case that the cryptoObjectType is undefined and the slot size can not be deduced from cryptoObjectType and cryptoAlgld. "0" means slot size can be deduced from cryptoObject			
				Type and cryptoAlgld.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
slotType	CryptoKeySlotType Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines whether the keySlot is exclusively used by the Application; or whether it is used by Stack Services and managed by a Key Manager Application.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

Table 3.112: CryptoKeySlotInterface



Enumeration	CryptoKeySlotTypeEnum						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::CryptoDesign						
Note	This enumeration defines the options for the usage of a Key Slot in the platform.						
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate						
Aggregated by	CryptoKeySlot.slotType, CryptoKeySlotInterface.slotType						
Literal	Description						
application	KeySlot is used and modified exclusively by the Application.						
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1 atp.Status=candidate						
machine	Key slot is used by platform modules only. The application manages the key but is not able to use the key.						
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0 atp.Status=candidate						

Table 3.113: CryptoKeySlotTypeEnum

Enumeration	CryptoObjectTypeEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::CryptoDesign
Note	Enumeration of all types of crypto objects, i.e. types of content that can be stored to a key slot.
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate
Aggregated by	CryptoKeySlot.cryptoObjectType, CryptoKeySlotInterface.cryptoObjectType
Literal	Description
PrivateKey	cryp::PrivateKey object
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2 atp.Status=candidate
PublicKey	cryp::PublicKey object
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3 atp.Status=candidate
SecretSeed	cryp::SecretSeed object
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=5 atp.Status=candidate
Signature	cryp::Signature object (asymmetric digital signature or symmetric MAC/HMAC)
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4 atp.Status=candidate
SymmetricKey	cryp::SymmetricKey object
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1 atp.Status=candidate
Undefined	Object type unknown
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0 atp.Status=candidate

Table 3.114: CryptoObjectTypeEnum



Please note that the assignment of a CryptoKeySlot to a CryptoProvider is described in the deployment model (Machine Manifest). With this mapping also the assignment of the CryptoKeySlot to a CryptoPrimitive of a CryptoProvider is established.

But the application developer is able to restrict the usage of the CryptoKeySlot to a specific cryptographic algorithm with the attribute cryptoAlgId.

To support crypto algorithms that are not well known/ standardized today, AUTOSAR doesn't provide a concrete list of crypto algorithm's identifiers and doesn't suppose usage of numerical identifiers.

Instead of this a provider supplier should provide string names of supported algorithms in accompanying documentation. The name of a crypto algorithm shall follow the rules defined in the specification of cryptography for Adaptive Platform.

In addition the application developer is able to define further requirements for the usage of the CryptoKeySlot. With the attribute cryptoObjectType the crypto objects that are allowed to be stored in the key slot can be specified.

The allowed modifications of the key slot can be specified by keySlotAllowedModification. The allowed usage of the key slot content can be specified by keySlot-ContentAllowedUsage.

The Integrator needs to take the defined settings in the Application Design model into account if the assignment to the CryptoKeySlot in the Crypto Storage is performed. Please note that the Application Design model settings are transferred into the deployment model and are therefore are also available at run-time as described in chapter 10.10.2.

Class	CryptoKeySlotAllowedModification				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::CryptoDesign	
Note	This meta-class restricts the	he allowed	d modifica	tion of a key stored in the key slot.	
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate	e			
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	CryptoKeySlot.keySlotAllo	wedModif	ication, C	ryptoKeySlotInterface.keySlotAllowedModification	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
allowContent TypeChange	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute describes whether the key content type can be changed (true) or not (false), e.g. changing the key from symmetric to RSA.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
exportability	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute describes whether the key slot content is allowed to be exported or not.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
maxNumberOf AllowedUpdates	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the maximum updates that are allowed to the slot.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	



\sim						
Class	CryptoKeySlotAllowedM	lodificatio	on			
restrictUpdate	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether restrictions on the number of updates are defined or not.		
				False: no restriction is placed on the number of updates. True: restrictions are placed on the number of updates with the attribute maxNumberOfAllowedUpdates.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

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Table 3.115: CryptoKeySlotAllowedModification

Class	CryptoKeySlotContentAllowedUsage					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::CryptoDesign		
Note	This meta-class restricts	the allowed	d usage o	f a key stored in the key slot.		
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	CryptoKeySlot.keySlotCo	ntentAllow	edUsage,	CryptoKeySlotInterface.keySlotContentAllowedUsage		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
allowedKeyslot Usage	String 01 attr This attribute defines for which operations the KeySlot may be used.					
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 3.116: CryptoKeySlotContentAllowedUsage

[constr_5238]{DRAFT} CryptoKeySlotAllowedModification.restrictUpdate and the relationship to maxNumberOfAllowedUpdates [If the CryptoKeySlotAllowedModification.restrictUpdate is set to true then CryptoKeySlotAllowedModification.maxNumberOfAllowedUpdates shall be set to a value.]()

[constr_5239]{DRAFT} Predefined values for CryptoKeySlotContentAllowedUsage.allowedKeyslotUsage [The following values for CryptoKeySlotContentAllowedUsage.allowedKeyslotUsage are predefined by AUTOSAR:

- ALLOW-DATA-ENCRYPTION,
- ALLOW-DATA-DECRYPTION,
- ALLOW-SIGNATURE,
- ALLOW-VERIFICATION,
- ALLOW-KEY-AGREEMENT,
- ALLOW-KEY-DIVERSIFY,
- ALLOW-DRNG-INIT,
- ALLOW-KDF-MATERIAL,
- ALLOW-KEY-EXPORTING,
- ALLOW-KEY-IMPORTING,



- ALLOW-EXACT-MODE-ONLY,
- ALLOW-DERIVED-DATA-ENCRYPTION,
- ALLOW-DERIVED-DATA-DECRYPTION,
- ALLOW-DERIVED-SIGNATURE,
- ALLOW-DERIVED-VERIFICATION,
- ALLOW-DERIVED-DIVERSIFY,
- ALLOW-DERIVED-DRNG-INIT,
- ALLOW-DERIVED-KDF-MATERIAL,
- ALLOW-DERIVED-KEY-EXPORTING,
- ALLOW-DERIVED-KEY-IMPORTING,
- ALLOW-DERIVED-EXACT-MODE-ONLY

]()

3.12.3 Crypto Certificate Interface

[TPS_MANI_03256]{DRAFT} **Modeling of application that accesses a Crypto Certificate** [Application software that accesses a Crypto Certificate is modeled as a AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType with an RPortPrototype that is typed by a CryptoCertificateInterface.](*RS_MANI_00031*)

Class	CryptoCertificateInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::CryptoDesign				
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to define a PortInterface for a CryptoCertificate.				
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=CryptoInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, CryptoInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
isPrivate	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute controls the possibility to access the content of the CryptoCertificateSlot by Find() interfaces of the X509 Provider.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
writeAccess	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether the application has write-access to the CryptoCertificate (True) or only read-access (False).	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	



3.12.4 Crypto Provider Interface

[TPS_MANI_03257]{DRAFT} **Modeling of application that accesses a Crypto Provider** [Application software that accesses a Crypto Provider is modeled as a AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType with an RPortPrototype that is typed by a CryptoProviderInterface.](*RS_MANI_00031*)

Please note that the CryptoProviderInterface shall be used if the Application needs to access a Crypto Provider to execute keyless operations, e.g. Hashing, Random Number Generation. For cryptographic transformations that require keys the CryptoKeySlotInterface may be used.

Class	CryptoProviderInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::CryptoDesign			
Note	This meta-class provides	This meta-class provides the ability to define a PortInterface for a CryptoProvider.			
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=CryptoInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, CryptoInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_					

 Table 3.118: CryptoProviderInterface

3.12.5 Crypto TrustMaster Interface

[TPS_MANI_03258]{DRAFT} **Modeling of application designed as trust-master** [Application software designed as trust-master is modeled as a AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType with an RPortPrototype that is typed by a CryptoTrustMasterInterface.](*RS_MANI_00031*)

An Application requires TrustMaster privileges to set global (machine-wide) root-oftrust certificates. Note: such a certificate may not be private.

Class	CryptoTrustMasterInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::CryptoDesign				
Note	This meta-class provides	This meta-class provides the ability to define a PortInterface for TrustMaster.				
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=CryptoInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, CryptoInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_						

Table 3.119: CryptoTrustMasterInterface



3.12.6 Linking of Crypto Certificate to a Crypto Key Slot

It is possible to model a link between a Crypto Certificate and a Crypto KeySlot in the Application Design with the meta-class SwcServiceDependency that aggregates CryptoCertificateKeySlotNeeds in the role serviceNeeds and RoleBased-PortAssignments that refer to an RPortPrototype that is typed by a CryptoCertificateInterface and an RPortPrototype that is typed by a CryptoKeySlotInterface.

[TPS_MANI_03259]{DRAFT} Linking of Crypto Certificate to a Crypto Key Slot

ServiceNeeds kind CryptoCertificateKeySlotNeeds

RoleBasedPortAssignment valid roles:

- CryptoKeySlotInterface [1]
- CryptoCertificateInterface[1]

RoleBasedDataAssignment

N/A

RepresentedPortGroups

N/A

](RS_MANI_00031)

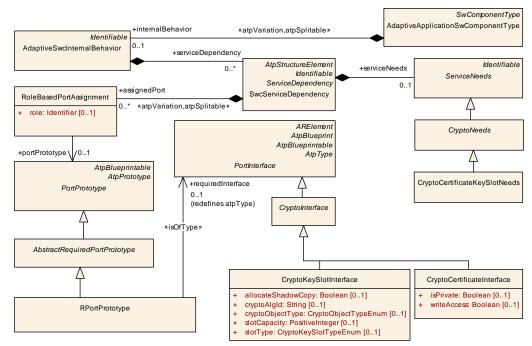


Figure 3.72: Linking of Crypto Certificate with Crypto Key Slot in Application Design



Class	CryptoNeeds (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::CryptoDesign	
Note	Specifies the abstract nee	ds on the	configura	tion of Crypto.	
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate	Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds				
Subclasses	CryptoCertificateKeySlotNeeds				
Aggregated by	BswServiceDependency.serviceNeeds, SwcServiceDependency.serviceNeeds				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_					

Table 3.120: CryptoNeeds

Class	CryptoCertificateKeySlotNeeds				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::CryptoDesign	
Note	This meta-class shall be taken to indicate that the SwcServiceDependecy modeled with this kind of ServiceNeeds defines a relationship between a CryptoKeySlot and a CryptoCertificate.				
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
Base	ARObject, CryptoNeeds, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceNeeds				
Aggregated by	BswServiceDependency.serviceNeeds, SwcServiceDependency.serviceNeeds				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
-	-	-	-	-	

Table 3.121: CryptoCertificateKeySlotNeeds

The following figure 3.73 shows an example how the SwcServiceDependency is used to create a relation between a Crypto Certificate and a Crypto KeySlot.

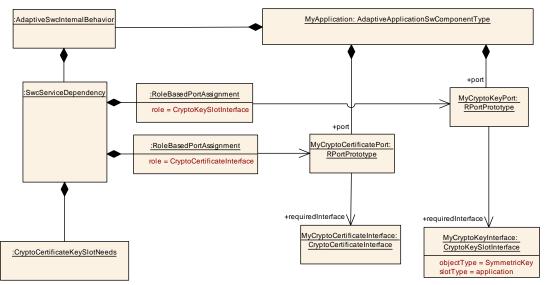


Figure 3.73: Example that shows a link between a Port typed by CryptoKeySlotInterface and a Port typed by CryptoCertificateInterface



3.13 Raw Data Stream Interface

In some cases it is necessary for the application software to be able to process raw binary data streams sent over a communication channel. Obviously, SOME/IP serialization does not make sense in such a scenario, as would the modeling of Autosar-DataTypes, i.e. the creation of a ServiceInterface.

Therefore, a different mechanism that actively supports the requirements of raw data streaming is available on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

As far as the application software is concerned, the interaction with a raw data stream is based on the usage of an RPortPrototype typed by either a RawDataStream-ClientInterface or a RawDataStreamServerInterface.

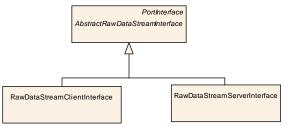


Figure 3.74: Modeling of PortInterfaces for raw data stream

This kind of PortInterface does neither support nor require any elements with a modeled data type, i.e. an AutosarDataType.

Class	AbstractRawDataStreamInterface (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface	
Note	This meta-class serves as	This meta-class serves as an abstract base class for PortInterfaces related to raw data streams.			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Subclasses	RawDataStreamClientInterface, RawDataStreamServerInterface				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
-	-	-	-	-	

Table 3.122: AbstractRawDataStreamInterface

Class	RawDataStreamClientInterface						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface						
Note	This meta-class represents the necessary capabilities for raw data streaming on the client side, i.e. the streaming of data that do not undergo any serialization. Each RawDataStreamClientInterface supports the following capabilities without further modeling:						
	connect: set up the communication channel						
	shutdown: close the communication channel						
	write: send data down the communication channel						
	read: access incoming data on the communication channel						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=RawDataStreamInterfaces						

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Class	RawDataStreamClientInterface			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractRawDataStreamInterface, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	-	_	-	-

Table 3.123: RawDataStreamClientInterface

Class	RawDataStreamServerInterface						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface						
Note		This meta-class represents the necessary capabilities for raw data streaming on the server side, i.e. the streaming of data that do not undergo any serialization.					
	Each RawDataStreamSer	verInterfa	ce suppor	ts the following capabilities without further modeling:			
	waitForConnection	n: wait un	til a comn	unication channel is set up.			
	 shutdown: close t 	he comm	unication	channel			
	write: send data down the communication channel						
	 read: access incoming data on the communication channel 						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=RawDataStreamInterfaces						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractRawDataStreamInterface, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult. Kind Note					
-	-	-	-	-			

Table 3.124: RawDataStreamServerInterface

3.14 Security Event Report Interface

On the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, a dedicated PortInterface for the interaction of application-layer software with the AUTOSAR Intrusion Detection System Manager is defined.

The name of this sub-class of abstract meta-class PortInterface is SecurityEventReportInterface.

Class	SecurityEventReportInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface					
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to define a PortInterface for the reporting of security events in the context of the intrusion detection system. Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=SecurityEventReportInterfaces					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					

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Δ								
Class	SecurityEventReportInterface							
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
_	-	-	-	-				

Table 3.125: SecurityEventReportInterface

[TPS_MANI_01340]{DRAFT} Semantics of SecurityEventReportInterface [Each RPortPrototype typed by a SecurityEventReportInterface is able to report exactly one security event.](*RS_MANI_00068*)

[TPS_MANI_01338]{DRAFT} **Semantics of SecurityEventReportToSecurityEventDefinitionMapping** [The modeling of the association between a specific security event and the corresponding RPortPrototype typed by a SecurityEventReportInterface is created by means of the SecurityEventReportToSecurityEventDefinitionMapping.](*RS_MANI_00068*)

Class	SecurityEventReportToSecurityEventDefinitionMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::PortInterface					
Note	a PortPrototype for reporting a security event to the actual ortPrototype.					
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=SecurityEventReportToSecurityEventDefinitionMappings					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
reported SecurityEvent	AbstractRequiredPort 0 Prototype	01	01 iref	This identifies the mapped security event.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate InstanceRef implemented by:RPortInComposition InstanceRef		
securityEvent Definition	SecurityEventDefinition 0	01	ref	This reference identifies the definition of the security event.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 3.126: SecurityEventReportToSecurityEventDefinitionMapping

This meta-class maps the RPortPrototype to a SecurityEventDefinition that itself is part of the so-called Security Extract.

[TPS_MANI_01339]{DRAFT} **Existence of the SecurityEventReportToSecuri**tyEventDefinitionMapping is motivated by the AUTOSAR methodology [The existence of the SecurityEventReportToSecurityEventDefinitionMapping is motivated by the AUTOSAR methodology. At the point in time when a given SecurityEventReportInterface is defined it could be that the corresponding Secu-rityEventDefinition is not yet defined.

So it is possible to add this association later. Another reason for the existence of the mapping class is that a specific piece of application software may report different



specific security events defined by different OEMs, depending on the deployment of the application software.

Of course, the semantics of the security event all always be either identical or at least comparable, it could still happen that the ld of a security event might change depending on the specific project or simply because different OEMs use different lds for semantically identical security events. *(RS MANI 00068)*

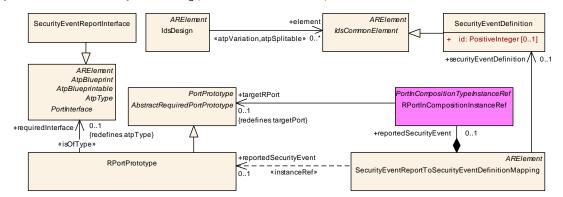


Figure 3.75: Specification of the SecurityEventReportInterface and SecurityEventReportToSecurityEventDefinitionMapping

3.15 Log And Trace Interface

On the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, a dedicated PortInterface named LogAnd-TraceInterface is defined for the interaction of application-layer software with the AUTOSAR Logging and Tracing Functional Cluster.

Class	LogAndTraceInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface	
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to implement a PortInterface for support of Logging or Tracing.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	_	_	_	_	

Table 3.127: LogAndTraceInterface

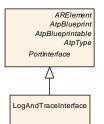


Figure 3.76: Specification of the LogAndTraceInterface



[TPS_MANI_03284]{DRAFT} Semantics of LogAndTraceInterface [Each RPortPrototype typed by a LogAndTraceInterface is able to forward logging information onto the external DIt Log Viewer.](*RS_MANI_00037*)

[constr_5290]{DRAFT} PPortPrototype is not allowed to be typed by LogAnd-TraceInterface [A PPortPrototype is not allowed to reference a LogAndTraceInterface in the role providedInterface.]()

Please note that the mapping of an RPortPrototype typed by a LogAndTraceInterface to a DltLogSink is described in the deployment model in chapter 10.6.2.

Class	LTMessageCollectionToPortPrototypeMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::LogAndTrace						
Note	This mapping element as	This mapping element assigns a collection of Log or Trace messages to a PortPrototype of an application.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=LTMessageCollectionToPortPrototypeMappings					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
logAndTrace Message CollectionSet	LogAndTraceMessage CollectionSet	01	ref	Reference to a Collection of Log or Trace messages			
rPortPrototype	RPortPrototype	01	ref	Reference to the RPortPrototype to which Log or Trace messages are assigned.			

 Table 3.128:
 LTMessageCollectionToPortPrototypeMapping

Class	LogAndTraceMessageC	ollections	Set			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::LogAndT	raceExtra	ct		
Note	Collection of DltMessages	S				
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=LogAndTraceMessageCollectionSets				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
dltMessage	DItMessage	DItMessage * aggr Collection of DItMessages in the DItMessageCollection Set.				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dltMessage.shortName, dlt Message.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime		

Table 3.129: LogAndTraceMessageCollectionSet

[constr_5291]{DRAFT} Allowed usage of LTMessageCollectionToPortPrototypeMapping.rPortPrototype [An LTMessageCollectionToPortPrototypeMapping shall (in the role rPortPrototype) only refer to a RPortPrototype that is typed by a LogAndTraceInterface.]()

[TPS_MANI_03285]{DRAFT} Semantics of LTMessageCollectionToPortPrototypeMapping [With the LTMessageCollectionToPortPrototypeMapping it



is possible to describe at application design time a collection of Log or Trace messages that will be used by the application.] (RS_MANI_00023)

3.16 Firewall Interface

On the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, a dedicated PortInterface named Fire-wallStateSwitchInterface is defined for the interaction of application-layer software with the Firewall Cluster.

Class	FirewallStateSwitchInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::PortInterface	
Note	This meta-class provides	the ability	to implem	nent a PortInterface for interaction with the Firewall mode.	
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=FirewallStateSwitchPortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
firewallState	ModeDeclarationGroup * aggr The state machine of this firewall interface.			The state machine of this firewall interface.	
Machine	Prototype			Tags:atp.Status=candidate	

Table 3.130: FirewallStateSwitchInterface

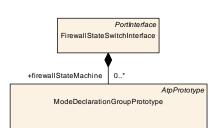


Figure 3.77: Specification of the FirewallStateSwitchInterface

[TPS_MANI_03321]{DRAFT} Semantics of FirewallStateSwitchInterface [The RPortPrototype typed by a FirewallStateSwitchInterface provides the functionality to switch the firewall state.]()

[TPS_MANI_03295]{DRAFT} Semantics of FirewallStateSwitchInterface. firewallStateMachine [The ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype aggregated in the FirewallStateSwitchInterface in the role firewallStateMachine defines the state machine of the Firewall Cluster.]()

3.17 Interaction Endpoint for Application

The interaction of software-components with the outside world can take several forms, e.g. service-oriented communication or the interaction with a persistent data storage.



A formal representation of the interaction needs to be described as an anchor point for adding various additional configuration attributes that make sense in this context but would not make sense in the context of a PortInterface.

There is a model element that already has a long-standing tradition in the AUTOSAR meta-model for exactly the described purpose: the PortPrototype.

The following sub-chapters discuss the interaction by means of PortPrototypes with software "outside" a given software-component with the focus on different kinds of interaction that require different ways to further contribute model elements for configuration.

3.17.1 Service-oriented Communication

The service-oriented communication by means of PortPrototypes does **not** support the concept of a communication endpoint that is both required and provided **at the same time**. This motivates the existence of [constr_1473].

[constr_1473]{DRAFT} No support for PRPortPrototype [A ServiceInterface shall not be referenced by a PRPortPrototype in the role providedRequiredInterface.]()

[TPS_MANI_01039]{DRAFT} **Representation of provided service** [A provided service shall be modeled by means of an PPortPrototype that is typed by a ServiceInterface.](*RS_MANI_00002*)

[TPS_MANI_01040]{DRAFT} **Representation of required service** [A required service shall be modeled by means of an RPortPrototype that is typed by a ServiceInterface.](*RS_MANI_00002*)

For more background regarding the rationale of [constr_1473], please refer to [1].

Please note that the utilization of service discovery on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* means that opposite communication ends **are by design not known upfront**.

As a consequence, it is in general not possible to use AssemblySwConnectors to model a pre-defined relation between two communication endpoints modeled as PortPrototypes.

Independent of the issue described above, it is still necessary to provide means for configuration of a given PortPrototype on different levels:

- The PortPrototype itself (i.e. as a whole) may need to be customized, independently of the kind or number of elements aggregated by the corresponding ServiceInterface. This aspect is discussed in section 3.17.4.
- The usage of elements of the corresponding ServiceInterface may need to be configured for a given PortPrototype. This aspect is discussed in section 3.17.5.



3.17.2 Interaction with Persistent Key-Value Storage

The usage of PortPrototypes for the purpose of interacting with *persistent key-value storage* is less restricted than in the case of service-oriented communication. In other words, it is perfectly valid to use a PRPortPrototype where applicable.

[TPS_MANI_01073]{DRAFT} Semantics of PortPrototype typed by PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface [The usage of a specific sub-class of Port-Prototype typed by PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface indicates the intended semantics of interaction:

- The usage of a RPortPrototype indicates that the persistent data can only be **read from** the persistent storage.
- The usage of a **PPortPrototype** indicates that the persistent data can only be **written to** the persistent storage.
- The usage of a <u>PRPortPrototype</u> indicates that the persistent data can be **read from** as well as **written to** the persistent storage.

](RS_MANI_00027)

Please note that the PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface is described in chapter 3.8.2.

3.17.3 Interaction with Persistent File Storage

Interaction with **persistent file storage** can involve the ability to read from and write to a file by the same application. Therefore, the existence of a **PRPortPrototype** typed by a **PersistencyFileStorageInterface** shall be supported.

[TPS_MANI_01081]{DRAFT} **Semantics of PortPrototype typed by PersistencyFileStorageInterface** [The usage of a specific sub-class of PortPrototype typed by PersistencyFileStorageInterface indicates the intended semantics of interaction:

- The usage of a RPortPrototype indicates that the corresponding file(s) can be **opened for read access**.
- The usage of a **PPortPrototype** indicates that the corresponding file(s) can be **opened or created for write access**. Also, there is the ability to **delete** a file.
- The usage of a <u>PRPortPrototype</u> indicates that the corresponding file(s) can be **opened or created for read and write access**. Also, there is the ability to **delete** a file.

](*RS_MANI_00027*)

Please note that the PersistencyFileStorageInterface is described in chapter 3.8.3.



3.17.4 Port Prototype Props

As mentioned before, in some cases a qualification of the semantics of PortPrototypes is necessary. For this purpose, AUTOSAR typically defines a *props* class of some kind. The same approach applies in this situation as well.

In particular, PortPrototype aggregates the abstract meta-class PortPrototype-Props, that in turn starts an inheritance tree of derived meta-classes that have the ability to qualify sub-classes of PortPrototype accordingly.

[constr_3642]{DRAFT} Restriction of aggregation of PortPrototypeProps to the Adaptive Platform [The aggregation of PortPrototypeProps is only supported in the context of a SwComponentType that is (transitively) referenced by rootSwComponentPrototype.]()

One example for this approach is the definition of the meta-class **RPortPrototype**-**Props**, sketched in Figure 3.78.

[constr_3359]{DRAFT} **RPortPrototypeProps** are related only to **RPortProto-types** [The RPortPrototypeProps shall be aggregated only by a RPortPrototype in the role portPrototypeProps.]()

[TPS_MANI_01057]{DRAFT} **Semantics of RPortPrototypeProps.searchIn-tention** [The value of the attribute **RPortPrototypeProps.searchIntention** clarifies whether the search for a corresponding offer shall be done as a search for all or else as a search for a specific ID.

Typically, a search for any results in a collection of offers while the search for a given id results in just a single offer. (*RS_MANI_00002*)

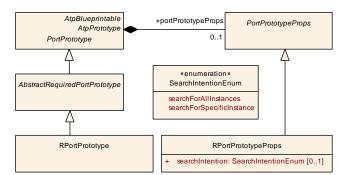


Figure 3.78: Modeling of the RPortPrototypeProps for RPortPrototype

Class	PortPrototypeProps (abstract)
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ApplicationStructure
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a further qualification of semantics of sub-classes of Port Prototype.
Base	ARObject
Subclasses	RPortPrototypeProps

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Class	PortPrototypeProps (abstract)						
Aggregated by	PortPrototype.portPrototypeProps						
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
-	-	-	-	-			

Table 3.131: PortPrototypeProps

Class	RPortPrototypeProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::ApplicationStructure		
Note	PortPrototypeProps for a	RPort.				
Base	ARObject, PortPrototype	Props				
Aggregated by	PortPrototype.portPrototypeProps					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
searchIntention	SearchIntentionEnum	01	attr	This attribute is used to specify the intention of the developer of the enclosing software-component in terms of whether the respective PortPrototype shall be use to search for a specific service instance or all instances of the given service.		
				Please note that the value of this attribute does not create a binding contract. The actual search behavior is defined as part of the service instance manifest.		

Table 3.132: RPortPrototypeProps

Enumeration	SearchIntentionEnum				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign				
Note	This meta-class allows for the definition of a dedicated search intention from the application's point of view.				
Aggregated by	RPortPrototypeProps.searchIntention				
Literal	Description				
searchForAll	This value represents the intention to search for all instances of the given service.				
Instances	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0				
searchForSpecific	This value represents the intention to search for a specific instance of the given service.				
Instance	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1				

Table 3.133: SearchIntentionEnum

3.17.5 Port Prototype ComSpec

[TPS_MANI_01053]{DRAFT} **Usage of ComSpecs on the** *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* [The aspect of further qualification of elements of the ServiceInterface used to type given PortPrototype is implemented by means of ComSpecs, i.e. specific sub-classes of the abstract meta-classes RPortComSpec and PPortComSpec.

However, the support for ComSpecs on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform only covers a limited selection of attributes of a specific ComSpec. | (RS_MANI_00002)



The details about supported attributes of either a RPortComSpec or PPortComSpec are described in this chapter.

The configuration of transformation capabilities in the context of a ComSpec is possible by means of subclasses of meta-class TransformationComSpecProps.

Class	TransformationComSpecProps (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	oonentTer	nplate::Communication		
Note	TransformationComSpecF	Props hold	ls all the a	ttributes for transformers that are port specific.		
Base	ARObject, Describable	ARObject, Describable				
Subclasses	EndToEndTransformation	ComSpec	Props, Us	erDefinedTransformationComSpecProps		
Aggregated by		ClientComSpec.transformationComSpecProps, <i>ReceiverComSpec</i> .transformationComSpecProps, ServerComSpec.transformationComSpecProps				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
-	-	-	-	-		

Table 3.134: TransformationComSpecProps

Class	UserDefinedTransformationComSpecProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTer	nplate::Communication			
Note	The UserDefinedTransformationComSpecProps is used to specify port specific configuration properties for custom transformers.						
Base	ARObject, Describable, Tr	ransforma	tionComS	SpecProps			
Aggregated by		ClientComSpec.transformationComSpecProps, <i>ReceiverComSpec</i> .transformationComSpecProps, ServerComSpec.transformationComSpecProps					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	-	-	-	-			

Table 3.135: UserDefinedTransformationComSpecProps

Class	EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::SystemT	emplate::	Transformer			
Note	The class EndToEndTrans EndToEnd transformer att		IComSpe	cProps specifies port specific configuration properties for			
Base	ARObject, Describable, T	ransforma	tionCom	SpecProps			
Aggregated by	ClientComSpec.transformationComSpecProps, <i>ReceiverComSpec</i> .transformationComSpecProps, ServerComSpec.transformationComSpecProps						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
clearFromValid ToInvalid	Boolean	01	attr	Clear monitoring window on transition from state Valid to state Invalid.			
disableEndTo EndCheck	Boolean	01	attr	Disables/Enables the E2E check. The E2Eheader is removed from the payload independent from the setting of this attribute.			
disableEndTo EndState Machine	Boolean	01	attr	Disables the E2EStateMachine (only E2E check functionality is performed)			
e2eProfile Compatibility Props	E2EProfileCompatibility Props	01	ref	Reference to additional settings for the E2E state machine.			



			\triangle	
Class	EndToEndTransforma	ationComSp	ecProps	
maxDelta Counter	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum allowed difference between two counter values of two consecutively received valid messages. For example, if the receiver gets data with counter 1 and Max DeltaCounter is 3, then at the next reception the receiver can accept Counters with values 2, 3 or 4.
maxErrorState Init	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_INIT. The minimum value is 0.
maxErrorState Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_INVALID. The minimum value is 0.
maxErrorState Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_VALID.
				The minimum value is 0.
minOkStateInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_INIT. The minimum value is 1.
minOkState Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_INVALID. The minimum value is 1.
minOkState Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_VALID.
				The minimum value is 1.
windowSizeInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Init for the E2E state machine.
windowSize Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Invalid for the E2E state machine.
windowSize Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Valid for the E2E state machine.

Table 3.136: EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps

[TPS_MANI_01327]{DRAFT} Value of EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps. disableEndToEndCheck VS. value of EndToEndTransformationCom-SpecProps.disableEndToEndStateMachine [If the value of attribute EndToEnd-TransformationComSpecProps.disableEndToEndCheck is set to True, then the value of attribute EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps.disableEnd-ToEndStateMachine shall be ignored.](RS_MANI_00028)

3.17.5.1 Port Prototypes typed by Service Interfaces

3.17.5.1.1 Receiver ComSpec

The ReceiverComSpec needs an attribute that indicates whether the enclosing AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType has an intention to actually access the



referenced dataElement. This attribute represents a security feature related to identity and access management [16].

Specifically, this aspect is typically summarized as a capability of the software, i.e. the AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType expresses expresses its capability with respect to the specific dataElement. The term "capability" is an integral part of the jargon in the domain of identity and access management.

However, outside the identity and access management domain, this terminology is sometimes hard to motivate. What could be motivated is that the AdaptiveApplica-tionSwComponentType expresses its *intent* to actually access the dataElement.

From that perspective, the process of adding an event to a ServiceInterface adds the capability to use the dataElement. But whether the software that uses the ServiceInterface actually intends to access the dataElement can be expressed by an attribute in the ReceiverComSpec named receiverIntent.

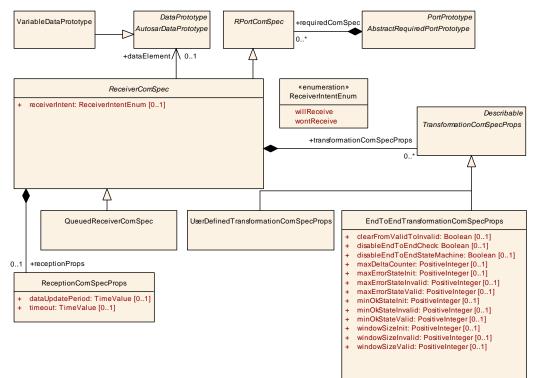


Figure 3.79: Modeling of the ReceiverComSpec on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

Note Re	12::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Communication Receiver-specific communication attributes (RPortPrototype typed by ServiceInterface) that are relevant
	Receiver-specific communication attributes (RPortPrototype typed by ServiceInterface) that are relevant
101	or events and field notifiers.
Base AF	NRObject, RPortComSpec
Subclasses No	IonqueuedReceiverComSpec, QueuedReceiverComSpec
Aggregated by Ab	AbstractRequiredPortPrototype.requiredComSpec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.requiredComSpec

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			\triangle		
Class	ReceiverComSpec (abstract)				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
dataElement	AutosarDataPrototype	01	ref	Data element these attributes belong to.	
receiverIntent	ReceiverIntentEnum	01	attr	This attribute represents the expressed intent of the receiver. The receiver may decide to claim that existing resources of a ServiceInterface are expressly not used by this specific receiver. The conceptual background of this claim may be driven by security, safety, etc. Tags: atp.Status=candidate	
receptionProps	ReceptionComSpec Props	01	aggr	"This aggregation represents the definition transmission props in the context of the enclosing ReceiverComSpec.	
transformation ComSpecProps	TransformationCom SpecProps	*	aggr	This references the TransformationComSpecProps which define port-specific configuration for data transformation.	

Table 3.137: ReceiverComSpec

Class	QueuedReceiverComSpec			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Communication			
Note	Communication attributes	Communication attributes specific to queued receiving.		
Base	ARObject, RPortComSpec, ReceiverComSpec			
Aggregated by	AbstractRequiredPortProt	AbstractRequiredPortPrototype.requiredComSpec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.requiredComSpec		
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
-	-	-	-	-

Table 3.138: QueuedReceiverComSpec

[TPS_MANI_01106]{DRAFT} Specification of intentions for the receiver of events

or field notifiers [The attribute ReceiverComSpec.receiverIntent can be used to specify whether the software actually intends to access the referenced events or field notifier or whether it explicitly states that it is not interested in the value.] (*RS_MANI_00034*)

Enumeration	ReceiverIntentEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ComSpec			
Note	This meta-class represents the intent to specify how a given ServiceInterface is used from the perspective of a given event receiver.			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
Aggregated by	ReceiverComSpec.receiverIntent			
Literal	Description			
willReceive	The receiver will receive the event or field notifier.			
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0 atp.Status=candidate			
wontReceive	The receiver won't receive the event or field notifier.			
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1 atp.Status=candidate			

Table 3.139: ReceiverIntentEnum



[TPS_MANI_03132]{DRAFT} Semantics of E2E attributes in ReceiverComSpec

[The EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps shall be used for the specification of RPortPrototype-specific configuration options related to end-to-end protection of events or field notifiers.](*RS_MANI_00028*)

3.17.5.1.2 Sender ComSpec

The <u>SenderComSpec</u> is modeled in the same way as described in the Software Component Template [1].

[TPS_MANI_03210]{DRAFT} **Specification of event specific communication attributes** [The meta-class <u>QueuedSenderComSpec</u> can be used to specify communication attributes that are relevant for an event on the sender side.](*RS_MANI_00002*)

[TPS_MANI_03211]{DRAFT} **Specification of field specific communication attributes** [The meta-class FieldSenderComSpec can be used to specify communication attributes that are relevant for a field on the sender side.] (*RS_MANI_00002*)

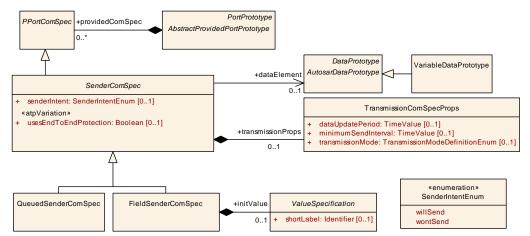


Figure 3.80: Modeling of the <u>SenderComSpec</u> on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

Class	SenderComSpec (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Communication			
Note	Communication attributes for a sender port (PPortPrototype typed by ServiceInterface) that are relevant for events and field notifiers.				
Base	ARObject, PPortComSpec				
Subclasses	FieldSenderComSpec, No	FieldSenderComSpec, NonqueuedSenderComSpec, QueuedSenderComSpec			
Aggregated by	AbstractProvidedPortProt	AbstractProvidedPortPrototype.providedComSpec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.providedComSpec			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
dataElement	AutosarDataPrototype 01 ref Data element these quality of service attributes apply to.				



Class	SenderComSpec (abstract)			
senderIntent	SenderIntentEnum	01	attr	This attribute represents the expressed intent of the sender. The sender may decide to claim that existing resources of a ServiceInterface are expressly not used by this specific sender. The conceptual background of this claim may be driven by security, safety, etc. Tags: atp.Status=candidate
transmission Props	TransmissionComSpec Props	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the definition transmission props in the context of the enclosing SenderComSpec.
usesEndToEnd Protection	Boolean	01	attr	This indicates whether the corresponding dataElement shall be transmitted using end-to-end protection.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime

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Table 3.140: SenderComSpec

Class	QueuedSenderComSpec				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Communication				
Note	Communication attributes specific to distribution of events (PPortPrototype, SenderReceiverInterface and dataElement carries an "event").				
Base	ARObject, PPortComSpec, SenderComSpec				
Aggregated by	AbstractProvidedPortProte	AbstractProvidedPortPrototype.providedComSpec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.providedComSpec			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			Note	
_	-				

Table 3.141: QueuedSenderComSpec

Class	FieldSenderComSpec			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ComSpec			
Note	Port specific communication attributes for a Field that is defined in a ServiceInterface.			
Base	ARObject, PPortComSpec, SenderComSpec			
Aggregated by	AbstractProvidedPortPrototype.providedComSpec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.providedComSpec			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
initValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Initial value for a Field that is set before the Service Interface is offered.

Table 3.142: FieldSenderComSpec

[constr_10152]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role FieldSenderCom-Spec.initValue [For each FieldSenderComSpec, the reference in the role init-Value shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts. | ()

[TPS_MANI_03212]{DRAFT} **Specification of initial value for a field** [The attribute FieldSenderComSpec.initValue can be used to specify an initial Value for a field.](*RS_MANI_00002*)

A field has a valid value at any time as described in subsection 3.4.4. ara::com ensures that a service implementation providing a field has a field value before the field becomes visible to potential consumers.



This is explained in more detail in [17] where it is defined that the initial field value shall be set at least once via Update() by the application code before OfferService() gets called.

Custom-code (e.g. component model above ara::com) may use the defined init-Value to call Field.Update(initValue).

[TPS_MANI_01107]{DRAFT} **Specification of intentions for the sender of events or field notifiers** [The attribute SenderComSpec.senderIntent can be used to specify whether the software actually intends to send the referenced events or field notifier.](*RS_MANI_00034*)

Enumeration	SenderIntentEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ComSpec			
Note	This meta-class represents the intent to specify how a given ServiceInterface is used from the perspective of a given event sender.			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
Aggregated by	SenderComSpec.senderIntent			
Literal	Description			
willSend	The sender will send the event or field notifier.			
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0 atp.Status=candidate			
wontSend	The sender won't send the event or field notifier.			
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1 atp.Status=candidate			

Table 3.143: SenderIntentEnum

3.17.5.1.3 Client ComSpec

The ClientComSpec undergoes extensions for the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, namely the ability to refer to the getter and setter method of a field and the definition of intentions.

[TPS_MANI_01108]{DRAFT} **Specification of intentions for the caller of a methods or field setter/getter** [The attribute ClientComSpec.clientIntent can be used to specify whether the software actually intends to call the referenced methods or getter/setter of a referenced field.](*RS_MANI_00034*)

[TPS_MANI_01324]{DRAFT} **Semantics of E2E attributes in ClientComSpec** [The EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps shall be used for the specification of RPortPrototype-specific configuration options related to end-to-end protection of methods.](*RS_MANI_00028*)



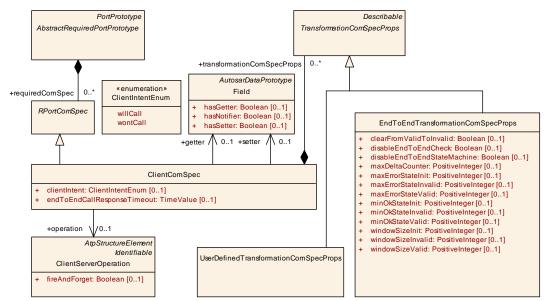


Figure 3.81: Modeling of the ClientComSpec on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

Class	ClientComSpec				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Communication				
Note	Client-specific communication attributes (RPortPrototype typed by ServiceInterface) that are relevant for methods and field getters and setters.				
Base	ARObject, RPortComSpec				
Aggregated by	AbstractRequiredPortPro	<i>totype</i> .req	uiredCom	Spec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.requiredComSpec	
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
clientIntent	ClientIntentEnum	01	attr	This attribute represents the expressed intent of the client. The client may decide to claim that existing resources of a ServiceInterface are expressly not used by this specific client. The conceptual background of this claim may be driven by security, safety, etc.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
endToEndCall Response Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute defines the maximum time interval in which the application shall expect the servers's response (time between the sending of the call invocation until the arrival of the server's response).	
getter	Field	01	ref	The existence of this reference indicates that the Client ComSpec refers to the getter of a Field.	
				Tags:atp.Status=draft	
operation	ClientServerOperation	01	ref	This represents the corresponding ClientServerOperation.	
setter	Field	01	ref	The existence of this reference indicates that the Client ComSpec refers to the setter of a Field.	
				Tags:atp.Status=draft	
transformation ComSpecProps	TransformationCom SpecProps	*	aggr	This references the TransformationComSpecProps which define port-specific configuration for data transformation.	

Table 3.144: ClientComSpec



Enumeration	ClientIntentEnum				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ComSpec				
Note	This meta-class represents the intent to specify how a given ServiceInterface is used from the perspective of a given client.				
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
Aggregated by	ClientComSpec.clientIntent				
Literal	Description				
willCall	The client will call this method.				
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0 atp.Status=candidate				
wontCall	The client won't call this method.				
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1 atp.Status=candidate				

3.17.5.1.4 Server ComSpec

The ServerComSpec undergoes extensions for the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, namely the ability to refer to the getter and setter method of a field and the definition of intentions.

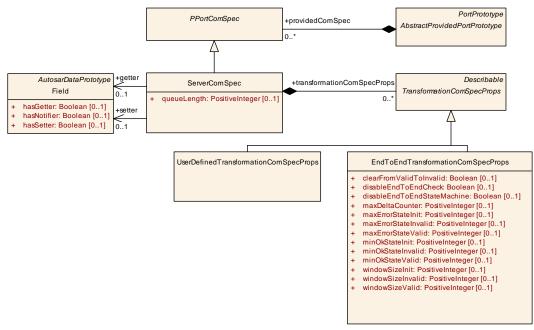


Figure 3.82: Modeling of the ServerComSpec on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

[TPS_MANI_01325]{DRAFT} **Semantics of E2E attributes in ServerComSpec** [The EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps shall be used for the specification of PPortPrototype-specific configuration options related to end-to-end protection of methods.](*RS_MANI_00028*)



Class	ServerComSpec						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Communication						
Note		Server-specific communication attributes (PPortPrototype typed by ServiceInterface) that are relevant for methods and field getters and setters.					
Base	ARObject, PPortComSpe	с					
Aggregated by	AbstractProvidedPortProt	otype.prov	videdCom	Spec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.providedComSpec			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
getter	Field	01	ref	The existence of this reference indicates that the Server ComSpec refers to the getter of a Field.			
				Tags:atp.Status=draft			
operation	ClientServerOperation	01	ref	Operation these communication attributes apply to.			
queueLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Length of call queue on the server side.			
setter	Field	01	ref	The existence of this reference indicates that the Server ComSpec refers to the setter of a Field.			
				Tags:atp.Status=draft			
transformation ComSpecProps	TransformationCom SpecProps	*	aggr	This references the TransformationComSpecProps which define port-specific configuration for data transformation.			

3.17.5.1.5 Communication behavior to be implemented by the Application Software

In order to support periodic data transmission and reception (the main reason for this is to be able to perform periodic invocation of the EndToEnd transformation), the application software needs to implement the period in its program flow. But there may also be other reasons why the application shall take care of the periodicity.

The period of the invocation of transmission and reception APIs can be defined using the TransmissionComSpecProps and ReceptionComSpecProps available at the SenderComSpec and ReceiverComSpec.

As the TransmissionComSpecProps and ReceptionComSpecProps define what the expected communication behavior is, the values can also be utilized by communication (network) measurement tools to verify whether the application code actually implements the attributes properly.

The attribute ReceptionComSpecProps.dataUpdatePeriod defines the time period in which the receiving application shall call the reception API to check for new data.

The attribute ReceptionComSpecProps.timeout defines the time after which the application shall assume that the to be received data reception has timed out.

The attribute TransmissionComSpecProps.dataUpdatePeriod defines the time period in which the sending application shall call the send API.



The attributes TransmissionComSpecProps.minimumSendInterval and TransmissionComSpecProps.transmissionMode define values which influence the transmission behavior, implemented by the application code.

The attribute End2EndEventProtectionProps.dataUpdatePeriod also defines an expected period to be implemented by the application software for EndToEnd protection.

More specifically, the attribute End2EndEventProtectionProps.dataUpdatePeriod represents a network perspective, especially when no application software is defined yet and thus no SenderComSpec and ReceiverComSpec are available.

3.17.5.2 Port Prototypes typed by Persistency Data Interfaces

[TPS_MANI_01314]{DRAFT} Further qualification of properties of PortPrototypes typed by PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterfaces [For PortPrototypes typed by PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterfaces it is possible to define further qualifying attributes for the required side.

For this purpose meta-class PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec is provided.]
(RS MANI 00027)

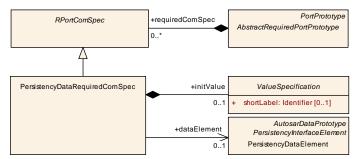


Figure 3.83: Modeling of ComSpec for persistency

[TPS_MANI_01160]{DRAFT} Definition of initial value for PersistencyDataElement [The definition of an initial value for a PersistencyDataElement can be done on the level of a PortPrototype by means of PersistencyDataRequiredCom-Spec.initValue](*RS_MANI_00027*)

Class	PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	es::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::ComSpec		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define port-specific attributes for supporting use cases of data persistency on the required side.					
Base	ARObject, RPortComSpec					
Aggregated by	AbstractRequiredPortPr	<i>ototype</i> .req	uiredCom	Spec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.requiredComSpec		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
dataElement	PersistencyData Element	01	ref	This refrence represents the PersistencyDataElement for which the PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec applies.		
			∇	•		



			\triangle	
Class	PersistencyDataRequir	edComSp	ec	
initValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the definition of an initial value for the PersistencyDataElement referenced by the enclosing PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec

Table 3.147: PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec

[constr_10153]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role Persistency-DataRequiredComSpec.dataElement [For each PersistencyDataRequired-ComSpec, the reference in the role dataElement shall exist at the time before the generation of the ara API starts.]()

[constr_10081]{DRAFT} Existence of initial values in the definition of PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec [For each PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec, if the value of attribute dataElement.updateStrategy is set to the value delete, then attribute PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec.initValue shall not exist. (/)

3.18 Executable

3.18.1 Overview

An Executable represents an executable program in the AUTOSAR meta-model. An explanation of the semantics of the attributes of Executable can be found in the following sub-sections.

ARElement AtpClassifier Executable	«enumeration»
+ buildType: BuildTypeEnum [01] + minimumTimerGranularity: TimeValue [01]	reportsExecutionState doesNotReportExecutionState
 reportingBehavior: ExecutionStateReportingBehaviorEnum [01] version: StrongRevisionLabelString [01] 	

Figure 3.84:	Modeling of the Executable
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Class	Executable					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::ApplicationStructure		
Note	This meta-class represer	nts an exec	utable pro	ogram.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=Executables					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpClassifier, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
buildType	BuildTypeEnum	01	attr	This attribute describes the buildType of a module and/or platform implementation.		
implementation Props	Executable ImplementationProps	*	aggr	This aggregation contains the collection of implementation-specific properties necessary to properly build the enclosing Executable.		



Δ						
Class	Executable					
minimumTimer Granularity	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute describes the minimum timer resolution (TimeValue of one tick) that is required by the Executable.		
reporting Behavior	ExecutionState ReportingBehavior Enum	01	attr	this attribute controls the execution state reporting behavior of the enclosing Executable.		
rootSw Component Prototype	RootSwComponent Prototype	01	aggr	This represents the root SwCompositionPrototype of the Executable. This aggregation is required (in contrast to a direct reference of a SwComponentType) in order to support the definition of instanceRefs in Executable context.		
version	StrongRevisionLabel String	01	attr	Version of the executable.		

Table 3.148: Executable

Enumeration	BuildTypeEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation
Note	This enumeration defines the possible buildTypes a software module may be implemented.
Aggregated by	Executable.buildType
Literal	Description
buildTypeDebug	Used for debugging.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1
buildTypeRelease	Used for releasing.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0

Table 3.149: BuildTypeEnum

3.18.2 Category

[constr_1605]{DRAFT} **Standardized values of attribute Executable.category** [The following values for attribute Executable.category are standardized by AUTOSAR:

- PLATFORM_LEVEL: the Executable represents software on the platform level (i.e. conceptually located *on the level of* the middleware).
- APPLICATION_LEVEL: the Executable represents software on the application level (i.e. conceptually located *above* the middleware).

]()

3.18.3 Root Software Component Prototype

[TPS_MANI_01010]{DRAFT} Root element for a hierarchical software-component [Executable aggregates meta-class RootSwComponentPrototype in the role



rootSwComponentPrototype to provide a root element for an arbitrarily nested hierarchy of software-components represented by the reference RootSwComponent-Prototype.applicationType.](*RS_MANI_00001, RS_MANI_00004*)

Please note that the aggregation of RootSwComponentPrototype by Executable is the basis for the applicability of an \ll instanceRef \gg reference into the hierarchy of software-components that represent the functionality of the Executable.

This modeling approach is similar to the modeling of a System on the AUTOSAR classic platform.

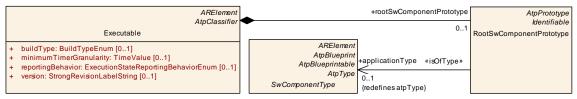


Figure 3.85: Modeling of the RootSwComponentPrototype in the context of Executable

[TPS_MANI_03056]{DRAFT} **Optionality of Executable.rootSwComponentPro-totype** [The aggregation Executable.rootSwComponentPrototype has been made optional in order to support the implementation of *platform modules* that do not utilize any service oriented communication and don't require any further formalization.] (*RS_MANI_00023*)

[constr_1492]{DRAFT} SwComponentType referenced in the role Executable. rootSwComponentPrototype.applicationType [Any SwComponentType referenced in the role Executable.rootSwComponentPrototype.applicationType, or used to type a SwComponentPrototype nested inside the SwComponentType referenced in the role Executable.rootSwComponentPrototype.application-Type shall only be either a CompositionSwComponentType or an AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType.]()

Class	RootSwComponentPrototype				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ApplicationStructure				
Note	The RootSwCompositionPrototype represents the top-level-composition of software components within an Executable.				
	The contained SwComponentPrototypes are fully specified by their SwComponentTypes (including Port Prototypes, PortInterfaces, VariableDataPrototypes, etc.).				
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Executable.rootSwComponentPrototype				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
applicationType	SwComponentType	01	tref	This SwComponentType acts as the Type of the RootSw ComponentPrototype.	
				Stereotypes: isOfType	

Table 3.150: RootSwComponentPrototype



The example depicted in Figure 3.86 exemplifies the statement of [constr_1492]. The example shows a component hierarchy that consists of SwComponentPrototypes that are excursively typed by either a CompositionSwComponentType or an AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType.

Class	SwComponentType (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components					
Note	Base class for AUTOSAF	software	compone	nts.			
Base				eprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, geableElement, Referrable			
Subclasses	AdaptiveApplicationSwCo ParameterSwComponent		Type, Ator	nicSwComponentType, CompositionSwComponentType,			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
port	PortPrototype	*	aggr	The PortPrototypes through which this SwComponent Type can communicate.			
				The aggregation of PortPrototype is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of PortPrototypes.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=port.shortName, port.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
portGroup	PortGroup	*	aggr	A port group being part of this component.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=portGroup.shortName, portGroup.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
swComponent	SwComponent 01	01	aggr	This adds a documentation to the SwComponentType.			
Documentation	Documentation			Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=swComponentDocumentation, sw ComponentDocumentation.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=-10			

Table 3.151: SwComponentType

Class	CompositionSwComponentType						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Composition					
Note	A CompositionSwComponentType aggregates SwComponentPrototypes (that in turn are typed by Sw ComponentTypes) as well as SwConnectors for primarily connecting SwComponentPrototypes among each others and towards the surface of the CompositionSwComponentType. By this means, hierarchical structures of software-components can be created.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=SwComponentTypes						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, SwComponentType						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			



Class	CompositionSwCompo	nentType		
component	SwComponent Prototype	*	aggr	The instantiated components that are part of this composition.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=component.shortName, component.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
connector	SwConnector	*	aggr	SwConnectors have the principal ability to establish a connection among PortPrototypes. They can have many roles in the context of a CompositionSwComponentType. Details are refined by subclasses.
				The aggregation of SwConnectors is subject to variability with the purpose to support variant data flow.
				The aggregation is marked as atpSplitable in order to allow the extension of the ECU extract with AssemblySw Connectors between ApplicationSwComponentTypes and ServiceSwComponentTypes during the ECU integration.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=connector.shortName, connector.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
constantValue Mapping	ConstantSpecification MappingSet	*	ref	Reference to the ConstantSpecificationMapping to be applied for initValues of PPortComSpecs and RPortCom Spec.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=constantValueMapping
dataType Mapping	DataTypeMappingSet	*	ref	Reference to the DataTypeMapping to be applied for the used ApplicationDataTypes in ServiceInterfaces.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=dataTypeMapping

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 Table 3.152: CompositionSwComponentType

While the left part of Figure 3.86 resembles the modeling in the meta-model, the right part uses a simplified notation to give an idea how the nested definition of software-components could look like.

An obvious consequence of [constr_1492] is that no software-component that could be used on the AUTOSAR classic platform is allowed on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, i.e. in the context of an Executable.rootSwComponentPrototype.applicationType.

Software-components on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* are mainly defined by their interaction with the outside world by means of PortPrototypes typed by ServiceInterfaces. The definition of an internal behavior, with a minor exception, is not foreseen.

This lack of internal structure, in combination with decisions made regarding the scope of the generation of header files, leads to a situation where the implementation of a software component in source code is (in comparison to the situation on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*) way less subject to a strict separation.



In other words, there is no real motivation to implement software-components separately from each other. It would be possible, although not encouraged, to implement all software-components of a given executable program directly within the Main() function of the program.

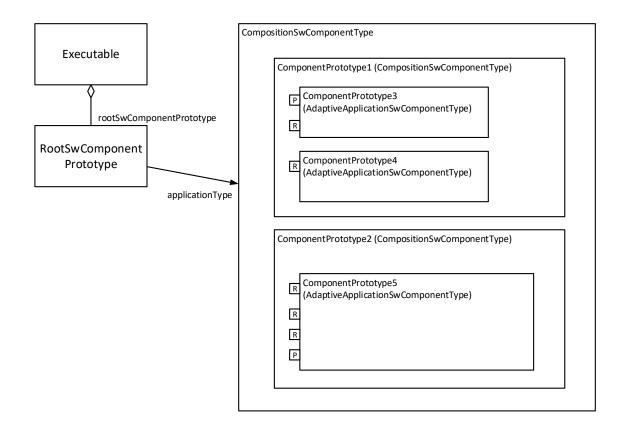


Figure 3.86: Example of the possible structure of an Executable

3.18.4 Reporting Behavior

[TPS_MANI_01279]{DRAFT} **Semantics of Executable.reportingBehavior** [Attribute Executable.reportingBehavior shall be used to control the reporting of the execution state of the enclosing Executable to the Execution Management. If the attribute does not exist, the Executable shall report its execution state to the Execution Management.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Enumeration	ExecutionStateReportingBehaviorEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ApplicationStructure
Note	This enumeration provides options for controlling of how an Executable reports its execution state to the Execution Management
Aggregated by	Executable.reportingBehavior
Literal	Description

 ∇



Enumeration	ExecutionStateReportingBehaviorEnum			
doesNotReport	The Executable shall not report its execution state to the Execution Management.			
ExecutionState	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			
reportsExecution	The Executable shall report its execution state to the Execution Management.			
State	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			

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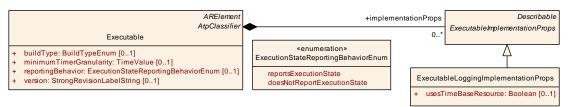
Table 3.153: ExecutionStateReportingBehaviorEnum

3.18.5 Implementation Props

[TPS_MANI_01370]{DRAFT} **Semantics of ExecutableImplementationProps** [If an Executable is built for a specific purpose inside the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, i.e. the implementation of a functional cluster, then it may be necessary to add configurations that need to be considered at compile time, e.g. whether the implementation of the logging functional cluster needs access to resources provided by the synchronized time base functional cluster.

The configuration of such implementation-specific properties can be done by means of the Executable.implementationProps, specifically by a sub-class of ExecutableImplementationProps.](RS_MANI_00001, RS_MANI_00023)

As depicted in Figure 3.87, one example for the utilization of ExecutableImplementationProps is the definition of ExecutableLoggingImplementationProps (see section 3.18.6).





Class	ExecutableImplementati	onProps	(abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::ApplicationStructure			
Note		This abstract class has the ability to act as a base class for classes that detail out the implementation-specific properties of an Executable.					
Base	ARObject, Describable	ARObject, Describable					
Subclasses	ExecutableLoggingImplem	ExecutableLoggingImplementationProps					
Aggregated by	Executable.implementation	nProps					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
-	-	-	-	-			

Table 3.154: ExecutableImplementationProps



3.18.6 Logging

[TPS_MANI_01383]{DRAFT} **Semantics of ExecutableLoggingImplementationProps** [The implementation properties of an Executable that is implementing (a part of) the logging functional cluster can be configured using the ExecutableLoggingImplementationProps.](*RS_MANI_00001, RS_MANI_00023*)

[constr_10113]{DRAFT} Restriction for the existence of ExecutableLoggingImplementationProps [The aggregation of ExecutableLoggingImplementationProps in the role Executable.implementationProps is only allowed for an Executable where attribute category is set to the value PLATFORM_LEVEL.]()

Class	ExecutableLoggingImplementationProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::ApplicationStructure		
Note	This meta-class contains configuration relevant for the implementation of an Executable used in the context of the LogAndTraceInstantiation.					
Base	ARObject, Describable, ExecutableImplementationProps					
Aggregated by	Executable.implementatio	nProps				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
usesTimeBase Resource	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute indicates that the implementation of the enclosing Executable is required to access resources provided by the synchronized time base functional cluster.		

 Table 3.155: ExecutableLoggingImplementationProps

3.19 Optional Members in complex Data Structures

3.19.1 Background

The AUTOSAR adaptive platform supports the usage of a TLV⁶ data encoding on the SOME/IP transport layer. TLV is typically used where at least a part of the transmitted data is only *optionally* existing and filled with meaningful values.

In other words: an optional part of a data structure may exist and carry meaningful values in one instance of data transmission and be completely missing in another instance of the data transmission.

The receiving software needs to be able to identify whether the optional part exists and read its value accordingly.

The receiving software also needs to be able to still execute meaningfully if the optional part of such a data structure does not exist in the specific communication instance.

Consequently, it is necessary to be able to precisely identify the parts of a data structure that may become optional for specific instances of data transmission.

⁶This abbreviation stands for tag-length-value



In terms of the AUTOSAR meta-model, the identification could - in principle - be attached at various levels of abstraction:

AutosarDataType In this case the optionality that is primarily only needed for communication purposes would still be existing in all other usages of data types. AUTOSAR still sees use cases for implementing this option, especially in the context of the AUTOSAR classic platform.

Admittedly, the definition of different optionality configurations for the same data type may lead to the existence of a bunch of structurally identical data types that only vary in terms of optionality. The existence of variation points may help to mitigate this effect, though.

ServiceInterface In this case the optionality is defined where it is actually required. However, different optionality could - in principle - be defined for DataPrototypes typed by the same AutosarDataType.

This would lead to an increased effort for the definition of C++ data types in the context of the same <u>ServiceInterface</u>. Additional constraints have been identified in the context of the *AUTOSAR classic platform* that finally render this option as not viable.

ComSpec In this case the definition of optionality would even be more specific in comparison to the definition of optionality on the level of <u>ServiceInterfaces</u>.

On top of that, the task to define optionality in the vast majority of cases is done by an OEM, whereas the model definition on the level of ComSpec requires the existence of SwComponentTypes and this definition is in many cases in the domain of a supplier.

As a result of this consideration, AUTOSAR has opted for implementation the concept of defining the optionality on the level of the AutosarDataType.

3.19.2 Definition of Optionality

As mentioned before, the concrete definition of optionality on the level of an Autosar-DataType is done by the indication of individual elements of the composite Autosar-DataType.

More specifically, the definition of optionality needs to be supported for subclasses of AutosarDataType, namely on the level of ApplicationDataType as well as on the level of CppImplementationDataType.

In other words, if ApplicationDataTypes with optional elements are used to define a ServiceInterface then it is still necessary to convey the optionality down to the level of data type definition that directly affects the language binding of the AUTOSAR model.

Figure 3.88 shows the modeling of optionality on the level of ApplicationDataType.



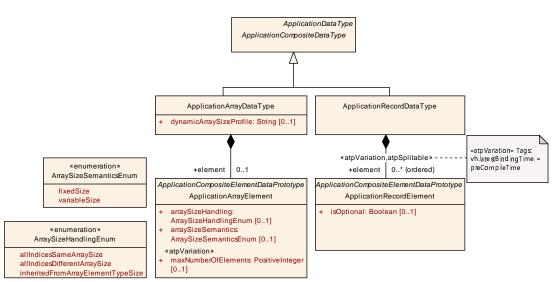


Figure 3.88: Modeling of optionality on the level of ApplicationDataType

[TPS_MANI_01184]{DRAFT} **Definition of optional elements on the level of ApplicationDataType** [The modeling approach for the definition of optional elements on the level of ApplicationDataType is to set the attribute Application-RecordElement.isOptional to the value True.

If the attribute is not set or set to the value False then the respective Application-RecordElement shall be considered mandatory. (*RS_MANI_00030*)

Class	ApplicationRecordDataType					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes					
Note	An application data type which can be decomposed into prototypes of other application data types.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=A	pplication	DataTypes		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, ApplicationCompositeDataType, ApplicationDataType, AtpBlueprint, Atp Blueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
element	element ApplicationRecord (ordered) Element	*	aggr	Specifies an element of a record.		
(ordered)				The aggregation of ApplicationRecordElement is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of elements inside a ApplicationrecordData Type.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=element.shortName, element.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		

Table 3.156: ApplicationRecordDataType



Class	ApplicationRecordElement							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes						
Note	Describes the properties of	of one par	ticular ele	ment of an application record data type.				
Base	ARObject, ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable							
Aggregated by	ApplicationRecordDataTy	pe.elemen	t, AtpCla	ssifier.atpFeature				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
isOptional	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to declare the enclosing ApplicationRecordElement as optional. This means the that, at runtime, the ApplicationRecord Element may or may not have a valid value and shall therefore be ignored.				
				The underlying runtime software provides means to set the ApplicationRecordElement as not valid at the sending end of a communication and determine its validity at the receiving end.				

Table 3.157:	ApplicationRecordElement
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On top of that, it is still possible to use CppImplementationDataType directly for the definition of a ServiceInterface.

[TPS_MANI_01185]{DRAFT} **Definition of optional elements on the level of CppImplementationDataType** [The modeling approach for the definition of optional elements on the level of CppImplementationDataType is to set the attribute CppImplementationDataTypeElement.isOptional to the value True.

If the attribute is not set or set to the value False then the respective CppImplementationDataTypeElement shall be considered mandatory. (*RS MANI 00030*)

The attribute NotAvailableValueSpecification.defaultPattern has no meaning for the initialization of DataPrototypes on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform. This aspect is covered by [TPS_MANI_01333]:

[TPS_MANI_01333]{DRAFT} Attribute NotAvailableValueSpecification.defaultPattern is not applicable [The attribute NotAvailableValueSpecification.defaultPattern (if defined) shall be ignored by the adaptive platform.

The rationale for ignoring the defaultPattern is that the optional data is technically not accessible from application code in case it has not been received.](*RS_MANI_-00030*)

3.20 Serialization Properties

In Adaptive AUTOSAR, the serialization code is generated out of the service description and is compiled and executed in the application context.

The meta-class TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping defines the serialization for a ServiceInterface element and provides the necessary serialization settings with the TransformationProps element.



The existence of a TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping demands the existence of serialization code that is linked with the application component object file to an application binary.

The serialization of SOME/IP is based on the ServiceInterface specification. If an AutosarDataPrototype that is used within a ServiceInterface is composite like a structure, union or array then SOME/IP supports the configuration of length fields that will be put in front of the serialized data.

AUTOSAR supports the configuration of such serialization settings on two different levels:

- Modeling on ServiceInterface element level that is valid for all available occurrences of a DataPrototype in the ServiceInterface element. This case is described in detail in chapter 3.20.1.
- Fine granular modeling on the level of DataPrototypes described in this chapter. This case is described in detail in chapter 3.20.2.

3.20.1 Default Values for Serialization Properties

[TPS_MANI_03101]{DRAFT} SOME/IP serialization [The ApSomeipTransformationProps meta-class that is referenced by the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role transformationProps provides the ability to define a SOME/IP serialization settings for ServiceInterface elements that are referenced by the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role event, trigger, method or field.](*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00025*)

[constr_3395]{DRAFT} TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping is restricted to one single ServiceInterface [All ServiceInterface elements that are referenced by the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role event, trigger, method Or field shall be aggregated by the same ServiceInterface in the role event, trigger, method Or field.]()

[TPS_MANI_03288]{DRAFT} **ApSomeipTransformationProps for triggers** [If ApSomeipTransformationProps are assigned to a trigger then only the attribute sessionHandling is relevant for the SOME/IP transformation. All other attributes of the ApSomeipTransformationProps are irrelevant for triggers and will be ignored by the SOME/IP transformation.] (*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00025*)

[TPS_MANI_03103]{DRAFT} **Default size for all array and map length fields** [The attribute sizeOfArrayLengthField of ApSomeipTransformationProps referenced by TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role transformationProps defines the size of a length field generated by SOME/IP in front of all available variable size arrays (vectors), fixed size arrays and associative_maps defined in ServiceInterface elements that are referenced by



the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role event, method or field.](RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00025)

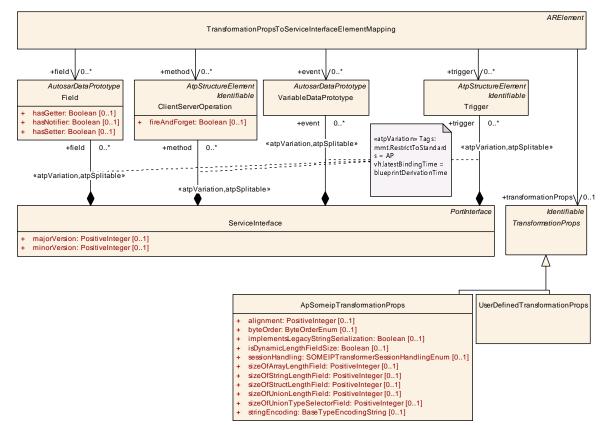


Figure 3.89: Association of serialization properties with a ServiceInterface

[TPS_MANI_03104]{DRAFT} **Default size for all structure length fields** [The attribute sizeOfStructLengthField of ApSomeipTransformationProps referenced by TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role transformationProps defines the size of a length field generated by SOME/IP in front of all available structures defined in ServiceInterface elements that are referenced by the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role event, method or field.](*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00025*)

[TPS_MANI_03117]{DRAFT} **Default size for all string length fields** [The attribute sizeOfStringLengthField of ApSomeipTransformationProps referenced by TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role transformationProps defines the size of a length field generated by SOME/IP in front of all available strings defined in ServiceInterface elements that are referenced by the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role event, method or field.](*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00025*)

[TPS_MANI_03105]{DRAFT} **Default size for all union length fields** [The attribute sizeOfUnionLengthField of ApSomeipTransformationProps referenced by TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role transformationProps defines the size of a length field generated by SOME/IP



in front of all available unions defined in ServiceInterface elements that are referenced by the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role event, method or field. (*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00025*)

[TPS_MANI_03106]{DRAFT} **Default size for all union type selector fields** [The attribute sizeOfUnionTypeSelectorField of ApSomeipTransformationProps referenced by TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role transformationProps defines the size of a type field generated by SOME/IP in front of all available unions defined in ServiceInterface elements that are referenced by the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role event, method or field.](*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00025*)

[TPS_MANI_03107]{DRAFT} **Default alignment for all dynamic DataProto-types** [The attribute alignment of ApSomeipTransformationProps referenced by TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role transformationProps defines the padding for alignment purposes that will be added by SOME/IP after the serialized data of all variable data length data elements defined in ServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the Transforma-tionPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role event, method Or field.](*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00025*)

[TPS_MANI_03108]{DRAFT} **Default Byte Order for all DataPrototypes** [The attribute byteOrder of ApSomeipTransformationProps referenced by TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role transformationProps defines the Byte Order in the serialized data stream resulting from ServiceInterfaceElements that are referenced by the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role event, method or field.] *(RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00025)*

[constr_1614]{DRAFT} Existence of attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.sessionHandling [The attribute ApSomeipTransformationProps.sessionHandling shall only exist if the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping that refers to the respective ApSomeipTransformationProps in the role transformationProps does not refer to a ClientServerOperation in the role method.] ()

[TPS_MANI_01210]{DRAFT} **Default encoding for all DataPrototypes typed by CppImplementationDataType of category STRING** [The attribute stringEncoding of a ApSomeipTransformationProps referenced by TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role transformationProps defines the string encoding in the serialized data stream resulting from ServiceInterface elements that are referenced by the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role event, method or field.] *(RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00025)*



[constr_1675]{DRAFT} Existence of attribute ApSomeipTransformation-Props.stringEncoding [The attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps.stringEncoding shall only exist for a event, method or field (referenced by the same Transformation-PropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping) that consists of or contains a DataPrototype typed by a CppImplementationDataType Of category STRING.]()

Please note that more details about ApSomeipTransformationProps can be found in chapter 3.20.2.

[constr_1678]{DRAFT} Allowed values for attribute ApSomeipTransformation-Props.stringEncoding [Imposed by technical restrictions in the definition of the SOME/IP message format [8], only two possible values of attribute ApSomeipTransformationProps.stringEncoding are allowed:

- UTF-8: UCS Transformation Format 8
- UTF-16: Character encoding for Unicode *code points* based on 16 bit *code units* [18]

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Class	ApSomeipTransformationProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::SerializationProperties					
Note	SOME/IP serialization pro	perties.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable, TransformationProps		
Aggregated by	TransformationPropsSet.ti	ransforma	tionProps	;		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
alignment	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the padding for alignment purposes that will be added by the SOME/IP transformer after the serialized data of the variable data length data element. The alignment shall be specified in Bits.		
byteOrder	ByteOrderEnum	01	attr	Specifies the byte order of data in the serialized data stream.		
implements LegacyString Serialization	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute indicates that Strings in the SOME/IP message shall NOT be serialized according to the SOME/IP specification for Strings.		
				If this attribute is set to true, BOM and null-termination shall NOT be added in the serialization for Strings in the payload.		
				If this attribute is set to false (or not set) BOM and null-termination shall be added in the serialization for Strings in the payload according to the SOME/IP specification for Strings.		
				NOTE! This attribute is not future safe, and will be removed in an upcoming AUTOSAR release!		
				Tags:atp.Status=obsolete		



Class	ApSomeipTransformatio	onProps		
isDynamic LengthFieldSize	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to control the setting of the wire type for TLV encoding.
				If the attribute is set to True then wire type 5-7 shall be used.
				If the attribute does not exist or is set to False then wire type 4 shall be used.
session Handling	SOMEIPTransformer SessionHandlingEnum	01	attr	Defines whether the SOME/IP transformer shall use session handling for Sender/Receiver communication.
sizeOfArray LengthField	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Configures the SOME/IP serialization for the referenced dataPrototype in case of a variable size Array (Vector), fixed-size Array or an Associative_Map. It describes the size of the length field (in Bytes) that will be put in front of the Array or Associative_Map in the SOME/IP message.
sizeOfString LengthField	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Configures the SOME/IP serialization for the referenced dataPrototype in case of a String. It describes the size of the length field (in Bytes) that will be put in front of the String in the SOME/IP message.
sizeOfStruct LengthField	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Configures the SOME/IP serialization for the referenced dataPrototype in case of an Struct. It describes the size of the length field (in Bytes) that will be put in front of the Struct in the SOME/IP message.
sizeOfUnion LengthField	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Configures the SOME/IP serialization for the referenced dataPrototype in case of a Union. It describes the size of the length field (in Bytes) that will be put in front of the Union in the SOME/IP message.
sizeOfUnion TypeSelector Field	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Configures the SOME/IP serialization for the referenced dataPrototype in case of a Union. It describes the size of the type selector field (in Bytes) that will be put in front of the Union in the SOME/IP message.
stringEncoding	BaseTypeEncoding String	01	attr	Configures the encoding for SOME/IP serialization for the referenced dataPrototype in case of an String.

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 Table 3.158: ApSomeipTransformationProps

[TPS_MANI_03102]{DRAFT} UserDefined serialization [The UserDefinedTransformationProps meta-class that is referenced by the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role transformationProps provides the ability to define a User defined serialization for ServiceInterface elements that are referenced by the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping in the role event, method or field.](*RS_MANI_00014*, *RS_MANI_00025*)

Please note that UserDefinedTransformationProps is derived from meta-class Identifiable and therefore has the ability to describe special data (sdg) by which it is possible to define custom structural extensions of an AUTOSAR model in a generic way. For more information about special data please refer to [7].



Class	TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ApplicationStructure						
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to associate a ServiceInterface element with TransformationProps. The referenced elements of the Service Interface will be serialized according to the settings defined in the TransformationProps.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=Tr	ansforma	tionPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMappings			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
event	VariableDataPrototype	*	ref	This represents the reference to one or several events of one ServiceInterface.			
field	Field	*	ref	This represents the reference to one or several fields of one ServiceInterface.			
method	ClientServerOperation	*	ref	This represents the reference to one or several methods of one ServiceInterface.			
tlvDatald Definition	TlvDataIdDefinitionSet	*	ref	This reference identifies the TlvDataldDefinitions relevant for the enclosing TransformationPropsToServiceInterface Mapping.			
transformation Props	TransformationProps	01	ref	This represents the reference to the applicable Serialization properties.			
trigger	Trigger	*	ref	This represents the reference to one or several triggers of one ServiceInterface.			

Table 3.159: TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping

Class	UserDefinedTransformationProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemT	emplate::	Fransformer	
Note	The class UserDefinedTransformationProps specifies specific configuration properties of a user defined serializer.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, TransformationProps				
Aggregated by	TransformationPropsSet.transformationProps				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	-	_	_	_	

Table 3.160: UserDefinedTransformationProps

3.20.2 Individual Definition of Serialization Properties

[TPS_MANI_03109]{DRAFT} TransformationProps on the level of DataPrototypes overwrites TransformationProps settings on the level of a ServiceInterface [The fine granular modeling of TransformationProps on the level of DataPrototypes overwrites the TransformationProps settings defined on the level of a ServiceInterface described with the TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.](*RS_MANI_00025*)

[constr_3361]{DRAFT} Selective definition of serialization settings [If a Someip-DataPrototypeTransformationProps is defined for a composite DataPrototype of an element of a ServiceInterface (method, field, event) and if the reference someipTransformationProps exists then SomeipDataPrototype-TransformationProps that define the reference someipTransformationProps



shall be defined for all other composite DataPrototypes of the ServiceInterface
element as well.]()

Consider the following example to illustrate [constr_3361]: Let's assume five composite data types (e.g., ApplicationCompositeDataTypes) DT_0, DT_1, DT_2, DT_3, and DT_4 consisting of DataPrototypes (el_0 to el_10) which in turn are also typed by composite data types, see Figure 3.90.

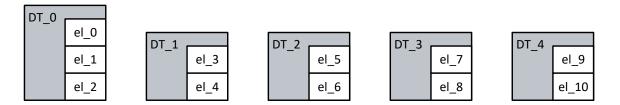


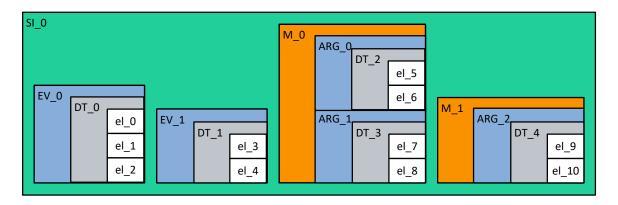
Figure 3.90: Definition of data types used in the example

Further consider a ServiceInterface SI_0 consisting of two events EV_0 and EV_ typed by DT_0 and DT_1 respectively.

Additionally, SI_0 provides two methods M_0 and M_1 where M_0 has two arguments ARG_0 and ARG_1 typed by DT_2 and DT_3 and M_1 has one argument ARG_2 typed by DT_4. This yields the following hierarchy for SI_0, see Figure 3.91.

In this setup [constr_3361] would mandate that if a SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps were defined for el_2, then SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps have to be defined for el_0 and el_1 as well since el_0 and el_1 are composite DataPrototypes of the same ServiceInterface element EV_0 as el_2.

Conversely, [constr_3361], would not mandate that if a SomeipDataPrototype-TransformationProps were defined for el_2, then SomeipDataPrototype-TransformationProps have to be defined for el_3 and el_4 as well since el_3 and el_4 are composite DataPrototypes of a different ServiceInterface element (EV_1 instead of EV_0) than el_2.







Similar for fields (since the setter and getter methods of a field are not explicitly modeled as ClientServerOperation (with their input and output argument) and thus there is only the Field itself (which derives from AutosarDataPrototype) to reason about.

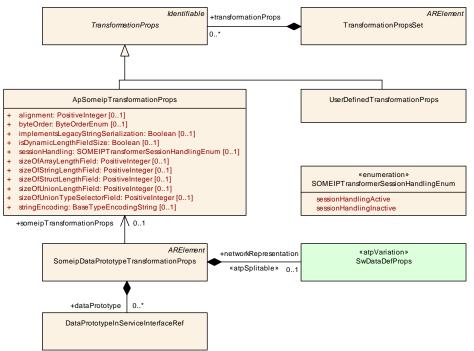


Figure 3.92: Overview about SOME/IP Serialization Properties

As far as methods are concerned, [constr_3361] would mandate the following: If in the above example a SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps were defined for el_5, then SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps have to be defined for el_6, el_7, and el_8 as well since el_6, el_7, and el_8 are composite DataPrototypeS of the same ServiceInterface element M_0 as el_5.

Conversely, [constr_3361] would not mandate that if a SomeipDataPrototype-TransformationProps were defined for el_5, then SomeipDataPrototype-TransformationProps have to be defined for el_9 and el_10 as well since el_9 and el_10 are composite DataPrototypes of a different ServiceInterface element M_1 (instead of M_0) than el_5.

Class	TransformationPropsSet					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::SystemT	emplate::	Transformer		
Note	Collection of Transformat	tionProps.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=TransformationPropsSets					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
transformation Props	TransformationProps	*	aggr	Transformer specific configuration properties.		

 Table 3.161: TransformationPropsSet



Enumeration	SOMEIPTransformerSessionHandlingEnum				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Transformer				
Note	Enables or disable session handling for SOME/IP transformer				
Aggregated by	ApSomeipTransformationProps.sessionHandling, SOMEIPTransformationISignalProps.session HandlingSR				
Literal	Description				
sessionHandling	The SOME/IP Transformer shall use session handling				
Active	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0				
sessionHandling	The SOME/IP Transformer doesn't use session handling				
Inactive	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1				

Table 3.162: SOMEIPTransformerSessionHandlingEnum

[TPS_MANI_03070]{DRAFT} Size of a length field for a chosen array or map [The attribute sizeOfArrayLengthField of ApSomeipTransformationProps defines the size of a length field generated by SOME/IP in front of a variable size array (vector), fixed size array or associative_map for which the SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps is defined, i.e. the variable size array (vector), fixed size array or associative_map that is referenced within the aggregated DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.](*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00024*)

[constr_3353]{DRAFT} Restriction in usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps. sizeOfArrayLengthField [The value of the attribute sizeOfArrayLength-Field shall be either 0, 1, 2 or 4.]()

[constr_3447]{DRAFT} ApSomeipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLength-Field that equals 0 [The sizeOfArrayLengthField value of 0 is only allowed to be used if a fixed size array for which the SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps is defined is referenced within the aggregated DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.]()

The setting of sizeOfArrayLengthField for fixed size arrays supports a backward compatible extension of such arrays with additional array elements.

[TPS_MANI_03071]{DRAFT} **Size of a length field for a chosen structure** [The attribute sizeOfStructLengthField of ApSomeipTransformationProps defines the size of a length field generated by SOME/IP in front of a structure for which the SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps is defined, i.e. the structure that is referenced within the aggregated DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.] (RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00024)

[constr_3354]{DRAFT} Restriction in usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps. sizeOfStructLengthField [The value of the attribute sizeOfStructLength-Field shall be either 0, 1, 2 or 4.]()

[TPS_MANI_03116]{DRAFT} **Size of a length field for a chosen string** [The attribute sizeOfStringLengthField of ApSomeipTransformationProps defines the size of a length field generated by SOME/IP in front of a String for which the SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps is defined, i.e. the String that



is referenced within the aggregated DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.]
(RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00024)

[constr_3372]{DRAFT} Restriction in usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps. sizeOfStringLengthField [The value of the attribute sizeOfStringLength-Field shall be either 0, 1, 2 or 4.]()

[TPS_MANI_03217]{DRAFT} **On-the-wire encoding for a chosen string** [The attribute stringEncoding of ApSomeipTransformationProps defines the on-thewire encoding of a String for which the SomeipDataPrototypeTransformation-Props is defined, i.e. the String that is referenced within the aggregated DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.](*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00024*)

[TPS_MANI_03072]{DRAFT} **Size of a length field for a chosen union** [The attribute sizeOfUnionLengthField of ApSomeipTransformationProps defines the size of a length field generated by SOME/IP in front of a union for which the SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps is defined, i.e. the union that is referenced within the aggregated DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.](*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00024*)

[constr_3355]{DRAFT} Restriction in usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps. sizeOfUnionLengthField [The value of the attribute sizeOfUnionLength-Field shall be either 0, 1, 2 or 4.]()

[TPS_MANI_03073]{DRAFT} **Alignment of a dynamic DataPrototype** [The attribute alignment of ApSomeipTransformationProps defines the padding for alignment purposes that will be added by SOME/IP after the serialized data of the variable data length data element for which the SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps is defined, i.e. the variable data length DataPrototype that is referenced within the aggregated DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.](*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00024*)

[constr_3356]{DRAFT} Restriction in usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps. alignment [The value of the attribute alignment shall be either 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, or 256.]()

[TPS_MANI_03074]{DRAFT} Size of a type selector field for a chosen union [The attribute sizeOfUnionTypeSelectorField of ApSomeipTransformationProps defines the size of a type selector field generated by SOME/IP in front of a union for which the SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps is defined, i.e. the union that is referenced within the aggregated DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.](*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00024*)

[constr_3357]{DRAFT} Restriction in usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps. sizeOfUnionTypeSelectorField [The value of the attribute sizeOfUnion-TypeSelectorField shall be either 1, 2 or 4.]()



[TPS_MANI_03235]{DRAFT} **Usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps.sessionHandling** [The sessionHandling attribute defined in an ApSomeipTransformationProps that is referenced by SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps is not relevant for the DataPrototypes that are referenced in the SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.](RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_-00024)

[TPS_MANI_03278]{DRAFT} **Usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps.byte-Order** [The byteOrder attribute defined in an ApSomeipTransformationProps that is referenced by SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps shall be ignored for the dataPrototypes for which the SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps apply.](*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00024*)

The byteOrder attribute defines the byte order of the complete payload in the SOME/IP message and therefore the configuration via TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping is the only valid option to define the byte order for a ServiceInterface element. Please note that according to SOME/IP, the header is encoded in network byte order (Big Endian).

The sessionHandling attribute is used for the activation/deactivation of the Session-Handling for Events/Notifiers and therefore the usage via TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping is the only valid configuration option.

Class	SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::SerializationProperties			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define data transformation props specifically for a SOME/IP serialization for a given DataPrototype.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=S	omeipDat	taPrototypeTransformationPropss			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	ollectable	Element,	Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Note				
dataPrototype	DataPrototypeInService InterfaceRef	*	aggr	Collection of DataPrototypes for which the settings in SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps are valid. For reuse reasons the SomeipDataPrototypeTransformation Props is able to aggregate several DataPrototypes.			
network Representation	SwDataDefProps	01	aggr	Optional specification of the actual network representation for the referenced primitive DataPrototype. If a network representation is provided then the baseType available in the SwDataDefProps shall be used as input for the serialization/deserialization. If the network Representation is not provided then the baseType of the AbstractImplementationDataType shall be used for the serialization/deserialization.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=networkRepresentation			
someip Transformation Props	ApSomeip TransformationProps	01	ref	This reference represents the ability to define data transformation props specifically for a SOME/IP serialization.			

Table 3.163: SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps



The modeling of the reference to a DataPrototype in the context of a PortInterface that is typed by an ApplicationDataType or by a CppImplementation-DataType is depicted in Figure 11.17.

[TPS_MANI_01136]{DRAFT} AutosarDataPrototype is the target of the DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef [If the target of an DataPrototypeIn-ServiceInterfaceRef is an AutosarDataPrototype the role DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.dataPrototype shall be used to describe the reference independently of whether the AutosarDataPrototype is typed by an ApplicationDataType or a CppImplementationDataType and even independently of whether the AutosarDataType of the AutosarDataPrototype represents a composite data type.](*RS_MANI_00008, RS_MANI_00024*)

[TPS_MANI_01137]{DRAFT} **Applicable use cases for DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef** [Table 3.164 contains a comprehensive list of use cases for the usage of DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.](*RS_MANI_00008, RS_-MANI_00024*)

Use case	Role
AutosarDataPrototype typed by an Application- DataType	dataPrototype
DataPrototype in AutosarDataPrototype typed by an ApplicationCompositeDataType	dataPrototype
AutosarDataPrototype typed by a CppImplementa- tionDataType	dataPrototype
DataPrototype in AutosarDataPrototype typed by a CppImplementationDataType	elementInImplDatatype

Table 3.164: Possible use cases for the usage of DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef

From a careful observation of Table 3.164 it should be clear that there is no valid use case to simultaneously use the two roles dataPrototype and elementInImpl-Datatype in the context of the same DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.

[constr_1551]{DRAFT} Existence of DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef. dataPrototype VS. DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.elementInImplDatatype [For every given DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef, either the aggregation DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.dataPrototype Or DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.elementInImplDatatype shall exist. |()

The usage of the SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.networkRepresentation is explained in more detail in the System Template [19] in [TPS_SYST_-02136] and [TPS_SYST_02137].



3.20.3 Assignment of TLV properties

3.20.3.1 Assignment of TLV Data IDs

[TPS_MANI_01097]{DRAFT} **Assignment of TLV data ids** [The assignment of TLV data ids is done in the context of the specification of TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping, namely by means of the attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.tlvDataIdDefinition.id.](*RS_MANI_00030*)

This approach takes benefit from the fact that the TlvDataIdDefinition is able to create references to relevant model elements.

The assignment of the TLV data id is therefore done by creating such a reference and assigning a TLV data id to it by means of the attribute TlvDataIdDefinition.id.

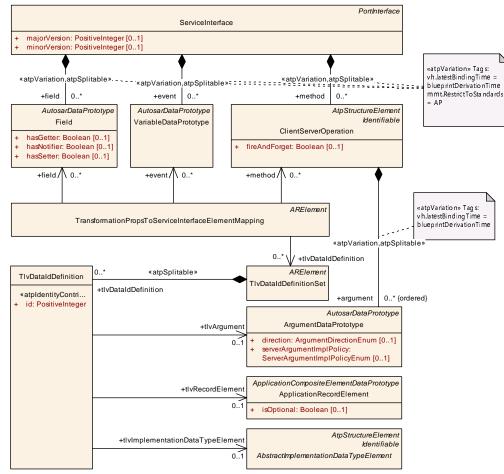


Figure 3.93: Modeling of the TLV data id

Please note that the assignment of TLV data ids is compulsory for an entire data structure that has at least one optional member. In a nutshell, this conclusion (that is also backed by [PRS_SOMEIP_00230], see [8]) is the motivation for the existence of [constr_1594], and [constr_1595].



Please note further that the assignment of TLV data ids is not restricted to data structures with optional members. There is also a use case to support sending the elements of a specific data structure in arbitrary order even if none of the elements is considered optional.

[TPS_MANI_01270]{DRAFT} **Reference from TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping to TlvDataIdDefinitionSet** [The reference from TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping to Tlv-DataIdDefinitionSet means that it is in the hand of the creator of a model to decide whether a global scope should be assumed or whether the definition needs to be customized for a specific case.](*RS_MANI_00030*)

Class	TIvDataldDefinitionSet				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::SystemT	emplate::	Transformer	
Note	This meta-class acts as a	a container	of TlvDat	aldDefinitions to be used in a given context	
	Tags:atp.recommendedF	Package=T	lvDataDef	initionSets	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
tlvDatald Definition	TlvDataldDefinition	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of TIVDataTid Definitions aggregated by the TIvDataIdDefinitionSet	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=tlvDataIdDefinition.id	

Table 3.165: TlvDataldDefinitionSet

[constr_1594]{DRAFT} Consistent assignment of TLV data ids to Application-RecordDataType [For every ApplicationRecordDataType where direct members set the attribute ApplicationRecordElement.isOptional to the value True references to all direct members of this ApplicationRecordDataType shall be created on the basis of the definition of TlvDataIdDefinition.]()

[constr_1595]{DRAFT} Consistent assignment of TLV data ids to CppImplementationDataType Or CppImplementationDataTypeElement [For every CppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE where direct members set the attribute CppImplementationDataTypeElement.isOptional to the value True references to all direct members of this CppImplementationDataType shall be created on the basis of the definition of TlvDataIdDefinition. ()

The definition of a TlvDataIdDefinition that refers to an eligible model element is not limited to scenarios where optional elements are defined. It is also possible to define TlvDataIdDefinition for arbitrary methods or data structures.

A typical use case could be to prepare the argument list or sub-elements for future extensions. However, if one argument or sub-element is referenced then it is necessary to define references from TlvDataIdDefinitions to all other arguments or sub-elements as well.



[constr_1593]{DRAFT} Completeness of the existence of a set of TlvDataId-Definition.tlvArguments [If the reference TlvDataIdDefinition.tlvArgument exists for one argument of a given ClientServerOperation then further TlvDataIdDefinition.tlvArgument shall exist for all arguments of the given ClientServerOperation and all affected TlvDataIdDefinition shall be aggregated by the same TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.]()

Although it would be possible to apply an optimization in the definition of the TLV configuration such that the TLV configuration could be defined direction-specific⁷, AUTOSAR defines that such a mixed TLV configuration shall not be used.

[constr_1603]{DRAFT} Completeness of the existence of a set of Tlv-DataIdDefinition.tlvRecordElements [If the reference TlvDataIdDefinition.tlvRecordElement exists for one element of a given Application-RecordDataType then further TlvDataIdDefinition.tlvRecordElement shall exist for all elements of the given ApplicationRecordDataType and all affected TlvDataIdDefinition shall be aggregated by the same TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.]()

[constr_1604]{DRAFT} Completeness of the existence of a set of Tlv-DataIdDefinition.tlvImplementationDataTypeElements [If the reference TlvDataIdDefinition.tlvImplementationDataTypeElement exists for one subElement of a given CppImplementationDataType Or CppImplementation-DataTypeElement then further TlvDataIdDefinition.tlvImplementation-DataTypeElement shall exist for all subElements of the given CppImplementationDataType Or CppImplementationDataTypeElement and all affected TlvDataIdDefinition shall be aggregated by the same TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.]()

Class	TlvDataldDefinition							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Transformer						
Note	This meta-class represent	s the abili	ty to defir	e the tlvDatald.				
Base	ARObject							
Aggregated by	TIvDataIdDefinitionSet.tlvI	DataldDef	inition					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note							
id	PositiveInteger	1	attr	This attribute represents the definition of the value of the TIvDataId				
				Stereotypes: atpldentityContributor				
tlvArgument	ArgumentDataPrototype	01 ref This reference assigns a tlvDatald to a given argume a ClientServerOperation.						
tlv Implementation DataType Element	AbstractImplementation DataTypeElement	01	ref	This reference associates the definition of a TLV data id with a given AbstractImplementationDataTypeElement.				
tlvRecord Element	ApplicationRecord Element	01	ref	This reference associates the definition of a TLV data id with a given ApplicationRecordElement.				

Table 3.166: TlvDataldDefinition

⁷For example, the usage of TLV encoding for arguments with attribute direction set to in, but **not** for arguments with attribute direction set to out.



The definition of a TlvDataIdDefinition.id has the purpose to provide means to unambiguously identify the argument or sub-element. For this purpose, the value of the id needs to be unique in the respective context.

[constr_1596]{DRAFT} Scope of the uniqueness of the value of TlvDataId-Definition.id for references to ArgumentDataPrototype [For all Tlv-DataIdDefinition that are referencing ArgumentDataPrototypes of a given ClientServerOperation in the role tlvArgument, the attribute TlvDataIdDefinition.id shall exist and have a unique value per communication direction, i.e. in the context of the collection of all

- arguments where attribute direction is set to either in or inout
- arguments where attribute direction is set to either out or inout
- arguments where attribute direction is set to inout (if the method only has arguments where attribute direction is set to inout)

of the respective enclosing ClientServerOperation.]()

Rationale for the existence of [constr_1596]: arguments where attribute direction is set to either in or inout are never sent in the same SOME/IP message as arguments where attribute direction is set to either out or inout.

[constr_1597]{DRAFT} Scope of the uniqueness of the value of TlvDataIdDefinition.id for references to ApplicationRecordElement [For all TlvDataId-Definition that are referencing ApplicationRecordElements of a given ApplicationDataType in the role tlvRecordElement the attribute TlvDataId-Definition.id shall exist and have a unique value in the context of respective enclosing ApplicationRecordDataType.]()

[constr_1598]{DRAFT} Scope of the uniqueness of the value of Tlv-DataIdDefinition.id for references to CppImplementationDataTypeElement [For all TlvDataIdDefinition that are referencing CppImplementation-DataTypeElements of a given CppImplementationDataType/CppImplementationDataTypeElement in the role tlvImplementationDataTypeElement the attribute TlvDataIdDefinition.id shall exist and have a unique value in the context of respective enclosing CppImplementationDataType Or CppImplementationDataTypeElement.]()

Obviously, it is necessary to avoid ambiguity with respect to the definition of TLV data ids. Each model element that can be assigned such an id shall only be assigned one id.

[constr_1599]{DRAFT} TlvDataIdDefinition referencing ArgumentDataPrototype [Each ArgumentDataPrototype shall be referenced at most once in the role tlvArgument in the context of the same TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.]()

[constr_1600]{DRAFT} TlvDataIdDefinition referencing Application-RecordElement [Each ApplicationRecordElement shall be referenced at most



once in the role tlvRecordElement in the context of the same Transformation-PropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.]()

[constr_1601]{DRAFT} **TlvDataIdDefinition referencing CppImplementationDataTypeElement** [Each CppImplementationDataTypeElement shall be referenced at most once in the role tlvImplementationDataTypeElement in the context of the same TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.]()

[constr_1748]{DRAFT} Existence of references TlvDataIdDefinition.tlvArgument, TlvDataIdDefinition.tlvRecordElement, and TlvDataIdDefinition.tlvImplementationDataTypeElement [For each TlvDataIdDefinition, only one out of the following references shall exist:

- reference to an ArgumentDataPrototype in the role tlvArgument
- reference to an ApplicationRecordElement in the role tlvRecordElement
- reference to an AbstractImplementationDataTypeElement in the role tlvImplementationDataTypeElement.

]()

Class	AbstractImplementationDataTypeElement (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Common	Structure	:ImplementationDataTypes		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to act as an abstract base class for specific derived meta-classes that support the modeling of ImplementationDataTypes for a particular language binding.					
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Subclasses	CppImplementationDataTy	peEleme	nt, Implen	nentationDataTypeElement		
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature					
Attribute	Туре	ype Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	_	-	_		

Table 3.167: AbstractImplementationDataTypeElement

[constr_1628]{DRAFT} Definition of static length field sizes in case of TLV usage [If the aggregation tlvDataIdDefinition exists for a given Transformation-PropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping then attributes

- sizeOfArrayLengthField,
- sizeOfStringLengthField,
- sizeOfStructLengthField, and
- sizeOfUnionLengthField

shall have a value greater than 0.|()

Rationale for the existence of [constr_1628]: The TLV serialization requires the usage of length fields:



- If wire type 4 is used (for more details, please refer to [TPS_MANI_01186]) then the length field size shall be statically configured.
- If wire types 5-7 are used (see [TPS_MANI_01186]) then the static configuration of the length field size shall also be present since not all length fields are preceded by a tag, e.g. structures contained in an array or the top-level structure contained in a SOME/IP event.

Without demanding the existence of length fields in such a case the result of a serialization could be ambiguous, i.e. make it impossible for the de-serializer to figure out the data layout⁸.

[constr_1629]{DRAFT} Identical sizes of length fields in case of TLV usage [If the aggregation tlvDataIdDefinition exists for a given TransformationProp-sToServiceInterfaceElementMapping then attributes

- sizeOfArrayLengthField,
- sizeOfStringLengthField,
- sizeOfStructLengthField, and
- sizeOfUnionLengthField

shall have an identical value.]()

Rationale for the existence of [constr_1629]: if wire type 4 is used (for more details, please refer to [TPS_MANI_01186]) and if the receiver encounters a member of a structure or an argument with an unknown tag the de-serializer cannot determine the actual data type of the member of the structure or argument.

[constr_1630]{DRAFT} No definition of length field sizes on DataPrototype level in case of TLV usage [If the reference in the role tlvDataIdDefinition exists for a given TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping then attributes

- sizeOfArrayLengthField,
- sizeOfStringLengthField,
- sizeOfStructLengthField, and
- sizeOfUnionLengthField

shall not be individually defined on the level of a DataPrototype (i.e. by means of the
reference SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someipTransformationProps) but only on the level of a ServiceInterface (i.e. by means of the reference TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping.transformationProps).]()

⁸If a structure consists only of optional elements, it would be hard to detect the case where an array element carries such a structure that happens to set all elements to non-available.



Rationale for the existence of [constr_1630]: if wire type 4 is used (for more details, please refer to [TPS_MANI_01186]) and if the receiver encounters a member or argument with an unknown tag the de-serializer needs to know the size of the length field.

The most reliable way to achieve this is to demand the definition of the size of the length field on the level of the ServiceInterface.

3.20.3.2 Assignment of Wire Type Selection

The TLV encoding supports the definition of a so-called wire type that controls how the information about the length of length fields shall be interpreted.

The meaning of specific settings of the wire type is defined in [8, PRS SOME/IP Protocol].

[TPS_MANI_01186]{DRAFT} **Definition of the applicable wire type** [Attribute ApSomeipTransformationProps.isDynamicLengthFieldSize shall be used to define the applicable wire type.

If the value of attribute ApSomeipTransformationProps.isDynamicLength-FieldSize is set to True then wire type 5-7 shall be used.

If the value of attribute ApSomeipTransformationProps.isDynamicLength-FieldSize does not exist or is set to False then wire type 4 shall be used.] (RS_MANI_00030)

3.21 Process Design

Within the definition of e.g. a diagnostic mapping, the assignment to the Process is typically done in a methodological step⁹ that happens when all the diagnostic mapping¹⁰ is already complete.

Therefore, it would be good to implement a proxy for an actual Process that can stand in as the target of the relation to a Process at design time. This semantics is realized by meta-class ProcessDesign.

[TPS_MANI_01228]{DRAFT} **Semantics of meta-class ProcessDesign** [Metaclass ProcessDesign shall be used whenever a design-time representation is required for a Process that is designed in a **later** step in the workflow as part of the deployment specification.](*RS_MANI_00004*)

⁹i.e. during the creation of the execution manifest

¹⁰From the methodological point of view, the creation of the diagnostic mapping is typically considered a design-time activity.



The integrator would have to take care that an actual Process refers to the corresponding ProcessDesign such that by means of this reference an AUTOSAR software tool is able to figure out the relation between a diagnostic mapping and a process, provided that each ProcessDesign is **only** referenced by a single Process.

[constr_1550]{DRAFT} Reference from Process to ProcessDesign [Each ProcessDesign shall only be referenced from a single Process.]()

Note that the reference from the Process to the ProcessDesign acknowledges the fact that the Process is typically created later in time¹¹.

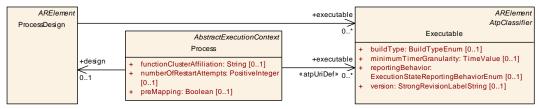


Figure 3.94: Modeling of the ProcessDesign

Class	ProcessDesign					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::ProcessDesign		
Note	This meta-class has the ability to stand in for a Process at the time when the Process does not yet exist. But its future existence already needs to be considered during design phase and for that a dedicated model element is required.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ProcessDesigns					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
deterministic ClientResource	DeterministicClient ResourceNeeds	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of applicable resource needs for the design of deterministic clients.		
Needs	Tags:atp.Status=draft					
executable	Executable	*	ref	Reference to executable that is executed in the process.		

 Table 3.168: ProcessDesign

[constr_3731]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of reference in the role ProcessDesign.executable [In the context of ProcessDesign, the reference in the role executable shall exist at most once at the time when the sub-system design is complete.]()

Conceivably, the association of diagnostic mappings with Meta-class ProcessDesign may still happen as a finalizing last step of the activity to create the diagnostic mappings. To accommodate for this potential modeling, the reference from a diagnostic mapping to ProcessDesign has been decorated by stereotype \ll atpSplitable \gg .

For more information concerning the semantics of this stereotype please refer to the specification of the AUTOSAR Generic Structure Template [7].

¹¹In other words, if references are needed between design-related and deployment-related metaclasses then the direction of these references shall always point from deployment to design.



[constr_1693]{DRAFT} Relation of Executable, ProcessDesign, and Process

[Any Executable that is referenced by a ProcessDesign shall also be referenced by every Process that references the ProcessDesign.]()

ARElement ProcessDesign	ssDesign ProcessDesignToMach	hineDesign 01	AtpStructureElement FibexElement MachineDesign
		+ + +	accessControl: AccessControlEnum [01] pncPrepareSleepTimer: TimeValue [01] pnResetTimer: TimeValue [01]

Figure 3.95: Modeling of the ProcessDesignToMachineDesignMapping

[TPS_MANI_01229]{DRAFT} **Pre-allocation of a given ProcessDesign on a specific MachineDesign** [It is also possible to pre-allocate a given ProcessDesign on a specific MachineDesign. For this purpose meta-class ProcessDesignToMachineDesignMapping exists.]*(RS_MANI_00004)*

The semantics of meta-class MachineDesign is explained in section 6.

Class	ProcessDesignToMachineDesignMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	s::Adaptive	Platform::	SystemDesign			
Note	This element is used in the design phase to predefine a mapping of a process to a machine. Such a mapping may be overruled in the deployment phase.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ProcessDesignToMachineDesignMappings						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
machineDesign	MachineDesign	01	ref	This reference identifies the MachineDesign in the context of the ProcessDesignToMachineDesignMapping.			
processDesign	ProcessDesign	01	ref	This reference identifies the ProcessDesign in the context of the ProcessDesignToMachineDesignMapping.			

Table 3.169: ProcessDesignToMachineDesignMapping

[constr_10154]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ProcessDesign-ToMachineDesignMapping.processDesign [For each ProcessDesignToMachineDesignMapping, the reference in the role processDesign shall exist at the time when the ProcessDesign is complete. | ()

Please note that an intended ProcessDesignToMachineDesignMapping may not be possible for utilization of the target machine and therefore a different ProcessToMachineMapping may be created in the deployment phase.

3.21.1 Deterministic Client Resource

Meta-class ProcessDesign can also be used to add support for the so-called Deterministic Client.



Please note that an explanation of the specific meaning of the term Deterministic Client is out of the scope of this document. A detailed explanation can be found in the SWS Execution Management [10].

To formalize the support for the Deterministic Client, meta-class DeterministicClientResourceNeeds is aggregated at ProcessDesign.

Class	DeterministicClientResourceNeeds					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::ProcessDesign		
Note	This meta-class specifies library functions.	This meta-class specifies process and cycle specific computing resource needs of DeterministicClient library functions.				
	Tags:atp.Status=draft					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ProcessDesign.deterministicClientResourceNeeds					
Attribute	Туре	Mult. Kind Note				
hardware Platform	String	01	attr	This attribute represents a textual identification of the target platform.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft		
initResource	DeterministicClient Resource	01	aggr	This represents the computing resource needs of a DeterministicClient::WaitForActivation kInit cycle.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft		
runResource	DeterministicClient Resource	01	aggr	This represents the computing resource needs of a DeterministicClient::WaitForActivation kRun cycle.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft		

 Table 3.170:
 DeterministicClientResourceNeeds

[TPS_MANI_01199]{DRAFT} Semantics of DeterministicClientResource-Needs [Meta-class DeterministicClientResourceNeeds aggregates DeterministicClientResource in two roles in order to be able to specify resource needs in two different contexts of the execution of a Deterministic Client.](*RS_MANI_-*00050)

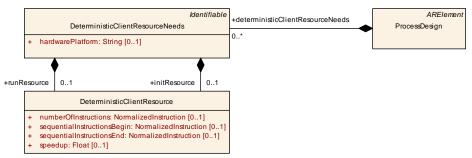
[TPS_MANI_01200]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class DeterministicClientResource [Meta-class DeterministicClientResource defines several attributes that provide information about the nature of the execution of worker threads. The values of these attributes are given a dimensionless NormalizedInstruction.

Nevertheless, the values of the attributes

- numberOfInstructions
- sequentialInstructionsBegin
- sequentialInstructionsEnd

are only valid for a specific hardware platform. The purpose of using NormalizedInstruction is to align resource usage of different Processes (possibly from different vendors) at integration time.] (*RS_MANI_00050*)







Class	DeterministicClientResource								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ProcessDesign								
Note	This meta-class specifies computing resource needs of DeterministicClient library functions.								
	Tags:atp.Status=draft	Tags:atp.Status=draft							
Base	ARObject								
Aggregated by	DeterministicClientResou	irceNeeds.	initResou	rce, DeterministicClientResourceNeeds.runResource					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note					
numberOf Instructions	NormalizedInstruction	01	attr	This attribute represents the normalized runtime consumption on the target system within one DeterministicClient::WaitForActivation cycle, assuming the "worst-case" runtime where the workers would be executed sequentially.					
				Tags:atp.Status=draft					
sequential Instructions Begin	NormalizedInstruction	01	attr	Normalized sequential runtime at the beginning of the DeterministicClient::WaitForActivation cycle (which mostly cannot be parallelized), before the main usage of the worker pool starts.					
				Tags:atp.Status=draft					
sequential InstructionsEnd	NormalizedInstruction	01	attr	WaitForActivation cycle (which mostly cannot be parallelized), after the main usage of the worker pool has ended.					
				Tags:atp.Status=draft					
speedup	Float	01	attr	This attribute defines how much faster the calculations within one DeterministicClient::WaitForActivation cycle can be finished if numberOfWorkers are physically available, i.e. if enough cores were available on the machine to perform parallel execution of all workers (sequential runtime / parallelized runtime).					
				Tags:atp.Status=draft					

Table 3.171: DeterministicClientResource



Primitive	NormalizedInstruction					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::ProcessDesign					
Note	This meta-class is used to describe runtime budget needs on the target system within Deterministic Client::WaitForActivation cycles. NormalizedInstructions does not reflect the actual number of code instructions, but allows the description of comparative resource needs. NormalizedInstructions is used for configuration of computing resources at integration time.					
	IormalizedInstruction = runtime in sec * clock frequency in Hz					
	Tags: atp.Status=draft xml.xsd.customType=NORMALIZED-INSTRUCTION xml.xsd.pattern=[1-9][0-9]* xml.xsd.type=string					

Table 3.172: NormalizedInstruction

3.22 Grant Design

The definition of intents (for example: ClientComSpec.clientIntent) as described in chapter 3.17.5.1.3 is used to express the intention of the software designer to use (or refrain from using) specific APIs in the application software.

The definition of intents represents one aspect of the identity and Access Management (IAM). Another aspect of the IAM configuration is the definition of the actual permissions granted by the platform software.

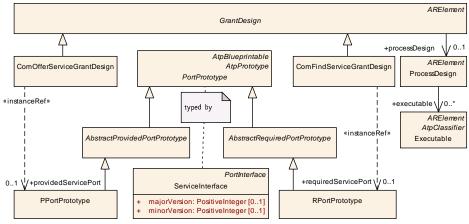


Figure 3.97: Modeling of grant designs for service discovery

The modeling of such grants is done on two levels:

- the definition of GrantDesign allows for the pre-specification of grants already on the design level. The modeling of GrantDesign is described in this chapter.
- the definition of Grant allows for the actual and final specification of grants from the perspective of the platform software. The modeling of Grant is described in chapter 10.9.



Class	GrantDesign (abstract)	GrantDesign (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	s::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::GrantDesign		
Note	This meta-class serves as an abstract base class for the description of grants on design level.					
	Tags:atp.Status=candid	ate				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Subclasses	ComFindServiceGrantDesign, ComGrantDesign, ComOfferServiceGrantDesign, RawDataStreamGrant Design					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
processDesign	ProcessDesign 01 ref This reference identifies the corresponding Process Design that gives context to the GrantDesing.					
		Tags:atp.Status=candidate				

Abstract meta-class GrantDesign acts as the base class for the definition of grants on the design level.

Grants are specific for a given **Process**. In other words, two **Processes** created from the same **Executable** may be assigned different sets of grants. This specific relation shall also be available on the design level.

[TPS_MANI_01231]{DRAFT} **GrantDesign references ProcessDesign** [Metaclass GrantDesign references ProcessDesign as a means to design the set of Grants for the given Process.](*RS_MANI_00060*)

3.22.1 Com Grant Design

Subclasses of GrantDesign are created to cover specific aspects of grants for communication on the *AUTOSAR adaptive Platform*.

[TPS_MANI_01232]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class ComOfferServiceGrant-Design [The existence of a ComOfferServiceGrantDesign that references a specific AbstractProvidedPortPrototype in the role providedServicePort indicates that the design foresees that the referenced AbstractProvidedPortPrototype shall be granted rights to offer the respective service.](*RS_MANI_00060*)

Please note that there is no explicitly modeled intent that corresponds to the existence of the ComOfferServiceGrantDesign. The understanding is that the mere existence of an AbstractProvidedPortPrototype typed by a ServiceInterface indicates the intent to offer a service.

[TPS_MANI_01233]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class ComFindServiceGrant-Design [The existence of a ComFindServiceGrantDesign that references a specific AbstractRequiredPortPrototype in the role requiredServicePort indicates that the design foresees that the referenced AbstractRequiredPortPrototype shall be granted rights to find the respective service.](*RS_MANI_00060*)



Please note that there is no explicitly modeled intent that corresponds to the existence of the ComFindServiceGrantDesign.

The understanding is that the mere existence of an AbstractRequiredPortPrototype typed by a ServiceInterface indicates the intent to find a service.

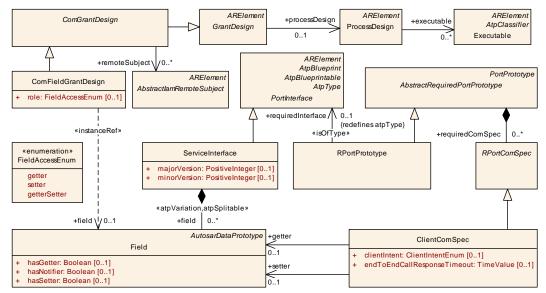


Figure 3.98: Modeling of grant designs for field

Class	ComOfferServiceGrantDesign				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::GrantDesign::ComGrant	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a Grant for offering a service.				
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=GrantDesigns				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, GrantDesign, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
providedService Port	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This instanceRef identifies the PPortPrototype on which the service shall be offered.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate InstanceRef implemented by:PPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef	

Table 3.174: ComOfferServiceGrantDesign

[constr_10155]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ComOfferService-GrantDesign.providedServicePort [For each ComOfferServiceGrantDesign, the reference in the role providedServicePort shall exist at the time when the GrantDesign is complete.]()



Class	ComFindServiceGrantD	ComFindServiceGrantDesign			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::GrantDesign::ComGrant	
Note	This meta-class represent	ts the abili	ty to defin	e a Grant for finding a service.	
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackag	5			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, GrantDesign, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
requiredService Port	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This instanceRef identifies the RPortPrototype on which the service shall be found.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef	

Table 3.175: ComFindServiceGrantDesign

[constr_10156]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ComFindServiceGrantDesign.requiredServicePort [For each ComFindServiceGrant-Design, the reference in the role requiredServicePort shall exist at the time when the GrantDesign is complete.]()

Class	ComGrantDesign (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::GrantDesign::ComGrant				
Note	This meta-class serves as an abstract base class for the description of com grants on design level.				
	Tags:atp.Status=candidat	e			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, GrantDesign, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Subclasses	ComEventGrantDesign, C	ComFieldG	arantDesig	n, ComMethodGrantDesign, ComTriggerGrantDesign	
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
remoteSubject	AbstractlamRemote * ref This optional reference defines the remoteSubject that allowed to access the defined Object via the Grant.				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	

Table 3.176: ComGrantDesign

[constr_3720]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of reference in the role ComGrantDesign.remoteSubject [In the context of ComGrantDesign, the reference in the role remoteSubject shall exist at most once at the time when the GrantDesign is complete.]()

[TPS_MANI_01234]{DRAFT} **Semantics of ComFieldGrantDesign** [The existence of a ComFieldGrantDesign that references a specific Field in the role field indicates that the design foresees that the application software shall be granted rights to access the respective Field. The nature of the access, i.e. get vs. set is specified by means of the attribute role.](*RS_MANI_00060*)



Class	ComFieldGrantDesign					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::GrantDesign::ComGrant					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a Grant for a ServiceInterface.field.					
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=GrantDesigns					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, ComGrantDesign, GrantDesign, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
field	Field	01	iref	Reference to the affected Field in the context of an Executable.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate InstanceRef implemented by:FieldInExecutableInstance Ref		
role	FieldAccessEnum	01	attr	This attribute provides the ability to further specify the access to the ServiceInterface.field from a design perspective.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 3.177: ComFieldGrantDesign

[constr_10157]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ComFieldGrantDesign.field [For each ComFieldGrantDesign, the reference in the role field shall exist at the time when the GrantDesign is complete.]()

[constr_10158]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ComFieldGrantDesign.role [For each ComFieldGrantDesign, the reference in the role role shall exist at the time when the GrantDesign is complete.]()

Enumeration	FieldAccessEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::GrantDesign::ComGrant
Note	This meta-class provides values that qualify access to a field.
Aggregated by	ComFieldGrant.role, ComFieldGrantDesign.role
Literal	Description
getter	Access to the getter of the Field.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
getterSetter	Access to getter and setter of the field
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2
setter	Access to the setter of the Field.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1

Table 3.178: FieldAccessEnum



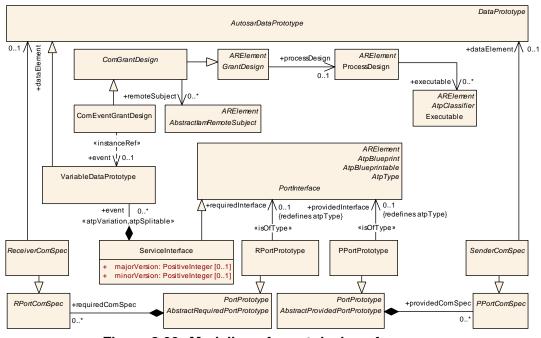


Figure 3.99: Modeling of grant designs for event

[TPS_MANI_01235]{DRAFT} **Semantics of ComEventGrantDesign** [The existence of a ComEventGrantDesign that references a specific VariableDataPrototype that is aggregated in the role event by the enclosing ServiceInterface indicates that the design foresees that the application software shall be granted rights to access the respective event.](*RS_MANI_00060*)

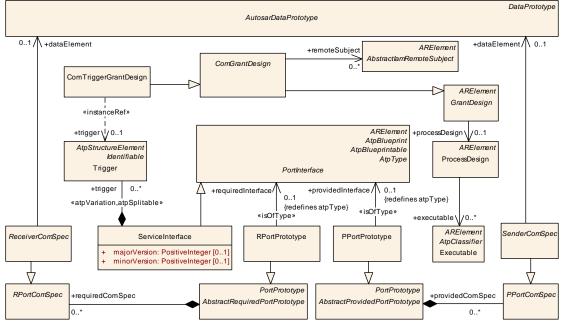


Figure 3.100: Modeling of grant designs for trigger



Class	ComEventGrantDesign					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::GrantDesign::ComGrant					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a Grant for a ServiceInterface.event.					
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=GrantDesigns					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, ComGrantDesign, GrantDesign, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
event	VariableDataPrototype	01	iref	This reference represents the affected event.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate InstanceRef implemented by:EventInExecutable InstanceRef		

Table 3.179: ComEventGrantDesign

[constr_10159]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ComEventGrantDesign.event [For each ComEventGrantDesign, the reference in the role event shall exist at the time when the GrantDesign is complete.]()

[TPS_MANI_03290]{DRAFT} **Semantics of ComTriggerGrantDesign** [The existence of a ComTriggerGrantDesign that references a specific Trigger that is aggregated in the role trigger by the enclosing ServiceInterface indicates that the design foresees that the application software shall be granted rights to access the respective trigger.](*RS_MANI_00060*)

Class	ComTriggerGrantDesign				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::GrantDesign::ComGrant				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a Grant for a ServiceInterface.trigger.			ne a Grant for a ServiceInterface.trigger.	
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=GrantDesigns				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, ComGrantDesign, GrantDesign, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
trigger	Trigger 01 iref This reference represents the affected trigger.				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate InstanceRef implemented by:TriggerInExecutable InstanceRef	

Table 3.180: ComTriggerGrantDesign

[constr_10160]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ComTriggerGrant-Design.trigger [For each ComTriggerGrantDesign, the reference in the role trigger shall exist at the time when the GrantDesign is complete.]()

[TPS_MANI_01236]{DRAFT} Semantics of ComMethodGrantDesign [The existence of a ComMethodGrantDesign that references a specific ClientServerOperation that is aggregated in the role method by the enclosing ServiceInterface



indicates that the design foresees that the application software shall be granted rights to call the respective method.](*RS_MANI_00060*)

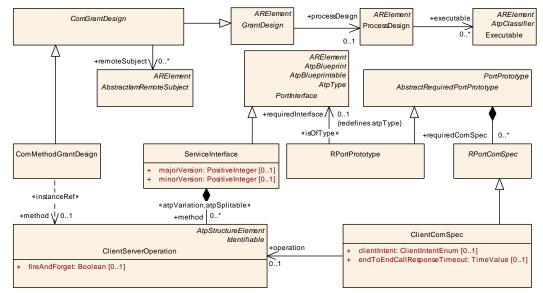


Figure 3.101: Modeling of grant designs for method

Class	ComMethodGrantDesign					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ApplicationDesign::GrantDesign::ComGrant					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a Grant for a ServiceInterface.method.			e a Grant for a ServiceInterface.method.		
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=GrantDesigns					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, ComGrantDesign, GrantDesign, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
method	ClientServerOperation	01	iref	This reference identifies the corresponding method.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate InstanceRef implemented by:RequiredMethodIn ExecutableInstanceRef		

Table 3.181: ComMethodGrantDesign

[constr_10161]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role ComMethodGrantDesign.method [For each ComMethodGrantDesign, the reference in the role method shall exist at the time when the GrantDesign is complete.]()

3.22.2 Grant Design for Raw Streaming Data

The usage of a raw data stream is subject to restrictions imposed by the IAM. Therefore, meta-class RawDataStreamGrantDesign exists to support this use case.



[TPS_MANI_01284]{DRAFT} Granularity of meta-class RawDataStreamGrantDe-

sign [The granularity of the RawDataStreamGrantDesign is the entire AbstractRawDataStreamInterface. It is not expected that a definition of an IAM policy makes sense on a smaller level, i.e. on the level of ClientServerOperation aggregated by a AbstractRawDataStreamInterface.](*RS_MANI_00060*)

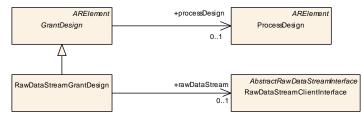


Figure 3.102: Modeling of the RawDataStreamGrantDesign

Class	RawDataStreamGrantDe	esign			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::GrantDesign::RawDataStreamGrant	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define the IAM configuration for a RawDataStream on design level.				
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=GrantDesigns				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, GrantDesign, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
rawDataStream	RawDataStreamClient 01 ref This reference identifies the applicable RawData Interface. This reference identifies the applicable RawData Interface. Tags:atp.Status=candidate				

 Table 3.182: RawDataStreamGrantDesign

3.22.3 Remote access control

The definition of the deployment for the *Identity and Access Manager* and the definition of grants relies on the local enforcement of identity and access permissions. In other words it is possible for example to define that a particular method of a ServiceIn-terface is allowed to be called by a local Process on the local Machine. But it is not possible to restrict the remote Machines that are allowed to call this method.

The fact that the Machine on which the service is running has no mean to make additional checks on the incoming requests enables processing of wrongly issued requests by a healthy remote Machine as well as escalation of privileges by an attacker via issuing arbitrary request towards services from a compromised remote Machine.

Most of the times it is not possible for a Machine to recognize that its communicating peer is compromised because the attacker has access to all the resources of that Machine and can run in stealth mode. An effective way to minimize the damage of a compromised remote Machine is to enforce additional checks on the incoming



requests at the receiver side ensuring that remote Machine cannot go beyond what they could request in a healthy state.

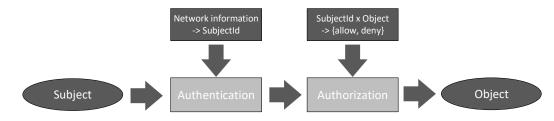


Figure 3.103: Access policy enforcement based on the Subject ID from the network binding

The access control process aims at enforcing policies on the relation between a "Subject" and an "Object". In the example where an remote Machine makes calls to a service interface, the remote Machine is the Subject and the method of a ServiceInterface is the Object.

The access control process comprises of the two main operations, namely, Authentication and Authorization, which are mostly independent. During the authentication process the identity of the subject is verified and an authentic identifier is resolved. Authentication is an essential part of the chain to ensure that different subjects cannot impersonate each other.

In the next step, during Authorization, the identity of the Subject is checked upon the rules and policies defined for the accessing the Object to verify if the Subject's request is legitimate. These policies shall be defined by the system or the resource owner.

The authentication of the remote subject is based on the network binding. When a secure channel is established, the remote peer has already gone through an authentication protocol. Therefore, the identity information can be forwarded to the IAM to apply the corresponding defined policies that are defined for the requests coming from that channel as depicted in Figure 3.103.

The remote subject is modeled as a specialization of AbstractIamRemoteSubject. The different specializations will be presented in the following sections.

Class	AbstractlamRemoteSubject (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SCREIAM				
Note	This abstract meta-class defines the proxy information about the remote node.				
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate	Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Subclasses	IPSeclamRemoteSubject, IplamRemoteSubject, TIslamRemoteSubject				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
_	_	-	_	-	

Table 3.183: AbstractlamRemoteSubject



With the modeling of ComGrantDesigns the permissions that are granted by the platform software are defined. As an option a ComGrantDesign is able to reference the AbstractIamRemoteSubject in the role remoteSubject.

[TPS_MANI_03238]{DRAFT} **Definition of ComMethodGrantDesign.remoteSubject** [If the ComMethodGrantDesign references one or several AbstractIamRemoteSubjects in the role remoteSubject then the design foresees that only the defined remoteSubjects shall be granted rights to access the ClientServerOperation that is referenced in the role method by the same ComMethodGrantDesign.](RS_MANI_00060)

[TPS_MANI_03239]{DRAFT} **Definition of ComEventGrantDesign.remoteSubject** [If the ComEventGrantDesign references one or several AbstractIamRemoteSubjects in the role remoteSubject then the design foresees that only the defined remoteSubjects shall be granted rights to access the VariableDataPrototype that is referenced in the role event by the same ComEventGrantDesign.] *(RS_MANI_00060)*

[TPS_MANI_03251]{DRAFT} **Definition of ComFieldGrantDesign.remoteSubject** [If the ComFieldGrantDesign references one or several AbstractIamRemoteSubjects in the role remoteSubject then the design foresees that only the defined remoteSubjects shall be granted rights to access the Field that is referenced in the role field by the same ComFieldGrantDesign.](RS_MANI_00060)

3.22.3.1 Remote subject in case of TLS

This chapter defines how a <code>AbstractIamRemoteSubject</code> is modeled in case of a TLS-based secure channel.

[TPS_MANI_03240]{DRAFT} **Modeling of a remote peer in case of TLS-based secure channel** [In case of TLS-based secure channel the remote peer is modeled as TlsIamRemoteSubject that is identified either by

- a CryptoServiceCertificate that is referenced by the TlsIamRemote-Subject in the role acceptedRemoteCertificate,
- a Pre-shared Key that is referenced by the TlsIamRemoteSubject via TlsCryptoCipherSuite in the role acceptedCryptoCipherSuiteWith-Psk.

](RS_MANI_00036, RS_MANI_00060)

Please note that the security of a pre-shared key as authentication in TLS protocol depends on the number of entities sharing the same key. If multiple Machines are using the same shared key, one cannot reliably distinguish between those Machines because any of them can impersonate the others.

It can only be ensured that no other Machine without the knowledge of the pre-shared key can established a secure channel.



The TlsIamRemoteSubject may be identified by using certificates in two ways. First, it is possible to directly specify the certificates that the TlsIamRemoteSubject may to use by referencing them and setting derivedCertificateAccepted to false.

This approach requires the presence of the remote certificate on the local Machine. Secondly, by setting derivedCertificateAccepted to true it is possible to specify the Common Name (as given in the X509 Certificate) of the TlsIamRemoteSubject.

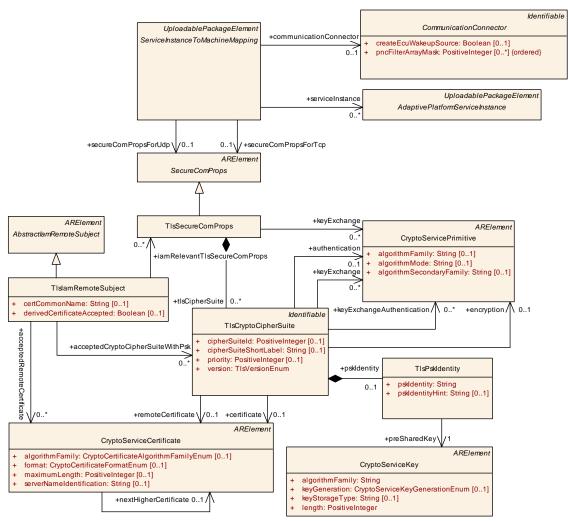


Figure 3.104: Proxy information about the remote node in case of TLS

In that case, the acceptedRemoteCertificates define the set of allowed root certificates for the certificate presented by the TlsIamRemoteSubject.

The reason for the upper multiplicity is that the OEM may have multiple suppliers for a Machine and it shall be allowed to define that in such a case all these Machines are allowed to connect even though they have different certificate chains.



[TPS_MANI_03241]{DRAFT} Modeling of relevant TlsSecureComProps for TlsI-

amRemoteSubject [With the TlsIamRemoteSubject.iamRelevantTlsSecure-ComProps reference it is possible to define all TlsSecureComProps that the TlsIamRemoteSubject supports to establish a secure channel.](*RS_MANI_00036*, *RS_MANI_00060*)

Class	TIslamRemoteSubject						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SCREIAM						
Note	This meta-class defines the proxy information about the remote node in case of TLS.						
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=lamRemoteSubjects						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractlamRemoteSubject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
acceptedCrypto CipherSuiteWith	TIsCryptoCipherSuite	*	ref	This reference is used to identify a remote node by means of the preshared Key.			
Psk				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
accepted Remote	CryptoService Certificate	*	ref	This reference is used to identify a remote node by means of the certificate.			
Certificate				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
certCommon Name	String	01	attr	This attribute defines the common name (CN) of the certificate of the remote peer.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
derived Certificate	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether a derivedCertificate is accepted (true) or not (false).			
Accepted				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
iamRelevantTls SecureCom	TIsSecureComProps	*	ref	This reference defines the local TIsSecureComProps that are relevant for IAM.			
Props				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

Table 3.184: TIslamRemoteSubject

3.22.3.2 Remote subject in case of IPsec

This chapter defines how a AbstractIamRemoteSubject is modeled in case of a IPsec-based secure channel.

[TPS_MANI_03242]{DRAFT} **Modeling of a remote peer in case of IPsec-based secure channel** [In case of IPsec-based secure channel the remote peer is modeled as IPSecIamRemoteSubject that is identified by IPSecRules that are referenced by localIpSecRule. The IPSecRules define all secure connections that the remote peer is allowed to establish.](*RS_MANI_00036, RS_MANI_00060*)

Please note that the local IP Address of the remote peer is defined by the Network-Endpoint that aggregates the IPSecRules.



Class	IPSeclamRemoteSubject					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SCREIAM		
Note	This meta-class defines the proxy information about the remote node in case of IPsec.					
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=lamRemoteSubjects					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractlamRemoteSubject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
locallpSecRule	IPSecRule	*	ref	This reference is used to describe theRemoteSubjects local IPSecRules.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 3.185: IPSeclamRemoteSubject

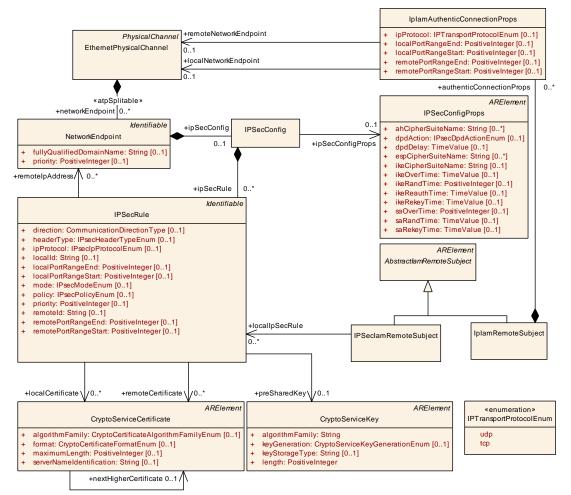


Figure 3.105: Proxy information about the remote node in case of IPsec



3.22.3.3 Remote subject in case of IP communication

Please note that it is possible to define a AbstractIamRemoteSubject that is based on the general IP communication. In this case no details about how the communication is secured are given and actually securing the communication (e.g., cryptographically, via hardware mechanism, or appropriate network and switch design) is not part of the model. A IpIamRemoteSubject is identified by a combination of a local and a remote IP address, local and remote port ranges, and a transport protocol.

[TPS_MANI_03244]{DRAFT} **Modeling of a remote peer in case of a general IP communication** [In case of a general IP communication the remote peer is modeled as IpIamRemoteSubject that is identified by the NetworkEndpoint that is referenced by the localNetworkEndpoint reference. The defined remote peer is allowed to establish IP connections to the remoteNetworkEndpoint over the ip-Protocol and the defined local port range and remote port range.] (*RS_MANI_00060*)

Class	IplamRemoteSubject					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	SCREIAM		
Note	This meta-class defines the proxy information about the remote node in case of general IP communication.					
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=lamRemoteSubjects					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractlamRemoteSubject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
authentic Connection			aggr	Definition of IP rules assigned to the IplamRemote Subject.		
Props				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 3.186: IplamRemoteSubject

Class	IplamAuthenticConnectionProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SCREIAM					
Note	This meta-class defines a	a set of pro	set of properties for IP connections in the context of IAM configuration.			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	IplamRemoteSubject.authenticConnectionProps					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
ipProtocol	IPTransportProtocol Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines the relevant IP protocol.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
localNetwork Endpoint	EthernetPhysical Channel	01	ref	This reference defines an authentic local Network Endpoint in terms of IAM configuration.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
localPortRange End	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute restricts the traffic monitoring and defines an end value for the local port range.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		



Class	IplamAuthenticConnectionProps						
localPortRange Start	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute restricts the traffic monitoring and defines a start value for the local port range.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
remoteNetwork Endpoint	EthernetPhysical Channel	01	ref	This reference defines an authentic remote Network Endpoint in terms of IAM configuration.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
remotePort RangeEnd	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute restricts the traffic monitoring and defines an end value for the remote port range.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
remotePort RangeStart	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute restricts the traffic monitoring and defines a start value for the remote port range.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

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 Table 3.187: IplamAuthenticConnectionProps

3.22.3.4 Remote subject in case of SecOC communication

The identity information in the case of SecOC depends on the group of Machines that are sharing the same cryptographic key.

In other words, if a valid SecOC message is received with a given key it is given that only remote Machines that "know the key" were able to send the message. The key is associated with a Datald and defines the "object" in the access control model. If a message received for a given DatalD cannot be validated, then it will be dropped. Therefore, the access control between the remote subject and local object is taking place.

To summarize, the modeling of a Remote subject in case of SecOC cannot provide additional benefit neither by increasing the granularity of the subject identification nor providing new enforcement of rules on the object.



4 Diagnostic Design

4.1 Diagnostic Mapping

4.1.1 Overview

The configuration of diagnostics on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* will typically be done by creating a Diagnostic Extract by means of the Diagnostic Extract Template [2] that is also used on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*.

Therefore, concepts within the Diagnostic Extract should be similarly applicable to models on both platforms uniformly.

It can even be safely expected that a given Diagnostic Extract can be divided into parts that apply for ECUs build on top of the *AUTOSAR classic platform* and parts that apply to ECUs built on top of the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* that all belong to the same vehicle.

In terms of applicability to this document, the part of the Diagnostic Extract that is relevant in this context is the mapping between the definition of information related to diagnostic protocol content and the application software.

In order to exemplify the approach, the diagram depicted in Figure 4.1 describes a very simplistic situation where two different PPortPrototypes typed by possibly two different DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface exposed by an AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType is accessed by the AUTOSAR Adaptive Diagnostic Management on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform with the purpose of accessing an entire DID.

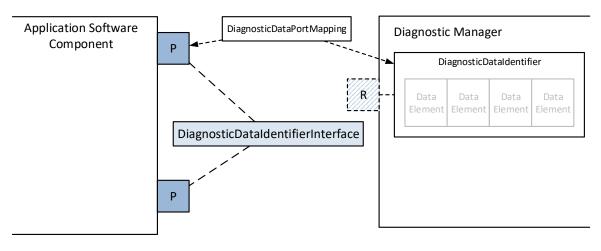


Figure 4.1: Example data exchange for diagnostic purpose

In particular, a subclass of DiagnosticSwMapping (in this specific case: DiagnosticDataPortMapping) formalizes the "connection" between both ends of the communication.



Class	DiagnosticSwMapping (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::DiagnosticMapping						
Note	This represents the ability to define a mapping between a diagnostic information (at this point there is no way to become more specific about the semantics) to a software-component.						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Subclasses	DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping, DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping, DiagnosticDataPort Mapping, DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping, DiagnosticEventPortMapping, DiagnosticExternal AuthenticationPortMapping, DiagnosticFimFunctionMapping, DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping, DiagnosticMemoryDestinationPortMapping, DiagnosticMonitorPortMapping, DiagnosticOperationCycle PortMapping, DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping, DiagnosticServiceDataMapping, DiagnosticService GenericMapping, DiagnosticServiceSwMapping, DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping, DiagnosticSovd AuthorizationPortMapping, DiagnosticSovdProximityChallengePortMapping						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
-	-	_	-	-			

Table 4.1: DiagnosticSwMapping

A further kind of mapping that is necessary to enable diagnostics on the *AUTOSAR* adaptive platform comes with slightly more complexity.

In this case use-cases are implemented that may or may not involve several communication ends (in the form of PortPrototypes).

Class	DiagnosticDataldentifier					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Diagnost	icExtract:	CommonDiagnostics		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to model a diagnostic data identifier (DID) that is fully specified regarding the payload at configuration-time.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=D	iagnosticl	Dataldentifiers		
Base				DiagnosticAbstractDataIdentifier, DiagnosticCommon le, PackageableElement, Referrable		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
dataElement	DiagnosticParameter	*	aggr	This is the dataElement associated with the Diagnostic DataIdentifier.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dataElement.bitOffset, data Element.ident.shortName, dataElement.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild		
didSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute indicates the size in bytes of the Diagnostic DataIdentifier.		
representsVin	Boolean	01	attr	This attributes indicates whether the specific Diagnostic DataIdentifier represents the vehicle identification.		
supportInfoByte	DiagnosticSupportInfo Byte	01	aggr	This attribute represents the supported information associated with the DiagnosticDataldentifier.		

 Table 4.2: DiagnosticDataIdentifier

The response to this situation on the *AUTOSAR classic platform* has been the definition of the SwcServiceDependency that allows for associating several PortPrototypes in specific roles to a given use-case.



On the other hand, there is a clear difference between the design of PortInterfaces for diagnostic usage on the AUTOSAR classic platform (where generic ClientServerInterfaces, SenderReceiverInterfaces, and ModeSwitch-Interfaces are used) and the AUTOSAR adaptive platform (where the PortInterfaces are specifically tailored to the respective diagnostic use case).

In other words, it specifically tailored PortInterfaces were used, the need for an "umbrella" that defines the scope of the modeling of a given service use case would be drastically reduced.

On top of that, the usage of the InstanceSpecifier as the element of identification is strictly bound to the PortPrototype rather than the SwcServiceDependency. In other words, the diagnostic management uses *«instanceRef»s* to identify the "endpoint" in the application software.

The \ll instanceRef \gg and the corresponding InstanceSpecifier are strongly related to each other. If one is known the other can be deduced. The consequence of this conclusion is that it would be possible to configure the diagnostic management in the presence of mappings to the application software model that itself does not have to be accessible at the time of creating the configuration of diagnostic management.

This means that an \ll instanceRef \gg originating from a subclass of Diagnostic-SwMapping needs to have an additional decoration in the form of the stereotype \ll atpUriDef \gg .

Please note that the mapping targets¹ within a set of diagnostic mappings may exist in several instances at run-time.

This kind of multiple instantiation is formalized by the existence of meta-class Process (which in turn is represented by meta-class ProcessDesign on design level), see chapter 3.21.

It is very typical that different instances of a piece of application software could require a different diagnostic mapping and the modeling needs to accommodate to this requirement, i.e. a relation between a diagnostic mapping and the ProcessDesign needs to be established.

[constr_10002]{DRAFT} Only one mapping per PortPrototype [If one instance of the following sub-classes of DiagnosticSwMapping – that refers to a given ProcessDesign – refers to a PortPrototype, then no other instance of DiagnosticSwMapping that refers to the same ProcessDesign shall refer to the same PortPrototype:

- DiagnosticEventPortMapping that is associated with a RPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticMonitorInterface or a DiagnosticEventInterface.
- DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping that is associated with a RPort-Prototype typed by a DiagnosticOperationCycleInterface.

¹on the end of the application software



- DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping that is associated with a RPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticConditionInterface.
- DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping that is associated with a RPort-Prototype typed by a DiagnosticConditionInterface.
- DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping that is associated with a RPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticIndicatorInterface.
- DiagnosticMemoryDestinationPortMapping that is associated with an RPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticDTCInformationInterface.
- DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping that is associated with an PPort-Prototype typed by a DiagnosticSecurityLevelInterface.
- DiagnosticDataPortMapping that is associated with a PPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface.
- DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping that is associated with a PPort-Prototype typed by a DiagnosticSecurityLevelInterface.
- DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping that is associated with a PPort-Prototype typed by a DiagnosticServiceValidationInterface.

]()

The rationale for the existence of [constr_10002] is that the respective PortPrototype has a clearly defined functionality. For example, it can only provide the content of one DID, but it cannot provide the content of an arbitrary number of DIDs.

For such a case, the DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping (see section 4.1.12) shall be applied.

Please note the [constr_10002] does not apply to the DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping, i.e. a PortPrototype that is not subject to [constr_10002] can be referenced by multiple DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping.

In other words, the ability for several DiagnosticServiceGenericMappings to refer to the same PortPrototype is what makes the DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping *generic*.

In addition, [constr_10002] is intentionally not applied for PPortPrototypes typed by DiagnosticDataElementInterface because the operations executed in such context are stateless and can therefore be called from several clients without restrictions.

4.1.2 Diagnostic Monitor to Port Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01351]{DRAFT} **Reporting the status of a DiagnosticEvent on the** *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* [For the purpose of reporting the status of a diagnostic event on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, the relation between a DiagnosticEvent



and one RPortPrototypes is created by using the DiagnosticMonitorPortMapping that refers to

- a DiagnosticEvent in the role diagnosticEvent,
- a ProcessDesign in the role process, and
- an RPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticMonitorInterface in the role rPortPrototypeInExecutable. The target of this reference does not necessarily have to exist at the time of configuration of the DM. The reference itself, however, is required for constructing the corresponding InstanceSpecifier that the PortPrototype will use at run-time.

](*RS_MANI_00005*, *RS_MANI_00061*)

Class	DiagnosticMonitorPortMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::Adaptive	Platform::	DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticMapping		
Note	Defines to which SWC se	ervice port	the Diagr	ostic Monitor is mapped.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedF	Package=D	iagnosticl	PortMappings		
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
diagnosticEvent	DiagnosticEvent	01	ref	Reference to the DiagnosticEvent that is assigned to SWC service ports.		
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=process		
rPortPrototype InExecutable	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This aggregation allows for the usage of the Diagnostic MonitorPortMapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by:R PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef		

Table 4.3: DiagnosticMonitorPortMapping

The use case that supports the reporting of a diagnostic event is depicted in Figure 4.2.

[constr_10047]{DRAFT} Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticMonitor-PortMapping [If an RPortPrototype is referenced by a DiagnosticMonitor-PortMapping, then the RPortPrototype shall be typed by a DiagnosticMonitorInterface.]()

[constr_10048]{DRAFT} Existence of reference from DiagnosticMonitor-PortMapping to DiagnosticEvent [Each DiagnosticEvent shall only be referenced by exactly one DiagnosticMonitorPortMapping.]()



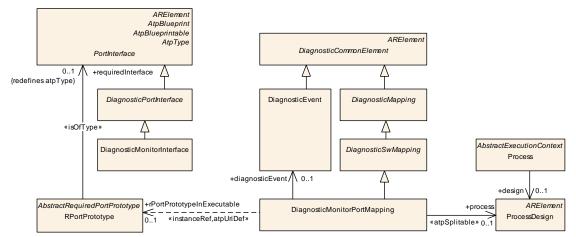


Figure 4.2: Modeling of DiagnosticMonitorPortMapping for reporting the status of diagnostic events on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

Class	DiagnosticEvent					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::Dem::DiagnosticEvent					
Note	This element is used to configure DiagnosticEvents.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=D	iagnosticl	Events		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Referrable, Packageable			DiagnosticCommonElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
associated Event Identification	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the identification number that is associated with the enclosing DiagnosticEvent and allows to identify it when placed into a snapshot record or extended data record storage.		
				This value can be reported as internal data element in snapshot records or extended data records.		
clearEvent Allowed Behavior	DiagnosticClearEvent AllowedBehaviorEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines the resulting UDS status byte for the related event, which shall not be cleared according to the ClearEventAllowed callback		
confirmation Threshold	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the number of operation cycles with a failed result before a confirmed DTC is set to 1. The semantic of this attribute is a by "1" increased value compared to the confirmation threshold of the "trip counter" mentioned in ISO 14229-1 in figure D.4. A value of "1" defines the immediate confirmation of the DTC along with the first reported failed. This is also sometimes called "zero trip DTC". A value of "2" defines a DTC confirmation in the operation cycle after the first occurred failed. A value of "2" is typically used in the US for OBD DTC confirmation.		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		
connected	DiagnosticConnected	*	aggr	Event specific description of Indicators.		
Indicator	Indicator			Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=connectedIndicator.shortName, connected Indicator.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild		

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Class	DiagnosticEvent			
prestorage FreezeFrame	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute describes whether the Prestorage of Freeze Frames is supported by the assigned event or not.
				True: Prestorage of FreezeFrames is supported
				False: Prestorage of FreezeFrames is not supported
prestored Freezeframe StoredInNvm	Boolean	01	attr	If the Event uses a prestored freeze-frame (using the operations PrestoreFreezeFrame and ClearPrestored FreezeFrame of the service interface DiagnosticMonitor) this attribute indicates if the Event requires the data to be stored in non-volatile memory. TRUE = Dem shall store the prestored data in non-volatile memory, FALSE = Data can be lost at shutdown (not stored in Nvm)
recoverableIn SameOperation Cycle	Boolean	01	attr	If the attribute is set to true then reporting PASSED will reset the indication of a failed test in the current operation cycle. If the attribute is set to false then reporting PASSED will be ignored and not lead to a reset of the indication of a failed test.

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Table 4.4: DiagnosticEvent

4.1.3 Diagnostic Event to Port Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01048]{DRAFT} Retrieving the status of a DiagnosticEvent to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform [For the purpose of reporting the status of a diagnostic event on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, the relation between a DiagnosticEvent and one RPortPrototypes is created by using the DiagnosticEventPortMapping that refers to

- a DiagnosticEvent in the role diagnosticEvent,
- a ProcessDesign in the role process, and
- an RPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticEventInterface in the role rPortPrototypeInExecutable. The target of this reference does not necessarily have to exist at the time of configuration of the DM. The reference itself, however, is required for constructing the corresponding InstanceSpecifier that the PortPrototype will use at run-time.

](*RS_MANI_00005*, *RS_MANI_00061*)

[constr_10049]{DRAFT} Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticEvent-PortMapping [If an RPortPrototype is referenced by a DiagnosticEvent-PortMapping, then the RPortPrototype shall be typed by a DiagnosticEventInterface.]()

The use case that supports the retrieval of information about a diagnostic event is depicted in Figure 4.3.



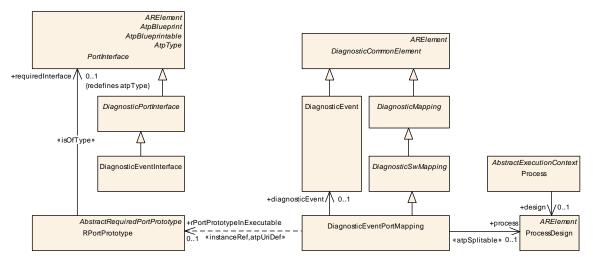


Figure 4.3: Modeling of DiagnosticEventPortMapping to retrieve information about a diagnostic event on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

Class	DiagnosticEventPortMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::DiagnosticMapping						
Note	Defines to which SWC se	ervice ports	s with Dia	gnosticEventInfoNeeds the DiagnosticEvent is mapped.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedF	Package=D	agnosticl	Mappings			
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
diagnosticEvent	DiagnosticEvent	01	ref	Reference to the DiagnosticEvent that is assigned to SWC service ports with DiagnosticEventInfoNeeds.			
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=process atp.Status=draft			
rPortPrototype InExecutable	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This aggregation allows for the usage of the Diagnostic EventPortMapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:atp.Status=draft InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef			

Table 4.5: DiagnosticEventPortMapping

4.1.4 Diagnostic Operation Cycle to Port Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01049]{DRAFT} **Mapping of DiagnosticOperationCycle to Port-Prototype(s) on the** *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* [On the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, the relation between a DiagnosticOperationCycle and one RPortPro-totype is created by using the DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping that refers to



- a DiagnosticOperationCycle in the role operationCycle,
- a ProcessDesign in the role process, and
- an RPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticOperationCycleInterface in the role rPortPrototypeInExecutable. The target of this reference does not necessarily have to exist at the time of configuration of the DM. The reference itself, however, is required for constructing the corresponding InstanceSpecifier that the PortPrototype will use at run-time.

(*RS_MANI_00005, RS_MANI_00061*)

[constr_10050]{DRAFT} Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping [If an RPortPrototype is referenced by a DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping, then the RPortPrototype shall be typed by a DiagnosticOperationCycleInterface.]()

[constr_10051]{DRAFT} Existence of reference from DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping to DiagnosticOperationCycle [Each DiagnosticOperationCycle shall only be referenced by exactly one DiagnosticOperationCycle-PortMapping]()

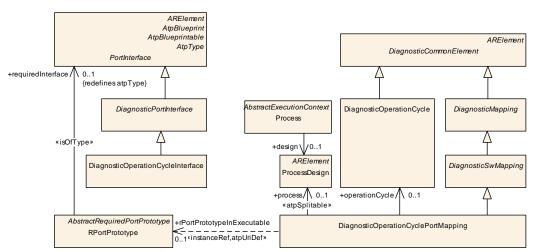


Figure 4.4: Modeling of DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping for the usage on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

Class	DiagnosticOperationCycle			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Diagnost	icExtract:	:Dem::DiagnosticOperationCycle
Note	Definition of an operation of	cycle that	is the bas	se of the event qualifying and for Dem scheduling.
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticOperationCycles			OperationCycles
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
type	DiagnosticOperation CycleTypeEnum	01	attr	Operation cycles types for the Dem.

Table 4.6: DiagnosticOperationCycle



Class	DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::DiagnosticMapping						
Note	Defines to which SWC service ports with DiagnosticOperationCycleNeeds the DiagnosticOperationCycle is mapped.						
	Tags:atp.recommended	Package=D	iagnosticl	Mappings			
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
operationCycle	DiagnosticOperation Cycle	01	ref	Reference to the DiagnosticOperationCycle that is assigned to SWC service ports with DiagnosticOperation CycleNeeds.			
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=process atp.Status=draft			
rPortPrototype InExecutable	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This aggregation allows for the usage of the Diagnostic OperationCyclePortMapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:atp.Status=draft InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef			

 Table 4.7: DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping

4.1.5 Diagnostic Enable Condition to Port Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01050]{DRAFT} **Mapping of DiagnosticEnableCondition to PortPrototype(s) on the** *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* [On the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, the relation between a DiagnosticEnableCondition and One RPortPrototypeis created by using the DiagnosticEnableCondition-PortMapping that refers to

- a DiagnosticEnableCondition in the role enableCondition,
- a ProcessDesign in the role process, and
- an RPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticConditionInterface in the role rPortPrototypeInExecutable. The target of this reference does not necessarily have to exist at the time of configuration of the DM. The reference itself, however, is required for constructing the corresponding InstanceSpecifier that the PortPrototype will use at run-time.

](*RS_MANI_00005*, *RS_MANI_00061*)



[constr_10052]{DRAFT} Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticEnable-ConditionPortMapping [If an RPortPrototype is referenced by a DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping, then the RPortPrototype shall be typed by a DiagnosticConditionInterface.]()

[constr_10053]{DRAFT} Existence of reference from DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping to DiagnosticEnableCondition [Each DiagnosticEnableCondition shall only be referenced by at most one DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping]()

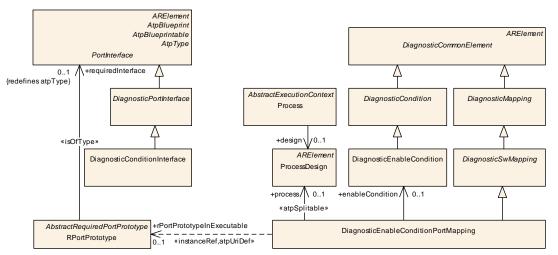


Figure 4.5: Modeling of DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping for the usage on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

Class	DiagnosticEnableCondition					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Diagnost	icExtract:	:Dem::DiagnosticCondition		
Note	Specification of an enable	condition				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticConditions			Conditions		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticCondition, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	_	-	-		

Table 4.8: DiagnosticEnableCondition

Class	DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::DiagnosticMapping						
Note	Defines to which SWC service ports with DiagnosticEnableConditionNeeds the DiagnosticEnable Condition is mapped.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticMappings						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						

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Class	DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
enableCondition	DiagnosticEnable Condition	01	ref	Reference to the EnableCondition which is mapped to a SWC service port with DiagnosticEnableConditionNeeds.			
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=process atp.Status=draft			
rPortPrototype InExecutable	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This aggregation allows for the usage of the Diagnostic EnableConditionPortMapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform. Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:atp.Status=draft InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef			

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 Table 4.9: DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping

4.1.6 Diagnostic Clear Condition to Port Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01259]{DRAFT} **Mapping of DiagnosticClearCondition to Port-Prototype(s) on the** *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* [On the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, the relation between a DiagnosticClearCondition and one RPortPro-totypeis created by using the DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping that refers to

- a DiagnosticClearCondition in the role clearCondition,
- a ProcessDesign in the role process, and
- an RPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticConditionInterface in the role rPortPrototypeInExecutable. The target of this reference does not necessarily have to exist at the time of configuration of the DM. The reference itself, however, is required for constructing the corresponding InstanceSpecifier that the PortPrototype will use at run-time.

](*RS_MANI_00005*, *RS_MANI_00061*)

[constr_10054]{DRAFT} Restriction for the applicability of Diagnostic-ClearConditionPortMapping [If an RPortPrototype is referenced by a DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping, then the RPortPrototype shall be typed by a DiagnosticConditionInterface.]()

[constr_10055]{DRAFT} Existence of reference from DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping to DiagnosticClearCondition [Each Diagnostic-ClearCondition shall only be referenced by at most one DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping]()



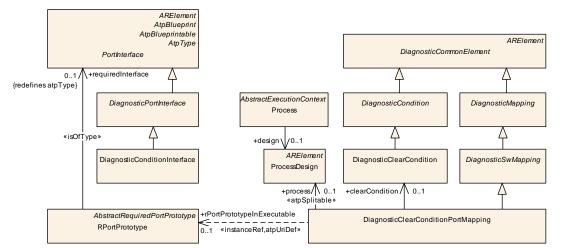


Figure 4.6: Modeling of DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping for the usage on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

Class	DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticMapping		
Note	Defines to which SWC se is mapped.	Defines to which SWC service ports with DiagnosticsClearConditionNeeds the DiagnosticClearCondition is mapped.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=D	iagnostic	Mappings		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
clearCondition	DiagnosticClear Condition	01	ref	Reference to the ClearCondition which is mapped to a SWC service port with DiagnosticClearConditionNeeds.		
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=process		
rPortPrototype InExecutable	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This aggregation allows for the usage of the Diagnostic ClearConditionMapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by:R PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef		

Table 4.10: DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping

[constr_10162]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping.clearCondition [For each Diagnostic-ClearConditionPortMapping, the reference in the role clearCondition shall exist at the time when the diagnostic design is complete.]()

4.1.7 Diagnostic Indicator to Port Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01260]{DRAFT} Mapping of DiagnosticIndicator to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform [On the AUTOSAR adaptive platform,



the relation between a DiagnosticIndicator and one RPortPrototype is created by using the DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping that refers to

- a DiagnosticIndicator in the role indicator,
- a ProcessDesign in the role process, and
- an RPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticIndicatorInterface in the role rPortPrototypeInExecutable. The target of this reference does not necessarily have to exist at the time of configuration of the DM. The reference itself, however, is required for constructing the corresponding InstanceSpecifier that the PortPrototype will use at run-time.

](*RS_MANI_00005, RS_MANI_00061*)

[constr_10056]{DRAFT} Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping [If an RPortPrototype is referenced by a DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping, then the RPortPrototype shall be typed by a DiagnosticIndicatorInterface.]()

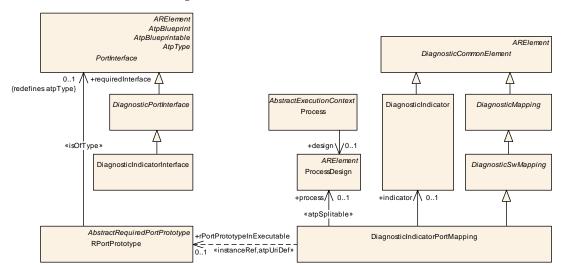


Figure 4.7: Modeling of DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping for the usage on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping				
M2::AUTOSARTemplate	es::Adaptive	Platform::	DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticMapping	
Defines to which SWC service ports with DiagnosticsIndicatorNeeds the DiagnosticIndicator is mapped.				
Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticMappings				
ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
ARPackage.element				
Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
DiagnosticIndicator 01 ref Reference to the DiagnosticIndicator which is mapped to a SWC service port with DiagnosticIndicatorNeeds.				
	M2::AUTOSARTemplate Defines to which SWC s Tags: atp.recommended <i>ARElement, ARObject,</i> <i>DiagnosticSwMapping,</i> ARPackage.element Type	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::Adaptive Defines to which SWC service ports Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=D ARElement, ARObject, Collectable DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, ARPackage.element Type Mult.	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform:: Defines to which SWC service ports with Dia Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=Diagnostic ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, Multilang ARPackage.element Type Mult.	



Δ						
Class	DiagnosticIndicatorPort	Mapping				
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=process		
rPortPrototype InExecutable	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This aggregation allows for the usage of the Diagnostic IndicatorMapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform. Stereotypes: atpUriDef InstanceRef implemented by: R PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef		

Table 4.11: DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping

[constr_10163]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping.indicator [For each DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping, the reference in the role indicator shall exist at the time when the diagnostic design is complete.]()

4.1.8 Diagnostic Memory Destination to Port Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01261]{DRAFT} **Mapping of DiagnosticMemoryDestination to PortPrototype(s) on the** *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* [On the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, the relation between a DiagnosticMemoryDestination and One RPortPrototypeis created by using the DiagnosticMemoryDestination-PortMapping that refers to

- a DiagnosticMemoryDestination in the role memoryDestination,
- a ProcessDesign in the role process, and
- an RPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticDTCInformationInterface in the role rPortPrototypeInExecutable. The target of this reference does not necessarily have to exist at the time of configuration of the DM. The reference itself, however, is required for constructing the corresponding InstanceSpecifier that the PortPrototype will use at run-time.

(*RS_MANI_00005*, *RS_MANI_00061*)

[constr_10057]{DRAFT} Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticMemory-DestinationPortMapping [If an RPortPrototype is referenced by a DiagnosticMemoryDestinationPortMapping, then the RPortPrototype shall be typed by a DiagnosticDTCInformationInterface.]()





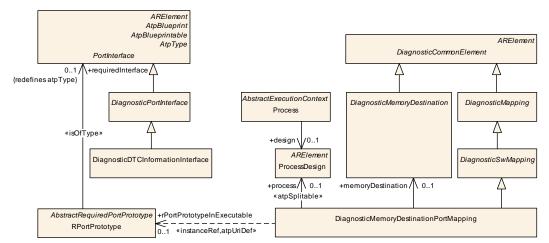


Figure 4.8: Modeling of DiagnosticMemoryDestinationPortMapping for the usage on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

Class	DiagnosticMemoryDestinationPortMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticMapping						
Note	Defines to which SWC service ports with DiagnosticsEventInfoNeeds the DiagnosticMemoryDestination is mapped.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=D	iagnostic	Mappings			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
memory Destination	DiagnosticMemory Destination	01	ref	Reference to the MemoryDestination which is mapped to a SWC service port with DiagnosticEventInfoNeeds.			
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=process			
rPortPrototype InExecutable	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This aggregation allows for the usage of the Diagnostic MemoryDestinationMapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by:R PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef			

Table 4.12: DiagnosticMemoryDestinationPortMapping

[constr_10164]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role DiagnosticMemory-DestinationPortMapping.memoryDestination [For each DiagnosticMemoryDestinationPortMapping, the reference in the role memoryDestination shall exist at the time when the diagnostic design is complete.]()



Class	DiagnosticMemoryDestination (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::Dem::DiagnosticMemoryDestination						
Note	This abstract meta-class represents a possible memory destination for a diagnostic event.						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Referrable, PackageableE	ollectable Element, F	Element, Referrable	DiagnosticCommonElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage			
Subclasses	DiagnosticMemoryDestinationPrimary, DiagnosticMemoryDestinationUserDefined						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
agingRequires TestedCycle	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether the aging cycle counter is processed every aging cycles or else only tested aging cycle are considered.			
				If the attribute is set to TRUE: only tested aging cycle are considered for aging cycle counter.			
				If the attribute is set to FALSE: aging cycle counter is processed every aging cycle.			
clearDtc Limitation	DiagnosticClearDtc LimitationEnum	01	attr	Defines the scope of the DEM_ClearDTC Api.			
dtcStatus AvailabilityMask	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Mask for the supported DTC status bits by the Dem.			
event Displacement Strategy	DiagnosticEvent DisplacementStrategy Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines, whether support for event displacement is enabled or not, and which displacement strategy is followed.			
maxNumberOf EventEntries	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute fixes the maximum number of event entries in the fault memory.			
memoryEntry StorageTrigger	DiagnosticMemoryEntry StorageTriggerEnum	01	attr	Describes the trigger to allocate an event memory entry.			
statusBit HandlingTest FailedSinceLast Clear	DiagnosticStatusBit HandlingTestFailed SinceLastClearEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines, whether the aging and displacement mechanism shall be applied to the "Test FailedSinceLastClear" status bits.			
statusBit StorageTest Failed	Boolean	01	attr	This parameter is used to activate/deactivate the permanent storage of the "TestFailed" status bits.			
				true: storage activated			
				false: storage deactivated			
typeOfFreeze FrameRecord Numeration	DiagnosticTypeOf FreezeFrameRecord NumerationEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines the type of assigning freeze frame record numbers for event-specific freeze frame records.			

4.1.9 Diagnostic Security to Port Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01262]{DRAFT} **Mapping of DiagnosticSecurityLevel to Port-Prototype(s) on the** *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* [On the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, the relation between a DiagnosticSecurityLevel and one PPort-Prototypeis created by using the DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping that refers to

- a DiagnosticSecurityLevel in the role securityLevel,
- a ProcessDesign in the role process, and



• an PPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticSecurityLevelInterface in the role pPortPrototypeInExecutable. The target of this reference does not necessarily have to exist at the time of configuration of the DM. The reference itself, however, is required for constructing the corresponding InstanceSpecifier that the PortPrototype on the application layer will use at run-time.

](RS_MANI_00005, RS_MANI_00061)

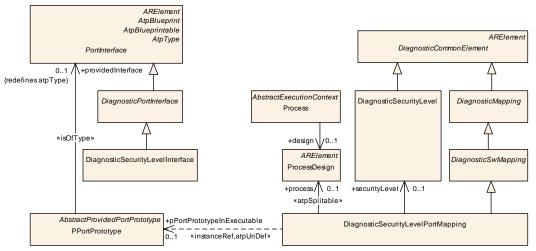


Figure 4.9: Modeling of DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping for the usage on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

[constr_10058]{DRAFT} Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping [If a PPortPrototype is referenced by a Diagnostic-SecurityLevelPortMapping, then the PPortPrototype shall be typed by a DiagnosticSecurityLevelInterface.]()

[constr_10059]{DRAFT} Existence of reference from DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping to DiagnosticSecurityLevel [Each Diagnostic-SecurityLevel shall only be referenced by exactly one DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping.]()

DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping					
M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticMapping		
Defines to which SWC service ports with DiagnosticsCommunicationSecurityNeeds the Diagnostic SecurityLevel is mapped.					
Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticMappings					
			DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, uageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable		
ARPackage.element					
Type Mult. Kind Note					
	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: Defines to which SWC set SecurityLevel is mapped. Tags: atp.recommendedPa <i>ARElement, ARObject, C</i> <i>DiagnosticSwMapping, Id</i> ARPackage.element	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::Adaptive Defines to which SWC service ports SecurityLevel is mapped. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=D ARElement, ARObject, Collectable DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, ARPackage.element	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform:: Defines to which SWC service ports with Diag SecurityLevel is mapped. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticM <i>ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, Multilang</i> ARPackage.element		



			\triangle				
Class	DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping						
pPortPrototype InExecutable	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This aggregation allows for the usage of the Diagnostic SecurityLevelMapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by:P PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef			
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=process			
securityLevel	DiagnosticSecurityLevel	01	ref	Reference to the SecurityLevelwhich is mapped to a SWC service port with DiagnosticCommunicationSecurity Needs.			

Table 4.14: DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping

Class	DiagnosticSecurityLevel						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::Dcm						
Note	This meta-class represent	s the abili	ty to defin	e a security level considered for diagnostic purposes.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=D	iagnostics	SecurityLevels			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
accessData RecordSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This represents the size of the AccessDataRecord used in GetSeed. Unit:byte.			
keySize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This represents the size of the security key. Unit: byte.			
numFailed SecurityAccess	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This represents the number of failed security accesses after which the delay time is activated.			
securityDelay Time	TimeValue	01	attr	This represents the delay time after a failed security access. Unit: second.			
seedSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This represents the size of the security seed. Unit: byte.			

Table 4.15: DiagnosticSecurityLevel

4.1.10 Diagnostic Data Identifier to Port Mapping

The DM on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform has the ability to access entire DiagnosticDataIdentifiers at once. For supporting this ability, a dedicated mapping class named DiagnosticDataPortMapping is introduced.

[TPS_MANI_01263]{DRAFT} Mapping of DiagnosticDataIdentifier or DiagnosticDataElement to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform [On the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, the relation between a DiagnosticDataIdentifier resp. DiagnosticDataElement and one PPortPrototype is created by using the DiagnosticDataPortMapping that refers to either

• **a** DiagnosticDataIdentifier in the role diagnosticDataIdentifier or



• a DiagnosticDataElement in the role diagnosticDataElement.

](*RS_MANI_00005, RS_MANI_00061*)

Class	DiagnosticDataElement						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::CommonDiagnostics						
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe a concrete piece of data to be taken into account for diagnostic purposes.						
Base	ARObject, DiagnosticSe	rviceMappi	ingDiagTa	rget, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	DiagnosticAbstractParan	neter.dataE	Iement				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
arraySize Semantics	ArraySizeSemantics Enum	01	attr	This attribute controls the meaning of the value of the array size.			
maxNumberOf Elements	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The existence of this attribute turns the data instance into an array of data. The attribute determines the size of the array in terms of how many elements the array can take.			
scalingInfoSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size in bytes of scaling information for the DiagnosticData Element if used with DiagnosticReadScalingDataBy Identifier			
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProps	01	aggr	This property allows to specify data definition properties in order to support the definition of e.g. computation formulae and data constraints.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=swDataDefProps			

 Table 4.16: DiagnosticDataElement

As depicted in Figure 4.10, DiagnosticDataPortMapping has the ability to handle access to **either** an entire DID **or** to just an element of a DID.

Therefore, the existence of [constr_10003] is required to enforce that just one of the references is actually used for any given DiagnosticDataPortMapping.

[constr_10003]{DRAFT} Restriction for the existence of DiagnosticData-PortMapping.diagnosticDataIdentifier VS. DiagnosticDataPortMapping.diagnosticDataElement [For each DiagnosticDataPortMapping, either the reference in the role diagnosticDataIdentifier Or diagnostic-DataElement shall exist. ()

[constr_10060]{DRAFT} PortInterface of PPortPrototype referenced by DiagnosticDataPortMapping [Any particular PPortPrototype that is referenced in the role DiagnosticDataPortMapping.pPortPrototypeInExecutable shall be typed by either of

- DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface
- DiagnosticDataElementInterface
- DiagnosticDataIdentifierGenericInterface

]()



[constr_10061]{DRAFT} Mapping to DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface, DiagnosticDataElementInterface, Or DiagnosticDataIdentifierGenericInterface [All PPortPrototypes typed by either

- DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface
- DiagnosticDataElementInterface
- DiagnosticDataIdentifierGenericInterface

shall only be referenced by a DiagnosticDataPortMapping. No other subclass of DiagnosticSwMapping is eligible for this purpose.]()

[TPS_MANI_01347]{DRAFT} Definition of a DiagnosticDataElement used in the context of a DID obtained from a PPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticDataElementInterface [If a DiagnosticDataElement is aggregated by a DiagnosticParameter that in turn is aggregated by a DiagnosticDataIdentifier and the DiagnosticDataElement is also referenced by a Diagnostic-DataPortMapping then the referenced DiagnosticDataElement (by way of Sw-DataDefProps) shall refer to a SwBaseType with attribute baseTypeSize set to either

- 8,
- 16, or
- 32

and attribute baseTypeEncoding set to either

- NONE (for 8, 16, or 32 bit) or
- 2C (for 8, 16, or 32 bit) or
- IEEE754 (for 32 bit).

In this case it is only possible to define the DiagnosticDataElement as a scalar or an array (see [TPS_DEXT_01001], [TPS_DEXT_01002]). The ability to define a Variable-Size Array shall only be used for the last element of the DID.](RS_-MANI_00061)

[TPS_MANI_01348]{DRAFT} Definition of a DiagnosticDataElement used in the context of a DID obtained from a PPortPrototype typed by a Diagnostic-DataIdentifierInterface [If a DiagnosticDataIdentifier is referenced by a DiagnosticDataPortMapping then the aggregated DiagnosticDataIdentifier.dataElement.dataElement (by way of SwDataDefProps) shall refer to a SwBaseType with attribute baseTypeSize set to either

- 8,
- 16, or
- 32



and attribute baseTypeEncoding set to either

- NONE (for 8, 16, or 32 bit) or
- 2C (for 8, 16, or 32 bit) or
- IEEE754 (for 32 bit).

In this case it is only possible to define the DiagnosticDataElement as a scalar or an array (see [TPS_DEXT_01001], [TPS_DEXT_01002]). The ability to define a Variable-Size Array shall only be used for the last element of the DID.](RS_-MANI_00061)

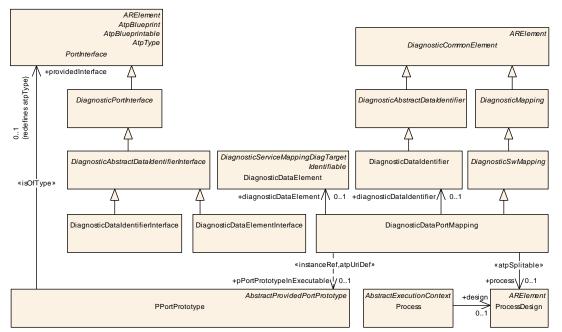


Figure 4.10: Modeling of DiagnosticDataPortMapping for the usage on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

Class	DiagnosticDataPortMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticMapping		
Note	This meta-class provides	the ability	to define	a diagnostic access to an entire DID.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=D	iagnostic	ServiceMappings		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
diagnosticData	DiagnosticDataElement	01	ref	This reference represents the applicable DiagnosticData		
Element				Element.		



			\bigtriangleup	
Class	DiagnosticDataPortMap	ping		
pPortPrototype InExecutable	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This reference identifies the applicable PPortPrototype from which that data is obtained. The reference has the ability to point into the component hierarchy (under possible consideration of the rootSoftwareComposition).
				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by:P PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=process

 Table 4.17: DiagnosticDataPortMapping

[constr_10165]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role DiagnosticData-PortMapping.process [For each DiagnosticDataPortMapping, the reference in the role process shall exist at the time when the diagnostic design is complete.]()

4.1.11 Diagnostic Generic UDS Service Handler to Port Mapping

It is possible to associate a collection of UDS services to a given PPortPrototype with the intention that the PPortPrototype can handle the associated services.

By creating a dedicated association between generic UDS handlers and the services they can take it is possible to use multiple generic UDS handlers and let each take only the associated services.

Technically, a possible alternative to the documented modeling of generic UDS handling would be to avoid the mapping at all and foresee the existence of a catch-all generic UDS handler.

This, to a large extent, contradicts the idea of having modular software installations on the basis of the definition of SoftwareClusters (see section 15.2).

4.1.12 Diagnostic Generic Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01326]{DRAFT} Generic Mapping to a DiagnosticServiceInstance on the AUTOSAR Adaptive Platform [On the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, the relation between a DiagnosticServiceInstance and one PPortPrototype for select diagnostic services is created by using the meta-class DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping that refers to

- **a** DiagnosticServiceInstance in the role diagnosticServiceInstance,
- the PPortPrototype in the role pPortPrototypeInExecutable, and



• a ProcessDesign in the role process.

(RS_MANI_00005, RS_MANI_00061)

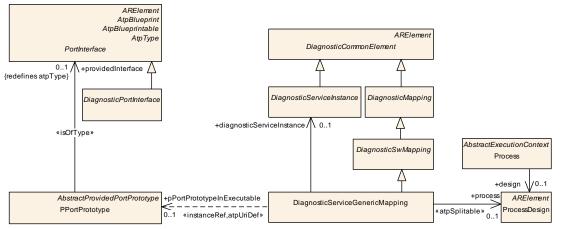


Figure 4.11: Modeling of the diagnostic generic mapping

[constr_10062]{DRAFT} DiagnosticServiceInstances that can be mapped by a DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping [DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping shall only be used for the following list of DiagnosticServiceInstances:

- DiagnosticEcuReset
- DiagnosticComControl
- DiagnosticRoutineControl
- DiagnosticCustomServiceInstance
- DiagnosticRequestUpload
- DiagnosticRequestDownload
- DiagnosticRequestFileTransfer

]()

Please note that services DiagnosticDataTransfer and DiagnosticTransfer-Exit are mapped dynamically according to the UDS request sequence for upload and download.

Class	DiagnosticEcuReset					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Diagnosti	icExtract::	Dcm::DiagnosticService::EcuReset		
Note	This represents an instanc	e of the "	ECU Res	et" diagnostic service.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticEcuResets					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticServiceInstance, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
	∇					



			\triangle	
Class	DiagnosticEcuReset			
customSub Function Number	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute shall be used to define a custom sub-function number if none of the standardized values of category shall be used.
ecuResetClass	DiagnosticEcuReset Class	01	ref	This reference substantiates that abstract reference in the role serviceClass for this specific concrete class. Thereby, the reference represents the ability to access shared attributes among all DiagnosticEcuReset in the given context.

Table 4.18: DiagnosticEcuReset

Class	DiagnosticComControl						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Diagnost	icExtract:	:Dcm::DiagnosticService::CommunicationControl			
Note	This represents an instan	ce of the "	Communi	cation Control" diagnostic service.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticCommunicationControls					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticServiceInstance, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
comControl Class	DiagnosticComControl Class	01	ref	This reference substantiates that abstract reference in the role serviceClass for this specific concrete class.			
				Thereby, the reference represents the ability to access shared attributes among all DiagnosticComControl in the given context.			
customSub Function Number	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute shall be used to define a custom sub-function number if none of the standardized values of category shall be used.			

Table 4.19: DiagnosticComControl

Class	DiagnosticRoutineControl				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Diagnost	icExtract:	:Dcm::DiagnosticService::RoutineControl	
Note	This represents an instand	ce of the "	Routine C	Control" diagnostic service.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=D	iagnosticl	RoutineControls	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticServiceInstance, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
routine	DiagnosticRoutine	01	ref	This refers to the applicable DiagnosticRoutine.	
routineControl Class	DiagnosticRoutine ControlClass	01	ref	This reference substantiates that abstract reference in the role serviceClass for this specific concrete class.	
				Thereby, the reference represents the ability to access shared attributes among all DiagnosticRoutineControl in the given context.	

Table 4.20: DiagnosticRoutineControl



Class	DiagnosticCustomServiceInstance			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Diagnost	icExtract:	Dcm::DiagnosticService::CustomServiceInstance
Note	This meta-class has the ability to define an instance of a custom diagnostic service.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticCustomInstances			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticServiceInstance, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
customService Class	DiagnosticCustom ServiceClass	01	ref	Reference to the corresponding DiagnosticCustom ServiceClass.

Table 4.21: DiagnosticCustomServiceInstance

Class	DiagnosticRequestUploa	ad				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Diagnost	icExtract:	:Dcm::DiagnosticService::MemoryByAddress		
Note	This represents an instand	ce of the "	Request I	Jpload" diagnostic service.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticMemoryByAdresss				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMemory AddressableRangeAccess, DiagnosticMemoryByAddress, DiagnosticServiceInstance, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
requestUpload Class	DiagnosticRequest UploadClass	01	ref	This reference substantiates that abstract reference in the role serviceClass for this specific concrete class.		
				Thereby, the reference represents the ability to access shared attributes among all DiagnosticRequestUpload in the given context.		

Table 4.22: DiagnosticRequestUpload

Class	DiagnosticRequestDow	nload			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Diagnost	icExtract:	:Dcm::DiagnosticService::MemoryByAddress	
Note	This represents an instan	This represents an instance of the "Request Download" diagnostic service.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticMemoryByAdresss				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMemory AddressableRangeAccess, DiagnosticMemoryByAddress, DiagnosticServiceInstance, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
request DownloadClass	DiagnosticRequest DownloadClass	01	ref	This reference substantiates that abstract reference in the role serviceClass for this specific concrete class.	
				Thereby, the reference represents the ability to access shared attributes among all DiagnosticRequestDownload in the given context.	

Table 4.23: DiagnosticRequestDownload



Class	DiagnosticServiceGener	ricMappin	g		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticMapping				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to implement a generic generic mapping for select diagnostics services on the adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=D	iagnostics	ServiceMappings	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
diagnostic ServiceInstance	DiagnosticService Instance	01	ref	Reference to the ServiceInstance mapped to a SWC service port.	
pPortPrototype InExecutable	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This aggregation allows for the usage of the Diagnostic ServiceGenericMapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.	
				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by:P PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef	
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=process	

Table 4.24: DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping

Class	DiagnosticRequestFileTransfer				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Diagnost	icExtract:	:Dcm::DiagnosticService::RequestFileTransfer	
Note	This diagnostic service in	This diagnostic service instance implements the UDS service 0x38.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticRequestFileTransfers				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticServiceInstance, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
requestFile TransferClass	DiagnosticRequestFile TransferClass	01	ref	This reference substantiates that abstract reference in the role serviceClass for this specific concrete class.	
				Thereby, the reference represents the ability to access shared attributes among all DiagnosticRequestFile Transfer in the given context.	

Table 4.25: DiagnosticRequestFileTransfer

4.1.13 Diagnostic Service Validation Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01352]{DRAFT} **Definition of DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping** [On the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, meta-class DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping exists to indicate that the referenced PPortPrototype is used for the execution of a manufacturer-specific or supplier-specific check prior to the execution of a diagnostic service.

The number of **PPortPrototypes** that implement such a checking routine is arbitrary and the order in which the individual checks are executed is subject to a decision made on deployment level.



This is the main reason why the DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping (beside the reference to the ProcessDesign) has no reference into another design object in the context of the DEXT. (*RS_MANI_00005, RS_MANI_00061*)

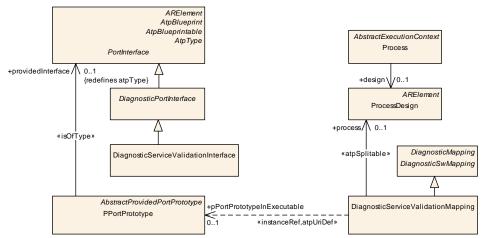


Figure 4.12: Modeling of the diagnostic validation mapping

[constr_10063]{DRAFT} Possible values for DiagnosticServiceValidation-Mapping.category [The value of attribute DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping.category is restricted to the following values:

- **MANUFACTURER_VALIDATION** The enclosing DiagnosticServiceValidation-Mapping represents a validation defined by the manufacturer.
- **SUPPLIER_VALIDATION** The enclosing DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping represents a validation defined by the supplier.

]()

[constr_10064]{DRAFT} Existence of DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping. pPortPrototypeInExecutable [A PPortPrototype referenced in the role DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping.pPortPrototypeInExecutable shall be typed by a DiagnosticServiceValidationInterface.]()

Please note that the final decision about the order in which the validations are executed is decided in the deployment phase, see section 15.2.2.4.

Class	DiagnosticServiceValida	DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticMapping				
Note		This meta-class provides the ability to specify manufacturer/supplier checks to be executed before diagnostic services can be processed.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortMappings				
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		

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Class	DiagnosticServiceVali	idationMapp	oing	
pPortPrototype InExecutable	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This mapping identifies a PortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticValidationInterface in which a manufacturer/ supplier-specific check is executed.
				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by:P PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=process

Table 4.26: DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping

4.1.14 Diagnostic Authentication Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01360]{DRAFT} Creation of two diagnostic mappings the fulfill different roles in the context of authenticating a diagnostic client [The support for the diagnostic service Authentication (0x29) on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* requires the creation of two diagnostic mappings the fulfill different roles in the context of authenticating a diagnostic client:

- The meta-class DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping (described in this section) is used to configure the forwarding of the request for authentication from the DM to some application software that acts as an authentication manager.
- The meta-class DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationPortMapping is used to convey the authentication state of a diagnostic client to the diagnostic server instance of DM.

Class	DiagnosticAuthenticatio	DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticMapping		
Note	This mapping class identifies the PortPrototype in the application software that handles the client authentication.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=D	iagnosticl	PortMapppings		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
diagnostic Authentication	Diagnostic 01 ref Reference to the DiagnosticAuthentication that is assigned to a SWC service port.					
•			∇			

(*RS_MANI_00005, RS_MANI_00061*)



Class	DiagnosticAuthentic	ationPortMap	oping	
pPortPrototype InExecutable	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This aggregation allows for the usage of the Diagnostic AuthenticationPortMapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.
				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by:P PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=process

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Table 4.27: DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping

Please note that meta-class DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationPortMapping is described in section 4.1.15.

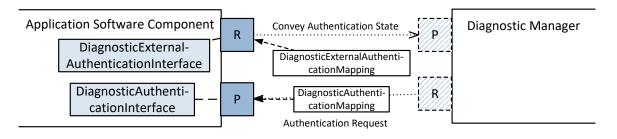


Figure 4.13: Example data exchange for diagnostic authentication

The two different roles mentioned in [TPS_MANI_01360] for the authentication of a diagnostic client are depicted in Figure 4.13.

[TPS_MANI_01361]{DRAFT} **Support the authentication request of a diagnostic client** [For the purpose of supporting the authentication request of a diagnostic client on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, the relation between a DiagnosticAuthentication and one PPortPrototype is created by using the DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping that refers to

- a DiagnosticAuthentication in the role diagnosticAuthentication,
- a ProcessDesign in the role process, and
- a PPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticAuthenticationInterface in the role pPortPrototypeInExecutable. The target of this reference does not necessarily have to exist at the time of configuration of the DM. The reference itself, however, is required for constructing the corresponding InstanceSpecifier that the PortPrototype will use at run-time.

](*RS_MANI_00005, RS_MANI_00061*)



[constr_10093]{DRAFT} Existence of reference from DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping to DiagnosticAuthentication [Each DiagnosticAuthentication shall only be referenced by exactly one DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping.]()

Class	DiagnosticAuthentication (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::Dcm::DiagnosticService::Authentication					
Note	This meta-class represen Diagnostic extract.	ts the abili	ty to confi	gure the usage of the UDS service Authentication in the		
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticServiceInstance, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Subclasses	DiagnosticAuthenticationConfiguration, DiagnosticDeAuthentication, DiagnosticProofOfOwnership, DiagnosticVerifyCertificateBidirectional, DiagnosticVerifyCertificateUnidirectional					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
authentication Class	Diagnostic AuthenticationClass	01	ref	This represents the corresponding "class", i.e. this meta-class provides properties that are shared among all instances of applicable sub-classes of DiagnosticService Instance.		
				The subclasses that affected by this pattern implement references to the applicable "class"-role that substantiate this abstract reference.		
authentication Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute defines the time that the authentication state is maintained in default-session if there is no communication from the authenticated client.		

 Table 4.28: DiagnosticAuthentication

[constr_10111]{DRAFT} Existence of attribute DiagnosticAuthentication.authenticationTimeout [Attribute DiagnosticAuthentication.authenticationTimeout shall exist at the time when the manifest is complete.]()

[constr_10092]{DRAFT} Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping [If a PPortPrototype is referenced by a DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping, then the PPortPrototype shall be typed by a DiagnosticAuthenticationInterface]()

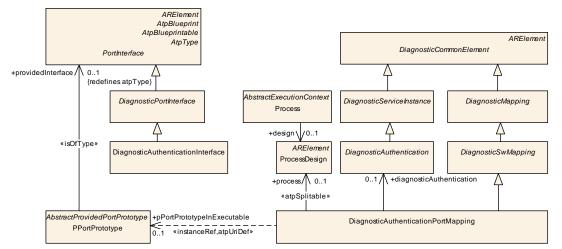


Figure 4.14: Modeling of DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping to forward the authentication request of a diagnostic client to an authentication manager



4.1.15 Diagnostic External Authentication Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01362]{DRAFT} **Convey the Authentication state of a diagnostic client to the diagnostic server instance** [For the purpose of conveying the authentication state of a diagnostic client to the diagnostic server instance of DM of a diagnostic client on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, the relation between a DiagnosticAu-thentication and one RPortPrototype is created by using the DiagnosticEx-ternalAuthenticationPortMapping that refers to

- a DiagnosticAuthentication in the role diagnosticAuthentication,
- a ProcessDesign in the role process, and
- an RPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticExternalAuthentication-Interface in the role rPortPrototypeInExecutable. The target of this reference does not necessarily have to exist at the time of configuration of the DM. The reference itself, however, is required for constructing the corresponding InstanceSpecifier that the PortPrototype will use at run-time.

(*RS_MANI_00005, RS_MANI_00061*)

[constr_10094]{DRAFT} Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationPortMapping [If an RPortPrototype is referenced by a DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationPortMapping, then the RPortPrototype shall be typed by a DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationInterface (/)

[constr_10095]{DRAFT} Existence of reference from DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationPortMapping to DiagnosticAuthentication [Each DiagnosticAuthentication shall only be referenced by exactly one DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationPortMapping.]()

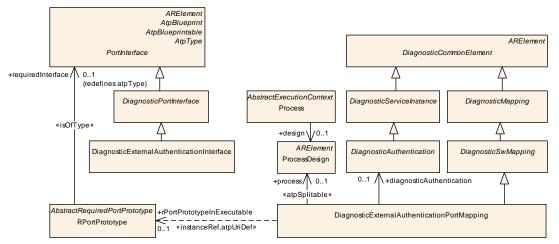


Figure 4.15: Modeling of DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationPortMapping to transmit the response to an authentication request back to the DM



Class	DiagnosticExternalAuth	DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationPortMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticMapping					
Note	This mapping class identifies the PortPrototype in the application software that handles the external authentication.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticPortMapppings				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
diagnostic Authentication	Diagnostic Authentication	01	ref	Reference to the DiagnosticAuthentication that is assigned to a SWC service port.		
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=process		
rPortPrototype InExecutable	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This aggregation allows for the usage of the Diagnostic ClientAuthenticationPortMapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by:R PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef		

Table 4.29: DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationPortMapping

4.2 Diagnostic Clear Condition

On the AUTOSAR adaptive platform, a new model element similar DiagnosticEnableCondition is introduced: DiagnosticClearCondition.

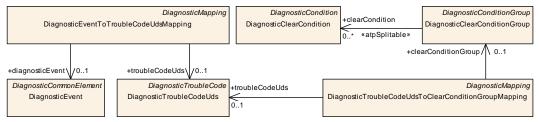


Figure 4.16: Modeling of the diagnostic clear condition

In contrast to DiagnosticEnableCondition, DiagnosticClearCondition is not mapped to a DiagnosticEvent but (via the aggregation by Diagnostic-ClearConditionGroup) to a DiagnosticTroubleCodeUds.

For this purpose, meta-class DiagnosticTroubleCodeUdsToClearCondition-GroupMapping has been defined.



Class	DiagnosticClearCondition				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticClearCondition	
Note	This meta-class describes	s a clear c	ondition fo	or diagnostic purposes.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticConditions				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticCondition, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	-	- 1	-	_	

Table 4.30: DiagnosticClearCondition

Class	DiagnosticClearCondition	DiagnosticClearConditionGroup			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticClearCondition	
Note	Clear condition group whi	ch include	s one or s	several clear conditions.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=D	iagnostic	ClearConditionGroups	
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticConditionGroup, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
clearCondition	DiagnosticClear Condition	*	ref	This aggregation represents the collection of Diagnostic ClearConditions that belong to the DiagnosticClear ConditionGroup. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=clearCondition	

Table 4.31: DiagnosticClearConditionGroup

Class	DiagnosticTroubleCodeUdsToClearConditionGroupMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticClearCondition	
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to map a DiagnosticClearConditionGroup to a collection of Diagnostic TroubleCodeUds.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=D	iagnosticl	Mappings	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
clearCondition Group	DiagnosticClear ConditionGroup	01	ref	Thi reference identifies the applicable DiagnosticClear ConditionGroup.	
troubleCodeUds	DiagnosticTroubleCode Uds	01	ref	This reference identifies the DiagnosticTroubleCodeUds that are relevant for the mapping.	

Table 4.32: DiagnosticTroubleCodeUdsToClearConditionGroupMapping

[constr_1658]{DRAFT} Number of DiagnosticTroubleCodeUdsToClearConditionGroupMapping elements per DiagnosticTroubleCodeUds [The mapping element DiagnosticTroubleCodeUdsToClearConditionGroupMapping shall be created no more than once per DiagnosticTroubleCodeUds.



If several DiagnosticTroubleCodeUdsToClearConditionGroupMapping elements referring to the same DiagnosticTroubleCodeUds are defined, then the Clear Condition Group mapping shall be regarded as defective. ()

4.3 Security Access

the implementation of the diagnostics manager on the adaptive platform requires a refined modeling of meta-class DiagnosticSecurityAccessClass.

A new attribute named sharedTimer is introduced that controls whether a single timer is used for all security access levels or whether the individual levels utilize separate timers respectively.

Class	DiagnosticSecurityAccessClass				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::Diagnost	icExtract:	Dcm::DiagnosticService::SecurityAccess	
Note	This meta-class contains	attributes	shared by	all instances of the "Security Access" diagnostic service.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=D	iagnostics	SecurityAccesss	
Base				DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticServiceClass, geableElement, Referrable	
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
sharedTimer	Boolean	01	attr	Switch between separate or single shared timer instance and timer value.	
				 True: use shared timer instance and timer value for all security access levels combined. 	
				 False: use separate timer instance and timer values for each security level. 	
				Tags:atp.Status=draft	

Table 4.33: DiagnosticSecurityAccessClass

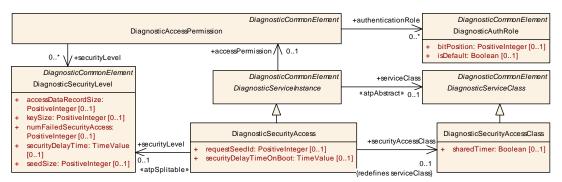


Figure 4.17: Refined modeling of the diagnostic security access



4.4 DiagnosticProvidedDataMapping

[TPS_MANI_01230]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DiagnosticProvidedDataMapping** [The meta-class DiagnosticProvidedDataMapping does not seem to fulfill the condition for representing a mapping class because it only has one reference to a DiagnosticDataElement in the role dataElement.

However, the specific nature of this mapping is that the second element (the DiagnosticProvidedDataMapping.dataProvider) that is supposed to take place in the mapping cannot precisely be modeled as a single meta-class.

Therefore, there is no better way than to model the DiagnosticProvidedDataMapping.dataProvider by a NameToken.](*RS_MANI_00005*)

Please note that the list of standardized values of attribute DiagnosticProvided-DataMapping.dataProvider is defined in the SWS Diagnostics [20].

		DiagnosticServiceMappingDiagTarget Identifiable
DiagnosticMapping DiagnosticProvidedDataMapping	+dataElement	
+ dataProvider: NameToken [01]	01	+ arraySizeSemantics: ArraySizeSemanticsEnum [01] + maxNumberOfElements: PositiveInteger [01]
		+ scalingInfoSize: PositiveInteger [01]



Class	DiagnosticProvidedDataMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticProvidedDataMapping		
Note	This represents the ability to define the nature of a data access for a DiagnosticDataElement based on a data provider that cannot be modeled explicitly.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DataMappings					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
dataElement	DiagnosticDataElement	01	ref	This represents the DiagnosticDataElement for which the access is further qualified by the DiagnosticProvidedData Mapping.dataProvider.		
dataProvider	NameToken	01	attr	This represents the ability to further specify the data provider.		

Table 4.34: DiagnosticProvidedDataMapping

[constr_10166]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DiagnosticProvidedDataMapping.dataProvider [For each DiagnosticProvidedDataMapping, the attribute dataProvider shall exist at the time when the diagnostic design is complete.]()



4.5 Usage of DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition on the adaptive Platform

The definition of environmental conditions is explained in the document TPS Diagnostic Extract [2].

Specifically for the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, it is possible to obtain data from application software (fetched from a PPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticDataElementInterface) as a reference value for the computation of the environmental condition.

[TPS_MANI_01372]{DRAFT} Properties of data obtained from the application software [The properties of the data obtained from the application software can be configured in the context of DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition, namely by means of the aggregation of SwDataDefProps in the role swDataDefProps.](RS_MANI_00005)

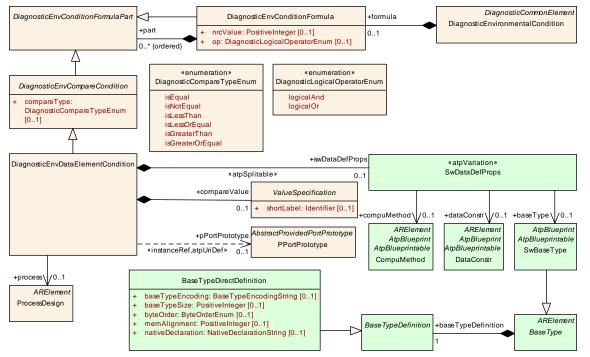


Figure 4.19: Leverage of DiagnosticEnvironmentalCondition on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform

[constr_10114]{DRAFT} Existence of attributes of DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition if the reference in the role pPortPrototype exists [If the reference in the role DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition.pPortPrototype exists, then the aggregations in the roles compareValue, process, and swDataDef-Props shall exist at the time when the diagnostic design is complete. |()

Please note that the reference <code>DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition.pPort-Prototype</code> is decorated with stereotype \ll atpUriDef \gg because the model of the



application software does not necessarily have to exist when the diagnostic design is created.

Class	DiagnosticEnvironmentalCondition				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Diagnost	icExtract:	Dcm::EnvironmentalCondition	
Note	The meta-class DiagnosticEnvironmentalCondition formalizes the idea of a condition which is evaluated during runtime of the ECU by looking at "environmental" states (e.g. one such condition is that the vehicle is not driving, i.e. vehicle speed == 0).				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticEnvironmentalConditions				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
formula	DiagnosticEnvCondition Formula	01	aggr	This attribute represents the formula part of the DiagnosticEnvironmentalCondition.	
modeElement	DiagnosticEnvMode Element	*	aggr	This aggregation contains a representation of Mode Declarations in the context of a DiagnosticEnvironmental Condition.	

Table 4.35: [DiagnosticEnvironmentalCondition
---------------	----------------------------------

Class	DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::Dcm::EnvironmentalCondition						
Note	This meta-class represe of a data element owne			ulate a diagnostic environment condition based on the value oftware.			
Base	ARObject, DiagnosticE	nvCompared	Condition,	DiagnosticEnvConditionFormulaPart			
Aggregated by	DiagnosticEnvCondition	Formula.pa	rt				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
compareValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the definition of the compare value against which the value taken from the application software shall be compared.			
dataPrototype	DataPrototype	01	iref	This instanceRef represent the ability to access a data element owned by the application software on the AUTOSAR classic platform.			
				InstanceRef implemented by:DataPrototypeInSystem InstanceRef			
pPortPrototype	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This instanceRef identifies the PortPrototype from which the relevant information for the environment condition can be obtained. This InstanceRef is only relevant for the adaptive platform.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:atp.Status=draft InstanceRef implemented by:PPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef			
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable ProcessDesign.			
				Tags:atp.Status=draft			
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProps	01	aggr	Via this aggregation it is possible to describe the properties of the data that is obtained from the application for the environmental condition.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=swDataDefProps			

Table 4.36: DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition



Class	DiagnosticEnvCompareCondition (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Diagnost	icExtract:	Dcm::EnvironmentalCondition
Note	DiagnosticCompareConditions are atomic conditions. They are based on the idea of a comparison at runtime of some variable data with something constant. The type of the comparison (==, !=, <, <=,) is specified in DiagnosticCompareCondition.compareType.			
Base	ARObject, DiagnosticEnv	Condition	FormulaP	art
Subclasses	DiagnosticEnvDataCondition, DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition, DiagnosticEnvModeCondition			
Aggregated by	DiagnosticEnvConditionFo	ormula.pa	rt	
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
compareType	DiagnosticCompare TypeEnum	01	attr	This attributes represents the concrete type of the comparison.

Table 4.37: DiagnosticEnvCompareCondition

Class	DiagnosticEnvCondition	Formula				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Diagnost	icExtract:	Dcm::EnvironmentalCondition		
Note	runtime to determine if the evaluated to true) or not (c	A DiagnosticEnvConditionFormula embodies the computation instruction that is to be evaluated at runtime to determine if the DiagnosticEnvironmentalCondition is currently present (i.e. the formula is evaluated to true) or not (otherwise). The formula itself consists of parts which are combined by the logical operations specified by DiagnosticEnvConditionFormula.op.				
	diagnostic stack shall send	d a negati	ve respor	ed because an environmental condition fails then the use code (NRC) back to the client. The value of the NRC is herefore formalized in the attribute DiagnosticEnvCondition		
Base	ARObject, DiagnosticEnv	Condition	FormulaP	art		
Aggregated by	DiagnosticEnvConditionFo	ormula.pa	rt, Diagno	sticEnvironmentalCondition.formula		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
nrcValue	PositiveInteger	PositiveInteger 01 attr This attribute represents the concrete NRC value that shall be returned if the condition fails.				
ор	DiagnosticLogical 01 attr This attribute represents the concrete operator (supported operators: and, or) of the condition formula.					
part (ordered)	DiagnosticEnvCondition FormulaPart	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of formula parts that can be combined by logical operators.		

Table 4.38: DiagnosticEnvConditionFormula

Enumeration	DiagnosticCompareTypeEnum				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::Dcm::EnvironmentalCondition				
Note	Enumeration for the type of a comparison of values usually expressed by the following operators: ==, $!=, <, <=, >, >=$				
Aggregated by	DiagnosticEnvCompareCondition.compareType				
Literal	Description				
isEqual	equal				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0				
isGreaterOrEqual	greater than or equal				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=5				
isGreaterThan	greater than				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4				
isLessOrEqual	less than or equal				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3				

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Enumeration	DiagnosticCompareTypeEnum	
isLessThan	less than	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2	
isNotEqual	not equal	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1	

Table 4.39: DiagnosticCompareTypeEnum

Enumeration	DiagnosticLogicalOperatorEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::Dcm::EnvironmentalCondition
Note	Logical AND and OR operation (&&,)
Aggregated by	DiagnosticEnvConditionFormula.op
Literal	Description
logicalAnd	Logical AND
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
logicalOr	Logical OR
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1

 Table 4.40: DiagnosticLogicalOperatorEnum

4.6 SOVD Configuration Miscellanea

4.6.1 SOVD Lock

[TPS_MANI_01396]{DRAFT} **Semantics of meta-class DiagnosticSovdLock** [SOVD does not integrate with the existing UDS-based session handling. But nevertheless, it is necessary to provide the ability to lock the access for one SOVD client such that no other SOVD or UDS client can access the software that is subject to the diagnostic activity.

For this purpose, meta-class DiagnosticSovdLock has been defined. It is referenced by DiagnosticAccessPermission as an additional criterion for computing the access permission for a diagnostic client. (*RS_MANI_00005, RS_MANI_00070*)

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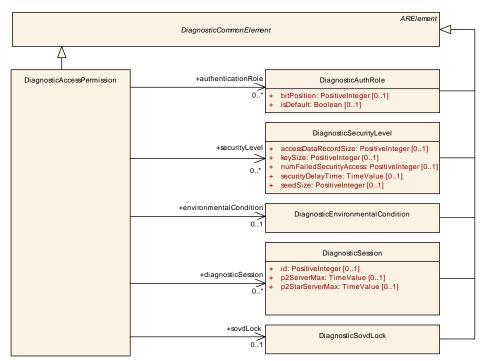


Figure 4.20: Modeling of SovdLock in the context of DiagnosticAccessPermission

Class	DiagnosticSovdLock			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::SOVD			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define an SOVD lock to be considered for the computation of a diagnostic access permission. Tags: atp.Status=draft atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticSovdLocks			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
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4.6.2 SOVD Categorization of Diagnostic Data Identifiers

[TPS_MANI_01397]{DRAFT} Standardized values of DiagnosticDataIdentifier.category of the usage in SOVD context [The following values of attribute DiagnosticDataIdentifier.category are standardized by AUTOSAR:

- SOVD_CONFIGURATION
- SOVD_DATA

](*RS_MANI_00005*, *RS_MANI_00070*)



4.6.3 SOVD Groups of Diagnostic Data Identifiers

For the support of SOVD, it may be necessary to define a collection of Diagnostic-DataIdentifiers with the semantics of becoming an *SOVD data group*.

[TPS_MANI_01398]{DRAFT} **Definition of an** *SOVD data group* [The definition of an *SOVD data group* shall be done by defining a Collection with the following properties:

- Attribute collectionSemantics shall be set to the value SOVD_DATAGROUP.
- Attribute category shall be set to SET.
- The references in the role element shall refer to the DiagnosticDataIdentifiers that shall be members of the collection.
- Attribute elementRole shall be set to PART_OF_SUBSET.

(*RS_MANI_00005, RS_MANI_00070*)

4.7 Diagnostic Miscellanea

[TPS_MANI_01358]{DRAFT} **Restriction for the configuration of diagnostic debouncing** [The restriction for the configuration of the diagnostic debouncing, as formulated in [TPS_DEXT_03004], shall **not** apply on *the AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.] (*RS_MANI_00005*)



5 Machine Design

On the *AUTOSAR classic platform*, the design of communication-related aspects is attached to the existence of meta-class *EcuInstance*. A similar approach to support the definition of communication-related aspects early in the workflow (and definitely before the manifest configuration starts) is also needed on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

Therefore, MachineDesign has been introduced in order to allow the communication system designer to define a placeholder for an adaptive ECU in the scope of the System (the MachineDesign corresponds to the EcuInstance of AUTOSAR classic).

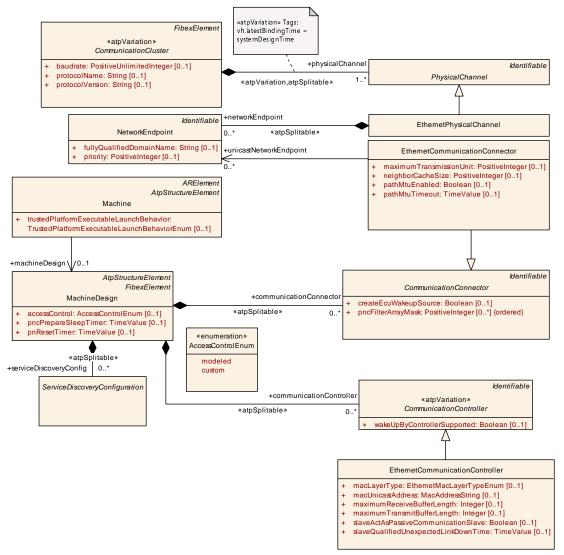


Figure 5.1: MachineDesign

As the AUTOSAR adaptive platform focuses on the usage of Ethernet for communication, the task of creating the communication design in the context of the MachineDesign boils down to the specification of IP addresses (see section 5.1) and the configuration of service discovery 5.2.



5.1 Network Design aspects of Machine Design

The basic definition of the connectivity of a MachineDesign is created by aggregating the abstract base-class CommunicationConnector in the role communication-Connector. The specific subclass of CommunicationConnector that is used in this context is the EthernetCommunicationConnector.

The EthernetCommunicationConnector is used to connect the MachineDesign with a VLAN that is represented in AUTOSAR by a EthernetPhysicalChannel that is part of an EthernetCluster. Please find more information about the details of EthernetCluster in section 6.2.1.

Class	MachineDesign					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SystemDesign					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define requirements on a Machine in the context of designing a system.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=MachineDesigns					
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, CollectableElement, FibexElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element, At	oClassifier.	atpFeatur	e		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
accessControl	AccessControlEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines how the access restriction to the Service Instance is defined.		
communication Connector	Communication Connector	*	aggr	This aggregation defines the network connection of the machine.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=communicationConnector.shortName		
communication Controller	Communication Controller	*	aggr	CommunicationControllers of the Machine that are used for description of 10-Base-T1S topologies		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=communicationController.shortName		
ethlpProps	EthlpProps	*	ref	Machine specific IP attributes.		
pncPrepare SleepTimer	TimeValue	01	attr	Time in seconds the PNC state machine shall wait in PNC_PREPARE_SLEEP.		
pnResetTimer	TimeValue	01	attr	Specifies the runtime of the reset timer in seconds. This reset time is valid for the reset of PN requests.		
service Discovery Config	ServiceDiscovery Configuration	*	aggr	Set of service discovery configuration settings that are defined on the machine for individual Communication Connectors.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=serviceDiscoveryConfig		
tcplplcmpProps	EthTcplplcmpProps	*	ref	Machine specific ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) attributes		
tcplpProps	EthTcplpProps	*	ref	Machine specific Tcplp Stack attributes.		

Table 5.1: MachineDesign

[constr_3723]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of reference in the role MachineDesign.tcpIpProps [In the context of MachineDesign, the reference in the role tcpIpProps shall exist at most once at the time when the system design is complete. |()



[constr_3724]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of reference in the role MachineDesign.tcpIpIcmpProps [In the context of MachineDesign, the reference in the role tcpIpIcmpProps shall exist at most once at the time when the system design is complete.]()

[constr_3725]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of reference in the role MachineDesign.ethIpProps [In the context of MachineDesign, the reference in the role ethIpProps shall exist at most once at the time when the system design is complete.]()

Class	PhysicalChannel (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreTopology			
Note	This element represents a physical connection (in case of CAN, FlexRay, LIN) or a logical connection (VLAN in case of Ethernet) between communicating devices.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Subclasses	AbstractCanPhysicalChannel, EthernetPhysicalChannel, FlexrayPhysicalChannel, UserDefinedPhysicalChannel Channel			
Aggregated by	CommunicationCluster.physicalChannel			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
_	_	-	-	-

Table 5.2: PhysicalChannel

Class	< <atpvariation>> EthernetCluster</atpvariation>				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology				
Note	Ethernet-specific cluster attributes.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=CommunicationClusters				
Base	ARObject, CollectableElement, CommunicationCluster, FibexElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
couplingPort Connection	CouplingPort Connection	*	aggr	Specification of connections between CouplingElements and EcuInstances.	
				Note: This atpSplitable property has no atp.Splitkey due to atpVariation (PropertySetPattern).	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild	
couplingPort StartupActive Time	TimeValue	01	attr	The attribute specifies the time in second a coupling port is switched on to enable the host ECU (ECU that maintains an Ethernet switch) to listen to the network for potential network management requests.	
couplingPort SwitchoffDelay	TimeValue	01	attr	Switch off delay for CouplingPorts in seconds. It denotes the delay of switching off couplingPorts after the request to switch off a couplingPort was issued. (e.g. switch off of Ethernet switch ports).	
macMulticast Group	MacMulticastGroup	*	aggr	MacMulticastGroup that is defined for the Subnet (EthernetCluster).	

Table 5.3: EthernetCluster

[TPS_MANI_03209]{DRAFT} The meaning of MachineDesign.accessControl [The MachineDesign.accessControl defines whether the access control is defined by AUTOSAR means in the Application Design with receiverIntent (see



[TPS_MANI_01106]) and senderIntent (see [TPS_MANI_01107]) or by a custom lists that are created by a non-AUTOSAR process.](*RS_MANI_00034*)

Enumeration	AccessControlEnum	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment	
Note	This enumeration describes the options for the definition of access restriction to resources.	
Aggregated by	MachineDesign.accessControl	
Literal	Description	
custom	The access restriction to the resource is defined by a non-AUTOSAR process.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1	
modeled	The access restriction to the resource is modeled in the AUTOSAR Application Design model or the AUTOSAR Deployment model.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0	

Table 5.4: AccessControlEnum

[constr_3320]{DRAFT} Aggregation of CommunicationConnector by MachineDesign [Meta-Class MachineDesign shall only aggregate EthernetCommunicationConnectors in the role communicationConnector. No other subclass of CommunicationConnector shall appear in this aggregation.]()

[constr_5324]{DRAFT} MachineDesign.communicationController aggregation restriction [MachineDesign is only allowed to aggregate an EthernetCommunicationController in the role communicationController.]()

5.2 Service Discovery Configuration

Service Discovery messages are exchanged between network nodes to announce and to discover available service instances. This chapter describes the configuration that is necessary to exchange service discovery messages for supported middleware transport layers.

Class	ServiceDiscoveryConfiguration (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::MachineManifest			
Note	Service Discovery configu	Service Discovery configuration settings for the middleware transport layer.		
Base	ARObject			
Subclasses	SomeipServiceDiscovery			
Aggregated by	MachineDesign.serviceDiscoveryConfig			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
_	-	_	-	-

Table 5.5: ServiceDiscoveryConfiguration



5.2.1 SOME/IP Service Discovery Configuration

[TPS_MANI_03064]{DRAFT} **SOME/IP** Service Discovery message exchange configuration [ProvidedServiceInstances are announced in SOME/IP by the server with multicast addressing on a VLAN to a specifically designated IP multicast address (SomeipServiceDiscovery.multicastSdIpAddress) at a specific UDP port number (SomeipServiceDiscovery.someipServiceDiscovery-Port).](*RS_MANI_00019*)

[constr_5045]{DRAFT} Only one SomeipServiceDiscovery configuration per VLAN is allowed [Only a single NetworkEndpoint on an EthernetPhysicalChannel (VLAN) is allowed to be referenced by a SomeipServiceDiscovery element in the role multicastSdIpAddress.]()

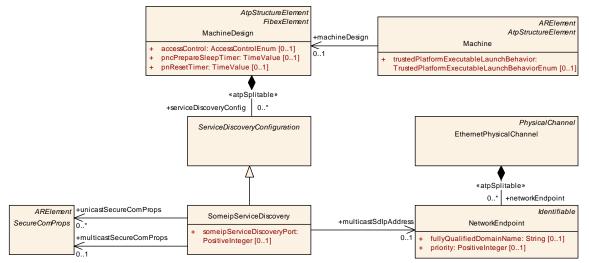


Figure 5.2: SOME/IP Service Discovery Configuration

The SomeipServiceDiscovery is able to reference SecureComProps to define and to configure a security protocol that will provide communication security for Service Discovery messages.

For Service Discovery messages that will be transmitted to a designated multicast IP address the protection is defined by the <u>SecureComProps</u> that is referenced in the role <u>multicastSecureComProps</u>. For unicast Service Discovery messages different credentials may be used for the different ECU pairs.

Therefore, a list of SecureComProps is aggregated in the role unicastSecureCom-Props.

Class	SomeipServiceDiscovery	
Package	M2:: AUTOSARTemplates:: Adaptive Platform:: Service Instance Manifest:: Service Interface Deployment	
Note	This meta-class represents a specialization of the generic service discovery for the SOME/IP case.	
Base	ARObject, ServiceDiscoveryConfiguration	
Aggregated by	MachineDesign.serviceDiscoveryConfig	

 ∇



Class	SomeipServiceDiscovery						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
multicastSdlp Address	NetworkEndpoint	01	ref	This reference identifies the multicast IP address used for service discovery.			
multicastSecure ComProps	SecureComProps	01	ref	Reference to a communication security protocol and its configuration settings that will provide communication security for Service Discovery messages that are transmitted using multicast, e.g. FindService message.			
someipService DiscoveryPort	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the port number reserved for service discovery.			
unicastSecure ComProps	SecureComProps	*	ref	Reference to a communication security protocol and its configuration settings that will provide communication security for Service Discovery messages that are transmitted using unicast, e.g. OfferService as answer to a FindService message.			

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Table 5.6: SomeipServiceDiscovery

[constr_10167]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SomeipServiceDiscovery. someipServiceDiscoveryPort [For each SomeipServiceDiscovery, the attribute someipServiceDiscoveryPort shall exist at the time when the system design is complete.]()

5.3 Tcplp stack configuration properties

The MachineDesign references the following elements and allows to set Machine specific Tcplp stack configuration options in the System Design:

- EthIpProps used to configure IPv4 and IPv6
- EthTcpIpProps used to configure TCP and UDP
- EthTcpIpIcmpProps used to configure ICMP

Please note that the System Template [19] defines constraints for the usage of EthIp-Props, EthTcpIpProps, EthTcpIpIcmpProps. These constraints are also valid if the MachineDesign references these elements.



6 System Design

6.1 Overview

A typical vehicle will most likely be equipped with ECUs developed on the AUTOSAR classic platform and Machines developed on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform. The system design for the entire vehicle has therefore to cover both platform deployment types.

AUTOSAR supports System design descriptions with the possibility to describe Software Components of both AUTOSAR Platforms that will be used in a System and even allows to indicate the service oriented communication between them if possible.

Especially when it comes to the description of the communication behavior of AUTOSAR classic and adaptive ECUs in a harmonized way, the notion of a System Design becomes a special focus point.

All the system design aspects have in common is that they have to cope with both AUTOSAR classic ECUs and adaptive Machines. The basic design aspects of such inter-disciplinary systems have to be already available in the AUTOSAR classic modeling approach otherwise they would not be available to both platforms.

Thus, it is straight forward to take the existing meta-class System as the starting point for the modeling of such mixed systems.

Class	System		System				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate						
Note	The top level element of the System Description.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=S	ystems				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element, AtpClassifier.atpFeature						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
fibexElement	FibexElement	*	ref	Reference to ASAM FIBEX elements specifying Communication and Topology.			
				All Fibex Elements used within a System Description sha be referenced from the System Element.			
				atpVariation: In order to describe a product-line, all Fibex Elements can be optional.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=fibexElement.fibexElement, fibex Element.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild			
interpolation Routine MappingSet	InterpolationRoutine MappingSet	*	ref	This reference identifies the InterpolationRoutineMapping Sets that are relevant in the context of the enclosing System.			



Class	System			
mapping	SystemMapping	*	aggr	Aggregation of all mapping aspects relevant in the System Description.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=mapping.shortName, mapping.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
pncVector Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Length of the partial networking request release information vector (in bytes).
pncVectorOffset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Absolute offset (with respect to the NM-PDU) of the partial networking request release information vector that is defined in bytes as an index starting with 0.
rootSoftware Composition	RootSwComposition Prototype	01	aggr	Aggregation of the root software composition, containing all software components in the System in a hierarchical structure. This element is not required when the System description is used for a network-only use-case.
				atpVariation: The RootSwCompositionPrototype can vary.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=rootSoftwareComposition.shortName, root SoftwareComposition.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime
systemVersion	RevisionLabelString	1	attr	Version number of the System Description.

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Table 6.1: System

There are use cases to exchange parts of such a <u>SYSTEM_DESIGN_DESCRIPTION</u> in different methodology stages and between different development parties, therefore further system categories are supported by AUTOSAR.

A common approach is for example that the OEM provides a basis for designing an ECU, which is later advanced by the supplier. Therefore Classic AUTOSAR supports System categories like ECU_EXTRACT or ECU_SYSTEM_DESCRIPTION that have only a single ECU in scope. Classic Platform System.categorys are defined in [TPS_SYST_01003].

The AUTOSAR adaptive platform is using the same approach. If an OEM wants to provide design artifacts that are relevant for the configuration of a single Machine all unnecessary information is stripped from the System with category SYSTEM_-DESIGN_DESCRIPTION and a definition of the subsystem is provided.

[TPS_MANI_01274]{DRAFT} Standardized System Category Definitions for the Adaptive Platform [The standardized System category definitions are defined in Table 6.2] (*RS_MANI_00026*)

Category	Meaning
SYSTEM_DESIGN_DESCRIPTION	The System description that contains design artifacts that are relevant for the Adaptive Platform and Classic Platform.

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	The System description that contains design artifacts that are relevant for a single Adaptive Platform Machine.
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Table 6.2: Standardized System Category definitions

[constr_3421]{DRAFT} Fibex elements applicable for a System of category MA-CHINE_DESIGN_EXTRACT [A System with the category MACHINE_DESIGN_EX-TRACT is allowed to reference the following fibexElements:

- CommunicationCluster
- MachineDesign
- GlobalTimeDomain
- NmConfig
- SystemMapping that is allowed to contain only a PncMapping

]()

6.2 Specification of Communication System Structure

When the communication interaction is designed for a vehicle system the focus is put on the network and the connected ECUs. Whether a specific ECU connected to the network is implemented using AUTOSAR classic or AUTOSAR adaptive does not influence the major communication design.

But of course, it is essential from a car manufacturer point of view whether a specific ECU will be implemented using AUTOSAR classic or adaptive. Thus, already on system design level there is a need to specify the AUTOSAR Platform kind which shall be used to implement an ECU.

In AUTOSAR classic the element EcuInstance is used to define one ECU in the system design.

In AUTOSAR adaptive the element Machine is an entity which already represents a specific ECU Implementation with dedicated configurations for e.g. Processors, ProcessorCores.

The Machine is a model entity which is not in the focus of communication designers and should not be used during system design.

Therefore, the MachineDesign has been introduced, see section 5.



6.2.1 Network connection

The canonical way to specify an IP address is the modeling of a NetworkEndpoint, referenced from an EthernetCommunicationConnector that is aggregated by MachineDesign in the role communicationConnector.

In addition to the IP address, the NetworkEndpoint may have a *Fully Qualified Do*main Name and a priority.

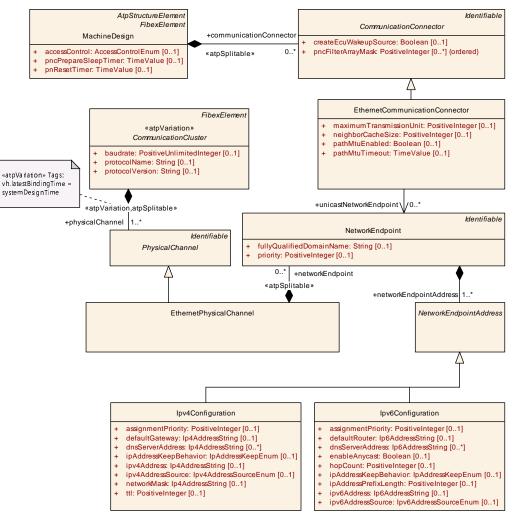


Figure 6.1: Network connection of a MachineDesign

M2ALITOS A DTomplatoo				
ivizAUTUSAR templates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology			
The network endpoint defines the network addressing (e.g. IP-Address or MAC multicast address).				
ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
EthernetPhysicalChannel.networkEndpoint				
Type Mult. Kind Note				
Æ	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu thernetPhysicalChannel.r	RObject, Identifiable, Multilanguag	RObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrat	



			\triangle	
Class	NetworkEndpoint			
fullyQualified DomainName	String	01	attr	Defines the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) e.g. some.example.host.
ipSecConfig	IPSecConfig	01	aggr	Optional IPSec configuration that provides security services for IP packets.
network Endpoint Address	NetworkEndpoint Address	1*	aggr	Definition of a Network Address. Tags: xml.name Plural=NETWORK-ENDPOINT-ADDRESSES
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the frame priority where values from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest) are allowed.

 Table 6.3: NetworkEndpoint

More precisely, the particular IP address is configured by means of the aggregation of Ipv4Configuration or Ipv6Configuration in the role networkEndpointAddress.

The NetworkEndpoint is aggregated by the EthernetPhysicalChannel that in turn is aggregated by the EthernetCluster.

[TPS_MANI_03052]{DRAFT} **Static IPv4 configuration** [If the value of attribute ipv4AddressSource of meta-class Ipv4Configuration is set to Ipv4AddressSourceEnum.fixed then the ipv4Address defines the static IPv4 Address.](*RS MANI 00018*)

Class	Ipv4Configuration				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology				
Note	Internet Protocol version	4 (IPv4) co	onfiguratio	on.	
Base	ARObject, NetworkEndp	ointAddres	s		
Aggregated by	NetworkEndpoint.network	kEndpointA	Address		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
assignment Priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Priority of assignment (1 is highest). If a new address from an assignment method with a higher priority is available, it overwrites the IP address previously assigned by an assignment method with a lower priority.	
defaultGateway	Ip4AddressString	01	attr	IP address of the default gateway.	
dnsServer	Ip4AddressString	*	attr	IP addresses of preconfigured DNS servers.	
Address				Tags:xml.namePlural=DNS-SERVER-ADDRESSES	
ipAddressKeep Behavior	IpAddressKeepEnum	01	attr	Defines the lifetime of a dynamically fetched IP address.	
ipv4Address	Ip4AddressString	01	attr	IPv4 Address. Notation: 255.255.255.255. The IP Address shall be declared in case the ipv4AddressSource is FIXED and thus no auto-configuration mechanism is used.	
ipv4Address Source	Ipv4AddressSource Enum	01	attr	Defines how the node obtains its IP address.	
networkMask	Ip4AddressString	01	attr	Network mask. Notation 255.255.255.255	
ttl	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Lifespan of data (0255). The purpose of the TimeToLive field is to avoid a situation in which an undeliverable datagram keeps circulating on a system.	

Table	6.4:	Ipv4Configuration
-------	------	-------------------



Enumeration	Ipv4AddressSourceEnum				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology				
Note	Defines how the node obtains its IPv4-Address.				
Aggregated by	Ipv4Configuration.ipv4AddressSource				
Literal	Description				
autolp	AutoIP is used to dynamically assign IP addresses at device startup.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0				
autolp_doip	Linklocal IPv4 Address Assignment using DoIP Parameters				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2				
dhcpv4	DHCP is a service for the automatic IP configuration of a client.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3				
fixed	The IP Address shall be declared manually.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4				

Table 6.5: Ipv4AddressSourceEnum

[TPS_MANI_03053]{DRAFT} **Static IPv6 configuration** [If the value of attribute ipv6AddressSource of meta-class Ipv6Configuration is set to Ipv6AddressSourceEnum.fixed then the ipv6Address defines the static IPv6 Address.](*RS_MANI_00018*)

Class	Ipv6Configuration				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology				
Note	Internet Protocol version	6 (IPv6) co	onfiguratio	on.	
Base	ARObject, NetworkEndp	ointAddres	s		
Aggregated by	NetworkEndpoint.networ	kEndpoint/	Address		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
assignment Priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Priority of assignment (1 is highest). If a new address from an assignment method with a higher priority is available, it overwrites the IP address previously assigned by an assignment method with a lower priority.	
defaultRouter	Ip6AddressString	01	attr	IP address of the default router.	
dnsServer	Ip6AddressString	*	attr	IP addresses of pre configured DNS servers.	
Address				Tags:xml.namePlural=DNS-SERVER-ADDRESSES	
enableAnycast	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute is used to enable anycast addressing (i.e. to one of multiple receivers).	
hopCount	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The distance between two hosts. The hop count n means that n gateways separate the source host from the destination host (Range 0255)	
ipAddressKeep Behavior	IpAddressKeepEnum	01	attr	Defines the lifetime of a dynamically fetched IP address.	
ipAddressPrefix Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	IPv6 prefix length defines the part of the IPv6 address that is the network prefix.	
ipv6Address	Ip6AddressString	01	attr	IPv6 Address. Notation: FFFF::FFFF. The IP Address shall be declared in case the ipv6AddressSource is FIXED and thus no auto-configuration mechanism is used.	
ipv6Address Source	Ipv6AddressSource Enum	01	attr	Defines how the node obtains its IP address.	



Enumeration	Ipv6AddressSourceEnum					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology					
Note	Defines how the node obtains its IPv6-Address.					
Aggregated by	Ipv6Configuration.ipv6AddressSource					
Literal	Description					
dhcpv6	DHCP is a service for the automatic IP configuration of a client.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0					
fixed	The IP Address shall be declared manually.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1					
linkLocal	LinkLocal is intended only for communications within the segment of a local network (a link) or a point-to-point connection that a host is connected to.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2					
linkLocal_doip	Linklocal IPv6 Address Assignment using DoIP Parameters					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3					
router	IPv6 Stateless Autoconfiguration.					
Advertisement	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4					

Table 6.7: Ipv6AddressSourceEnum

Enumeration	IpAddressKeepEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology
Note	Defines the behavior after a dynamic IP address has been assigned.
Aggregated by	Ipv4Configuration.ipAddressKeepBehavior, Ipv6Configuration.ipAddressKeepBehavior
Literal	Description
forget	After a dynamic IP address has been assigned just use it for this session.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
storePersistently	After a dynamic IP address has been assigned store the address persistently.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1

Table 6.8: IpAddressKeepEnum

Please note that there is also the possibility to describe a MacMulticastConfiguration as NetworkEndpointAddress in addition to Ipv4Configuration and Ipv6Configuration in a system topology description. This may be useful for description of endpoints that are not based on IP, e.g. for streaming protocols like AVB (Audio Video Bridging). But please note that there is no foundation software or ara::com support for such MacMulticastConfiguration NetworkEndpoints in Adaptive Autosar. For SOME/IP communication such NetworkEndpoints are excluded by [constr_3288].

6.2.1.1 Support of 10BASE-T1S Network Topologies

Please note that 10BASE-T1S network topology description is supported in the System Design with a CouplingPortConnection that points with the nodePort reference to CouplingPorts that represent the 10Base-T1S PHYs connected to the network.



More details about the modeling of 10BASE-T1S networks can be found in the System Template [19]. Since the same modeling approach is used in the Classic Platform and the Adaptive Platform the detailed description of the meta-model available in the System Template is not repeated in this specification.

6.2.1.2 Support of Ethernet tunneling through CAN XL

On AUTOSAR AP, CAN XL supports only the "mapped tunneling" of Ethernet frames through the physical CAN XL network (i.e. SDU Type 0x05h as specified by the *CiA* standardization of CAN XL). Configuration of this tunneling is done in a similar way as in CP by using the category CAN_XL for EthernetCommunicationConnector.

[TPS_MANI_03668]{DRAFT} **Supported type of Ethernet tunneling through CAN XL on Adaptive Platform** [On the Adaptive Platform, CAN XL only supports SDU Type 0x05h (Ethernet mapped tunneling). If an AP machine receives a CAN XL frame containing an SDU Type other than 0x05h, it shall discard this frame without processing its content.]()

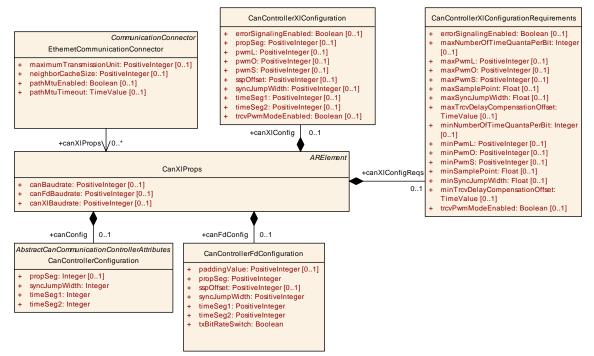


Figure 6.2: Modeling of CanXlProps

In other words, CAN XL frames containing (native or tunneled) Classical CAN, CAN FD or CAN XL payload cannot be meaningfully processed by an AP machine as it does not contain a CAN communication stack.

[TPS_MANI_03669]{DRAFT} **Ethernet tunneling through CAN XL** [If an Ethernet connection of a MachineDesign shall be realized by Ethernet frames tunneled through a CAN XL network, the EthernetCommunicationConnector aggregated by the MachineDesign shall set the value of attribute category to CAN_XL



and additionally have a reference in the role <code>canXlProps</code> to meta-class <code>CanXl-Props</code> which contains the required CAN XL specific configuration parameters, i.e. <code>CanControllerXlConfiguration</code> and <code>CanControllerXlConfigurationRe-quirements.]()</code>

Class	CanXIProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SystemDesign				
Note	This meta-class is used to configure Machine specific CAN XL attributes.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=CanXIProps				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
canBaudrate	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the data segment CAN 2.0 baud rate of the CAN XL controller in bits/s.	
canConfig	CanController Configuration	01	aggr	CAN 2.0 configuration parameters for the CAN XL controller.	
canFdBaudrate	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the data segment CAN FD baud rate of the CAN XL controller in bits/s.	
canFdConfig	CanControllerFd Configuration	01	aggr	CAN FD configuration parameters for the CAN XL controller.	
canXIBaudrate	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the data segment CAN XL baud rate of the CAN XL controller in bits/s.	
canXIConfig	CanControllerXI Configuration	01	aggr	CAN XL configuration parameters for the CAN XL controller.	
canXlConfig Reqs	CanControllerXI Configuration Requirements	01	aggr	CAN XL configuration parameter requirements for the CAN XL controller.	

 Table 6.9: CanXIProps

[constr_3693]{DRAFT} EthernetCommunicationConnector.category is set to CAN_XL [If a EthernetCommunicationConnector is aggregated by the MachineDesign where attribute category is set to CAN_XL, then a reference from the EthernetCommunicationConnector to a CanXlProps in the role canXlProps shall exist at the time when the system design is complete.]()

[constr_3694]{DRAFT} Existence of canXlConfig vs. canXlConfigReqs [For each CanXlProps, one of

- canXlConfig **Or**
- canXlConfigReqs

shall exist at the time when the system design is complete. |()

6.2.1.3 IP configuration properties

This chapter introduces meta-classes and attributes that can be used to configure the TCP/IP Stack in the Adaptive Platform.



The Internet Protocol (IP) is the main protocol of the TCP/IP stack and is responsible for delivering datagrams from a source host identified by the source address to one or multiple destination hosts identified by the destination address.

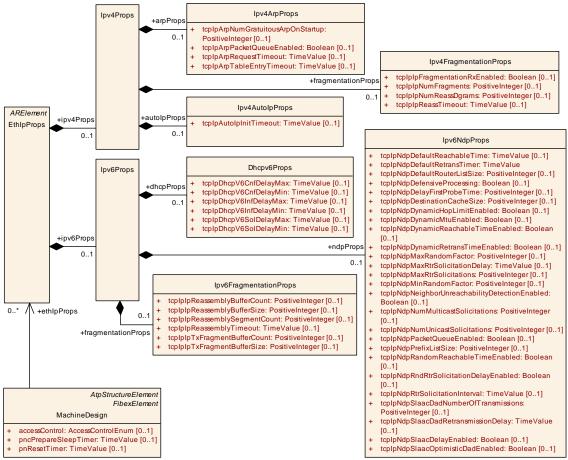


Figure 6.3: Machine specific IP configuration options

AUTOSAR supports the configuration of

- Internet Protocol of version 4 with Ipv4Props. This includes the configuration of
 - ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) with Ipv4ArpProps
 - Auto IP with Ipv4AutoIpProps
 - Packet fragmentation and reassembly with Ipv4FragmentationProps
- Internet Protocol of version 6 with Ipv6Props. This includes the configuration of
 - NDP (Neighbor Discovery Protocol) with Ipv6NdpProps
 - Dhcp (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) with Dhcpv6Props
 - Packet fragmentation and reassembly with Ipv6FragmentationProps



Please note that for the configuration of the Internet Protocol the same modeling approach is used as in the Classic Platform (System Template [19]). Therefore, the following constraints defined in the System Template [19] are valid for this specification as well:

- [constr_5126]
- [constr_5127]
- [constr_5128]
- [constr_5129]
- [constr_5130]
- [constr_5131]
- [constr_5132]
- [constr_5133]
- [constr_5134]
- [constr_5135]
- [constr_5136]
- [constr_5137]
- [constr_5138]
- [constr_5139]
- [constr_5140]
- [constr_5141]
- [constr_5142]
- [constr_5143]
- [constr_5144]
- [constr_5145]
- [constr_5146]
- [constr_5147]
- [constr_5148]
- [constr_5149]
- [constr_5151]
- [constr_5152]
- [constr_5153]



Class	EthlpProps			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology			
Note	This meta-class is used to configure the Machine specific IP attributes.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=EthIpProps			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
ipv4Props	Ipv4Props	01	aggr	Configuration options for IPv4.
ipv6Props	Ipv6Props	01	aggr	Configuration options for IPv6.

Table 6.10: EthlpProps

Class	Ipv4Props						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology					
Note	This meta-class specifies	This meta-class specifies the configuration options for IPv4.					
Base	ARObject	ARObject					
Aggregated by	EthlpProps.ipv4Props	EthlpProps.ipv4Props					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
arpProps	Ipv4ArpProps	01	aggr	Configuration properties for the ARP (Address Resolution Protocol).			
autolpProps	lpv4AutolpProps	01	aggr	Configuration options for Auto-IP (automatic private IP addressing).			
fragmentation Props	Ipv4Fragmentation Props	01	aggr	Configuration options for IPv4 packet fragmentation/ reassembly.			

Table 6.11: Ipv4Props

Class	Ipv4ArpProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::SystemT	emplate::	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology	
Note	Specifies the configuration	n options f	or the AR	P (Address Resolution Protocol).	
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	Ipv4Props.arpProps				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
tcplpArpNum GratuitousArp OnStartup	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute specifies the number of gratuitous ARP replies which shall be sent on assignment of a new IP address.	
tcplpArpPacket QueueEnabled	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute enables (TRUE) or disables (FALSE) support of the ARP Packet Queue according to IETF RFC 1122, section 2.3.2.2.	
tcplpArp Request Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute specifies a timeout in seconds for the validity of ARP requests. After the transmission of an ARP request the Tcplp shall skip the transmission of any further ARP requests to the same destination within a duration of tcplpArpRequestTimeout seconds. (IETF RFC 1122, section 2.3.2.1).	
tcplpArpTable EntryTimeout	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute specifies the timeout in seconds after which an unused ARP entry is removed.	



Class	Ipv4AutolpProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology					
Note	Specifies the configuration options for Auto-IP (automatic private IP addressing).						
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	Ipv4Props.autolpProps						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
tcplpAutolpInit Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute specifies the time in seconds Auto-IP waits at startup, before beginning with ARP probing. This delay is used to give DHCP time to acquire a lease in case a DHCP server is present.			

Table 6.13: Ipv4AutolpProps

Class	Ipv4FragmentationProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplat	tes::SystemT	emplate::	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology			
Note	Specifies the configura	tion options f	or IPv4 p	acket fragmentation/reassembly.			
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	Ipv4Props.fragmentationProps						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
tcplplp Fragmentation RxEnabled	Boolean	01	attr	Enables (TRUE) or disables (FALSE) support for reassembling of incoming datagrams that are fragmented according to IETF RFC 815 (IP Datagram Reassembly Algorithms).			
tcplplpNum Fragments	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the maximum number of IP fragments per datagram.			
tcplplpNum ReassDgrams	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the maximum number of fragmented IP datagrams that can be reassembled in parallel.			
tcplplpReass Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	Specifies the timeout in [s] after which an incomplete datagram gets discarded.			

Table 6.14: Ipv4FragmentationProps

Class	Ipv6Props						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::I	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology			
Note	This meta-class specifies	This meta-class specifies the configuration options for IPv6.					
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	EthlpProps.ipv6Props						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
dhcpProps	Dhcpv6Props	01	aggr	Configuration properties for DHCPv6.			
fragmentation Props	Ipv6Fragmentation Props	01	aggr	Configuration properties for IPv6 packet fragmentation/ reassembly.			
ndpProps	Ipv6NdpProps	01	aggr	Configuration properties for the Neighbor Discovery Protocol for IPv6.			

Table 6.15: Ipv6Props



Class	Ipv6FragmentationProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology						
Note	This meta-class specifie	es the config	juration of	ptions for IPv6 packet fragmentation/reassembly.			
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	Ipv6Props.fragmentatio	nProps					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
tcplplp Reassembly BufferCount	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Number of buffers that can be used for fragment reassembly. In case of a reassembly error or if not all fragments are received in time this buffer will be blocked until the specified "Fragment Reassembly Timeout" has been exceeded.			
				A value of 0 disables fragment reassembly.			
tcplplp Reassembly BufferSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of each fragment tx buffer in bytes.			
tcplplp Reassembly SegmentCount	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the maximum number of consecutive data segments that can be managed in each reassembly buffer. If all fragments are received in order, only one segment will be needed.			
				To deal with fragments received out of order this value should be configured bigger than 1.			
tcplplp Reassembly Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	Specifies the timeout in seconds after which an incomplete datagram gets discarded.			
tcplplpTx FragmentBuffer Count	PositiveInteger	01	attr	These buffers will be used if the IpV6 receives packets from the upper layer that do not fit into the MTU and thus must be fragmented.			
				A value of 0 disables tx fragmentation.			
tcplplpTx FragmentBuffer Size	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of each fragment tx buffer in bytes.			

Table 6.16: Ipv6FragmentationProps

Class	Dhcpv6Props					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemp	lates::SystemT	emplate::	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology		
Note	This meta-class spe	cifies the config	juration o	ptions for DHCPv6.		
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	Ipv6Props.dhcpProp	S				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
tcplpDhcp V6CnfDelayMax	TimeValue	01	attr	Maximum delay in seconds before sending the first Confirm message. If this value is bigger than the previous minimum delay value a random delay will be chosen from the interval.		
tcplpDhcp V6CnfDelayMin	TimeValue	01	attr	Minimum delay in seconds before the first Confirm message will be sent.		
tcplpDhcpV6Inf DelayMax	TimeValue	01	attr	Maximum delay in seconds before sending the first Information Request message. If this value is bigger than the previous minimum delay value a random delay will be chosen from the interval.		
tcplpDhcpV6Inf DelayMin	TimeValue	01	attr	Minimum delay (s) before the first Information Request message will be sent.		



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Class	Dhcpv6Props					
tcplpDhcpV6Sol DelayMax	TimeValue	01	attr	Maximum delay in seconds before sending the first Solicit message. If this value is bigger than the previous minimum delay value a random delay will be chosen from the interval.		
tcplpDhcpV6Sol DelayMin	TimeValue	01	attr	Minimum delay (s) before the first Solicit message will be sent.		

Table	6.17:	Dhcpv6Props	

Class	Ipv6NdpProps							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology							
Note	This meta-class specifies the configuration options for the Neighbor Discovery Protocol for IPv6.							
Base	ARObject							
Aggregated by	Ipv6Props.ndpProps							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
tcplpNdpDefault ReachableTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Configuration of the ReachableTime (s) specified in [RFC4861 6.3.2. Host Variables].				
tcplpNdpDefault RetransTimer	TimeValue	1	attr	Configures the default value (s) for the RetransTimer variable specified in [RFC4861 6.3.2. Host Variables].				
tcplpNdpDefault RouterListSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum number of default router entries.				
tcplpNdp Defensive Processing	Boolean	01	attr	If enabled the NDP shall only process Neighbor Advertisements which are received in reaction to a previously transmitted Neighbor Solicitation as well as skipping updates to the Neighbor Cache based on received Neighbor Solicitations. If disabled all Neighbor Advertisements and Solicitations shall be processed as specified in RFC4861.				
tcplpNdpDelay FirstProbeTime	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Delay before sending the first NUD probe in (s).				
tcplpNdp Destination CacheSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum number of entries in the destination cache.				
tcplpNdp DynamicHop LimitEnabled	Boolean	01	attr	If enabled the default hop limit may be reconfigured based on received Router Advertisements.				
tcplpNdp DynamicMtu Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	Allow dynamic reconfiguration of link MTU via Router Advertisements.				
tcplpNdp Dynamic ReachableTime Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	If enabled the default Reachable Time value may be reconfigured based on received Router Advertisements.				
tcpIpNdp Dynamic RetransTime Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	If enabled the default Retransmit Timer value may be reconfigured based on received Router Advertisements.				
tcplpNdpMax RandomFactor	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum random factor used for randomization				
tcplpNdpMaxRtr Solicitation Delay	TimeValue	01	attr	Maximum delay before the first Router Solicitation will be sent after interface initialization in (s).				
tcplpNdpMaxRtr Solicitations	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum number of Router Solicitations that will be sent before the first Router Advertisement has been received.				



Class	Ipv6NdpProps			
tcplpNdpMin RandomFactor	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimum random factor used for randomization
tcplpNdp Neighbor Unreachability Detection Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	Neighbor Unreachability Detection is used to remove unused entries from the neighbor cache. This feature is a basic feature of NDP and should be turned on.
tcplpNdpNum Multicast Solicitations	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum number of multicast solicitations that will be sent when performing address resolution.
tcplpNdpNum Unicast Solicitations	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum number of unicast solicitations that will be sent when performig Neighbor Unreachability Detection.
tcplpNdpPacket QueueEnabled	Boolean	01	attr	Enables (TRUE) or disables (FALSE) support of a NDP Packet Queue according to IETF RFC 4861, section 7.2.2.
tcplpNdpPrefix ListSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum number of entries in the on-link prefix list.
tcplpNdp Random ReachableTime Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	If enabled the value of ReachableTime will be multiplied with a random value between MIN_RANDOM_FACTOR and MAX_RANDOM_FACTOR in order to prevent multiple nodes from transmitting at exactly the same time.
tcpIpNdpRndRtr Solicitation DelayEnabled	Boolean	01	attr	If enabled the first router solicitation will be delayed randomly from [0MAX_RTR_SOLICITATION_DELAY]. Otherwise the first router solicitation will be sent after exactly MAX_RTR_SOLICITATION_DELAY milliseconds.
tcplpNdpRtr Solicitation Interval	TimeValue	01	attr	Interval between consecutive Router Solicitations in (s).
tcplpNdpSlaac DadNumberOf Transmissions	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Number of Neighbor Solicitations that have to be unanswered in order to set an autoconfigurated address to PREFERRED (usable) state.
tcpIpNdpSlaac Dad Retransmission Delay	TimeValue	01	attr	Sets the maximum value for the address configuration delay (s).
tcplpNdpSlaac DelayEnabled	Boolean	01	attr	If enabled transmission of the first DAD Neighbor Solicitation will be delayed by a random value from [0MAX_DAD_DELAY].
tcplpNdpSlaac OptimisticDad Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	Enable Optimistic Duplicate Address Detection (DAD) according to RFC4429.

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Table	6.18:	Ipv6NdpProps
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6.2.1.4 TCP and UDP configuration properties

The Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) and User Datagram Protocol (UDP) are transport protocols that are based on the Internet Protocol (IP) that is located on the network layer in the OSI model.

The Transport Protocol configuration is supported with the EthTcpIpProps metaclass and the two aggregated classes:

• UdpProps - used for configuration of Udp



• TcpProps - used for configuration of Tcp

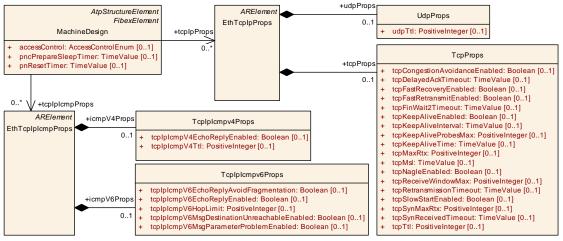


Figure 6.4: Machine specific TCP/UDP and ICMP configuration options

Please note that for the configuration of TCP and UDP the same modeling approach is used as in the Classic Platform (System Template [19]). Therefore, the following constraints defined in the System Template [19] are valid for this specification as well:

- [constr_5118]
- [constr_5119]
- [constr_5120]
- [constr_5121]
- [constr_5122]
- [constr_5123]
- [constr_5124]

Class	EthTcplpProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology				
Note	This meta-class is used to	configure	the Macl	nine specific TcpIp Stack attributes.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=E	thTcpIpPr	ops	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
tcpProps	TcpProps	01	aggr	TCP configuration properties	
udpProps	UdpProps	01	aggr	UDP configuration properties	

Table 6.19: EthTcplpProps



Class	UdpProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology				
Note	This meta-class specifies the configuration options for UDP (User Datagram Protocol).				
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	EthTcplpProps.udpProps				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
udpTtl	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Default Time-to-live value of outgoing UDP packets.	

Table 6.20: UdpProps

Class	TcpProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology						
Note	This meta-class specifies the configuration options for TCP (Transmission Control Protocol).						
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	EthTcplpProps.tcpProps						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
tcpCongestion Avoidance Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	Enables (TRUE) or disables (FALSE) support of TCP congestion avoidance algorithm according to IETF RFC 5681.			
tcpDelayedAck Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	The maximal time an acknowledgement is delayed for transmission in seconds.			
tcpFast Recovery Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	Enables (TRUE) or disables (FALSE) support of TCP Fast Recovery according to IETF RFC 5681.			
tcpFast Retransmit Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	Enables (TRUE) or disables (FALSE) support of TCP Fast Retransmission according to IETF RFC 5681.			
tcpFin Wait2Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	Timeout in [s] to receive a FIN from the remote node (after this node has initiated connection termination), i.e. maximum time waiting in FINWAIT-2 for a connection termination request from the remote TCP.			
tcpKeepAlive Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	Enables (TRUE) or disables (FALSE) TCP Keep Alive Probes according to IETF RFC 1122 chapter 4.2.3.6.			
tcpKeepAlive Interval	TimeValue	01	attr	Specifies the interval in seconds between subsequent keepalive probes.			
tcpKeepAlive ProbesMax	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum number of times that a TCP Keep Alive is retransmitted before the connection is closed.			
tcpKeepAlive Time	TimeValue	01	attr	Specifies the time in [s] between the last data packet sent (simple ACKs are not considered data) and the first keepalive probe.			
tcpMaxRtx	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum number of times that a TCP segment is retransmitted before the TCP connection is closed. This parameter is only valid if tcpRetransmissionTimeout is configured. Note: This parameter also applies for FIN retransmissions.			
tcpMsI	TimeValue	01	attr	Maximum segment lifetime in [s].			
tcpNagle Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	Enables (TRUE) or disables (FALSE) support of Nagle's algorithm according to IETF RFC 1122 (chapter 4.2.3.4 When to Send Data). If enabled the Nagle's algorithm is activated per default for all TCP sockets, but can be deactivated per Socket (with the attribute TcpTp.nagle Algorithm).			
tcpReceive WindowMax	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Default value of maximum receive window in bytes.			



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Class	TcpProps			
tcp Retransmission Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	Timeout in [s] before an unacknowledged TCP segment is sent again. If the timeout is disabled, no TCP segments shall be retransmitted.
tcpSlowStart Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	Enables (TRUE) or disables (FALSE) support of TCP slow start algorithm according to IETF RFC 5681.
tcpSynMaxRtx	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum number of times that a TCP SYN is retransmitted.
tcpSynReceived Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	Timeout in [s] to complete a remotely initiated TCP connection establishment, i.e. maximum time waiting in SYN-RECEIVED for a confirming connection request acknowledgement after having both received and sent a connection request.
tcpTtl	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Default Time-to-live value of outgoing TCP packets.

Table 6.21: TcpProps

6.2.1.5 ICMP configuration properties

Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) is located in the network layer in the OSI model and is used by network devices to diagnose network communication issues, e.g. it is used to determine whether the data is reaching its intended destination in a timely manner.

AUTOSAR supports the configuration of

- the Internet Control Message Protocol Version 4 for the Internet Protocol Version 4 (IPv4) with TcpIpIcmpv4Props
- the Internet Control Message Protocol Version 6 for the Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) with TcpIpIcmpv6Props

Please note that for the configuration of ICMP the same modeling approach is used as in the Classic Platform (System Template [19]). Therefore the following constraints defined in the System Template [19] are valid for this specification as well:

- [constr_5125]
- [constr_5154]

Class	EthTcplplcmpProps
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology
Note	This meta-class is used to configure the Machine specific ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) attributes
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=EthTcpIcmpProps
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element

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Class EthTcplplcmpProps						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
icmpV4Props	Tcplplcmpv4Props	01	aggr	ICMPv4 configuration properties		
icmpV6Props	Tcplplcmpv6Props	01	aggr	ICMPv6 configuration properties		

Table 6.22: EthTcpIpIcmpProps

Class	Tcplplcmpv4Props					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology					
Note	This meta-class specifies	the config	uration of	ptions for ICMPv4 (Internet Control Message Protocol).		
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	EthTcpIpIcmpProps.icmpV4Props					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
tcplplcmp V4EchoReply Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute enables or disables transmission of ICMP echo reply message in case of a ICMP echo reception.		
tcplplcmpV4Ttl	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute is only relevant in case that ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) is used. It specifies the default Time-to-live value of outgoing ICMP packets.		

Table 6.23: Tcplplcmpv4Props

Class	Tcplplcmpv6Props					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology					
Note	This meta-class specifies	the config	juration o	ptions for ICMPv6 (Internet Control Message Protocol).		
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	EthTcpIpIcmpProps.icmp	V6Props				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
tcplpIcmp V6EchoReply Avoid Fragmentation	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether the echo reply is only transmitted in case that the incoming ICMPv6 Echo Request (Pings) fits the MTU of the respective interface, i.e. can be transmitted without IPv6 fragmentation.		
tcplplcmp V6EchoReply Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute enables or disables transmission of ICMP echo reply message in case of a ICMP echo reception.		
tcplplcmp V6HopLimit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Default Hop-Limit value of outgoing ICMPv6 packets.		
tcplplcmp V6Msg Destination Unreachable Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute Enables/Disables the transmission of Destination Unreachable Messages.		
tcplplcmp V6Msg Parameter Problem Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	If enabled an ICMPv6 parameter problem message will be sent if a received packet has been dropped due to unknown options or headers that are found in the packet.		

Table 6.24: Tcplplcmpv6Props



6.2.2 Securing Communication with IPsec

IPsec is a protocol suite that provides cryptographic protection for IP datagrams in IPv4 and IPv6 network packets.

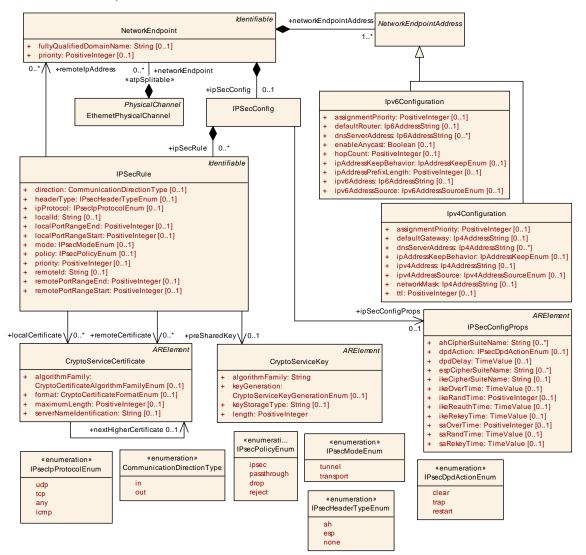


Figure 6.5: IPsec configuration model

IPsec uses a security association to specify security properties that are shared between the communicating parties. The security association defines a relationship between two or more parties and determines which security services will be used to communicate securely. In other words the security association serves as a "contract" between the different devices.

A single security association protects data in one communication direction. Two security associations shall be present to secure traffic in both directions. Each security association can provide encryption, data integrity and data authentication.

In addition, the senders and receivers of IP datagrams can determine the required protection for an IP packet according to IPsec security policies. These are rules that



define how datagrams are processed that are received by a device. For example, security policies are used to decide if a particular packet needs to be dropped or needs to be processed by IPsec.

[TPS_MANI_03203]{DRAFT} **Configuration of IPsec** [The IPSecConfig metaclass that is aggregated by a NetworkEndpoint in the role ipSecConfig provides the ability to define IPsec settings that are necessary to configure IPsec security associations and IPsec security policies.](*RS_MANI_00036*)

[TPS_MANI_03204]{DRAFT} **Definition of IPSecRules** [The IPSecConfig metaclass may contain one or several IPSecRules. Each IPSecRule defines the network connection that is monitored by IPsec by defining the local endpoint and the remote endpoint. Each endpoint is defined by the IP Address and the Tcp/Udp Port. The communication direction for which the IPSecRule is valid is defined by the direction attribute.](*RS_MANI_00036*)

Class	IPSecConfig					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication					
Note	IPsec is a protocol that is designed to provide "end-to-end" cryptographically-based security for IP network connections.					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	NetworkEndpoint.ipSecConfig					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
ipSecConfig Props	IPSecConfigProps	01	ref	Global IPsec configuration settings that are valid for all IPSecRules that are defined on the NetworkEndpoint.		
ipSecRule	IPSecRule	*	aggr	IPSec rules and filters that are defined in the IPSecConfig for a specific NetworkEndpoint.		

Class	IPSecRule					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication					
Note	This element defines an IPsec rule that describes communication traffic that is monitored, protected and filtered.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	IPSecConfig.ipSecRule					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
direction	Communication DirectionType	01	attr	This attribute defines the direction in which the traffic is monitored. If this attribute is not set a bidirectional traffic monitoring is assumed.		
headerType	IPsecHeaderTypeEnum	01	attr	Header type specifying the IPsec security mechanism.		
ipProtocol	IPseclpProtocolEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines the relevant IP protocol used in the Security Policy Database (SPD) entry.		
localCertificate	CryptoService Certificate	*	ref	This reference identifies the applicable certificate used for a local authentication.		
localld	String	01	attr	This attribute defines how the local participant should be identified for authentication.		



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Class	IPSecRule			
localPortRange End	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute restricts the traffic monitoring and defines an end value for the local port range.
				If this attribute is not set then this rule shall be effective for all local ports.
				Please note that port ranges are currently not supported in the AUTOSAR AP's operating system backend. If AP systems are involved, each IPsec rule may only contain a single port.
localPortRange Start	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute restricts the traffic monitoring and defines a start value for the local port range.
				If this attribute is not set then this rule shall be effective for all local ports.
				Please note that port ranges are currently not supported in the AUTOSAR AP's operating system backend. If AP systems are involved, each IPsec rule may only contain a single port.
mode	IPsecModeEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines the type of the connection.
policy	IPsecPolicyEnum	01	attr	An IPsec policy defines the rules that determine which type of IP traffic needs to be secured using IPsec and how that traffic is secured.
preSharedKey	CryptoServiceKey	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable cryptograhic key used for authentication.
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the priority of the IPSecRule (SPD entry). The processing of entries is based on priority, starting with the highest priority "0".
remote Certificate	CryptoService Certificate	*	ref	This reference identifies the applicable certificate used for a remote authentication.
remoteld	String	01	attr	This attribute defines how the remote participant should be identified for authentication.
remotelp Address	NetworkEndpoint	*	ref	Definition of the remote NetworkEndpoint. With this reference the connection between the local Network Endpoint and the remote NetworkEndpoint is described on which the traffic is monitored.
remotePort RangeEnd	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute restricts the traffic monitoring and defines an end value for the remote port range.
				If this attribute is not set then this rule shall be effective for all local ports.
				Please note that port ranges are currently not supported in the AUTOSAR AP's operating system backend. If AP systems are involved, each IPsec rule may only contain a single port.
remotePort RangeStart	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute restricts the traffic monitoring and defines a start value for the remote port range.
				If this attribute is not set then this rule shall be effective for all local ports.
				Please note that port ranges are currently not supported in the AUTOSAR AP's operating system backend. If AP systems are involved, each IPsec rule may only contain a single port.

Table 6.26: IPSecRule



Class	IPSecConfigProps			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::	SecureCommunication
Note	This element holds all the attributes for configuration of IPsec that are independent of specific IPsec rules.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=IPSecConfigProps			igProps
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
ahCipherSuite Name	String	*	attr	AH (Authentication Header) algorithm to be used for the connection, e.g. HMAC/SHA2-256
dpdAction	IPsecDpdActionEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines what to do if the peer is considered dead.
				If not configured "restart" shall be assumed.
dpdDelay	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute describes the interval to check the liveness of a peer actively using IKEv2 INFORMATIONAL exchanges. Active DPD checking is only enforced if no IKE or ESP/AH packet has been received for the configured DPD delay.
				In not configured the value "5 minutes" shall be assumed.
espCipherSuite Name	String	*	attr	ESP (Encapsulating Security Payload) algorithm that provides encryption and optional authentication for the connection, e.g. AES-128+SHA2-256.
ikeCipherSuite Name	String	01	attr	IKE encryption/authentication algorithms to be used for the connection.
ikeOverTime	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute describes the hard deadline when an SA becomes invalid in percentage.
				Example: ikeOverTime of max(ikeReauthTime, ikeRekey Time).
'l	De althus late a an	0.1	- 11	Default: 10 %
ikeRandTime	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines in percentage by how long before the expiration of ikeReauthTime and ikeRekeyTime will be rekeyed/reauthenticated.
				Default: 10%
ikeReauthTime	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute defines the absolute time after which an IKE SA will be reauthenticated.
				0 means reauthentication is disabled.
ikeRekeyTime	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute defines the absolute time after which an IKE SA will be rekeyed.
				0 means rekey is disabled.
saOverTime	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the hard deadline when an IPsec SA becomes invalid in percentage.
				Example: saOverTime * saRekeyTime.
				Default: 110%
saRandTime	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute defines by how long before the expiration of saRekeyTime will be rekeyed.
saRekeyTime	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute defines the absolute time after which an IPsec SA will be rekeyed.
				0 means rekey is disabled.

Table 6.27: IPSecConfigProps



Enumeration	IPsecIpProtocolEnum	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication	
Note	Definition of supported TcpIp protocols that are supported in Security Policy Database (SPD) entries in IPSec configurations.	
Aggregated by	IPSecRule.ipProtocol	
Literal	Description	
any	ANY protocol	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3	
icmp	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2	
tcp	TCP Protocol	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1	
udp	UDP Protocol	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0	

[constr_5102]{DRAFT} Usage of remote port ranges in IPSecRule is not allowed [IPSecRule.remotePortRangeStart and IPSecRule.remotePortRangeEnd shall always be set to the same value.]()

[constr_5103]{DRAFT} Usage of local port ranges in IPSecRule is not allowed [IPSecRule.localPortRangeStart and IPSecRule.localPortRangeEnd shall always be set to the same value. | ()

The reason for [constr_5102] and [constr_5103] is that port ranges are currently not supported by the AUTOSAR Adaptive Platform operating system backend and each IPSecRule is allowed to define only a single local Port and a single remote Port.

[TPS_MANI_03232]{DRAFT} **Definition of general IPsec configuration settings** [General configuration properties that are independent of particular IPSecRules are collected in the IPSecConfigProps element that is referenced from the IPSec-Config in the role ipSecConfigProps.](*RS_MANI_00036*)

[TPS_MANI_03205]{DRAFT} **IPsec policy** [The IPSecRule.policy attribute defines how IP packets are handled that are going over the network connection defined by the IPSecRule. In detail, it defines whether the IP packet is processed by IPsec or not.](*RS_MANI_00036*)

Enumeration	IPsecPolicyEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication
Note	Defines the filter actions that are supported by IPsec.
Aggregated by	IPSecRule.policy
Literal	Description
drop	Signifying that packets should be discarded
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3

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Enumeration	IPsecPolicyEnum	
ipsec	Signifying that packets should be protected.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1	
passthrough	Signifying that no IPsec processing should be done at all.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2	
reject	Signifying that packets should be discarded and a diagnostic ICMP returned.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4	

Table 6.29: IPsecPolicyEnum

IPsec can be configured to operate in two different modes, Tunnel and Transport mode. With tunnel mode, the entire IP packet is protected by IPsec. IPsec wraps the original packet, encrypts it and adds a new IP header to it.

The tunnel mode is most commonly used between VPN gateways and the IP addresses of the newly added outer IP header are that of the VPN Gateways. In other words the traffic between the two VPN Gateways is protected and each gateway acts as a proxy for the hosts behind it.

The transport mode provides the protection of the Data Payload of the IP datagram with an AH or ESP header. The IP Header remains the same and IPsec inserts its header between the IP header and the upper level headers.

The IPsec transport mode can be used when securing traffic between two hosts or between a host and a VPN gateway.

[TPS_MANI_03233]{DRAFT} **IPsec mode** [The IPSecRule.mode attribute defines whether the IP packet is processed in the transport or tunnel mode.](*RS_MANI_-00036*)

Please note that AUTOSAR currently supports only the transport mode as configuration option.

Enumeration	IPsecModeEnum	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication	
Note	This enumeration describes the supported IPSec modes.	
Aggregated by	IPSecRule.mode	
Literal	Description	
transport	Signifying that the IPSec transport mode is used. With the transport mode the original IP header is retained and only the IP payload and ESP trailer is encrypted.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1	
tunnel	Signifying that the IPSec tunnel mode is used. With tunnel mode, the entire original IP packet is protected by IPSec. This means IPSec wraps the original packet, encrypts it, adds a new IP header and sends it to the other side.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0	

Table 6.30: IPsecModeEnum

IPsec uses two protocols:



- AH Authentication Header
- ESP Encapsulating Security Payload

The AH protocol provides a mechanism for authentication only and authenticates the entire IP packet, including the outer IP header.

The ESP protocol provides data confidentiality (encryption) and/or authentication (data integrity, data origin authentication, and replay protection).

When ESP is used in transport mode, the IP payload is encrypted and the original IP header is moved to the front of the message. The ESP header is inserted after the IP header and is signed together with the IP payload. The original IP header remains unprotected.

When ESP is used in tunnel mode a new IP Header is created and the ESP header is added in front of the original IP Packet. The entire original IP packet is encrypted and signed in this mode.

[TPS_MANI_03206]{DRAFT} **IPsec AH and ESP protocol configuration** [In the IPSecRule it is possible to define the IPsec protocol that shall be used to protect IP packets that are going over the defined network connection. The attribute headerType defines whether AH, ESP or neither one is used.] (*RS_MANI_00036*)

Enumeration	IPsecHeaderTypeEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication
Note	IPsec Header Type options
Aggregated by	IPSecRule.headerType
Literal	Description
ah	Authentication Header (AH)
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
esp	Encapsulating Security Payloads (ESP)
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1
none	No header
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2

Table 6.31: IPsecHeaderTypeEnum

[TPS_MANI_03234]{DRAFT} **IPsec AH and ESP CipherSuites** [The attributes ah-CipherSuiteName and espCipherSuiteName define the supported AH and ESP algorithms.](*RS_MANI_00036*)

The naming convention for ahCipherSuiteName, espCipherSuiteName and IPSecConfigProps.ikeCipherSuiteName shall follow the naming convention for cryptographic primitives that is defined in [15].

[TPS_MANI_03207]{DRAFT} **IPsec Internet Key Exchange protocol configuration** [In the IPSecRule it is possible to define how IKE protocol authenticates the remote party and how the local party authenticates itself to the remote party. In other words



both sides use the same method. The usage of the IPSecRule.preSharedKey reference defines that the pre-shared key is used. The usage of the IPSecRule.local-Certificate and IPSecRule.remoteCertificate defines that Digital Signature Authentication is used.](*RS_MANI_00036*)

Please note that the supported IKE CipherSuites are configured with the IPSec-ConfigProps.ikeCipherSuiteName. The IPSecConfigProps contains additional IKE specific configuration settings.

Enumeration	IPsecDpdActionEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication
Note	Potential Dead Peer Detection (Dpd) Actions
Aggregated by	IPSecConfigProps.dpdAction
Literal	Description
clear	Deletes the SA.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
restart	Immediately tries to establish the connection.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2
trap	tries to establish the connection after traffic is sent to the peer.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1

Table 6.32: IPsecDpdActionEnum

[TPS_MANI_03208]{DRAFT} **Protection of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance by IPsec** [To describe the protection of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance by IPsec the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance needs to be mapped by a ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping to an EthernetCommunication-Connector that points with the unicastNetworkEndpoint to a NetworkEndpoint that aggregates the IPSecConfig that in turn describes IPsec Security Associations.](*RS_MANI_00036*)

Please note that IP Multicast protection by IPsec is not supported. It is by intention not possible to model the IPsec protection of IP Multicast communication since the IP Multicast address is defined in the SomeipProvidedEventGroup by the two attributes ipv4MulticastIpAddress and ipv6MulticastIpAddress. The NetworkEndpoint element is used for description of IP Unicast Endpoints only. This means that only the IP Unicast communication of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance that is described according to [TPS_MANI_03208] will be protected by IPsec.

6.2.3 MACsec

MACsec (Media Access Control security) is defined by IEEE standard 802.1AE and operates at the medium access control layer and defines connectionless data confidentiality and integrity for media access independent protocols. The MACsec standard specifies a set of protocols to meet the security requirements for protecting data



traversing Ethernet LANs. MACsec allows unauthorized LAN connections to be identified and excluded from communication within the network. In common with IPsec and TLS, MACsec defines a security infrastructure to provide data confidentiality, data integrity and data origin authentication. With security on the MAC layer, protocols not based on IP as well as protocols using multicast can be protected by MACsec.

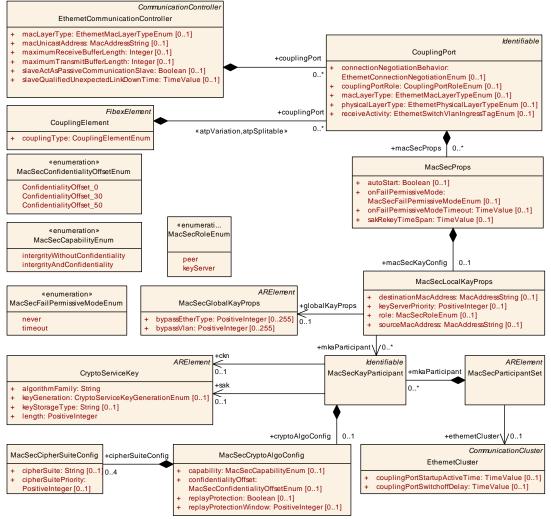


Figure 6.6: MACsec configuration

The MACsec standard relies on the usage of authentic partners, which are called MAC Security Entities (SecYs). The standard organizes this by MACsec Protocol Data Units (MPDU), which resides in the MAC layer (ISO/OSI layer 2). The MAC Security Key Agreement Entity (KaY) will take care of properly configuring and managing of the MAC Security Entities to enable the secure communication channel.

In the System Design model the configuration of MACsec is supported on Coupling-Ports that in turn are aggregated either by a CouplingElement or by an Ethernet-CommunicationController. This allows the configuration of MACsec on a switch port or on an EthernetCommunicationController of a MachineDesign. Please note that the same modeling approach is used in the Classic Platform System Template as well.



[TPS_MANI_03317]{DRAFT} **MACsec configuration** [A CouplingPort that aggregates the MacSecProps in the role macSecProps defines a MAC Security Entity.] (*RS_MANI_00036*)

Please note that constraint [constr_5361] from the System Template is also valid in the System Design model of the Adaptive Platform.

Please note that constraint [constr_3726] from the System Template is also valid in the System Design model of the Adaptive Platform.

[TPS_MANI_03318]{DRAFT} **MAC Security Key Agreement Entity configuration** [The MacSecLocalKayProps element that is referenced by the MacSecProps in the role macSecKayConfig in combination with MacSecGlobalKayProps that is referenced by MacSecLocalKayProps in the role globalKayProps defines the configuration settings for the MACsec Key Agreement that is responsible for the peer discovery and key negotiation to secure the Ethernet link. (*RS_MANI_00036*)

Class	MacSecProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication					
Note	This meta-class allows to configure MACsec (Media access control security) and the MKA (MACsec Key Agreement) for the CouplingPort (PHY).					
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	CouplingPort.macSecPro	os				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
autoStart	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines how the Port Access Entity (PAE) is started:		
				True := Autostart		
				False := Manual Start		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
macSecKay Config	MacSecLocalKayProps	01	aggr	Properties to configure the MKA instance (KaY) for a controlled CouplingPort (PaE).		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
onFail Permissive	MacSecFailPermissive ModeEnum	01	attr	This attribute sets the behavior of the Port Access Entity in case MACsec does not succeed.		
Mode				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
onFail Permissive	TimeValue	01	attr	Timeout in seconds to enable the controlled port in case onFailPermissiveMode is set to Timeout.		
ModeTimeout				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
sakRekeyTime Span	TimeValue	01	attr	Time in seconds to trigger the rekey of an in use SAK (Static Secure Association key). If set to 0, the rekey will not be triggered after a time span.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

 Table 6.33: MacSecProps



Class	MacSecLocalKayProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication						
Note	Configuration of the MAC Security Key Agreement Entity (KaY).						
	Tags:atp.Status=candidat	Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	MacSecProps.macSecKa	yConfig					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
destinationMac Address	MacAddressString	01	attr	This attribute defines the destination MAC Address that is used to calculate the ICV (Integrity Check Value).			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
globalKayProps	MacSecGlobalKay Props	01	ref	Reference to properties that are shared between MAC Security Key Agreement Entities.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
keyServer	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the key-server priority.			
Priority				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
mkaParticipant	MacSecKayParticipant	*	ref	Reference to MKA participant settings supported on the CouplingPort.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
role	MacSecRoleEnum	01	attr	Role of the MAC Security Key Agreement Entity			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
sourceMac Address	MacAddressString	01	attr	This attribute defines the source MAC Address that is used to calculate the ICV (Integrity Check Value).			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

Class	MacSecGlobalKayProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication				
Note	Configuration of the MAC Security Key Agreement Entity properties that are shared by different KaY configurations. Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=MacSecGlobalKayProps				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
bypassEther Type	PositiveInteger	0255	attr	This attribute is used to define EtherTypes that are bypassed by MACsec. The providedEtherType will not be MACsec protected.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
bypassVlan	PositiveInteger	0255	attr	This attribute is used to define VLAN-IDs that are bypassed by MACsec. The provided VLAN-IDs will not be MACsec protected. (VLAN-ID 0 is interpreted as no-VLAN -> Bypass untagged traffic)	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	

Table 6.35: MacSecGlobalKayProps



Class	MacSecParticipantSet	MacSecParticipantSet				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication				
Note	Collection of MACsec Kay	Participa	nts on an	Ethernet Link.		
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=MacSecKayParticipantSets					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
ethernetCluster	EthernetCluster	01	ref	Reference to the EthernetCluster (Link) on which the KaY participants are located		
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
mkaParticipant	MacSecKayParticipant	*	aggr	Configuration of a MKA Participant.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 6.36: MacSecParticipantSet

Class	MacSecKayParticipant					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	s::SystemT	emplate::	SecureCommunication		
Note	This meta-class configu	res a MKA j	oarticipan	t.		
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=MacSecKayParticipants					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	MacSecParticipantSet.m	MacSecParticipantSet.mkaParticipant				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
ckn	CryptoServiceKey	01	ref	Reference to the key where the ckn (Connectivity Association key) is stored.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
cryptoAlgo	MacSecCryptoAlgo	01	aggr	Cryptography that is used by the MKA Participant.		
Config	Config			Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
sak	CryptoServiceKey	01	ref	Reference to the key where SAK shall be stored.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 6.37: MacSecKayParticipant

MacSecCryptoAlgoConfig				
M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemT	emplate::	SecureCommunication	
This meta-class defines th	e cryptog	raphy con	figuration for MACsec.	
Tags:atp.Status=candidate	е			
ARObject				
MacSecKayParticipant.cryptoAlgoConfig				
Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
MacSecCapabilityEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines the MACsec capability.	
			Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
MacSecCipherSuite 04 aggr Cipher suite configuration to use with MACsec				
Config			Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: This meta-class defines th Tags:atp.Status=candidat ARObject MacSecKayParticipant.cry Type MacSecCapabilityEnum MacSecCipherSuite	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemT This meta-class defines the cryptog Tags:atp.Status=candidate ARObject MacSecKayParticipant.cryptoAlgoC Type MacSecCapabilityEnum 01 MacSecCipherSuite 04	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplates::Syst	



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Class	MacSecCryptoAlgoCon	fig		
confidentiality Offset	MacSecConfidentiality OffsetEnum	01	attr	The MACsec confidentiality offset specifies the number of bytes starting from the frame header. MACsec encrypts only the bytes after the offset in a frame.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
replayProtection	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute is used to configure the MACsec replay protection.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
replayProtection Window	PositiveInteger	01	attr	In case replay protection is active, this attribute defines the replay protection window.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate

Table 6.38: MacSecCryptoAlgoConfig

Class	MacSecCipherSuiteConfig				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTempl	ates::SystemT	emplate::	SecureCommunication	
Note	This meta-class defines the cipher suite configuration to use with MACsec. cipherSuitePriority is presen in case the MKA instance acts as a Key Server to select the cipher suite to use for MACsec. Tags: atp.Status=candidate				
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	MacSecCryptoAlgoConfig.cipherSuiteConfig				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
cipherSuite	String	01	attr	Cipher Suite to use for MACsec.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
cipherSuite Priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	In case the MKA instance acts as a Key Server, the priority is used to select the Cipher Suite to use with MACsec from the supported Ciphers.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	

Table 6.39: MacSecCipherSuiteConfig

[TPS_MANI_03319]{DRAFT} Standardized values for the attribute cipherSuite of meta-class MacSecCipherSuiteConfig [The following values for MacSecCipherSuiteConfig.cipherSuite are reserved by the AUTOSAR standard:

- GCM-AES-128
- GCM-AES-256
- GCM-AES-XPN-128
- GCM-AES-XPN-256

](*RS_MANI_00036*)

[TPS_MANI_03320]{DRAFT} **Semantics of MacSecCipherSuiteConfig.cipher-SuitePriority** [The MacSecCryptoAlgoConfig can define up to four MacSec-CipherSuiteConfigs. If more then one MacSecCipherSuiteConfig is defined then the cipherSuitePriority decides about the chosen cipher. The cipher-SuitePriority of value 1 means the highest priority and 4 means the lowest priority.](*RS_MANI_00036*)



Enumeration	MacSecConfidentialityOffsetEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication			
Note	This enum defines the MACsec capability options.			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
Aggregated by	MacSecCryptoAlgoConfig.confidentialityOffset			
Literal	Description			
Confidentiality	confidentiality offset of 0.			
Offset_0	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			
Confidentiality	confidentiality offset of 30.			
Offset_30	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			
Confidentiality	confidentiality offset of 50.			
Offset_50	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2			

Table 6.40: MacSecConfidentialityOffsetEnum

Enumeration	MacSecCapabilityEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication
Note	This enum defines the MACsec capability options.
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate
Aggregated by	MacSecCryptoAlgoConfig.capability
Literal	Description
intergrityAnd	Option that ensures confidentiality and integrity
Confidentiality	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1
intergrityWithout	Option that ensures integrity without confidentiality
Confidentiality	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0

Table 6.41: MacSecCapabilityEnum

Enumeration	MacSecRoleEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication			
Note	This enum defines the MACsec Role options.			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
Aggregated by	MacSecLocalKayProps.role			
Literal	Description			
keyServer	Port acts in the KeyServer role			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			
peer	Port acts in the peer role			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			

Table 6.42: MacSecRoleEnum

Enumeration	MacSecFailPermissiveModeEnum				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication				
Note	Behavior options of the Port Access Entity in case MACsec does not succeed.				
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
Aggregated by	MacSecProps.onFailPermissiveMode				

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Enumeration	MacSecFailPermissiveModeEnum							
Literal	Description							
never	The controlled port will never be set to enabled if the participants cannot establish and successfully use a MACsec Secure Channel.							
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0							
timeout	The controlled port will be set to enabled and MACsec will not be used in the port if the timeout value (onFailPermissiveModeTimeout) is reached and the following conditions apply:							
	- A participant belonging to the same CA was recognized and authenticated.							
	- A secure channel could be established.							
	- Both participants can transmit and receive MACsec protected traffic through the SC.							
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1							

Table 6.43: MacSecFailPermissiveModeEnum

For MACsec to start up, a key distribution based on MAC Security Key Agreement runs first. The pre-shared key is identified by the ckn. While one might choose only to communicate encrypted, the key distribution itself needs to be unencrypted but integrity protected. In addition, user may choose to allow additional Ethernet frames unprotected, e.g., for installing keys into ECUs. These frames can be selected via so-called bypass rules based on e.g., EtherType or VLAN-ID defined in MacSecGlob-alKayProps.

Each MacSecKayParticipant that is referenced by MacSecLocalKayProps in the role mkaParticipant defines the Connectivity Association Key and the MacSec-CryptoAlgoConfig. The MacSecKayParticipant settings in the connectivity association need to match on both CouplingPorts of the link to enable MACsec.

For better control and predictability, the MAC Security Key Agreement participant that will get the KeyServer role (the node generating the MACsec Key for this link) can be configured by role.

6.2.4 Partial Network

AUTOSAR supports power saving during vehicle operation time with the partial networking mechanism. This mechanism allows shutting down and starting up the bus communication interfaces of groups of ECUs (Partial Network Cluster) during normal bus communication.

On the VFB Level Partial Networks are represented by Virtual Function Clusters and are described with PortGroups. The Virtual Function Cluster groups the communication necessary to realize one or more vehicle functions that can become activated/de-activated during normal vehicle operation. The Virtual Function Clusters are mapped onto Partial Network Clusters.



[TPS_MANI_03224]{DRAFT} **Modeling of a Partial Network Cluster** [A Partial Network Cluster is modeled with the PncMapping element and is identified by the pncI-dentifier. The PncMapping defines the collection of AdaptivePlatformSer-viceInstances that are participating in the partial network with the PncMapping. serviceInstance reference.](*RS_MANI_00062*)

[TPS_MANI_03225]{DRAFT} **References to VLANs in PncMapping** [There are two ways for a PncMapping to relate to a VLAN or an untagged channel:

- via the reference from PncMapping to PhysicalChannel in the role physicalChannel,
- via a ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that maps the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance and that also refers an EthernetCommunication-Connector that in turn is connected to an EthernetPhysicalChannel via the unicastNetworkEndpoint.

The two options are not mutually exclusive, they can exist at the same time.](*RS_-MANI_00062*)

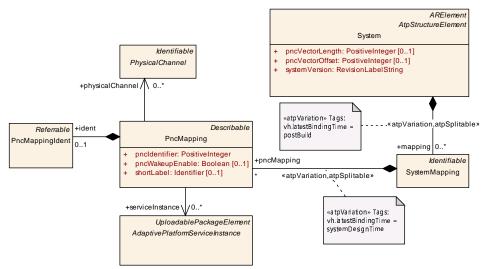


Figure 6.7: PncMapping with collection of ServiceInstances that are participating in the Partial Network Cluster

Class	SystemMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemTe	emplate		
Note	The system mapping aggr	The system mapping aggregates all mapping aspects that are relevant in the System Description.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	System.mapping				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				



			\triangle	
Class	SystemMapping			
pncMapping	PncMapping	*	aggr	Mappings between Virtual Function Clusters and Partial Network Clusters.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=pncMapping, pncMapping.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime



Class	PncMapping							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::PncMapping							
Note	Describes a mapping between one or several Virtual Function Clusters onto Partial Network Clusters. A Virtual Function Cluster is realized by a PortGroup. A Partial Network Cluster is realized by one or more ServiceInstances.							
Base	ARObject, Describable							
Aggregated by	SystemMapping.pncMap	oing						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
ident	PncMappingIdent	01	aggr	This adds the ability to become referrable to PncMapping.				
physical Channel	PhysicalChannel	*	ref	This reference maps the partial network to a communication channel.				
pncConsumed Provided ServiceInstance Group	ConsumedProvided ServiceInstanceGroup	*	ref	ConsumedProvidedServiceInstanceGroup used in a Partial Network Cluster. This reference is optional, since this could be used for starting and stopping Consumed ProvidedServiceInstanceGroup according the requested partial network, but is not necessarily needed.				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=pncConsumedProvidedServiceInstance Group.consumedProvidedServiceInstanceGroup, pnc ConsumedProvidedServiceInstanceGroup.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild				
pncldentifier	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Identifer of the Partial Network Cluster. This number represents the absolute bit position of this Partial Network Cluster in the NM Pdu.				
pncWakeup Enable	Boolean	01	attr	If this parameter is available and set to true then this PNC will be woken up as soon as a channel wakeup occurs on a channel where this PNC is assigned to. This is ensured by adding this PNC to the corresponding channel wakeup sources during upstream mapping.				
serviceInstance	AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance	*	ref	Reference to ServiceInstances that are participating in a Partial Network Cluster.				
				Tags:atp.Status=draft				
shortLabel	Identifier	01	attr	This attribute specifies an identifying shortName for the PncMapping. It shall be unique in the System scope.				
vfc	PortGroup	*	iref	Virtual Function Cluster to be mapped onto a Partial Network Cluster. This reference is optional in case that the System Description doesn't use a complete Software Component Description (VFB View). This supports the inclusion of legacy systems.				
				InstanceRef implemented by:PortGroupInSystem InstanceRef				

Table 6.45: PncMapping



6.3 Specification of Application Software System Structure

The root element of a System Design model is the System element that is already known from the AUTOSAR classic platform. The System aggregates the RootSwCompositionPrototype that represents the top-level-composition of all software components that are available in a given system.

[TPS_MANI_03110]{DRAFT} Allowed components in system description with category SYSTEM_DESIGN_DESCRIPTION. [SwComponentPrototypes nested inside the CompositionSwComponentType that is referenced by the RootSwCompositionPrototype of a System with category SYSTEM_DESIGN_DESCRIPTION are allowed to be of any SwComponentType that is supported by Classic or by Adaptive AUTOSAR.](*RS_MANI_00026*)

Class	RootSwCompositionPro	RootSwCompositionPrototype					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate						
Note	The RootSwCompositionF given System.	The RootSwCompositionPrototype represents the top-level-composition of software components within a given System.					
				may for example be a more or less complete VFB or the software of a flat ECU Extract with only atomic SWCs.			
	used in a complete VFB S interfaces defining the inter such a component contair	Therefore the RootSwComposition will only occasionally contain all atomic software components that are used in a complete VFB System. The OEM is primarily interested in the required functionality and the interfaces defining the integration of the Software Component into the System. The internal structure of such a component contains often substantial intellectual property of a supplier. Therefore a top-level software composition will often contain empty compositions which represent subsystems.					
	The contained SwComponentPrototypes are fully specified by their SwComponentTypes (including Port Prototypes, PortInterfaces, VariableDataPrototypes, SwcInternalBehavior etc.), and their ports are interconnected using SwConnectorPrototypes.						
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable						
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	System.rc	otSoftwa	reComposition			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
software Composition	CompositionSw ComponentType	1	tref	We assume that there is exactly one top-level composition that includes all Component instances of the system. Stereotypes: isOfType			
				Sicieolypes. Isolitype			

Table 6.46: RootSwCompositionPrototype

If a Software Component communicates over the service oriented communication and provides or requires a <u>ServiceInterface</u> the opposite communication end is not always known upfront. In the <u>System with category SYSTEM_DESIGN_DESCRIPTION</u> a System Designer may want to indicate the service oriented communication between endpoints if it is already known at the System Design time.

[TPS_MANI_03114]{DRAFT} **Usage of AssemblySwConnectors in the System Design model** [In the System with category SYSTEM_DESIGN_DESCRIPTION it is allowed to indicate the service oriented communication between two communication endpoints by AssemblySwConnectors if the required RPortPrototype is searching for a specific service instance, i.e. if the RPortPrototypeProps.searchIntention is set to searchForSpecificInstance.



If the searchIntention is set to searchForAllInstances, the AssemblySwConnector shall not be used to connect this RPortPrototype.](*RS_MANI_00026*)

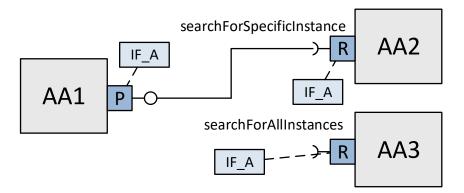


Figure 6.8: Example for Assembly connectors in System Design model

6.4 Modeling of service oriented communication between Classic and Adaptive platform

AUTOSAR classic platform does not support <u>ServiceInterfaces</u> yet but provides the possibility to communicate in a service oriented way over SOME/IP. To mimic a <u>ServiceInterface</u> in the classic platform any combination of <u>ClientServerIn-</u> terfaces, <u>SenderReceiverInterfaces</u> or <u>TriggerInterfaces</u> may be used to describe a service to which later a SOME/IP Service ID is assigned.

To simplify the description of the service oriented communication between Classic and Adaptive Software components in a System design model the InterfaceMapping was introduced that allows to map elements of PortInterfaces of the Classic Platform to a single ServiceInterface of the Adaptive Platform.

Class	InterfaceMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SystemDesign			
Note	This meta-class collects the mappings of elements of a single ServiceInterface to PortInterface elements of the AUTOSAR Classic Platform.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=Ir	nterfaceMa	appings			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	Collectable	Element,	Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
eventMapping	EventMapping * aggr Mapping of a VariableDataPrototype in a SenderReceiver Interface to an Event in a ServiceInterface.						
eventiviapping	Eventiviapping		aggr ▽				



Class	InterfaceMapping			
fieldMapping	FieldMapping	*	aggr	Mapping of a Field in a ServiceInterface to ClientServer Operations that represent the getter and setter methods and to a VariableDataPrototype that represents the notifier in the Field.
fireAndForget MethodMapping	FireAndForgetMethod Mapping	*	aggr	Mapping of a Fire&Forget Method that is located in a ServiceInterface to a VariableDataPrototype in a Sender ReceiverInterface or to a Trigger in a TriggerInterface.
methodMapping	MethodMapping	*	aggr	Mapping of a ClientServerOperation in a ClientServer Interface to a Method in a ServiceInterface.

Λ

Table 6.47: InterfaceMapping

[constr_3370]{DRAFT} InterfaceMapping shall map all elements of a single ServiceInterface [The mappings that are included in an InterfaceMapping shall map all elements of a single ServiceInterface (i.e. fields, events, methods) to PortInterface elements of the classic platform.]()

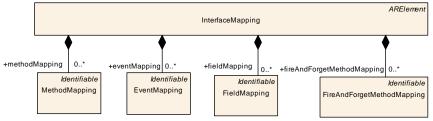


Figure 6.9: InterfaceMapping Overview

Figure 6.10 shows a possible System Design modeling approach where an a piece of application software is communicating in a service oriented way over SOME/IP with classic Software Components. SWC_1 requires a ClientServerInterface IF_Y with a ClientServerOperation and a SenderReceiverInterface IF_X with a VariableDataPrototype. SWC_2 requires a SenderReceiverInterface IF_X with a VariableDataPrototype.

The two <code>PortInterfaces</code> IF_X and IF_Y are mapped to a single <code>ServiceInterface</code> IF_A using an <code>InterfaceMapping</code>.

On the other side the application software AA1 provides the ${\tt ServiceInterface}$ IF_A.

Note that this is a mapping on PortInterface level. If each PortInterface is only used once in a network the actual communication can be directly derived out of the InterfaceMapping. If PortInterfaces are used several times on a network there is the need to take the network configuration into account in order to be able to emulate how the service discovery will behave on the network. From this information the actual communication relations on software level can be deduced.



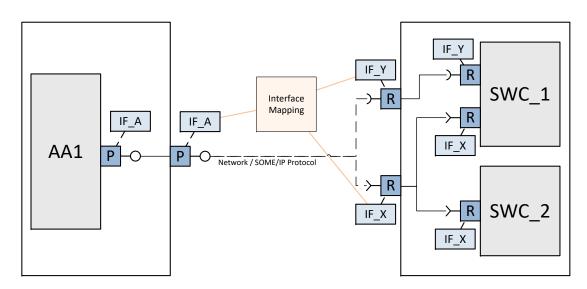


Figure 6.10: Example for a modeling of Service Oriented communication between application software on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* and Software Components of the Classic Platform

6.4.1 MethodMapping

[TPS_MANI_03111]{DRAFT} Mapping between method and operationlocated in a ClientServerInterface [The mapping between a method located in a ServiceInterface and a operation located in a ClientServerInterface is provided by the class MethodMapping.] (RS_MANI_00026)

Class	MethodMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SystemDesign			
Note	Mapping of a ClientServe in a ServiceInterface.	Mapping of a ClientServerOperation that is located in a ClientServerInterface to a Method that is located in a ServiceInterface.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	InterfaceMapping.method	Mapping					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
clientServer Operation	ClientServerOperation	01	ref	Reference to a ClientSeverOperation that is located in a ClientSeverInterface.			
method	ClientServerOperation	01	ref	Reference to a Method that is located in a Service Interface.			

Table 6.48: MethodMapping

[advisory_01000]{DRAFT} Existence of the reference MethodMapping. clientServerOperation [For each MethodMapping, the reference in the role MethodMapping.clientServerOperation should exist at the time when the System Design is finished. ()



[advisory_01001]{DRAFT} Existence of reference MethodMapping.method [For each MethodMapping, the reference in the role MethodMapping.method should exist at the time when the System Design is finished. |()

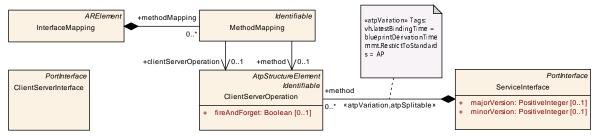


Figure 6.11: Mapping of a Method to a ClientServerOperation

6.4.2 EventMapping

[TPS_MANI_03112]{DRAFT} **Mapping between an event and a dataElement** [The mapping between an event located in a ServiceInterface and a dataElement located in a SenderReceiverInterface is provided by the class EventMapping.](*RS_MANI_00026*)

Class	EventMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SystemDesign			
Note	Mapping of a VariableDataPrototype that is located in a SenderReceiverInterface to an Event that is located in a ServiceInterface.						
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable			
Aggregated by	InterfaceMapping.eventM	apping					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
dataElement	VariableDataPrototype	01	ref	Reference to a VariableDataPrototype that is located in a SenderReceiverInterface.			
event	VariableDataPrototype	01	ref	Reference to an Event that is located in a Service Interface.			

Table 6.49: EventMapping

[advisory_01002]{DRAFT} Existence of reference EventMapping.dataElement [For each EventMapping, the reference in the role EventMapping.dataElement should exist at the time when the System Design is finished.|()

[advisory_01003]{DRAFT} Existence of reference EventMapping.event [For each EventMapping, the reference in the role EventMapping.event should exist at the time when the System Design is finished.]()



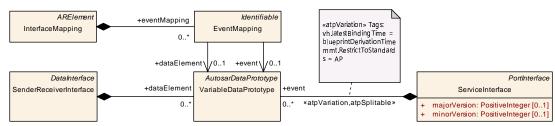


Figure 6.12: Mapping between an event and a dataElement

6.4.3 FieldMapping

[TPS_MANI_03113]{DRAFT} **Mapping between a field and elements of Classic Platform PortInterfaces** [The mapping between a field located in a ServiceInterface and elements of Classic Platform PortInterfaces is provided by the class FieldMapping. The field notifier in the classic platform is represented by a dataElement that is located in a SenderReceiverInterface. The getter and setter methods in the classic platform are represented by operations that are located in a ClientServerInterface.] (*RS_MANI_00026*)

[constr_3367]{DRAFT} FieldMapping.notifierDataElement reference [The FieldMapping shall only contain the notifierDataElement reference if the has-Notifier attribute in the referenced field is set to true.]()

[constr_3368]{DRAFT} **FieldMapping.getterOperation reference** [The FieldMapping shall only contain the getterOperation reference if the hasGetter attribute in the referenced field is set to true.]()

[constr_3369]{DRAFT} **FieldMapping.setterOperation reference** [The FieldMapping shall only contain the setterOperation reference if the hasSetter attribute in the referenced field is set to true.]()

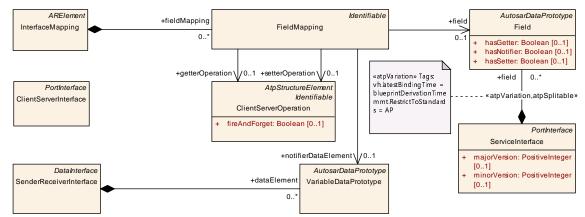


Figure 6.13: Mapping between a field and elements of Classic Platform PortInterfaces



Class	FieldMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SystemDesign		
Note				eInterface to ClientServerOperations that represent the ataPrototype that represents the notifier in the Field.		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable		
Aggregated by	InterfaceMapping.fieldMa	pping				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
field	Field	01	ref	Reference to a field that is located in a ServiceInterface.		
getterOperation	ClientServerOperation	01	ref	Reference to a ClientServerOperation that represents the getter Method in the Field.		
notifierData Element	VariableDataPrototype	01	ref	Reference to a VariableDataPrototype that represents the notifier in the Field.		
setterOperation	ClientServerOperation	01	ref	Reference to a ClientServerOperation that represents the setter Method in the Field.		

Table 6.50: FieldMapping

[advisory_01004]{DRAFT} Existence of reference FieldMapping.field [For each FieldMapping, the reference in the role FieldMapping.field should exist at the time when the System Design is finished. |()

[advisory_01005]{DRAFT} Existence of references FieldMapping.getterOperation, setterOperation, and notifierDataElement [For each FieldMapping, at least one of the references in the role

- FieldMapping.getterOperation
- FieldMapping.setterOperation
- FieldMapping.notifierDataElement

should exist at the time when the System Design is finished. ()

6.4.4 FireAndForgetMethodMapping

In a fire and forget Message Exchange Pattern the consumer sends a message to a provider with no expectation of a response as described in chapter 3.4.5.1.

In Adaptive AUTOSAR the fire and forget method is described with a method where the value of attribute method.fireAndForget is set to true as defined by [TPS_MANI_01064].

In classic AUTOSAR a fire and forget method can not be described with a ClientServerOperation since a client-server call always has a response. Therefore, a VariableDataPrototype is used if the fire and forget method contains input arguments.

If the fire and forget method contains several input arguments then the VariableDataPrototype needs to be of type Structure that hosts one element for each argument of the fire and forget method. It is important that the order of elements in the Structure



is the same as the order of ArgumentDataPrototypes within the ClientServer-Operation.

This representation ensures that the SOME/IP serialization results in the same byte stream as in the Adaptive Platform where all arguments which have the direction in are serialized according to the order of the ArgumentDataPrototypes within the ClientServerOperation.

If the fire and forget method is without any parameters a Trigger is used to describe such a method in classic AUTOSAR.

It is important that the SOME/IP MessageType is set to REQUEST_NO_RETURN if a fire and forget method is transmitted over SOME/IP.

[TPS_MANI_03115]{DRAFT} Mapping between a fire and forget method and elements of Classic Platform PortInterfaces [The mapping between a method for which the value of attribute method.fireAndForget is set to true and elements of Classic Platform PortInterfaces is provided by the class FireAndForget-MethodMapping.

If the fire and forget method is represented in the classic platform by a Variable-DataPrototype then this dataElement is mapped to a method located in a ServiceInterface. If the fire and forget method is represented in the classic platform by a Trigger then this trigger is mapped to a method located in a ServiceInterface.](*RS_MANI_00026*)

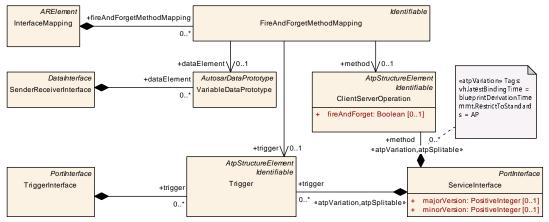


Figure 6.14: Mapping between a fire and forget method and elements of Classic Platform PortInterfaces

[constr_3371]{DRAFT} Mutually exclusive existence of FireAndForget-MethodMapping.dataElement reference and FireAndForgetMethodMapping. trigger reference [A FireAndForgetMethodMapping shall never reference a dataElement and a trigger at the same time.]()

[constr_3376]{DRAFT} FireAndForgetMethodMapping shall reference only fire and forget methods [A FireAndForgetMethodMapping is only allowed to reference a ClientServerOperation in role method for which the value of attribute method.fireAndForget is set to true.]()



Class	FireAndForgetMethodMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	SystemDesign			
Note	Mapping of a Fire&Forget SenderReceiverInterface			ted in a ServiceInterface to a VariableDataPrototype in a TriggerInterface.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable			
Aggregated by	InterfaceMapping.fireAnd	InterfaceMapping.fireAndForgetMethodMapping					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
dataElement	VariableDataPrototype	01	ref	Reference to a VariableDataPrototype that is located in a SenderReceiverInterface in case that the Fire&Forget Method is represented by this VariableDataPrototype.			
method	ClientServerOperation	01	ref	Reference to a Fire&Forget Method that is located in a ServiceInterface.			
trigger	Trigger	01	ref	Reference to a Trigger that is located in a TriggerInterface in case that the Fire&Forget Method is represented by this Trigger.			

Table 6.51: FireAndForgetMethodMapping

[advisory_01006]{DRAFT} Existence of reference FireAndForgetMethodMapping.method [For each FireAndForgetMethodMapping, the reference in the role FireAndForgetMethodMapping.method should exist at the time when the System Design is finished.]()

[advisory_01007]{DRAFT} Existence of references FireAndForgetMethodMapping.dataElement and trigger [For each FireAndForgetMethodMapping, at least one of the references in the role

- FireAndForgetMethodMapping.dataElement
- FireAndForgetMethodMapping.trigger

should exist at the time when the System Design is finished. $\lfloor () \rfloor$





7 Sub-System Design

7.1 Overview

The nature of the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* as a platform for deploying software units in the field implies that the software units that can be installed in the field need some design-support upfront.

More specifically, the software units that can be deployed in the field typically represent some sort of more or less self-contained driving function.

In other words, the design support for this purpose need to be tailored to facilitate the design of application-level software that communicates with other application level software.

It is assumed that one of the first steps in such a design is the definition of services that are provided and services that are required by the driving function under development.

Such a definition of required and provided services can be used as an input into the design of other such driving functions and, over time, a view of the communication on the level of driving functions is rendered.

It is further assumed that the communication view of the driving functions is mostly of interest for an OEM and the individual driving functions may be sub-contracted to tier-1 suppliers.

This means that for the tier-1 supplier the list of provided and required services of the driving function represents a technical contract against which the function shall be developed.

On design level, meta-class <u>SoftwareClusterDesign</u> is used for the formalization of software that might represent such a driving function. In other words, it is assumed that a workflow exists where the design of a certain functionality on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform starts with the creation of a <u>SoftwareClusterDesign</u>.

In this case, it is further assumed that the definition of the required and provided service instances for the respective functionality is a good starting point for the development.

Please note that SoftwareClusterDesign supports an arbitrary complexity of software and is therefore not bound to the design of, e.g. a single driving function.

7.2 Software Cluster Design

The creation of a SoftwareCluster (see section 15.2) represents a complex workflow that has to be done in the deployment phase of the overall methodology for the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*.

In order to reduce the complexity of this step in the workflow, AUTOSAR supports a front-loading approach for the definition of a SoftwareCluster, the modeling of



SoftwareClusterDesign. In this context, the term "front-loading" means that model elements defined in the context of a SoftwareClusterDesign can be (directly) taken over for the creation of a corresponding SoftwareCluster.

The membership of model elements to a given <code>SoftwareClusterDesign</code> is expressed by means of references to the respective model elements. The referenced model elements are "claimed" by the referencing <code>SoftwareClusterDesign</code>.

The pattern established by these references is very similar to the pattern established by means of the modeling of System.fibexElement Or DiagnosticContribution-Set.element.

Please note that the modeling of SoftwareClusterDesign prioritizes the usage of references over the usage of aggregations because the migration from Soft-wareClusterDesign to SoftwareCluster is much facilitated no actual copying of model elements is required, only the content of references have to be taken over in the migration.

[TPS_MANI_01112]{DRAFT} **Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign** [The existence of a SoftwareClusterDesign represents the formalized response to requirements that have initially been formulated by an OEM and that may be enriched as the development of the software progresses.

Finally, the SoftwareClusterDesign shall be taken by the integration as a further input to the definition of the result of the integration step: the definition of the SoftwareCluster.](RS_MANI_00035)

Just to be sure, the SoftwareClusterDesign is not intended to be uploaded to the target platform. It is just an early form of the final SoftwareCluster that indeed gets uploaded. The existence of the SoftwareClusterDesign is motivated from the methodological point of view.

[constr_1560]{DRAFT} Usage of SoftwareClusterDesign.requiredARElement [The reference SoftwareClusterDesign.requiredARElement shall not be used to refer to another SoftwareClusterDesign or even SoftwareCluster.]()

[TPS_MANI_01369]{DRAFT} Semantics of reference SoftwareCluster-Design.requiredARElement [The reference SoftwareClusterDesign.requiredARElement is used to identify all model elements that are typed by a sub-class of meta-class ARElement. This way, it is possible to express which model elements belong to the enclosing SoftwareClusterDesign.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

[TPS_MANI_01211]{DRAFT} **Specification of executable software within SoftwareClusterDesign** [One of the most prominent contents of an uploadable software package is the reference to the executable software.

Within the definition of a SoftwareClusterDesign, this reference is implicitly given by means of the reference SoftwareClusterDesign.containedProcess.



The target of SoftwareClusterDesign.containedProcess is a ProcessDesign that represents the design-level representation of an instance (formalized as Process) of the corresponding executable program (the software image), formalized as Executable](*RS_MANI_00035*)

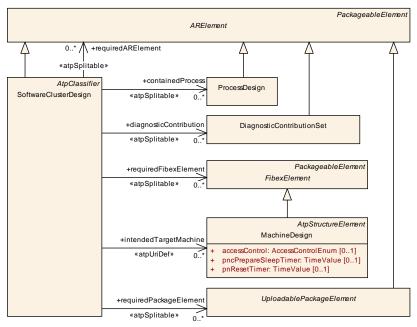


Figure 7.1: Modeling of SoftwareClusterDesign

Class	SoftwareClusterDesign				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SubSystemDesign	
Note	This meta-class represen specific target Machine.	ts the abili	ty for the	OEM to design the grouping of software uploadable to a	
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=S	oftwareCl	usterDesigns	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, A PackageableElement, Re		er, Collect	ableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,	
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
contained Process	ProcessDesign	*	ref	This reference represent the ProcessDesigns contained in the enclosing SoftwareCluster.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=containedProcess	
diagnostic Contribution	DiagnosticContribution Set	*	ref	This reference identifies the corresponding collection of DiagnosticContributionSet.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=diagnosticContribution	
intendedTarget	MachineDesign	*	ref	This reference can be taken to identify the Machine Design for which the final SoftwareCluster shall be	
Machine				developed.	



<i>a</i>				
Class	SoftwareClusterDesign			
required ARElement	ARElement	*	ref	This reference represents the collection of ARElements that are required for the completeness of the definition of the SoftwareCluster.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=requiredARElement
requiredFibex Element	FibexElement	*	ref	This reference represents the collection of fibexElements that are required for the completeness of the definition of the SoftwareCluster.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=requiredFibexElement
required Package Element	UploadablePackage Element	*	ref	This reference points to uploadable elements that have been identified as relevant in the context of the enclosing SoftwareClusterDesign.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=requiredPackageElement
root Composition	RootSwClusterDesign ComponentPrototype	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the design of the software inside the SwClusterDesign terms of the communication endpoints.

 \wedge

Table 7.1: SoftwareClusterDesign

[constr_3727]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of reference in the role SoftwareClusterDesign.intendedTargetMachine [In the context of SoftwareClusterDesign, the reference in the role intendedTargetMachine shall exist at most once at the time when the sub-system design is complete. (/)

[TPS_MANI_01117]{DRAFT} **Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign.intended-TargetMachine** [The specification of SoftwareClusterDesign.intendedTargetMachine allows for focusing the specification of an uploadable software package to a specific MachineDesign from early phases of a development project.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

Please note that SoftwareCluster doesn't have a dedicated reference to the target Machine.

This relation is expressed by means of a reference to Process that in turn can be mapped to a dedicated Machine by means of a ProcessToMachineMapping. In this context, [constr_1536] applies.

[TPS_MANI_01118]{DRAFT} **Relation between SoftwareClusterDesign and DiagnosticContributionSet** [An important aspect of the definition of a SoftwareClusterDesign is the question what diagnostic extract shall be associated with the SoftwareClusterDesign.

For this purpose, a reference from SoftwareClusterDesign to DiagnosticContributionSet in the role diagnosticContribution is provided.

In an early stage of the development process, it is intentionally made possible to reference multiple DiagnosticContributionSets in order to support the decentralized (e.g. partly done by OEM and partly done by supplier) configuration of the diagnostics stack.](*RS_MANI_00035*)



[TPS_MANI_01189]{DRAFT} Software Cluster and DiagnosticContribution-

Set.category [A DiagnosticContributionSet used in the context of a SoftwareCluster shall set the value of attribute category to DIAGNOS-TICS_SWCL_EXTRACT.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

Please mind the intentionally introduced difference between SoftwareCluster and SoftwareClusterDesign in terms of the relation to DiagnosticContribution-Set.

In other words, the multiplicity of the references to DiagnosticContributionSet intentionally differ.

As already explained, the SoftwareClusterDesign shall support the decentralized configuration of the DiagnosticContributionSet while the SoftwareCluster requires the existence of a final (merged) DiagnosticContributionSet.

[TPS_MANI_01119]{DRAFT} **Reference to model elements from SoftwareClusterDesign** [SoftwareClusterDesign has the ability to define the following references to model elements relevant for the definition of an uploadable software package:

- references to meta-classes derived from UploadablePackageElement are formalized by way of SoftwareClusterDesign.requiredPackageElement.
- references to meta-classes derived from ARElement are formalized by way of SoftwareClusterDesign.requiredARElement.
- references to meta-classes derived from FibexElement are formalized by way of SoftwareClusterDesign.requiredFibexElement.

](*RS_MANI_00035*)

Please note that the conversion of a SoftwareClusterDesign to a SoftwareCluster is not formalized by AUTOSAR. This step can be done by a tool at the discretion of the integrator.

In other words, in some cases it may be applicable to do this conversion relatively early in the development project while other projects may require to keep the Soft-wareClusterDesign around for a longer period in time.

7.3 Provided and required Services of Software Cluster Design

In order to support the definition of required and provided services early in the design of a SoftwareCluster¹, AUTOSAR supports the definition of a RootSwClusterDe-signComponentPrototype in the context of a given SoftwareClusterDesign.

The RootSwClusterDesignComponentPrototype itself refers to a SwComponentType that in turn exposes PortPrototypes to the outside world.

¹For more information, please refer to section 15.2.



Note that for the specific case of the RootSwClusterDesignComponentPrototype it is expected that the referenced SwComponentType represents a Composition-SwComponentType without any further detailing. A detailing is obviously unnecessary because the only purpose is the exposure of PortPrototypes to which Adaptive-PlatformServiceInstances can be mapped.

A dedicated mapping class, ServiceInstanceToSwClusterDesignPortPrototypeMapping, is defined to support the creation of the described relation between PortPrototype and AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance.

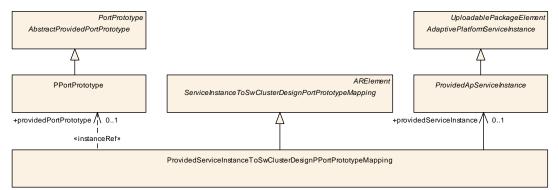


Figure 7.2: Modeling of the ProvidedServiceInstanceToSwClusterDesignPPort-PrototypeMapping

[TPS_MANI_01275]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class ServiceInstance-ToSwClusterDesignPortPrototypeMapping [The software-component used to type the RootSwClusterDesignComponentPrototype typically exposes a set of PortPrototypes to the outside world.

These PortPrototypes could be used for the specification of required and provided service instances. For this purpose, meta-class ServiceInstanceToSwCluster-DesignPortPrototypeMapping is used.](*RS_MANI_00011*)

In Figure 7.4, the ServiceInstanceToSwClusterDesignPortPrototypeMapping is represented by a block labeled "mapping" with a circled 1. The block labeled "mapping" with a circled 2 represents the CompositionPortToExecutable-PortMapping, as described in section 7.4.

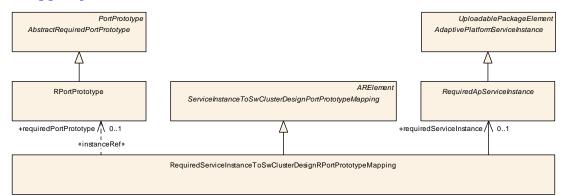


Figure 7.3: Modeling of the RequiredServiceInstanceToSwClusterDesignRPort-PrototypeMapping



Class	RootSwClusterDesignComponentPrototype				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SoftwareDistribution	
Note	This meta-class represen	This meta-class represents the ability to define the service endpoints in the scope of a SwClusterDesign.			
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, A	tpPrototyp	e, Identifia	able, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable	
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	Software	ClusterDe	sign.rootComposition	
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
applicationType	SwComponentType	01	tref	This SwComponentType acts as the Type of the RootSw ClusterDesignComponentPrototype.	
				Stereotypes: isOfType	

Table 7.2: RootSwClusterDesignComponentPrototype

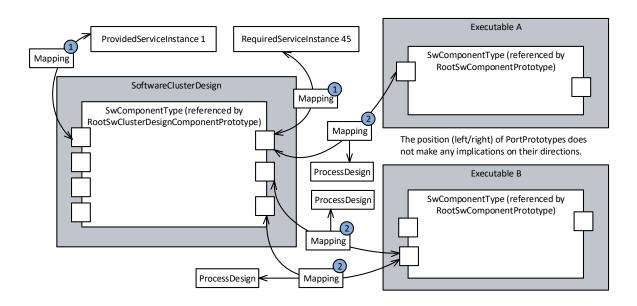


Figure 7.4: Modeling of mappings in the context of SoftwareClusterDesign

[advisory_01008]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role RootSwCluster-DesignComponentPrototype.applicationType [For each RootSwCluster-DesignComponentPrototype, the reference in the role applicationType should exist at the time when the sub-system design is complete.]()

Class	ServiceInstanceToSwCl	usterDes	ignPortPı	ototypeMapping (abstract)	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	SubSystemDesign::DesignWorkflow	
Note	This abstract meta-class represents the ability to assign a transport-layer-dependent ServiceInstance to a PortPrototype in the context of the SoftwareClusterDesign. With this mapping it is possible to define the list of provided and required AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances in the scope of the SoftwareCluster Design.				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable			
Subclasses		ProvidedServiceInstanceToSwClusterDesignPPortPrototypeMapping, RequiredServiceInstanceToSwClusterDesignRPortPrototypeMapping			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
_	-	-	-	_	

 Table 7.3: ServiceInstanceToSwClusterDesignPortPrototypeMapping



Class	RequiredServiceInstanc	RequiredServiceInstanceToSwClusterDesignRPortPrototypeMapping			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SubSystemDesign::DesignWorkflow	
Note	This concrete meta-class represents the ability to assign a transport-layer-dependent RequiredService Instance to an RPortPrototype in the context of the SoftwareClusterDesign. With this mapping it is possible to define the list of provided and required AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances in the scope of the SoftwareClusterDesign.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=S	erviceInst	tanceToSwClusterDesignPortPrototypeMappings	
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, ServiceInstanceToSwClusterDesignPortPrototypeMapping			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
requiredPort Prototype	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This reference identifies the applicable PortPrototype in the scope of the SwClusterDesign.	
	InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeInSoftwar ClusterDesignInstanceRef				
requiredService Instance	RequiredApService Instance	01	ref	Reference to a RequiredServiceInstance mapped to a given RPortPrototype in the scope of the SwCluster Design.	

Table 7.4: RequiredServiceInstanceToSwClusterDesignRPortPrototypeMapping

Class	ProvidedServiceInstanc	eToSwClu	usterDesi	gnPPortPrototypeMapping	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	SubSystemDesign::DesignWorkflow	
Note	This concrete meta-class represents the ability to assign a transport-layer-dependent ProvidedService Instance to a PPortPrototype in the context of the SoftwareClusterDesign. With this mapping it is possible to define the list of provided and required AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances in the scope of the Software ClusterDesign.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=S	erviceInst	anceToSwClusterDesignPortPrototypeMappings	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, ServiceInstanceToSwClusterDesignPortPrototypeMapping				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
providedPort Prototype	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This reference identifies the applicable PortPrototype in the scope of the SwClusterDesign.	
	InstanceRef implemented by:PPortPrototypeInSoftwar ClusterDesignInstanceRef			InstanceRef implemented by:PPortPrototypeInSoftware ClusterDesignInstanceRef	
providedService Instance	ProvidedApService Instance	01	ref	Reference to a ProvidedServiceInstance mapped to a given PPortPrototype in the scope of the SwCluster Design.	

Table 7.5: ProvidedServiceInstanceToSwClusterDesignPPortPrototypeMapping

7.4 Mapping of Services to Executables

A typical next step in the design workflow could be to decide about the modeling of Executables inside the SoftwareClusterDesign. The PortPrototypes used in the modeling of an Executable actually implement the endpoints to which required and provided service instances shall be mapped.



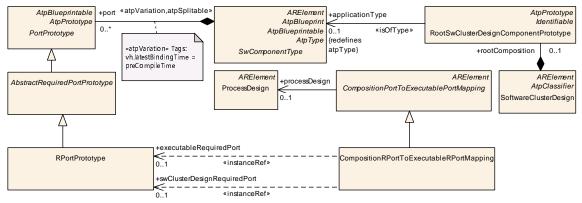


Figure 7.5: Modeling of the RootSwClusterDesignComponentPrototype and the CompositionRPortToExecutableRPortMapping

[TPS_MANI_01276]{DRAFT} Semantics of CompositionRPortToExecutableR-PortMapping and CompositionPPortToExecutablePPortMapping [In the context of the creation of an SoftwareClusterDesign, it is not possible to already define the actual mapping of PortPrototypes to AdaptivePlatformServiceInstanceS.

To counter this issue, and as an additional guidance for the later creation of the actual ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMappings it is possible to create another mapping inside the scope of the SoftwareClusterDesign that maps the Port-Prototypes defined in the context of the RootSwClusterDesignComponentPrototype to the refined PortPrototypes defined in the context of Executables.] (RS_MANI_00011)

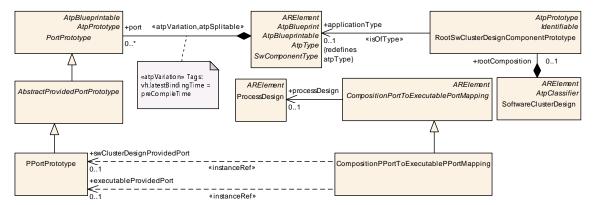


Figure 7.6: Modeling of the RootSwClusterDesignComponentPrototype and the CompositionPPortToExecutablePPortMapping

This way, it is possible to retrace the design decisions on the level of the RootSwClusterDesignComponentPrototype one level deeper and provide a guidance for the creation of the ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping, as described in section 11.3.



[TPS_MANI_01282]{DRAFT} Semantics of reference CompositionPortToExecutablePortMapping.processDesign [The reference CompositionPortToExecutablePortMapping.processDesign identifies the applicable ProcessDesign for the mapping. This reference therefore disambiguates the existence of multiple CompositionPortToExecutablePortMapping that refer to the exact same PortPrototype in the context of an Executable.]*(RS_MANI_00011)*

The statement made by [TPS_MANI_01282] is further explained in Figure 7.4. Two CompositionPortToExecutablePortMapping refer to the same PortProto-type on the surface of the Executable B.

It is important to understand that each of these CompositionPortToExecutable-PortMappings refer to a different ProcessDesign.

This means that, at run-time, the two CompositionPortToExecutablePortMappings apply to different instances of the Executable B launched as different Processes (that each, in turn, refer to one of the ProcessDesigns referenced by the Executable B).

Class	CompositionPortToExe	cutablePo	rtMappin	g (abstract)
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SubSystemDesign::DesignWorkflow
Note	This abstract meta-class acts as a base class for the specification of a mapping between a PortPrototype owned by a RootSwClusterDesignComponentPrototype to a PortPrototype owned by a Component Prototype inside an Executable.rootSwComponentType.			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable			
Subclasses	CompositionPPortToExecutablePPortMapping, CompositionRPortToExecutableRPortMapping			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
processDesign	ProcessDesign	01	ref	This reference identifies the impacted ProcessDesign for this mapping. This allows for mapping multiple services to the same PortPrototype on an Executable by also referencing different ProcessDesigns.

Table 7.6: CompositionPortToExecutablePortMapping

Class	CompositionRPortToEx	ecutableF	RPortMap	ping
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SubSystemDesign::DesignWorkflow
Note		This meta-class has the ability to associate an RPortPrototype defined in the context of a SwCluster Design to an RPortPrototype in the context of an Executable.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedF	Package=C	ompositio	nPortToExecutablePortMappings
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, CompositionPortToExecutablePortMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
executable RequiredPort	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This reference identifies the applicable PortPrototype in the context on an Executable.
				InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef



			\triangle	
Class	CompositionRPortToE	xecutableR	PortMap	ping
swCluster DesignRequired Port	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This reference identifies the applicable RPortPrototype in the context of the SwClusterDesign. InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeInSoftware ClusterDesignInstanceRef

Table 7.7: CompositionRPortToExecutableRPortMapping

Class	CompositionPPortToEx	ecutableP	PortMap	ping	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SubSystemDesign::DesignWorkflow	
Note	This meta-class has the a to a PPortPrototype in the			PPortPrototype defined in the context of a SwClusterDesign utable.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedF	ackage=C	ompositic	nPortToExecutablePortMappings	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C MultilanguageReferrable,			CompositionPortToExecutablePortMapping, Identifiable, ent, Referrable	
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
executable ProvidedPort	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This reference identifies the applicable PortPrototype in the context on an Executable.	
				InstanceRef implemented by:PPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef	
swCluster DesignProvided	PPortPrototype	01 iref This reference identifies the applicable PPortPr the context of the SwClusterDesign.			
Port				InstanceRef implemented by:PPortPrototypeInSoftware ClusterDesignInstanceRef	

Table 7.8: CompositionPPortToExecutablePPortMapping



8 Execution Manifest

8.1 Overview

The purpose of the execution manifest is to provide information that is needed for the actual deployment of an application (formally modeled as an SwComponentType) onto the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

One aspect of the deployment information is the provision of information that could in principle be provided as part of the application software code but which would make the application software code become very much bound to specific usage scenarios.

The general idea is to keep the application software code as independent as possible from the deployment scenario in order to increase the odds that the application software can be reused in different deployment scenarios.

In particular, the usage of PortPrototypes as a means to express communication with the "outside" of the application software allows for abstracting away the details (the concrete service instance identification) of the service configuration. As far as the model is concerned, the API between the application and the middleware is represented by the PortPrototype.

The application code does not use specific service instances but takes the PortPrototype as a symbolic replacement for this information. The specifics of this modeling aspect are described in section 11.

8.2 Process

The top-level element of the Execution Manifest definition is the Process, in reference to the fact that the unit of deployment on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* is a binary that, at runtime, makes a POSIX process.

[TPS_MANI_01308]{DRAFT} **Process is not designed for re-usability** [Meta-class Process has **not** been created with the goal of reusing it on different Machines.

However, there is *some* potential for reusing configuration aspects in the definition of the Process.stateDependentStartupConfig.startupConfig.](*RS_MANI_-00006*)

Class	Process
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ExecutionManifest
Note	This meta-class provides information required to execute the referenced executable.
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=Processes
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractExecutionContext, AtpClassifier, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element

 ∇



Class	Process			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
design	ProcessDesign	01	ref	This reference represents the identification of the design-time representation for the Process that owns the reference.
executable	Executable	*	ref	Reference to executable that is executed in the process.
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef
functionCluster Affiliation	String	01	attr	This attribute specifies which functional cluster the process is affiliated with.
numberOf RestartAttempts	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines how often a process shall be restarted if the start fails.
				numberOfRestartAttempts = "0" OR Attribute not existing start once
				numberOfRestartAttempts = "1", start a second time
preMapping	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute describes whether the executable is preloaded into the memory.
processState Machine	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	01	aggr	Set of Process States that are defined for the process.
securityEvent	SecurityEventDefinition	*	ref	The reference identifies the collection of SecurityEvents that can be reported by the enclosing SoftwareCluster.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpUriDef Tags: atp.Splitkey=securityEvent atp.Status=candidate
stateDependent StartupConfig	StateDependentStartup Config	*	aggr	Applicable startup configurations.

 \triangle

Table 8.1: Process

[constr_3732]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of reference in the role Process.executable [In the context of Process, the reference in the role executable shall exist at most once at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.()

Class	AbstractExecutionContext (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ExecutionManifest				
Note	This meta-class acts as a base class for entities that execute code on different levels, e.g. container, process, thread, fiber.				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpClassifier, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement				
Subclasses	Process				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
_	-	-	- 1	-	

Table 8.2: AbstractExecutionContext

[TPS_MANI_01337]{DRAFT} Standardized values for attribute Process.functionClusterAffiliation [The following values of attribute Process.function-ClusterAffiliation are standardized by AUTOSAR:

• STATE_MANAGEMENT



• PLATFORM_HEALTH_MANAGEMENT

](RS_MANI_00006)

Please note that it is possible to use values other than from the standardized set in attribute Process.functionClusterAffiliation.

However, it is important that proprietary values of this attribute are formulated in a way that a potential clash with future standardized values can be avoided.

Clash-avoidance could be implemented by using a company-specific or project-specific prefix, infix, or suffix.

The preMapping approach of a Process is described in more detail in the SWS Execution Management [10], specifically in the context of [SWS_EM_02109].

8.2.1 Process relates to Executable

[TPS_MANI_01011]{DRAFT} **Connection between application design and application deployment** [The connection between the *application design* and the *application deployment* is implemented by means of a reference from meta-class Process to meta-class Executable in the role executable.

By modeling the reference in this direction it is possible to keep the design level independent of the deployment level and, at the same time, bind the deployment to a specific design. |(*RS_MANI_00006*)

ARElement AtpClassifier Executable		
buildType: BuildTypeEnvm [01] minimumTimerGranularity: TimeValue [01] reportingBehavior: ExecutionStateReportingBehaviorEnum [01] version: StrongRevisionLabelString [01]		
+executable 10* «atpUriDef»	«enumeration» LogTraceDefaultLogLevelEnu	
AbstractExecutionContext Process	error warn	
+ functionClusterAffiliation: String [01] + numberOfRestartAttempts: PositiveInteger [01] + preMapping: Boolean [01]	info debug verbose off	

Figure 8.1: Relation of meta-classes Executable and Process

Please note that the meta-model, as depicted in Figure 8.1 supports the existence of two or more Processes that reference the same Executable.

This is an indication that the specific Executable is supposed to be executed in several instances (i.e. in the form of POSIX processes) on the same platform. Such a situation is sketched in Figure 8.2

It is somehow likely that the startup conditions and startup parameters of different Processes may be different (in order to achieve a variation of the functionality of the Executable).



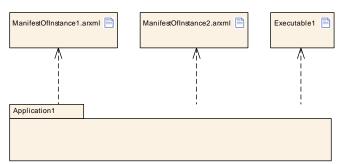


Figure 8.2: Example deployment where one **Executable** is bundled with two ARXML files that each contain the description of one **Process**

Therefore, it is necessary to allow for the definition of startup configurations on a per-Process-basis. This aspect is described in section 8.3.

8.2.2 Process States

A Process is a state-full entity. The state machine associated with a Process is modeled based on the aggregation of a ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype in the role processStateMachine, as sketched by Figure 8.3.

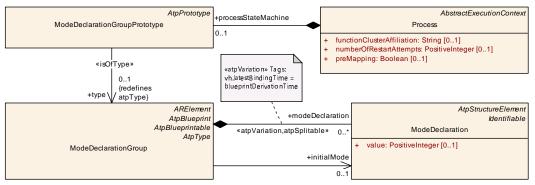


Figure 8.3: Modeling of process states

The supported process states that are defined in the Process.processStateMachine are described in more detail in [10].

It is possible to define a so-called *execution dependency*, such that one Process can only launch if a referenced other Process is in a given process state. The details are explained in section 8.3.5.

8.3 Startup Configuration

The configuration of startup behavior is an essential part of the execution manifest.

[TPS_MANI_01012]{DRAFT} **Formal modeling of application startup behavior** [The formal modeling of application startup behavior is implemented by means of the



aggregation of meta-class StateDependentStartupConfig in the role Process. stateDependentStartupConfig.](RS_MANI_00007)

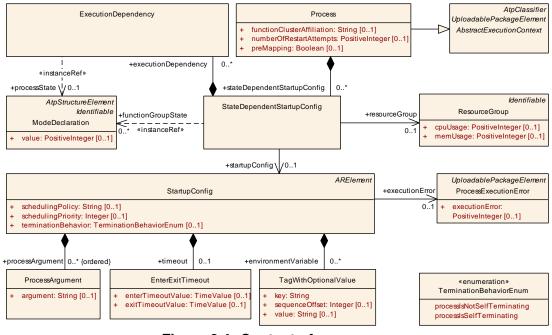


Figure 8.4: Content of a Process

8.3.1 State-dependent Startup Configuration

[TPS_MANI_01013]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class StateDependentStartupConfig [The purpose of meta-class StateDependentStartupConfig is to qualify the startup configuration represented by meta-class StartupConfig for specific ModeDeclarations.

In other words, the intention is to express that the <code>StartupConfig</code> is applicable if the state machines that control the startup are in the states represented by the <code>ModeDec-laration</code> referenced in the role <code>StateDependentStartupConfig.function-GroupState.](RS_MANI_00007)</code>

As a consequence of the reference from the StateDependentStartupConfig to ModeDeclaration the Execution Manifest is defined for a specific Machine to which the binary and the Manifest is deployed.

[constr_3423]{DRAFT} StateDependentStartupConfig of a Process shall reference a functionGroupState [Each StateDependentStartupConfig of a Process shall reference at least one ModeDeclaration in the role function-GroupState.]()

However, the references to Function Group States within the context of one Process shall only refer to Function Group States of the same Function Group. This aspect is formalized by [constr_1688].



[constr_1688]{DRAFT} StateDependentStartupConfig shall only refer to Function Group States of the same Function Group [For all StateDependentStartupConfigS aggregated in the role Process.stateDependentStartupConfig, references in the role functionGroupState to ModeDeclaration shall only refer to ModeDeclarations aggregated by the same ModeDeclarationGroup in the context of the same ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype (that represents the actual Function Group).]()

It is necessary to specify constraint [constr_3396] to regulate the number of StateDependentStartupConfigs that refer to the same ModeDeclaration in the context of one Process because the resulting startup configuration would be ambiguous.

[constr_3396]{DRAFT} Number of Process.stateDependentStartupConfig that refer to the same functionGroupState [Within the context of a given Process, no two StateDependentStartupConfigs shall refer to the same ModeDeclaration in the role functionGroupState.]()

[TPS_MANI_01046]{DRAFT} Semantics of StateDependentStartupConfig. functionGroupState [The ModeDeclarations referenced in the role StateDependentStartupConfig.functionGroupState shall be considered in a way such that the StateDependentStartupConfig applies if any of the referenced ModeDeclarations is active.

In other words, the ModeDeclarations are or-ed for the determination of whether a StateDependentStartupConfig is applicable.](*RS_MANI_00007*)

[constr_3424]{DRAFT} StateDependentStartupConfig shall never reference the functionGroupState Off [A StateDependentStartupConfig shall never reference the ModeDeclaration that has the shortName Off in the role functionGroupState. Please note that the Off ModeDeclaration is a special state in a Function Group as defined by [TPS_MANI_03195].]()

[constr_1618]{DRAFT} Ability to shut down [In the context of one Machine, at least one Process shall have a stateDependentStartupConfig.functionGroup-State that has the shortName Shutdown.]()

[constr_1619]{DRAFT} Ability to restart [In the context of one Machine, at least one Process shall have a stateDependentStartupConfig.functionGroupState that has the shortName Restart.]()

[TPS_MANI_01209]{DRAFT} **Definition of environment variables in process scope** [It is possible to define environment variables in the scope of any given Process.

For this purpose the aggregation of TagWithOptionalValue in the role Startup-Config.environmentVariable exists.

The name of the environment variable shall be specified by means of the attribute TagWithOptionalValue.key, the value can be modeled by means of TagWithOptionalValue.value.



This encloses the ability to define environment variables with empty values. For this purpose, the attribute TagWithOptionalValue.value shall simply be omitted.] (RS MANI 00007)

Class	StateDependentStartupConfig					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ExecutionManifest					
Note	This meta-class defines the startup configuration for the process depending on a collection of machine states.					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	Process.stateDependentStartupConfig					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
execution Dependency	ExecutionDependency	*	aggr	This attribute defines that all processes that are referenced via the ExecutionDependency shall be launched and shall reach a certain ProcessState before the referencing process is started.		
functionGroup State	ModeDeclaration	*	iref	This represent the applicable functionGroupMode. InstanceRef implemented by:FunctionGroupStateIn FunctionGroupSetInstanceRef		
resource Consumption	ResourceConsumption	01	aggr	This aggregation provides the ability to define resource consumption boundaries on a per-process-startup-config basis.		
resourceGroup	ResourceGroup	01	ref	Reference to an applicable resource group.		
startupConfig	StartupConfig	01	ref	Reference to a reusable startup configuration with startup parameters.		

Table 8.3: StateDependentStartupConfig

[constr_10175]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute StateDependentStartupConfig.resourceGroup [For each StateDependentStartupConfig, the attribute resourceGroup shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10176]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute StateDependentStartupConfig.startupConfig [For each StateDependentStartupConfig, the attribute startupConfig shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. ()

Class	StartupConfig				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ExecutionManifest				
Note	This meta-class represents a reusable startup configuration for processes				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=StartupConfigs				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
environment Variable	TagWithOptionalValue	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of environment variables that shall be added to the respective Process's environment prior to launch.	
executionError	ProcessExecutionError	01	ref	this reference is used to identify the applicable execution error	



	\bigtriangleup						
Class	StartupConfig						
process Argument (ordered)	ProcessArgument	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of command-line arguments applicable to the enclosing StartupConfig.			
scheduling Policy	String	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to define the scheduling policy for the initial thread of the application.			
scheduling Priority	Integer	01	attr	This is the scheduling priority requested by the application itself.			
termination Behavior	TerminationBehavior Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines the termination behavior of the Process.			
timeout	EnterExitTimeout	01	aggr	This aggregation can be used to specify the timeouts for launching and terminating the process depending on the StartupConfig.			

Table 8.4: StartupConfig

[TPS_MANI_01277]{DRAFT} Definition of a start-up timeout for a StartupConfig

of a Process [Meta-class StartupConfig provides the ability to define a start-up timeout for a Process by means of the attribute enterTimeoutValue that is aggregated by meta-class EnterExitTimeout that is aggregated by the StartupConfig in the role timeout.](*RS_MANI_00007*)

[TPS_MANI_01278]{DRAFT} **Definition of a termination timeout for a Startup-Config of a Process** [Meta-class StartupConfig provides the ability to define a termination timeout for a Process by means of the attribute exitTimeoutValue that is aggregated by meta-class EnterExitTimeout that is aggregated by the Star-tupConfig in the role timeout.](*RS_MANI_00007*)

8.3.2 Scheduling

[TPS_MANI_01061]{DRAFT} **Requirements on scheduling** [The attributes StartupConfig.schedulingPolicy and StartupConfig.schedulingPriority make requirements on the scheduling of the main thread of a process that is created out of launching the corresponding Executable.](*RS_MANI_00007*)

[TPS_MANI_01328]{DRAFT} Standardized values for attribute StartupConfig. schedulingPolicy [The following values are standardized for attribute Startup-Config.schedulingPolicy:

- SCHED_RR
- SCHED_FIFO
- SCHED_OTHER

](RS_MANI_00007)

It is possible to use a custom, non-standardized value for the attribute StartupConfig.schedulingPolicy but this option comes with the obligation to use a value that



is guaranteed to not clash with possible future extensions of the collection of standardized values.

[TPS_MANI_01188]{DRAFT} **Semantics of attribute schedulingPriority** [The value of attribute StartupConfig.schedulingPriority shall be interpreted such that the higher values represent a higher scheduling priority.] (*RS_MANI_00007*)

[constr_1692]{DRAFT} Value of schedulingPriority [The value of attribute StartupConfig.schedulingPriority shall be set to a positive integer value.]()

8.3.3 Process Arguments

Please find more information about the interpretation of ProcessArgument in the SWS Execution Manifest [10].

[constr_1769]{DRAFT} Existence of ProcessArgument.argument [For each ProcessArgument, attribute argument shall exist at the time when manifest creation is finished.]()

Class	ProcessArgument						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ExecutionManifest						
Note	This meta-class has the a	This meta-class has the ability to define command line arguments for processing by the Main function.					
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	StartupConfig.processArg	ument					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
argument	String	01	attr	This represents one command-line argument to be processed by the executable software.			

 Table 8.5: ProcessArgument

8.3.4 Association with Resource Group

Meta-class StateDependentStartupConfig also supports the specification of a relation to a resource group.

[TPS_MANI_01017]{DRAFT} **Relation of startup configuration to resource group** [The modeling of a resource group is possible by means of meta-class Resource-Group in the OsModuleInstantiation of the Machine and the assignment of a Process to a ResourceGroup is supported by the association from StateDependentStartupConfig to ResourceGroup in the role resourceGroup.](*RS_-MANI_00007*)

[constr_3413]{DRAFT} **StateDependentStartupConfig of a Process is mapped to exactly one ResourceGroup** [Each StateDependentStartupConfig of a Process shall be assigned to exactly one ResourceGroup that is defined in the Machine Manifest.]()



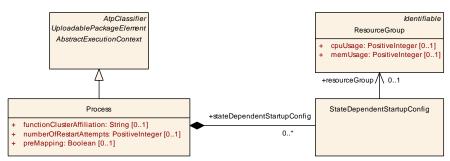


Figure 8.5: Modeling of how Process relates to ResourceGroup

8.3.5 Execution Dependency

The modeling of an execution dependency makes two Processes become associated to each other by means of the definition of an ExecutionDependency.

But since the reference that defines the execution dependency is modeled as an \ll instanceRef \gg , the referenced Process needs to be extracted from the context references in the \ll instanceRef \gg .

Once the two **Processes** are identified it is necessary for the validity of the startup dependency that they refer to the identical Function Group.

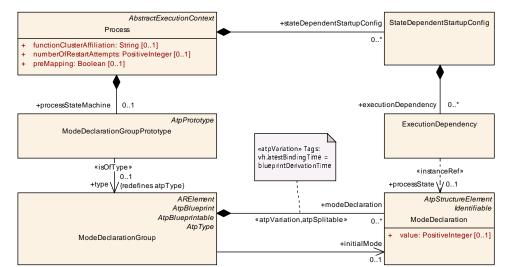


Figure 8.6: Modeling of how Process relates to ModeDeclaration owned by another Process

[TPS_MANI_01041]{DRAFT} Startup configuration supports the definition of a launch sequence dependency [The modeling of startup configuration also supports the definition of a launch sequence dependency, formalized by the meta-class ExecutionDependency that is aggregated by StateDependentStartupConfig in the role executionDependency.



The ExecutionDependency allows to define a dependency to a process that needs to be in a specific process state before the process that aggregates the ExecutionDependency via StateDependentStartupConfig is launched.](RS_MANI_-00007)

[constr_1689]{DRAFT} Modeling of a startup dependency between different **Processes** [The existence of attribute Process.stateDependentStartupConfig.executionDependency is only valid if

- the owner of the stateDependentStartupConfig.executionDependency (in other words: the referencing Process) and
- the owner of the ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype referenced in the role contextModeDeclarationGroupPrototype within the reference stateDependentStartupConfig.executionDependency.processState (i.e. the referenced Process)

refer to the identical Function Group State formalized as ModeDeclaration.]
()

Figure 8.7 provides an exemplary explanation of [constr_1689]. In this example, Process "B" (the referencing Process as of [constr_1689]) defines an executionDependency to Process "A".

This executionDependency is only valid if both Process "A" and Process "B" aggregate a StateDependentStartupConfig that refers to the same Function Group State "MD" within Function Group "FG".

Process "A" can be found by following the ExecutionDependency (specifically the contextModeDeclarationGroupPrototype) and the \ll instanceRef \gg that goes from the ExecutionDependency to the Process State "PS".

The **owner** of "PS" is **Process** "B", and if "B" refers to Function Group State "MD" within Function Group "FG" and if "A" refers to Function Group State "MD" within "FG" then the constraint [constr_1689] is fulfilled.

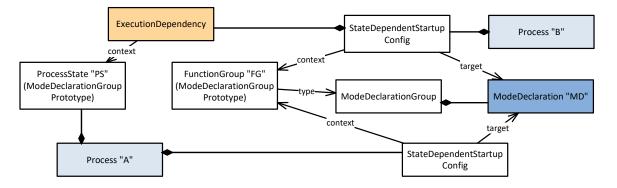


Figure 8.7: Explanation of dependencies from one Process to another



[constr_10411]{DRAFT} Existence of ExecutionDependency and references to Function Group States [Each StateDependentStartupConfig that aggregates at least one ExecutionDependency in the role executionDependency shall reference at most one ModeDeclaration in the role functionGroupState.

This rule shall be imposed at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. ()

There are scenarios where potential references to more than one functionGroup-State in the presence of an ExecutionDependency lead to a conflict at runtime (specifically if the Process referenced in the ExecutionDependency is selfterminating). The prevention of such a scenario is the reason for the existence of [constr_10411].

For the exploration of such a scenario, Figure 8.8 sketches a scenario that is not allowed in the presence of [constr_10411].

In the sketched scenario in Figure 8.8, the execution of Process "B" depends on the launch and sub-sequent termination of Process "A". Process "A" owns two StateDependentStartupConfigs, one that references the Function Group State "FGS1" and another that references Function Group State "FGS2".

At runtime, this means that in the event of switching the Function Group to Function Group State "FGS1" (or "FGS2") both Processes "A" and "B" want to be executed.

Thanks to the existence of the ExecutionDependency, a POSIX-process that represents Process "A" is launched first, then a POSIX-process that represents Process "B".

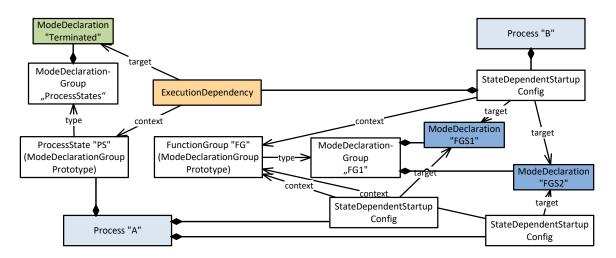


Figure 8.8: StateDependentStartupConfig references more than one Function Group State (invalid configuration)

Now, if the Function Group State switched from "FGS1" to "FGS2" (or vice versa), it is (with respect to the modeling of the example) expected that the same sequence of execution will be repeated. But instead, the following sequence will occur:



- a new POSIX-process that represents Process "A" will be launched and
- the POSIX-process that represents Process "B" will not be terminated and relaunched because Process "B" aggregates a StateDependentStartupConfig that references both Function Group States "FGS1" and "FGS2".

As a result, the order of execution ("A" launches and terminates, then "B" launches) as defined by the ExecutionDependency cannot be implemented in the event of a switch of Function Group States between the two Function Group States referenced by the StateDependentStartupConfig aggregated by Process "B".

In order to prevent this contradiction between modeled semantics and real-world behavior, [constr_10411] has been created.

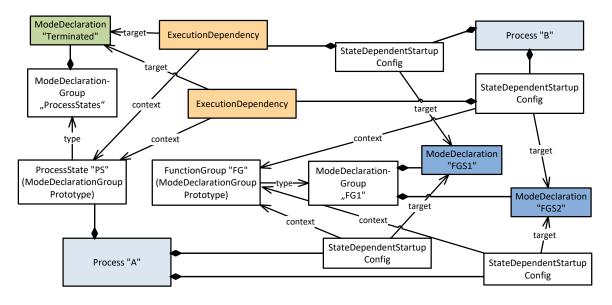
On the other hand, the scenario depicted in Figure 8.9 is cleared according to [constr_10411].

In the example depicted in Figure 8.9 it is expected that, upon Function Group State "FGS1" becoming active, a POSIX-process representing Process "A" is launched and, at some time later, terminates.

Then, a POSIX-process representing Process "B" is executed. Of course, the same sequence would occur upon the Function Group State being switched from any other Function Group State except "FGS1" to "FGS2".

When the Function Group is switched to "FGS2", the POSIX-process that represents Process "B" terminates as the exit from "FGS1" happens.

As "FGS2" is entered, a POSIX-process representing Process "A" is launched. After it terminates, a POSIX-process that represents Process "B" starts being executed, which is exactly the expected sequence.







To summarize the example behavior, the intended execution dependency is realized when

- one of the referenced Function Group States becomes active or
- a switch from one referenced Function Group State to the other referenced Function Group State OCCURS.

Class	ExecutionDependency					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	ExecutionManifest		
Note	This element defines a ProcessState in which a dependent process needs to be before the process that aggregates the ExecutionDependency element can be started.					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	StateDependentStartupCo	onfig.exec	utionDepe	endency		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
processState	ModeDeclaration 01 iref This represent the applicable modeDeclaration that represents an ProcessState.					
				InstanceRef implemented by:ModeInProcessInstance Ref		

Table 8.6: ExecutionDependency

[constr_1606]{DRAFT} Processes with mutual ExecutionDependencys [A Process.stateDependentStartupConfig.executionDependency shall not refer to any ModeDeclaration owned by a second Process that in turn refers via stateDependentStartupConfig.executionDependency to any ModeDeclaration owned by the first Process.]()

8.3.6 Assignment of Processes to Function Group states

There are use cases where starting and terminating of individual groups of processes is necessary. This is supported in AUTOSAR by Function Groups that group processes together.

A Function Group may have a number of Function Group States, e.g. Running, Idle, Terminating. The StateDependentStartupConfig of a Process can be assigned to a Function Group State and the start-up of the Process will then depend on this assignment.

The modeling of a Function Group and its Function Group States is described in section 8.4 in more detail. The usage of Function Groups is described in more detail in [10].

[TPS_MANI_03152]{DRAFT} Assignment of a StateDependentStartupConfig to a Function Group State [The StateDependentStartupConfig is assigned to a Function Group State with the functionGroupState reference.](RS_MANI_00041)



8.3.7 Resource Consumption Boundaries

[TPS_MANI_01269]{DRAFT} **Specification of boundaries for resource consumption** [It is possible to specify boundaries for resource consumption, specifically in terms of memory consumption for memory of a given startup configuration of a Process: the formalization of process memory usage is represented by meta-class MemoryUsage, aggregated via meta-class ResourceConsumption at StateDependentStartup-Config.

The actual value of the memory usage is computed out of the sum of all aggregated ResourceConsumption.memoryUsage.](RS_MANI_00020)

Please note the difference between the ability of defining resource consumption boundaries for a single Process, as opposed to the ability to associate a Process with a ResourceGroup that has the ability to also define resource consumption boundaries, albeit on a more coarse-grained level.

In contrast to that, the StateDependentStartupConfig.resourceConsumption allows for a fine-grained definition that can even observe the differences in resource consumption with respect to different startup configurations.



Figure 8.10: Modeling of resource consumption boundaries for a given Process

Class	ResourceConsumption	ResourceConsumption					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Common	Structure	::ResourceConsumption			
Note	Description of consumed	resources	by one in	nplementation of a software.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	EcuResourceEstimation.bswResourceEstimation, EcuResourceEstimation.rteResourceEstimation, Implementation.resourceConsumption, StateDependentStartupConfig.resourceConsumption						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
memoryUsage	MemoryUsage	*	aggr	Collection of the memory allocated by the owner. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=memoryUsage.shortName atp.Status=draft			

Table 8.7: ResourceConsumption

Class	MemoryUsage					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ExecutionManifest					
Note	This meta-class is used to describe the memory consumption.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ResourceConsumption.m	emoryUsa	ıge			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
memory Consumption	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Provides a formal worst case system usage. The unit is byte.		

Table 8.8: MemoryUsage



8.3.8 Error and Termination Behavior

[TPS_MANI_01334]{DRAFT} **Semantics of StartupConfig.terminationBehavior** [The attribute StartupConfig.terminationBehavior defines the termination behavior of the Process in terms of whether (or not) the Process that references the enclosing StartupConfig in the role stateDependentStartupConfig. startupConfig is configured to self-terminate.](*RS_MANI_00007*)

Enumeration	TerminationBehaviorEnum					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ExecutionManifest					
Note	This enumeration provides options for controlling of how a Process terminates.					
Aggregated by	StartupConfig.terminationBehavior					
Literal	Description					
processIsNotSelf	The Process terminates only on request from Execution Management.					
Terminating	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0					
processIsSelf	The Process is allowed to terminate without request from Execution Management.					
Terminating	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1					

Table 8.9: TerminationBehaviorEnum

[constr_10007]{DRAFT} Existence of ProcessExecutionError.execution Error [For each ProcessExecutionError, attribute executionError shall exist at the time when manifest creation is finished. | ()

[constr_10008]{DRAFT} Value of ProcessExecutionError.executionError [The value of attribute ProcessExecutionError.executionError shall at least be set to 1 (or higher).]()

Class	ProcessExecutionError					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTempla	ates::Adaptive	Platform::	ExecutionManifest		
Note	This meta-class has the ability to describe the value of a execution error along with a documentation of semantics.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ProcessExecutionErrors					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
executionError	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the numeric value which Execution Management and Platform Health Management reports to State Management if the Process terminates unexpectedly or violates its supervision. It shall give further error information for error recovery.		

Table 8.10: ProcessExecutionError



8.4 Function Groups

8.4.1 Semantics of Function Group

Function Groups with Function Group States individually control groups of functionally coherent Application processes. The Process state may depend on a mode that is defined in the Function Group in case that the StateDependentStartupConfig refers to the Function Group State with the function-GroupState reference.

The usage of Function Groups is described in more detail in [10].

[TPS_MANI_03145]{DRAFT} **Description of a Function Group** [By defining a ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype aggregated in the role FunctionGroupSet. functionGroup it is possible to define a Function Group that has a shortName and a set of Modes (States).

The ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype points to a reusable ModeDeclarationGroup in the role type that contains the different modes as ModeDeclarations and a designated initialMode. (*RS_MANI_00041*)

[TPS_MANI_03194]{DRAFT} Function Group State [A Function Group State is described by a ModeDeclaration within a ModeDeclarationGroup that is referenced in the role type by a ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype aggregated as functionGroup by a FunctionGroupSet. The Function Group State is identified by its shortName.](*RS_MANI_00041*)

The modeling described in [TPS_MANI_03145] and [TPS_MANI_03194] is depicted in Figure 8.11.

[TPS_MANI_03195]{DRAFT} **Off state in Function Group** [Each functionGroup shall define a ModeDeclaration with the shortName Off. This ModeDeclaration shall also be referenced in the role initialMode by ModeDeclarationGroup that types the respective functionGroup.](*RS_MANI_00041*)

[constr_1786]{DRAFT} Restriction to use functionGroup in terms of SoftwareCluster [Each functionGroup shall only be referenced in the role claimed-FunctionGroup by at most one SoftwareCluster.]()

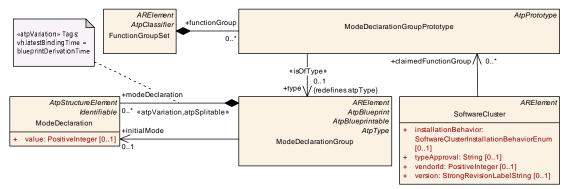


Figure 8.11: Configuration of Function Groups



[constr_1787]{DRAFT} Restricted use of Function Groups in the context of a SoftwareCluster [All Processes referenced by a SoftwareCluster in the role containedProcess shall only aggregate StateDependentStartupConfigs where the reference functionGroupState refers to a ModeDeclarationGroup-Prototype (as context) that is also referenced by the same SoftwareCluster in the role claimedFunctionGroup.]()

The description of SoftwareCluster can be found in section 15.

[constr_10023]{DRAFT} Mandatory content of any functionGroup [All ModeDeclarationGroupPrototypes aggregated by a FunctionGroupSet in the role functionGroup shall refer to a ModeDeclarationGroup that contains one ModeDeclaration with the shortName Verify. (/)

Class	FunctionGroupSet				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	General	
Note	This meta-class provides	the ability	to create	arbitrary collections of function groups.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=F	unctionGr	oupSets	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpClassifier, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
functionGroup	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of function groups.	

Table 8.11: FunctionGroupSet

Class	ModeDeclarationGroupF	Prototype				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Common	Structure	::ModeDeclaration		
Note		The ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype specifies a set of Modes (ModeDeclarationGroup) which is provided or required in the given context.				
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, At	pPrototyp	e, Identifia	able, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable		
Aggregated by	ModeGroup, FirewallState	SwitchInt	erface fire	tion.providedModeGroup, BswModuleDescription.required evallStateMachine, FunctionGroupSet.functionGroup, Mode sStateMachine, StateManagementStateNotification.state		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
type	ModeDeclarationGroup	arationGroup 01 tref The "collection of ModeDeclarations" (= Group) supported by a component				
				Stereotypes: isOfType		

Table 8.12: ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype

Class	ModeDeclarationGroup				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ModeDeclaration				
Note	A collection of Mode Declarations. Also, the initial mode is explicitly identified.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ModeDeclarationGroups				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				

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Class	ModeDeclarationGrou	ModeDeclarationGroup						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
initialMode	ModeDeclaration	01	ref	The initial mode of the ModeDeclarationGroup. This mode is active before any mode switches occurred.				
mode Declaration	ModeDeclaration	*	aggr	The ModeDeclarations collected in this ModeDeclaration Group.				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=modeDeclaration.shortName, mode Declaration.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime				

Table 8.13: ModeDeclarationGroup

Class	ModeDeclaration					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Common	Structure	::ModeDeclaration		
Note	Declaration of one Mode. The name and semantics of a specific mode is not defined in the meta-model.					
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	ModeDec	larationGr	oup.modeDeclaration		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
value	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The RTE shall take the value of this attribute for generating the source code representation of this Mode Declaration.		

8.4.2 Machine Function Group

Please note that one functionGroup claimed by one SoftwareCluster of category PLATFORM_CORE takes the role of a "machine function group".

This functionGroup is required to have a dedicated shortName and it also is required to define a certain minimal, but extensible set of ModeDeclarations that also have standardized shortNames.

[TPS_MANI_01330]{DRAFT} **Definition of machine Function Group** [Exactly one functionGroup shall exist that has the shortName "MachineFG" and that is typed by a ModeDeclarationGroup that defines at least the following list of ModeDeclarations with the shortNames

- Off,
- Verify,
- Startup,
- Shutdown, and
- Restart.



(*RS_MANI_00041*, *RS_MANI_00021*)

Please note that the startup of a Process may depend on Modes that are defined in the context of a SoftwareCluster of category PLATFORM_CORE. The StateDependentStartupConfig is described in chapter 8.3.

[constr_1789]{DRAFT} Scope of machine Function Group [The function-Group that represents the Function Group group (see [TPS_MANI_01330]) shall only be referenced in the role claimedFunctionGroup by a SoftwareCluster of category PLATFORM_CORE.]()

8.5 Reporting of Security Events

It is possible to report so-called security events (formalized by meta-class SecurityEventDefinition) from the context of a Process.

This approach works for application-level software as well as for functional clusters with the exception of the Execution Manager (because the Execution Manager is itself not modeled as a Process).

AbstractExecutionContext		ldsCommonElement
Process	+securityEvent	SecurityEventDefinition
+ functionClusterAffiliation: String [01] + numberOfRestartAttempts: PositiveInteger [01] + preMapping: Boolean [01]	«atpSplitable,atpUriDef» 0*	+ id: PositiveInteger [01]

Figure 8.12: Modeling of support for the reporting of <u>SecurityEventDefinition</u> on deployment level

Please find more information about the semantics and usage of security events in the TPS Security Extract Template [21].

Class	SecurityEventDefinition	l			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SecurityExtractTemplate				
Note	This meta-class defines a	security-r	elated eve	ent as part of the intrusion detection system.	
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=SecurityEventDefinitions				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, IdsCommonElement, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
eventSymbol Name	SymbolProps	01	aggr	This aggregation defines optionally an alternative Event Name for the SecurityEventDefinition in case there is a collision of shortNames.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=eventSymbolName.shortName atp.Status=candidate	



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Class	SecurityEventDefinition			
id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the numerical identification of the defined security event. The identification shall be unique within the scope of the IDS. Tags: atp.Status=candidate





9 Machine Manifest

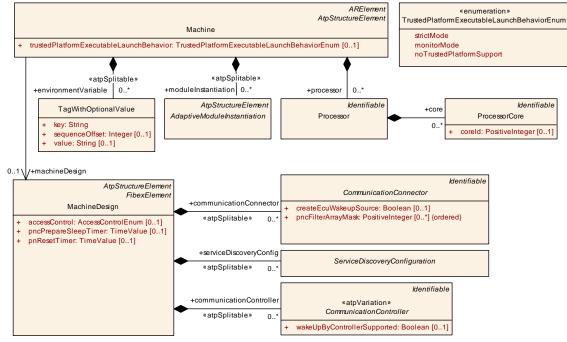
9.1 Machine

The Machine meta-class defines the entity on which one *Adaptive AUTOSAR Software Stack* is running with an operating system. The Machine may be physical or virtual.

Some aspects of the actual Machine are already available from the System Design (see chapter 6.2) at the MachineDesign.

The information defined at the MachineDesign is available to the Machine as well since Machine has a reference to the MachineDesign in the role machineDesign (see figure 5.1).

[TPS_MANI_03035]{DRAFT} **Content of the Machine configuration** [The purpose of the Machine is to provide machine specific configuration settings.](*RS_MANI_00020, RS_MANI_00021, RS_MANI_00022, RS_MANI_00023*)



An overview of the Machine meta-class is sketched in Figure 9.1.

Figure 9.1: Overview about the content of the Machine configuration

[TPS_MANI_01273]{DRAFT} **Support for trusted Platform** [If attribute Machine. trustedPlatformExecutableLaunchBehavior is set to a value that is different from noTrustedPlatformSupport then features of the "trusted platform" are activated, depending on the concrete value of Machine.trustedPlatformExecutableLaunchBehavior.|(*RS_MANI_00022*)



Class	Machine					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::MachineManifest					
Note	Machine that represents an Adaptive Autosar Software Stack.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=N	lachines			
Base				ature, AtpStructureElement, CollectableElement, geableElement, Referrable		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element, Atp	Classifier.	atpFeatur	e		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
default Application Timeout	EnterExitTimeout	01	aggr	This aggration defines a default timeout in the context of a given Machine with respect to the launching and termination of applications.		
environment Variable	TagWithOptionalValue	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of environment variables that shall be added to the environment defined on the level of the enclosing Machine.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=environmentVariable		
machineDesign	MachineDesign	01	ref	Reference to the MachineDesign this Machine is implementing.		
module Instantiation	AdaptiveModule Instantiation	*	aggr	Configuration of Adaptive Autosar module instances that are running on the machine.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=moduleInstantiation.shortName		
processor	Processor	*	aggr	This represents the collection of processors owned by the enclosing machine.		
secure Communication	SecureCommunication Deployment	*	aggr	Deployment of secure communication protocol configuration settings to crypto module entities.		
Deployment				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=secureCommunication Deployment.shortName		
trustedPlatform Executable LaunchBehavior	TrustedPlatform ExecutableLaunch BehaviorEnum	01	attr	This attribute controls the behavior of how authentication affects the ability to launch for each Executable.		

Table 9.1: Machine

[constr_10169]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role Machine.machineDesign [For each Machine, the reference in the role machineDesign shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10170]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute Machine.trustedPlatformExecutableLaunchBehavior [For each Machine, the attribute trustedPlatformExecutableLaunchBehavior shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. (/)

[constr_10171]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute Machine.processor [For each Machine, at least one aggregation on the role processor shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



Enumeration	TrustedPlatformExecutableLaunchBehaviorEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::MachineManifest			
Note	This enumeration provides options for controlling the behavior of how authentication affects the ability to launch an Executable.			
Aggregated by	Machine.trustedPlatformExecutableLaunchBehavior			
Literal	Description			
monitorMode	An Executable shall always launch, even if the corresponding authentication fails			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			
noTrustedPlatform	This value shall be used if there is no TrustedPlatform support on the Machine			
Support	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2			
strictMode	An Executable shall not launch if the corresponding authentication fails.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			

Table 9.2: TrustedPlatformExecutableLaunchBehaviorEnum

9.2 Processor

The Machine is able to aggregate one or several Processors, as depicted by Figure 9.1. Each Processor consists of one or several ProcessorCores.

Meta-class ProcessorCore provides attribute coreId that can be used e.g. in a bitmask to better control the utilization of processing resources.

[constr_1549]{DRAFT} Value of ProcessorCore.coreId [The value of ProcessorCore.coreId shall be unique in the context of the enclosing Processor.]()

Class	Processor				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::MachineManifest				
Note	This represents a process	This represents a processor for the execution of an AUTOSAR adaptive platform			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	Machine.processor	Machine.processor			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
core	ProcessorCore	*	aggr	This represents the collection of cores owned by the enclosing processor.	

Table 9.3: Processor

[constr_10172]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute Processor.core [For each Processor, the attribute core shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

Class	ProcessorCore				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::MachineManifest				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to model a processor core for the execution of an AUTOSAR adaptive platform.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				

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Class	ProcessorCore			
Aggregated by	Processor.core			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
coreld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents a numerical value assigned to the specific core. The value can be taken e.g. for use in a bitmask.

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Table 9.4: ProcessorCore

[constr_10173]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute ProcessorCore.coreId [For each ProcessorCore, the attribute coreId shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

9.3 Environment Variable

[TPS_MANI_01208]{DRAFT} **Definition of environment variables in the scope of a Machine** [It is possible to define environment variables in the scope of the entire Machine.

For this purpose the aggregation of TagWithOptionalValue in the role Machine. environmentVariable exists.

The name of the environment variable shall be specified by means of the attribute TagWithOptionalValue.key, the value can be modeled by means of TagWithOptionalValue.value.

This encloses the ability to define environment variables with empty values. For this purpose, the attribute TagWithOptionalValue.value shall simply be omitted.] (*RS_MANI_00022, RS_MANI_00023*)

Please note that the aggregation Machine.environmentVariable has been defined with the stereotype $\ll atpSplitable \gg$. The consequence of this modeling is that it is possible to contribute to the definition of environment variables from **different sources**.

As an example, assume two partial models (sketched in Listing 9.1 and 9.2) which both add a folder to the search path of a machine running on an adaptive platform ECU.

```
<MACHINE>
<SHORT-NAME>Machine</SHORT-NAME>
<ENVIRONMENT-VARIABLES>
<TAG-WITH-OPTIONAL-VALUE>
<KEY>PATH</KEY>
<SEQUENCE-OFFSET>10</SEQUENCE-OFFSET>
<VALUE>/usr/application-x/bin</VALUE>
</TAG-WITH-OPTIONAL-VALUE>
</ENVIRONMENT-VARIABLES>
</MACHINE>
```

Listing 9.1: Example for the definition of environmentVariable (file 1)



```
<MACHINE>
  <SHORT-NAME>Machine</SHORT-NAME>
  <ENVIRONMENT-VARIABLES>
   <TAG-WITH-OPTIONAL-VALUE>
        <KEY>PATH</KEY>
        <SEQUENCE-OFFSET>20</SEQUENCE-OFFSET>
        <VALUE>/usr/application-y/bin</VALUE>
        </TAG-WITH-OPTIONAL-VALUE>
        </ENVIRONMENT-VARIABLES>
</MACHINE>
```

Listing 9.2: Example for the definition of environmentVariable (file 2)

Merging the splitable elements from the partial models results in the following content. Please note that the merged model exists only internally in the AUTOSAR tool. The Listing 9.3 is therefore shown **only for illustration**.

```
<MACHINE>
  <SHORT-NAME>Machine</SHORT-NAME>
  <ENVIRONMENT-VARIABLES>
  <TAG-WITH-OPTIONAL-VALUE>
        <KEY>PATH</KEY>
        <SEQUENCE-OFFSET>10</SEQUENCE-OFFSET>
        <VALUE>/usr/application-x/bin</VALUE>
        </TAG-WITH-OPTIONAL-VALUE>
        <TAG-WITH-OPTIONAL-VALUE>
        <KEY>PATH</KEY>
        <SEQUENCE-OFFSET>20</SEQUENCE-OFFSET>
        <VALUE>/usr/application-y/bin</VALUE>
        </TAG-WITH-OPTIONAL-VALUE>
        </TAG-WITH-OPTIONAL-VALUE>
        </Fischer Comparison of the system of
```

Listing 9.3: Example for the definition of environmentVariable (merged)

The generator for the target machine configuration may use this information to create the following environment variable:

PATH=/usr/application-x/bin;/usr/application-y/bin;

9.4 Process To Machine Mapping

9.4.1 General Modeling Approach

[TPS_MANI_03147]{DRAFT} **Mapping of a Process to a Machine** [The meta-class ProcessToMachineMapping provides the ability to map a Process to a Machine.] (*RS_MANI_00006*)

[constr_1553]{DRAFT} Restriction for ProcessToMachineMapping [The following restrictions apply for the usage of ProcessToMachineMapping:

1. Each combination of Process and Machine shall only be referenced by one ProcessToMachineMapping in the role process or machine.



2. Each Process shall only be referenced by a single ProcessToMachineMapping in the role process.

]()

Please note that [constr_1553] does not imply that a given Machine shall only be referenced by a single ProcessToMachineMapping. It only says that one Process shall only be mapped once, to exactly one Machine.

[constr_5004]{DRAFT} Mapping of a Process to a Machine is mandatory in the Execution Manifest [Each Process shall be mapped by a ProcessToMachineMapping to one Machine.]()

[constr_5004] means that a formal description of the assignment of a Process to a Machine shall be provided in the Execution Manifest, even though the Manifest will be uploaded to the Machine in combination with other artifacts to which the Manifest applies. The formal ProcessToMachineMapping was introduced because it is useful in the processing of the model in many cases.

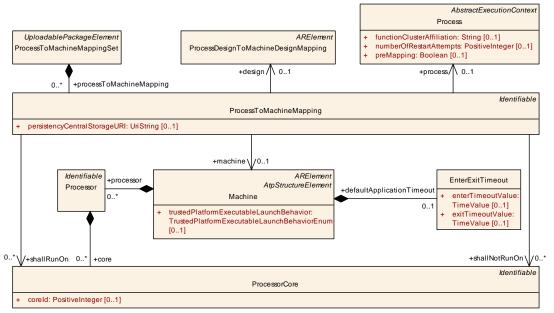


Figure 9.2: Mapping of a Process to a Machine

Please note that according to the AUTOSAR Methodology the Execution Manifest is created on the basis of an existing Machine Manifest and therefore the link to the Machine can always be created in the Execution Manifest.

[constr_10090]{DRAFT} Existence of ProcessToMachineMapping.persistencyCentralStorageURI [Attribute ProcessToMachineMapping.persistency-CentralStorageURI shall exist if the Process referenced in the role ProcessToMachineMapping.process is also referenced by at least one of

• PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping in the role process



• FunctionalClusterInteractsWithPersistencyDeploymentMapping in the role process

at the time when the manifest is complete. ()

Class	ProcessToMachineMappingSet					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::MachineManifest					
Note	This meta-class acts as a bucket for collecting ProcessToMachineMappings.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=P	rocessTol	MachineMappings		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
processTo Machine Mapping	ProcessToMachine Mapping	*	aggr	This represents the collection of ProcessToMachine Mappings of the enclosing ProcessToMachineMapping Set.		

Table 9.5: ProcessToMachineMappingSet

Class	ProcessToMachineMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	MachineManifest		
Note	This meta-class has the al of further properties, e.g. 1		sociate a	Process with a Machine. This relation involves the definition		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable		
Aggregated by	ProcessToMachineMappir	ngSet.prod	cessToMa	chineMapping		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
design	ProcessDesignTo MachineDesignMapping	01	ref	This reference represents the identification of the design-time representation for the ProcessToMachine Mapping that owns the reference.		
machine	Machine	01	ref	This reference identifies the Machine in the context of the ProcessToMachineMapping.		
nonOsModule Instantiation	NonOsModule Instantiation	01	ref	This supports the optional case that the process represents a platform module.		
persistency CentralStorage URI	UriString	01	attr	This attribute identifies a central place for the mapped Process to store the list of available storages and version information.		
process	Process	01	ref	This reference identifies the Process in the context of the ProcessToMachineMapping.		
shallNotRunOn	ProcessorCore	*	ref	This reference indicates a collection of cores onto which the mapped process shall not be executing.		
shallRunOn	ProcessorCore	*	ref	This reference indicates a collection of cores onto which the mapped process shall be executing.		

Table 9.6: ProcessToMachineMapping

[constr_10174]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role ProcessToMachineMapping.process [For each ProcessToMachineMapping, the reference in the role process shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



9.4.2 Core Affinity

[TPS_MANI_03148]{DRAFT} **Description of Core affinity** [The meta-class ProcessToMachineMapping provides the ability to restrict the assignment of processes to selected ProcessorCores with the two references shallRunOn and shall-NotRunOn.](*RS_MANI_00020*)

[constr_3393]{DRAFT} Usage of shallRunOn and shallNotRunOn references [The ProcessorCore that is referenced by a ProcessToMachineMapping in the role shallRunOn or shallNotRunOn shall be aggregated by the Machine that is referenced in the role machine by the same ProcessToMachineMapping.]()

[constr_1676]{DRAFT} Consistency of references shallRunOn and shall-NotRunOn [Within the context of one ProcessToMachineMapping, all Processor-Cores referenced in the role shallRunOn or shallNotRunOn shall be aggregated by the same Processor.]()

If a model defines that a given Process shall run on a select set of ProcessorCores then there is hardly a use case to (in addition) also specify the opposite, i.e. that the Process shall not run on another set of ProcessorCores, and vice versa.

In other words, either there is a motivation to identify the ProcessorCores on which a Process is supposed to run or there is a motivation to do the exact opposite and specify the ProcessorCores where the Process is not supposed to run.

This conclusion provides the motivation for the existence of [constr_1677].

[constr_1677]{DRAFT} Mutual exclusive existence of references shallRunOn and shallNotRunOn [For any given ProcessToMachineMapping, either the reference in the role shallRunOn or the reference in the role shallNotRunOn may exist. | ()

9.4.3 Default Start-up and Termination Timeout

[TPS_MANI_03151]{DRAFT} **Default value for termination timeout** [The meta-class Machine provides the ability to define a default value for termination timeout of applications in the context of the Machine with the attribute exitTimeoutValue that is available in the EnterExitTimeout meta-class that is aggregated by the Machine in the role defaultApplicationTimeout.](*RS_MANI_00007*)

[constr_3394]{DRAFT} Default value for start-up timeout on the Machine is not configurable [The attribute enterTimeoutValue that is available in the EnterExitTimeout is not allowed to be used if the EnterExitTimeout is aggregated by the Machine in the role defaultApplicationTimeout.]()



Class	EnterExitTimeout				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::MachineManifest				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to specify a pair of timeouts, one for entering, and one for exiting.				
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	Machine.defaultApplicationTimeout, StartupConfig.timeout				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
enterTimeout Value	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute represents the value of the enter timeout in seconds.	
exitTimeout Value	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute represents the value of the exit timeout in seconds.	

Table 9.7: EnterExitTimeout



10 Platform Module Development

The model of platform modules and their instantiation has two major use-cases:

- provide dedicated attributes to configure the platform modules
- define the potential start of the module's executable as process.

The two use-cases are combined in one modeling approach: the Machine.module-Instantiation, which collects sub-classes of AdaptiveModuleInstantiation. This modeling approach boils down to the variety of platform module models found in this chapter.

The OsModuleInstantiation defines several attributes to be configured for the Os, however the OsModuleInstantiation is the only AdaptiveModuleInstantiation where it is not possible to map it to a Process model element.

Of course there will be processes running the Os on the Machine anyway, however, these processes are not modeled.

Then there is the scenario where dedicated sub-classes of NonOsModuleInstantiation exist. Here the specific attributes are provided individually per sub-class, e.g. NmInstantiation Or LogAndTraceInstantiation.

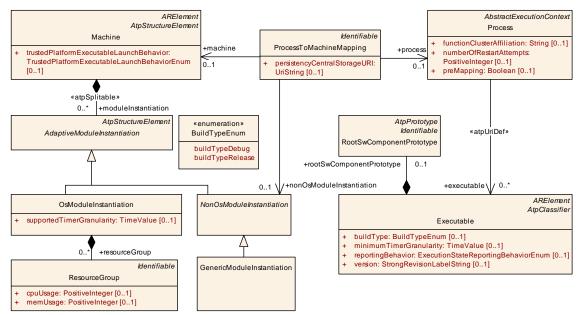


Figure 10.1: Adaptive Autosar Module Configuration

Those NonOsModuleInstantiations are independent from the startup behavior implementation. If a stack implementation decides to implement a specific functional cluster in a dedicated Process, then the specific NonOsModuleInstantiation will also be part of a ProcessToMachineMapping.

But, if the stack implementation decides to implement a specific functional cluster as a library (or make the functionality part of another functional cluster), then the specific



NonOsModuleInstantiation just defines the configuration values for that functionality and does not explicitly take part in a ProcessToMachineMapping.

Another scenario is a rather distributed nature of a functional cluster, where there is no need to provide centralized configuration means. This is applicable for example to PersistencyDeployment Or PlatformHealthManagementContribution.

The functional behavior of the functional cluster is determined by the sum of several contributions. There is no single configuration entity provided.

Nevertheless, if a stack implementation decides to implement such a distributed functional cluster as a single Executable, the GenericModuleInstantiation can be used to define the startup behavior for a specific machine.

The configuration settings for individual Adaptive Autosar modules are covered by specializations of the abstract class AdaptiveModuleInstantiation.

Class	AdaptiveModuleInstantiation (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation					
Note	This meta-class defines the abstract attributes for the configuration of an adaptive autosar module instance on a specific machine.					
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Subclasses	NonOsModuleInstantiatio	NonOsModuleInstantiation, OsModuleInstantiation				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	·				

Table 10.1: AdaptiveModuleInstantiation

Each Adaptive Autosar module other than OS can be assigned to a Process with the ProcessToMachineMapping.

[constr_1490]{DRAFT} Allowed value for Executable.category if ProcessToMachineMapping references a NonOsModuleInstantiation [If a ProcessToMachineMapping references a NonOsModuleInstantiation, then the Process referenced in the role ProcessToMachineMapping.process shall only refer (in the role Process.executable) to an Executable where attribute Executable.category is set to PLATFORM_LEVEL (see [constr_1605]). (/)

Please note that the model relation described in [constr_1490] is sketched in Figure 10.1.

The meta-class GenericModuleInstantiation can be used to define configuration settings of generic modules and modules that are not standardized by AUTOSAR. Different modules are distinguishable by the category attribute.

Please note that both elements are Identifiable and therefore are able to describe special data (sdg), by which means it is possible to define generic custom settings that



are not represented by the standard model. For more information, please refer to the AUTOSAR Generic Structure Template [7].

[TPS_MANI_03096]{DRAFT} <u>Machine-specific configuration settings for a generic module</u> [The Machine-specific configuration settings for a generic module are collected in GenericModuleInstantiation where the value of attribute category value denotes the module.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	GenericModuleInstantia	GenericModuleInstantiation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation					
Note	This meta-class defines the attributes for the generic module configuration on a specific machine. Different modules are distinguishable by the category attribute. This element can also be used to describe modules that are not standardized by AUTOSAR.					
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable					
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_						



10.1 OS Module configuration

[TPS_MANI_03098]{DRAFT} Machine-specific configuration settings for the OS module [The Machine-specific configuration settings for the OS module are collected in OsModuleInstantiation.](RS_MANI_00023)

Class	OsModuleInstantiation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation				
Note	This meta-class defines the attributes for the OS configuration on a specific machine.				
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	Machine.r	noduleIns	tantiation	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
resourceGroup	ResourceGroup * aggr This represents the collection of ResourceGroups owned by the enclosing OsModuleImplementation.				
supportedTimer Granularity	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute describes the supported timer granularity (TimeValue of one tick).	

Table 10.3: OsModuleInstantiation



Class	NonOsModuleInstantiation (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation				
Note	This meta-class defines the abstract attributes for the configuration of an adaptive autosar module other than the OS module.				
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	AdaptiveFirewallModuleInstantiation, CryptoModuleInstantiation, <i>DeterministicSyncInstantiation</i> , Dolp Instantiation, GenericModuleInstantiation, IamModuleInstantiation, <i>IdsPlatformInstantiation</i> , LogAnd TraceInstantiation, NmInstantiation, <i>SovdModuleInstantiation</i> , StateManagementModuleInstantiation, TimeSyncModuleInstantiation, <i>UcmModuleInstantiation</i>				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
-	-	-	-	-	

Table 10.4: NonOsModuleInstantiation

AUTOSAR supports the configuration of ResourceGroups in the OsModuleInstantiation of the Machine that correspond for example to cgroups (aka control groups) in Linux. ResourceGroups provide a mechanism to manage system resources by partitioning constraints like cpuUsage and memUsage into groups that limit the resource usage for a collection of processes (see also [TPS_MANI_01017]).

[constr_1661]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of OsModuleInstantiation.resourceGroup [Any given OsModuleInstantiation shall always define at least one resource-Group.]()

The rationale for [constr_1661] is that the StateDependentStartupConfig requires a reference to a ResourceGroup.

More information about the semantics of meta-class ResourceGroup can be found in [SWS_OSI_02001].

Class	ResourceGroup			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation			
Note	This meta-class represents a resource group that limits the resource usage of a collection of processes.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	OsModuleInstantiation.resourceGroup			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note		
cpuUsage	PositiveInteger	01	attr	CPU resource limit in percentage of the total CPU capacity on the machine.
memUsage	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Memory limit in bytes.

 Table 10.5: ResourceGroup



10.2 Persistency Deployment

10.2.1 Overview

This chapter explains the part of the support for persistent storage in terms of mapping of concrete storage models to the corresponding parts of the application software.

[TPS_MANI_01205]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class PersistencyDeployment [Abstract meta-class PersistencyDeployment provides shared attributes to more specific specializations.](*RS_MANI_00027*)

[TPS_MANI_01380]{DRAFT} **Usage of PersistencyDeployment** [Meta-class PersistencyDeployment can be used in different scenarios:

- Persistency is used in combination with the application software by means of PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping.
- Persistency is used in combination with another functional cluster by means of FunctionalClusterInteractsWithPersistencyDeploymentMapping.

Class	PersistencyDeployment (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency					
Note	This abstract meta-class s persistency.	erves as	a base cla	ass for concrete classes representing different aspects of		
Base				Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable ckageElement, UploadablePackageElement		
Subclasses	PersistencyFileStorage, P	ersistency	KeyValue	Storage		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
deploymentUri (ordered)	PersistencyDeployment Uri	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of URIs relevant for the enclosing PersistencyDeployment.		
maximum AllowedSize	PositiveUnlimitedInteger	01	attr	The value of this attribute represents the maximum size (unit: bytes) allowed at deployment time for the enclosing PersistencyDeployment.		
minimum SustainedSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The value of this attribute represents the minimum size (unit: bytes) guaranteed at deployment time for the enclosing PersistencyDeployment.		
redundancy Handling	PersistencyRedundancy Handling	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the chosen approaches to handle redundancy.		
updateStrategy	PersistencyCollection LevelUpdateStrategy Enum	01	attr	This attribute shall be used to specify the update strategy of the respective PersistencyDeployment as a whole.		
version	StrongRevisionLabel String	01	attr	The attribute represents the version of the PersistencyFile Storage or PersistencyKeyValueStorage.		

](*RS_MANI_00027*)

 Table 10.6: PersistencyDeployment



Class	PersistencyDeploymentUri				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to contain URIs relevant for the persistency deployment.				
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	PersistencyDeployment.	PersistencyDeployment.deploymentUri			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
uri	UriString	01	attr	This attribute holds the storage location for the concrete subclass of PersistencyDeployment, e.g. file on the file system.	

Table 10.7: PersistencyDeploymentUri

[constr_10177]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute PersistencyDeployment.updateStrategy [For each PersistencyDeployment, the attribute updateStrategy shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. (/)

[constr_10365]{DRAFT} Existence of PersistencyDeployment.deploymentUri [For each concrete sub-class of PersistencyDeployment, attribute deploymentUri shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

The possibility that attribute deploymentUri has a multiplicity greater than 1 is only foreseen to be utilized if redundancy handling on the basis of m-out-of-n is activated, i.e. the aggregation of PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN is aggregated in the role PersistencyDeployment.redundancyHandling.

In this case, the actual multiplicity of PersistencyDeployment.deploymentUri in an AUTOSAR model shall be one of

- 1: in this case all copies are stored in one location.
- 2: in this case, the "main" copy is stored in the location deploymentUri[0] and all other copies are stored at the location deploymentUri[1]
- the value of PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.n: each copy is stored in the location deploymentUri[i], where $0 \le i < n$

Please find more details about the storage strategy in the SWS Persistency [12].

[constr_10366]{DRAFT} Possible multiplicities of PersistencyDeployment.deploymentUri [Possible multiplicities of PersistencyDeployment.deploymentUri shall be one of

- 1
- 2
- value of attribute PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.n

This rule shall be imposed at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



[constr_10367]{DRAFT} Condition for the multiplicity of attribute Persistency-Deployment.deploymentUri [The multiplicity of attribute PersistencyDeployment.deploymentUri shall only be greater than 1 if meta-class PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN is aggregated in the role PersistencyDeployment.redundancyHandling and attribute PersistencyDeployment.redundancyHandling. scope is set to the value PersistencyRedundancyHandlingScopeEnum.persistencyRedundancyHandlingScopeStorage.

This rule shall be imposed at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. ()

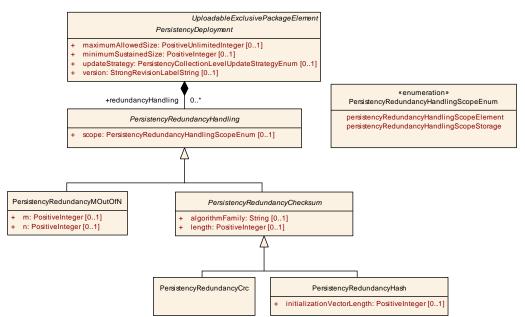


Figure 10.2: Modeling of the abstract base class PersistencyDeployment

[constr_10035]{DRAFT} Completeness of the PersistencyDeployment.version [The PersistencyDeployment.version shall contain all the following parts:

- Major version
- Minor version
- Patch version
- Additional labels for pre-release version and build metadata

at the time when the manifest is complete.] ()

The version is used to determine whether an update or rollback of persistent data is required. When an application opens the PersistencyFileStorage or PersistencyKeyValueStorage, the Persistency module will check the PersistencyDeployment.version in the manifest against the stored version information.

If the stored version is lower than the manifest version, the Persistency module will update persistent data after creating a backup of the data (see [SWS_PER_00386] for more details).



If the stored version is higher than the manifest version, a rollback of the persistent data from the backup is required (see [SWS_PER_00396] for more details).

[TPS_MANI_01321]{DRAFT} **Semantics of meta-class PersistencyDeploymentElement** [Meta-class PersistencyDeploymentElement represents an abstract base class for the modeling of different aspects of persistency on element level.] (*RS_MANI_00027*)

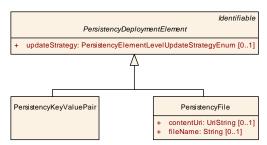


Figure 10.3: Modeling of the abstract base class PersistencyDeploymentElement

Class	PersistencyDeploymentElement (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency	
Note	This abstract meta-class serves as a base class for concrete classes representing different aspects of elements of a PersistencyDeployment.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	PersistencyFile, Persisten	cyKeyValı	uePair		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
updateStrategy	PersistencyElement LevelUpdateStrategy Enum	01	attr	This attribute can be used to specify the update strategy of the respective PersistencyDeploymentElement.	

Table 10.8: PersistencyDeploymentElement

[TPS_MANI_01322]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping [Meta-class PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping represents an abstract base class for the modeling of the mapping of concrete persistency cases (key-value storage, file storage) to a PortPrototype and a Process.](*RS_MANI_00027*)

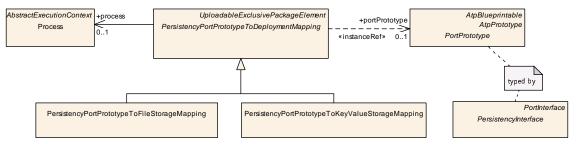


Figure 10.4: Modeling of the abstract base class PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping



Class	PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency	
Note	This abstract bas class implements the shared functionality of all mapping between a PortPrototype, a Process, and a specific subclass of PersistencyDeployment.				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadableExclusivePackageElement, UploadablePackageElement				
Subclasses	PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileStorageMapping, PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
portPrototype	PortPrototype	01	iref	This reference represents the mapped PortPrototype.	
	InstanceRef implemented by:PortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef				
process	Process	01	ref	This reference represents the process required as context for the mapping.	

 Table 10.9: PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping

[constr_10178]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping.process [For each Persistency-PortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping, the reference in the role process shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

10.2.1.1 Redundancy Handling

[TPS_MANI_01206]{DRAFT} **Modeling of redundancy in the context of PersistencyDeployment** [The deployment level provides the ability to provide a more detailed definition of redundant behavior for both key-value storage and file storage.

This modeling is attached to the abstract base class PersistencyDeployment in order to let both aspects of persistency on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* benefit from the existence of meta-class PersistencyRedundancyHandling.](*RS_MANI_00027*)

[constr_1710]{DRAFT} Consistency of values of attributes PersistencyInterface.redundancy and PersistencyRedundancyHandling.scope [If attribute PersistencyInterface.redundancy is set to value PersistencyRedundancyEnum.redundantPerElement then attribute PersistencyRedundancyHandling.scope shall be set to PersistencyRedundancyHandlingScopeEnum. persistencyRedundancyHandlingScopeElement for at least one PersistencyRedundancyHandling aggregated by the corresponding PersistencyDeployment.]()

[TPS_MANI_01371]{DRAFT} **PersistencyDeployment.redundancyHandling does not exist** [If no aggregation in the role redundancyHandling exists for a specific PersistencyDeployment, then the configuration of the redundancy handling shall be taken from the value of PersistencyInterface.redundancyHandling, if this aggregation exists.](*RS_MANI_00027*)



10.2.1.2 Update Handling

[TPS_MANI_01155]{DRAFT} **PersistencyDeployment.updateStrategy Overrides PersistencyInterface.updateStrategy** [The value of attribute PersistencyDeployment.updateStrategy shall overrule the value of Persistency-Interface.updateStrategy for any combination of PersistencyInterface mapped to a PersistencyDeployment by means of a PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping.](*RS_MANI_00027*)

[TPS_MANI_01147]{DRAFT} Semantics of PersistencyDeployment.updateStrategy [The attribute PersistencyDeployment.updateStrategy shall be used to specify the strategy for updating the actual persistent elements.

This update strategy shall be applied to the PersistencyDeployment as a whole except for the explicitly modeled PersistencyDeploymentElements that define their own updateStrategy. (*RS_MANI_00027*)

[TPS_MANI_01157]{DRAFT} Semantics of updateStrategy on collection level [The semantics of attribute updateStrategy on collection level is specified in Table 10.10.](*RS_MANI_00027*)

updateStrategy	Use Case: Installation	Use Case: Update
delete	irrelevant	delete all elements not contained in current manifest
keepExisting	irrelevant	keep all elements not contained in current manifest

Table 10.10: Semantics of updateStrategy on collection level

[TPS_MANI_01313]{DRAFT} **Definition of updateStrategy on element level** [The definition of the update strategy on element level is modeled by means of the abstract base class PersistencyDeploymentElement (and its attribute updateS-trategy) from which the concrete sub-classes for persistency elements are derived.] (*RS_MANI_00027*)

[TPS_MANI_01159]{DRAFT} Semantics of updateStrategy on element level [The semantics of attribute updateStrategy on element level is specified in Table 10.11.|(*RS_MANI_00027*)

updateStrategy	Use Case: Installation	Use Case: Update
delete	don't create	remove
keepExisting	create	do nothing
overwrite	create	replace

 Table 10.11: Semantics of updateStrategy on element level

[TPS_MANI_01148]{DRAFT} Semantics of PersistencyDeploymentElement. updateStrategy [The attribute PersistencyDeploymentElement.updateStrategy can be used to specify the strategy for updating the actual persistent element that corresponds to PersistencyDeploymentElement.](*RS_MANI_00027*)



[TPS_MANI_01156]{DRAFT} PersistencyDeploymentElement.updateStrategy overrides PersistencyDeployment.updateStrategy [The value specified for PersistencyDeploymentElement.updateStrategy overrides the value of PersistencyDeployment.updateStrategy for this specific PersistencyDeploymentElement.](*RS_MANI_00027*)

[TPS_MANI_01182]{DRAFT} Value of PersistencyDeploymentElement.updateStrategy overrides PersistencyInterfaceElement.updateStrategy [The value of attribute PersistencyDeploymentElement.updateStrategy overrides the value of attribute PersistencyInterfaceElement.updateStrategy](RS_-MANI_00027)

This means that the integrator of the software gets the authority to either agree to the designer's point of view or else overrule the designer's decision based on superior knowledge regarding the integration strategy.

10.2.1.3 Size Handling

[TPS_MANI_01196]{DRAFT} Semantics of PersistencyDeployment.minimum-SustainedSize [Attribute PersistencyDeployment.minimumSustainedSize can be used for the definition of a minimum amount of storage that the PersistencyDeployment will need to allocate from an integrator's point of view.

It is the responsibility of the underlying platform to make sure that this minimum amount of storage is available at any time. |(RS_MANI_00027)

[TPS_MANI_01197]{DRAFT} Semantics of PersistencyDeployment.maximumAllowedSize [Attribute PersistencyDeployment.maximumAllowedSize can be used for the definition of the maximum amount of storage that the PersistencyDeployment may allocate at runtime from an integrator's point of view.

The existence of PersistencyDeployment.maximumAllowedSize does not constitute a binding requirement to the platform that this amount of storage shall be available at any time. |(*RS_MANI_00027*)

For explanation, the amount of storage available shall be at least the sum of the values of minimumSustainedSize.

That said, it is consequently plausible that storage might be exceeded if more than the minimum amount of storage (let alone the maximum amount) is allocated by all the key-value storage at the same time.



10.2.1.4 Security Handling

The encryption and/or authentication of data stored in a Key-Value Storage or File Storage is described in the manifest by PersistencyDeploymentToCryptoKeySlotMapping Or PersistencyDeploymentElementToCryptoKeySlotMapping that are described in more detail in chapter 14.4 and chapter 14.5.

If the PersistencyDeploymentToCryptoKeySlotMapping.keySlotUsage or PersistencyDeploymentElementToCryptoKeySlotMapping.keySlotUsage is set to encryption, the Persistency cluster shall encrypt the data before storing it to the persistent memory or shall decrypt the data after reading it from persistent memory.

If the PersistencyDeploymentToCryptoKeySlotMapping.keySlotUsage or PersistencyDeploymentElementToCryptoKeySlotMapping.keySlotUsage is set to verification, the Persistency cluster shall sign the data before storing it to the persistent memory or verify the signature of the data after reading it from persistent memory.

Please note that the PersistencyDeploymentToCryptoKeySlotMapping is able to define a verificationHash that shall by used by the PersistencyCluster to verify the data. The same is true for the PersistencyDeploymentElementToCryptoKeySlotMapping.verificationHash.

10.2.1.5 Preference Rules

In the context of the modeling of persistency design (see section 3.8) and deployment (section 10.2), information can be available on the *design* and *deployment* level, and on *storage* and *element* level. In general, the following rules apply regarding the preference of this information:

- if a configuration item exists in the context of the *design element level*, then the value of this configuration item shall be preferred over the value of a corresponding configuration item available on the *design storage level*.
- if a configuration item exists in the context of the *deployment element level*, then the value of this configuration item shall be preferred over the value of a corresponding configuration item available on the *deployment storage level*.
- if a configuration item exists in the context of the *deployment storage level*, then the value of this configuration item shall be preferred over the value of a corresponding configuration item available on the *design storage level*.
- if a configuration item exists in the context of the *deployment element level*, then the value of this configuration item shall be preferred over the value of a corresponding configuration item available on the *design element level*.



In other words, there is a growing priority of the value of a configuration item starting from *design storage level*, to *design element level*, to *deployment storage level*, and finally to *deployment element level*.

On the other hand, models may exist that leave out certain information on the deployment level in favor of implicitly taking over the corresponding information from design level. This approach is not encouraged because (where possible) model semantics should preferably be defined explicitly rather than implied by rules.

Nevertheless, the following rules apply:

- if a configuration item exists on the *deployment storage level* but is missing on the *deployment element level*, then the *deployment element level* shall implicitly take over the value from the *deployment storage level*.
- if a configuration item exists on the *design storage level* but is missing on the *deployment storage level*, then the *deployment storage level* shall implicitly take over the value from the *design storage level*.
- if a configuration item exists on the *design element level* but is missing on the *deployment element level*, then the *deployment element level* shall implicitly take over the value from the *design element level*.
- if a configuration item exists on the *design storage level* but is missing on the *design element level*, then the *design element level* implicitly takes over the value from the *design storage level*.

10.2.2 Deployment of Persistent Key-Value Storage

[TPS_MANI_01079]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class PersistencyKeyValueStorage [Meta-class PersistencyKeyValueStorage represents an actual keyvalue storage used for persistently storing data.](*RS_MANI_00027*)

Class	PersistencyKeyValueStorage			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to model a key-value storage on deployment level. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=PersistencyKeyValueStorages			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PersistencyDeployment, Referrable, UploadableExclusivePackageElement, UploadablePackageElement			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
keyValuePair	PersistencyKeyValue Pair	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the key-value-pairs owned by the enclosing PersistencyKeyValueStorage.

Table 10.12: PersistencyKeyValueStorage



[TPS_MANI_01144]{DRAFT} **Semantics of PersistencyKeyValuePair** [Metaclass PersistencyKeyValuePair represents an **entry** to a key-value storage (formalized by PersistencyKeyValueStorage) used for persistently storing data.] *(RS_MANI_00027)*

[constr_10102]{DRAFT} Existence of initial values for PersistencyKeyValue-Pair [For each PersistencyKeyValuePair, if the value of attribute updateStrategy is set to either of the values

- keepExisting Or
- overwrite,

then attribute PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue shall exist. ()

Class	PersistencyKeyValuePair				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to formally model a key-value pair in the context of the deployment of persistency.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PersistencyDeploymentElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	PersistencyKeyValueStorage.keyValuePair				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
initValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the ability to define an initial value for the value side of the key-value pair. Please note that it does not make sense to configure an initial value if the PersistencyDeploymentElement.updateStrategy is set to the value delete.	
valueDataType	AbstractImplementation DataType	01	ref	This reference represents the data type applicable for the value of the key-value pair.	

Table 10.13: PersistencyKeyValuePair

[constr_10179]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute PersistencyKeyValuePair. valueDataType [For each PersistencyKeyValuePair, the attribute value-DataType shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10083]{DRAFT} Existence of initial values for PersistencyKeyValue-Pair [For each PersistencyKeyValuePair, if the value of attribute updateStrategy is set to the value delete, then attribute PersistencyKeyValuePair. initValue shall not exist.]()

The modeling of PersistencyKeyValuePair aggregated in the role PersistencyKeyValueStorage.keyValuePair is optional. It would be possible to use persistency functionality regardless of the existence of keyValuePair.

However, the presence of keyValuePair gives more freedom and ways for the customization of behavior.



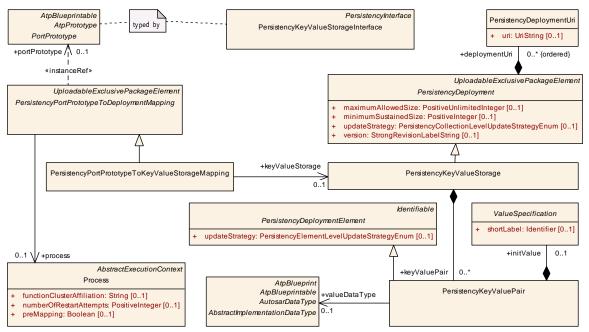


Figure 10.5: Connect a specific PortPrototype to a PersistencyKeyValueStorage

[TPS_MANI_01078]{DRAFT} Semantics of PersistencyPortPrototypeToKey-ValueStorageMapping [Meta-class PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping has the ability to map a specific PortPrototype referenced in the role portPrototype to a PersistencyKeyValueStorage referenced in the role keyValueStorage.

The mapping also comprises a reference to meta-class process in order to accommodate for the fact that identical combinations of keyValueStorage and portPrototype may or may not apply for a given Process that represents the enclosing Executable at runtime.](*RS_MANI_00027*)

[constr_1555]{DRAFT} Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping.portPrototype [The reference PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping.portPrototype shall only be used for a PortPrototype typed by a PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.]()

Class	PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a mapping between a PortPrototype and a key-value storage.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMappings				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping, Referrable, UploadableExclusivePackage Element, UploadablePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
keyValue Storage	PersistencyKeyValue Storage	01	ref	This reference represents the mapped key-value storage.	

Table 10.14: PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping



[constr_10180]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping.keyValueStorage [For each PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping, the reference in the role keyValueStorage shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

Please note that typically the existence of PersistencyKeyValueStorage.key-ValuePair depends on the existence of PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataElement.

On the other hand, if a PersistencyKeyValueStorage contains PersistencyKeyValuePairs that do not correspond to any dataElements of the PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface that is mapped (indirectly) via PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping then those keyValuePairs are created within the PersistencyKeyValueStorage.

[TPS_MANI_01146]{DRAFT} **Initial value for PersistencyKeyValuePair** [It is possible to define an initial value for a given PersistencyKeyValuePair by means of the aggregation of ValueSpecification in the role initValue.](*RS_MANI_00027*)

[constr_1554]{DRAFT} Restriction regarding attribute PersistencyKeyValue-Pair.initValue [The concrete sub-class of ValueSpecification aggregated in the role PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue shall not (after resolving a possible redirection by means of ConstantReference) be a ReferenceValueSpecification.]()

[TPS_MANI_01315]{DRAFT} PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue overrides PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec.initValue [The value of attribute PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue shall overrule the value of Persistency-DataRequiredComSpec.initValue for any combination of PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface mapped to a PersistencyKeyValueStorage by means of a PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping.](RS_MANI_-00027)

This means that the integrator of the software gets the authority to either agree to the designer's point of view or else overrule the designer's decision based on superior knowledge regarding the integration strategy.

[constr_1582]{DRAFT} PersistencyKeyValuePair.valueDataType shall match to AbstractImplementationDataType for the corresponding PersistencyDataElement [Each PersistencyKeyValuePair.valueDataType shall match the AbstractImplementationDataType that either directly or indirectly (via the applicable DataTypeMap) types the corresponding (based on identical values of the respective shortName) PersistencyDataElement.]()

[constr_1666]{DRAFT} References from PersistencyPortPrototypeToKey-ValueStorageMapping to PersistencyKeyValueStorage [Each PersistencyKeyValueStorage shall only be referenced by at most one PersistencyPort-PrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping.]()



[TPS_MANI_01323]{DRAFT} Matching pairs of PersistencyDataElement and PersistencyKeyValuePair [Matching pairs of PersistencyDataElement and PersistencyKeyValuePair shall be identified by having the identical value of attribute shortName within the scope of a PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface (or a PortPrototype typed by the PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface) mapped to a PersistencyKeyValueStorage by means of a PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping.](*RS_MANI_00027*)

10.2.3 Deployment of File Storage

[TPS_MANI_01150]{DRAFT} Semantics of PersistencyFileStorage [A Port-Prototype typed by a PersistencyFileStorageInterface actually builds an abstraction for an entire directory of files.

This abstraction is also visible in the deployment by means of the existence of the companion meta-class PersistencyFileStorage.

This approach allows for the dynamic creation and/or deletion of files during runtime while still keeping the structural model of the file interaction static.](*RS_MANI_00027*)

At one point, however, it is necessary to boil down the relation of such a PortPrototype typed by a PersistencyFileStorageInterface to individual files and how these individual files are represented on the file system themselves.

This aspect is covered by the modeling of meta-class PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileStorageMapping, as depicted in Figure 10.6.

Class	PersistencyFileStorage				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency	
Note	This meta-class comes with the ability to define a collection of single files (directory) that creates the deployment-side counterpart to a PortPrototype typed by a PersistencyFileStorageInterface.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PersistencyFileStorages				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PersistencyDeployment, Referrable, UploadableExclusivePackageElement, UploadablePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
file	PersistencyFile	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of files aggregated by the PersistencyFileStorage.	

Table 10.15: PersistencyFileStorage

[TPS_MANI_01080]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class PersistencyPort-PrototypeToFileStorageMapping [Meta-class PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileStorageMapping creates a mapping between a PortPrototype referenced in the role portPrototype to a PersistencyFileStorage referenced in the role fileStorage under consideration of a Process referenced in the role process.](*RS_MANI_00027*)



Class	PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileStorageMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a mapping between a collection of files on deployment level to a given PortPrototype.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=P	ersistency	<pre>/PortPrototypeToFileStorageMappings</pre>		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping, Referrable, UploadableExclusivePackage Element, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
fileStorage	PersistencyFileStorage	01	ref	This reference represents the mapped file storage.		

Table 10.16: PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileStorageMapping

[constr_10182]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileStorageMapping.fileStorage [For each PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileStorageMapping, the reference in the role fileStorage shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

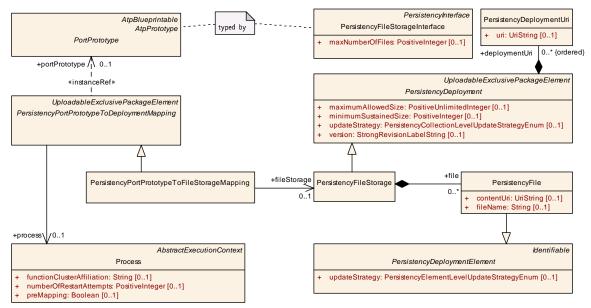


Figure 10.6: Connect a specific PortPrototype to a PersistencyFile

[TPS_MANI_01149]{DRAFT} **Semantics of PersistencyFileStorage.file** [The usage of PersistencyFileStorage.file allows for the explicit modeling of elements of the PersistencyFileStorage.

The creation of this aggregation is optional. It can be used to define the update strategy and/or initial content of selected files.] (*RS_MANI_00027*)

[constr_10103]{DRAFT} **Existence of initial values for PersistencyFile** [For each PersistencyFile, if the value of attribute updateStrategy is set to either of the values

• keepExisting **Or**



• overwrite,

then attribute PersistencyFile.contentUri shall exist. ()

[constr_1556]{DRAFT} Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototype-ToFileStorageMapping.portPrototype [The reference PersistencyPort-PrototypeToFileStorageMapping.portPrototype shall only be used for a PortPrototype typed by a PersistencyFileStorageInterface.]()

Class	PersistencyFile			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency
Note	This meta-class represent	s the mod	lel of a file	e as part of the persistency on deployment level.
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=P	ersistency	/Files
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PersistencyDeploymentElement, Referrable			
Aggregated by	PersistencyFileStorage.file	e		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
contentUri	UriString	01	attr	This attribute represents the URI that identifies the initial content of the PersistencyFile.
fileName	String	01	attr	This attribute holds filename part of the storage location for the PersistencyFile, e.g. file on the file system.

Table 10.17: PersistencyFile

[constr_10183]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute PersistencyFile.fileName [For each PersistencyFile, the attribute fileName shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10082]{DRAFT} Existence of initial values for PersistencyFile [For each PersistencyFile, if the value of attribute updateStrategy is set to the value delete, then attribute PersistencyFile.contentUri shall not exist. (/)

[TPS_MANI_01179]{DRAFT} Semantics of PersistencyFileElement.contentUri/PersistencyFile.contentUri VS. PersistencyDeployment.deploymentUri and PersistencyFileElement.fileName/PersistencyFile.file-Name [Attributes PersistencyFileElement.contentUri and (after deployment) PersistencyFile.contentUri describe the URI of the file storage that is used to initialize the PersistencyFile (used during install or update).

On the other hand, the combination of PersistencyDeployment.deploymentUri and the PersistencyFileElement.fileName or (after deployment) PersistencyFile.fileName denote the position of the PersistencyFile in the ECU (used at run-time).](*RS_MANI_00027*)

[constr_1589]{DRAFT} Value of file.fileName [Within the scope of any given PersistencyFileStorage, the value of all file.fileName shall be unique.

A fileName is considered unique if there are no other fileNames with **exactly** the same sequence of characters¹.]()

¹The characters "x" and "X" are not considered as identical characters for this purpose.



[TPS_MANI_01187]{DRAFT} Matching pairs of PersistencyFileElement and PersistencyFile [Matching pairs of PersistencyFileElement and PersistencyFile shall be identified by having the identical value of attribute shortName within the scope of a PersistencyFileStorageInterface (Or a PortPrototype typed by the PersistencyFileStorageInterface) mapped to a Persistency-FileStorage by means of a PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileStorageMapping.](RS_MANI_00027)

[constr_1613]{DRAFT} File name of matching pairs of PersistencyFileElement and PersistencyFile [The value of attributes PersistencyFileElement. fileName and PersistencyFile.fileName shall be identical for matching pairs (as identified by the application of [TPS_MANI_01187]) of PersistencyFileStorage and PersistencyFile.]()

[constr_1667]{DRAFT} References from PersistencyPortPrototype-ToFileStorageMapping to PersistencyFileStorage [Each PersistencyFileStorage shall only be referenced by at most one PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileStorageMapping.]()

10.3 Platform Health Management Deployment

10.3.1 Overview

This chapter explains the interaction of application software with the Platform Health Management [11].

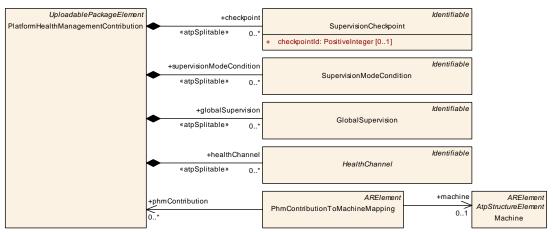


Figure 10.7: Modeling of PlatformHealthManagementContribution

The PlatformHealthManagementContribution allows describing aspects for the deployment of configuration how the Platform Health Management shall behave during runtime.

[TPS_MANI_03544]{DRAFT} Definition of PlatformHealthManagementContribution [The meta-class PlatformHealthManagementContribution allows to



define a set of configuration entities for the Platform Health Management.](*RS_MANI_-*00023, *RS_MANI_*00032)

The PlatformHealthManagementContribution is structured into several aspects which will be described in the following sections:

- Supervision (section 10.3.3)
- Health channels (section 10.3.4)
- Recovery Notification (section 10.3.5)

Class	PlatformHealthManagementContribution						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement						
Note	This element defines a contribution to the Platform Health Management.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PlatformHealthManagementContributions					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable, Uple			Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable ment			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
checkpoint	SupervisionCheckpoint	*	aggr	Collection of checkpoints in the context of a Platform HealthManagementContribution.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=checkpoint.shortName xml.sequenceOffset=10			
global Supervision	GlobalSupervision	*	aggr	Collection of GlobalSupervisions in the context of a PlatformHealthManagementContribution.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=globalSupervision.shortName xml.sequenceOffset=30			
healthChannel	HealthChannel	*	aggr	Collection of HealthChannels in the context of a Platforn HealthManagementContribution.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=healthChannel.shortName xml.sequenceOffset=40			
supervision ModeCondition	SupervisionMode Condition	*	aggr	Collection of SupervisionModeConditions in the context a PlatformHealthManagementContribution.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=supervisionModeCondition.shortName xml.sequenceOffset=20			

 Table 10.18: PlatformHealthManagementContribution

[TPS_MANI_03502]{DRAFT} Enabling of PlatformHealthManagementContribution on a Machine [To enable an instance of PlatformHealthManagement-Contribution on a specific Machine the PlatformHealthManagementContribution shall be mapped to the Machine via a PhmContributionToMachineMapping.](RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032)

[constr_3568]{DRAFT} No support for cross PlatformHealthManagementContribution references [All references originating on elements aggregated by one



PlatformHealthManagementContribution shall only refer to elements that are
part of the same PlatformHealthManagementContribution aggregation chain.]
()

Class	PhmContributionToMachineMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement	
Note	This element associates one or more PlatformHealthManagementContributions with a Machine.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PhmContributionToMachineMappings				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
machine	Machine	01	ref	This reference identifies the Machine in the context of the PhmContributionToMachineMapping.	
phm Contribution	PlatformHealth Management Contribution	*	ref	This reference identifies one or more PlatformHealth ManagementContributions in the context of a Phm ContributionToMachineMapping.	

Table 10.19: PhmContributionToMachineMapping

An application software can define the usage of several Platform Health Management supervisions (see chapter 3.10.2) and health channels (see chapter 3.10.3).

In order to define the interaction between the application software and the Platform Health Management Contribution creates its own representations of the RPortPrototypes typed by the PhmSupervisedEnti-tyInterface and PhmHealthChannelInterface and creates relations to the application software RPortPrototypes (see figure 10.8).

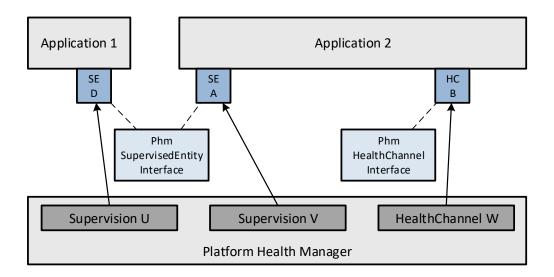


Figure 10.8: Interaction of application software with the platform health manager



In chapter 3.10.2 it is explained that the application software just calls methods in the context of the respective <u>RPortPrototypes</u> to interact with the Platform Health Management. From the application developer these methods have no addressing information, because the identity of the <u>RPortPrototype</u> is the identification in the scope of the application software.

The deployed structure (according to figure 10.7) however requires more information when an API at the Platform Health Manager is called, namely:

- RPortPrototype.shortName i.e. InstanceSpecifier
- Process identification during runtime.

These additional arguments have to be injected to the API by the implementation of the interaction between the software component and the Platform Health Management (which implements the relations from figure 10.7). The order of this argument injection is determined by the specification of the Platform Health Management APIs.

10.3.2 Relation between design and deployment

The application design in chapters 3.10.2 and 3.10.3 uses the declarations provided in the Interface definitions for PhmSupervisedEntityInterface and PhmHealthChannelInterface. Specifically the handling of ids (checkpointId and statusId) requires a synchronized usage with the respective Interface definition.

It is required to establish a contract between the application code and the Phm deployment. The application code shall only use such id values which are declared at the respective Interface definitions (see [TPS_MANI_03624]).

During the configuration of the PHM the PHM artifacts are created. At deployment state there is no access to the design model available, thus the numeric values used for checkpointId and statusId at the Interface definition (PhmSupervisedEnti-tyInterface and PhmHealthChannelInterface) are not available to the Phm.

Therefore the numeric values for checkpointId and statusId are replicated in the deployment model of the PHM:

- SupervisionCheckpoint.checkpointId **replicates** PhmCheckpoint.checkpointId
- HealthChannelExternalReportedStatus.statusId replicates PhmHealthChannelStatus.statusId

It is a methodological task to make sure that the lds correspond to each other and match in value. This consistency can be checked using specific tooling on the deployment model and the design model (see also [TPS_MANI_03624]).



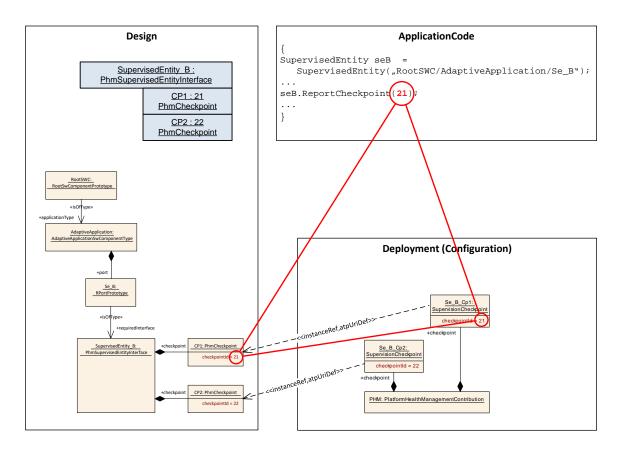


Figure 10.9: Example how IDs have to be in sync

The example in Figure 10.9 illustrates that the used IDs have to in sync in order to let design, code, and configuration work together.

10.3.3 Supervision deployment

In the application design chapter of this document the declaration of supervised entities and checkpoints has been described (see section 3.10.2). These declarations provide the view on supervision from the application software code point. Since the application Executable can be started multiple times (via individual Processes), the configuration of the Platform Health Management needs to cope with these individual Executable instances.

[TPS_MANI_03503]{DRAFT} **Applicability of checkpoints to a specific Process** [The reference SupervisionCheckpoint.process defines to which specific Process this SupervisionCheckpoint definition shall be applied to.](*RS_MANI_*-00023, *RS_MANI_00032*)

This means that only if a PhmCheckpoint is reported from the context of this Process it is considered to be this SupervisionCheckpoint.



Note: If the SupervisionCheckpoint represents the supervision of the *Execution Management* process, it will not be possible to configure SupervisionCheckpoint. process (unless there is a dummy configuration of *Execution Management* process) as the process for Execution Management is not a modeled Process.

It is up to the Adaptive Platform Stack Vendor to define the mechanism how to identify the SupervisionCheckpoint (thereby the supervisions AliveSupervision, DeadlineSupervision, and LogicalSupervision) corresponding to the *Execution Management*.

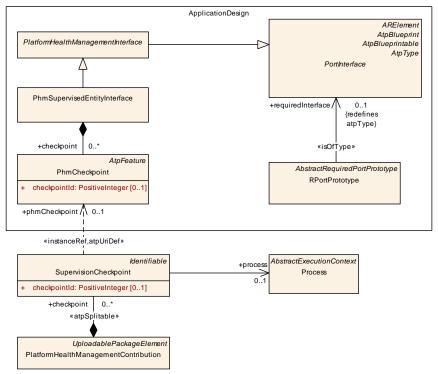


Figure 10.10: Modeling of SupervisionCheckpoint

For the Platform Health Management supervision to take effect it is required to define the instance the application is executed in, thus the reference to a Process has to be taken into account. In the model the Process also defines under which conditions (StateDependentStartupConfig) and with which arguments (ProcessArgument) the Executable will be started.

To also define the conditions for the supervision the state dependency is defined at the supervisions as well, see chapter 10.3.3.2.

For the configuration of the Platform Health Management the definition of SupervisionCheckpoint is used to stand in for the corresponding PhmCheckpoint including the execution context of the respective Process.

The attribute SupervisionCheckpoint.phmCheckpoint replicates the value of the referenced PhmCheckpoint.checkpointId. During deployment the PhmSuper-visedEntityInterface and its content is no longer available and therefore needs to be made available to the Phm.



[TPS_MANI_03626]{DRAFT} Consistency of SupervisionCheckpoint.phm-Checkpoint and PhmCheckpoint.checkpointId [The value of SupervisionCheckpoint.phmCheckpoint shall be identical to the value of PhmCheckpoint.checkpointId which is referenced in SupervisionCheckpoint.phm-Checkpoint.] (RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032)

[TPS_MANI_03505]{DRAFT} **Existence of SupervisionCheckpoint** [For each PhmCheckpoint in the scope of a Process and RPortPrototype typed by a PhmSupervisedEntityInterface in the application definition, a SupervisionCheckpoint shall be defined. The correspondence of the two is defined by the instance reference SupervisionCheckpoint.phmCheckpoint.](RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032)

Since every possibly reported PhmCheckpoint is represented by a corresponding SupervisionCheckpoint, it is possible to explicitly exclude a set of SupervisionCheckpoints from the supervision activities using the NoCheckpointSupervision definition (see section 10.3.3.9).

Class	SupervisionCheckpoint					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement		
Note	This element contains an Health Management.	instance r	eference	to a RPortPrototype representing a checkpoint for Platform		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable		
Aggregated by	PlatformHealthManageme	entContrib	ution.che	ckpoint		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
checkpointId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the numeric value which is used to identify the reporting of this SupervisionCheckpoint to the Phm.		
phmCheckpoint	PhmCheckpoint	01	iref	Instance reference to the PhmCheckpoint defined in the context of a PortInterface.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by: PhmCheckpointInExecutableInstanceRef		
process	Process	01	ref	Reference to the Process this checkoint shall be monitored.		

 Table 10.20:
 SupervisionCheckpoint

[TPS_MANI_03651]{DRAFT} **Mandatory SupervisionCheckpoint.process reference** [Unless the SupervisionCheckpoint refers to a PhmCheckpoint which is defined in the scope of the *Execution Management*, each SupervisionCheckpoint shall define a process reference at the time when the integration into a **SoftwareCluster is finished**.](*RS MANI 00023, RS MANI 00032*)

[constr_3649]{DRAFT} Consistent SupervisionCheckpoint.process reference [If a SupervisionCheckpoint refers to a Process in the role process, then

- the SupervisionCheckpoint shall refer to a PhmCheckpoint which is defined in a PhmSupervisedEntityInterface and
- that PhmSupervisedEntityInterface types an RPortPrototype of an AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType and



- that AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType is used in the scope of an Executable and
- that Executable is referenced by the same Process as SupervisionCheckpoint.process.

]()

[constr_1742]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference SupervisionCheckpoint.phm-Checkpoint [At the time of deployment of a SupervisionCheckpoint, one reference to meta-class PhmCheckpoint in the role phmCheckpoint shall exist.]()

[constr_1764]{DRAFT} Counterpart of PhmCheckpoint [Each PhmCheckpoint shall be referenced once and only once in the role targetPhmCheckpoint by a Phm-CheckpointInExecutableInstanceRef with the same Executable and chain of contextComponentPrototype and contextRPortPrototype that is aggregated by a SupervisionCheckpoint in combination with a specific Process. This reference shall exist at the time when the integration into a SoftwareCluster is finished.]()

This means that each SupervisionCheckpoint is the unique representation of the corresponding PhmCheckpoint instance in the context of a PhmCheckpointInExecutableInstanceRef and one Process.

Please note that the detailed modeling of the $\ll InstanceRef \gg$ from SupervisionCheckpoint to PhmCheckpoint is documented in section C.6.

10.3.3.1 Global supervision

The GlobalSupervision collects PhmSupervisions (AliveSupervisions, LogicalSupervisions, DeadlineSupervisions, NoCheckpointSupervisions, and NoSupervisions) and aggregates the individual states of these Alive, Deadline, and Logical Supervisions into one GlobalSupervision status (see also figure 10.11).

[constr_3623]{DRAFT} SupervisionCheckpoints in the context of a GlobalSupervision [All SupervisionCheckpoints belonging to the same Phm-SupervisedEntityInterface instance (SupervisionCheckpoints with identical PhmCheckpointInExecutableInstanceRef.contextRootSwComponent-Prototype, contextComponentPrototype, contextRPortPrototype, and process references) shall only be referenced by PhmSupervisions which are aggregated by the same GlobalSupervision.]()

[constr_3624]{DRAFT} At least one Supervision defined in the context of a GlobalSupervision [At least one AliveSupervision, LogicalSupervision, Or DeadlineSupervision shall be defined in the scope of a GlobalSupervision at the time when the integration into a SoftwareCluster is finished.]()



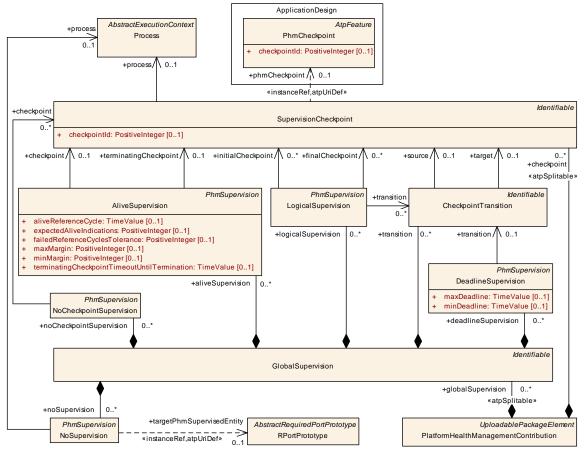


Figure 10.11: Modeling of GlobalSupervision

[TPS_MANI_03512]{DRAFT} Applicability of global supervision without Process context [The aggregated AliveSupervisions, LogicalSupervisions, and DeadlineSupervisions contributing to a specific GlobalSupervision may refer to SupervisionCheckpoints where each SupervisionCheckpoint may refer to a different Process.] (*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032*)

With [TPS_MANI_03512] the GlobalSupervision and the aggregation AliveSupervisions, LogicalSupervisions, and DeadlineSupervisions can be used to establish three use-cases:

- compose the status of one Executable instance (Process) in case all aggregated PhmSupervisions are defined with the same Process context.
- compose the status of several Executable instances (Processes) of a FunctionGroup in case the aggregated PhmSupervisions are defined with (partially) different Process contexts within a FunctionGroup context.
- compose the status of all Executable instances (Processes) of a Function-Group in case the aggregated PhmSupervisions are defined with (all) different Process contexts within a FunctionGroup context.



[constr_3625]{DRAFT} DeadlineSupervision referencing CheckpointTransition in the context of a GlobalSupervision [DeadlineSupervision aggregated in a GlobalSupervision shall only refer to a CheckpointTransition which is aggregated by the same GlobalSupervision.]()

[constr_3626]{DRAFT} LogicalSupervision referencing CheckpointTransition in the context of a GlobalSupervision [LogicalSupervision aggregated in a GlobalSupervision shall only refer to CheckpointTransitions that are aggregated by the same GlobalSupervision.]()

Class	GlobalSupervision					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement					
Note	This element defines a contract in order to provide an age			ervisions, DeadlineSupervisions, and LogicalSupervisions n state.		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, N	lultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable		
Aggregated by	PlatformHealthManagem	entContrib	ution.glob	palSupervision		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
alive Supervision	AliveSupervision	*	aggr	Collection of AliveSupervisions in the context of this GlobalSupervision.		
deadline Supervision	DeadlineSupervision	*	aggr	Collection of DeadlineSupervisions in the context of this GlobalSupervision.		
logical Supervision	LogicalSupervision	*	aggr	Collection of LogicalSupervisions in the context of this GlobalSupervision.		
noCheckpoint Supervision	NoCheckpoint Supervision	*	aggr	Definition of No Checkpoint Supervision.		
noSupervision	NoSupervision	*	aggr	Collection of NoSupervisions in the context of this Global Supervision.		
supervision Mode	SupervisionMode	*	aggr	Collection of SupervisionModes in the context of this GlobalSupervision.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=supervisionMode.shortName		
transition	CheckpointTransition	*	aggr	Collection of CheckpointTransitions in the context of this GlobalSupervision.		

Table 10.21: GlobalSupervision

10.3.3.2 Supervision Mode

Expected execution (timing or sequence) of the Software can change based on certain conditions. Hence, the value of the Supervision attributes might have to be changed based on conditions as well. SupervisionMode defines the Supervision attributes which change based on the referenced modeCondition.

The Execution Management may use Function Groups and Function Group States to define the startup conditions of application software. The behavior of the application software can change based on the Function Group State. Hence the monitoring shall also be configurable based on Function Group State changes.



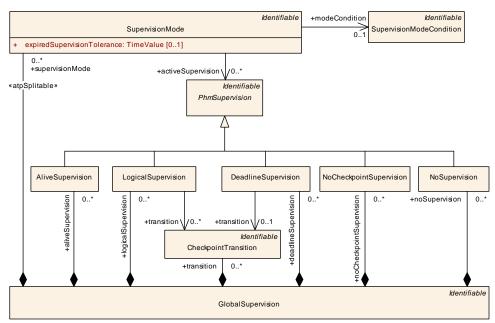


Figure 10.12: Mode dependent supervision

A SupervisionMode does define a set of PhmSupervisions in the role activeSupervision which shall be active while this SupervisionMode is active. This modeling allows for one specific PhmSupervision to be defined as active in several SupervisionModeS.

[TPS_MANI_03513]{DRAFT} Collection of supervisions into a GlobalSupervision [The PhmSupervisions referenced from a SupervisionMode in the role activeSupervision are taken into account to evaluate the supervision status of the GlobalSupervision in that particular SupervisionMode.](*RS_MANI_00023*, *RS_MANI_00032*)

[TPS_MANI_03633]{DRAFT} Semantics of several supervisionMode references for one supervision [If a PhmSupervision is referenced in the role activeSuper-vision then this PhmSupervision will be active while the referencing SupervisionMode is active.](*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032*)

Class	SupervisionMode				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplat	es::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement	
Note	This element defines a	Supervision	Mode.		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable,	Multilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable	
Aggregated by	GlobalSupervision.supervisionMode				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
active Supervision	PhmSupervision	*	ref	The reference defines which PhmSupervisions shall be active in this specific SupervisionMode.	
expired Supervision Tolerance	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines in this SupervisionMode the acceptable amount of time with EXPIRED supervision status of the enclosing GlobalSupervision before it is considered STOPPED.	



Δ				
Class	SupervisionMode			
modeCondition	SupervisionMode Condition	01	ref	Reference to SupervisionModeCondition (Condition under which the configuration made under this SupervisionMode are to be applied).

Table 10.22: SupervisionMode

[TPS_MANI_03514]{DRAFT} **Expiration tolerance for SupervisionMode** [The attribute SupervisionMode.expiredSupervisionTolerance defines the time which a GlobalSupervision is maintained in the state *expired* before it is considered *stopped* in that particular SupervisionMode.]*(RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032)*

[constr_3639]{DRAFT} Existence of SupervisionMode.expiredSupervision-Tolerance [If the SupervisionMode refers to a PhmSupervision that in turn references a SupervisionCheckpoint and that SupervisionCheckpoint refers to a Process where the Executable has the attribute category set to APPLICA-TION_LEVEL,

then the attribute expiredSupervisionTolerance shall NOT exist at the time when the integration into a SoftwareCluster is finished.

For each SupervisionMode the attribute expiredSupervisionTolerance shall exist at the time when the integration into a SoftwareCluster is finished. (/)

[constr_3640]{DRAFT} Existence of SupervisionMode.modeCondition [For each SupervisionMode the attribute modeCondition shall exist at the time when the integration into a SoftwareCluster is finished.]()

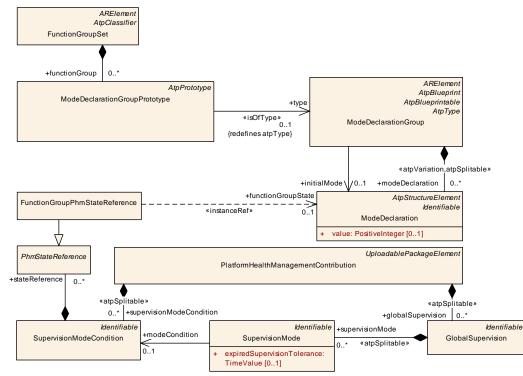
10.3.3.3 Supervision Mode condition

Each SupervisionMode refers to exactly one SupervisionModeCondition in the role modeCondition. The SupervisionModeCondition defines an collection of one or several stateReferences which are combined to provide a single logical state.

The reference to Function Groups and their Function Group States is essential for the definition of SupervisionModeConditions as the supervised Processes are started and stopped according to changes in Function Group States.









Class	SupervisionModeCondition				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement			
Note	This element defines a SupervisionModeCondition in the context of platform health management contribution.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	PlatformHealthManageme	entContrib	ution.supe	ervisionModeCondition	
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
stateReference	PhmStateReference	*	aggr	Collection of stateReferences.	

Table 10.23: SupervisionModeCondition

[constr_3627]{DRAFT} Existence of SupervisionModeCondition.stateReference [At the time of deployment of SupervisionModeCondition, at least one aggregation of PhmStateReference in the role SupervisionModeCondition. stateReference shall exist.]()

Class	FunctionGroupPhmStateReference			
Package	M2:: AUTOSART emplates:: A daptive Platform:: Platform Module Deployment:: Platform Health Management Manage			
Note	Function Group state dependency.			
Base	ARObject, PhmStateReference			
Aggregated by	SupervisionModeCondition.stateReference			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
	•			



			\bigtriangleup	
Class	FunctionGroupPhmState	Reference	ce	
functionGroup	ModeDeclaration	01	iref	This represent the applicable functionGroupState.
State				InstanceRef implemented by:FunctionGroupStateIn
				FunctionGroupSetInstanceRef

Table 10.24: FunctionGroupPhmStateReference

[constr_3628]{DRAFT} Reference to Function Group State from a SupervisionModeCondition [If a Function Group State is referenced by a SupervisionModeCondition in the scope of one GlobalSupervision, then that same Function Group State shall NOT be referenced by any other SupervisionModeCondition in the scope of the same GlobalSupervision.]()

Rational for [constr_3628]: It is guaranteed that only one of the SupervisionModes is active at any point in time. The SupervisionModeConditions referenced under a GlobalSupervision in the context of SupervisionMode shall be mutually exclusive.

E.g. Following SupervisionModeConditions referenced under the same GlobalSupervision in the context of SupervisionMode is not allowed:

- SupervisionModeCondition_1: (FunctionGroup_X in State 'a') or (FunctionGroup_X in State 'b')
- SupervisionModeCondition_2: (FunctionGroup X in State 'a') or (FunctionGroup X in State 'c')

In the above example, (FunctionGroup_X in State 'a') is common between the 2 SupervisionModeConditions.

[constr_3629]{DRAFT} Identical Function Group in the scope of a GlobalSupervision [Within the context of one GlobalSupervision, all Supervision-Mode.modeCondition shall only aggregate FunctionGroupPhmStateReferences in the role stateReference where the reference FunctionGroupPhm-StateReference.functionGroupState.contextModeDeclarationGroup-Prototype refers to the identical ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype (that implements the Function Group, as far as state management is concerned). | ()

That is, within the context of one GlobalSupervision, all SupervisionMode.modeCondition.stateReference shall reference states(modes) of the same Function Group.

[constr_3630]{DRAFT} GlobalSupervision and Process relation [Within the context of one GlobalSupervision, all aggregated PhmSupervisions shall refer to SupervisionCheckpoints where the referenced Process aggregates a stateDependentStartupConfig that in turn refers to a functionGroupState where the contextModeDeclarationGroupPrototype refers to the identical ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype (that implements the Function Group, as far as state management is concerned).]()



That is, all PhmSupervisions aggregated in a GlobalSupervision are referencing SupervisionCheckpoints corresponding to Processes that are configured to be executed in state/s of the same Function Group.

[constr_3631]{DRAFT} Global supervision restricted to one Function Group [The Function Group (ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype) referenced in [constr_3629] and [constr_3630] shall be identical for one particular GlobalSupervision. |()

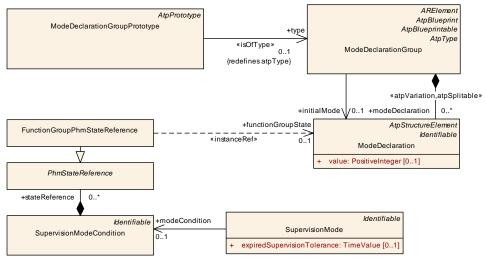


Figure 10.14: Modeling of FunctionGroupPhmStateReference

[constr_3632]{DRAFT} Supervision of a Supervised Entity Instance in the scope of a Function Group State [A Supervised Entity Instance shall be configured with checkpoint supervision (all SupervisionCheckpoints of the Supervised Entity Instance are covered by AliveSupervision, DeadlineSupervision, Logical-Supervision, NoCheckpointSupervision) or NoSupervision in all Function Group States in which the corresponding Process is configured to be executed. |()

Rationale for [constr_3632]: The configuration of supervision for a specific Supervised Entity Instance is not missed unintentionally in a Function Group State.

Note that [constr_3632] requires for the Supervised Entity Instance to be part of the supervision definition in all Function Group States in which the corresponding Process is configured to be executed. In case there is no supervision required in a specific Function Group State (because the Supervised Entity Instance does not need to be supervised in that specific Function Group State), then NoSupervision can be configured for that Supervised Entity Instance.

Note: If a Process survives a Function Group State change running (because the Process is defined to be running in two consecutive Function Group States), then it is important that the configuration of the activeSupervision for the Supervised Entity Instances corresponding to the Process is identical for the SupervisionModes that corresponds to the affected Function Group States. This relations can not be formally expressed (because the possible Function Group State



transitions are not formalized) and therefore this restriction can not be defined as a constraint.

A possible mitigation strategy is to define different Process arguments and therefore force a re-start of the Process, even if the Function Group States have been switched consecutively.

10.3.3.4 NoSupervision definition

In the scope of a GlobalSupervision, a NoSupervision can be defined for a Supervised Entity Instance as a whole. A NoSupervision can be configured to indicate that this Supervised Entity Instance shall not be monitored by the Phm in a specific SupervisionMode.

The Supervised Entity Instance is identified using the NoSupervision.targetPhm-SupervisedEntity instance ref and NoSupervision.process reference.

Class	NoSupervision				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement				
Note	Defines explicitly that NO supervision shall be applied for a specific Supervised Entity instance.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PhmSupervision, Referrable				
Aggregated by	GlobalSupervision.noSupervision				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
process	Process	01	ref	Reference to the Process this NoSupervision applies to.	
targetPhm Supervised	RPortPrototype	01	iref	Instance reference to the RPortPrototype which represents the Supervised Entity instance.	
Entity				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by:R PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef	

Table 10.25: NoSupervision

[constr_3674]{DRAFT} Existence of NoSupervision.targetPhmSupervisedEntity [For each NoSupervision the attribute targetPhmSupervisedEntity shall exist at the time when the integration into a SoftwareCluster is finished.]()

[constr_3675]{DRAFT} Existence of NoSupervision.process [For each NoSupervision the attribute process shall exist at the time when the integration into a SoftwareCluster is finished. | ()

[constr_3676]{DRAFT} Exclusive usage of NoSupervision [For a Supervised Entity Instance, in a given SupervisionMode, either a checkpoint supervision (AliveSupervision, DeadlineSupervision, LogicalSupervision, and/or NoCheckpointSupervision referencing all SupervisionCheckpoints corresponding to the Supervised Entity Instance) or NoSupervision shall be configured, but not both.]()

Note: The NoSupervision approach disables the supervision for all the SupervisionCheckpoints of a Supervised Entity Instance.



10.3.3.5 AliveSupervision definition

In the scope of a GlobalSupervision an AliveSupervision can be defined for a specific SupervisionCheckpoint. AliveSupervision can be used to define in which timing boundaries one specific checkpoint shall be monitored.

[TPS_MANI_03508]{DRAFT} **Definition of an AliveSupervision for a Supervision sionCheckpoint** [An AliveSupervision definition provides attributes to configure the supervision of the referenced SupervisionCheckpoint.

- aliveReferenceCycle defines the time base used to monitor the reporting of this specific SupervisionCheckpoint
- expectedAliveIndications defines the number of indications which shall be observed during the time period defined by aliveReferenceCycle
- minMargin and maxMargin define the acceptable deviation from the expectedAliveIndications within the time period defined by aliveReferenceCycle

](*RS_MANI_00023*, *RS_MANI_00032*)

[TPS_MANI_03575]{DRAFT} **Definition of no minimum alive supervision** [If the value AliveSupervision.minMargin equals 0, this defines that no minimum alive supervision shall be performed.](*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032*)

[TPS_MANI_03576]{DRAFT} **Definition of no maximum alive supervision** [If the value AliveSupervision.maxMargin equals INF, this defines that no maximum alive supervision shall be performed.](*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032*)

[constr_3539]{DRAFT} Only one AliveSupervision per SupervisionCheckpoint [A SupervisionCheckpoint shall only be referenced up to once by an AliveSupervision in the role checkpoint in the context of an identical SupervisionMode.]()

[TPS_MANI_03515]{DRAFT} **Failure tolerance for AliveSupervision** [The attribute AliveSupervision.failedReferenceCyclesTolerance defines the acceptable amount of AliveSupervision.aliveReferenceCycles with incorrect/failed AliveSupervision.]*(RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032)*

AliveSupervision				
M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement			
Defines an AliveSupervision for one checkpoint.				
ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, PhmSupervision, Referrable	
GlobalSupervision.aliveSupervision				
Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
TimeValue	01	attr	Time period at which the Alive Supervision mechanism compares the amount of received Alive Indications for the SupervisionCheckpoint against the expectedAlive Indications.	
-	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: Defines an AliveSupervisio <i>ARObject, Identifiable, Mu</i> GlobalSupervision.aliveSu <i>Type</i>	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::Adaptive Defines an AliveSupervision for one <i>ARObject</i> , <i>Identifiable</i> , <i>Multilanguag</i> GlobalSupervision.aliveSupervision Type Mult.	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform:: Defines an AliveSupervision for one checkpoi ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferra GlobalSupervision.aliveSupervision Type Mult. Kind	



Class	AliveSupervision			
checkpoint	SupervisionCheckpoint	01	ref	Reference to a checkpoint in the context of Alive Supervision.
expectedAlive Indications	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the amount of expected Alive Indications of the SupervisionCheckpoint within the aliveReferenceCycle.
failedReference Cycles Tolerance	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the acceptable amount of alive ReferenceCycles with incorrect/failed AliveSupervision.
maxMargin	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the amount of Alive Indications of the Supervision Checkpoint that are acceptable to be additional to the expectedAliveIndications within the aliveReferenceCycle.
minMargin	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the amount of Alive Indications of the Supervision Checkpoint that are acceptable to be missing to the expectedAliveIndications within the aliveReferenceCycle.
terminating Checkpoint	SupervisionCheckpoint	01	ref	Reference to the SupervisionCheckpoint which is defined as the terminating checkpoint of this AliveSupervision.
terminating Checkpoint TimeoutUntil Termination	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines the time a process shall terminate after it has announced its start of termination by reporting terminatingCheckpoint.

 \triangle

 Table 10.26: AliveSupervision

[constr_3633]{DRAFT} Mandatory attributes of AliveSupervision [The following attributes of AliveSupervision shall be defined at the time when the integration into a SoftwareCluster is finished:

- aliveReferenceCycle
- checkpoint
- expectedAliveIndications
- failedReferenceCyclesTolerance
- minMargin
- maxMargin

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|0\rangle
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10.3.3.5.1 AliveSupervision of self-terminating processes

If a Process is defined to be self-terminating (according to [TPS_MANI_01334]) and that Process has an AliveSupervision defined, then it is essential for that Process to indicate to the Phm when that Process is about to self terminate. The indication is done using a dedicated SupervisionCheckpoint and is associated with the AliveSupervision. In this case the Phm can stop the AliveSupervision in a defined way when the application reports that AliveSupervision.terminat-ingCheckpoint has been reached.

[constr_3709]{DRAFT} AliveSupervision.terminatingCheckpoint required for self terminating Processes [Only if a Process



- refers to a StartupConfig (via stateDependentStartupConfig), and that StartupConfig has the attribute StartupConfig.terminationBehavior set to the value TerminationBehaviorEnum.processIsSelfTerminating, and
- the StateDependentStartupConfig.functionGroupState is identical to the respective GlobalSupervision.supervisionMode.modeCondition. stateReference.functionGroupState and
- there exists an AliveSupervision which refers to a SupervisionCheckpoint in the role checkpoint, and that SupervisionCheckpoint refers to that Process, then

there shall exist an AliveSupervision.terminatingCheckpoint reference from the AliveSupervision at the time when the creation of the mani-fest is finished.]()

That is, if an AliveSupervision is defined for a Process in a Supervision-Mode that corresponds to a Function Group State in which the Process is configured to be self-terminating, then and only then AliveSupervision.terminatingCheckpoint shall be defined.

[constr_3710]{DRAFT} Process referenced by AliveSupervision.terminatingCheckpoint [The SupervisionCheckpoint that is referenced in the role AliveSupervision.terminatingCheckpoint shall refer to the same Process as the SupervisionCheckpoint that is referenced by the AliveSupervision.checkpoint at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_3711]{DRAFT} AliveSupervision.terminatingCheckpointTimeoutUntilTermination [If an AliveSupervision has the reference AliveSupervision.terminatingCheckpoint defined, then the attribute AliveSupervision.terminatingCheckpointTimeoutUntilTermination shall be defined at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

10.3.3.6 CheckpointTransition definition

For the definition of further supervision strategies the need to first define possible CheckpointTransitions between SupervisionCheckpoints arises. Since the application software design does not provide any transition definition between checkpoints, it is essential to define possible CheckpointTransitions.

The definition of CheckpointTransitions is done in the scope of the GlobalSupervision and can be used by the LogicalSupervision and DeadlineSupervision of the same GlobalSupervision.



[TPS_MANI_03509]{DRAFT} Definition of a CheckpointTransition [A CheckpointTransition defines one possible transition from the source SupervisionCheckpoint to the target SupervisionCheckpoint.](RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032)

[constr_3634]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of CheckpointTransition.source and CheckpointTransition.target [Each CheckpointTransition shall define exactly one source reference and one target reference at the time when the integration into a SoftwareCluster is finished.]()

Class	CheckpointTransition				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement				
Note	Defines one transition between two checkpoints.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	GlobalSupervision.transition				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
source	SupervisionCheckpoint	01	ref	Reference to the source checkpoint for this transition.	
target	SupervisionCheckpoint	01	ref	Reference to the target checkpoint for this transition.	

Table 10.27: CheckpointTransition

10.3.3.7 LogicalSupervision definition

The LogicalSupervision defines a supervision graph of allowed Checkpoint-Transitions which is monitored by the Platform Health Management without any timing considerations, just the order of reported checkpoints is considered for the monitoring.

[constr_3540]{DRAFT} **SupervisionCheckpoint in Supervision graph** [Each SupervisionCheckpoint shall only be part of one supervision graph in the context of an identical SupervisionMode.]()

When a SupervisionCheckpoint belonging to the supervision graph is reported to the Platform Health Management where there is no CheckpointTransition defined from the last reported SupervisionCheckpoint as source to the current reported SupervisionCheckpoint as target, this situation violates the LogicalSupervision.

[TPS_MANI_03510]{DRAFT} **Definition of LogicalSupervision** [A LogicalSupervision defines relations between SupervisionCheckpoints which form a directed graph from one or more initialCheckpoint SupervisionCheckpoints through a set of CheckpointTransitions defined by collection of transitions to one or more finalCheckpoint SupervisionCheckpoints.](RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032)



Class	LogicalSupervision				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement	
Note	Defines a LogicalSupervis	sion graph	consistin	g of transitions, initial- and final checkpoints.	
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PhmSupervision, Referrable			
Aggregated by	GlobalSupervision.logicalSupervision				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
finalCheckpoint	SupervisionCheckpoint	*	ref	Reference to the final Checkpoint(s) for this Logical Supervision.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20	
initialCheckpoint	SupervisionCheckpoint	*	ref	Reference to the initial Checkpoint(s) for this Logical Supervision.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10	
transition	CheckpointTransition	*	ref	Reference to the transitions for this LogicalSupervision.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30	

Table 10.28:	LogicalSu	pervision
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[constr_1736]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference LogicalSupervision.initialCheckpoint [At the time of deployment of a LogicalSupervision, at least one reference to meta-class SupervisionCheckpoint in the role initialCheckpoint shall exist.]()

[constr_1737]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference LogicalSupervision.finalCheckpoint [At the time of deployment of a LogicalSupervision, at least one reference to meta-class SupervisionCheckpoint in the role finalCheckpoint shall exist.]()

[constr_1740]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference LogicalSupervision.transition [At the time of deployment of a LogicalSupervision, at least one reference to meta-class CheckpointTransition in the role LogicalSupervision.transition shall exist.]()

10.3.3.8 DeadlineSupervision definition

The DeadlineSupervision defines timing attributes for one specific Checkpoint-Transition.

[TPS_MANI_03511]{DRAFT} **Definition of DeadlineSupervision** [A Deadline-Supervision defines timing attributes which are monitored by the Platform Health Management for one specific CheckpointTransition.](*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032*)

[constr_3635]{DRAFT} Mandatory attributes of DeadlineSupervision [The following attributes of DeadlineSupervision shall be defined at the time when the integration into a SoftwareCluster is finished:

- transition
- minDeadline



• maxDeadline

]()

[TPS_MANI_03573]{DRAFT} **Definition of no minimum deadline supervision** [If the value DeadlineSupervision.minDeadline equals 0, this defines that no minimum deadline supervision shall be performed.](*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032*)

[TPS_MANI_03574]{DRAFT} **Definition of no maximum deadline supervision** [If the value DeadlineSupervision.maxDeadline equals INF, this defines that no maximum deadline supervision shall be performed.](*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032*)

Class	DeadlineSupervision	DeadlineSupervision				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement		
Note	Defines an DeadlineSuper	Defines an DeadlineSupervision for one transition.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PhmSupervision, Referrable					
Aggregated by	GlobalSupervision.deadlineSupervision					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
maxDeadline	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines the longest time span before which the deadline is considered to be met for transition.		
minDeadline	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines the shortest time span after which the deadline is considered to be met for transition.		
transition	CheckpointTransition	01	ref	Reference to the transition in the context of a Deadline Supervision.		

Table 10.29: DeadlineSupervision

10.3.3.9 NoCheckpointSupervision definition

The NoCheckpointSupervision is used to define a set of SupervisionCheckpoints for which no Alive, Deadline and Logical supervision shall be performed. It is a means to define a complete coverage of the configuration with respect to the possibly reported SupervisionCheckpoints. If a set of SupervisionCheckpoints shall not be considered by the Phm for Supervision (Alive, Deadline and Logical) evaluation, then these SupervisionCheckpoints can be referenced from the NoCheckpointSupervision in the role NoCheckpointSupervision.checkpoint.

[TPS_MANI_03670]{DRAFT} **Definition of NoCheckpointSupervision** [A NoCheckpointSupervision defines explicitly that no supervision (Alive, Deadline and Logical) shall be applied to the SupervisionCheckpoints which are referenced in the role NoCheckpointSupervision.checkpoint.](*RS_MANI_00023*, *RS_MANI_00032*)

[constr_3712]{DRAFT} Exclusive usage of NoCheckpointSupervision [If a SupervisionCheckpoint is referenced by a NoCheckpointSupervision in the role checkpoint, then that SupervisionCheckpoint shall not be referenced by any other checkpoint supervision (AliveSupervision, DeadlineSupervision (via



CheckpointTransition), LogicalSupervision (also via or CheckpointTransition)) in the scope of one SupervisionMode. (/)

Class	NoCheckpointSupervision			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement			
Note	Defines explicitly that NO supervision shall be applied for a set of SupervisionCheckpoints.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PhmSupervision, Referrable			
Aggregated by	GlobalSupervision.noCheckpointSupervision			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
checkpoint	SupervisionCheckpoint	*	ref	Reference to the set of SupervisionCheckpoints which shall not be considered for any kind of supervision.

Table 10.30: NoCheckpointSupervision	Table 1	0.30:	NoCheck	pointSu	pervision
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10.3.4 Health channel deployment

The HealthChannel is used as an abstraction to the Platform Health Management input for the RecoveryNotification.

[constr_3730]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of reference in the role HealthChannel.recoveryNotification [In the context of HealthChannel, the reference in the role recoveryNotification shall exist at most once at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

The specialized use-cases for HealthChannels are described in the following sections. A HealthChannel can either represent

- the status of a GlobalSupervision using the HealthChannelSupervision or
- the status of a reported PhmHealthChannelInterface using the HealthChannelExternalStatus

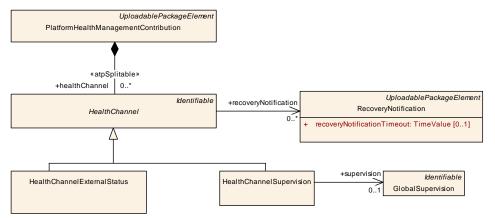


Figure 10.15: Modeling of HealthChannel



Class	HealthChannel (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement			
Note	This element defines the source of a health channel.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Subclasses	HealthChannelExternalStatus, HealthChannelSupervision			
Aggregated by	PlatformHealthManagementContribution.healthChannel			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			Note
recovery Notification	RecoveryNotification	*	ref	Defines the RecoveryNotification for this HealthChannel.

Table 10.31: HealthChannel

[TPS_MANI_03672]{DRAFT} **Definition of RecoveryNotification for an HealthChannel** [The reference HealthChannel.recoveryNotification defines which RecoveryNotification shall be triggered if the HealthChannel is violated.](*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032*)

[TPS_MANI_03673]{DRAFT} **RecoveryNotification referenced by several HealthChannel.recoveryNotifications** [One RecoveryNotification may be referenced by several HealthChannel.recoveryNotifications defining that the violation of any of the referencing HealthChannels will trigger that RecoveryNotification.] (*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032*)

[constr_3719]{DRAFT} RecoveryNotification referenced either by HealthChannelExternalStatus Or HealthChannelSupervision [A RecoveryNotification shall either be referenced from up to one HealthChannelExternalStatus element or from one or more HealthChannelSupervision elements at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_3719] exists because the notification signature differs depending on whether the notification is caused by a HealthChannelExternalStatus or HealthChannelSupervision. The restriction of only one HealthChannelExternalStatus reference exists because the notification uses the statusId of the HealthChannelExternalStatus as argument.

10.3.4.1 Supervision health channel deployment

The HealthChannelSupervision is used to take the status of a GlobalSupervision trigger the RecoveryNotification in case a violation is detected by the Phm.

[TPS_MANI_03516]{DRAFT} **Status for HealthChannelSupervision** [The status of the GlobalSupervision which is referenced in the role supervision is taken as the trigger for the RecoveryNotification.](*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032*)



Class	HealthChannelSupervision			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement			
Note	This element defines a health channel representing the status of a PhmSupervision.			
Base	ARObject, HealthChannel, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	PlatformHealthManagementContribution.healthChannel			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
supervision	GlobalSupervision	01	ref	Reference to the GlobalSupervision as source for the health channel.

 Table 10.32: HealthChannelSupervision

10.3.4.2 External health channel deployment

The HealthChannelExternalStatus is used to define a list of HealthChannelExternalReportedStatus in the role healthChannel. If for this HealthChannelExternalStatus and the referenced Process a status is reported which is part of the list in healthChannel then this HealthChannelExternalStatus is considered violated and a notification to the respective RecoveryNotification is performed.

[TPS_MANI_03545]{DRAFT} **Existence of HealthChannelExternalStatus** [For each RPortPrototype typed by a PhmHealthChannelInterface there may be a HealthChannelExternalStatus defined.](*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032*)

The attribute HealthChannelExternalReportedStatus.statusId replicates the value of the referenced PhmHealthChannelStatus.statusId. During deployment the PhmHealthChannelInterface and its content is no longer available and therefore needs to be made available to the Phm.

[TPS_MANI_03625]{DRAFT} Consistency of HealthChannelExternalReportedStatus.statusId and PhmHealthChannelStatus.statusId [The value of HealthChannelExternalReportedStatus.statusId shall be identical to the value of PhmHealthChannelStatus.statusId which is referenced in HealthChannelExternalReportedStatus.status.](RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032)

[TPS_MANI_03546]{DRAFT} **Definition of reported health status RPortProto-type** [The RPortPrototype typed by a PhmHealthChannelInterface is used to report the status of a health channel by the application software. This specific RPortPrototype is defined as the targetRPortPrototype of the instance reference HealthChannelExternalStatus.healthChannel.](*RS_MANI_00023*, *RS_MANI_00032*)

[TPS_MANI_03517]{DRAFT} **Evaluation of HealthChannelExternalStatus** [The reported value of the HealthChannelExternalStatus according to [TPS_MANI_03546] will be compared to the list of statuses provided in notified-Status. If the reported status value matches one of the listed statusIds then this



HealthChannelExternalStatus is considered violated and the respective RecoveryNotification is issued.](RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032)

[TPS_MANI_03553]{DRAFT} **Applicability of health channel to a specific Pro-cess** [The reference HealthChannelExternalStatus.process defines to which specific Process this HealthChannelExternalStatus definition shall be applied to.](*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00032*)

This means that only if a PhmHealthChannelStatus is reported from the context of this Process it is considered to be this HealthChannelExternalStatus.

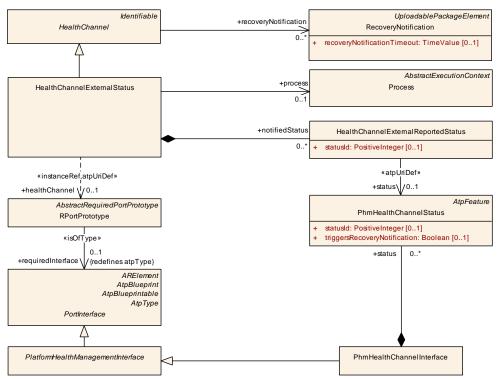


Figure 10.16: Modeling of HealthChannelExternalStatus

Class	HealthChannelExternalStatus				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement				
Note	This element defines a health channel representing the status of an external health channel.				
Base	ARObject, HealthChannel, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	PlatformHealthManagementContribution.healthChannel				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
healthChannel	RPortPrototype	01	iref	Refers to the HealthChannel.	
				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by:R PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef	
notifiedStatus	HealthChannelExternal ReportedStatus	*	aggr	This is a list of statuses which shall trigger the Recovery Notification of this HealthChannelExternalStatus.	
process	Process	01	ref	Defines the Process this Health Channel shall be monitored.	

Table 10.33: HealthChannelExternalStatus



Class	HealthChannelExternalReportedStatus				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement				
Note	This element defines a health channel representing the status of an external health channel.				
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	HealthChannelExternalStatus.notifiedStatus				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
status	PhmHealthChannel Status	01	ref	Reference to one status of a PhmHealthChannel.	
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef	
statusId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the numeric value which is used to identify the reporting of this HealthChannelExternalReportedStatus to the Phm.	

 Table 10.34: HealthChannelExternalReportedStatus

10.3.5 Recovery Notification

If Phm detects a Supervision violation or Health Channel violation then the associated RecoveryNotification at the HealthChannel is activated. This general setup is illustrated in figure 3.50. Via the RecoveryNotificationToPPortPrototypeMapping this RecoveryNotification is mapped to a dedicated PPortPrototype in the context of a dedicated Process implementing the State Management functionality.

[constr_3612]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of references recoveryNotification, recoveryAction, and process at RecoveryNotificationToPPortProto-typeMapping [The references recoveryNotification, recoveryAction, and process shall be defined for each RecoveryNotificationToPPortProto-typeMapping at the time when manifest creation is finished.]()

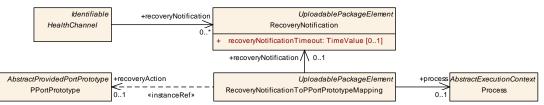


Figure 10.17: Modeling of RecoveryNotification

[constr_3613]{DRAFT} Reference to a PhmSupervisionRecoveryNotificationInterface in the context of a HealthChannelSupervision [If the RecoveryNotification is aggregated by a HealthChannelSupervision then the RecoveryNotificationToPPortPrototypeMapping shall refer to a PPortPrototype in the role recoveryAction typed by PhmSupervisionRecoveryNotificationInterface.]()

[constr_3614]{DRAFT} Reference to a PhmHealthChannelRecoveryNotificationInterface in the context of a HealthChannelExternalStatus [If the RecoveryNotification is aggregated by a HealthChannelExternalStatus then the RecoveryNotificationToPPortPrototypeMapping shall refer to a



PPortPrototype in the role recoveryAction typed by PhmHealthChannelRecoveryNotificationInterface.]()

Class	RecoveryNotification					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement					
Note	This meta-class represents a PHM action that can trigger a recovery operation inside a piece of State Management software.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=RecoveryNotifications					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
recovery Notification Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	The maximum acceptable amount of time (in seconds), Platform Health Management waits for an acknowledgement by State Management after sending the notification.		

Table 10.35: RecoveryNotification

Class	RecoveryNotificationToPPortPrototypeMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement						
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to associate a RecoveryNotification to a PPortPrototype while also being able to identify the respective Process in which the actual recovery executes.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=RecoveryNotificationMappings						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
process	Process	01	ref	Reference to the process which represents the State Management instance that the recovery notification shall be applied to.			
recoveryAction	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This reference identifies the PortPrototype to be addressed as part of a PHM recovery.			
				InstanceRef implemented by:PPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef			
recovery Notification	RecoveryNotification	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable Recovery Notification to be mapped.			

 Table 10.36:
 RecoveryNotificationToPPortPrototypeMapping

10.4 Time Synchronization Deployment

10.4.1 Overview

This chapter explains the configuration of the Time Synchronization functional cluster.

An adaptive AUTOSAR application can utilize several (synchronized) Time-Base Resources which are provided by the Time Synchronization functional cluster [14].

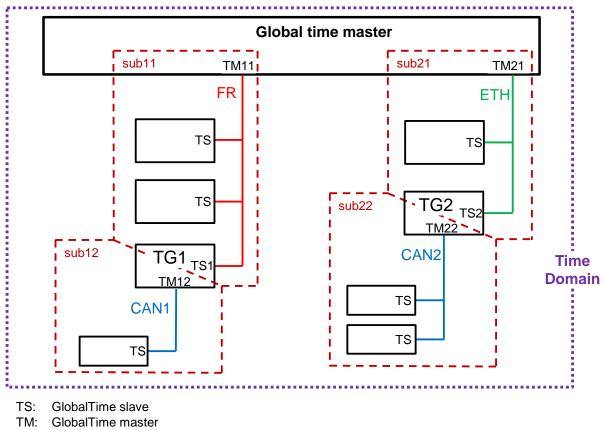


The intended interaction of an adaptive AUTOSAR application with Time Synchronization is described in chapter 3.9.

Since an adaptive Machine is usually collaborating with other Machines (adaptive) and ECUs (classic), special focus has been put on the vehicle wide definition of synchronized time.

For a detailed specification please refer to the *Global Time Synchronization* chapter in the *System Template* [19].

Figure 10.18 provides an example system view on time domains and their transportation over diverse networks. In the scope of the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* the focus is put on the Ethernet interaction with the rest of the system.



TG: GlobalTime gateway



10.4.2 Time Synchronization functional cluster configuration

The representation of the Time Synchronization functional cluster [14] within one specific Machine is defined by the TimeSyncModuleInstantiation. The Machine has the ability to define a set of moduleInstantiations, where a specialization can be the TimeSyncModuleInstantiation.



Class	TimeSyncModuleInstantiation			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::TimeSync			
Note	This meta-class defines the attributes for the Time Synchronization configuration on a specific machine.			
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable			
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
timeBase	TimeBaseResource	*	aggr	This aggregation defines the configured Time Bases for Time Synchronization

Table 10.37: TimeSyncModuleInstantiation

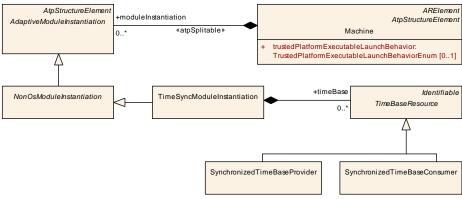


Figure 10.19: Modeling of TimeSyncModuleInstantiation

10.4.3 Time Base

The TimeSyncModuleInstantiation represents the actual instance of the Time Synchronization functional cluster executed on a specific Machine. In the scope of the TimeSyncModuleInstantiation the Time-Base Resources are defined.

[TPS_MANI_03539]{DRAFT} **Definition of Time-Base Resources** [The meta-class TimeSyncModuleInstantiation has the ability to define a set of Time-Base Resources of kind TimeBaseResource in the role timeBase.](*RS_MANI_00040*)

There are several sub types of TimeBaseResource which will be explained in the following sections.

Class	TimeBaseResource (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::TimeSync			
Note	This meta-class represents the attributes of one Time Base Resource for Time Synchronization.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Subclasses	SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer, SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider			
Aggregated by	TimeSyncModuleInstantiation.timeBase			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
_	-	-	-	-

Table 10.38: TimeBaseResource



10.4.3.1 Synchronized time base

When configuring a synchronized time base many configuration aspects are already provided by the definition of the GlobalTimeDomain and are specified in the *System Template* [19] and associated to MachineDesign.

As for the configuration of the TimeSyncModuleInstantiation the usage of the SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider respectively SynchronizedTimeBaseC-onsumer defines the interaction with the GlobalTimeDomain.

[TPS_MANI_03541]{DRAFT} **Definition of SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer** [The meta-class SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer defines a Time Base which is synchronized with a time coming from the network. With the reference SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer.networkTimeConsumer to a GlobalTimeSlave the relation to the system model is established.](*RS_MANI_00040*)

[TPS_MANI_03542]{DRAFT} **Definition of SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider** [The meta-class SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider defines a Time Base which is propagated to a time on the network. With the reference SynchronizedTimeBase-Provider.networkTimeProvider to a GlobalTimeMaster the relation to the system model is established.](*RS_MANI_00040*)

Some aspects of the Synchronized Time Base for the *provider* role are not available in the system model, those are provided with the TimeSyncCorrection.

[TPS_MANI_03543]{DRAFT} **Definition of time sync correction attributes** [The meta-class TimeSyncCorrection defines the attributes required to specify the time sync correction behavior of a SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider. The SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider aggregates the TimeSyncCorrection in the role timeSyncCorrection.] (*RS_MANI_00040*)

The synchronized global time feature also supports the definition of *offset* time domains.

[TPS_MANI_03547]{DRAFT} **Definition of** *offset* **time domains** [A GlobalTime-Domain which has a offsetTimeDomain reference defined is considered an *offset* time domain. The reference source is the *offset* time domain. The reference *target* is the synchronized time domain. |*(RS_MANI_00040)*

The offset time domain is applicable to GlobalTimeMaster (therefore also SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider) and GlobalTimeSlave (therefore also SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer).



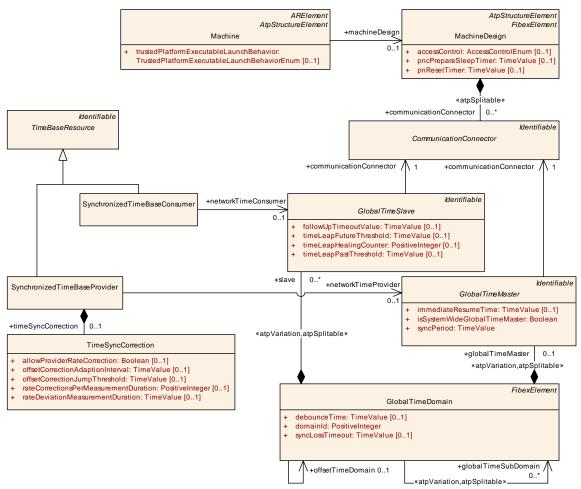


Figure 10.20: Modeling of synchronized time bases

Class	SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::TimeSync			
Note	This meta-class represent	This meta-class represents a Synchronized Time Base Consumer.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, TimeBaseResource				
Aggregated by	TimeSyncModuleInstantia	tion.timeE	Base		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
networkTime Consumer	GlobalTimeSlave	01	ref	This reference defines the GlobalTime Consumer which is synchronized with this Time Base.	

Table 10.39: SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer

[constr_10184]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer.networkTimeConsumer [For each Synchronized-TimeBaseConsumer, the reference in the role networkTimeConsumer shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



Class	SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::TimeSync		
Note	This meta-class represen	ts a Synch	ronized T	ïme Base Provider.		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, TimeBaseResource				
Aggregated by	TimeSyncModuleInstantia	ation.timeE	Base			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
networkTime Provider	GlobalTimeMaster	01	ref	This reference defines the GlobalTime Provider which is synchronized with this Time Base.		
timeSync Correction	TimeSyncCorrection	01	aggr	This aggregation defines the attributes used for the correction of time synchronization.		

 Table 10.40:
 SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider

[constr_10185]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider.networkTimeProvider [For each Synchronized-TimeBaseProvider, the reference in the role networkTimeProvider shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

Class	TimeSyncCorrection					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::TimeSync					
Note	This meta-class represe	nts the attri	butes use	ed for the correction of time synchronization.		
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	SynchronizedTimeBase	Provider.tim	neSyncCo	rrection		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
allowProvider RateCorrection	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether the rate correction value of a Time Base can be set by means of the method setRateCorrection().		
				false: rate correction cannot be set by method setRate Correction().		
				true: rate correction can be set by method setRate Correction().		
offsetCorrection AdaptionInterval	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines the interval during which the adaptive rate correction cancels out the rate and time deviation. Unit: seconds.		
offsetCorrection JumpThreshold	TimeValue	01	attr	Threshold for the correction method. Deviations below this value will be corrected by a linear reduction over a defined timespan. Values equal and greater than this value will be corrected by immediately setting the correct time and rate in form of a jump. Unit: seconds.		
rateCorrections Per Measurement Duration	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Number of simultaneous rate measurements to determine the current rate deviation.		
rateDeviation Measurement Duration	TimeValue	01	attr	Time span used to calculate the rate deviation. Unit: seconds.		

Table 10	.41: T	imeSync	Correction
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10.4.3.2 Persistent Time Base value storage

The Time Synchronization functional cluster allows to define a storage for a SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider time base. During shutdown the value of that specific



time base is stored in a PersistencyDeploymentElement (either PersistencyKeyValuePair Or PersistencyFile) and during startup the value is read from persistency and restored at the time base.

[TPS_MANI_03632]{DRAFT} Semantics of TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping [The TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping defines that the referenced SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider (TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.timeBaseProvider) time value shall be stored to persistency during shutdown and restored from persistency during startup (TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.persistencyDeploymentElement).|*(RS_MANI_00040)*

It is also possible to define a cycle in which the time base value shall be stored periodically using the attribute <code>TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.cyclicBackupInterval</code>.

[TPS_MANI_03671]{DRAFT} **Periodic storage of time base value** [The attribute TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.cyclicBackupInterval defines an interval in which the time base value shall be stored periodically to the TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.persistencyDeploy-mentElement.](*RS_MANI_00040*)

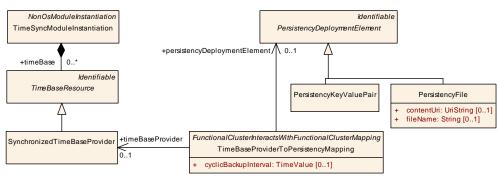


Figure 10.21: Modeling of TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping

Class	TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::TimeSync	
Note				e a mapping between a TimeBaseProvider and a see of storing and retrieving the time value.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=F	CInteracti	ons	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
cyclicBackup Interval	TimeValue	01	attr	Time interval in seconds to store the time base value periodically to persistence.	
persistency Deployment Element	PersistencyDeployment Element	01	ref	This reference represents the PersistencyDeployment Element where the time value shall be stored in and retrieved from.	
timeBase Provider	SynchronizedTimeBase Provider	01	ref	This reference represents the mapped TimeBase Provider.	

Table 10.42: TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping



[constr_3619]{DRAFT} Mandatory references of TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping [The references TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.persistencyDeploymentElement and TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.timeBaseProvider shall exist at the time when manifest creation is finished.]()

10.4.3.3 Ethernet synchronized time

As the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* supports Ethernet as communication network also the time synchronization using Ethernet is supported.

In order to configure the behavior of the Ethernet time synchronization the specific sub-classes are used as shown in figure 10.22.

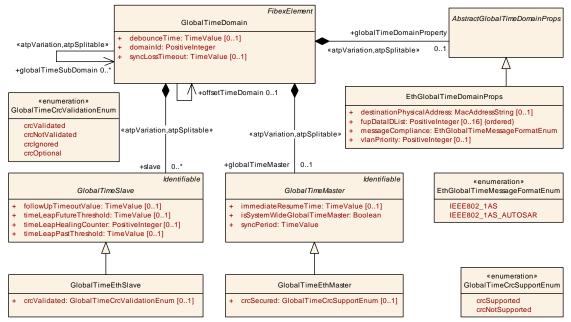


Figure 10.22: Modeling of Ethernet synchronized time

Class	EthGlobalTimeDomainProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemTe	emplate::0	GlobalTime::ETH	
Note	Enables the definition of E	thernet G	lobal Tim	e specific properties.	
Base	ARObject, AbstractGlobal	TimeDom	ainProps		
Aggregated by	GlobalTimeDomain.globalTimeDomainProperty				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
crcFlags	EthTSynCrcFlags	01	aggr	Defines the fields of the message which shall be taken into account for CRC calculation and verification.	
destination Physical Address	MacAddressString	01	attr	Defines the MAC multicast address the Ethernet time sync messages are communicated on.	
fupDataIDList (ordered)	PositiveInteger	016	attr	The DataIDList for FUP messages to calculate CRC.	



			\triangle		
Class	ss EthGlobalTimeDomainProps				
managed CouplingPort	EthGlobalTime ManagedCouplingPort	*	aggr	Collection of CouplingPorts which are managed in the scope of this Ethernet GlobalTimeDomain.	
message Compliance	EthGlobalTimeMessage FormatEnum	1	attr	Defines the compliance of the Ethernet time sync messages to specific standards.	
vlanPriority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines which VLAN priority shall be assigned to a time sync message in case the message is sent using a VLAN tag.	

Table 10.43: EthGlobalTimeDomainProps

Class	GlobalTimeEthSlave				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::GlobalTime::ETH			
Note	This represents the specia	This represents the specialization of the GlobalTimeSlave for Ethernet communication.			
Base	ARObject, GlobalTimeSlave, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	GlobalTimeDomain.slave				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
crcValidated	GlobalTimeCrc ValidationEnum	01	attr	Definition of whether or not validation of the CRC is supported.	

Table 10.44: GlobalTimeEthSlave

Class	GlobalTimeEthMaster					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::0	GlobalTime::ETH		
Note	This represents the specia	alization o	f the Glob	alTimeMaster for Ethernet communication.		
Base	ARObject, GlobalTimeMa	ARObject, GlobalTimeMaster, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	GlobalTimeDomain.globalTimeMaster					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
crcSecured	GlobalTimeCrcSupport Enum	01	attr	Definition of whether or not CRC is supported. This is only relevant for selected bus systems.		
subTlvConfig	EthTSynSubTlvConfig	01	aggr	Defines the subTLV fields which shall be included in the time sync message.		

Table 10.45: GlobalTimeEthMaster

10.4.4 Time Base to Port Prototype mapping

The TimeBaseResource definition of chapter 10.4.3 and the RPortPrototype typed by a sub-class of AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface of chapter 3.9 have to be mapped to each other in order to define the binding of application software to the platform foundation software implementing the time synchronization.

[TPS_MANI_03548]{DRAFT} **Definition of TimeSyncPortPrototypeToTime-BaseMapping** [A TimeSyncPortPrototypeToTimeBaseMapping is used to define a mapping between a TimeBaseResource and a RPortPrototype typed by a sub-class of AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface in the context of a Process.](*RS_MANI_00040*)



The TimeSyncPortPrototypeToTimeBaseMapping takes the Process into account so that every instantiation of an Executable (and the resulting instantiation of all the RPortPrototypes typed by a sub-class of AbstractSynchronizedTime-BaseInterface) can be mapped individually to TimeBaseResourceS.

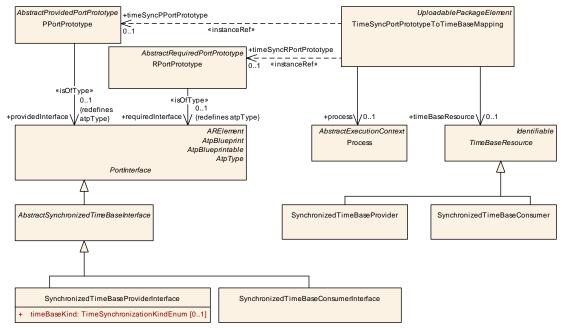


Figure 10.23: Modeling of TimeSyncPortPrototypeToTimeBaseMapping

Class	TimeSyncPortPrototypeToTimeBaseMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	s::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::TimeSync		
Note	This meta-class provide Interface to a TimeBase			PortPrototype typed by a AbstractSynchronizedTimeBase ext of a Process.		
	Tags:atp.recommended	Package=T	imeSyncF	PortPrototypeToTimeBaseMappings		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, Element, Referrable, Up			Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable ment		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
process	Process	01	ref	Reference to the context Process this mapping applies to.		
timeBase Resource	TimeBaseResource	01	ref	Reference to the mapped TimeBaseResource.		
timeSyncPPort Prototype	PPortPrototype	01	iref	Instance reference to the mapped PPortPrototype typed by a AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface.		
				InstanceRef implemented by:PPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef		
timeSyncRPort Prototype	RPortPrototype	01	iref	Instance reference to the mapped RPortPrototype typed by a AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface.		
				InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef		

Table 10.46: TimeSyncPortPrototypeToTimeBaseMapping

The example shown in figure 10.24 illustrates the mapping of RPortPrototypes typed by one of the sub-classes of AbstractSynchronizedTimeBaseInterface to actually configured TimeBaseResources at the Time Sync Management.



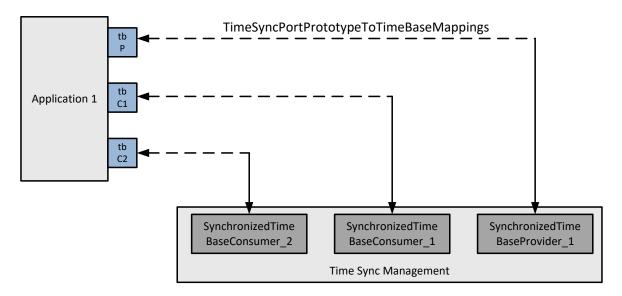


Figure 10.24: Example PortPrototype to TimeBase mapping

10.5 DoIP configuration

[TPS_MANI_03164]{DRAFT} Machine-specific configuration settings for DolP [The Machine-specific configuration settings for DolP are collected in DolpInstantiation.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	DolpInstantiation					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: Implementation	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule		
Note	This meta-class defines th	e attribute	es for the	DoIP configuration on a specific machine.		
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModul MultilanguageReferrable,			Classifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, antiation, Referrable		
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	Machine.r	noduleIns	stantiation		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
eid	PositiveUnlimitedInteger	01	attr	Configured EID (Entity ID) used for VehicleIdentification Request.		
entityStatusMax ByteFieldUse	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute is used to distinguish the optional support of the Max data size element of a diagnostic entity status response.		
gid	PositiveUnlimitedInteger	01	attr	Configured GID (Group ID) used for VehicleIdentification Request. If configured, take this value (and set "Further action required" byte to 0x00="No further action required"), if not configured use ServiceInterface Do IPGroupIdentification to retrieve GID and 'further action required' values.		
gidInvalidity Pattern	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the Byte pattern that is used for response messages if no valid GID could be retrieved. Only the value '0' or '255' is allowed.		



Class	DolpInstantiation			
logicalAddress	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Describes the logical address of the DoIP entity, which is used for VehicleAnnouncement and RoutingActivation responses.
maxRequest Bytes	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the maximum allowed bytes of a DoIP message request without the DoIP header.
network Interface	DolpNetwork Configuration	*	aggr	Network interface specific DoIP properties.
request Configuration	DolpRequest Configuration	*	aggr	Request configuration that is used to determine whether an incoming DiagnosticMessage request needs to be interpreted as PHYSICAL or FUNCTIONAL. Any request with target address not within the configured target address range will be rejected.
vinInvalidity Pattern	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the Byte pattern that is used for response messages if no valid VIN could be retrieved. Only the value '0' or '255' is allowed.

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Table	10 47.	DolpInstantiation
Table	10.47.	Doiphistantiation

[constr_10186]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DoIpInstantiation.entityStatusMaxByteFieldUse [For each DoIpInstantiation, the attribute entityStatusMaxByteFieldUse shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10187]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DoIpInstantiation.gidInvalidityPattern [For each DoIpInstantiation, the attribute gidInvalidity-Pattern shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

[constr_10188]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DoIpInstantiation.logical-Address [For each DoIpInstantiation, the attribute logicalAddress shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10189]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DolpInstantiation.maxRequestBytes [For each DolpInstantiation, the attribute maxRequest-Bytes shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10190]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DoIpInstantiation.vinInvalidityPattern [For each DoIpInstantiation, the attribute vinInvalidity-Pattern shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_3425]{DRAFT} Restriction of DoIpInstantiations on a Machine [Each Machine shall aggregate at most one DoIpInstantiation in the role moduleIn-stantiation.]()



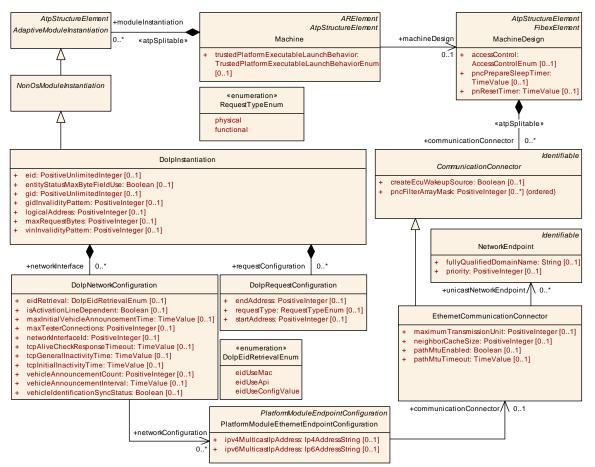


Figure 10.25: DoIP configuration

[constr_3495]{DRAFT} Supported value range for attribute DoIpInstantiation. eid [The supported value range of attribute DoIpInstantiation.eid is limited to the interval [0..281474976710655].]()

[constr_3496]{DRAFT} Supported value range for attribute DoIpInstantiation. gid [The supported value range of attribute DoIpInstantiation.gid is limited to the interval [0..281474976710655].]()

[constr_3497]{DRAFT} Supported value range for attribute DoIpInstantiation. maxRequestBytes [The supported value range of attribute DoIpInstantiation. maxRequestBytes is limited to the interval [0..4294967295].]()

[constr_3498]{DRAFT} Supported value range for attribute DoIpInstantiation. logicalAddress [The supported value range of attribute DoIpInstantiation. logicalAddress is limited to the interval [0..65535].]()

[TPS_MANI_03165]{DRAFT} Network Interface configuration for DoIP [The DoIp-NetworkConfiguration contains all configuration settings that are specific for a configured network connection. The network connection is configured with the PlatformModuleEthernetEndpointConfiguration that is referenced by the DoIp-NetworkConfiguration in the role networkConfiguration.



The tcpPort and udpPort references to the ApApplicationEndpoint are used to configure the Transport Protocol (Udp or Tcp) and the used Port number. The IP Address is configured in the NetworkEndpoint that is referenced by the Platform-ModuleEthernetEndpointConfiguration via the EthernetCommunication-Connector.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	DolpNetworkConfiguration						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation						
Note	This element collects DoIP properties that are network interface specific.						
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	DolpInstantiation.networkInterface						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	It. Kind Note				
eidRetrieval	DolpEidRetrievalEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines how Dolp Entitiy Identification is retrieved.			
isActivationLine	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether the network interface			
Dependent				 is started "on-demand" when an activation line is sensed or 			
				 is always available. 			
maxInitial Vehicle Announcement Time	TimeValue	01	attr	Upper bound for the time to wait in [s] for sending first vehicle anouncement message after IP address assignment. Represents parameter A_DoIP_Announce_ Wait of ISO 13400-2:2012. The value of this timing shall be determined randomly in the closed interval [0max InitialVehicleAnnouncementTime].			
maxTester Connections	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum amount of tester connections that shall be maintained at one time before alive check is performed.			
network Configuration	PlatformModule EthernetEndpoint Configuration	*	ref	Network configuration (Protocol, Port, IP Address) for transmission of DoIP messages on a specific VLAN.			
network InterfaceId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the identifier for the DoIPInterface.			
tcpAliveCheck Response Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	Timeout in [s] for waiting for a response to an Alive Check request before the connection is considered to be disconnected. Represents parameter T_TCP_AliveCheck of ISO 13400-2:2012.			
tcpGeneral InactivityTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Timeout in [s] for maximum inactivity of a TCP socket connection before the DoIP module will close the according socket connection. Represents parameter T_ TCP_General_Inactivity of ISO 13400-2:2012.			
tcpInitial InactivityTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Timeout in [s] used for initial inactivity of a connected TCP socket connection directly after socket connection. Represents parameter T_TCP_Initial_Inactivity of ISO 13400-2:2012.			
vehicle Announcement Count	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Number of vehicle announcement messages on IP address assignment. Represents parameter A_DoIP_ Announce_Num of ISO 13400-2:2012.			
vehicle Announcement Interval	TimeValue	01	attr	Time to wait in [s] for sending subsequent vehicle anouncement messages. Represents parameter A_Do IP_Announce_Interval of ISO 13400-2:2012.			
vehicle Identification SyncStatus	Boolean	01	attr	Defines if the optional VIN/GID synchronization status is used additionally in the vehicle identification/ announcement.			

Table 10.48: DolpNetworkConfiguration



[constr_10191]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration. isActivationLineDependent [For each DoIpNetworkConfiguration, the attribute isActivationLineDependent shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10192]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration. maxInitialVehicleAnnouncementTime [For each DoIpNetworkConfiguration, the attribute maxInitialVehicleAnnouncementTime shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10193]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration.maxTesterConnections [For each DoIpNetworkConfiguration, the attribute maxTesterConnections shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

[constr_3734]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of reference in the role DoIpNetworkConfiguration.networkConfiguration [In the context of DoIpNetwork-Configuration, the reference in the role networkConfiguration shall exist at most once at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10194]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration. networkInterfaceId [For each DoIpNetworkConfiguration, the attribute networkInterfaceId shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

[constr_10195]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration.vehicleIdentificationSyncStatus [For each DoIpNetworkConfiguration, the attribute vehicleIdentificationSyncStatus shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

Class	PlatformModuleEthernetEndpointConfiguration					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation					
Note	This meta-class defines th communication on a VLAN		es for the	configuration of a port, protocol type and IP address of the		
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=P	latformMo	oduleEndpointConfigurations		
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, PlatformModuleEndpointConfiguration, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
communication Connector	EthernetCommunication Connector	01	ref	Reference to the CommunicationConnector (VLAN) for which the network configuration is defined.		
ipv4MulticastIp Address	Ip4AddressString	01	attr	Multicast IPv4 Address to which the message will be transmitted.		
ipv6MulticastIp Address	Ip6AddressString	01	attr	Multicast IPv6 Address to which the message will be transmitted.		
tcpPort	ApApplicationEndpoint	01	ref	This reference allows to configure a tcp port number.		
udpPort	ApApplicationEndpoint	01	ref	This reference allows to configure a udp port number.		

 Table 10.49: PlatformModuleEthernetEndpointConfiguration



Please note that it is possible to define several networkInterfaces in a DoIpInstantiation. For each network connection individual configuration settings can be set with the attributes that are defined in the DoIpNetworkConfiguration element, e.g. it is possible to configure the vehicle announcement for different network connections differently.

[TPS_MANI_03294]{DRAFT} Semantics of DolpNetworkConfiguration.eidRetrieval [If DolpNetworkConfiguration.eidRetrieval is set to:

- eidUseConfigValue, then take the value from DoIpInstantiation.eid
- eidUseApi, then DoIpInstantiation.eid shall be ignored and the API DiagnosticDoIPEntityIdentification shall be used to retrieve the eid
- eidUseMac, then DoIpInstantiation.eid shall be ignored and the MAC shall be taken as as the eid

](*RS_MANI_00023*)

[constr_5343]{DRAFT} Usage of DolpNetworkConfiguration.eidRetrieval [If DolpNetworkConfiguration.eidRetrieval is set to eidUseConfigValue then DolpInstantiation.eid shall exist and a value shall be assigned to it at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[TPS_MANI_03218]{DRAFT} **Default value for the attribute tcpInitialInactivityTime of meta-class DoIpNetworkConfiguration** [If no value for the attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration.tcpInitialInactivityTime is defined then the default value of 2 seconds shall be assumed.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

[TPS_MANI_03219]{DRAFT} **Default value for the attribute tcpGeneralInactivityTime of meta-class DoIpNetworkConfiguration** [If no value for the attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration.tcpGeneralInactivityTime is defined then the default value of 300 seconds shall be assumed.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

[TPS_MANI_03220]{DRAFT} **Default value for the attribute vehicleAnnouncementCount of meta-class DoIpNetworkConfiguration** [If no value for the attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration.vehicleAnnouncementCount is defined then the default value of 3 shall be assumed.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

[TPS_MANI_03221]{DRAFT} **Default value for the attribute vehicleAnnouncementInterval of meta-class DoIpNetworkConfiguration** [If no value for the attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration.vehicleAnnouncementInterval is defined then the default value of 0,5 seconds shall be assumed.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

[TPS_MANI_03222]{DRAFT} **Default value for the attribute tcpAliveCheckResponseTimeout of meta-class DoIpNetworkConfiguration** [If no value for the attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration.tcpAliveCheckResponseTimeout is defined then the default value of 0,5 seconds shall be assumed.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

During vehicle discovery the DoIP module responds by informing the tester about its own address, configured as the logicalAddress. The tester will approach the ECU



under this UDS target address, thus the ECU should have a SoftwareCluster that is configured to respond to this UDS target address.

The list of available target addresses may or may not be obtainable from the Soft-wareCluster with the logicalAddress.

In some cases, this SoftwareCluster may have the ability to inform the tester which other existing physical and/or logical addresses are available.

Class	DolpRequestConfiguration						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: Implementation	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation					
Note	This meta-class specifies functional request.	This meta-class specifies a range of target addresses and its interpretation as either physical or functional request.					
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	DolpInstantiation.request	Configurat	ion				
Attribute	Туре	Mult. Kind Note					
endAddress	PositiveInteger	01	attr	End address for range of target-addresses (including this address).			
requestType	RequestTypeEnum	01 attr Determines the type of request.					
startAddress	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Start address for range of target-addresses (including this address).			

Table 10.50: DolpRequestConfiguration

[constr_10197]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DoIpRequestConfiguration. endAddress [For each DoIpRequestConfiguration, the attribute endAddress shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10198]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DoIpRequestConfiguration.requestType [For each DoIpRequestConfiguration, the attribute requestType shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10199]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DoIpRequestConfiguration. startAddress [For each DoIpRequestConfiguration, the attribute startAddress shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_3492]{DRAFT} DoIpInstantiation.logicalAddress shall be defined as member in the DoIpRequestConfiguration [The DoIpInstantiation. logicalAddress shall be a member of the intervals of available physical addresses configured for the DoIpInstantiation in the requestConfiguration. ()

On top of that, there is the expectation that the configured diagnosticDeployment-Props.diagnosticAddresses of SoftwareClusters deployed to the Machine fit to the intervals defined in the context of the DoIpInstantiation in the request-Configuration.

Please note that the DoIpRequestConfiguration corresponds to Table 39 that is defined in ISO-13400-2 [22].



[constr_3499]{DRAFT} **Supported value range for attribute DolpRequest-Configuration.startAddress** [The supported value range of attribute DolpRequestConfiguration.startAddress is limited to the interval [0..65535].] ()

[constr_5000]{DRAFT} Supported value range for attribute DoIpRequestConfiguration.endAddress [The supported value range of attribute DoIpRequest-Configuration.endAddress is limited to the interval [0..65535].]()

[constr_3414]{DRAFT} Allowed usage of PlatformModuleEthernetEndpoint-Configuration attributes that are allowed to be used to configure the network communication in the different platform modules [

	Element				
PlatformModuleEthernetEnd- pointConfiguration attributes	Usage in DoIpInstantiation	Usage in DltLogSink			
tcpPort	Optional	Optional			
udpPort	Optional	Optional			
ipv4MulticastIpAddress	N/A	N/A			
ipv6MulticastIpAddress	N/A	N/A			
communicationConnector	Mandatory	Mandatory			

]()

10.6 Log and Trace module configuration

The Log and Trace functionality in AUTOSAR supports the monitoring of applications and provides means to forward logging information onto the communication bus, the console, or to the file system.



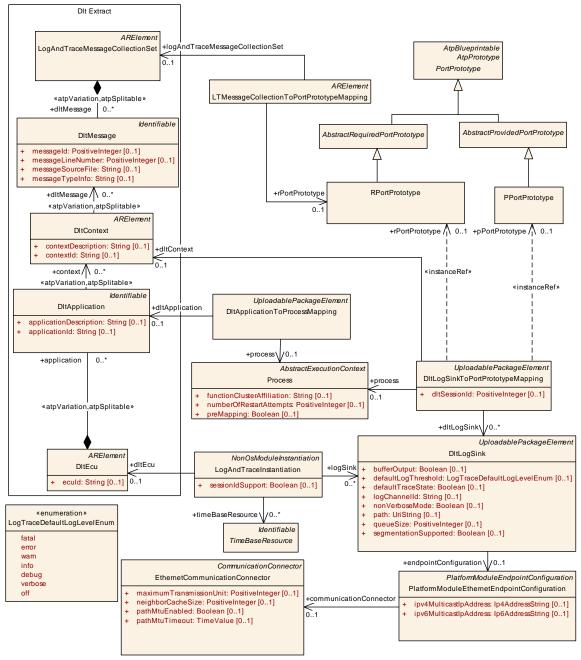


Figure 10.26: Log and Trace module configuration

The logging information is put into a standardized delivery and presentation format that is described in more detail in the Log and Trace Protocol specification [23]. The format contains meta-data that identifies for example the application that produces the logging information.

This chapter describes settings that are available in the Machine Manifest to configure the logging framework and defines the relation between the application design and the deployment model.



Please note that the modeling elements described in this chapter are using elements from the Log And Trace Extract Template that defines a AUTOSAR platform independent format for description of log and trace messages and the source that produces these log and trace messages.

10.6.1 Log and trace deployment

[TPS_MANI_03162]{DRAFT} Machine-specific configuration settings for the Log and Trace functional cluster [The Machine-specific configuration settings for the Log and Trace functional cluster are collected in LogAndTraceInstantiation.] (RS_MANI_00023)

[TPS_MANI_03282]{DRAFT} Assignment of a DIt Ecu Identifier to a LogAndTraceInstantiation [The Machine is represented in the Log And Trace Extract by the DItEcu that is referenced from the LogAndTraceInstantiation in the role dltEcu. The referenced DItEcu defines the ecuId that is transported in the standard header of the log and trace message.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	LogAndTraceInstantiation						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::LogAndTrace						
Note	This meta-class defines the	ne attribute	es for the	Log&Trace configuration on a specific machine.			
Base		ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable					
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	Machine.r	noduleIns	stantiation			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	t. Kind Note				
dltEcu	DItEcu	01	ref	Reference to the Ecu representation in the Log And Trace Extract.			
logSink	DltLogSink	*	ref	Reference to output sinks for log or trace messages that are produced on the Machine.			
sessionId Support	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether the sessionId is used or not.			
timeBase Resource	TimeBaseResource	*	ref	This reference is used to describe to which time base the Log and Trace module has access. From the Time Base Resource the Log and Trace module gets the needed information to generate the time stamp.			

[constr_5275]{DRAFT} **Existence of LogAndTraceInstantiation.dltEcu** [For each LogAndTraceInstantiation the reference to DltEcu in the role dltEcu shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[Constr_5276]{DRAFT} **Existence of LogAndTraceInstantiation.logSink** [Each LogAndTraceInstantiation shall reference at least one DltLogSink in the role logSink at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_3729]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of reference in the role LogAndTrace-Instantiation.timeBaseResource [In the context of LogAndTraceInstantiation, the reference in the role timeBaseResource shall exist at most once at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. (/)



[TPS_MANI_03274]{DRAFT} **Configuration of log and trace sinks** [The output sinks for log or trace messages that are produced on the Machine are defined by Dlt-LogSinks that are referenced in the role logSink from the LogAndTraceInstan-tiation.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	DItLogSink							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::LogAndTrace							
Note	The meta-class defines the output sink for DltLogMessages							
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DltLogSinks							
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
bufferOutput	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether a buffer is used in case that the output sink is the console.				
defaultLog Threshold	LogTraceDefaultLog LevelEnum	01	attr	This attribute allows to set a log level Threshold for Log Level filtering.				
defaultTrace State	Boolean	01	attr	This attributes defines the default trace status.				
endpoint Configuration	PlatformModule EthernetEndpoint Configuration	01	ref	Network configuration (Protocol, Port, IP Address) for transmission of dlt messages on a specific VLAN.				
logChannelld	String	01	attr	This attribute identifies the LogChannel for usage within the Log And Trace protocol.				
nonVerbose Mode	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether this DltLogSink supports non-Verbose Dlt messages. If disabled only verbose mode messages shall be used.				
path	UriString	01	attr	This attribute defines the path to the file that is used as output sink.				
queueSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Length of the queue (in which messages can be stored before processing) in the unit "Log message".				
segmentation Supported	Boolean	01	attr	If enabled, segmentation will be used for DLT messages that are larger than EthernetCommunication Connector.maximumTransmissionUnit referenced via Dlt LogSink.endpointConfiguration.				

Table 10.52: DltLogSink

Enumeration	LogTraceDefaultLogLevelEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Dlt			
Note	This enum defines available log&trace log levels that may be used to define the severity level of a log message.			
Aggregated by	DltLogChannel.logTraceDefaultLogThreshold, DltLogSink.defaultLogThreshold			
Literal	Description			
debug	Detailed information for programmers			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4			
error	Error with impact to correct functionality			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			
fatal	Fatal error			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			

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Enumeration	LogTraceDefaultLogLevelEnum
info	High level information
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3
off	logging is turned off
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=6
verbose	Verbose debug message
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=5
warn	Warning if correct behavior cannot be ensured
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2

 \wedge

Table 10.53: LogTraceDefaultLogLevelEnum

[TPS_MANI_03283]{DRAFT} **Standardized values for attribute DltLogSink.cat-egory** [AUTOSAR reserves the following values for attribute DltLogSink.cate-gory:

- DLT_LOGSINK_REMOTE
- DLT_LOGSINK_DLT
- DLT_LOGSINK_FILE
- DLT_LOGSINK_CONSOLE

(RS_MANI_00023)

[TPS_MANI_02384]{DRAFT} **DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_REMOTE** [DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_REMOTE provides means to forward logging information to a Dlt log channel defined by logChannelId.](*RS_MANI_-*00023)

[TPS_MANI_02385]{DRAFT} **DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_DLT** [DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_DLT provides means to forward logging information onto on a specific VLAN configured by endpointConfiguration via a Dlt log channel defined by logChannelId.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

[TPS_MANI_02386]{DRAFT} **DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_FILE** [DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_FILE provides means to forward log-ging information to a file in path of a file system.] (*RS_MANI_00023*)

[TPS_MANI_02387]{DRAFT} **DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_CON-SOLE** [DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_CONSOLE provides means to forward logging information to the console.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

[TPS_MANI_03163]{DRAFT} Network configuration for Log and Trace messages [The output channel on Ethernet for Log and Trace messages is configured with the PlatformModuleEthernetEndpointConfiguration that is referenced by the DltLogSink in the role endpointConfiguration. The attributes tcpPort and udpPort are used to configure the Transport Protocol (Udp or Tcp) and the used Port number. The IP Address is configured in the NetworkEndpoint that is referenced



by the PlatformModuleEthernetEndpointConfiguration via the Ethernet-CommunicationConnector.](RS_MANI_00023)

[constr_5277]{DRAFT} applicable DltLogSink categorys vs. DltLogSink attributes [

Category		App	olica	ble	to	
	DltLogSink.logChannelId	DltLogSink.endpointConfiguration	DltLogSink.path	DltLogSink.bufferOutput	DltLogSink.nonVerboseMode	DltLogSink.segmentationSupported
DLT_LOGSINK_REMOTE	х					
DLT_LOGSINK_DLT	х	х			х	x
DLT_LOGSINK_FILE			x			
DLT_LOGSINK_CONSOLE				x		

]()

[constr_5278]{DRAFT} DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_REMOTE is only allowed to be referenced by DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping [Dlt-LogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_REMOTE shall not be referenced by LogAndTraceInstantiation in the role logSink.]()

[constr_5279]{DRAFT} DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_DLT is only allowed to be referenced by LogAndTraceInstantiation [DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_DLT shall not be referenced by DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping in the role dltLogSink.]()

[constr_5281]{DRAFT} Existence of DltLogSink.defaultTraceState [For each DltLogSink, attribute defaultTraceState shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

10.6.2 Relation between design and deployment

The relation between the DltLogSink and applications that are monitored and are producing the logging information is created with the DltLogSinkToPortProto-typeMapping.

[TPS_MANI_02388]{DRAFT} Semantics of DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping [Meta-class DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping has the ability to map



a specific PortPrototype referenced in the role rPortPrototype or pPortPrototype to a DltLogSink referenced in the role dltLogSink. The dltContext reference to the DltContext that is defined in the Log And Trace Extract defines the relationship to DltMessages that the application produces.

The mapping also comprises a reference to meta-class Process in order to accommodate for the fact that identical combinations of DltLogSink and PortPrototype may or may not apply for a given Process that represents the enclosing Executable at runtime. |(*RS_MANI_00023*)

[constr_5282]{DRAFT} Existence of DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping. process [Each DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping Shall reference a Process in the role process at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_5283]{DRAFT} Existence of DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping. dltLogSink [Each DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping shall reference at least one DltLogSink in the role dltLogSink at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_5284]{DRAFT} Existence of DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping. dltContext [Each DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping shall reference a DltContext in the role dltContext at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. (/)

[constr_5285]{DRAFT} Existence of PortPrototype references in DltLogSink-ToPortPrototypeMapping [Each DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping shall reference exactly one PortPrototype in the role rPortPrototype or pPort-Prototype at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

Class	DItLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::LogAndTrace		
Note	This meta-class maps a I	PortPrototy	pe to an o	output sink of a log and trace message.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedF	ackage=D	ltLogSink	ToPortPrototypeMappings		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable, Upl			Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable ment		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind Note			
dltContext	DltContext	01	ref	Assignement of the DltContext that groups log and trace messages that will be transmitted to the DltLogSink.		
dltLogSink	DltLogSink	*	ref	Reference to the output sink to which the log or trace message will be transmitted,		
dltSessionId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute allows distinguishing log/trace messages from different instances of the same SW-C.		
pPortPrototype	PPortPrototype	01	iref	Reference to PPortPrototype that is mapped to the DltLog Sink.		
				InstanceRef implemented by:PPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef		



Δ					
Class	DItLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping				
process	Process	01	ref	This reference represents the process required as context for the mapping.	
rPortPrototype	RPortPrototype	01	iref	Reference to RPortPrototype that is mapped to a DltLog Sink	
				InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef	

[constr_5286]{DRAFT} Restriction applicable for DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping.rPortPrototype [The reference DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping.rPortPrototype shall only be used for a RPortPrototype typed by a LogAndTraceInterface or by a ServiceInterface.]()

[constr_5287]{DRAFT} Restriction applicable for DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping.pPortPrototype [The reference DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping.pPortPrototype shall only be used for a PPortPrototype typed by a ServiceInterface.]()

With the possibility to map a DltLogSink to a PortPrototype typed by a ServiceInterface it is possible to describe the ara::com communication that is monitored by Log And Trace.

[TPS_MANI_03286]{DRAFT} Assignment of DltApplication to a Process [Meta-class DltApplicationToProcessMapping has the ability to map a specific DltApplication that defines the applicationId used in the Log And Trace Protocol to a Process.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

[constr_5292]{DRAFT} Assigned dltSessionId shall be consistent for the same PortPrototype [If several DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMappings are referencing the same PortPrototype in the role rPortPrototype Or pPortPrototype then the value for the dltSessionId in all these DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMappings shall be the same.]()

Class	DItApplicationToProces	sMapping	I		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::LogAndTrace				
Note	This element assigns a DItApplicationId to a Process.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	Package=DItApplicationToProcessMappings			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
dltApplication	DItApplication	01	ref	Reference to a DItApplication that defines the application Id	
process	Process	01	ref	Reference to the process that is assigned to a Log And Trace applicationId.	



[constr_5288]{DRAFT} Existence of process reference in DltApplicationTo-ProcessMapping [Each DltApplicationToProcessMapping shall reference a Process in the role process at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_5289]{DRAFT} Existence of dltApplication reference in DltApplicationToProcessMapping [Each DltApplicationToProcessMapping shall reference a DltApplication in the role dltApplication at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

10.7 Network Management configuration

10.7.1 UDP Network Management

[TPS_MANI_03166]{DRAFT} Machine-specific configuration settings for NM module [The Machine-specific configuration settings for Nm are collected in NmIn-stantiation.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

[TPS_MANI_03226]{DRAFT} Collection of partialNetworks and VLANs in NmNetworkHandle [The NmNetworkHandle element is used to describe a collection of partialNetworks and vlans that can be controlled collectively by the State Management.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

The UdpNmCluster with all included UdpNmNodes is described in the System design model. With the reference NmNode.machine the relation between the System design model and the NmInstantiation on a Machine is established.

Typically, the System design model is provided by an OEM that defines the network configuration and provides all configuration settings that are relevant for a network management cluster to an integrator. The NM configuration options that will typically be set by an Integrator are collected in the NmInstantiation element. The Machine Manifest delivery to configure UdpNm consists of both, the NmInstantiation settings together with the UdpNmCluster and UdpNmNode settings.

The NmConfig element is a wrapper that contains all network management specific configuration settings in the System model.



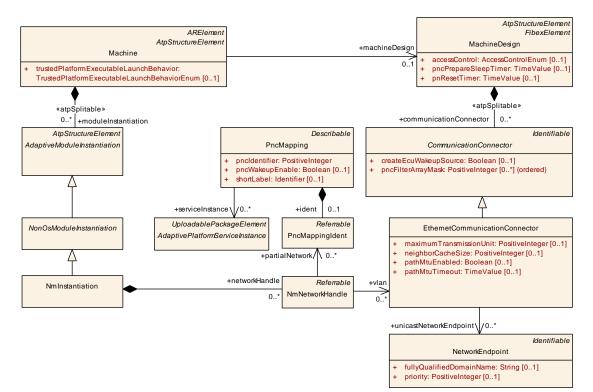


Figure 10.27: Network configuration for Nm

Class	NmInstantiation			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation			
Note	This meta-class defines th	e attribute	es for the	Nm configuration on a specific machine.
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable			
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
networkHandle	NmNetworkHandle	*	aggr	Supported NmNetworkHandles used to control Partial Network Clusters/VLANs.

Table 10.56: NmInstantiation

Class	NmNetworkHandle				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation				
Note	Group of partialNetworks	and/or VL	ANs that	can be controlled collectively.	
Base	ARObject, Referrable	ARObject, Referrable			
Aggregated by	NmInstantiation.networkHandle				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
partialNetwork	PncMappingIdent	*	ref	Reference to a Partial Network that is included in the Nm NetworkHandle.	
vlan	EthernetCommunication Connector	*	ref	Reference to a VLAN that is included in the NmNetwork Handle.	

Table 10.57: NmNetworkHandle



AUTOSAR Adaptive Network Management is based on periodic NM messages, which are received by all UdpNmNodes in the UdpNmCluster via multicast. Reception of NM packets indicates that sending UdpNmNodes want to keep the UdpNmCluster awake.

If any node is ready to go to sleep mode, it stops sending NM messages, but as long as NM packets from other UdpNmNodes are received, it postpones transition to sleep mode.

[TPS_MANI_03167]{DRAFT} **Network configuration for Nm** [The UDP multicast connection over which Network Management messages are transported is configured with the UdpNmNetworkConfiguration that is aggregated by the UdpNm-Cluster in the role networkConfiguration. The attribute udpPort is used to configure the port number over which the Nm message is transmitted and received. The IP Address is configured either by ipv4MulticastIpAddress or ipv6MulticastIpAddress.] (*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	UdpNmNetworkConfiguration					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SystemDesign					
Note	This meta-class defines the attributes for the configuration of a UDP port and UDP multicast IP address of the Nm communication on a VLAN.					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	UdpNmCluster.networkCo	onfiguratio	n			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
ipv4MulticastIp Address	Ip4AddressString	01	attr	Multicast IPv4 Address to which the message will be transmitted.		
ipv6MulticastIp Address	Ip6AddressString	01	attr	Multicast IPv6 Address to which the message will be transmitted		
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the VLAN frame priority for messages on the Socket defined by the udpPort and the multicast IP address. Values from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest) are allowed.		
udpPort	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute allows to configure a udp port number that is used for reception and transmission of UdpNm messages.		

Table 10.58: UdpNmNetworkConfiguration



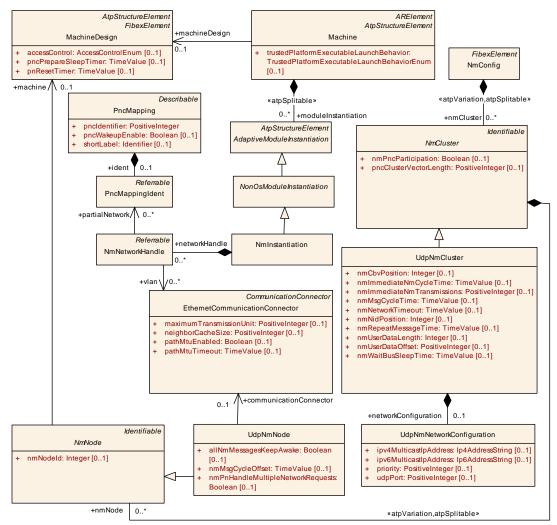


Figure 10.28: NM Cluster configuration

[TPS_MANI_03279]{DRAFT} **Priority of Nm messages** [The attribute priority in the UdpNmNetworkConfiguration can be used to assign a VLAN priority to Network Management messages that are transmitted over the Socket defined by the UdpNmNetworkConfiguration.udpPort and ipv4MulticastIpAddress or ipv6MulticastIpAddress.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

[constr_3419]{DRAFT} Allowed usage of UdpNmNetworkConfiguration attributes [The UdpNmNetworkConfiguration that is aggregated by UdpNmCluster in the role networkConfiguration shall have either

- ipv4MulticastIpAddress Or
- ipv6MulticastIpAddress.

]()



Class	NmConfig					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::NetworkManagement				
Note	Contains the all configura	Contains the all configuration elements for AUTOSAR Nm.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=NmConfigs					
Base	ARObject, CollectableEle Element, Referrable	ARObject, CollectableElement, FibexElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
nmCluster	NmCluster	*	aggr	Collection of NM Clusters		
				atpVariation: Derived, because cluster can be variable.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=nmCluster.shortName, nmCluster.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild		

Table 10.59: NmConfig

Class	NmCluster (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::NetworkManagement					
Note	Set of NM nodes coordina	ated with u	se of the	NM algorithm.		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable		
Subclasses	CanNmCluster, FlexrayN	mCluster,	UdpNmCl	luster		
Aggregated by	NmConfig.nmCluster					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
communication Cluster	CommunicationCluster	01	ref	Association to a CommunicationCluster in the topology description.		
nmNode	NmNode	*	aggr	Collection of NmNodes of the NmCluster.		
				atpVariation: Derived, because NmNode can be variable.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=nmNode.shortName, nmNode.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild		
nmPnc Participation	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether this NmCluster contributes to the partial network mechanism.		
pncCluster VectorLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Optionally defines the length of the PNC Vector per CommunicationCluster (and VLAN in case of UdpNm). If not defined then System.pncVectorLength applies.		
				Should only make the PNC Vector shorter (or same length as defined in System.pncVectorLength).		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft		

Table 10.60: NmCluster

Class	UdpNmCluster			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::NetworkManagement			
Note	Udp specific NmCluster attributes			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NmCluster, Referrable			
Aggregated by	NmConfig.nmCluster			

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Class	UdpNmCluster						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
network Configuration	UdpNmNetwork Configuration	01	aggr	Configuration of a UDP port and UDP multicast IP address of the Nm communication on a VLAN.			
			aggr attr attr attr attr attr attr attr	Tags:atp.Status=draft			
nmCbvPosition	Integer	01	attr	Defines the position of the control bit vector within the Nn Pdu (Byte position). If this attribute is not configured, the Control Bit Vector is not used.			
nmImmediate NmCycleTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines the immediate NmPdu cycle time in seconds which is used for nmImmediateNmTransmissions NmPdu transmissions. This attribute is only valid if nmImmediate NmTransmissions is greater one.			
nmImmediate Nm Transmissions	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the number of immediate NmPdus which shall be transmitted. If the value is zero no immediate NmPdus are transmitted. The cycle time of immediate NmPdus is defined by nmImmediateNmCycleTime.			
nmMsgCycle Time	TimeValue	01	attr	Period of a NmPdu in seconds. It determines the periodic rate in the periodic transmission mode with bus load reduction and is the basis for transmit scheduling in the periodic transmission mode without bus load reduction.			
nmNetwork Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	Network Timeout for NmPdus in seconds. It denotes the time how long the UdpNm shall stay in the Network Mode before transition into Prepare Bus-Sleep Mode shall take place.			
nmNidPosition	Integer	01	attr	Defines the byte position of the source node identifier within the NmPdu. If this attribute is not configured, the Node Identification is not used.			
nmRepeat MessageTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Timeout for Repeat Message State in seconds. Defines the time how long the NM shall stay in the Repeat Message State.			
nmUserData Length	Integer	01	attr	Defines the length in bytes of the user data contained in the Nm message. User data excludes the PNC bit vector.			
nmUserData Offset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the offset (in bytes) of the user data information in the NM message. User data excludes the PNC bit vector.			
				Tags:atp.Status=draft			
nmWaitBus SleepTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Timeout for bus calm down phase in seconds. It denotes the time how long the CanNm shall stay in the Prepare Bus-Sleep Mode before transition into Bus-Sleep Mode shall take place.			
vlan	EthernetPhysical Channel	01	ref	Reference to the vlan (represented by the Ethernet PhysicalChannel) this UdpNmCluster shall apply to.			

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Table 10.61: UdpNmCluster

Class	NmNode (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemT	emplate::N	NetworkManagement
Note	The linking of NmEcus to	NmCluste	rs is realiz	zed via the NmNodes.
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Subclasses	CanNmNode, FlexrayNmNode, UdpNmNode			
Aggregated by	NmCluster.nmNode			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			



			\bigtriangleup	
Class	NmNode (abstract)			
machine	MachineDesign	01	ref	Reference to the machine that contains the NmNode.
				Tags:atp.Status=draft
nmNodeld	Integer	01	attr	Node identifier of local NmNode. Shall be unique in the NmCluster.

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Table 10.62: NmNode

Class	UdpNmNode				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemTe	emplate::I	NetworkManagement	
Note	Udp specific NM Node attr	ributes.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ıltilanguag	geReferra	ble, NmNode, Referrable	
Aggregated by	NmCluster.nmNode				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
allNmMessages	Boolean	01	attr	Specifies if Nm drops irrelevant NM PDUs.	
KeepAwake				false: Only NM PDUs with a Partial Network Information Bit (PNI) = true and containing a Partial Network request for this ECU trigger the standard RX indication handling and thus keep the ECU awake	
				true: Every NM PDU triggers the standard RX indication handling and keeps the ECU awake	
communication Connector	EthernetCommunication Connector	01	ref	Reference to the CommunicationConnector that represents the UdpNmNode in the topology description.	
				Tags:atp.Status=draft	
nmMsgCycle Offset	TimeValue	01	attr	Node specific time offset in the periodic transmission node. It determines the start delay of the transmission. Specified in seconds.	
nmPnHandle MultipleNetwork Requests	Boolean	01	attr	Specifies if NM performs an additional transition from Network Mode to Repeat Message State (true) or not (false).	



10.7.2 Relation between Function Group states and Network Handles

[TPS_MANI_01343]{DRAFT} **Relation between Function Group States and** NmNetworkHandle [An essential part of the network management on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform is the understanding which Function Group State requires network access. This relation can be expressed by means of meta-class NmHandleTo-FunctionGroupStateMapping.] (RS MANI 00023)

The relation between Function Group States and network handles is in principle bi-directional, i.e. the following use cases exist for the creation of an NmHandleTo-FunctionGroupStateMapping:

• The application software wants to indicate which Function Group States require network access. This means that attribute mappingDirection of the first NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping shall be set to NmHandleMappingDirectionEnum.functionGroupStateToNmHandle.



- The application software wants to indicate which Function Group State shall be set if the network goes down. This means that attribute mappingDirection shall be set to NmHandleMappingDirectionEnum.nmHandleInactiveTo-FunctionGroupState.
- The application software wants to indicate which Function Group State shall be set if the network goes up. This means that attribute mappingDirection shall be set to NmHandleMappingDirectionEnum.nmHandleAc-tiveToFunctionGroupState.

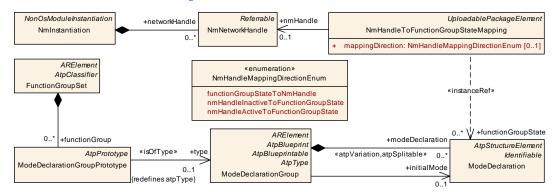


Figure 10.29: Mapping between NmNetworkHandle and Function Group States

Class	NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to create a mapping between an NmNetworkHandle and a collection of function group states. This way, the impact of function groups on the network management can be specified.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMappings				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
functionGroup State	ModeDeclaration	*	iref	This reference identifies the collection of function group states in the context of the mapping.	
	InstanceRef implemented by:FunctionGroupStateIr FunctionGroupSetInstanceRef				
mapping Direction	NmHandleMapping DirectionEnum	01	attr	This attribute describes the direction of the mapping.	
nmHandle	NmNetworkHandle	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable NmNetwork Handle in the context of the mapping.	

Table 10.64: NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping

Enumeration	NmHandleMappingDirectionEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation
Note	This enumeration provides direction values for the mapping of NM handles to function group states.
Aggregated by	NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping.mappingDirection



Enumeration	NmHandleMappingDirectionEnum				
Literal	Description				
functionGroupState	The purpose of the mapping is to indicate which function group state requires network access.				
ToNmHandle	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0				
nmHandleActiveTo FunctionGroupState	The purpose of the mapping is to indicate that the function group shall be switched to a given state if the network handle becomes active.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2				
nmHandleInactive ToFunctionGroup	The purpose of the mapping is to indicate that the function group shall be switched to a given state if the network handle becomes inactive.				
State	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1				

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Table 10.65: NmHandleMappingDirectionEnum

[TPS_MANI_01365]{DRAFT} Semantics of attribute NmHandleToFunction-GroupStateMapping.mappingDirection set to functionGroupState-ToNmHandle [If the attribute NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping. mappingDirection is set to the value NmHandleMappingDirectionEnum. functionGroupStateToNmHandle, then the semantics of the NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping is that the referenced nmHandle is requested to become active if the Function Group to which the referenced functionGroupState belongs to is switched to the referenced Function Group State, formalized by meta-class ModeDeclaration.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Please note that the multiplicity of the reference NmHandleToFunctionGroup-StateMapping.functionGroupState allows for the creation of a "shortcut" such that several Function Group States can simultaneously be indicated as requiring communication in the context of a single NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping, as depicted in Figure 10.30.

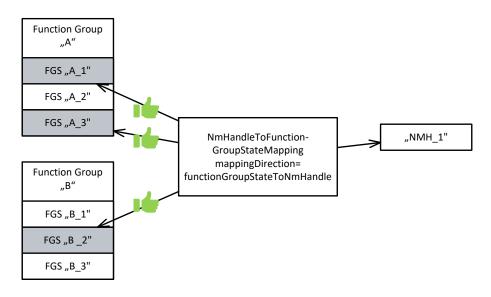


Figure 10.30: Mapping from Function Group to NM handle



[TPS_MANI_01366]{DRAFT} Semantics of attribute NmHandleToFunction-GroupStateMapping.mappingDirection Set to nmHandleInactiveToFunctionGroupState [If the attribute NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping. mappingDirection is set to the value NmHandleMappingDirectionEnum. nmHandleInactiveToFunctionGroupState, then the semantics of the NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping is that if the referenced nmHandle becomes inactive, the Function Group to which the referenced functionGroupState belongs to is switched to the referenced Function Group State, formalized by metaclass ModeDeclaration.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

[TPS_MANI_01367]{DRAFT} Semantics of attribute NmHandleToFunction-GroupStateMapping.mappingDirection set to nmHandleActiveToFunctionGroupState [If the attribute NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping. mappingDirection is set to the value NmHandleMappingDirectionEnum. nmHandleActiveToFunctionGroupState, then the semantics of the NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping is that if the referenced nmHandle becomes active, the function group to which the referenced functionGroupState belongs to is switched to the referenced Function Group State, formalized by meta-class ModeDeclaration.] (*RS_MANI_00023*)

It is important to note that the mapping from NM Handle to Function Group State can only identify on Function Group State per Function Group because it is obviously impossible to activate two Function Group States of the same Function Group at the same time.

Nevertheless, if an NM handle becomes active/inactive, it is very likely that this event has an impact on several SoftwareClusters. And because Function Groups cannot be shared among SoftwareClusters, it is necessary to be able to establish a 1:n communication pattern for this case under a precondition described by [constr_10101] and sketched by Figure 10.31.

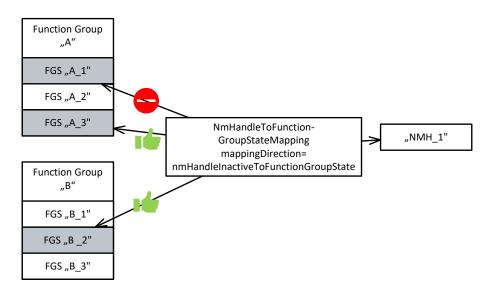


Figure 10.31: Mapping from NM handle to Function Group



[constr_10101]{DRAFT} Attribute NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping. mappingDirection is set to nmHandleActiveToFunctionGroupState Or nmHandleInactiveToFunctionGroupState [If the value of attribute NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping.mappingDirection is set to the value NmHandleMappingDirectionEnum.nmHandleActiveToFunctionGroupState Or NmHandleMappingDirectionEnum.nmHandleInactiveToFunctionGroupState State, then the reference NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping.functionGroupState shall not refer to two (or more) ModeDeclarationS of the same ModeDeclarationGroup.]()

10.7.2.1 UdpNm configuration constraints

Please note that the Classic Platform and the Adaptive Platform are using the same model for configuration of UdpNm. Some Classic Platform features like the NmCoordinator and UdpNmClusterCoupling are not supported in Adaptive Autosar.

But the TPS_SystemTemplate [19] contains a more detailed description of UdpNm-Clusters and UdpNmNodes and defines modeling constraints that are also valid for the Adaptive Platform.

The following constraints of the TPS_SystemTemplate [19] shall be considered if a UdpNmCluster with UdpNmNodes is described:

- [constr_3078]
- [constr_3079]
- [constr_3080]
- [constr_5223]
- [constr_5224]
- [constr_5225]
- [constr_5226]

In addition, the following Adaptive Platform specific constraints are valid:

[constr_5227]{DRAFT} **Mandatory elements of UdpNmCluster** [The following attributes shall always be defined for the UdpNmCluster:

- nmMsgCycleTime
- nmNetworkTimeout
- nmRepeatMessageTime
- nmWaitBusSleepTime
- communicationCluster



[constr_5228]{DRAFT} Partial Networking timing constraint [For Partial Networking the following timing constraints shall be ensured: (MachineDesign.pnReset-Timer + MachineDesign.pncPrepareSleepTimer) < UdpNmCluster.nmNetworkTimeout]()

[constr_10098]{DRAFT} Relation of MachineDesign.pnResetTimer and UdpNmCluster.nmMsgCycleTime [For the configuration of the partial networking timing, the following condition shall be ensured: MachineDesign.pnResetTimer > UdpNm-Cluster.nmMsgCycleTime]()

10.7.3 CAN XL Network Management

The network management for CAN XL is modeled in a very similar way as the UDP NM. Please find details in Figure 10.32.

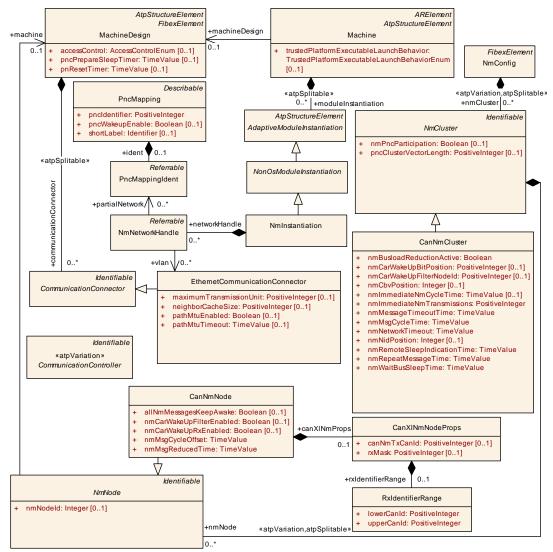


Figure 10.32: NM configuration for CAN XL



Although the CAN XL is entirely used to tunnel Ethernet communication, it still needs to be able to participate in the regular network management of the CAN cluster.

For this purpose, a relation between a EthernetCommunicationConnector and a CanNmNode that represents the local Machine in the CAN NM networking needs to be created.

The CAN ID used to transmit NM frames is configured in CanNmNode.canXlNmProps. canNmTxCanId.

The CAN IDs of received NM frames are configured by the respective attributes of the CanNmNodes connected to the same CanNmCluster.

Class	CanNmNode				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::NetworkManagement				
Note	CAN specific NM Node at	ttributes.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilangua	geReferra	ble, NmNode, Referrable	
Aggregated by	NmCluster.nmNode				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
allNmMessages	Boolean	01	attr	Specifies if Nm drops irrelevant NM PDUs.	
KeepAwake				false: Only NM PDUs with a Partial Network Information Bit (PNI) = true and containing a Partial Network request for this ECU trigger the standard RX indication handling and thus keep the ECU awake	
				true: Every NM PDU triggers the standard RX indication handling and keeps the ECU awake	
canXINmProps	CanXINmNodeProps	01	aggr	This aggregation contributes the CAN IDs for the execution of CAN NM on the adaptive platform.	
				Tags:atp.Status=draft	
nmCarWakeUp FilterEnabled	Boolean	01	attr	If this attribute is set to true the CareWakeUp filtering is supported.	
nmCarWakeUp RxEnabled	Boolean	01	attr	If set to true this attribute enables the support of CarWake Up bit evaluation in received NmPdus.	
nmMsgCycle Offset	TimeValue	1	attr	Node specific time offset in the periodic transmission node. It determines the start delay of the transmission. Specified in seconds.	
nmMsg ReducedTime	TimeValue	1	attr	Node specific bus cycle time in the periodic transmission mode with bus load reduction. Specified in seconds.	

Table 10.66: CanNmNode

CanXINmNodeProps				
M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation				
Definition of CAN attributes in the context of CanXL usage on the adaptive platform.				
ARObject				
CanNmNode.canXINmProps				
Type Mult. Kind Note				
PositiveInteger 01 attr This attribute is used to define the identifier the CAN frame shall use on the CAN network.				
	M2::AUTOSARTempla Implementation Definition of CAN attri ARObject CanNmNode.canXINr Type	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::Adaptive Implementation Definition of CAN attributes in the contract of CAN attributes	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform:: Implementation Definition of CAN attributes in the context of C ARObject CanNmNode.canXINmProps Type Mult.	



			\triangle	
Class	CanXINmNodeProps			
rxldentifier Range	RxIdentifierRange	01	aggr	Optional definition of a Canld range.
rxMask	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Identifier mask which denotes the relevant bits in the CAN Identifier. Together with the identifier, this parameter defines a CAN identifier range.

Table 10.67: CanXINmNodeProps

Class	RxIdentifierRange				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::SystemT	emplate::I	Fibex::Fibex4Can::CanCommunication	
Note	Optional definition of a Canld range to reduce the effort of specifying every possible FrameTriggering within the defined Id range during reception. All frames received within a range are mapped to the same Pdu that is passed to a upper layer module (e.g. Nm, CDD, PduR).				
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	CanFrameTriggering.rxIde	entifierRan	ige, <mark>CanX</mark>	INmNodeProps.rxIdentifierRange	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
lowerCanId	PositiveInteger	1	attr	This attribute can be used together with the upperCanld attribute to define a range of Canlds.	
upperCanId	PositiveInteger	1	attr	This attribute can be used together with the lowerCanId attribute to define a range of CanIds.	

Table 10.68: RxIdentifierRange

Class	CanNmCluster					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::NetworkManagement					
Note	Can specific NmCluster	attributes				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, N	Iultilangua	geReferra	ble, NmCluster, Referrable		
Aggregated by	NmConfig.nmCluster					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
nmBusload ReductionActive	Boolean	1	attr	It determines if bus load reduction for the respective Can Nm channel is active or not.		
nmCarWakeUp BitPosition	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the bit position of the CarWakeUp within the Nm Pdu.		
nmCarWakeUp FilterNodeId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Source node identifier for CarWakeUp filtering.		
nmCbvPosition	Integer	01	attr	Defines the position of the control bit vector within the Nm Pdu (Byte position). If this attribute is not configured, the Control Bit Vector is not used.		
nmImmediate NmCycleTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines the immediate NmPdu cycle time in seconds which is used for nmImmediateNmTransmissions NmPdu transmissions. This parameter is only valid if CanNm ImmediateNmTransmissions is greater one.		
nmImmediate Nm Transmissions	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Defines the number of immediate NmPdus which shall be transmitted. If the value is zero no immediate NmPdus are transmitted. The cycle time of immediate NmPdus is defined by nmImmediateNmCycleTime.		
nmMessage TimeoutTime	TimeValue	1	attr	Timeout of an NmPdu in seconds. It determines how long the NM shall wait with notification of transmission failure while communication errors occur on the bus.		

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Class	CanNmCluster			
nmMsgCycle Time	TimeValue	1	attr	Period of a NmPdu in seconds. It determines the periodic rate in the periodic transmission mode with bus load reduction and is the basis for transmit scheduling in the periodic transmission mode without bus load reduction.
nmNetwork Timeout	TimeValue	1	attr	Network Timeout for NmPdus in seconds It denotes the time how long the CanNm shall stay in the Network Mode before transition into Prepare Bus-Sleep Mode shall take place.
nmNidPosition	Integer	01	attr	Defines the byte position of the source node identifier within the NmPdu. If this attribute is not configured, the Node Identification is not used.
nmRemote SleepIndication Time	TimeValue	1	attr	Timeout for Remote Sleep Indication in seconds. It defines the time how long it shall take to recognize that all other nodes are ready to sleep.
nmRepeat MessageTime	TimeValue	1	attr	Timeout for Repeat Message State in seconds. Defines the time how long the NM shall stay in the Repeat Message State.
nmWaitBus SleepTime	TimeValue	1	attr	Timeout for bus calm down phase in seconds. It denotes the time how long the CanNm shall stay in the Prepare Bus-Sleep Mode before transition into Bus-Sleep Mode shall take place.

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Table 10.69: CanNmCluster

10.8 Update and Configuration Management

10.8.1 Overview

[TPS_MANI_01226]{DRAFT} **Machine-specific configuration settings for the UCM module** [The Machine-specific configuration settings for UCM are collected in abstract meta-class UcmModuleInstantiation and its two concrete specializations:

- UcmMasterModuleInstantiation represents the configuration of a UCM Master.
- UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation represents the configuration of a UCM Subordinate.

](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Please find more information about meta-class UcmMasterModuleInstantiation in section 10.8.3 and about UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation in section 10.8.4.



Class	UcmModuleInstantiation	1 (abstract	t)		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Ucm	
Note	This meta-class represent	ts the abili	ty to defir	e the deployment of a UCM instantiation.	
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModu MultilanguageReferrable,			Classifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, untiation, Referrable	
Subclasses	UcmMasterModuleInstant	iation, Uc	mSubordi	nateModuleInstantiation	
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	Machine.r	noduleIns	tantiation	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
identifier	String	01	attr	This represents the identification of a UCM.	
maxBlockSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute denotes the maximum block size (unit: bytes) used in the UCM implementation.	
version	StrongRevisionLabel String	abel 01 attr This attribute defines the software version of the UCM this platform.			
				Note that the definition of the version is required if the ability of the SoftwarePackage to require a minimum version of the UCM is utilized.	

Table 10.70: UcmModuleInstantiation

[constr_10200]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute UcmModuleInstantiation. identifier [For each UcmModuleInstantiation, the attribute identifier shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

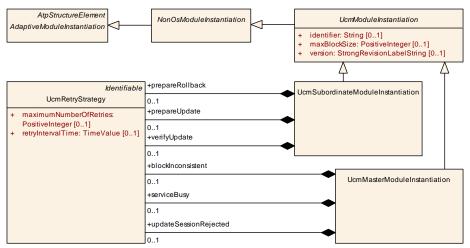


Figure 10.33: Modeling of UcmModuleInstantiation

[TPS_MANI_01227]{DRAFT} Semantics of attribute UcmModuleInstantiation. identifier [Attribute UcmModuleInstantiation.identifier shall be used to identify a specific UCM on a specific Machine during a service discovery run by a master UCM or VUM.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

The usage of attribute UcmModuleInstantiation.identifier is documented in Figure 10.34. The master UCM or VUM acts as a client in a service discovery that is configured to search for *any* server.

The individual UCMs offer their service and then the master UCM as the client calls a specific method in the server's ServiceInterface to reveal the identifier of each server.



In the case of this example there are three slave UCMs with *identifier* set to 1, 2, and 3. The master UCM instantiates a proxy for each of the slave UCMs such that the value of the respective *identifier* can be retrieved from the proxy in order to be able to communicate with a specific slave UCM.

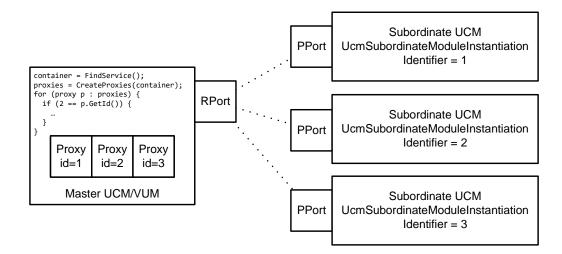


Figure 10.34: Identification of subordinate UCM modules by the master UCM

The master UCM or VUM can then instantiate proxies for each service offer and programatically access the respective server going forward.

[constr_1691]{DRAFT} UcmModuleInstantiation.identifier shall be unique [The value of attribute UcmModuleInstantiation.identifier shall be unique for each Machine in a given vehicle.]()

10.8.2 Retry Strategy

[TPS_MANI_01375]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class UcmRetryStrategy [Both the UcmMasterModuleInstantiation and the UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation have the ability to retry certain activities if these activities don't succeed. The configuration of such retry cycles is done by means of meta-class UcmRetryS-trategy.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	UcmRetryStrategy
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Ucm
Note	This meta-class describes the configuration of the retry strategy for a sub-class of UcmModule Implementation.
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable
Aggregated by	UcmMasterModuleInstantiation.blockInconsistent, UcmMasterModuleInstantiation.serviceBusy, Ucm MasterModuleInstantiation.updateSessionRejected, UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation.prepare Rollback, UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation.prepareUpdate, UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation. verifyUpdate

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			\bigtriangleup	
Class	UcmRetryStrategy			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
maximum NumberOf Retries	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the maximum number of time the UCM module instantiation shall attempt a retry.
retryInterval Time	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute defines the time (in seconds) between two retry attempts.

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Table 10.71: UcmRetryStrategy

[constr_10105]{DRAFT} Existence of UcmRetryStrategy.maximumNumberOfRetries [For each UcmRetryStrategy, attribute maximumNumberOfRetries shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10106]{DRAFT} Existence of UcmRetryStrategy.retryIntervalTime [For each UcmRetryStrategy, attribute retryIntervalTime shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

10.8.3 UCM Master Module Instantiation

[TPS_MANI_01376]{DRAFT} **Semantics of meta-class UcmMasterModuleInstantiation** [Meta-class UcmMasterModuleInstantiation is used to configure the deployment of a *UCM Master* and the various retry strategies associated with the *UCM Master*.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	UcmMasterModuleInstantiation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Ucm	
Note	This meta-class represent	s the abili	ty to defin	e the deployment of a UCM Master instantiation.	
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable, UcmModuleInstantiation				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
block Inconsistent	UcmRetryStrategy	01	aggr	This attribute defines the retry strategy of the UCM Master for the case that the block is inconsistent.	
serviceBusy	UcmRetryStrategy	01	aggr	This attribute defines the retry strategy of the UCM Master for the case that the service is busy.	
updateSession Rejected	UcmRetryStrategy	01	aggr	This attribute defines the retry strategy of the UcmMaster for the case that the update session is rejected.	

 Table 10.72: UcmMasterModuleInstantiation

[constr_10107]{DRAFT} Existence of the attribute UcmMasterModuleInstantiation.blockInconsistent [The attribute UcmMasterModuleInstantiation. blockInconsistent shall at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. (/)



[constr_10108]{DRAFT} Existence of the attribute UcmMasterModuleInstantiation.serviceBusy [The attribute UcmMasterModuleInstantiation.serviceBusy shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10109]{DRAFT} Existence of the attribute UcmMasterModuleInstantiation.updateSessionRejected [The attribute UcmMasterModuleInstantiation.updateSessionRejected shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

10.8.4 UCM Subordinate Module Instantiation

[TPS_MANI_01377]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class UcmSubordinateModule-Instantiation [Meta-class UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation is used to configure the deployment of a UCM Subordinate and the various retry strategies associated with the UCM Subordinate.|(RS_MANI_00023)

Class	UcmSubordinateModule	UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Ucm		
Note	This meta-class represen	ts the abili	ty to defir	he the deployment of a UCM Subordinate instantiation.		
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable, UcmModuleInstantiation					
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	Machine.r	noduleIns	stantiation		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
prepareRollback	UcmRetryStrategy	01	aggr	This attribute identifies the configuration of prepare rollback retries initiated by the Ucm Subordinate.		
prepareUpdate	UcmRetryStrategy	01	aggr	This attribute identifies the configuration of prepare update retries initiated by the Ucm Subordinate.		
verifyUpdate	UcmRetryStrategy	01	aggr	This attribute identifies the configuration of verify update retries initiated by the Ucm Subordinate.		

Table 10.73: UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation

[constr_10374]{DRAFT} Existence of the attribute UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation.verifyUpdate [The attribute UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation.verifyUpdate shall at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10375]{DRAFT} Existence of the attribute UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation.prepareUpdate [The attribute UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation.prepareUpdate shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10376]{DRAFT} Existence of the attribute UcmSubordinateModule-Instantiation.prepareRollback [The attribute UcmSubordinateModule-Instantiation.prepareRollback shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



[constr_10110]{DRAFT} Existence of UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation on a Machine [For each Machine, a ProcessToMachineMapping shall exist that refers in the role machine to the Machine and in the role nonOsModuleInstantiation to a UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation.

This rule shall be imposed at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

10.9 IAM configuration

The definition of the deployment for the *Identity and Access Manager* represents the creation of actual grants, as opposed to the definition of grants on design level.

One important aspect of the modeling on deployment level is that it is not intended to include a large portion of the design model. The goal is to keep the deployment part as self-contained as possible.

While this approach represents a significant benefit for the size of deployment models it also creates some sort of disconnect between design and deployment. In other words, the connection of the modeling of a specific Grant to the respective intent in the design model is not immediately obvious.

To mitigate this issue, AUTOSAR introduced the GrantDesign that in turn allows for the identification of the corresponding intent modeling. When loading the design model and deployment model together into a suitable tool it would still be possible to run an analysis in terms of completeness of the overall IAM configuration.

The enforcement of access restrictions is not mandatory for a Machine. Therefore, the existence of a Grant by itself is not sufficient to activate the IAM mechanisms.

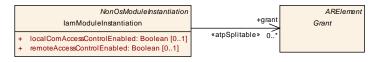


Figure 10.35: Modeling of the IamModuleInstantiation

[constr_1695]{DRAFT} Semantics of a Grant depends on the existence of IamModuleInstantiation [The existence of Grants shall only be enforced if in the context of the enclosing Machine an IamModuleInstantiation has been defined and is referencing the Grant. |()

[constr_3677]{DRAFT} ComGrants referencing DDS Service Instances [Com-Grants associated with DdsProvidedServiceInstances or DdsRequiredServiceInstances via the serviceInstance attribute shall not be referenced by IamModuleInstantiation.grant, since access control in the DDS Network Binding is delegated to DDS Security. (/)



Class	Grant (abstract)	Grant (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement			
Note	This meta-class serves as	the abstr	act base	class for defining specific Grants			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate	Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable						
Subclasses	ComFindServiceGrant, Co	omGrant,	ComOffer	ServiceGrant, RawDataStreamGrant			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	-	_	-	-			

Table 10.74: Grant

	I					
Class	ComGrant (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement		
Note	This meta-class serves as	the abstr	act base	class for defining specific ComGrants		
	Tags:atp.Status=candidat	е				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Subclasses	ComEventGrant, ComFiel	dGrant, C	omMetho	dGrant		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
remoteSubject	AbstractlamRemote Subject	*	ref	This optional reference defines the remoteSubject that is allowed to access the defined Object via the Grant.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
serviceInstance	AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance for which the grant applies.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 10.75: ComGrant

[constr_10201]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of of the reference in the role ComGrant. serviceInstance [For each ComGrant, the reference in the role serviceInstance shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

Further information about DDS Security can be found in section 11.5.3.

10.9.1 Com Grant Deployment

10.9.1.1 Com Field Grant Deployment

[TPS_MANI_01237]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class ComFieldGrant [Metaclass ComFieldGrant shall be used to award access to a given field (identified by means of the reference to meta-class ServiceFieldDeployment in the role serviceDeployment) in the context of a given AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance referenced in the role serviceInstance.](*RS_MANI_00060*)



In other words, if a given AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance and the respective ServiceFieldDeployment are not referenced from a ComFieldGrant and an IamModuleInstantiation exists then this specific communication shall be suppressed.

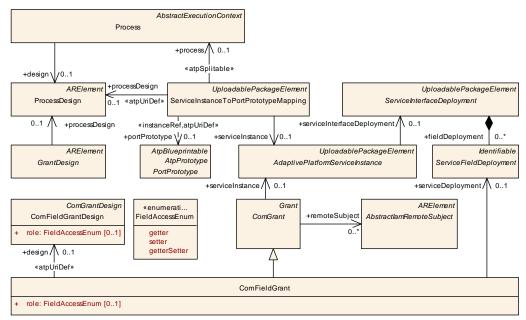


Figure 10.36: Modeling of the ComFieldGrant

Class	ComFieldGrant					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement					
Note	This meta-class represen	ts the abili	ty to gran	t access to a ServiceInterface.field.		
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackag	e=Grants				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C PackageableElement, Re		Element,	ComGrant, Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
design	ComFieldGrantDesign	01	ref	This reference identifies the ComFieldGrantDesign that the enclosing ComFieldGrant was created from.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
role	FieldAccessEnum	01	attr	This attribute provides the ability to further specify the access to the ServiceInterface.field.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
service Deployment	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable deployment within the context of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance for which the grant applies.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 10.76: ComFieldGrant



[constr_10202]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute ComFieldGrant.role [For each ComFieldGrant, the attribute role shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

[constr_10203]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role ComFieldGrant. serviceDeployment [For each ComFieldGrant, the reference in the role serviceDeployment shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

10.9.1.2 Com Method Grant Deployment

[TPS_MANI_01238]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class ComMethodGrant [Metaclass ComMethodGrant shall be used to clear the call of a given method (identified by means of the reference to meta-class ServiceMethodDeployment in the role serviceDeployment) in the context of a given AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance referenced in the role serviceInstance.](*RS_MANI_00060*)

In other words, if a given AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance and the respective ServiceMethodDeployment are not referenced from a ComMethodGrant and an IamModuleInstantiation exists then this specific communication shall be suppressed.

Class	ComMethodGrant						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	es::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement			
Note	This meta-class represe	ents the abili	ity to gran	t access to a ServiceInterface.method.			
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPacka						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, ComGrant, Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
design	ComMethodGrant Design	01	ref	This reference identifies the ComMethodGrantDesign that the enclosing ComMethodGrant was created from.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
service Deployment	ServiceMethod Deployment	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable deployment within the context of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance for which the grant applies.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

 Table 10.77: ComMethodGrant

[constr_10204]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role ComMethodGrant. serviceDeployment [For each ComMethodGrant, the reference in the role serviceDeployment shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



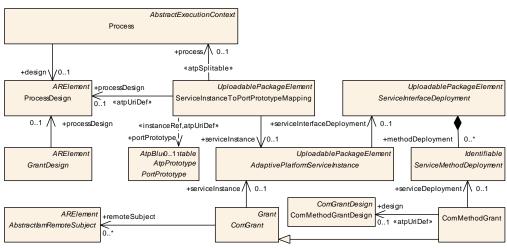


Figure 10.37: Modeling of the ComMethodGrant

10.9.1.3 Com Event Grant Deployment

[TPS_MANI_01239]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class ComEventGrant [Metaclass ComEventGrant shall be used to award access to a given event or trigger (identified by means of the reference to meta-class ServiceEventDeployment in the role serviceDeployment) in the context of a given AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance referenced in the role serviceInstance.](*RS_MANI_00060*)

In other words, if a given AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance and the respective ServiceEventDeployment are not referenced from a ComEventGrant and an IamModuleInstantiation exists then this specific communication shall be suppressed.

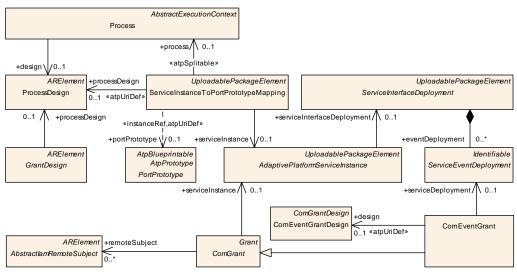


Figure 10.38: Modeling of the ComEventGrant



Class	ComEventGrant					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement					
Note	This meta-class represen	ts the abili	ity to gran	t access to a ServiceInterface.event.		
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=Grants					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, ComGrant, Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
design	ComEventGrantDesign	01	ref	This reference identifies the ComEventGrantDesign that the enclosing ComEventGrant was created from.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
service Deployment	ServiceEvent Deployment	01	This reference identifies the applicable deployment within the context of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance for which the grant applies.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 10.78: ComEventGrant

[constr_10205]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role ComEventGrant. serviceDeployment [For each ComEventGrant, the reference in the role serviceDeployment shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

10.9.1.4 Com Offer Service Grant Deployment

The enforcement of service discovery rights is modeled by means of meta-classes ComOfferServiceGrant and ComFindServiceGrant.

[TPS_MANI_01240]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class ComOfferServiceGrant [Meta-class ComOfferServiceGrant shall be used to award the right to offer the referenced AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance.](RS_MANI_00060)

Class	ComOfferServiceGrant				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement	
Note	This meta-class represents	s the abili	ty to gran	the offering of a service.	
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=Grants				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, Co Element, Referrable	ollectable	Element,	Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable	
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
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Class	ComOfferServiceGrant			
design	ComOfferServiceGrant Design	01	ref	This reference identifies the ComOfferServiceGrant Design that the enclosing ComOfferServiceGrant was created from.
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:atp.Status=candidate
serviceInstance	AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance	01	ref	This reference identifies the AdaptivePlatformService Instances for which the grant applies.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate

Table 10.79: ComOfferServiceGrant

[constr_10206]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role ComOfferServiceGrant.serviceInstance [For each ComOfferServiceGrant, the reference in the role serviceInstance shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[TPS_MANI_01241]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class ComFindServiceGrant [Meta-class ComFindServiceGrant shall be used to award the right to start a find of the referenced AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance.](*RS_MANI_00060*)

Class	ComFindServiceGrant	ComFindServiceGrant					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement			
Note	This meta-class represent	ts the abili	ty to gran	t the finding a service.			
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackag	•					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	Collectable	Element,	Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
design	ComFindServiceGrant Design	01	ref	This reference identifies the ComFindServiceGrantDesign that the enclosing ComFindServiceGrant was created from.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
serviceInstance	AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance	01	ref	This reference identifies the AdaptivePlatformService Instances for which the grant applies.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

Table 10.80: ComFindServiceGrant

10.9.2 Grant Deployment for Raw Streaming Data

The definition of abstract meta-class RawDataStreamGrant on the level of deployment complements the existence of RawDataStreamGrantDesign on design level.



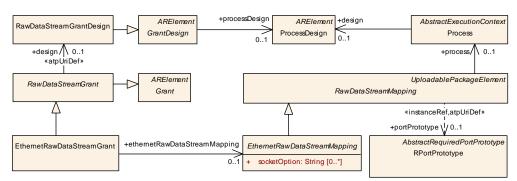


Figure 10.39: Modeling of the RawDataStreamGrant

[TPS_MANI_01307]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class EthernetRawDataStreamGrant [Meta-class EthernetRawDataStreamGrant provides the deployment-level IAM semantics for raw data streams that run on TCP/IP sockets. For this purpose, the reference in the role ethernetRawDataStreamMapping to meta-class EthernetRawDataStreamMapping exists.](*RS_MANI_00060*, *RS_MANI_00067*)

Class	RawDataStreamGrant (a	abstract)		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement
Note	This abstract meta-class deployment level.	represents	the abilit	y to define the IAM configuration for a RawDataStream on
	Tags:atp.Status=candida	te		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable			
Subclasses	EthernetRawDataStream	Grant		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
design	RawDataStreamGrant 01 ref This reference identifies the RawDataStreamGrantDesign that the enclosing RawDataStreamEventGrant was created from.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:atp.Status=candidate

Table 10.81: RawDataStreamGrant

Class	EthernetRawDataStream	Grant				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement		
Note	This meta-class represent deployment level.	This meta-class represents the ability to define the IAM configuration for a EthernetRawDataStream on deployment level.				
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=Grants					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Grant, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, RawDataStreamGrant, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
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Class	EthernetRawDataStrea	amGrant		
ethernetRaw DataStream Mapping	EthernetRawData StreamMapping	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable EthernetRawData Stream to which the enclosing EthernetRawDataStream Grant shall apply.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate

10.9.3 Remote access control

The overview of the remote access control was already introduced in chapter 3.22.3. Please note that for the modeling of AbstractIamRemoteSubjects the same approach is used in the Design and in the Deployment. So if AbstractIamRemote-Subjects were defined during the design phase they can be taken over into the deployment.

This chapter defines how ComGrants with a defined remoteSubjects shall be interpreted.

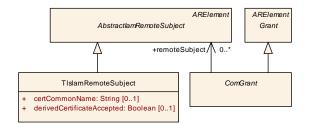


Figure 10.40: Modeling of the relation of ComGrants to the corresponding remoteSubjectS

[TPS_MANI_03245]{DRAFT} Definition of ComMethodGrant.remoteSubjectS on server side [If the ComMethodGrant references a ProvidedApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance then the ComMethodGrant.remoteSubject reference defines the remoteSubjects that are allowed to call the defined method that is referenced by the ComMethodGrant in the role serviceDeployment.](RS_MANI_-00060)

[TPS_MANI_03246]{DRAFT} Definition of ComMethodGrant.remoteSubjectS on client side [If the ComMethodGrant references a RequiredApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance then the ComMethodGrant.remoteSubject reference defines the remoteSubjects to which a ServiceMethodDeployment. method call is allowed to be sent.](RS_MANI_00060)

[TPS_MANI_03247]{DRAFT} Definition of ComEventGrant.remoteSubjectS on provider side [If the ComEventGrant references a ProvidedApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance then the ComEventGrant.remoteSubject reference defines the remoteSubjects to which an ServiceEventDeployment.event is allowed to be sent.](*RS_MANI_00060*)



[TPS_MANI_03248]{DRAFT} **Definition of ComEventGrant.remoteSubjects on receiver side** [If the ComEventGrant references a RequiredApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance then the ComEventGrant.remoteSubject reference defines the remoteSubjects from which an ServiceEventDeployment.event is allowed to be received.] (*RS_MANI_00060*)

[TPS_MANI_03249]{DRAFT} Definition of ComFieldGrant.remoteSubjectS on provider side [If the ComFieldGrant references a ProvidedApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance then the ComFieldGrant.remoteSubject reference defines the remoteSubjects that are allowed to access the Field that is referenced by the ServiceFieldDeployment that in turn is referenced by the ComFieldGrant in the role serviceDeployment. This allows the following communication between the local Machine and the AbstractIamRemoteSubject:

- the Field notifier is allowed to be sent to remoteSubjects,
- if ComFieldGrant.role equals setter or getterSetter, then the setter call is allowed to be received from the remoteSubjects,
- if ComFieldGrant.role equals setter or getterSetter, then the setter return is allowed to be sent to remoteSubjects,
- if ComFieldGrant.role equals getter or getterSetter, then the getter call is allowed to be received from the remoteSubjects,
- if ComFieldGrant.role equals getter or getterSetter, then the getter return is allowed to be sent to remoteSubjects.

](RS_MANI_00060)

[TPS_MANI_03250]{DRAFT} **Definition of ComFieldGrant.remoteSubjects on client side** [If the ComFieldGrant references a RequiredApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance then the ComFieldGrant.remoteSubject reference defines the remoteSubjects that are allowed to provide the Field for access that is referenced by the ServiceFieldDeployment that in turn is referenced by the ComFieldGrant in the role serviceDeployment. This will allow the following communication between the local Machine and the AbstractIamRemoteSubject:

- the Field notifier is allowed to be received from remoteSubjects,
- if ComFieldGrant.role equals setter or getterSetter, then the setter call is allowed to be sent to the remoteSubjects,
- if ComFieldGrant.role equals setter or getterSetter, then the setter return is allowed to be received from remoteSubjects,
- if ComFieldGrant.role equals getter or getterSetter, the getter call is allowed to be sent to the remoteSubjectS,
- if ComFieldGrant.role equals getter or getterSetter, the getter return is allowed to be received from remoteSubjects.



](*RS_MANI_00060*)

Please note that a ComGrant with the remoteSubject reference defines that a remote access control for this ComGrant will be performed. Such a ComGrant with the remoteSubject reference does not enforce any Machine local access restrictions.

To enforce local access restrictions for the same ServiceInterface element of the same AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance an additional ComGrant needs to be defined that points to the same serviceInstance and to the same Com-FieldGrant.serviceDeployment Or ComEventGrant.serviceDeployment Or ComMethodGrant.serviceDeployment but does not contain the remoteSubject reference.

10.10 Crypto Deployment

This chapter explains the configuration of the Crypto functional cluster and the interaction of application Software with the Crypto stack [15].

[TPS_MANI_03260]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class CryptoModuleInstantiation [The representation of the Crypto functional cluster [15] within one specific Machine is defined by the CryptoModuleInstantiation.](RS_MANI_00023)

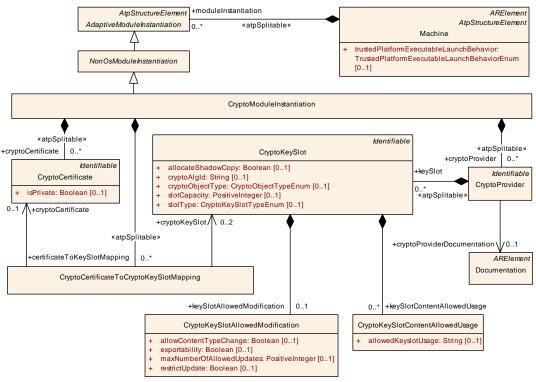


Figure 10.41: CryptoModuleInstantiation Overview



Class	CryptoModuleInstantiation					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment		
Note	This meta-class defines th	ne configu	ration for	the Crypto stack on a specific machine.		
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModu, MultilanguageReferrable,			Classifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, Intiation, Referrable		
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	Machine.r	noduleIns	tantiation		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
certificateToKey SlotMapping	CryptoCertificateTo CryptoKeySlotMapping	*	aggr	List of CryptoCertificateToCryptoKeySlotMappings available in the CryptoStack.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=certificateToKeySlotMapping		
crypto	CryptoCertificate	*	aggr	List of CryptoCertificates managed in the CryptoStack		
Certificate				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=cryptoCertificate.shortName		
cryptoProvider	CryptoProvider	*	aggr	List of CryptoProviders provided by the CryptoStack		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=cryptoProvider.shortName		

 Table 10.83: CryptoModuleInstantiation

10.10.1 Crypto Provider

[TPS_MANI_03261]{DRAFT} **Support of CryptoProviders** [The Crypto functional cluster is able to support multiple CryptoProviders. Each CryptoProvider implements a software- or a hardware-based cryptographic library.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	CryptoProvider						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment						
Note	CryptoProvider implements cryptographic primitives (algorithms) supported by the stack. Implementation of this component may be software or hardware based (HSM/TPM).						
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	CryptoModuleInstantiation.cryptoProvider						
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
cryptoProvider Documentation	Documentation	01	ref	Documentation of the CryptoProvider that describes the implemented cryptographic primitives.			
keySlot	CryptoKeySlot * aggr This aggregation represents the key slots that are allocated by the CryptoProvider.						
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=keySlot.shortName			

Table 10.84: CryptoProvider

Please note that each CryptoProvider can be described in more detail with the cryptoProviderDocumentation that uses the Documentation element to provide means for a more detailed description.

[TPS_MANI_03262]{DRAFT} Semantics of CryptoProviderToPortPrototypeMapping [Meta-class CryptoProviderToPortPrototypeMapping has the ability to map a specific PortPrototype referenced in the role portPrototype to a CryptoProvider referenced in the role cryptoProvider.



The mapping also comprises a reference to meta-class process in order to accommodate for the fact that identical combinations of cryptoProvider and portPrototype may or may not apply for a given Process that represents the enclosing Executable at runtime.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	CryptoProviderToPortPrototypeMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment		
Note		This meta-class represents the ability to define a mapping between a CryptoProvider on deployment level to a given PortPrototype that is typed by a CryptoProviderInterface.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=C	ryptoProv	iderToPortPrototypeMappings		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
cryptoProvider	CryptoProvider	01	ref	This reference represents the mapped cryptoProvider.		
portPrototype	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This reference represents the mapped PortPrototype.		
				InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef		
process	Process	01	ref	This reference represents the process required as context for the mapping.		

Table 10.85: CryptoProviderToPortPrototypeMapping

[constr_10207]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role CryptoProviderToPortPrototypeMapping.cryptoProvider [For each Crypto-ProviderToPortPrototypeMapping, the reference in the role crypto-Provider shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. (/)

[constr_10208]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role Crypto-ProviderToPortPrototypeMapping.process [For each CryptoProviderTo-PortPrototypeMapping, the reference in the role process shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_5240]{DRAFT} Restriction applicable for CryptoProviderToPortPrototypeMapping.portPrototype [The reference CryptoProviderToPortPrototypeMapping.portPrototype shall only be used for an RPortPrototype typed by a CryptoProviderInterface.]()

The application developer uses the ara::core::InstanceSpecifier as local identifier in the API call that represents the path to the modeled RPortPrototype. The Integrator maps the RPortPrototype in the deployment model with the CryptoProviderToPortPrototypeMapping to the concrete CryptoProvider.



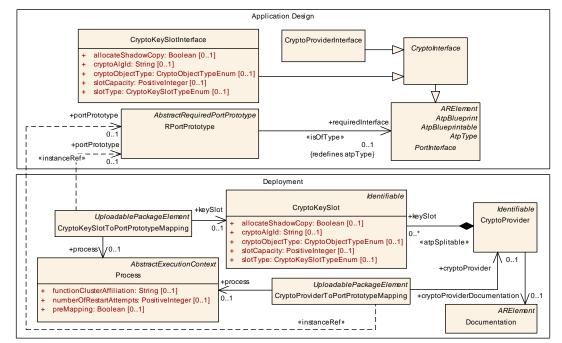


Figure 10.42: Mapping of CryptoProviders and CryptoKeySlots to RPortPrototypes

10.10.2 Crypto Key Slot

The Key Storage Provider is responsible for the storage of different type of key material. The crypto objects that are stored by the Key Storage Provider are represented as CryptoKeySlots in the model.

[TPS_MANI_03263]{DRAFT} **Assignment of CryptoKeySlots to Crypto-Providers** [Crypto objects that are used by the CryptoProvider are described by the CryptoKeySlots that are aggregated by the CryptoProvider in the role keySlot.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	CryptoKeySlot				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a concrete key to be used for a crypto operation.				
	Tags:atp.ManifestKind=MachineManifest				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	CryptoProvider.keySlot				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
allocateShadow Copy	Boolean 01 attr This attribute defines whether a shadow copy of this Key Slot shall be allocated to enable rollback of a failed Key Slot update campaign (see interface BeginTransaction).				



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Class	CryptoKeySlot			
cryptoAlgId	String	01	attr	This attribute defines a crypto algorithm restriction (kAlgld Any means without restriction). The algorithm can be specified partially: family & length, mode, padding.
				Future Crypto Providers can support some crypto algorithms that are not well known/ standardized today, therefore AUTOSAR doesn't provide a concrete list of crypto algorithms' identifiers and doesn't suppose usage of numerical identifiers. Instead of this a provider supplier should provide string names of supported algorithms in accompanying documentation. The name of a crypto algorithm shall follow the rules defined in the specification of cryptography for Adaptive Platform.
cryptoObject Type	CryptoObjectTypeEnum	01	attr	Object type that can be stored in the slot. If this field contains "Undefined" then mSlotCapacity must be provided and larger then 0.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
keySlotAllowed	CryptoKeySlotAllowed Modification	01	aggr	Restricts how this keySlot may be used
Modification				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
keySlotContent	CryptoKeySlotContent AllowedUsage	*	aggr	Restriction of allowed usage of a key stored to the slot.
AllowedUsage				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
slotCapacity	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Capacity of the slot in bytes to be reserved by the stack vendor. One use case is to define this value in case that the cryptoObjectType is undefined and the slot size can not be deduced from cryptoObjectType and cryptoAlgld. "0" means slot size can be deduced from cryptoObject Type and cryptoAlgld.
slotType	CryptoKeySlotType Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines whether the keySlot is exclusively used by the Application; or whether it is used by Stack Services and managed by a Key Manager Application.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate

Table 10.86: CryptoKeySlot

[TPS_MANI_03264]{DRAFT} Semantics of CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping [Meta-class CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping has the ability to map a specific PortPrototype referenced in the role portPrototype to a CryptoKeySlot referenced in the role keySlot.

The mapping also comprises a reference to meta-class process in order to accommodate for the fact that identical combinations of keySlot and portPrototype may or may not apply for a given Process that represents the enclosing Executable at runtime. |(*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a mapping between a CryptoKeySlot on deployment level to a given PortPrototype that is typed by a CryptoKeySlotInterface.
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMappings
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element

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Class	CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
keySlot	CryptoKeySlot	01	ref	This reference represents the mapped CryptoKeySlot.		
portPrototype	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This reference represents the mapped PortPrototype.		
				InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef		
process	Process	01	ref	This reference represents the process required as context for the mapping.		

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Table 10.87: CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping

[constr_10209]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role CryptoKeySlot-ToPortPrototypeMapping.keySlot [For each CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping, the reference in the role keySlot shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10210]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role CryptoKeySlot-ToPortPrototypeMapping.process [For each CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping, the reference in the role process shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_5241]{DRAFT} Restriction applicable for CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping.portPrototype [The reference CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping.portPrototype shall only be used for an RPortPrototype typed by a CryptoKeySlotInterface.]()

The application developer uses the ara::core::InstanceSpecifier as local identifier in the API call that represents the path to the modeled RPortPrototype. The Integrator maps the RPortPrototype in the deployment model with the Cryp-toKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping to the concrete CryptoKeySlot that is stored by the Key Storage Provider. The information from the deployment model is therefore used to replace the local identifier from the Application Design by the concrete CryptoKeySlot.

10.10.3 Crypto Certificate

[TPS_MANI_03265]{DRAFT} **Support of CryptoCertificates** [Certificates stored by the Certificate Management Provider that is available in the Crypto functional cluster are modeled as CryptoCertificates.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	CryptoCertificate					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to model a cryptographic certificate.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	CryptoModuleInstantiation.cryptoCertificate					

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	\triangle						
Class	CryptoCertificate						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
isPrivate	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute controls the possibility to access the content of the CryptoCertificateSlot by Find() interfaces of the X509 Provider.			

Table 10.88: CryptoCertificate

[TPS_MANI_03266]{DRAFT} **Semantics of CryptoCertificateToCryp-toKeySlotMapping** [The CryptoCertificateToCryptoKeySlotMapping is used to assign a private key and optionally a public key to the CryptoCertificate.] (*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	CryptoCertificateToCryptoKeySlotMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a mapping between a CryptoKeySlot and a Crypto Certificate.					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	CryptoModuleInstantiat	ion.certificat	eToKeySl	otMapping		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
crypto Certificate	CryptoCertificate	01	ref	This reference represents the mapped cryptoCertificate.		
cryptoKeySlot	CryptoKeySlot	02	ref	This reference represents the mapped cryptoKeySlot.		

Table 10.89: CryptoCertificateToCryptoKeySlotMapping

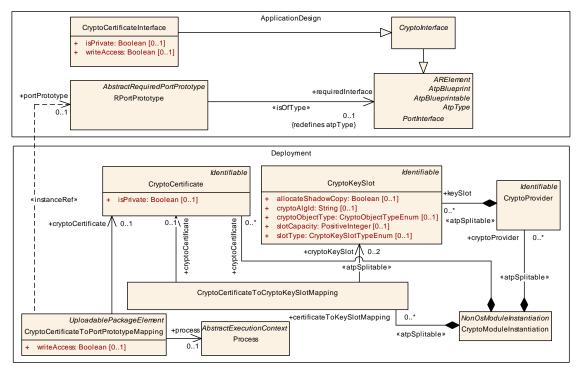


Figure 10.43: Mapping of CryptoCertificates to RPortPrototypes



[constr_10211]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role CryptoCertificateToCryptoKeySlotMapping.cryptoCertificate [For each Crypto-CertificateToCryptoKeySlotMapping, the reference in the role cryptoCertificate shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[TPS_MANI_03267]{DRAFT} Semantics of CryptoCertificateToPortPrototypeMapping [Meta-class CryptoCertificateToPortPrototypeMapping has the ability to map a specific PortPrototype referenced in the role portPrototype to a CryptoCertificate referenced in the role cryptoCertificate.

The mapping also comprises a reference to meta-class process in order to accommodate for the fact that identical combinations of cryptoCertificate and port-Prototype may or may not apply for a given Process that represents the enclosing Executable at runtime.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	CryptoCertificateToPo	CryptoCertificateToPortPrototypeMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment							
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a mapping between a CryptoCertificate on deployment level to a given PortPrototype that is typed by a CryptoCertificateInterface.							
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=CryptoCertificateToPortPrototypeMappings							
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement							
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
crypto Certificate	CryptoCertificate	01	ref	This reference represents the mapped cryptoCertificate.				
portPrototype	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This reference represents the mapped PortPrototype.				
				InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef				
process	Process	01	ref	This reference represents the process required as context for the mapping.				
writeAccess	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether the application has write-access to the CryptoCertificate (True) or only read-access (False).				

Table 10.90: CryptoCertificateToPortPrototypeMapping

[constr_5242]{DRAFT} Restriction applicable for CryptoCertificateToPort-PrototypeMapping.portPrototype [The reference CryptoCertificateTo-PortPrototypeMapping.portPrototype shall only be used for an RPortPrototype typed by a CryptoCertificateInterface.]()

The application developer uses the ara::core::InstanceSpecifier as local identifier in the API call that represents the path to the modeled RPortPrototype. The Integrator maps the RPortPrototype in the deployment model with the CryptoCertificateToPortPrototypeMapping to the concrete CryptoCertificate that is stored by the Certificate Management Provider. The information from the deployment model is therefore used to replace the local identifier from the Application Design by the concrete CryptoCertificate.



10.11 IdsM Deployment

10.11.1 IdsM Instantiation

The definition of the deployment for the Intrusion Detection System Manager (ldsM) is modeled by means of the meta-class IdsmModuleInstantiation

Class	IdsmModuleInstantiation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::IntrusionDetectionSystem				
Note	This meta-class defines the attributes for the IdsM configuration on a specific machine.				
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable,				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	Machine.r	noduleIns	stantiation	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
reportable	SecurityEventMapping	*	ref	Collection of reportable instances of security events.	
SecurityEvent				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=reportableSecurityEvent atp.Status=candidate	

Table 10.91: IdsmModuleInstantiation

[constr_10021]{DRAFT} Existence of IdsmModuleInstantiation [On each Machine, only one instance of the Intrusion Detection System Manager (modeled by IdsmModuleInstantiation) shall exist. (/)

This instance manages all the reported SEvs created by SWCLs or Function Clusters on this Adaptive Machine.

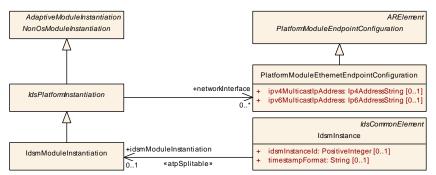


Figure 10.44: Specification of the IdsmModuleInstantiation

Meta-class IdsmModuleInstantiation is derived from the abstract meta-class IdsPlatformInstantiation which acts as an abstract base class for all platform modules that contribute to the implementation of the Intrusion Detection System.



Class	IdsPlatformInstantiation (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::IntrusionDetectionSystem						
Note	This meta-class acts as an abstract base class for platform modules that implement the intrusion detection system.						
	Tags:atp.Status=candidat	Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable						
Subclasses	IdsmModuleInstantiation						
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
network Interface	PlatformModule EthernetEndpoint	*	ref	This association contains the network configuration that shall be applied to an instance of an IDS entity.			
	Configuration			Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
timeBase	TimeBaseResource	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable time base resource.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=timeBase.timeBaseResource, time Base.variationPoint.shortLabel atp.Status=candidate vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime			

Table 10.92: IdsPlatformInstantiation

[constr_3728]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of reference in the role IdsPlatformInstantiation.networkInterface [In the context of IdsPlatformInstantiation, the reference in the role networkInterface shall exist at most once at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

10.11.2 Obtaining custom Time Stamps for Security Events

One of the tasks of an IdsM is to obtain a custom time stamp that corresponds to reported security events under certain circumstances (which are not relevant for the sake of discussing the modeling).

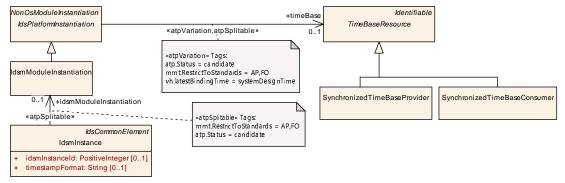


Figure 10.45: Creating an association between a IdsmModuleInstantiation and a TimeBaseResource



Time stamps can be obtained from sub-classes of the abstract base-class Time-BaseResource. Therefore, IdsmModuleInstantiation maintains a reference to TimeBaseResource.

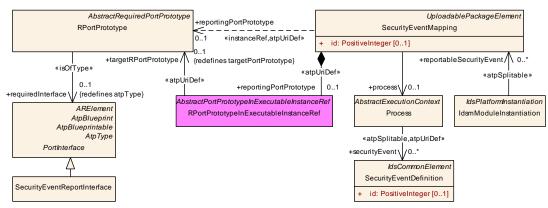
10.11.3 Deployment for Security Events

[TPS_MANI_01341]{DRAFT} Security events that are actually reported by a local IdsM [The security events that are actually reported by a local IdsM are represented by meta-class SecurityEventMapping, referenced by IdsmModuleInstantiation in the role reportableSecurityEvent.](*RS_MANI_00069*)

[TPS_MANI_01342]{DRAFT} **Semantics of SecurityEventMapping** [The semantics of meta-class SecurityEventMapping is to identify the

- PortPrototype in the context of an Executable from which the security event is reported
- Process that runs the Executable, and from the Process the SecurityEventDefinition from which the SecurityEventMapping.id has been derived.

](RS_MANI_00069)





Class	SecurityEventMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::IntrusionDetectionSystem					
Note	This meta-class represents a reportable instance of a security event.					
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=SecurityEventMappings					
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		

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Class	SecurityEventMappin	ng		
id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the numerical identification of the security event subject to deployment.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
process	Process	01	ref	This reference identifies the process in which context the seurity event is reported.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
reportingPort Prototype	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This instanceRef identifies the portPrototype over which the security event is reported.
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:atp.Status=candidate InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef

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Table 10.93: SecurityEventMapping

[constr_10022]{DRAFT} Restriction for SecurityEventMapping.process.securityEvent.id w.r.t SecurityEventMapping.id [The value of SecurityEventMapping.id shall also occur in one of the SecurityEventDefinition. id referenced in the role SecurityEventMapping.process.securityEvent at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

Rationale for [constr_10022]: during the creation of the ldsM deployment, the value of SecurityEventMapping.id shall be copied from one of the values in SecurityEventMapping.process.securityEvent.id.

10.12 Service-oriented Vehicle Diagnostics

10.12.1 Overview

The SOVD architecture [24] foresees the existence of an SOVD gateway that communicates with:

- an SOVD Client outside the vehicle's network
- the collection of SOVD Servers inside the vehicle's network.

Some of the configuration items of SODV gateway and SOVD Server can be shared, but some are distinct for one of the two SOVD entities. This aspect is reflected in the formalization as SovdServerInstantiation and SovdGatewayInstantiation.

[TPS_MANI_01399]{DRAFT} **Modeling of the configuration of Service-oriented Vehicle Diagnostics** [The deployment-level configuration of SOVD software is represented by abstract meta-class SovdModuleInstantiation and its two sub-classes:

- SovdServerInstantiation: representation of SOVD Server reachable via SOVD somewhere in the vehicle network.
- SovdGatewayInstantiation: representation of the "edge-node" that connects an SOVD Client with the SOVD Servers in the vehicle network. This



is a logical role, i.e. the Machine on which an SovdGatewayInstantiation is running could also host one or more SovdServerInstantiations.

](RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00070)

[TPS_MANI_01400]{DRAFT} Secure communication between SOVD Gateway and SOVD Server [The *unicast* communication between SOVD gateway and SOVD Server is modeled using the same concepts as for other vehicle-internal communication, i.e. by reference to a CommunicationConnector in the role SovdModuleInstantiation.communicationConnector.](*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00070*)

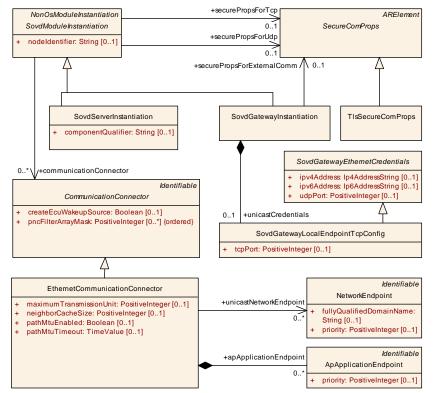


Figure 10.47: Modeling of subclasses of SovdModuleInstantiation

[TPS_MANI_01401]{DRAFT} **Support for TLS in vehicle-internal SOVD communication** [The internal SOVD communication can be secured by TLS. The configuration of the TLS credentials is modeled by means of the references

- SovdModuleInstantiation.securePropsForTcp
- SovdModuleInstantiation.securePropsForUdp

](*RS_MANI_00023*, *RS_MANI_00070*)



Class	SovdModuleInstantiation (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::SOVD						
Note	This abstract meta-class serves as the base class for meta-classes that describe the configuration of an SOVD module.						
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate						
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable						
Subclasses	SovdGatewayInstantiation, SovdServerInstantiation						
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
communication Connector	Communication Connector	*	ref	This reference identifies the collection of communication connectors used by the SOVD module instantiation for vehicle-internal communication.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
nodeldentifier	String	01	attr	This attribute represents the local hostname of the SOVE server to be used during the execution of the DNS-SD protocol.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
securePropsFor Tcp	SecureComProps	01	ref	This reference is used to identify the applicable TCP secure com properties for the external communication of the enclosing SOVD server.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
securePropsFor Udp	SecureComProps	01	ref	This reference is used to identify the applicable UDP secure com properties for the external communication of the enclosing SOVD server.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

 Table 10.94:
 SovdModuleInstantiation

10.12.2 SOVD Server

[TPS_MANI_01402]{DRAFT} **Identification of the SOVD Server** [The identification of the SOVD Server is supported by the configuration of the attribute SovdServerIn-stantiation.componentQualifier.

In other words, the SOVD Client communicates with the SOVD Server by putting the value of the componentQualifier into the *component-identifier part* of the query URL. (*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00070*)

Class	SovdServerInstantiation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::SOVD				
Note	This meta-class represent	This meta-class represents the configuration of an SOVD server.			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable, SovdModuleInstantiation				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, I	Machine.r	noduleIns	tantiation	
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				



Δ						
Class SovdServerInstantiation						
component Qualifier	String	01	attr	This attributes described the component qualifier used to compose an SOVD query.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 10.95: SovdServerInstantiation

[constr_10400]{DRAFT} Existence of SovdServerInstantiation.componentQualifier [For each SovdServerInstantiation, attribute componentQualifier shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

10.12.3 SOVD Gateway

The SOVD gateway represents the "edge-node" of the SOVD-related internal communication network towards the tester.

This means that the SOVD gateway's configuration not only consists of the definition of internal communication paths, it also needs to expose credentials for the communication with a SOVD Client as well as the application of search functionality via *multicast DNS* (mDNS) [25] and *DNS Service Discovery* (DNS-SD) [26].

[TPS_MANI_01403]{DRAFT} **External communication of the SOVD gateway** [The specification of external communication with the SOVD Client needs to cover the following cases:

- multicast DNS: usage of standardized mDNS credentials².
- DNS-SD: configuration of hostname in the form of SovdModuleInstantiation.nodeIdentifier.
- unicast communication with the diagnostic client: aggregation of SovdGateway-LocalEndpointTcpConfig in the role SovdGatewayInstantiation.unicastCredentials.

(*RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00070*)

[TPS_MANI_01404]{DRAFT} Secure communication between SOVD gateway and SOVD Client [The communication between SOVD gateway and SOVD Client can be secured by TLS.

The TLS configuration for the SOVD gateway can be created by means of the reference in the role <code>SovdGatewayInstantiation.securePropsForExternalComm.</code>] (RS_MANI_00023, RS_MANI_00070)

²mDNS uses multicast UDP credentials: 224.0.0.251, port 5353 (IPv4) [27] [28] or FF02::FB (IPV6), port 5353 [29] [28], reserved by IANA.



Class	SovdGatewayInstantiation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::SOVD	
Note	This meta-class represent	s the conf	iguration	of an SOVD gateway.	
	Tags:atp.Status=candidat	e			
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable, SovdModuleInstantiation				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
securePropsFor ExternalComm	SecureComProps	01	ref	This reference is used to identify the applicable secure com properties for the external communication of the enclosing SOVD gateway.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
unicast Credentials	SovdGatewayLocal EndpointTcpConfig	01	aggr	This aggragtion is used to to describe the unicast credentials for external (i.e. with a tester) communication of the enclosing SOVD gateway.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	

Table 10.96: SovdGatewayInstantiation

Class	SovdGatewayLocalEndpointTcpConfig				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::SOVD	
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to define the TCP configuration of a local endpoint for external communication of an SOVD gateway.				
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
Base	ARObject, SovdGatewayEthernetCredentials				
Aggregated by	SovdGatewayInstantiation.unicastCredentials				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
tcpPort	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the port number of the port used for TCP communication.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	

Table 10.97: SovdGatewayLocalEndpointTcpConfig

[constr_10401]{DRAFT} Existence of SovdGatewayLocalEndpointTcpConfig.tcpPort [For each SovdGatewayLocalEndpointTcpConfig, attribute tcpPort shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

Class	SovdGatewayEthernetC	SovdGatewayEthernetCredentials (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::SOVD	
Note	This meta-class represent to an SOVD gateway.	This meta-class represents the ability to define Ethernet credentials for the purpose of connecting a client to an SOVD gateway.			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidat	Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
Base	ARObject	ARObject			
Subclasses	SovdGatewayLocalEndpo	SovdGatewayLocalEndpointTcpConfig			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
	$\overline{\nabla}$				



Class	SovdGatewayEthernetCredentials (abstract)				
ipv4Address	Ip4AddressString	01	attr	This attribute represents the IPv4 address for the case that IPv4 is used for communication between the SOVD gateway and a client.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
ipv6Address	Ip6AddressString	01	attr	This attribute represents the IPv6 address for the case that IPv6 is used for communication between the SOVD gateway and a client.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
udpPort	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the port number of the port used for UDP communication.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	

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[constr_10402]{DRAFT} Existence of SovdGatewayEthernetCredentials. ipv4Address VS. SovdGatewayEthernetCredentials.ipv6Address [For each SovdGatewayEthernetCredentials, at least one of attributes

- SovdGatewayEthernetCredentials.ipv4Address
- SovdGatewayEthernetCredentials.ipv6Address

shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. ()

[constr_10403]{DRAFT} Existence of SovdGatewayEthernetCredentials.udp-Port [For each SovdGatewayEthernetCredentials, attribute udpPort shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

10.13 Firewall Deployment

AUTOSAR supports an Ethernet packet filtering firewall as an additional security layer. Such a firewall checks, for example, the source and destination IP address, protocols (UDP and TCP) and port addresses. If the address information matches then the packet is considered secured.

Two kinds of firewalls are supported:

- 1. Stateful packet filtering firewalls
- 2. Stateless packet filtering firewalls

The stateful firewall monitors the state of network connections and analyzes the complete context of traffic and data packets. The context involves the metadata of the packets (e.g. the ports and IP address of the endpoint and destination) and the state refers to the policy based on the connection state. Approved traffic requests will be added to an approved list and will be allowed to proceed to the network.



The stateless firewall supports a rule-based filtering of traffic based on the evaluation of IP packet parameters without knowledge of the connection status (e.g. TCP session). The filtering can either be an allow list- or a block list-based.

[TPS_MANI_03296]{DRAFT} **Machine-specific configuration settings for Firewall** [The Machine-specific configuration settings for the Firewall module are collected in AdaptiveFirewallModuleInstantiation.]()

Class	AdaptiveFirewallModuleInstantiation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall				
Note	This meta-class defines the attributes for the Firewall configuration on a specific machine.				
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
stateDependent	StateDependentFirewall	01	ref	Firewall rules that are defined in a firewall state	
Firewall	Firewall			Tags:atp.Status=candidate	

Table 10.99: AdaptiveFirewallModuleInstantiation

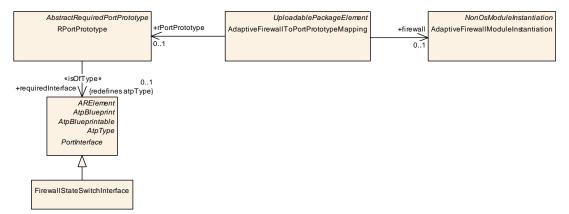


Figure 10.48: AdaptiveFirewallModuleInstantiation and the relationship to Application with a RPortPrototype typed by a FirewallStateSwitchInterface

Class	AdaptiveFirewallToPortPrototypeMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplat	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall			
Note	This meta-class maps the AdaptiveFirewall moduleInstantiation to the RPortPrototype that is typed by a FirewallModeSwitchInterface.				
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=AdaptiveFirewallToPortPrototypeMappings				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
	Type Mult. Kind Note				



\bigtriangleup						
Class	AdaptiveFirewallToPortPrototypeMapping					
firewall	AdaptiveFirewallModule Instantiation	01 ref	ref	Reference to the Firewall module		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
rPortPrototype	RPortPrototype	01	ref	Reference to RPortPrototype typed by a FirewallMode SwitchInterface		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 10.100: AdaptiveFirewallToPortPrototypeMapping

[TPS_MANI_03297]{DRAFT} Semantics of AdaptiveFirewallToPortPrototypeMapping [Meta-class AdaptiveFirewallToPortPrototypeMapping has the ability to map a specific RPortPrototype typed by the Firewall-StateSwitchInterface to the configured AdaptiveFirewallModuleInstantiation. | ()

[constr_5358]{DRAFT} AdaptiveFirewallToPortPrototypeMapping.rPort-Prototype restriction [The AdaptiveFirewallToPortPrototypeMapping is only allowed to reference a RPortPrototype that is typed by the Firewall-StateSwitchInterface. This rule shall be imposed at any time in the workflow.]()

Firewall functionality can be implemented on Host ECUs and on switches (as network firewalls). This is the reason why the CouplingElement (that defines a Switch) and the Machine (via the AdaptiveFirewallModuleInstantiation) both have an optional reference to the StateDependentFirewall that defines the entry point for the Firewall configuration.

The in-vehicle traffic may depend on the current state of the firewall statemachine. The firewall rules are adaptable to this and therefore the StateDependentFirewall is associated with a firewallState.

[TPS_MANI_03298]{DRAFT} **Semantics of StateDependentFirewall** [If the firewallState that is referenced by the StateDependentFirewall is active, then the firewall rule that is defined by the StateDependentFirewall shall be considered as active as well.]()

[constr_5348]{DRAFT} Mandatory initialMode in ModeDeclarationGroup that is referenced by StateDependentFirewall [The ModeDeclarationGroup that is referenced via a ModeDeclaration from StateDependentFirewall in the role firewallState shall define an initialMode at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

This initialMode is used in the case that the system boots up and no FirewallMode is yet set by an application.

[constr_5349]{DRAFT} Mandatory defaultAction in StateDependent-Firewall [The StateDependentFirewall shall always define the attribute defaultAction at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



[TPS_MANI_03299]{DRAFT} Semantics of FirewallRuleProps [Each StateDe-

pendentFirewall defines FirewallRuleProps that in turn define a rule expression (matchingRule) and an action that is performed in case that the rule expression matches.]()

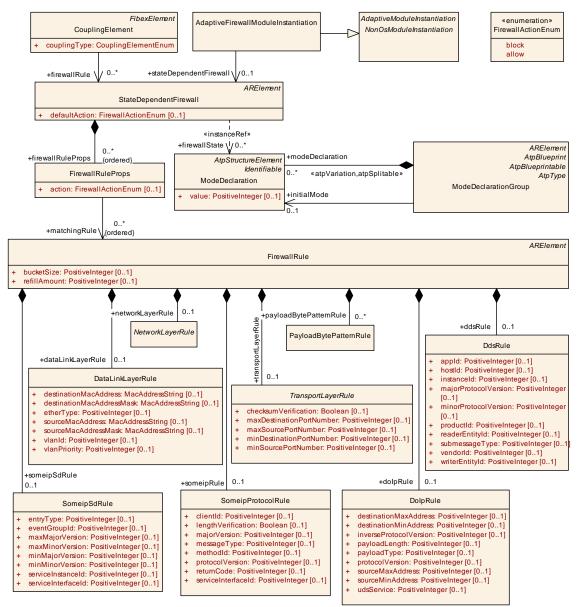


Figure 10.49: Modeling of the Firewall

[constr_5350]{DRAFT} Mandatory action in FirewallRuleProps [The Fire-wallRuleProps shall always define the attribute action at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

[TPS_MANI_03300]{DRAFT} **Semantics of FirewallRule** [The FirewallRule defines an expression which matches network traffic against the conditions that are defined by the expression.]()



[TPS_MANI_03301]{DRAFT} Semantics of FirewallRule.refillAmount and FirewallRule.bucketSize [Every firewall matching rule can be associated with a rate limit for limiting network traffic. In AUTOSAR, the rate limit is implemented by a leaky bucket algorithm. The attributes FirewallRule.refillAmount and FirewallRule.bucketSize are used to configure the rate limit algorithm.]()

[constr_5351]{DRAFT} FirewallRule is allowed to aggregate at most one protocol subelement [A FirewallRule is allowed to aggregate either:

- someipSdRule
- someipRule
- doIpRule

This rule shall be imposed at any time in the workflow. ()

If a firewall rule needs to cover different different Protocols (e.g. SOME/IP, DoIP) then several FirewallRules need to be defined because of [constr_5351]. Please note that a FirewallRule is allowed to aggregate a DataLinkLayerRule, a Network-LayerRule and a TransportLayerRule at the same time in addition to one of the subelements mentioned in [constr_5351].

Class	StateDependentFirewall					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall					
Note	Firewall rules that are def	Firewall rules that are defined in a firewall state				
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=StateDependentFirewallRules					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
defaultAction	FirewallActionEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines a defaultAction in case that the VehicleMode is not yet set.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
firewallRule	FirewallRuleProps	*	aggr	Collection of firewall rules that apply in the vehicle mode		
Props (ordered)				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
firewallState	ModeDeclaration	*	iref	Reference to firewall states in which the Firewall is active. If one of the referenced ModeDeclarations is the current firewall state then the firewall rule shall be considered as active.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate InstanceRef implemented by:FirewallStateInFirwall StateSwitchInterfaceInstanceRef		

Table 10.101: StateDependentFirewall



Class	FirewallRule							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall							
Note	Firewall Rule that define	s the contro	ol informa	tion in individual packets.				
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=FirewallRules							
Base	ARElement, ARObject, Element, Referrable	Collectable	Element,	Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
bucketSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the capacity of the queue for rate limitation (leaky-bucket Algorithm).				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
dataLinkLayer Rule	DataLinkLayerRule	01	aggr	Configuration of rules on the Data Link Layer				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
ddsRule	DdsRule	01	aggr	Configuration of firewall rules for DDS.				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
dolpRule	DolpRule	01	aggr	Configuration of firewall rules for DoIP messages				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
networkLayer	NetworkLayerRule	01	aggr	Configuration of rules on the Network Layer				
Rule				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
payloadByte	PayloadBytePattern	*	aggr	Configuration of generic firewall rules				
PatternRule	Rule			Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
refillAmount	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the output rate that describes how many packets leave the queue per second (leaky-bucket Algorithm).				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
someipRule	SomeipProtocolRule	01	aggr	Configuration of firewall rules for SOME/IP messages				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
someipSdRule	SomeipSdRule	01	aggr	Configuration of firewall rules for SOME/IP Service Discovery messages				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
transportLayer	TransportLayerRule	01	aggr	Configuration of rules on the Transport Layer				
Rule				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				

Table 10.102: FirewallRule

Class	FirewallRuleProps	FirewallRuleProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall			
Note	Firewall rule that is define	d by an ac	ction that i	s performed if the referenced pattern matches.			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidat	Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	StateDependentFirewall.fi	rewallRule	eProps				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
action	FirewallActionEnum	01	attr	Action that is performed by the firewall if the matching Rule is fulfilled.			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate						
		•	∇				



			\square	
Class	FirewallRuleProps			
matchingRule (ordered)	FirewallRule	*	ref	This element defines a rule expression against which the network traffic is matched.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate

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Table 10.103: FirewallRuleProps

Enumeration	FirewallActionEnum					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall					
Note	List of actions that the Firewall is able to perform.					
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
Aggregated by	FirewallRuleProps.action, StateDependentFirewall.defaultAction					
Literal	Description					
allow	Firewall allows the communication					
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1 atp.Status=candidate					
block	Firewall blocks the communication					
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0 atp.Status=candidate					

Table 10.104: FirewallActionEnum

10.13.1 Firewall rules on Datalink layer

[TPS_MANI_03302]{DRAFT} **Firewall rules on Data Link Layer** [The meta-class DataLinkLayerRule is used to define firewall rules on the Data Link Layer (second layer of the seven-layer OSI model).]()

[TPS_MANI_03303]{DRAFT} **Filtering of packets with a single MAC address and MAC address range** [The sourceMacAddressMask is specifying which bits in the sourceMacAddress are static to define a source MAC Address or source MAC Address Range. For each bit position in the MAC mask a 1 indicates that the corresponding address bit is significant and a 0 indicates that the address bit is ignored. destinationMacAddressMask and destinationMacAddress shall be used in the same way to define a destination MAC Address or destination MAC Address Range.]

If, for example, only the first four octets of a MAC address are relevant, a sourceMacAddressMask of ff:ff:ff:ff:00:00 is used. A sourceMacAddressMask of ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff defines that all address bits are relevant and is used to define a single MAC address.



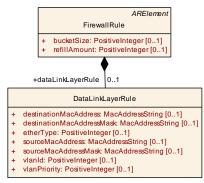


Figure 10.50: Modeling of Firewall rules on Data Link Layer

Class	DataLinkLayerRule						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall						
Note	Configuration of filter rules on the DataLink layer						
	Tags:atp.Status=candida	ate					
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	FirewallRule.dataLinkLay	verRule					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
destinationMac	MacAddressString	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the destination MAC address.			
Address				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
destinationMac AddressMask	MacAddressString	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the destination MAC address range. The destinationMacAddress with the destination MacAddressMask defines the MAC address range.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
etherType	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets based on the EtherType field in the Ethernet frame. The EtherType is used to indicate which protocol is encapsulated in the payload of the frame.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
sourceMac	MacAddressString	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the source MAC address.			
Address				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
sourceMac AddressMask	MacAddressString	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the source MAC address range. The sourceMacAddress with the sourceMac AddressMask defines the MAC address range.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
vlanld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter of packets with a specific VlanId.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
vlanPriority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter of packets with a specific Vlan priority.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

Table 10.105: DataLinkLayerRule

10.13.2 Firewall rules on Network layer

[TPS_MANI_03304]{DRAFT} **Firewall rules on Network Layer** [The meta-class NetworkLayerRule is used to define firewall rules on the Network Layer (third layer of the seven-layer OSI model).]()



[TPS_MANI_03305]{DRAFT} Filtering of packets with a single IP address and IP address range [The Ipv4Rule.sourceNetworkMask (or Ipv6Rule.sourceNet-workMask) is specifying which bits in the Ipv4Rule.sourceIpAddress (or Ipv6Rule.sourceIpAddress) are static to define a source IP Address or source IP Address Range. destinationIpAddress and destinationNetworkMask shall be used in the same way to define a destination IP Address or destination IP Address Range. |()

If for example only the first three octets of a IP address are relevant, a <u>sourceNet-workMask</u> of 255.255.255.0 is used. The 255 octets in the mask define that the corresponding numbers in the IP address are static and never change. In this example the first three octets are fixed and the fourth octet is 0. This means that on the fourth octet all individual numbers from 1-254 are valid.

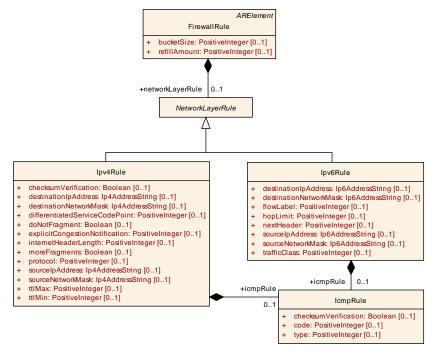


Figure 10.51: Modeling of Firewall rules on Network Layer

Class	NetworkLayerRule (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTen	nplates::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall			
Note	Configuration of fil	ter rules on the N	etwork la	yer			
	Tags:atp.Status=c	andidate					
Base	ARObject	ARObject					
Subclasses	lpv4Rule, lpv6Rule	lpv4Rule, lpv6Rule					
Aggregated by	FirewallRule.netwo	FirewallRule.networkLayerRule					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	_	_	-	-			





Class	lpv4Rule	Ipv4Rule						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplat	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall						
Note	Configuration of filter rules on IPv4 level.							
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate							
Base	ARObject, NetworkLayerRule							
Aggregated by	FirewallRule.networkLa	iyerRule						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
checksum Verification	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether a Ipv4 header checksum verification is performed or not.				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
destinationIp	Ip4AddressString	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the destination IPv4 address.				
Address				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
destination NetworkMask	Ip4AddressString	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the destination IPv4 address range. The destinationIpAddress with the destination NetworkMask defines the IP address range.				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
differentiated ServiceCode	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with a DSCP value.				
Point				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
doNotFragment	Boolean	01	attr	Filter to match packets that have the doNotFragment bit in the Header set.				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
explicit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with a ECN code point.				
Congestion Notification				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
icmpRule	IcmpRule	01	aggr	Configuration of filter rules for ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol).				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
internetHeader Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with a minimum ipv4 header length.				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
moreFragments	Boolean	01	attr	Filter to match packets that have the moreFragments flag in the Header set.				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
protocol	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with a IP protocol number .				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
sourcelp	Ip4AddressString	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the source IPv4 address.				
Address				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
sourceNetwork Mask	Ip4AddressString	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the source IPv4 address range. The sourcelpAddress with the sourceNetwork Mask defines the IP address range.				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
ttlMax	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with a maximum ttl value (TimeTo Live defines the lifetime of data on the network).				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
ttlMin	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with a minimum ttl value (TimeTo Live defines the lifetime of data on the network).				
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate				

Table 10.107: Ipv4Rule



Class	Ipv6Rule						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall						
Note	Configuration of filter rules on IPv6 level.						
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate						
Base	ARObject, NetworkLay	verRule					
Aggregated by	FirewallRule.networkLa	ayerRule					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
destinationlp	Ip6AddressString	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the destination IPv6 address.			
Address				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
destination Ir NetworkMask	Ip6AddressString	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the destination IPv6 address range. The destinationIpAddress with the destination NetworkMask defines the MAC address range.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
flowLabel	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with a defined flow label.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
hopLimit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with a minimum hop limit.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
icmpRule	IcmpRule	01	aggr	Configuration of filter rules for ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol).			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
nextHeader	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with a defined type of an extension header.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
sourcelp	Ip6AddressString	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the source IPv6 address.			
Address				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
sourceNetwork Mask	Ip6AddressString	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the source IPv6 address range. The sourcelpAddress with the sourceNetwork Mask defines the IP address range.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
trafficClass	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with a defined traffic class or priority.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

Table 10.108: Ipv6Rule

Class	IcmpRule						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall						
Note	Configuration of filter rule	s for ICMF	? (Internet	Control Message Protocol).			
	Tags:atp.Status=candida	te					
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	Ipv4Rule.icmpRule, Ipv6Rule.icmpRule						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
checksum Verification	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether a lcmp header checksum verification is performed or not.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
code	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the lcmp code.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
type	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the lcmp type.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

Table 10.109: IcmpRule



10.13.3 Firewall rules on Transport layer

[TPS_MANI_03306]{DRAFT} **Firewall rules on Transport Layer** [The meta-class TransportLayerRule is used to define firewall rules on the Transport Layer (fourth layer of the seven-layer OSI model).]()

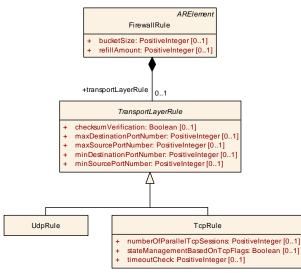


Figure 10.52: Modeling of Firewall rules on Transport Layer

Class	TransportLayerRule (abstract)								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall								
Note	Configuration of filter rules on Transport Layer level.								
	Tags:atp.Status=candida	Tags:atp.Status=candidate							
Base	ARObject								
Subclasses	TcpRule, UdpRule								
Aggregated by	FirewallRule.transportLay	verRule							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note					
checksum Verification	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether checksum verification is performed or not.					
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
maxDestination PortNumber	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the maximum destination UDP/TCP port number.					
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
maxSourcePort Number	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the maximum source UDP/ TCP port number.					
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
minDestination PortNumber	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the minimum destination UDP/TCP port number.					
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
minSourcePort Number	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match packets with the minimum source UDP/ TCP port number.					
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate					



Class	UdpRule					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall		
Note	Configuration of UDP filter	Configuration of UDP filter rules.				
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate	Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
Base	ARObject, TransportLayerRule					
Aggregated by	FirewallRule.transportLayerRule					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	-	_	-	_		

Table 10.111: UdpRule

Class	TcpRule				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall				
Note	Configuration of TCP filter rules.				
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
Base	ARObject, TransportLayerRule				
Aggregated by	FirewallRule.transportLayerRule				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
numberOf ParallelTcp	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the maximal number of TCP Sessions that are allowed to be established.	
Sessions				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
state Management	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether the StateManagement is based on TCP flags or not.	
BasedOnTcp Flags				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
timeoutCheck	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the TCP Session timeout in seconds	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	

Table 10.112: TcpRule

10.13.4 Firewall rules via byte pattern



Figure 10.53: Modeling of Firewall rules via byte pattern

[TPS_MANI_03307]{DRAFT} **Byte-Pattern Firewall rule** [The meta-class Payload-BytePatternRule is used to define a generic firewall rule that specifies individually the value for each byte of the Ethernet frame. Each PayloadBytePatternRulePart that is aggregated by PayloadBytePatternRule defines one byte in the Ethernet frame. The offset defines the position in the Ethernet Frame and the value defines the byteValue.]()



Class	PayloadBytePatternRule			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall			
Note	Configuration of a generic firewall rule that defines the individual bytes of a message that shall match.			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
Base	ARObject			
Aggregated by	FirewallRule.payloadBytePatternRule			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
payloadByte	PayloadBytePattern	*	aggr	Configuration of bytes in the message,
PatternRulePart	RulePart			Tags:atp.Status=candidate

Table 10.113: PayloadBytePatternRule

Class	PayloadBytePatternRule	Part		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall
Note	Configuration of one byte in the datagram,			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidat	е		
Base	ARObject			
Aggregated by	PayloadBytePatternRule.payloadBytePatternRulePart			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
offset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the byte offset in the datagram (start byte of the Ethernet frame, i.e. offset 0 corresponds to the first byte of the destination MAC address).
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
value	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the byteValue (0255) in the datagram.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate

Table 10.114: PayloadBytePatternRulePart

10.13.5 Firewall deep packet inspection of SOME/IP SD and SOME/IP messages

[TPS_MANI_03308]{DRAFT} **Deep inspection of SOME/IP SD messages** [The meta-class SomeipSdRule is used to define a firewall rule for SOME/IP SD messages.]()

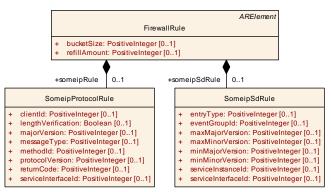


Figure 10.54: Modeling of SOME/IP Firewall rules



[TPS_MANI_03309]{DRAFT} **Deep inspection of SOME/IP messages** [The metaclass SomeipProtocolRule is used to define a firewall rule for SOME/IP messages.] ()

Class	SomeipProtocolRule						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall						
Note	Configuration of SOME/IP firewall rules						
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate						
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	FirewallRule.someipRule						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
clientId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP messages in which the clientId in the SOME/IP header matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
length	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether length verification is performed or not.			
Verification				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
majorVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP messages in which the majorVersion in the SOME/IP header matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
messageType	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP messages in which the messageType in the SOME/IP header matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
methodId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP messages in which the methodId in the SOME/IP header matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
protocolVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP messages in which the protocol Version in the SOME/IP header matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
returnCode	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP messages in which the returnCode in the SOME/IP header matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
serviceInterface Id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP messages in which the service Interfaceld in the SOME/IP header matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

Table 10.115: SomeipProtocolRule

nfiguration of SOME/IP gs:atp.Status=candidate	Service [PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall firewall rules
gs:atp.Status=candidate		Discovery	firewall rules
	e		
Object			
ARObject			
FirewallRule.someipSdRule			
pe	Mult.	Kind	Note
sitiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP SD messages in which the entryType in the SOME/IP header matches.
			Tags:atp.Status=candidate
r)e	e Mult.	e Mult. Kind



Class	SomeipSdRule			
eventGroupId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP SD messages in which the eventGroup Id in the SOME/IP header matches.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
maxMajor Version	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP SD messages in which the Major Version in the SOME/IP header is smaller or equal than maxMajorVersion.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
maxMinor Version	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP SD messages in which the Minor Version in the SOME/IP header is smaller or equal than maxMinorVersion.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
minMajor Version	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP SD messages in which the Major Version in the SOME/IP header is greater or equal than minMajorVersion.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
minMinor Version	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP SD messages in which the Minor Version in the SOME/IP header is greater or equal than minMinorVersion.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
serviceInstance Id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP SD messages in which the service Instanceld in the SOME/IP header matches.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
serviceInterface Id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for SOME/IP SD messages in which the service InterfaceId in the SOME/IP header matches.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate

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10.13.6 Firewall deep packet inspection of DoIP messages

[TPS_MANI_03310]{DRAFT} **Deep inspection of DoIP messages** [The meta-class DoIpRule is used to define a firewall rule for DoIP messages.]()

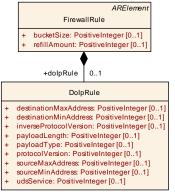


Figure 10.55: Modeling of DoIP Firewall rules



Class	DolpRule					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall					
Note	Configuration of a generic firewall rule					
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	FirewallRule.dolpRule					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
destinationMax Address	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match DoIP messages in which the destination Address is smaller or equal than destinationMaxAddress.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
destinationMin Address	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match DoIP messages in which the destination Address is greater or equal than destinationMinAddress.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
inverseProtocol Version	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match DoIP messages in which the inverseprotocolVersion in the DoIP header matches.		
			attr attr	Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
payloadLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match DoIP messages in which the payload Length in the DoIP header matches.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
payloadType	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match DoIP messages in which the payloadType in the DoIP header matches.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
protocolVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match DoIP messages in which the protocol Version in the DoIP header matches.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
sourceMax Address	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match DoIP messages in which the source Address is smaller or equal than sourceMaxAddress.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
sourceMin Address	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match DoIP messages in which the source Address is greater or equal than sourceMinAddress		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
udsService	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter to match DoIP messages that contain the uds Service.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

10.13.7 Firewall deep packet inspection of DDS messages

[TPS_MANI_03311]{DRAFT} **Deep inspection of DDS messages** [The meta-class DdsRule is used to define a firewall rule for DDS messages.]()

[constr_5352]{DRAFT} DdsRule.submessageType value restriction [The value of DdsRule.submessageType is restricted to the following values:

- 0x01 (PAD)
- 0x06 (ACKNACK)
- 0x07 (HEARTBEAT)



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- 0x08 (GAP)
- 0x09 (INFO_TS)
- 0x0c (INFO_SRC)
- 0x0d (INFO_REPLY_IP4)
- 0x0e (INFO_DST)
- 0x0f (INFO_REPLY)
- 0x12 (NACK_FRAG)
- 0x13 (HEARTBEAT_FRAG)
- 0x15 (DATA)
- 0x16 (DATA_FRAG)

This rule shall be imposed at any time in the workflow. ()

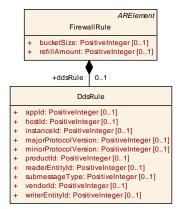


Figure 10.56: Modeling of DDS Firewall rules

[constr_5353]{DRAFT} **DdsRule.readerEntityId and DdsRule.writerEnti-tyId value restriction** [The value of DdsRule.readerEntityId and DdsRule.writerEntityId is only allowed to be set if the value of DdsRule.submessageType is set to one of the following values:

- 0x06 (ACKNACK)
- 0x07 (HEARTBEAT)
- 0x08 (GAP)
- 0x15 (DATA)

This rule shall be imposed at any time in the workflow. ()



Class	DdsRule						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplat	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Firewall					
Note	Configuration of a DDS	Configuration of a DDS firewall rule					
	Tags:atp.Status=candi	date					
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	FirewallRule.ddsRule						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
appld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for DDSI-RTPS messages in which the appld in the DDSI-RTPS header and the INFO_DST (0x0E) submessage matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
hostld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for DDSI-RTPS messages in which the hostId in the DDSI-RTPS header and the INFO_DST (0x0E) submessage matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
instanceld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for DDSI-RTPS messages in which the instanceld in the DDSI-RTPS header and the INFO_DST (0x0E) submessage matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
majorProtocol Version	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for DDSI-RTPS messages in which the major ProtocolVersion in the DDSI-RTPS header matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
minorProtocol Version	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for DDSI-RTPS messages in which the minor ProtocolVersion in the DDSI-RTPS header matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
productId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for DDSI-RTPS messages in which the productId in the DDSI-RTPS header matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
readerEntityId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for DDSI-RTPS messages in which the readerEntity ID in a DDSI-RTPS submessage matches			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
submessage Type	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the allowed submessage type in the DDSI-RTPS message			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
vendorld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for DDSI-RTPS messages in which the vendorld in the DDSI-RTPS header matches.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
writerEntityId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Filter for DDSI-RTPS messages in which the writerEntity ID in a DDSI-RTPS submessage matches			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

Table 10.118: DdsRule

10.14 State Management Deployment

10.14.1 Overview

The entry point for the deployment-level configuration of the State Management on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform is represented by meta-class StateManagementMod-uleInstantiation, a sub-class of NonOsModuleInstantiation.



NonOsModuleInstantiation StateManagementModuleInstantiation	+request	ldentifiable StateManagementStateRequest
	«atpSplitable» 0" +notification	ldentifiable
	«atpSplitable» 0*	StateManagementStateNotification
	+actionItemList «atpSplitable» 0*	<i>ldentifiable</i> StateManagementActionList

Figure 10.57: Modeling of the StateManagementModuleInstantiation

Class	StateManagementModuleInstantiation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement				
Note	This meta-class represents the deployment-level configuration of the state management on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.				
	Tags:atp.Status=draft				
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
actionItemList	StateManagement ActionList	*	aggr	This represents the collection of action item lists defined in the context of the enclosing state management module.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=actionItemList.shortName atp.Status=draft	
notification	StateManagementState Notification	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the state switch notifications handled by the state manager.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=notification.shortName atp.Status=draft	
request	StateManagementState Request	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the state requests handled by the state manager.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=request.shortName atp.Status=draft	

 Table 10.119: StateManagementModuleInstantiation

The job of the State Management on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform is to control two kinds of states:

• the state of a Function Group, modeled as a ModeDeclarationGroup-Prototype owned by a FunctionGroupSet, that is referenced by a SoftwareCluster in the role claimedFunctionGroup.

Note that these states are only indirectly controlled, because the actual state switch for Function Groups is in the responsibility of the Execution Management.

• the state of an "internal" state machine, owned by StateManagementStateNotificationS.



10.14.2 Requests to State Management

[TPS_MANI_01391]{DRAFT} Semantics of StateManagementStateRequest [Meta-class StateManagementStateRequest that is aggregated directly at the StateManagementModuleInstantiation represents the ability to configure requests to State Management.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Please note that meta-class <u>StateManagementStateRequest</u> is modeled as an abstract class so that the concrete sub-classes that correspond to different flavors of requests (which are also respected for the definition of applicable <u>PortInterfaces</u>, see section 3.7) can be individually considered.

In particular, the State Management accepts requests for state changes in two different flavors:

- "triggers" (i.e. request for a state change from select functional clusters), modeled by mean of meta-class StateManagementRequestTrigger, see section 10.14.2.1.
- "errors" (i.e. error report from a functional cluster), modeled by means of metaclass StateManagementRequestError, see section 10.14.2.2.

As depicted in Figure 10.58, StateManagementStateRequest also references an RPortPrototype as the source of inputs from outside the State Management.

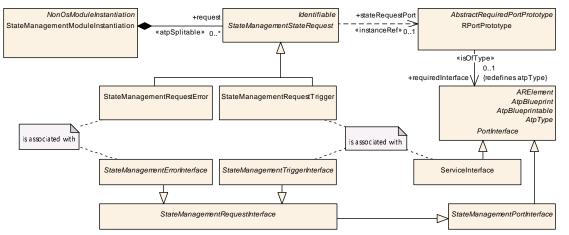


Figure 10.58: Modeling of StateManagementStateRequest

Figure 10.59 also shows that the configuration of State Management on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform is modeled as a hybrid of deployment-level StateManagement-ModuleInstantiation and the definition of an Executable that is executed as a Process.

The connection between the StateManagementModuleInstantiation and the Executable/Process is created by ProcessToMachineMapping that references both the StateManagementModuleInstantiation and the Process, as depicted in Figure 10.1.



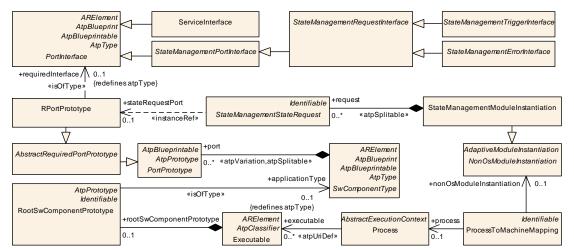


Figure 10.59: Modeling of StateManagementStateRequest including the association
with the modeling of Executable

Class	StateManagementStateRequest (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement		
Note	This abstract class serves as the base class for state requests on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.					
	Tags:atp.Status=draft	Tags:atp.Status=draft				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Subclasses	StateManagementRequestError, StateManagementRequestTrigger					
Aggregated by	StateManagementModule	Instantiati	on.reques	st		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
stateRequest Port	RPortPrototype	01	iref	This represents the RPortPrototype in the application software that is issuing the request for state change.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft InstanceRef implemented by:RPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef		

Table 10.120: StateManagementStateRequest

[constr_10390]{DRAFT} Existence of attribute StateManagementStateRequest. stateRequestPort [For each StateManagementStateRequest, the aggregation in the role stateRequestPort shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

10.14.2.1 Trigger Requests to State Management

Trigger requests to State Management are configured by means of meta-class State-ManagementRequestTrigger.

As depicted by Figure 10.58, the existence of a StateManagementRequestTrigger is associated with either a subclass of StateManagementTriggerInterface or a ServiceInterface. This relation is formalized in [constr_10384].



[constr_10384]{DRAFT} PortInterface used for trigger state requests [Each RPortPrototype that is referenced by a StateManagementRequestTrigger shall be typed by ether

- a subclass of StateManagementTriggerInterface or
- **a** ServiceInterface.

This rule shall be imposed at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. ()

Class	StateManagementRequestTrigger				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement				
Note	This meta-class has the ability to configure a trigger request to the state management.				
	Tags:atp.Status=draft				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, StateManagementStateRequest				
Aggregated by	StateManagementModule	Instantiati	on.reques	t	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
rule	StateManagement RequestRule	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of rules applicable for the trigger request.	
				Tags:atp.Status=draft	

 Table 10.121: StateManagementRequestTrigger

10.14.2.2 Error Requests to State Management

Error submissions to State Management are configured by means of meta-class StateManagementRequestError, see Figure 10.58.

As depicted by Figure 10.58, the existence of a StateManagementRequestTrigger is associated with a subclass of StateManagementTriggerInterface. This relation is formalized in [constr_10385].

[constr_10385]{DRAFT} PortInterface used for error state requests [Each RPortPrototype that is referenced by a StateManagementRequestError shall be typed by subclass of StateManagementErrorInterface at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. (/)

StateManagementReque	estError			
M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement				
This meta-class has the ability to configure the submission of an error to the state management.				
Tags: atp.Status=draft atp.recommendedPackage=StateManagementRequests				
ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, StateManagementStateRequest				
StateManagementModuleInstantiation.request				
Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: This meta-class has the a Tags: atp.Status=draft atp.recommendedPackage <i>ARObject</i> , <i>Identifiable</i> , <i>Mu</i> StateManagementModule	This meta-class has the ability to co Tags: atp.Status=draft atp.recommendedPackage=StateMa <i>ARObject</i> , <i>Identifiable</i> , <i>Multilanguag</i> StateManagementModuleInstantiati	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform:: This meta-class has the ability to configure th Tags: atp.Status=draft atp.recommendedPackage=StateManagement <i>ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrate</i> StateManagementModuleInstantiation.request	

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			\triangle	
Class	StateManagementRequ	estError		
rule	StateManagement RequestRule	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of rules applicable for the error request.
				Tags:atp.Status=draft

Table 10.122: StateManagementRequestError

10.14.3 Notifications from State Management

[TPS_MANI_01392]{DRAFT} Semantics of StateManagementStateNotification [Notifications are used to make state users aware of state changes. Metaclass StateManagementStateNotification is aggregated at StateManagementModuleInstantiation and in turn aggregates ModeDeclarationGroup-Prototype and therefore one StateManagementStateNotification becomes the owner of one internal state machine.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Please note that it is positively supported that several StateManagementStateNotification aggregate a ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype typed by the identical ModeDeclarationGroup as their internal state machine. This way, several instances of the same "type" of state machine are created.

A StateManagementModuleInstantiation references a PPortPrototype (typed by a ServiceInterface) that shall be taken to provide the actual state notification.

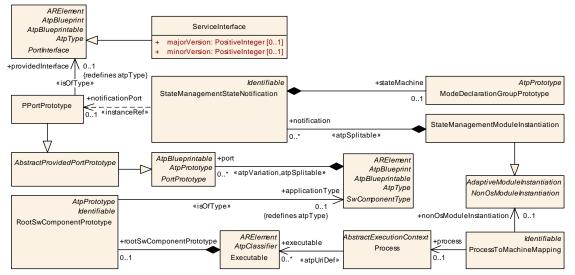


Figure 10.60: Modeling of StateManagementStateNotification

[constr_10388]{DRAFT} Restriction for a PortInterface used for state switch notifications [Each PPortPrototype that is referenced by a StateManage-mentStateNotification shall be typed by a ServiceInterface at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()



[constr_10391]{DRAFT} Existence of attribute StateManagementStateNotification.notificationPort [For each StateManagementStateNotification, the aggregation in the role notificationPort shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

Figure 10.60 also depicts the relation between the modeled Executable that implements the State Management functionality and the deployment aspects represented by the StateManagementModuleInstantiation.

Class	StateManagementStateNotification					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement				
Note	This meta-class represent	s the abili	ty to form	alize state notifications on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.		
	Tags:atp.Status=draft					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable		
Aggregated by	StateManagementModuleInstantiation.notification					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
notificationPort	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This instanceRef identifies the PPortPrototype over which the notification is to be conveyed.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft InstanceRef implemented by:PPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef		
stateMachine	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the existence of an actual state machine.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft		

Table 10.123: StateManagementStateNotification

10.14.4 Rules

10.14.4.1 Overview

[TPS_MANI_01384]{DRAFT} **Semantics of StateManagementRequestRule** [The purpose of StateManagementRequestRule is to evaluate an incoming request against a given comparison value.

If the evaluation of the formula owned by the StateManagementRequestRule yields true, then a state machine (modeled as a ModeDeclarationGroupProto-type) is forwarded from the current state (represented by meta-class ModeDeclaration) to the nextState, as specified by the definition of the specific subclass of StateManagementRequestRule. (*RS_MANI_00023*)



Figure 10.61: Modeling of StateManagementRequestRule



Class	StateManagementRequestRule					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement					
Note	This meta-class represents a rule for deciding about a state change.					
	Tags:atp.Status=draft					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	StateManagementRequestError.rule, StateManagementRequestTrigger.rule					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
formula	StateManagement CompareFormula	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the definition of the formula for the StateManagementRequestRule		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft		
nextState	ModeDeclaration	01	iref	This reference identifies the state to be switched to if the condition is fulfilled.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft InstanceRef implemented by:ModeDeclarationInState ManagementStateNotificationInstanceRef		

Table 10.124: StateManagementRequestRule

[constr_10392]{DRAFT} Existence of attribute StateManagementRequestRule. formula [For each StateManagementRequestRule, the aggregation in the role formula shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10393]{DRAFT} Existence of reference in the role StateManagementRequestRule.nextState [For each StateManagementRequestRule, the reference in the role nextState shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

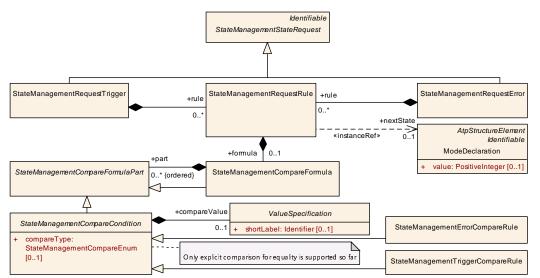


Figure 10.62: Relation between StateManagementStateRequest and StateManagementRequestRule

The general approach for rule formulation is very generic, although the State Management for the time being has only little requirements for rule evaluation: one value is checked against a reference value. But since the complexity of rule formulation might grow over time, the model is already prepared for future extensions.



The meta-model supports the formulation of hierarchical comparisons such that state changes could be evaluated against not only a single input, but also – where applicable – collection of inputs.

The execution of state changes is subject to the evaluation of rules that are owned by the respective request classes. This relation is depicted in Figure 10.62.

The states that are involved in the evaluation of State Management rules are entirely "internal" states, Function Group States are not affected and shall³ not be used for rule evaluation.

Class	StateManagementCompareFormula			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement			
Note	A StateManagementCompareFormula embodies the computation instruction that is to be evaluated at runtime to determine if the aggregating request rule yields true or false. The formula itself consists of parts which are combined by the logical operations specified by StateManagementCompareFormula .op.			
	Tags:atp.Status=draft			
Base	ARObject, StateManagementCompareFormulaPart			
Aggregated by	StateManagementCompa	reFormula	a.part, Sta	teManagementRequestRule.formula
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
part (ordered)	StateManagement CompareFormulaPart	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of formula parts that can be combined by logical operators.
				Tags:atp.Status=draft

Table 10.125: StateManagementCompareFormula

Enumeration	StateManagementLogicalOperatorEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement
Note	Logical AND and OR operation for the evaluation of rules in state management.
	Tags:atp.Status=draft
Literal	Description
logicalAnd	This value represents the semantics of a logical "and"
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0 atp.Status=draft
logicalOr	This value represents the semantics of a logical "or"
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1 atp.Status=draft

Table 10.126: StateManagementLogicalOperatorEnum

³The nature of the underlying *instanceRef* modeling would unfortunately not be able to prohibit a brute-force referencing of function groups states.



Class	StateManagementCompareFormulaPart (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement		
Note	A StateManagementCompareFormulaPart can either be a atomic condition, e.g. a StateManagement TriggerCompareRule or StateManagementErrorCompareRule, or a StateManagementCompareFormula again, which allows arbitrary nesting.					
	Tags:atp.Status=draft					
Base	ARObject	ARObject				
Subclasses	StateManagementCompareCondition, StateManagementCompareFormula					
Aggregated by	StateManagementCompareFormula.part					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
-	-	-	-	-		

Table 10.127: StateManagementCompareFormulaPart

Class	StateManagementCompareCondition (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement						
Note	comparison at runtime of	StateManagementCompareConditions are atomic conditions. They are based on the idea of a comparison at runtime of some variable data with something constant. The type of the comparison (==, !=, <, <=,) is specified in StateManagementCompareCondition.compareType.					
	Tags:atp.Status=draft						
Base	ARObject, StateManager	nentComp	areFormu	laPart			
Subclasses	StateManagementErrorCompareRule, StateManagementTriggerCompareRule						
Aggregated by	StateManagementCompa	reFormula	a.part				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
compareType	StateManagement CompareEnum	01	attr	This attributes represents the concrete type of the comparison.			
				Tags:atp.Status=draft			
compareValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the reference value against which the value obtained from request shall be compared to.			
				Tags:atp.Status=draft			

Table 10.128: StateManagementCompareCondition

[constr_10394]{DRAFT} Existence of attribute StateManagementCompareCondition.compareType [For each StateManagementCompareCondition, the aggregation in the role compareType shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

[constr_10395]{DRAFT} Existence of attribute StateManagementCompareCondition.compareValue [For each StateManagementCompareCondition, the aggregation in the role compareValue shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()



Enumeration	StateManagementCompareEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement
Note	Enumeration for the type of a comparison of values usually expressed by the following operators: ==, !=, <, <=, >, >=
	Tags:atp.Status=draft
Aggregated by	StateManagementCompareCondition.compareType
Literal	Description
isEqual	Equal
	Tags: atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0 atp.Status=draft

Table 10.129: StateManagementCompareEnum

10.14.4.2 Trigger Rules

The modeling of the rules for trigger requests is depicted in Figure 10.62 and Figure 10.63.

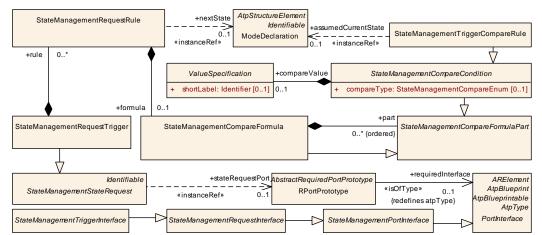


Figure 10.63: Modeling of StateManagementRequestRule for the "trigger" case

As depicted in Figure 10.63, the definition of the trigger request rule involves two instanceRefs to ModeDeclarationGroup, as further explained in

[TPS_MANI_01835]{DRAFT} Semantics of StateManagementRequestTrigger. rule [The semantics of StateManagementRequestTrigger.rule is mainly defined by the existence of two instanceRefs:

- The reference in the role StateManagementRequestTrigger.rule.
 nextState denotes the state that shall be switched to if the rule evaluates to true.
- The additional reference in the role StateManagementTriggerCompareRule.
 assumedCurrentState represents an input to the rule evaluation. In other
 words, the rule.formula evaluates to true if



- the input value obtained from the PortPrototype referenced in the role StateManagementRequestTrigger.stateRequestPort typed by either a sub-class of StateManagementTriggerInterface or a ServiceInterface is equal the compare value and
- the reference StateManagementTriggerCompareRule.assumedCurrentState identifies the current state.

1.0	~
	1
	()

Class	StateManagementTriggerCompareRule					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement					
Note	This meta-class represents the configuration of a compare rule for the processing of a trigger request.					
	Tags:atp.Status=draft					
Base	ARObject, StateManagementCompareCondition, StateManagementCompareFormulaPart					
Aggregated by	StateManagementCom	pareFormula	a.part			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
assumed CurrentState	ModeDeclaration	01	iref	This reference denotes the assumed current state for the given compare rule for trigger values.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft InstanceRef implemented by:ModeDeclarationInState ManagementStateNotificationInstanceRef		

 Table 10.130:
 StateManagementTriggerCompareRule

[constr_10396]{DRAFT} Existence of reference in the role StateManagement-TriggerCompareRule.assumedCurrentState [For each StateManagement-TriggerCompareRule, the reference in the role assumedCurrentState shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

10.14.4.3 Error Rules

The modeling of the rules for error submissions is depicted in Figure 10.62 and Figure 10.64.

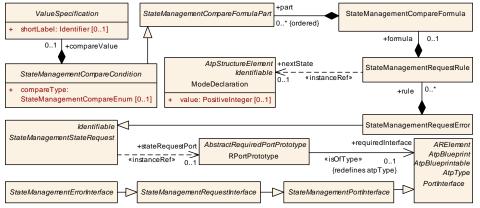


Figure 10.64: Modeling of StateManagementRequestRule for the "error" case



[TPS_MANI_01836]{DRAFT} Semantics of StateManagementRequestError.

rule [The semantics of the rule is that the affected state machine shall switch to the nextState if the formula evaluates to true.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	StateManagementErrorCompareRule					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement					
Note	This meta-class represents the configuration of a compare rule for the processing of an error submission.					
	Tags:atp.Status=draft					
Base	ARObject, StateManagementCompareCondition, StateManagementCompareFormulaPart					
Aggregated by	StateManagementCompa	reFormula	a.part			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
-	-	_	_	-		

Table 10.131: StateManagementErrorCompareRule

10.14.5 Action Items

[TPS_MANI_01387]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class StateManagementActionList [Whenever a state machine switches to a different state, one or more actions shall be executed in response.

This functionality is modeled by means of the existence of a StateManagementActionList that aggregates abstract class StateManagementActionItems as an ordered collection, i.e. the order of the execution of individual StateManagementActionItems is significant.

The concrete sub-classes

- StateManagementStateMachineActionItem
- StateManagementSyncActionItem
- StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem

of StateManagementActionItem define the specific action item that needs to be executed.

The StateManagementActionList refers to a ModeDeclaration (an "internal" state, as opposed to a Function Group State) as the representation of the state to which the state machine was switched to. |(*RS_MANI_00023*)



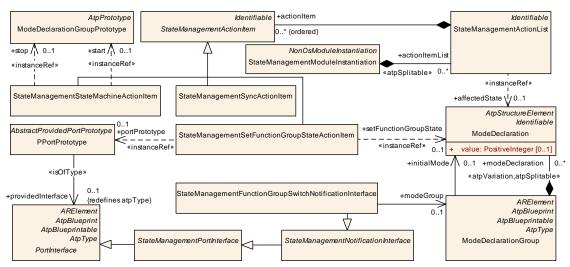


Figure 10.65: Modeling of StateManagementActionList

Class	StateManagementActionList					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define an action list that is associated with a state of a state machine. Tags:atp.Status=draft					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	StateManagementModuleInstantiation.actionItemList					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
actionItem (ordered)	StateManagement ActionItem	*	aggr	This represents the collection of action items in the context of the action item list.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft		
affectedState	ModeDeclaration	01	iref	This reference identifies the state for which the referencing action list applies.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft InstanceRef implemented by:ModeDeclarationInState ManagementStateNotificationInstanceRef		

Table 10.132: StateManagementActionList

[constr_10405]{DRAFT} Existence of reference in the role StateManagementActionList.affectedState [For each StateManagementActionList, the reference in the role affectedState shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

Class	StateManagementActionItem (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement						
Note	This meta-class represents an action item that is executed in response to a state change.						
	Tags:atp.Status=draft						
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable						
Subclasses	StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem, StateManagementStateMachineActionItem, State ManagementSyncActionItem						



Δ								
Class	StateManagementActionItem (abstract)							
Aggregated by	StateManagementActionList.actionItem							
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note							
-	-	-	-	-				



10.14.5.1 State Machine State Machine Action Item

[TPS_MANI_01388]{DRAFT} Semantics of the meta-class StateManagementStateMachineActionItem [A StateManagementStateMachineAction-Item can be used to start or stop a state machine in the context of State Management.

This activity is typically needed to interact with subordinate State Management software that comes with a specific <code>SoftwareCluster</code> and is responsible for the State Management of the enclosing <code>SoftwareCluster.](RS_MANI_00023)</code>

The purpose of the StateManagementStateMachineActionItem is to either start or stop a given state machine. There is therefore no valid use case for both references in the role start and stop to exist at the same time.

[constr_10386]{DRAFT} Existence of references StateManagementStateMa-chineActionItem.start and stop [For each StateManagementStateMa- chineActionItem, at most one of the two references

- start
- stop

shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.|()

Class	StateManagementStateMachineActionItem					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement					
Note	This meta-class represents a state management action item to start or stop a state machine.					
	Tags:atp.Status=draft					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, StateManagementActionItem					
Aggregated by	StateManagementActionList.actionItem					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
start	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	01	iref	This reference identifies the state machine that shall be started when the enclosing action list item is executed.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft InstanceRef implemented by:ModeDeclarationGroup PrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef		



Δ						
Class	StateManagementStateM	<i>l</i> lachineA	ctionIter	n		
stop	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	01	iref	This reference identifies the state machine that shall be stopped when the enclosing action list item is executed.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft InstanceRef implemented by:ModeDeclarationGroup PrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef		

10.14.5.2 Sync Action Item

[TPS_MANI_01389]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class StateManagementSyncActionItem [A StateManagementSyncActionItem can be used to introduce a synchronization point at which the workflow waits for the completion of actions that could (in theory) be executed in parallel.

In other words, any StateManagementActionItem positioned after the StateManagementSyncActionItem can only be executed if the StateManagementAction-Item placed before the StateManagementSyncActionItem are finished.](RS_-MANI_00023)

Class	StateManagementSyncActionItem					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement					
Note	This meta-class represents a state management action item to synchronize state machines.					
	Tags:atp.Status=draft					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, StateManagementActionItem					
Aggregated by	StateManagementActionL	StateManagementActionList.actionItem				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
	_	_	_	_		

Table 10.135: StateManagementSyncActionItem

10.14.5.3 Function Group Action Item

[TPS_MANI_01390]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class StateManagementSet-FunctionGroupStateActionItem [The purpose of StateManagementSet-FunctionGroupStateActionItem is to enable the switch of the state machine representing a specific Function Group to a new Function Group State, identified by means of the reference in the role StateManagementSetFunctionGroup-StateActionItem.setFunctionGroupState.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Each StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem references

• a ModeDeclaration that represents a Function Group State and



• a PPortPrototype over which the switch to the new Function Group State shall be communicated.

It is obviously very important that the ModeDeclarationGroup that is used in the context of the definition of the Function Group is identical⁴ to the definition of the StateManagementFunctionGroupSwitchNotificationInterface.mode-Group. This consequence is the basis for the definition of [constr_10387].

[constr_10387]{DRAFT} Consistency of StateManagementSetFunctionGroup-StateActionItem.portPrototype and StateManagementSetFunction-GroupStateActionItem.setFunctionGroupState [For each StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem, the ModeDeclarationGroup Used to type the ModeDeclaration that is referenced in the role setFunctionGroup-State shall be identical to the ModeDeclarationGroup referenced in the role modeGroup from the StateManagementFunctionGroupSwitchNotification-Interface that is used to type the PPortPrototype that is referenced in the role portPrototype from the affected StateManagementSetFunctionGroupState-ActionItem.

This rule shall be imposed at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. ()

Class	StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::StateManagement						
Note	This meta-class represents a state management action item to set a specific state in a specific function group.						
	Tags:atp.Status=draft	Tags:atp.Status=draft					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, StateManagementActionItem						
Aggregated by	StateManagementActionList.actionItem						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
portPrototype	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This reference identifies the PortPrototype over which the function group state switch shall be communicated.			
				Tags:atp.Status=draft InstanceRef implemented by:PPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef			
setFunction GroupState	ModeDeclaration	01	iref	This reference identifies the funtion group step that shall become active after the action step terminates.			
				Tags:atp.Status=draft InstanceRef implemented by:FunctionGroupStateIn FunctionGroupSetInstanceRef			

Please note that the relation described in [constr_10387] is depicted in Figure 10.65.

Table 10.136: StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem

[constr_10397]{DRAFT} Existence of reference in the role StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem.portPrototype [For each State-ManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem, the reference in the role

⁴Technically, it would be sufficient if the two affected ModeDeclarationGroups were compatible. But the utilization of the concept of compatibility doesn't (yet) have the same foothold on the *AUTOSAR* adaptive platform as it has on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*.



portPrototype shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10398]{DRAFT} Existence of reference in the role StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem.setFunctionGroupState [For each StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem, the reference in the role setFunctionGroupState shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

10.15 Deterministic Synchronization

10.15.1 Deterministic Synchronization Instantiation

The purpose of the deterministic synchronization is to ensure that a collection of socalled Deterministic Clients operates in lock-step, coordinated by a so-called Deterministic Sync Master.

The coordination of the lock-step execution requires some configuration on the deployment level, implemented as two sub-classes of abstract base class Deterministic-SyncInstantiation (that is in turn derived from NonOsModuleInstantiation): DeterministicSyncMaster and DeterministicClient.

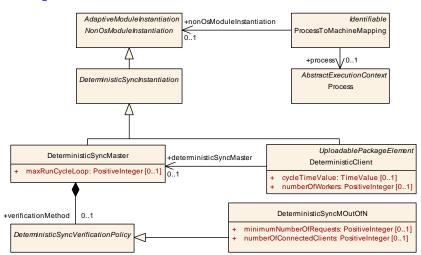


Figure 10.66: Modeling of support for DeterministicSyncInstantiation in the deployment

Class	DeterministicSyncInstantiation (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::DeterministicSync					
Note	This abstract meta class serves as a base class for deterministic sync module instantiations.					
	Tags:atp.Status=draft					
	∇					



\bigtriangleup					
Class	DeterministicSyncInstantiation (abstract)				
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable				
Subclasses	DeterministicClient, DeterministicSyncMaster				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, I	Machine.r	noduleIns	tantiation	
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	-	-	

 Table 10.137: DeterministicSynclostantiation

10.15.2 Deterministic Synchronization Client

[TPS_MANI_01203]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DeterministicClient** [The existence of DeterministicClient means that the Process referenced by a ProcessToM-achineMapping that also references the DeterministicClient implements the concept of a .] (*RS_MANI_00050*)

The support for the concept of a Deterministic Client consists of two aspects. The *design aspect* has already been explained in section 3.21.1 while the *deployment aspect* is discussed in this chapter.

Class	DeterministicClient				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::DeterministicSync				
Note	The meta-class DeterministicClient provides the ability to support the deterministic execution of one or more processes with specific configuration parameters for DeterministicClient library functions.				
	Tags: atp.Status=draft atp.recommendedPackage=DeterministicClients				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, CollectableElement, DeterministicSyncInstantiation, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOs ModuleInstantiation, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element, AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
cycleTimeValue	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute represents the cycle time for execution of a DeterministicClient activation cycle.	
				Tags:atp.Status=draft	
deterministic SyncMaster	DeterministicSync Master	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable DeterministicSync Master.	
				Tags:atp.Status=draft	
numberOf Workers	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Number of independent workers that process data-sets. Size of the worker pool shall be decided based on availability of resources like processor cores or memory.	
				Tags:atp.Status=draft	

 Table 10.138: DeterministicClient



10.15.3 Deterministic Synchronization Master

Meta-class DeterministicSyncMaster represents the counterpart to the DeterministicClient.

[TPS_MANI_01406]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DeterministicSyncMaster** [The existence of DeterministicSyncMaster means that the Process referenced by a ProcessToMachineMapping that also references the DeterministicSyncMaster ter implements the concept of a Deterministic Sync Master. The latter orchestrates the execution of a given number of DeterministicClients.](*RS_MANI_00050*)

Please note that there is intentionally no design-level configuration for DeterministicSyncMaster, i.e. there is no equivalent to the DeterministicClientResourceNeeds for the Deterministic Sync Master.

Class	DeterministicSyncMaster			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::DeterministicSync			
Note	The meta-class DeterministicSyncMaster provides the synchronization ability to support the deterministic execution of one or more processes with specific configuration parameters for DeterministicSyncMaster library functions			
	Tags:atp.Status=draft			
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Deterministic SyncInstantiation, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable			
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
maxRunCycle	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The maximum number of loops of the kRun cycle.
Loop				Tags:atp.Status=draft
verification Method	DeterministicSync VerificationPolicy	01	aggr	This aggregation is used to configure the applicable verification method implemented in the DeterministicSync Master.
				Tags:atp.Status=draft

Table 10.139: DeterministicSyncMaster

The orchestration of DeterministicClients requires a verification in terms of whether the clients are still in lock-step. A possible verification policy is the check whether M requests out of a possible collection of N clients request synchronization within a run cycle.

The configuration of this approach can be done by means of meta-class DeterministicSyncMOutOfN, modeled as a sub-class of abstract class Deterministic-SyncVerificationPolicy.

[TPS_MANI_01407]{DRAFT} Semantics of abstract base class Deterministic-SyncVerificationPolicy [The aggregation of DeterministicSyncVerificationPolicy in the role DeterministicSyncMaster.verificationMethod allows for the utilization of a concrete sub-class of DeterministicSyncVerificationPolicy for the purpose of verifying a sync request.



This way, the structure of the modeling remains unchanged, independently of the subclass of DeterministicSyncVerificationPolicy that is actually aggregated.] (RS_MANI_00050)

Please note that, for the time being, there is only support for one sub-class of DeterministicSyncVerificationPolicy: DeterministicSyncMoutOfN. In the future, further verification methods may be added.

Class	DeterministicSyncVerificationPolicy (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::DeterministicSync			
Note	This meta-class acts as an abstract base class for the configuration of concrete verification methods for the deterministic sync master.			
	Tags:atp.Status=draft			
Base	ARObject			
Subclasses	DeterministicSyncMOutOfN			
Aggregated by	DeterministicSyncMaster.verificationMethod			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
_	-	_	_	-

Table 10.140: DeterministicSyncVerificationPolicy

Class	DeterministicSyncMOutOfN				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::DeterministicSync				
Note	This meta-class has the ability to configure an N-out-of-M verification in the context of a deterministic sync master.				
	Tags:atp.Status=draft				
Base	ARObject, DeterministicSyncVerificationPolicy				
Aggregated by	DeterministicSyncMaster.verificationMethod				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
minimum NumberOf Requests	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The minimum number of received requests that is sufficient to continue the calculation of next cycle. This attribute represents the M in the M-out-of-N verification method.	
				Tags:atp.Status=draft	
numberOf Connected Clients	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the number of deterministic clients that are connected to the deterministic sync master. this attribute represents the N in the M-out-of-N verification method.	
				Tags:atp.Status=draft	

Table 10.141: DeterministicSyncMOutOfN

[constr_10406]{DRAFT} Existence of DeterministicSyncMOutOfN.numberOf-ConnectedClients [For each DeterministicSyncMOutOfN, attribute numberOfConnectedClients shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10407]{DRAFT} Existence of DeterministicSyncMOutOfN.minimum-NumberOfRequests [For each DeterministicSyncMOutOfN, attribute minimumNumberOfRequests shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



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[TPS_MANI_01408]{DRAFT} Semantics of reference DeterministicClient.deterministicSyncMaster [The creation of the collection of the Deterministic Clients that are served by one Deterministic Sync Master is created by means of the reference from DeterministicClient to DeterministicSyncMaster in the role deterministicSyncMaster.]*(RS_MANI_00050)*



11 Service Instance Manifest

11.1 ApplicationEndpoint

[TPS_MANI_03280]{DRAFT} Semantics of ApApplicationEndpoint [The ApApplicationEndpoint defines a UDP or TCP Port on a EthernetCommunication-Connector and defines together with the NetworkEndpoint that is referenced by the same EthernetCommunicationConnector in the role unicastNetworkEndpoint a local endpoint of a network communication path, i.e. a Socket.](*RS_MANI_-*00014)

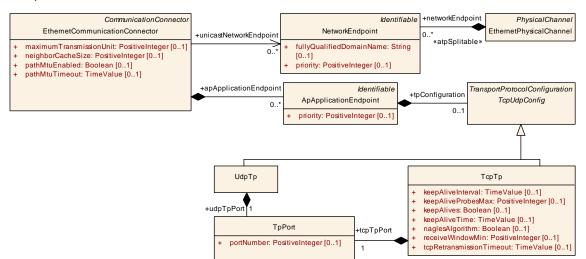


Figure 11.1: ApApplicationEndpoint definition

Class	ApApplicationEndpoint			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::APApplicationEndpoint			
Note	An application endpoint is the endpoint on an Ecu in terms of application addressing (e.g. UDP or TCP Port).			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	EthernetCommunicationConnector.apApplicationEndpoint			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the VLAN frame priority where values from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest) are allowed.
tpConfiguration	TcpUdpConfig	01	aggr	Configuration of the used transport protocol.

Table 11.1: ApApplicationEndpoint

Class	TcpUdpConfig (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology			
Note	Tcp or Udp Transport Protocol Configuration.			
Base	ARObject, TransportProtocolConfiguration			
Subclasses	TcpTp, UdpTp			

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Class	TcpUdpConfig (abstract)				
Aggregated by	ApApplicationEndpoint.tpConfiguration, ApplicationEndpoint.tpConfiguration, RtpTp.tcpUdpConfig				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
-	-	-	-	-	

Table 11.2: TcpUdpConfig

Class	UdpTp				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology				
Note	Content Model for UDP co	Content Model for UDP configuration.			
Base	ARObject, TcpUdpConfig	ARObject, TcpUdpConfig, TransportProtocolConfiguration			
Aggregated by	ApApplicationEndpoint.tp0	Configurat	<mark>ion</mark> , Appli	cationEndpoint.tpConfiguration, RtpTp.tcpUdpConfig	
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
udpTpPort	TpPort	1	aggr	Udp Port configuration.	

Table 11.3: UdpTp

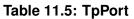
Class	ТсрТр					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology					
Note	Content Model for TCP co	onfiguratio	n.			
Base	ARObject, TcpUdpConfig	, Transpol	rtProtocol	Configuration		
Aggregated by	ApApplicationEndpoint.tp tcpUdpConfig	Configurat	ion, Appli	icationEndpoint.tpConfiguration, HttpTp.tcpTpConfig, RtpTp.		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
keepAlive Interval	TimeValue	01	attr	Specifies the interval in seconds between subsequent keepalive probes.		
keepAlive ProbesMax	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum number of times that TCP retransmits an individual data segment before aborting the connection.		
keepAlives	Boolean	01	attr	Indicates if Keep-Alive messages are sent.		
keepAliveTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Specifies the time in seconds between the last data packet sent and the first keepalive probe.		
naglesAlgorithm	Boolean	01	attr	Indicates if Nagle's Algorithm is used.		
receiveWindow Min	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimum size of the TCP receive window in bytes.		
tcp Retransmission Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines the timeout in seconds before an unacknowledged TCP segment is sent again. If the tcp RetransmissionTimeout is not defined or set to "INF", no TCP segments shall be re-transmitted.		
tcpTpPort	TpPort	1	aggr	TCP Port configuration.		

Table 11.4: TcpTp

[TPS_MANI_03281]{DRAFT} **Port specific TCP configuration settings** [The configuration settings in the TcpTp element of an ApApplicationEndpoint overwrite potential TCP settings that are available in TcpProps referenced by the MachineDesign that aggregates the EthernetCommunicationConnector that in turn contains the ApApplicationEndpoint.] (*RS_MANI_00014*)



Class	TpPort				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology			
Note	Dynamic or direct assignm	Dynamic or direct assignment of a PortNumber.			
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	TcpTp.tcpTpPort, UdpTp.u	udpTpPor	t		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
portNumber	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Port Number.	



11.1.1 VLAN Priority

The priority is a 3-bit field which refers to the IEEE 802.1Q priority. It indicates the frame priority level. Values are from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest); These values can be used to prioritize different classes of traffic (voice, video, data, etc.). The priority is contained in the Ethernet Header together with the vlanIdentifier.

The priority can be defined on different levels and can overwrite the defaultPriority on the VLAN:

- 1. NetworkEndpoint (for network traffic over the IP Address)
- 2. ApApplicationEndpoint (for TCP Port and/or UDP Port network traffic)
- 3. ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance (for network traffic resulting from the Service Instance)

The following table shows an example for the usage of the priority.

Port (Default Priority)	NetworkEndpoint (e.g. IP Address)	ApApplicationEndpoint (e.g. Tcp Port)
		AEP 1.1.1: Prio. —
CouplingPort1: Prio. 0	NEP1.1: Prio. —	AEP 1.1.2: Prio. 1
		AEP 1.2.1: Prio. —
	NEP1.2: Prio. 0	AEP 1.2.2: Prio. 1
CouplingPort2: Prio. 0		AEP 2.1.1: Prio. 2
	NEP2.1: Prio. 1	AEP 2.1.2: Prio. 3
		AEP 2.2.1: Prio. 1
	NEP2.2: Prio. 2	AEP 2.2.2: Prio. 0

 Table 11.6: VLAN Priority Example

Two CouplingPorts are defined and both have a reference to VLAN (Ethernet-PhysicalChannel) that defines two NetworkEndpoints. The CouplingPort defines the default priority. This default priority can be overwritten on the NetworkEndpoint level, and again on the ApApplicationEndpoint level.

For NetworkEndpoint NEP1.1 no priority is defined. But since on ApApplicationEndpoint AEP 1.1.2 a priority is defined, all messages on CouplingPort1 have the



Priority 0 ("best effort"), except for messages that are going over AEP 1.1.2. These messages have the priority 1 (higher priority).

On CouplingPort2, the priority is overwritten on several levels. Please note that ApApplicationEndpoints AEP 2.2.1 and AEP 2.2.2 are reducing the priority that is defined on the NetworkEndpoint NEP2.2.

Please note that the definition of the priority in the SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig can be used to define priorities for SD messages like Service Offer and SubscribeEventGroupAck that are resulting from Provided-SomeipServiceInstances that are referencing the SomeipSdServerService-InstanceConfig in the role sdServerConfig.

To prioritize SD messages that are sent from the service consumer to the service provider like FindService or SubscribeEventGroup, the priority in the SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig can be used.

The SD messages are communicated over a UDP Port that is defined in <code>SomeipSer-viceDiscovery.someipServiceDiscoveryPort</code> and over a IP Multicast Address that is defined by <code>SomeipServiceDiscovery.multicastSdIpAddress</code>. In other words, the priority in the <code>SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig</code> and <code>SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig</code> can be used to prioritize network traffic that results from specific ServiceInstances on SD level.

11.2 Service Interface Deployment

The different meta-class specializations of ServiceInterfaceDeployment define a binding of a ServiceInterface to a middleware transport layer.

This chapter describes the usage of the ServiceInterfaceDeployment in different bindings that are supported by AUTOSAR.

[TPS_MANI_03036]{DRAFT} **ServiceInterface deployment to a middleware transport layer** [The ServiceInterfaceDeployment meta-class provides the ability to map a ServiceInterface to a middleware transport layer that is represented by a concrete class that is derived from the abstract ServiceInterfaceDeployment meta-class.] (*RS_MANI_00008*)

The association between the ServiceInterfaceDeployment and the ServiceInterface implicitly also defines the relation between the technology specific version number of the service on the ServiceInterfaceDeployment and the service version of the ServiceInterface (defined by ServiceInterface.majorVersion and ServiceInterface.minorVersion)

[TPS_MANI_03617]{DRAFT} Version mapping between ServiceInterface and ServiceInterfaceDeployment [The contract version of a ServiceInterface (majorVersion, minorVersion) shall be mapped to a version of the ServiceInterfaceDeployment for each transport layer.



This version mapping may lead to different version numbers for different <u>ServiceIn-terfaceDeployments</u> that refer to the same <u>ServiceInterface</u>. This allows to define different version numbers, on the same network or on different networks (e.g. VLANs).](*RS_MANI_00065*)

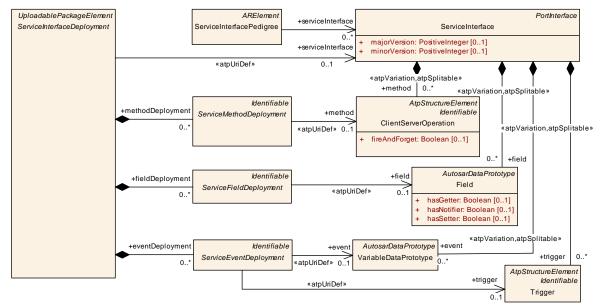


Figure 11.2: Deployment-related modeling of ServiceInterface

Note that transport layer specific constraints on the uniqueness of protocol credentials still have to be respected, e.g. [constr_1723].

In figure 11.3, the use-case of having one PPortPrototype typed by one ServiceInterface and having several ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances on several VLANs is illustrated.

It is possible to have different serviceInterfaceId, serviceInstanceId, and majorVersion values on each individual VLAN. But also the use-case of providing both service instances on the same VLAN would be supported, as long as their SOME/IP credentials are unique (see [constr_1723]).

On different VLANs the service instance may also use the same SOME/IP credentials. But only in case that all service instance specific configuration settings (e.g. IP Multicast Address, SD Timing Properties) are exactly the same on both VLANs the same AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance can be used to model the communication on both VLANs.

If, for example, the serviceInterfaceId, serviceInstanceId, and majorVersion values of a service instance on each VLAN are the same, but different IP Multicast Addresses are used on the different VLANs for the EventGroup transmission, then an individual VLAN specific modeling of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is necessary as shown in figure 11.3.



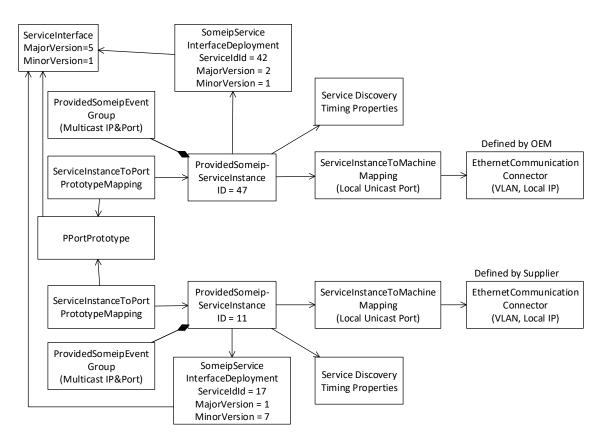


Figure 11.3: Example of 1 **PPortPrototype** mapped to 2 VLANs

Class	ServiceInterfaceDeployment (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment		
Note	Middleware transport laye ServiceInterface element		configura	tion settings for the ServiceInterface and all contained		
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement				
Subclasses	DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment, SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment, UserDefinedServiceInterface Deployment					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
event Deployment	ServiceEvent Deployment	*	aggr	Middleware transport layer specific configuration settings for an Event that is defined in the ServiceInterface.		
fieldDeployment	ServiceField Deployment	*	aggr	Middleware transport layer specific configuration settings for a Field that is defined in the ServiceInterface.		
method Deployment	ServiceMethod Deployment	*	aggr	Middleware transport layer specific configuration settings for a method that is defined in the ServiceInterface.		
serviceInterface	ServiceInterface	01	ref	Reference to a ServiceInterface that is deployed to a middleware transport layer.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef		

Table 11.7: ServiceInterfaceDeployment



[TPS_MANI_03037]{DRAFT} **Purpose of ServiceMethodDeployment** [The ServiceMethodDeployment meta-class provides the ability to define middleware transport layer specific configuration settings relevant for a method that is defined in the context of a ServiceInterface.](*RS_MANI_00008*)

[constr_3300]{DRAFT} Allowed ServiceMethodDeployment.method references [The ClientServerOperation that is referenced by ServiceMethodDeployment in the role method shall be defined in the context of a ServiceInterface that is referenced by the ServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterface that contains the ServiceMethodDeployment.]()

[TPS_MANI_03038]{DRAFT} **Purpose of ServiceEventDeployment** [The ServiceEventDeployment meta-class provides the ability to define middleware transport layer specific configuration settings relevant for an event or trigger that is defined in the context of a ServiceInterface.](*RS_MANI_00008*)

[constr_3301]{DRAFT} Allowed ServiceEventDeployment.event references [The VariableDataPrototype that is referenced by ServiceEventDeployment in the role event shall be defined in the context of a ServiceInterface that is referenced by the ServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterface that contains the ServiceEventDeployment.]()

[constr_5316]{DRAFT} Allowed ServiceEventDeployment.trigger references [The Trigger that is referenced by ServiceEventDeployment in the role trigger shall be defined in the context of a ServiceInterface that is referenced by the ServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterface that contains the ServiceEventDeployment.]()

[constr_5317]{DRAFT} ServiceEventDeployment not allowed to reference an event and a trigger at the same time [The ServiceEventDeployment element shall reference either:

- a VariableDataPrototype in the role event or
- a Trigger in the role trigger,

but not both at the same time.]()

[TPS_MANI_03039]{DRAFT} **Purpose of ServiceFieldDeployment** [The ServiceFieldDeployment meta-class provides the ability to define middleware transport layer specific configuration settings relevant for a field that is defined in the context of a ServiceInterface.](*RS_MANI_00008*)

[constr_3302]{DRAFT} Allowed ServiceFieldDeployment.field references [The Field that is referenced by ServiceFieldDeployment in the role field shall be defined in the context of a ServiceInterface that is referenced by the ServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterface that contains the ServiceFieldDeployment.]()



Please note that a partial ServiceInterfaceDeployment that only covers certain parts of the corresponding ServiceInterfaceDeployment is not supported. This understanding is formalized in [constr_10029]

[constr_10029]{DRAFT} ServiceInterfaceDeployment shall cover all elements of the corresponding ServiceInterface [If a ServiceInterfaceDeployment references a ServiceInterface in the role serviceInterface, then all methods, fields, triggers, and events defined in the context of the referenced ServiceInterface shall be referenced by respective methodDeployments, fieldDeployments, and eventDeployments owned by the referencing ServiceInterfaceDeployment.]()

[constr_3715]{DRAFT} Reference in the role SomeipEventGroup.event [In the context of a given SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment, all aggregated SomeipEventDeployments shall be referenced at least once in the role event by SomeipEventGroups that in turn are aggregated at the same SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. ()

Class	ServiceMethodDeploym	ent (abstr	act)	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment
Note	This abstract meta-class represents the ability to specify a deployment of a Method to a middleware transport layer.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Subclasses	SomeipMethodDeployment, UserDefinedMethodDeployment			
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeploym	ent.metho	dDeployn	nent
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
method	ClientServerOperation 01 ref Reference to a method that is deployed to a middleware transport layer.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef

Table 11.8: ServiceMethodDeployment

Class	ServiceEventDeployment (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment		
Note	This abstract meta-class transport layer.	This abstract meta-class represents the ability to specify a deployment of an Event to a middleware transport layer.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	DdsEventDeployment, SomeipEventDeployment, UserDefinedEventDeployment					
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeploym	ent.event	Deployme	nt		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
event	VariableDataPrototype	01	ref	Reference to an Event that is deployed to a middleware transport layer.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef		
trigger	Trigger	01	ref	Reference to a Trigger that is deployed to a middleware transport layer.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef		

Table 11.9: ServiceEventDeployment



Class	ServiceFieldDeploymen	ServiceFieldDeployment (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment	
Note	This abstract meta-class represents the ability to specify a deployment of a Field to a middleware transport layer.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	DdsFieldDeployment, SomeipFieldDeployment, UserDefinedFieldDeployment				
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeploym	ent.fieldDe	eployment	t	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
field	Field	Field 01 ref Reference to a Field that is deployed to a middleware transport layer.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef	

Table 11.10: ServiceFieldDeployment

[constr_10251]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role ServiceField-Deployment.field [For each ServiceFieldDeployment, the reference in the role field shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

11.2.1 SOME/IP Service Interface Deployment

This chapter describes the SOME/IP deployment of a ServiceInterface.

[TPS_MANI_03040]{DRAFT} **SOME/IP ServiceInterface binding** [The SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment meta-class provides the ability to bind a ServiceInterface to SOME/IP and to assign a SOME/IP Service identifier to the ServiceInterfaceId attribute.](*RS_MANI_00024*)

The idea behind the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment is the definition of a common configuration set that is shared between the server that provides the ServiceInterface and all clients that are consuming the ServiceInterface. So it contains all relevant SOME/IP settings used for identification of the ServiceInterface. face and its content in messages on the network.

[constr_3410]{DRAFT} Value range of SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment. serviceInterfaceId [The value of serviceInterfaceId shall be in the range of 0..65535.]()

Please note that the SOME/IP MessageId that is 32 Bit long contains a 16 Bit serviceInterfaceId, a single bit that defines whether the message transports a method or an event and a 15 Bit eventId or methodId.

Please also consider [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00515] in [30] that defines special and reserved serviceInterfaceIds for SOME/IP and SOME/IP-SD.

[TPS_MANI_03041]{DRAFT} Definition of SOME/IP EventGroups [The SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.eventGroup allows to define SOME/IP



EventGroups that are included in the SOME/IP Service and provide a logical grouping of events and notification events used for publish/subscribe handling.](*RS_MANI_-*00024)

[constr_3304]{DRAFT} Value of attribute SomeipEventGroup.eventGroupId shall be unique [The value of attribute eventGroupId shall be unique in the context of the enclosing SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.]()

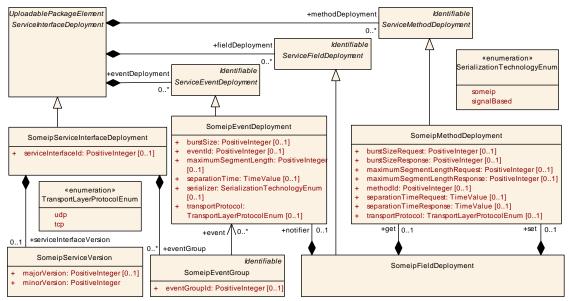


Figure 11.4: SOME/IP deployment of ServiceInterface

[TPS_MANI_03042]{DRAFT} **Definition of SOME/IP Service Version** [The SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion allows to define a major and a minor version for the SOME/IP Service.](*RS_MANI_00024*)

[constr_3557]{DRAFT} Mandatory majorVersion at SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion [If the SomeipServiceVersion is aggregated at the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterfaceVersion then the attribute SomeipServiceVersion.majorVersion shall be defined. |()

SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment				
M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment	
SOME/IP configuration s	ettings for	a Service	Interface.	
Tags:atp.recommendedF	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInterfaceDeployments			
ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, ServiceInterfaceDeployment, UploadablePackageElement				
ARPackage.element				
Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
SomeipEventGroup				
	M2::AUTOSARTemplates SOME/IP configuration s Tags :atp.recommended ARElement, ARObject, of Element, Referrable, Set ARPackage.element Type	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::Adaptive SOME/IP configuration settings for Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=S ARElement, ARObject, Collectable Element, Referrable, ServiceInterfa ARPackage.element Type Mult.	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform:: SOME/IP configuration settings for a Service Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInter ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Element, Referrable, ServiceInterfaceDeploy ARPackage.element Type Mult. Kind	



			\bigtriangleup	
Class	SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment			
serviceInterface Id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Unique Identifier that identifies the ServiceInterface in SOME/IP. This Identifier is sent as Service ID in SOME/IP Service Discovery messages.
serviceInterface Version	SomeipServiceVersion	01	aggr	The SOME/IP major and minor Version of the Service.

Λ

Table 11.11: SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment

[constr_10212]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceId [For each SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment, the attribute serviceInterfaceId shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. ()

[constr_10213]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion [For each SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment, the attribute serviceInterfaceVersion shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. ()

Class	SomeipEventGroup	SomeipEventGroup			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment	
Note	Grouping of events and no	otification	events ins	ide a ServiceInterface in order to allow subscriptions.	
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.eventGroup				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
event	SomeipEvent Deployment	*	ref	Reference to an event that is part of the EventGroup.	
eventGroupId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Unique Identifier that identifies the EventGroup in SOME/ IP. This Identifier is sent as Eventgroup ID in SOME/IP Service Discovery messages.	

Table 11.12: SomeipEventGroup

[constr_10214]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SomeipEventGroup.event-GroupId [For each SomeipEventGroup, the attribute eventGroupId shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

[TPS_MANI_03043]{DRAFT} **SOME/IP VariableDataPrototype binding** [The SomeipEventDeployment meta-class provides the ability to bind a VariableDataPrototype to SOME/IP and to assign a SOME/IP Event identifier to the event with the eventId attribute.](*RS_MANI_00024*)

[constr_3305]{DRAFT} Value of attribute SomeipEventDeployment.eventId shall be unique [The value of eventId shall be unique in the context of the enclosing SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment, unless SomeipEventDeployment. serializer is set to SerializationTechnologyEnum.signalBased.]()

For service-signal-translation according to [TPS_MANI_03667] special semantics applies as defined in [TPS_MANI_03666].



[constr_3408]{DRAFT} Value range of SomeipEventDeployment.eventId [The value of eventId shall be in the range of 0..32767.]()

Please note that [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00517] in [30] defines special and reserved EVENT-IDs for SOME/IP and SOME/IP-SD that result in the eventId values of 0 and 32767.

[TPS_MANI_03050]{DRAFT} **Usage of SomeipEventDeployment.transport-Protocol** [The value of SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol defines over which Transport Layer Protocol the SomeipEventDeployment.event is provided.](*RS_MANI_00024*)

[constr_5156]{DRAFT} SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol setting to udp and the impact on ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances [If SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol is set to udp then each ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance that refers the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterfaceDeployment shall only be mapped to a MachineDesign with a SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping with a Configured udpPort.]()

[constr_3308]{DRAFT} SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol setting to tcp and the impact on ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances [If SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol is set to tcp then each ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance that refers the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterfaceDeployment shall only be mapped to a MachineDesign with a SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping with a configured tcpPort.]()

[TPS_MANI_03067]{DRAFT} **SOME/IP segmentation of udp SomeipEventDeployments** [If the maximumSegmentLength is set to a value and the data length is larger than maximumSegmentLength then SOME/IP shall segment the SomeipEventDeployment into several packets and transmit them over the network.

The sender shall wait the separationTime between the transmissions of segments. On the reception side, SOME/IP re-assembles the received SOME/IP segments to the original SomeipEventDeployment. (*RS_MANI_00024*)

[constr_3351]{DRAFT} SOME/IP segmentation allowed for udp SomeipEventDeployments [Attribute SomeipEventDeployment.maximumSegmentLength shall only be used if the value of attribute SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol is set to udp.]()

As the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment is also used for the deployment of signal-based Pdus on Ethernet the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer defines whether the someip or the signalBased serialization shall be used for a specific event.

[TPS_MANI_03615]{DRAFT} **SomeipEventDeployment.serializer equals someip** [If the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is not defined or



is set to the value someip then the event shall be serialized/de-serialized using the SOME/IP serializer.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03591]{DRAFT} **SomeipEventDeployment.serializer equals signalBased** [If the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to the value signalBased then the event shall be serialized/de-serialized using the signalbased approach.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

Class	SomeipEventDeployment							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment							
Note	SOME/IP configuration se	ttings for a	an Event.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mi	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable, ServiceEventDeployment				
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeployme	ent.event	Deployme	nt, SomeipFieldDeployment.notifier				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
burstSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the number of segments that shall be transmitted in a burst ignoring separationTime. SeparationTime will then only be applied between bursts. If not configured, SeparationTime will be applied between all frames.				
eventId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Unique Identifier within a ServiceInterface that identifies the Event in SOME/IP. This Identifier is sent as part of the Message ID in SOME/IP messages.				
maximum SegmentLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the length in bytes of the SOME/ IP segment. This includes 8 bytes for the Request ID, Protocol Version, Interface Version, Message Type and Return Code and 4 additional SOME/IP TP bytes.				
				If this attribute is set to a value and the data length is larger than maximumSegmentLength then the corresponding SOME/IP message will be segmented into smaller parts that are transmitted over the network.				
separationTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Sets the duration of the minimum time in seconds SOME/ IP shall wait between the transmissions of segments.				
serializer	SerializationTechnology Enum	01	attr	Defines which serialization technology shall be used.				
transport Protocol	TransportLayerProtocol Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines over which Transport Layer Protocol this event is intended to be sent.				

This aspect is described in chapter 13.

 Table 11.13: SomeipEventDeployment

[constr_10215]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SomeipEventDeployment.eventId [For each SomeipEventDeployment, the attribute eventId shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

[constr_10216]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SomeipEventDeployment. transportProtocol [For each SomeipEventDeployment, the attribute transportProtocol shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



Enumeration	SerializationTechnologyEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment			
Note	This enumeration allows to choose a Serialization Technology.			
Aggregated by	SomeipEventDeployment.serializer			
Literal	Description			
signalBased	Signal-Based serializer.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			
someip	SOME/IP Serializer			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			

Table 11.14: SerializationTechnologyEnum

[TPS_MANI_03044]{DRAFT} **SOME/IP** ClientServerOperation binding [The SomeipMethodDeployment meta-class provides the ability to bind a ClientServerOperation to SOME/IP and to assign a SOME/IP Method identifier to the method with the methodId attribute. |(*RS_MANI_00024*)

[constr_3306]{DRAFT} Value of attribute methodId shall be unique per SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment [The value of methodId shall be unique in the context of the enclosing SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.]()

[constr_3409]{DRAFT} Value range of SomeipMethodDeployment.methodId [The value of methodId shall be in the range of 0..32767.]()

Please note that [PRS_SOMEIPSD_00517] in [30] defines special and reserved METHOD-IDs for SOME/IP and SOME/IP-SD that result in the methodId values of 0 and 32767.

[TPS_MANI_03051]{DRAFT} **Usage of SomeipMethodDeployment.transport-Protocol** [The value of SomeipMethodDeployment.transportProtocol defines over which Transport Layer Protocol this method is provided.](*RS_MANI_00024*)

[constr_3309]{DRAFT} SomeipMethodDeployment.transportProtocol setting to udp and the impact on ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances [If Someip-MethodDeployment.transportProtocol is set to udp then each Provided-SomeipServiceInstance that refers the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterfaceDeployment shall only be mapped to a MachineDesign with a SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping with a configured udpPort.]()

[constr_3310]{DRAFT} SomeipMethodDeployment.transportProtocol setting to tcp and the impact on ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances [If Someip-MethodDeployment.transportProtocol is set to tcp then each Provided-SomeipServiceInstance that refers the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterfaceDeployment shall only be mapped to a MachineDesign with a SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping with a configured tcpPort.]()

[TPS_MANI_03068]{DRAFT} SOME/IP segmentation of SomeipMethodDeployment Calls [If the maximumSegmentLengthRequest is set to a value and the data



length is larger than maximumSegmentLengthRequest then SOME/IP shall segment the SomeipMethodDeployment Call-Message into several packets and transmit them over the network.

The sender shall wait the separationTimeRequest between the transmissions of segments. On the reception side, SOME/IP re-assembles the received SOME/IP segments to the original SomeipMethodDeployment Call-Message. (*RS_MANI_00024*)

[TPS_MANI_03069]{DRAFT} **SOME/IP segmentation of SomeipMethodDeployment Responses** [If the maximumSegmentLengthResponse is set to a value and the data length is larger than maximumSegmentLengthResponse then SOME/IP shall segment the SomeipMethodDeployment Response-Message into several packets and transmit them over the network.

The sender shall wait the separationTimeResponse between the transmissions of segments. On the reception side, SOME/IP re-assembles the received SOME/IP segments to the original SomeipMethodDeployment Response-Message.](*RS_MANI_-00024*)

[constr_3352]{DRAFT} SOME/IP segmentation allowed for udp SomeipMethod-DeploymentS [SomeipMethodDeployment.maximumSegmentLengthRequest and SomeipMethodDeployment.maximumSegmentLengthResponse shall only be used if SomeipMethodDeployment.transportProtocol is set to udp.]()

Class	SomeipMethodDeployment							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment						
Note	SOME/IP configuration se	ettings for	a Method					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable, ServiceMethodDeployment				
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeployme	ent.metho	dDeployn	nent, SomeipFieldDeployment.get, SomeipFieldDeployment.				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
burstSize Request	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the number of segments for the Method Call that shall be transmitted in a burst ignoring separation Time. SeparationTime will then only be applied between bursts. If not configured, SeparationTime will be applied between all frames.				
burstSize Response	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the number of segments for the Method Response that shall be transmitted in a burst ignoring separationTime. SeparationTime will then only be applied between bursts. If not configured, SeparationTime will be applied between all frames.				
maximum SegmentLength Request	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the length in bytes of one SOME/ IP segment into which the Method Call Message will be divided. This length field includes 8 bytes for the Request ID, Protocol Version, Interface Version, Message Type and Return Code and 4 additional SOME/IP TP bytes.				
				If this attribute is set to a value and the data length is larger than maximumSegmentLengthRequest then the corresponding SOME/IP message will be segmented into smaller parts that are transmitted over the network.				



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Class	SomeipMethodDeploym	ent		
maximum SegmentLength Response	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the length in bytes of one SOME/ IP segment into which the Method Return Message will be divided. This length field includes 8 bytes for the Request ID, Protocol Version, Interface Version, Message Type and Return Code and 4 additional SOME/IP TP bytes.
				If this attribute is set to a value and the data length is larger than maximumSegmentLengthResponse then the corresponding SOME/IP message will be segmented into smaller parts that are transmitted over the network.
methodld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Unique Identifier within a ServiceInterface that identifies the Method in SOME/IP. This Identifier is sent as part of the Message ID in SOME/IP messages.
separationTime Request	TimeValue	01	attr	Sets the duration of the minimum time in seconds SOME/ IP shall wait between the transmissions of segments into which the Method Call Message will be divided.
separationTime Response	TimeValue	01	attr	Sets the duration of the minimum time in seconds SOME/ IP shall wait between the transmissions of segments into which the Method Return Message will be divided.
transport Protocol	TransportLayerProtocol Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines over which Transport Layer Protocol this method is intended to be sent.

Table 11.15: SomeipMethodDeployment

Class	SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceMapping						
Note	This meta-class allows to map SomeipServiceInstances to a CommunicationConnector of a Machine. In this step the network configuration (IP Address, Transport Protocol, Port Number) for the ServiceInstance is defined.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=S	erviceIns	anceToMachineMappings			
Base				Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable hineMapping, UploadablePackageElement			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
remoteMulticast Config	SomeipRemote MulticastConfig	*	ref	This reference defines a remote multicast Address (IP Address, Port) that is used in a static configuration to setup the communication path between a service provider and service consumer. This reference shall ONLY be used if the remote address is determined from the configuration and not at runtime from the Service Discovery.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
remoteUnicast Config	SomeipRemoteUnicast Config	*	ref	In case that a static service connection is used and a single peer exists this element is used to statically configure the remote peer's address.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
tcpPort	ApApplicationEndpoint	01	ref	local TcpPort that will be used by the ServiceInstance for the communication.			
udpCollection BufferSize Threshold	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the amount of data in bytes that shall be buffered for data transmission over the udp connection specified by this SomeipServiceInstanceToMachine Mapping in case data collection is enabled.			
udpPort	ApApplicationEndpoint	01	ref	local UdpPort that will be used by the ServiceInstance for the communication.			

Table 11.16: SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping



[TPS_MANI_03057]{DRAFT} **SOME**/**IP Field binding** [The SomeipFieldDeployment meta-class provides the ability to bind a Field to SOME/IP.

If the Field contains a notifier (hasNotifier = true), it is possible to assign a SOME/IP notifier identifier to the field by setting the value of attribute Someip-FieldDeployment.notifier.eventId.

If the Field contains a getter method (hasGetter = true), it is possible to assign a SOME/IP method identifier to the field by setting the value of attribute Someip-FieldDeployment.get.methodId.

If the Field contains a setter method (hasSetter = true), it is possible to assign a SOME/IP method identifier to the field by setting the value of attribute Someip-FieldDeployment.set.methodId (*RS_MANI_00024*)

Please note that each methodId and each eventId of a SomeipFieldDeployment shall be unique in the context of a ServiceInterface as defined in [constr_3306] and [constr_3305].

Class	SomeipFieldDeployment					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment		
Note	SOME/IP configuration se	ttings for a	a Field.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable, ServiceFieldDeployment		
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeployme	ent.fieldDe	eployment	t		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
get	SomeipMethod Deployment	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the setting of the get method.		
notifier	SomeipEvent Deployment	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the settings of the notifier.		
set	SomeipMethod Deployment	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the settings of the set method		

 Table 11.17: SomeipFieldDeployment

[constr_3362]{DRAFT} SomeipEventDeploymentS aggregated by a Someip-FieldDeployment [A SomeipEventDeployment that is aggregated by a Someip-FieldDeployment in the role notifier shall not reference a VariableDataPrototype in the role event.]()

[constr_3363]{DRAFT} SomeipMethodDeployments aggregated by a Someip-FieldDeployment [A SomeipMethodDeployment that is aggregated by a SomeipFieldDeployment in the role get or set shall not reference a ClientServerOperation in the role method.]()

[TPS_MANI_03227]{DRAFT} **Usage of ephemeral ports** [Ephemeral ports are shortlived transport protocol ports that are allocated automatically by the communication middleware. In case the port number in the ApApplicationEndpoint (TpPort. portNumber) is configured to 0, an *ephemeral* port shall be used. If the port number is configured to a value different from 0, exactly that value shall be used.](*RS_MANI_-*00024)



11.2.2 DDS Service Interface Deployment

This chapter describes the DDS [31] deployment of a ServiceInterface.

[TPS_MANI_03525]{DRAFT} **DDS ServiceInterface binding** [The DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment meta-class provides the ability to bind a ServiceInterface to DDS and to assign a DDS Service identifier to the ServiceInterface with the serviceInterfaceId attribute.](*RS_MANI_00038*)

[constr_3690]{DRAFT} DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceId value shall not conflict with topic-based service discovery [The value "discovery" for DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceId is reserved and shall not be used for modeled DdsServiceInterfaceDeployments.] ()

[constr_3690] is defined according to [SWS_CM_90508] of [9].

[TPS_MANI_03556]{DRAFT} **DDS-RPC Service Binding** [The DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment meta-class provides the ability to configure the name of the DDS Request and Reply Topics associated with a DDS-RPC Service with the method-RequestTopicName and methodReplyTopicName attributes, respectively. DDS-RPC Services are the mechanisms specified in the OMG RPC over DDS specification (DDS-RPC [32]) to handle method calls with DDS.

The methodRequestTopicName and methodReplyTopicName attributes are optional, if unspecified they shall be configured as specified in the DDS-RPC specification.](*RS_MANI_00038*)

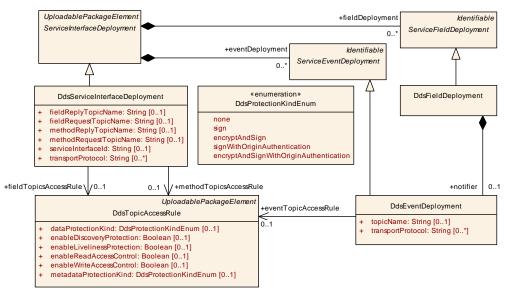


Figure 11.5: DDS deployment of ServiceInterface

[TPS_MANI_03526]{DRAFT} **DDS VariableDataPrototype binding** [The Dd-sEventDeployment meta-class provides the ability to bind a VariableDataPrototype to DDS and to assign a DDS Topic to the event with the topicName attribute.



Moreover, the meta-class provides the ability to configure the transportProtocols over which the VariableDataPrototype may be accessed. (*RS_MANI_00038*)

Class	DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment						
Note	DDS configuration settings for a ServiceInterface.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedF	Package=S	erviceInte	erfaceDeployments			
Base				Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable ment, UploadablePackageElement			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
fieldReplyTopic Name	String	01	attr	Name of the DDS Reply Topic associated with the Field.			
fieldRequest TopicName	String	01	attr	Name of the DDS Request Topic associated with the Field.			
fieldTopics AccessRule	DdsTopicAccessRule	01	ref	DDS Security access rule applicable to the DDS Topics used for service interface field access methods (Get, Set).			
methodReply TopicName	String	01	attr	Name of the DDS Reply Topic associated with the Method.			
methodRequest TopicName	String	01	attr	Name of the DDS Request Topic associated with the Method.			
methodTopics AccessRule	DdsTopicAccessRule	01	ref	DDS Security access rule applicable to the DDS Topics used for service interface methods.			
serviceInterface Id	String	01	attr	Unique Identifier that identifies the ServiceInterface in DDS. This Identifier is encoded in the USER_DATA QoS of the DomainParticipant associated with the Service Instance and its value is propagated by DDS Discovery messages.			
transport Protocol	String	*	attr	This attribute defines over which Transport Layer Protocol(s) this Method is intended to be sent.			

 Table 11.18: DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment

[constr_10217]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the attribute DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceId [For each DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment, the attribute serviceInterfaceId shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

Class	DdsEventDeployment					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment		
Note	DDS configuration setting	s for an E	vent.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mi	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceEventDeployment				
Aggregated by	DdsFieldDeployment.notifier, ServiceInterfaceDeployment.eventDeployment					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
eventTopic AccessRule	DdsTopicAccessRule	01	ref	DDS Security access rule applicable to the DDS Topics used for the service interface event.		
topicName	String	01	attr	Name of the DDS Topic associated with the Event.		
transport Protocol	String	*	attr	This attribute defines over which Transport Layer Protocol(s) this event is intended to be sent.		

Table 11.19: DdsEventDeployment



[TPS_MANI_03557]{DRAFT} **DDS ClientServerOperation Binding** [There exists no concrete subclass of ServiceMethodDeployment to bind a ClientServerOperation to DDS. This binding is done with the DdsServiceIn-terfaceDeployment (see [TPS_MANI_03556]).](*RS_MANI_00038*)

[TPS_MANI_03558]{DRAFT} **DDS Field Binding** [The DdsFieldDeployment meta-class provides the ability to bind a Field to DDS.

To bind the Field's notification event the notifier is used to define a DDS Topic. To assign the get/set Field methods the fieldRequestTopicName and field-ReplyTopicName are used to define a DDS Topic.

The fieldRequestTopicName and fieldReplyTopicName attributes are optional, if unspecified they shall be configured as specified in the DDS-RPC specification.](*RS_MANI_00038*)

[TPS_MANI_03622]{DRAFT} **DDS Transport Protocols are up to the stack implementer** [Underlying transports below the RTPS protocol are not part of the DDS OMG standard (QoS APIs [31]) or (XML schema [33]). It is up to each DDS implementation vendor to decide which transports are supported and how those are expressed in APIs and XML. | (RS_MANI_00038)

Class	DdsFieldDeployment						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment					
Note	DDS configuration settings for a Field.						
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceFieldDeployment						
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeployme	ent.fieldDe	eployment	t			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
notifier	DdsEventDeployment	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the settings of the notifier.			

Table 11.20: DdsFieldDeployment

[constr_3563]{DRAFT} Mandatory topic name values [The attributes methodRequestTopicName, methodReplyTopicName, fieldRequestTopicName, fieldReplyTopicName, topicName shall specify string values, each of them unique within the service interface.]()

[TPS_MANI_03662]{DRAFT} **Configuration of Topic access rules** [The DdsTopicAccessRule meta-class defines rules generally applicable to DDS Topics defined by Service Interface deployments, determining the protection mechanisms applicable for discovery, liveliness, access control, metadata and user data.

The enableReadAccessControl and enableWriteAccessControl attributes are not meant to interfere with or duplicate ComGrant-based access rules. These are just an additional mechanisms for integrators to fully disable access control for an specific topic at Service Interface Deployment level, in case that is desirable for an specific deployment scenario. (*RS_MANI_00038*)



Class	DdsTopicAccessRule	DdsTopicAccessRule					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment			
Note	DDS Topic access rule de	finition.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=D	dsTopicA	ccessRules			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable, Uple			Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable ment			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
dataProtection Kind	DdsProtectionKind Enum	01	attr	Defines the data protection policy applicable to metadata related to the DDS Topic(s).			
enable Discovery Protection	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether discovery protection mechanisms should apply to the DDS Topic(s).			
enable Liveliness Protection	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether liveliness protection mechanisms should apply to the DDS Topic(s).			
enableRead AccessControl	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether read access control mechanisms should apply to the DDS Topic(s).			
enableWrite AccessControl	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether write access control mechanisms should apply to the DDS Topic(s).			
metadata ProtectionKind	DdsProtectionKind Enum	01	attr	Defines the data protection policy applicable to metadata related to the DDS Topic(s).			

Table 11.21: DdsTopicAccessRule

[constr_3680]{DRAFT} Existence of attributes for DdsTopicAccessRule [The following attributes of DdsTopicAccessRule shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished

- enableDiscoveryProtection
- enableLivelinessProtection
- enableReadAccessControl
- enableWriteAccessControl
- metadataProtectionKind
- dataProtectionKind

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[constr_3681]{DRAFT} Supported values of DdsTopicAccessRule.dataProtectionKind [Only values none, sign, Or encryptAndSign from DdsProtectionKindEnum shall be used when setting DdsTopicAccessRule.dataProtectionKind at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. (/)

[constr_3683]{DRAFT} Attributes referencing DdsTopicAccessRule [DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.fieldTopicsAccessRule, DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.methodTopicsAccessRule, and DdsEventDeployment. eventTopicAccessRule shall be set if the Service Interface Deployment is to



be used by Service Instances relying in DDS Security (meaning DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.secureComPropsForDds is defined) at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

11.2.3 User Defined Service Interface Deployment

This chapter describes a user defined deployment of a <u>ServiceInterface</u> to a middleware technology that is not standardized by AUTOSAR. Such <u>UserDefinedSer-</u> viceInterfaceDeployment can for example also be used to describe a machine local IPC communication.

[TPS_MANI_03045]{DRAFT} **UserDefined ServiceInterface binding** [The UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment meta-class provides the ability to bind a ServiceInterface that is referenced in the role serviceInterface to a middleware technology that is not standardized by AUTOSAR. |(*RS_MANI_00014*)

Please note that UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment is Identifiable and therefore it is able to describe special data (sdg) which is not represented by the standard model.

Class	UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment		
Note	UserDefined configuration	n settings t	for a Serv	ceInterface.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInterfaceDeployments					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, ServiceInterfaceDeployment, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	_	_	_	_		

 Table 11.22: UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment

[TPS_MANI_01165]{DRAFT} Standardized value of UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment.category [The AUTOSAR Standard reserves the following value for attribute UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment.category:

• SERVICE_INTERFACE_DEPLOYMENT_IPC

It is possible to use a custom, non-standardized value for the attribute UserDefined-ServiceInterfaceDeployment.category but this option comes with the obligation to use a value that is guaranteed to not clash with possible future extensions of the collection of standardized values. |(*RS_MANI_00014*)

IPC communication may or may not require configuration settings that nevertheless aren't standardized by AUTOSAR. The best support that the AUTOSAR standard can deliver is the provision of meta-classes that can be taken as the basis to define configuration settings by means of the definition of Sdg.



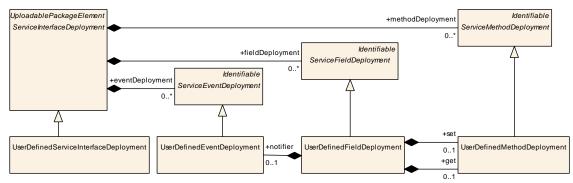


Figure 11.6: User defined deployment of ServiceInterface

[constr_1570]{DRAFT} Restriction for UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment Of category SERVICE_INTERFACE_DEPLOYMENT_IPC [An Adaptive-PlatformServiceInstance that references a UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment of category SERVICE_INTERFACE_DEPLOYMENT_IPC shall only be referenced by a UserDefinedServiceInstanceToMachineMapping in the role serviceInstance that in turn references a UserDefinedCommunicationConnector. ()

Class	UserDefinedServiceInstanceToMachineMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceMapping	
Note	This meta-class allows to map UserDefinedServiceInstances to a CommunicationConnector of a Machine.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInstanceToMachineMappings				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping, UploadablePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	_	-	_	_	

Table 11.23: UserDefinedServiceInstanceToMachineMapping

Rationale for [constr_1570]: for a local IPC binding it is sometimes necessary to define properties of the IPC system. And for this purpose the UserDefinedCommunicationConnector mapped to an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance can be used to define global properties (e.g. for service discovery) of a given "IPC-Domain".

In other words, each defined UserDefinedCommunicationConnector may represent such an "IPC-Domain" that requires a dedicated configuration on the basis of the definition of Sdgs.

Class	UserDefinedCommunicationConnector				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::CddSupport				
Note	This element allows the modeling of arbitrary Communication Connectors.				
Base	ARObject, CommunicationConnector, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	EcuInstance.connector, MachineDesign.communicationConnector				

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Class	UserDefinedCommunicationConnector						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
-	-	-	-	-			

Table 11.24: UserDefinedCommunicationConnector

[TPS_MANI_03046]{DRAFT} **User defined VariableDataPrototype binding** [The UserDefinedEventDeployment meta-class provides the ability to bind a VariableDataPrototype that is referenced in the role event to a middleware technology that is not standardized by AUTOSAR. |(*RS_MANI_00014*)

Please note that UserDefinedEventDeployment is Identifiable and therefore it is able to describe special data (sdg) which is not represented by the standard model.

Class	UserDefinedEventDeployment				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment				
Note	UserDefined configuration settings for an Event.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceEventDeployment				
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeployme	ent.event	Deployme	nt, UserDefinedFieldDeployment.notifier	
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
-	-	-	-	-	

Table 11.25: UserDefinedEventDeployment

[TPS_MANI_03047]{DRAFT} **User defined ClientServerOperation binding** [The UserDefinedMethodDeployment meta-class provides the ability to bind a ClientServerOperation that is referenced in the role method to a middleware technology that is not standardized by AUTOSAR.](*RS MANI 00014*)

Please note that UserDefinedMethodDeployment is Identifiable and therefore it is able to describe special data (sdg) which is not represented by the standard model.

Class	UserDefinedMethodDeployment				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment			
Note	UserDefined configuration settings for a Method.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, ServiceMethodDeployment				
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeployment.methodDeployment, UserDefinedFieldDeployment.get, UserDefinedField Deployment.set				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	-	-	_	-	

Table 11.26: UserDefinedMethodDeployment

[TPS_MANI_03048]{DRAFT} **User defined Field binding** [The UserDefined-FieldDeployment meta-class provides the ability to bind a Field that is referenced in the role field to a middleware technology that is not standardized by AUTOSAR.] (*RS_MANI_00014*)



Please note that UserDefinedFieldDeployment is Identifiable and therefore it is able to describe special data (sdg) which is not represented by the standard model.

Class	UserDefinedFieldDeployment						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInterfaceDeployment						
Note	UserDefined configuration	settings f	or a Field	l.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable, ServiceFieldDeployment			
Aggregated by	ServiceInterfaceDeployment.fieldDeployment						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
get	UserDefinedMethod Deployment	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the settings of the get method			
notifier	UserDefinedEvent Deployment	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the settings of the notifier.			
set	UserDefinedMethod Deployment	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the settings of the set method			

Table 11.27: UserDefinedFieldDeployment

[constr_3417]{DRAFT} UserDefinedEventDeploymentS aggregated by a UserDefinedFieldDeployment [A UserDefinedEventDeployment that is aggregated by a UserDefinedFieldDeployment in the role notifier shall not reference a VariableDataPrototype in the role event.]()

[constr_3418]{DRAFT} UserDefinedMethodDeployments aggregated by a UserDefinedFieldDeployment [A UserDefinedMethodDeployment that is aggregated by a UserDefinedFieldDeployment in the role get or set shall not reference a ClientServerOperation in the role method.]()

11.3 Service Instance Deployment

An AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance makes the functionality of a ServiceInterface available on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform. Several Adaptive-PlatformServiceInstances may be set up for the same ServiceInterface. They deliver the same functionality, but for different purposes and/or to different users.

The ProvidedApServiceInstance represents a provider that offers the functionality of a ServiceInterface with particular properties. Clients that are represented by the RequiredApServiceInstance observe offers and choose a provider with respect to service properties.

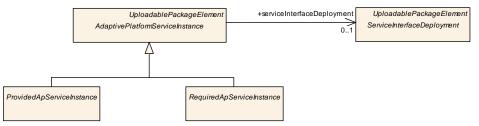


Figure 11.7: Modeling of the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance



Note that the abstract meta-class AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is derived from ARElement. This means that all meta-classes derived from AdaptivePlat-formServiceInstance can be declared on the M1 level as part of an ARPackage and thus can be used in several Manifest descriptions.

Class	AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment					
Note	This meta-class represent an abstract way.	s the abili	ty to desc	ribe the existence and configuration of a service instance in		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable, Uplo			Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable ment		
Subclasses	ProvidedApServiceInstand	ce, Requii	redApSer	viceInstance		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
e2eEvent ProtectionProps	End2EndEvent ProtectionProps	*	aggr	This aggregation allows to protect an event or a field notifier that is defined inside of the ServiceInterface that is referenced by the ServiceInstance in the role service Interface.		
e2eMethod ProtectionProps	End2EndMethod ProtectionProps	*	aggr	This aggregation allows to protect a method or a field getter or a field setter that is defined inside of the Service Interface that is referenced by the ServiceInstance in the role serviceInterface		
secureCom Config	ServiceInterface ElementSecureCom Config	*	aggr	Configuration settings to secure the communication of ServiceInterface elements.		
serviceInterface Deployment	ServiceInterface Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a ServiceInterfaceDeployment that identifies the ServiceInterface that is represented by the Service Instance.		

Table 11.28: AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance

Class	RequiredApServiceInstance (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a required service instance in an abstract way.					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Subclasses	DdsRequiredServiceInstance, RequiredSomeipServiceInstance, RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	_	_	_	_		

Table 11.29: RequiredApServiceInstance

Class	ProvidedApServiceInstance (abstract)
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a provided service instance in an abstract way.
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement
Subclasses	DdsProvidedServiceInstance, ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance, ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance

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Class	ProvidedApServiceInstance (abstract)					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
-	-	-	-	-		

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There are two alternative ways to relate an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance with a MachineDesign as described in [TPS_MANI_03000] and [TPS_MANI_03001]. Figure Figure 11.8 shows both approaches in an example.

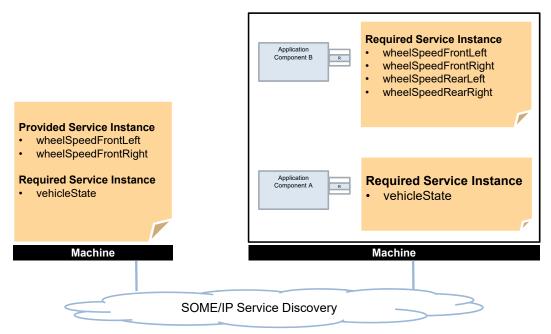


Figure 11.8: Different approaches for ServiceInstanceMapping

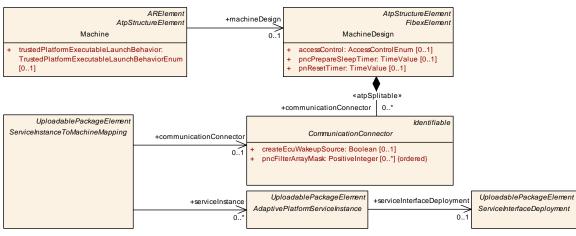


Figure 11.9: ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping



[TPS_MANI_03001]{DRAFT} **Mapping of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance to a MachineDesign** [ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping is used to assign one or several AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances to (via a Communication-Connector) a MachineDesign. This allows to define a "black box" machine view without any assumption on the application software but with all necessary information to configure the communication (e.g. SOME/IP).](*RS_MANI_00009*)

Class	ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceMapping						
Note	This meta-class represen CommunicationConnecto			one or several AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances to a			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable, Upl			Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable ment			
Subclasses	DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping, SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping, UserDefined ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
communication Connector	Communication Connector	01	ref	Reference to the Machine to which the ServiceInstance is mapped.			
secOcCom PropsFor Multicast	SecOcSecureCom Props	*	ref	Reference to communication security configuration settings that are valid for the udp multicast endpoint (Port + Multicast IP Address) defined by the ServiceInstanceTo MachineMapping.			
secureCom PropsForTcp	SecureComProps	01	ref	Reference to communication security configuration settings that are valid for the tcp unicast endpoint (Tcp Port + Unicast IP Address) defined by the Service InstanceToMachineMapping.			
secureCom PropsForUdp	SecureComProps	01	ref	Reference to communication security configuration settings that are valid for the udp unicast endpoint (Udp Port + Unicast IP Address) defined by the Service InstanceToMachineMapping.			
serviceInstance	AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance	*	ref	Reference to a ServiceInstance that is mapped to the Machine.			

Table 11.31: ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping

[constr_5155]{DRAFT} SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping only supports a single Address Family [A SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping shall only support a single Address Family, i.e. either IPv4 or IPv6. If IPv4 is defined for IP unicast communication according to [constr_3288] then the Someip-ProvidedEventGroups in ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances that are referenced by the SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping shall only define an ipv4MulticastIpAddress.

If IPv6 is defined for IP unicast communication according to [constr_3288] then the <code>SomeipProvidedEventGroups</code> in <code>ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances</code> that are referenced by the <code>SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping</code> shall only define an <code>ipv6MulticastIpAddress.]()</code>

[TPS_MANI_03292]{DRAFT} Semantic of SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.tcpPort [The SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping. tcpPort defines a TCP-Port number that will be used in the following way:



- In case of a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance, the value of attribute tcp-Port will be transmitted in the SD-Offer message to the client and this port number will be used in the following way:
 - Method communication: over this port the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance will receive the method call messages from the clients and over the same port the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance will send the responses to the service consumers.
 - Event communication: over this port the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance will transmit the event messages to the subscribed client in IP-Unicast case.
- In case of a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance, the value of attribute tcp-Port will be transmitted in the SD-SubscribeEventGroup message to the server and this port number will be used in the following way:
 - Method communication: over this port the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance will send the method call messages to the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance and over the same port the RequiredSomeipService-Instance will receive the responses from the service provider.
 - Event communication: over this port the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance will receive the event messages in IP-Unicast case.

](RS_MANI_00009)

[TPS_MANI_03293]{DRAFT} Semantic of SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.udpPort [The SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping. udpPort defines a UDP-Port number that will be used in the following way:

- In case of a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance, the value of attribute udp-Port will be transmitted in the SD-Offer message to the client and this port number will be used in the following way:
 - Method communication: over this port the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance will receive the method call messages from the clients and over the same port the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance will send the responses to the service consumers.
 - Event communication: over this port the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance will transmit the event messages to the subscribed client in IP-Unicast case.
- In case of a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance, the value of attribute udp-Port will be transmitted in the SD-SubscribeEventGroup message to the server and this port number will be used in the following way:
 - Method communication: over this port the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance will send the method call messages to the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance and over the same port the RequiredSomeipService-Instance will receive the responses from the service provider.



- Event communication: over this port the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance will receive the event messages in IP-Unicast case.

](RS_MANI_00009)

[constr_3487]{DRAFT} TCP endpoint can only serve provided or required service instances exclusively [ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping is not allowed to refer to a ProvidedApServiceInstance and at the same time a RequiredApServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance if

- the ServiceInterfaceDeployment that is referenced by the ProvidedApServiceInstance in the role serviceInterfaceDeployment and
- the ServiceInterfaceDeployment that is referenced by the RequiredApServiceInstance in the role serviceInterfaceDeployment

both contain defined tcp content that is described by the transportProtocol attribute in the deployment elements of SOME/IP or DDS.

In other words a TCP endpoint can only serve provided or required service instances exclusively.]()

The reason for [constr_3487] is that the POSIX Socket API does not support the binding of several TCP sockets onto the same tuple <local IP address, local port>. But this would be necessary if a service is provided and consumed over the same TCP Endpoint.

[TPS_MANI_03000]{DRAFT} **Mapping of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance to PortPrototypes** [ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping is used to assign an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance to a PortPrototype of a SwComponentType. This allows to define how specific PortPrototypes of a Software Component are represented in the middleware in terms of the service configuration.](*RS_MANI_00011*)

In other words, the "outside" appearance of a PortPrototype from the middleware point of view is the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, or the concrete subclasses RequiredApServiceInstance and ProvidedApServiceInstance.

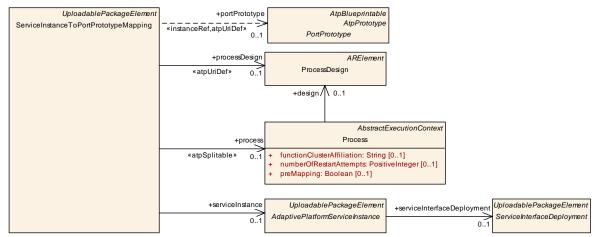
Meta-classes ProvidedApServiceInstance and RequiredApServiceInstance are abstract and this allows for using specific derived classes that fit the underlying middleware (e.g. SOME/IP). The following sub-chapters will detail the supported specializations.

[TPS_MANI_01316]{DRAFT} **Existence of ServiceInstanceToPortProto**typeMapping.processDesign [The reference ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping.processDesign shall only be used in a design-level modeling scenario where a pre-assignment of a given ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping to a specific ProcessDesign is intended.

By this means it is possible to express that one Executable is foreseen to be executed in multiple instances and it is also possible to assign service instances to each



of the foreseen ProcessDesigns that represent instances of Executable at design time. |(*RS_MANI_00009*)





Class	ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceMapping							
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to assign a transport layer dependent ServiceInstance to a Port Prototype.							
		With this mapping it is possible to define how specific PortPrototypes are represented in the middleware in terms of service configuration.						
	Tags:atp.recommended	Package=S	erviceIns	tanceToPortPrototypeMappings				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, Element, Referrable, Up			Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable ment				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
portPrototype	PortPrototype	01	iref	Reference to a specific PortPrototype that represents the ServiceInstance.				
				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by: PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef				
process	Process	01	ref	Reference to the Process in which the enclosing Service InstanceToPortPrototypeMapping is executed.				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=process				
processDesign	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the ProcessDesign in which the Executable that contains the SoftwareComponent and the referenced PortPrototype is executed.				
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef				
serviceInstance	AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance	01	ref	Reference to a ServiceInstance that is represented in the Software Component by the mapped group of Port Prototypes.				

Table 11.32: ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping

[TPS_MANI_01317]{DRAFT} **Existence of ServiceInstanceToPortPro-totypeMapping.process** [The reference ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping.process shall be only used in a deployment-level modeling where the integration of a SoftwareCluster is created. The reference has the role to identify the actual Process used in the execution manifest.



This reference overwrites a potentially existing reference to a ProcessDesign in the context of the enclosing ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping](RS_-MANI_00009)

Please note that if both ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping.process-Design and process exist, the latter gets the higher significance because it is created by an integrator who may overrule design decisions on the basis of superior knowledge about the context.

In such a case it is acceptable that the Process references a different Process-Design than the one referenced in the role ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping.processDesign. This is just the result of superior knowledge of the integrator over the designer.

11.3.1 SOME/IP Service Instance Deployment

In the case of SOME/IP used as the middleware the derived meta-classes are ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance or RequiredSomeipServiceInstance. These meta-classes also carry attributes that apply for the service discovery on SOME/IP.

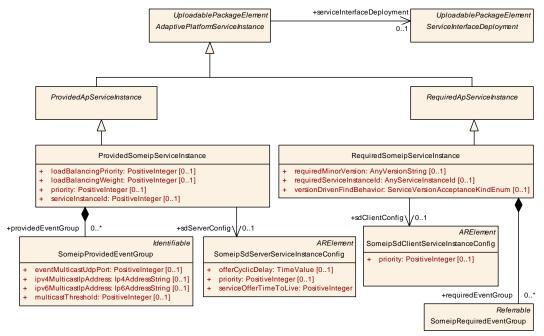


Figure 11.11: SOME/IP Service Instances



Primitive	AnyServiceInstanceId					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes					
Note	This is a positive integer or the literal ALL (the value ANY is technically supported but deprecated) which can be denoted in decimal, octal and hexadecimal. The value is between 0 and 65535.					
	Tags: xml.xsd.customType=ANY-SERVICE-INSTANCE-ID xml.xsd.pattern=[1-9][0-9]* 0[xX][0-9a-fA-F]+ 0[0-7]* 0[bB][0-1]+ ANY ALL xml.xsd.type=string					



11.3.1.1 Provided Service Instance

The ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance defines the serviceInstanceId for the Service Instance of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment that is referenced with the serviceInterfaceDeployment reference.

It means that the Server on which the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance is deployed offers the Service Instance over SOME/IP with the serviceInstanceId and serviceInterfaceId.

Class	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a provided service instance in a concrete implementation on top of SOME/IP.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInstances					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, ProvidedApServiceInstance, Referrable, Uploadable PackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
capability Record (ordered)	TagWithOptionalValue	*	aggr	A sequence of records to store arbitrary name/value pairs conveying additional information about the named service.		
eventProps	SomeipEventProps	*	aggr	Configuration settings for individual events that are provided by the ServiceInstance.		
loadBalancing Priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute is used to specify the priority in the load balancing option of SOME/IP that is added to the Offer Service.		
				When a client searches for all service instances of a service, the client shall choose the service instance with highest priority if one is defined.		
loadBalancing Weight	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute is used to specify the weight in the load balancing option of SOME/IP that is added to the Offer Service.		
				When a client searches for all service instances of a service, the client shall choose the service instance with highest priority if one is defined. If several service instances exist with the highest priority the service instance shall be chosen based on the weights of the service instances.		



Class	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance						
method ResponseProps	SomeipMethodProps	*	aggr	Configuration settings for individual methods that are provided by the ServiceInstance.			
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the VLAN frame priority for SOME/ IP messages that are resulting from this ProvidedSomeip ServiceInstance (Method and Event communication). Values from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest) are allowed.			
providedEvent Group	SomeipProvidedEvent Group	*	aggr	List of EventGroups that are provided by the Service Instance.			
sdServerConfig	SomeipSdServer ServiceInstanceConfig	01	ref	Server specific configuration settings relevant for the SOME/IP service discovery.			
serviceInstance Id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Identification number that is used by SOME/IP service discovery to identify the instance of the service.			
				The value 65535 for service instance id is reserved and should not be used.			

 \wedge

Table 11.34: ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance

[constr_10218]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role Provided-SomeipServiceInstance.sdServerConfig [For each ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance, the reference in the role sdServerConfig shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10219]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.serviceInstanceId [For each ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance, the attribute serviceInstanceId shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_3287]{DRAFT} Mandatory information of a ProvidedSomeipService-Instance [The ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance shall always define the serviceInstanceId.]()

[constr_1770]{DRAFT} Value of ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.service-InstanceId [For each ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.serviceInstanceId, the value shall be in the range 0..65534.]()

Rationale for [constr_1770]: on protocol level, the value 65535 represents the "ALL" semantics that can only be used in find messages.

In addition to the service identification properties a SOME/IP offer message contains so called endpoint options that define how the service instance is reachable by clients.

[constr_5338]{DRAFT} ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance shall offer all SomeipEventGroupS for subscription [In the scope of a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance, SomeipProvidedEventGroupS shall be defined such that

• every aggregated ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.providedEvent-Group references a SomeipEventGroup in the context of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment referenced from the enclosing Provided-SomeipServiceInstance in the role serviceInterfaceDeployment



• each SomeipEventGroup defined in the scope of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment referenced from the enclosing ProvidedSomeipService-Instance in the role serviceInterfaceDeployment shall be referenced from exactly one SomeipProvidedEventGroup aggregated in the role providedEventGroup in the scope of the enclosing ProvidedSomeipService-Instance.

]()

In other words each ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance shall offer all SomeipEventGroups for subscription that are defined in the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment and there shall not be two or more SomeipProvidedEvent-Groups in the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance that are referencing to the same SomeipEventGroup in the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.

[constr_5339]{DRAFT} SomeipEventGroupS of a SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment shall be referenced at most once from a RequiredSomeipService-Instance that instantiates the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment [Each SomeipEventGroup that is defined in a SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment shall be referenced at most once from a SomeipRequiredEventGroup that is aggregated by the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance that is referencing the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment in the role serviceInterfaceDeployment.]()

In other words there shall not be two or more <code>SomeipRequiredEventGroups</code> in the <code>RequiredSomeipServiceInstance</code> that are referencing to the same <code>SomeipEventGroup</code> in the <code>SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment</code>.

[TPS_MANI_03168]{DRAFT} **Configuration of the SOME/IP load balancing option** [The SOME/IP load balancing option is configurable per ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance with the two attributes loadBalancingPriority and loadBalancingWeight.](*RS_MANI_00024*)

The SOME/IP load balancing option is used to prioritize different Provided-SomeipServiceInstances that point to the same SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment, so that a client chooses the service instance based on these settings. This option is attached to SOME/IP Offer Service entries.

[constr_3415]{DRAFT} Value range of loadBalancingPriority [The value of loadBalancingPriority shall be in the range of 0..65535.]()

Please note that according to SOME/IP a lower value means higher priority.

[constr_3416]{DRAFT} Value range of loadBalancingWeight [The value of loadBalancingWeight shall be in the range of 0..65535.]()

Please note that according to SOME/IP a higher value means higher probability to be chosen.

[constr_1723]{DRAFT} ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance shall be unique in respect of serviceInstanceId, serviceInterfaceId and majorVersion On



a VLAN [On a VLAN, each ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance shall have a different serviceInstanceId, serviceInterfaceId and majorVersion value combination.

In other words, no two ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances shall have the same serviceInstanceId, serviceInterfaceId and majorVersion value combination during runtime on the same VLAN.]()

The following figure shows that different SOME/IP ServiceInstances with the same serviceInstanceId, serviceInterfaceId and majorVersion are provided on different VLANs. This is a valid setup according to [constr_1723].

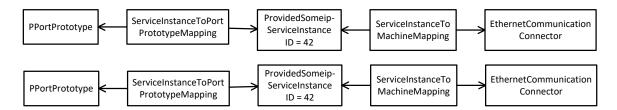


Figure 11.12: Scenario in which two **ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances** with the same credentials are provided on two VLANs

In the following example where the same ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance is mapped to different PPortPrototypes and is provided on different VLANs the specification item [TPS_MANI_03236] applies. This means that only one of the PPortPrototypes is active at runtime at the same time and offers the ServiceInstance on two different VLANs.



Figure 11.13: Scenario in which a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance is provided on two VLANs and is mapped to different PPortPrototypes from which latest at runtime only one is operational

[TPS_MANI_03236]{DRAFT} **Mapping of ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance to different PPortPrototypes** [In case that the same ProvidedSomeipService-Instance is mapped by several ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMappingS to different PPortPrototypes it shall be ensured (latest at runtime) that only one of these mapped PPortPrototypes is actually operational at any given point in time.] (*RS_MANI_00009*)



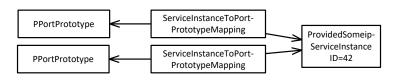


Figure 11.14: Static setup in which a **ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance** is mapped to two **PPortPrototypes** from which latest at runtime only one is operational

Please note that two ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance elements with the same credentials according to [constr_1723] may exist that both are mapped to different PPortPrototypes and the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances are mapped by ServiceInstanceToMachineMappings to the same VLAN. At runtime only one of these PPortPrototypes shall be operational at any given point in time.

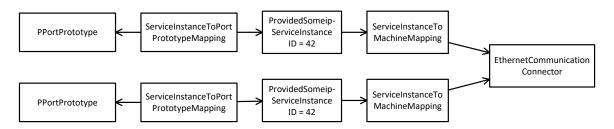


Figure 11.15: Static setup in which **ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances** with the same credentials provided on the same VLAN are mapped to two different **PPortPrototypes** from which latest at runtime only one is operational

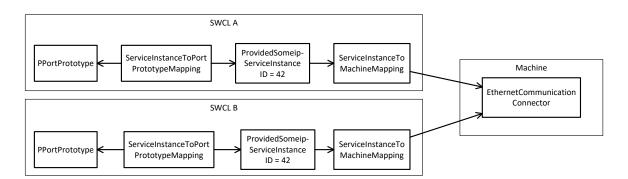


Figure 11.16: SoftwareCluster scenario in which ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances with the same credentials provided on the same VLAN exist

Such a scenario may be created by the installation of two separate <u>SoftwareClus</u>ters as shown in the following figure. It is not possible to check such a setup since the <u>SoftwareClusters</u> may be developed, integrated, and deployed independent from each other.



11.3.1.1.1 IP Configuration

In SOME/IP the Offer service entry references IPv4 or IPv6 Endpoint options to indicate to the client where the server accepts the method calls and where the server sends the event messages.

Such an Endpoint contains the IP address of the sender. The IP address configuration is described in this chapter.

[TPS_MANI_03002]{DRAFT} IP configuration for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance [A ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance can be mapped to a CommunicationConnector of a MachineDesign with the SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.

With this mapping an assignment of the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance to a unicast IP Address is established since the EthernetCommunicationConnector refers to a NetworkEndpoint in the role unicastNetworkEndpoint.](RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024)

[TPS_MANI_03003]{DRAFT} **ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance Fanout** [It is allowed to map the same ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance to different CommunicationConnectors of a MachineDesign. In such a case, several SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMappings shall be defined.

This allows for offering the same ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance on different VLANS or even on different CommunicationClusters.](RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024)

[constr_3538]{DRAFT} Only one ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping per technology and CommunicationConnector [Each AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance shall only be referenced up to once by a specific ServiceInstance-ToMachineMapping subclass in the role serviceInstance where the Service-InstanceToMachineMapping refer to the same CommunicationConnector.]()

In other words, it is not allowed to define for the same service instance two Service-InstanceToMachineMapping of the same kind (e.g. SomeipServiceInstance-ToMachineMapping) which refer to the same CommunicationConnector.

[TPS_MANI_03554]{DRAFT} Several SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMappings with equal settings [If

- One SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping refers to several service instances in the role serviceInstance
- several SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMappings with equal settings refer to several service instances in the role serviceInstance
- the combination of the two above applies

then for all the referenced service instances the same network connection (i.e. Ethernet socket) will be used.] (*RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024*)



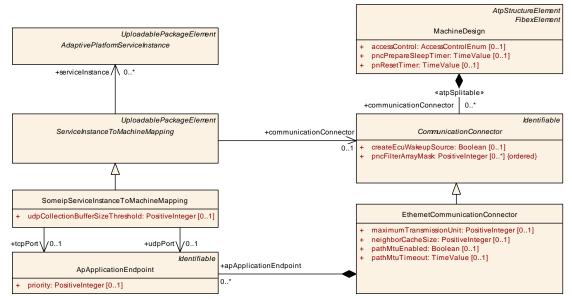


Figure 11.17: SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping with TP and IP configuration

[constr_5052]{DRAFT} **ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances** of the same serviceInterface on one Machine [ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances that are referring to the same SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment shall not be mapped to the same combination of:

- IP address that is assigned by the <code>SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMap-ping</code> with the reference to the <code>EthernetCommunicationConnector</code> that in turn references the <code>NetworkEndpoint</code> and
- UDP Port or TCP Port number that are defined by the <code>SomeipServiceIn-stanceToMachineMapping.udpPort</code> and <code>SomeipServiceInstanceToMa-chineMapping.tcpPort</code> references to the <code>ApApplicationEndpoint</code>.

]()

The reason for this restriction is that the Instance IDs are only used for Service Discovery but are not contained in the SOME/IP header. So if for example two ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances of the same ServiceInterface are provided on the same machine and a client wants to call a method of one of these ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances the only possibility for the client to distinguish the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances is the port number over which the individual ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances are provided.

[TPS_MANI_03555]{DRAFT} **Mix of SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping and signal-based communication** [SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping defines service instance communication on a specific Ethernet socket and the same socket may also be used for signal-based communication at the same time.](*RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024*)

Please note that the signal-based communication is described in section 13.



Via the definition of respective ISignalTriggering, PduTriggering, and SocketConnection for signal-based communication, the same values for Ethernet address and port may be defined as used at the SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.

Class	< <atpvariation>> CommunicationCluster (abstract)</atpvariation>							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemT	emplate::I	Fibex::FibexCore::CoreTopology				
Note	The CommunicationCluster is the main element to describe the topological connection of communicating ECUs.							
	topology (bus, star, ring,	A cluster describes the ensemble of ECUs, which are linked by a communication medium of arbitrary topology (bus, star, ring,). The nodes within the cluster share the same communication protocol, which may be event-triggered, time-triggered or a combination of both.						
	A CommunicationCluster	aggregate	s one or i	more physical channels.				
	Tags:vh.latestBindingTime	e=postBui	ld					
Base	ARObject, CollectableElement, FibexElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable							
Subclasses	AbstractCanCluster, Ethe	rnetCluste	er, Flexray	Cluster, LinCluster, UserDefinedCluster				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
baudrate	PositiveUnlimitedInteger	01	attr	Channels speed in bits/s.				
physical Channel	PhysicalChannel	1*	aggr	This relationship defines which channel element belongs to which cluster. A channel shall be assigned to exactly one cluster, whereas a cluster may have one or more channels.				
				Note: This atpSplitable property has no atp.Splitkey due to atpVariation (PropertySetPattern).				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime				
protocolName	String	01	attr	The name of the protocol used.				
protocolVersion	String	01	attr	The version of the protocol used.				

Table 11.35: CommunicationCluster

CommunicationConnector (abstract)					
M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::SystemT	emplate::	Fibex::FibexCore::CoreTopology		
The connection between	the referer	ncing ECL	J and the referenced channel via the referenced controller.		
			rfaces of the ECUs and to specify the sending/receiving s a reference to exactly one communicationController.		
Note: Several CommunicationConnectors can be assigned to one PhysicalChannel in the scope of one ECU Instance.					
ARObject, Identifiable, N	lultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable		
AbstractCanCommunicationConnector, EthernetCommunicationConnector, FlexrayCommunication Connector, UserDefinedCommunicationConnector					
EcuInstance.connector,	MachineDe	sign.com	municationConnector		
Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
Boolean 01 attr If this parameter is available and set to true then a channel wakeup source shall be created for the Physic Channel referencing this CommunicationConnector.					
	M2::AUTOSARTemplates The connection between Connectors are used to o behavior. Each Commun Note: Several Communic ECU Instance. ARObject, Identifiable, M AbstractCanCommunica Connector, UserDefinedo EcuInstance.connector, I Type	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemT The connection between the referent Connectors are used to describe th behavior. Each CommunicationConn ECU Instance. ARObject, Identifiable, Multilanguage AbstractCanCommunicationConnector, UserDefinedCommunicationConnector, UserDefinedCommunicationConnector, MachineDe Type Mult.	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::I The connection between the referencing ECL Connectors are used to describe the bus inte behavior. Each CommunicationConnector ha Note: Several CommunicationConnectors can ECU Instance. ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrat AbstractCanCommunicationConnector, Ether Connector, UserDefinedCommunicationConr EcuInstance.connector, MachineDesign.com Type Mult.		



\triangle						
Class CommunicationConnector (abstract)						
pncFilterArray Mask (ordered)	PositiveInteger	*	attr	Bit mask for NM-Pdu Payload used to configure the NM filter mask for the Network Management.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft		

Table 11.36: CommunicationConnector

Class	EthernetCommunicationConnector						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology						
Note	Ethernet specific attributes to the CommunicationConnector.						
Base	ARObject, Communicatio	nConnect	or, Identii	iable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	Eculnstance.connector, N	lachineDe	sign.com	municationConnector			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
apApplication Endpoint	ApApplicationEndpoint	*	aggr	Collection of Application Addresses that are used on the CommunicationConnector.			
				Tags:atp.Status=draft			
canXIProps	CanXIProps	*	ref	If the Ethernet frames handled by this Ethernet CommunicationConnector are tunneled through CAN XL, then this reference shall refer the CanXIProps which contains the specific configuration parameters of the CAN XL controller of the physical CAN XL connection to be used for tunneling.			
				Tags:atp.Status=draft			
maximum Transmission Unit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute specifies the maximum transmission unit in bytes.			
neighborCache Size	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute specifies the size of neighbor cache or ARP table in units of entries.			
pathMtu Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	If enabled the IPv4/IPv6 processes incoming ICMP "Packet Too Big" messages and stores a MTU value for each destination address.			
pathMtuTimeout	TimeValue	01	attr	If this value is >0 the IPv4/IPv6 will reset the MTU value stored for each destination after n seconds.			
unicastNetwork Endpoint	NetworkEndpoint	*	ref	Network Endpoint that defines the IPAddress of the machine.			
				Tags:atp.Status=draft			

 Table 11.37: EthernetCommunicationConnector

[constr_3721]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of reference in the role Ethernet-CommunicationConnector.unicastNetworkEndpoint [In the context of EthernetCommunicationConnector, the reference in the role unicastNetwork-Endpoint shall exist at most once at the time when the system design is complete.]()

[constr_3722]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of reference in the role Ethernet-CommunicationConnector.canXlProps [In the context of EthernetCommunicationConnector, the reference in the role canXlProps shall exist at most once at the time when the system design is complete. |()



[constr_3288]{DRAFT} IP configuration restriction for unicastNetworkEndpoints [A NetworkEndpoint that is referenced by a EthernetCommunication-Connector in the role unicastNetworkEndpoint shall have either

- **ONE** Ipv4Configuration **Or**
- **ONE** Ipv6Configuration

as networkEndpointAddress that is defined in the unicast IP range according to the rules defined in [TPS_MANI_03005] and [TPS_MANI_03006].]()

In SOME/IP, a server that offers a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance is able to send events and notification events to an IP-Multicast address.

As the server needs to inform the client to which Multicast IP address the event messages will be sent, the *Subscribe Eventgroup Acknowledgement Entry* contains a reference to an IPv4 Multicast Option and/or an IPv6 Multicast Option.

[TPS_MANI_03004]{DRAFT} **IPv4 Multicast event destination address** [Meta-class SomeipProvidedEventGroup defines the multicast IPv4 address to which the events and notification events of the SomeipProvidedEventGroup are sent to with the attribute ipv4MulticastIpAddress.](*RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024*)

[TPS_MANI_03061]{DRAFT} **IPv6 Multicast event destination address** [Meta-class SomeipProvidedEventGroup defines the multicast IPv6 address to which the events and notification events of the SomeipProvidedEventGroup are sent to with the attribute ipv6MulticastIpAddress.](*RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024*)

[TPS_MANI_03005]{DRAFT} **IPv4 Multicast address range** [The IPv4 addresses reserved for multicast communication are in the range 224.0.0.0 through 239.255.255.255.255. Addresses between 0.0.0.0 and 223.255.255.255 are reserved for unicast communication.] *(RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024)*

Please note that the endpoint 224.0.0.251:5353 is reserved by IANA [27] [28] for the utilization of mDNS (only relevant if SOVD is used).

[TPS_MANI_03006]{DRAFT} **IPv6 Multicast address range** [IPv6 multicast addresses are distinguished from unicast addresses by the value of the high-order octet of the addresses: a value of 0xFF (binary 1111111) identifies an address as an address reserved for multicast communication; any other value identifies an address as a unicast address.]

Please note that the endpoint [FF02::FB]:5353 is reserved by IANA [29] [28] for the utilization of mDNS (only relevant if SOVD is used).

Class	NetworkEndpointAddress (abstract)
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology
Note	To build a valid network endpoint address there has to be either one MAC multicast group reference or an ipv4 configuration or an ipv6 configuration.
Base	ARObject

 \bigtriangledown



Class	NetworkEndpointAddress (abstract)					
Subclasses	Ipv4Configuration, Ipv6Cc	Ipv4Configuration, Ipv6Configuration, MacMulticastConfiguration				
Aggregated by	NetworkEndpoint.network	Endpoint/	Address			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	-	-	-	-		

Λ

Table 11.38: NetworkEndpointAddress

11.3.1.1.2 TP Configuration

The IPv4 or IPv6 Endpoint option that is referenced in the SOME/IP Offer message contains besides the IP address the transport layer protocol (e.g. UDP or TCP), and the port number of the sender.

With the SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping the Transport Layer configuration attributes are assigned to the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.

The same element contains the Transport Layer configuration attributes for the IPv4/IPv6 Multicast Option that may be used in the SOME/IP SubscribeEvent-GroupAck message.

[TPS_MANI_03007]{DRAFT} **Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for Provid**edSomeipServiceInstance [The reference SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.udpPort to the ApApplicationEndpoint defines the Transport Protocol for a UDP communication.

This setting is used in an IPv4 or IPv6 Endpoint Option that is referenced by an OfferService entry. (*RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024*)

[TPS_MANI_03008]{DRAFT} **Tcp Transport Protocol Configuration for ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance** [The reference SomeipServiceInstanceToMa-chineMapping.tcpPort to the ApApplicationEndpoint defines the Transport Protocol for a TCP communication.

This setting is used in an IPv4 or IPv6 Endpoint Option that is referenced by an OfferService entry. (*RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024*)

[TPS_MANI_03009]{DRAFT} **Tcp and Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance** [It is allowed to set tcpPort and udpPort in the same SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.

Such a setting shall be used to indicate that one UDP endpoint and one TCP endpoint are referenced in the OfferService entry. It means that the Server provides the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance over both Transport Protocols.](RS_MANI_-00009, RS_MANI_00024)

If a Tcp and Udp Transport Protocol Configuration is defined for a Provided-SomeipServiceInstance as described in [TPS_MANI_03009] then the SOME/IP



ServiceInterfaceDeployment settings decide which content of the Provided-SomeipServiceInstance is transported over udp and which content is transported over tcp.

This is described in [TPS_MANI_03050] and [TPS_MANI_03051].

[TPS_MANI_03010]{DRAFT} **Udp Transport Protocol Configuration in case of IP-Multicast** [The SomeipProvidedEventGroup.eventMulticastUdpPort defines the Transport Protocol Port Number for a UDP event communication in case IP-Multicast is used.

This setting is used in an IPv4 or IPv6 Multicast Option that is referenced by a SubscribeEventGroupAck Service entry. (*RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024*)

[constr_3290]{DRAFT} Transport Protocol attributes defined for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance [Each SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that is defined for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance shall define either

- a udpPort or
- a tcpPort or
- **a** udpPort **and a** tcpPort.

]()

[TPS_MANI_03157]{DRAFT} **Enabling of data collection for UDP data transmission** [The setting of the attribute SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.udpCollectionBufferSizeThreshold to a value enables the data collection for data transmission over the udpPort and unicastNetworkEndpoint defined on the EthernetCommunicationConnector that is referenced by the SomeipService-InstanceToMachineMapping. In this case all event and method messages that are configured for data collection will be collected in the buffer until a transmission trigger arrives and the data transmission starts. [*(RS_MANI_00024)*]

For configuration of transmission triggers please see [TPS_MANI_03158] and [TPS_MANI_03159].

11.3.1.1.3 Service Discovery Server Configuration

The multicast messages of the SOME/IP Service Discovery come with the risk of overflowing Machines with too many messages. Therefore, the Service Discovery can be configured with a suitable message sending behavior.



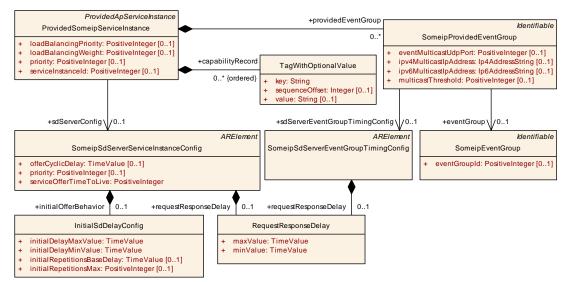


Figure 11.18: SOME/IP Service Discovery Server configuration settings

For every ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance on a Server different phases are existing:

- Down
- Available
 - Initial Wait Phase
 - Repetition Phase
 - Main Phase

[TPS_MANI_03011]{DRAFT} Server Timing configuration for a Provided-SomeipServiceInstance [The Server Timing is configurable with SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig that is referenced in the role sdServerConfig by the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance for which the Timing is valid.](*RS_MANI_-*00024)

The number of SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig elements determine how many timers shall actually be used by the middleware to keep the randomized times. Via the reference ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.sdServerConfig each ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance defines to which timer it is assigned.

If several ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances share the same timer then the expiration of that timer will lead a combined sending of service discovery messages.

Note that it is possible to define several SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig elements with identical timing specification values in order to request several timer handling in the middleware.

[TPS_MANI_03230]{DRAFT} Sharing timers for ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance [If several ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances point to the same SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig in the role sdServerConfig then all



of these ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances will share the same timers for their timing behavior. This will lead to combining several service discovery entries in one service discovery message.](*RS_MANI_00024*)

Class	SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances						
Note	Server specific settings th	Server specific settings that are relevant for the configuration of SOME/IP Service-Discovery.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=S	omeipSd	TimingConfigs			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	ollectable	Element,	Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
initialOffer Behavior	InitialSdDelayConfig	01	aggr	Controls offer behavior of the server.			
offerCyclicDelay	TimeValue	01	attr	Optional attribute to define cyclic offers. Cyclic offer is active, if the delay is set (in seconds) and greater then 0.			
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the VLAN frame priority for Service Discovery messages that result from ProvidedSomeip ServiceInstances that are referencing the SomeipSd ServerServiceInstanceConfig (OfferService, StopOffer Service, SubscribeEventGroupAck). Values from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest) are allowed.			
request ResponseDelay	RequestResponseDelay	01	aggr	Maximum/Minimum allowable response delay to entries received by multicast in seconds. The Service Discovery shall delay answers to entries that were transported in a multicast SOME/IP-SD message (e.g. FindService).			
serviceOffer TimeToLive	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Defines the time in seconds the service offer is valid.			

Table 11.39: SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig

[TPS_MANI_03012]{DRAFT} Initial Wait Phase configuration for a Provided-SomeipServiceInstance [The Initial Wait Phase for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance is configured with the initialOfferBehavior and the two attributes initialDelayMinValue and initialDelayMaxValue.

When a calculated random timer based on these min and max values expires the first OfferService entry will be sent out. (*RS_MANI_00024*)

When the calculated random timer expires, the Repetition Phase will be entered.

[TPS_MANI_03013]{DRAFT} **Repetition Phase configuration for a Provided-**SomeipServiceInstance [The Repetition Phase for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance is configured with the initialOfferBehavior and the two attributes initialRepetitionsMax and initialRepetitionsBaseDelay.](*RS_MANI_-*00024)

If the Repetition Phase is entered the Service Discovery waits for the initialRepetitionsBaseDelay and then sends an OfferService entry. If the amount of sent OfferService entries reaches initialRepetitionsMax, the Main Phase will be entered.



[TPS_MANI_03014]{DRAFT} Main Phase configuration for a Provided-SomeipServiceInstance [The Main Phase for a ProvidedSomeipService-Instance is configured with the offerCyclicDelay attribute of SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig.

The OfferService entry will be sent cyclically with an interval that is defined by the value of attribute offerCyclicDelay, if the value is greater than 0.](*RS_MANI_00024*)

Class	InitialSdDelayConfig							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances							
Note	This element is used to co	onfigure th	e offer be	havior of the server and the find behavior on the client.				
Base	ARObject							
Aggregated by				Config.initialOfferBehavior, SomeipSdClientServiceInstance ServiceInstanceConfig.initialOfferBehavior				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
initialDelayMax Value	TimeValue	1	attr	Max Value in seconds to delay randomly the first offer (if aggregated in role initialOfferBehavior by SomeipSd ServerServiceInstanceConfig) or the transmission of a find message (if aggregated in role initialFindBehavior by SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig).				
initialDelayMin Value	TimeValue	1	attr	Min Value in seconds to delay randomly the first offer (if aggregated in role initialOfferBehavior by SomeipSd ServerServiceInstanceConfig) or the transmission of a find message (if aggregated in role initialFindBehavior by SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig).				
initial Repetitions BaseDelay	TimeValue	01	attr	The base delay for offer repetitions (if aggregated in role initialOfferBehavior by SomeipSdServerServiceInstance Config) or find repetitions (if aggregated in role initialFind Behavior by SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig). Successive find messages have an exponential back off delay.				
initial RepetitionsMax	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Describes the maximum amount of offer repetitions (if aggregated in role initialOfferBehavior by SomeipSd ServerServiceInstanceConfig) or the maximum amount of find repetitions (if aggregated in role initialFindBehavior by SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig).				

Table 11.40: InitialSdDelayConfig

[TPS_MANI_03015]{DRAFT} **TTL for Offer Service Entries** [The lifetime of a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance is configurable with the serviceOfferTimeTo-Live attribute of SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig.

If the time that is configured by serviceOfferTimeToLive expires, the Provided-SomeipServiceInstance is no longer offered.

If the offerCyclicDelay attribute of SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig is not configured, or the configured value of offerCyclicDelay is 0, the configured value of serviceOfferTimeToLive shall be ignored, and the infinite value (0xFFF) shall be used instead. |(*RS_MANI_00024*)



[TPS_MANI_03016]{DRAFT} Servers RequestResponseDelay for received FindService entries [The Server will delay the OfferService answer to a received multicast FindService entry by the configured SomeipSdServerService-InstanceConfig.requestResponseDelay.

The actual delay will be randomly chosen between the maxValue and minValue.] (*RS_MANI_00024*)

Class	RequestResponseDelay						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::I	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances			
Note	Time to wait before answe	ering the q	luery.				
Base	ARObject	ARObject					
Aggregated by	GroupTimingConfig.reque	SdClientConfig.requestResponseDelay, SdServerConfig.requestResponseDelay, SomeipSdClientEvent GroupTimingConfig.requestResponseDelay, SomeipSdServerEventGroupTimingConfig.request ResponseDelay, SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig.requestResponseDelay					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
maxValue	TimeValue	1	attr	Maximum allowable response delay to entries received by multicast in seconds.			
minValue	TimeValue	1	attr	Minimum allowable response delay to entries received by multicast in seconds.			

Table 11.41: RequestResponseDelay

Figure 11.19 shows an example of the different SOME/IP phases on the Server side.

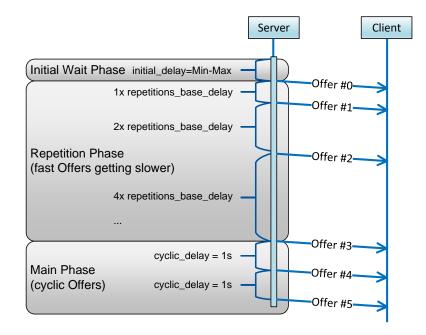


Figure 11.19: SOME/IP Server Timing example

SOME/IP allows for the specification of additional information about the Provided-SomeipServiceInstance with the Capability Record that allows to transport arbitrary configuration strings (key/value pairs). This allows to encode additional information like the name of a service or its configuration.



[TPS_MANI_03017]{DRAFT} Server Capability Records [A Capability Record (key/-value pair) on the Server side is configurable with the capabilityRecord and the

two attributes key and value. (*RS MANI 00024*)

Class	TagWithOptionalValue						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::TagWithOptionalValue			
Note) and a value that gives supplementary information that is at keys without a value are allowed.			
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	Instance.capabilityRecord	, Required	SomeipS	achine.environmentVariable, ProvidedSomeipService ServiceInstance.capabilityRecord, SdClientConfig.capability artupConfig.environmentVariable			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
key	String	1	attr	Defines a key.			
sequenceOffset	Integer	01	attr	The sequenceOffset attribute supports the use case where TagWithOptionalValue is aggregated as splitable. If multiple aggregations define the same value of attribute key then the order in which the value collection is merged might be significant. As an example consider the modeling of the \$PATH environment variable by means of a meta class TagWithOptionalValue. The sequenceOffset describes the relative position of each contribution in the concatenated value. The contributions are sorted in increasing integer order.			
value	String	01	attr	Defines the corresponding value.			

Table 11.42: TagWithOptionalValue

[constr_10037]{DRAFT} Existence of attribute TagWithOptionalValue.sequenceOffset in the context of attribute capabilityRecord owned by ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance, RequiredSomeipServiceInstance, Sd-ServerConfig, SdClientConfig, Or AbstractServiceInstance [For all capabilityRecord modeled in the context of ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance, RequiredSomeipServiceInstance, SdServerConfig, SdClientConfig, Or AbstractServiceInstance, attribute TagWithOptionalValue.sequenceOffset shall not exist.]()

11.3.1.1.4 Provided Event Group

The ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance aggregates a SomeipProvidedEvent-Group in the role providedEventGroup that allows to define service instance specific configuration settings for a SomeipEventGroup.

Class	SomeipProvidedEventGroup
Package	M2:: AUTOSART emplates:: A daptive Platform:: Service Instance Manifest:: Service Instance Deployment Manifest:: Service Instance Dep
Note	The meta-class represents the ability to configure ServiceInstance related communication settings on the provided side for each EventGroup separately.
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable

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Class	SomeipProvidedEventG	iroup		
Aggregated by	ProvidedSomeipServiceI	nstance.pr	ovidedEve	entGroup
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
eventGroup	SomeipEventGroup	01	ref	Reference to the SomeipEventGroup in the System Manifest for which the ServiceInstance related Event Group settings are valid.
eventMulticast UdpPort	PositiveInteger	01	attr	UdpPort configuration that is used for Event communication in the IP-Multicast case.
				During SOME/IP Service Discovery: Send in the SD-SubscribeEventGroupAck Message to client (answer to SD-SubscribeEventGroup).
				Event: This is the destination-port where the server sends the multicast event messages if the multicastThreshold is exceeded.
ipv4MulticastIp Address	Ip4AddressString	01	attr	Multicast IPv4 Address that is transmitted in the Event GroupSubscribeAck message.
ipv6MulticastIp Address	Ip6AddressString	01	attr	Multicast IPv6 Address that is transmitted in the Event GroupSubscribeAck message.
multicast Threshold	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the number of subscribed clients that trigger the server to change the transmission of events to multicast.
				Example: If configured to 0 only unicast will be used. If configured to 1 the first client will be already served by multicast. If configured to 2 the first client will be served with unicast and as soon as the 2nd client arrives both will be served by multicast.
				This does not influence the handling of initial events, which are served using unicast only.
sdServerEvent GroupTiming Config	SomeipSdServerEvent GroupTimingConfig	01	ref	Server Timing configuration settings that are EventGroup specific.

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 Table 11.43: SomeipProvidedEventGroup

[constr_10220]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SomeipProvidedEventGroup. multicastThreshold [For each SomeipProvidedEventGroup, the attribute multicastThreshold shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[TPS_MANI_03018]{DRAFT} **Usage of SomeipProvidedEventGroup.multicas-tThreshold** [The switching between IP-Unicast and IP-Multicast is guided by the server with the SomeipProvidedEventGroup.multicastThreshold attribute and by the number of subscribed clients to the SomeipProvidedEventGroup.

The Server will change the transmission of events to Multicast if the multicast-Threshold of the corresponding SomeipProvidedEventGroup is reached by the number of subscribed clients. If the number of subscribed clients is smaller than the configured multicastThreshold, the transmission of events takes place via unicast communication.](*RS_MANI_00024*)

The following example shows the effect of the multicastThreshold in relation to the number of subscribed clients to the transmission of the SOME/IP event to the unicast or multicast destination address:



- If multicastThreshold is configured to 0, only the unicast IP address and the port will be used as destination address.
- If multicastThreshold is configured to 1, the first client will be served by multicast.
- If multicastThreshold is configured to 2, the first client will be served with unicast and as soon as the second client arrives both will be served by multicast, etc.

[constr_5332]{DRAFT} Mandatory multicast endpoint in case of multicastThreshold different from 0 [If SomeipProvidedEventGroup.multicastThreshold is configured to a value different from 0, then

• SomeipProvidedEventGroup.eventMulticastUdpPort

and either

- SomeipProvidedEventGroup.ipv4MulticastIpAddress Or
- SomeipProvidedEventGroup.ipv6MulticastIpAddress

shall exist.]()

[constr_5333]{DRAFT} No multicast in case of TCP [If a SomeipProvidedEvent-Group references only SomeipEventDeployments that have the attribute transportProtocol set to tcp (via SomeipProvidedEventGroup.eventGroup.event) then this SomeipProvidedEventGroup shall not have a SomeipProvidedEvent-Group.multicastThreshold attribute or shall have the SomeipProvidedEvent-Group.multicastThreshold set to 0.]()

[TPS_MANI_03020]{DRAFT} Servers RequestResponseDelay for received SubscribeEventGroup entries [The Server will delay the SubscribeEventGroupAck answer to a received SubscribeEventGroup message that was triggered by a multicast ServiceOffer by the configured SomeipSdClientEventGroupTimingConfig.requestResponseDelay.

The actual delay will be randomly chosen between the maxValue and minValue.] (*RS_MANI_00024*)

Class	SomeipSdServerEventGroupTimingConfig					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTer	nplates::SystemTe	emplate::	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances		
Note	EventGroup speci	EventGroup specific timing configuration settings.				
	Tags:atp.recomme	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=SomeipSdTimingConfigs				
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.eleme	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					



			\bigtriangleup	
Class	SomeipSdServerEventG	roupTimi	ngConfig	1
request ResponseDelay	RequestResponseDelay	01	aggr	The Service Discovery shall delay answers to unicast messages triggered by multicast messages (e.g. Subscribe Eventgroup after Offer Service).

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Table 11.44: SomeipSdServerEventGroupTimingConfig

11.3.1.1.5 **ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance** related event and method properties

[TPS_MANI_03154]{DRAFT} ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance related configuration settings for events [The class SomeipEventProps that is aggregated by the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance in the role eventProps allows for specifying ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance related configuration settings for events that are defined in the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment referenced by the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance in the role serviceInterfaceDep ployment.](*RS_MANI_00024*)

[TPS_MANI_03155]{DRAFT} ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance related configuration settings for methods [The class SomeipMethodProps that is aggregated by the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance in the role methodResponseProps allows for specifying ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance related configuration settings for a method response message. The method is defined in the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment referenced by the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance in the role serviceInterfaceDeployment.](RS_MANI_00024)

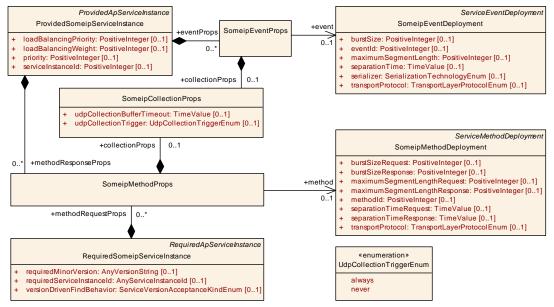


Figure 11.20: **ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance** related event and method properties



Class	SomeipEventProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment				
Note	This meta-class allows to	This meta-class allows to set configuration options for an event in the provided service instance.				
Base	ARObject	ARObject				
Aggregated by	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.eventProps					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
collectionProps	SomeipCollectionProps	01	aggr	Collection of timing attributes configurable for an event that is provided by a Service Instance.		
event	SomeipEvent Deployment	01	ref	Reference to the event for which the SomeipEventProps are applicable.		

Table 11.45: SomeipEventProps

Class	SomeipMethodProps	SomeipMethodProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment				
Note	This meta-class allows to set configuration options for a method in the service instance.					
Base	ARObject	ARObject				
Aggregated by	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.methodResponseProps, RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.method RequestProps					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
collectionProps	SomeipCollectionProps	01	aggr	Collection of timing attributes configurable for a method that is provided or requested by a Service Instance.		
method	SomeipMethod Deployment	01	ref	Reference to the method for which the SomeipMethod Props are applicable.		

Table 11.46: SomeipMethodProps

Class	SomeipCollectionProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment	
Note	Collection of attributes that are configurable for an event that is provided by a ServiceInstance or for a method that is provided or requested by a ServiceInstance.				
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	SomeipEventProps.collectionProps, SomeipMethodProps.collectionProps				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
udpCollection BufferTimeout	TimeValue	01	attr	Maximum time, an outgoing message (event, method call or method response) may be delayed, due to data collection.	
udpCollection Trigger	UdpCollectionTrigger Enum	01	attr	Defines whether the ServiceInterface element (event or method) contributes to the triggering of the udp data transmission if data collection is enabled.	

Table 11.47: SomeipCollectionProps

Enumeration	UdpCollectionTriggerEnum
Package	M2:: A UTOSART emplates:: A daptive Platform:: ServiceInstanceManifest:: ServiceInstanceDeployment Mathematical ServiceInstanceDeployment MathematicAe ServiceInstanceDeploy
Note	Defines whether the ServiceInterface element (event or method) contributes to the triggering of the udp data transmission if data collection is enabled.
Aggregated by	SomeipCollectionProps.udpCollectionTrigger
Literal	Description

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	Δ			
Enumeration	UdpCollectionTriggerEnum			
always	ServiceInterface element will trigger the transmission of the data.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			
never	ServiceInterface element will be buffered and will not trigger the transmission of the data.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			

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Table 11.48: UdpCollectionTriggerEnum

[TPS_MANI_03158]{DRAFT} Configuration of a data collection on a Provided-ServiceInstance for transmission over udp [The attributes udpCollection-BufferTimeout and udpCollectionTrigger support the configuration of a data collection of several messages for transmission over Udp.

In the ProvidedServiceInstance all method responses and events for which the udpCollectionTrigger is set to never will be collected in a buffer until a trigger arrives that starts the data transmission.

The following trigger options are supported:

- a message needs to be transmitted for which the udpCollectionTrigger is set to always.
- the udpCollectionBufferTimeout is reached for a message.
- the buffer size defined by the attribute udpCollectionBufferSizeThreshold is reached.

](*RS_MANI_00024*)

11.3.1.2 Required Service Instance

[TPS_MANI_03059]{DRAFT} RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.required-ServiceInstanceId [The RequiredSomeipServiceInstance defines the requiredServiceInstanceId Of a SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment that the client searches.

The client may search for a specific requiredServiceInstanceId or for ALL requiredServiceInstanceId of the serviceInterfaceDeployment.](RS_-MANI_00024)

[constr_10070]{DRAFT} Value of RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.requiredServiceInstanceId [For each RequiredSomeipServiceInstance. requiredServiceInstanceId, the value shall be in the range 0..65534 or ALL.] ()



Class	RequiredSomeipServiceInstance					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a required service instance in a concrete implementation on top of SOME/IP.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInstances					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, RequiredApServiceInstance, Uploadable PackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
blocklisted Version	SomeipServiceVersion	*	aggr	Collection of blocklisted versions.		
capability Record (ordered)	TagWithOptionalValue	*	aggr	A sequence of records to store arbitrary name/value pairs conveying additional information about the named service.		
methodRequest Props	SomeipMethodProps	*	aggr	Configuration settings for individual methods that are requested by the ServiceInstance.		
requiredEvent Group	SomeipRequiredEvent Group	*	aggr	List of EventGroups that are used by the RequiredService Instance.		
requiredMinor Version	AnyVersionString	01	attr	This attribute is used to configure for which minor version of the Somelp ServiceInterface the Service Discovery will search. Value can be set to a number that represents the Minor Version of the searched service or to ANY.		
requiredService InstanceId	AnyServiceInstanceId	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to describe the required service instance ID.		
sdClientConfig	SomeipSdClientService InstanceConfig	01	ref	Client specific configuration settings relevant for the SOME/IP service discovery.		
versionDriven FindBehavior	ServiceVersion AcceptanceKindEnum	01	attr	Defines the service discovery find behavior.		

 Table 11.49: RequiredSomeipServiceInstance

[constr_10221]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role Required-SomeipServiceInstance.sdClientConfig [For each RequiredSomeipServiceInstance, the reference in the role sdClientConfig shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

Class	SomeipServiceVersion				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	s::SystemT	emplate::	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances	
Note	This meta-class represer	nts the abili	ity to desc	ribe a version of a SOME/IP Service.	
Base	ARObject	ARObject			
Aggregated by	ConsumedServiceInstance.blocklistedVersion, RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.blocklistedVersion, SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			Note	
majorVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Major Version of the ServiceInterface.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10	
minorVersion	PositiveInteger	1 attr Minor Version of the ServiceInterface.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20	



Enumeration	ServiceVersionAcceptanceKindEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances			
Note	Defined the possible acceptance kinds for required service instances.			
Aggregated by	ConsumedServiceInstance.versionDrivenFindBehavior, RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.version DrivenFindBehavior			
Literal	Description			
exactOrAnyMinor Version	Search for ANY or specific minor version service instance and select either ALL returned service instances (in case of ANY) or exactly the specific minor version service instances defined in required MinorVersion.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			
minimumMinor Version	Search for ANY minor version service instance and select only those service instances which have an equal or greater minor version than given in requiredMinorVersion.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			

Table 11.51: ServiceVersionAcceptanceKindEnum

[TPS_MANI_03021]{DRAFT} Requirements on the searched minor version from the client's point of view [The meta-class RequiredSomeipServiceInstance is able to make further specifications regarding the version of the service from the client's point of view.

For this purpose, the attribute RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.requiredMinorVersion exists and provides the ability to define the required minor version (SomeipServiceVersion.minorVersion). (*RS_MANI_00024*)

Please note that the major version that the client searches for is already defined by the SomeipServiceVersion.majorVersion in the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment. It is therefore not possible to search for ANY major version, so the client looks always for a specific major version.

The minor version that may be defined by SomeipServiceVersion.minorVersion in the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment is irrelevant for the client and the service search and shall be ignored.

[TPS_MANI_03619]{DRAFT} **SOME/IP Service search for requiredMinorVersion** [A RequiredSomeipServiceInstance is searching for a SOME/IP Service Instance requiredMinorVersion:

- in case versionDrivenFindBehavior = exactOrAnyMinorVersion: Service minor version that matches the value set in requiredMinorVersion or ANY minor version of the Service Instance in case the requiredMinorVersion sion is set to ANY
- in case versionDrivenFindBehavior = minimumMinorVersion: Service minor version that matches at least the value set in requiredMinorVersion or is higher

](*RS_MANI_00009*)



[constr_3561]{DRAFT} minimumMinorVersion and RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.requiredMinorVersion value [The RequiredSomeipService-Instance.requiredMinorVersion shall not have the value ANY if version-DrivenFindBehavior = minimumMinorVersion.]()

[TPS_MANI_03618]{DRAFT} **Usage of RequiredSomeipServiceInstance. blocklistedVersion** [A service connection of a RequiredSomeipService-Instance to a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance is not considered for service discovery if the SomeipServiceVersion.minorVersion of the enclosing SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment that is referenced by the Provided-SomeipServiceInstance exists in the collection of SomeipServiceVersions aggregated at the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance in the role blocklistedVersion.](*RS_MANI_00066*)

A typical scenario for using a blocklist may be: For a certain RequiredSomeipServiceInstance a certain compatible provider service version inside a system may not work which may have been identified after the design phase.

In order to keep the system running this certain provider version won't be considered in the service search if it has been blocklisted. Therefore, the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance may connect only to ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances that fulfill the search criteria and are not blocklisted.

[constr_3558]{DRAFT} RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.blocklistedVersion is restricted to the usage of minorVersion [The majorVersion attribute shall not be used in the SomeipServiceVersion that is aggregated by the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance in the role blocklistedVersion.]()

[constr_5115]{DRAFT} Search for a specific SOME/IP ServiceInstance and for all SOME/IP ServiceInstances over the same RPortPrototype [A Required-SomeipServiceInstance that configures the search for a specific ServiceInstance on SOME/IP (with concrete requiredServiceInstanceId) and a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance that configures the search for ALL ServiceInstances on SOME/IP (with requiredServiceInstanceId = ALL) that are mapped using ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping to the same EthernetCommunicationConnector (and therefore are searching for SOME/IP ServiceInstanceS on the same VLAN) are not allowed to be mapped by ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMappings to the same RPortPrototype.]()

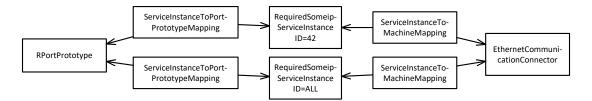


Figure 11.21: Depiction of not-allowed scenario

Please note that the depicted scenario in Figure 11.21 is covered by [constr_5115].



In other words the middleware is allowed to search for a concrete SOME/IP ServiceInstance on one VLAN and for ALL SOME/IP ServiceInstances on a different VLAN via a single RPortPrototype. But the middleware is only able to search for either ALL SOME/IP ServiceInstances or for one concrete SOME/IP ServiceInstance on the same VLAN via a single RPortPrototype.

Please note that the depicted scenario in Figure 11.22 is covered by [constr_5115].

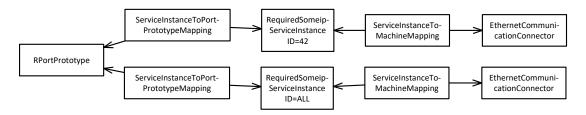


Figure 11.22: Depiction of allowed scenario

11.3.1.2.1 IP Configuration

In SOME/IP, the SubscribeEventGroup entry references IPv4 or IPv6 Endpoint options to indicate to the server where the client wants to receive the events of the SomeipEventGroup. Such an Endpoint contains the IP address of the client.

[TPS_MANI_03022]{DRAFT} **Context of RequiredSomeipServiceInstance** [A RequiredSomeipServiceInstance **can be mapped to a** CommunicationConnector **of a** MachineDesign with the SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.

With this mapping an assignment of the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance to a unicast IP Address is established since the EthernetCommunicationConnector refers to a NetworkEndpoint in the role unicastNetworkEndpoint. The unicastNetworkEndpoint defines the local IP address of the client.](RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024)

11.3.1.2.2 TP Configuration

The IPv4 or IPv6 Endpoint option that is referenced in the SOME/IP SubscribeEventGroup message contains besides the IP address the transport layer protocol (e.g. UDP or TCP), and the port number of the client.

With the SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping the Transport Layer configuration attributes are assigned to the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.

The Transport Layer (TCP/UDP) configuration attributes for the SubscribeEvent-Group entry are directly available in the SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping element.



The SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping defines also the source-port where the client sends the method call messages to the server and the destinationport where the client receives the method responses from the server.

The modeling of the <code>SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping</code> with TP and IP configuration is depicted in Figure C.1.

[TPS_MANI_03023]{DRAFT} **Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for RequiredSomeipServiceInstance** [The SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.udpPort defines the Transport Protocol for a UDP communication in case that the server provides ServiceInterface content over UDP and the client wants to use it.](*RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024*)

[TPS_MANI_03024]{DRAFT} **Tcp Transport Protocol Configuration for RequiredSomeipServiceInstance** [The SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.tcpPort defines the Transport Protocol for a TCP communication in case that the server provides ServiceInterface content over TCP and the client wants to use it.](*RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024*)

[TPS_MANI_03049]{DRAFT} **Tcp and Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for RequiredSomeipServiceInstance** [It is allowed to set tcpPort and udpPort in the same SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping. Such a setting shall be used in case that the server provides ServiceInterface content over Udp and Tcp and the client wants to use it.] (*RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024*)

[TPS_MANI_03237]{DRAFT} **Transport Protocol attributes defined for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance** [Each SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that is defined for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance is allowed to have:

- a configured udpPort or
- \bullet a configured <code>tcpPort</code> or
- a configured udpPort and a tcpPort or
- no configured udpPort and tcpPort.

](RS_MANI_00009, RS_MANI_00024)

A RequiredSomeipServiceInstance that is mapped by a SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that does not contain a udpPort and tcpPort is allowed to receive events over IP Multicast only.

In this case, it is not required for a client to have a unicast socket prepared if the server will always use the multicast transport. In such a case, the SubscribeEventGroup SOME/IP SD message that is sent from the ServiceConsumer to the ServiceProvider will not contain any Unicast Endpoint options.

In addition, the corresponding <u>ServiceInterface</u> is not allowed to have any Methods defined since the Request/Response communication pattern is restricted to IP Unicast only.



An additional prerequisite for such a setup is that the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance is configured for IP multicast transmission only. In other words, the value of attribute multicastThreshold for all SomeipProvidedEventGroups needs to be set to 1.

[constr_5161]{DRAFT} RequiredSomeipServiceInstance that is mapped by a SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping without a configured tcpPort and udpPort [A RequiredSomeipServiceInstance that is mapped to a EthernetCommunicationConnector by a SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that does not have neither a udpPort nor a tcpPort is not allowed to reference a SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment that includes SomeipMethodDeployments (directly or indirectly via ServiceFieldDeployment).]()

If a Tcp and Udp Transport Protocol Configuration is defined for a Required-SomeipServiceInstance as described in [TPS_MANI_03049] then the SOME/IP ServiceInterfaceDeployment settings decide which content of the Provided-SomeipServiceInstance is transported over udp and which content is transported over tcp. This is described in [TPS_MANI_03050] and [TPS_MANI_03051].

11.3.1.2.3 Service Discovery Client Configuration

Service Discovery phases on the Client side allow minimizing the number of Service Discovery messages and allow a fast synchronization upon ECU start.

For every RequiredSomeipServiceInstance on a Client different phases are existing:

- Down
- Requested
 - Initial Wait Phase
 - Repetition Phase
 - Main Phase

[TPS_MANI_03025]{DRAFT} **Client Timing configuration for a Required-SomeipServiceInstance** [The Client Timing is configurable with SomeipSd-ClientServiceInstanceConfig that is referenced in the role sdClientConfig by the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance for which the Timing is valid.](*RS_-MANI_00024*)

The number of SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig elements determine how many timers shall actually be used by the middleware to keep the randomized times. Via the reference RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.sdClientConfig each RequiredSomeipServiceInstance defines to which timer it is assigned.



Note that it is possible to define several SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig elements with identical timing specification values in order to request several timer handling in the middleware.

If several RequiredSomeipServiceInstance share the same timer then the expiration of that timer will lead a combined sending of service discovery messages.

[TPS_MANI_03231]{DRAFT} Sharing timers for RequiredSomeipServiceInstance [If several RequiredSomeipServiceInstances point to the same SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig in the role sdClientConfig then all of these RequiredSomeipServiceInstances will share the same timers for their timing behavior. This will lead to combining several service discovery entries in one service discovery message.](*RS_MANI_00024*)

Class	SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances	
Note	Client specific settings that are relevant for the configuration of SOME/IP Service-Discovery. Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=SomeipSdTimingConfigs				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
initialFind Behavior	InitialSdDelayConfig	01	aggr	Controls initial find behavior of clients.	
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the VLAN frame priority for Service Discovery messages that result from RequiredSomeip ServiceInstances that are referncing this SomeipSdClient ServiceInstanceConfig (Find, SubscribeEventGroup, Stop SubscribeEventgroup). Values from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest) are allowed.	

Table 11.52: SomeipSdClientServiceInstanceConfig

[TPS_MANI_03026]{DRAFT} Initial Wait Phase configuration for a Required-SomeipServiceInstance [The Initial Wait Phase for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance is configured with the initialFindBehavior and the two attributes initialDelayMinValue and initialDelayMaxValue.

If a calculated random timer based on these min and max values expires the first FindService entry will be sent out. (*RS_MANI_00024*)

When the calculated random timer expires and no OfferService is received the Repetition Phase will be entered.

[TPS_MANI_03027]{DRAFT} **Repetition Phase configuration for a Required-**SomeipServiceInstance [The Repetition Phase for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance is configured with the initialFindBehavior and the two attributes initialRepetitionsMax and initialRepetitionsBaseDelay.](*RS_MANI_-*00024)

If the Repetition Phase is entered, the Service Discovery waits the initialRepetitionsBaseDelay and sends an FindService entry.



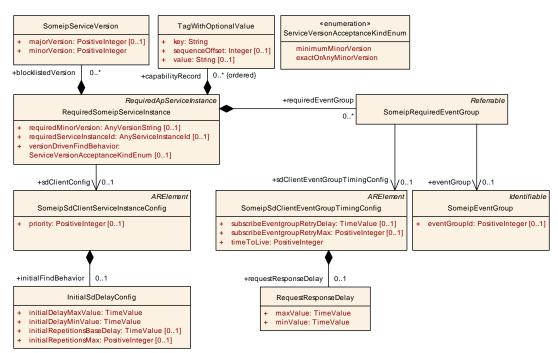


Figure 11.23: SOME/IP Service Discovery Client configuration settings

If the amount of sent FindService entries reaches initialRepetitionsMax and no OfferService is received the Main Phase will be entered. In the Main Phase no further FindService entries are sent by the client.

Figure 11.24 shows an example of the different SOME/IP phases on the Client side.

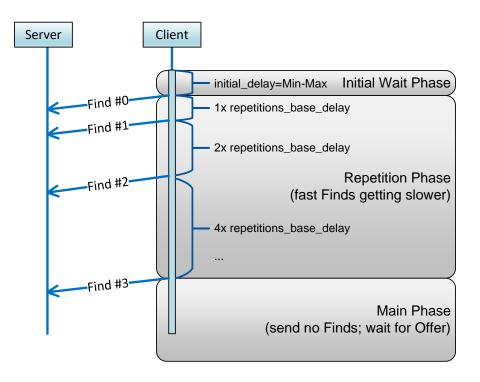


Figure 11.24: SOME/IP Client Timing example



SOME/IP allows for specifying additional information about the Required-SomeipServiceInstance with the Capability Record that allows to transport arbitrary configuration strings (key/value pairs).

This allows to encode additional information like the name of a service or its configuration.

[TPS_MANI_03029]{DRAFT} **Client Capability Records** [A Capability Record (key/-value pair) on the Client side is configurable with the capabilityRecord and the two attributes key and value.](*RS_MANI_00024*)

11.3.1.2.4 Required Event Group

The RequiredSomeipServiceInstance aggregates a SomeipRequiredEvent-Group in the role requiredEventGroup that allows to define service instance specific configuration settings for a SomeipEventGroup.

Class	SomeipRequiredEventGroup				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment				
Note	The meta-class represents the ability to configure ServiceInstance related communication settings on the required side for each EventGroup separately.				
Base	ARObject, Referrable				
Aggregated by	RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.requiredEventGroup				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
eventGroup	SomeipEventGroup	01	ref	Reference to the SomeipEventGroup in the System Manifest for which the ServiceInstance related Event Group settings are valid.	
sdClientEvent GroupTiming Config	SomeipSdClientEvent GroupTimingConfig	01	ref	Client Timing configuration settings that are EventGroup specific.	

Table 11.53: SomeipRequiredEventGroup

[constr_10222]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role SomeipRequiredEventGroup.sdClientEventGroupTimingConfig [For each SomeipRequiredEventGroup, the reference in the role sdClientEvent-GroupTimingConfig shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

Class	SomeipSdClientEventGroupTimingConfig
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances
Note	This meta-class is used to specify configuration related to service discovery in the context of an event group on SOME/IP.
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=SomeipSdTimingConfigs
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element

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Class	SomeipSdClientEventGroupTimingConfig						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
request ResponseDelay	RequestResponseDelay	01	aggr	The Service Discovery shall delay answers to unicast messages triggered by multicast messages (e.g. Subscribe Eventgroup after Offer Service).			
subscribe Eventgroup RetryDelay	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute defines the interval in seconds to re-trigger a subscription to a Eventgroup, if a retry to subscribe to a Eventgroup is configured (subscribeEventgroupRetryMax > 0).			
subscribe Eventgroup RetryMax	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute define the maximum counts of retries to subscribe to an Eventgroup. If the value is set to 0 no retry shall be done. If the value is set to 255 the retry shall be done as along as the Eventgroup is requested and no SubscribeEventGroupAck was received.			
timeToLive	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Defines the time in seconds the subscription of this event is expected by the client. this value is sent from the client to the server in the SD-subscribeEvent message.			

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Table 11.54: SomeipSdClientEventGroupTimingConfig

[TPS_MANI_03030]{DRAFT} **SomeipSdClientEventGroupTimingConfig. timeToLive for SubscribeEventGroup Entries** [The lifetime of an event subscription is configurable with the timeToLive attribute of SomeipSdClien-tEventGroupTimingConfig.

If the time that is configured by timeToLive expires, the event subscription is canceled. |(*RS_MANI_00024*)

[TPS_MANI_03031]{DRAFT} Clients RequestResponseDelay for received ServiceOffer entries [The Client will delay the SubscribeEventGroup answer to a received ServiceOffer message by the configured SomeipSdClientEvent-GroupTimingConfig.requestResponseDelay.

The actual delay will be randomly chosen between the maxValue and minValue.] (*RS_MANI_00024*)

11.3.1.2.5 RequiredSomeipServiceInstance related method call properties

[TPS_MANI_03156]{DRAFT} RequiredSomeipServiceInstance related configuration settings for methods [The class SomeipMethodProps that is aggregated by the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance in the role methodRequestProps allows specifying RequiredSomeipServiceInstance related configuration settings for a method request message. The method is defined in the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment referenced by the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance in the role serviceInterfaceDeployment.](RS_MANI_00024)

[TPS_MANI_03159]{DRAFT} Configuration of a data collection on a Required-SomeipServiceInstance for transmission over UDP [The attributes udpCollectionBufferTimeout and udpCollectionTrigger support the configuration



of a data collection of several messages for transmission over UDP. In the Required-SomeipServiceInstance all method requests for which the udpCollection-Trigger is set to never will be collected in a buffer until a trigger arrives that starts the data transmission.

The following trigger options are supported:

- a message needs to be transmitted for which the udpCollectionTrigger is set to always.
- the udpCollectionBufferTimeout is reached for a message.
- the buffer size defined by the attribute udpCollectionBufferSizeThreshold is reached.

(RS_MANI_00024)

The modeling of the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance-related event-properties and method-properties is depicted in Figure 11.20.

11.3.1.3 Provided Service Instance with static remote peers

[TPS_MANI_03312] Static configuration of remote peer addresses for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance [AUTOSAR supports a static configuration of remote peers for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance that is mapped with a SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping to an ApApplicationEndpoint with the remoteUnicastConfig.]()

If such <code>SomeipRemoteUnicastConfig</code> is referenced by the <code>SomeipServiceIn-stanceToMachineMapping</code> then the Service Discovery mechanism is not used and the address of the remote peers is retrieved from the configuration. This allows to establish a communication connection between the local address (defined by the <code>ApAp-plicationEndpoint</code> and the <code>NetworkEndpoint</code>) and the configured remote address that is defined by the referenced <code>SomeipRemoteUnicastConfig</code>.

Please note that a collection of remote peers can be defined if the <code>SomeipService-InstanceToMachineMapping</code> references a <code>ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance</code> in the role <code>serviceInstance</code>. In this case a communication connection to each of the configured remote peer addresses will be established. The <code>ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance</code> ceInstance will transmit event and field notifications to the address that is defined in the <code>SomeipRemoteUnicastConfig</code>.



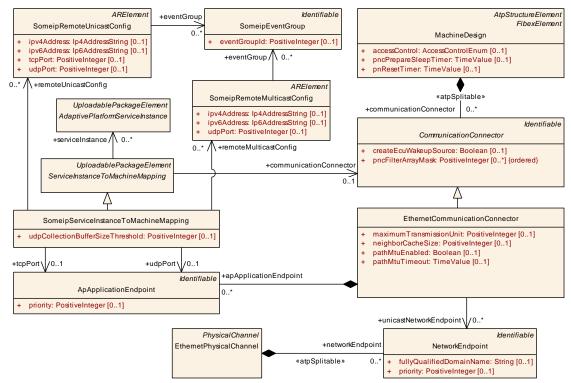


Figure 11.25: SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping with static configured remote peers

Class	SomeipRemoteUnicastConfig					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceMapping					
Note	This meta-class is used to statically configure the remote peer's unicast address in case that a static service connection is used and only a single remote peer exists.					
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=SomeipRemoteUnicastConfigs					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
eventGroup	SomeipEventGroup	*	ref	Reference to the SomeipEventGroups this Someip RemoteUnicatConfig applies to.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
ipv4Address	lp4AddressString	01	attr	This attribute defines the IPv4 address of the remote peer to allow a static service connection between Service Provider and Service Consumer.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
	,	1	- 11	This attribute defines the IPv6 address of the remote peer		
ipv6Address	Ip6AddressString	01	attr	to allow a static service connection between Service Provider and Service Consumer.		



Class	SomeipRemoteUnic	astConfig		
tcpPort	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the tcpPort of the remote peer to allow a static service connection between Service Provider and Service Consumer. Tags: atp.Status=candidate
udpPort	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the udpPort of the remote peer to allow a static service connection between Service Provider and Service Consumer. Tags:atp.Status=candidate

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Table 11.55: SomeipRemoteUnicastConfig

[constr_5355] SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping with configured remote peer addresses shall not mix ProvidedSomeipServiceInstanceS and RequiredSomeipServiceInstanceS [A SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that contains a reference to a SomeipRemoteUnicastConfig with the remoteUnicastConfig shall not reference:

- ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances in the role serviceInstance and
- RequiredSomeipServiceInstances in the role serviceInstance at the same time.

]()

[TPS_MANI_03313] Semantics of SomeipRemoteUnicastConfig.eventGroup reference [For each remote peer that is specified with the SomeipRemoteUnicast-Config it is possible to statically define the SomeipEventGroups that the remote peer is interested in with the SomeipRemoteUnicastConfig.eventGroup reference.]()

With the SomeipRemoteUnicastConfig.eventGroup information each service provider has the knowledge from the configuration to which service consumers which event notifications need to be transmitted.

The following example in Figure 11.26 shows the setup of a Service Provider with two statically defined remote peers. The ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping maps two ProvidedSomeipServiceInstanceS to ApApplicationEndpointS: Camera and Radar_1. Two remote peers are referenced by the same Service-InstanceToMachineMapping in the role remoteUnicastConfig: RemotePeer1 and RemotePeer2. RemotePeer1 is subscribed to EG2 and EG3 of ServiceInstance Radar_1. RemotePeer2 is subscribed to EG1 and EG2 of ServiceInstance Radar_1.



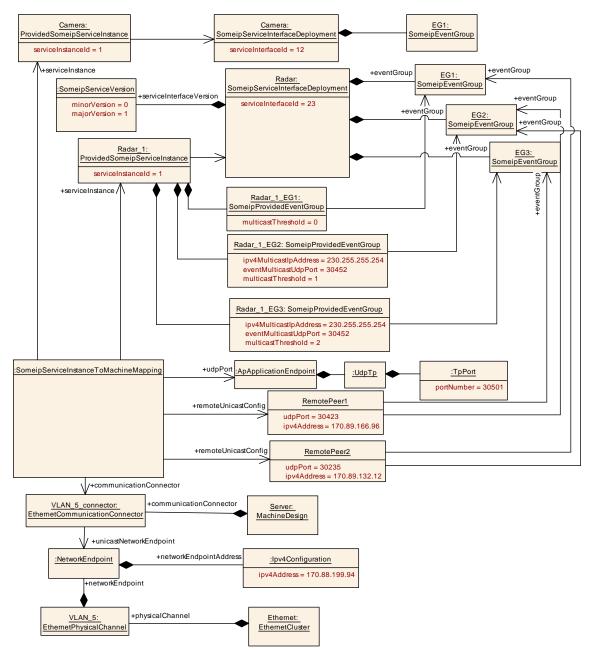


Figure 11.26: Example of a Service Provider with static configured remote peers

11.3.1.4 Required Service Instance with static remote peers

[TPS_MANI_03314] Static configuration of a remote peer address for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance [AUTOSAR supports a static configuration of a remote peer for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance that is mapped with a SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping to an ApApplicationEndpoint with the remoteUnicastConfig.]()



With the static configuration of a remote peer the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance knows the address of the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance and is able to call methods of the provided service.

[constr_5356] RequiredSomeipServiceInstance is allowed to have only a single statically configured remote peer as service provider [A SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that contains references to a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance with the serviceInstance is allowed to reference only a single SomeipRemoteUnicastConfig in the role remoteUnicastConfig.]()

Since the service provider may transport event notification via IP Multicast, the service consumer needs to know the IP Multicast groups it needs to join:

[TPS_MANI_03315] Semantics of SomeipRemoteMulticastConfig [It is possible to statically define the IP Multicast addresses that the RequiredSomeipServiceInstances shall listen to with the SomeipRemoteMulticastConfig element that is referenced in the remoteMulticastConfig role by the SomeipService-InstanceToMachineMapping that references the RequiredSomeipServiceInstances in the role serviceInstance.]()

Class	SomeipRemoteMulticastConfig					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceMapping					
Note	This meta-class is used to statically configure the remote peer's multicast address. Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=RemoteMulticastConfigs					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
eventGroup	SomeipEventGroup	*	ref	Reference to the SomeipEventGroups this Someip RemoteMulticastConfig applies to.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
ipv4Address	Ip4AddressString	01	attr	This attribute defines the multicast IPv4 address to allow a static service connection between Service Provider and Service Consumers.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
ipv6Address	Ip6AddressString	01	attr	This attribute defines the multicast IPv6 address to allow a static service connection between Service Provider and Service Consumers.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
udpPort	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the udpPort used for the multicast communication.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 11.56: SomeipRemoteMulticastConfig

[TPS_MANI_03316] Semantics of SomeipRemoteMulticastConfig.event-Group [For each Multicast group that is specified with the SomeipRemoteMulticastConfig, it is possible to statically define the eventGroups that include events that may be transmitted from the configured remote peer to the configured IP Multicast address.]()



[constr_5357] SomeipRemoteMulticastConfig shall only be used on required side [Only a SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that contains references to one or several RequiredSomeipServiceInstanceS with the service-Instance role is allowed to reference one or several SomeipRemoteMulticast-Configs in the role remoteUnicastConfig.]()

The following example in Figure 11.27 shows the setup of a Service Consumer with a statically defined remote peer. The ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping maps the Radar_CSI1 RequiredSomeipServiceInstance to an ApApplicationEndpoint. The remote peer is referenced by the same ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping in the role remoteUnicastConfig. The service consumer may receive event notifications of EG2 and EG3 over the multicast address and therefore the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping references the SomeipRemoteMulticastConfig.

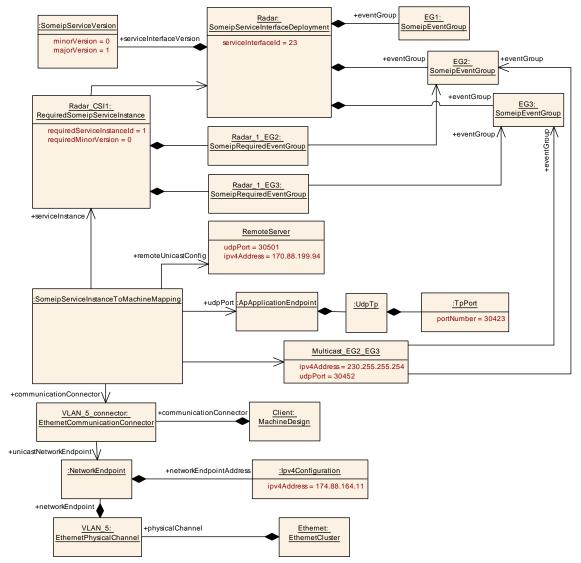


Figure 11.27: Example of a Service Consumer with static configured remote peer



11.3.2 DDS Service Instance Deployment

In the case of DDS used as the transport layer the derived meta-classes are DdsProvidedServiceInstance Or DdsRequiredServiceInstance. These meta-classes also carry attributes that apply for the service discovery on DDS.

Two discovery protocols are supported by the DDS Network binding:

- Service Instance announcement via purpose-specific formatting of the Domain Participant USER_DATA QoS policy
- Service Instance announcement through a purpose-specific discovery Topic.

For details on these two protocols and their implications, please refer to section 7.7.3 "DDS Network Binding" in [9].

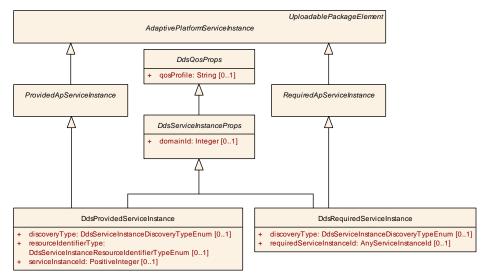


Figure 11.28: Dds Service Instances

Class	DdsQosProps (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment				
Note	QoS configuration properties for the DDS entities associated with an event, method, or field provided by or requested from a Service Instance using DDS as the underlying network binding.					
Base	ARObject					
Subclasses	DdsEventQosProps, Do	DdsEventQosProps, DdsFieldQosProps, DdsServiceInstanceProps				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
qosProfile	String	01	attr	Identifies a group of QoS Policies that apply to the DDS entities associated with the event, method, field, or the service instance.		

Table 11.57: DdsQosProps



Class	DdsServiceInstanceProps (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment				
Note	Common configuration properties for the DDS entities provided by or requested from a Service Instance using DDS as the underlying network binding.					
Base	ARObject, DdsQosProps					
Subclasses	DdsProvidedServiceInst	DdsProvidedServiceInstance, DdsRequiredServiceInstance				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
domainId	Integer	01	attr	This attribute identifies the DDS Domain the Service Instance shall join.		

 Table 11.58: DdsServiceInstanceProps

[constr_10223]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute DdsServiceInstanceProps.domainId [For each DdsServiceInstanceProps, the attribute domainId shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

11.3.2.1 Provided DDS Service Instance

[TPS_MANI_03527]{DRAFT} **Definition of DdsProvidedServiceInstance** [The DdsProvidedServiceInstance configures the Service to join a DDS Domain with the domainId attribute, and to instantiate the underlying DDS entities according to a QoS profile with the qosProfile attribute, using the discovery protocol defined by discoveryType and resource identification scheme defined by the resourceIdentifierType attribute. Moreover, it assigns an Instance ID to the Service for deployment with the serviceInstanceId attribute.] (*RS_MANI_00038*)

[TPS_MANI_03650]{DRAFT} **Definition of DdsServiceInstanceResourceIdentifierTypeEnum** [The resource identification schemes enumerated by DdsServiceInstanceResourceIdentifierTypeEnum in DdsProvidedServiceInstance.resourceIdentifierType attribute define the various combinations of DDS features through which Provided Service Interface Instances can advertise, be bound, and communicate on a given DDS domain, as defined by section 7.7.3 "DDS Network Binding" of [9].|*(RS_MANI_00038)*

[constr_3528]{DRAFT} Value range of domainId [The value of domainId at DdsProvidedServiceInstance and domainId at DdsRequiredServiceInstance shall be in the range of a signed 32-bit integer.]()

[constr_3529]{DRAFT} Value range of serviceInstanceId [The value of serviceInstanceId shall be in the range of 0..65535.]()

[constr_3541]{DRAFT} **qosProfile mandatory for DdsProvidedServiceInstance** [The attribute qosProfile shall be defined for every DdsProvidedServiceInstance at the time when manifest creation is finished.]()

[constr_3645]{DRAFT} discoveryType mandatory for DdsProvidedService-Instance [The attribute discoveryType shall be defined for every DdsProvided-ServiceInstance at the time when manifest creation is finished.]()



[constr_3646]{DRAFT} resourceIdentifierType mandatory for DdsProvidedServiceInstance [The attribute resourceIdentifierType shall be defined for every DdsProvidedServiceInstance at the time when manifest creation is finished.]()

[constr_3647]{DRAFT} resourceIdentifierType value for USER_DATA QoSbased discovery [If the value of discoveryType is domainParticipantUser-DataQos, for a given DdsProvidedServiceInstance, the only valid value for attribute resourceIdentifierType is partition.]()

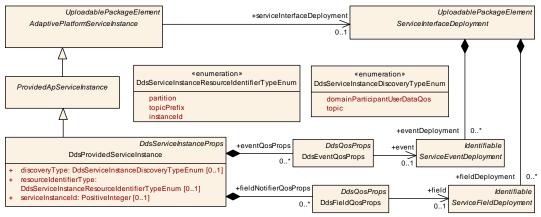


Figure 11.29: Provided Dds Service Instances

[constr_3564]{DRAFT} Consistency between DDS Service Interface Deployment and Provided DDS Service Instance [Transport attributes DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.transportProtocol and DdsEventDeployment.transportProtocol shall be consistent with DDS profiles generated and selected by the DdsQosProps component of DdsProvidedServiceInstance, DdsField-QosProps, and DdsEventQosProps.]()

Class	DdsProvidedServiceInstance					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a provided service instance in a concrete implementation on top of DDS. Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInstances					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, DdsQosProps, Dds ServiceInstanceProps, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, ProvidedApService Instance, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
discoveryType	DdsServiceInstance DiscoveryTypeEnum	01	attr	Discovery protocol.		
eventQosProps	DdsEventQosProps	*	aggr	List of configuration properties for the Events that are provided by the Service Instance.		
fieldNotifierQos Props	DdsFieldQosProps	*	aggr	List of configuration properties for Field notifiers that are provided by the Service Instance.		



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Class	DdsProvidedServiceInst	tance				
resource IdentifierType	DdsServiceInstance ResourceIdentifierType Enum	01	attr	Type of resource identification scheme.		
serviceInstance Id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Identification number that is used by DDS to identify DomainParticipants associated with an instance of the service.		

Table 11.59: DdsProvidedServiceInstance

Enumeration	DdsServiceInstanceDiscoveryTypeEnum					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment					
Note	Supported discovery schemes for DDS Service Instances.					
Aggregated by	DdsProvidedServiceInstance.discoveryType, DdsRequiredServiceInstance.discoveryType					
Literal	Description					
domainParticipant UserDataQos	The USER_DATA QoS policy is used to advertise and discover available Service Instances hosted by each Domain Participant.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0					
topic	A purpose-specific Topic is used to convey availability of Service Instances and how to bind against them.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1					

Table 11.60: DdsServiceInstanceDiscoveryTypeEnum

Enumeration	DdsServiceInstanceResourceIdentifierTypeEnum						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment						
Note	Supported Resource Identification schemes for DDS Service Instances.						
Aggregated by	DdsProvidedServiceInstance.resourceIdentifierType						
Literal	Description						
instanceld	In-band instance identification fields are used to discriminate samples related to specific Service Instances sharing the same DDS Topics						
	Partitions: -						
	 Topics: ara.com://services/<interfaceid>/<major>.<<minor>/<topicname></topicname></minor></major></interfaceid> 						
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2						
partition	The DDS PARTITION QoS policy is used to isolate DDS Topics related to specific Service Instances						
	 Partitions: ara.com://services/<interfaceid>/<instanceid></instanceid></interfaceid> 						
	 Topics: ara.com://services/<interfaceid>/<major>.<minor>/<topicname></topicname></minor></major></interfaceid> 						
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0						
topicPrefix	Unique prefixes are assigned to DDS Topics related to specific Service Instances						
	Partitions: -						
	 Topics: ara.com://services/<interfaceid>/<instanceid>/<topicname></topicname></instanceid></interfaceid> 						
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1						

Table 11.61: DdsServiceInstanceResourceIdentifierTypeEnum

[TPS_MANI_03528]{DRAFT} **Definition of DdsProvidedServiceInstance. eventQosProps** [The DdsProvidedServiceInstance.eventQosProps configures the DDS entities associated with the event according to a QoS Profile specified with the qosProfile attribute. |(*RS_MANI_00038*)



[TPS_MANI_03531]{DRAFT} **qosProfile of DdsProvidedServiceInstance. eventQosProps is optional** [The attribute qosProfile of DdsProvidedServiceInstance.eventQosProps is optional; if qosProfile is not defined, the underlying DDS entities shall be configured according to the qosProfile attribute of the parent DdsProvidedServiceInstance.](*RS_MANI_00038*)

Class	DdsEventQosProps								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment								
Note	Configuration properties of the Event using DDS as the underlying network binding.								
Base	ARObject, DdsQosProps								
Aggregated by	DdsProvidedServiceInstar	DdsProvidedServiceInstance.eventQosProps, DdsRequiredServiceInstance.eventQosProps							
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note								
event	ServiceEvent Deployment	01	ref	Reference to an event that is provided.					

Table 11.62	: DdsEventQosProps
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[constr_10224]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role DdsEventQosProps. event [For each DdsEventQosProps, the reference in the role event shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

[TPS_MANI_03561]{DRAFT} **Definition of DdsProvidedServiceInstance. fieldNotifierQosProps** [The DdsProvidedServiceInstance.fieldNotifierQosProps configures the DDS entities associated with the field according to a QoS Profile specified with the gosProfile attribute.](*RS_MANI_00038*)

[TPS_MANI_03562]{DRAFT} **qosProfile of DdsProvidedServiceInstance. fieldNotifierQosProps is optional** [The attribute qosProfile of DdsProvidedServiceInstance.fieldNotifierQosProps is optional; if qosProfile is not defined, the underlying DDS entities shall be configured according to the qosProfile attribute of the parent DdsProvidedServiceInstance.](*RS_MANI_00038*)

Class	DdsFieldQosProps								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment								
Note	Configuration properties of the Field interaction when using DDS as the underlying network binding.								
Base	ARObject, DdsQosProps								
Aggregated by	DdsProvidedServiceInstar	DdsProvidedServiceInstance.fieldNotifierQosProps, DdsRequiredServiceInstance.fieldNotifierQosProps							
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note								
field	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	Reference to the field.					

Table 11.63: DdsFieldQosProps

[constr_10225]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role DdsFieldQosProps. field [For each DdsFieldQosProps, the reference in the role field shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



11.3.2.2 Required DDS Service Instance

[TPS_MANI_03529]{DRAFT} **Definition of DdsRequiredServiceInstance** [The DdsRequiredServiceInstance configures the Client to join a DDS Domain with the domainId attribute, and to instantiate the underlying DDS entities according to a QoS Profile with the qosProfile attribute, using the discovery protocol defined by discoveryType. Optionally, the requiredServiceInstanceId attribute allows a Client to search for a specific Instance ID of the serviceInterface.] (*RS_MANI_00038*)

[constr_3542]{DRAFT} **qosProfile mandatory for DdsRequiredServiceInstance** [The attribute qosProfile shall be defined for every DdsRequiredServiceInstance at the time when manifest creation is finished.]()

[constr_3648]{DRAFT} discoveryType mandatory for DdsRequiredService-Instance [The attribute discoveryType shall be defined for every DdsRequired-ServiceInstance at the time when manifest creation is finished. | ()

[constr_3565]{DRAFT} Consistency between DDS Service Interface Deployment and Required DDS Service Instance [Transport attributes DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.transportProtocol and DdsEventDeployment.transportProtocol shall be consistent with DDS profiles generated and selected by the DdsQosProps component of DdsRequiredServiceInstance, DdsField-QosProps, and DdsEventQosProps.]()

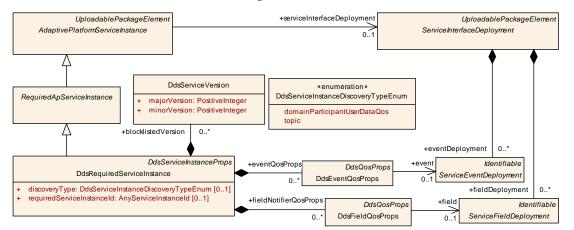


Figure 11.30: Required Dds Service Instances

Class	DdsRequiredServiceInstance							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment							
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a required service instance in a concrete implementation on top of DDS.							
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInstances							
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, DdsQosProps, Dds ServiceInstanceProps, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, RequiredApServiceInstance, UploadablePackageElement							
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							

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Class	DdsRequiredServiceInstance							
Attribute Type Mult. Kind				Note				
blocklisted Version	DdsServiceVersion	*	aggr	Collection of blocklisted versions.				
discoveryType	DdsServiceInstance DiscoveryTypeEnum	01	attr	Discovery protocol.				
eventQosProps	DdsEventQosProps	*	aggr	List of configuration properties for the Events that are required by the Service Instance.				
fieldNotifierQos Props	DdsFieldQosProps	*	aggr	List of configuration properties for Field notifiers that are required by the Service Instance.				
requiredService InstanceId	AnyServiceInstanceId	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to describe the required service instance ID.				

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 Table 11.64: DdsRequiredServiceInstance

[TPS_MANI_03530]{DRAFT} **Definition of DdsRequiredServiceInstance. eventQosProps** [The DdsRequiredServiceInstance.eventQosProps configures the DDS entities responsible for subscribing to an event according to a QoS Profile specified with the qosProfile attribute.](*RS_MANI_00038*)

[TPS_MANI_03532]{DRAFT} **qosProfile of DdsRequiredServiceInstance. eventQosProps is optional** [The attribute qosProfile of DdsRequiredServiceInstance.eventQosProps is optional; if qosProfile is not defined, the underlying DDS entities shall be configured according to the qosProfile attribute of the parent DdsRequiredServiceInstance.](*RS_MANI_00038*)

[TPS_MANI_03567]{DRAFT} **Definition of DdsRequiredServiceInstance. fieldNotifierQosProps** [The DdsRequiredServiceInstance.fieldNotifierQosProps configures the DDS entities associated with the field according to a QoS Profile specified with the qosProfile attribute.](*RS_MANI_00038*)

[TPS_MANI_03568]{DRAFT} **qosProfile of DdsRequiredServiceInstance. fieldNotifierQosProps is optional** [The attribute qosProfile of DdsRequiredServiceInstance.fieldNotifierQosProps is optional; if qosProfile is not defined, the underlying DDS entities shall be configured according to the qosProfile attribute of the parent DdsRequiredServiceInstance.](RS_MANI_-00038)

11.3.2.3 DDS Service Instance to Machine mapping

The DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping defines on which network / VLAN the DDS communication shall be deployed.

[TPS_MANI_03533]{DRAFT} **DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping** [The DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping defines for a specific serviceInstance (either DdsProvidedServiceInstance or DdsRequiredServiceInstance) on which network the communication shall be done using the reference communicationConnector to CommunicationConnector.] (*RS_MANI_00038*)



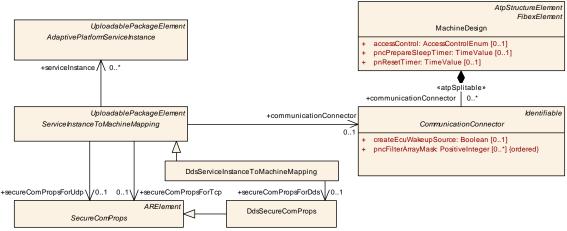


Figure 11.31: Dds Service Instance to Machine mapping

[constr_3684]{DRAFT} Mutual exclusivity of Secure Communication Properties [The attributes ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.secOcComPropsFor-Multicast and DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.secureComProps-ForDds are mutually exclusive, meaning zero or just one of them shall be set depending on whether no security, SecOC, or DDS Security is chosen as data-level security (optionally) above transport-level security at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

Class	DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceMapping								
Note	This meta-class allows to map DdsServiceInstances to a CommunicationConnector of a Machine.								
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInstanceToMachineMappings								
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping, UploadablePackageElement								
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element								
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note							
secureCom PropsForDds	DdsSecureComProps								

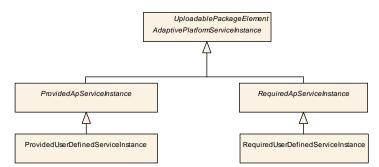
Table 11.65: DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping

11.3.3 User Defined Service Instance Deployment

[TPS_MANI_03032]{DRAFT} **Description of middleware technologies not standardized by AUTOSAR** [The elements ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance and RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance can be used to describe alternative middleware technologies that are not standardized by AUTOSAR.] (*RS_MANI_00014*)

Please note that both elements ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance and RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance are Identifiable and therefore are able to describe special data (sdg) which is not represented by the standard model.







Class	ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment								
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a provided service instance in a concrete implementation that is not standardized by AUTOSAR. Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInstances								
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, ProvidedApServiceInstance, Referrable, Uploadable PackageElement								
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element								
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note							
-									

Table 11.66: ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance

Class	RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment								
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe the existence and configuration of a required service instance in a concrete implementation that is not standardized by AUTOSAR.								
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInstances							
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, RequiredApServiceInstance, Uploadable PackageElement								
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element								
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note							
_	-	-	-	-					

 Table 11.67: RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance

11.3.4 Service Deployment Relations

The meta-model is set up in a way that it is in general possible to create a relation between different sub-classes of

- ServiceInterfaceDeployment
- AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance
- ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping



For example, from the formal point of view, it would be possible to let a UserDefinedServiceInstanceToMachineMapping reference a DdsProvidedServiceInstance that in turn references a SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment. But it is obviously questionable whether such a combination makes sense in a realworld model.

The consequence of the modeling is therefore that the possible combinations of the three mentioned meta-classes need to be regulated by a constraint.

[constr_3641]{DRAFT} Allowed combinations of ServiceInterfaceDeployment, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping

	DdsProvidedServiceInstance	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance	ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance	DdsRequiredServiceInstance	RequiredSomeipServiceInstance	RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance
DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
Dda Sorri go Instango ToMashi no Manning	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No
DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping		-			-	-
SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
UserDefinedServiceInstanceToMachineMapping	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

]()

11.4 EndToEndProtection

AUTOSAR supports the protection of events, methods, Field notifiers, Field get methods and Field set methods with E2E Profiles that are defined in the E2E Communication Protection Library [34].

[TPS_MANI_03127]{DRAFT} **Usage of End2EndEventProtectionProps** [The End2EndEventProtectionProps element is used to define event specific E2E configuration settings in the context of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance.] (*RS_MANI_00028*)



Please note that the E2E protection of a field notifier is possible with the End2EndEventProtectionProps.event reference since each specific Service-FieldDeployment element aggregates a ServiceEventDeployment in the role notifier. If such an aggregated ServiceEventDeployment is referenced with the End2EndEventProtectionProps.event reference the E2E protection settings are valid for the notifier that is embedded by the ServiceFieldDeployment.

Since the End2EndEventProtectionProps element is aggregated by the abstract AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance it can be used to describe the End-to-End protection on specific derived classes like ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance or RequiredSomeipServiceInstance that fit the underlying middleware.

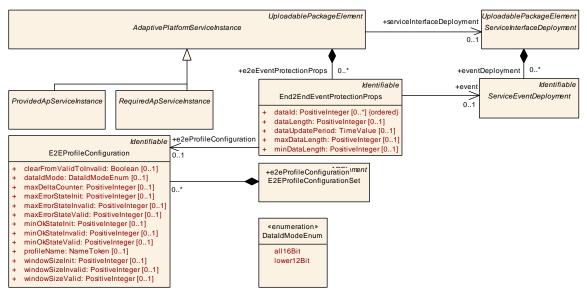


Figure 11.33: E2E EventProtection

With this approach it is possible to define different End-to-End protection settings for different used transport layer mechanisms in case of Multi-Binding.

[TPS_MANI_03228]{DRAFT} **Usage of End2EndMethodProtectionProps** [The End2EndMethodProtectionProps element is used to define method specific E2E configuration settings in the context of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance.] (*RS_MANI_00028*)

Please note that the E2E protection of field get and set methods is possible with the End2EndMethodProtectionProps.method reference since each specific ServiceFieldDeployment element is allowed to aggregate a ServiceMethodDeployment in the role get and/or set.

If such an aggregated ServiceMethodDeployment is referenced with the End2EndMethodProtectionProps.method reference the E2E protection settings are valid for the get or set method that is embedded by the ServiceFieldDeployment.

[TPS_MANI_03129]{DRAFT} **E2E profile** [The E2E profile is defined by E2EProfileConfiguration.profileName.](*RS_MANI_00028*)



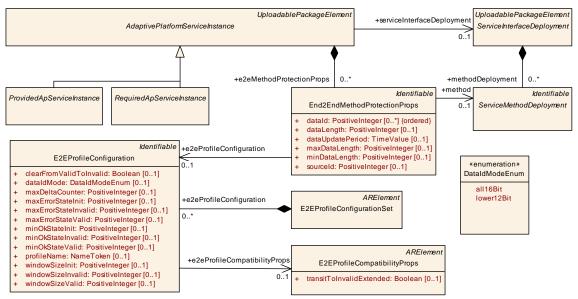


Figure 11.34: E2E MethodProtection

[TPS_MANI_03130]{DRAFT} Standardized values of the attribute E2EProfileConfiguration.profileName [The E2EProfileConfiguration. profileName that is referenced by an End2EndEventProtectionProps or by an End2EndMethodProtectionProps can have the following values that are standardized by AUTOSAR: PROFILE_04, PROFILE_05, PROFILE_06, PROFILE_-07, PROFILE_08, PROFILE_11, PROFILE_22, PROFILE_04m, PROFILE_07m, PROFILE_44, PROFILE_08m, and PROFILE_44m.](*RS_MANI_00028*)

[TPS_MANI_03131]{DRAFT} **Non-Standardized values of attribute E2EProfileConfiguration.profileName** [The values for the profileName of E2EProfileConfiguration mentioned in [TPS_MANI_03130] are standardized and reserved for being used in the way the AUTOSAR standard foresees.

PROFILE_01 and PROFILE_02 are also reserved by AUTOSAR but excluded for usage on the AUTOSAR adaptive Platform. In addition, it is positively possible to use other than the standardized values for the profileName.](RS_MANI_00028)

[TPS_MANI_03128]{DRAFT} **Usage of same End2EndEventProtectionProps.** dataId in case of Multi-Binding [In case of Multi-Binding, i.e. if different AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances exist that are mapped by ServiceInstance-ToPortPrototypeMapping to the same PortPrototype, the different Adaptive-PlatformServiceInstances may contain the same dataId for the same event.] (RS_MANI_00028)

In other words, if a PortPrototype contains two transport layer bindings, e.g. a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance and a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance representing an IPC communication, then an event is allowed to be protected with the same dataId in both AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances because the two AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances effectively represent the identical piece of data.



[TPS_MANI_03229]{DRAFT} Usage of same End2EndMethodProtectionProps. dataId in case of Multi-Binding [In case of Multi-Binding, i.e. if different AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances exist that are mapped by ServiceInstance-ToPortPrototypeMapping to the same PortPrototype, the different AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances may contain the same dataId for the same method.](RS_MANI_00028)

In other words if a PortPrototype contains two transport layer bindings, e.g. a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance and a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance representing an IPC communication then a method is allowed to be protected with the same dataId in both AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances.

[TPS_MANI_03252]{DRAFT} **Usage of same End2EndMethodProtectionProps. sourceId in case of Multi-Binding** [In case of Multi-Binding, i.e. if different AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances exist that are mapped by ServiceInstance-ToPortPrototypeMapping to the same PortPrototype, the different Adaptive-PlatformServiceInstances may contain the same sourceId (for the same and even for a different method).](*RS_MANI_00028*)

In other words if a PortPrototype contains two transport layer bindings, e.g. a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance and a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance representing an IPC communication then a single as well as different methods are allowed to be protected with the same sourceId in both AdaptivePlatform-ServiceInstances.

Class	End2EndEventProtectionProps							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::E2E							
Note	This element allows to protect an event or a field notifier with an E2E profile.							
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AdaptivePlatformServiceI	nstance.e	2eEventP	rotectionProps				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
datald (ordered)	PositiveInteger	*	attr	This represents a unique numerical identifier for the referenced event or field notifier that is included in the CRC calculation.				
				Note: ID is used for protection against masquerading. The details concerning the maximum number of values (this information is specific for each E2E profile) applicable for this attribute are controlled by a semantic constraint that depends on the category of the EndToEnd Protection.				
dataLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Length of payload including E2E header in bits.				
dataUpdate Period	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute describes the period in which the applications are assumed to process E2E-protected messages. The middleware does not use this attribute at all.				
e2eProfile Configuration	E2EProfileConfiguration	01	ref	Reference to E2E profile configuration settings that are valid to protect the referenced event or field notifier.				
event	ServiceEvent Deployment	01	ref	Reference to an event that is protected by the E2E profile.				
maxDataLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum length of payload including E2E header in bits.				
minDataLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimum length of payload including E2E header in bits.				

Table 11.68: End2EndEventProtectionProps



Class	End2EndMethodProtectionProps								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::E2E								
Note	This element allows to protect a method, a field setter or a field getter with an E2E profile.								
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable								
Aggregated by	AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance.e2eMethodProtectionProps								
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note					
datald (ordered)	PositiveInteger	*	attr	This represents a numerical identifier that is included in the CRC calculation. This datald is used for call and response.					
				Note: ID is used for protection against masquerading. The details concerning the maximum number of values (this information is specific for each E2E profile) applicable for this attribute are controlled by a semantic constraint that depends on the category of the EndToEnd Protection.					
dataLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Length of payload including E2E header in bits.					
dataUpdate Period	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute describes the period in which the applications are assumed to process E2E-protected messages. The middleware does not use this attribute at all.					
e2eProfile Configuration	E2EProfileConfiguration	01	ref	Reference to E2E profile configuration settings that are valid to protect the referenced method, field getter or field setter.					
maxDataLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum length of payload including E2E header in bits.					
method	ServiceMethod Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a method, a field getter or a field setter that is protected by the E2E profile.					
minDataLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimum length of payload including E2E header in bits.					
sourceld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This represents a unique numerical identifier identifying the source of a certain transmission. In case of C/S communication, this ID uniquely identifies the client.					
				Note: ID is used for protection against masquerading. The details concerning the maximum number of values (this information is specific for each E2E profile) applicable for this attribute are controlled by a semantic constraint that depends on the category of the EndToEnd Protection.					

Table 11.69: End2EndMethodProtectionProps

Class	E2EProfileConfigurationSet					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::E2E					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to aggregate a collection of E2EProfileConfigurations.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=E2EProfileConfigurationSets					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
e2eProfile Configuration	E2EProfileConfiguration	*	aggr	This represents the collection of E2EProfileConfigurations aggregated at the E2EProfileConfigurationSet.		

Table 11.70: E2EProfileConfigurationSet



Class	E2EProfileConfiguration								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::E2E							
Note	This element holds E2E p	This element holds E2E profile specific configuration settings.							
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable								
Aggregated by	E2EProfileConfigurationSet.e2eProfileConfiguration								
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note					
clearFromValid ToInvalid	Boolean	01	attr	Clear monitoring window on transition from state Valid to state Invalid.					
dataldMode	DataldModeEnum	01	attr	This attribute describes the inclusion mode that is used to include the implicit Data ID in the one-byte CRC.					
e2eProfile Compatibility Props	E2EProfileCompatibility Props	01	ref	Reference to additional settings for the E2E state machine.					
maxDelta Counter	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum allowed difference between two counter values of two consecutively received valid messages. For example, if the receiver gets data with counter 1 and Max DeltaCounter is 3, then at the next reception the receiver can accept Counters with values 2, 3 or 4.					
maxErrorState Init	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_INIT.					
maxErrorState Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_INVALID.					
maxErrorState Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_VALID.					
minOkStateInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_INIT.					
minOkState Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_INVALID.					
minOkState Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_VALID.					
profileName	NameToken	01	attr	Definition of the E2E profile.					
windowSizeInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Init for the E2E state machine.					
windowSize Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Invalid for the E2E state machine.					
windowSize Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Valid for the E2E state machine.					

[constr_10226]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute E2EProfileConfiguration. profileName [For each E2EProfileConfiguration, the attribute profile-Name shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



Enumeration	DataldModeEnum					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Transformer					
Note	Supported inclusion modes to include the implicit two-byte Data ID in the one-byte CRC.					
Aggregated by	E2EProfileConfiguration.dataIdMode, EndToEndTransformationDescription.dataIdMode					
Literal	Description					
all16Bit	Two bytes are included in the CRC (double ID configuration).					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0					
lower12Bit	The low byte is included in the implicit CRC calculation, the low nibble of the high byte is transmitted along with the data (i.e. it is explicitly included), the high nibble of the high byte is not used. This is applicable for the IDs up to 12 bits.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2					

Table 11.72: DataldModeEnum

Class	E2EProfileCompatibilityProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Transformer						
Note	This meta-class collects se	ettings for	[·] configura	ation of the E2E state machine.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=E	2EProfile	CompatibilityPropsCollection			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind Note				
transitToInvalid Extended	Boolean	01	attr	E2E State machine behavior concerning transition from NODATA/INIT to INVALID			
				value=0 (false): no direct transition from NODATA to INVALID, no transition from INIT to INVALID due to counter-related faults (Autosar R19-11 or former behavior)			
				value=1 (true): direct transition from NODATA to INVALID covered, transition from INIT to INVALID due to counter-related faults covered (state machine extended)			

 Table 11.73: E2EProfileCompatibilityProps

It is possible to overwrite the E2E state machine configuration settings that are defined in E2EProfileConfiguration at the RPortPrototype of a SwComponentType with settings available in the ReceiverComSpec as described in [TPS_MANI_03132]. With this approach it is possible to define individual E2E settings for different receivers of the event, or field notifiers.

Likewise, it is possible to overwrite the E2E state machine configuration settings that are defined in E2EProfileConfiguration at the RPortPrototype of a SwComponentType with settings available in the ClientComSpec as described in [TPS_MANI_01324].

With this approach it is possible to define individual E2E settings for different callers of a method.

Finally, it is possible to overwrite the E2E state machine configuration settings that are defined in E2EProfileConfiguration at the PPortPrototype of a SwComponentType with settings available in the ServerComSpec as described in [TPS_MANI_01325].



E2E Attributes Root Element			Attribute Existence per Profile												
	End2EndEventProtectionProps	End2EndMethodProtectionProps	E2EProfileConfiguration	PROFILE_04	PROFILE_05	PROFILE_06	PROFILE_07	PROFILE_08	PROFILE_11	PROFILE_22	PROFILE_04m	PROFILE_07m	PROFILE_44	PROFILE_08m	PROFILE_44m
dataId	х	х		1	1	1	1	1	1	n	1	1	1	1	1
dataLength	х	х			x				x	х					
minDataLength	х	х		х		x	x	x			х	x	x	х	x
maxDataLength	х	х		х		x	x	x			х	x	х	х	x
dataUpdatePeriod	х	х		х	х	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
sourceId		х									х	х		х	х
dataIdMode			х						x						
maxDeltaCounter			х	х	х	x	x	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х
maxErrorStateInit			х	х	x	x	x	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х
maxErrorStateInvalid			х	х	x	x	x	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х
maxErrorStateValid			х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
minOkStateInit			х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
minOkStateInvalid			х	х	х	x	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
minOkStateValid			х	х	x	x	x	x	x	х	х	x	x	х	x
windowSizeValid			х	х	x	x	x	x	x	х	х	x	x	х	x
windowSizeInvalid			х	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	х	x
windowSizeInit			х	х	x	x	x	x	x	х	х	x	x	х	x
clearFromValidToInvalid			х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х

[constr_3493]{DRAFT} Applicable attributes for standardized E2E Profiles [

]()

In PROFILE_22, the dataId is defined as a list of 16 dataId values, where a different value is transmitted depending on the counter value.

Please also note that the Classic Platform attributes <code>counterOffset</code>, <code>crcOffset</code> and <code>dataIdNibbleOffset</code> are not configurable on the AUTOSAR adaptive Platform and are set to fixed values by the AUTOSAR Standard.

[constr_5230]{DRAFT} Attribute E2EProfileCompatibilityProps.transit-ToInvalidExtended shall exist for each E2EProfileConfiguration [For each E2EProfileConfiguration, a reference to E2EProfileCompatibilityProps in the role e2eProfileCompatibilityProps shall exist and the referenced E2EProfileCompatibilityProps shall define a value for the attribute transit-ToInvalidExtended.]()



[constr_5250]{DRAFT} Protection of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances of the same ServiceInterfaceDeployment [If Several AdaptivePlatform-ServiceInstances exist that are referencing the same ServiceInterfaceDeployment and these AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances contain aggregated End2EndMethodProtectionProps and/or End2EndEventProtectionProps then the E2EProfileConfigurations that are referenced by the End2EndMethodProtectionProps and End2EndEventProtectionProps shall have the same profileName defined. ()

In other words it is not allowed to protect different AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances of the same ServiceInterfaceDeployment with different E2E Profiles. Please note that the End2EndMethodProtectionProps and/or End2EndEventProtectionProps in the different AdaptivePlatformService-Instances are allowed to reference different E2EProfileConfigurations since the same E2E Profile may be configured with different E2E settings.

11.5 Secure Communication

AUTOSAR supports different protocols that provide communication security over a network. To configure the secured communication of ServiceInterface elements between a ProvidedApServiceInstance and a RequiredApServiceInstance the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig meta-class is defined.

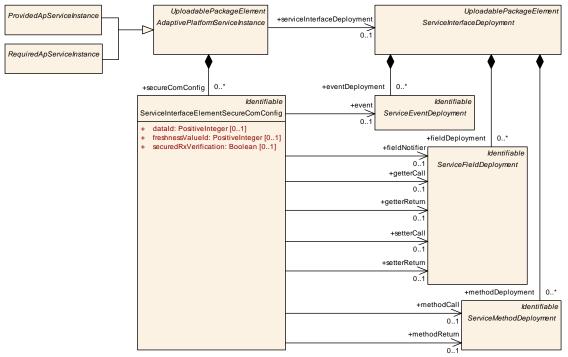


Figure 11.35: Secure Communication

[TPS_MANI_03133]{DRAFT} Usage of ServiceInterfaceElementSecureCom-Config [The ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig element is used to



define ServiceInterface element specific secure communication configuration settings in the context of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance.](RS_MANI_-00036)

The modeling allows protecting selected elements of a ServiceInterface, like particular events or methods.

Since the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig meta-class is aggregated by the abstract AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance it can be used to configure the secure communication on specific derived classes like Provided-SomeipServiceInstance Or RequiredSomeipServiceInstance that fit the underlying middleware. With this approach it is possible to define different communication security protections for different used transport layer mechanisms in case of Multi-Binding.

Class	ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::SecureCommunication								
Note	This element allows to secure the communication of the referenced ServiceInterface element.								
Base	ARObject, Identifiable,	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable							
Aggregated by	AdaptivePlatformServi	AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance.secureComConfig							
Attribute	Туре	ype Mult. Kind Note							
datald	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines a unique numerical identifier for the referenced ServiceInterface element.					
event	ServiceEvent Deployment	01	ref	Reference to an event that is protected by a security protocol.					
fieldNotifier	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a field notifier that is protected by a security protocol.					
freshnessValue Id	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the Id of the Freshness Value.					
getterCall	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a field getter call message that is protected by a security protocol.					
getterReturn	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a field getter return message that is protected by a security protocol.					
methodCall	ServiceMethod Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a method call message that is protected by a security protocol.					
methodReturn	ServiceMethod Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a method return message that is protected by a security protocol.					
securedRx Verification	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether the ServiceInterface element shall verify its security credentials during reception.					
setterCall	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a field setter call message that is protected by a security protocol.					
setterReturn	ServiceField Deployment	01	ref	Reference to a field setter return message that is protected by a security protocol.					

Table 11.74: ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig

[constr_3391]{DRAFT} ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig references to ServiceInterfaceDeployment elements [ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig element shall be defined for exactly one ServiceInterface element and shall therefore contain only one single reference to an element defined in the scope of a ServiceInterfaceDeployment. ()



The attributes in the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig meta-class are defining security configuration settings that are specific for the referenced ServiceInterface element in the context of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance. The used security protocol is defined in the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.

[TPS_MANI_03199]{DRAFT} **Endpoint protection by SecureComProps** [The ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping allows to assign a security protocol configuration settings that are defined in the referenced SecureComProps meta-class to protect endpoints that are defined by the Transport Protocol, Port and IP Address on which one or several AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances are provided or consumed.] (RS_MANI_00036)

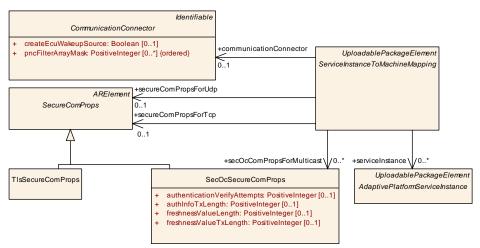


Figure 11.36: Security protocol configuration

[TPS_MANI_03200]{DRAFT} **SecureComProps for udp, tcp and multicast communication** [The ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping allows to assign a security protocol configuration settings for:

- udp communication if the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping refers to the SecureComProps in the role secureComPropsForUdp
- tcp communication in case the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping refers to the SecureComProps in the role secureComPropsForTcp
- multicast communication in case the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping refers to the SecOcSecureComProps in the role secOcComPropsForMulticast

](RS_MANI_00036)

With this modeling approach it is possible to configure different security protocol settings for the communication over TCP, UDP and multicast. For example it is allowed to use different settings to protect the TCP communication of a AdaptivePlatform-ServiceInstance via TLS and UDP communication via DTLS.



Please note that protection of IP multicast traffic is only supported by SecOC and therefore the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping refers directly the SecOcSecureComProps in the secOcComPropsForMulticast role.

Class	SecureComProps (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::SecureCommunication						
Note	This meta-class defines a	This meta-class defines a communication security protocol and its configuration settings.					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable						
Subclasses	DdsSecureComProps, Se	cOcSecu	reComPro	ops, TIsSecureComProps			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
-	-						

 Table 11.75: SecureComProps

11.5.1 Secure Communication over TLS

The configuration of the Transport Layer Security (TLS) and Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) protocols is supported with the TlsSecureComProps meta-class, which is a specialization of SecureComProps.

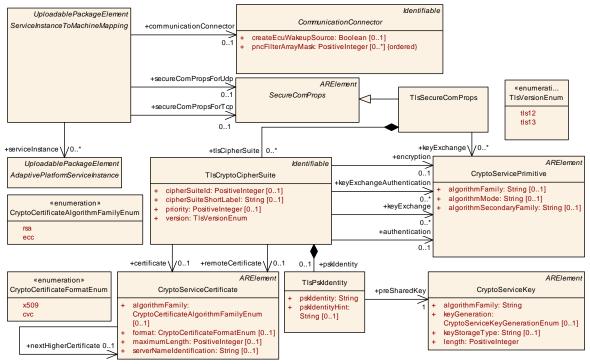


Figure 11.37: Secure Communication over TLS

It is a common use case that only one end of a TLS-based connection is actually modeled in an AUTOSAR model. It is therefore important that the modeling does not rely on or imply knowledge about both ends of such a TLS-based connection.



An AUTOSAR model that only describes one end of the communication is positively required to work, independently of the availability of a formal modeling of the other end.

Class	TIsSecureComProps								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::SecureCommunication								
Note	Configuration of the Trans	port Laye	r Security	protocol (TLS).					
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=SecureComProps							
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, SecureComProps							
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element								
Attribute	Туре	Mult. Kind Note							
keyExchange	CryptoServicePrimitive	*	ref	This reference identifies the shared (i.e. applicable for each of the aggregated cipher suites) crypto service primitive for the execution of key exchange during the handshake phase.					
tlsCipherSuite	TIsCryptoCipherSuite	*	aggr	Collection of supported cipher suites that are used to negotiate the security settings for a network connection defined by the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.					

Table 11.76: TIsSecureComProps

Enumeration	CryptoServiceKeyGenerationEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication
Note	This enumeration shall be taken to express the handling of a crypto key in terms of whether it is obtained from e.g. a diagnostic tester or whether it is created by derivation from a master key.
Aggregated by	CryptoServiceKey.keyGeneration
Literal	Description
keyDerivation	This means that the crypto key is created by derivation from a master key.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
keyStorage	This means that the crypto key is obtained from an external entity, e.g. a diagnostic tester.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1

Table 11.77: CryptoServiceKeyGenerationEnum

TLS is composed of the TLS Record Protocol and the TLS Handshake Protocol. The Record Protocol provides connection security and encrypts and authenticate packets. The record layer functions can be called at any time after the handshake process is finished, when there is need to receive or send data.

The Handshake Protocol allows the server and client to authenticate each other and to negotiate encryption algorithms and cryptographic keys before any data is exchanged.

In order to establish a cryptographically secure data channel, the communication partners in form of <u>ServiceInstanceToMachineMappings</u> shall agree on ciphersuites and on keys that will be used to encrypt the data.

The client sends a list of supported ciphersuites to the server. The server decides on a ciphersuite from the list provided by the client, and continues with the handshake. Please note that the server and client roles cannot be swapped while the connection exists, i.e. a *server* remains the *server* for the full amount of time the connection exists.



[TPS_MANI_03213]{DRAFT} **Semantics of meta-class TlsSecureComProps** [As a sub-class of SecureComProps, meta-class TlsSecureComProps has the ability to collect the TLS-related configuration aspects from either the perspective of the client or the server.

In the case of TLS, the collection boils down to the aggregation of meta-class TlsCryptoCipherSuite in the role tlsCipherSuite plus the ability (by means of the role keyExchange) to define handshake properties that are shared for each of the aggregated tlsCipherSuite. (*RS_MANI_00036*)

[constr_5047]{DRAFT} Supported values of TlsSecureComProps.category [The only supported values of attribute TlsSecureComProps.category are:

- **TLS_SERVER**: the **TlsSecureComProps** assumes the role of the *server* in the TLS connection.
- **TLS_CLIENT**: the **TlsSecureComProps** assumes the role of the *client* in the TLS connection.

]()

[TPS_MANI_03134]{DRAFT} **Configuration of supported TLS ciphersuites** [The creation of a TLS connection requires the usage of a suite of cryptographic operations in specific roles, also known as a *cipher suite*.

Meta-class TlsCryptoCipherSuite represents a given cipher suite for a TLS connection. TlsCryptoCipherSuite references meta-class CryptoServicePrimitive in three dedicated roles that represent the steps of the creation of a TLS connection.

More specifically, the cryptographic operations for setting up a TLS connection involve the following steps:

- **Key exchange**: these CryptoServicePrimitives may be used for the handshake phase of the TLS connection. Different alternatives exist for executing this phase and therefore the multiplicity of this reference is 0..*.
- Authentication of communication partners during the operational phase of the TLS connection. For this purpose a single CryptoServicePrimitive is used on each end of the communication.
- **Encryption** of content exchanged between the communication partners that have established the TLS connection. For this purpose a single CryptoSer-vicePrimitive is used on each end of the communication.

](*RS_MANI_00036*)

Please note that according to TLS each TlsCryptoCipherSuite may support multiple PSKs or certificates. The model restricts the multiplicity of references from TlsCryptoCipherSuite to CryptoServiceCertificate and TlsPskIdentity to 0..1. A TLS configuration with multiple PSKs or Certificates per Cipher-Suite can be achieved by having multiple TlsCryptoCipherSuite's that share the



same set of parameters but reference different CryptoServiceCertificate's or TlsPskIdentity's, respectively.

Class	TIsCryptoCipherSuite				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication				
Note	This meta-class represents a cipher suite for describing cryptographic operations in the context of establishing a connection of ApplicationEndpoints that is protected by TLS.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable	
Aggregated by	TIsCryptoServiceMapping	g.tlsCipher	Suite, TIs	SecureComProps.tlsCipherSuite	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
authentication	CryptoServicePrimitive	01	ref	This reference identifies the crypto service primitive for the generation and verification of MACs.	
certificate	CryptoService Certificate	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable local certificate.	
cipherSuiteId	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Identification of the CipherSuite according to the IANA assignments list.	
cipherSuite ShortLabel	String	01	attr	Name of the CipherSuite according to the IANA assignments list.	
ellipticCurve	CryptoEllipticCurve Props	*	ref	This references point to the properties of elliptic curves.	
encryption	CryptoServicePrimitive	01	ref	This reference identifies the crypto service primitive for the execution of encryption.	
keyExchange	CryptoServicePrimitive	*	ref	This reference identifies the individual (i.e. per cipher suite) crypto service primitive for the execution of key exchange during the handshake phase.	
keyExchange Authentication	CryptoServicePrimitive	*	ref	This reference identifies the crypto service primitives for the generation and verification of signatures during the key exchange algorithm.	
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute identifies the priority of the cipher suite. Range: 165535. Lower values represent higher priorities.	
props	TIsCryptoCipherSuite Props	01	aggr	The aggregated TIsCryptoCipherSuiteProps provide details for the TLS Cipher Suite.	
pskldentity	TIsPskIdentity	01	aggr	Pre-shared key identity shared during the handshake among the communication parties, to establish a TLS connection if the handshake is based on the existence of a pre-shared key.	
remote Certificate	CryptoService Certificate	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable remote certificate.	
signature Scheme	CryptoSignature Scheme	*	ref	This reference points to the properties of a TLS Signature Scheme.	
version	TIsVersionEnum	1	attr	This attribute supports the definition of the applicable version of TLS.	

Table 11.78: TIsCryptoCipherSuite

Class	CryptoServicePrimitive				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication				
Note	This meta-class has the ability to represent a crypto primitive.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=CryptoPrimitives				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				

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Class	CryptoServicePrimitive			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
algorithmFamily	String	01	attr	This attribute represents a description of the family (e.g. AES) of crypto algorithm implemented by the crypto primitive.
algorithmMode	String	01	attr	This attribute represents a description of the mode of the crypto algorithm implemented by the crypto primitive.
algorithm Secondary Family	String	01	attr	This attribute represents a further description of the secondary family of crypto algorithm implemented by the crypto primitive.
				The secondary family is needed for the specification of the hash algorithm for a signature check, e.g. using RSA.

Table 11.79: CryptoServicePrimitive

Class	CryptoServiceKey					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication					
Note	This meta-class has the a	bility to re	present a	crypto key.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=C	ryptoDeve	elopmentKeys		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	ollectable	Element,	Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
algorithmFamily	String	1	attr	This attribute represent the description of the family of the applicable crypto algorithm.		
development Value	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the ability to assign a specific value to the crypto key as part of the system description. This value can then be taken for the development of the respective ECU.		
keyGeneration	CryptoServiceKey GenerationEnum	01	attr	This attribute describes how a the specific cryptographic key is created.		
keyStorageType	String	01	attr	This attribute describes where the enclosing cryptographic key shall be stored. AUTOSAR reserves specific values for this attributes but it is possible to insert custom values as well.		
length	PositiveInteger	1	attr	This attribute describes the length of the cryptographic key in bits.		

Table 11.80: CryptoServiceKey

[TPS_MANI_03214]{DRAFT} **Existence of TlsCryptoCipherSuite.keyExchange VS. TlsSecureComProps.keyExchange** [The role TlsSecureComProps. keyExchange has been introduced as an optimization.

It is assumed that the references for key exchange look pretty similar if not identical for many concrete TlsCryptoCipherSuites.

Adding these references in an identical form to a bunch of TlsCryptoCipherSuites does not really make sense. Therefore, TlsSecureComProps allows to define these references as well with the intention to make them valid for all TlsSecureComProps. tlsCipherSuites.



A mixture of references in the role TlsCryptoCipherSuite.keyExchange and TlsSecureComProps.keyExchange is supported.](*RS_MANI_00036*)

[TPS_MANI_03215]{DRAFT} **Semantics of CryptoServiceCertificate** [Metaclass CryptoServiceCertificate represents a cryptographic certificate needed for the creation of a TLS connection between *server* and *client.*](*RS_MANI_00036*)

Class	CryptoServiceCertificate					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication					
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to model a cryptographic certificate.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=CryptoServiceCertificates				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
algorithmFamily	CryptoCertificate AlgorithmFamilyEnum	01	attr	This attribute represents a description of the family of crypto algorithm used to generate public key and signature of the cryptographic certificate.		
format	CryptoCertificateFormat Enum	01	attr	This attribute can be used to provide information about the format used to create the certificate		
maximum Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to define the maximum length of the certificate in bytes.		
nextHigher Certificate	CryptoService Certificate	01	ref	The reference identifies the next higher certificate in the certificate chain.		
serverName Identification	String	01	attr	Server Name Indication (SNI) is needed if the IP address hosts multiple servers (on the same port), each of them using a different certificate.		
				If the client sends the SNI to the Server in the client hello, the server looks the SNI up in its certificate list and uses the certificate identified by the SNI.		

Table 11.81: CryptoServiceCertificate

Enumeration	CryptoCertificateAlgorithmFamilyEnum		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication		
Note	This meta-class defies possible cryptographic algorithm families used to create public keys and signatures within the certificate.		
Aggregated by	CryptoServiceCertificate.algorithmFamily		
Literal	Description		
ecc	The cryptographic operations in the certificate are executed using elliptic curves (ecc)		
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2		
rsa	The cryptographic operations in the certificate are executed using the RSA approach.		
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1		

Table 11.82: CryptoCertificateAlgorithmFamilyEnum

Enumeration	CryptoCertificateFormatEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::SecureCommunication
Note	This meta-class defines possible formats of cryptographic certificates.
Aggregated by	CryptoServiceCertificate.format

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Enumeration	CryptoCertificateFormatEnum	
Literal	Description	
сус	The certificate has been created in Card Verifiable Certificate (CVC) format	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2	
x509	The certificate is created in X.509 format.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1	

Table 11.83: CryptoCertificateFormatEnum

[constr_5048]{DRAFT} Existence of TlsCryptoCipherSuite.certificate and TlsCryptoCipherSuite.pskIdentity in the *server* role [Either

- the reference to CryptoServiceCertificate in the role TlsCryptoCipherSuite.certificate
- the aggregation of TlsPskIdentity in the role TlsCryptoCipherSuite. pskIdentity

shall exist if the TlsCryptoCipherSuite is aggregated by TlsSecureComProps that has the attribute category set to the value TLS_SERVER.]()

In other words two different approaches are supported by TLS for the handling of key compromise: Pre-shared secret and certificate.

The server may optionally request a certificate from the *client*. If this option is not used then other documented approaches for completing the handshake phase is foreseen for the specific case.

[TPS_MANI_03216]{DRAFT} **Existence of TlsCryptoCipherSuite.certifi**cate and TlsCryptoCipherSuite.pskIdentity in the *client* role [The client (TlsSecureComProps has set the value of attribute category to TLS_CLIENT) has the following authentication options:

- the reference to CryptoServiceCertificate in the role TlsCryptoCipherSuite.certificate exists,
- the aggregation of TlsPskIdentity in the role TlsCryptoCipherSuite. pskIdentity exists,
- neither one nor the other exists. In this case the handshake is provided on the basis of the server certificate only.

(*RS_MANI_00036*)

In the pre-shared Key approach the client indicates which key to use by including a pskIdentity in the ClientKeyExchange message. To help the client in selecting which identity to use, the server can provide a pskIdentityHint in the ServerKeyExchange message. Please note that the usage of pskIdentityHints is restricted for usage with TLS 1.2.



[TPS_MANI_03137]{DRAFT} **ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig is not relevant in case of TLS communication** [The element ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig is not relevant in case of TLS communication.] *(RS_MANI_00036)*

[constr_3485]{DRAFT} UDP endpoint using DTLS SERVER role can only serve provided service instances [A ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that refers to TlsSecureComProps in the role secureComPropsForUdp is only allowed to reference ProvidedApServiceInstances in the role serviceInstance if the TlsSecureComProps has the category TLS_SERVER.]()

[constr_3486]{DRAFT} TCP endpoint using TLS SERVER role can only serve provided service instances [A ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that refers to TlsSecureComProps in the role secureComPropsForTcp is only allowed to reference ProvidedApServiceInstances in the role serviceInstance if the TlsSecureComProps has the category TLS_SERVER. | ()

[constr_5260]{DRAFT} UDP endpoint using DTLS CLIENT role can only serve required service instances [A ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that refers to TlsSecureComProps in the role secureComPropsForUdp is only allowed to reference RequiredApServiceInstances in the role serviceInstance if the TlsSecureComProps has the category TLS_CLIENT.]()

[constr_5261]{DRAFT} TCP endpoint using TLS CLIENT role can only serve required service instances [A ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping that refers to TlsSecureComProps in the role secureComPropsForTcp is only allowed to reference RequiredApServiceInstances in the role serviceInstance if the TlsSecureComProps has the category TLS_CLIENT.]()

The reason for [constr_3485], [constr_3486], [constr_5260], [constr_5261] is that the (D)TLS client needs to establish the (D)TLS connection and a TCP/UDP endpoint that is described by the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping can only take one role: (D)TLS client or (D)TLS server. If a ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping would act as (D)TLS client and would refer to a ProvidedApServiceInstance then this (D)TLS client would need to establish the (D)TLS connection. But in this case the (D)TLS client would not know to which remote service client a connection needs to be established since different RequiredApServiceInstances may directly call methods of the ProvidedApServiceInstance without any registration.

The same issue exists if the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping acts as (D)TLS server and refers to RequiredApServiceInstances. The (D)TLS client needs to establish the (D)TLS connection before any messages are exchanged. But the remote service provider has no knowledge that this service consumer wants to call methods over a (D)TLS connection.



11.5.2 Secure Communication over SecOC

AUTOSAR Secure Onboard Communication (SecOC) supports symmetric and asymmetric authentication approaches. To configure the SecOC secure protection of a message by a MAC or Signature the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig needs to be defined. This element contains the configuration settings for the individual ServiceInterface elements. In addition, the ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping needs to point to SecOcSecureComProps to configure the endpoint protection that is defined by the Transport Protocol, Port and IP Address.

[constr_3392]{DRAFT} ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.dataId and ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.freshnessValueId are mandatory in case of SecOC communication [The attributes ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.dataId and ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.freshnessValueId are mandatory in case of SecOC communication.]()

[TPS_MANI_03664]{DRAFT} **ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig. securedRxVerification** [The attribute ServiceInterfaceElementSecure-ComConfig.securedRxVerification defines whether a received SecOC message shall be verified with respect to the security credentials or not.

If the attribute ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.securedRxVerification is set to false, then security verification shall not be applied and the message payload shall be forwarded to the receivers.

If the attribute ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.securedRxVerification is set to true or is not defined, then security verification shall be applied.] (RS_MANI_00036)

[constr_3691]{DRAFT} Existence of ServiceInterfaceElementSecure-ComConfig.securedRxVerification [The attribute ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.securedRxVerification shall only be defined for a ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig with the following definitions:

- The ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig is aggregated by a RequiredApServiceInstance and defines at least one of the following roles:
 - ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.event
 - ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.fieldNotifier
 - ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.getterReturn
 - ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.setterReturn
 - ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.methodReturn
- The ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig is aggregated by a ProvidedApServiceInstance and defines at least one of the following roles:
 - ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.getterCall



- ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.setterCall
- ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.methodCall
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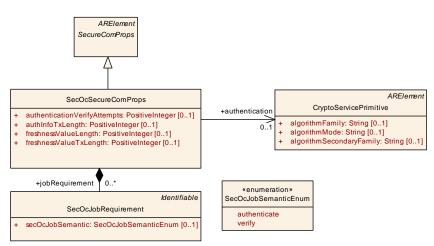


Figure 11.38: Secure Communication over SecOC

[TPS_MANI_03138]{DRAFT} **SecOC Security Profile** [The SecOC security profile is defined by SecOcSecureComProps.category.](*RS_MANI_00036*)

Class	SecOcSecureComProps			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::SecureCommunication			
Note	Configuration of AUTOSA	R SecOC.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=S	ecureCon	nProps
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable, Sec			Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
authentication	CryptoServicePrimitive	01	ref	This reference defines the authentication algorithm used for MAC generation and verification.
authentication VerifyAttempts	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the additional number of authentication attempts that are to be carried out when the generation of the authentication information failed for a given message. If zero is set than only one authentication attempt is done.
authInfoTx Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the length in bits of the authentication code to be included in the payload of the authenticated Message.
freshnessValue Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the complete length in bits of the Freshness Value.
freshnessValue TxLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the length in bits of the Freshness Value to be included in the payload of the secured message.
jobRequirement	SecOcJobRequirement	*	aggr	Collection of cryptographic job requirements.

 Table 11.84:
 SecOcSecureComProps

[TPS_MANI_03139]{DRAFT} **Standardized SecOC Security Profiles** [The SecOC security profile that is defined by SecOcSecureComProps.category can have the



following values that are standardized by AUTOSAR: profile_01, profile_02, profile_03.](*RS_MANI_00036*)

The attribute values for the predefined categories mentioned in [TPS_MANI_03139] are defined in [constr_3325] in [19].

[constr_5347]{DRAFT} Supported value range for attribute SecOcSecureCom-Props.authenticationVerifyAttempts [The supported value range of attribute SecOcSecureComProps.authenticationVerifyAttempts is limited to the interval [0..65535].]()

[TPS_MANI_03140]{DRAFT} **Non-Standardized SecOC Security Profiles** [The values for the SecOcSecureComProps.category mentioned in [TPS_MANI_03139] are standardized and reserved for being used in the way the AUTOSAR standard foresees. In addition, it is positively possible to use other than the standardized values for the SecOcSecureComProps.category.](*RS_MANI_00036*)

With the SecOcJobRequirement the cryptographic routines can be selected that need to be supported. In case of SecOC it can be selected whether the symmetric and/or asymmetric authentication approach is needed.

Class	SecOcJobRequirement				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::SecureCommunication				
Note	Requirements for the cryp	Requirements for the cryptographic job that need to be executed.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	SecOcSecureComProps.j	SecOcSecureComProps.jobRequirement			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
secOcJob Semantic	SecOcJobSemantic Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines the cryptographic algorithm that needs to be supported.	

Table 11.85: SecOcJobRequirement

[constr_10227]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SecOcJobRequirement.sec-OcJobSemantic [For each SecOcJobRequirement, the attribute secOcJobSemantic shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

Enumeration	SecOcJobSemanticEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::SecureCommunication			
Note	List of cryptographic routines supported by SecOC.			
Aggregated by	SecOcJobRequirement.secOcJobSemantic			
Literal	Description			
authenticate	Authentication algorithm for Authenticator generation/verification.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			
verify	Asymmetric cryptographic algorithm to generate/verify a signature			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			

Table 11.86: SecOcJobSemanticEnum



11.5.3 Secure Communication over DDS

The configuration of participant identities for the DDS Security [35] plugins is supported by the DdsSecureComProps meta-class, which is a specialization of SecureCom-Props.

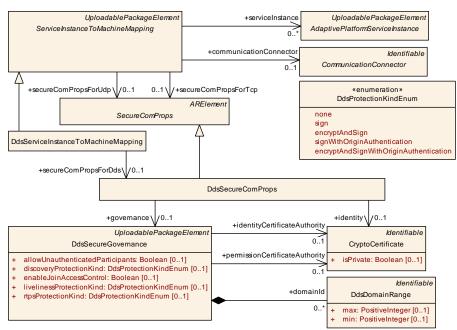


Figure 11.39: DdsSecureComProps at the DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping

Please note the following classes and constraints depict a structural specification of DDS Security deployment configuration. For functional details please refer to section "Secure Communication" of SWS_CommunicationManagement [9].

These modeling elements affect only DDS Security (as defined by [35]) deployments via DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.secureComPropsForDds. For DDS Transport Security over TCP (TLS) and UDP (DTLS) configuration please refer to ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.secureComPropsForTcp and ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.secureComPropsForUdp, respectively.

DdsSecureComProps			
M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceMapping
Identity and governance i	information	n of partici	pants in case of DDS Security.
Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=SecureComProps			
ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, SecureComProps			
ARPackage.element			
Type Mult. Kind Note			
	M2::AUTOSARTemplates Identity and governance i Tags: atp.recommendedF <i>ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable, Sec</i> ARPackage.element	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::Adaptive Identity and governance information Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=S ARElement, ARObject, Collectable Element, Referrable, SecureComPl ARPackage.element	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform:: Identity and governance information of partici Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=SecureCon <i>ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement,</i> <i>Element, Referrable, SecureComProps</i> ARPackage.element



\triangle					
Class	DdsSecureComProps				
governance	DdsSecureGovernance	01	ref	This attribute defines general DDS Security communication properties applicable to the DDS domain(s) in which the subject operates.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
identity	CryptoCertificate	01	ref	This attribute defines the cryptographic identity of the subject.	



[constr_3678]{DRAFT} Existence of attributes for DdsSecureComProps [The following attributes of DdsSecureComProps shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished

- identity
- governance

]()

[TPS_MANI_03661]{DRAFT} **Configuration of Governance in DDS Security** [The DdsSecureGovernance meta-class defines domain-wide rules determining relevant certificate authorities (for participant identities and permission manifests), constraints related to how participants may join such domain(s) and protection levels associated to each kind of communication (none, sign, encrypt+sign, with or without origin authentication).

Class	DdsSecureGovernance					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::SecureCommunication					
Note	Configuration of DDS Security for all applications joining a specific set of DDS Domains.					
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=DdsSecureGovernances					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
allowUnauthen- ticated	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether unauthenticated participants can join this domain.		
Participants				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
discovery ProtectionKind	DdsProtectionKind Enum	01	attr	Defines the kind of cryptographic transformation to apply in DDS discovery communication.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
domainId	DdsDomainRange	*	aggr	Set of domains to be covered by this property set.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
enableJoin AccessControl	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether access control is to be enforced upon joining this domain.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		



Class	DdsSecureGovernance			
identity Certificate	CryptoCertificate	01	ref	Certificate representing the identity certificate authority applicable to the domain(s) specified by domainsIds.
Authority				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
liveliness ProtectionKind	DdsProtectionKind Enum	01	attr	Defines the kind of cryptographic transformation to apply in DDS liveliness communication.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
permission Certificate Authority	CryptoCertificate	01	ref	Certificate representing the permissions certificate authority applicable to the domain(s) specified by domainsIds.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
rtpsProtection Kind	DdsProtectionKind Enum	01	attr	Defines the kind of cryptographic transformation to apply to whole DDS RTPS.
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate

 \triangle

Table 11.88: DdsSecureGovernance

Class	DdsDomainRange					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::SecureCommunication				
Note	DDS Domain ID range.	DDS Domain ID range.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	DdsSecureGovernance.domainId					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
max	PositiveInteger	PositiveInteger 01 attr Upper bound of the DdsDomainRange.				
min	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Lower bound of the DdsDomainRange.		

Table 11.89: DdsDomainRange

Enumeration	DdsProtectionKindEnum						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::SecureCommunication						
Note	Supported cryptographic transformations (extended).						
Aggregated by	Aggregated by DdsSecureGovernance.discoveryProtectionKind, DdsSecureGovernance.livelinessProtectionKind, DdsSecureGovernance.rtpsProtectionKind, DdsTopicAccessRule.dataProtectionKind, DdsTopicAccesRule.dataProtectionKind, DdsTopicAccesRule.dataProtecti						
Literal Description							
encryptAndSign	encryption and MAC transformations (in that precise order) are applied						
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2						
encryptAndSign WithOrigin	similar to "EncryptAndSign" but with additional authentication codes produced under different secret keys, which prevents receiving peers from impersonating a specific sender						
Authentication	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4						
none	no transformation is applied						
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0						
sign	Message Authentication Code (MAC) is applied, no encryption						
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1						
signWithOrigin Authentication	similar to "sign" but with additional authentication codes produced under different secret keys, which prevents receiving peers from impersonating a specific sender						
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3						

Table 11.90: DdsProtectionKindEnum



[constr_3679]{DRAFT} Existence of attributes for DdsSecureGovernance [The following attributes of DdsSecureGovernance shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished

- at least one domainId
- identityCertificateAuthority
- permissionCertificateAuthority
- allowUnauthenticatedParticipants
- enableJoinAccessControl
- discoveryProtectionKind
- livelinessProtectionKind
- rtpsProtectionKind

]()

[constr_3682]{DRAFT} Values of DdsDomainRange.min and DdsDomainRange. max [The value of DdsDomainRange.min shall be less than or equal to the value of DdsDomainRange.max at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



12 Raw Data Stream Manifest

12.1 Raw Data Stream Deployment

[TPS_MANI_01285]{DRAFT} **Purpose of meta-class** RawDataStreamDeployment [Meta-class RawDataStreamDeployment has the ability to further qualify an existing AbstractRawDataStreamInterface on deployment level.](*RS_MANI_00067*)

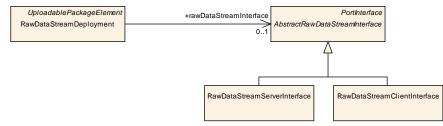


Figure 12.1: Modeling of the RawDataStreamDeployment

Class	RawDataStreamDeployment				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	RawDataStreamMapping	
Note	This meta-class represent	s the abili	ty to mod	el deployment-level information for a raw data stream	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=R	awDataSt	treamDeployments	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
rawDataStream Interface	AbstractRawData StreamInterface	01	ref	This reference identifies the corresponding RawData StreamInterface,	

 Table 12.1: RawDataStreamDeployment

12.2 Raw Data Stream Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01287]{DRAFT} **Semantics of** RawDataStreamMapping [On the deployment side, the access to a raw data stream requires the provision of actual transport for the raw data.

In principle, it would be possible to implement the transport on top of various technologies.

Therefore, abstract meta-class RawDataStreamMapping exists to provide the principle ability to map to an RPortPrototype and to a Process.

The mapping to a concrete transport technology is left to sub-classes of RawDataStreamMapping. (*RS_MANI_00067*)



AbstractExecutionContext ExecutionManifest::Process		UploadablePackageElement RawDataStreamMapping	+portPrototype	Components::RPortPrototype
[01]	+process 01		+deployment 01	

Figure 12.2: Modeling of the RawDataStreamMapping

Class	RawDataStreamMapping (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	s::Adaptive	Platform::	RawDataStreamMapping		
Note	This meta-class acts as	an abstract	base clas	ss for mapping raw data streams to the application software.		
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement				
Subclasses	EthernetRawDataStream	nMapping				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			Note		
deployment	RawDataStream Deployment	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable RawDataStream Deployment.		
portPrototype	RPortPrototype	01	iref	Reference to a specific PortPrototype that represents the raw data stream to the application.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDefInstanceRef implemented by:R PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef		
process	Process	01	ref	Reference to the Process in which the Executable that contains the SoftwareComponent and the referenced Port Prototype is executed.		

Table 12.2: RawDataStreamMapping

12.3 Raw Data Streams over Ethernet

The configuration of raw data streams over Ethernet is done by means of the subclasses of meta-class <code>AbstractRawDataStreamEthernetCredentials</code> as well as meta-class <code>EthernetRawDataStreamMapping</code>.

The obvious requirement to the configuration of the Ethernet credentials is that both ends of the communication have to be configured sufficiently, such that a connection between the two ends can be established.

The modeling of the configuration of Ethernet credentials uses different concepts for the description of the **local** end vs. the description of the **remote** end, see [TPS_MANI_01354].

[TPS_MANI_01354]{DRAFT} **Rationale for the existence of meta-class AbstractRawDataStreamEthernetCredentials** [On the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*, the configuration of Ethernet credentials is typically modeled by means of the combination of NetworkEndpoint and ApApplicationEndpoint.

This approach is also used for the unicast raw data stream communication, but only for the **local** configuration of unicast Ethernet credentials.



The credentials of the **remote** end (unicast and multicast) are configured in a simplified way by means of sub-classes of meta-class <code>AbstractRawDataStreamEthernet-Credentials</code>.

This approach also supports the configuration of credentials for a remote end that is not running an AUTOSAR stack and that is therefore not contributing it's credentials inside an AUTOSAR model in a more approachable way. | (*RS_MANI_00067*)

Please note that, from the point of view of the application software and in the case of raw data stream communication both communication ends, i.e. the client side **and** the server side are implemented using an **RPortPrototype**.

This (from an AUTOSAR perspective) seemingly counter-intuitive aspect is also depicted in Figure 12.4, i.e. RawDataStreamMapping does only define a reference to an RPortPrototype.

Meta-class AbstractRawDataStreamEthernetCredentials and its subclasses (see Figure 12.3) have the ability to define IP addresses (either V4 or V6) and transport protocol (UDP and/or TCP).

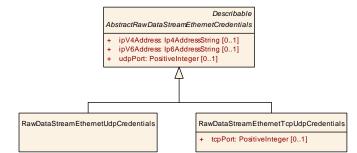


Figure 12.3: Modeling of the AbstractRawDataStreamEthernetCredentials

[constr_10076]{DRAFT} Existence of RawDataStreamEthernetUdpCredentials.udpPort [In the context of RawDataStreamEthernetUdpCredentials, the attribute udpPort shall exists at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

Class	AbstractRawDataStream	AbstractRawDataStreamEthernetCredentials (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	RawDataStreamMapping		
Note	This meta-class serves as	s an abstra	act base c	lass for the configuration of network credentials.		
Base	ARObject, Describable					
Subclasses	RawDataStreamEthernetTcpUdpCredentials, RawDataStreamEthernetUdpCredentials					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
ipV4Address	Ip4AddressString	01	attr	This attribute describes the IP V4 address of the remote server.		
ipV6Address	Ip6AddressString	01	attr	This attribute describes the IP V6 address of the remote server.		
udpPort	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the configuration of a UDP port number.		

Table 12.3: AbstractRawDataStreamEthernetCredentials



Class	RawDataStreamEthernetUdpCredentials				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	RawDataStreamMapping	
Note	This-meta-class represents the ability to create a configuration of network credentials for a raw data stream connection over UDP.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractRawDa	ARObject, AbstractRawDataStreamEthernetCredentials, Describable			
Aggregated by		EthernetRawDataStreamRemoteClientConfig.multicastCredentials, EthernetRawDataStreamRemote ClientConfig.unicastUdpCredentials, EthernetRawDataStreamRemoteServerConfig.multicastCredentials			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
-	-	_	_	_	

Table 12.4: RawDataStreamEthernetUdpCredentials

Class	RawDataStreamEthernetTcpUdpCredentials				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	RawDataStreamMapping	
Note	This-meta-class represents the ability to create a configuration of network credentials for a raw data stream connection over TCP and UDP (inherited from base class).				
Base	ARObject, AbstractRawDataStreamEthernetCredentials, Describable				
Aggregated by	EthernetRawDataStreamF	RemoteSe	rverConfi	g.unicastCredentials	
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
tcpPort	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the configuration of a TCP port number.	

Table 12.5: RawDataStreamEthernetTcpUdpCredentials

[constr_10077]{DRAFT} Existence of ipV4Address and ipV6Address within AbstractRawDataStreamEthernetCredentials [Within the context of a AbstractRawDataStreamEthernetCredentials, either the attribute ipV4Address or the attribute ipV6Address shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

[constr_10078]{DRAFT} Existence of RawDataStreamEthernetTcpUdpCredentials.tcpPort and udpPort [In the context of a RawDataStreamEthernetTcpUdpCredentials, either the attribute tcpPort Or udpPort shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[TPS_MANI_01355]{DRAFT} **Definition of local Ethernet credentials** [The definition of the **local** Ethernet credentials is done by means of the aggregation of meta-class EthernetRawDataStreamLocalEndpointConfig in the role localEndpoint-Config.

EthernetRawDataStreamLocalEndpointConfig, in turn, defines the following aggregations for the configuration of local Ethernet credentials:

- a reference to EthernetCommunicationConnector in the role localComm-Connector, that in turn refers to NetworkEndpoint.
- references to ApApplicationEndpoint in the roles
 - EthernetRawDataStreamLocalEndpointConfig.localUdpPort
 - EthernetRawDataStreamLocalEndpointConfig.localTcpPort

(*RS_MANI_00067*)



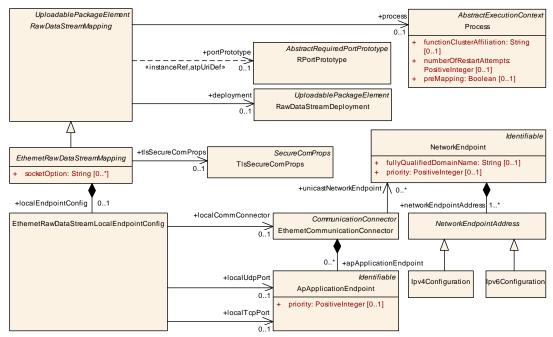


Figure 12.4: Modeling of the EthernetRawDataStreamMapping

Please note that the configuration of the corresponding remote end depends on the question whether the remote end represents a server (see [TPS_MANI_01356] in section 12.3.1) or a client (see [TPS_MANI_01357] in section 12.3.2).

Class	EthernetRawDataStreamMapping (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	RawDataStreamMapping			
Note	This meta-class serves as Ethernet-based communi			class for the ability to map a PortPrototype to a			
Base		ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, RawDataStreamMapping, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Subclasses	EthernetRawDataStream	EthernetRawDataStreamClientMapping, EthernetRawDataStreamServerMapping					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
localEndpoint Config	EthernetRawData StreamLocalEndpoint Config	01	aggr	This aggregation is used to configure the credentials of the endpoint.			
socketOption	String	*	attr	This attribute represents the ability to specify non-formal socket options that might only be valid for specific platforms. AUTOSAR does not define a standardized meaning for the possible values of this attribute.			
tlsSecureCom Props	TIsSecureComProps	01	ref	This reference provides the ability to define TLS-related properties for the enclosing SocketRawDataStream Mapping.			

Table 12.6: EthernetRawDataStreamMapping



Class	EthernetRawDataStreamLocalEndpointConfig					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	RawDataStreamMapping		
Note	This meta-class has the ability to act as a wrapper for the configuration of the remote endpoint in the context of a raw data stream mapping.					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	EthernetRawDataStreamMapping.localEndpointConfig					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
localComm Connector	EthernetCommunication Connector	01	ref	This attribute represents the CommunicationConnector taken for socket-based data communication.		
localTcpPort	ApApplicationEndpoint	01	ref	This aggregation represents the configuration of a local TCP port number.		
localUdpPort	ApApplicationEndpoint	01	ref	This aggregation represents the configuration of a local unicast UDP port number.		

Table 12.7: EthernetRawDataStreamLocalEndpointConfig

[constr_10079]{DRAFT} Existence of EthernetRawDataStreamMapping.localTcpPort and localUdpPort [In the context of a EthernetRawDataStreamMapping.localCommConnector, only one attribute out of

- localTcpPort
- localUdpPort

shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.|()

12.3.1 Ethernet Raw Data Stream Client Mapping

A raw data stream client may be prepared to receive data via unicast or multicast communication, but it shall only send requests via unicast to exactly one server.

[TPS_MANI_01356]{DRAFT} **Definition of remote server's Ethernet credentials** [The definition of the **remote** server's Ethernet credentials is done by means of attributes of meta-class EthernetRawDataStreamRemoteServerConfig:

- **multicast** If multicast configuration shall be supported, then the aggregation EthernetRawDataStreamRemoteServerConfig.multicastCredentials shall exist and the attribute udpPort shall be configured.
- **unicast** If unicast configuration shall be supported, then the aggregation EthernetRawDataStreamRemoteServerConfig.unicastUdpCredentials shall exist and either the attribute udpPort **or** attribute tcpPort shall be configured.

(*RS_MANI_00067*)

The mutual existence of attributes udpPort and tcpPort is also addressed by [constr_10078].



Note that it is also possible for the client to use ephemeral ports for the communication. In this case, the EthernetRawDataStreamLocalEndpointConfig.localTcpPort – by convention – would be configured to value 0.

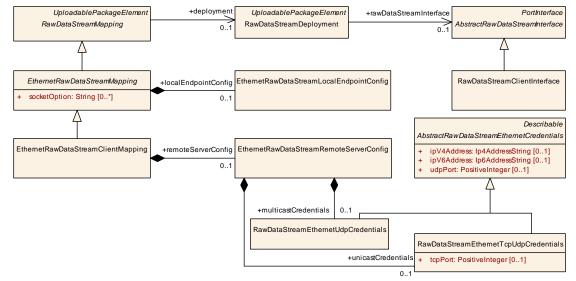


Figure 12.5: Modeling of the EthernetRawDataStreamClientMapping

Class	EthernetRawDataStreamClientMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	RawDataStreamMapping		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to map a client PortPrototype to a Ethernet-based communication channel.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=RawDataStreamingMappings					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, EthernetRawDataStreamMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, RawDataStreamMapping, Referrable, Uploadable PackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
remoteServer Config	EthernetRawData StreamRemoteServer Config	01	aggr	This aggregation is used to configure the credentials of the remote server.		

Table 12.8: EthernetRawDataStreamClientMapping

Class	EthernetRawDataStream	EthernetRawDataStreamRemoteServerConfig				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	RawDataStreamMapping		
Note	This meta-class has the ability to act as a wrapper for the configuration of the remote server in the context of a raw data stream client mapping.					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	EthernetRawDataStream	ClientMap	ping.remo	teServerConfig		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
multicast Credentials	RawDataStream EthernetUdpCredentials	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the configuration of multicast credentials for communication with a remote raw data stream server.		
			∇			



Δ					
Class	ass EthernetRawDataStreamRemoteServerConfig				
unicast Credentials	RawDataStream EthernetTcpUdp Credentials	01	aggr	This meta-class represents the ability to map a server PortPrototype to a Ethernet-based communication channel.	

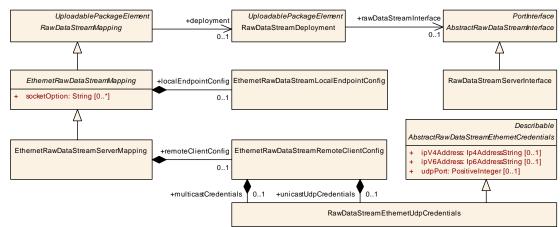
Table 12.9: EthernetRawDataStreamRemoteServerConfig

12.3.2 Ethernet Raw Data Stream Server Mapping

A raw data stream server shall *either* communicate via unicast *or* via multicast, as expressed in [constr_10086]. A switch between the two approaches depending on the evaluation of conditions at runtime, as possible in the SOME/IP communication, is not supported for raw data streams.

[TPS_MANI_01357]{DRAFT} **Definition of remote client's Ethernet credentials** [The definition of the **remote** client's Ethernet credentials is done by means of attributes of meta-class EthernetRawDataStreamRemoteClientConfig:

- **multicast** If multicast configuration shall be supported, then the aggregation EthernetRawDataStreamRemoteClientConfig.multicastCredentials shall exist and the attribute udpPort shall be configured.
- **unicast** If unicast configuration shall be supported, then the aggregation EthernetRawDataStreamRemoteClientConfig.unicastUdpCredentials shall exist and attribute udpPort shall be configured.



](RS_MANI_00067)

Figure 12.6: Modeling of the EthernetRawDataStreamServerMapping

Please note that a raw data stream server does not need to configure a TCP port of the client because the information about the TCP port of the client is conveyed as part of the TCP protocol.

[constr_10086]{DRAFT} Existence of unicastUdpCredentials and multicastCredentials in the context of a EthernetRawDataStreamServerMapping [In



the context of a EthernetRawDataStreamServerMapping, only one aggregation out of

- remoteClientConfig.multicastCredentials
- remoteClientConfig.unicastUdpCredentials

shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.|()

Class	EthernetRawDataStreamServerMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	RawDataStreamMapping		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to map a server PortPrototype to a Ethernet-based communication channel.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=RawDataStreamingMappings					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, EthernetRawDataStreamMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, RawDataStreamMapping, Referrable, Uploadable PackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
remoteClient Config	EthernetRawData StreamRemoteClient Config	01	aggr	This aggregation is used to configure the credentials of the remote client.		

Table 12.10: EthernetRawDataStreamServerMapping

Class	EthernetRawDataStream	EthernetRawDataStreamRemoteClientConfig				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	RawDataStreamMapping		
Note	This meta-class has the ability to act as a wrapper for the configuration of the remote server in the context of a raw data stream client mapping.					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	EthernetRawDataStreamServerMapping.remoteClientConfig					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
multicast Credentials	RawDataStream EthernetUdpCredentials	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the configuration of multicast credentials for communication with a remote raw data stream client.		
unicastUdp Credentials	RawDataStream EthernetUdpCredentials	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the configuration of a remote raw data stream client that communicates via unicast over UDP.		

Table 12.11: EthernetRawDataStreamRemoteClientConfig

12.3.3 Ethernet Raw Data Stream Configuration Examples

12.3.3.1 Preamble

The examples discussed in this section of the document are based on the modeling of two EthernetCommunicationConnectors, one for the client (see Listing 12.1) and one for the server (see Listing 12.2)

```
<ETHERNET-COMMUNICATION-CONNECTOR>
<SHORT-NAME>ClientConn</SHORT-NAME>
```



```
<AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINTS>
  <AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
    <SHORT-NAME>ClientUnicastAEP</SHORT-NAME>
    <TP-CONFIGURATION>
      <UDP-TP>
        <UDP-TP-PORT>
          PORT-NUMBER>3333
        </UDP-TP-PORT>
      </UDP-TP>
    </TP-CONFIGURATION>
  </AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
  <AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
    <SHORT-NAME>ClientMulticastAEP</SHORT-NAME>
    <TP-CONFIGURATION>
     <IIDP-TP>
        <UDP-TP-PORT>
          PORT-NUMBER>7654/port-NUMBER>
        </UDP-TP-PORT>
      </UDP-TP>
    </TP-CONFIGURATION>
  </AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
</AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINTS>
<UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT-REFS>
  <UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT-REF DEST="NETWORK-ENDPOINT">/
     CommunicationClusters/Ether/VLAN1/ClientEP</UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT
     -REF>
</UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT-REFS>
```

```
</ETHERNET-COMMUNICATION-CONNECTOR>
```

Listing 12.1: Definition of EthernetCommunicationConnector for the client

```
<ETHERNET-COMMUNICATION-CONNECTOR>
 <SHORT-NAME>ServerConn</SHORT-NAME>
  <AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINTS>
    <AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
      <SHORT-NAME>ServerUnicastAEP</SHORT-NAME>
      <TP-CONFIGURATION>
        <UDP-TP>
          <UDP-TP-PORT>
            <port-number>7777</port-number>
          </UDP-TP-PORT>
        </UDP-TP>
      </TP-CONFIGURATION>
    </AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
    <AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
      <SHORT-NAME>ServerMulticastAEP</SHORT-NAME>
      <TP-CONFIGURATION>
        <UDP-TP>
          <UDP-TP-PORT>
            PORT-NUMBER>7654/port-NUMBER>
          </UDP-TP-PORT>
        </UDP-TP>
      </TP-CONFIGURATION>
    </AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
  </AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINTS>
```



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```
<UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT-REF DEST="NETWORK-ENDPOINT">/
    CommunicationClusters/Ether/VLAN1/ServerEP</UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT
    -REF>
    </UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT-REFS>
</ETHERNET-COMMUNICATION-CONNECTOR>
    Listing 12.2: Definition of EthernetCommunicationConnector for the server
```

On top of that, the definition of a EthernetPhysicalChannel is also considered, see Listing 12.3.

```
<ETHERNET-PHYSICAL-CHANNEL>
 <SHORT-NAME>VLAN1</SHORT-NAME>
 <NETWORK-ENDPOINTS>
    <NETWORK-ENDPOINT>
      <SHORT-NAME>ClientEP</SHORT-NAME>
      <NETWORK-ENDPOINT-ADDRESSES>
        <IPV-4-CONFIGURATION>
          <IPV-4-ADDRESS>192.168.2.240</IPV-4-ADDRESS>
        </IPV-4-CONFIGURATION>
      </NETWORK-ENDPOINT-ADDRESSES>
    </NETWORK-ENDPOINT>
    <NETWORK-ENDPOINT>
      <SHORT-NAME>ServerEP</SHORT-NAME>
      <NETWORK-ENDPOINT-ADDRESSES>
        <IPV-4-CONFIGURATION>
          <IPV-4-ADDRESS>192.168.2.223</IPV-4-ADDRESS>
        </IPV-4-CONFIGURATION>
      </NETWORK-ENDPOINT-ADDRESSES>
    </NETWORK-ENDPOINT>
 </NETWORK-ENDPOINTS>
</ETHERNET-PHYSICAL-CHANNEL>
```

Listing 12.3: Definition of EthernetPhysicalChannel for connection between client and server

12.3.3.2 Fully formalized Model Example

A scenario where both the raw data stream client and raw data stream server are fully formalized inside an AUTOSAR model is depicted in Figure 12.7.

In the case of a fully formalized model it may be possible to derive the client configuration (that also consists of the credentials of the remote server) from the server's model if the server model is accessible.

The AUTOSAR meta-model foresees the specification of the server credentials in the client's configuration by means of the aggregation EthernetRawDataStream-ClientMapping.remoteServerConfig.

If multicast communication from server to client is foreseen, then the aggregation in the role EthernetRawDataStreamClientMapping.remoteServerConfig.multicastCredentials also needs to exist.



For the sake of simplicity, this example has been created to communicate the general idea of the configuration approach rather than to demonstrate a true-to-the-meta-model representation.

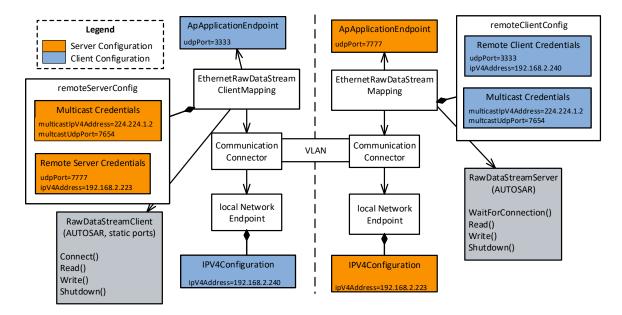


Figure 12.7: Scenario where both the raw data stream client and raw data stream server are fully formalized inside an AUTOSAR model

Please note that this example utilizes UDP communication only. If the unicast communication were based on TCP, the server's configuration would (as mentioned in section 12.3.2) not need the client's TCP credentials, i.e. EthernetRawDataStream-ServerMapping.remoteClientConfig (the "Remote Client Credentials" in Figure 12.7) would not exist.

In a fully formalized model, the configuration of the multicast credentials shall be identical for all affected communication ends. The simplified (the focus is on the Ethernet configuration, based on the modeling described in section 12.3.3.1) modeling of the client mapping is sketched in Listing 12.4.

```
<SHORT-NAME>MachineDesigns</SHORT-NAME>
      <ELEMENTS>
        <MACHINE-DESIGN>
          <SHORT-NAME>Mach</SHORT-NAME>
          <COMMUNICATION-CONNECTORS>
<!-- line 13 -->
<ETHERNET-COMMUNICATION-CONNECTOR>
  <SHORT-NAME>ClientConn</SHORT-NAME>
  <AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINTS>
    <AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
      <SHORT-NAME>ClientUnicastAEP</SHORT-NAME>
      <TP-CONFIGURATION>
        <UDP-TP>
         <UDP-TP-PORT>
           PORT-NUMBER>3333
          </UDP-TP-PORT>
```



```
</UDP-TP>
      </TP-CONFIGURATION>
    </AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
    <AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
      <SHORT-NAME>ClientMulticastAEP</SHORT-NAME>
      <TP-CONFIGURATION>
        <UDP-TP>
          <UDP-TP-PORT>
            PORT-NUMBER>7654/port-NUMBER>
          </UDP-TP-PORT>
        </UDP-TP>
      </TP-CONFIGURATION>
    </AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
  </AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINTS>
  <UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT-REFS>
    <UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT-REF DEST="NETWORK-ENDPOINT">/
       CommunicationClusters/Ether/VLAN1/ClientEP</UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT
       -REF>
  </UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT-REFS>
</ETHERNET-COMMUNICATION-CONNECTOR>
<!-- line 42 -->
<!-- line 43 -->
<ETHERNET-COMMUNICATION-CONNECTOR>
  <SHORT-NAME>ServerConn</SHORT-NAME>
  <AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINTS>
    <AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
      <SHORT-NAME>ServerUnicastAEP</SHORT-NAME>
      <TP-CONFIGURATION>
        <UDP-TP>
          <UDP-TP-PORT>
            <port-number>7777</port-number>
          </UDP-TP-PORT>
        </UDP-TP>
      </TP-CONFIGURATION>
    </AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
    <AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
      <SHORT-NAME>ServerMulticastAEP</SHORT-NAME>
      <TP-CONFIGURATION>
        <UDP-TP>
          <UDP-TP-PORT>
            PORT-NUMBER>7654/port-NUMBER>
          </UDP-TP-PORT>
        </UDP-TP>
      </TP-CONFIGURATION>
    </AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT>
  </AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINTS>
  <UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT-REFS>
    <UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT-REF DEST="NETWORK-ENDPOINT">/
       CommunicationClusters/Ether/VLAN1/ServerEP</UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT
       -REF>
  </UNICAST-NETWORK-ENDPOINT-REFS>
</ETHERNET-COMMUNICATION-CONNECTOR>
<!-- line 72 -->
          </COMMUNICATION-CONNECTORS>
        </MACHINE-DESIGN>
      </ELEMENTS>
```





```
</AR-PACKAGE>
    <AR-PACKAGE>
      <SHORT-NAME>CommunicationClusters</SHORT-NAME>
      <ELEMENTS>
        <ETHERNET-CLUSTER>
        <SHORT-NAME>Ether</SHORT-NAME>
          <ETHERNET-CLUSTER-VARIANTS>
            <ETHERNET-CLUSTER-CONDITIONAL>
              <PHYSICAL-CHANNELS>
<!-- line 85-->
<ETHERNET-PHYSICAL-CHANNEL>
  <SHORT-NAME>VLAN1</SHORT-NAME>
  <NETWORK-ENDPOINTS>
    <NETWORK-ENDPOINT>
      <SHORT-NAME>ClientEP</SHORT-NAME>
      <NETWORK-ENDPOINT-ADDRESSES>
        <IPV-4-CONFIGURATION>
          <IPV-4-ADDRESS>192.168.2.240</IPV-4-ADDRESS>
        </IPV-4-CONFIGURATION>
      </NETWORK-ENDPOINT-ADDRESSES>
    </NETWORK-ENDPOINT>
    <NETWORK-ENDPOINT>
      <SHORT-NAME>ServerEP</SHORT-NAME>
      <NETWORK-ENDPOINT-ADDRESSES>
        <IPV-4-CONFIGURATION>
          <IPV-4-ADDRESS>192.168.2.223</IPV-4-ADDRESS>
        </IPV-4-CONFIGURATION>
      </NETWORK-ENDPOINT-ADDRESSES>
    </NETWORK-ENDPOINT>
  </NETWORK-ENDPOINTS>
</ETHERNET-PHYSICAL-CHANNEL>
<!-- line 107 -->
              </PHYSICAL-CHANNELS>
            </ETHERNET-CLUSTER-CONDITIONAL>
          </ETHERNET-CLUSTER-VARIANTS>
        </ETHERNET-CLUSTER>
      </ELEMENTS>
    </AR-PACKAGE>
    <AR-PACKAGE>
      <SHORT-NAME>RawDataStreamingMappings</SHORT-NAME>
      <ELEMENTS>
<!-- line 117 -->
<ETHERNET-RAW-DATA-STREAM-CLIENT-MAPPING>
  <SHORT-NAME>ClientMap</SHORT-NAME>
  <LOCAL-ENDPOINT-CONFIG>
    <LOCAL-COMM-CONNECTOR-REF DEST="ETHERNET-COMMUNICATION-CONNECTOR">/
       MachineDesigns/Mach/ClientConn</LOCAL-COMM-CONNECTOR-REF>
    <LOCAL-UDP-PORT-REF DEST="AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT">/MachineDesigns/Mach
       /ClientConn/ClientUnicastAEP<//DOCAL-UDP-PORT-REF>
  </LOCAL-ENDPOINT-CONFIG>
  <REMOTE-SERVER-CONFIG>
    <MULTICAST-CREDENTIALS>
      <IP-V-4-ADDRESS>224.224.1.2</IP-V-4-ADDRESS>
      <UDP-PORT>7654</UDP-PORT>
    </MULTICAST-CREDENTIALS>
    <UNICAST-CREDENTIALS>
```



Listing 12.4: Modeling of the client mapping

The simplified (the focus is on the Ethernet configuration, based on the modeling described in section 12.3.3.1) modeling of the server mapping is sketched in Listing 12.5.

```
<ETHERNET-RAW-DATA-STREAM-SERVER-MAPPING>
  <SHORT-NAME>ServerMap</SHORT-NAME>
  <LOCAL-ENDPOINT-CONFIG>
    <local-comm-connector-ref dest="ethernet-communication-connector">/
       MachineDesigns/Mach/ServerConn</LOCAL-COMM-CONNECTOR-REF>
    <LOCAL-UDP-PORT-REF DEST="AP-APPLICATION-ENDPOINT">/MachineDesigns/Mach
       /ServerConn/ServerUnicastAEP<//docal-udp-port-REF>
  </LOCAL-ENDPOINT-CONFIG>
  <REMOTE-CLIENT-CONFIG>
    <UNICAST-UDP-CREDENTIALS>
      <IP-V-4-ADDRESS>192.168.2.240</IP-V-4-ADDRESS>
      <UDP-PORT>3333</UDP-PORT>
    </UNICAST-UDP-CREDENTIALS>
  </REMOTE-CLIENT-CONFIG>
</ETHERNET-RAW-DATA-STREAM-SERVER-MAPPING>
                  Listing 12.5: Modeling of the server mapping
```

12.3.3.3 Only Client is formalized

The case that **only** the client is formalized (and the server does not appear in the form of an EthernetRawDataStreamServerMapping) can be represented by a subset of the modeling described in section 12.3.3.2 as well as the model sketched in Listing 12.4.



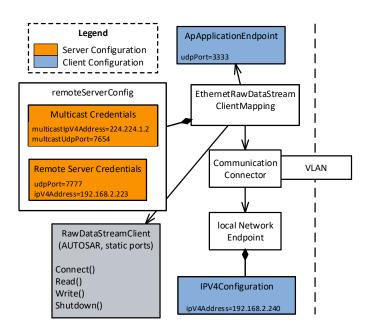


Figure 12.8: Scenario where only the raw data stream client is fully formalized inside an AUTOSAR model

12.3.3.4 Only Server is formalized

The case that **only** the server is formalized (and the client does not appear in the form of an EthernetRawDataStreamClientMapping) can be represented by a subset of the modeling described in section 12.3.3.2 as well as the model sketched in Listing 12.5.



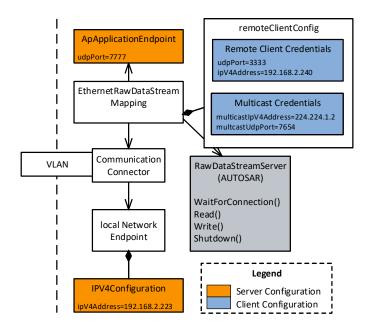


Figure 12.9: Scenario where only the raw data stream server is fully formalized inside an AUTOSAR model



13 Signal-based communication

13.1 Overview

The applications on the adaptive platform communicate with each other in a serviceoriented manner. But there is also a use case where applications on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* need to communicate with software-components running on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*.

If the remote ECU on the *AUTOSAR classic platform* communicates via SOME/IP in a service-oriented manner and uses the SOME/IP transformer to serialize its data, then the communication with the Machine on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* can be established directly without any adaptations of neither the ECU nor the Machine.

If the counterpart on the *AUTOSAR classic platform* ECU communicates using signalbased communication over, e.g., CAN or FlexRay, the translation of the signal-based content into <u>ServiceInterfaces</u> needs to be established. The preconditions for this use-case are defined in section 13.2.

Such a signal/service translation may happen in a Gateway that is implemented on an ECU on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*. Such a solution is out of scope of this document since it is handled using the *AUTOSAR classic platform* configuration means. This approach is defined in the System Template specification for the Classic platform [19]. It is up to the vehicle architecture design to choose whether the signal/service translation shall be implemented on a Classic platform ECU or on an Adaptive platform Machine.

Another alternative for this translation is to happen directly on the Machine on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* by an Application that is running in the Process, as sketched in Figure 13.1.

This Application communicates with other applications on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* in the service-oriented way over ara::com; but it is also able to transmit and receive ISignals as well as communicate signal-based with remote ECUs on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*.

In order to make this possible, software that conforms to the specification of the COM stack on the AUTOSAR classic platform needs to be executed on the Machine on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.

For the configuration of this software, the System Description based on the System Template on the *AUTOSAR classic platform* is used that contains a communication matrix description with Pdus and ISignals.

This chapter introduces a modeling that creates a bridge between the service-oriented communication based on ServiceInterfaces of the AUTOSAR adaptive platform and the signal-based communication involving the definition of Pdus and ISignals that are used on the AUTOSAR classic platform.



The signal/service translation mapping, together with the AUTOSAR classic platform System Description, allows to configure the communication between a Machine on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform and an ECU on the AUTOSAR classic platform. Please note that in a setup like the one sketched in Figure 13.1, the AUTOSAR classic platform System Description would also contain a Pdu or Signal Gateway configuration between the Ethernet and the CAN network to forward the PDUs between the networks.

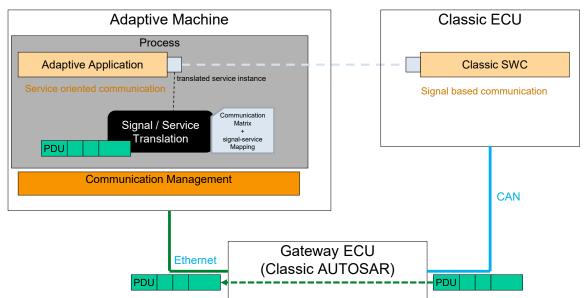


Figure 13.1: Signal-service-translation in Application on Adaptive Machine

The *translated service instance* is accessed from the application software using the ara::com API. The translation is designed as a network binding similar to the binding of SOME/IP. So the communication direction is

- if the signal-based payload is received by the Machine then the application software has a RPortPrototype
- if the signal-based payload is sent by the Machine then the application software has a PPortPrototype.

Another approach for the usage of signal/service translation is the interaction of a Classic AUTOSAR Instance and an Adaptive AUTOSAR Instance running on the same virtualization technology.

In such a setup, the IPC technology is able to transport ISignalIPdus between the two platform instances. It is not defined whether the IPC technology requires any Message Header (according to section 13.2.1) being part of the payload. Thus, no dedicated configuration for this Message Header (specifically the configuration of the Header ID) is required in case this information can already be derived from the protocol information of the underlying IPC technology (e.g. dedicated IPC channels for different messages).



Figure 13.2 sketches an example setup where a virtualization technology enables the transport of messages between a Classic and an Adaptive Platform instance.

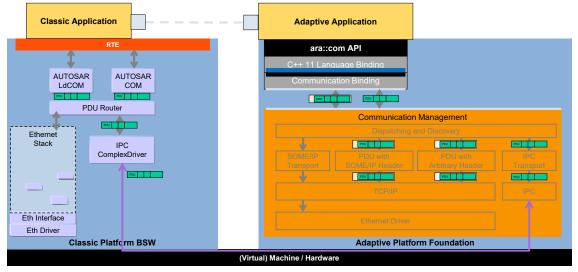


Figure 13.2: Signal/service translation using IPC technology

Based on the signal/service translation network binding there are several approaches for further processing the translated information (illustrated in figure 13.3):

- The application software on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform directly consumes/produces¹ the translated service (1)
 This is the typical approach if there is only one piece of application software on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform interested in the translated data.
- The application software on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform manages and performs a functional routing (2)
 This is the approach if the translated data shall be available as a service again for further processing. Here it is up to the implementation of the application software on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform how the translated data is routed to the secondary service, especially whether data combination and data conversion are applied.
- Pass Through Connectors: The translated service is passed through to be available to further application software on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform*. This is the approach if there exist several further application software on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* which are using the translated service. In this case the translation only has be performed once. Two cases can be distinguished:
 - The translated service and the secondary service use the same ServiceInterface (3)

¹In the explanations the direction signal-service-translation is usually used, the servicesignal-translation direction is supported as well. For simplicity this is only mentioned explicitly if the mapping behavior is not symmetrical.



- The translated service and the secondary service use different (but compatible) ServiceInterfaces (4)

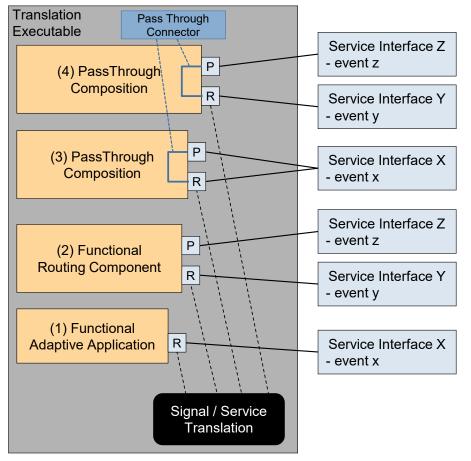


Figure 13.3: Signal/service translation and PassThroughConnector

The methodological approach is that out of the signal/service translation mapping descriptions it is possible to automatically generate the network binding code for the signal/service translation.

If there is a CompositionSwComponentType defined with PassThroughSwConnectors then also the AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType implementing the pass through behavior can be generated (see section 13.7).

Please note that the configuration of such signal-based communication on an adaptive machine may be solved in two different ways:

- 1. The communication matrix definition (ARXML System Description) and the signal/service translation mapping is available on the target machine and is interpreted at run-time (like the manifest approach).
- 2. The communication matrix definition (ARXML System Description) and the signal/service translation mapping is built off-board and the application executable gets uploaded to the target Machine in response to changes in the communication matrix.



The Executable utilizing the signal/service translation and/or implementing the PassThroughSwConnectors is considered to belong to the APPLICATION_-LEVEL domain as defined in [constr_1605]. This also applies to cases where the code implementing the PassThroughSwConnectors has been generated automatically by some tooling.

[TPS_MANI_03643]{DRAFT} **Translation-Executable category** [The category value of the Executable utilizing the signal/service translation and/or implementing the PassThroughSwConnectors shall be set to APPLICATION_LEVEL.] (*RS_MANI_00063*)

The following terminology is used in the context of signal/service translation:

Signal/service translation defines the feature this chapter is concerned with. It does not prescribe a specific translation direction.

Signal-service-translation defines the translation direction from a signal-based to a service oriented representation.

Service-signal-translation defines the translation direction from a service oriented to a signal-based representation.

13.2 Signal-based prerequisites

The identification of the received and sent messages and their actual length needs to be determined for each individual Pdu. Depending on the transport technology and configuration, a Message Header might be required. If the transport technology can determine the kind of Pdu and the length out of its protocol information, then the Message Header may be omitted.

If a custom transport technology is used (e.g. IPC between a Classic Platform instance and an Adaptive Platform instance), it depends on that specific transport technology whether a Message Header and length information is required or not.

As the sole communication network currently supported is Ethernet, the Pdus have to be transported on that network.

Although there is in theory the possibility to directly put the Pdu on the Ethernet, this approach would require an individual Socket per Pdu. This is an approach where especially Classic platform ECUs do not have enough resources available to allow individual Sockets per Pdu. Nevertheless, there is also support by the signal/service translation to have no Message Header defined for Ethernet transport.

In case of Ethernet transport and the approach of several Pdus sharing a Socket, there is a need to use a dedicated Message Header per Pdu. This is illustrated in figure 13.4. The Classic Platform ECU routes the Pdus from a CAN network to the Ethernet.



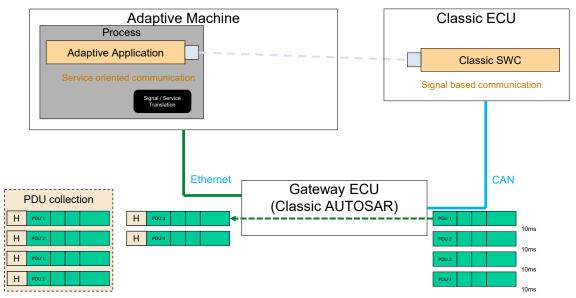


Figure 13.4: Network architecture for signal-service-translation

In order to have efficient transport of many Pdus on Ethernet additionally the SOME/-IP collection mechanism may be used (i.e. definition of pduCollectionTrigger, pduCollectionSemantics, pduCollectionPduTimeout).

13.2.1 Message Header

In case of Ethernet transport and the approach of several Pdus sharing a Socket, the identification of the received and sent messages is done using a 64 bit wide Message Header. This Message Header is composed of a 32 bit wide Message ID and a 32 bit wide Message Length field.

[TPS_MANI_03652]{DRAFT} **Signal/service translation header format** [If a Message Header is used then the message-transporting signal-based Pdus shall have a 32 bit wide Message ID field and a 32 bit wide Message Length field.](*RS_MANI_-00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03653]{DRAFT} **Signal/service translation header endianness** [The header of a message-transporting signal-based Pdus shall be encoded in big endian.] (*RS_MANI_00063*)

There are three variants supported by the signal/service translation approach how the Message Header is interpreted:

- Partial SOME/IP Header : 32 bit wide Message ID field and 32 bit wide Length field (just Message ID and Length, then signal-based payload. Message ID according to the rules of SOME/IP: ServiceId and MethodId [PRS_SOMEIP_-00245])
- Arbitrary Message Header : 32 bit wide Message ID field and 32 bit wide Length field (e.g. CAN-Id taken as Message Id) with signal-based payload



No Message Header : No standardized Message Header is defined.

In figure 13.5, the *Full SOME/IP Header* is shown for illustration purposes. In the context of signal/service translation the *Full SOME/IP Header* is not used. The *Signal-Based Header* can either be configured according to the Partial SOME/-IP Header, the Arbitrary Message Header, or the No Message Header approach.

Full SOME/	IP Header			Signal-Based Header
	Message ID (Service	ID / Method ID) [32 bit]		SOME/IP Message ID (Service ID / Method ID) or Arbitrary Message ID [32 bit]
Length [32 bit]				Length [32 bit]
	Request ID (Client ID / Session ID) [32 bit]			Payload [variable size]
Protocol Version [8 bit]	Protocol Version [8 bit] Interface Version [8 bit] Message Type [8 bit] Return Code [8 bit]			
	Payload [variable size]			No Header
				Payload [variable size]

Figure 13.5: SOME/IP Message Header Format

Which Message Header variant is used for a dedicated message is defined according to the input configuration:

[TPS_MANI_03654]{DRAFT} **Definition of Partial SOME/IP Header ID** [If there is a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance of category SIGNAL-BASED_WITH_HEADER defined for the signal-service-translation (resp. ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance for the service-signal-translation), then the Message ID shall be interpreted according to the SOME/IP Message ID rules [PRS_SOMEIP_00245]. Namely the Message ID is composed of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceId and the SomeipEventDeployment.eventId + 0x8000.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03577]{DRAFT} **Definition of Arbitrary Message Header ID** [If there is a RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance of category SIGNAL-BASED_WITH_HEADER defined for the signal-service-translation (resp. ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance for the service-signal-translation), then the Message ID shall be taken from the SocketConnectionIpduIdentifier.headerId attribute.](RS_MANI_00063)

[constr_3650]{DRAFT} headerId required in case of Arbitrary Message Header [If [TPS_MANI_03577] applies, then the respective SocketConnectionIpduIden-tifier.headerId shall be defined.]()

There is also the possibility to define the No Message Header option:

[TPS_MANI_03655]{DRAFT} **Definition of No Message Header - implicit SOME/IP Message Identification** [If there is a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance of category SIGNALBASED_NO_HEADER defined for the signal-service-translation (resp. ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance for the service-signal-translation), then no Message Header shall be used.



In this case it is either possible to derive the Message identification from the assignment to unambiguous communication channels or the Message identification is derived from protocol information of the underlying IPC technology. |(RS_MANI_00063)

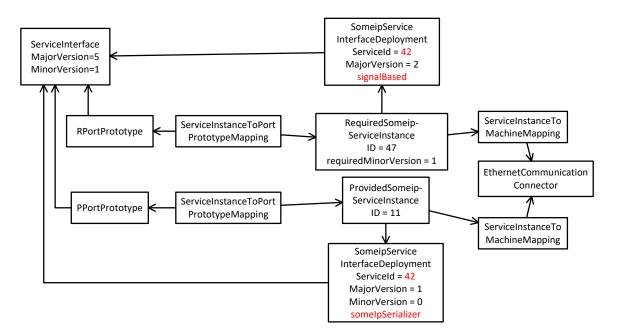
[TPS_MANI_03656]{DRAFT} Definition of No Message Header - implicit Arbitrary Message Identification [If there is a RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance of category SIGNALBASED_NO_HEADER defined for the signal-service-translation (resp. ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance for the service-signal-translation), then no Message Header shall be used.

In this case it is either possible to derive the Message identification from the assignment to unambiguous communication channels or the Message identification is derived from protocol information of the underlying IPC technology. (*RS_MANI_00063*)

13.3 Signal-based Deployment

The signal-service-translation is embedded in the SOME/IP deployment using SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment. The attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer defines whether the someip or the signalBased serialization shall be used for a specific event (see also figure 11.4).

[TPS_MANI_03578]{DRAFT} **Signal-based ServiceInterface binding over Ethernet** [In case of signal-based communication over Ethernet the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment is used to define the Pdu transport over the network.] (*RS_MANI_00063*)



This aspect is described in section 13.2.





[TPS_MANI_03579]{DRAFT} **Signal-based ServiceEventDeployment over Ethernet** [If the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer equals signal-Based then the event referenced by ServiceEventDeployment.event shall be handled using signal-service-translation.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

Figure 13.6 illustrates a use-case where a ServiceInterface has two SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployments, one with signalBased serializer technology and one with someip.

The translation use-case is defined by having one <code>RPortPrototype</code> receiving the <code>signalBased</code> serialized messages and one <code>PPortPrototype</code> providing the <code>someip</code> serialized service.

13.4 Signal/Service Translation Mapping

This chapter describes the mapping of ServiceInterface elements of a specific AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance to ISignalTriggeringS.

Note that according to [TPS_MANI_03555] the same Ethernet socket (via ISignal-Triggering, PduTriggering, and SocketConnection) may be used for signalbased and service-oriented communication at the same time.

This allows to define one service instance which consists of events with different serialization technologies (i.e. someip and signalBased).

[TPS_MANI_03627]{DRAFT} **No signal/service translation for methods** [As Methods and Field getter/setter are already serialized using the someip serialization there is no need for signal/service translation for them.]*(RS_MANI_-*00029)

Therefore, Methods and Field getter/setter are directly accessible using ara::com via the *Signal Based Network Binding* as defined in Communication Management [9]. For passing methods through refer to section 13.7.

A ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping refers to an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance in the role ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping.serviceInstance. While it would be possible to define the mappings for all the events, fields, and triggers of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance in the scope of one ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping, it is rather advised to create several ServiceInstanceToSignalMappings referring to the same AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, one for each service member.

[advisory_02000]{DRAFT} Define a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping per member of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance [If an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is referenced by a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping in the role ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping.serviceInstance, then there should be one instance of ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping defined for every



member of the corresponding ServiceInterface (event, field, method, trigger).]()

13.4.1 Handling of ISignalGroups

ISignalGroups are used in the definition of ISignalIPdus to express that certain ISignals belong together and form a consistent set of data. The definition of ISignalGroups is part of the signal based communication matrix definition.

ISignalGroups do not need to be explicitly mapped when defining the ServiceInstanceToSignalMappings, they are implicitly covered in the mapping of the individual ISignals belonging to the ISignalGroup.

[advisory_02001]{DRAFT} No explicit signal/service translation for ISignalGroups [The mapping elements of a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping:

- SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping.iSignal-Triggering
- SignalBasedTriggerToISignalTriggeringMapping.iSignalTriggering
- SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping.notifierSignal-Triggering
- SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping.setterCallSignal
- SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping.setterReturnSignal
- SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping.getterCallSignal
- SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping.getterReturnSignal
- SignalBasedMethodToISignalTriggeringMapping.callSignalTriggering
- SignalBasedMethodToISignalTriggeringMapping.returnSignal-Triggering

should not refer to an ISignalTriggering that in turn refers to an ISignalGroup.]
()



13.4.2 Direction of Signal/Service Translation Mapping

The definition of the translation mappings has no explicitly modeled direction (has no source or target point of view). Each individual mapping (AbstractSignalBased-ToISignalTriggeringMapping) takes one element from a ServiceInterface and one ISignalTriggering.

[TPS_MANI_03635]{DRAFT} **Determination of translation direction** [The translation direction is determined by

- the communicationDirection of the referenced ISignalPort which is referenced by the ISignalTriggering
- the kind of service instance which is referenced from the ServiceInstance-ToSignalMapping in the role serviceInstance. It can be either a ProvidedApServiceInstance Or a RequiredApServiceInstance.

](RS_MANI_00029)

[constr_3636]{DRAFT} Consistent ISignal communication direction in and RequiredApServiceInstance [If the ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping.serviceInstance refers to a RequiredApServiceInstance then any Service-InstanceToSignalMapping.eventElementMapping (respectively ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping.fieldMapping) shall refer to an ISignalTriggering which in turn refers to an ISignalPort with communicationDirection equal to in. |()

[constr_3637]{DRAFT} Consistent ISignal communication direction out and ProvidedApServiceInstance [If the ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping. serviceInstance refers to a ProvidedApServiceInstance then any ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping.eventElementMapping (respectively Service-InstanceToSignalMapping.fieldMapping) Shall refer to an ISignalTrigger-ing which in turn refers to an ISignalPort with communicationDirection equal to out.]()

Class	ServiceInstanceToSig	nalMapping	I	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	es::Adaptive	Platform::	SignalBasedCommunication
Note	This meta-class is defined for a specific ServiceInstance and contains the mappings of elements of a ServiceInterface for which the ServiceInstance is defined to individual ISignalTriggerings.			
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackage=ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
eventElement Mapping	SignalBasedEvent ElementTolSignal TriggeringMapping	*	aggr	Mapping of an event or an element inside of the event to an ISignalTriggering. Tags: atp.Status=candidate



\bigtriangleup						
Class	ServiceInstanceToSigna	IMapping	I			
fieldMapping	SignalBasedFieldTol SignalTriggering Mapping	*	aggr	Mapping of a field to ISignalTriggerings. Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
fireAndForget MethodMapping	SignalBasedFireAnd ForgetMethodTolSignal	*	aggr	Mapping of an ISignalTriggering being part of a fire and forget message to a ClientServerOperation.		
irigge	TriggeringMapping			Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
methodMapping	SignalBasedMethodTol SignalTriggering Mapping	*	aggr	Mapping of a method to ISignalTriggerings. Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
serviceInstance	AdaptivePlatform ServiceInstance	01	ref	Reference to a ServiceInstance from which the corresponding ServiceInterface elements will be transported in the signal-based way over a communication medium.		
triggerMapping	SignalBasedTriggerTol SignalTriggering Mapping	*	aggr	Tags:atp.Status=candidateMapping of a trigger to an ISignalTriggering.Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

 Table 13.1: ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping

[constr_3733]{DRAFT} Upper multiplicity of aggregation in the role ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping.methodMapping [In the context of ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping, the aggregation in the role methodMapping shall exist at most once at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

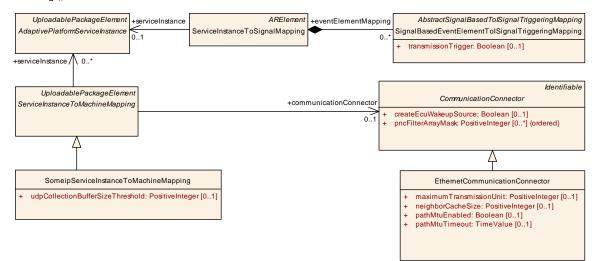


Figure 13.7: Relation of ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping and CommunicationConnector

The ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping refers to an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance and thereby defines which serviceInterfaceDeployment elements will be mapped by the aggregated eventElementMapping, methodMapping and/or fieldMapping to ISignalTriggerings. This is described in detail in the following chapters.



The ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping which refers to the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance (which in turn is referenced by the ServiceInstance-ToSignalMapping) defines on which CommunicationConnector (i.e. network / VLAN) the signal based communication shall be performed.

[TPS_MANI_03629]{DRAFT} **Relation of ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping and CommunicationConnector** [The ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping referring to the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance defines on which CommunicationConnector the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance shall be communicated. If a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping refers to the same Adaptive-PlatformServiceInstance then the signal based communication shall be performed on the referenced CommunicationConnector.] (*RS_MANI_00029*)

13.4.3 SignalBasedEvent Mapping

It is required that every event with signalBased serialization has a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping defined.

[constr_3550]{DRAFT} Existence of ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping for an event with signalBased serialization [If

- an event is referenced by a SomeipEventDeployment in the role event and
- the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to signalBased,

then a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping shall exist with eventElementMapping referring to the event in the role dataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef. |()

In case of composite payload it is important that the mapping definition is complete from the target point of view:

[constr_3551]{DRAFT} Full mapping of target ISignalGroup [If

- an ISignalTriggering is part of a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping and
- the ISignalTriggering refers to an ISignalPort with communicationDirection equals out and
- the ISignalTriggering refers to an ISignalGroup in the role iSignal-Group,

then a SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping shall exist for every ISignal referenced by the ISignalGroup in the role iSignal. ()

[constr_3552]{DRAFT} Full mapping of target event [If

• the ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping refers to a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance and



• the dataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef refers to a DataPrototype which is part of a composite data type,

then a SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping shall exist for every DataPrototype that is part of the composite data type.]()

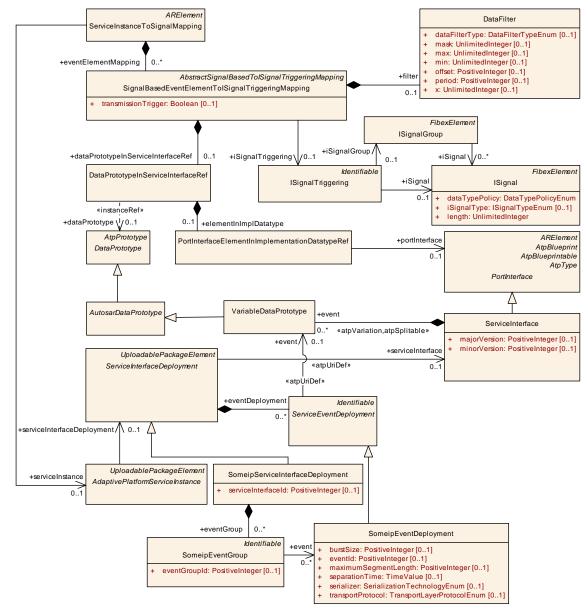


Figure 13.8: Mapping of Event elements to ISignals

[TPS_MANI_03124]{DRAFT} **ServiceInterface.event to ISignalTriggering mapping** [The SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping meta-class provides the ability to map a DataPrototype defined in the context of a ServiceInterface to one ISignalTriggering of the ISignal or ISignalGroup.](*RS_MANI_00029*)



Class	SignalBasedEventElementTolSignalTriggeringMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SignalBasedCommunication						
Note	This meta-class defines the mapping of a ServiceInterface event or an element that is defined inside of the event in case that the datatype is composite to an ISignalTriggering.						
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate						
Base	ARObject, AbstractSignalBasedTolSignalTriggeringMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping.eventElementMapping						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
dataPrototypeIn ServiceInterface	DataPrototypeInService InterfaceRef	01	aggr	Reference to a DataPrototype or to an internal structure of a DataPrototype in the context of a ServiceInterface.			
Ref				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
filter	DataFilter	01	aggr	Defines an optional filter to be applied during translation.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
iSignal Triggering	ISignalTriggering	01	ref	Reference to the ISignalTriggering that is used to transport a piece of data of an event that is defined in a ServiceInterface in a signal-based way over a communication channel.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
transmission Trigger	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether the source element triggers the sending of the respective payload.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

 Table 13.2: SignalBasedEventElementTolSignalTriggeringMapping

[constr_10252]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SignalBasedEventElement-ToISignalTriggeringMapping.dataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef

[For each SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping, the attribute dataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

Class	AbstractSignalBasedTol	AbstractSignalBasedTolSignalTriggeringMapping (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	SignalBasedCommunication		
Note	This meta-class is the con	nmon clas	s for all S	IgnalBased to ISignalTRiggering mappings.		
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate	Tags:atp.Status=candidate				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	SignalBasedFireAndForge	SignalBasedEventElementTolSignalTriggeringMapping, SignalBasedFieldTolSignalTriggeringMapping, SignalBasedFireAndForgetMethodTolSignalTriggeringMapping, SignalBasedMethodTolSignalTriggering Mapping, SignalBasedTriggerTolSignalTriggeringMapping				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
-	-	_	-	-		

Table 13.3: AbstractSignalBasedTolSignalTriggeringMapping

In the example sketched in Figure 13.9 the *TestEvent* in the *TestServiceInterface* is of type *struct1* that consists of a primitive element *a* and struct *b*. The struct *b* consists of the primitive elements x, y and z.

A ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping with several SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMappings is used to map the data leaves of *TestEvent* to the corresponding ISignalTriggerings.



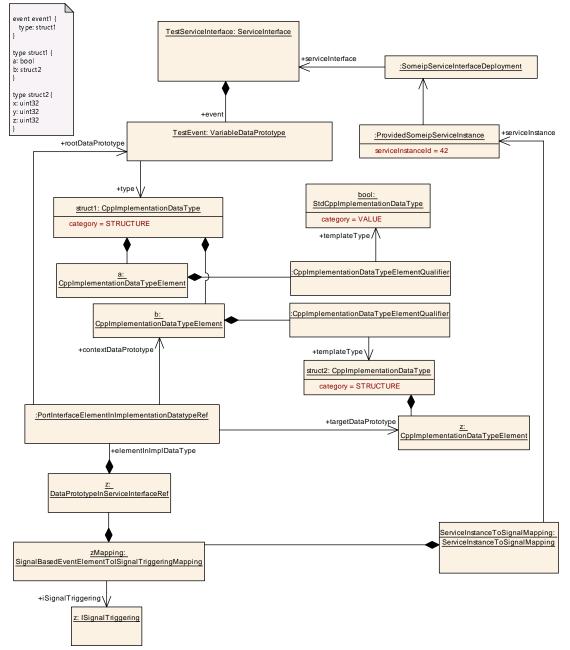


Figure 13.9: Example for a mapping of event content to a Signal

Several SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMappings are used to map the primitive DataPrototypes *a*, *x*, *y* and *z* to ISignalTriggeringS of ISignals located in the ISignalGroup representing the *TestEvent*.

The example shows the mapping of *z* to the <code>ISignalTriggering</code>. Here the <code>ele-mentInImplDatatype</code> role of <code>DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef</code> is used to refer to the <code>targetDataPrototype</code> since it refers to the internal structure of an <code>AutosarDataPrototype</code> which is typed by a <code>CppImplementationDataType</code>. The context of this reference is defined by the *TestEvent* and struct *b*.



13.4.4 SignalBasedTrigger Mapping

It is required that every trigger with signalBased serialization has a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping defined:

[constr_5318]{DRAFT} Existence of ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping for an trigger with signalBased serialization [If a trigger is referenced by a SomeipEventDeployment in the role trigger and the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer is set to signalBased then a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping shall exist with triggerMapping referring to the trigger in the role trigger.]()

[TPS_MANI_03287]{DRAFT} **ServiceInterface.trigger to ISignalTriggering mapping** [The SignalBasedTriggerToISignalTriggeringMapping meta-class provides the ability to map a trigger defined in the context of a ServiceInterface to one ISignalTriggering of the ISignal.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

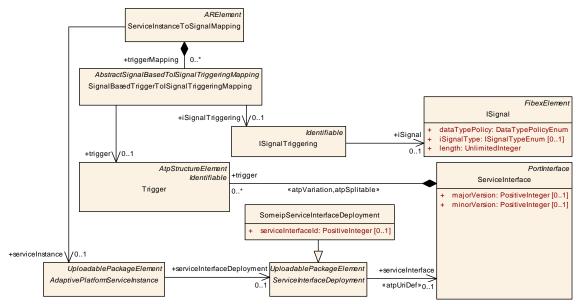


Figure 13.10: Mapping of a Trigger to an ISignal

Please note that [constr_1198] and [constr_1199] that are defined in the System Template specification [19] apply for the ISignal to which the trigger is mapped via the ISignalTriggering by the SignalBasedTriggerToISignalTriggeringMapping. This means that the length of the ISignal shall be 0 and an update bit shall be defined for the ISignal in case that no DataTransformation is used.

Class	SignalBasedTriggerTolSignalTriggeringMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SignalBasedCommunication					
Note	This meta-class defines the mapping of a ServiceInterface trigger to an ISignalTriggering.					
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
Base	ARObject, AbstractSignalBasedTolSignalTriggeringMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					

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Class	SignalBasedTriggerTolSignalTriggeringMapping				
Aggregated by	ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping.triggerMapping				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
iSignal Triggering	ISignalTriggering	01	ref	Reference to the ISignalTriggering that is used to transport the trigger that is defined in a ServiceInterface in a signal-based way over a communication channel.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
trigger	Trigger	01	ref	Reference to a trigger defined in the context of a Service Interface.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	

13.4.5 SignalBasedField Mapping

[advisory_02002]{DRAFT} ServiceInterface.field mapping to ISignal-TriggeringS for primitive data type fields [One SignalBasedField-ToISignalTriggeringMapping should be used to map a primitive data type field:

- if Field.hasNotifier equals true: to one ISignalTriggering for the ISignal representing the primitive Notifier element using the role noti-fierSignalTriggering
- if Field.hasGetter equals true: to one ISignalTriggering for the ISignal representing the Getter-Call using the role getterCallSignal and one ISignalTriggering for the ISignal representing the Getter-Return using the role getterReturnSignal
- if Field.hasSetter equals true: to one ISignalTriggering for the ISignal representing the Setter-Call using the role setterCallSignal and one ISignalTriggering for the ISignal representing the Setter-Return using the role setterReturnSignal.

]()

[advisory_02003]{DRAFT} ServiceInterface.field mapping to ISignal-Triggerings for composite data type fields [Several SignalBasedField-ToISignalTriggeringMappings should be used to map a composite data type field.

One SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping should be used to map the getter and setter ISignals:

• if Field.hasGetter equals true: to one ISignalTriggering for the ISignal representing the Getter-Call using the role getterCallSignal and one ISignalTriggering for the ISignal representing the Getter-Return using the role getterReturnSignal



• if Field.hasSetter equals true: to one ISignalTriggering for the ISignal representing the Setter-Call using the role setterCallSignal and one ISignalTriggering for the ISignal representing the Setter-Return using the role setterReturnSignal.

If Field.hasNotifier equals true: a separate SignalBasedFieldToISignal-TriggeringMapping should be used to map each ISignal belonging to the ISignalGroup used for the transport of the notifier using the role notifierSignal-Triggering.]()

It means that several SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMappings may be necessary to map a field to the corresponding ISignalTriggerings.

It is required that every field using a SomeipFieldDeployment.notifier with signalBased serialization has a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping defined:

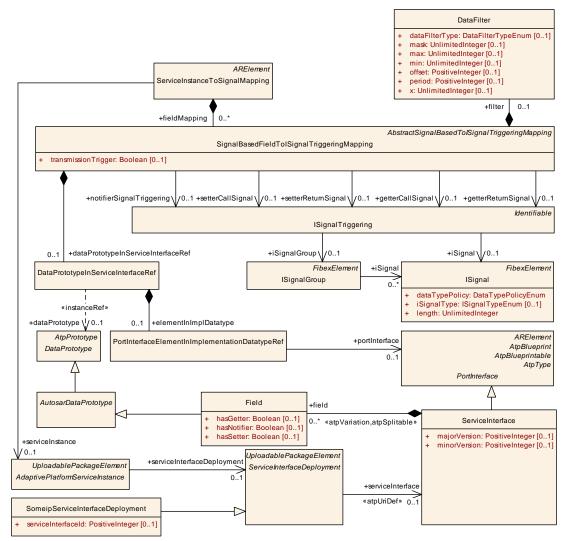
[constr_3553]{DRAFT} Existence of ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping for an field with signalBased serialization [If a field is referenced by a Someip-FieldDeployment in the role field and that SomeipFieldDeployment aggregates a SomeipEventDeployment in the role notifier and the SomeipEvent-Deployment has an attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer Set to signalBased then there shall exist a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping with a fieldMapping referring to the field in the role dataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef and the SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping shall refer to a ISignalTriggering in the role notifierSignalTriggering.]()

In the example sketched in Figure 13.12 the *testField* in the *testServiceInterface* is of type *struct1* that consists of the primitive elements *a* and *b*. The *testField* defines a notifier and a setter method.

[constr_10228]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SignalBasedFieldToISignal-TriggeringMapping.dataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef [For each SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping, the attribute dataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. (/)

One SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping maps the *TestField* to ISignalTriggerings for the Setter-Call and Setter-Return. Here the dataPrototype role of DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef is used to refer to the targetDataPrototype (field) according to the rules defined in [TPS_MANI_01136] and [TPS_MANI_01137].







Class	SignalBasedFieldTolSignalTriggeringMapping			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SignalBasedCommunication			
Note	This meta-class defines the mapping of a ServiceInterface field to ISignalTriggerings that represent the notifier elements, the getter call and response, the setter call and response on a signal-based communication channel.			
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate			
Base	ARObject, AbstractSignalBasedTolSignalTriggeringMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping.fieldMapping			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
dataPrototypeIn ServiceInterface	DataPrototypeInService InterfaceRef	01	aggr	Reference to a DataPrototype or to an internal structure of a DataPrototype in the context of a ServiceInterface.
Ref				Tags:atp.Status=candidate

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			\triangle			
Class	SignalBasedFieldTolSignalTriggeringMapping					
filter	DataFilter	01	aggr	Defines an optional filter to be applied during translation.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
getterCallSignal	ISignalTriggering	01	ref	Reference to the ISignalTriggering that is used to transport the getter method call in a signal-based way over a communication channel.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
getterReturn Signal	ISignalTriggering	01	ref	Reference to the ISignalTriggering that is used to transport the getter method response in a signal-based way over a communication channel.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
notifierSignal Triggering	ISignalTriggering	01	ref	Reference to the ISignalTriggering that is used to transport a piece of data of a notifier in a signal-based way over a communication channel.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
setterCallSignal	ISignalTriggering	01	ref	Reference to the ISignalTriggering that is used to transport the setter method call in a signal-based way over a communication channel.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
setterReturn Signal	ISignalTriggering	01	ref	Reference to the ISignalTriggering that is used to transport the setter method response in a signal-based way over a communication channel.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
transmission Trigger	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether the source notifier element triggers the sending of the respective payload.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

 Table 13.5: SignalBasedFieldTolSignalTriggeringMapping

Additional SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMappings are necessary to map the field notifier to the corresponding ISignalTriggerings.

The primitive DataPrototypes *a* and *b* are mapped by additional SignalBased-FieldToISignalTriggeringMappings to ISignalTriggerings of ISignals located in the ISignalGroup.

Here, the elementInImplDatatype role of DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef is used to refer to the targetDataPrototype since it refers to the internal structure of an AutosarDataPrototype which is typed by a CppImplementation-DataType. The context of this reference is defined by the *testField*.



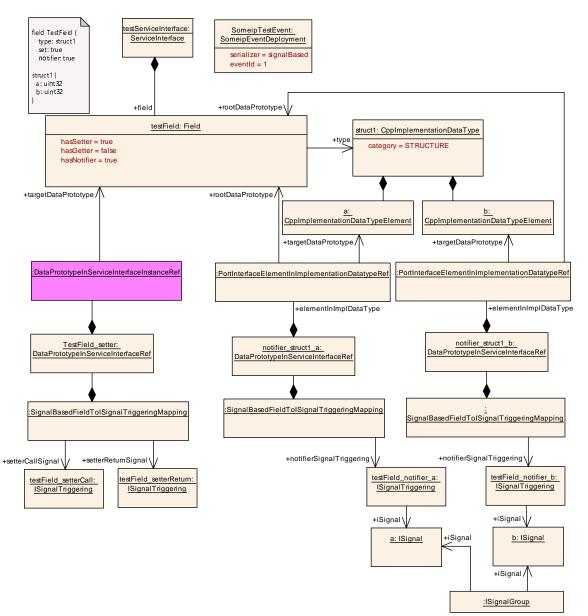


Figure 13.12: Example for a mapping of a field to Signals

13.4.6 SignalBasedMethod Mapping

[TPS_MANI_03125]{DRAFT} **ServiceInterface.method to ISignalTriggerings mapping** [The SignalBasedMethodToISignalTriggeringMapping metaclass provides the ability to map a method to one ISignalTriggering for the ISignal representing the Method-Call and one ISignalTriggering for the ISignal representing the Method-Return.](*RS_MANI_00029*)



Class	SignalBasedMethodTolSignalTriggeringMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SignalBasedCommunication					
Note	This meta-class defines the mapping of a ServiceInterface method to a ISignalTriggering.					
	Tags:atp.Status=candidate					
Base	ARObject, AbstractSignalBasedTolSignalTriggeringMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping.methodMapping					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
callSignal Triggering	ISignalTriggering	01	ref	Reference to the ISignalTriggering that is used to transport the method call in a signal-based way over a communication channel.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
method	ClientServerOperation	01	ref	Reference to a method defined in the context of a Service Interface.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		
returnSignal Triggering	ISignalTriggering	01	ref	Reference to the ISignalTriggering that is used to transport the method response in a signal-based way over a communication channel.		
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate		

Table 13.6: SignalBasedMethodTolSignalTriggeringMapping

[constr_10229]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role SignalBased-MethodToISignalTriggeringMapping.method [For each SignalBased-MethodToISignalTriggeringMapping, the reference in the role method shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

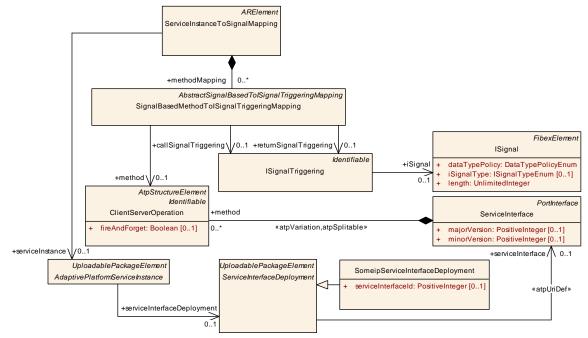


Figure 13.13: Mapping of Methods to ISignals

In the example sketched in Figure 13.14 the *Calibrate* method in the *TestServiceInter-face2* is mapped with a single SignalBasedMethodToISignalTriggeringMapping to ISignalTriggerings for the Call and Return.



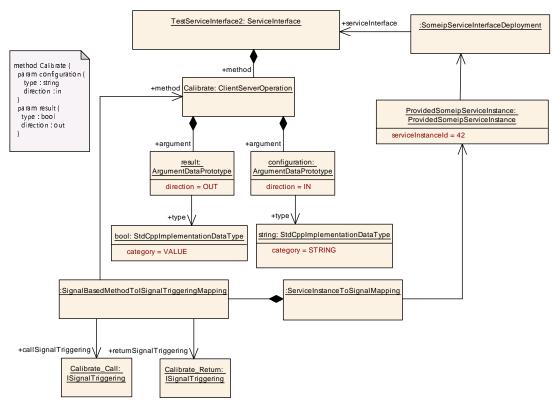


Figure 13.14: Example for a mapping of a method to Signals

13.4.7 SignalBased Fire and Forget Method Mapping

[TPS_MANI_03665]{DRAFT} **ServiceInterface.method with fireAndForget equals true to ISignalTriggeringS mapping** [The SignalBasedFireAnd-ForgetMethodToISignalTriggeringMapping meta-class provides the ability to map a part of a method with ClientServerOperation.fireAndForget equals true to one ISignalTriggering for the ISignal representing one part of the "fire & forget" method message.](*RS_MANI_00029*)

[constr_3692]{DRAFT} DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceInstanceRef. targetDataPrototype in the context of a SignalBasedFireAndForget-MethodToISignalTriggeringMapping [If a DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceInstanceRef is aggregated by a SignalBasedFireAndForgetMethod-ToISignalTriggeringMapping in the role dataPrototypeInMethodArgumentInstanceRef, then the reference DataPrototypeInServiceInterface-InstanceRef.targetDataPrototype shall refer to an ArgumentDataPrototype at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.] ()



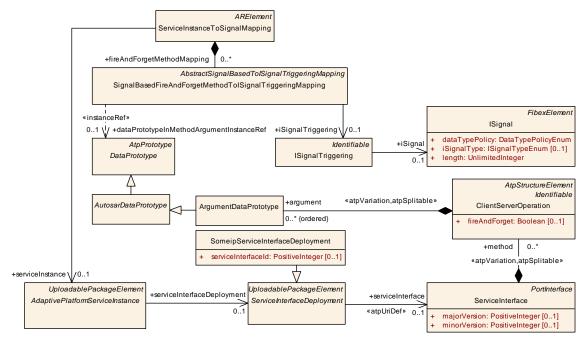


Figure 13.15: Mapping of "fire & forget" methods to ISignals

Class	SignalBasedFireAndForgetMethodTolSignalTriggeringMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SignalBasedCommunication			
Note	This meta-class defines the Triggering.	This meta-class defines the mapping of a ServiceInterface fire and forget method part to an ISignal Triggering.					
	Tags:atp.Status=candida	te					
Base	ARObject, AbstractSignalBasedTolSignalTriggeringMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ServiceInstanceToSignal	Mapping.fi	reAndFor	getMethodMapping			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
dataPrototypeIn Method	DataPrototype	01	iref	Instance reference to a (potentially structured) member of a ClientServerOperation.			
Argument InstanceRef				Tags:atp.Status=candidate InstanceRef implemented by:DataPrototypeInService InterfaceInstanceRef			
iSignal Triggering	ISignalTriggering	01	ref	Reference to an ISignalTriggering being part of a fire and forget message.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

Table 13.7: SignalBasedFireAndForgetMethodTolSignalTriggeringMapping

13.5 Service Discovery and Static Communication Configuration

Although the ISignalIPdus, which are candidate for signal/service translation, may be communicated to/from CAN or FlexRay networks (where there is no service discovery support available) the messages still might be candidate for service discovery and event subscription on the Ethernet network. In such cases the gateway ECU connecting the Can/FlexRay networks to the Ethernet network is responsible to



provide service discovery and event subscription support as part of the gateway operation.

Only SOME/IP supports service discovery in combination with signal/service translation. Whether or not service discovery shall be done in case of the Partial SOME/IP Header approach is defined by the category of the Required-SomeipServiceInstance Or ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.

Even in cases where SOME/IP service discovery defined by the category of the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance or ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance is configured there may still be a static configurations applied as defined in [TPS_MANI_03295] and [TPS_MANI_03298].

If no SOME/IP service discovery is used, then there is the possibility to define a static configuration as described in section 13.5.4.

[TPS_MANI_03657]{DRAFT} Signal-service-translation SOME/IP Service Discovery Find [If there is a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance of category SIGNAL-BASED_WITH_HEADER defined for the signal-service-translation, then this RequiredSomeipServiceInstance shall be handled using SOME/IP service discovery.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03658]{DRAFT} Service-signal-translation SOME/IP Service Discovery Offer [If there is a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance of category SIGNAL-BASED_WITH_HEADER defined for the service-signal-translation, then this ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance shall be handled using SOME/IP service discovery.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

If the source ISignalIPdu in a signal-service-translation scenario is composed of several parts (ISignalGroups and/or individual ISignals) and these parts shall be mapped to several events or field notifiers (according to [TPS_MANI_03667]) and a service discovery shall be performed, then a specific configuration of the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment and SomeipEventDeployment is required.

As in case of [TPS_MANI_03654] the SOME/IP Message ID is derived from the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceId and the SomeipEventDeployment.eventId, all the events mapped from one ISignalIPdu shall have identical SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceIds and SomeipEventDeployment.eventIds.

[TPS_MANI_03666]{DRAFT} Service Discovery for multi-event ISignalIPdus [If the ISignals of one ISignalIPdu are mapped to more than one events (using SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping.iSignal-Triggering) or field notifiers (using SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping.notifierSignalTriggering),

then each of the SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMappingS
and SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMappingS referring to ISignalS



of that ISignalIPdu shall be aggregated by one or more ServiceInstanceToSignalMappings where the reference ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping.serviceInstance refers to a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance

and that RequiredSomeipServiceInstance shall refer to a SomeipServiceIn-terfaceDeployment where

- each of the referenced <code>SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployments</code> has the identical value for <code>SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInter-faceId</code> defined
- every event taking part in that signal-service-translation has the attribute SomeipEventDeployment.serializer set to SerializationTechnologyEnum.signalBased and has the identical value for:
 - SomeipEventDeployment.eventId
 - SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol

](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03659]{DRAFT} No signal-service-translation SOME/IP Service Discovery Find [If there is a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance of category SIGNALBASED_NO_HEADER defined for the signal-service-translation, then this RequiredSomeipServiceInstance shall not be handled using SOME/IP service discovery.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03660]{DRAFT} No signal-service-translation SOME/IP Service Discovery Offer [If there is a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance of category SIGNALBASED_NO_HEADER defined for the service-signal-translation, then this ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance shall not be handled using SOME/IP service discovery.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

13.5.1 Service discovery control

The signal/service translation needs to determine when the translated service (service which originates in signal-based messages) shall actually be offered/sub-scribed.

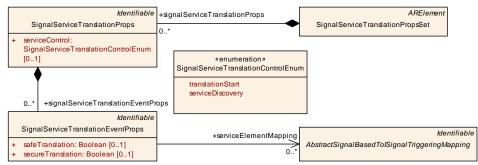


Figure 13.16: Signal/service translation properties



Attributes defining the behavior of signal/service translation are available at the SignalServiceTranslationProps. The reference serviceElementMapping determines to which service instance these settings apply.

Class	SignalServiceTranslationPropsSet					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Common	Structure	::SignalServiceTranslation		
Note	Collection of SignalServic	eTranslati	onProps.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=S	ignalServ	iceTranslationProps		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
signalService Translation Props	SignalService TranslationProps	*	aggr	Collection of SignalServiceTranslationProps.		

Table 13.8: SignalServiceTranslationPropsSet

Class	SignalServiceTranslation	SignalServiceTranslationProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Common	Structure	::SignalServiceTranslation		
Note	This element allows to def service.	This element allows to define the properties which are applicable for the signal/service translation service.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	SignalServiceTranslationP	SignalServiceTranslationPropsSet.signalServiceTranslationProps				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
serviceControl	SignalService TranslationControlEnum	01	attr	Defines how the service instance control shall behave.		
signalService Translation EventProps	SignalService TranslationEventProps	*	aggr	Defines properties for a single translated event.		

Table 13.9: SignalServiceTranslationProps

[constr_10255]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SignalServiceTranslation-Props.serviceControl [For each SignalServiceTranslationProps, the attribute serviceControl shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

Class	SignalServiceTranslationEventProps					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTempla	ates::Common	Structure	SignalServiceTranslation		
Note	This element allows to	o define the pr	operties v	which are applicable for the signal/service translation event.		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	SignalServiceTranslationProps.signalServiceTranslationEventProps					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
safeTranslation	Boolean	01	attr	Defined whether the translation shall happen in a safe way.		
secure Translation	Boolean 01 attr Defined whether the translation shall happen in a secure way.					



\triangle					
Class	SignalServiceTranslation	nEventPr	ops		
serviceElement Mapping	AbstractSignalBasedTol SignalTriggering Mapping	*	ref	Reference to the collection of SignalBased to ISignal Triggerung mappings the properties apply to. Tags:atp.Status=candidate	

Table 13.10: SignalServiceTranslationEventProps

[constr_10230]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SignalServiceTranslationEventProps.safeTranslation [For each SignalServiceTranslation-EventProps, the attribute safeTranslation shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10231]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SignalServiceTranslation-EventProps.secureTranslation [For each SignalServiceTranslation-EventProps, the attribute secureTranslation shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. (/)

At which point in time a specific service instance (originating from signal/service translation) is actually offered / subscribed at the service discovery can be defined per service instance:

Possible approaches for service availability/subscription are:

- translationStart right after translation software is started
- serviceDiscovery availability of related service instance

The attribute SignalServiceTranslationProps.serviceControl defines the service instance control behavior.

Enumeration	SignalServiceTranslationControlEnum	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::SignalServiceTranslation	
Note	This enumeration allows to define how the service instance offer/subscribe control shall behave.	
Aggregated by	SignalServiceTranslationProps.serviceControl	
Literal	Description	
serviceDiscovery	Defines the start of service control when other service is available.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2	
translationStart	Defines the start of service control at translation start.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0	

Table 13.11: SignalServiceTranslationControlEnum

13.5.2 Service control right after translation start

If the availability of the signal-based PDUs is not controlled then the respective translated services offers/subscriptions may be activated immediately at start of the translation software.



[TPS_MANI_03580]{DRAFT} **Service offer at startup** [For a provided translated service instance, if the SignalServiceTranslationProps.serviceControl equals translationStart then the translation software shall - right after translation software start - *offer* the respective translated service instance.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03581]{DRAFT} **Service find at startup** [For a required translated service instance, if the SignalServiceTranslationProps.serviceControl equals translationStart then the translation shall right after translation software start is sue the *find* of the respective translated service instance and *subscribe* to its event groups.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

13.5.3 Service control due to availability of related service instance

There are scenarios where the signal-based PDUs are actually controlled using SOME/IP Service Discovery. So there are services defined using events/methods/fields and the service instances are offered / subscribed using the SOME/IP Service Discovery, just the payload of such services is not serialized according to the SOME/IP transformer rules (or a subset of events uses signal-based serialization). Therefore, a signal/service translation is required for the payload.

13.5.3.1 Signal-service-translation

[TPS_MANI_03582]{DRAFT} **Service find for required signal** [For a required translated service instance, if the SignalServiceTranslationProps.serviceControl equals serviceDiscovery then upon startup the translation software component shall issue a *service find* for the RequiredSomeipServiceInstance which is referenced by the ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping in the role serviceInstance.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03583]{DRAFT} **Service subscribe for required signal** [For a required translated service instance, if the SignalServiceTranslationProps.service-Control equals serviceDiscovery and the *service find* of [TPS_MANI_03582] was successful then the translation software component shall issue a *subscribe* to all SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.eventGroups.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

13.5.3.2 Service-signal-translation

[TPS_MANI_03606]{DRAFT} **Service offer for provided signal** [For a provided translated service instance, if the SignalServiceTranslationProps.serviceControl equals serviceDiscovery then upon startup the translation software component shall issue an *offer* for the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance which is referenced by the ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping in the role serviceInstance.](*RS_MANI_00063*)



13.5.4 Static Communication Configuration

In case no service discovery shall be applied, it is possible to define a static configuration for non SOME/IP communication. The actual representation of the required information is not standardized, thus the information can be provided using the model extension mechanism, as exemplified in appendix B.

13.5.4.1 Static Communication Configuration for the Server

If a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance shall be statically configured for communication on Ethernet, then several elements need to be defined:

- localUdpPortNumber: a port number for the local UDP port needs to be defined on which the service will be provided using UDP protocol.
- localTcpPortNumber: a port number for the local TCP port needs to be defined on which the service will be provided using TCP protocol.
- UserDefinedServiceInstanceToMachineMapping: a mapping needs to be defined (for the local connection where the service will be provided) that associates the ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance to an EthernetCommunicationConnector (VLAN).
- remotePeers: a list of remote IP-Address and Port combinations needs to be defined where the messages will be sent to. A mix of unicast and multicast IP-Addresses is supported.
- udpCollectionBufferTimeout: Maximum time, an outgoing message may be delayed, due to data collection.
- udpCollectionTrigger: Defines whether the element contributes to the triggering of the UDP data transmission if data collection is enabled.
- udpCollectionBufferSizeThreshold: Specifies the amount of data in bytes that shall be buffered for data transmission over the UDP connection in case data collection is enabled.

13.5.4.2 Static Communication Configuration for the Client

If a RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance shall be statically configured for communication on Ethernet, then several elements need to be defined:

- localUdpPortNumber: a port number for the local UDP port needs to be defined on which the service will be consumed using UDP protocol.
- localTcpPortNumber: a port number for the local TCP port needs to be defined on which the service will be consumed using TCP protocol.



- UserDefinedServiceInstanceToMachineMapping: a mapping needs to be defined (for the local connection where the service will be consumed) that associates the RequiredUserDefinedServiceInstance to an Ethernet-CommunicationConnector (VLAN).
- eventMulticastUdpPort: a port number for the local UDP port in case of multicast reception may be defined.
- multicastIpAddress: an IP-Address where the events will be consumed in case of multicast reception.
- remotePeer: an IP-Address and Port combination needs to be defined for the remote provider of the service.

13.6 Translation behavior

The signal/service translation is defined as a network binding for the Communication Management [9] and it is not specified at which exact point in time or in which context the data transformation (i.e. signal-service-translation or service-signal-translation) will be executed.

The behavior of signal-service-translation is governed by the application software which calls ara::com-APIs to interact with the communication management.

13.6.1 **ServiceInterface** representation of translation data

Due to update-bits (see section 13.6.2) and data filtering (see section 13.6.3), the ServiceInterface – which is used to represent the signal/service translated information – needs to be able to represent partially available information. For such cases, the AUTOSAR data type systems has defined the isOptional feature of structured data (see also the Software Component Template [1] for details).

For ApplicationDataTypes, the optionality is configured at the Application-RecordElement.isOptional attribute.

For CppImplementationDataTypes, the optionality is configured at the CppImplementationDataTypeElement.isOptional attribute.

The goal of the signal/service translation mapping is to define the proper ServiceInterface representation for the corresponding ISignalIPdu, respecting update bits and filtering.

13.6.1.1 Optional elements in case signal-service-translation

The approach for the signal-service-translation direction is: if a received ISignal or ISignalGroup has an update-bit defined (see section 13.6.2) or the



reception is guarded by a reception-filter (see section 13.6.3), then the corresponding element in the ServiceInterface event shall be defined as Application-RecordElement.isOptional (resp. CppImplementationDataTypeElement. isOptional).

Figure 13.17 illustrates the usage of update-bits in the source ISignalIPdu as the cause for the definition of isOptional members of the event.

The left part of figure 13.17 shows that the *signal group x1*, *signal y*, and *signal z* have update-bits defined and thus the resulting event definition for the ServiceIn-terface needs to respect this. In this example the event *xyz* is defined as an ApplicationRecordDataType containing 3 ApplicationRecordElements where each element has the attribute isOptional set to true.

The right part of figure 13.17 takes one specific ISignalIPdu instance with only the *updateBit_y* set to 1, thus only the *signal y* shall be considered as updated. Therefore the resulting event notification contains an event *xyz* where only the member *y* is defined. The other two members of *xyz* are not set in this example.

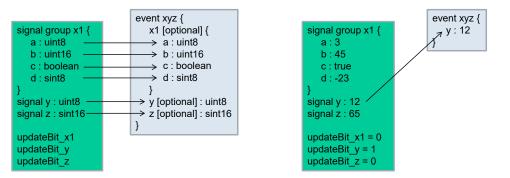


Figure 13.17: Example of update-bits for signal-service-translation

13.6.1.2 Optional elements in case service-signal-translation

The approach for the service-signal-translation direction is: if the ServiceInterface event has a member with CppImplementationDataTypeElement. isOptional, then the corresponding ISignal or ISignalGroup shall have an update-bit defined. During runtime, it will be checked which optional elements are actually defined in the event / field and the corresponding values are put into the ISignalIPdu. Also the update-bits are set accordingly.

Figure 13.18 illustrates the usage of isOptional elements in the event / field definition as the cause for the definition of update-bits in the target ISignalIPdu.

The left part of figure 13.18 shows that the *event klm* has two optional members (*k* and *l*) and one mandatory member (*m*). These are mapped into an ISignalIPdu with two update-bits (*updateBit_k* and *updateBit_l*).



The right part of figure 13.18 takes one specific *event klm* instance with values defined for *l* (which is optional but present) and *m* (which is not optional and therefore has to be present). There is no value defined for the optional member *k*. The resulting ISignalIPdu takes the values for *l* and *m* and sets the update-bits accordingly (*updateBit_k=0* and *updateBit_l=1*). The values for the not-set optional members stay unchanged.

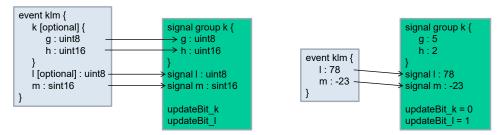


Figure 13.18: Example of update-bits for service-signal-translation

13.6.2 Event and update-bit semantics

A variety of sources may exist where the ISignalIPdus originate that are candidates for signal/service translation. And the ISignalIPdus produced by the signal/service translation may be routed to many different targets in the vehicle network. It is essential to understand the semantics of the received and sent data in the scope of the signal/service translation.

Often ISignalIPdus are transported using periodic transmission in order to not only transport data but also have a liveliness indication of the information producer and the communication path. If the sender would just transmit an ISignalIPdu when the value changes, a receiver would not be able to detect whether the sender just did not send anything because there is no new information or whether the sender (or the transport path) has a malfunction and therefore an intended sent message was not able to get through.

In the simplest case, the arrival of one ISignalIPdu actually represents the functional reception of all the included information. This means that the resulting event (resp. field) for the application software can be derived from the reception of that ISignalIPdu. In the opposite direction, the notification of an event (resp. field) from the application software results in the sending of the signal/service translation ISignalIPdu.

But there are scenarios where the layout of the ISignalIPdu is composed of information from different sources or are produced at different points in time. In order to indicate which parts of the ISignalIPdu actually have been updated and which parts have just been send because they are part of the ISignalIPdu, the *update-bits* are used. These update-bits are part of the ISignalIPdu payload and indicate whether the associated information has actually been sent intentionally or just has been sent because the ISignalIPdu was sent as a whole.



If no update-bits are used, then every arrival of an ISignalIPdu has to be considered as being updated by the producer as a whole.

If update-bits are used, then not all of the included information may actually have been produced by the sender. In an extreme case – if all information of the ISignalIPdu has associated update-bits – all of the update-bits might not be set, resulting in reception of an ISignalIPdu but without any effect to the signal-service-translation.

Another way to influence the translation behavior is the usage of reception data filters during signal-service-translation (see also section 13.6.3). This also may lead to the situation that the reception of an ISignalIPdu only triggers a subset of the contained information (or none at all).

The third check during signal-service-translation is the evaluation of the SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping.transmissionTrigger (resp. SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping.transmissionTrigger). If an ISignal was actually taken to update the resulting event, the transmissionTrigger defines whether that update actually causes the notification of the mapped event.

One use-case may be to define which signal-service-translation elements actually cause the sending of an event. So if – due to update-bits and filters – only least important elements have been translated, it can be defined that in such cases the event will not be triggered.

[constr_3644]{DRAFT} No transmissionTrigger support for servicesignal-translation direction [If a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping. serviceInstance refers to a ProvidedApServiceInstance then

- every SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping aggregated in the role eventElementMapping and
- every SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping aggregated in the role fieldMapping

shall not have a SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping.
transmissionTrigger (respectively SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping.transmissionTrigger) defined.]()

[TPS_MANI_03646]{DRAFT} **Definition of transmission triggers for signalservice-translation** [The attribute SignalBasedEventElementToISignal-TriggeringMapping.transmissionTrigger, respectively SignalBased-FieldToISignalTriggeringMapping.transmissionTrigger, defines which translation parts contribute to the transmission triggering for the mapped payload.] *(RS_MANI_00063)*

[TPS_MANI_03647]{DRAFT} **Full translation before transmission triggering** [In case there has been a transmission trigger caused by a source signal, the signal--service-translation shall first process all other mapped source signals for that target before sending out the target.](*RS_MANI_00063*)



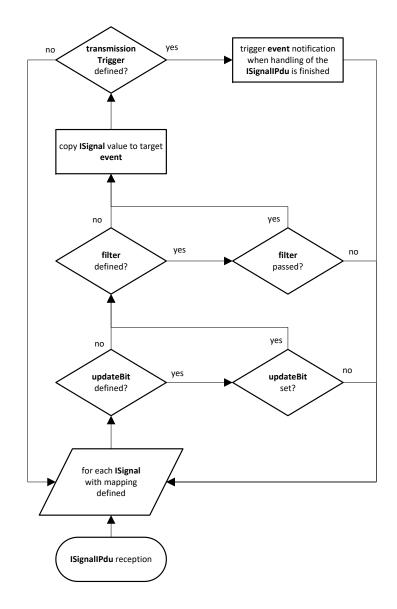


Figure 13.19: Processing order reception

[TPS_MANI_03648]{DRAFT} **Transmission trigger for signal-servicetranslation** [If the attribute SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping.transmissionTrigger, respectively SignalBasedField-ToISignalTriggeringMapping.transmissionTrigger, equals *true* then the translation of the respective source signal causes the sending of the target (after all mapped sources have been processed, see [TPS_MANI_03647]).](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03649]{DRAFT} No transmission trigger for signal-servicetranslation [If the attribute SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping.transmissionTrigger, respectively SignalBasedField-ToISignalTriggeringMapping.transmissionTrigger, is not defined or has



the value *false*, then the translation of that respective source signal does not cause the sending of the target. (*RS_MANI_00063*)

Note that in case none of the SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping Or SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping COntributing to the target of a signal-service-translation has the attribute SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping.transmission-Trigger (respectively SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping. transmissionTrigger) set to *true* then the translation target will not be sent.

The combination of update-bits, filters, and transmission triggers may be configured for one ISignal – resulting in a sequential processing according to figure 13.19.

13.6.3 Data filtering

Filtering can be used to potentially reduce the amount of generated event notifications in case of signal-service-translation direction. There is no filtering support available for the service-signal-translation direction, although the transmission mode selection can be used to influence the amount of sent ISignalIPdus (see section 13.8.5).

[constr_3643]{DRAFT} No filter support for service-signal-translation direction [If a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping.serviceInstance refers to a ProvidedApServiceInstance then

- every SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping aggregated in the role eventElementMapping and
- every SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping aggregated in the role fieldMapping

shall not have a SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping.
filter (resp. SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping.filter) defined. (/)

If a data filtering shall be applied during the signal-service-translation then it is possible to define a DataFilter at the SignalBasedEventElement-ToISignalTriggeringMapping and SignalBasedFieldToISignalTrigger-ingMapping in the role filter.

[TPS_MANI_03621]{DRAFT} Data filtering during the signal-servicetranslation [If there is a SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping.filter (resp. SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping.filter) defined this filtering shall be implemented during the signal-service-translation.

This is the only supported application of filters for signal-service-translation. (*RS_MANI_00063*)



[TPS_MANI_03644]{DRAFT} **Supported reception data filters** [The following DataFilter settings are supported by the signal-service-translation:

- always
- maskedNewEqualsX
- maskedNewDiffersX
- maskedNewDiffersMaskedOld

](*RS_MANI_00063*)

Note that the setting of maskedNewDiffersMaskedOld requires the translation software to keep the previous (*old*) value for comparison.

The possibility to define an always filter allows to specify a filter for each mapped signal, even if that particular signal shall not contribute to the filter result - as it always yields *passed*. This allows to define a full set of filters and thus gives the possibility to check for complete filter definitions.

The usage of a *never* filter is not supported by the signal-service-translation. Such a filter would always yield *not passed*, which is equivalent to not having a SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping defined at all for this specific ISignal.

Potentially there could be several SignalBasedEventElementToISignal-TriggeringMapping.filters (resp. SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping.filters) defined in the context of one target element (in the example figure 13.20 the *event xyz* the *x1* and *z*).

In such a case ALL of the defined filters for the scoped filtered element have to pass in order to let the signal/service translation actually get effective. For the optional element x1 to actually be set both, the *filter (a)* and *filter (c)*, have to pass. The optional element z will only be set if the *filter (z)* passes.

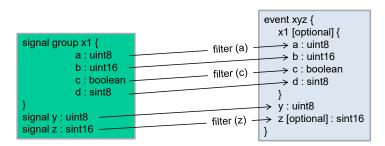


Figure 13.20: Filter example during signal-service-translation

In case the target event of the signal-service-translation has no optional elements defined and at least one filter does not pass then the whole event is not sent. This is illustrated in figure 13.21, where the *event xyz* is considered to be the scoped element.



signal group o1 { k : uint8 - l : uint16 - m : boolean n : sint8	filter (k) -	event xyz { o1 { → k : uint8 → I : uint16 }
} signal p : uint8 signal q : sint16	filter (p) -	→ p : uint8 → q : sint16 }

Figure 13.21: Filter example during signal-service-translation with no optional target elements

The scoped filtered element is defined as either

- the filtered element, if it is defined as optional
- the closest *optional* element traversing from the filtered element and going towards the root element
- the root element itself, if there is no *optional* element traversing from the filtered element and going towards the root element.

[TPS_MANI_03645]{DRAFT} Applicability of a filter to the scoped filtered element [If a filter does not pass then the scoped filtered element shall not be considered for signal-service-translation.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

13.6.4 Translation from one source

The simplest translation approach is a one source translation. If the translation target is primitive then it has by nature only one source. If the translation target is a composite data then it depends on the structure of the sources whether a one source translation is possible.

[TPS_MANI_03620]{DRAFT} **Service discovery control** [If the service discovery control is enabled for a specific service instance then any payload coming / going to that service instance shall be translated and forwarded to the mapped output(s).] (*RS_MANI_00063*)

Every time an input signal or event arrives it is translated to the mapped output path. Since this is a one source translation the arrival of the input signal or event is the trigger for the translation. Therefore, if all the translation mappings have been performed the target payload can be sent out.

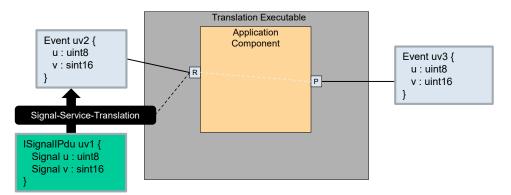
The example in figure 13.22 illustrates the full approach of a signal-service--translation with application component forwarding of the payload.

On the reception side, the ISignalIPdu *uv1* is the source of the signal-service--translation. The payload of the ISignalIPdu is translated into an instance of the event *uv2*. The event is part of a ServiceInterface that types the RPort-Prototype which defines the ara::com API at that RPortPrototype.



It is the job of the application component code to use the ara::com API and fetch the information from the RPortPrototype and forward it to the PPortPrototype. In this example, it is not further defined how that forwarding is implemented, but for such a simple use-case the usage of a PassThroughSwConnector could be used to express the desired forwarding. For further details on this approach, refer to section 13.7. Of course, also a custom code implementation can be used to fetch the data and forward it.

At the PPortPrototype a ServiceInterface with an event *uv3* is defined. This is the basis to provide the information is a service-oriented manner to further software components. What kind of network binding is used for the transport of the PPort-Prototype payload is not in scope of this example. However, the PPortPrototype could be mapped to any available kind of network binding available (SOME/IP, DDS, IPC, or even another service-signal-translation).





13.6.5 Translation from several sources

There is also the use-case to support the composition of data from different sources. However, because the sources will most likely not be received in a coordinated way, it would be hard to define an automatic behavior based on the usage of PassThrough-SwConnectors for this setup. Thus, for the usage of PassThroughSwConnectors, it is required by the signal/service translation that the input for the signal/service translation comes from one source.

The merging of data from several sources can be implemented on application component level and still utilize the signal/service translation features to interface with ISignals and ISignalIPdus. The code, however, which reads several source data and produces a consistent set of information is considered to be custom code.

The example in figure 13.23 shows a setup where several sources of information are coming from signal-service-translations. As the source information is accessed using ara::com APIs and the reception semantics is implementing a queue for each input source, the application component is responsible to fetch the data from the various sources and to decide which input data shall be put to the output event *klm*.



As the output event klm does not have any optional members defined, it is required to provide all three members k, l, and m with valid values for each instance of klm.

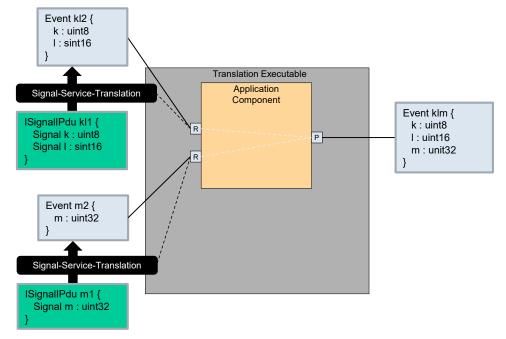


Figure 13.23: Example signal-service-translation and forwarding from several sources

Figure 13.24 shows an example for several sources coming from service-oriented communication. The task of the application component is to fetch the input information for the source events x1, y, and z. The output event xyz1 does not have any optional members, also the output ISignalIPdu xyz2 does not use any update bits, thus it is required for the application component to provide the full set of information for a, b, y, and z when the output event xyz1 is produced.

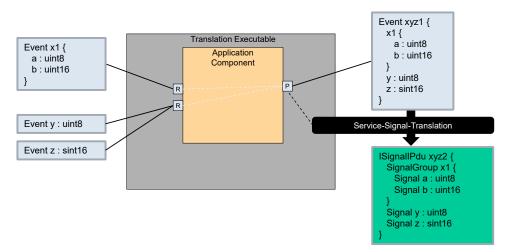


Figure 13.24: Example service-signal-translation and forwarding from several sources



13.6.6 Signal-Service-Translation to several targets

If the source ISignalIPdu in a signal-service-translation scenario is composed of several parts (ISignalGroups and/or individual ISignals), then it is possible to map the parts of that ISignalIPdu to several targets (events or field notifiers).

[TPS_MANI_03667]{DRAFT} Mapping from one ISignalIPdu to several events in case of signal-service-translation [The ISignals of one ISignalIPdu can be mapped to one or more events (using Signal-BasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping.iSignalTriggering) Or field notifiers (using SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping.notifierSignalTriggering).](RS_MANI_00063)

The individual SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMappingS and SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMappingS will define in their DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef the target of the signal-service-translation.

One scenario mandates the mapping of parts of an ISignalIPdu to different events: If the source ISignalIPdu is composed of several parts (ISignalGroups and/or individual ISignals) and at least one of the ISignalGroups is end-to-end protected.

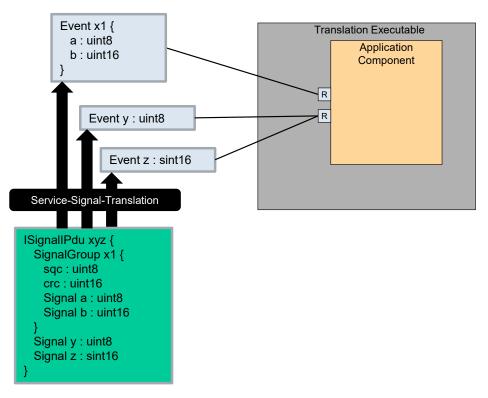


Figure 13.25: Example signal-service-translation to several targets

In such cases it is required to get the end-to-end status per protected ISignalGroup, thus merging the whole ISignalIPdu's content into one event does not suffice, as



only a part of the ISignalIPdu is actually end-to-end protected, and the ara::com status APIs are available on an event level.

An example of such a setup is illustrated in figure 13.25: The ISignalIPdu *xyz* consists of an end-to-end protected ISignalGroup *x1* and two not protected ISignals *y* and *z*.

It is essential for the application component to be able to check the end-to-end status for the event x1 which holds the end-to-end protected ISignalGroup payload. The event x1 covers just the end-to-end protected part of the ISignalIPdu and is handled according to the definitions in section 13.9.1.

The single events y and z are accessible individually and there is not end-to-end protection involved in their translation.

The modeling approach according to section 13.4.3 results in one or more Service-InstanceToSignalMappings which distribute the content of one ISignalIPdu to several events.

13.7 Translation pass-through composition

In case a *Pass-through Composition* is defined (see figure 13.3) the behavior for the defined pass-through definition shall be implemented. It is well possible to automatically generate the implementation of such a pass-through behavior out of the information given in the *Pass-through Composition*.

The mapping approach is already used in section 3.5 where the PassThroughSwConnector is used to define the matching PortPrototypes for the *facade* use-case. Specifically [constr_5056] applies as well for the signal/service translation.

SOME/IP services may consist of a mixture of events, fields and methods. While events and field notifiers are (potentially) subject to signal/service translation it is well-defined that methods (methods, getter- and setter-methods, and fire-and-forget methods) are serialized according to the SOME/IP serialization rules.

However, the mixed nature of a specific service instance makes it necessary that methods also have to be considered in the *Pass-through Composition*. It is not so much about the translation of the payload serialization, but the general wrapping of events, fields and methods in one service instance makes it necessary that methods get *passed through* as well.

13.8 Expected features of Classic platform

Classic AUTOSAR SWS-COM Specification provides a variety of possibilities to pack signals into PDUs - from a structural as well as from a behavioral perspective. Also, the further layers in the COM-Stack may influence the PDUs layout.



The goal of this section is to specify which of these Classic COM-Stack features shall also be available on the Adaptive Platform signal/service translation.

13.8.1 Processing order

For the features of the Classic platform COM-Stack there is a well-defined processing order in which the actions are performed upon Tx and Rx of data. It is required for the signal/service translation to ensure the same processing order.

[TPS_MANI_03585]{DRAFT} **Processing order of COM-Stack features** [For the COM-Stack features the signal/service translation supports the processing order shall be the same as on the Classic platform.]*(RS_MANI_00063)*

13.8.2 Reception data filter

The reception filter support for signal-service-translation is defined in section 13.6.3.

The potentially defined reception filters at an ISignalPort shall be ignored, as [TPS_MANI_03621] is the only supported way to define filters for signal-service-translation.

[TPS_MANI_03589]{DRAFT} **Reception data filter of COM-Stack** [If the ISignal-Triggering refers to an ISignalPort and that ISignalPort has a dataFilter defined then the signal-service-translation shall ignore the filter definition.] (*RS_MANI_00063*)

13.8.3 Reception of invalid signal

[TPS_MANI_03592]{DRAFT} **ISignal invalidation of COM-Stack** [If the ISignal-Triggering refers to an ISignalPort with communicationDirection equal in then the following values for ISignalPort.handleInvalid shall be supported by the signal/service translation:

- dontInvalidate
- replace

(*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03593]{DRAFT} handleInvalid = dontInvalidate behavior of COM-Stack [If the ISignalTriggering refers to an ISignalPort with communicationDirection equal in and the ISignalPort.handleInvalid equals don-tInvalidate then the signal/service translation shall not perform any invalidation handling.] (*RS_MANI_00063*)



[TPS_MANI_03594]{DRAFT} handleInvalid = replace behavior of COM-Stack [If the ISignalTriggering refers to an ISignalPort with communicationDirection equal in and the ISignalPort.handleInvalid equals replace and the received value of the ISignal equals the ISignal.networkRepresentation-Props.invalidValue then the signal/service translation shall replace the invalidValue with the ISignal.initValue.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

13.8.4 Update Bit handling

For details on the handling of update bits refer to section 13.6.

[TPS_MANI_03595]{DRAFT} **Update Bit support for ISignal** [If the ISignal-Triggering refers to an ISignalPort with communicationDirection set to the value in and the ISignalTriggering refers to an ISignal and that ISignal is mapped into an ISignalIPdu with a ISignalToIPduMapping.updateIndicationBitPosition defined, then the following rules apply:

- If the received *update bit* is *true*, then the respective ISignal shall be considered for reception.
- If the received *update bit* is *false*, then the respective ISignal shall not be considered for reception.

](RS_MANI_00063)

13.8.5 Transfer properties and transmission modes for Service-Signal-Translation

[TPS_MANI_03590]{DRAFT} **Transfer properties and transmission modes of COM-Stack** [If the ISignalTriggering refers to an ISignalPort with communicationDirection equal out and the ISignalTriggering refers to an ISignal and that ISignal is mapped into an ISignalIPdu with an iPduTimingSpecification and the IPduTiming has a transmissionModeDeclaration defined and the TransmissionModeDeclaration has a transmissionModeCondition defined and the following values for TransmissionModeCondition.dataFilter shall be supported by the service-signal-translation:

- always
- never
- maskedNewEqualsX
- maskedNewDiffersX

](RS_MANI_00063)



Class	TransmissionModeCondition			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemTe	emplate::F	Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication::Timing
Note	Possibility to attach a conc	dition to ea	ach signal	within an I-PDU.
	If at least one condition evaluates to true, TRANSMISSION MODE True shall be used for this I-Pdu. In all other cases, the TRANSMISSION MODE FALSE shall be used.			
Base	ARObject			
Aggregated by	TransmissionModeDeclaration.transmissionModeCondition			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
dataFilter	DataFilter	1	aggr	Possibilities to define conditions
iSignalInIPdu	ISignalToIPduMapping	1	ref	Reference to a signal to which a condition is attached.

Table 13.12: TransmissionModeCondition

Class	TransmissionModeDeclaration						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication::Timing						
Note	AUTOSAR COM provides False) for each I-PDU.	s the possi	bility to de	efine two different TRANSMISSION MODES (True and			
	As TransmissionMode selector the signal content can be evaluated via transmissionModeCondition (implemented directly in the COM module) or mode conditions can be defined with the modeDriven Condition or modeDrivenFalseCondition (evaluated by BswM and invoking Com_SwitchIpduTxMod COM API). If modeDrivenTrueCondition and modeDrivenFalseCondition are defined they shall neve evaluate to true both at the same time.						
	The mixing of Transmissi	on Mode S	witch via	API and signal value is not allowed.			
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	IPduTiming.transmission	ModeDecla	aration				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
modeDriven FalseCondition	ModeDriven TransmissionMode Condition	*	aggr	Defines the trigger for the Com_SwitchlpduTxMode Transmission Mode switch. Only if all defined modeDriven FalseConditions evaluate to true (AND associated) the transmissionModeFalseTiming shall be activated. mode DrivenTrueCondition and modeDrivenFalseCondition shall never evaluate to true both at the same time.			
modeDriven TrueCondition	ModeDriven TransmissionMode Condition	*	aggr	Defines the trigger for the Com_SwitchlpduTxMode Transmission Mode switch. Only if all defined modeDriven TrueConditions evaluate to true (AND associated) the transmissionModeTrueTiming shall be activated. mode DrivenTrueCondition and modeDrivenFalseCondition shall never evaluate to true both at the same time.			
transmission ModeCondition	TransmissionMode Condition	*	aggr	The Transmission Mode Selector evaluates the conditions for a subset of signals and decides which transmission mode should be used. In case only one transmission mode is used there is no need for the "TransmissionMode Condition" and its sub-structure. In case the transmission mode shall be switched using the COM-API "Com_Switch IpduTxMode" there is no need for the "TransmissionMode Condition" and its sub-structure.			
transmission ModeFalse Timing	TransmissionMode Timing	01	aggr	Timing Specification if the COM Transmission Mode is false. The Transmission Mode Selector is defined to be false, if all Conditions evaluate to false.			
transmission ModeTrue Timing	TransmissionMode Timing	01	aggr	Timing Specification if the COM Transmission Mode is true. The Transmission Mode Selector is defined to be true, if at least one Condition evaluates to true.			

Table 13.13: TransmissionModeDeclaration



13.8.6 Deadline monitoring

The application software is responsible for the deadline monitoring.

13.8.7 Signal and IPdu Transmission

The application software is responsible for the periodic production of data and triggering of sending.

13.8.8 IPdu multiplexing

On low-payload networks there is the usage of IPdu Multiplexing to handle the limited number of identifiers for the respective network transport (e.g. CAN-lds). The potential alternatives of a MultiplexedIPdu shall be represented as optional alternative Cp-pImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE in the ServiceInterface event or field.

[TPS_MANI_03597]{DRAFT} **Support for MultiplexedIPdu** [The signal/service translation shall support the handling of MultiplexedIPdu defined payload. The support shall be available for sending and receiving of MultiplexedIPdus.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03638]{DRAFT} **Mapping of MultiplexedIPdu** [The content of the MultiplexedIPdu shall be mapped to a CppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE consisting of the elements:

- MultiplexedIPdu static part: directly mapped into the top-level structure
- MultiplexedIPdu dynamic part: each dynamic part alternative shall be mapped inside a CppImplementationDataTypeElement of category STRUCTURE

](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03639]{DRAFT} **Mapping of MultiplexedIPdu static part** [The content of the MultiplexedIPdu static part shall be mapped to the a CppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE defined for the whole MultiplexedIPdu in [TPS_MANI_03638].](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03640]{DRAFT} **Mapping of MultiplexedIPdu dynamic part** [The content of each MultiplexedIPdu dynamic part shall be mapped to one of the optional alternatives of the CppImplementationDataTypeElement of category STRUCTURE with CppImplementationDataTypeElement.isOptional set to *true* for each dynamic part in [TPS_MANI_03638].](*RS_MANI_00063*)



Note that even in cases where there is just one member mapped from a MultiplexedIPdu dynamic part there shall still be a wrapping CppImple-mentationDataTypeElement of category STRUCTURE defined according to [TPS_MANI_03640].

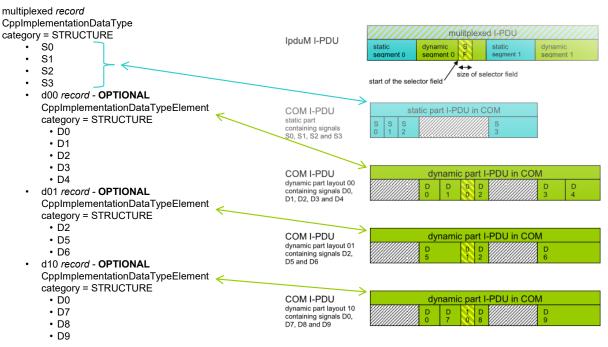


Figure 13.26: Example mapping for MultiplexedIPdu

[TPS_MANI_03641]{DRAFT} No mapping of MultiplexedIPdu selector field value [The selector field value of a MultiplexedIPdu shall not be mapped in the context of signal-service-translation (or service-signal-translation).](*RS_MANI_00063*)

In order to keep the event or field of the <u>ServiceInterface</u> status consistent there shall only be exactly one of the optional alternatives used.

[TPS_MANI_03642]{DRAFT} **Exactly one alternative defined for mapped event** / **field during runtime** [Exactly one option (as defined in [TPS_MANI_03640] for the dynamic part) shall be defined in the event / field representing the MultiplexedIPdu during runtime.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

In figure 13.26 an example for the mapping between a MultiplexedIPdu and the composite data type is illustrated.

13.9 End-to-End considerations

The signal/service translation on Adaptive platform follows a single-sided approach on ara::com. To the application software there is no difference whether the service is communicated using SOME/IP or DDS, or whether the service originates



in a signal/service translation. As the translation is running in the same Process as the application software itself, the application software has direct access to the translated service payload.

In case there is an E2E header attached and/or a secure communication defined the translation software needs to check the validity (for reception) or calculate the CRC/-MAC (for sending) of signal-based payload.

The information whether and which E2E / Security profile is configured is defined in the System Template [19] part belonging to the mapping information of sections 13.4.3, 13.4.5, and 13.4.6.

The assignment of the ISignals to ISignalIPdus which in turn are assigned to SecuredIPdus defines the security aspects.

The assignment of ISignals to EndToEndTransformationDescriptions define the safety aspects.

13.9.1 Safety

The attribute SignalServiceTranslationEventProps.safeTranslation is used to explicitly require that the translation shall be configured in a safe transport and that the translation software shall handle the translation activity in an end-to-end preserving way.

[TPS_MANI_03607]{DRAFT} **Handling of safe signal/service translation in one Executable** [It is required that the signal-service-translation (and service-signal-translation) of one Service/SignalGroup pair which are mapped to each other, shall be handled in one Executable to also cover a closed mapping from one E2E profile to another, if necessary.

The signal/service translation of different (independent) Services/Signal-Groups may be handled by different Executables.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03608]{DRAFT} **Support for safe signal/service translation** [The translation of E2E protected data shall be supported in both directions, signal-service-translation and service-signal-translation.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03609]{DRAFT} Support for safe signal/service translation with same or different E2E profiles [The translation of E2E protected data shall support the occurrence of

- the same E2E profile on both sides of the communication and
- different E2E profiles on each side of the communication.

](*RS_MANI_00063*)



[TPS_MANI_03610]{DRAFT} **1:n mapping for E2E protected data** [It shall be possible to map the same E2E protected source data to several E2E protected target data (1:n).](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03611]{DRAFT} **E2E protected target out of E2E protected sources** [The content of one E2E protected target shall only be composed out of data from E2E protected sources.]*(RS_MANI_00063)*

The rationale for [TPS_MANI_03611] is to support the use-case where target data shall be E2E protected and it is composed of several sources.

[TPS_MANI_03614]{DRAFT} **No translation of not OK E2E protected data out of several sources** [If a E2E protected source data is mapped into a composed E2E protected target data (according to [TPS_MANI_03611]) and if the E2E-Check for the source data returns any E2E error (not *E_OK*) then this source data shall not be forwarded to the respective target data and (if applicable) shall not trigger the transmission of the target.] (*RS_MANI_00063*)

If source data is not verified as E_OK it is not translated. If the translated E2E protected data comes from several sources there may occur correlation and synchronicity issues during translation.

[TPS_MANI_03612]{DRAFT} **Sufficient ASIL level of translation software** [If the SignalServiceTranslationEventProps.safeTranslation equals true then the implementation of the translation software shall fulfill a sufficient ASIL.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[constr_3554]{DRAFT} **E2E protection configuration check** [If the SignalSer-viceTranslationEventProps.safeTranslation equals true then the signal-based payload shall have an EndToEnd profile defined.]()

The current EndToEnd profiles for Classic platform rely on a periodic communication paradigm. For the translation software of the Adaptive platform this requires to know the specified period the payload has to be updated / checked for.

[TPS_MANI_03598]{DRAFT} **Expected check period of E2E-Protected payload** [If the RPortPrototype has a ReceiverComSpec.receptionProps.dataUpdate-Period defined for an event then the application software calling the ara::com APIs shall check periodically for updates using the specified period.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03599]{DRAFT} **Expected update period of E2E-Protected payload** [If the PPortPrototype has a SenderComSpec.transmissionProps.dataUpdatePeriod defined for an event then the application software calling the ara::com APIs shall periodically update the event using the specified period.](*RS_MANI_-*00063)



Class	ReceptionComSpecProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWCom	oonentTer	nplate::Communication	
Note	This meta-class defines a implement.	set of rec	eption att	ributes which the application software is assumed to	
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	ReceiverComSpec.receptionProps				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
dataUpdate Period	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute defines the period in which the application shall check for updated data. This attribute is used for the configuration of the E2E protection, but may also indicate a general data reception period.	
timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute defines the time interval after which the application shall assume that the to be received data reception has timed out, i.e. the respective data has not been received for that amount of time.	

Table 13.14: ReceptionComSpecProps

Class	TransmissionComSpecProps				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	ponentTer	nplate::Communication	
Note	This meta-class defines a implement.	set of trar	nsmission	attributes which the application software is assumed to	
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	SenderComSpec.transmissionProps				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
dataUpdate Period	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute defines the period in which the application is assumed to transmit the respective data.	
minimumSend Interval	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute defines the minimum interval between two consecutive transmissions of the respective data the application is assumed to ensure.	
transmission Mode	TransmissionMode DefinitionEnum	01	attr	The attribute defines the mode in which the application is assumed to transmit the respective data.	

Table 13.15: TransmissionComSpecProps

Enumeration	TransmissionModeDefinitionEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Communication			
Note	This meta-class defines possible settings for the transmission mode.			
Aggregated by	TransmissionComSpecProps.transmissionMode			
Literal	Description			
cyclic	The data is assumed to be transmitted in a cyclic manner. The cycle is defined by dataUpdatePeriod.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			
cyclicAndOn Change	The data is assumed to be transmitted in a cyclic manner (with cycle time dataUpdatePeriod) and additionally there may be arbitrary transmission if the data value changes (minimumSendInterval to be respected, if defined).			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2			
triggered	The data is assumed to be transmitted in an arbitrary manner (minimumSendInterval to be respected, if defined).			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			

Table 13.16: TransmissionModeDefinitionEnum



13.9.1.1 Signal-service-translation

[TPS_MANI_03600]{DRAFT} **Signal-service-translation of E2E protected payload** [Signal-service-translation shall check the end-to-end status of every received signal-based payload. If the E2E-Check returns E_OK for the received payload then the data shall be forwarded to the respective sending of the translation software.] (*RS_MANI_-00063*)

Error handling:

[TPS_MANI_03601]{DRAFT} **Signal-service-translation of E2E protected payload** - **timeout handling** [If no message is received within the specified message cycle time (timeout is detected), then no data shall be transmitted to the service-based part.] (*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03602]{DRAFT} **Signal-service-translation of E2E protected payload** - **error handling** [If the E2E-Check returns any E2E error (not *E_OK*), then the service-based message shall reflect that E2E error.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

Note: This is necessary to provide E2E information to the application software and support an End-to-End view on the data exchange from sender to receiver / provider to consumer.

13.9.1.2 Service-signal-translation

[TPS_MANI_03603]{DRAFT} **Service-signal-translation of E2E protected payload** [Service-signal-translation shall check the end-to-end status of every received service-oriented payload. If the E2E-Check returns E_OK for the received payload then the data can be forwarded to the respective sending of the translation software.] (*RS_-MANI_00063*)

Error handling:

[TPS_MANI_03604]{DRAFT} **Service-signal-translation of E2E protected payload** - **timeout handling** [If no message is received within the specified message cycle time (timeout is detected), then no data shall be transmitted to the signal-based part.] (*RS_MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03605]{DRAFT} **Service-signal-translation of E2E protected payload** - **error handling** [If the service-oriented payload is handed over with any E2E error (not *E_OK*), then the newly created signal-based E2E protected message shall reflect that E2E error.](*RS_MANI_00063*)

Note: This is necessary to provide E2E information to the receiving application and support an End-to-End view on the data exchange from sender to receiver/provider to consumer.



13.9.2 Security

In the context of Signal Service Translation the Secure Onboard Communication *SecOC* [36] is the major security technology. Further technologies (like *IPSec* or *TLS*) have not been included in the considerations for signal/service translation.

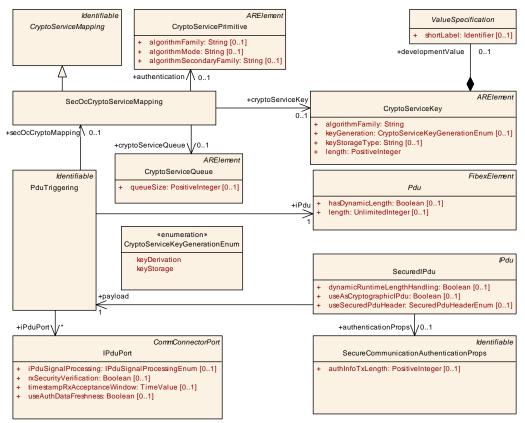


Figure 13.27: SecOC configuration

The configuration of *SecOC* on the signal-based communication is defined by having the <code>ISignalTriggering</code> used in one of the <code>signal/service</code> translation mappings refer to an <code>ISignal</code> and that <code>ISignal</code> is part of an <code>ISignalIPdu</code>. A <code>PduTriggering</code> of this <code>ISignalIPdu</code> is referenced by a <code>SecuredIPdu</code> in the role <code>payload</code>.

The SecuredIPdu defines all the details which are required to *generate / verify* the cryptographic information. The description of the configuration is provided in the System Template of Classic platform [19].



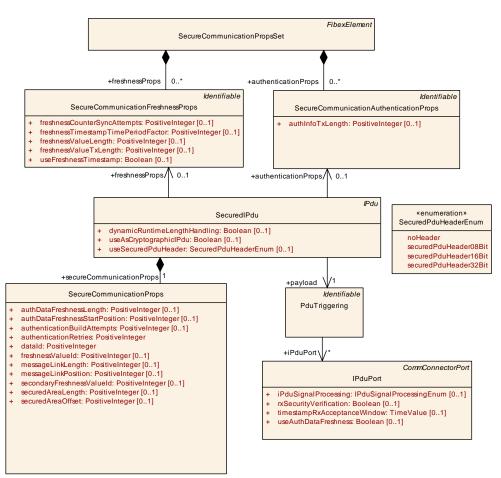


Figure 13.28: Details on SecuredIPdu

As the *SecOC* is highly embedded into the Classic platform architecture the signal/service translation approach on security is to use the same architecture for its specification.

13.9.2.1 Restrictions on Classic Platform SecOC

[constr_3555]{DRAFT} No support for useAsCryptographicIPdu is true [The signal/service translation does not support the case where the PduTriggering is referencing a SecuredIPdu where the attribute useAsCryptographicIPdu is set to true.]()

The rationale for [constr_3555] is that the separate handling of two PDUs for the transport of one secured message is not supported by the SOME/IP protocol. In such cases the signal/service translation has to be performed on a Classic platform gateway ECU.



13.9.2.2 Link between Classic Platform SecOC and CryptoKeySlot

While most of the information how to configure the SecOC behavior are available in the Classic platform model, there is also the need to define which CryptoKeySlot shall be used for the processing of the SecOC message.

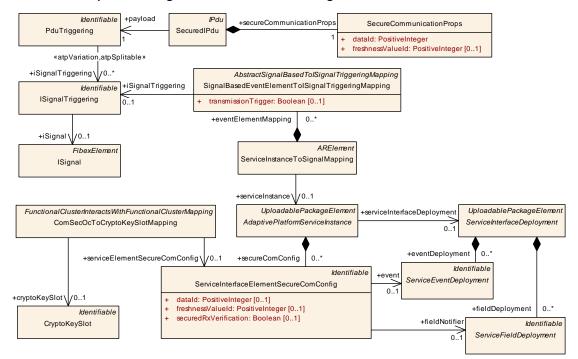


Figure 13.29: Classic SecOC and Adaptive CryptoKeySlot

[TPS_MANI_03636]{DRAFT} **Definition of ServiceInterfaceElementSecure-ComConfig in the context of signal/service translation** [A ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig at the AdaptivePlatformService-Instance shall be created for each Event or FieldNotifier if the following conditions apply:

- the AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance is target of a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping in the role serviceInstance
- the ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping has a SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping (resp. SignalBasedField-ToISignalTriggeringMapping) that refers to an ISignalTriggering that are part of an ISignalIPdu
- that ISignalIPdu is referenced by a PduTriggering which in turn is referenced by a SecuredIPdu in the role payload
- the SecuredIPdu is referenced by a PduTriggering and that PduTriggering refers to an IPduPort that has the attribute rxSecurityVerification set to true.

(*RS_MANI_00063*)



[TPS_MANI_03637]{DRAFT} **Ignored attributes of ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig in the context of signal/service translation** [If a ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig qualifies according to [TPS_MANI_03636] then any attributes (e.g. dataId and freshnessValueId) except the reference in the role event or fieldNotifier - shall be ignored. The information how to configure the SecOC shall be taken from the SecuredIPdu.](RS_-*MANI_00063*)

[TPS_MANI_03663]{DRAFT} **Ignored references of ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping in the context of signal/service translation** [If an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance qualifies according to [TPS_MANI_03636] and a Service-InstanceToMachineMapping exists that refers to that AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance in the role serviceInstance and in the context of that Service-InstanceToMachineMapping any of the following references exist:

- ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.secureComPropsForUdp
- ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.secureComPropsForTcp
- ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.secOcComPropsForMulticast,

they shall be ignored. | (RS_MANI_00063)

The information of SecOcSecureComProps is available from the SecuredIPdu description in:

- SecureCommunicationAuthenticationProps.authInfoTxLength
- SecureCommunicationFreshnessProps.freshnessValueLength
- SecureCommunicationFreshnessProps.freshnessValueTxLength
- SecOcCryptoServiceMapping.authentication.



14 Cross-FunctionalCluster interaction

[TPS_MANI_03268]{DRAFT} **Semantics of FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping** [Abstract meta-class Functional-ClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping provides an anchor for the specification of interaction between two functional clusters.

The identification of the interaction use case towards the functional cluster implementation is done by using an InstanceSpecifier of the concrete subclass of FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping that is used to define the concrete interaction.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

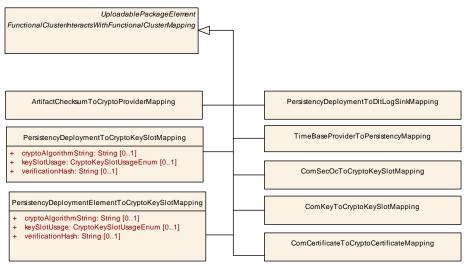


Figure 14.1: FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping Overview

Class	FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping						
Note	This meta-class identifies a relation between functional clusters on the adaptive platform such one functional cluster can call APIs of the other functional cluster.						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement						
Subclasses	ArtifactChecksumToCryptoProviderMapping, ComCertificateToCryptoCertificateMapping, ComKeyTo CryptoKeySlotMapping, ComSecOcToCryptoKeySlotMapping, DeterministicSyncMasterToTimeBase ConsumerMapping, FunctionalClusterInteractsWithPersistencyDeploymentMapping, Persistency DeploymentElementToCryptoKeySlotMapping, PersistencyDeploymentToCryptoKeySlotMapping, PersistencyDeploymentToDltLogSinkMapping, TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping, UcmToTime BaseResourceMapping						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
_	_	_	_	_			

Table 14.1: FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping



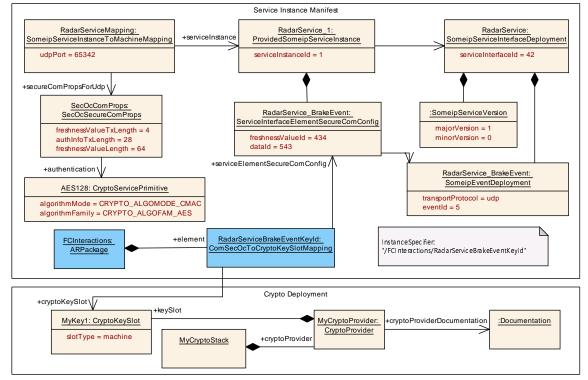


Figure 14.2: Example for the usage of FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping

In case of an application the model-path to an PortPrototype that is referencing a specific PortInterface defines the InstanceSpecifier that is used as identification towards the functional cluster implementation.

In case of a FunctionalCluster interaction the PortPrototype is not available. Therefore the path to a mapping element that is derived from FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping is used to define the InstanceSpecifier that is used in the API call.

The following figure shows the supported FunctionalClusterInteractsWith-FunctionalClusterMapping subclasses that are available in the model.

The following Figure 14.2 shows an example for the usage of FunctionalCluster-InteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping. In this example, the Service Instance Manifest describes a configuration for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance that contains an Event that is protected by SecOC.

Inside of the Service Instance Manifest the "RadarServiceBrakeEventKeyld" represents the FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping that is located in the ARPackage "FCInteractions".

These two elements in the manifest define the InstanceSpecifier "/FCInteractions/RadarServiceBrakeEventKeyId" that is used in the Crypto API call from the Communication Management. This InstanceSpecifier is resolved to a concrete CryptoKeySlot with the information that is available in the Crypto Deployment.



14.1 Com Certificate To Crypto Certificate Mapping

[TPS_MANI_03269]{DRAFT} **Semantics of ComCertificateToCryptoCertificateMapping** [The meta-class ComCertificateToCryptoCertificateMapping provides an anchor for the specification of interaction between the COM FunctionalCluster and the Crypto FunctionalCluster and is used to map a CryptoServiceCertificate defined in COM to a CryptoCertificate defined in the Crypto Stack.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

Class	ComCertificateToCryptoCertificateMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment					
Note	This meta-class maps the CryptoServiceCertificate defined in the COM deployment to the Crypto Certificate defined in the Crypto Stack.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=FCInteractions					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
crypto Certificate	CryptoCertificate	01	ref	Reference to the CryptoCertifcate in the Crypto Stack.		
cryptoService Certificate	CryptoService Certificate	01	ref	Reference to the cryptoServiceCertificate in the Com deployment		

Table 14.2: ComCertificateToCryptoCertificateMapping

Figure 14.3 shows the ComCertificateToCryptoCertificateMapping used to assign a CryptoServiceCertificate defined in the TLS configuration to a CryptoCertificate in the Crypto Stack.



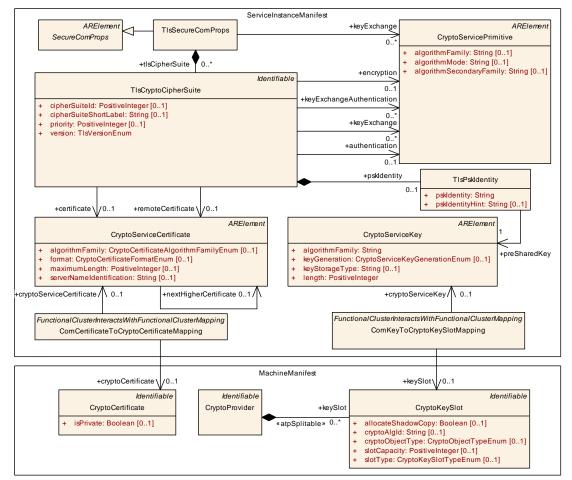


Figure 14.3: Mapping of TLS config elements to crypto objects in the crypto stack

14.2 Com Key To Crypto Key Slot Mapping

[TPS_MANI_03270]{DRAFT} **Semantics of ComKeyToCryptoKeySlotMapping** [The meta-class ComKeyToCryptoKeySlotMapping provides an anchor for the specification of interaction between the COM FunctionalCluster and the Crypto FunctionalCluster and is used to map a CryptoServiceKey defined in COM to a CryptoKeySlot defined in the Crypto Stack. | (RS_MANI_00023)

Figure 14.4 shows the ComKeyToCryptoKeySlotMapping used to assign a CryptoServiceKey defined in the IPsec configuration to CryptoKeySlot in the Crypto Stack.



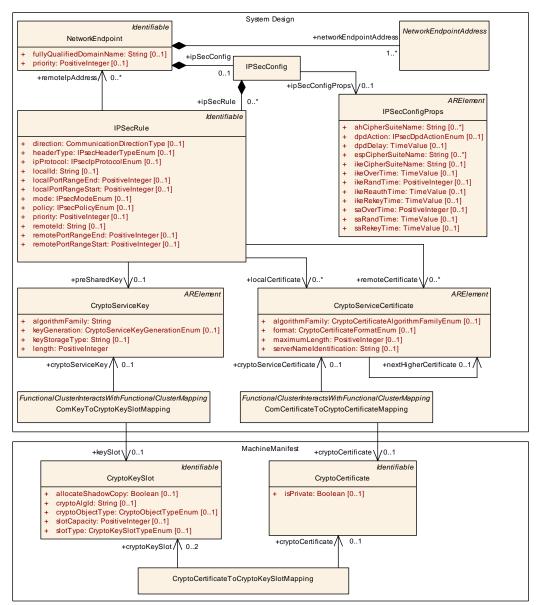


Figure 14.4: Mapping of IPsec config elements to crypto objects in the crypto stack

Class	ComKeyToCryptoKeySlotMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplat	es::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment			
Note	This meta-class maps the CryptoServiceKey defined in the COM deployment to the CryptoKeySlot defined in the Crypto Stack.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=FCInteractions						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
cryptoService	CryptoServiceKey	01	ref	Reference to the cryptoServiceKey in the Com			
Key				deployment			

Table 14.3: ComKeyToCryptoKeySlotMapping



14.3 Com SecOc To Crypto Key Slot Mapping

[TPS_MANI_03271]{DRAFT} **Semantics of ComSecOcToCryptoKeySlotMapping** [The meta-class ComSecOcToCryptoKeySlotMapping provides an anchor for the specification of interaction between the COM FunctionalCluster and the Crypto FunctionalCluster and is used to map a ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig defined in COM to a CryptoKeySlot defined in the Crypto Stack.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

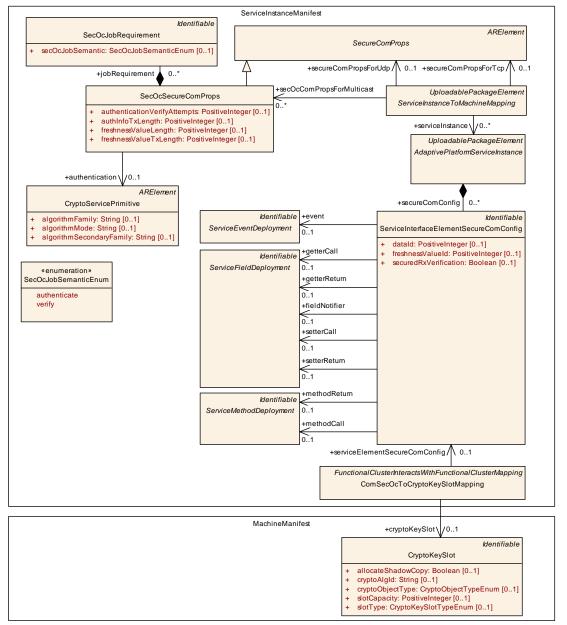


Figure 14.5: Mapping of SecOC config elements to crypto objects in the crypto stack



Class	ComSecOcToCryptoKeySlotMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment		
Note	This meta-class maps the ServiceElementSecureComConfig defined in the COM deployment to the CryptoKeySlot defined in the Crypto Stack.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=FCInteractions					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
cryptoKeySlot	CryptoKeySlot	01	ref	Reference to the CryptoKeySlot in the Crypto Stack.		
serviceElement SecureCom Config	ServiceInterface ElementSecureCom Config	01	ref	Reference to the ServiceInterfaceElementSecureCom Config element in the COM config.		

Table 14.4: ComSecOcToCryptoKeySlotMapping

Figure 14.5 shows the ComSecOcToCryptoKeySlotMapping used to assign a ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig defined in the SecOC configuration to CryptoKeySlot in the Crypto Stack.

14.4 Persistency Deployment To Crypto Key Slot Mapping

[TPS_MANI_03272]{DRAFT} Semantics of PersistencyDeploymentToCryptoKeySlotMapping [The meta-class PersistencyDeploymentToCryptoKeySlotMapping provides an anchor for the specification of interaction between the Persistency FunctionalCluster and the Crypto FunctionalCluster and is used to map a PersistencyDeployment defined in Persistency to a CryptoKeySlot defined in the Crypto Stack.](*RS MANI 00023*)

Class	PersistencyDeployment	ToCrypto	KeySlotN	lapping		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment		
Note	This meta-class represent CryptoKeySlot.	s the abili	ty to defir	e a mapping between the PersistencyDeployment and a		
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=F	CInteracti	ons		
Base				FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping, geableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
cryptoAlgorithm String	String	01	attr	This attribute defines the cryptographic algorithm used for hashing, encryption, decryption, signature/MAC verification, or MAC generation.		
cryptoKeySlot	CryptoKeySlot	01	ref	This reference represents the mapped CryptoKeySlot.		
keySlotUsage	CryptoKeySlotUsage Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines the role of the keySlot assignment.		
persistency Deployment	PersistencyDeployment	01	ref	This reference represents the mapped Persistency Deployment.		
verificationHash	String	01	attr	This attribute defines the hash of the storage used in case of verification.		

Table 14.5: PersistencyDeploymentToCryptoKeySlotMapping



[constr_10232]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role Persistency-DeploymentToCryptoKeySlotMapping.persistencyDeployment [For each PersistencyDeploymentToCryptoKeySlotMapping, the reference in the role persistencyDeployment shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

Enumeration	CryptoKeySlotUsageEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment
Note	This enum defines the possible roles of the keySlotUsage.
Aggregated by	PersistencyDeploymentElementToCryptoKeySlotMapping.keySlotUsage, PersistencyDeploymentTo CryptoKeySlotMapping.keySlotUsage
Literal	Description
encryption	Key slot usage for encryption
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1
verification	Key slot usage for verification
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0

Table 14.6: CryptoKeySlotUsageEnum

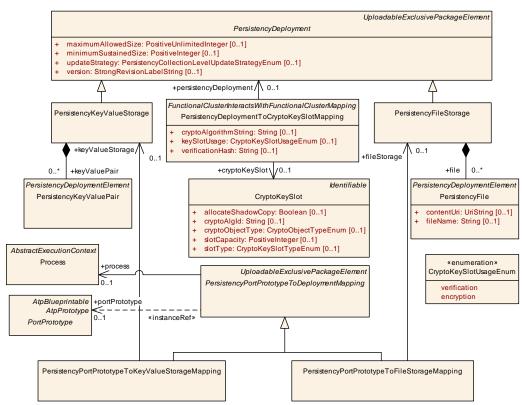


Figure 14.6: Mapping of PersistencyDeployment to crypto objects in the crypto stack



14.5 Persistency Deployment Element To Crypto Key Slot Mapping

[TPS_MANI_03273]{DRAFT} Semantics of PersistencyDeploymentElement-ToCryptoKeySlotMapping [The meta-class PersistencyDeploymentElementToCryptoKeySlotMapping provides an anchor for the specification of interaction between the Persistency FunctionalCluster and the Crypto FunctionalCluster and is used to map a PersistencyDeploymentElement defined in Persistency to a CryptoKeySlot defined in the Crypto Stack. |*(RS_MANI_00023)*

Class	PersistencyDeploymentElementToCryptoKeySlotMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::CryptoDeployment			
Note	This meta-class represent and a CryptoKeySlot.	s the abili	ty to defir	ne a mapping between the PersistencyDeploymentElement			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=F	CInteracti	ons			
Base				FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping, geableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
cryptoAlgorithm String	String	01	attr	This attribute defines the cryptographic algorithm used for hashing, encryption, decryption, signature/MAC verification, or MAC generation.			
cryptoKeySlot	CryptoKeySlot	01	ref	This reference represents the mapped CryptoKeySlot.			
keySlotUsage	CryptoKeySlotUsage Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines the role of the keySlot assignment.			
persistency Deployment Element	PersistencyDeployment Element	01	ref	This reference represents the mapped Persistency Deployment.			
verificationHash	String	01	attr	This attribute defines the hash of the storage used in case of verification.			

Table 14.7: PersistencyDeploymentElementToCryptoKeySlotMapping

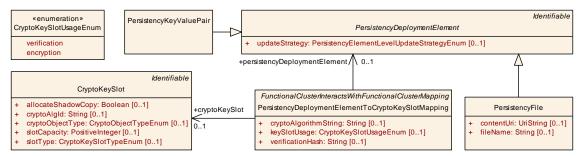


Figure 14.7: Mapping of PersistencyDeploymentElement to crypto objects in the crypto stack



14.6 Persistency Deployment To Dlt Log Sink Mapping

[TPS_MANI_03276]{DRAFT} **Semantics of PersistencyDeployment-ToDltLogSinkMapping** [The meta-class PersistencyDeploymentToDlt-LogSinkMapping provides an anchor for the specification of interaction between the Persistency FunctionalCluster and Log & Trace and is used to map a PersistencyDeployment defined in Persistency to a DltLogSink defined in the LogAndTraceInstantiation.]*(RS MANI 00023)*

Class	PersistencyDeploymentToDItLogSinkMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::LogAndTrace		
Note	This meta-class represent LogSink.	ts the abili	ty to defir	e a mapping between the PersistencyDeployment and a DIt		
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=F	CInteracti	ons		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
dltContext	DltContext	01	ref	Reference to the DltContext to which this mapping belongs.		
logSink	DltLogSink	01	ref	Reference to the DltLogSink to which the Persistency Deployment is mapped		
persistency Deployment	PersistencyDeployment	01	ref	This reference represents the mapped Persistency Deployment.		

 Table 14.8: PersistencyDeploymentToDltLogSinkMapping

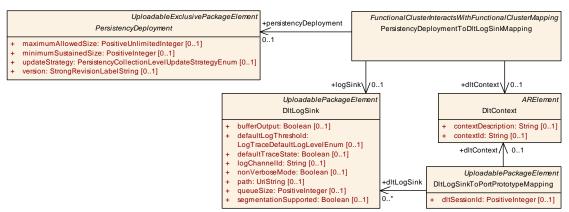


Figure 14.8: Mapping of PersistencyDeployment to DltLogSink

14.7 Ucm To Time Base Resource Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01374]{DRAFT} **Semantics of UcmToTimeBaseResourceMapping** [The meta-class UcmToTimeBaseResourceMapping provides an anchor for the specification of interaction between the Ucm Functional Cluster and Time Sync Functional Cluster and is used to identify the source of timestamp-information in the UCM.] (*RS_MANI_00023*)



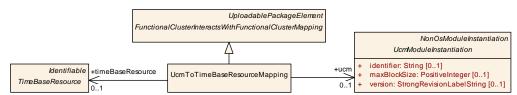


Figure 14.9: Mapping of the Ucm Functional Cluster to the Time Sync Functional Cluster

Class	UcmToTimeBaseResourceMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Ucm			
Note	This meta-class maps the	UCM Mo	dule Insta	ntiation to the TimeSync Module Instantiation.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=F	CInteracti	ons			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
timeBase Resource	TimeBaseResource	01	ref	This reference identifies the relevant TimeBaseResource.			
ucm	UcmModuleInstantiation	01	ref	This reference identifies the relevant UcmModule Instantiation.			

 Table 14.9:
 UcmToTimeBaseResourceMapping

14.8 Functional Cluster Interacts With Persistency Deployment Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01379]{DRAFT} **Semantics of FunctionalClusterInter**actsWithPersistencyDeploymentMapping [Meta-class FunctionalClusterInteractsWithPersistencyDeploymentMapping provides the ability to specify that (and how) a functional cluster that is implemented as a **library component** wants to access persistently stored data (formalized by meta-class PersistencyDeployment) on the target platform.]*(RS_MANI_00023)*

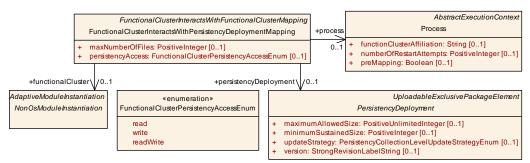


Figure 14.10: Mapping of any non-OS Functional Cluster to the Persistency Functional Cluster



Please note that the functional clusters are typically not dealing with modeled data types and therefore a formalized relation of FunctionalClusterInteractsWithPersistencyDeploymentMapping to a subclass of CppImplementationDataType is not foreseen.

Class	FunctionalClusterInteractsWithPersistencyDeploymentMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency			
Note	This meta-class represent subclass of NonOsModule			e a mapping between any functional cluster modeled as a PersistencyDeployment.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=F	CInteracti	ons			
Base				FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping, geableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
functional Cluster	NonOsModule Instantiation	01	ref	This reference identifies the client functional cluster that wants to use persistency.			
maxNumberOf Files	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the definition of an upper bound for the handling of files at run-time in the context of the enclosing FunctionalClusterInteractsWithPersistency DeploymentMapping.			
persistency Access	FunctionalCluster PersistencyAccess Enum	01	attr	This attribute represents the definition of the persistency access of all kinds of persisted data at run-time in the context of the enclosing FunctionalClusterInteractsWith PersistencyDeploymentMapping.			
persistency Deployment	PersistencyDeployment	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable Persistency Deployment.			
process	Process	01	ref	"This reference identifies the applicable process.			

Table 14.10: FunctionalClusterInteractsWithPersistencyDeploymentMapping

Enumeration	FunctionalClusterPersistencyAccessEnum				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::Persistency				
Note	This meta-class provides possible values about how functional clusters may use persistency with respect to the direction of access.				
Aggregated by	FunctionalClusterInteractsWithPersistencyDeploymentMapping.persistencyAccess				
Literal	Description				
read	Functional Cluster wants to access persistency with a read semantics.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0				
readWrite Functional Cluster wants to access persistency with a read and write semantics.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2				
write Functional Cluster wants to access persistency with a write semantics.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1				

Table 14.11: FunctionalClusterPersistencyAccessEnum



14.9 Deterministic Synchronization Mapping

[TPS_MANI_01409]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class DeterministicSyncMasterToTimeBaseConsumerMapping [The meta-class DeterministicSyncMasterToTimeBaseConsumerMapping provides an anchor for the specification of interaction between a deterministicSyncMaster and a timeBaseConsumer for the purpose of using the time base for the creation of time stamps used in the synchronization process.](*RS_MANI_00023*)

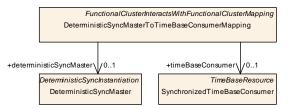


Figure 14.11: Mapping of a DeterministicSyncMaster to a SynchronizedTime-BaseConsumer

Class	DeterministicSyncMasterToTimeBaseConsumerMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::DeterministicSync		
Note	This meta-class has the ability to create an association between a deterministic sync master and the time-base consumer that is used to provide the sync master with a time base for creating time stamps for certain use cases.					
	Tags: atp.Status=draft atp.recommendedPackage=FCInteractions					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
deterministic SyncMaster	DeterministicSync Master	01	ref	This reference identifies the deterministic sync master in the scope of the mapping.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft		
timeBase Consumer	SynchronizedTimeBase Consumer	01	ref	This reference identifies the time base consumer in the scope of the mapping.		
				Tags:atp.Status=draft		

Table 14.12: DeterministicSyncMasterToTimeBaseConsumerMapping

[constr_10408]{DRAFT} Existence of DeterministicSyncMasterToTime-BaseConsumerMapping.deterministicSyncMaster [For each DeterministicSyncMasterToTimeBaseConsumerMapping, the reference in the role deterministicSyncMaster shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10409]{DRAFT} Existence of DeterministicSyncMasterToTime-BaseConsumerMapping.timeBaseConsumer [For each DeterministicSync-MasterToTimeBaseConsumerMapping, the reference in the role timeBaseConsumer shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



15 Software Distribution

15.1 Overview

One of the key features of the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* is the ability to extend the software on a given ECU without having to re-flash the entire ECU. Instead, software packages are uploaded to the ECU where the content is taken care of by responsible platform modules.

The reason why this topic is relevant for the modeling is the fact that an uploadable software package consists not only of software itself but also of manifest content required to support the integration of the uploaded software with the existing platform instance.

As far as the meta-model is concerned, the discussion about manifests and which manifest content needs to go with which other model elements doesn't care about the file granularity. In other words, it would not make sense to formalize the uploadable software package on the basis of references to files that carry model elements.

Instead, the view on the manifest topic from the modeling point of view focuses on model elements that make up manifest content.

Therefore, the modeling of an uploadable software package allows for putting references to all the required model elements that, in their entirety, make up the manifest of the corresponding application software that is also going to end up in the uploadable software package.

From the formal point of view, such an uploadable software package is modeled as a so-called <u>SoftwareCluster</u>. This meta-class is the root element that in turn describes all the necessary content of an uploadable software package.

However, the software package obviously isn't created out of thin air. It is the result of a workflow that starts from the formulation of requirements on the content of a SoftwareCluster.

These requirements are formalized by means of meta-class <code>SoftwareClusterDe-signs</code>.

The relation between SoftwareClusterDesign and SoftwareCluster is depicted in Figure 15.1.

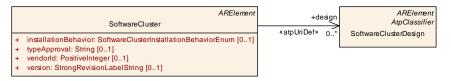


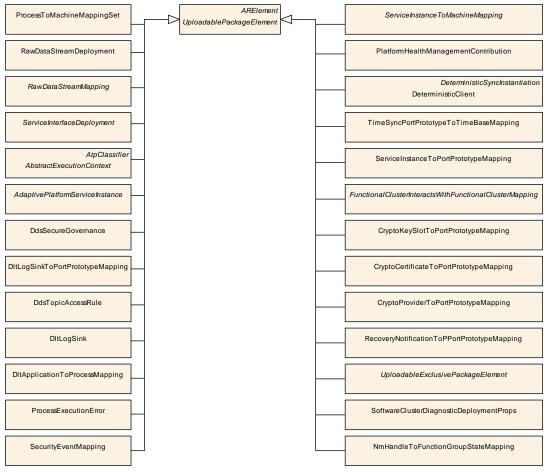
Figure 15.1: Relation of SoftwareClusterDesign to SoftwareCluster



[TPS_MANI_01109]{DRAFT} **Semantics of UploadablePackageElement** [In order to keep the complexity of the modeling of SoftwareCluster as low as possible abstract meta-class UploadablePackageElement has been created.

This allows for the referencing of model elements derived from UploadablePackageElement that need to be considered in an uploadable software package from within a SoftwareCluster with just the reference containedPackageElement.

The same applies for SoftwareClusterDesign and the respective reference requiredPackageElement.](RS_MANI_00035)





Package M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::General Note This meta-class acts as an abstract base class for all meta-classes that need to be added to an uploadable software package in order to complete the manifest content. Base ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable	Class	UploadablePackageElement (abstract)
Base ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable	Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::General
	Note	
Liononi, Holonabo	Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable



			\triangle		
Class	UploadablePackage	Element (abs	tract)		
Subclasses	AbstractExecutionContext, AdaptiveFirewallToPortPrototypeMapping, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance CryptoCertificateToPortPrototypeMapping, CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping, CryptoProviderTo PortPrototypeMapping, DdsSecureGovernance, DdsTopicAccessRule, DeterministicClient, DltApplicati ToProcessMapping, DltLogSink, DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping, FunctionalClusterInteractsWith FunctionalClusterMapping, NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping, PlatformHealthManagement Contribution, ProcessExecutionError, ProcessToMachineMappingSet, RawDataStreamDeployment, Ra DataStreamMapping, RecoveryNotification, RecoveryNotificationToPPortPrototypeMapping, Security EventMapping, ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping, ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping, Service InterfaceDeployment, SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps, TimeSyncPortPrototypeToTimeBat Mapping, UbloadableExclusivePackageElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
_	-	-	-	-	

Table 15.1: UploadablePackageElement

Please note that this approach to collecting elements is very similar in semantics to System.fibexElement Or DiagnosticContributionSet.element.

15.2 Software Cluster

15.2.1 Software Cluster General Modeling

[TPS_MANI_01110]{DRAFT} **Semantics of SoftwareCluster** [The existence of a SoftwareCluster represents an uploadable software package.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

[TPS_MANI_01213]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class StrongRevisionLabel-String [Meta-class StrongRevisionLabelString supports the specification of a version number for a SoftwareCluster that consists of four components ([constr_1747] applies):

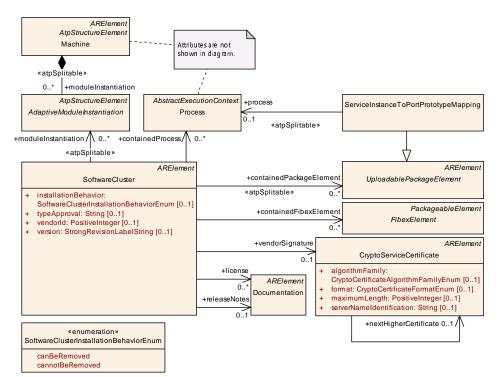
- Major version
- Minor version
- Patch version
- Additional labels for pre-release version and build metadata

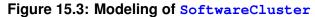
](*RS_MANI_00035*)

[TPS_MANI_01410]{DRAFT} Semantics of attribute SoftwareCluster.installationBehavior [Attribute SoftwareCluster.installationBehavior determines the behavior of a SoftwareCluster in terms of whether it will be allowed to remove the SoftwareCluster from the target machine.

The decision to declare a SoftwareCluster non-removable is most likely limited to SoftwareClusters with a significant share of platform-level software.](*RS_MANI_-00035*)







Class	SoftwareCluster						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution						
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define an uploadable software-package, i.e. the SoftwareCluster shall contain all software and configuration for a given purpose.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=S	oftwareCl	usters			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
artifact Checksum	ArtifactChecksum	*	aggr	This aggregation carries the checksums for artifacts contained in the enclosing SoftwareCluster.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=artifactChecksum.shortName, artifact Checksum.uri			
artifactLocator	ArtifactLocator	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the artifact locations that are relevant in the context of the enclosing SoftwareCluster			
claimed FunctionGroup	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	*	ref	Each SoftwareCluster can reserve the usage of a given functionGroup such that no other SoftwareCluster is allowed to use it			
conflictsTo	SoftwareCluster DependencyFormula	01	aggr	This aggregation handles conflicts. If it yields true then the SoftwareCluster shall not be installed.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=conflictsTo			



Class	SoftwareCluster			
contained ARElement	ARElement	*	ref	This reference represents the collection of model elements that cannot derive from UploadablePackage Element and that contribute to the completeness of the definition of the SoftwareCluster.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=containedARElement
containedFibex Element	FibexElement	*	ref	This allows for referencing FibexElements that need to be considered in the context of a SoftwareCluster.
contained Package	UploadablePackage Element	*	ref	This reference identifies model elements that are required to complete the manifest content.
Element				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=containedPackageElement
contained Process	Process	*	ref	This reference represent the processes contained in the enclosing SoftwareCluster.
dependsOn	SoftwareCluster DependencyFormula	01	aggr	This aggregation can be taken to identify a dependency for the enclosing SoftwareCluster.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=dependsOn
design	SoftwareClusterDesign	*	ref	This reference represents the identification of all Software ClusterDesigns applicable for the enclosing Software Cluster.
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef
diagnostic Deployment	SoftwareCluster DiagnosticDeployment	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable SoftwareCluster DiagnosticProps for the enclosing SoftwareCluster.
Props	Props			Note that all SoftwareClusters that share the same DiagnosticContributionSet via the reference diagnostic Extract shall also share the same SoftwareCluster DiagnosticProps.
installation Behavior	SoftwareCluster InstallationBehavior Enum	01	attr	This attribute controls the behavior of the SoftwareCluster in terms of installation.
license	Documentation	*	ref	This attribute allows for the inclusion of the full text of a license of the enclosing SoftwareCluster. In many cases open source licenses require the inclusion of the full license text to any software that is released under the respective license.
module Instantiation	AdaptiveModule Instantiation	*	ref	This reference identifies AdaptiveModuleInstantiations that need to be included with the SoftwareCluster in order to establish infrastructure required for the installation of the SoftwareCluster.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=moduleInstantiation
releaseNotes	Documentation	01	ref	This attribute allows for the explanations of changes since the previous version. The list of changes might require the creation of multiple paragraphs of test.
typeApproval	String	01	attr	This attribute carries the homologation information that may be specific for a given country.
vendorld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Vendor ID of this Implementation according to the AUTOSAR vendor list.
vendor Signature	CryptoService Certificate	01	ref	This reference identifies the certificate that represents the vendor's signature.
version	StrongRevisionLabel String	01	attr	This attribute can be used to describe a version information for the enclosing SoftwareCluster.

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Table 15.2	: SoftwareCluster
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Enumeration	SoftwareClusterInstallationBehaviorEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution
Note	This enumeration defines possible approaches for the installation behavior of a SoftwareCluster.
Aggregated by	SoftwareCluster.installationBehavior
Literal	Description
canBeRemoved	The enclosing SoftwareCluster can be removed from the target Machine or updated with a newer version.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
cannotBeRemoved	The enclosing SoftwareCluster cannot be removed from the target Machine. It can only be updated with a newer version.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1

Table 15.3: SoftwareClusterInstallationBehaviorEnum

[constr_10410] Value of SoftwareCluster.installationBehavior for a SoftwareCluster of category PLATFORM_CORE [In a SoftwareCluster of category PLATFORM_CORE, the attribute installationBehavior shall exist and its value shall be set to cannotBeRemoved at any time in the workflow.]()

[constr_10233]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of the reference in the role SoftwareCluster.vendorSignature [For each SoftwareCluster, the reference in the role vendorSignature shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10234]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SoftwareCluster.version [For each SoftwareCluster, the attribute version shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

[constr_10235]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SoftwareCluster.vendorId [For each SoftwareCluster, the attribute vendorId shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

The modeling of the relation SoftwareCluster.claimedFunctionGroup is modeled in Figure 15.4.

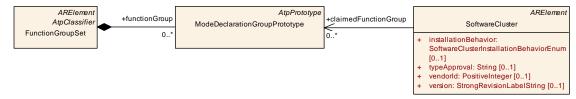


Figure 15.4: Modeling of the relation between SoftwareCluster and Function GroupS

[constr_1747]{DRAFT} Completeness of the SoftwareCluster.version [The SoftwareCluster.version shall contain all the following parts:

- Major version
- Minor version
- Patch version
- Additional labels for pre-release version and build metadata



Primitive	StrongRevisionLabelString
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes
Note	This primitive represents a revision label which identifies an object under version control. It represents a pattern which requires three integer numbers separated by a dot, representing from left to right Major Version, MinorVersion, PatchVersion and additional labels for pre-release version and build metadata. Legal patterns are for example: 1.0.0-alpha+001 1.0.0+20130313144700 1.0.0-beta+exp.sha.5114f85
	$\label{eq:transform} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{Tags:} \\ xml.xsd.customType=STRONG-REVISION-LABEL-STRING \\ xml.xsd.pattern=(0 [1-9]\d^*) (0 [1-9]\d^*) (0 [1-9]\d^*) (-((0 [1-9]\d^*)\d^*[a-zA-Z-][0-9a-zA-Z-](0-9a-zA-Z-](0-9a-zA-Z-](0-9a-zA-Z-])))) (+([0-9a-zA-Z-]+((0-9a-zA-Z-]+)))) \\ xml.xsd.type=string \\ \end{array}$

Table 15.4: StrongRevisionLabelString

Please note that the build number does not necessarily have to be consecutively incremented between two builds. In some cases the build number is created by creating a hash over the build.

In such a case it would not make sense to include the build number in a greater/less comparison while a comparison for equality/inequality may positively make sense. This aspect shall be taken into account when processing the value of an attribute types by a StrongRevisionLabelString.

[TPS_MANI_01331]{DRAFT} **Standardized values of attribute SoftwareCluster. category** [AUTOSAR standardizes the following values of attribute SoftwareCluster.category

- **PLATFORM_CORE**: a SoftwareCluster of this category typically represents any kind of platform software, e.g. bootloader, hypervisor, OS, adaptive platform module. Such a SoftwareCluster cannot be removed by a UCM, but updates are possible. Please note that it is not forbidden that such a Software Cluster contains application level software.
- **PLATFORM**: a SoftwareCluster of this category represents the parts of the platform software (e.g. configuration of functional clusters) that could be installed, removed, and updated.
- **APPLICATION_LAYER**: a SoftwareCluster of this category represents a driving-relevant function on application level, e.g. a lane keeping assistant, window lift controller, seat positioning. Such a SoftwareCluster can be installed, removed, and updated.

](*RS_MANI_00035*)

Please note that [constr_1789] makes the definition of the PLATFORM_CORE SoftwareCluster mandatory. Even if the AUTOSAR UCM is not used as the Update Management System on the Machine the PLATFORM_CORE SoftwareCluster shall be defined for Methodology reasons in the Manifest file. But in such a case it is allowed to define a single PLATFORM_CORE SoftwareCluster on the Machine that



would contain all software that is deployed on this machine (platform software and application software).

Please also note that it is possible to (in addition to the standardized values) define custom values for attribute SoftwareCluster.category.

In this case, however, it is important to use custom values that don't clash with future extensions of the standardized values. A good way to avoid a clash is, for example, to use specific pre- or postfixes that identify a company or project name.

[constr_1788]{DRAFT} Restriction to SoftwareCluster of category PLAT-FORM_CORE [On each Machine, only a single SoftwareCluster of category PLATFORM_CORE shall be deployed. |()

[TPS_MANI_01115]{DRAFT} **Specification of executable software within Soft-wareCluster** [One of the most prominent contents of an uploadable software package is the reference to the executable software.

Within the definition of a SoftwareCluster, this reference is implicitly given by means of the reference SoftwareCluster.containedProcess.

The target of SoftwareCluster.containedProcess is a Process that represents an instance of the corresponding executable program (the software image), formalized as Executable (*RS_MANI_00035*)

The prominence of the dedicated reference to Process is amplified by the fact that it would have been technically possible to let Process inherit from UploadablePack-ageElement and thus include the referenced Process(es) in the bulk of references to other required model elements.

These references are formalized in two different forms. For technical reasons it is not possible to let all model elements that need to be immediately referenced by a SoftwareCluster inherit from UploadablePackageElement.

The main reason is that further model elements need to be referenced by a Soft-wareCluster that are also used on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*.

In other words, it would be very questionable to introduce the "useless" concept of an UploadablePackageElement into the scope of the *AUTOSAR classic platform* as a mere (and unwanted) side effect of providing a definition of the SoftwareCluster on the *AUTOSAR classic platform*.

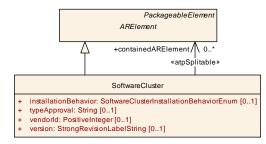


Figure 15.5: SoftwareCluster can reference ARElement



The scope of a single SoftwareCluster in terms of a relation to a Machine is that all software contained in one SoftwareCluster is supposed to be uploaded to one and only one Machine.

The definition of SoftwareCluster shall never include multiple Machines. This is expressed in [constr_1536].

[constr_1536]{DRAFT} Definition of SoftwareCluster applies for a single Machine [Within the scope of a SoftwareCluster, each Process referenced in the role containedProcess shall be mapped (e.g. by means of the existence of a ProcessToMachineMapping) to the same Machine.]()

[TPS_MANI_01116]{DRAFT} **Reference to model elements included in an uploadable software package** [Beside the ability to explicitly reference a Process in the role containedProcess it is possible to define the following references to required model elements:

- references to meta-classes derived from UploadablePackageElement are formalized by way of SoftwareCluster.containedPackageElement.
- references to meta-classes derived from ARElement are formalized by way of SoftwareCluster.containedARElement.
- references to meta-classes derived from FibexElement are formalized by way of SoftwareCluster.containedFibexElement.

Technically, an UploadablePackageElement is also an ARElement, but it is still mandated to use the dedicated reference specifically for UploadablePackageElement.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

To exemplify the reference to UploadablePackageElement, Figure 15.3 contains a subclass of UploadablePackageElement: ServiceInstanceToPortProto-typeMapping.

It is obvious that the uploaded software needs to integrate with the communication stack and ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping is a prominent model element for this purpose.

[TPS_MANI_01202]{DRAFT} **Semantics of reference SoftwareCluster.module-Instantiation** [By means of the reference SoftwareCluster.moduleInstan-tiation it is possible to express the need for updates of the platform infrastructure along with other resources referenced by the enclosing SoftwareCluster.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

[TPS_MANI_01218]{DRAFT} **Cryptographic signature of SoftwareCluster** [A SoftwareCluster also needs to be signed cryptographically. For this purpose, metaclass CryptoServiceCertificate is referenced in the role vendorSignature.] (*RS_MANI_00035*)

[TPS_MANI_01219]{DRAFT} License of software in included SoftwareCluster [It is possible to refer to licenses for software included in a SoftwareCluster by



means of a reference to meta-class Documentation in the role license.](RS_-MANI 00035)

Class	Documentation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::GenericS	Structure::	DocumentationOnM1	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to handle a so called standalone documentation. Standalone means, that such a documentation is not embedded in another ARElement or identifiable object. The standalone documentation is an entity of its own which denotes its context by reference to other objects and instances.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=D	ocumenta	ations	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
context	DocumentationContext	*	aggr	This is the context of the particular documentation.	
documentation Content PredefinedChapter 01 aggr This is the content of the documentation respective contexts.				This is the content of the documentation related to the specified contexts.	
	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=200				

Table 15.5: Documentation

Please note that Documentation is an ARElement that cannot be owned by a Soft-wareCluster. The latter can only refer to it.

This aspect also means that once a given license is formalized by means of a Documentation it is in general possible to refer to this formalization from within different SoftwareClusterS.

[TPS_MANI_01220]{DRAFT} **Release notes of software in included SoftwareCluster** [It is possible to refer to release notes for software included in a SoftwareCluster by means of a reference to meta-class Documentation in the role releaseNotes.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

[constr_1566]{DRAFT} Usage of SoftwareCluster.containedARElement [The reference SoftwareCluster.containedARElement shall not be used to refer to a SoftwareCluster or a SoftwareClusterDesign.]()

15.2.2 Relevance of Software Cluster for Diagnostics

15.2.2.1 Diagnostic Props

[TPS_MANI_01349]{DRAFT} **Configuration of diagnostic-related properties of a SoftwareCluster** [The diagnostics-related properties of a SoftwareCluster are configured in the context of meta-class SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps, referenced in the role SoftwareCluster.diagnosticDeployment-Props.](*RS_MANI_00035*)



[constr_10069]{DRAFT} Existence of SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps.powerDownTime [The attribute SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps.powerDownTime shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished and have a value between 0 and 254 if the referenced diagnosticExtract that in turn references in the role element a DiagnosticEcuReset where attribute category is set to the value EN-ABLE_RAPID_POWER_SHUT_DOWN.]()

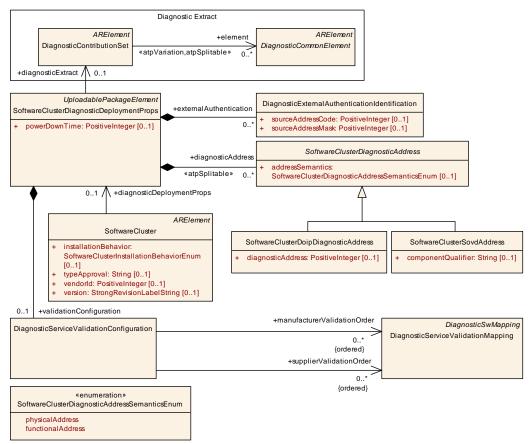


Figure 15.6: Modeling of diagnostic properties of a SoftwareCluster

Class	DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationIdentification				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution			
Note	This meta-class represent	This meta-class represents the ability to support the authentication of diagnostic clients.			
Base	ARObject	ARObject			
Aggregated by	SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps.externalAuthentication				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
sourceAddress Code	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the value to exactly match after applying the mask to the source address of a client's request.	
sourceAddress Mask	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the mask to apply to the source address of a client's request.	

Table 15.6: DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationIdentification



15.2.2.2 Diagnostic Address

[TPS_MANI_01111]{DRAFT} **Diagnostic Address of a SoftwareCluster** [An uploadable software package formalized as a SoftwareCluster will typically be equipped with a diagnostics management component.

Therefore, the definition of the SoftwareCluster needs to provide information about the diagnostic address(es) to which the contained diagnostic management component shall respond.

This information is formalized by means of the attribute SoftwareCluster.diagnosticDeploymentProps.diagnosticAddress.

A SoftwareCluster may be required to respond to multiple (i.e. several functional plus one physical) diagnostic addresses, thus the multiplicity of diagnosticAddress is set to 0..*. |(*RS_MANI_00035*)

Please note that the modeling of the SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddress has been created with the primary goal to support the usage of DoIP for diagnostics.

The secondary goal has been to make the modeling of the diagnostic address extensible such that the idiomatic ways in which other transport layers (CAN, LIN, FlexRay, etc.) define diagnostic addresses can also be supported by adding respective subclasses of SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddress.

[constr_1543]{DRAFT} Only one physical address per SoftwareCluster.diagnosticDeploymentProps [Each SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeployment-Props shall only aggregate one SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddress where the value of attribute addressSemantics is set to SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddressSemanticsEnum.physicalAddress.]()

[TPS_MANI_01405]{DRAFT} **Semantics of sub-classes of SoftwareCluster-DiagnosticAddress** [The definition of the actual diagnostic address is done by means of the applicable sub-class of the abstract base-class SoftwareCluster-DiagnosticAddress:

- If the diagnostic session is executed on the basis of **UDS**, then the diagnostic address shall be specified by means of <code>SoftwareClusterDoipDiagnosti-cAddress.diagnosticAddress.</code>
- If the diagnostic session is executed on the basis of **SOVD**, then the diagnostic address shall be specified by means of SoftwareClusterSovdAddress. componentQualifier.

](*RS_MANI_00005*, *RS_MANI_00070*)



Class	SoftwareClusterSovdAddress				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a diagnostic address specifically for the SOVD case.				
	Tags:atp.Status=candidat	е			
Base	ARObject, SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddress				
Aggregated by	SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps.diagnosticAddress				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
component Qualifier	String	01	attr	This attribute is used to specify the component qualifier for the usage in an SOVD query.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	



[constr_10404]{DRAFT} Existence of SoftwareClusterSovdAddress.componentQualifier [For each SoftwareClusterSovdAddress, attribute componentQualifier shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

Class	SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddress (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	s::Adaptive	Platform:	SoftwareDistribution		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a diagnostic address in an abstract form. Sub-classes are supposed to clarify how the diagnostic address shall be defined according to the applicable addressing scheme (DoIP vs. CAN TP vs).					
Base	ARObject					
Subclasses	SoftwareClusterDoipDiagnosticAddress, SoftwareClusterSovdAddress					
Aggregated by	SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps.diagnosticAddress					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
address Semantics	SoftwareCluster DiagnosticAddress SemanticsEnum	01	attr	This attribute clarifies whether the address value shall be interpreted as a physical or a functional address.		

 Table 15.8: SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddress

[constr_10236]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddress.addressSemantics [For each SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddress, the attribute addressSemantics shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

Enumeration	SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddressSemanticsEnum	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution	
Note	This meta-class defines a list of semantics for the interpretation of diagnostic addresses in the context of a SoftwareCluster.	
Aggregated by	SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddress.addressSemantics	
Literal	Description	
functionalAddress	This address represents a functional address.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1	
physicalAddress	This address represents a physical address.	
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0	

Table 15.9: SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddressSemanticsEnum



Class	SoftwareClusterDoipDiagnosticAddress				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution			
Note	This meta-class represer	This meta-class represents the ability to define a diagnostic address specifically for the DoIP case.			
Base	ARObject, SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddress				
Aggregated by	SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps.diagnosticAddress				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
diagnostic Address	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the collection of diagnostic addresses the SoftwareCluster occupies.	

15.2.2.3 Relation to the Diagnostic Contribution Set

[TPS_MANI_01114]{DRAFT} **Relation of DiagnosticContributionSet to Soft**wareCluster [In AUTOSAR, the formalization of the external behavior of the diagnostic stack is rooted in meta-class DiagnosticContributionSet.

On the *AUTOSAR classic platform* the scope of the "external behavior of the diagnostic stack" is represented by an entire ECU.

This relation changes on the *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* where each uploadable software package is shipped with the definition of the "external behavior of the diagnostic stack" **as far as the software in the scope of respective uploadable software package is concerned**.

To fully support the different approaches of *AUTOSAR classic platform* and *AUTOSAR adaptive platform* it is necessary to provide means for specifying a DiagnosticContributionSet for a given SoftwareCluster.

In particular, this relation is created by means of the reference SoftwareCluster. diagnosticDeploymentProps.diagnosticExtract.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

Please note that the placement of the reference to the DiagnosticContribution-Set at the SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps follows the pattern on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform that deployment-related elements shall reference their corresponding design-level elements.

In addition, it is much easier to keep the definition of diagnostic deployment and diagnostic design in sync if the former has a direct reference to the latter.

Please note further that this approach works for all levels of granularity in the definition of diagnostics on the *AUTOSAR adaptive Platform*:

- One SoftwareCluster represents a separately diagnosable entity with its own diagnostic address.
- All SoftwareClusters deployed to one Machine share the same SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps and therefore also the same DiagnosticContributionSet.



Class	SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution						
Note	This meta-class acts as the owner of all deployment-related diagnostic properties of a SoftwareCluster.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=S	oftwareCl	usterDiagnosticProps			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable, Uple			Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable ment			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
diagnostic Address	SoftwareCluster DiagnosticAddress	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of diagnostic addresses that apply for the SoftwareCluster.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=diagnosticAddress			
diagnostic Extract	DiagnosticContribution Set	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable SoftwareCluster DiagnosticProps for the enclosing SoftwareCluster.Note that all SoftwareClusters that share the same Diagnostic ContributionSet via the reference diagnosticExtract shall also share the same SoftwareClusterDiagnostic DeploymentProps.			
external Authentication	DiagnosticExternal Authentication Identification	*	aggr	This reference supports the configuration of the authentication of diagnostic clients.			
powerDown Time	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute indicates the minimum time of the stand-by sequence the server will remain in the power-down sequence. The unit is seconds.			
validation Configuration	DiagnosticService ValidationConfiguration	01	aggr	This aggregation represents the ability to define the order of manufacturer and supplier validations in diagnostic management.			

Table 15.11: SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps

15.2.2.4 Diagnostic Service Validation

The configuration of the diagnostic management is mostly done on design level by means of the diagnostic extract (see sections 3.11 and 4).

Some aspects, like the validation of service request by manufacturer-specific or supplier-specific checks, can only be decided on deployment level and in the context of the enclosing SoftwareCluster, see Figure 15.6.

[TPS_MANI_01350]{DRAFT} **Semantics of DiagnosticServiceValidation**-**Configuration** [For the specific purpose of the validation prior to the execution of diagnostic services, meta-class DiagnosticServiceValidationConfiguration is defined.

The main purpose of DiagnosticServiceValidationConfiguration is to define the order in which manufacturer-specific (by means of the reference in the role manufacturerValidationOrder) and (separately, via the reference in the role supplierValidationOrder) supplier-specific checks are executed.](*RS_MANI_-*00005)



Class	DiagnosticServiceValidationConfiguration					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	s::Adaptive	Platform::	SoftwareDistribution		
Note	This meta-class has the ability to configure the order of manufacturer/supplier-checks.					
	Tags:atp.recommended	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticValueConfigurations				
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps.validationConfiguration					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
manufacturer ValidationOrder (ordered)	DiagnosticService ValidationMapping	*	ref	This reference defines the order in which validations created by manufacturer are executed.		
supplier ValidationOrder (ordered)	DiagnosticService ValidationMapping	*	ref	This reference defines the order in which validations created by supplier are executed.		

 Table 15.12: DiagnosticServiceValidationConfiguration

[constr_10065]{DRAFT} Validity of DiagnosticServiceValidationConfiguration.manufacturerValidationOrder [Any DiagnosticServiceValidationConfiguration.manufacturerValidationOrder shall only refer to a DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping where attribute category has been set to MANUFACTURER_VALIDATION.]()

[constr_10066]{DRAFT} Validity of DiagnosticServiceValidationConfiguration.supplierValidationOrder [Any DiagnosticServiceValidation-Configuration.supplierValidationOrder shall only refer to a Diagnostic-ServiceValidationMapping where attribute category has been set to SUP-PLIER_VALIDATION.]()

15.2.3 Software Cluster Dependency

[TPS_MANI_01215]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula [Meta-class SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula allows for the definition of a formal condition that can be taken to decide about the dependency to or the conflict with a SoftwareCluster.

The modeling of SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula allows for the definition of nested conditions. The attribute operator is applied on the results of the evaluation of the parts. (*RS_MANI_00035*)

Class	SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	SoftwareDistribution	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a dependency among SoftwareClusters.				
Base	ARObject, SoftwareClusterDependencyFormulaPart				
Aggregated by	SoftwareCluster.conflicts7	ō, Softwa	reCluster.	dependsOn, SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula.part	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
category	CategoryString	01	attr	This attribute specializes the semantics of the enclosing SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula.	
	1	L	∇	L	



\sim						
Class SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula						
operator	SoftwareCluster DependencyLogical OperatorEnum	01	attr	This logical operator can be used to relate the results of different SoftwareClusterDependencyParts.		
part (ordered)	SoftwareCluster DependencyFormula Part	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the ordered collection of the parts of the SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula.		

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Table 15.13: SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula

Enumeration	SoftwareClusterDependencyLogicalOperatorEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution			
Note	This enumeration provides a set of operators to be used in a SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula.			
Aggregated by	SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula.operator			
Literal	Description			
logicalAnd	logical and			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			
logicalOr	logical or			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			

Table 15.14: SoftwareClusterDependencyLogicalOperatorEnum

[TPS_MANI_01216]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class SoftwareClusterDependencyFormulaPart [Meta-class SoftwareClusterDependencyFormulaPart represents a part of a SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula. The order of the parts of a SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula is significant.](*RS_MANI_-*00035)

Class	SoftwareClusterDependencyFormulaPart (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution					
Note	This meta-class represents an abstract base class for the definition of different formula parts of a SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula.					
Base	ARObject					
Subclasses	SoftwareClusterDependencyCompareCondition, SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula					
Aggregated by	SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula.part					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	-	_	-	-		

Table 15.15: SoftwareClusterDependencyFormulaPart

At the same time, SoftwareClusterDependencyFormulaPart is the base class of SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula.

This means that the SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula can aggregate all subclasses of SoftwareClusterDependencyFormulaPart, i.e. SoftwareCluster-DependencyFormula and SoftwareClusterDependencyCompareCondition.

 $\label{eq:constraint} $$ $$ IPRAFT $$ Semantics of SoftwareCluster.dependsOn $$ A SoftwareCluster has the ability to express a dependency to other SoftwareClusters in the role dependsOn. $$ A second seco$



Attribute SoftwareCluster.dependsOn allows for the definition of a **formal** (potentially nested) dependency condition. The dependency shall be applicable only if the condition defined by dependsOn yields True.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

[TPS_MANI_01217]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class SoftwareCluster-DependencyCompareCondition [Meta-class SoftwareClusterDependency-CompareCondition allows for the definition of a formal condition to compare against the version of the referenced softwareCluster using a given compareType.

The ability to specifically decide about whether to consider the build number in the comparison is implemented by means of attribute considerBuildNumber.](RS_-MANI_00035)

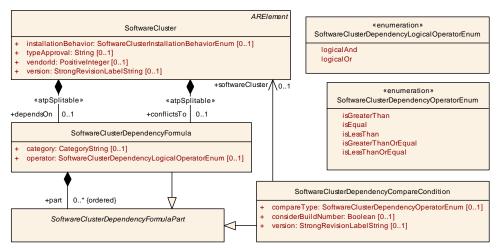


Figure 15.7: Modeling of dependencies in the context of a SoftwareCluster and SoftwareClusterDesign

Class	SoftwareClusterDependencyCompareCondition						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SoftwareDistribution			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to specify a concrete dependency condition in the context of a SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula.						
Base	ARObject, SoftwareClust	erDepend	encyForm	ulaPart			
Aggregated by	SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula.part						
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
compareType	SoftwareCluster DependencyOperator Enum	01	attr	This attribute identifies the semantics of the compare operator.			
considerBuild Number	Boolean	01	attr	If this attribute is set to true then the build number shall be taken into account for the comparison. Build numbers don't have to be consecutive but could be created by some kind of hashing algorithm. In such a case it might make sense to include the build number in a test for equality but it is probably not reasonable to apply e.g. a less-than comparison.			
softwareCluster	SoftwareCluster	01	ref	This reference identifies the SoftwareCluster to which the dependency/conflict applies.			
version	StrongRevisionLabel String	01	attr	This attribute represents the value of a version against which the comparison shall be executed.			

Table 15.16: SoftwareClusterDependencyCompareCondition



[constr_10237]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SoftwareClusterDependency-CompareCondition.compareType [For each SoftwareClusterDependency-CompareCondition, the attribute compareType shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. (/)

[constr_10253]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SoftwareClusterDependency-CompareCondition.considerBuildNumber [For each SoftwareClusterDependencyCompareCondition, the attribute considerBuildNumber Shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

[constr_10254]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SoftwareClusterDependencyCompareCondition.version [For each SoftwareClusterDependency-CompareCondition, the attribute version shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

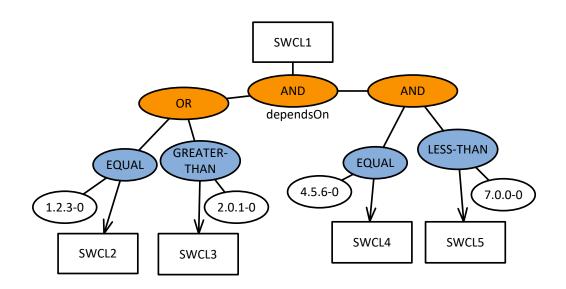


Figure 15.8: Example how dependencies among **SoftwareClusters** can be defined.

Enumeration	SoftwareClusterDependencyOperatorEnum					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution					
Note	This enumeration provides a choice of operators for comparison within a SoftwareCluster DependencyCompareCondition.					
Aggregated by	SoftwareClusterDependencyCompareCondition.compareType					
Literal	Description					
isEqual	equal					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1					
isGreaterThan	greater than					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0					
isGreaterThanOr	greater than or equal					
Equal	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3					
	∇					



	Δ
Enumeration	SoftwareClusterDependencyOperatorEnum
isLessThan	less than
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2
isLessThanOrEqual	less than or equal
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4

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Table 15.17: SoftwareClusterDependencyOperatorEnum

This relation is exemplified by the following sketch (where the orange ellipsis represent SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula and the blue ellipsis represent SoftwareClusterDependencyCompareCondition) and a corresponding ARXML formalization:

```
<SOFTWARE-CLUSTER>
 <SHORT-NAME>SWCL1</SHORT-NAME>
 <DEPENDS-ON>
   <OPERATOR>LOGICAL-AND</OPERATOR>
    <PARTS>
      <SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-DEPENDENCY-FORMULA>
        <PARTS>
          <SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-DEPENDENCY-COMPARE-CONDITION>
            <COMPARE-TYPE>IS-EOUAL</COMPARE-TYPE>
            <SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-REF DEST="SOFTWARE-CLUSTER">/SoftwareClusters
               /SWCL2</SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-REF>
            <VERSION>1.2.3-0</VERSION>
          </SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-DEPENDENCY-COMPARE-CONDITION>
          <SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-DEPENDENCY-COMPARE-CONDITION>
            <COMPARE-TYPE>IS-GREATER-THAN</COMPARE-TYPE>
            <SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-REF DEST="SOFTWARE-CLUSTER">/SoftwareClusters
               /SWCL3</SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-REF>
            <VERSION>2.0.1-0</VERSION>
          </SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-DEPENDENCY-COMPARE-CONDITION>
        </PARTS>
      </SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-DEPENDENCY-FORMULA>
      <SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-DEPENDENCY-FORMULA>
        <OPERATOR>LOGICAL-AND
        <PARTS>
          <SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-DEPENDENCY-COMPARE-CONDITION>
            <COMPARE-TYPE>IS-EOUAL</COMPARE-TYPE>
            <SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-REF DEST="SOFTWARE-CLUSTER">/SoftwareClusters
               /SWCL4</SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-REF>
            <VERSION>4.5.6-0</version>
          </SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-DEPENDENCY-COMPARE-CONDITION>
          <SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-DEPENDENCY-COMPARE-CONDITION>
            <COMPARE-TYPE>IS-LESS-THAN</COMPARE-TYPE>
            <SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-REF DEST="SOFTWARE-CLUSTER">/SoftwareClusters
               /SWCL5</SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-REF>
            <VERSION>7.0.0-0</VERSION>
          </SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-DEPENDENCY-COMPARE-CONDITION>
        </PARTS>
      </SOFTWARE-CLUSTER-DEPENDENCY-FORMULA>
    </PARTS>
  </DEPENDS-ON>
```



</SOFTWARE-CLUSTER>

Listing 15.1: Example for the definition of a dependency between **SoftwareClusters**

[TPS_MANI_01214]{DRAFT} Semantics of SoftwareCluster.conflictsTo [A SoftwareCluster has the ability to express a conflict to other SoftwareClusters in the role conflictsTo. The semantics is to express that the functionality of the referenced SoftwareCluster inhibits the installation of the referencing SoftwareCluster.

Attribute SoftwareCluster.conflictsTo allows for the definition of a **formal** (potentially nested) dependency condition. The dependency shall be applicable only if the condition defined by conflictsTo yields False.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

15.2.4 References between Software Clusters

There are several strong use cases for the need of referencing into different Soft-wareClusters, for example:

- Reference to a ProvidedApServiceInstance of RequiredApServiceInstance defined in the context of a "host" SoftwareCluster.
- Reference to CommunicationConnectors defined on Machine level from within application SoftwareClusters.
- Reference from a Process in one SoftwareCluster to an Executable in another SoftwareCluster with the semantics that the referencing Process is just another instance of the Executable.

To support such use cases, AUTOSAR provides the definition of dependencies among SoftwareClusters such that a SoftwareCluster that contains a reference can define a dependency to another SoftwareCluster that contains the referenced object.

[TPS_MANI_01329]{DRAFT} **Reference to model elements in different Soft-wareClusters** [If a model element inside a given SoftwareCluster defines a reference to another model element and the referenced model element is contained in a different SoftwareCluster, then the SoftwareCluster that contains the referencing model element shall establish a dependency to the other SoftwareCluster by means of an aggregation of SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula in the role dependsOn.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

[constr_1784]{DRAFT} Restriction for the reference to UploadableExclusivePackageElement [A reference to an UploadableExclusivePackageElement shall not cross the boundary of the enclosing SoftwareCluster, i.e. the target UploadableExclusivePackageElement of such a reference shall not be located in a different SoftwareCluster than the owner of the reference. |()



Class	UploadableExclusivePackageElement (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	General		
Note	This meta-class represents an abstract base class for an uploadable package element that is not supposed to be referenced from a different software cluster.					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Subclasses	PersistencyDeployment, PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	_	_	_	_		

Table 15.18: UploadableExclusivePackageElement

Note that [constr_1784] forbids a reference across SoftwareClusters to an UploadableExclusivePackageElement, regardless of whether there is a dependency relation defined or not.

Referencing from one SoftwareCluster into another SoftwareCluster is only allowed if the referenced SoftwareCluster is in the list of dependent SoftwareClusters for the referencing SoftwareCluster.

This restriction is formalized in [constr_1785].

[constr_1785]{DRAFT} Restriction regarding the reference into another SoftwareCluster [A reference from an element in one SoftwareCluster to an element located in another SoftwareCluster shall only exist if the SoftwareCluster that owns the referenced element is referenced by a SoftwareClusterDependencyCompareCondition in the context of the mentioned SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula in the role part.softwareCluster. [constr_1784] applies.]()

15.2.5 Software Cluster Artifact Checksum

[TPS_MANI_01345]{DRAFT} **Ability to attach checksums to SoftwareCluster** [Meta-class SoftwareCluster supports the collection of checksums for artifacts like binary executable files, libraries, or persistency files by means of the aggregation of meta-class ArtifactChecksum in the role artifactChecksum.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

Class	ArtifactChecksum					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution					
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to associate a checksum with a given artifact identified by its URI.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	SoftwareCluster.artif	actChecksum				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
checksumValue	String	01	attr	This attributes carries the serialized checksum of the corresponding artifact.		



Δ						
Class	ArtifactChecksum					
uri	UriString	01	attr	This attribute represents the URI of the artifact on which the checksum shall be computed.		
				Stereotypes: atpldentityContributor		

Table 15.19: ArtifactChecksum

[TPS_MANI_01346]{DRAFT} No formal definition of checksum algorithm [The checksum algorithm used for computing the ArtifactChecksum.checksumValue is not formally defined.

A description of the algorithm shall be contained in the CryptoProvider.cryptoProviderDocumentation of the CryptoProvider that is associated with a specific ArtifactChecksum via the existence of ArtifactChecksumToCrypto-ProviderMapping. (*RS_MANI_00035*)

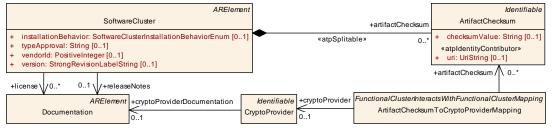


Figure 15.9: Modeling of the artifact checksum of a SoftwareCluster

Class	ArtifactChecksumToCryptoProviderMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution					
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to associate a CryptoProvider with a collection of the checksums computed for artifacts.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=FCInteractions					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
artifact Checksum	ArtifactChecksum	*	ref	This reference identifies the collection of Artifact Checksums associated with the corresponding Crypto Provider.		
cryptoProvider	CryptoProvider	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable CryptoProvider.		

Table 15.20: ArtifactChecksumToCryptoProviderMapping

15.2.6 Software Cluster Artifact Locator

[TPS_MANI_01381]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class ArtifactLocator [Metaclass ArtifactLocator represents a generic approach to configure a location of a referrable model element in the role representedModelElement by means of attribute uri.]()



The modeling of meta-class ArtifactLocator as a generic concept is depicted in Figure 15.10.

The association between an artifact and its location is a 1:1 relation. It is not allowed to associate a second (or more) location to a model element that is already the target of a reference in the role ArtifactLocator.representedModelElement.

[constr_10380]{DRAFT} Target of ArtifactLocator.representedModelElement [The target of a reference in the role ArtifactLocator.representedModelElement shall not be the target of another reference in the role ArtifactLocator.representedModelElement.

This rule shall be imposed at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. ()

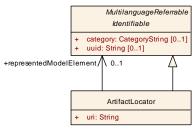


Figure 15.10: Modeling of the artifact location of a model element that belongs to a **SoftwareCluster**

Class	ArtifactLocator				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::General				
Note	This meta-class has the ability to define the location of an artifact that is represented by a model element, e.g. Executable.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	SoftwareCluster.artifactLocator				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
represented ModelElement	Identifiable	01	ref	This reference identifies the model element that is represented by the artifact.	
uri	String	1	attr	This attribute describes the location of the artifact.	

Table 15.21: ArtifactLocator

[constr_10381]{DRAFT} Existence of attribute ArtifactLocator.uri [For each ArtifactLocator, the attribute uri shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished | ()

[constr_10382]{DRAFT} Existence of attribute ArtifactLocator.representedModelElement [For each ArtifactLocator, the attribute representedModelElement shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished]()

Meta-class ArtifactLocator is used in the context of the modeling of a SoftwareCluster to facilitate the configuration of model elements that belong to the



SoftwareCluster and for which a representation in the software exists that can have a "location" (e.g. a file that contains executable code).

Therefore, one example for the application of ArtifactLocator in the context of the modeling of a SoftwareCluster is the configuration of the location of binary executable code that corresponds to an Executable, which is claimed by a SoftwareCluster via the indirection of SoftwareCluster.containedProcess that in turn references the Executable in the role executable.

It is obviously assumed that the entire code represented by an Executable is locatable in one place described by the attribute uri.

This relation is depicted in Figure 15.11. The ability to refer to an Executable in the role representedModelElement is inherited to Executable by its superclass Identifiable.

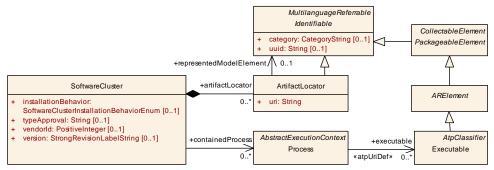


Figure 15.11: Modeling of the location of an Executable that (via a containedProcess) belongs to a SoftwareCluster

[TPS_MANI_01382]{DRAFT} Location of artifact that contains executable code represented by Executable [The location of the executable code that is represented by Executable can be identified by means of the aggregation SoftwareCluster. artifactLocator where attribute ArtifactLocator.representedModelElement.dest is set to the value EXECUTABLE. ()

15.3 Software Package

The existence of the SoftwareCluster by itself is not sufficient for installation. Actually, the SoftwareCluster gets wrapped into a so-called SoftwarePackage that comes with an own manifest format that is at least partly standardized.

The difference between the semantics of a SoftwareCluster and the semantics of SoftwarePackage is that a SoftwareCluster focuses on the structure of the software itself while the SoftwarePackage is created to handle the logistics aspect of the software installation.



[TPS_MANI_01221]{DRAFT} **Semantics of meta-class SoftwarePackage** [The purpose of meta-class SoftwarePackage is to cover the "logistics" aspect of the software installation procedure.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

[constr_1690]{DRAFT} SoftwareCluster shall only be referenced by a single SoftwarePackage. [Each SoftwareCluster shall only be referenced by a single SoftwarePackage.]()

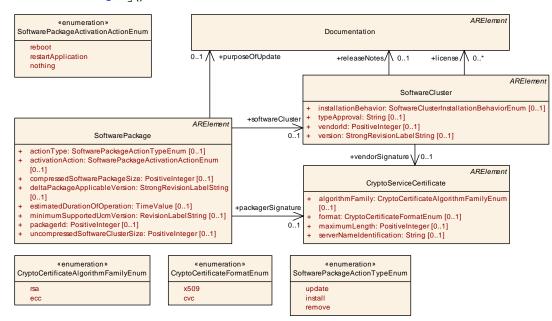


Figure 15.12: Modeling of SoftwarePackage

Class	SoftwarePackage				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to formalize the content of a software package.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=SoftwarePackages				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
actionType	SoftwarePackageAction TypeEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines the action to be taken in the step of processing the enclosing SoftwarePackage.	
activationAction	SoftwarePackage ActivationActionEnum	01	attr	This attribute governs the action to be taken after the installation of the SoftwareCluster completed.	
compressed Software PackageSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This size represents the size of the compressed Software Package.	
deltaPackage Applicable Version	StrongRevisionLabel String	01	attr	This attribute identifies the version of the included SoftwareCluster for which the enclosing SoftwarePackage can be used as a delta update	
estimated DurationOf Operation	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute provides an estimation about how long the operation of the SoftwarePackage is going to take.	



Class	SoftwarePackage			
minimum SupportedUcm Version	RevisionLabelString	01	attr	This attribute identifies the minimum supported version of the UCM for this SoftwarePackage.
packagerld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute identifies Id of the organization that provides the packager generating the SoftwarePackage.
packager Signature	CryptoService Certificate	01	ref	This reference identifies the certificate that represents the packager's signature.
purposeOf Update	Documentation	01	ref	The referenced Documentation is supposed to provide a description of the purpose of the update.
softwareCluster	SoftwareCluster	01	ref	This reference identifies the SoftwareCluster that belongs to the SoftwarePackage. The nature of this relation is actually more like an aggregation than a reference. But the relation is still modelled as a reference because two ARElements cannot aggregate each other.
uncompressed SoftwareCluster Size	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute gives an indication about the storage that has to be available on the target.

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Table 15.22: SoftwarePackage

[constr_10240]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SoftwarePackage.actionType [For each SoftwarePackage, the attribute actionType shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10241]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SoftwarePackage.compressed-SoftwarePackageSize [For each SoftwarePackage, the attribute compressed-SoftwarePackageSize shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10242]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SoftwarePackage.minimum-SupportedUcmVersion [For each SoftwarePackage, the attribute minimum-SupportedUcmVersion shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10243]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SoftwarePackage.packagerId [For each SoftwarePackage, the attribute packagerId shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10244]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role SoftwarePackage. packagerSignature [For each SoftwarePackage, the reference in the role packagerSignature shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10245]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role SoftwarePackage. softwareCluster [For each SoftwarePackage, the reference in the role softwareCluster shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()



[constr_10246]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of attribute SoftwarePackage.uncompressedSoftwareClusterSize [For each SoftwarePackage, the attribute uncompressedSoftwareClusterSize shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

Primitive	RevisionLabelString						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes						
Note	This primitive represents an internal AUTOSAR revision label which identifies an engineering object. It represents a pattern which						
	• supports three integers representing from left to right MajorVersion, MinorVersion, PatchVersion.						
	 may add an application specific suffix separated by one of ".", "_", ";". 						
	Legal patterns are for example:						
	• 4.0.0						
	• 4.0.0.1234565						
	• 4.0.0_vendor specific;13						
	• 4.0.0;12						
	Tags: xml.xsd.customType=REVISION-LABEL-STRING xml.xsd.pattern=[0-9]+\.[0-9]+\.[0-9]+([\;].*)? xml.xsd.type=string						

Table 15.23: RevisionLabelString

In other words, AUTOSAR factually assumes a 1:1 relation between SoftwarePackage and SoftwareCluster. Such a relation would otherwise typically be modeled by means of an aggregation with the multiplicity 1.

However, a SoftwareCluster is derived from base class PackageableElement which is only aggregated by ARPackage. Subclasses of PackageableElement – by convention – shall not be aggregated by any other meta-class.

[TPS_MANI_01222]{DRAFT} **Cryptographic signature of SoftwarePackage** [A SoftwarePackage also needs to be signed cryptographically. For this purpose, meta-class CryptoServiceCertificate is referenced in the role packagerSignature.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

[TPS_MANI_01223]{DRAFT} **Semantics of attribute SoftwarePackage.packagerId** [Attribute SoftwarePackage.packagerId contains the value of the AUTOSAR vendor Id of the organization that created software tool that created the SoftwarePackage.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

For clarification, a UCM can only accept packages that are generated by a packaging tool developed by the same organization that also developed the UCM itself. The vendor of the SoftwareCluster contained in the SoftwarePackage can obviously be different.

[TPS_MANI_01225]{DRAFT} Actions taken during installation of a SoftwarePackage [It is necessary to define the concrete activity that shall be taken to handle the SoftwarePackage on the target machine. Possible actions are:

• Do a clean installation of a SoftwareCluster.



- Update a previously installed SoftwareCluster.
- Remove a SoftwareCluster

These options are formalized by means of meta-class SoftwarePackageAction-TypeEnum and attribute SoftwarePackage.actionType. (*RS_MANI_00035*)

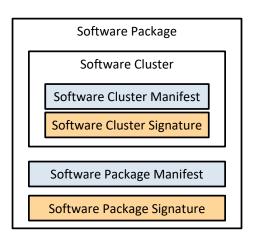


Figure 15.13: Conceptual relation of SoftwarePackage and SoftwareCluster

Enumeration	SoftwarePackageActionTypeEnum					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution					
Note	This enumeration provides a choice of possible actions for the handling of a software package.					
Aggregated by	SoftwarePackage.actionType					
Literal	Description					
install	Do a clean installation of a SoftwareCluster.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1					
remove	Remove a SoftwareCluster.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2					
update	Update a previously installed SoftwareCluster.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0					

Table 15.24: SoftwarePackageActionTypeEnum

[TPS_MANI_01344]{DRAFT} Actions taken after installation of a SoftwarePackage [After a SoftwarePackage has been installed on the target machine it is possible to execute one of the following actions:

- Reboot the target platform.
- Restart the installed SoftwareCluster.
- Do nothing.

These options are formalized by means of meta-class <code>SoftwarePackageActi-vationActionEnum</code> and attribute <code>SoftwarePackage.activationAction.](RS_-MANI_00035)</code>



Enumeration	SoftwarePackageActivationActionEnum				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution				
Note	This enumeration provides a choice of possible actions to be executed on installing a Software Package to a target Machine.				
Aggregated by	SoftwarePackage.activationAction				
Literal	Description				
nothing	The installation has no immediate consequences in terms of other software on the target.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2				
reboot	Reboot the whole Machine.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0				
restartApplication	Restart the application software on the target Machine.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1				

Table 15.25: SoftwarePackageActivationActionEnum

15.4 Vehicle Package

15.4.1 Overview

The ability to handle <u>SoftwarePackages</u> is the prerequisite for an important further step: the execution of an **update campaign that applies for the whole vehicle**. The basis for the update campaign is the definition of meta-class <u>VehiclePackage</u>.

[TPS_MANI_01290]{DRAFT} **VehiclePackage names affected UCMs** [Meta-class VehiclePackage has the ability to describe the set of UCMs that are affected by the update campaign by means of aggregating meta-class UcmDescription in the role ucm.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

[TPS_MANI_01291]{DRAFT} **Identification of an actual UCM in the context of an update campaign** [It is necessary to unambiguously identify the individual UCMs that are affected in the update campaign. For this purpose, meta-class UcmDescription defines attribute identifier.

By means of the reference to UcmModuleInstantiation in the role ucmModule-Instantiation it is in addition possible to identify the actual UCMs (represented by a UcmModuleInstantiation) that are relevant for the update campaign.

In order to be able to resolve the reference it is necessary to have access to the manifest model of the target Machine.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

[constr_1731]{DRAFT} Value of UcmDescription.identifier in the scope of a VehiclePackage [Within the scope of any given VehiclePackage, no two UcmDescriptions shall define the same value of attribute identifier.]()

[TPS_MANI_01292]{DRAFT} **Definition of fallback-order for UCM master** [The update campaign is executed under the management of one UCM that acts as a "master UCM".



If this UCM goes down for some reason, VehiclePackage has the ability to define an **ordered** list of other candidates for becoming the "master UCM" by means of the reference to meta-class UcmDescription in the role ucmMasterFallback.](*RS_-MANI_00035*)

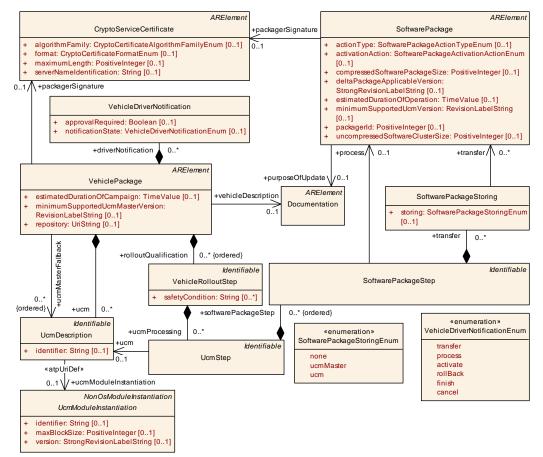


Figure 15.14: Modeling of VehiclePackage

Class	VehiclePackage				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	SoftwareDistribution	
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a vehicle package for executing an update campaign.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=VehiclePackages			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
driver Notification	VehicleDriver Notification	*	aggr	This aggregation provides the ability to configure the necessary driver notifications.	
estimated DurationOf Campaign	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute provides an estimation about how long the campaign based on the VehiclePackage is going to take.	
minimum SupportedUcm MasterVersion	RevisionLabelString	01	attr	This attribute identifies the minimum supported version of the UCM Master for this VehiclePackage.	



Class	VehiclePackage			
packager Signature	CryptoService Certificate	01	ref	This reference identifies the certificate that represents the packager's signature.
repository	UriString	01	attr	This attribute identifies the repository where the Vehicle Package is stored.
rollout Qualification (ordered)	VehicleRolloutStep	*	aggr	This represents the rollout qualification.
ucm	UcmDescription	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the UcmDescriptions to be considered in the context of the VehiclePackage.
ucmMaster Fallback (ordered)	UcmDescription	*	ref	This reference lists the fallback order of Ucms that can take over the master role if the master goes down.
vehicle Description	Documentation	01	ref	This reference identifies the vehicle description.

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[constr_10247]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role VehiclePackage. packagerSignature [For each VehiclePackage, the reference in the role packagerSignature shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

Class	UcmDescription				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution				
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define an identifier for a given UCM.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	VehiclePackage.ucm				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
identifier	String	01	attr	This attribute represents the unique identification of the UcmIdentifier.	
ucmModule Instantiation	UcmModuleInstantiation	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable UcmModule Instantiation.	
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef	

Table 15.27: UcmDescription

[constr_10248]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role UcmDescription.identifier [For each UcmDescription, the reference in the role identifier shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. |()

[TPS_MANI_01294]{DRAFT} **Update campaign depends on driver's acceptance** [For obvious reasons, it is not possible to arbitrarily trigger the execution of an update campaign at any time. It is the prerogative of the vehicle driver to decide about the amount and consequence of the UCM activities with respect to an update campaign.

For this purpose VehiclePackage aggregates meta-class VehicleDriverNotification in the role driverNotification.](RS_MANI_00035)



Class	VehicleDriverNotification				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution				
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to configure a notification of the vehicle driver with respect to the update of vehicle software.				
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	VehiclePackage.driverNotification				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
approval Required	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute controls whether approval is required for the driver notification.	
notificationState	VehicleDriver NotificationEnum	01	attr	This attribute is used to configure the notification state.	

 Table 15.28:
 VehicleDriverNotification

[constr_10249]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role VehicleDriver-Notification.approvalRequired [For each VehicleDriverNotification, the reference in the role approvalRequired shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished.]()

[constr_10250]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role VehicleDriver-Notification.notificationState [For each VehicleDriverNotification, the reference in the role notificationState shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest is finished. | ()

Enumeration	VehicleDriverNotificationEnum				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution				
Note	This meta-class provides available options for vehicle driver notification.				
Aggregated by	VehicleDriverNotification.notificationState				
Literal	Description				
activate	Software package shall be activated.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2				
cancel	Cancellation of the campaign.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=5				
finish	Finish notification				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4				
process	Processing of software package shall be executed				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1				
rollBack	Software package shall be rolled back.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3				
transfer	Software shall be transferred to the vehicle.				
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0				

 Table 15.29:
 VehicleDriverNotificationEnum

15.4.2 VehicleRolloutStep

[TPS_MANI_01295]{DRAFT} **Semantics of VehicleRolloutStep** [The purpose of an update campaign is to roll out the installation or update of SoftwarePackages in



the context of given UCMs. Each <code>VehicleRolloutStep</code> may apply to several UCMs at the same time.

The activation of the SoftwarePackages processed in the context of the enclosing VehiclePackage is triggered as the last element of the rolloutQualification is processed.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

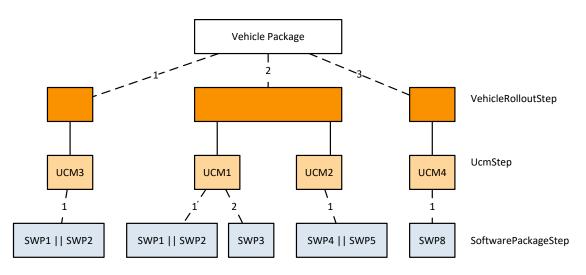


Figure 15.15: Conceptual view on an update campaign

Figure 15.15 takes a conceptual view on the structure of an update campaign and associates the relevant aspects of this view to meta-classes explained in this chapter. Associations that are labeled by a number indicate that an ordering is implied with the respective step.

For example, the execution of the update campaign happens in dedicated steps formalized as <code>VehicleRolloutStep</code>, as explained in [TPS_MANI_01295]. Each of the three steps sketched in the picture would be modeled as an individual <code>VehicleRoll-outStep</code>.

The rollout action is formalized by UcmStep.softwarePackageStep. In other words, it is possible to specify a different softwarePackageStep for each individual UCM.

The individual VehicleRolloutSteps are executed in the order in which they are aggregated at the enclosing VehiclePackage. This aspect is in more detail explained by [TPS_MANI_01296].

Class	VehicleRolloutStep			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a rollout-condition for a vehicle update campaign.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	VehiclePackage.rolloutQualification			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
	·			

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			\triangle	
Class	VehicleRolloutStep			
safetyCondition	String	*	attr	This attribute represents a list of textual safety conditions (e.g.: close the driver window) that need to be fulfilled before the rollout step can proceed.
ucmProcessing	UcmStep	*	aggr	This aggregation collects the UcmProcessingSteps that make up the rollout step.

Table 15.30: VehicleRolloutStep

[TPS_MANI_01296]{DRAFT} Ordered execution of rollout steps in an update campaign [The individual VehicleRolloutSteps defined in the context of a given VehiclePackage are executed in the defined order and therefore the aggregation of VehicleRolloutStep at VehiclePackage is ordered.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

15.4.3 UcmStep

[TPS_MANI_01297]{DRAFT} Semantics of meta-class UcmStep [Each VehicleRolloutStep consists of a number of UcmSteps (aggregated by VehicleRolloutStep in the role ucmProcessing). Each UcmStep refers to a specific UCM (represented by UcmDescription) in the role ucm.](*RS_MANI_00035*)

[TPS_MANI_01298]{DRAFT} **No ordering of VehicleRolloutStep.ucmProcessing** [Each UcmStep defined in the context of an enclosing VehicleRolloutStep can be handled without the consideration of a dedicated order. Therefore, the aggregation VehicleRolloutStep.ucmProcessing is not labeled as ordered.](*RS_-MANI_00035*)

Class	UcmStep			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution			
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to define a rollout-condition for a vehicle update campaign.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	VehicleRolloutStep.ucmProcessing			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
software PackageStep (ordered)	SoftwarePackageStep	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the sequence of activities to be carried out in the context of the respective UCM.
ucm	UcmDescription	01	ref	This reference identifies the UCM for which the rollout step applies.

Table 15.31: UcmStep

15.4.4 SoftwarePackageStep

[TPS_MANI_01299]{DRAFT} Aggregation of SoftwarePackageSteps at UcmStep [Each UcmStep consists of an ordered collection of SoftwarePackageSteps. This



means that the order in which <code>SoftwarePackages</code> are handled in the scope of one <code>UcmStep</code> is significant. |(*RS_MANI_00035*)

Class	SoftwarePackageStep				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution				
Note	This meta-class represents the configuration of an activation step in the context of software package activation.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	UcmStep.softwarePackageStep				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note		Note		
process	SoftwarePackage	01	ref	This reference identifies the SoftwarePackage to be processed in the enclosing SoftwarePackageStep.	
transfer	SoftwarePackage Storing	*	aggr	ggr This aggregation clarifies the storing of the Software Package.	

Table 15.32:	SoftwarePackageStep
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[TPS_MANI_01300]{DRAFT} Semantics of reference SoftwarePackageStep. transfer.transfer [The reference SoftwarePackageStep.transfer.transfer identifies the SoftwarePackages that are supposed to be transferred in the context of the enclosing SoftwarePackageStep.

It is positively supported that SoftwarePackages are transferred in parallel and therefore the multiplicity of the reference in the role transfer has been set to 0..*.](*RS_-MANI_00035*)

[TPS_MANI_01301]{DRAFT} Semantics of aggregation SoftwarePackageStep. transfer [By means of the aggregation of SoftwarePackageStoring it is possible to specify for each individual SoftwarePackage to specify whether and where the SoftwarePackage is stored in the vehicle.

This information is specifically provided by attribute SoftwarePackageStoring. storing of type SoftwarePackageStoringEnum. (*RS_MANI_00035*)

Class	SoftwarePackageStoring			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution			
Note	This meta-class provides the ability to specify whether and where the referenced SoftwarePackage is stored.			
Base	ARObject			
Aggregated by	SoftwarePackageStep.transfer			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
storing	SoftwarePackage StoringEnum	01	attr	This attribute clarifies whether and where the referenced SoftwarePackage is stored.
transfer			This reference identifies the SoftwarePackage(s) to be transferred in the enclosing SoftwarePackageStep.	

Table 15.33: SoftwarePackageStoring

[constr_10256]{DRAFT} Multiplicity of reference in the role SoftwarePackageStoring.storing [For each SoftwarePackageStoring, the reference in the



role storing shall exist at the time when the creation of the manifest
is finished.]()

Enumeration	SoftwarePackageStoringEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::SoftwareDistribution			
Note	This enumeration controls where software packages are stored.			
Aggregated by	SoftwarePackageStoring.storing			
Literal	Description			
none	No storing in vehicle.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			
ucm	Storing in UCM (subordinate).			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2			
ucmMaster	Storing in Ucm Master.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			

Table 15.34: SoftwarePackageStoringEnum

[TPS_MANI_01302]{DRAFT} Semantics of reference SoftwarePackageStep. process [The reference SoftwarePackageStep.process identifies the SoftwarePackage that is supposed to be processed in the context of the enclosing SoftwarePackageStep.

The processing of SoftwarePackages happens strictly one after the other and therefore the reference process can only have the multiplicity 0..1. The strict order of processing is guaranteed by the aggregation of the SoftwarePackageStep at Ucm-Step. |(RS_MANI_00035)

[TPS_MANI_01306]{DRAFT} **Simultaneous existence of references in the role SoftwarePackageStep.transfer and SoftwarePackageStep.process** [It is possible that the references SoftwarePackageStep.transfer and Soft-warePackageStep.process simultaneously exist to the identical SoftwarePack-age in the context of the same SoftwarePackageStep.

The semantics of such a configuration is that the <code>SoftwarePackage</code> that is referenced by the two roles owned by the same <code>SoftwarePackageStep</code> is "streamed", i.e. transferred and processed in one step represented by the <code>SoftwarePackageStep.]</code> (*RS_MANI_00035*)

15.4.5 Examples for the Usage of SoftwarePackageStep

The semantics of the references

- transfer
- process

shall be explained along a set of examples.



15.4.5.1 Examples for the Usage of transfer and process

The first example (as depicted in Figure 15.16) assumes a scenario where three SoftwarePackages shall be activated and the three SoftwarePackages are transferred in parallel in the context of one SoftwarePackageStep.

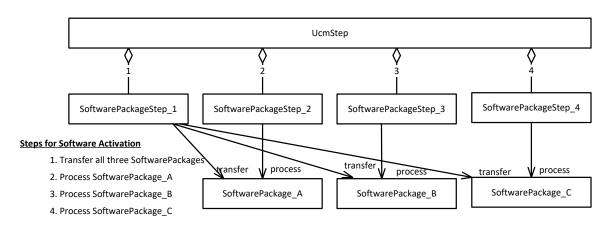
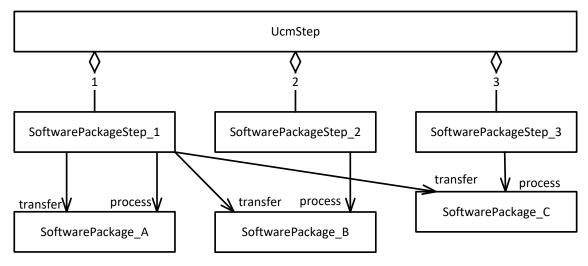


Figure 15.16: Example 1 of the configuration of SoftwarePackageStep

After that, the three SoftwarePackages are processed one by one in the context of three further SoftwarePackageSteps.



Steps for Software Activation

- 1. Transfer all three SoftwarePackages and process SoftwarePackage_A (streaming)
- 2. Process SoftwarePackage_B
- 3. Process SoftwarePackage_C





The ordering of the SoftwarePackageSteps in the context of the enclosing Ucm-Step is depicted explicitly by assigning numerical values to the aggregation as well as naming the respective SoftwarePackageStep using the same numerical values.

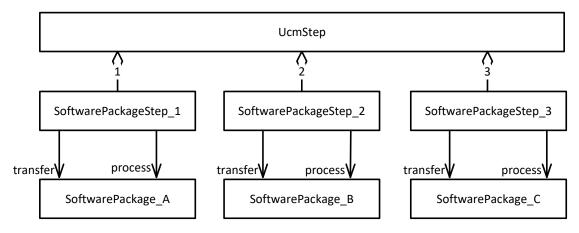
The second example introduces a scenario where the three <code>SoftwarePackages</code> are transferred in the first <code>SoftwarePackageStep</code>. One of the <code>SoftwarePackages</code> is additionally referenced in the role <code>process</code> and this indicates that the respective <code>SoftwarePackage</code> is streamed.

Because the first SoftwarePackage is streamed, only three¹ SoftwarePackage ageSteps are needed to model the example.

The rest of the SoftwarePackages are processed in a dedicated SoftwarePackageStep. The example is depicted in Figure 15.17.

The third example, depicted in Figure 15.18, sketches a scenario where three Soft-warePackages are streamed one after the other.

Consequently, this scenario requires the existence of three <code>SoftwarePackageSteps</code> that each reference the same <code>SoftwarePackage</code> in the roles <code>transfer</code> and <code>process</code>.



Steps for Software Activation

- 1. Transfer and process (i.e. stream) SoftwarePackage_A
- 2. Transfer and process (i.e. stream) SoftwarePackage_B
- 3. Transfer and process (i.e. stream) SoftwarePackage_C

Figure 15.18: Example 3 of the configuration of SoftwarePackageStep

¹As opposed to four SoftwarePackageSteps required to model the first example.



16 Interoperability between Classic Platform and Adaptive Platform

This chapter collects restrictions for interoperability between Classic Platform and Adaptive Platform.

16.1 Usage of majorVersion in the SOME/IP network binding

In case of a SOME/IP communication between Classic Platform and Adaptive Platform the usage of SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion.majorVersion is restricted.

If several ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances are defined with the same SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceId and different SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceVersion.majorVersions and these ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances are mapped to the same Socket Address (UDP/TCP Port and IP Address) by SomeipService-InstanceToMachineMapping then particular restrictions apply in case that the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances are consumed on a Classic Platform ECU.

In such a scenario the same Messageld may be used for ServiceInterface elements like an event in the different ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances that have different majorVersions. On the Classic Platform in the SoAd module this will result in different Pdus that have the same headerId in the same SocketConnection. In the AUTOSAR Architecture of the Classic Platform one part of the SOME/IP Header is evaluated in the SOME/IP Transformer (RequestId, Protocol Version, Interface Version, Message Type, Return Code) and the other part in the Socket Adaptor (MessageId, Length). This means that the Socket Adaptor is not able to evaluate the MajorVersion in the Pdu and can not determine the source of the Pdu.

The following restrictions apply in case that the ServiceInterface contains methods and/or fields with hasGetter or hasSetter set to true: If two or more ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances are defined using the same serviceInterfaceId and different majorVersions and these ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances are mapped to the same Socket Address (same UDP/TCP Port and IP Address) then the destination IP address, the destination port number, and the Level 4 protocol (Udp/Tcp) fields of header of IP packets containing calls that are sent to the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances are identical. In such a scenario, the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances may still use identical methodIds if the following condition applies:

a) At any point in time only one of the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances is active, and only clients of that ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance send requests to the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.



In all other cases, the methodIds of the two ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances should not overlap.

The following restrictions apply for ServiceInterface events and fields with hasNotifier set to true: If two or more ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances are defined using the same serviceInterfaceId and different majorVersions, and these ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances are mapped to the same Socket Address (same UDP/TCP Port and IP Address) then the source IP address, the source port number, and the Level 4 protocol (Udp) fields of header of IP packets containing event PDUs that are sent to the clients of the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances may use identical. In such a scenario, the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances may use identical eventIds if at least one of the following conditions holds for any pair of the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances:

- a) At any point in time only one of the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances is active
- b) If two or more ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances can send events or Field notifiers at the same time, the ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances may still use identical eventIds if at least one of the following IP header fields of the IP packet containing the event is different for any pair of SomeipEventDeployments identified by the same eventId:
 - **b1)** Destination IP address (== IP address of client)
 - **b2)** Destination port number (== client port number)



A Examples

This chapter contains a collection of examples that reflect concepts described in different chapters of this document. The content of the chapter provides mere explanation and does not add anything to the model semantics.

A.1 Service Instance Deployment by Service Interface Mapping

The example in Figure A.2 sketches the modeling of a ProvidedSomeipService-Instance in the presence of a ServiceInterfaceMapping, that references two ServiceInterfaceS in the role sourceServiceInterface.

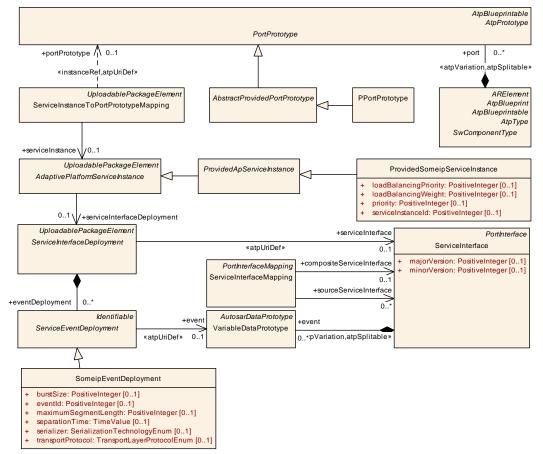


Figure A.1: Meta-model excerpt relevant for the example

For support, Figure A.1 contains an excerpt from the meta-model that contains the relevant meta-classes that have been instantiated to create the example sketched in Figure A.2.

Note further that the example depicted in Figure A.2 is not limited to the explanation of the actual ServiceInterfaceMapping.



As the main use case for this is the usage of <u>ServiceInterfaces</u> for the definition of an "outside" communication binding the example also contains the modeling of such a binding, in this case to SOME/IP.

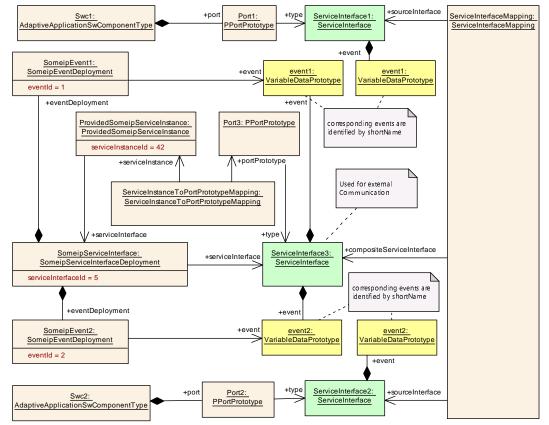


Figure A.2: Example for the deployments of a service in the presence of a <u>ServiceIn-terfaceMapping</u>

Please note that the modeling of the binding requires the existence of a PortPrototype, which in turn is aggregated by an SwComponentType (not depicted).

This approach still contains some degrees of freedom with respect to the role of the SwComponentType that aggregates the mentioned PortPrototype. This document does not go further in discussing the nature of such a configuration.

For reasons of keeping the example as simple as possible, each of the ServiceInterfaces in the role sourceServiceInterface aggregate a single event.

The ServiceInterface referenced in the role compositeServiceInterface aggregates two event with shortNames that match the mentioned event of the source ServiceInterfaces (see [TPS_MANI_01022]).



A.2 Service Instance Deployment by Service Interface Element Mapping

The example in Figure A.4 sketches the modeling of a ProvidedSomeipService-Instance in the presence of a ServiceInterfaceEventMappings. In principle, this example is very close to the example described in Figure A.2.

In contrast to the example sketched in Figure A.2, the example depicted in Figure A.4 uses a mapping to individual elements of a ServiceInterface instead of the entire ServiceInterface.

Please find the corresponding excerpt of relevant meta-classes for the utilization of ServiceInterfaceEventMapping sketched in Figure A.3.

Note further that the example depicted in Figure A.3 is not limited to the explanation of the actual ServiceInterfaceElementMapping.

As the main use case for this is the usage of <u>ServiceInterfaces</u> for the definition of an "outside" communication binding the example also contains the modeling of such a binding, in this case to SOME/IP.

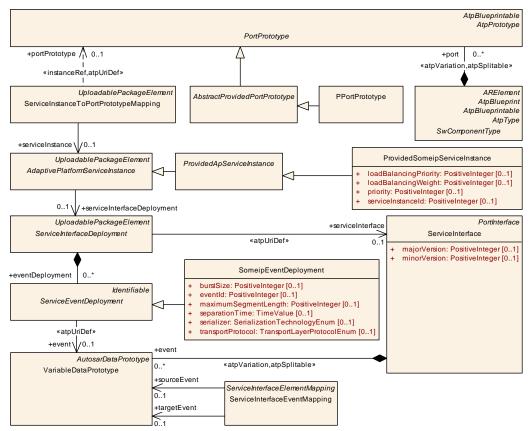


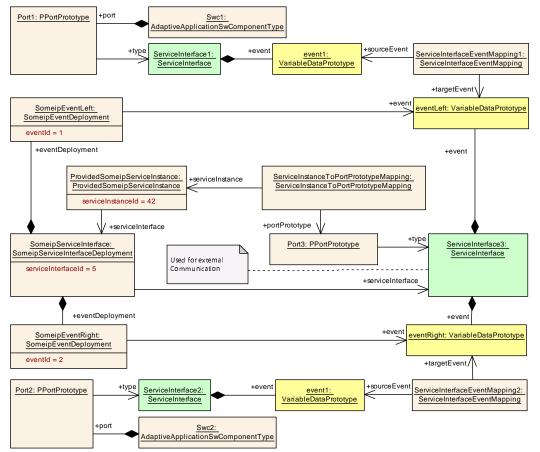
Figure A.3: Excerpt of the relevant meta-classes for the ServiceInterfaceEventMapping example

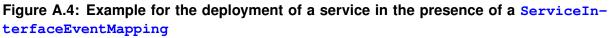
Please note that the modeling of the binding requires the existence of a PortPrototype, which in turn is aggregated by an SwComponentType (not depicted).



This approach still contains some degrees of freedom with respect to the role of the SwComponentType that aggregates the mentioned PortPrototype. This document does not go further in discussing the nature of such a configuration.

By mapping individual elements of ServiceInterfaces, it is possible to map element with different shortNames to each other. In this example, the event with the shortName event1 is mapped to another event with the shortName eventLeft.





In Figure A.4, two different ServiceInterfaces exist that each aggregate an event with the identical shortName. This scenario **requires** the existence of ServiceInterfaceElementMappingS.

As an extension to the scenario depicted in Figure A.4, Figure A.5 describes a model where the **same** event of a ServiceInterface is used in two different event deployments by means of two ServiceInterfaceEventMappings that each refer to said event in the role ServiceInterfaceEventMapping.sourceEvent.



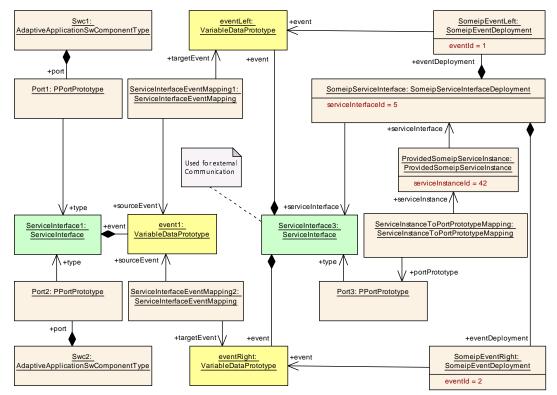


Figure A.5: Example for the deployment of a service in the presence of a <u>ServiceIn-terfaceEventMapping</u> to the same source <u>ServiceInterface</u>

Again, this scenario **requires** the existence of appropriately configured ServiceIn-terfaceElementMappingS.

A.3 Definition of Startup Configuration

As already mentioned, the mode-dependent startup configuration is directly aggregated by the definition of a Process:

```
<PROCESS>
  <SHORT-NAME>AA1</SHORT-NAME>
  <STATE-DEPENDENT-STARTUP-CONFIGS>
    <STATE-DEPENDENT-STARTUP-CONFIG>
      <EXECUTION-DEPENDENCYS>
        <EXECUTION-DEPENDENCY>
          <PROCESS-STATE-IREF>
            <CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="MODE-
               DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE">/Processes/MWC/
               ProcessStateMachine </ CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-
               PROTOTYPE-REF>
            <TARGET-MODE-DECLARATION-REF DEST="MODE-DECLARATION">/
               ModeDeclarationGroups/ProcessStateMachine/Running</TARGET-
               MODE-DECLARATION-REF>
          </PROCESS-STATE-IREF>
        </EXECUTION-DEPENDENCY>
        <EXECUTION-DEPENDENCY>
```



<PROCESS-STATE-IREF> <CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="MODE-</pre> DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE">/Processes/MSM/ ProcessStateMachine</CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF> <TARGET-MODE-DECLARATION-REF DEST="MODE-DECLARATION">/ ModeDeclarationGroups/ProcessStateMachine/Running</TARGET-MODE-DECLARATION-REF> </PROCESS-STATE-IREF> </EXECUTION-DEPENDENCY> </EXECUTION-DEPENDENCYS> <FUNCTION-GROUP-STATE-IREFS> <FUNCTION-GROUP-STATE-IREF> <CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE">/FunctionGroupSets/ExampleFGS/ ExampleFG</CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF> <TARGET-MODE-DECLARATION-REF DEST="MODE-DECLARATION">/ ModeDeclarationGroups/ExampleFG/Running</TARGET-MODE-DECLARATION-REF> </FUNCTION-GROUP-STATE-IREF> </FUNCTION-GROUP-STATE-IREFS> <RESOURCE-GROUP-REF DEST="RESOURCE-GROUP">/Machines/ExampleMachine/ Linux/resourceGroup2</RESOURCE-GROUP-REF> <STARTUP-CONFIG-REF DEST="STARTUP-CONFIG">/StartupConfigs/AA1 Startup </STARTUP-CONFIG-REF> </STATE-DEPENDENT-STARTUP-CONFIG> </STATE-DEPENDENT-STARTUP-CONFIGS> </PROCESS>

Listing A.1: Example for the definition of the StateDependentStartupConfig owned by a Process

In this example, launch dependencies exist on two other Processes. Both Processes MWC and MSM need to be in the ProcessState "Running" before AA1 is started.

The reference <code>StateDependentStartupConfig.functionGroupState</code> refers to a <code>ModeDeclaration</code> with the <code>shortName</code> "Running" within the <code>Function</code> <code>Group</code> "ExampleFG".

In other words, the referenced StartupConfig that is defined in Listing A.2 is valid if the Function Group "ExampleFG" is in state "Running".

```
<STARTUP-CONFIG>
<SHORT-NAME>AA1_Startup</SHORT-NAME>
<PROCESS-ARGUMENTS>
<PROCESS-ARGUMENT>
<ARGUMENT>-a</ARGUMENT>
</PROCESS-ARGUMENT>
<PROCESS-ARGUMENT>
<ARGUMENT>-b</ARGUMENT>
<PROCESS-ARGUMENT>
<ARGUMENT>-d</ARGUMENT>
</PROCESS-ARGUMENT>
<ARGUMENT>-d</ARGUMENT>
<PROCESS-ARGUMENT>
<ARGUMENT>XYZ</ARGUMENT>
```



</PROCESS-ARGUMENT> </PROCESS-ARGUMENTS> <SCHEDULING-POLICY>SCHEDULING-POLICY-FIFO</SCHEDULING-POLICY> <SCHEDULING-PRIORITY>20</SCHEDULING-PRIORITY> </STARTUP-CONFIG>

Listing A.2: Example for a StartupConfig

The StateDependentStartupConfig of the Process is assigned to the ResourceGroup named "ResourceGroup2" that is defined in the Machine Manifest.

The corresponding definition of a Machine contains a OsModuleInstantiation that in turn owns the two ResourceGroups named "ResourceGroup1" and "ResourceGroup2". This aspect can be found in Listing A.3.

```
<MACHINE>
 <SHORT-NAME>ExampleMachine</SHORT-NAME>
 <MODULE-INSTANTIATIONS>
    <OS-MODULE-INSTANTIATION>
      <SHORT-NAME>Linux</SHORT-NAME>
      <RESOURCE-GROUPS>
        <RESOURCE-GROUP>
          <SHORT-NAME>resourceGroup1</SHORT-NAME>
          <CPU-USAGE>60</CPU-USAGE>
          <MEM-USAGE>1000000</MEM-USAGE>
        </RESOURCE-GROUP>
        <RESOURCE-GROUP>
          <SHORT-NAME>resourceGroup2</SHORT-NAME>
          <CPU-USAGE>70</CPU-USAGE>
          <MEM-USAGE>2000000</MEM-USAGE>
        </RESOURCE-GROUP>
      </RESOURCE-GROUPS>
    </OS-MODULE-INSTANTIATION>
  </MODULE-INSTANTIATIONS>
</MACHINE>
```

Listing A.3: Example for the definition of a Machine

The example definition of a FunctionGroupSet is sketched in Listing A.4.

Listing A.4: Example for the definition of a FunctionGroupSet

The definition of the ModeDeclarationGroup that represents the Function Group is contained in Listing A.5.

<MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP>



Specification of Manifest AUTOSAR AP R22-11

```
<SHORT-NAME>ExampleFG</SHORT-NAME>
 <INITIAL-MODE-REF DEST="MODE-DECLARATION">/ModeDeclarationGroups/
     ExampleFG/Off</INITIAL-MODE-REF>
  <MODE-DECLARATIONS>
    <MODE-DECLARATION>
      <SHORT-NAME>Off</SHORT-NAME>
    </MODE-DECLARATION>
    <MODE-DECLARATION>
      <SHORT-NAME>Running</SHORT-NAME>
    </MODE-DECLARATION>
    <MODE-DECLARATION>
      <SHORT-NAME>Fallback</SHORT-NAME>
    </MODE-DECLARATION>
    <MODE-DECLARATION>
      <SHORT-NAME>Diag</SHORT-NAME>
    </MODE-DECLARATION>
  </MODE-DECLARATIONS>
</MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP>
```

Listing A.5: Example for the definition of ModeDeclarationGroupS

The definition of the ModeDeclarationGroup that represents the process state machine is contained in Listing A.6.

```
<MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP>
  <SHORT-NAME>ProcessStateMachine</SHORT-NAME>
  <INITIAL-MODE-REF DEST="MODE-DECLARATION">/ModeDeclarationGroups/
    ProcessStateMachine/Terminated</INITIAL-MODE-REF>
  <MODE-DECLARATIONS>
    <MODE-DECLARATION>
        <SHORT-NAME>Running</SHORT-NAME>
        </MODE-DECLARATION>
        <SHORT-NAME>Running</SHORT-NAME>
        </MODE-DECLARATION>
        <SHORT-NAME>Terminated</SHORT-NAME>
        </MODE-DECLARATION>
        </MODE-DECLARATION>
        </MODE-DECLARATION>
        </MODE-DECLARATION>
        </MODE-DECLARATION>
        </MODE-DECLARATION>
        </MODE-DECLARATION>
```

```
Listing A.6: Example for the definition of ModeDeclarationGroupS
```

A.4 Service Instance Mapping

This section contains some examples that explain the modeling of a mapping between a service instance and the application. The examples have been created to show both the "find" and the "offer" side of the service binding.

In the first example, depicted in Figure A.6 shows the binding of PortPrototypes to a SOME/IP-based transport layer. The left part of the diagram contains the modeling of the "find" aspect and the right part contains the modeling of the "offer" aspect.

Please note that the shortNames of the two affected PortPrototypes are different. In other words, the shortNames of the PortPrototypes are not used as a way to identify the opposite end of the service binding.



Instead, the existence of a ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping that maps a PortPrototype to a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance Or Required-SomeipServiceInstance with the identical value of attribute serviceInstancell creates the actual binding between the "find" and the "offer" end.

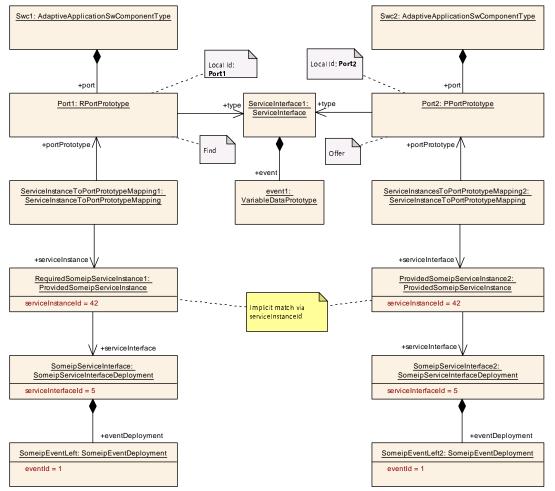


Figure A.6: Port-based binding of a service instance to the application using SOME/IP

The next example (depicted in Figure A.7) shows a binding of PortPrototypes to a user-defined transport layer. The left part of the diagram contains the modeling of the "find" aspect and the right part contains the modeling of the "offer" aspect.

Because the binding is user-defined, there are no attributes modeled on the level of the meta-model available to identify an instance according to the user-defined service implementation. There is just no way to define attributes that are "needed anyway" for a user-defined binding.

Therefore, the only option in this case it the usage of AdminData, Sdg, and Sd to define an identification of the user-defined transport layer.

In order to support the comparison to the example depicted in Figure A.6, the example described in Figure A.7 uses a simple identification based on a numerical value. Again, this is an arbitrary scenario created just for the sake of explanation.



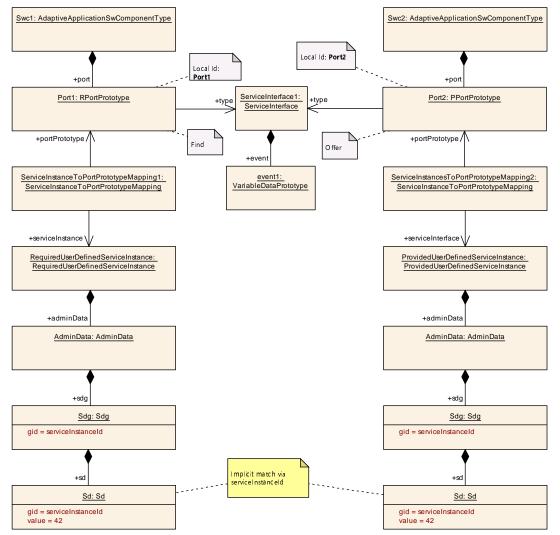


Figure A.7: Port-based binding of a service instance to the application using a userdefined binding



A.5 Radar and Camera ServiceInterface example

The example in figure A.8 shows a *Radar* ServiceInterface with a *BrakeEvent* and two methods: *Calibrate* and *Adjust*. The *Camera* ServiceInterface shown in figure A.9 has two events: *LaneEvent* and *SpeedLimitEvent* and one *Calibrate* method.

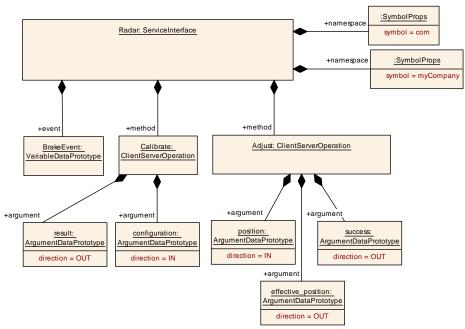


Figure A.8: Radar Service Interface

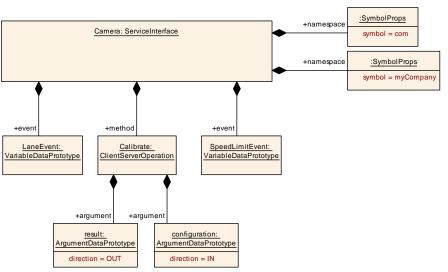


Figure A.9: Camera Service Interface

Both ServiceInterfaces *Radar* and *Camera* are mapped to a combined *RadarAndCamera* ServiceInterface with an Service Interface Element Mapping since both ServiceInterfaces have a method with the same name: *Calibrate*.



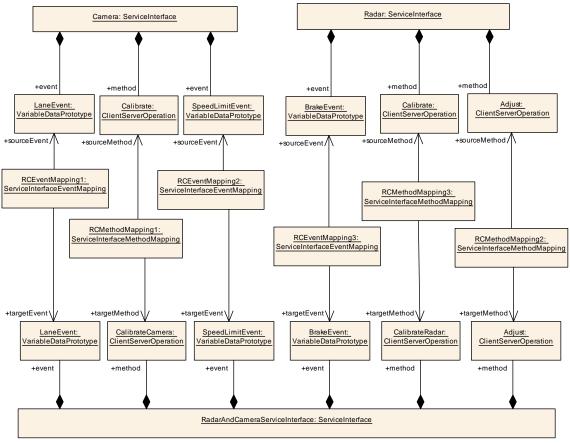


Figure A.10: Service Interface Element Mapping example

The combined ServiceInterface is offered over the network as a SOME/IP Service. Figure A.11 shows the assignment of the SOME/IP serviceInterfaceId to 31.

In addition SOME/IP eventIds are assigned to the events and methodIds are assigned to the methods. Furthermore a single SomeipEventGroup is defined to which all SomeipEventDeployments of the *RadarAndCamera* ServiceInterface are assigned.



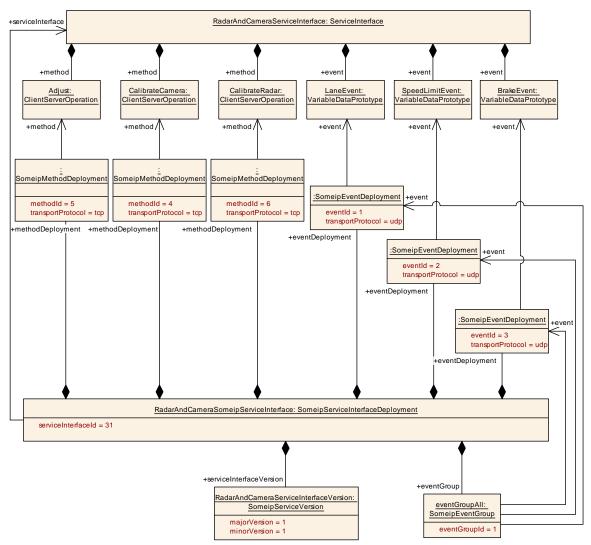


Figure A.11: SOME/IP Deployment

Figure A.12 shows a modeled ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance that is mapped to a Machine.

The displayed configuration in figure A.12 leads to a SOME/IP OfferService Message with the following content:

- ServiceId => serviceInterfaceId = 31
- InstanceId => serviceInstanceId = 1
- MajorVersion => 1
- MinorVersion => 1
- TTL => 3
- IPv4 Endpoint Option with IPv4 Address (170.88.199.94), Protocol (TCP), Port-Number (30567)



- IPv4 Endpoint Option with IPv4 Address (170.88.199.94), Protocol (UDP), Port-Number (30501)
- IP Multicast Endpoint Option with IPv4 Address (239.255.0.1), Protocol (UDP), PortNumber (30502)

An example of a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance is shown in Figure A.13.

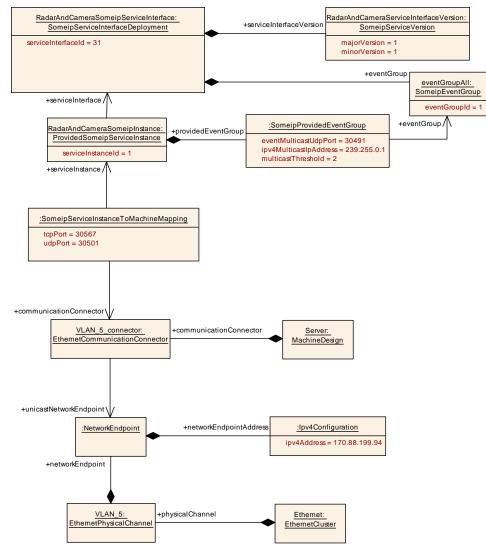


Figure A.12: SOME/IP Provided Service Instance



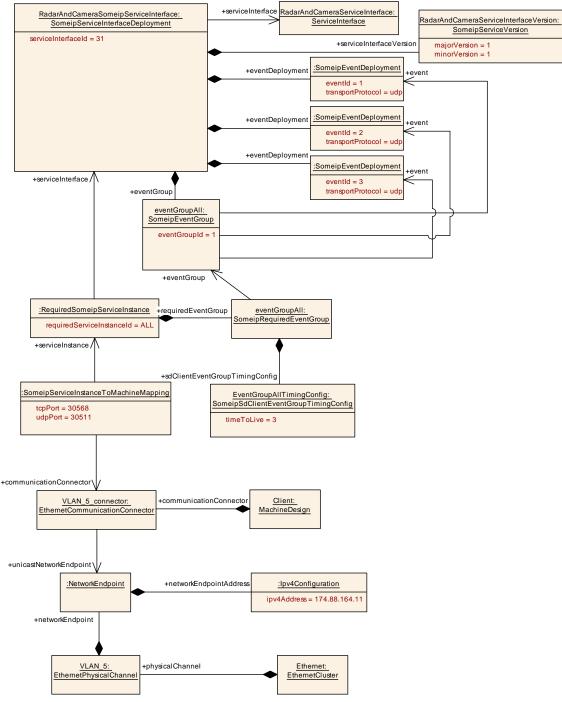


Figure A.13: SOME/IP Required Service Instance

The displayed configuration in figure A.13 leads to a SOME/IP Find Service Message with the following content:

- ServiceId => serviceInterfaceId = 31
- Instanceld => RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.requiredServiceInstanceId = ALL
- MajorVersion => majorVersion = 1



• MinorVersion => minorVersion = 1

The displayed configuration in figure A.12 also leads to a SOME/IP SubscribeEvent-Group Message content that is sent from the Service Requester to the Service Provider:

- ServiceId => taken from the OfferMessage
- InstanceId => taken from the OfferMessage
- MajorVersion => taken from the OfferMessage
- MinorVersion => taken from the OfferMessage
- Eventgroup ID => RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.requiredEvent-Group.eventGroupId = 1
- TTL => RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.requiredEventGroup.sd-ClientEventGroupTimingConfig.timeToLive = 3
- IPv4 Endpoint Option with IPv4 Address (170.88.164.11), Protocol (UDP), Port-Number (30511)

A.6 Definition of Persistent Data

This chapter contains examples for the modeling of persistent data and file storage starting form the design aspect down to the definition of the persistent storage and the mapping between design and deployment.

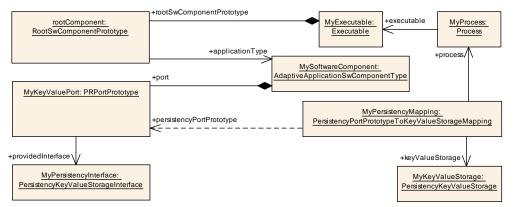


Figure A.14: Simple example modeling of persistent data (design + deployment)

The setup presented in Figure A.14 represents a case with reduced modeling of persistent data.

It is possible to extend the modeling to a deeper level of detail and also formally describe the individual data that is subject to persistency on both design and deployment level, see Figure A.15.



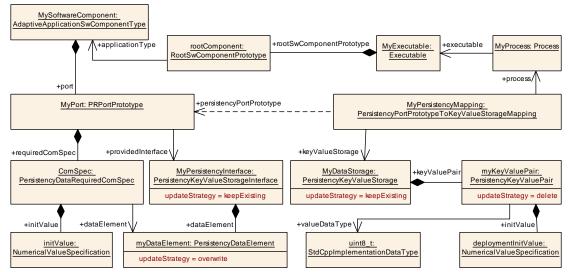


Figure A.15: Advanced example modeling of persistent data (design + deployment)

A.7 Definition of Persistent File

The setup presented in Figure A.16 represents a case with reduced modeling of persistent files.

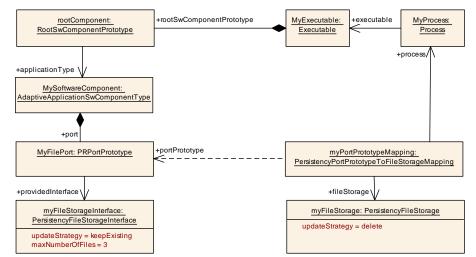


Figure A.16: Simple example modeling of persistent file (design + deployment)

It is possible to extend the modeling to a deeper level of detail and also formally describe the individual file that is subject to persistency on both design and deployment level, see Figure A.17.



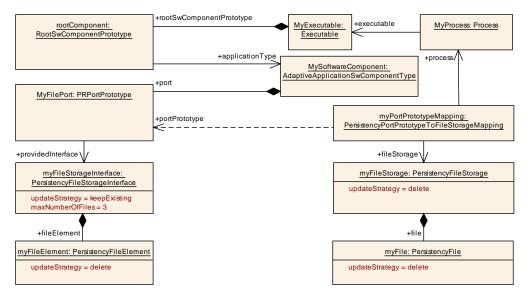


Figure A.17: Advanced example modeling of persistent file (design + deployment)

A.8 Definition of Phm interaction

This chapter contains examples for the modeling of platform health management. The example is structured into Application design and platform health management configuration.

A.8.1 Phm Application Design example

The simple example provided in figure A.18 shows the definition of a PhmHealthChannelInterface and a PhmSupervisedEntityInterface. This example will also be used in the subsequent section to define the platform health management configuration.

The PhmHealthChannelInterface *HealthChannel_A* defines two status attributes:

- Good
- Bad

The PhmSupervisedEntityInterface *SupervisedEntity_B* defines two check-points:

- CP1
- CP2

The AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType AdaptiveApplication defines two RPortPrototypeS

• Hc_A typed by HealthChannel_A



• Se_B typed by SupervisedEntity_B

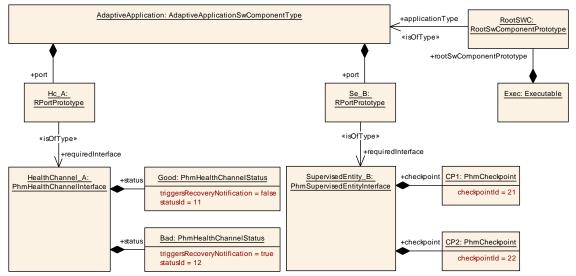


Figure A.18: Example modeling of Health Channel and Supervised Entity

A.8.2 Phm configuration example

When defining the configuration contribution for Phm it is required to first create representatives of the application design model artifacts (health channel status and supervised entity checkpoints) in the Phm configuration context. This is shown in figure A.19.

In this example the *PHM* PlatformHealthManagementContribution defines placeholder elements which refer to the respective application design model artifacts:

Example health channel:

- Hc_Status_Good refers to the Good status of HealthChannel_A
- Hc_Status_Bad refers to the Bad status of HealthChannel_A

Example supervision checkpoint:

- Se_B_Cp1 refers to the CP1 checkpoint of SupervisedEntity_B
- Se_B_Cp2 refers to the CP2 checkpoint of SupervisedEntity_B



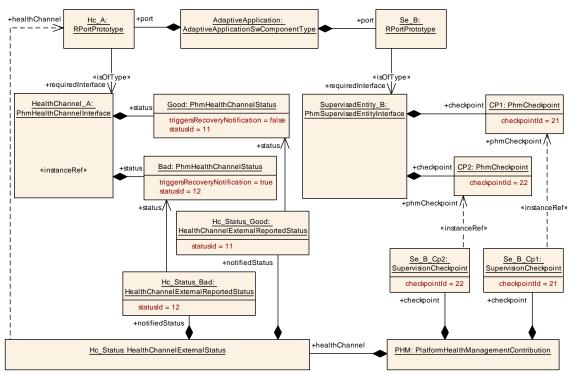


Figure A.19: Example modeling of Phm placeholder definition

Note how the numbers from the PhmCheckpoint.checkpointId have been replicated in SupervisionCheckpoint.checkpointId and PhmHealthChannelStatus.statusId have been replicated in HealthChannelExternalReportedStatus.statusId.

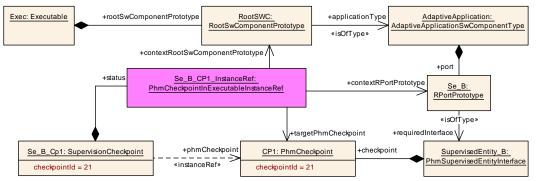


Figure A.20: Example modeling of Phm instance reference

Note that these instance references have a composite nature, which is shown in example figure A.20. Here it is shown that in order to instance reference from the Super-visionCheckpoint Se_B_Cp1 to the PhmCheckpoint CP1 there is the structured reference required consisting of

- contextRootSwComponentPrototype
- contextRPortPrototype
- targetPhmCheckpoint



A.9 Scenarios to define a Vector

This section contains a non-comprehensive list of possible scenarios for the definition of a CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR.

Please note that the general information contained in this chapter does not exclusively apply on to the vector data type. The latter has been picked as an arbitrary example for the visualization of the effect of configuration settings on the language binding.

Consequently, there is no further discussion of this topic with respect to a different kind of container data type.

Please note that for these example scenarios the namespace of a CustomCppImplementationDataType is assumed to be set to x::y and the shortName is assumed to be set to CustVec.

The shortName of a StdCppImplementationDataType is assumed to be set to MyVec.

If a custom Allocator is used in a scenario the value of Allocator.shortName shall be assumed to have the value CustAlloc.

Scenario	array size	custom allocator	custom type	Resulting C++ Code
1	No	No	No	using MyVec = ara::core::Vector <std::uint8_t></std::uint8_t>
Ш	Yes	No	No	<pre>using MyVec = ara::core::Vector<std::uint8_t> //generator warning</std::uint8_t></pre>
Ш	Yes	Yes	No	<pre>using MyVec = ara::core::Vector<std::uint8_t, custalloc<std::uint8_t,<br="">MaxSize>></std::uint8_t,></pre>
IV	No	Yes	No	<pre>using MyVec = ara::core::Vector<std::uint8_t,custalloc<std::uint8_t>></std::uint8_t,custalloc<std::uint8_t></pre>
V	Yes	Yes	Yes	<pre>x::y::CustVec<ara::core::uint8_t, custalloc<std::uint8_t,="" maxsize="">></ara::core::uint8_t,></pre>
VI	Yes	No	Yes	x::y::CustVec <std::uint8_t></std::uint8_t>
VII	No	Yes	Yes	<pre>x::y::CustVec<std::uint8_t, custalloc<std::uint8_t="">></std::uint8_t,></pre>
VIII	No	No	Yes	x::y::CustVec <std::uint8_t></std::uint8_t>

Table A.1: Example definitions of a CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR

A.10 Example for the definition of state management

A.10.1 Consideration of User Perspective

The modeling of state management is described in sections 3.7 and 10.14.

Obviously, the definition of the meta-classes to serialize the state management configuration does not have to directly reflect the mental model which some creators of a specific state management instance have in mind.



This means that the design approach in the user domain might be entirely different from the definition of the respective meta-classes. Such a situation is manageable as long as the mental model applied on the side of the users can be mapped to the meta-classes and their relationships.

To be more concrete, some of the users who define state management configurations, prefer to think in terms of tables that combine an input trigger or error value with a target state, see Table A.2 as an example.

This chapter exemplifies such an approach for how a table-based configuration of state changes could look like and how the table columns map to the meta-model.

A.10.2 Scenario for Trigger

For the definition of the response to triggers, some people define a table, which maps the *trigger value* to the assumed *current state* and the *next state*.

In other words, if the *trigger value* is found in one row and the value of the current state in the state machine is equal to the assumed *current state* in the applicable table row, then the state machine shall be switched to the *next state* listed in the table row.

Please note that the concrete table entries for the states might consist of numerals or literals, depending on the personal preference of the user.

Of course, the meta-model allows to create a connection between the table values either by means of the numerical ModeDeclaration.value or the textual ModeDeclaration.shortName.

Trigger Value	Current State	Next State
1001	0	1
1000	1	0
1000	2	0
1000	3	0
1000	4	0

An example for such a table is listed in Table A.2.

Table A.2: Example table for associating triggerwith state changes using the values

It is important that it is possible to map this mental model of state management configuration to the existing meta-model.

Alternatively, it would be possible to create the table using the shortName of the respective ModeDeclarations and thereby create the exact same semantics, see Table A.3.

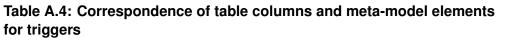


Trigger Value	Current State	Next State
1001	StateOff	StateFull_primary
1000	StateFull_primary	StateOff
1000	State_Fallback	StateOff
1000	State3	StateOff
1000	State4	StateOff

 Table A.3: Example table for associating trigger with state changes using the shortName

Thus, the correspondence of table columns to meta-model elements is documented in Table A.4.

Table Column of Table A.2	Meta-Model Element, see Figure 10.63
Trigger Value	StateManagementCompareCondition. compareValue
Current State	StateManagementTriggerCompare- Rule. assumedCurrentState
Next State	StateManagementRequestRule. nextState



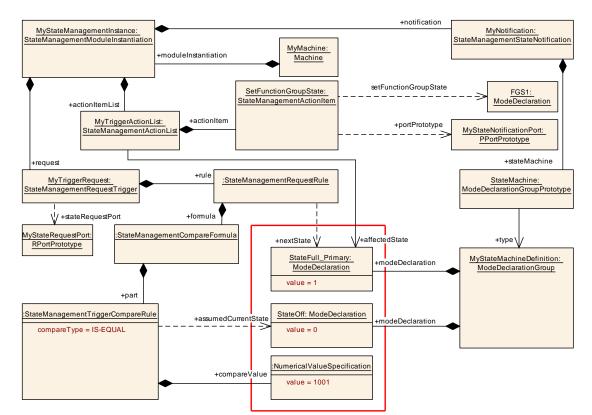


Figure A.21: Example state management modeling for a trigger request



In particular, the Figure A.21 and, with more detail, Listing A.7 depict the modeling of the relevant part for the first row of Table A.2.

The relevant parts of the table row are located inside the red box in Figure A.21.

The concrete usage of StateManagementCompareCondition.compareValue can be found in the listing as part of the STATE-MANAGEMENT-TRIGGER-COMPARE-RULE, specifically by COMPARE-TYPE and COMPARE-VALUE.

The StateManagementTriggerCompareRule.assumedCurrentState is represented by the ASSUMED-CURRENT-STATE-IREF.

And finally, the StateManagementRequestRule.nextState can be found at the NEXT-STATE-IREF inside the STATE-MANAGEMENT-RQUEST-RULE.

```
<STATE-MANAGEMENT-REQUEST-TRIGGER>
 <SHORT-NAME>MyTriggerRequest</SHORT-NAME>
 <STATE-REQUEST-PORT-IREF>
   <context-root-sw-component-prototype-ref dest="root-sw-component-</pre>
       PROTOTYPE">/Executables/MyStateManager/MyRootComponent<//CONTEXT-ROOT
       -SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
   <TARGET-R-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/SwComponentTypes/
       StateManagerComp/MyStateRequestPort</TARGET-R-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
 </STATE-REQUEST-PORT-IREF>
  <RULES>
   <STATE-MANAGEMENT-REQUEST-RULE>
      <FORMULA>
        <PARTS>
          <STATE-MANAGEMENT-TRIGGER-COMPARE-RULE>
            <COMPARE-TYPE>IS-EQUAL</COMPARE-TYPE>
            <COMPARE-VALUE>
              <NUMERICAL-VALUE-SPECIFICATION>
                <VALUE>1001</VALUE>
              </NUMERICAL-VALUE-SPECIFICATION>
            </COMPARE-VALUE>
            <ASSUMED-CURRENT-STATE-IREF>
              <CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="MODE-
                 DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE">/Machines/MyMachine/
                 MyStateManagementInstance/MyNotification/StateMachine</
                 CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF>
              <TARGET-MODE-DECLARATION-REF DEST="MODE-DECLARATION">/
                 ModeDeclarationGroups/MyStateMachineDefinition/StateOff </
                 TARGET-MODE-DECLARATION-REF>
            </ASSUMED-CURRENT-STATE-IREF>
          </STATE-MANAGEMENT-TRIGGER-COMPARE-RULE>
        </PARTS>
      </FORMULA>
      <NEXT-STATE-IREF>
        <CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="MODE-
           DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE">/Machines/MyMachine/
           MyStateManagementInstance/MyNotification/StateMachine</CONTEXT-
           MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF>
        <TARGET-MODE-DECLARATION-REF DEST="MODE-DECLARATION">/
           ModeDeclarationGroups/MyStateMachineDefinition/StateFull primary
           </TARGET-MODE-DECLARATION-REF>
      </NEXT-STATE-IREF>
```



```
</STATE-MANAGEMENT-REQUEST-RULE>
</RULES>
</STATE-MANAGEMENT-REQUEST-TRIGGER>
```

Listing A.7: Example for the definition of a StateManagementRequestTrigger

The ModeDeclarationGroup that types the internal state machine is depicted in Listing A.8. The definition of values that represent the states in Table A.2 are visible in the listing, see VALUE.

```
<MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP>
 <SHORT-NAME>MyStateMachineDefinition</SHORT-NAME>
 <MODE-DECLARATIONS>
    <MODE-DECLARATION>
      <SHORT-NAME>StateOff</SHORT-NAME>
      <VALUE>0</VALUE>
    </MODE-DECLARATION>
    <MODE-DECLARATION>
     <SHORT-NAME>StateFull_primary</SHORT-NAME>
      <VALUE>1</VALUE>
    </MODE-DECLARATION>
    <MODE-DECLARATION>
      <SHORT-NAME>State Fallback</SHORT-NAME>
      <VALUE>2</VALUE>
    </MODE-DECLARATION>
  </MODE-DECLARATIONS>
</MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP>
```

Listing A.8: Example for the definition of a ModeDeclarationGroup to define the states of an internal state machine

The modeling of the applicable StateManagementActionList is sketched in Listing A.9.

Please note that the modeling of the PortPrototypes and the internal structure of the Executable is not explicitly documented in this example because there are other example demonstrating this aspect already.

```
<STATE-MANAGEMENT-ACTION-LIST>
  <SHORT-NAME>MyTriggerActionList</SHORT-NAME>
  <ACTION-ITEMS>
    <STATE-MANAGEMENT-SET-FUNCTION-GROUP-STATE-ACTION-ITEM>
      <SHORT-NAME>SetFunctionGroupState</SHORT-NAME>
      <PORT-PROTOTYPE-IREF>
        <context-root-sw-component-prototype-ref dest="root-sw-component-</pre>
           PROTOTYPE">/Executables/MyStateManager/MyRootComponent</CONTEXT-
           ROOT-SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
        <TARGET-P-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/
           SwComponentTypes/StateManagerComp/MyStateNotificationPort
           TARGET-P-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
      </PORT-PROTOTYPE-IREF>
      <SET-FUNCTION-GROUP-STATE-IREF>
        <CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="MODE-</pre>
           DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE">/FunctionGroups/MyFumctionGroups/
           FG1</CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF>
```



Listing A.9: Example for the definition of a StateManagementActionList for the trigger request

The modeling of the FunctionGroupSet mentioned in the example is sketched in Listing A.10.

Listing A.10: Example for the definition of a FunctionGroupSet for the discussed example

The modeling of the ModeDeclarationGroup that defines the Function Group States named "FGS1" and "FGS2" that are used in the example is sketched in Listing A.11.

```
<MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP>
  <SHORT-NAME>MyFunctionGroupStates</SHORT-NAME>
  <MODE-DECLARATION>
    <SHORT-NAME>FGS1</SHORT-NAME>
    </MODE-DECLARATION>
    <MODE-DECLARATION>
    <SHORT-NAME>FGS2</SHORT-NAME>
    </MODE-DECLARATION>
    <//MODE-DECLARATION>
    <//mde-DECLARATION>
    <//mde-DECLARATION-GROUP>
```

Listing A.11: Example for the definition of a ModeDeclarationGroup for defining the Function Group States used in the discussed example

Finally, the modeling of the StateManagementStateNotification is sketched in in Listing A.12.

Please note that the definition of the STATE-MACHINE in Listing A.12 relates to the definition of internal states (modeled as a MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP), as sketched in Listing A.8.

```
<STATE-MANAGEMENT-STATE-NOTIFICATION>
<SHORT-NAME>MyNotification</SHORT-NAME>
```



<NOTIFICATION-PORT-IREF> <CONTEXT-ROOT-SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPONENT- PROTOTYPE">/Executables/MyStateManager/MyRootComponent</CONTEXT-ROOT -SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE-REF> <TARGET-P-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/SwComponentTypes/ StateManagerComp/MyStateNotificationPort</TARGET-P-PORT-PROTOTYPE- REF> </NOTIFICATION-PORT-IREF> <STATE-MACHINE> <SHORT-NAME>StateMachine</SHORT-NAME> <TYPE-TREF DEST="MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP">/ModeDeclarationGroups/ MyStateMachineDefinition</TYPE-TREF> </STATE-MACHINE> </STATE-MACHINE> </STATE-MACHINE> </STATE-MACHINE> </STATE-MACHINE>

Listing A.12: Example for the definition of a <u>StateManagementStateNotification</u> for communicating state changes within the discussed example

A.10.3 Scenario for Error

For the definition of the response to errors, some people define a table, which maps the *trigger value* and the *next state* that is to be switched to if the particular error value is received.

In other words, if the value of *error code* is found in one row, then the state machine shall be switched to the *next state* listed in the table row, **independently** of the values of the current state of the state machine.

An example for such a table is listed in Table A.5.

Error Code	Next State
11	2
12	3
111	2
23	4
24	0
244	5

Table A.5: Example table forassociating error with statechanges

The correspondence of table columns to meta-model elements is documented in Table A.6.



Table Column of Table A.5	Meta-Model Element, see Figure 10.64
ErrorCode	StateManagementCompareCondition. compareValue
Next State	StateManagementRequestRule. nextState

 Table A.6: Correspondence of table columns and meta-model elements

 for errors

In particular, the Figure A.22 and, with more detail, Listing A.13 depict the modeling of the relevant part for the first row of Table A.5.

The relevant parts of the table row are located inside the red box in Figure A.22.

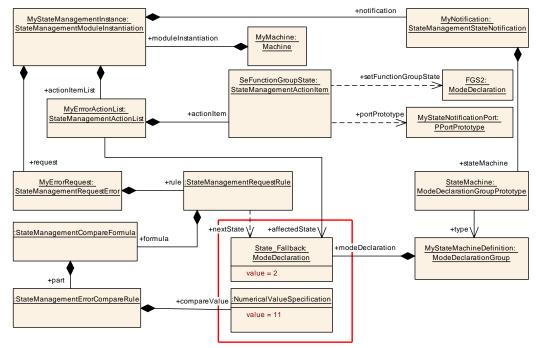


Figure A.22: Example state management modeling for an error request

This example features partly the same model elements as the previous trigger example.

But in this specific case, there is a different StateManagementActionList
named "MyErrorActionList" that refers to different modeDeclaration named
"State_Fallback" (that is represented by the numerical value 2) in the role affectedState.

Obviously, a StateManagementRequestError named "MyErrorRequest" exists that aggregates its own rule. The StateManagementErrorCompareRule.compareValue has the value 11.

This fits to the first row of Table A.5.

```
<STATE-MANAGEMENT-REQUEST-ERROR>
<SHORT-NAME>MyErrorRequest<//short-NAME>
```



```
<STATE-REQUEST-PORT-IREF>
    <context-root-sw-component-prototype-ref dest="root-sw-component-</pre>
       PROTOTYPE">/Executables/MyStateManager/MyRootComponent</CONTEXT-ROOT
       -SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
    <TARGET-R-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/SwComponentTypes/
       StateManagerComp/MyErrorRequestPort</TARGET-R-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
 </STATE-REQUEST-PORT-IREF>
  <RULES>
    <STATE-MANAGEMENT-REQUEST-RULE>
      <FORMULA>
        <PARTS>
          <STATE-MANAGEMENT-ERROR-COMPARE-RULE>
            <COMPARE-TYPE>IS-EOUAL</COMPARE-TYPE>
            <COMPARE-VALUE>
              <NUMERICAL-VALUE-SPECIFICATION>
                <VALUE>11</VALUE>
              </NUMERICAL-VALUE-SPECIFICATION>
            </COMPARE-VALUE>
          </STATE-MANAGEMENT-ERROR-COMPARE-RULE>
        </PARTS>
      </FORMULA>
      <NEXT-STATE-IREF>
        <CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="MODE-</pre>
           DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE">/Machines/MyMachine/
           MyStateManagementInstance/MyNotification/StateMachine </ CONTEXT-
           MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF>
        <TARGET-MODE-DECLARATION-REF DEST="MODE-DECLARATION">/
           ModeDeclarationGroups/MyStateMachineDefinition/State_Fallback </
           TARGET-MODE-DECLARATION-REF>
      </NEXT-STATE-IREF>
    </STATE-MANAGEMENT-REQUEST-RULE>
  </RULES>
</STATE-MANAGEMENT-REQUEST-ERROR>
```

Listing A.13: Example for the definition of a StateManagementRequestError

The modeling of the applicable <code>StateManagementActionList</code> is sketched in Listing A.14.

```
<STATE-MANAGEMENT-ACTION-LIST>
 <SHORT-NAME>MyErrorActionList</SHORT-NAME>
  <ACTION-ITEMS>
    <STATE-MANAGEMENT-SET-FUNCTION-GROUP-STATE-ACTION-ITEM>
      <SHORT-NAME>SetFunctionGroupState</SHORT-NAME>
      <PORT-PROTOTYPE-IREF>
        <CONTEXT-ROOT-SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="ROOT-SW-COMPONENT-</pre>
           PROTOTYPE">/Executables/MyStateManager/MyRootComponent<//CONTEXT-
           ROOT-SW-COMPONENT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
        <TARGET-P-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">/
           SwComponentTypes/StateManagerComp/MyStateNotificationPort
           TARGET-P-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
      </PORT-PROTOTYPE-IREF>
      <SET-FUNCTION-GROUP-STATE-IREF>
        <CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="MODE-</pre>
           DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE">/FunctionGroups/MyFumctionGroups/
           FG1</CONTEXT-MODE-DECLARATION-GROUP-PROTOTYPE-REF>
```



<TARGET-MODE-DECLARATION-REF DEST="MODE-DECLARATION">/
 ModeDeclarationGroups/MyFunctionGroupStates/FGS2</TARGET-MODE DECLARATION-REF>
 </SET-FUNCTION-GROUP-STATE-IREF>
 </STATE-MANAGEMENT-SET-FUNCTION-GROUP-STATE-ACTION-ITEM>
</ACTION-ITEMS>

</STATE-MANAGEMENT-ACTION-LIST>

Listing A.14: Example for the definition of a StateManagementActionList for the error request



B Custom Model Extension

B.1 Overview

The AUTOSAR meta-model is obviously limited to cover the standardized part of AUTOSAR modeling. This means that the modeling stops in some cases although it is clear that the modeling capability provided by the meta-model is not sufficient to create a viable configuration.

One example for this aspect is the meta-class ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance. AUTOSAR intentionally does nothing but provide this meta-class as a basis for custom additions that configure custom transport for services.

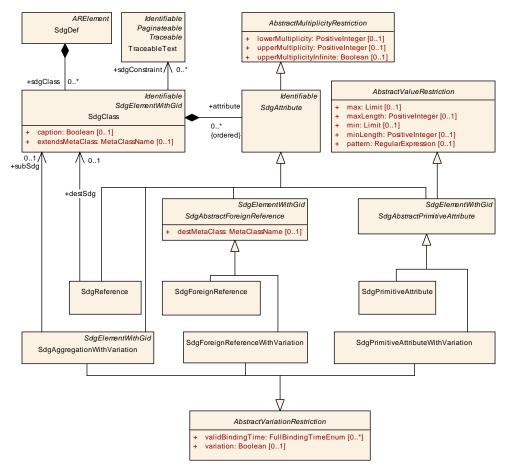


Figure B.1: Modeling of the custom model extensions

The necessary details that are required in order to actually work with a userdefined service instance are not mentioned because there are too many possibilities of how such a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance could be modeled that AUTOSAR is simply unable to cover them all.

The typical solution for such a problem is to rely on the definition of *special data groups*, formalized as sdg. However, the direct usage of an sdg with in a project comes with the risk that the sdg is used slightly different in certain parts of the project.



Class	Sdg			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Spe	ecialData		
Note	Sdg (SpecialDataGroup) explicitly modeled in the r			which can be used to keep arbitrary information which is not
	Sdg can have various cor moderately since all elem			sdgContentsType. Special Data should only be used ned in the meta-model.
				porary solution when no explicit model is available. If an sdg a reference to the sdg structure.
Base	ARObject			
Aggregated by	AdminData.sdg, BuildActionEnvironment.sdg, BuildActionInvocator.sdg, BuildActionIoElement.sdg, File InfoComment.sdg, RptHook.sdg, SdgContents.sdg, VariationPoint.sdg			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			Note
gid	NameToken	1	attr	This attributes specifies an identifier. Gid comes from the SGML/XML-Term "Generic Identifier" which is the element name in XML. The role of this attribute is the same as the name of an XML - element.
				Tags:xml.attribute=true
sdgCaption	SdgCaption	01	aggr	This aggregation allows to assign the properties of Identifiable to the sdg. By this, a shortName etc. can be assigned to the Sdg.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20
sdgContents	SdgContents	01	aggr	This is the content of the Sdg.
Туре				Tags: xml.roleElement=false xml.roleWrapperElement=false xml.sequenceOffset=30 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false

Table B.1: Sdg

It would therefore be good if there were a way to describe in terms of the AUTOSAR meta-model how a Sdg is supposed to be used.

Fortunately, this is possible by means of a corner of the meta-model that had been created for exactly this purpose: SdgClass aggregates abstract class SdgAttribute that in turn inherits to a bunch of different sub-classes.

Class	SdgClass			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTempla	ates::GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::SpecialDataDef
Note	An SdgClass specifies the name and structure of the SDG that may be used to store proprietary data in an AUTOSAR model.			
	The SdgClass is similar to an UML stereotype.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable	e, Multilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable, SdgElementWithGid
Aggregated by	SdgDef.sdgClass			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
attribute	SdgAttribute	*	aggr	Defintion of the structure of the Sdg
(ordered)				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30
caption	Boolean	01	attr	Specifies if a caption is required. Note: only Sdgs that have a caption can be referenced
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20



			\triangle	
Class	SdgClass			
extendsMeta Class	MetaClassName	01	attr	The AUTOSAR Meta-Class that may be extended by this SdgClass.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10
sdgConstraint	TraceableText	*	ref	Semantic constraints that restrict the structure of the special data group.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40

Table B.2: SdgClass

Class	SdgAttribute (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplat	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::SpecialDataDef			
Note	Describes the attributes of an Sdg.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractMultiplicityRestriction, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	SdgAbstractForeignReference, SdgAbstractPrimitiveAttribute, SdgAggregationWithVariation, Sdg Reference				
Aggregated by	SdgClass.attribute				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
_	-	_	_	-	

Table B.3: SdgAttribute

B.2 Custom Attribute Definition

B.2.1 Custom Primitive Attribute Definition

In other words, SdgClass and SdgAttribute mimic the pattern found in the metamodel itself: meta-classes have attributes of different kinds.

With this mechanism it is possible to extend meta-class ProvidedUserDefined-ServiceInstance in order to e.g. add the ability to describe an instance Id. This chapter contains a comprehensive description of how the extension mechanism can be used to implement the instance Id.

The definition starts with an SdgDef that aggregates an SdgClass with the shortName ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance. Attribute extendsMetaClass names meta-class ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance as the subject to extension.

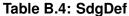
Package M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTe Note A SdgDef groups several SdgClasses which belong to the concept of an SdgDef is similiar to an UML Profile. Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=SdgDefs Base ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable	
The concept of an SdgDef is similiar to an UML Profile. Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=SdgDefs	mplateClasses::SpecialDataDef
Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=SdgDefs	he same extension.
Base ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiabl	
Element, Referrable	e, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable

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/	\
L	7

Class	SdgDef			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
sdgClass	SdgClass	*	aggr	The owned sdgClasses which define the structure of the Sdgs
				Tags:xml.namePlural=SDG-CLASSES



The extension itself is modeled by an SdgPrimitiveAttribute named instanceld that is mandatory for the implementation of the user-defined service and thus has lower and upper multiplicity set to 1. The supported value interval ranges from 0..4294967295.

Class	SdgPrimitiveAttribute					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::SpecialDataDef		
Note	Describes primitive specia	Describes primitive special data attributes without variation.				
	This class accepts a special data "sd" attribute.			e.		
Base	ARObject, AbstractMultiplicityRestriction, AbstractValueRestriction, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable, SdgAbstractPrimitiveAttribute, SdgAttribute, SdgElementWithGid					
Aggregated by	SdgClass.attribute					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	-	_		

Table B.5: SdgPrimitiveAttribute

```
<SDG-DEF>
 <SHORT-NAME>InstanceExtensions</SHORT-NAME>
  <SDG-CLASSES>
    <SDG-CLASS>
      <SHORT-NAME>ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance</SHORT-NAME>
      <GID>acme:instanceExtensions</GID>
      <EXTENDS-META-CLASS>ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance</EXTENDS-META-</pre>
         CLASS>
      <ATTRIBUTES>
        <SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
          <SHORT-NAME>instanceId</SHORT-NAME>
          <CATEGORY>INTEGER</CATEGORY>
          <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <GID>acme:instanceId</GID>
          <MAX>4294967295</MAX>
          <MIN>0</MIN>
        </SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
        </ATTRIBUTES>
    </SDG-CLASS>
  </SDG-CLASSES>
</SDG-DEF>
```

Listing B.1: Example for the definition of a custom service instance id via SdgClass



Please note the definition of gid with value "acme:instanceExtensions" on the level of the SdgPrimitiveAttribute and the gid with value "acme:instanceId" on the level of the SdgAttribute.

The usage of the extension is summarized below. Note the usage of the gid that reflects the definition in the SdgClass and SdgPrimitiveAttribute.

Please note further that the definition of the SdgPrimitiveAttribute defines the "data type" of the

```
<PROVIDED-USER-DEFINED-SERVICE-INSTANCE>
<SHORT-NAME>UDSI</SHORT-NAME>
<ADMIN-DATA>
<SDGS>
<SDG GID="acme:instanceExtensions">
<SD GID="acme:instanceId">42</SD>
</SDG>
</SDG>
</SDGS>
</ADMIN-DATA>
</PROVIDED-USER-DEFINED-SERVICE-INSTANCE>
```

Listing B.2: Example for the specification of the value of a custom service instance id

B.2.2 Custom Complex Attribute Definition

Other extensions, e.g. using SdgAggregationWithVariation can be used to implement the aggregation of a complex attribute (that in turn may own primitive attributes or references).

In this case it makes sense to put the role of the aggregation into the value of SdgAggregationWithVariation.gid.

Note that the SdgAggregationWithVariation doesn't aggregate further elements but refers to an SdgClass that in turn contains the attributes and references.

Class	SdgAggregationWithVariation					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::SpecialDataDef		
Note	Describes that the Sdg may contain another Sdg. The gid of the nested Sdg is defined by subSdg.					
	Represents 'sdg'.					
Base	ARObject, AbstractMultiplicityRestriction, AbstractVariationRestriction, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable, SdgAttribute, SdgElementWithGid					
Aggregated by	SdgClass.attribute					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
subSdg	SdgClass	01	ref	Supported sub Sdg Class		

Table B.6: SdgAggregationWithVariation

```
<SDG-DEF>
<SHORT-NAME>DepExt</SHORT-NAME>
<SDG-CLASSES>
<SDG-CLASS>
<SHORT-NAME>UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment</SHORT-NAME>
```



```
<GID>acme:deploymentExtensions</GID>
      <EXTENDS-META-CLASS>UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment<//extends-</pre>
         META-CLASS>
      <ATTRIBUTES>
        <SDG-AGGREGATION-WITH-VARIATION>
          <SHORT-NAME>Version</SHORT-NAME>
          <GID>acme:version</GID>
          <VARIATION>false</variation>
          <SUB-SDG-REF DEST="SDG-CLASS">/CustomME/DepExt/VersionInformation
             </SUB-SDG-REF>
        </SDG-AGGREGATION-WITH-VARIATION>
      </ATTRIBUTES>
    </SDG-CLASS>
    <SDG-CLASS>
      <SHORT-NAME>VersionInformation</SHORT-NAME>
      <GID>acme:deploymentExtensions</GID>
      <ATTRIBUTES>
        <SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
          <SHORT-NAME>MajorVersion</SHORT-NAME>
          <CATEGORY>INTEGER</CATEGORY>
          <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>0</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <GID>acme:majorVersion</GID>
          <MAX>4294967295</MAX>
          <MIN>0</MIN>
        </SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
        <SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
          <SHORT-NAME>MinorVersion</SHORT-NAME>
          <CATEGORY>INTEGER</CATEGORY>
          <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <GID>acme:minorVersion</GID>
          <MAX>4294967295</MAX>
          <MIN>0</MIN>
        </SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
      </ATTRIBUTES>
    </SDG-CLASS>
 </SDG-CLASSES>
</SDG-DEF>
```

Listing B.3: Example for the definition of a complex version information SdgClass

The modeling of the complex aggregation is sketched in Listing B.3. an SdgClass with the gid set to "acme:deploymentExtensions" defines an attribute that is an SdgAg-gregationWithVariation with the shortName "Version" that has attribute gid set to "acme:version".

This means that the SdgAggregationWithVariation with the shortName "Version" is aggregated in the role "version" (derived from the value of the gid) at the SdgClass.

The SdgAggregationWithVariation in turn references another SdgClass with the shortName set to "VersionInformation". This SdgClass contains two SdgPrimitiveAttributes for carrying the optional major version and the minor version. The value range of both version information is from 0 to 4294967295.



The definition side of this example is sketched in Listing B.3, the respective value side is provided in Listing B.4.

Listing B.4: Example for the specification of the value of a custom version information

B.3 Custom Foreign Reference Definition

Another aspect of custom modeling is the creation of references to meta-classes derived from Referrable. For this purpose, the meta-class SdgForeignReference resp. SdgForeignReferenceWithVariation.

Class	SdgForeignReference				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::SpecialDataDef	
Note	A reference without variation support that can point to any referrable object in an AUTOSAR Model. This class accepts the special data "Sdx" reference.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractMultiplicityRestriction, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, SdgAbstract ForeignReference, SdgAttribute, SdgElementWithGid				
Aggregated by	SdgClass.attribute				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	-	-	-	-	

Table B.7: SdgForeignReference

Class	SdgForeignReferenceWithVariation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::SpecialDataDef	
Note	A reference with variation support that can point to any referrable object in an AUTOSAR Model. This class accepts the special data "Sdxf" reference.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractMultiplicityRestriction, AbstractVariationRestriction, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable, SdgAbstractForeignReference, SdgAttribute, SdgElementWithGid				
Aggregated by	SdgClass.attribute				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	-	-	_	-	

Table B.8: SdgForeignReferenceWithVariation



The particle "foreign" in the name of these classes represents a hint that the reference's target is situated outside the custom modeling "bubble" depicted in Figure B.1¹.

The creation of a reference to another meta-class obviously implies the specification of the role in which the reference shall be used.

In the case of the SdgForeignReference the role of the reference may be defined in the attribute gid, contributed by the inheritance from meta-class SdgElementWith-Gid.

Class	SdgElementWithGid (ab	SdgElementWithGid (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::SpecialDataDef			
Note	A special data group elem Identifier").	A special data group element with gid is an abstract element that shall have a name (gid, "Generic Identifier").			
Base	ARObject	ARObject			
Subclasses	SdgAbstractForeignRefer	<mark>ence</mark> , Sdg	AbstractF	PrimitiveAttribute, SdgAggregationWithVariation, SdgClass	
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
gid	NameToken	01	attr	Specifies the name that identifies the element.	

Table B.9: SdgElementWithGid

In true AUTOSAR fashion, a reference should always announce the intended metaclass to which it refers to. In the case of the SdgForeignReference, this information can be explicitly provided by means of the attribute destMetaClass, inherited from SdgAbstractForeignReference.

Class	SdgAbstractForeignReference (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::SpecialDataDef	
Note	An abstract reference that	An abstract reference that can point to any referrable object in an AUTOSAR Model.			
Base	ARObject, AbstractMultiplicityRestriction, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, SdgAttribute, SdgElementWithGid				
Subclasses	SdgForeignReference, Sd	lgForeignl	Reference	WithVariation	
Aggregated by	SdgClass.attribute				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
destMetaClass	MetaClassName	01	attr	specifies the destination meta-class of the reference.	

 Table B.10: SdgAbstractForeignReference

The example created for the explanation of SdgForeignReference assumes that a ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance wants to re-use an existing configuration for SOME/IP SD.

For this purpose, a custom extension of the meta-class ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance with the ability to refer to at most one SomeipSdServerService-InstanceConfig is created.

In particular, the extension consists of the definition of aSdgForeignReference with the gid set to the value "acme:sdServerTimeConfig" as the representation of the role of the reference is created.

¹Of course, this naming is also a hat tip to the meta-class EcucForeignReferenceDef



The nature of the SdgForeignReference defined in this example is determined by means of the value of attribute destMetaClass, in this case "SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig".

The custom definition of the SdgForeignReference is sketched in Listing B.5.

```
<SDG-DEF>
 <SHORT-NAME>InstanceExtensions</SHORT-NAME>
 <SDG-CLASSES>
    <SDG-CLASS>
      <SHORT-NAME>ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance</SHORT-NAME>
      <GID>acme:instanceExtensions</GID>
      <EXTENDS-META-CLASS>ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance</EXTENDS-META-</pre>
         CLASS>
      <ATTRIBUTES>
        <SDG-FOREIGN-REFERENCE>
          <SHORT-NAME>SdServerTimeConfig</SHORT-NAME>
          <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>0</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <GID>acme:sdServerTimeConfig</GID>
          <DEST-META-CLASS>SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig</DEST-META-</pre>
             CLASS>
        </SDG-FOREIGN-REFERENCE>
      </ATTRIBUTES>
    </SDG-CLASS>
 </SDG-CLASSES>
</SDG-DEF>
```

Listing B.5: Example for the specification of a custom foreign reference

The value side of the example in Listing B.5 can be found in Listing B.6. Note that the formalization of the reference to the respective SomeipSdServerServiceInstanceConfig is implemented by means of the reference SdgContents.sdx, wrapped into an Sdg where the attribute gid is set to the role of the reference, in this case "acme:sdServerTimeConfig".

Class	< <atpmixed>>> SdgContents</atpmixed>				
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHo	do::SpecialData			
Note		This meta-class represents the possible contents of a special data group. It can be an arbitrary mix of references, of primitive special data and nested special data groups.			
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	Sdg.sdgContentsT	уре			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
sd	Sd	01	aggr	This is one particular special data element.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40	
sdf	Sdf	01	aggr	This is one particular special data element.	
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=60	



Class	< <atpmixed>> Sdg</atpmixed>	Contents		
sdg	Sdg	01	aggr	This aggregation allows to express nested special data groups. By this, any structure can be represented in SpeicalData.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=sdg, sdg.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild xml.sequenceOffset=50
sdx	Referrable	01	ref	Reference to any identifiable element. This allows to use Sdg even to establish arbitrary relationships.
sdxf	Referrable	01	ref	Additional reference with variant support. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=sdxf.referrable, sdxf.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild

 \wedge

Table B.11: SdgContents

```
<PROVIDED-USER-DEFINED-SERVICE-INSTANCE>
<SHORT-NAME>UDSI</SHORT-NAME>
<ADMIN-DATA>
<SDGS>
<SDG GID="acme:instanceExtensions">
<SDG GID="acme:instanceExtensions">
<SDG GID="acme:instanceExtensions">
<SDG GID="acme:sdServerTimeConfig">
<SDG GID="acme:sdServerTimeConfig">
<SDX-REF DEST="SOMEIP-SD-SERVER-SERVICE-INSTANCE-CONFIG">/SD/
MyConf</SDX-REF</SDX-REF>
</SDG>
</SDG>
</SDGS>
</ADMIN-DATA>
</PROVIDED-USER-DEFINED-SERVICE-INSTANCE>
```

Listing B.6: Example for the specification of the value of a custom foreign reference

B.4 Custom Subclass Configuration

Using the mechanism of custom model extensions it is also possible to mimic the creation of custom "subclasses".

A possible candidate for the creation of a "subclass" outside the explicitly formalized meta-model could be the ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance. The intention could, for example, be to provide a configuration for an IPC-specific "subclass".

A simple example of how an extension that defines a "subclass" might look like is sketched in Listing B.7.

The specific approach in this case is to define an SdgClass to extend ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance and this extension refers - via the aggregation of an SdgAggregationWithVariation - to another SdgClass (in this case with the



shortName "IpcProvidedServiceInstanceAttributes") where the attributes of the custom "subclass" are defined.

On the value side, the definition of the attribute values of the "subclass" are defined in a quite straight-forward manner (see Listing B.8).

Please note that the value side in this example does not reflect the definition side in terms of the usage of values of attribute gid 100%. The existence of the Sdg-Class with shortName "IpcProvidedServiceInstanceAttributes" is not represented on the value side.

But, on the other hand, the intended semantics of defining an instance identifier in the context of the custom model of a "ProvidedIpcServiceInstance" can be conveyed perfectly without it.

```
<SDG-DEF>
 <SHORT-NAME>SubclassConfiguration</SHORT-NAME>
 <SDG-CLASSES>
    <SDG-CLASS>
      <SHORT-NAME>ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance</SHORT-NAME>
      <GID>acme:providedIpcServiceInstance</GID>
      <EXTENDS-META-CLASS>ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance</EXTENDS-META-</pre>
         CLASS>
      <ATTRIBUTES>
        <SDG-AGGREGATION-WITH-VARIATION>
          <SHORT-NAME>IpcSubclass</SHORT-NAME>
          <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>0</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <GID>acme:attributes</GID>
          <VARIATION>false<//variation>
          <SUB-SDG-REF DEST="SDG-CLASS">/CustomME/SubclassConfiguration/
             IpcProvidedServiceInstanceAttributes</SUB-SDG-REF>
        </SDG-AGGREGATION-WITH-VARIATION>
      </ATTRIBUTES>
    </SDG-CLASS>
    <SDG-CLASS>
      <SHORT-NAME>IpcProvidedServiceInstanceAttributes</SHORT-NAME>
      <GID>acme:ipcProvidedServiceInstanceAttributes</GID>
      <ATTRIBUTES>
        <SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
          <SHORT-NAME>instanceId</SHORT-NAME>
          <CATEGORY>INTEGER</CATEGORY>
          <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <GID>acme:instanceId</GID>
          <MAX>65535</MAX>
          <MIN>0</MIN>
        </SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
      </ATTRIBUTES>
    </SDG-CLASS>
 </SDG-CLASSES>
```

```
Listing B.7: Example for the specification of a custom "subclass"
```



And since the point of the whole approach is the creation of a custom modeling anyway, the only relevant condition for the validity of such modeling is that the affected AUTOSAR tools know how to properly parse and interpret the resulting model.

```
<PROVIDED-USER-DEFINED-SERVICE-INSTANCE>
<SHORT-NAME>ipcProvidedSI</SHORT-NAME>
<ADMIN-DATA>
<SDGS>
<SDG GID="acme:providedIpcServiceInstance">
<SDG GID="acme:attributes">
<SDG GID="acme:attributes">
<SD GID="acme:instanceId">3485</SD>
</SDG>
</SDG>
</SDGS>
</ADMIN-DATA>
</PROVIDED-USER-DEFINED-SERVICE-INSTANCE>
```

Listing B.8: Example for the specification of a service instance in an IPC "subclass"

B.5 Custom Constraints

Another aspect that can be solved by means of model customizations is the definition of model constraints that go beyond the potentially existing constraints formulated in AUTOSAR.

In the example sketched in Listing B.9 a constraint is formulated for attribute Executable.minimumTimerGranularity.

```
<SDG-DEF>
 <SHORT-NAME>ModelConstraint</SHORT-NAME>
 <SDG-CLASSES>
    <SDG-CLASS>
      <SHORT-NAME>Executable</SHORT-NAME>
      <GID>acme:executableExtensions</GID>
      <EXTENDS-META-CLASS>Executable</EXTENDS-META-CLASS>
      <ATTRIBUTES>
        <SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
          <SHORT-NAME>minimumTimerGranularity</SHORT-NAME>
          <CATEGORY>FLOAT</CATEGORY>
          <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>1</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <MAX>0.5</MAX>
          <MIN>0.001</MIN>
        </SDG-PRIMITIVE-ATTRIBUTE>
      </ATTRIBUTES>
    </SDG-CLASS>
 </SDG-CLASSES>
</SDG-DEF>
```

Listing B.9: Example for the specification of a custom model constraint

On the one hand, the example expresses the expectation that the attribute Executable.minimumTimerGranularity shall exist and the second aspect of the constraint is that it shall have a value that's between 0.001 and 0.5.



B.6 Definition of Reference from SdgClass to SdgClass

Another case that could be relevant for a custom model extension is the creation of a reference between two Sdg elements on the value side.

Semi-formal support for this scenario can be defined by means of the definition of two SdgClass elements where one defines a reference to the other.

A caveat applies. Of course, two SdgClass elements could reference each other by means of their shortName-paths (because they are derived from Identifiable).

But that's not the point, the intended reference on the value side shall exist from one Sdg (that corresponds to one of the SdgClass elements on the definition side) to another Sdg (which corresponds to the other SdgClass element on the definition side).

Sdg itself is not derived from Referrable and therefore does not have a shortName that could be used for reference building purposes.

In order to support the creation of a reference from one Sdg to another a mechanism was created using a reference from an Sdg to an SdgCaption in the role sdx.

In other words, an Sdg may aggregate an SdgCaption in the role sdgCaption. And if it does, it becomes (by extension) a valid target of a reference to this SdgCaption.

Class	SdgCaption	SdgCaption			
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Spe	cialData			
Note	This meta-class represents the caption of a special data group. This allows to have some parts of special data as identifiable.				
Base	ARObject, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	Sdg.sdgCaption				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
desc	MultiLanguageOverview Paragraph	01	aggr	This represents a general but brief (one paragraph) description what the special data in question is about. It is only one paragraph! Desc is intended to be collected into overview tables. This property helps a human reader to identify the special data in question.	

Table B.12: SdgCaption

Therefore, the SdgClass that represents the Sdg on the target side of the reference shall define attribute sdgCaption and set it to True.

Class	SdgReference	SdgReference		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:GenericS	Structure::	GeneralTemplateClasses::SpecialDataDef
Note	Describes an attribute of a SdgClass which is used on the definition side to model a reference from one Sdg to another Sdg on the value side.			
Base	ARObject, AbstractMultipl	ARObject, AbstractMultiplicityRestriction, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, SdgAttribute		
Aggregated by	SdgClass.attribute			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
			∇	



			\triangle	
Class	SdgReference			
destSdg	SdgClass	01	ref	Refers to a SdgClass which is used on the definition side to model the destination type of the referenced Sdg. On the value side the reference is realized by means of the originating Sdg defining an sdgx attribute which refers to the sdgCaption of the referenced Sdg.

Table B.13: SdgReference

The SdgClass on the source side of the reference shall define an attribute that is actually an SdgReference to the SdgClass that represents the target Sdg on the definition side by means of the reference in the role destSdg.

As a first step, the following model fragment defines a custom model extension of an IPC channel² (note that attribute caption is set to True):

```
<SDG-DEF>
  <SHORT-NAME>IpcChannels</SHORT-NAME>
  <SDG-CLASSES>
      <SDG-CLASS>
      <SHORT-NAME>IpcChannel</SHORT-NAME>
      <GID>acme:ipcChannels</GID>
      <CAPTION>true</CAPTION>
      </SDG-CLASS>
  </SDG-CLASSE>
</SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE></SDG-CLASSE>
```

Listing B.10: Example for the specification of a custom model extension that represents an IPC channel

This IPC channel (named "MylpcChannel") shall be referenced from the definition of an SdgClass that is supposed to extend the ProvidedUserDefinedServiceIn-stance:

```
<SDG-DEF>
 <SHORT-NAME>InstanceExtensions</SHORT-NAME>
 <SDG-CLASSES>
    <SDG-CLASS>
      <SHORT-NAME>ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance</SHORT-NAME>
      <GID>acme:instanceExtensions</GID>
      <EXTENDS-META-CLASS>ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance</EXTENDS-META-</pre>
         CLASS>
      <CAPTION>false</CAPTION>
      <ATTRIBUTES>
        <SDG-REFERENCE>
          <SHORT-NAME>IpcChannelRef</SHORT-NAME>
          <LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>0</LOWER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>1</UPPER-MULTIPLICITY>
          <DEST-SDG-REF DEST="SDG-CLASS">/SdqClasses/IpcChannels/IpcChannel
             </DEST-SDG-REF>
        </SDG-REFERENCE>
      </ATTRIBUTES>
```

²Please note that this example represents an incomplete model that does not care about details of the actual configuration of the hypothetical IPC Channel and is entirely focused on the referencing topic.



```
</SDG-CLASS>
</SDG-CLASSES>
</SDG-DEF>
```

Listing B.11: Example for the specification of a custom model extension for a **ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance** with a reference to an IPC channel

The model on the value side where the ProvidedUserDefinedServiceInstance references the IPC channel is sketched by the following model fragment:

```
<AR-PACKAGE>
  <SHORT-NAME>ServiceInstances</SHORT-NAME>
  <ELEMENTS>
    <PROVIDED-USER-DEFINED-SERVICE-INSTANCE>
      <SHORT-NAME>MyService</SHORT-NAME>
      <ADMIN-DATA>
        <SDGS>
          <SDG GID="acme:ipcChannelRef">
            <SDX-REF DEST="SDG-CAPTION">/IpcChannels/IpcChannel1</SDX-REF>
          </SDG>
        </SDGS>
      </ADMIN-DATA>
    </PROVIDED-USER-DEFINED-SERVICE-INSTANCE>
  </ELEMENTS>
</AR-PACKAGE>
<AR-PACKAGE>
 <SHORT-NAME>IpcChannels</SHORT-NAME>
 <ADMIN-DATA>
    <SDGS>
      <SDG GID="acme:ipcChannel1">
        <SDG-CAPTION>
          <SHORT-NAME>IpcChannel1</SHORT-NAME>
        </SDG-CAPTION>
      </SDG>
    </SDGS>
  </ADMIN-DATA>
</AR-PACKAGE>
```

Listing B.12: Example for the specification of reference between Sdg



C General Modeling

This chapter has been created to explain model elements that are not directly related to specific design or deployment usage but have a more general scope. In other words, this chapter describes the structure and usage of some widely reusable modeling content.

C.1 Reference to a DataPrototype in a PortInterface

C.1.1 Reference to the inside of an ApplicationDataType

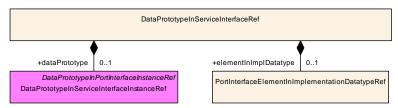


Figure C.1: Modeling of DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef

Class	DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	General::SomethingInPortInterfaceInstanceRef		
Note	This meta-class represent Interface.	s the abili	ty to refer	to an AUTOSAR DataPrototype in the context of a Service		
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	SignalBasedEventElementTolSignalTriggeringMapping.dataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef, Signal BasedFieldTolSignalTriggeringMapping.dataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef, SomeipDataPrototype TransformationProps.dataPrototype					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
dataPrototype	DataPrototype	01	iref	This element represents the ability to:		
				 refer to a DataPrototype in the context of a ServiceInterface. 		
				 refer to the internal structure of a DataPrototype in which is typed by an ApplicationDatatype 		
				the context of a ServiceInterface.		
				InstanceRef implemented by:DataPrototypeInService InterfaceInstanceRef		
elementInImpl Datatype	PortInterfaceElementIn Implementation DatatypeRef	01	aggr	This element represents the ability to refer to the internal structure of an AutosarDataPrototype which is typed by an ImplementationDatatype in the context of a Service Interface.		

Table C.1: DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef

Please note that the modeling of the reference to a DataPrototype in the context of a PortInterface can only be executed as the abstract template for concrete specializations because the abstract meta-class PortInterface does not aggregate a DataPrototype directly.



The abstract modeling of meta-class DataPrototypeInPortInterfaceInstanceRef is depicted in Figure C.2.

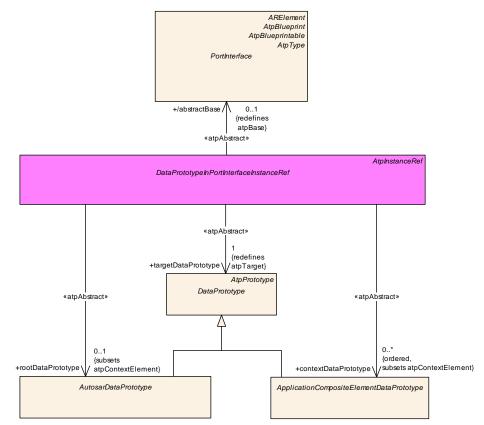


Figure C.2: Modeling of DataPrototypeInPortInterfaceInstanceRef

Class	DataPrototypeInPortInterfaceInstanceRef (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::	Transformer::InstanceRef		
Note	This meta-class represen	ts the abili	ty to:			
	 refer to a DataPro 	ototype in	the conte	xt of a PortInterface.		
	 refer to the internal structure of a DataPrototype which is typed by an ApplicationDatatype in the context of a PortInterface. 					
Base	ARObject, AtpInstanceRef					
Subclasses	DataPrototypeInServiceIr	DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceInstanceRef				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
abstractBase	PortInterface	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract		
contextData Prototype (ordered)	ApplicationComposite ElementDataPrototype	*	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20		
rootData Prototype	AutosarDataPrototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10		
targetData Prototype	DataPrototype	1	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30		

 Table C.2: DataPrototypeInPortInterfaceInstanceRef

The concrete specialization for the aggregation of a DataPrototype in the concrete ServiceInterface is depicted in Figure C.3.



The meta-class DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceInstanceRef inherits from DataPrototypeInPortInterfaceInstanceRef.

The individual references modeled in the context of DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceInstanceRef specialize the abstract structure defined in the context of DataPrototypeInPortInterfaceInstanceRef

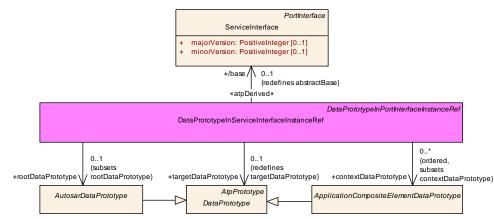


Figure C.3: Modeling of DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceInstanceRef

Class	DataPrototypeInService	DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceInstanceRef					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	General::SomethingInPortInterfaceInstanceRef			
Note							
Base	ARObject, AtpInstanceRe	ef, DataPr	ototypeIn	PortInterfaceInstanceRef			
Aggregated by	DataPrototypelnPortInterfaceRef.dataPrototypelnServiceInterface, DataPrototypelnServiceInterfaceRef. dataPrototype, SignalBasedFireAndForgetMethodTolSignalTriggeringMapping.dataPrototypeInMethod ArgumentInstanceRef						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
base	ServiceInterface	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpDerived			
contextData Prototype (ordered)	ApplicationComposite ElementDataPrototype	*	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20			
rootData Prototype	AutosarDataPrototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10			
targetData Prototype	DataPrototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30			

Table C.3: DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceInstanceRef

C.1.2 Reference to the inside of a CppImplementationDataType

Please note that the modeling of instanceRef-like references into the internals of a CppImplementationDataType differs from the way how internals of an ImplementationDataType could be referenced.



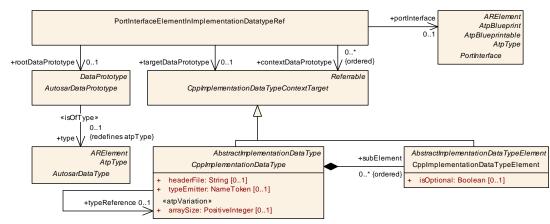


Figure C.4: Modeling of PortInterfaceElementInImplementationDatatypeRef

In particular, references to context elements can be directed to Implementation-DataTypeElement because both arrays and structures are modeled by means of ImplementationDataTypeElement.

This approach has changed with the advent of CppImplementationDataType and therefore the same approach is not possible for CppImplementationDataType-Element.

In the case of CppImplementationDataType, both CppImplementation-DataTypeElement and CppImplementationDataType can become the target of a context reference. And since the context reference is supposed to be ordered it is simply not possible to straight up model two context references, one for CppImplementationDataType and one for CppImplementationDataTypeElement.

Instead, it is necessary to introduce an abstract base class named CppImplementationDataTypeContextTarget for both CppImplementationDataType and CppImplementationDataTypeElement and then direct context references at the abstract base class.

Class	PortInterfaceElementInImplementationDatatypeRef					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	General		
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to refer to the internal structure of an AutosarDataPrototype which is typed by an implementationDatatype in the context of a PortInterface. In other words, this meta-class shall not be used to model a reference to the AutosarDataPrototype as a target itself , even if the AutosarDataPrototype is typed by an ImplementationDataType and even if that ImplementationDataType represents a composite data type.					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	DataPrototypeInServiceIn	terfaceRe	f.element	InImplDatatype		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
contextData Prototype (ordered)	CppImplementation DataTypeContextTarget	*	ref	This is a context in case there are subelements with explicit types. The reference has to be ordered to properly reflect the nested structure.		
portInterface	PortInterface	01	ref	This is the PortInterface that contains the rootData Prototype.		



			\triangle	
Class	PortInterfaceElementInIn	mplemen	tationDat	atypeRef
rootData Prototype	AutosarDataPrototype	01	ref	This rootDataPrototype defines the AutosarDataPrototype in which the target can be found.
targetData Prototype	CppImplementation DataTypeContextTarget	01	ref	This is the target reference to a subElement that is defined inside of the rootDataPrototype.

 Table C.4: PortInterfaceElementInImplementationDatatypeRef

Class	CppImplementationData	CppImplementationDataTypeContextTarget (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	ApplicationDesign::CppImplementationDataType		
Note		This meta-class has the ability to serve as the context in instanceRef-like modeling for Cpp ImplementationDataType and CppImplementationDataTypeElement				
Base	ARObject, Referrable	ARObject, Referrable				
Subclasses	CppImplementationDataT	CppImplementationDataType, CppImplementationDataTypeElement				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	-	-		

Table C.5: CppImplementationDataTypeContextTarget

C.2 Reference to a AutosarDataPrototype in an Executable

The creation of the meta-model for creating a reference to an AutosarDataPrototype in the context of an Executable is executed in a two-step approach where first an abstract structure of the reference is created.

The abstract structure is the basis for the refinement with respect to specific roles of AutosarDataPrototypes.

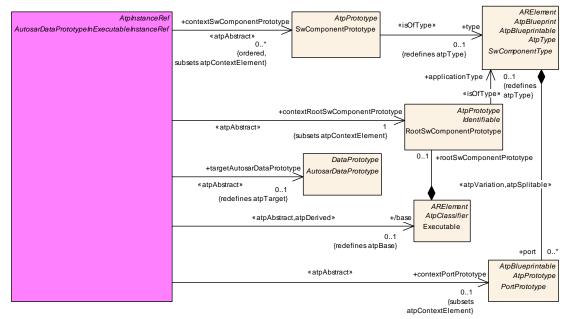


Figure C.5: Modeling of abstract AutosarDataPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef



Class	AutosarDataPrototypeli	AutosarDataPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	General::SomethingInExecutableInstanceRef			
Note							
Base	ARObject, AtpInstanceR	ef					
Subclasses	EventInExecutableInstan	ceRef, Fie	ldInExecu	tableInstanceRef			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
base	Executable	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract; atpDerived			
contextPort Prototype	PortPrototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30			
contextRootSw Component Prototype	RootSwComponent Prototype	1	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10			
contextSw Component Prototype (ordered)	SwComponent Prototype	*	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20			
targetAutosar DataPrototype	AutosarDataPrototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40			

Table C.6: AutosarDataPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef

Two specializations of AutosarDataPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef exist:

- EventInExecutableInstanceRef
- FieldInExecutableInstanceRef

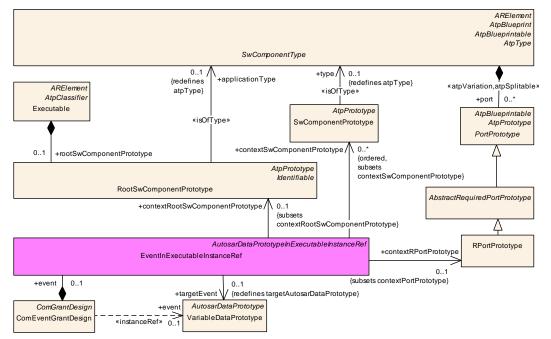


Figure C.6: Modeling of concrete EventInExecutableInstanceRef derived from AutosarDataPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef



Class	EventInExecutableInsta	EventinExecutableInstanceRef					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	General::SomethingInExecutableInstanceRef			
Note							
Base	ARObject, AtpInstanceRe	ef, Autosa	rDataProt	totypeInExecutableInstanceRef			
Aggregated by	ComEventGrantDesign.e	ComEventGrantDesign.event					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
contextRootSw Component Prototype	RootSwComponent Prototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10			
contextRPort Prototype	RPortPrototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30			
contextSw Component Prototype (ordered)	SwComponent Prototype	*	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20			
targetEvent	VariableDataPrototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40			

Table C.7: EventInExecutableInstanceRef

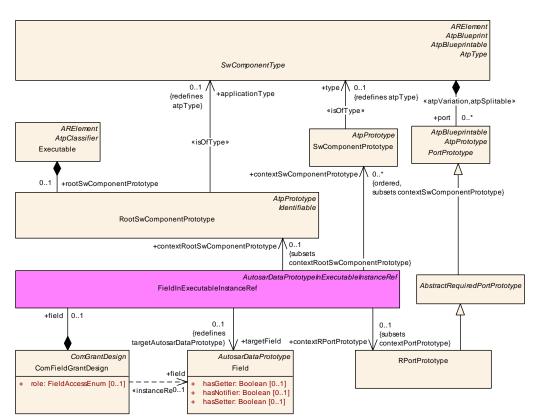


Figure C.7: Modeling of concrete FieldInExecutableInstanceRef derived from AutosarDataPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef

Class	FieldInExecutableInstanceRef
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::General::SomethingInExecutableInstanceRef
Note	
Base	ARObject, AtpInstanceRef, AutosarDataPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef



			\triangle	
Class	FieldInExecutableInsta	nceRef		
Aggregated by	ComFieldGrantDesign.fi	eld		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
contextRootSw Component Prototype	RootSwComponent Prototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10
contextRPort Prototype	RPortPrototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30
contextSw Component Prototype (ordered)	SwComponent Prototype	*	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20
targetField	Field	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40

Table C.8: FieldInExecutableInstanceRef

C.3 Reference to a PortPrototype in an Executable

The creation of the meta-model for creating a reference to a PortPrototype in the context of an Executable is executed in a two-step approach where first an abstract structure of the reference is created.

The abstract structure is the basis for the refinement with respect to specific roles of PortPrototypes.

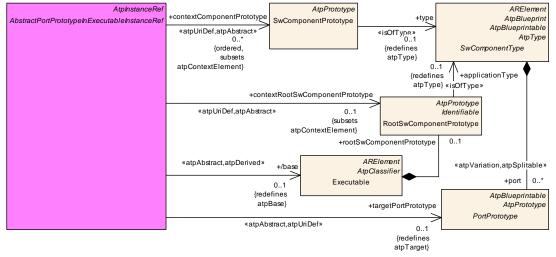


Figure C.8: Modeling of abstract AbstractPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef



Class	AbstractPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	s::Adaptive	Platform::	General::SomethingInExecutableInstanceRef		
Note						
Base	ARObject, AtpInstanceF	lef				
Subclasses	PPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef, PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef, RPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
base	Executable	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract; atpDerived		
context Component Prototype (ordered)	SwComponent Prototype	*	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract; atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20		
contextRootSw Component Prototype	RootSwComponent Prototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract; atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10		
targetPort Prototype	PortPrototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract; atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30		

 Table C.9: AbstractPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef

Three specializations of AbstractPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef exist:

- PPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef
- RPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef
- PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef

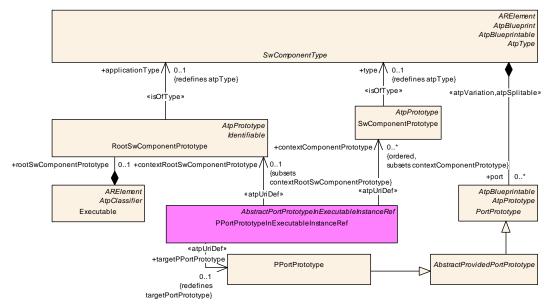


Figure C.9: Modeling of concrete PPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef derived from AbstractPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef



Class	PPortPrototypeInExecut	ableInsta	nceRef	
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	General::SomethingInExecutableInstanceRef
Note				
Base	ARObject, AbstractPortPi	rototypeIn	Executabl	elnstanceRef, AtpInstanceRef
Aggregated by	ComOfferServiceGrantDesign.providedServicePort, CompositionPPortToExecutablePPortMapping. executableProvidedPort, DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping.pPortPrototypeInExecutable, Diagnostic DataPortMapping.pPortPrototypeInExecutable, DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition.pPortPrototype, DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping.pPortPrototypeInExecutable, DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping.p PortPrototypeInExecutable, DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping.pPortPrototypeInExecutable, DiagnosticSovdAuthorizationPortMapping.pPortPrototypeInExecutable, DiagnosticSovdProximity ChallengePortMapping.pPortPrototypeInExecutable, DItLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping.pPort Prototype, RecoveryNotificationToPPortPrototypeMapping.recoveryAction, StateManagementSet FunctionGroupStateActionItem.portPrototype, StateManagementStateNotification.notificationPort, Time SyncPortPrototypeToTimeBaseMapping.timeSyncPPortPrototype			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
context Component Prototype (ordered)	SwComponent Prototype	*	ref	Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20
contextRootSw Component Prototype	RootSwComponent Prototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10
targetPPort Prototype	PPortPrototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30

Table C.10: PPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef

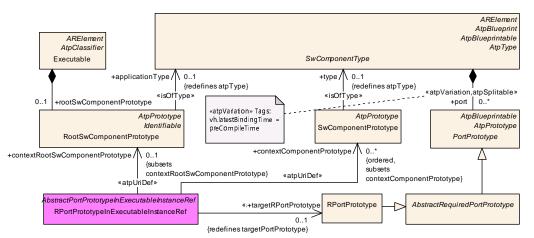


Figure C.10: Modeling of concrete RPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef derived from AbstractPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef

Class	RPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::General::SomethingInExecutableInstanceRef
Note	
Base	ARObject, AbstractPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef, AtpInstanceRef

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Class	RPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef					
Aggregated by	ComFindServiceGrantDesign.requiredServicePort, CompositionRPortToExecutableRPortMapping. executableRequiredPort, CryptoCertificateToPortPrototypeMapping.portPrototype, CryptoKeySlotToPort PrototypeMapping.portPrototype, CryptoProviderToPortPrototypeMapping.portPrototype, Diagnostic ClearConditionPortMapping.rPortPrototypeInExecutable, DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping.rPort PrototypeInExecutable, DiagnosticEventPortMapping.rPortPrototypeInExecutable, DiagnosticExternal AuthenticationPortMapping.rPortPrototypeInExecutable, DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping.rPortPrototype InExecutable, DiagnosticMemoryDestinationPortMapping.rPortPrototypeInExecutable, DiagnosticMonitor PortMapping.rPortPrototypeInExecutable, DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping.rPortPrototypeIn Executable, DItLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping.rPortPrototype, HealthChannelExternalStatus.health Channel, NoSupervision.targetPhmSupervisedEntity, <i>RawDataStreamMapping</i> .portPrototype, Security EventMapping.reportIngPortPrototype, <i>StateManagementStateRequest</i> .stateRequestPort, TimeSync PortPrototypeToTimeBaseMapping.timeSyncRPortPrototype					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
context Component Prototype (ordered)	SwComponent Prototype	*	ref	Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20		
contextRootSw Component Prototype	RootSwComponent Prototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10		
targetRPort Prototype	RPortPrototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30		

Table C.11: RPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef

Class	PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ExecutionManifest::InstanceRefs					
Note						
Base	ARObject, AbstractPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef, AtpInstanceRef					
Aggregated by	PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping.portPrototype, ServiceInstanceToPortPrototype Mapping.portPrototype					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
base	Executable	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpDerived Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10		
context Component Prototype (ordered)	SwComponent Prototype	*	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30		
targetPort Prototype	PortPrototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40		

Table C.12: PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef



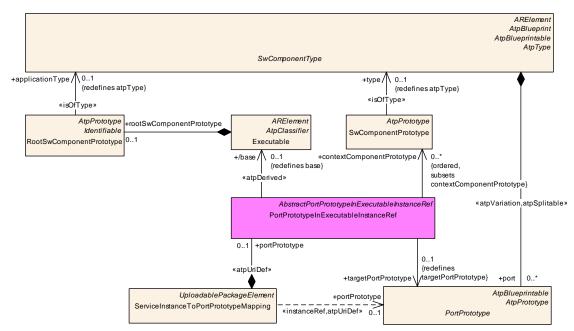


Figure C.11: Modeling of PortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef

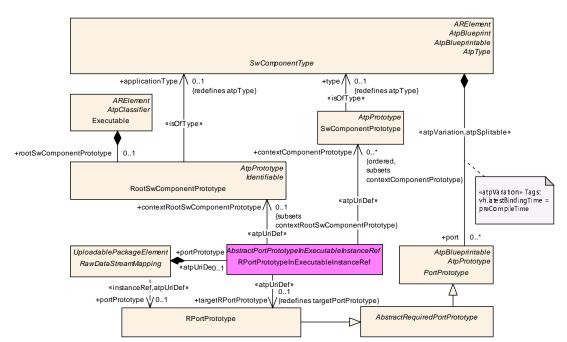
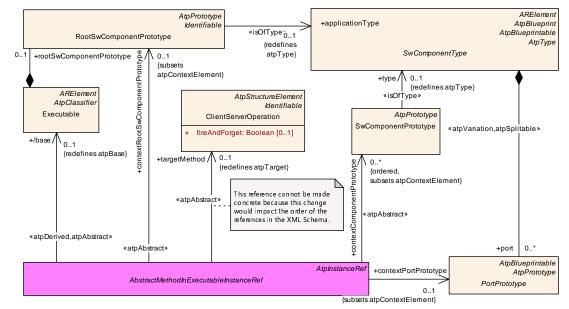


Figure C.12: Modeling of raw data streaming by means of an **RPortPrototype**





C.4 Modeling of a Method in an Executable

Figure C.13: Modeling of AbstractMethodInExecutableInstanceRef

Class	AbstractMethodInExecutableInstanceRef (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::General::SomethingInExecutableInstanceRef::MethodIn Executable						
Note							
Base	ARObject, AtpInstanceRef						
Subclasses	RequiredMethodInExecut	ableInstar	ceRef				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
base	Executable	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract; atpDerived			
context Component Prototype (ordered)	SwComponent Prototype	*	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20			
contextPort Prototype	PortPrototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30			
contextRootSw Component Prototype	RootSwComponent Prototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10			
targetMethod	ClientServerOperation	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40			

Table C.13: AbstractMethodInExecutableInstanceRef



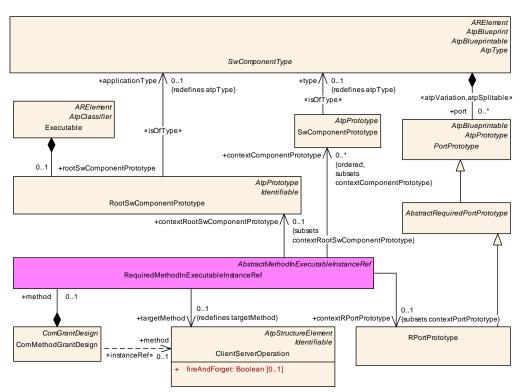


Figure C.14: Modeling of RequiredMethodInExecutableInstanceRef

Class	RequiredMethodInExecutableInstanceRef					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::General::SomethingInExecutableInstanceRef::MethodIn Executable					
Note						
Base	ARObject, AbstractMethodInExecutableInstanceRef, AtpInstanceRef					
Aggregated by	ComMethodGrantDesign.method					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
context Component Prototype (ordered)	SwComponent Prototype	*	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20		
contextRootSw Component Prototype	RootSwComponent Prototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10		
contextRPort Prototype	RPortPrototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30		
targetMethod	ClientServerOperation	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40		

Table C.14: RequiredMethodInExecutableInstanceRef



C.5 Modeling of Diagnostic-related InstanceRefs

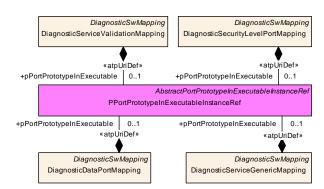


Figure C.15: Modeling of various DiagnosticSwMappings based on PPortPrototype-InExecutableInstanceRef

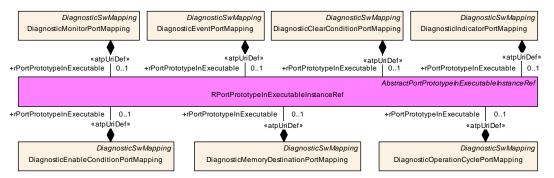
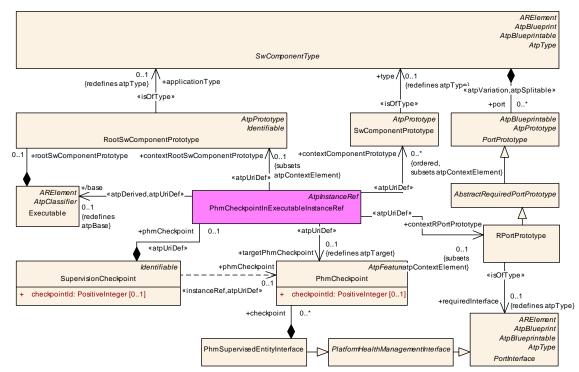


Figure C.16: Modeling of various DiagnosticSwMappingS based on RPortPrototype-InExecutableInstanceRef





C.6 Modeling of PHM-related InstanceRefs

Figure C.17: Modeling of PhmCheckpointInExecutableInstanceRef

Class	PhmCheckpointInExecutableInstanceRef							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealth Management::InstanceRefs							
Note								
Base	ARObject, AtpInstanceF	Ref						
Aggregated by	SupervisionCheckpoint.phmCheckpoint							
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note							
base	Executable	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpDerived; atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10				
context Component Prototype (ordered)	SwComponent Prototype	*	ref	Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30				
contextRootSw Component Prototype	RootSwComponent Prototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20				
contextRPort Prototype	RPortPrototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40				
targetPhm Checkpoint	PhmCheckpoint	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=50				

Table C.15: PhmCheckpointInExecutableInstanceRef



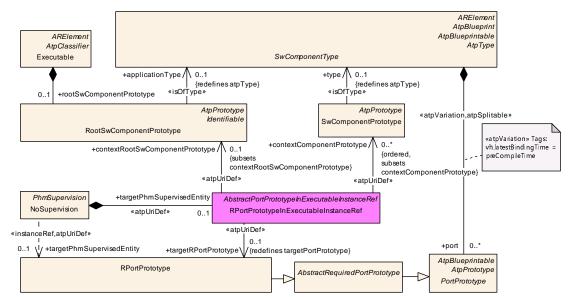


Figure C.18: Modeling of NoSupervision RPortPrototypeInExecutableInstanceRef

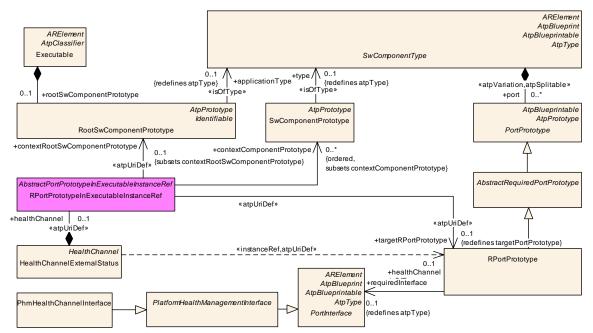


Figure C.19: Modeling of HealthChannelExternalStatus



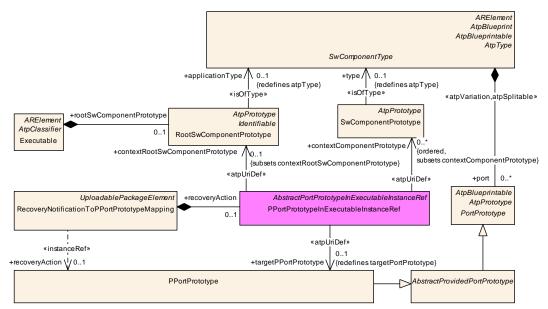


Figure C.20: Modeling of RecoveryNotificationToPPortPrototypeMapping

C.7 Modeling of Time-related InstanceRefs

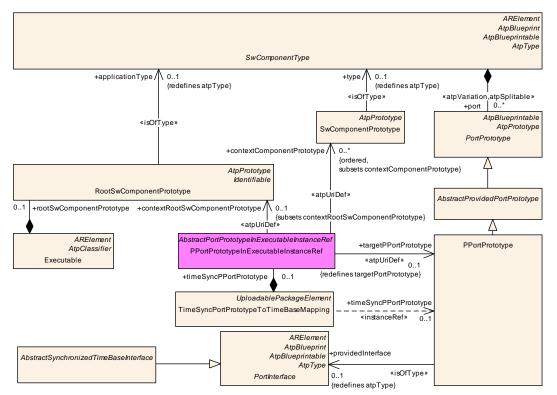


Figure C.21: Modeling of TimeSyncPortPrototypeToTimeBaseMapping.timeSyncP-PortPrototype



C.8 Modeling of Persistency-related InstanceRefs

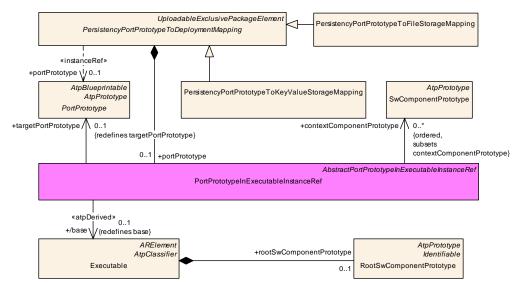


Figure C.22: Modeling of PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping

C.9 Modeling of SoftwareClusterDesign-related InstanceRefs

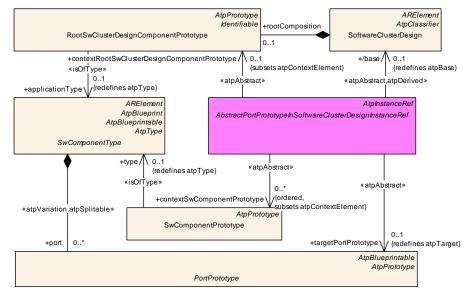


Figure C.23: Modeling of AbstractPortPrototypeInSoftwareClusterDesignInstanceRef



Class	AbstractPortPrototypeInSoftwareClusterDesignInstanceRef (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::General::SomethingInSoftwareClusterDesignInstanceRef					
Note						
Base	ARObject, AtpInstanceRef					
Subclasses	PPortPrototypeInSoftware Ref	eClusterDe	esignInsta	anceRef, RPortPrototypeInSoftwareClusterDesignInstance		
Attribute	Туре	Note				
base	SoftwareClusterDesign	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract; atpDerived		
contextRootSw ClusterDesign Component Prototype	RootSwClusterDesign ComponentPrototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10		
contextSw Component Prototype (ordered)	SwComponent Prototype	*	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20		
targetPort Prototype	PortPrototype	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpAbstract Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30		

Table C.16: AbstractPortPrototypeInSoftwareClusterDesignInstanceRef

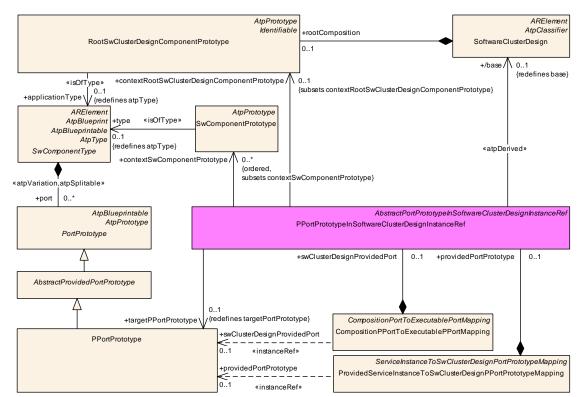


Figure C.24: Modeling of PPortPrototypeInSoftwareClusterDesignInstanceRef

Package M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::General::SomethingInSoftwareContemplates Note Base ARObject, AbstractPortPrototypeInSoftwareClusterDesignInstanceRef, AtpIn	
	lusterDesignInstanceRef
Base APObject AbstractPortPrototypolpSoftwareClusterDesignInstancePof Atol	
anobject, AbstractrontrolotypenisonwareClusterDesigninistancener, Alpin	stanceRef



\triangle							
Class	PPortPrototypeInSoftwareClusterDesignInstanceRef						
Aggregated by	CompositionPPortToExecutablePPortMapping.swClusterDesignProvidedPort, ProvidedServiceInstance ToSwClusterDesignPPortPrototypeMapping.providedPortPrototype						
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
base	SoftwareClusterDesign	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpDerived			
contextRootSw ClusterDesign Component Prototype	RootSwClusterDesign ComponentPrototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10			
contextSw Component Prototype (ordered)	SwComponent Prototype	*	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20			
targetPPort Prototype	PPortPrototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30			

Table C.17: PPortPrototypeInSoftwareClusterDesignInstanceRef

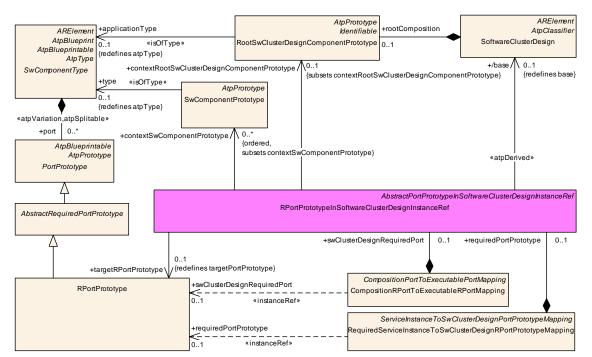


Figure C.25: Modeling of RPortPrototypeInSoftwareClusterDesignInstanceRef

Class	RPortPrototypeInSoftwareClusterDesignInstanceRef				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::General::SomethingInSoftwareClusterDesignInstanceRef				
Note					
Base	ARObject, AbstractPortPrototypeInSoftwareClusterDesignInstanceRef, AtpInstanceRef				
Aggregated by	CompositionRPortToExecutableRPortMapping.swClusterDesignRequiredPort, RequiredServiceInstant ToSwClusterDesignRPortPrototypeMapping.requiredPortPrototype				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
base	SoftwareClusterDesign	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpDerived	



Δ						
Class	RPortPrototypeInSoftwa	areCluste	rDesignIr	stanceRef		
contextRootSw ClusterDesign Component Prototype	RootSwClusterDesign ComponentPrototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10		
contextSw Component Prototype (ordered)	SwComponent Prototype	*	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20		
targetRPort Prototype	RPortPrototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30		

Table C.18: RPortPrototypeInSoftwareClusterDesignInstanceRef

C.10 Modeling of State-Management-related InstanceRefs

This section illustrates the concrete modeling of the instance references used in the modeling of the state management deployment in this document.

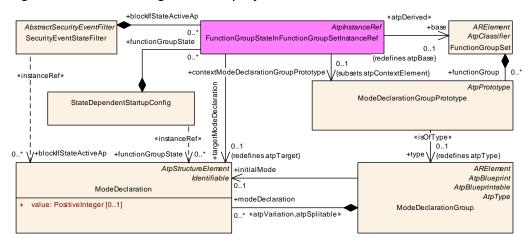


Figure C.26: Modeling of FunctionGroupStateInFunctionGroupSetInstanceRef

Class	FunctionGroupStateInFi	FunctionGroupStateInFunctionGroupSetInstanceRef					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ExecutionManifest::InstanceRefs					
Note							
Base	ARObject, AtpInstanceRef						
Aggregated by	FunctionGroupPhmStateReference.functionGroupState, NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping. functionGroupState, SecurityEventStateFilter.blocklfStateActiveAp, StateDependentStartupConfig. functionGroupState, StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem.setFunctionGroupState						
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
base	FunctionGroupSet	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpDerived			
contextMode Declaration GroupPrototype	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10			
targetMode Declaration	ModeDeclaration	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20			

Table C.19: FunctionGroupStateInFunctionGroupSetInstanceRef



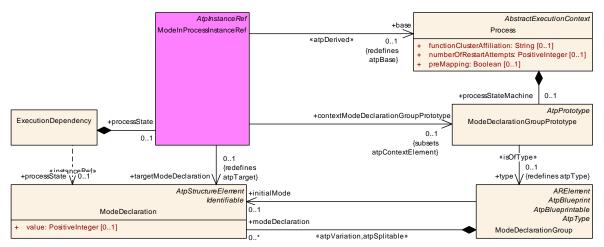


Figure C.27: Modeling of ModeInProcessInstanceRef

Class	ModeInProcessInstance	ModeInProcessInstanceRef					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	:Adaptive	Platform::	ExecutionManifest::InstanceRefs			
Note							
Base	ARObject, AtpInstanceRef						
Aggregated by	ExecutionDependency.processState						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
base	Process	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpDerived Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10			
contextMode Declaration GroupPrototype	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20			
targetMode Declaration	ModeDeclaration	01	ref	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30			

Table C.20: ModeInProcessInstanceRef

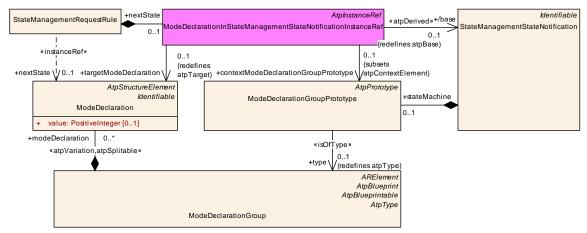


Figure C.28: Modeling of ModeDeclarationInStateManagementStateNotificationInstanceRef



Class	ModeDeclarationInStateManagementStateNotificationInstanceRef				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	General::SomethingInExecutableInstanceRef	
Note	Tags:atp.Status=draft				
Base	ARObject, AtpInstanceRe	f			
Aggregated by	StateManagementActionList.affectedState, StateManagementRequestRule.nextState, StateManagement TriggerCompareRule.assumedCurrentState				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
base	StateManagementState Notification	01	ref	Stereotypes: atpDerived Tags:atp.Status=draft	
contextMode Declaration GroupPrototype	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	01	ref	Tags: atp.Status=draft xml.sequenceOffset=10	
targetMode Declaration	ModeDeclaration	01	ref	Tags: atp.Status=draft xml.sequenceOffset=20	

 Table C.21: ModeDeclarationInStateManagementStateNotificationInstanceRef



D Mentioned Class Tables

For the sake of completeness, this chapter contains a set of class tables representing meta-classes mentioned in the context of this document but which are not contained directly in the scope of describing specific meta-model semantics.

Class	ARElement (abstract)	ARElement (abstract)							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ARPackage							
Note	An element that can be defined stand-alone, i.e. without being part of another element (except for packages of course).								
Base	ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable								
Subclasses	Allocator, ApApplicationEr BaseType, BlueprintMappi ClientIdDefinitionSet, Colle ConsistencyNeedsBluepri CurveProps, CryptoServic CryptoSignatureScheme, Set, DiagnosticCommonE Documentation, E2EProfil IpProps, EthTcpIpIcmpProf Map, FMFeatureModel, FM Connection, Grant, Granttl Element, IdsDesign, Interf CollectionToPortPrototype MessageCollectionSet, Ma Group, ModeDeclarationG PhysicalDimension, Physic Interface, PortInterfaceMa VariantCriterion, PostBuild ToMachineDesignMapping ToSecurityEventDefinitionI DesignPortPrototypeMapp ServiceTranslationPropsS PrototypeTransformationP SdClientEventGroupTimin TimingConfig, SomeipSdS Method, SwAxisType, Sw0 Set, System, SystemSigna	ror, ApAp ingSet, Bu ection, Co ntSet, Co seCertifica DataCons lement, D eCompati ops, EthTo Design, H faceMapp Mapping, acSecGlo Group, Mo calDimens uppingSet, IVariantCi g, RapidP Mapping, Serv et, Softwa 'rops, Sor gConfig, S ServerSer Compone. al, System ionProps	plicationE uildActionI mposition nstantSpette, Crypto te, Crypto ter, DataE: iagnostic(bilityProps SelectionS wcategor ing, Interp LifeCycle balKayPro deDeclara sionMappi PortInter iterionVal rototyping ServiceIn neipRemo SomeipSo viceInstan ntType, So SignalGro	Cloperation, AclPermission, AclRole, AliasNameSet, rrorDomain, ApApplicationErrorSet, AutosarDataType, Manifest, CalibrationParameterValueSet, CanXIProps, <i>PortToExecutablePortMapping</i> , CompuMethod, cification, ConstantSpecificationMappingSet, CryptoElliptic ServiceKey, CryptoServicePrimitive, CryptoServiceQueue kchangePoint, DataTransformationSet, DataTypeMapping Connection, DiagnosticContributionSet, DItContext, DItEcu, s, E2EProfileConfigurationSet, EndToEndProtectionSet, Ett , EvaluatedVariantSet, Executable, FMFeature, FMFeature Set, FirewallRule, FunctionGroupSet, GeneralPurpose y, HwElement, HwType, IPSecConfigProps, <i>IdsCommon</i> iolationRoutineMappingSet, KeywordSet, LTMessage InfoSet, LifeCycleStateDefinitionGroup, LogAndTrace pps, MacSecParticipantSet, Machine, McFunction, Mc tionMappingSet, PhmContributionToMachineMapping, ngSet, <i>PlatformModuleEndpointConfiguration, Port</i> faceToDataTypeMapping, PortPrototypeBlueprint, PostBuild ueSet, PredefinedVariant, ProcessDesign, ProcessDesign Scenario, SdgDef, <i>SecureComProps</i> , SecurityEventReport stanceToSignalMapping, ServiceInstanceToSwCluster ceElementMapping, ServiceInstanceToSwCluster ceElementMapping, SomeipRemoteUnicastConfig, SomeipData teMulticastConfig, SomeipRemoteUnicastConfig, Someip ClientServiceInstanceConfig, SomeipSdServerEventGroup ceConfig, StartupConfig, StateDependentFirewall, SwAddr vRecordLayout, SwSystemconst, SwSystemconstantValue pup, <i>TimingExtension</i> , TIsConnectionGroup, TIvDatald formationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping, Unit, iclePackage, ViewMapSet					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element								
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note					
	1								

Table D.1: ARElement

Class	ARPackage
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ARPackage
Note	AUTOSAR package, allowing to create top level packages to structure the contained ARElements.
	ARPackages are open sets. This means that in a file based description system multiple files can be used to partially describe the contents of a package.
	This is an extended version of MSR's SW-SYSTEM.
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable
Aggregated by	ARPackage.arPackage, AUTOSAR.arPackage

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Class	ARPackage			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
arPackage	ARPackage	*	aggr	This represents a sub package within an ARPackage, thus allowing for an unlimited package hierarchy.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=arPackage.shortName, arPackage.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=30
element	PackageableElement	*	aggr	Elements that are part of this package
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=element.shortName, element.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime xml.sequenceOffset=20
referenceBase	ReferenceBase	*	aggr	This denotes the reference bases for the package. This is the basis for all relative references within the package. The base needs to be selected according to the base attribute within the references.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=referenceBase.shortLabel xml.sequenceOffset=10

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Table D.2: ARPackage

Class	AUTOSAR						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplat	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AutosarTopLevelStructure					
Note	Root element of an AU	TOSAR desc	ription, al	so the root element in corresponding XML documents.			
	Tags:xml.globalElemer	nt=true					
Base	ARObject						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
adminData	AdminData	01	aggr	This represents the administrative data of an Autosar file.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=10			
arPackage	ARPackage	*	aggr	This is the top level package in an AUTOSAR model.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=arPackage.shortName, arPackage.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=blueprintDerivationTime xml.sequenceOffset=30			
fileInfo Comment	FileInfoComment	01	aggr	This represents a possibility to provide a structured comment in an AUTOSAR file.			
				Stereotypes: atpStructuredComment Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=-10 xml.typeElement=false			



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Class	AUTOSAR					
introduction	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This represents an introduction on the Autosar file. It is intended for example to represent disclaimers and legal notes.		
	Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20					

Table D.3: AUTOSAR

Class	AbstractProvidedPortPrototype (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTen	nplate::Components	
Note	This abstract class provide	es the abil	lity to beco	ome a provided PortPrototype.	
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprintab Prototype, Referrable	ARObject, AtpBlueprintable, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Port Prototype, Referrable			
Subclasses	PPortPrototype, PRPortPr	PPortPrototype, PRPortPrototype			
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, SwComponentType.port			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
providedCom Spec	PPortComSpec	*	aggr	Provided communication attributes per interface element (data element or operation).	

Table D.4: AbstractProvidedPortPrototype

Class	AbstractRequiredPortPrototype (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	ponentTer	nplate::Components	
Note	This abstract class provide	es the abil	ity to beco	ome a required PortPrototype.	
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprintab Prototype, Referrable	ARObject, AtpBlueprintable, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Port Prototype, Referrable			
Subclasses	PRPortPrototype, RPortPr	rototype			
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, SwComponentType.port			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
requiredCom Spec	RPortComSpec				

Table D.5: AbstractRequiredPortPrototype

Class	AbstractServiceInstance (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemTe	emplate::F	ibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances	
Note	Provided and Consumed B	Ethernet S	Service Ins	stances that are available at the ApplicationEndpoint.	
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Subclasses	ConsumedServiceInstance	ConsumedServiceInstance, ProvidedServiceInstance			
Aggregated by	ServiceInstanceCollection	Set.servic	elnstance)	
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			



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Class	AbstractServiceInstance	e (abstract	t)	
capability Record	TagWithOptionalValue	*	aggr	A sequence of records to store arbitrary name/value pairs conveying additional information about the named service.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=capabilityRecord, capabilityRecord.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
majorVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Major Version of the ServiceInterface. Value can be set to a number that represents the Major Version of the service.
method Activation RoutingGroup	PduActivationRouting Group	01	aggr	The ServiceDiscovery module is able to activate and deactivate the PDU routing for ClientServerOperations (SOME/IP methods).
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=methodActivationRoutingGroup.shortName, methodActivationRoutingGroup.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
routingGroup	SoAdRoutingGroup	*	ref	The ServiceDiscovery module is able to activate and deactivate the PDU routing from and to TCP/IP-sockets.
				Tags:atp.Status=obsolete

Table D.6: AbstractServiceInstance

Class	AdminData					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::AdminData					
Note	AdminData represents the ability to express administrative information and custom extensions for an element. This administration information is to be treated as meta-data such as revision id or state of file. There are basically the following kinds of meta-data					
	The language ar	nd/or used	language	S.		
				vision number, state, release date, changes. Note that this as well as related to a particular company.		
	Document meta-	data speci	fic for a co	ompany		
	Beside that a custom ext	ension of n	nodel-data	a is possible by		
	Special data					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	AUTOSAR.adminData, L	Describable	adminDa	ata, Identifiable.adminData		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
docRevision (ordered)	DocRevision	*	aggr	This allows to denote information about the current revision of the object.		
				Note that information about previous revisions can also be logged here. The entries shall be sorted descendant by date in order to reflect the history. Therefore the most recent entry representing the current version is denoted first.		
				Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.roleWrapperElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=50 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false		



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Class	AdminData			
language	LEnum	01	attr	This attribute specifies the master language of the document or the document fragment. The master language is the one in which the document is maintained and from which the other languages are derived from. In particular in case of inconsistencies, the information in the master language is priority.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20
sdg	Sdg	*	aggr	This property allows to keep special data which is not represented by the standard model. It can be utilized to keep e.g. tool specific data.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=sdg xml.roleElement=true xml.roleWrapperElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=60 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false
usedLanguages	MultiLanguagePlainText	01	aggr	This property specifies the languages which are provided in the document. Therefore it should only be specified in the top level admin data. For each language provided in the document there is one entry in MultilanguagePlain Text. The content of each entry can be used for illustration of the language. The used language itself depends on the language attribute in the entry.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30

Table D.7: AdminData

Class	ApplicationArrayDataTy	pe		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SWCom	onentTer	nplate::Datatype::Datatypes
Note	An application data type v	which is ar	n array, ea	ch element is of the same application data type.
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=A	pplication	DataTypes
Base	ARElement, ARObject, ApplicationCompositeDataType, ApplicationDataType, AtpBlueprint, Atp Blueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
dynamicArray SizeProfile	String	01	attr	Specifies the profile which the array will follow if it is a variable size array.
element	ApplicationArray Element	01	aggr	This association implements the concept of an array element. That is, in some cases it is necessary to be able to identify single array elements, e.g. as input values for an interpolation routine.

Table D.8: ApplicationArrayDataType

Class	ApplicationArrayElement
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes
Note	Describes the properties of the elements of an application array data type.
Base	ARObject, ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable



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Class	ApplicationArrayElement					
Aggregated by	ApplicationArrayDataType.element, AtpClassifier.atpFeature					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
arraySize Handling	ArraySizeHandling Enum	01	attr	The way how the size of the array is handled.		
arraySize Semantics	ArraySizeSemantics Enum	01	attr	This attribute controls how the information about the array size shall be interpreted.		
indexDataType	ApplicationPrimitive DataType	01	ref	This reference can be taken to assign a CompuMethod of category TEXTTABLE to the array. The texttable entries associate a textual value to an index number such that the element with that index number is represented by a symbolic name.		
maxNumberOf Elements	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The maximum number of elements that the array can contain.		
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		

Table D.9: ApplicationArrayElement

Class	ApplicationCompositeDataType (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Datatype::Datatypes			
Note	Abstract base class for all application data types composed of other data types.			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, ApplicationDataType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable			
Subclasses	ApplicationArrayDataType, ApplicationAssocMapDataType, ApplicationRecordDataType			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
_	-	- 1	-	-

Table D.10: ApplicationCompositeDataType

Class	ApplicationError				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface			
Note	This is a user-defined error that is associated with an element of an AUTOSAR interface. It is specific for the particular functionality or service provided by the AUTOSAR software component.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ClientServerInterface.pos	ClientServerInterface.possibleError			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
errorCode	Integer	01	attr	The RTE generator is forced to assign this value to the corresponding error symbol. Note that for error codes certain ranges are predefined (see RTE specification).	

Table D.11: ApplicationError

Class	ApplicationSwComponentType
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components
Note	The ApplicationSwComponentType is used to represent the application software.
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=SwComponentTypes



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Class	ApplicationSwComponentType			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtomicSwComponentType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, Atp Type, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, Sw ComponentType			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
_	_	_	_	_

Table D.12: ApplicationSwComponentType

Class	ApplicationValueSpecification					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Constants					
Note	This meta-class represents values for DataPrototypes typed by ApplicationDataTypes (this includes in particular compound primitives).			ototypes typed by ApplicationDataTypes (this includes in		
	For further details refer to ASAM CDF 2.0. This meta-class corresponds to some extent with SW-INSTANCE in ASAM CDF 2.0.					
Base	ARObject, CompositeRu	leBasedVa	lueArgum	ent, ValueSpecification		
Aggregated by	ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification.key, ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification. value, ArrayValueSpecification.element, CalibrationParameterValue.applInitValue, CalibrationParameter Value.implInitValue, CompositeRuleBasedValueSpecification.compoundPrimitiveArgument, Constant Specification.valueSpec, CryptoServiceKey.developmentValue, DiagnosticEnvDataCondition.compare Value, DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition.compareValue, FieldSenderComSpec.initValue, ISignal.init Value, ISignal.timeoutSubstitutionValue, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.initValue, NonqueuedReceiver ComSpec.timeoutSubstitutionValue, NonqueuedSenderComSpec.initValue, NvProvideComSpec.ram BlockInitValue, NvProvideComSpec.romBlockInitValue, NvRequireComSpec.initValue, ParameterData Prototype.initValue, ParameterProvideComSpec.initValue, PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec.initValue, PortDefinedArgument Value.value, PortPrototypeBlueprintInitValue.value, RecordValueSpecification.field, <i>StateManagement</i> <i>CompareCondition.compareValue</i> , SwDataDefProps.invalidValue, VariableDataPrototype.initValue					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
category	Identifier	01	attr	Specifies to which category of ApplicationDataType this ApplicationValueSpecification can be applied (e.g. as an initial value), thus imposing constraints on the structure and semantics of the contained values, see [constr_1006] and [constr_2051].		
swAxisCont (ordered)	SwAxisCont	*	aggr	This represents the axis values of a Compound Primitive Data Type (curve or map).		
				The first swAxisCont describes the x-axis, the second sw AxisCont describes the y-axis, the third swAxisCont describes the z-axis. In addition to this, the axis can be denoted in swAxisIndex.		
swValueCont	SwValueCont	01	aggr	This represents the values of a Compound Primitive Data Type.		

Table D.13: ApplicationValueSpecification

Class	ArgumentDataPrototype
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface
Note	An argument of an operation, much like a data element, but also carries direction information and is owned by a particular ClientServerOperation.
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, Referrable
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, ClientServerOperation.argument



Δ					
Class	s ArgumentDataPrototype				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
direction	ArgumentDirection Enum	01	attr	This attribute specifies the direction of the argument prototype.	
serverArgument ImplPolicy	ServerArgumentImpl PolicyEnum	01	attr	This defines how the argument type of the servers RunnableEntity is implemented. If the attribute is not defined this has the same semantics as if the attribute is set to the value useArgumentType for primitive arguments and structures.	

Enumeration	ArgumentDirectionEnum
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes
Note	Use cases:
	 Arguments in ClientServerOperation can have different directions that need to be formally indicated because they have an impact on how the function signature looks like eventually.
	 Arguments in BswModuleEntry already determine a function signature, but the direction is used to specify the semantics, especially of pointer arguments.
Aggregated by	ArgumentDataPrototype.direction, SwServiceArg.direction
Literal	Description
in	The argument value is passed to the callee.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
inout	The argument value is passed to the callee but also passed back from the callee to the caller.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1
out	The argument value is passed from the callee to the caller.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2

Table D.15: ArgumentDirectionEnum

Class	ArrayValueSpecification				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Constants				
Note	Specifies the values for an array.				
Base	ARObject, CompositeValueSpecification, ValueSpecification				
Aggregated by	ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification.key, ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification. value, ArrayValueSpecification.element, CalibrationParameterValue.applInitValue, CalibrationParameter Value.implInitValue, CompositeRuleBasedValueSpecification.argument, ConstantSpecification.value Spec, CryptoServiceKey.developmentValue, DiagnosticEnvDataCondition.compareValue, DiagnosticEnv DataElementCondition.compareValue, FieldSenderComSpec.initValue, ISignal.initValue, ISignal.timeout SubstitutionValue, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.initValue, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.timeout SubstitutionValue, NonqueuedSenderComSpec.initValue, NvProvideComSpec.ramBlockInitValue, Nv ProvideComSpec.romBlockInitValue, NvRequireComSpec.initValue, ParameterDataPrototype.initValue, ParameterProvideComSpec.initValue, ParameterRequireComSpec.initValue, PersistencyDataRequired ComSpec.initValue, PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue, PortDefinedArgumentValue.value, PortPrototype BlueprintInitValue.value, RecordValueSpecification.field, <i>StateManagementCompareCondition</i> .compare Value, SwDataDefProps.invalidValue, VariableDataPrototype.initValue				
	Type Mult. Kind Note				



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Class	ArrayValueSpecification			
element (ordered)	ValueSpecification	*	aggr	The value for a single array element. All Value Specifications aggregated by ArrayValueSpecification shall have the same structure.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=element, element.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
intendedPartial Initialization Count	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute shall only have a meaning for dynamic arrays and shall be taken as a sanity check: the number filled in the attribute shall be identical to the number of ArrayValueSpecification.element.
				If the attribute does not exist it means that no partial initialization is intended.

Table D.16: ArrayValueSpecification

Class	AssemblySwConnector					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SWCom	oonentTer	nplate::Composition		
Note	AssemblySwConnectors a CompositionSwCompone		ively used	to connect SwComponentPrototypes in the context of a		
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable, SwConnector					
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	Composit	ionSwCor	nponentType.connector		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
provider	AbstractProvidedPort	01	iref	Instance of providing port.		
	Prototype			InstanceRef implemented by:PPortInComposition InstanceRef		
requester	quester AbstractRequiredPort		iref	Instance of requiring port.		
	Prototype			InstanceRef implemented by:RPortInComposition InstanceRef		

Table D.17: AssemblySwConnector

Class	AutosarDataPrototype (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTen	nplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes	
Note	Base class for prototypica	l roles of a	an Autosa	rDataType.	
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, DataPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	ArgumentDataPrototype, Field, ParameterDataPrototype, PersistencyDataElement, VariableData Prototype				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
type	AutosarDataType	01	tref	This represents the corresponding data type.	
				Stereotypes: isOfType	

Table D.18: AutosarDataPrototype



Class	AutosarDataType (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplate	s::SWCom	oonentTer	nplate::Datatype::Datatypes	
Note	Abstract base class for a	user defined	AUTOSA	AR data types for software.	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Subclasses	AbstractImplementationDataType, ApplicationDataType				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
swDataDef	SwDataDefProps	01	aggr	The properties of this AutosarDataType.	
Props				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=swDataDefProps	

Table D.19: AutosarDataType

Class	BaseType (abstract)				
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Bas	eTypes			
Note	This abstract meta-class	represents	the abilit	y to specify a platform dependent base type.	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Subclasses	SwBaseType				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
baseType Definition	BaseTypeDefinition	1	aggr	This is the actual definition of the base type. Tags: xml.roleElement=false xml.roleWrapperElement=false xml.sequenceOffset=20 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false	

Table D.20: BaseType

BaseTypeDirectDefinition					
M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Bas	seTypes				
This BaseType is defined	directly (a	s opposite	e to a derived BaseType)		
ARObject, BaseTypeDefi	nition				
BaseType.baseTypeDefin	ition				
Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
BaseTypeEncoding String	01	attr	This specifies, how an object of the current BaseType is encoded, e.g. in an ECU within a message sequence.		
			Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=90		
PositiveInteger	01	attr	Describes the length of the data type specified in the container in bits.		
			Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=70		
ByteOrderEnum	01	attr	This attribute specifies the byte order of the base type.		
			Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=110		
	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Base This BaseType is defined ARObject, BaseTypeDefin BaseType.baseTypeDefin Type BaseTypeEncoding String PositiveInteger	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::BaseTypes This BaseType is defined directly (a ARObject, BaseTypeDefinition BaseType.baseTypeDefinition BaseTypeEncoding String PositiveInteger	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::BaseTypes This BaseType is defined directly (as opposite ARObject, BaseTypeDefinition BaseType.baseTypeDefinition Type Mult. Kind BaseTypeEncoding 01 String 01 PositiveInteger 01		



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Class	BaseTypeDirectDefinitio	n		
memAlignment	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the alignment of the memory object in bits. E.g. "8" specifies, that the object in question is aligned to a byte while "32" specifies that it is aligned four byte. If the value is set to "0" the meaning shall be interpreted as "unspecified".
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=100
native Declaration	NativeDeclarationString	01	attr	This attribute describes the declaration of such a base type in the native programming language, primarily in the Programming language C. This can then be used by a code generator to include the necessary declarations into a header file. For example
				BaseType with shortName: "MyUnsignedInt" native Declaration: "unsigned short"
				Results in
				typedef unsigned short MyUnsignedInt;
				If the attribute is not defined the referring Implementation DataTypes will not be generated as a typedef by RTE.
				If a nativeDeclaration type is given it shall fulfill the characteristic given by basetypeEncoding and baseType Size.
				This is required to ensure the consistent handling and interpretation by software components, RTE, COM and MCM systems.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=120

Table D.21: BaseTypeDirectDefinition

Class	CanControllerXIConfiguration					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::	Fibex::Fibex4Can::CanTopology		
Note	This meta-class represent	ts the CAN	VXL-spec	ific controller attributes.		
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	AbstractCanCommunicati	onControl	lerAttribut	tes.canControllerXIAttributes, CanXIProps.canXIConfig		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
errorSignaling Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	Specifies if error signaling shall be enabled. This is not possible when the transceiver is switched to PWM mode (trcvPwmModeEnabled set to TRUE).		
				TRUE: Error signaling shall be enabled.		
				FALSE: Error signaling shall be disabled.		
propSeg	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies propagation delay in time quantas.		
pwmL	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the PWM long phase length.		
pwmO	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the PWM time offset.		
pwmS	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the PWM short phase length.		
sspOffset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the Transmitter Delay Compensation Offset in minimum time quanta. Transmitter Delay Compensation Offset is used to adjust the position of the Secondary Sample Point (SSP), relative to the beginning of the received bit. If this parameter is configured, the Transmitter Delay Compensation is done by measurement of the CAN controller. If not specified Transmitter Delay Compensation is disabled.		



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Class	CanControllerXIConfiguration				
syncJumpWidth	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the synchronization jump width for the controller in time quantas.	
timeSeg1	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies phase segment 1 in time quantas.	
timeSeg2	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies phase segment 2 in time quantas.	
trcvPwmMode	Boolean	01	attr	Specifies if the transceiver shall be set to the PWM mode.	
Enabled				TRUE: The transceiver shall be switched to PWM mode.	
				FALSE: The transceiver shall work in classic CAN mode.	

Table D.22: CanControllerXIConfiguration

Class	CanControllerXIConfigurationRequirements					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Can::CanTopology					
Note				es for the CAN XL configuration parameters. These ranges spected by the ECU developer.		
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	AbstractCanCommunica Reqs	tionControl	llerAttribu	tes.canControllerXIRequirements, CanXIProps.canXIConfig		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
errorSignaling Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	Specifies if error signaling shall be enabled. This is not possible when the transceiver is switched to PWM mode (trcvPwmModeEnabled set to TRUE).		
				TRUE: Error signaling shall be enabled.		
				FALSE: Error signaling shall be disabled.		
maxNumberOf TimeQuantaPer Bit	Integer	01	attr	Maximum number of time quanta in the bit time.		
maxPwmL	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the maximum PWM long phase length.		
maxPwmO	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the minimum PWM time offset.		
maxPwmS	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the maximum PWM short phase length.		
maxSample Point	Float	01	attr	The max. value of the sample point as a percentage of the total bit time.		
maxSyncJump Width	Float	01	attr	The max. Synchronization Jump Width value as a percentage of the total bit time. The (Re-)Synchronization Jump Width (SJW) defines how far a resynchronization may move the Sample Point inside the limits defined by the Phase Buffer Segments to compensate for edge phase errors.		
maxTrcvDelay Compensation Offset	TimeValue	01	attr	Specifies the maximum Transceiver Delay Compensation Offset in seconds. If not specified Transceiver Delay Compensation is disabled.		
minNumberOf TimeQuantaPer Bit	Integer	01	attr	Minimum number of time quanta in the bit time.		
minPwmL	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the minimum PWM long phase length.		
minPwmO	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the maximum PWM time offset.		
minPwmS	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the minimum PWM short phase length.		
minSamplePoint	Float	01	attr	The min. value of the sample point as a percentage of the total bit time.		



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Class	CanControllerXIConfi	gurationRec	quiremen	ts
minSyncJump Width	Float	01	attr	The min. Synchronization Jump Width value as a percentage of the total bit time. The (Re-)Synchronization Jump Width (SJW) defines how far a resynchronization may move the Sample Point inside the limits defined by the Phase Buffer Segments to compensate for edge phase errors.
minTrcvDelay Compensation Offset	TimeValue	01	attr	Specifies the minimum Transceiver Delay Compensation Offset in seconds. If not specified Transceiver Delay Compensation is disabled.
trcvPwmMode Enabled	Boolean	01	attr	Specifies if the transceiver shall be set to the PWM mode. TRUE: The transceiver shall be switched to PWM mode. FALSE: The transceiver shall work in classic CAN mode.

Table D.23: CanControllerXIConfigurationRequirements

Class	ClientServerInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SWComp	conentTer	nplate::PortInterface	
Note	A client/server interface d	A client/server interface declares a number of operations that can be invoked on a server by a client.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
possibleError	ApplicationError	*	aggr	Application errors that are defined as part of this interface.	

Table D.24: ClientServerInterface

Class	Collection			Collection					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ElementCollection								
Note	This meta-class specifies a collection of elements. A collection can be utilized to express additi aspects for a set of elements.								
	Note that Collection is a not obvious.	n AREleme	nt. There	fore it is applicable e.g. for EvaluatedVariant, even if this is					
	Usually the category of a Collection is "SET". On the other hand, a Collection can also express arbitrary relationship between elements. This is denoted by the category "RELATION" (see also [TPS_GST_00347]). In this case the collection represents an association from "sourceElement" to "targetElement" in "role".								
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=Collections								
Base	ARElement, ARObject, Element, Referrable	Collectable	Element,	Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable					
		Collectable	Element,						
Base Aggregated by Attribute	Element, Referrable	Collectable	Element,						
Aggregated by	Element, Referrable ARPackage.element			Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable					



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Class	Collection			
collected Instance	AtpFeature	*	iref	This instance ref supports the use case that a particular instance is part of the collection.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=60 InstanceRef implemented by:AnyInstanceRef
collection Semantics	NameToken	01	attr	Provides the ability to express the semantics of a Collection depending on the intended use case. The collectionSemantics is specified as a NameToken which must be agreed by all stakeholders.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=25
element	Identifiable	*	ref	This is an element in the collection. Note that Collection itself is collectable. Therefore collections can be nested.
				In case of category="RELATION" this represents the target end of the relation.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40
elementRole	Identifier	01	attr	This attribute allows to denote a particular role of the collection. Note that the applicable semantics shall be mutually agreed between the two parties.
				In particular it denotes the role of element in the context of sourceElement.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30
sourceElement	Identifiable	*	ref	Only if Category = "RELATION". This represents the source of a relation.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=50
sourceInstance	AtpFeature	*	iref	Only if Category = "RELATION". This represents the source instance of a relation.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=70 InstanceRef implemented by:AnyInstanceRef

Table D.25: Collection

Class	CommConnectorPort (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemT	emplate::	Fibex::FibexCore::CoreTopology	
Note	The Ecu communication re transmitted by this ECU.	The Ecu communication relationship defines which signals, Pdus and frames are actually received and transmitted by this ECU.			
	For each signal, Pdu or Frame that is transmitted or received and used by the Ecu an association between an ISignalPort, IPduPort or FramePort with the corresponding Triggering shall be created. An ISignalPort shall be created only if the corresponding signal is handled by COM (RTE or Signal Gateway). If a Pdu Gateway ECU only routes the Pdu without being interested in the content only a FramePort and an IPduPort needs to be created.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	FramePort, IPduPort, ISig	FramePort, IPduPort, ISignalPort			
Aggregated by	CommunicationConnector	r.ecuCom	mPortInst	ance	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
communication Direction	Communication DirectionType	1	attr	Communication Direction of the Connector Port (input or output Port).	

Table D.26: CommConnectorPort



Enumeration	CommunicationDirectionType
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication
Note	Describes the communication direction.
Aggregated by	<i>CommConnectorPort</i> .communicationDirection, IPSecRule.direction, ISignallPduGroup. communicationDirection
Literal	Description
in	Reception (Input)
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0
out	Transmission (Output)
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1

Table D.27: CommunicationDirectionType

Class	CompuConst						
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Con	nputationN	/lethod				
Note	This meta-class represent	s the fact	that the v	alue of a computation method scale is constant.			
Base	ARObject	ARObject					
Aggregated by	Compu.compuDefaultValue, CompuScale.compuInverseValue, CompuScaleConstantContents.compu Const						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
compuConst ContentType	CompuConstContent	01	aggr	This is the actual content of the constant compu method scale.			
				Tags: xml.roleElement=false xml.roleWrapperElement=false xml.sequenceOffset=10 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false			

Table D.28: CompuConst

Class	CompuConstTextContent					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Com	nputation	Nethod			
Note	This meta-class represent	s the text	ual conter	t of a scale.		
Base	ARObject, CompuConstC	ARObject, CompuConstContent				
Aggregated by	CompuConst.compuCons	tContentT	уре			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
vt	VerbatimString	01	attr	This represents a textual constant in the computation method.		

Table D.29: CompuConstTextContent

Class	CompuMethod
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::ComputationMethod
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to express the relationship between a physical value and the mathematical representation.
	Note that this is still independent of the technical implementation in data types. It only specifies the formula how the internal value corresponds to its physical pendant.
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=CompuMethods

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Class	CompuMethod						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
compuInternal ToPhys	Compu	01	aggr	This specifies the computation from internal values to physical values.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=80			
compuPhysTo Internal	Compu	01	aggr	This represents the computation from physical values to the internal values.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=90			
displayFormat	DisplayFormatString	01	attr	This property specifies, how the physical value shall be displayed e.g. in documents or measurement and calibration tools.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20			
unit	Unit	01	ref	This is the physical unit of the Physical values for which the CompuMethod applies.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30			

Table D.30: CompuMethod

Class	CompuScale					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::ComputationMethod					
Note	This meta-class represent	s the abili	ty to spec	ify one segment of a segmented computation method.		
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	CompuScales.compuScal	е				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
compulnverse Value	CompuConst	01	aggr	This is the inverse value of the constraint. This supports the case that the scale is not reversible per se.		
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=60		
compuScale Contents	CompuScaleContents	01	aggr	This represents the computation details of the scale. Tags: xml.roleElement=false xml.roleWrapperElement=false xml.sequenceOffset=70 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false		
desc	MultiLanguageOverview Paragraph	01	aggr	<desc> represents a general but brief description of the object in question. Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30</desc>		
lowerLimit	Limit	01	attr	This specifies the lower limit of the scale. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=40		



Class	CompuScale			
mask	PositiveUnlimitedInteger	01	attr	In difference to all the other computational methods every COMPU-SCALE will be applied including the bit MASK. Therefore it is allowed for this type of COMPU-METHOD, that COMPU-SCALES overlap.
				To calculate the string reverse to a value, the string has to be split and the according value for each substring has to be summed up. The sum is finally transmitted.
				The processing has to be done in order of the COMPU-SCALE elements.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=35
shortLabel	Identifier	01	attr	This element specifies a short name for the particular scale. The name can for example be used to derive a programming language identifier.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20
symbol	Cldentifier	01	attr	The symbol, if provided, is used by code generators to get a C identifier for the CompuScale. The name will be used as is for the code generation, therefore it needs to be unique within the generation context.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=25
upperLimit	Limit	01	attr	This specifies the upper limit of a of the scale.
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=50

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Table D.31: CompuScale

Class	ConstantReference			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Commor	Structure	::Constants
Note	Instead of defining this val	ue inline,	a constar	t is referenced.
Base	ARObject, ValueSpecifica	tion		
Aggregated by	value, ArrayValueSpecifica Value.implInitValue, Consi EnvDataCondition.compai Spec.initValue, ISignal.init Value, NonqueuedReceive NvProvideComSpec.ramE Value, ParameterDataPro Spec.initValue, Persistence DefinedArgumentValue.va	ation.elem tantSpecif reValue, E Value, ISi erComSpe BlockInitVa totype.init yDataRec Ilue, PortF	ent, Calib ication.va Diagnostic gnal.timeout alue, NvPr Value, Par quiredCon PrototypeE	tion.key, ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification. torationParameterValue.applInitValue, CalibrationParameter lueSpec, CryptoServiceKey.developmentValue, Diagnostic EnvDataElementCondition.compareValue, FieldSenderCom butSubstitutionValue, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.init SubstitutionValue, NonqueuedSenderComSpec.initValue, ovideComSpec.romBlockInitValue, NvRequireComSpec.init rameterProvideComSpec.initValue, ParameterRequireCom nSpec.initValue, PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue, Port BlueprintInitValue.value, RecordValueSpecification.field, reValue, SwDataDefProps.invalidValue, VariableData
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
constant	ConstantSpecification	01	ref	The referenced constant.

Table D.32: ConstantReference



Class	CouplingElement						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology						
Note	A CouplingElement is used to connect EcuInstances to the VLAN of an EthernetCluster. Coupling Elements can reach from a simple hub to a complex managed switch or even devices with functionalities in higher layers. A CouplingElement that is not related to an EcuInstance occurs as a dedicated single device.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=C	ouplingEl	ements			
Base	ARObject, CollectableElement, FibexElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
communication Cluster	EthernetCluster	1	ref	This relationship defines to which cluster the Coupling Element belongs.			
couplingPort	CouplingPort	*	aggr	Hardware Port of the CouplingElement that is used to connect this CouplingPort to EcuInstances or other CouplingElements.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=couplingPort.shortName, coupling Port.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild			
couplingType	CouplingElementEnum	1	attr	Describes the coupling type of this CouplingElement.			
eculnstance	EcuInstance	01	ref	Optional reference to the ECU where the Coupling Element is located.			
firewallRule	StateDependentFirewall	*	ref	Firewall rules defined in the context of a Coupling Element.			
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate			

Table D.33	: CouplingElement
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Class	CouplingPort						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemTe	emplate::F	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology			
Note	A CouplingPort is used to connect a CouplingElement with an EcuInstance or two CouplingElements with each other via a CouplingPortConnection. Optionally, the CouplingPort may also have a reference to a macMulticastGroup and a defaultVLAN.						
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	CouplingElement.couplingPort, EthernetCommunicationController.couplingPort						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
connection Negotiation Behavior	EthernetConnection NegotiationEnum	01	attr	Specifies the connection negotiation of the CouplingPort.			
couplingPort Details	CouplingPortDetails	01	aggr	Defines more details of a CouplingPort in case a more specific configuration is required.			
couplingPort Role	CouplingPortRoleEnum						
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Class	CouplingPort			
defaultVlan	EthernetPhysical Channel	01	ref	The vLanIdentifier of the referenced VLAN is the Default-PVID (port VLAN ID). A Port VLAN ID is a default VLAN ID that is assigned to an access CouplingPort to designate the VLAN segment to which this port is connected. Also, if a CouplingPort has not been configured with any VLAN memberships, the virtual switch's Port VLAN ID (pvid) becomes the default VLAN ID for the ports connection.
				This identifier/tag is added for incoming untagged messages at the port (ingress tagging). For outgoing messages with this identifier, the tag is removed at the port (egress untagging, depending on the Vlan Membership.sendActivity).
macLayerType	EthernetMacLayerType Enum	01	attr	Specifies the mac layer type of the CouplingPort.
macMulticast Address	MacMulticastGroup	*	ref	Assigns a set of MAC-Multicast-Addresses which are addressable via this CouplingPort. This is a static pre-configuration and further addresses may be learned during runtime.
macSecProps	MacSecProps	*	aggr	Properties to configure MACsec (Media access control security) and the MKA (MACsec Key Agreement) for the CouplingPort (PHY).
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate
physicalLayer Type	EthernetPhysicalLayer TypeEnum	01	attr	Specifies the physical layer type of the CouplingPort.
plcaProps	PlcaProps	01	aggr	Optional properties for configuration of PLCA (Physical Layer Collision Avoidance) in case 10-BASE-T1S Ethernet is used and PLCA is enabled on the Coupling Port (PHY).
pncMapping	PncMappingIdent	*	ref	Reference to the partial networks this CouplingPort participates in.
receiveActivity	EthernetSwitchVlan IngressTagEnum	01	attr	Defines the handling of frames at the ingress port.
vlan Membership	VlanMembership	*	aggr	Messages of VLANs that are defined here can be communicated via the CouplingPort.
vlanModifier	EthernetPhysical Channel	01	ref	All incoming messages at this CouplingPort shall be tagged with this VLAN Id. This tagging is performed regardless whether the message already has a VLAN tag or is untagged, an existing VLAN tag will be overwritten.
				This feature is XOR with CoupligPort.defaultVlan.
wakeupSleep OnDataline Config	EthernetWakeupSleep OnDatalineConfig	01	ref	Optional reference to EthernetWakeupSleepOnDataline Config.

Table D.34: CouplingPort

Class	CouplingPortConnection					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemTe	emplate::I	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology		
Note	Connection between two CouplingPorts (firstPort and secondPort) or between a collection of Ports that are all referenced by the portCollection reference.					
Base	ARObject	ARObject				
Aggregated by	EthernetCluster.couplingPortConnection					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					



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Class	CouplingPortConne	ction		
firstPort	CouplingPort	01	ref	Reference to the first CouplingPort that is connected via the CouplingPortConnection.
nodePort	CouplingPort	*	ref	Reference to a number of CouplingPorts that are connected via the CouplingPortConnection. This reference shall be used to describe a 10BASE-T1S topology architecture where several CouplingPorts of EthernetCommunicationControllers are connected via one CouplingPortConnection.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=nodePort.couplingPort, nodePort.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
plcaLocalNode Count	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the number of communication participants in case 10BASE-T1S and the nodePort reference is used.
plcaTransmit Opportunity Timer	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Timer for the transmission in bit time to evaluate if a Transmission Opportunity is yield or not.
secondPort	CouplingPort	01	ref	Reference to the second CouplingPort that is connected via the CouplingPortConnection.

Table D.35: CouplingPortConnection

Class	DataConstr					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Cor	nstraints::C	GlobalCon	straints		
Note	This meta-class represent	ts the abili	ty to spec	ify constraints on data.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=D	ataConsti	s		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, CollectableElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
dataConstrRule	DataConstrRule	*	aggr	This is one particular rule within the data constraints.		
				Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.roleWrapperElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=30 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false		

Table D.36: DataConstr

Class	DataConstrRule					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Con	straints::C	GlobalCon	straints		
Note	This meta-class represent	This meta-class represents the ability to express one specific data constraint rule.				
Base	ARObject	ARObject				
Aggregated by	DataConstr.dataConstrRu	le				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
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Class	DataConstrRule			
constrLevel	Integer	01	attr	This attribute describes the category of a constraint. One of its functions is in the area of constraint violation, where it can be used from a certain level, to produce error messages.
				The lower the level, the more stringent the check.
				Used to distinguish hard or soft limits.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=20
internalConstrs	InternalConstrs	01	aggr	Describes the limitations applicable on the internal domain (as opposed to the physical domain).
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=40
physConstrs	PhysConstrs	01	aggr	Describes the limitations applicable on the physical domain (as opposed to the internal domain).
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30

Table D.37: DataConstrRule

Class	DataFilter					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Filter					
Note	Base class for data filters. The type of the filter is specified in attribute dataFilterType. Some of the filter types require additional arguments which are specified as attributes of this class.					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	ISignalPort.dataFilter, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.filter, NonqueuedSenderComSpec.dataFilter, SignalBasedEventElementTolSignalTriggeringMapping.filter, SignalBasedFieldTolSignalTriggering Mapping.filter, SignalServiceTranslationElementProps.filter, TransmissionModeCondition.dataFilter					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
dataFilterType	DataFilterTypeEnum	01	attr	This attribute specifies the type of the filter.		
mask	UnlimitedInteger	01	attr	Mask for old and new value.		
max	UnlimitedInteger	01	attr	Value to specify the upper boundary		
min	UnlimitedInteger	01	attr	Value to specify the lower boundary		
offset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies the initial number of messages to occur before the first message is passed		
period	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Specifies number of messages to occur before the message is passed again		
х	UnlimitedInteger	01	attr	Value to compare with		

Table D.38: DataFilter

Enumeration	DataFilterTypeEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Filter			
Note	This enum specifies the supported DataFilterTypes.			
Aggregated by	DataFilter.dataFilterType			
Literal	Description			
always	No filtering is performed so that the message always passes.			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			



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Enumeration	DataFilterTypeEnum
maskedNewDiffers	Pass messages where the masked value has changed.
MaskedOld	(new_value&mask) !=(old_value&mask)
	new_value: current value of the message
	old_value: last value of the message (initialized with the initial value of the message, updated with new_value if the new message value is not filtered out)
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1
maskedNewDiffers	Pass messages whose masked value is not equal to a specific value x
X	(new_value&mask) != x
	new_value: current value of the message
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2
maskedNewEquals	Pass messages whose masked value is equal to a specific value x
X	(new_value&mask) == x
	new_value: current value of the message
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3
never	The filter removes all messages.
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=4
newlsOutside	Pass a message if its value is outside a predefined boundary.
	(min > new_value) OR (new_value > max)
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=5
newlsWithin	Pass a message if its value is within a predefined boundary.
	min <= new_value <= max
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=6
oneEveryN	Pass a message once every N message occurrences.
	Algorithm: occurrence % period == offset
	Start: occurrence = 0.
	Each time the message is received or transmitted, occurrence is incremented by 1 after filtering. Length of occurrence is 8 bit (minimum).
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=7

Table D.39: DataFilterTypeEnum

Class	DataPrototype (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SWComp	ponentTer	nplate::Datatype::DataPrototypes	
Note	Base class for prototypica	Base class for prototypical roles of any data type.			
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	ApplicationCompositeElementDataPrototype, AutosarDataPrototype				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProps	01	aggr	This property allows to specify data definition properties which apply on data prototype level.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=swDataDefProps	

Table D.40: DataPrototype



Class	DataTransformation					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Transformer					
Note	A DataTransformation rep	resents a	transform	er chain. It is an ordered list of transformers.		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	DataTransformationSet.dataTransformation					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
data Transformation Kind	DataTransformationKind Enum	01	attr	This attribute controls the kind of DataTransformation to be applied.		
executeDespite Data Unavailability	Boolean	1	attr	Specifies whether the transformer chain is executed even if no input data are available.		
transformer Chain (ordered)	Transformation Technology	1*	ref	This attribute represents the definition of a chain of transformers that are supposed to be executed according to the order of being referenced from DataTransformation.		

Table D.41: DataTransformation

Class	DiagnosticAbstractParameter (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::CommonDiagnostics				
Note	This meta-class represent	ts an abst	ract base	class for modeling a diagnostic parameter.	
Base	ARObject				
Subclasses	DiagnosticParameter, Dia	gnosticPa	rameterE	lement	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
bitOffset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This represents the bitOffset of the DiagnosticParameter. The value of the bitOffset shall always be interpreted as relative to the start of the enclosing DiagnosticData Identifier, DiagnosticParameterIdentifier, or Diagnostic RoutineSubfunction.	
				Stereotypes: atpldentityContributor Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
dataElement	DiagnosticDataElement	01	aggr	This represents the related dataElement of the Diagnostic Parameter	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dataElement.shortName, data Element.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild	
parameterSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute allows for the specification of the parameter size. This information is relevant if there is a gap between one diagnostic parameter and the following diagnostic parameter (or the tail of the telegram). The unit is bit and the values shall be multiples of 8.	
				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	

Table D.42: DiagnosticAbstractParameter



Class	DiagnosticAccessPermission						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::Dcm						
Note	This represents the specification of whether a given service can be accessed according to the existence of meta-classes referenced by a particular DiagnosticAccessPermission.						
	In other words, this meta-class acts as a mapping element between several (otherwise unrelated) pieces of information that are put into context for the purpose of checking for access rights.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticAccessPermissions						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
authentication Role	DiagnosticAuthRole	*	ref	This reference identifies the authenticationRole applicable for the enclosing DiagnosticMemoryDestinationUser Defined.			
diagnostic Session	DiagnosticSession	*	ref	This represents the associated DiagnosticSessions			
environmental Condition	Diagnostic EnvironmentalCondition	01	ref	This represents the environmental conditions associated with the access permission.			
securityLevel	DiagnosticSecurityLevel	*	ref	This represents the associated DiagnosticSecurityLevels			
sovdLock	DiagnosticSovdLock	01	ref	This represents the associated SOVD lock.			
				Tags:atp.Status=draft			

Table D.43: DiagnosticAccessPermission

Class	DiagnosticContributionSet					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::DiagnosticContribution					
Note	This meta-class represents a root node of a diagnostic extract. It bundles a given set of diagnostic model elements. The granularity of the DiagonsticContributionSet is arbitrary in order to support the aspect of decentralized configuration, i.e. different contributors can come up with an own DiagnosticContribution Set.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticContributionSets					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
common Properties	DiagnosticCommon Props	01	aggr	This attribute represents a collection of diagnostic properties that are shared among the entire Diagnostic ContributionSet.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=commonProperties		
element	DiagnosticCommon Element	*	ref	This represents a DiagnosticCommonElement considered in the context of the DiagnosticContributionSet		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=element.diagnosticCommonElement, element.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild		



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Class	DiagnosticContributionS	Set		
serviceTable	DiagnosticServiceTable	*	ref	This represents the collection of DiagnosticServiceTables to be considered in the scope of this Diagnostic ContributionSet.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=serviceTable.diagnosticServiceTable, service Table.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild

Table D.44: DiagnosticContributionSet

Class	DiagnosticDataTransfer				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::Diagnost	icExtract:	Dcm::DiagnosticService::MemoryByAddress	
Note	This represents an instand	ce of the "	Data Tran	sfer" diagnostic service.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=D	iagnosticl	MemoryByAdresss	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMemoryByAddress, DiagnosticServiceInstance, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
dataTransfer Class	DiagnosticDataTransfer Class	01	ref	This reference substantiates that abstract reference in the role serviceClass for this specific concrete class.	
				Thereby, the reference represents the ability to access shared attributes among all DiagnosticDataTransfer in the given context.	

Table D.45: DiagnosticDataTransfer

Class	DiagnosticIndicator	DiagnosticIndicator				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Diagnost	icExtract:	:Dem::DiagnosticIndicator		
Note	Definition of an indicator.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DiagnosticIndicators				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage Referrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
type	DiagnosticIndicatorType Enum	01	attr	Defines the type of the indicator. Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		

Table D.46: DiagnosticIndicator

Class	DiagnosticParameter
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::CommonDiagnostics
Note	This meta-class represents the ability to describe information relevant for the execution of a specific diagnostic service, i.e. it can be taken to parameterize the service.
Base	ARObject, DiagnosticAbstractParameter

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Class	DiagnosticParameter				
Aggregated by	DiagnosticDataIdentifier.dataElement, DiagnosticExtendedDataRecord.recordElement, DiagnosticInfo Type.dataElement, DiagnosticParameterIdentifier.dataElement, DiagnosticRequestRoutineResults. request, DiagnosticRequestRoutineResults.response, DiagnosticStartRoutine.request, DiagnosticStart Routine.response, DiagnosticStopRoutine.request, DiagnosticStopRoutine.response				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
ident	DiagnosticParameter Ident	01	aggr	The aggregation in the role ident provides the ability to make the DiagnosticAbstractParameter identifiable.	
				From the semantical point of view, the AbstractDiagnostic Parameter is considered a first-class Identifiable and therefore the aggregation in the role ident shall always exist (until it may be possible to let AbstractDiagnostic Parameter directly inherit from Identifiable).	
				Stereotypes: atpldentityContributor	
supportInfo	DiagnosticParameter SupportInfo	01	aggr	This attribute represents the ability to define which bit of the support info byte is representing this part of the PID.	

Table D.47: DiagnosticParameter

Class	DiagnosticServiceInstar	nce (abstra	act)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::Dcm::DiagnosticService::CommonService				
Note	This represents a concrete	e instance	of a diag	nostic service.		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Referrable, PackageableE			DiagnosticCommonElement, Identifiable, Multilanguage		
Subclasses	<i>DiagnosticAuthentication</i> , DiagnosticClearDiagnosticInformation, DiagnosticClearResetEmissionRelated Info, DiagnosticComControl, DiagnosticControlDTCSetting, DiagnosticCustomServiceInstance, <i>DiagnosticDataByIdentifier</i> , DiagnosticDynamicallyDefineDataIdentifier, DiagnosticEcuReset, Diagnostic IOControl, <i>DiagnosticMemoryByAddress</i> , DiagnosticReadDTCInformation, DiagnosticReadDataBy PeriodicID, DiagnosticRequestControlOfOnBoardDevice, DiagnosticRequestCurrentPowertrainData, DiagnosticRequestEmissionRelatedDTC, DiagnosticRequestEmissionRelatedDTCPermanentStatus, DiagnosticRequestFileTransfer, DiagnosticRequestOnBoardMonitoringTestResults, DiagnosticRequest PowertrainFreezeFrameData, DiagnosticRequestVehicleInfo, DiagnosticResponseOnEvent, Diagnostic RoutineControl, DiagnosticSecurityAccess, DiagnosticSessionControl					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
access Permission	DiagnosticAccess Permission	01	ref	This represents the collection of DiagnosticAccess Permissions that allow for the execution of the referencing DiagnosticServiceInstance		
serviceClass	DiagnosticServiceClass	01	ref	This represents the corresponding "class", i.e. this meta-class provides properties that are shared among all instances of applicable sub-classes of DiagnosticService Instance.		
				The subclasses that affected by this pattern implement references to the applicable "class"-role that substantiate this abstract reference.		
				Stereotypes: atpAbstract		

Table D.48: DiagnosticServiceInstance



Class	DiagnosticSovdAuthorizationPortMapping						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticMapping						
Note	This mapping class identifies the PortPrototype in the application software that handles the SOVD authorization.						
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackag						
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable						
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
pPortPrototype InExecutable	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This aggregation allows for the usage of the Diagnostic SovdAuthorizationPortMapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.			
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:atp.Status=candidate InstanceRef implemented by:PPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef			
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=process atp.Status=candidate			

Table D.49: DiagnosticSovdAuthorizationPortMapping

Class	DiagnosticSovdProximityChallengePortMapping					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Adaptive	Platform::	DiagnosticDesign::DiagnosticMapping		
Note	This mapping class identi proximity challenge.	fies the Po	ortPrototy	be in the application software that handles the SOVD		
	Tags: atp.Status=candidate atp.recommendedPackag	je=Diagno:	sticMappi	ngs		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMapping, DiagnosticSwMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
pPortPrototype InExecutable	PPortPrototype	01	iref	This aggregation allows for the usage of the Diagnostic SovdProximityChallengePortMapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform.		
				Stereotypes: atpUriDef Tags:atp.Status=candidate InstanceRef implemented by:PPortPrototypeIn ExecutableInstanceRef		
process	ProcessDesign	01	ref	Reference to the representation of a Process that is required because the mapping could be different for different Processes referring to a specific Executable.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=process atp.Status=candidate		

Table D.50: DiagnosticSovdProximityChallengePortMapping



Class	DiagnosticTransferExit	DiagnosticTransferExit				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Diagnost	icExtract:	:Dcm::DiagnosticService::MemoryByAddress		
Note	This represents an instan	ce of the "	Transfer E	Exit" diagnostic service.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=D	agnosticl	MemoryByAdresss		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticMemoryByAddress, DiagnosticServiceInstance, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
transferExit Class	DiagnosticTransferExit Class	01	ref	This reference substantiates that abstract reference in the role serviceClass for this specific concrete class.		
				Thereby, the reference represents the ability to access shared attributes among all DiagnosticTransferExit in the given context.		

Table D.51: DiagnosticTransferExit

Class	DiagnosticTroubleCode	DiagnosticTroubleCodeUds					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::DiagnosticExtract::Dem::DiagnosticTroubleCode						
Note	This element is used to describe non OBD-relevant DTCs.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=D	iagnostic ⁻	TroubleCodes			
Base				DiagnosticCommonElement, DiagnosticTroubleCode, geableElement, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
considerPto Status	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute describes the affection of the event by the Dem PTO handling.			
				True: the event is affected by the Dem PTO handling.			
				False: the event is not affected by the Dem PTO handling.			
dtcProps	DiagnosticTroubleCode Props	01	ref	Defined properties associated with the DemDTC.			
eventObd Readiness Group	NameToken	01	attr	This attribute specifies the Event OBD Readiness group for PID \$01 and PID \$41 computation. This attribute is only applicable for emission-related ECUs.			
functionalUnit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute specifies a 1-byte value which identifies the corresponding basic vehicle / system function which reports the DTC. This parameter is necessary for the report of severity information.			
severity	DiagnosticUdsSeverity Enum	01	attr	DTC severity according to ISO 14229-1.			
udsDtcValue	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Unique Diagnostic Trouble Code value for UDS.			
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
wwhObdDtc Class	DiagnosticWwhObdDtc ClassEnum	01	attr	This attribute is used to identify (if applicable) the corresponding severity class of an WWH-OBD DTC.			
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			

Table D.52: DiagnosticTroubleCodeUds



Class	DItApplication			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::LogAndT	raceExtra	ct
Note	This meta-class represen	ts the app	lication fro	om which the log and trace message originates.
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable
Aggregated by	DItEcu.application			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
application Description	String	01	attr	This attribute can be used to describe the applicationId that is used in the log and trace message in more detail.
applicationId	String	01	attr	This attribute identifies the SW-C/BSW module in the log and trace message.
context	DItContext	*	ref	Definition of ContextIds for the Application.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=context.dltContext, context.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime

Table D.53: DltApplication

Class	DItContext					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::LogAndT	raceExtra	ict		
Note	This meta-class represen application.	ts the Con	text that g	groups Log and Trace Messages that are generated by an		
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=D	ltContexts	5		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	ollectable	Element,	Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable		
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
context Description	String	01	attr	This attribute can be used to describe the contextld that is used in the log and trace message in more detail.		
contextId	String	01	attr	This attribute is used to group log and trace messages produced by an application to distinguish functionality.		
dltMessage	DItMessage	*	ref	Group of Log and Trace Messages assigned to the Dlt Context		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dltMessage.dltMessage, dlt Message.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime		

Table D.54: DltContext

Class	DItEcu					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::LogAndT	raceExtra	ct		
Note	This element represents a	an Ecu or l	Machine t	hat produces logging and tracing information.		
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=DItEcus				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
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Class	DItEcu						
application	DItApplication	*	aggr	Application on DltEcu that provides log or trace data.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=application.shortName, application.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=systemDesignTime			
eculd	String	01	attr	This attribute defines the name of the ECU for use within the Dlt protocol.			

Table D.55: DItEcu

Class	DItMessage						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::LogAndT	raceExtra	ct			
Note	This element defines a DI	tMessage					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable			
Aggregated by	LogAndTraceMessageCol	lectionSet	dltMessa	age			
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note					
dltArgument (ordered)	DltArgument	*	aggr	Ordered collection of DltArguments in the DltMessage.			
messageld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the unique Id for the DItMessage.			
messageLine Number	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the position in the source file in which this log message was called.			
messageSource File	String	01	attr	This attribute describes the source file in which this log message was called.			
messageType Info	String	01	attr	This attribute describes the message Type			
privacyLevel	PrivacyLevel	01	aggr	The Privacy Level helps to identify the Log and Trace content towards the degree of privacy to it.			

Table D.56: DltMessage

Enumeration	DolpEidRetrievalEnum			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::AdaptiveModule Implementation			
Note	Enumeration with options to retrieve EID.			
Aggregated by	DolpNetworkConfiguration.eidRetrieval			
Literal	Description			
eidUseApi	API DiagnosticDoIPEntityIdentification is used to retrieve eid			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1			
eidUseConfigValue	eid is configured manually by DolpInstantiation.eid			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2			
eidUseMac	MAC of the network interface is used as eid			
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0			

Table D.57: DolpEidRetrievalEnum



Class	EcuInstance						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreTopology						
Note	ECUInstances are used to define the ECUs used in the topology. The type of the ECU is defined by a reference to an ECU specified with the ECU resource description.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=EcuInstances						
Base	ARObject, CollectableEle Element, Referrable	ement, Fib	exElemer	t, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
associated Consumed Provided	ConsumedProvided ServiceInstanceGroup	*	ref	With this reference it is possible to identify which ConsumedProvidedServiceInstanceGroups are applicable for which ECUInstance.			
ServiceInstance Group				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=associatedConsumedProvidedService InstanceGroup.consumedProvidedServiceInstanceGroup, associatedConsumedProvidedServiceInstance Group.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild			
associatedPdur IPduGroup	PdurlPduGroup	*	ref	With this reference it is possible to identify which PduR IPdu Groups are applicable for which Communication Connector/ ECU.			
clientIdRange	ClientIdRange	01	aggr	Restriction of the Client Identifier for this Ecu to an allowed range of numerical values. The Client Identifier of the transaction handle is generated by the client RTE for inter-Ecu Client/Server communication.			
commController	Communication	1*	aggr	CommunicationControllers of the ECU.			
	Controller			Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=commController.shortName, comm Controller.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild			
connector	Communication	*	aggr	All channels controlled by a single controller.			
	Connector			Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=connector.shortName, connector.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild			
pncNmRequest	Boolean	01	attr	Defines if this Eculnstance shall request Nm on all its PhysicalChannels which have Nm variant set to FULL each time a PNC is requested.			
pncPrepare SleepTimer	TimeValue	01	attr	Time in seconds the PNC state machine shall wait in PNC_PREPARE_SLEEP.			
pnc Synchronous Wakeup	Boolean	01	attr	If this parameter is available and set to true then all available PNCs will be woken up as soon as a channel wakeup occurs. This is ensured by adding all PNCs to all channel wakeup sources during upstream mapping.			
pnResetTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Specifies the runtime of the reset timer in seconds. This reset time is valid for the reset of PN requests in the EIRA and in the ERA.			

Table D.58: EcuInstance

Class	EndToEndTransformationDescription
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Transformer
Note	EndToEndTransformationDescription holds these attributes which are profile specific and have the same value for all E2E transformers.

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Class	EndToEndTransformatio	EndToEndTransformationDescription					
Base	ARObject, Describable, TransformationDescription						
Aggregated by	TransformationTechnology.transformationDescription						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
clearFromValid ToInvalid	Boolean	01	attr	Clear monitoring window on transition from state Valid to state Invalid.			
counterOffset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Offset of the counter in the Data[] array in bits.			
crcOffset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Offset of the CRC in the Data[] array in bits.			
dataldMode	DataldModeEnum	01	attr	This attribute describes the inclusion mode that is used to include the implicit two-byte Data ID in the one-byte CRC.			
dataldNibble Offset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Offset of the Data ID nibble in the Data[] array in bits.			
e2eProfile Compatibility Props	E2EProfileCompatibility Props	01	ref	Reference to additional settings for the E2E state machine.			
maxDelta Counter	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximum allowed difference between two counter values of two consecutively received valid messages. For example, if the receiver gets data with counter 1 and Max DeltaCounter is 3, then at the next reception the receiver can accept Counters with values 2, 3 or 4.			
maxErrorState Init	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_INIT.			
maxErrorState Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_INVALID.			
maxErrorState Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Maximal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_ERROR was determined, within the last Window Size checks, for the state E2E_SM_VALID.			
maxNoNewOr RepeatedData	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The maximum allowed amount of consecutive failed counter checks.			
minOkStateInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_INIT.			
minOkState Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_INVALID.			
minOkState Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minimal number of checks in which ProfileStatus equal to E2E_P_OK was determined, within the last WindowSize checks, for the state E2E_SM_VALID.			
offset	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Offset of the E2E header in the Data[] array in bits.			
profileBehavior	EndToEndProfile BehaviorEnum	01	attr	Behavior of the check functionality			
profileName	NameToken	1	attr	Definition of the E2E profile.			
syncCounterInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Number of checks required for validating the consistency of the counter that shall be received with a valid counter (i.e. counter within the allowed lock-in range) after the detection of an unexpected behavior of a received counter.			



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Class	EndToEndTransformati	onDescrip	otion	
upperHeader BitsToShift	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute describes the number of upper-header bits to be shifted.
				value = 0 or not present: shift of upper header is NOT performed.
				value > 0: the E2E Transformer on the protect-side, takes the first upperHeaderBitsToShift bits from the upper buffer (e.g. SOME/IP header part generated by SOME/IP transformer) and shifts them towards the lower bytes and bits within the Data[] for the length of the E2E header (e.g. 12 bytes in case of E2E Profile 4). This means the shift distance is fixed - it depends on the E2E header size - what is configured here is the number of bits that are to be shifted. This option is defined because the Some/IP header generated by SOME/IP transformer shall be, due to compatibility between non-protected and E2E-protected communication, at the same position, which is before E2E header.
windowSizeInit	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Init for the E2E state machine.
windowSize Invalid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Invalid for the E2E state machine.
windowSize Valid	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Size of the monitoring window of state Valid for the E2E state machine.

Table D.59: EndToEndTransformationDescription

Class	< <atpvariation>> EthernetCommunicationController</atpvariation>						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::I	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology			
Note	Ethernet specific commur	nication po	ort attribute	es.			
Base	ARObject, Communicatio	nControlle	er, Identifi	able, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	EcuInstance.commContro	oller, Mach	ineDesigi	n.communicationController			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
canXIConfig	AbstractCan Communication Controller	01	ref	If the Ethernet frames handled by this Ethernet CommunicationController are to be tunneled through CAN XL, then this reference shall refer to the Abstract CanCommunicationController that aggregates the Can ControllerXIConfiguration of the physical CAN XL channel to be used for tunneling.			
couplingPort	CouplingPort	*	aggr	Optional CouplingPort that can be used to connect the ECU to a CouplingElement (e.g. a switch).			
macLayerType	EthernetMacLayerType Enum	01	attr	Specifies the mac layer type of the ethernet controller.			
macUnicast Address	MacAddressString	01	attr	Media Access Control address (MAC address) that uniquely identifies each EthernetCommunication Controller in the network.			
maximum ReceiveBuffer Length	Integer	01	attr	Determines the maximum receive buffer length (frame length) in bytes.			
maximum TransmitBuffer Length	Integer	01	attr	Determines the maximum transmit buffer length (frame length) in bytes.			



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Class	< <atpvariation>> Etherne</atpvariation>	etCommu	nicationC	Controller	
slaveActAs Passive Communication Slave	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute specifies if the EcuInstance is acting as a passive communication slave on the connected Physical Channel. This is used for EthernetCommunication Controllers that use Ethernet hardware which supports wake-up and sleep on the network (e.g. Open Alliance TC10 compliant Ethernet hardware).	
slaveQualified UnexpectedLink DownTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Tags:atp.Status=draftThis attribute specifies time when an unexpected link down is evaluated as link down and indicated to the AUTOSAR communication stack.	
				Tags:atp.Status=draft	

Table D.60: EthernetCommunicationController

Class	EthernetPhysicalChannel				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemT	emplate::I	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology	
Note	The EthernetPhysicalChannel represents a VLAN or an untagged channel. An untagged channel is modeled as an EthernetPhysicalChannel without an aggregated VLAN.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PhysicalChannel, Referrable				
Aggregated by	CommunicationCluster.ph	iysicalCha	annel		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
network Endpoint	NetworkEndpoint	*	aggr	Collection of NetworkEndpoints that are used in the VLan. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=networkEndpoint.shortName	
vlan	VlanConfig	01	aggr	VLAN Configuration.	

Table D.61: EthernetPhysicalChannel

Class	FibexElement (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemT	emplate::	Fibex::FibexCore		
Note	ASAM FIBEX elements sp	ecifying (Communic	ation and Topology.		
Base	ARObject, CollectableEle	ment, <mark>Ide</mark>	ntifiable, l	AultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable		
Subclasses	CommunicationCluster, ConsumedProvidedServiceInstanceGroup, CouplingElement, EcuInstance, EthernetWakeupSleepOnDatalineConfigSet, Frame, Gateway, GlobalTimeDomain, ISignal, ISignal Group, ISignalIPduGroup, MachineDesign, NmConfig, Pdu, PdurIPduGroup, SecureCommunication PropsSet, ServiceInstanceCollectionSet, SoAdRoutingGroup, SocketConnectionIpduIdentifierSet, Tp Config					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	-	_		

Table D.62: FibexElement

Class	GlobalTimeDomain			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::GlobalTime			
Note	This represents the ability to define a global time domain.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=GlobalTimeDomains			

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Class	GlobalTimeDomain							
Base	ARObject, CollectableElement, FibexElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable							
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
debounceTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines the minimum amount of time between two time sync messages are transmitted.				
domainId	PositiveInteger	1	attr	This represents the ID of the GlobalTimeDomain used in the network messages sent on behalf of global time management.				
gateway	GlobalTimeGateway	*	aggr	A GlobalTimeGateway may exist in the context of a GlobalTimeDomain to actively update the global time information as it is routed from one GlobalTimeDomain to another.				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=gateway.shortName, gateway.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild				
globalTime CorrectionProps	GlobalTimeCorrection Props	01	aggr	Defintion of attributes for rate and offset correction.				
globalTime Domain Property	AbstractGlobalTime DomainProps	01	aggr	Additional properties of the GlobalTimeDomain. Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=globalTimeDomainProperty, globalTime DomainProperty.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild				
globalTime Master	GlobalTimeMaster	01	aggr	This represents the single master of a GlobalTime Domain. A GlobalTimeDomain may have no GlobalTime Domain.master, e.g. when it gets its time from a GPS receiver.				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=globalTimeMaster.shortName, globalTime Master.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild				
globalTimeSub Domain	GlobalTimeDomain	*	ref	By this means it is possible to create a hierarchy of sub Domains where one global time domain can declare one or more other global time domains as its subDomains.				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=globalTimeSubDomain.globalTimeDomain, globalTimeSubDomain.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild				
network SegmentId	NetworkSegment Identification	01	aggr	Defines the numerical identification of a GlobalTime sub domain.				
offsetTime Domain	GlobalTimeDomain	01	ref	Reference to a synchronized time domain this offset time domain is based on. The reference source is the offset time domain. The reference target is the synchronized time domain.				



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Class	GlobalTimeDomain						
pduTriggering	PduTriggering	01	ref	This PduTriggering will be taken to transmit the global time information from a GlobalTimeMaster to a the associated GlobalTimeSlaves.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=pduTriggering.pduTriggering, pdu Triggering.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild			
slave	GlobalTimeSlave	*	aggr	This represents the collections of slaves of the Global TimeDomain. A GlobalTimeDomain may have no Global TimeDomain.slaves, e.g. when it propagates its time directly to sub domains.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=slave.shortName, slave.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild			
syncLoss Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute describes the timeout for the situation that the time synchronization gets lost in the scope of the time domain.			

Table D.63: GlobalTimeDomain

Class	GlobalTimeMaster (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemT	emplate::0	GlobalTime			
Note	This represents the gener	ic concep	t of a glob	al time master.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable			
Subclasses	GlobalTimeCanMaster, G	obalTime	EthMaste	r, GlobalTimeFrMaster, UserDefinedGlobalTimeMaster			
Aggregated by	GlobalTimeDomain.globalTimeMaster						
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note						
communication Connector	Communication Connector	1	ref	The GlobalTimeMaster is bound to the Communication Connector.			
immediate ResumeTime	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines the minimum time between an "immediate" message and the next periodic message.			
isSystemWide GlobalTime Master	Boolean	1	attr	If set to TRUE, the GlobalTimeMaster is supposed to act as the root of global time information.			
syncPeriod	TimeValue	1	attr	This represents the period. Unit: seconds			

Table D.64: GlobalTimeMaster

Class	GlobalTimeSlave (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::	GlobalTime		
Note	This represents the gener	ric concep	t of a glob	al time slave.		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Subclasses	GlobalTimeCanSlave, GlobalTimeEthSlave, GlobalTimeFrSlave, UserDefinedGlobalTimeSlave					
Aggregated by	GlobalTimeDomain.slave					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
communication Connector	Communication Connector 1 ref The GlobalTimeSlave is bound to the Communication Connector.					
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Class	GlobalTimeSlave (abstra	GlobalTimeSlave (abstract)						
followUp TimeoutValue	TimeValue	01	attr	Rx timeout for the follow-up message.				
timeLeapFuture Threshold	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines the maximum allowed positive difference between the current Local Time Base value and a newly received Global Time Base value.				
timeLeap HealingCounter	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the required number of updates to the Time Base where the time difference to the previous received value has to remain within the bounds of timeLeapFuture Threshold and timeLeapPastThreshold until that Time Base is considered healed.				
timeLeapPast Threshold	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines the maximum allowed negative difference between the current Local Time Base value and a newly received Global Time Base value.				

Table D.65: GlobalTimeSlave

Enumeration	HandleInvalidEnum					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Communication					
Note	Strategies of handling the reception of invalidValue.					
Aggregated by	InvalidationPolicy.handleInvalid, ISignalPort.handleInvalid					
Literal	Description					
dontInvalidate	Invalidation is switched off.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0					
external Replacement	Replace a received invalidValue. The replacement value is sourced from the aggregation in the role replaceWith.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1					
keep	The application software is supposed to handle signal invalidation on RTE API level either by Data ReceiveErrorEvent or check of error code on read access.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=2					
replace	Replace a received invalidValue. The replacement value is specified by the initValue.					
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=3					

Table D.66: HandleInvalidEnum

Class	IPduPort					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemTe	emplate::I	Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication		
Note	Connectors reception or s	end port o	on the refe	erenced channel referenced by a PduTriggering.		
Base	ARObject, CommConnect	torPort, Io	lentifiable	, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable		
Aggregated by	CommunicationConnector.ecuCommPortInstance					
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
iPduSignal Processing	IPduSignalProcessing Enum	01	attr	Definition of the two signal processing modes Immediate and Deferred for both Tx and Rx IPdus.		
rxSecurity Verification	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines the bypassing of signature authentication or MAC verification in the receiving ECU. If not defined or set to true the signature authentication or MAC verification shall be performed for the SecuredIPdu. If set to false the signature authentication or MAC verification shall not be performed for the SecuredIPdu.		

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Class	IPduPort						
timestampRx Acceptance Window	TimeValue	01	attr	This attribute is used to define the maximum allowed deviation in seconds from the expected timestamp for which a SecuredIPdu is still deemed authentic. Please note that this attribute is for documentation only to allow the configuration of required freshness value manager and no upstream mapping is defined for it.			
useAuthData Freshness	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute describes whether a part of AuthenticPdu contained in a SecuredIPdu shall be passed on to the SWC that verifies and generates the Freshness. The part of the Authentic-PDU is defined by the authData FreshnessStartPosition and authDataFreshnessLength.			

Table D.67: IPduPort

Class	IPduTiming					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication					
Note	AUTOSAR COM provide	s the possi	bility to de	fine two different TRANSMISSION MODES for each IPdu.		
	The Transmission Mode of an IPdu that is valid at a specific point in time is selected using the values of the signals that are mapped to this IPdu. For each IPdu a Transmission Mode Selector is defined. The Transmission Mode Selector is calculated by evaluating the conditions for a subset of signals (class TransmissionModeCondition in the System Template).					
	The Transmission Mode Selector is defined to be true, if at least one Condition evaluates to true and is defined to be false, if all Conditions evaluate to false.					
Base	ARObject, Describable					
Aggregated by	ISignallPdu.iPduTimingS	pecification	า			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
minimumDelay	TimeValue	01	attr	Minimum Delay in seconds between successive transmissions of this I-PDU, independent of the Transmission Mode.		
transmission Mode Declaration	TransmissionMode Declaration	01	aggr	AUTOSAR COM allows configuring statically two different transmission modes for each I-PDU (True and False). The Transmission Mode Selector evaluates the conditions for a subset of signals and decides the transmission mode. It is possible to switch between the transmission modes during runtime.		

Table D.68: IPduTiming

Class	ISignal			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication			
Note	Signal of the Interaction Layer. The RTE supports a "signal fan-out" where the same System Signal is sent in different SignalIPdus to multiple receivers.			
	To support the RTE "signal fan-out" each SignalIPdu contains ISignals. If the same System Signal is to be mapped into several SignalIPdus there is one ISignal needed for each ISignalToIPduMapping.			
	ISignals describe the Interface between the Precompile configured RTE and the potentially Postbuild configured Com Stack (see ECUC Parameter Mapping).			
	In case of the SystemSignalGroup an ISignal shall be created for each SystemSignal contained in the SystemSignalGroup.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ISignals			
Base	ARObject, CollectableElement, FibexElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			

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Class	ISignal			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
data Transformation	DataTransformation	01	ref	Optional reference to a DataTransformation which represents the transformer chain that is used to transform the data that shall be placed inside this ISignal.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dataTransformation.dataTransformation, dataTransformation.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime
dataTypePolicy	DataTypePolicyEnum	1	attr	With the aggregation of SwDataDefProps an ISignal specifies how it is represented on the network. This representation follows a particular policy. Note that this causes some redundancy which is intended and can be used to support flexible development methodology as well as subsequent integrity checks.
				If the policy "networkRepresentationFromComSpec" is chosen the network representation from the ComSpec that is aggregated by the PortPrototype shall be used. If the "override" policy is chosen the requirements specified in the PortInterface and in the ComSpec are not fulfilled by the networkRepresentationProps. In case the System Description doesn't use a complete Software Component Description (VFB View) the "legacy" policy can be chosen.
initValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Optional definition of a ISignal's initValue in case the System Description doesn't use a complete Software Component Description (VFB View). This supports the inclusion of legacy system signals.
				This value can be used to configure the Signal's "Init Value".
				If a full DataMapping exist for the SystemSignal this information may be available from a configured Sender ComSpec and ReceiverComSpec. In this case the initvalues in SenderComSpec and/or ReceiverComSpec override this optional value specification. Further restrictions apply from the RTE specification.
iSignalProps	ISignalProps	01	aggr	Additional optional ISignal properties that may be stored in different files.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=iSignalProps
iSignalType	ISignalTypeEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines whether this iSignal is an array that results in a UINT8_N / UINT8_DYN ComSignalType in the COM configuration or a primitive type.
length	UnlimitedInteger	1	attr	Size of the signal in bits. The size needs to be derived from the mapped VariableDataPrototype according to the mapping of primitive DataTypes to BaseTypes as used in the RTE. Indicates maximum size for dynamic length signals.
				The ISignal length of zero bits is allowed.

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Class	ISignal			
network Representation Props	SwDataDefProps	01	aggr	Specification of the actual network representation. The usage of SwDataDefProps for this purpose is restricted to the attributes compuMethod and baseType. The optional baseType attributes "memAllignment" and "byteOrder" shall not be used.
				The attribute "dataTypePolicy" in the SystemTemplate element defines whether this network representation shall be ignored and the information shall be taken over from the network representation of the ComSpec.
				If "override" is chosen by the system integrator the network representation can violate against the requirements defined in the PortInterface and in the network representation of the ComSpec.
				In case that the System Description doesn't use a complete Software Component Description (VFB View) this element is used to configure "ComSignalDataInvalid Value" and the Data Semantics.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=networkRepresentationProps
systemSignal	SystemSignal	1	ref	Reference to the System Signal that is supposed to be transmitted in the ISignal.
timeout Substitution Value	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Defines and enables the ComTimeoutSubstituition for this ISignal.
transformation ISignalProps	TransformationISignal Props	*	aggr	A transformer chain consists of an ordered list of transformers. The ISignal specific configuration properties for each transformer are defined in the TransformationISignalProps class. The transformer configuration properties that are common for all ISignals are described in the TransformationTechnology class.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=transformationISignalProps

Table D.69: ISignal

ISignalGroup				
M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication				
SignalGroup of the Interaction Layer. The RTE supports a "signal fan-out" where the same System Signal Group is sent in different SignalIPdus to multiple receivers.				
An ISignalGroup refers to a set of ISignals that shall always be kept together. A ISignalGroup represents a COM Signal Group.				
Therefore it is recommended to put the ISignalGroup in the same Package as ISignals (see atp.recommendedPackage)				
Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ISignalGroup				
ARObject, CollectableElement, FibexElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
ARPackage.element				
Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
	M2::AUTOSARTemplates: SignalGroup of the Interact Signal Group is sent in diff An ISignalGroup refers to a COM Signal Group. Therefore it is recommended atp.recommendedPackage Tags: atp.recommendedPackage <i>ARObject, CollectableElen Element, Referrable</i> ARPackage.element	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemT SignalGroup of the Interaction Laye Signal Group is sent in different Sig An ISignalGroup refers to a set of IS a COM Signal Group. Therefore it is recommended to put atp.recommendedPackage) Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=IS <i>ARObject, CollectableElement, Fib</i> <i>Element, Referrable</i> ARPackage.element	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::F SignalGroup of the Interaction Layer. The RTI Signal Group is sent in different SignallPdus t An ISignalGroup refers to a set of ISignals that a COM Signal Group. Therefore it is recommended to put the ISigna atp.recommendedPackage) Tags: atp.recommendedPackage=ISignalGrou <i>ARObject, CollectableElement, FibexElement Element, Referrable</i> ARPackage.element	



Class	ISignalGroup			
comBased SignalGroup Transformation	DataTransformation	01	ref	Optional reference to a DataTransformation which represents the transformer chain that is used to transform the data that shall be placed inside this ISignalGroup based on the COMBasedTransformer approach.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=comBasedSignalGroupTransformation.data Transformation, comBasedSignalGroup Transformation.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=codeGenerationTime
iSignal	ISignal	*	ref	Reference to a set of ISignals that shall always be kept together.
systemSignal Group	SystemSignalGroup	1	ref	Reference to the SystemSignalGroup that is defined on VFB level and that is supposed to be transmitted in the ISignalGroup.
transformation ISignalProps	TransformationISignal Props	*	aggr	A transformer chain consists of an ordered list of transformers. The ISignalGroup specific configuration properties for each transformer are defined in the TransformationISignalProps class. The transformer configuration properties that are common for all ISignal Groups are described in the TransformationTechnology class.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=transformationISignalProps

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Table D.70: ISignalGroup

Class	ISignallPdu				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication				
Note	Represents the IPdus handled by Com. The ISignalIPdu assembled and disassembled in AUTOSAR COM consists of one or more signals. In case no multiplexing is performed this IPdu is routed to/from the Interface Layer.				
	A maximum of one dyna	mic length	signal per	IPdu is allowed.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=Pdus				
Base	ARObject, CollectableElement, FibexElement, IPdu, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Pdu, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
iPduTiming Specification	IPduTiming	01	aggr	Timing specification for Com IPdus (Transmission Modes). This information is mandatory for the sender in a System Extract. This information may be omitted on receivers in a System Extract.	
				atpVariation: The timing of a Pdu can vary.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=iPduTimingSpecification, iPduTiming Specification.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild	



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Class	ISignallPdu			
iSignalToPdu Mapping	ISignalToIPduMapping	*	aggr	Definition of SignalToIPduMappings included in the Signal IPdu.
				atpVariation: The content of a PDU can be variable.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=iSignalToPduMapping.shortName, iSignalTo PduMapping.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
unusedBit Pattern	Integer	1	attr	AUTOSAR COM and AUTOSAR IPDUM are filling not used areas of an IPDU with this bit-pattern. This attribute is mandatory to avoid undefined behavior. This byte-pattern will be repeated throughout the IPdu.

Table D.71: ISignallPdu

Class	ISignalPort					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication					
Note	Connectors reception or send port on the referenced channel referenced by an ISignalTriggering. If different timeouts or DataFilters for ISignals need to be specified several ISignalPorts may be created.					
Base	ARObject, CommConne	ctorPort, Ic	lentifiable,	MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable		
Aggregated by	CommunicationConnecte	or.ecuCom	mPortInst	ance		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
dataFilter	DataFilter	01	aggr	Optional specification of a signal COM filter at the receiver side in case that the System Description doesn't use a complete Software Component Description (VFB View). This supports the inclusion of legacy system signals. If a full DataMapping exist for the SystemSignal this information may be available from a configured ReceiverComSpec. In this case the ReceiverComSpec overrides this optional specification.		
firstTimeout	TimeValue	01	attr	 ISignalPort with communicationDirection = in: 		
				Optional first timeout value in seconds for the reception of the ISignal.		
				 ISignalPort with communicationDirection = out: 		
				Optional first timeout value in seconds for transmission deadline monitoring.		
handleInvalid	HandleInvalidEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines how invalidation is applied to the ISignals received in the context of this ISignalPort.		
timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	 ISignalPort with communicationDirection = in: 		
				Optional timeout value in seconds for the reception of the ISignal. The attribute value is used to configure the Com Timeout in the COM module. The RTE ignores this attribute. The timeout can also be specified with the NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.aliveTimeout attribute. If a full DataMapping exists for the SystemSignal and the value is available in the configured ReceiverComSpec, then the timeout value in the ReceiverComSpec overrides this optional timeout specification during the creation of the Base Ecu Configuration of the COM module. • ISignalPort with communicationDirection = out: Optional timeout value in seconds for the transmission of the ISignal. The attribute value is used to configure the ComTimeout in the COM module. The RTE ignores this		



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Class	ISignalPort		
			A attribute. The timeout can also be specified with the ender ComSpec.transmissionAcknowledge.timeout attribute. If a full DataMapping exists for the SystemSignal and the value is available in the configured SenderComSpec, then the timeout value in the SenderComSpec overrides this optional timeout specification during the creation of the Base Ecu Configuration of the COM module.
			This attribute can be used in the following cases:
			 legacy signal where the System Description doesn't use a complete Software Component Description (VFB View) and where the Data Mapping is missing.
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• bus monitoring use cases in which the Data Mapping is ignored.

Class	ISignalTolPduMapping				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication				
Note	An ISignalToIPduMapping the ISignal within an ISign		s the map	ping of ISignals to ISignalIPdus and defines the position of	
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	ultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable	
Aggregated by	ISignallPdu.iSignalToPdu	Mapping,	NmPdu.iS	SignalToIPduMapping	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
iSignal	ISignal	01	ref	Reference to a ISignal that is mapped into the ISignal IPdu.	
				Each ISignal contained in the ISignalGroup shall be mapped into an IPdu by an own ISignalToIPduMapping. The references to the ISignal and to the ISignalGroup in an ISignalToIPduMapping are mutually exclusive.	
iSignalGroup	ISignalGroup	01	ref	Reference to an ISignalGroup that is mapped into the SignallPdu. If an ISignalToIPduMapping for an ISignal Group is defined, only the UpdateIndicationBitPosition and the transferProperty is relevant. The startPosition and the packingByteOrder shall be ignored.	
				Each ISignal contained in the ISignalGroup shall be mapped into an IPdu by an own ISignalToIPduMapping. The references to the ISignal and to the ISignalGroup in an ISignalToIPduMapping are mutually exclusive.	
packingByte Order	ByteOrderEnum	01	attr	This parameter defines the order of the bytes of the signal and the packing into the SignallPdu. The byte ordering "Little Endian" (MostSignificantByteLast), "Big Endian" (MostSignificantByteFirst) and "Opaque" can be selected. For opaque data endianness conversion shall be configured to Opaque. The value of this attribute impacts the absolute position of the signal into the SignallPdu (see the startPosition attribute description).	
				For an ISignalGroup the packingByteOrder is irrelevant and shall be ignored.	



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Class	ISignalTolPduMapping			
startPosition	UnlimitedInteger	01	attr	This parameter is necessary to describe the bitposition of a signal within an SignalIPdu. It denotes the least significant bit for "Little Endian" and the most significant bit for "Big Endian" packed signals within the IPdu (see the description of the packingByteOrder attribute). In AUTOSAR the bit counting is always set to "sawtooth" and the bit order is set to "Decreasing". The bit counting in byte 0 starts with bit 0 (least significant bit). The most significant bit in byte 0 is bit 7.
				Please note that the way the bytes will be actually sent on the bus does not impact this representation: they will always be seen by the software as a byte array.
				If a mapping for the ISignalGroup is defined, this attribute is irrelevant and shall be ignored.
transferProperty	TransferPropertyEnum	01	attr	Defines how the referenced ISignal contributes to the send triggering of the ISignalIPdu.
update IndicationBit Position	UnlimitedInteger	01	attr	The UpdateIndicationBit indicates to the receivers that the signal (or the signal group) was updated by the sender. Length is always one bit. The UpdateIndicationBitPosition attribute describes the position of the update bit within the SignalIPdu. For Signals of a ISignalGroup this attribute is irrelevant and shall be ignored.
				Note that the exact bit position of the updateIndicationBit Position is linked to the value of the attribute packingByte Order because the method of finding the bit position is different for the values mostSignificantByteFirst and most SignificantByteLast. This means that if the value of packingByteOrder is changed while the value of update IndicationBitPosition remains unchanged the exact bit position of updateIndicationBitPosition within the enclosing ISignalIPdu still undergoes a change.
				This attribute denotes the least significant bit for "Little Endian" and the most significant bit for "Big Endian" packed signals within the IPdu (see the description of the packingByteOrder attribute). In AUTOSAR the bit counting is always set to "sawtooth" and the bit order is set to "Decreasing". The bit counting in byte 0 starts with bit 0 (least significant bit). The most significant bit in byte 0 is bit 7.

Table D.73: ISignalTolPduMapping

Class	ISignalTriggering					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemTe	emplate::I	Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication		
Note	A ISignalTriggering allows	an assigr	nment of I	Signals to physical channels.		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mi	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	PhysicalChannel.iSignalTriggering					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
iSignal	ISignal	01	ref	This reference shall be used if an ISignal is transported on the PhysicalChannel. This reference forms an XOR relationship with the ISignalTriggering-ISignalGroup reference.		
iSignalGroup	ISignalGroup	01	ref	This reference shall be used if an ISignalGroup is transported on the PhysicalChannel. This reference forms an XOR relationship with the ISignal Triggering-ISignal reference.		



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Class	ISignalTriggering			
iSignalPort	ISignalPort	*	ref	References to the ISignalPort on every ECU of the system which sends and/or receives the ISignal. References for both the sender and the receiver side shall be included when the system is completely defined.

Table D.74: ISignalTriggering

Class	IamModuleInstantiation				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Adaptive	Platform::	PlatformModuleDeployment::IdentityAccessManagement	
Note	This meta-class represent	s the abili	ty to defir	e a definition of an IAM instantiation.	
	Tags:atp.Status=candidat	е			
Base	ARObject, AdaptiveModuleInstantiation, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, NonOsModuleInstantiation, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Machine.moduleInstantiation				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
grant	Grant	*	ref	This reference identifies the applicable Grants for this lam ModuleInstantiation.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=grant atp.Status=candidate	
localCom AccessControl	Boolean	01	attr	This switch activates the policy enforcement in Communication Management on local applications.	
Enabled				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	
remoteAccess	Boolean	01	attr	This switch activates the check of the remote subject.	
ControlEnabled				Tags:atp.Status=candidate	

Table D.75:	lamModuleInstantiation
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Class	Identifiable (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Identifiable				
Note	Instances of this class can be referred to by their identifier (within the namespace borders). In addition to this, Identifiables are objects which contribute significantly to the overall structure of an AUTOSAR description. In particular, Identifiables might contain Identifiables.				
Base	ARObject, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	ARPackage, AbstractDolpLogicAddressProps, AbstractEvent, AbstractImplementationDataTypeElement, AbstractSecurityEventFilter, AbstractSecurityIdsmInstanceFilter, AbstractServiceInstance, Abstract SignalBasedTolSignalTriggeringMapping, AdaptiveSwcInternalBehavior, ApApplicationEndpoint, ApplicationEndpoint, ApplicationError, ArtifactChecksum, ArtifactLocator, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AutosarOperationArgumentInstance, AutosarVariableInstance, BuildAction Entity, BuildActionEnvironment, Chapter, CheckpointTransition, ClassContentConditional, ClientId Definition, ClientServerOperation, Code, CollectableElement, ComManagementMapping, Comm ConnectorPort, CommunicationConnector, CommunicationController, Compiler, ConsistencyNeeds, ConsumedEventGroup, CouplingPort, CouplingPortStructuralElement, CryptoCertificate, CryptoKeySlot, CryptoProvider, CryptoServiceMapping, DataPrototypeGroup, DataTransformation, DdsDomainRange, DependencyOnArtifact, DeterministicClientResourceNeeds, DiagEventDebounceAlgorithm, Diagnostic ConnectedIndicator, DiagnosticParameterElement, DiagnosticRoutineSubfunction, DItApplication, DItArgument, DItMessage, DolpInterface, DolpLogicAddress, DolpRoutingActivation, E2EProfileConfiguration, End2 EndEventProtectionProps, End2EndMethodProtectionProps, EndToEndProtection, EthernetWakeup SleepOnDatalineConfig, EventHandler, EventMapping, ExclusiveArea, ExecutableEntity, ExecutionTime,				



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Class	Identifiable (abstract)	Identifiable (abstract)					
	Relation, FMFeatureRestr FlexrayArTpNode, Flexray TimeGateway, <i>GlobalTime</i> AttributeLiteralDef, HwPin SignalTriggering, <i>IdentCal</i> Group, MacSecKayPartici ModeDeclaration, ModeDo PackageableElement, Par Triggering, PerInstanceMe <i>Supervision, PhysicalCha</i> MachineMapping, Process ResourceGroup, RootSwC CompositionPrototype, Rp RptExecutionContext, Rpt OcJobMapping, SecOcJol <i>CommunicationDeployme</i> <i>ServiceEventDeployment,</i> <i>MethodDeployment, Serv</i> Props, SocketAddress, Soc SomeipTpChannel, <i>SpectE</i> ManagementActionList, S' SocketConnection, Structt Condition, SwGenericAxis <i>BaseResource, TimingClo Description</i> , TimingExtens SuiteProps, TlsJobMappir	Identifiable (abstract) △ FMAttributeDef, FMFeatureMapAssertion, FMFeatureMapCondition, FMFeatureMapElement, FMFeature Relation, FMFeatureRestriction, FMFeatureSelection, FieldMapping, FireAndForgetMethodMapping, FlexrayArTpNode, FlexrayTpPduPool, FrameTriggering, GeneralParameter, GlobalSupervision, Global TimeGateway, GlobalTimeMaster, GlobalTimeSlave, HealthChannel, HeapUsage, HwAttributeDef, Hw AttributeLiteralDef, HwPin, HwPinGroup, IPSecRule, IPv6ExtHeaderFilterList, ISignalTolPduMapping, I SignalTinggering, IdentCaption, InternalTriggeringPoint, Keyword, LifeCycleState, Linker, MacMulicast Group, MacSecKayParticipant, McDataInstance, MemorySection, MemoryUsage, MethodMapping, ModeDeclaration, ModeDeclarationMapping, ModeSwitchPoint, NetworkEndpoint, NmCluster, NmNode, PackageableElement, ParameterAccess, PduActivationRoutingGroup, PduToFrameMapping, Pdu Triggering, PerlstanceMemory, PersistencyDeploymentElement, PersistencyInterfaceElement, Phm Supervision, PhysicalChannel, PortGroup, PortInterfaceMapping, PossibleErrorReaction, ProcessTo MachineMapping, Processor, ProcessorCore, PskIdentityToKeySlotMapping, ResourceConsumption, ResourceGroup, RootSwClusterDesignComponentPrototype, RootSwComponentPrototype, RootSw CompositionPrototype, RptComponent, RptContainer, RptExecutableEntityGroup, SdgAttribute, SdgClass, Sec OcJobMapping, SecOcJobRequirement, SecureCommunicationFreshnessProps, SecurityEventContextProps,					
Attribute	Type	Mult.	Kind	Note			
adminData	AdminData	01	aggr	This represents the administrative data for the identifiable object. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=adminData xml.sequenceOffset=-40			
annotation	Annotation	*	aggr	Possibility to provide additional notes while defining a model element (e.g. the ECU Configuration Parameter Values). These are not intended as documentation but are mere design notes. Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=-25			
category	CategoryString	01	attr	The category is a keyword that specializes the semantics of the Identifiable. It affects the expected existence of attributes and the applicability of constraints. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-50			
desc	MultiLanguageOverview Paragraph	01	aggr	This represents a general but brief (one paragraph) description what the object in question is about. It is only one paragraph! Desc is intended to be collected into overview tables. This property helps a human reader to identify the object in question. More elaborate documentation, (in particular how the object is built or used) should go to "introduction". Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=-60			
introduction	DocumentationBlock	01	aggr	This represents more information about how the object in question is built or is used. Therefore it is a DocumentationBlock.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=-30			



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Class	Identifiable (abstract)			
uuid	String	01	attr	The purpose of this attribute is to provide a globally unique identifier for an instance of a meta-class. The values of this attribute should be globally unique strings prefixed by the type of identifier. For example, to include a DCE UUID as defined by The Open Group, the UUID would be preceded by "DCE:". The values of this attribute may be used to support merging of different AUTOSAR models. The form of the UUID (Universally Unique Identifier) is taken from a standard defined by the Open Group (was Open Software Foundation). This standard is widely used, including by Microsoft for COM (GUIDs) and by many companies for DCE, which is based on CORBA. The method for generating these 128-bit IDs is published in the standard and the effectiveness and uniqueness of the IDs is not in practice disputed. If the id namespace is omitted, DCE is assumed. An example is "DCE:2fac1234-31f8-11b4-a222-08002b34c003". The uuid attribute has no semantic meaning for an AUTOSAR model and there is no requirement for AUTOSAR tools to manage the timestamp. Tags: xml.attribute=true

Class	ImplementationDataType					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Commor	Structure	::ImplementationDataTypes		
Note	Describes a reusable data type on the implementation level. This will typically correspond to a typedef in C-code.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=ImplementationDataTypes					
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AbstractImplementationDataType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, AutosarDataType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
dynamicArray SizeProfile	String	01	attr	Specifies the profile which the array will follow in case this data type is a variable size array.		
isStructWith Optional	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute is only valid if the attribute category is set to STRUCTURE.		
Element				If set to true, this attribute indicates that the ImplementationDataType has been created with the intention to define at least one element of the structure as optional.		
subElement (ordered)	ImplementationData TypeElement	*	aggr	Specifies an element of an array, struct, or union data type.		
				The aggregation of ImplementionDataTypeElement is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of elements inside a Implementation DataType representing a structure.		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=subElement.shortName, sub Element.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime		



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Class	ImplementationDataTyp	e		
symbolProps	SymbolProps	01	aggr	This represents the SymbolProps for the Implementation DataType.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=symbolProps.shortName
typeEmitter	NameToken	01	attr	This attribute is used to control which part of the AUTOSAR toolchain is supposed to trigger data type definitions.

Table D	.77: In	pleme	ntationDataType
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Class	ImplementationDataTyp	eElement					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::Common	Structure	::ImplementationDataTypes			
Note	Declares a data object which is locally aggregated. Such an element can only be used within the scope where it is aggregated.						
	This element either consists of further subElements or it is further defined via its swDataDefProps.						
	There are several use cas	ses within	the syster	m of ImplementationDataTypes fur such a local declaration:			
	 It can represent t 	he elemer	its of an a	rray, defining the element type and array size			
	 It can represent a 	an element	t of a strue	ct, defining its type			
	 It can be the loca 	l declarati	on of a de	bug element.			
Base	ARObject, AbstractImpler Identifiable, Multilanguage			Element, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, able			
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, Element	Implemen	tationData	aType.subElement, ImplementationDataTypeElement.sub			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
arrayImplPolicy	ArrayImplPolicyEnum	01	attr	This attribute controls the implementation of the payload of an array. It shall only be used if the enclosing ImplementationDataType constitutes an array.			
arraySize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The existence of this attributes (if bigger than 0) defines the size of an array and declares that this Implementation DataTypeElement represents the type of each single array element.			
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
arraySize Handling	ArraySizeHandling Enum	01	attr	The way how the size of the array is handled in case of a variable size array.			
arraySize Semantics	ArraySizeSemantics Enum	01	attr	This attribute controls the meaning of the value of the array size.			
isOptional	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to declare the enclosing ImplementationDataTypeElement as optional. This means that, at runtime, the ImplementationDataType Element may or may not have a valid value and shall therefore be ignored.			
				The underlying runtime software provides means to set the CppImplementationDataTypeElement as not valid at the sending end of a communication and determine its validity at the receiving end.			



Class	ImplementationDataTy	peElement		
subElement (ordered)	ImplementationData TypeElement	*	aggr	Element of an array, struct, or union in case of a nested declaration (i.e. without using "typedefs").
				The aggregation of ImplementionDataTypeElement is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of elements inside a Implementation DataType representing a structure.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=subElement.shortName, sub Element.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime
swDataDef Props	SwDataDefProps	01	aggr	The properties of this ImplementationDataTypeElement. Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags: atp.Splitkey=swDataDefProps

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Table D.78: ImplementationDataTypeElement

Class	MacMulticastConfiguration					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology					
Note	References a per cluster g	globally de	fined MA	C-Multicast-Group.		
Base	ARObject, NetworkEndpo	ARObject, NetworkEndpointAddress				
Aggregated by	NetworkEndpoint.network	EndpointA	Address			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
macMulticast Group	MacMulticastGroup	1	ref	Reference to a macMulticastGroup.		

Table D.79: MacMulticastConfiguration

Class	ModeSwitchInterface				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	oonentTer	nplate::PortInterface	
Note	A mode switch interface d	eclares a	ModeDec	larationGroupPrototype to be sent and received.	
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=P	ortInterfac	ces	
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
modeGroup	ModeDeclarationGroup Prototype	01	aggr	The ModeDeclarationGroupPrototype of this mode interface.	

Table D.80: ModeSwitchInterface



Class	MultiplexedIPdu						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication						
Note	A MultiplexedPdu (i.e. NOT a COM I-PDU) contains a DynamicPart, an optional StaticPart and a selector Field. In case of multiplexing this IPdu is routed between the Pdu Multiplexer and the Interface Layer.						
	A multiplexer is used to define variable parts within an IPdu that may carry different signals. T receivers of such a IPdu can determine which signalPdus are transmitted by evaluating the se which carries a unique selector code for each sub-part.						
	Tags:atp.recommendedF	ackage=P	dus				
Base	ARObject, CollectableEle Element, Pdu, Referrable		exElemer	t, IPdu, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
dynamicPart	DynamicPart	01	aggr	According to the value of the selector field some parts of the IPdu have a different layout. In a complete System Description a MultiplexedIPdu shall contain a Dynamic Part. The following use cases support the multiplicity to be 01:			
				 If a MultiplexedIPdu is received by a Pdu Gateway and is not delivered to the IPduM but routed directly to a bus interface then the content of the MulitplexedIPdu doesn't need to be described in the System Extract/Ecu Extract. 			
				 If a MultiplexedIPdu is received by an ECU which is only interested in the static part of the MultiplexedIPdu then the dynamicPart does not need to be described in the System Extract/Ecu Extract. 			
				atpVariation: Content of a multiplexed PDU can vary.			
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=dynamicPart, dynamicPart.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild			
selectorField ByteOrder	ByteOrderEnum	01	attr	This attribute defines the order of the bytes of the selecto Field and the packing into the MultiplexedIPdu. Please consider that [constr_3247] and [constr_3223] are restricting the usage of this attribute.			
				In a complete System Description this attribute is mandatory. If a MultiplexedPdu is received by a Pdu Gateway and is not delivered to the IPduM but routed directly to a bus interface then the content of the MultiplexedPdu doesn't need to be described in the System Extract/Ecu Extract. To support this use case the multiplicity is set to 01.			
selectorField Length	Integer	01	attr	The size in bits of the selector field shall be configurable in a range of 1-16 bits. In a complete System Description this attribute is mandatory. If a MultiplexedPdu is received by a Pdu Gateway and is not delivered to the IPduM but routed directly to a bus interface then the content of the MultiplexedPdu doesn't need to be described in the System Extract/Ecu Extract. To support this use case the multiplicity is set to 01.			

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Class	MultiplexedIPdu			
selectorField StartPosition	Integer	01	attr	This parameter is necessary to describe the position of the selector field within the IPdu.
				Note that the absolute position of the selectorField in the MultiplexedIPdu is determined by the definition of the selectorFieldByteOrder attribute of the Multiplexed Pdu. It Big Endian is specified, the start position indicates the bit position of the most significant bit in the IPdu. If Little Endian is specified, the start position indicates the bit position of the least significant bit in the IPdu. In AUTOSAR the bit counting is always set to "sawtooth" and the bit order is set to "Decreasing". The bit counting in byte 0 starts with bit 0 (least significant bit). The most significant bit in byte 0 is bit 7.
				In a complete System Description this attribute is mandatory. If a MultiplexedPdu is received by a Pdu Gateway and is not delivered to the IPduM but routed directly to a bus interface then the content of the MultiplexedPdu doesn't need to be described in the System Extract/Ecu Extract. To support this use case the multiplicity is set to 01.
staticPart	StaticPart	01	aggr	The static part of the multiplexed IPdu is the same regardless of the selector field. The static part is optional.
				atpVariation: Content of a multiplexed PDU can vary.
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=staticPart, staticPart.variationPoint.short Label vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
triggerMode	TriggerMode	01	attr	IPduM can be configured to send a transmission request for the new multiplexed IPdu to the PDU-Router because of the trigger conditions/ modes that are described in the TriggerMode enumeration.
				In a complete System Description this attribute is mandatory. If a MultiplexedPdu is received by a Pdu Gateway and is not delivered to the IPduM but routed directly to a bus interface then the content of the MultiplexedPdu doesn't need to be described in the System Extract/Ecu Extract. To support this use case the multiplicity is set to 01.
unusedBit Pattern	Integer	01	attr	AUTOSAR COM and AUTOSAR IPDUM are filling not used areas of an IPdu with this bit-pattern. This attribute is mandatory to avoid undefined behavior. This byte-pattern will be repeated throughout the IPdu.
				In a complete System Description this attribute is mandatory. If a MultiplexedPdu is received by a Pdu Gateway and is not delivered to the IPduM but routed directly to a bus interface then the content of the MultiplexedPdu doesn't need to be described in the System Extract/Ecu Extract. To support this use case the multiplicity is set to 01.



Primitive	NameToken
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes
Note	This is an identifier as used in xml, e.g. xml-names. Typical usages are, for example, the names of type emitters, protocols, or profiles. For details see NMTOKEN definition on the W3C website (https://www.w3.org/TR/xml/#NT-Nmtoken).
	Note: Although NameToken supports a wide range of characters, the actually allowed patterns for a certain attribute typed by NameToken may be further restricted by the specification of that attribute.
	Tags: xml.xsd.customType=NMTOKEN-STRING xml.xsd.type=NMTOKEN

Table D.82: NameToken

Class	NotAvailableValueSpecification				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Constants				
Note		s needed	to suppor	a ValueSpecification to state that the respective element is the existence of ApplicationRecordElements where	
	Tags:atp.Status=draft				
Base	ARObject, ValueSpecifica	tion			
Aggregated by	ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification.key, ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification. value, ArrayValueSpecification.element, CalibrationParameterValue.applInitValue, CalibrationParameter Value.implInitValue, ConstantSpecification.valueSpec, CryptoServiceKey.developmentValue, Diagnostic EnvDataCondition.compareValue, DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition.compareValue, FieldSenderCom Spec.initValue, ISignal.initValue, ISignal.timeoutSubstitutionValue, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.init Value, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.timeoutSubstitutionValue, NonqueuedSenderComSpec.initValue, NvProvideComSpec.ramBlockInitValue, NvProvideComSpec.romBlockInitValue, NvRequireComSpec.init Value, ParameterDataPrototype.initValue, ParameterProvideComSpec.initValue, ParameterRequireCom Spec.initValue, PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec.initValue, PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue, Port DefinedArgumentValue.value, PortPrototypeBlueprintInitValue, value, RecordValueSpecification.field, <i>StateManagementCompareCondition.compareValue</i> , SwDataDefProps.invalidValue, VariableData Prototype.initValue				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
defaultPattern	PositiveInteger	01	attr	The content of this attribute shall be used to initialize gaps in the memory occupied by a structured data type in the case that an NotAvailableValueSpecification is used. Note that this pattern is only applied during initialization!	

Table D.83: NotAvailableValueSpecification

Class	NumericalValueSpecification
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Constants
Note	A numerical ValueSpecification which is intended to be assigned to a Primitive data element. Note that the numerical value is a variant, it can be computed by a formula.
Base	ARObject, ValueSpecification

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Class	NumericalValueSpeci	NumericalValueSpecification					
Aggregated by	value, ArrayValueSpec Value.implInitValue, Cc EnvDataCondition.com Spec.initValue, ISignal. Value, NonqueuedRec NvProvideComSpec.ra Value, ParameterDataf Spec.initValue, Persiste DefinedArgumentValue	fication.elem nstantSpecii pareValue, I initValue, ISi eiverComSp mBlockInitVa Prototype.init encyDataRec value, Portf	nent, Calik fication.va Diagnostic ignal.time ec.timeou alue, NvPi Value, Pa quiredCon Prototype	tion.key, ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification. brationParameterValue.applInitValue, CalibrationParameter lueSpec, CryptoServiceKey.developmentValue, Diagnostic EnvDataElementCondition.compareValue, FieldSenderCom boutSubstitutionValue, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.init tSubstitutionValue, NonqueuedSenderComSpec.initValue, rovideComSpec.romBlockInitValue, NvRequireComSpec.init rameterProvideComSpec.initValue, ParameterRequireCom nSpec.initValue, PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue, Port BlueprintInitValue.value, RecordValueSpecification.field, reValue, SwDataDefProps.invalidValue, VariableData			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
value	Numerical	Numerical 01 attr This is the value itself.					
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			

Table D.84: NumericalValueSpecification

Class	PPortComSpec (abstract	PPortComSpec (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTer	nplate::Communication			
Note	Communication attributes of a provided PortPrototype. This class will contain attributes that are valid for all kinds of provide ports, independent of client-server or sender-receiver communication patterns.						
Base	ARObject	ARObject					
Subclasses	ModeSwitchSenderComS ServerComSpec	ModeSwitchSenderComSpec, NvProvideComSpec, ParameterProvideComSpec, SenderComSpec, ServerComSpec					
Aggregated by	AbstractProvidedPortPrototype.providedComSpec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.providedComSpec						
Attribute	Туре	ype Mult. Kind Note					
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Table D.85: PPortComSpec

Class	PPortPrototype					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SWComp	oonentTer	nplate::Components		
Note	Component port providing a certain port interface.					
Base	ARObject, AbstractProvidedPortPrototype, AtpBlueprintable, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PortPrototype, Referrable					
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	SwCompo	onentType	.port		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
provided Interface	PortInterface					

Table D.86: PPortPrototype



Class	PRPortPrototype					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components				
Note	This kind of PortPrototyp	This kind of PortPrototype can take the role of both a required and a provided PortPrototype.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractProvidedPortPrototype, AbstractRequiredPortPrototype, AtpBlueprintable, Atp Feature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PortPrototype, Referrable					
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	SwComp	onentType	.port		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
provided Required Interface	PortInterface 01 tref This represents the PortInterface used to type the PF Prototype Stereotypes: isOfType					

Table D.87: PRPortPrototype

Class	PackageableElement (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::ARPackage				
Note	This meta-class specifies	This meta-class specifies the ability to be a member of an AUTOSAR package.				
Base	ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Subclasses	ARElement, Enumeration	ARElement, EnumerationMappingTable, FibexElement				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
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Table D.88: PackageableElement

Class	Pdu (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemT	emplate::I	Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication	
Note	Collection of all Pdus that	can be ro	uted throu	ugh a bus interface.	
Base	ARObject, CollectableElement, FibexElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Subclasses	GeneralPurposePdu, IPdu, NmPdu, UserDefinedPdu				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note			
hasDynamic Length	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute defines whether the Pdu has dynamic length (true) or not (false). Please note that the usage of this attribute is restricted by [constr_3448].	
length	UnlimitedInteger	01	attr	Pdu length in bytes. In case of dynamic length IPdus (containing a dynamical length signal), this value indicates the maximum data length. It should be noted that in former AUTOSAR releases (Rel 2.1, Rel 3.0, Rel 3.1, Rel 4.0 Rev. 1) this parameter was defined in bits. The Pdu length of zero bytes is allowed.	

Table D.89: Pdu



Class	PduTriggering								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication							
Note	The PduTriggering describ only allowed for subclasse			el the IPdu is transmitted. The Pdu routing by the PduR is					
	Depending on its relation to entities such channels and clusters it can be unambiguously deduced whether a fan-out is handled by the Pdu router or the Bus Interface.								
	If the fan-out is specified between different clusters it shall be handled by the Pdu Router. If the fan-out is specified between different channels of the same cluster it shall be handled by the Bus Interface.								
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ultilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable					
Aggregated by	PhysicalChannel.pduTrigg	gering							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note					
iPdu	Pdu	1	ref	Reference to the Pdu for which the PduTriggering is defined. One I-Pdu can be triggered on different channels (PduR fan-out). The Pdu routing by the PduR is only allowed for subclasses of IPdu.					
				Nevertheless is the reference to the Pdu element necessary since the PduTriggering element is also used to specify the sending and receiving connections to Ecu Ports.					
iPduPort	IPduPort	*	ref	References to the IPduPort on every ECU of the system which sends and/or receives the I-PDU.					
				References for both the sender and the receiver side shall be included when the system is completely defined.					
iSignal Triggering	ISignalTriggering	*	ref	This reference provides the relationship to the ISignal Triggerings that are implemented by the PduTriggering. The reference is optional since no ISignalTriggering can be defined for DCM and Multiplexed Pdus.					
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=iSignalTriggering.iSignalTriggering, iSignal Triggering.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild					
secOcCrypto Mapping	SecOcCryptoService Mapping	01	ref	This reference identifies the crypto profile applicable to the usage (send, receive) of the also referenced Secured IPdu.					
				Obviously, this reference is only applicable if the Pdutriggering also references a SecuredIPdu in the role i Pdu.					
triggerIPduSend Condition	TriggerIPduSend Condition	*	aggr	Defines the trigger for the Com_TriggerIPDUSend API call. Only if all defined TriggerIPduSendConditions evaluate to true (AND associated) the Com_Trigger IPDUSend API shall be called.					

Table D.90: PduTriggering

Class	PhmStateReference (abs	PhmStateReference (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement				
Note	Definition of state dependency.					
Base	ARObject	ARObject				
Subclasses	FunctionGroupPhmStateF	FunctionGroupPhmStateReference				
Aggregated by	SupervisionModeCondition	SupervisionModeCondition.stateReference				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
-	-	-	_	_		

Table D.91: PhmStateReference



Class	PhmSupervision (abstrac	PhmSupervision (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::PlatformHealthManagement				
Note	Defines explicitly that NO	Defines explicitly that NO supervision shall be applied for a set of SupervisionCheckpoints.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mu	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	AliveSupervision, Deadline	eSupervis	ion, Logic	alSupervision, NoCheckpointSupervision, NoSupervision		
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
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Table D.92: PhmSupervision

Class	PortGroup						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components						
Note	Group of ports which shar	Group of ports which share a common functionality					
	, e.g. need specific network resources. This information shall be available on the VFB level in order to delegate it properly via compositions. When propagated into the ECU extract, this information is used input for the configuration of Services like the Communication Manager.						
	A PortGroup is defined locally in a component (which can be a composition) and refers to the "outer" ports belonging to the group as well as to the "inner" groups which propagate this group into the components which are part of a composition. A PortGroup within an atomic SWC cannot be linked to inner groups.						
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable						
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	SwCompo	onentType	e.portGroup			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
innerGroup	PortGroup	*	iref	Links a PortGroup in a composition to another PortGroup, that is defined in a component which is part of this CompositionSwComponentType.			
				InstanceRef implemented by:InnerPortGroupIn CompositionInstanceRef			
outerPort	PortPrototype * ref Outer PortPrototype of this AtomicSwComponentTyp which belongs to the group. A port can belong to sev groups or to no group at all.						
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=outerPort.portPrototype, outerPort.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			

Table D.93: PortGroup

Class	PortPrototype (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	::SWCom	onentTer	nplate::Components		
Note	Base class for the ports of an AUTOSAR software component.					
	The aggregation of PortPrototypes is subject to variability with the purpose to support the conditional existence of ports.					
Base	ARObject, AtpBlueprintable, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Subclasses	AbstractProvidedPortProte	otype, Ab	stractReq	uiredPortPrototype		
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, SwComponentType.port				
Attribute	Туре	Type Mult. Kind Note				
clientServer Annotation	ClientServerAnnotation					



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Class	PortPrototype (abstract)			
delegatedPort Annotation	DelegatedPort Annotation	01	aggr	Annotations on this delegated port.
ioHwAbstraction Server Annotation	IoHwAbstractionServer Annotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this IO Hardware Abstraction port.
modePort Annotation	ModePortAnnotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this mode port.
nvDataPort Annotation	NvDataPortAnnotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this non voilatile data port.
parameterPort Annotation	ParameterPort Annotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this parameter port.
portPrototype Props	PortPrototypeProps	01	aggr	This attribute allows for the definition of further qualification of the semantics of a PortPrototype.
				Tags:atp.Status=draft
senderReceiver Annotation	SenderReceiver Annotation	*	aggr	Collection of annotations of this ports sender/receiver communication.
triggerPort Annotation	TriggerPortAnnotation	*	aggr	Annotations on this trigger port.

Table D.94: PortPrototype

Class	ProvidedServiceInstance					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ServiceInstances					
Note	Service instances that are provided by the ECU that is connected via the ApplicationEndpoint to a CommunicationConnector.					
Base	ARObject, AbstractServ	iceInstance	, Identifia	ble, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable		
Aggregated by	ApplicationEndpoint.prov	videdServic	elnstance	e, ServiceInstanceCollectionSet.serviceInstance		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
autoAvailable	Boolean	01	attr	Defines that this ProvidedServiceInstance shall be offered by the service discovery at ECU start.		
eventHandler	EventHandler	*	aggr	Collection of event groups provided by the Provided ServiceInstance		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=eventHandler.shortName, event Handler.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild		
instance Identifier	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Instance identifier. Can be used for e.g. service discovery to identify the instance of the service.		
loadBalancing Priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the value to be used for load balancing priority in the service offer. Lower value means higher priority.		
loadBalancing Weight	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the value to be used for load balancing weight in the service offer. Higher value means higher probability to be chosen.		
localUnicast Address	ApplicationEndpoint	02	ref	The local address over which the PSI is provided (udp, tcp or both).		
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=localUnicastAddress.applicationEndpoint, localUnicastAddress.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild		
minorVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minor Version of the Service that is provided by this ProvidedServiceInstance.		



Class	ProvidedServiceInstance								
priority	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the frame priority where values from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest) are allowed.					
remoteMulticast Subscription Address	ApplicationEndpoint	*	ref	This reference defines the remote multicast subscribed addresses of service consumers. This reference shall ONLY be used if the remote address of the clients is determined from the configuration and not at runtime.					
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=remoteMulticastSubscription Address.applicationEndpoint, remoteMulticast SubscriptionAddress.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild					
remoteUnicast Address	ApplicationEndpoint	*	ref	This reference defines the remote addresses of service consumers. This reference shall ONLY be used if the remote address of the clients is determined from the configuration and not at runtime.					
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=remoteUnicastAddress.applicationEndpoint, remoteUnicastAddress.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild					
sdServerConfig	SdServerConfig	01	aggr	Service Discovery Server configuration.					
				Tags:atp.Status=obsolete					
sdServerTimer Config	SomeipSdServer ServiceInstanceConfig	01	ref	Server specific configuration settings relevant for the SOME/IP service discovery.					
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=sdServerTimerConfig.someipSdServer ServiceInstanceConfig, sdServerTimerConfig.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild					
serviceIdentifier	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute represents the ability to describe the SOME/ IP service ID that is offered.					

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Table D.95: ProvidedServiceInstance

Class	RPortComSpec (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWCom	oonentTer	nplate::Communication	
Note	Communication attributes of a required PortPrototype. This class will contain attributes that are valid for all kinds of require-ports, independent of client-server or sender-receiver communication patterns.				
Base	ARObject				
Subclasses	ClientComSpec, ModeSwitchReceiverComSpec, NvRequireComSpec, ParameterRequireComSpec, PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec, <i>ReceiverComSpec</i>				
Aggregated by	AbstractRequiredPortPrototype.requiredComSpec, PortPrototypeBlueprint.requiredComSpec				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
-	-	-	-	_	

Table D.96: RPortComSpec



Class	RPortPrototype				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Components				
Note	Component port requiring a certain port interface.				
Base	ARObject, AbstractRequiredPortPrototype, AtpBlueprintable, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PortPrototype, Referrable				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature, SwComponentType.port				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				
required	PortInterface 01 tref The interface that this port requires.				
Interface				Stereotypes: isOfType	

Table D.97: RPortPrototype

Class	RecordValueSpecification				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Constants				
Note	Specifies the values for a re	ecord.			
Base	ARObject, CompositeValue	eSpecific	ation, Val	ueSpecification	
Aggregated by	ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification.key, ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification. value, ArrayValueSpecification.element, CalibrationParameterValue.applInitValue, CalibrationParameter Value.implInitValue, CompositeRuleBasedValueSpecification.argument, ConstantSpecification.value Spec, CryptoServiceKey.developmentValue, DiagnosticEnvDataCondition.compareValue, DiagnosticEnv DataElementCondition.compareValue, FieldSenderComSpec.initValue, ISignal.initValue, ISignal.timeout SubstitutionValue, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.initValue, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.timeout SubstitutionValue, NonqueuedSenderComSpec.initValue, NvProvideComSpec.ramBlockInitValue, Nv ProvideComSpec.romBlockInitValue, NvRequireComSpec.initValue, ParameterDataPrototype.initValue, ParameterProvideComSpec.initValue, ParameterRequireComSpec.initValue, PersistencyDataRequired ComSpec.initValue, RecordValueSpecification.field, <i>StateManagementCompareCondition.</i> compare Value, SwDataDefProps.invalidValue, VariableDataPrototype.initValue				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
field (ordered)	ValueSpecification	*	aggr	The value for a single record field. This could also be mapped explicitly to a record element of the data type using the shortName of the ValueSpecification. But this would introduce a relationship to the data type that is too strong. As of now, it is only important that the structure of the data type matches the structure of the Value Specification independently of the shortNames.	
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=field, field.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime	

Table D.98: RecordValueSpecification



Primitive	Ref								
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::PrimitiveTypes								
Note	This primitive denotes a name based reference. For detailed syntax see the xsd.pattern.								
	first slash (relative or absolute reference) [optional]								
	Identifier [required]								
	 a sequence of 	slashes and	Identifiers	s [optional]					
	This primitive is used b	by the meta-m	nodel tool	s to create the references.					
	Tags: xml.xsd.customType=REF xml.xsd.pattern=/?[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9_]{0,127}(/[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9_]{0,127})* xml.xsd.type=string								
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note					
base	Identifier	01	attr	This attribute reflects the base to be used for this reference.					
				Tags:xml.attribute=true					
blueprintValue	String	01	attr	This represents a description that documents how the value shall be defined when deriving objects from the blueprint.					
				Tags: atp.Status=draft xml.attribute=true					
index	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute supports the use case to point on specific elements in an array. This is in particular required if arrays are used to implement particular data objects.					
				The counting of array indices starts with the value 0, i.e. the index of the first array element is 0.					
				Tags:xml.attribute=true					

Table D.99: Ref

Class	ReferenceValueSpecifica	ReferenceValueSpecification			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:Commor	Structure	::Constants	
Note	Specifies a reference to a	data prot	otype to b	e used as an initial value for a pointer in the software.	
Base	ARObject, ValueSpecifica	tion			
Aggregated by	ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification.key, ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification. value, ArrayValueSpecification.element, CalibrationParameterValue.applInitValue, CalibrationParameter Value.implInitValue, ConstantSpecification.valueSpec, CryptoServiceKey.developmentValue, Diagnostic EnvDataCondition.compareValue, DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition.compareValue, FieldSenderCom Spec.initValue, ISignal.initValue, ISignal.timeoutSubstitutionValue, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.init Value, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.timeoutSubstitutionValue, NonqueuedSenderComSpec.initValue, NvProvideComSpec.ramBlockInitValue, NvProvideComSpec.romBlockInitValue, NvRequireComSpec.init Value, ParameterDataPrototype.initValue, ParameterProvideComSpec.initValue, ParameterRequireCom Spec.initValue, PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec.initValue, PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue, Port DefinedArgumentValue.value, PortPrototypeBlueprintInitValue.value, RecordValueSpecification.field, StateManagementCompareCondition.compareValue, SwDataDefProps.invalidValue, VariableData Prototype.initValue				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
referenceValue	DataPrototype	01	ref	The referenced data prototype.	

Table D.100: ReferenceValueSpecification



Class	Referrable (abstract)						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::GenericStructure::GeneralTemplateClasses::Identifiable						
Note	Instances of this class car	be referr	ed to by t	heir identifier (while adhering to namespace borders).			
Base	ARObject						
Subclasses	AtpDefinition, BswDistinguishedPartition, BswModuleCallPoint, BswModuleClientServerEntry, Bsw VariableAccess, CouplingPortTrafficClassAssignment, CppImplementationDataTypeContextTarget, DiagnosticEnvModeElement, EthernetPriorityRegeneration, ExclusiveAreaNestingOrder, HwDescription Entity, ImplementationProps, ModeTransition, MultilanguageReferrable, NmNetworkHandle, Pnc MappingIdent, SingleLanguageReferrable, SoConIPduldentifier, SocketConnectionBundle, Someip RequiredEventGroup, TimeSyncServerConfiguration, TpConnectionIdent						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
shortName	Identifier	1	attr	This specifies an identifying shortName for the object. It needs to be unique within its context and is intended for humans but even more for technical reference.			
				Stereotypes: atpldentityContributor Tags: xml.enforceMinMultiplicity=true xml.sequenceOffset=-100			
shortName Fragment	ShortNameFragment	*	aggr	This specifies how the Referrable.shortName is composed of several shortNameFragments.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=-90			

Table D.101: Referrable

Class	RoleBasedPortAssignment						
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWComp	onentTer	nplate::SwcInternalBehavior::ServiceMapping			
Note	Prototype) of an AtomicSv	This class specifies an assignment of a role to a particular service port (RPortPrototype or PPort Prototype) of an AtomicSwComponentType. With this assignment, the role of the service port can be mapped to a specific ServiceNeeds element, so that a tool is able to create the correct connector.					
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	NvBlockDescriptor.clientServerPort, SwcServiceDependency.assignedPort						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
portPrototype	PortPrototype	01	ref	Service PortPrototype used in the assigned role. This PortPrototype shall either belong to the same AtomicSw ComponentType as the SwcInternalBehavior which owns the ServiceDependency or to the same NvBlockSw ComponentType as the NvBlockDescriptor.			
role	Identifier	01	attr	This is the role of the assigned Port in the given context.			
				The value shall be a shortName of the Blueprint of a Port Interface as standardized in the Software Specification of the related AUTOSAR Service.			

Table D.102: RoleBasedPortAssignment

Class	Sd					
Package	M2::MSR::AsamHdo::Spe	cialData				
Note	This class represents a pr	imitive ele	ement in a	special data group.		
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	SdgContents.sd					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
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Class	Sd			
gid	NameToken	1	attr	This attributes specifies an identifier. Gid comes from the SGML/XML-Term "Generic Identifier" which is the element name in XML. The role of this attribute is the same as the name of an XML - element.
				Tags:xml.attribute=true
value	VerbatimStringPlain	1	attr	This is the value of the special data.
				Tags: xml.roleElement=false xml.roleWrapperElement=false xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false
xmlSpace	XmlSpaceEnum	01	attr	This attribute is used to signal an intention that in that element, white space should be preserved by applications. It is defined according to xml:space as declared by W3C.
				Tags: xml.attribute=true xml.attributeRef=true xml.enforceMinMultiplicity=true xml.name=space xml.nsPrefix=xml

Table D.103: Sd

Class	SdClientConfig							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ObsoleteModel							
Note	Client configuration for Service-Discovery.							
	Tags: atp.Status=obsolete atp.recommendedPackage=SdConfigs							
Base	ARObject							
Aggregated by	ConsumedEventGroup.sd	ClientCor	fig, Cons	umedServiceInstance.sdClientConfig				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
capability Record	TagWithOptionalValue	*	aggr	A sequence of records to store arbitrary name/value pairs conveying additional information about the named service. Capability records shall only be existing if the respective SdClientConfig is composed by a Consumed ServiceInstance (see constr_3260). Tags: atp.Status=obsolete				
clientService MajorVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Major version number of the Service.				
clientService MinorVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minor version number of the Service.				
initialFind	InitialSdDelayConfig	01	aggr	Controls initial find behavior of clients.				
Behavior				Tags:atp.Status=obsolete				
request ResponseDelay	RequestResponseDelay	01	aggr	Maximum/Minimum allowable response delay to entries received by multicast in seconds.				
				Tags:atp.Status=obsolete				
ttl	PositiveInteger	1	attr	TTL for Request and Subscribe messages.				

Table D.104: SdClientConfig



Class	SdServerConfig							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ObsoleteModel							
Note	Server configuration for Service-Discovery.							
	Tags: atp.Status=obsolete atp.recommendedPackage=SdConfigs							
Base	ARObject							
Aggregated by	EventHandler.sdServerCo	nfig, <mark>Prov</mark>	videdServ	iceInstance.sdServerConfig				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
capability Record	TagWithOptionalValue	*	aggr	A sequence of records to store arbitrary name/value pairs conveying additional information about the named service. Capability records shall only be existing if the respective SdServerConfig is composed by a Provided ServiceInstance (see constr_3259).				
				Tags:atp.Status=obsolete				
initialOffer	InitialSdDelayConfig	01	aggr	Controls offer behavior of the server.				
Behavior				Tags:atp.Status=obsolete				
offerCyclicDelay	TimeValue	01	attr	Optional attribute to define cyclic offers. Cyclic offer is active, if the delay is set (in seconds).				
request ResponseDelay	RequestResponseDelay	01	aggr	Maximum/Minimum allowable response delay to entries received by multicast in seconds.				
				Tags:atp.Status=obsolete				
serverService MajorVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Major version number of the Service.				
serverService MinorVersion	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Minor version number of the Service.				
ttl	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Time to live. Shall be a positive value (sInt32).				

Table D.105: SdServerConfig

Class	SecOcCryptoServiceMapping							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::	SecureCommunication				
Note	This meta-class has the a via SecOC.	This meta-class has the ability to represent a crypto service mapping for the Pdu-based communication via SecOC.						
Base	ARObject, CryptoService	ARObject, CryptoServiceMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable						
Aggregated by	SystemMapping.cryptoServiceMapping							
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
authentication	CryptoServicePrimitive	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable crypto primitive for the authentication.				
cryptoService Key	CryptoServiceKey	01	ref	This reference identifies the applicable crypto key.				
cryptoService Queue	CryptoServiceQueue	01	ref	This reference identifies the CryptoServiceQueue the processing of this SecOcCryptoServiceMapping shall be performed in.				

Table D.106: SecOcCryptoServiceMapping

Class	SecureCommunicationAuthenticationProps
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication
Note	Authentication properties used to configure SecuredIPdus.
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable



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Class	SecureCommunication	Authentica	ationProp	9S			
Aggregated by	SecureCommunicationPro	SecureCommunicationPropsSet.authenticationProps					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
authInfoTx Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the length in bits of the authentication code to be included in the payload of the authenticated Pdu.			

Table D.107: SecureCommunicationAuthenticationProps

Class	SecureCommunication	Freshness	Props					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication						
Note	Freshness properties use	ed to config	jure Secu	redIPdus.				
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, M	lultilangua	geReferra	ble, Referrable				
Aggregated by	SecureCommunicationPr	opsSet.fre	shnessPr	ops				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
freshness CounterSync Attempts	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the number of Freshness Counter re-synchronization attempts when a verification failed for a Secured I-PDU. If the value is zero, there will be no additional verification attempt to synchronize with a potentially better fitting Freshness Counter value. This attribute is only applicable if useFreshnessTimestamp is FALSE.				
freshness TimestampTime PeriodFactor	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines a factor that specifies the time period for the Freshness Timestamp. It holds a multiplication factor that specifies the concrete meaning of a Freshness Timestamp increment by one on basis of microseconds.				
freshnessValue Length	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the complete length in bits of the Freshness Value. As long as the key doesn't change the counter shall not overflow. The length of the counter shall be determined based on the expected life time of the corresponding key and frequency of usage of the counter.				
freshnessValue TxLength	PositiveInteger	01	attr	This attribute defines the length in bits of the Freshness Value to be included in the payload of the Secured I-PDU. This length is specific to the least significant bits of the complete Freshness Counter. If the attribute is 0 no Freshness Value is included in the Secured I-PDU.				
useFreshness Timestamp	Boolean	01	attr	This attribute specifies whether the Freshness Value is generated through individual Freshness Counters or by a Timestamps. The value is set to TRUE when Timestamps are used.				

Table D.108: SecureCommunicationFreshnessProps

Class	SecuredIPdu
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication
Note	If useAsCryptographicPdu is not set or set to false this IPdu contains the payload of an Authentic IPdu supplemented by additional Authentication Information (Freshness Counter and an Authenticator).
	If useAsCryptographicPdu is set to true this IPdu contains the Authenticator for a payload that is transported in a separate message. The separate Authentic IPdu is described by the Pdu that is referenced with the payload reference from this SecuredIPdu.
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=Pdus



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Class	SecuredIPdu						
Base		ARObject, CollectableElement, FibexElement, IPdu, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Pdu, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element Type Mult Kind Note						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
authentication Props	SecureCommunication AuthenticationProps	01	ref	Reference to authentication properties that are valid for this SecuredIPdu.			
dynamic RuntimeLength Handling	Boolean	01	attr	Defines whether the length information for handling this SecuredIPdu with SecuredIPdu.useSecuredPdu Header=noHeader is taken from the configuration or from the actually provided length information during runtime.			
				true: SecuredIPdu length information is taken from the actually provided length information during runtime.			
				false: SecuredIPdu length information is taken from the configuration.			
freshnessProps	SecureCommunication FreshnessProps	01	ref	Reference to freshness properties that are valid for this SecuredIPdu.			
payload	PduTriggering	1	ref	Reference to a Pdu that will be protected against unauthorized manipulation and replay attacks.			
secure Communication Props	SecureCommunication Props	1	aggr	Specific configuration properties for this SecuredIPdu.			
useAs Cryptographic IPdu	Boolean	01	attr	If this attribute is set to true the SecuredIPdu contains the Authentication Information for an AuthenticIPdu that is transmitted in a separate message. The AuthenticIPdu contains the original payload, i.e. the secured data.			
				If this attribute is set to false this SecuredIPdu contains the payload of an Authentic IPdu supplemented by additional Authentication Information.			
useSecuredPdu Header	SecuredPduHeader Enum	01	attr	This attribute defines the size of the header which is inserted into the SecuredIPdu. If this attribute is set to anything but noHeader, the SecuredIPdu contains the Secured I-PDU Header to indicate the length of the AuthenticIPdu. The AuthenticIPdu contains the original payload, i.e. the secured data.			

Table D.109: SecuredIPdu

Class	SenderReceiverInterface					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface					
Note	A sender/receiver interface declares a number of data elements to be sent and received.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PortInterfaces				
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, DataInterface, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
dataElement	VariableDataPrototype	*	aggr	The data elements of this SenderReceiverInterface.		
invalidation Policy	InvalidationPolicy	*	aggr	InvalidationPolicy for a particular dataElement		
metaDataItem Set	MetaDataItemSet	*	aggr	This aggregation defines fixed sets of meta-data items associated with dataElements of the enclosing Sender ReceiverInterface		

Table D.110: SenderReceiverInterface



Class	ServiceNeeds (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::ServiceNeeds					
Note	This expresses the abstract needs that a Software Component or Basic Software Module has on the configuration of an AUTOSAR Service to which it will be connected. "Abstract needs" means that the model abstracts from the Configuration Parameters of the underlying Basic Software.					
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, Mul	Itilanguag	geReferra	ble, Referrable		
Subclasses	Needs, CryptoServiceNeed MgrUserNeeds, ErrorTrace SupervisionNeeds, Hardwa Needs, J1939DcmDm19Su ServiceNeeds, NvBlockNee	ds, <i>Diagn</i> rNeeds, areTestNe upport, J1 eds, Secu eeds, Syu	Function Function eeds, Ids 1939RmIr ureOnBoa ncTimeBa	eyManagementNeeds, <i>CryptoNeeds</i> , CryptoServiceJob abilityElement, DltUserNeeds, <i>DolpServiceNeeds</i> , EcuState hhibitionAvailabilityNeeds, FunctionInhibitionNeeds, Global AgrCustomTimestampNeeds, IdsMgrNeeds, IndicatorStatus comingRequestServiceNeeds, J1939RmOutgoingRequest rrdCommunicationNeeds, SupervisedEntityCheckpoint seMgrUserNeeds, V2xDataManagerNeeds, V2xFacUser viceNeeds		
Aggregated by	BswServiceDependency.serviceNeeds, SwcServiceDependency.serviceNeeds					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
_	-	-	_	-		

Table D.111: ServiceNeeds

Class	ServiceSwComponentType					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SWCom	oonentTer	nplate::Components		
Note	ServiceSwComponentType is used for configuring services for a given ECU. Instances of this class are only to be created in ECU Configuration phase for the specific purpose of the service configuration.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=S	wCompor	nentTypes		
Base		ARElement, ARObject, AtomicSwComponentType, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, Atp Type, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, Sw ComponentType				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	ype Mult. Kind Note				
_	-	-	-	-		

Table D.112: ServiceSwComponentType

Class	SocketConnection				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ObsoleteModel				
Note	The SoAd serves as a (De	e)Multiple>	ker betwe	en different PDU sources and the TCP/IP stack.	
	Tags:atp.Status=obsolete	•			
Base	ARObject, Describable				
Aggregated by	SoAdConfig.connection, S	SocketCon	inectionBi	undle.bundledConnection	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
clientIpAddr From Connection Request	Boolean	01	attr	If set to true the Server "learns" the client IP address on connection request. This means that the statically configured IP Address of the related client shall be ignored. If set to false the Server only accepts statically configured IP address, e.g. 192.168.1.2. This means that the statically configured IP Address of the Client shall be used.	
clientPort	SocketAddress	01	ref	Client Port for TCP/UDP connection in an abstract communication sense. The client is the major requester of the communication. Please note that the client may also produce data.	
				Tags:atp.Status=obsolete	



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Class	SocketConnection					
clientPortFrom Connection Request	Boolean	01	attr	If set to true the Server "learns" the client Port on connection request. This means that the statically configured Port of the related client shall be ignored. If set to false the Server only accepts statically configured Port. This means that the statically configured Port of the Client shall be used.		
pdu	SocketConnectionIpdu Identifier	*	aggr	PDUs handed over by the PDU Router (Transmission over the Ethernet) or PDUs handed over by SoAd (Reception over Ethernet). Multiple IPdus can be transmitted over one socket connection.		
				Tags:atp.Status=obsolete		
pduCollection MaxBufferSize	PositiveInteger	01	attr	Defines the maximum buffer size in Byte which shall be filled before a socket with Pdu collection enabled shall be transmitted to the lower layer.		
pduCollection Timeout	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines the time in seconds which shall pass before a socket with Pdu collection enabled shall be transmitted to the lower layer after the first Pdu has been put into the socket buffer.		
runtimelp Address Configuration	RuntimeAddress ConfigurationEnum	01	attr	This attribute determines which protocol is used by the client to obtain the IP Address information. If this attribute is not set to none the value determines the service used by the client to obtain the IP Address information for the SocketConnection. If this attribute is set to none the client used the statically configured IP Address information.		
runtimePort Configuration	RuntimeAddress ConfigurationEnum	01	attr	This attribute determines which protocol is used by the client to obtain the Port information. If this attribute is not set to none the value determines the service used by the client to obtain the Port information for the Socket Connection. If this attribute is set to none the client uses the statically configured Port information.		
shortLabel	Identifier	01	attr	This attribute specifies an identifying shortName for the SocketConnection. It shall be unique within its context.		

Table D.113: SocketConnection

Class	SocketConnectionIpduIdentifier					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::ObsoleteModel					
Note		An Identifier is required in case of one port per ECU communication where multiple Pdus are transmitted over the same connection. If only one IPdu is transmitted over the connection this attribute can be ignored.				
	Tags:atp.Status=obsolete					
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	SocketConnection.pdu, So	ocketConr	nectionBu	ndle.pdu		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
headerld	PositiveInteger	01	attr	If multiple Pdus are transmitted over the same connection this headerld can be used to distinguish between the different Pdus.		
pduCollection PduTimeout	TimeValue	01	attr	Defines the timeout in seconds the PDU collection shall be transmitted at the latest after this PDU has been put into the buffer.		
pduCollection Semantics	PduCollection SemanticsEnum	01	attr	Specifies if the referenced PduTriggering shall be collected using a queued (i.e. all PDU instances) or last-is-best (i.e. only the last PDU instance) semantics. If this attribute is not present the behavior of "queued" is assumed.		



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Class	SocketConnectionIpdu	Identifier		
pduCollection Trigger	PduCollectionTrigger Enum	01	attr	Defines whether the referenced Pdu contributes to the triggering of the socket transmission if Pdu collection is enabled for this socket.
pduTriggering	PduTriggering	01	ref	Reference to a Pdu that is mapped to a socket connection. Tags:atp.Status=obsolete
routingGroup	SoAdRoutingGroup	*	ref	Reference to RoutingGroups that can be enabled or disabled.
				Tags:atp.Status=obsolete

Table D.114: SocketConnectionIpduIdentifier

Class	SwComponentPrototype					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::Composition				
Note	Role of a software compo	nent withir	n a compo	osition.		
Base	ARObject, AtpFeature, AtpPrototype, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	Compositi	ionSwCon	nponentType.component		
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
type	SwComponentType 01 tref Type of the instance.					
				Stereotypes: isOfType		

Table D.115: SwComponentPrototype

Class	SwConnector (abstract)				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SWComp	onentTer	nplate::Composition	
Note	The base class for connectors between ports. Connectors have to be identifiable to allow references from the system constraint template.				
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, AtpFeature, AtpStructureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Subclasses	AssemblySwConnector, DelegationSwConnector, PassThroughSwConnector				
Aggregated by	AtpClassifier.atpFeature,	Compositi	ionSwCor	nponentType.connector	
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note	
mapping	PortInterfaceMapping	01	ref	Reference to a PortInterfaceMapping specifying the mapping of unequal named PortInterface elements of the two different PortInterfaces typing the two PortPrototypes which are referenced by the ConnectorPrototype.	

Table D.116: SwConnector



Class	< <atpvariation>> SwDataDefProps</atpvariation>					
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary	::DataDefl	Properties			
Note		attern of i	nheritanc	It for data objects under various aspects. One could e by aggregation". The properties can be applied to all ps is aggregated.		
	Note that not all of the attributes or associated elements are useful all of the time. Hence, the process definition (e.g. expressed with an OCL or a Document Control Instance MSR-DCI) has the task of implementing limitations.					
	SwDataDefProps covers various aspects:					
	also the recordLa	youts which ramming l	ch specify anguage	pration use cases: is it a single value, a curve, or a map, but how such elements are mapped/converted to the Data (or in AUTOSAR). This is mainly expressed by properties ixisSet		
				essed by swImplPolicy, swVariableAccessImplPolicy, sw paseType, implementationDataType and additionalNative		
	Access policy for	the MCD	system, m	nainly expressed by swCalibrationAccess		
	Semantics of the invalidValue	data elem	ent, main	ly expressed by compuMethod and/or unit, dataConstr,		
	Code generation	policy prov	vided by s	wRecordLayout		
	Tags:vh.latestBindingTime	e=codeGe	enerationT	īme		
Base	ARObject					
Aggregated by	AutosarDataType.swDatal Prototype.swDataDefProp	s, DataPr	ototypeTra	teNetworkRepresentation.networkRepresentation, <i>Data</i> ansformationProps.networkRepresentationProps, anosticEnvDataElementCondition_swDataDefProps_DIt		
	AutosarDataType.swDatal Prototype.swDataDefProp DiagnosticDataElement.sv Argument.networkRepres Element.swDataDefProps Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, <i>ReceiverC</i> SomeipDataPrototypeTrar	os, DataPr wDataDefl entation, F , Instantia esultingPro comSpec.r nsformatio	ototypeTra Props, Dia FlatInstan tionDataD operties, F networkRe onProps.net			
	AutosarDataType.swDatal Prototype.swDataDefProp DiagnosticDataElement.sv Argument.networkRepres Element.swDataDefProps Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, <i>ReceiverC</i> SomeipDataPrototypeTrar	os, DataPr wDataDefl entation, F , Instantia esultingPro comSpec.r nsformatio	ototypeTra Props, Dia FlatInstan tionDataD operties, F networkRe onProps.net	ansformationProps.networkRepresentationProps, agnosticEnvDataElementCondition.swDataDefProps, Dlt ceDescriptor.swDataDefProps, ImplementationDataType DefProps.swDataDefProps, ISignal.networkRepresentation ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw persentation, <i>SenderComSpec</i> .networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef		
Aggregated by	AutosarDataType.swDatal Prototype.swDataDefProp DiagnosticDataElement.sw Argument.networkRepres Element.swDataDefProps Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, ReceiverC SomeipDataPrototypeTrar Props, SwServiceArg.swD	os, DataPr wDataDefl entation, F , Instantia esultingPro comSpec.r nsformatio DataDefPro	ototypeTra Props, Dia FlatInstand tionDataD operties, F networkRe onProps.networkRe	ansformationProps.networkRepresentationProps, agnosticEnvDataElementCondition.swDataDefProps, Dlt ceDescriptor.swDataDefProps, ImplementationDataType DefProps.swDataDefProps, ISignal.networkRepresentation ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, <i>SenderComSpec</i> .networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps <i>Note</i> This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string.		
Aggregated by Attribute additionalNative TypeQualifier	AutosarDataType.swDatal Prototype.swDataDefProp DiagnosticDataElement.sv Argument.networkRepres Element.swDataDefProps Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, <i>ReceiverC</i> SomeipDataPrototypeTrar Props, SwServiceArg.swD Type NativeDeclarationString	os, DataPr wDataDefl entation, F , Instantia esultingPro comSpec.r nsformatio DataDefPrr Mult. 01	ototypeTra Props, Dia FlatInstand tionDataE operties, F networkRe ops, SwS Kind attr	ansformationProps.networkRepresentationProps, agnosticEnvDataElementCondition.swDataDefProps, Dlt ceDescriptor.swDataDefProps, ImplementationDataType DefProps.swDataDefProps, ISignal.networkRepresentation ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, <i>SenderComSpec</i> .networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps <i>Note</i> This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=235		
Aggregated by Attribute additionalNative	AutosarDataType.swDatal Prototype.swDataDefProp DiagnosticDataElement.sv Argument.networkRepres Element.swDataDefProps Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, <i>ReceiverC</i> SomeipDataPrototypeTrar Props, SwServiceArg.swD Type NativeDeclarationString	s, DataPr wDataDefl entation, F , Instantia sultingPro comSpec.r sformatio DataDefPro Mult. 01	ototypeTra Props, Dia FlatInstand tionDataE operties, F networkRe onProps.no ops, SwS <i>Kind</i>	ansformationProps.networkRepresentationProps, agnosticEnvDataElementCondition.swDataDefProps, Dlt ceDescriptor.swDataDefProps, ImplementationDataType DefProps.swDataDefProps, ISignal.networkRepresentation ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw peresentation, <i>SenderComSpec</i> .networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps <i>Note</i> This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235 This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads) related to the current data object. Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=20 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false		
Aggregated by Attribute additionalNative TypeQualifier	AutosarDataType.swDatal Prototype.swDataDefProp DiagnosticDataElement.sv Argument.networkRepres Element.swDataDefProps Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, <i>ReceiverC</i> SomeipDataPrototypeTrar Props, SwServiceArg.swD Type NativeDeclarationString	os, DataPr wDataDefl entation, F , Instantia esultingPro comSpec.r nsformatio DataDefPrr Mult. 01	ototypeTra Props, Dia FlatInstand tionDataE operties, F networkRe ops, SwS Kind attr	ansformationProps.networkRepresentationProps, agnosticEnvDataElementCondition.swDataDefProps, Dlt ceDescriptor.swDataDefProps, ImplementationDataType 9efProps.swDataDefProps, ISignal.networkRepresentation ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, <i>SenderComSpec</i> .networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps <i>Note</i> This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235 This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads) related to the current data object. Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=20 xml.typeElement=false		
Aggregated by Attribute additionalNative TypeQualifier annotation	AutosarDataType.swDatal Prototype.swDataDefProp DiagnosticDataElement.sv Argument.networkRepres Element.swDataDefProps Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, <i>ReceiverC</i> SomeipDataPrototypeTrar Props, SwServiceArg.swD Type NativeDeclarationString	s, DataPr wDataDefl entation, F , Instantia sultingPro comSpec.r sformatio DataDefPro Mult. 01	aggr	ansformationProps.networkRepresentationProps, agnosticEnvDataElementCondition.swDataDefProps, Dlt ceDescriptor.swDataDefProps, ImplementationDataType DefProps.swDataDefProps, ISignal.networkRepresentation ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw peresentation, <i>SenderComSpec</i> .networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps <i>Note</i> This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235 This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads) related to the current data object. Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=20 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false		
Aggregated by Attribute additionalNative TypeQualifier annotation	AutosarDataType.swDatal Prototype.swDataDefProp DiagnosticDataElement.sv Argument.networkRepres Element.swDataDefProps Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, <i>ReceiverC</i> SomeipDataPrototypeTrar Props, SwServiceArg.swD Type NativeDeclarationString	s, DataPr wDataDefl entation, F , Instantia sultingPro comSpec.r sformatio DataDefPro Mult. 01	aggr	ansformationProps.networkRepresentationProps, agnosticEnvDataElementCondition.swDataDefProps, DIt ceDescriptor.swDataDefProps, ImplementationDataType DefProps.swDataDefProps, ISignal.networkRepresentation ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw ppresentation, <i>SenderComSpec</i> .networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps <i>Note</i> This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235 This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads) related to the current data object. Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=20 xml.typeElement=false Base type associated with the containing data object. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=50 Computation method associated with the semantics of this data object.		
Aggregated by Attribute additionalNative TypeQualifier annotation baseType	AutosarDataType.swDatal Prototype.swDataDefProp DiagnosticDataElement.sw Argument.networkRepress Element.swDataDefProps Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, <i>ReceiverC</i> SomeipDataPrototypeTrar Props, SwServiceArg.swD Type NativeDeclarationString Annotation	s, DataPr wDataDefl entation, F , Instantia soultingPro comSpec.r sformatio DataDefPro Mult. 01 01	ototypeTra Props, Dia FlatInstanctionDataE operties, F networkRe ops, SwS Kind attr aggr	ansformationProps.networkRepresentationProps, agnosticEnvDataElementCondition.swDataDefProps, Dlt ceDescriptor.swDataDefProps, ImplementationDataType 9efProps.swDataDefProps, ISignal.networkRepresentation ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw epresentation, <i>SenderComSpec</i> .networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps <i>Note</i> This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.roleElement=true xml.roleWrapperElement=true xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false Base type associated with the containing data object. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=50 Computation method associated with the semantics of		
Aggregated by Attribute additionalNative TypeQualifier annotation baseType	AutosarDataType.swDatal Prototype.swDataDefProp DiagnosticDataElement.sw Argument.networkRepress Element.swDataDefProps Props, McDataInstance.re DataDefProps, <i>ReceiverC</i> SomeipDataPrototypeTrar Props, SwServiceArg.swD Type NativeDeclarationString Annotation	s, DataPr wDataDefl entation, F , Instantia ssutingPro <i>comSpec</i> .r <i>matice</i> DataDefPro <i>Mult.</i> 01	ototypeTra Props, Dia FlatInstanctionDataE operties, F networkRe ops, SwS Kind attr aggr	ansformationProps.networkRepresentationProps, agnosticEnvDataElementCondition.swDataDefProps, DIt ceDescriptor.swDataDefProps, ImplementationDataType DefProps.swDataDefProps, ISignal.networkRepresentation ParameterAccess.swDataDefProps, PerInstanceMemory.sw ppresentation, <i>SenderComSpec</i> .networkRepresentation, etworkRepresentation, SwPointerTargetProps.swDataDef ystemconst.swDataDefProps, SystemSignal.physicalProps <i>Note</i> This attribute is used to declare native qualifiers of the programming language which can neither be deduced from the baseType (e.g. because the data object describes a pointer) nor from other more abstract attributes. Examples are qualifiers like "volatile", "strict" or "enum" of the C-language. All such declarations have to be put into one string. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=235 This aggregation allows to add annotations (yellow pads) related to the current data object. Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.sequenceOffset=20 xml.typeElement=false Base type associated with the containing data object. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=50 Computation method associated with the semantics of this data object.		



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Class	< <atpvariation>> SwData</atpvariation>	DefProps	5	
displayFormat	DisplayFormatString	01	attr	This property describes how a number is to be rendered e.g. in documents or in a measurement and calibration system.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=210
display Presentation	DisplayPresentation Enum	01	attr	This attribute controls the presentation of the related data for measurement and calibration tools.
implementation DataType	AbstractImplementation DataType	01	ref	This association denotes the ImplementationDataType of a data declaration via its aggregated SwDataDefProps. It is used whenever a data declaration is not directly referring to a base type. Especially
				 redefinition of an ImplementationDataType via a "typedef" to another ImplementationDatatype
				• the target type of a pointer (see SwPointerTarget Props), if it does not refer to a base type directly
				 the data type of an array or record element within an ImplementationDataType, if it does not refer to a base type directly
				 the data type of an SwServiceArg, if it does not refer to a base type directly
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=215
invalidValue	ValueSpecification	01	aggr	Optional value to express invalidity of the actual data element.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=255
stepSize	Float	01	attr	This attribute can be used to define a value which is added to or subtracted from the value of a DataPrototype when using up/down keys while calibrating.
swAddrMethod	SwAddrMethod	01	ref	Addressing method related to this data object. Via an association to the same SwAddrMethod it can be specified that several DataPrototypes shall be located in the same memory without already specifying the memory section itself.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=30
swAlignment	AlignmentType	01	attr	The attribute describes the intended typical alignment of the DataPrototype. If the attribute is not defined the alignment is determined by the swBaseType size and the memoryAllocationKeywordPolicy of the referenced Sw AddrMethod.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=33
swBit Representation	SwBitRepresentation	01	aggr	Description of the binary representation in case of a bit variable.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=60
swCalibration Access	SwCalibrationAccess Enum	01	attr	Specifies the read or write access by MCD tools for this data object.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=70
swCalprmAxis Set	SwCalprmAxisSet	01	aggr	This specifies the properties of the axes in case of a curve or map etc. This is mainly applicable to calibration parameters.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=90
swComparison Variable	SwVariableRefProxy	*	aggr	Variables used for comparison in an MCD process. Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=170 xml.typeElement=false



Class	< <atpvariation>> SwData</atpvariation>	DefProps	6	
swData Dependency	SwDataDependency	01	aggr	Describes how the value of the data object has to be calculated from the value of another data object (by the MCD system).
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=200
swHostVariable	SwVariableRefProxy	01	aggr	Contains a reference to a variable which serves as a host-variable for a bit variable. Only applicable to bit objects.
				Tags: xml.sequenceOffset=220 xml.typeElement=false
swImplPolicy	SwImplPolicyEnum	01	attr	Implementation policy for this data object.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=230
swIntended Resolution	Numerical	01	attr	The purpose of this element is to describe the requested quantization of data objects early on in the design process.
				The resolution ultimately occurs via the conversion formula present (compuMethod), which specifies the transition from the physical world to the standardized world (and vice-versa) (here, "the slope per bit" is present implicitly in the conversion formula).
				In the case of a development phase without a fixed conversion formula, a pre-specification can occur through swIntendedResolution.
				The resolution is specified in the physical domain according to the property "unit".
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=240
swInterpolation Method	ldentifier	01	attr	This is a keyword identifying the mathematical method to be applied for interpolation. The keyword needs to be related to the interpolation routine which needs to be invoked.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=250
swlsVirtual	Boolean	01	attr	This element distinguishes virtual objects. Virtual objects do not appear in the memory, their derivation is much more dependent on other objects and hence they shall have a swDataDependency.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=260
swPointerTarget Props	SwPointerTargetProps	01	aggr	Specifies that the containing data object is a pointer to another data object.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=280
swRecord	SwRecordLayout	01	ref	Record layout for this data object.
Layout				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=290
swRefresh Timing	MultidimensionalTime	01	aggr	This element specifies the frequency in which the object involved shall be or is called or calculated. This timing can be collected from the task in which write access processes to the variable run. But this cannot be done by the MCD system.
				So this attribute can be used in an early phase to express the desired refresh timing and later on to specify the real refresh timing.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=300
swTextProps	SwTextProps	01	aggr	the specific properties if the data object is a text object.
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=120

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Class	< <atpvariation>> SwDataDefProps</atpvariation>						
swValueBlock	Numerical	01	attr	This represents the size of a Value Block			
Size				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags: vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime xml.sequenceOffset=80			
swValueBlock SizeMult (ordered)	Numerical	*	attr	This attribute is used to specify the dimensions of a value block (VAL_BLK) for the case that that value block has more than one dimension.			
				The dimensions given in this attribute are ordered such that the first entry represents the first dimension, the second entry represents the second dimension, and so on.			
				For one-dimensional value blocks the attribute swValue BlockSize shall be used and this attribute shall not exist.			
				Stereotypes: atpVariation Tags:vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime			
unit	Unit	01	ref	Physical unit associated with the semantics of this data object. This attribute applies if no compuMethod is specified. If both units (this as well as via compuMethod) are specified the units shall be compatible.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=350			
valueAxisData Type	ApplicationPrimitive DataType	01	ref	The referenced ApplicationPrimitiveDataType represents the primitive data type of the value axis within a compound primitive (e.g. curve, map). It supersedes CompuMethod, Unit, and BaseType.			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=355			

Table D.117: SwDataDefProps

Class	SwPointerTargetProps						
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary	::DataDefl	Properties	3			
Note	This element defines, that the data object (which is specified by the aggregating element) contains a reference to another data object or to a function in the CPU code. This corresponds to a pointer in the C-language.						
	The attributes of this eler either a data description			tegory and the detailed properties of the target which is re.			
Base	ARObject						
Aggregated by	SwDataDefProps.swPointerTargetProps						
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note			
swDataDef	SwDataDefProps	01	aggr	The properties of the target data type.			
Props				Stereotypes: atpSplitable			
				Tags: atp.Splitkey=swDataDefProps			
				xml.sequenceOffset=30			
targetCategory	Identifier	01	attr	This specifies the category of the target:			
				 In case of a data pointer, it shall specify the category of the referenced data. 			
				 In case of a function pointer, it could be used to denote the category of the referenced Bsw ModuleEntry. 			
				Tags:xml.sequenceOffset=5			

Table D.118: SwPointerTargetProps



Class	SwRecordLayout					
Package	M2::MSR::DataDictionary	::RecordL	ayout			
Note	memory. As an example, t	Defines how the data objects (variables, calibration parameters etc.) are to be stored in the ECU memory. As an example, this definition specifies the sequence of axis points in the ECU memory. Iterations through axis values are stored within the sub-elements swRecordLayoutGroup.				
	Tags:atp.recommendedPa	ackage=S ¹	wRecordL	ayouts		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable					
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
swRecord LayoutGroup	SwRecordLayoutGroup	01	aggr	This is the top level record layout group. Tags: xml.roleElement=true xml.roleWrapperElement=false xml.sequenceOffset=20 xml.typeElement=false xml.typeWrapperElement=false		

Table D.119:	SwRecordLayout
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Class	SwcServiceDependency							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::SwcInternalBehavior::ServiceMapping							
Note				context of an SwcInternalBehavior. It allows to associate a defined for an atomic software component to a given				
Base	ARObject, AtpClassifier, Referrable, ServiceDepe		e, AtpStru	ictureElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable,				
Aggregated by	AdaptiveSwcInternalBeha serviceDependency	avior.servio	eDepend	lency, AtpClassifier.atpFeature, SwcInternalBehavior.				
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
assignedData	RoleBasedData Assignment	*	aggr	Defines the role of an associated data object of the same component.				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=assignedData, assignedData.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime				
assignedPort	RoleBasedPort Assignment	*	aggr	Defines the role of an associated port of the same component.				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable; atpVariation Tags: atp.Splitkey=assignedPort, assignedPort.variation Point.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=preCompileTime				
representedPort Group	PortGroup	01	ref	This reference specifies an association between the ServiceNeeeds and a PortGroup, for example to request a communication mode which applies for communication via these ports. The referred PortGroup shall be local to this atomic SWC, but via the links between the Port Groups, a tool can evaluate this information such that all the ports linked via this port group on the same ECU can be found.				
serviceNeeds	ServiceNeeds	01	aggr	The associated ServiceNeeds.				



Class	SystemSignal	SystemSignal				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::I	Fibex::FibexCore::CoreCommunication		
Note	The system signal represents the communication system's view of data exchanged between SW components which reside on different ECUs. The system signals allow to represent this communication in a flattened structure, with exactly one system signal defined for each data element prototype sent and received by connected SW component instances.					
	Tags:atp.recommendedP	ackage=S	ystemSig	nals		
Base	ARElement, ARObject, C Element, Referrable	ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Packageable Element, Referrable				
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note		
dynamicLength	Boolean	1	attr	The length of dynamic length signals is variable in run-time. Only a maximum length of such a signal is specified in the configuration (attribute length in ISignal element).		
physicalProps	SwDataDefProps	SwDataDefProps 01 aggr Specification of the physical representation.				
				Stereotypes: atpSplitable Tags:atp.Splitkey=physicalProps		

Table D.121: SystemSignal

Class	TIsCryptoServiceMapping							
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::	SecureCommunication				
Note		This meta-class has the ability to represent a crypto service mapping for the socket-based configuration of Transport Layer Security (TLS).						
Base	ARObject, CryptoService	Mapping,	Identifiab	le, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable				
Aggregated by	SystemMapping.cryptoSe	rviceMap	oing					
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note				
keyExchange	CryptoServicePrimitive	*	ref	This reference identifies the shared(i.e. applicable for each of the aggregated cipher suites) crypto service primitive for the execution of key exchange during the handshake phase.				
tlsCipherSuite	TIsCryptoCipherSuite	*	aggr	This aggregation represents the collection of supported cipher suites.				
useClient Authentication Request	Boolean	01	attr	Defines if client authentication shall be applied for this TLS connection.				
useSecurity Extension RecordSize Limit	Boolean	01	attr	Defines if the security extension for max_fragment_length shall be supported as defined in IETF RFC 8449, chapter 4.1.				

Table D.122: TIsCryptoServiceMapping

Class	TIsPskIdentity				
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemT	emplate::	SecureCommunication	
Note	This element is used to describe the pre-shared key shared during the handshake among the communication parties, to establish a TLS connection if the handshake is based on the existence of a pre-shared key.				
Base	ARObject				
Aggregated by	TIsCryptoCipherSuite.pskIdentity				
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note				



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Class	TIsPskIdentity			
preSharedKey	CryptoServiceKey	1	ref	This reference identifies the applicable cryptographic key.
pskldentity	String	1	attr	This attribute provides the key identification.
pskldentityHint	String	01	attr	This attribute provides the identity hint for a pre-shared key.

Table D.123: TIsPskIdentity

Class	TransformationProps (abstract)					
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates:	:SystemT	emplate::	Transformer		
Note	This meta-class represent	s a abstra	ict base c	lass for transformation settings.		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable					
Subclasses	ApSomeipTransformationProps, SOMEIPTransformationProps, UserDefinedTransformationProps					
Aggregated by	TransformationPropsSet.transformationProps					
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note					
_	_	_	_	-		

Table D.124: TransformationProps

Enumeration	TransportLayerProtocolEnum		
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::ServiceInstanceManifest::ServiceInstanceDeployment		
Note	This enumeration allows to choose a TCP/IP transport layer protocol.		
Aggregated by	SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol, SomeipMethodDeployment.transportProtocol		
Literal	Description		
tcp	Transmission control protocol		
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=1		
udp	User datagram protocol		
	Tags:atp.EnumerationLiteralIndex=0		

Table D.125: TransportLayerProtocolEnum

Class	TriggerInterface			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SWComponentTemplate::PortInterface			
Note	A trigger interface declares a number of triggers that can be sent by an trigger source.			
	Tags:atp.recommendedPackage=PortInterfaces			
Base	ARElement, ARObject, AtpBlueprint, AtpBlueprintable, AtpClassifier, AtpType, CollectableElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, PortInterface, Referrable			
Aggregated by	ARPackage.element			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			Note
trigger	Trigger	*	aggr	The Trigger of this trigger interface.

Table D.126: TriggerInterface



Class	ValueSpecification (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::CommonStructure::Constants			
Note	Base class for expression	s leading	to a value	which can be used to initialize a data object.
Base	ARObject			
Subclasses	AbstractRuleBasedValueSpecification, ApplicationValueSpecification, CompositeValueSpecification, ConstantReference, NotAvailableValueSpecification, NumericalValueSpecification, ReferenceValueSpecification, TextValueSpecification			
Aggregated by	Specification, TextValueSpecification ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification.key, ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification. value, ArrayValueSpecification.element, CalibrationParameterValue.applInitValue, CalibrationParameter Value.implInitValue, ConstantSpecification.valueSpec, CryptoServiceKey.developmentValue, Diagnostic EnvDataCondition.compareValue, DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition.compareValue, FieldSenderCom Spec.initValue, ISignal.initValue, ISignal.timeoutSubstitutionValue, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.init Value, NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.timeoutSubstitutionValue, NonqueuedSenderComSpec.initValue, NvProvideComSpec.ramBlockInitValue, NvProvideComSpec.romBlockInitValue, ParameterRequireCom Spec.initValue, PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec.initValue, PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue, Port DefinedArgumentValue.value, PortPrototypeBlueprintInitValue.value, RecordValueSpecification.field, StateManagementCompareCondition.compareValue, SwDataDefProps.invalidValue, VariableData Prototype.initValue			
Attribute	Туре	Mult.	Kind	Note
shortLabel	Identifier	01	attr	This can be used to identify particular value specifications for human readers, for example elements of a record type.

Table D.127: ValueSpecification

Class	VlanConfig			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology			
Note	VLAN Configuration attrib	VLAN Configuration attributes		
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Aggregated by	EthernetPhysicalChannel.vlan			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
vlanldentifier	PositiveInteger	1	attr	A VLAN is identified by this attribute according to IEEE 802.1Q. The allowed values range is from 04095.

Table D.128: VlanConfig

Class	VlanMembership			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates	::SystemT	emplate::I	Fibex::Fibex4Ethernet::EthernetTopology
Note	Static logical channel or V	LAN bindi	ing to a sv	witch-port.
	The reference to an EthernetPhysicalChannel without a VLAN defined represents the handling of untagged frames.			
Base	ARObject			
Aggregated by	CouplingPort.vlanMembership			
Attribute	Type Mult. Kind Note			
defaultPriority	PositiveInteger	1	attr	Standard output-priority outgoing Frames will be tagged with.
				Defines the priority that received frames are assigned together with the VLAN Id (defaultVlan). The values from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest) are allowed.
				In case modifyVlan and an already tagged received frame, the actual priority of the received frame is not modified.



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Class	VlanMembership			
dhcpAddress Assignment	DhcpServer Configuration	01	aggr	Specifies the IP Address which will be assigned to a DHCP Client at this SwitchPort. If no dhcpAddress Assignment is provided all DHCP-Discover messages received at this Port will be discarded by the DHCP Server.
sendActivity	EthernetSwitchVlan EgressTaggingEnum	01	attr	 Attribute denotes whether a VLAN tagged ethernet frame will be 1. sent with its VLAN tag (sentTagged) 2. sent without a VLAN tag (sentUntagged) 3. will be dropped at this port (notSent or VLAN not member of this list)
vlan	EthernetPhysical Channel	1	ref	References a channel that represents a VLAN or an untagged channel.

Table D.129: VlanMembership



E History of Constraints and Specification Items

Please note that the lists in this chapter also include constraints and specification items that have been removed from the specification in a later version. These constraints and specification items do not appear as hyperlinks in the document.

E.1 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R17-03 (original version)

E.1.1 Created Constraints in R17-03

Number	Heading					
[constr_1473]	No support for PRPortPrototype					
[constr_1474]	SwDataDefProps applicable to ImplementationDataTypes exclusive to the AUTOSAR adaptive platform					
[constr_1475]	ImplementationDataType of category STRING is limited					
[constr_1476]	ImplementationDataType of category VECTOR is limited					
[constr_1477]	ImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP is limited					
[constr_1478]	SwDataDefProps applicable to ApplicationDataTypes exclusive to the AUTOSAR adaptive platform					
[constr_1479]	No support for certain values of ImplementationDataType.category					
[constr_1480]	Mutual existence of CompositionDataPrototypeRef.elementInImplDatatype vs. attributes of CompositionDataPrototypeRef.dataPrototype					
[constr_1481]	Usage of CompositionDataPrototypeRef in the AUTOSAR adaptive platform					
[constr_1482]	Mapping of service interfaces vs. mapping of service interface elements					
[constr_1483]	Applicability of a ServiceInterface					
[constr_1484]	Applicability of ModeDependentStartupConfig.executionDependency					
[constr_1485]	No subElement for ImplementationDataType of category STRING					
[constr_1486]	ImplementationDataType Of category STRING and SwBaseType					
[constr_1487]	Number of subElements of an ImplementationDataType of category ASSO-CIATIVE_MAP					
[constr_1488]	Initialization of a DataPrototype typed by an ApplicationAssocMapDataType					
[constr_1489]	Uniqueness of ApplicationAssocMapValueSpecification.mapElement- Tuple.key					
[constr_1490]	Allowed value of category for reference AdaptiveModuleInstantia- tion.process.executable					
[constr_1491]	Reference to ApplicationError					
[constr_1492]	SwComponentType referenced as Executable.rootSwComponentPrototype. applicationType					
[constr_1493]	ArgumentDataPrototype referenced in the role Application- Error.errorContext					



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Number	Heading			
[constr_1494]	Initial value for event			
[constr_1495]	Initial value for field			
[constr_1496]	DiagnosticServiceDataMapping.mappedApDataElement shall only refer to specific sub-classes of DataPrototype			
[constr_1497]	Attribute optionKind set to commandLineSimpleForm			
[constr_1498]	Attribute optionKind set to commandLineShortForm or commandLineLongForm			
[constr_1499]	TargetSwcServiceDependencyOfDiagnosticServiceSwMap-ping.mappedSwcServiceDependencyInExecutable			
[constr_1500]	TargetSwcServiceDependencyOfDiagnosticEventPortMap-ping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable			
[constr_1501]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable			
[constr_1502]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable			
[constr_1503]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticStorageConditionPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable			
[constr_1504]	Number of Process.modeDependentStartupConfig that refer to the same Mod- eDeclaration			
[constr_1505]	Number of Process.modeDependentStartupConfig that do not refer to a Mod- eDeclaration			
[constr_1507]	PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping is only applicable to ServiceInterface			
[constr_1508]	BaseTypeDirectDefinition.nativeDeclaration shall not be set to the value enum			
[constr_3320]	Aggregation of CommunicationConnector by Machine			
[constr_3287]	Mandatory information of a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance			
[constr_3288]	IP configuration restriction for unicastNetworkEndpoints			
[constr_3290]	Usage of ServiceInstancePortConfig defined for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance			
[constr_3291]	SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.portConfig aggregation restric- tion			
[constr_3293]	Mandatory information of a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance			
[constr_3296]	Usage of ServiceInstancePortConfig defined for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance			
[constr_5155]	SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping only supports a single Address Family			
[constr_3300]	Allowed ServiceMethodDeployment.method references			
[constr_3301]	Allowed ServiceEventDeployment.event references			
[constr_3302]	Allowed ServiceFieldDeployment.field references			
[constr_3303]	ANY not allowed for SomeipServiceInterface.serviceInterfaceVersion			
[constr_3304]	Value of attribute SomeipEventGroup.eventGroupId shall be unique			
[constr_3305]	Value of attribute SomeipEvent.eventId shall be unique			
[constr_3306]	Value of attribute SomeipMethod.methodId shall be unique			
[constr_5156]	SomeipEvent.transportProtocol setting to udp and the impact on Provided- SomeipServiceInstances			



Number	Heading			
[constr_3308]	SomeipEvent.transportProtocol setting to tcp and the impact on Provided-SomeipServiceInstanceS			
[constr_3309]	SomeipMethod.transportProtocol setting to udp and the impact on Provided-SomeipServiceInstanceS			
[constr_3310]	SomeipMethod.transportProtocol setting to tcp and the impact on Provided-SomeipServiceInstanceS			
[constr_3320]	Aggregation of CommunicationConnector by Machine			
[constr_3349]	Usage of ApplicationAssocMapDataType is limited			
[constr_3350]	Consistent value of category for AdaptiveAutosarApplications referencing an Executable			
[constr_3351]	SOME/IP segmentation allowed for udp SomeipEvents			
[constr_3352]	SOME/IP segmentation allowed for udp SomeipMethods			
[constr_3353]	Restriction in usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLength- Field			
[constr_3354]	Restriction in usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps.sizeOf- StructLengthField			
[constr_3355]	Restriction in usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps.sizeOfUnionLength- Field			
[constr_3356]	Restriction in usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps.alignment			
[constr_3357]	Restriction in usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps.sizeOfUnionTypeSe- lectorField			
[constr_3358]	Usage of PortPrototype and TransportLayerIndependentInstanceId to define the same Service Instance is not allowed.			
[constr_3359]	RPortPrototypeProps are related only to RPortPrototypeS.			
[constr_3360]	RPortPrototypeProps are related only to TransportLayerIndependentInstanceIds representing a consumer Service Instance.			
[constr_3361]	Selective definition of serialization settings.			
[constr_3362]	SomeipEvents aggregated by a SomeipField			
[constr_3363]	SomeipMethods aggregated by a SomeipField			

Table E.1: Added Constraints in original version

E.1.2 Created Specification Items in R17-03

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01000]	Definition of the term Manifest
[TPS_MANI_01001]	Meaning of ServiceInterface
[TPS_MANI_01002]	Semantics of a ServiceInterfaceMapping
[TPS_MANI_01003]	Limitations of the applicability of ServiceInterfaceMapping
[TPS_MANI_01004]	Semantics of ServiceInterface.namespace



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Number	Heading	
[TPS_MANI_01005]	The definition of the namespace of a ServiceInterface may follow a hier- archical pattern	
[TPS_MANI_01006]	Ordered definition of ServiceInterface.namespace	
[TPS_MANI_01007]	Service-oriented communication and service discovery	
[TPS_MANI_01008]	Semantics of AdaptiveAutosarApplication	
[TPS_MANI_01009]	Standardized values of AdaptiveAutosarApplication.category	
[TPS_MANI_01010]	Root element for a hierarchical software-component	
[TPS_MANI_01011]	Connection between application design and application deployment	
[TPS_MANI_01012]	Formal modeling of application startup behavior	
[TPS_MANI_01013]	Semantics of meta-class ModeDependentStartupConfig	
[TPS_MANI_01014]	Semantics of meta-class StartupConfigSet	
[TPS_MANI_01015]	Semantics of meta-class StartupOption	
[TPS_MANI_01016]	Category of ApplicationAssocMapDataType	
[TPS_MANI_01017]	Relation of startup configuration to resource groups	
[TPS_MANI_01018]	ImplementationDataType Of category VECTOR	
[TPS_MANI_01019]	Manifest content may apply to different aspects of the AUTOSAR adaptive platform	
[TPS_MANI_01020]	Serialization format of the <i>Manifest</i> in AUTOSAR	
[TPS_MANI_01021]	Serialization format of <i>Manifest</i> content on a machine	
[TPS_MANI_01022]	Concept behind ServiceInterfaceMapping	
[TPS_MANI_01024]	Semantics of ServiceInterfaceEventMapping	
[TPS_MANI_01025]	Semantics of ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping	
[TPS_MANI_01026]	Semantics of ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping	
[TPS_MANI_01027]	Semantics of ApplicationAssocMapDataType	
[TPS_MANI_01028]	ImplementationDataType Of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP	
[TPS_MANI_01029]	Usage of ImplementationDataType	
[TPS_MANI_01030]	ImplementationDataType Of category STRING	
[TPS_MANI_01031]	Semantics of CompositionDataPrototypeRef	
[TPS_MANI_01032]	Usage of ServiceInterfaceMapping	
[TPS_MANI_01033]	Semantics of ServiceInterface.event	
[TPS_MANI_01034]	Semantics of ServiceInterface.field	
[TPS_MANI_01035]	Semantics of ServiceInterface.method	
[TPS_MANI_01037]	Diagnostic data mapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform	
[TPS_MANI_01038]	Diagnostic software mapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform	
[TPS_MANI_01039]	Representation of provided service	
[TPS_MANI_01040]	Representation of required service	
[TPS_MANI_01041]	Startup configuration supports the definition of a launch dependency	
[TPS_MANI_01042]	Definition of a linear ImplementationDataType of category VECTOR	
[TPS_MANI_01043]	Definition of a rectangular ImplementationDataType of category VEC- TOR	



Number	Heading	
[TPS_MANI_01044]	Structure of an ImplementationDataType Of category ASSOCIATIVEMAP	
[TPS_MANI_01045]	Process.modeDependentStartupConfig that does not refer to a Mod- eDeclaration	
[TPS_MANI_01046]	Semantics of ModeDependentStartupConfig.machineMode	
[TPS_MANI_01047]	Existence of SwRecordLayout for an ApplicationPrimitiveDataType of category STRING	
[TPS_MANI_01048]	Mapping of DiagnosticEvent to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform	
[TPS_MANI_01049]	Mapping of DiagnosticOperationCycle to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform	
[TPS_MANI_01050]	Mapping of DiagnosticEnableCondition to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform	
[TPS_MANI_01051]	Mapping of DiagnosticStorageCondition to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform	
[TPS_MANI_01052]	Semantics of RPortPrototypeProps.portInstantiationBehavior	
[TPS_MANI_01053]	Usage of ComSpecs on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform	
[TPS_MANI_01054]	Definition of the queue length of an event	
[TPS_MANI_01055]	Semantics of ServiceInterface.possibleError	
[TPS_MANI_01056]	Semantics of ApplicationError.errorContext	
[TPS_MANI_01057]	Semantics of RPortPrototypeProps.searchIntention	
[TPS_MANI_01058]	Ability to create a mapping of ApplicationErrors aggregated in the role possibleError	
[TPS_MANI_01059]	Different values of optionKind within a StartupConfig.startupOption	
[TPS_MANI_01060]	Use cases for the application of DiagnosticServiceDataMapping	
[TPS_MANI_01061]	Requirements on scheduling	
[TPS_MANI_01062]	ImplementationDataType to generate a C++ enum	
[TPS_MANI_01063]	Sharing of ImplementationDataType with enumeration semantics	
[TPS_MANI_03000]	Mapping of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance to PortPrototypes	
[TPS_MANI_03001]	Mapping of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance to a Machine	
[TPS_MANI_03002]	IP configuration for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03003]	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance Fanout	
[TPS_MANI_03004]	IPv4 Multicast event destination address	
[TPS_MANI_03005]	IPv4 Multicast address range	
[TPS_MANI_03006]	IPv6 Multicast address range	
[TPS_MANI_03007]	Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for ProvidedSomeipServiceIn- stance	
[TPS_MANI_03008]	Tcp Transport Protocol Configuration for ProvidedSomeipServiceIn- stance	
[TPS_MANI_03009]	Tcp and Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for ProvidedSomeipServi- ceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03010]	Udp Transport Protocol Configuration in case of IP-Multicast	



Number	Heading	
[TPS_MANI_03011]	Server Timing configuration for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03012]	Initial Wait Phase configuration for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03013]	Repetition Wait Phase configuration for a ProvidedSomeipServiceIn- stance	
[TPS_MANI_03014]	Main Phase configuration for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03015]	TTL for Offer Service Entries	
[TPS_MANI_03016]	Servers RequestResponseDelay for received FindService entries	
[TPS_MANI_03017]	Server Capability Records	
[TPS_MANI_03018]	Usage of SomeipProvidedEventGroup.multicastThreshold	
[TPS_MANI_03019]	TTL for SubscribeEventGroupAck Entries	
[TPS_MANI_03020]	Servers RequestResponseDelay for received SubscribeEventGroup entries	
[TPS_MANI_03021]	Requirements on the service version from the client's point of view	
[TPS_MANI_03022]	Context of RequiredSomeipServiceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03023]	Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for RequiredSomeipServiceIn- stance	
[TPS_MANI_03024]	Tcp Transport Protocol Configuration for RequiredSomeipServiceIn- stance	
[TPS_MANI_03025]	Client Timing configuration for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03026]	Initial Wait Phase configuration for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03027]	Repetition Wait Phase configuration for a RequiredSomeipServiceIn- stance	
[TPS_MANI_03028]	TTL for Find Service Entries	
[TPS_MANI_03029]	Client Capability Records	
[TPS_MANI_03030]	SomeipSdClientEventGroupTimingConfig.timeToLive for Sub- scribeEventGroup Entries	
[TPS_MANI_03031]	Clients RequestResponseDelay for received ServiceOffer entries	
[TPS_MANI_03032]	Description of middleware technologies not standardized by AUTOSAR	
[TPS_MANI_03035]	Content of the Machine configuration	
[TPS_MANI_03036]	ServiceInterface deployment to a middleware transport layer	
[TPS_MANI_03037]	Purpose of ServiceMethodDeployment	
[TPS_MANI_03038]	Purpose of ServiceEventDeployment	
[TPS_MANI_03039]	Purpose of ServiceFieldDeployment	
[TPS_MANI_03040]	SOME/IP ServiceInterface binding	
[TPS_MANI_03041]	Definition of SOME/IP EventGroups	
[TPS_MANI_03042]	Definition of SOME/IP Service Version	
[TPS_MANI_03043]	SOME/IP VariableDataPrototype binding	
[TPS_MANI_03044]	SOME/IP ClientServerOperation binding	
[TPS_MANI_03045]	UserDefined ServiceInterface binding	
[TPS_MANI_03046]	User defined VariableDataPrototype binding	



Number	Heading	
[TPS_MANI_03047]	User defined ClientServerOperation binding	
[TPS_MANI_03048]	User defined Field binding	
[TPS_MANI_03049]	Tcp and Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for RequiredSomeipServi- ceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03050]	Tcp and Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for RequiredSomeipServi- ceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03051]	Usage of SomeipMethod.transportProtocol	
[TPS_MANI_03052]	Static IPv4 configuration	
[TPS_MANI_03053]	Static IPv6 configuration	
[TPS_MANI_03056]	Usage of SomeipEvent.transportProtocol	
[TPS_MANI_03057]	SOME/IP Field binding	
[TPS_MANI_03059]	RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.requiredServiceInstanceId	
[TPS_MANI_03061]	IPv6 Multicast event destination address	
[TPS_MANI_03064]	SOME/IP Service Discovery message exchange configuration	
[TPS_MANI_03065]	Hardware resources of the machine	
[TPS_MANI_03066]	Description of machine states	
[TPS_MANI_03067]	SOME/IP segmentation of udp SomeipEvents	
[TPS_MANI_03068]	SOME/IP segmentation of SomeipMethod Calls	
[TPS_MANI_03069]	SOME/IP segmentation of SomeipMethod Responses	
[TPS_MANI_03070]	Size of a length field for a chosen array	
[TPS_MANI_03071]	Size of a length field for a chosen structure	
[TPS_MANI_03072]	Size of a length field for a chosen union	
[TPS_MANI_03073]	Alignment of a dynamic DataPrototype	
[TPS_MANI_03074]	Size of a type selector field for a chosen union	
[TPS_MANI_03075]	Byte Order of chosen DataPrototype in the serialized data stream	
[TPS_MANI_03094]	Machine-specific platform configuration settings	
[TPS_MANI_03095]	Implementation-specific platform configuration settings	
[TPS_MANI_03096]	Machine-specific configuration settings for a generic module	
[TPS_MANI_03097]	Implementation-specific configuration settings for a generic module	
[TPS_MANI_03098]	Machine-specific configuration settings for the OS module	
[TPS_MANI_03099]	Implementation-specific configuration settings for the OS module	
[TPS_MANI_03100]	Transport layer independent TransportLayerIndependentInstanceIds	
[TPS_MANI_03101]	SOME/IP serialization	
[TPS_MANI_03102]	UserDefined serialization	
[TPS_MANI_03103]	Default size for all array length fields	
[TPS_MANI_03104]	Default size for all structure length fields	
[TPS_MANI_03105]	Default size for all union length fields	
[TPS_MANI_03106]	Default size for all union type selector fields	
[TPS_MANI_03107]	Default alignment for all dynamic DataPrototypes	



Number	Heading	
[TPS_MANI_03108]	Default Byte Order for all DataPrototypes	
[TPS_MANI_03109]	TransformationProps on the level of DataPrototypes overwrites TransformationProps settings on the level of a ServiceInterface	

Table E.2: Added Specification Items in original Version

E.2 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R17-10

E.2.1 Added Traceables in R17-10

Number	Heading	
[TPS_MANI_01064]	Semantics of attribute method.fireAndForget	
[TPS_MANI_01065]	Purpose of PersistencyKeyValueDatabaseInterface	
[TPS_MANI_01067]	Purpose of PersistencyFileProxyInterface	
[TPS_MANI_01068]	Semantics of PersistencyFileProxyInterface.maxNumberOfFiles	
[TPS_MANI_01069]	Further qualification of properties of PortPrototypes typed by PersistencyKeyValueDatabaseInterfaceS	
[TPS_MANI_01073]	Semantics of PortPrototype typed by PersistencyKeyValueDataba- seInterface	
[TPS_MANI_01074]	Specification of encryption of persistent data	
[TPS_MANI_01075]	Specification of redundancy of persistent data	
[TPS_MANI_01077]	Specification of file encryption	
[TPS_MANI_01078]	Semantics of PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueDatabaseMapping	
[TPS_MANI_01079]	Semantics of PersistencyKeyValueDatabase	
[TPS_MANI_01080]	Semantics of PersistencyFileProxyToFileMapping	
[TPS_MANI_01081]	Semantics of PortPrototype typed by PersistencyFileProxyInter- face	
[TPS_MANI_01082]	Eligibility of DataPrototypes for the definition of optionality	
[TPS_MANI_01083]	Optionality is supported for ApplicationDataType as well as ImplementationDataType	
[TPS_MANI_01084]	Optionality for a DataPrototype typed by an ApplicationDataType	
[TPS_MANI_01085]	Definition of optionality for a DataPrototype typed by an Implementa- tionDataType	
[TPS_MANI_01087]	Interaction with crypto software	
[TPS_MANI_01088]	Semantics of CryptoNeed	
[TPS_MANI_01089]	Relation between CryptoNeed and PortPrototype	
[TPS_MANI_01090]	Modeling of crypto software as a platform module	

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[TPS_MANI_01091]Semantics of CryptoJob[TPS_MANI_01092]Mapping between CryptoNeed and CryptoJob[TPS_MANI_01093]Semantics of CryptoDriver[TPS_MANI_01094]Scope of CryptoDriver[TPS_MANI_01095]Semantics of CryptoKeySlot[TPS_MANI_01096]Semantics of the CryptoPrimitive[TPS_MANI_01097]Assignment of TLV data ids for data structures with optional members	ate-	
[TPS_MANI_01093]Semantics of CryptoDriver[TPS_MANI_01094]Scope of CryptoDriver[TPS_MANI_01095]Semantics of CryptoKeySlot[TPS_MANI_01096]Semantics of the CryptoPrimitive[TPS_MANI_01097]Assignment of TLV data ids for data structures with optional members	ate-	
[TPS_MANI_01094] Scope of CryptoDriver [TPS_MANI_01095] Semantics of CryptoKeySlot [TPS_MANI_01096] Semantics of the CryptoPrimitive [TPS_MANI_01097] Assignment of TLV data ids for data structures with optional members	ate-	
[TPS_MANI_01095] Semantics of CryptoKeySlot [TPS_MANI_01096] Semantics of the CryptoPrimitive [TPS_MANI_01097] Assignment of TLV data ids for data structures with optional members	ate-	
[TPS_MANI_01096] Semantics of the CryptoPrimitive [TPS_MANI_01097] Assignment of TLV data ids for data structures with optional members	ate-	
[TPS_MANI_01097] Assignment of TLV data ids for data structures with optional members	ate-	
	ate-	
	ate-	
[TPS_MANI_01098] Constraints on the definition of an ImplementationDataType of c gory VECTOR		
[TPS_MANI_01099] Semantics of ImplementationDataTypeElementExtension		
[TPS_MANI_01100] Semantics of Allocator		
[TPS_MANI_01101] Size-constrained allocation of memory		
[TPS_MANI_01102] Specification of a namespace for an ImplementationDataType of c gory VECTOR	Specification of a namespace for an ImplementationDataType of cate- gory VECTOR	
[TPS_MANI_01103] Three-level approach to REST modeling		
[TPS_MANI_01105] Semantics of RestServiceInterface		
[TPS_MANI_01106] Specification of capabilities for the receiver of events or field notifier	rs	
[TPS_MANI_01107] Specification of capabilities for the sender of events or field notifiers	;	
[TPS_MANI_01108] Specification of capabilities for the caller of a methods or field setter/	Specification of capabilities for the caller of a methods or field setter/getter	
[TPS_MANI_01109] Semantics of UploadablePackageElement	Semantics of UploadablePackageElement	
[TPS_MANI_01110] Semantics of SoftwareCluster	Semantics of SoftwareCluster	
[TPS_MANI_01111] Diagnostic Address of a SoftwareCluster	Diagnostic Address of a SoftwareCluster	
[TPS_MANI_01112] Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign	Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign	
[TPS_MANI_01113] Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign.diagnosticAddress	Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign.diagnosticAddress	
[TPS_MANI_01114] Relation of DiagnosticContributionSet to SoftwareCluster		
[TPS_MANI_01115] Specification of executable software within SoftwareCluster		
	Reference to model elements included in an uploadable software package	
[TPS_MANI_01117] Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign.intendedTargetMachine	;	
[TPS_MANI_01118] Relation between SoftwareClusterDesign and DiagnosticCon butionSet	tri-	
[TPS_MANI_01119] Reference to model elements from SoftwareClusterDesign		
[TPS_MANI_01120] Recursive definition of RestResourceDef		
[TPS_MANI_01121] Semantics of RestResourceDef.endpoint		
[TPS_MANI_01122] Arguments to endpoints	Arguments to endpoints	
[TPS_MANI_01123] System Triggered Event		
[TPS_MANI_01124] Semantics of RestElementDef	Semantics of RestElementDef	
[TPS_MANI_01125] Properties of REST elements can either be primitive or have array sema	antics	
[TPS_MANI_01126] Definition of string properties		

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Number	Heading	
[TPS_MANI_01127]	Limited support for data semantics in RestAbstractNumericalProper- tyDef	
[TPS_MANI_01128]	Difference between RestIntegerPropertyDef and RestNumberPropertyDef	
[TPS_MANI_01129]	RestObjectRef is only needed for specific implementations of REST-based communication	
[TPS_MANI_01130]	Structure of a typical URI for a REST service	
[TPS_MANI_01131]	Impact of nested REST resources on the structure of REST URI	
[TPS_MANI_01132]	Semantics of CompositionDataPrototypeRef	
[TPS_MANI_01133]	Optional element of an event	
[TPS_MANI_01134]	Optional element in the context of a method	
[TPS_MANI_03110]	Allowed components in system description with category category SOFT- WARE_COMPONENT_SYSTEM_DESIGN_DESCRIPTION.	
[TPS_MANI_03111]	Mapping between method and operation	
[TPS_MANI_03112]	Mapping between an event and a dataElement	
[TPS_MANI_03113]	Mapping between a field and elements of Classic Platform PortInter- faces	
[TPS_MANI_03114]	Usage of AssemblySwConnectors in the System Design model	
[TPS_MANI_03115]	Mapping between a fire and forget method and elements of Classic Platform PortInterfaces	
[TPS_MANI_03116]	Size of a length field for a chosen string	
[TPS_MANI_03117]	Default size for all string length fields	
[TPS_MANI_03118]	Semantics of ServiceInterface.method with fireAndForget set to true	
[TPS_MANI_03119]	Default value for the attribute <pre>fireAndForget</pre> of meta-class ClientServerOperation	
[TPS_MANI_03120]	Signal-based ServiceInterface binding	
[TPS_MANI_03121]	Signal-based VariableDataPrototype binding	
[TPS_MANI_03122]	Signal-based Field binding	
[TPS_MANI_03123]	Signal-based ClientServerOperation binding	
[TPS_MANI_03124]	SignalBasedEventDeployment to ISignalTriggering mapping	
[TPS_MANI_03125]	SignalBasedMethodDeployment to ISignalTriggerings mapping	
[TPS_MANI_03126]	SignalBasedFieldDeployment to ISignalTriggerings mapping	
[TPS_MANI_03127]	Usage of End2EndEventProtectionProps	
[TPS_MANI_03128]	Usage of same dataId in case of Multi-Binding	
	E2E profile	
[TPS_MANI_03129]	E2E profile	
[TPS_MANI_03129] [TPS_MANI_03130]	E2E profile Standardized E2EProfileConfiguration.profileName values	
,		
[TPS_MANI_03130]	Standardized E2EProfileConfiguration.profileName values	
[TPS_MANI_03130] [TPS_MANI_03131]	Standardized E2EProfileConfiguration.profileName values Non-Standardized E2EProfileConfiguration.profileName values	



Number	Heading	
[TPS_MANI_03135]	Configuration of TLS PSK Identity	
[TPS_MANI_03136]	Configuration of requirements for the TLS cryptographic job	
[TPS_MANI_03137]	ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.dataId and Servi- ceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.freshnessValueId are not relevant in case of TLS communication	
[TPS_MANI_03138]	SecOC Security Profile	
[TPS_MANI_03139]	Standardized SecOC Security Profiles	
[TPS_MANI_03140]	Non-Standardized SecOC Security Profiles	
[TPS_MANI_03141]	Mapping between SecOcJobRequirement and CryptoJob	
[TPS_MANI_03142]	Mapping between TlsJobRequirement and CryptoJob	
[TPS_MANI_03143]	Mapping between PresharedKeyIdentity and CryptoKeySlot	
[TPS_MANI_03144]	C++ language binding of ImplementationDataTypes of category STRING	
[TPS_MANI_03145]	Description of a function group	
[TPS_MANI_03146]	Configuration of timeouts for a selected machine state or function group state	
[TPS_MANI_03147]	Mapping of a Process to a Machine	
[TPS_MANI_03148]	Description of Core affinity	
[TPS_MANI_03149]	Definition of a start-up timeout for a Process	
[TPS_MANI_03150]	Definition of a termination timeout for a Process	
[TPS_MANI_03151]	Default value for termination timeout	
[TPS_MANI_03152]	Assignment of a StateDependentStartupConfig to a function group state	
[TPS_MANI_03153]	Semantics of ModeDependentStartupConfig.functionGroupMode	
[TPS_MANI_03500]	Definition of platform health management checkpoints	
[TPS_MANI_03501]	Definition of platform health management supervised entities	
[TPS_MANI_03502]	Enabling of PlatformHealthManagementContribution on a Machine	
[TPS_MANI_03503]	Applicability of supervision to a specific Process	
[TPS_MANI_03504]	Existence of SupervisionEntity	
[TPS_MANI_03505]	Existence of PhmCheckpoint	
[TPS_MANI_03506]	Optionality of SupervisionEntity and PhmCheckpoint	
[TPS_MANI_03508]	Definition of an AliveSupervision for a PhmCheckpoint	
[TPS_MANI_03509]	Definition of a CheckpointTransition	
[TPS_MANI_03510]	Definition of LogicalSupervision	
[TPS_MANI_03511]	Definition of DeadlineSupervision	
[TPS_MANI_03512]	Applicability of global supervision to a specific Process	
[TPS_MANI_03513]	Collection of SupervisionEntitys into a global supervision	
[TPS_MANI_03514]	Expiration tolerance for GlobalSupervisionEntity	
[TPS_MANI_03515]	Expiration tolerance for SupervisionEntity	
[TPS_MANI_03516]	Condition evaluation for HealthChannelSupervision	
[TPS_MANI_03517]	Condition evaluation for HealthChannelExternalMode	



Number	Heading		
[TPS_MANI_03518]	LogicalExpression definition		
[TPS_MANI_03519]	Rule definition		
[TPS_MANI_03520]	Execution of PhmActionList with actionListExecu- tion=triggeredOnEvaluation		
[TPS_MANI_03521]	Execution of PhmActionList with actionListExecu- tion=triggeredOnChange		
[TPS_MANI_03522]	Definition of actions for application software		
[TPS_MANI_03523]	Definition of actions for Platform Instance		
[TPS_MANI_03524]	Definition of actions for Watchdog		

Table E.3: Added Traceables in R17-10

E.2.2 Changed Traceables in R17-10

Number	Heading	
[TPS MANI 01004]		
	Semantics of ServiceInterface.namespace	
[TPS_MANI_01006]	Ordered definition of ServiceInterface.namespace	
[TPS_MANI_01017]	Relation of startup configuration to resource group	
[TPS_MANI_01018]	ImplementationDataType Of category VECTOR	
[TPS_MANI_01030]	ImplementationDataType Of category STRING	
[TPS_MANI_03000]	Mapping of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance to PortPrototypes	
[TPS_MANI_03007]	Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for ProvidedSomeipServiceIn- stance	
[TPS_MANI_03008]	Tcp Transport Protocol Configuration for ProvidedSomeipServiceIn- stance	
[TPS_MANI_03009]	Tcp and Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for ProvidedSomeipServi- ceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03010]	Udp Transport Protocol Configuration in case of IP-Multicast	
[TPS_MANI_03018]	Usage of SomeipProvidedEventGroup.multicastThreshold	
[TPS_MANI_03023]	Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for RequiredSomeipServiceIn- stance	
[TPS_MANI_03024]	Tcp Transport Protocol Configuration for RequiredSomeipServiceIn- stance	
[TPS_MANI_03049]	Tcp and Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for RequiredSomeipServi- ceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03101]	SOME/IP serialization	
[TPS_MANI_03102]	UserDefined serialization	
[TPS_MANI_03103]	Default size for all array length fields	
[TPS_MANI_03104]	Default size for all structure length fields	
[TPS_MANI_03105]	Default size for all union length fields	



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Number	Heading	
[TPS_MANI_03106]	Default size for all union type selector fields	
[TPS_MANI_03107]	Default alignment for all dynamic DataPrototypes	
[TPS_MANI_03108]	Default Byte Order for all DataPrototypes	
[TPS_MANI_03109]	TransformationProps on the level of DataPrototypes overwrites TransformationProps settings on the level of a ServiceInterface	

Table E.4: Changed Traceables in R17-10

E.2.3 Deleted Traceables in R17-10

Number	Heading		
[TPS_MANI_03100]	Transport layer	independent	TransportLayerIndependentInstan-

Table E.5: Deleted Traceables in R17-10

E.2.4 Added Constraints in R17-10

Number	Heading
[constr_1522]	Semantics of ClientServerOperation.possibleError
[constr_1524]	Standardized values of PersistencyFileProxyInterface.category
[constr_1525]	Standardized values of PersistencyFile.category
[constr_1526]	Values of PersistencyFileArray.file.category
[constr_1527]	ImplementationDataTypeElement finally referenced as the target element in the context of an ImplementationDataTypeElementInAutosarDataProto-typeRef
[constr_1528]	Definition of optionality for multiple DataPrototypes typed by the same Autosar-DataType
[constr_1529]	Standardized values of CryptoNeed.category
[constr_1530]	Standardized values of CryptoPrimitive.algorithmFamily and Cryp- toKeySlot.algorithmFamily
[constr_1531]	Standardized values of CryptoPrimitive.algorithmMode
[constr_1532]	Consistent assignment of TLV data ids to data structures with optional members
[constr_1533]	Applicability of ImplementationDataTypeElementExtension
[constr_1534]	Existence of DiagnosticSoftwareClusterProps
[constr_1535]	Existence of DiagnosticSoftwareClusterProps in the context of a Diagnos- ticContributionSet
[constr_1536]	Definition of SoftwareCluster applies for a single Machine



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Number	Heading
[constr_1537]	Consistent assignment of TLV data ids to arguments of a given ClientServerOp- eration
[constr_1542]	No nested definition of SoftwareCluster
[constr_1543]	Only one physical address per SoftwareCluster
[constr_3366]	System category for a system description with Adaptive Platform components
[constr_3367]	FieldMapping.notifierDataElement reference
[constr_3368]	FieldMapping.getterOperation reference
[constr_3369]	FieldMapping.setterOperation reference
[constr_3370]	InterfaceMapping shall map all elements of a single ServiceInterface
[constr_3371]	Mutually exclusive existence of FireAndForgetMapping.dataElement reference and FireAndForgetMapping.trigger reference
[constr_3372]	RestrictioninusageofApSomeipTransformationProps.sizeOf-StringLengthField
[constr_3374]	method with attribute fireAndForget set to true shall not have any inout or out arguments
[constr_3375]	<pre>method with attribute fireAndForget set to true shall not reference an Appli- cationError</pre>
[constr_3376]	FireAndForgetMapping shall reference only fire and forget methods
[constr_3377]	Restriction of ISignalTriggering references in SignalBasedField- ToISignalTriggeringMapping
[constr_3380]	End2EndEventProtectionProps shall not reference an event and a notifier at the same time
[constr_3387]	Compatibility of PortPrototypes of different ServiceInterfaces
[constr_3388]	Compatibility of events
[constr_3389]	Compatibility of methods
[constr_3390]	Compatibility of fields
[constr_3391]	ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig references to ServiceInter- faceDeployment elements
[constr_3392]	ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.dataId and ServiceInter- faceElementSecureComConfig.freshnessValueId are mandatory in case of SecOC communication
[constr_3393]	Usage of shallRunOn and shallNotRunOn references
[constr_3394]	Default value for start-up timeout on the Machine is not configurable
[constr_3395]	TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping is restricted to one single ServiceInterface
[constr_3396]	Number of Process.modeDependentStartupConfig that refer to the same functionGroupMode
[constr_3397]	$\label{eq:model} \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
[constr_3398]	ModeDependentStartupConfig that refers to function group modes of different function groups
[constr_3527]	LogicalExpression referenced by one PhmRule

 Table E.6: Added Constraints in R17-10



E.2.5 Changed Constraints in R17-10

Number	Heading
[constr_1486]	ImplementationDataType of category STRING and SwBaseType
[constr_1490]	Allowed value of category for reference ProcessToMachineMapping.process. executable
[constr_3290]	Transport Protocol attributes defined for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance
[constr_3296]	Transport Protocol attributes defined for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance
[constr_3307]	SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol setting to udp and the impact On ProvidedSomeipServiceInstanceS
[constr_3308]	SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol setting to tcp and the impact On ProvidedSomeipServiceInstanceS
[constr_3309]	SomeipMethodDeployment.transportProtocol setting to udp and the impact On ProvidedSomeipServiceInstanceS
[constr_3310]	SomeipMethodDeployment.transportProtocol setting to tcp and the impact On ProvidedSomeipServiceInstanceS
[constr_3361]	Selective definition of serialization settings

Table E.7: Changed Constraints in R17-10

E.2.6 Deleted Constraints in R17-10

Number	Heading	
[constr_3291]	SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.portConfig aggregation re- striction	
[constr_3358]	Usage of PortPrototype and TransportLayerIndependentInstanceId to define the same Service Instance is not allowed	
[constr_3360]	RPortPrototypeProps are related only to TransportLayerIndependentIn- stanceIds representing a consumer Service Instance	

 Table E.8: Deleted Constraints in R17-10



E.3 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R18-03

E.3.1 Added Traceables in R18-03

[TPS_MANI_01135] [TPS_MANI_01136]	SemanticsofPersistencyKeyValueDatabaseInter-face.dataTypeForSerializationAutosarDataPrototype is the target of the CompositionDataProto-
[TPS_MANI_01136]	AutosarDataPrototype is the target of the CompositionDataProto-
	typeRef
[TPS_MANI_01137]	Applicable use cases for CompositionDataPrototypeRef
[TPS_MANI_01138]	SemanticsofPersistencyKeyValueDatabaseInter-face.dataElement
[TPS_MANI_01139]	SemanticsofPersistencyKeyValueDatabaseInter-face.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01140]	Semantics of PersistencyDataElement.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01141]	Semantics of PersistencyFileProxyInterface.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01142]	Semantics of PersistencyFileProxy
[TPS_MANI_01143]	Semantics of PersistencyFileProxy.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01144]	Semantics of PersistencyKeyValuePair
[TPS_MANI_01146]	Initial value for PersistencyKeyValuePair
[TPS_MANI_01147]	Semantics of PersistencyKeyValueDatabase.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01148]	Semantics of PersistencyKeyValuePair.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01149]	Semantics of PersistencyFileArray.file
[TPS_MANI_01150]	Semantics of PersistencyFileArray
[TPS_MANI_01151]	Semantics of PersistencyFileArray.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01152]	Semantics of PersistencyFile.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01154]	PersistencyFileArray.updateStrategy overrides Persistency- FileProxyInterface.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01155]	PersistencyKeyValueDatabase.updateStrategy Overrides Persis- tencyKeyValueDatabaseInterface.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01156]	PersistencyKeyValuePair.updateStrategy overrides Persisten- cyKeyValueDatabase.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01157]	Semantics of updateStrategy on collection level
[TPS_MANI_01158]	PersistencyFile.updateStrategy overrides PersistencyFileAr- ray.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01159]	Semantics of updateStrategy on element level
[TPS_MANI_01160]	Definition of initial value for PersistencyDataElement
[TPS_MANI_01161]	Impact of values of category on the semantics of SoftwareClusterDe- sign
[TPS_MANI_01162]	Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign.dependsOn



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01163]	Impact of values of category on the semantics of SoftwareCluster
[TPS_MANI_01164]	Semantics of SoftwareCluster.dependsOn
[TPS_MANI_01165]	Standardized value of UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment. category
[TPS_MANI_01166]	Semantics of CppImplementationDataType
[TPS_MANI_01167]	AbstractImplementationDataType
[TPS_MANI_01168]	Specification of a namespace for a CppImplementationDataType
[TPS_MANI_01169]	Support for template data types
[TPS_MANI_01170]	Semantics of CppTemplateArgument.isVariadicTemplate
[TPS_MANI_01171]	Modeling of structured data types
[TPS_MANI_01172]	Description of type references in the scope of CppImplementation- DataType
[TPS_MANI_01173]	Description of type references in the scope of CppImplementation- DataTypeElement
[TPS_MANI_01174]	Semantics of reference in the role CppTemplateArgument.templateType
[TPS_MANI_01175]	Semantics of reference in the role CppTemplateArgument.allocator
[TPS_MANI_01176]	Standardized value for attribute CppImplementationDataType.type- Emitter
[TPS_MANI_01177]	Semantics of CppImplementationDataType.typeEmitter
[TPS_MANI_01178]	Semantics of RestHttpPortPrototypeMapping.acceptsEncoding
[TPS_MANI_01179]	Semantics of PersistencyFileProxy.contentUri/PersistencyFile. contentUri VS. PersistencyFileArray.uri and Persistency- FileProxy.fileName/PersistencyFile.fileName
[TPS_MANI_01180]	Collection of data types that requires serialization support
[TPS_MANI_01181]	Use cases for the application of DiagnosticServiceSwMapping
[TPS_MANI_01182]	PersistencyKeyValuePair.updateStrategy overrides Persisten- cyDataElement.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01183]	PersistencyFile.updateStrategy overrides Persistency- FileProxy.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_03154]	$\label{eq:providedSomeipServiceInstance} \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
[TPS_MANI_03155]	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance related configuration settings for methods
[TPS_MANI_03156]	RequiredSomeipServiceInstance related configuration settings for methodS
[TPS_MANI_03157]	Enabling of data accumulation for upd data transmission
[TPS_MANI_03158]	Configuration of a data accumulation on a ProvidedServiceInstance for transmission over udp
[TPS_MANI_03159]	Configuration of a data accumulation on a RequiredSomeipServiceIn- stance for transmission over udp
[TPS_MANI_03160]	Log and Trace configuration options in the Application Manifest
[TPS_MANI_03161]	Log and Trace configuration options in the Service Instance Manifest



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_03162]	Machine-specific configuration settings for the Log and Trace functional cluster
[TPS_MANI_03163]	Network configuration for Log and Trace messages
[TPS_MANI_03164]	Machine-specific configuration settings for DoIP
[TPS_MANI_03165]	Network configuration for DoIP
[TPS_MANI_03166]	Machine-specific configuration settings for NM module
[TPS_MANI_03167]	Network configuration for Nm
[TPS_MANI_03168]	Configuration of the SOME/IP load balancing option
[TPS_MANI_03169]	CppImplementationDataType with fixed size array semantics
[TPS_MANI_03170]	CppImplementationDataType Of category ARRAY
[TPS_MANI_03171]	Value type of a CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY
[TPS_MANI_03172]	Size of a CppImplementationDataType of category ARRAY
[TPS_MANI_03173]	multidimensional Array
[TPS_MANI_03174]	CppImplementationDataType with variable size array semantics
[TPS_MANI_03175]	CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR
[TPS_MANI_03176]	Value type of a CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR
[TPS_MANI_03177]	multidimensional Vector
[TPS_MANI_03178]	CppImplementationDataType of category STRING
[TPS_MANI_03179]	C++ language binding of CppImplementationDataTypes of category STRING
[TPS_MANI_03180]	Definition of Structures
[TPS_MANI_03181]	Definition of members in CppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE
[TPS_MANI_03182]	Definition of members in CppImplementationDataTypeElement of category STRUCTURE
[TPS_MANI_03183]	CppImplementationDataType Of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP
[TPS_MANI_03184]	CppImplementationDataType Of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP
[TPS_MANI_03185]	Structure of an CppImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIA-TIVE_MAP
[TPS_MANI_03186]	Usage of arraySize in case of a Vector
[TPS_MANI_03187]	Definition of enumeration types
[TPS_MANI_03188]	Usage of an Allocator for a CppImplementationDataType of category STRING
[TPS_MANI_03189]	Definition of CppImplementationDataType of category VARIANT
[TPS_MANI_03190]	CppImplementationDataType Of category VARIANT
[TPS_MANI_03191]	Definition of type alternatives stored in a VARIANT
[TPS_MANI_03192]	CppImplementationDataType of category VALUE
[TPS_MANI_03193]	CppImplementationDataType Or CppImplementationDataTypeEle- ment Of category TYPE_REFERENCE
[TPS_MANI_03194]	Function Group State
[TPS_MANI_03195]	Off state in Function Group



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_03196]	Semantics of CppImplementationDataTypeElementQuali- fier.anonymous attribute
[TPS_MANI_03525]	DDS ServiceInterface binding
[TPS_MANI_03526]	DDS VariableDataPrototype binding
[TPS_MANI_03527]	Definition of ProvidedDdsServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03528]	Definition of ProvidedDdsEventQosProps
[TPS_MANI_03529]	Definition of RequiredDdsServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03530]	Definition of RequiredDdsEventQosProps
[TPS_MANI_03531]	<pre>qosProfile of ProvidedDdsEventQosProps is optional</pre>
[TPS_MANI_03532]	<pre>qosProfile of RequiredDdsEventQosProps is optional</pre>
[TPS_MANI_03533]	DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping
[TPS_MANI_03534]	Definition of Platform Health Management Health Channel
[TPS_MANI_03535]	Definition of Time Synchronization interaction
[TPS_MANI_03536]	Time Synchronization interaction in a master role
[TPS_MANI_03537]	Time Synchronization interaction in a slave role
[TPS_MANI_03538]	Time Synchronization interaction with a local Time Base
[TPS_MANI_03539]	Definition of Time Bases
[TPS_MANI_03540]	Definition of PureLocalTimeBase
[TPS_MANI_03541]	Definition of SynchronizedSlaveTimeBase
[TPS_MANI_03542]	Definition of SynchronizedMasterTimeBase
[TPS_MANI_03543]	Definition of time sync correction attributes
[TPS_MANI_03544]	Definition of PlatformHealthManagementContribution
[TPS_MANI_03545]	Existence of HealthChannelExternalStatus
[TPS_MANI_03546]	Definition of reported health status RPortPrototype
[TPS_MANI_03547]	Definition of offset time domains
[TPS_MANI_03548]	Definition of TimeSyncPortPrototypeToTimeBaseMapping
[TPS_MANI_03549]	Usage of RPortPrototype for the interaction with Time Synchronization
[TPS_MANI_03550]	Usage of RPortPrototype for the interaction with Platform Health Management
[TPS_MANI_03551]	Definition of Time Base kind
[TPS_MANI_03552]	Supervision cycle for GlobalSupervision

 Table E.9: Added Traceables in R18-03



E.3.2 Changed Traceables in R18-03

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01006]	Ordered definition of ServiceInterface.namespace
[TPS_MANI_01008]	Semantics of ExecutableGroup
[TPS_MANI_01009]	Standardized values of ExecutableGroup.category
[TPS_MANI_01013]	Semantics of meta-class ModeDependentStartupConfig
[TPS_MANI_01017]	Relation of startup configuration to resource group
[TPS_MANI_01041]	Startup configuration supports the definition of a launch sequence depen- dency
[TPS_MANI_01042]	Definition of a linear ImplementationDataType of category VECTOR
[TPS_MANI_01044]	Structure of an ImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIA-TIVE_MAP
[TPS_MANI_01060]	Use cases for the application of DiagnosticServiceDataMapping
[TPS_MANI_01068]	Semantics of PersistencyFileProxyInterface.maxNumberOfFiles
[TPS_MANI_01069]	Further qualification of properties of PortPrototypes typed by PersistencyKeyValueDatabaseInterfaceS
[TPS_MANI_01075]	Specification of redundancy of persistent data
[TPS_MANI_01078]	Semantics of PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueDatabaseMapping
[TPS_MANI_01080]	Semantics of PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileArrayMapping
[TPS_MANI_01097]	Assignment of TLV data ids for data structures with optional members
[TPS_MANI_01100]	Semantics of Allocator
[TPS_MANI_01109]	Semantics of UploadablePackageElement
[TPS_MANI_01112]	Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign
[TPS_MANI_01113]	Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign.diagnosticAddress
[TPS_MANI_01116]	Reference to model elements included in an uploadable software package
[TPS_MANI_01117]	Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign.intendedTargetMachine
[TPS_MANI_01118]	Relation between SoftwareClusterDesign and DiagnosticContributionSet
[TPS_MANI_01119]	Reference to model elements from SoftwareClusterDesign
[TPS_MANI_01133]	Optional element of an event
[TPS_MANI_01134]	Optional element in the context of a method
[TPS_MANI_03001]	Mapping of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance to a MachineDesign
[TPS_MANI_03002]	IP configuration for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03003]	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance Fanout
[TPS_MANI_03022]	Context of RequiredSomeipServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03110]	Allowed components in system description with category SYS-TEM_DESIGN_DESCRIPTION.
[TPS_MANI_03114]	Usage of AssemblySwConnectors in the System Design model
[TPS_MANI_03145]	Description of a function group



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_03152]	Assignment of a ModeDependentStartupConfig to a function group state
[TPS_MANI_03153]	Semantics of ModeDependentStartupConfig.functionGroupMode
[TPS_MANI_03500]	Definition of Platform Health Management Supervision and Checkpoints
[TPS_MANI_03503]	Applicability of supervision to a specific Process
[TPS_MANI_03505]	Existence of SupervisionCheckpoint
[TPS_MANI_03506]	Optionality of SupervisionCheckpoint
[TPS_MANI_03508]	Definition of an AliveSupervision for a SupervisionCheckpoint
[TPS_MANI_03509]	Definition of a CheckpointTransition
[TPS_MANI_03510]	Definition of LogicalSupervision
[TPS_MANI_03512]	Applicability of global supervision to a specific Process
[TPS_MANI_03513]	Collection of LocalSupervisions into a global supervision
[TPS_MANI_03514]	Expiration tolerance for GlobalSupervision
[TPS_MANI_03515]	Expiration tolerance for LocalSupervision
[TPS_MANI_03516]	Condition evaluation for HealthChannelSupervision
[TPS_MANI_03517]	Condition evaluation for HealthChannelExternalStatus

Table E.10: Changed Traceables in R18-03

E.3.3 Deleted Traceables in R18-03

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01031]	Semantics of CompositionDataPrototypeRef
[TPS_MANI_01045]	Process.modeDependentStartupConfig that does not refer to a Mod- eDeclaration
[TPS_MANI_01132]	Semantics of CompositionDataPrototypeRef
[TPS_MANI_03019]	TTL for SubscribeEventGroupAck Entries
[TPS_MANI_03501]	Definition of platform health management supervised entities
[TPS_MANI_03504]	Existence of SupervisionEntity

Table E.11: Deleted Traceables in R18-03



E.3.4 Added Constraints in R18-03

[constr_1547] Re [constr_1548] Re [constr_1548] Value [constr_1550] Re [constr_1550] Re [constr_1551] Ex [constr_1553] Re [constr_1554] Re [constr_1554] Re [constr_1554] Re [constr_1555] Re [constr_1556] Re [constr_1557] St	Existence of attributes of ServiceInterfaceSubElement Reference from ImplementationDataTypeExtension to Implementation- mataType Reference from ImplementationDataTypeElementExtension to Implemen- mationDataTypeElement Value of ProcessorCore.coreId Reference from Process to ProcessDesign Existence of CompositionDataPrototypeRef.dataPrototype VS. Composi- mionDataPrototypeRef.elementInImplDatatype Restriction for ProcessToMachineMapping Restriction regarding PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValue- matabaseMapping.portPrototype Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileArrayMap- ming.portPrototype	
[constr_1548] Date [constr_1548] Ref [constr_1549] Val [constr_1550] Ref [constr_1551] Example [constr_1553] Ref [constr_1554] Ref [constr_1554] Ref [constr_1555] Ref [constr_1556] Ref [constr_1556] Ref [constr_1556] Ref [constr_1557] St	PataTypeReference from ImplementationDataTypeElementExtension to Implemen- ationDataTypeElement/alue of ProcessorCore.coreIdReference from Process to ProcessDesignExistence of CompositionDataPrototypeRef.dataPrototype VS. Composi- ionDataPrototypeRef.elementInImplDatatypeRestriction for ProcessToMachineMappingRestriction regarding PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValueRestriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValue- patabaseMapping.portPrototypeRestriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileArrayMap-	
[constr_1549] ta [constr_1549] Va [constr_1550] Ra [constr_1551] Example [constr_1553] Ra [constr_1554] Ra [constr_1555] Ra [constr_1555] Ra [constr_1556] Ra [constr_1556] Ra [constr_1557] St	ActionDataTypeElement /alue of ProcessorCore.coreId Reference from Process to ProcessDesign Existence of CompositionDataPrototypeRef.dataPrototype VS. Composi- ionDataPrototypeRef.elementInImplDatatype Restriction for ProcessToMachineMapping Restriction regarding PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValue- patabaseMapping.portPrototype Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileArrayMap-	
[constr_1550] Ref [constr_1551] Example [constr_1553] Ref [constr_1554] Ref [constr_1555] Ref [constr_1556] Ref [constr_1556] Ref [constr_1556] Ref [constr_1556] Ref [constr_1557] St	Reference from Process to ProcessDesign Existence of CompositionDataPrototypeRef.dataPrototype VS. CompositionDataPrototypeRef.elementInImplDatatype Restriction for ProcessToMachineMapping Restriction regarding PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValue- patabaseMapping.portPrototype Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileArrayMap-	
[constr_1551] Example [constr_1553] Ref [constr_1554] Ref [constr_1555] Ref [constr_1556] Ref [constr_1556] Ref [constr_1556] St	Existence of CompositionDataPrototypeRef.dataPrototype VS. CompositionDataPrototypeRef.elementInImplDatatypeSestriction for ProcessToMachineMappingRestriction regarding PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValueRestriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValue- DatabaseMapping.portPrototypeRestriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileArrayMap-	
[constr_1553] Rd [constr_1553] Rd [constr_1554] Rd [constr_1555] Rd [constr_1556] Rd [constr_1556] Rd [constr_1557] St	<pre>ionDataPrototypeRef.elementInImplDatatype Restriction for ProcessToMachineMapping Restriction regarding PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValue- patabaseMapping.portPrototype Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileArrayMap-</pre>	
[constr_1554] Re [constr_1555] Re [constr_1555] Re [constr_1556] Re [constr_1557] St	Restriction regarding PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValue- DatabaseMapping.portPrototype Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileArrayMap-	
[constr_1555] Re Da [constr_1556] Re p= [constr_1557] St	Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValue- DatabaseMapping.portPrototype Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileArrayMap-	
[constr_1555] Da [constr_1556] Re pi [constr_1557] St	PatabaseMapping.portPrototype Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileArrayMap-	
[constr_1557] pi		
	Standardized values of SoftwareClusterDesign.category and Soft- vareCluster.category	
[constr_1558] Ex	Existence of SoftwareClusterDesign.diagnosticAddress	
[constr_1559] Ex	xistence of SoftwareClusterDesign.subSoftwareCluster	
[constr_1560] Us	Usage of SoftwareClusterDesign.requiredARElement	
	xistence of SoftwareClusterDesign.subSoftwareCluster and Soft- vareClusterDesign.dependsOn.dependentSoftwareClusterDesign	
[constr_1562] Ex	xistence of SoftwareClusterDesign.diagnosticContribution	
160050 13031 1	Standardized values of SoftwareClusterDesign.category and Soft-	
[constr_1564] Ex	xistence of SoftwareCluster.diagnosticAddress	
[constr_1565] Ex	xistence of SoftwareCluster.subSoftwareCluster	
[constr_1566] Us	Jsage of SoftwareCluster.containedARElement	
ICONSTR 156/1	xistence of SoftwareCluster.subSoftwareCluster and SoftwareClus- er.dependsOn.dependentSoftwareCluster	
[constr_1568] Ex	xistence of SoftwareCluster.diagnosticExtract	
ICONSTR LODGI	Restriction for the scope of RestHttpPortPrototypeMap- bing.acceptsEncoding	
	Restriction for UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment of category SERVICE_INTERFACE_DEPLOYMENT_IPC	
[constr_1571] C _F	<pre>CppImplementationDataType is limited</pre>	
[constr_1573] Cr	Jsage of SwDataDefProps.implementationDataType within a CppImplemen- .ationDataType	



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Number	Heading
[constr_1574]	Number of CppTemplateArguments with isVariadicTemplate set to True
[constr_1575]	Position of CppTemplateArgument with isVariadicTemplate set to True
[constr_1576]	Existence of CppTemplateArgument.templateType VS. CppTemplateArgument.allocator
[constr_1577]	Specification of a nativeDeclaration for a CppImplementationDataType
[constr_1578]	applicable data categories
[constr_1579]	SwDataDefProps applicable to CppImplementationDataTypes exclusive to the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[constr_1580]	Restriction for the usage of RestHttpPortPrototypeMap- ping.acceptsEncoding
[constr_1581]	Value of fileProxy.fileName
[constr_1582]	PersistencyKeyValuePair.valueDataType shall match to Implementa- tionDataType for the corresponding PersistencyDataElement
[constr_1585]	Standardized values of attribute DiagnosticServiceSwMapping.category
[constr_1586]	DiagnosticServiceSwMapping.category set to DATA_ELEMENT
[constr_1587]	DiagnosticServiceSwMapping.category set to DATA_IDENTIFIER
[constr_1588]	DiagnosticServiceSwMapping.category set to GENERIC_UDS_SERVICE
[constr_1589]	Value of file.fileName
[constr_3408]	Value range of SomeipEventDeployment.eventId
[constr_3409]	Value range of SomeipMethodDeployment.methodId
[constr_3410]	Value range of SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceI
[constr_3411]	eventMulticastUdpPort, ipv4MulticastIpAddress and ipv6MulticastIpAddress not rel evant for RequiredSomeipServiceInstances
[constr_3412]	OsModuleInstantiation shall have at least one ResourceGroup
[constr_3413]	ModeDependentStartupConfig of a Process is mapped to exactly one Re- sourceGroup
[constr_3414]	Allowed usage of EthernetNetworkConfiguration attributes
[constr_3415]	Value range of loadBalancingPriority
[constr_3416]	Value range of loadBalancingWeight
[constr_3417]	UserDefinedEventDeployments aggregated by a UserDefinedFieldDeployment
[constr_3418]	UserDefinedMethodDeployment s aggregated by a UserDefinedFieldDe- ployment
[constr_3419]	Allowed usage of EthernetNetworkConfiguration attributes
[constr_3420]	System category for a design description that has one single Adaptive Machine in scope
[constr_3421]	Fibex elements applicable for a MACHINE_DESIGN_EXTRACT
[constr_3422]	CppImplementationDataType of category STRING and SwBaseType
[constr_3423]	ModeDependentStartupConfig of a Process shall reference a function- GroupMode Or machineMode
	ModeDependentStartupConfig shall never reference the functionGroupMode



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Number	Heading
[constr_3425]	Restriction of DolpInstantiations on a Machine
[constr_3426]	The logTraceFilePath is mandatory in case that logTraceLogMode is set to file
[constr_3427]	The logTraceFilePath is only relevant if logTraceLogMode is set to file
[constr_3428]	Structure shall own at least one element
[constr_3429]	No allocator usage for CppImplementationDataTypes of category VARIANT
[constr_3432]	Allowed subElements for Structures
[constr_3433]	Aggregation of templateArguments for a ARRAY
[constr_3434]	Aggregation of templateArguments for a VECTOR
[constr_3528]	Value range of domainId
[constr_3529]	Value range of serviceInstanceId
[constr_3530]	Mandatory definition of checkpointId
[constr_3531]	Mandatory definition of healthChannelId
[constr_3532]	Mandatory definition of statusId
[constr_3536]	Mandatory definition of supervisedEntityId

Table E.12: Added Constraints in R18-03

E.3.5 Changed Constraints in R18-03

Number	Heading
[constr_1484]	Applicability of ModeDependentStartupConfig.executionDependency
[constr_1507]	PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping is only applicable to ServiceInterface
[constr_1532]	Consistent assignment of TLV data ids to data structures with optional members
[constr_1537]	Consistent assignment of TLV data ids to arguments of a given ClientServerOperation
[constr_3307]	SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol setting to udp and the impact ON ProvidedSomeipServiceInstanceS
[constr_3308]	SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol setting to tcp and the impact ON ProvidedSomeipServiceInstanceS
[constr_3309]	SomeipMethodDeployment.transportProtocol setting to udp and the impact On ProvidedSomeipServiceInstanceS
[constr_3310]	SomeipMethodDeployment.transportProtocol setting to tcp and the impact On ProvidedSomeipServiceInstanceS
[constr_3320]	Aggregation of CommunicationConnector by MachineDesign
[constr_3350]	Consistent value of category for ExecutableGroups referencing an Executable
[constr_3366]	System category for a system design description with Adaptive Platform and Clas- sic Platform content

Table E.13: Changed Constraints in R18-03



E.3.6 Deleted Constraints in R18-03

Number	Heading
[constr_1480]	Mutual existence of CompositionDataPrototypeRef.elementInImplDatatype vs. attributes of CompositionDataPrototypeRef.dataPrototype
[constr_1505]	Number of Process.modeDependentStartupConfig that do not refer to a Mod- eDeclaration
[constr_1525]	Standardized values of PersistencyFile.category
[constr_1526]	Values of PersistencyFileArray.file.category
[constr_1533]	Applicability of ImplementationDataTypeElementExtension

Table E.14: Deleted Constraints in R18-03

E.4 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R18-10

E.4.1 Added Traceables in R18-10

Number	Heading	
[TPS_MANI_01184]	Definition of optional elements on the level of ApplicationDataType	
[TPS_MANI_01185]	Definition of optional elements on the level of CppImplementation-	
	DataType	
[TPS_MANI_01186]	Definition of the applicable wire type	
[TPS_MANI_01187]	Matching pairs of PersistencyFileProxy and PersistencyFile	
[TPS_MANI_01188]	Semantics of attribute schedulingPriority	
[TPS_MANI_01189]	Software Cluster and DiagnosticContributionSet.category	
[TPS_MANI_01190]	Semantics of ApApplicationError	
[TPS_MANI_01191]	Modeling of possible errors	
[TPS_MANI_01192]	Semantics of ApApplicationErrorDomain	
[TPS_MANI_01193]	Combination of ModeDependentStartupConfig.machineMode and Mod-	
	eDependentStartupConfig.functionGroupMode	
[TPS_MANI_01194]	Semantics of PersistencyKeyValueDatabaseInter-	
	face.minimumSustainedSize	
[TPS_MANI_01195]	Semantics of PersistencyFileProxyInterface.minimumSustainedSize	
[TPS_MANI_01196]	Semantics of PersistencyKeyValueDatabase.minimumSustainedSize	
[TPS_MANI_01197]	Semantics of PersistencyKeyValueDatabase.maximumAllowedSize	
[TPS_MANI_01198]	Semantics of ApApplicationErrorSet	
[TPS_MANI_01199]	Semantics of DeterministicClientResourceNeeds	
[TPS_MANI_01200]	Semantics of meta-class DeterministicClientResource	
[TPS_MANI_01201]	Standardized values for attribute CppTemplateArgument.category	



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01202]	Semantics of reference SoftwareCluster.moduleInstantiation
[TPS_MANI_01203]	Semantics of DeterministicClient
[TPS_MANI_01204]	Specification of redundancy of persistent data
[TPS_MANI_01205]	Semantics of meta-class PersistencyDeployment
[TPS_MANI_01206]	Modeling of redundancy in the context of PersistencyDeployment
[TPS_MANI_01207]	Standardized values of attribute PersistencyRedundancy- Crc.algorithmFamily
[TPS_MANI_01208]	Definition of envionment variables in the scope of a Machine
[TPS_MANI_01209]	Definition of envionment variables in process scope
[TPS_MANI_01210]	Default encoding for all DataPrototype s typed by CppImplementation-DataType of category STRING
[TPS_MANI_03197]	Semantics of StdCppImplementationDataType
[TPS_MANI_03198]	Semantics of CustomCppImplementationDataType
[TPS_MANI_03199]	Endpoint protection by SecureComProps
[TPS_MANI_03200]	SecureComProps for udp, tcp and multicast communication
[TPS_MANI_03201]	Semantics of CppTemplateArgument.inplace attribute
[TPS_MANI_03202]	Definition of bitfield types
[TPS_MANI_03203]	Configuration of IPsec
[TPS_MANI_03204]	Definition of IPSecRules
[TPS_MANI_03205]	IPsec connection type
[TPS_MANI_03206]	IPsec AH and ESP protocol configuration
[TPS_MANI_03207]	IPsec Internet Key Exchange protocol configuration
[TPS_MANI_03208]	Protection of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance by IPsec
[TPS_MANI_03209]	The meaning of MachineDesign.accessControl
[TPS_MANI_03210]	Specification of event specific communication attributes
[TPS_MANI_03211]	Specification of field specific communication attributes
[TPS_MANI_03212]	Specification of initial value for a field
[TPS_MANI_03213]	Semantics of meta-class TlsSecureComProps
[TPS_MANI_03214]	Existence of TlsCryptoCipherSuite.keyExchange VS. TlsSecure-ComProps.keyExchange
[TPS_MANI_03215]	Semantics of CryptoServiceCertificate
[TPS_MANI_03216]	Existence of TlsCryptoCipherSuite.certificate in the <i>client</i> role
[TPS_MANI_03217]	On-the-wire encoding for a chosen string
[TPS_MANI_03218]	Default value for the attribute tcpInitialInactivityTime of meta-class DoIpNetworkConfiguration
[TPS_MANI_03219]	Default value for the attribute tcpGeneralInactivityTime of meta-class DoIpNetworkConfiguration
[TPS_MANI_03220]	Default value for the attribute <pre>vehicleAnnouncementCount</pre> of meta-class DoIpNetworkConfiguration
[TPS_MANI_03221]	Default value for the attribute <pre>vehicleAnnouncementInterval of meta- class</pre> DoIpNetworkConfiguration



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_03222]	Default value for the attribute <pre>tcpAliveCheckResponseTimeout</pre> of meta- class <pre>DoIpNetworkConfiguration</pre>
[TPS_MANI_03553]	Applicability of health channel to a specific Process
[TPS_MANI_03554]	Several SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMappings with equal set- tings
[TPS_MANI_03555]	Mix of SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping and signal-based communication
[TPS_MANI_03556]	DDS-RPC Service Binding
[TPS_MANI_03557]	DDS ClientServerOperation Binding
[TPS_MANI_03558]	DDS Field Binding
[TPS_MANI_03559]	Definition of DdsProvidedServiceInstance.methodQosProps
[TPS_MANI_03560]	<pre>qosProfile Of DdsProvidedServiceInstance.methodQosProps is optional</pre>
[TPS_MANI_03561]	DefinitionofDdsProvidedServiceInstance.fieldNoti-fierQosProps
[TPS_MANI_03562]	<pre>qosProfile of DdsProvidedServiceInstance.fieldNoti- fierQosProps is optional</pre>
[TPS_MANI_03563]	Definition of DdsProvidedServiceInstance.fieldGetSetQosProps
[TPS_MANI_03564]	<pre>qosProfile Of DdsProvidedServiceInstance.fieldGetSetQosProps is optional</pre>
[TPS_MANI_03565]	Definition of DdsRequiredServiceInstance.methodQosProps
[TPS_MANI_03566]	<pre>qosProfile of DdsRequiredServiceInstance.methodQosProps is optional</pre>
[TPS_MANI_03567]	DefinitionofDdsRequiredServiceInstance.fieldNoti-fierQosProps
[TPS_MANI_03568]	<pre>qosProfile of DdsRequiredServiceInstance.fieldNoti- fierQosProps is optional</pre>
[TPS_MANI_03569]	Definition of DdsRequiredServiceInstance.fieldGetSetQosProps
[TPS_MANI_03570]	<pre>qosProfile Of DdsRequiredServiceInstance.fieldGetSetQosProps is optional</pre>
[TPS_MANI_03571]	transportPlugin for DdsProvidedServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03572]	transportPlugin for DdsRequiredServiceInstance

 Table E.15: Added Traceables in R18-10



E.4.2 Changed Traceables in R18-10

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01001]	Meaning of ServiceInterface
[TPS_MANI_01041]	Startup configuration supports the definition of a launch sequence depen- dency
[TPS_MANI_01097]	Assignment of TLV data ids
[TPS_MANI_01100]	Semantics of Allocator
[TPS_MANI_01147]	Semantics of PersistencyKeyValueDatabase.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01151]	Semantics of PersistencyFileArray.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01166]	Semantics of CppImplementationDataType
[TPS_MANI_01176]	Standardized value for attribute CppImplementationDataType.type- Emitter
[TPS_MANI_01177]	Semantics of CppImplementationDataType.typeEmitter
[TPS_MANI_01180]	Collection of data types that requires serialization support
[TPS_MANI_03001]	Mapping of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance to a MachineDesign
[TPS_MANI_03011]	Server Timing configuration for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03021]	Requirements on the searched minor version from the client's point of view
[TPS_MANI_03025]	Client Timing configuration for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03070]	Size of a length field for a chosen array or map
[TPS_MANI_03103]	Default size for all array and map length fields
[TPS_MANI_03124]	ServiceInterface.event to ISignalTriggering mapping
[TPS_MANI_03125]	ServiceInterface.method to ISignalTriggerings mapping
[TPS_MANI_03126]	ServiceInterface.field mapping to ISignalTriggerings
[TPS_MANI_03134]	Configuration of supported TLS ciphersuites
[TPS_MANI_03137]	ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig is not relevant in case of TLS communication
[TPS_MANI_03157]	Enabling of data collection for upd data transmission
[TPS_MANI_03158]	Configuration of a data collection on a ProvidedServiceInstance for transmission over udp
[TPS_MANI_03165]	Network Interface configuration for DoIP
[TPS_MANI_03170]	CppImplementationDataType Of category ARRAY
[TPS_MANI_03173]	Definition of a multidimensional Array
[TPS_MANI_03175]	CppImplementationDataType of category VECTOR
[TPS_MANI_03177]	Definition of a multidimensional Vector
[TPS_MANI_03178]	StdCppImplementationDataType Of category STRING
[TPS_MANI_03179]	C++ language binding of StdCppImplementationDataTypes of cate- gory STRING
[TPS_MANI_03180]	Definition of Structures
[TPS_MANI_03181]	Definition of members in StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRUCTURE



Number	Heading	
[TPS_MANI_03184]	CppImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP	
[TPS_MANI_03185]	Structure of an CppImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIA- TIVE_MAP	
[TPS_MANI_03187]	Definition of enumeration types	
[TPS_MANI_03193]	CppImplementationDataType of category TYPE_REFERENCE	
[TPS_MANI_03196]	Semantics of CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier.in- place attribute	
[TPS_MANI_03503]	Applicability of checkpoints to a specific Process	
[TPS_MANI_03512]	Applicability of global supervision without Process context	
[TPS_MANI_03516]	Condition evaluation for HealthChannelSupervision	
[TPS_MANI_03518]	PhmLogicalExpression definition	
[TPS_MANI_03519]	PhmRule definition	
[TPS_MANI_03520]	Execution of PhmActionList with actionListExecu- tion=triggeredOnEvaluation	
[TPS_MANI_03521]	Execution of PhmActionList with actionListExecu- tion=triggeredOnChange	
[TPS_MANI_03522]	Definition of actions for application software	
[TPS_MANI_03523]	Definition of actions for Platform Instance	
[TPS_MANI_03524]	Definition of actions for Watchdog	
[TPS_MANI_03526]	DDS VariableDataPrototype binding	
[TPS_MANI_03527]	Definition of DdsProvidedServiceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03528]	Definition of DdsProvidedServiceInstance.eventQosProps	
[TPS_MANI_03529]	Definition of DdsRequiredServiceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03530]	Definition of DdsRequiredServiceInstance.eventQosProps	
[TPS_MANI_03531]	<pre>qosProfile of DdsProvidedServiceInstance.eventQosProps is op- tional</pre>	
[TPS_MANI_03532]	<pre>qosProfile of DdsRequiredServiceInstance.eventQosProps is op- tional</pre>	
[TPS_MANI_03533]	DdsServiceInstanceToMachineMapping	
[TPS_MANI_03552]	Supervision cycle for GlobalSupervision	

Table E.16: Changed Traceables in R18-10

E.4.3 Deleted Traceables in R18-10

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01008]	Semantics of ExecutableGroup
[TPS_MANI_01009]	Standardized values of ExecutableGroup.category
[TPS_MANI_01018]	ImplementationDataType Of category VECTOR



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01028]	ImplementationDataType Of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP
[TPS_MANI_01029]	Usage of ImplementationDataType
[TPS_MANI_01030]	ImplementationDataType Of category STRING
[TPS_MANI_01042]	Definition of a linear ImplementationDataType of category VECTOR
[TPS_MANI_01043]	Definition of a rectangular ImplementationDataType of category VEC-TOR
[TPS_MANI_01044]	Structure of an ImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIA-TIVE_MAP
[TPS_MANI_01055]	Definition of application-level errors
[TPS_MANI_01056]	Semantics of ApplicationError.errorContext
[TPS_MANI_01058]	Ability to create a mapping of ApplicationErrors aggregated in the role possibleError
[TPS_MANI_01062]	<pre>ImplementationDataType to generate a C++ enum</pre>
[TPS_MANI_01063]	Sharing of ImplementationDataType with enumeration semantics
[TPS_MANI_01074]	Specification of encryption of persistent data
[TPS_MANI_01075]	Specification of redundancy of persistent data
[TPS_MANI_01077]	Specification of file encryption
[TPS_MANI_01082]	Eligibility of DataPrototypes for the definition of optionality
[TPS_MANI_01083]	Optionality is supported for ApplicationDataType as well as Implemen- tationDataType
[TPS_MANI_01084]	Optionality for a DataPrototype typed by an ApplicationDataType
[TPS_MANI_01085]	Definition of optionality for a DataPrototype typed by an Implementa- tionDataType
[TPS_MANI_01087]	Interaction with crypto software
[TPS_MANI_01088]	Semantics of CryptoNeed
[TPS_MANI_01089]	Relation between CryptoNeed and PortPrototype
[TPS_MANI_01090]	Modeling of crypto software as a platform module
[TPS_MANI_01091]	Semantics of CryptoJob
[TPS_MANI_01092]	Mapping between CryptoNeed and CryptoJob
[TPS_MANI_01093]	Semantics of CryptoDriver
[TPS_MANI_01094]	Scope of CryptoDriver
[TPS_MANI_01095]	Semantics of CryptoKeySlot
[TPS_MANI_01096]	Semantics of the CryptoPrimitive
[TPS_MANI_01098]	Constraints on the definition of an ImplementationDataType of cate- gory VECTOR
[TPS_MANI_01099]	Semantics of ImplementationDataTypeElementExtension
[TPS_MANI_01101]	Size-constrained allocation of memory
[TPS_MANI_01102]	Specification of a namespace for an ImplementationDataType of cate- gory VECTOR
[TPS_MANI_01133]	Optional element of an event
[TPS_MANI_01134]	Optional element in the context of a method



	
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Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_03121]	Signal-based VariableDataPrototype binding
[TPS_MANI_03122]	Signal-based Field binding
[TPS_MANI_03123]	Signal-based ClientServerOperation binding
[TPS_MANI_03135]	Configuration of TLS PSK Identity
[TPS_MANI_03136]	Configuration of requirements for the TLS cryptographic job
[TPS_MANI_03141]	Mapping between SecOcJobRequirement and CryptoJob
[TPS_MANI_03142]	Mapping between TlsJobRequirement and CryptoJob
[TPS_MANI_03143]	Mapping between PresharedKeyIdentity and CryptoKeySlot
[TPS_MANI_03144]	C++ language binding of ImplementationDataTypes of category STRING
[TPS_MANI_03182]	Definition of members in CppImplementationDataTypeElement of category STRUCTURE

Table E.17: Deleted Traceables in R18-10
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E.4.4 Added Constraints in R18-10

Number	Heading
[constr_1593]	Completeness of the existence of a set of TlvDataIdDefinition.tlvArguments
[constr_1594]	Consistent assignment of TLV data ids to ApplicationRecordDataType
[constr_1595]	Consistent assignment of TLV data ids to CppImplementationDataType or CppImplementationDataTypeElement
[constr_1596]	Scope of the uniqueness of the value of TlvDataIdDefinition.id for references to ArgumentDataPrototype
[constr_1597]	Scope of the uniqueness of the value of TlvDataIdDefinition.id for references to ApplicationRecordElement
[constr_1598]	Scope of the uniqueness of the value of TlvDataIdDefinition.id for references to CppImplementationDataTypeElement
[constr_1599]	TlvDataIdDefinition referencing ArgumentDataPrototype
[constr_1600]	TlvDataIdDefinition referencing ApplicationRecordElement
[constr_1601]	TlvDataIdDefinition referencing CppImplementationDataTypeElement
[constr_1603]	Completeness of the existence of a set of TlvDataIdDefinition. tlvRecordElementS
[constr_1604]	Completeness of the existence of a set of TlvDataIdDefini- tion.tlvSubElementS
[constr_1605]	Standardized values of attribute Executable.category
[constr_1606]	Processes with mutual ExecutionDependencyS
[constr_1613]	File name of matching pairs of PersistencyFileProxy and PersistencyFile
[constr_1614]	Existence of attribute TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceEle- mentMapping.transformationProps.sessionHandling



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Heading
Existence of attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someip-TransformationProps.sessionHandling
Ability to shut down
Ability to restart
Value of schedulingPriority if schedulingPolicy is set to scheduling- PolicyFifo or schedulingPolicyRoundRobin
Value of schedulingPriority if StartupConfig.schedulingPolicy is set to schedulingPolicyOther
Existence of reference ApApplicationError.errorDomain
Supported value range for attribute ApApplicationErrorDomain.value
Definition of static length field sizes in case of TLV usage
Identical sizes of length fields in case of TLV usage
No definition of length field sizes on DataPrototype level in case of TLV usage
Number of DiagnosticTroubleCodeUdsToClearConditionGroupMapping elements per DiagnosticTroubleCodeUds
Restriction for the usage of CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier. inplace
Restriction for the usage of CppTemplateArgument.inplace
Multiplicity of OsModuleInstantiation.resourceGroup
Standardized values of attribute DiagnosticServiceDataIdentifier- PortMapping.category
Unique ApApplicationError.shortName
Unique ApApplicationError.errorCode
References from PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueDatabaseMapping to PersistencyKeyValueDatabase
References from PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileArrayMapping to PersistencyFileArray
Allowed combinations of PersistencyRedundancyCrc.length and algorithmFamily
Existence of attributes hasGetter, hasSetter, and hasNotifier
Suported encoding of StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRING
Existence of attribute ApSomeipTransformationProps.stringEncoding
Consistency of references shallRunOn and shallNotRunOn
Mutual exclusive existence of references <pre>shallRunOn</pre> and <pre>shallNotRunOn</pre>
Allowed values for attribute ApSomeipTransformationProps.stringEncoding
Specification of a namespace for a StdCppImplementationDataType
CppTemplateArgument with allocator reference and the inplace flag
ApSomeipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField that equals 0
CppTemplateArgument.templateType reference to StdCppImplementa- tionDataType of category STRUCTURE and the inplace flag
UDP endpoint using DTLS can only serve provided or required service instances



Number	Heading
[constr_3486]	TCP endpoint using TLS can only serve provided or required service instances exclusively.
[constr_3487]	TCP endpoint can only serve provided or required service instances exclusively
[constr_3492]	DoIpInstantiation.logicalAddress shall be defined as member in the DoIpRequestConfiguration
[constr_3493]	Applicable attributes for standardized E2E Profiles
[constr_3494]	Mandatory Machine States
[constr_3495]	Supported value range for attribute DoIpInstantiation.eid
[constr_3496]	Supported value range for attribute DoIpInstantiation.gid
[constr_3497]	Supported value range for attribute DoIpInstantiation.maxRequestBytes
[constr_3498]	Supported value range for attribute DoIpInstantiation.logicalAddress
[constr_3499]	Supported value range for attribute DoIpRequestConfiguration.startAd- dress
[constr_3537]	LocalSupervision referenced once in the context of a GlobalSupervision
[constr_3538]	Only one ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping per technology and Communi- cationConnector
[constr_3539]	Only one AliveSupervision per SupervisionCheckpoint
[constr_3540]	SupervisionCheckpoint in supervision graph
[constr_3541]	<pre>qosProfile mandatory for DdsProvidedServiceInstance</pre>
[constr_3542]	<pre>qosProfile mandatory for DdsRequiredServiceInstance</pre>
[constr_3543]	At least one transportPlugin definition required for each DdsProvidedServi- ceInstance
[constr_3544]	At least one transportPlugin definition required for each DdsRequiredServi- ceInstance
[constr_5000]	Supported value range for attribute DoIpRequestConfiguration.endAddress
[constr_5001]	Usage of DoIpNetworkConfiguration.eidUseMac
[constr_5002]	Supported values of ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.category
[constr_5003]	Existence of TlsCryptoCipherSuite.certificate in the server role
[constr_5004]	Mapping of a Process to a Machine is mandatory in the Execution Manifest

 Table E.18: Added Constraints in R18-10

E.4.5 Changed Constraints in R18-10

Number	Heading
[constr_1490]	Allowed value of category for reference ProcessToMachineMapping.process. executable
[constr_1551]	Existence of DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.dataPrototype vs . DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.elementInImplDatatype



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Number	Heading
[constr_1572]	Usage of SwDataDefProps.implementationDataType within a CppImplementationDataType
[constr_1573]	CppTemplateArgument.isVariadicTemplate is set to True
[constr_1582]	PersistencyKeyValuePair.valueDataType shall match to AbstractImple- mentationDataType for the corresponding PersistencyDataElement
[constr_1585]	Standardized values of attribute DiagnosticServiceSwMapping.category
[constr_1589]	Value of file.fileName
[constr_3375]	method with attribute fireAndForget set to true shall not reference an ApApplicationError
[constr_3392]	ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig.dataId and ServiceInter- faceElementSecureComConfig.freshnessValueId are mandatory in case of SecOC communication
[constr_3433]	Aggregation of templateArguments for an ARRAY
[constr_3434]	Aggregation of templateArguments for a VECTOR
[constr_3527]	PhmLogicalExpression referenced by one PhmRule
[constr_3528]	Value range of domainId
[constr_3529]	Value range of serviceInstanceId

 Table E.19: Changed Constraints in R18-10

E.4.6 Deleted Constraints in R18-10

Number	Heading
[constr_1474]	SwDataDefProps applicable to ImplementationDataTypes exclusive to the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[constr_1475]	ImplementationDataType of category STRING is limited
[constr_1476]	ImplementationDataType of category VECTOR is limited
[constr_1477]	ImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP is limited
[constr_1479]	No support for certain values of ImplementationDataType.category
[constr_1484]	Applicability of ModeDependentStartupConfig.executionDependency
[constr_1485]	No subElement for ImplementationDataType of category STRING
[constr_1486]	ImplementationDataType of category STRING and SwBaseType
[constr_1487]	Number of subElements of an ImplementationDataType of category ASSO-CIATIVE_MAP
[constr_1491]	Semantics of ServiceInterface.possibleError
[constr_1493]	ArgumentDataPrototype referenced in the role Application- Error.errorContext
[constr_1495]	Initial value for field



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Number	Heading
[constr_1506]	<pre>ImplementationDataType of category VECTOR shall not define dynamicAr- raySizeProfile</pre>
[constr_1508]	BaseTypeDirectDefinition.nativeDeclaration shall not be set to the value enum
[constr_1522]	Semantics of ClientServerOperation.possibleError
[constr_1527]	ImplementationDataTypeElement finally referenced as the target element in the context of an ImplementationDataTypeElementInAutosarDataProto-typeRef
[constr_1528]	Definition of optionality for multiple DataPrototypes typed by the same Autosar- DataType
[constr_1529]	Standardized values of CryptoNeed.category
[constr_1530]	Standardized values of CryptoPrimitive.algorithmFamily and CryptoKeySlot.algorithmFamily
[constr_1531]	Standardized values of CryptoPrimitive.algorithmMode
[constr_1532]	Consistent assignment of TLV data ids to data structures with optional members
[constr_1537]	Consistent assignment of TLV data ids to arguments of a given ClientServerOperation
[constr_1546]	Existence of attributes of ServiceInterfaceSubElement
[constr_1547]	Reference from ImplementationDataTypeExtension to Implementation- DataType
[constr_1548]	Reference from ImplementationDataTypeElementExtension to ImplementationDataTypeElement
[constr_1577]	Specification of a nativeDeclaration for a CppImplementationDataType
[constr_1587]	DiagnosticServiceSwMapping.category set to DATA_IDENTIFIER
[constr_1588]	DiagnosticServiceSwMapping.category Set to GENERIC_UDS_SERVICE
[constr_3293]	Mandatory information of a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance
[constr_3303]	ANY not allowed for SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInter-faceVersion
[constr_3350]	Consistent value of category for ExecutableGroups referencing an Executable
[constr_3377]	Restriction of ISignalTriggering references in SignalBasedField- ToISignalTriggeringMapping
[constr_3422]	CppImplementationDataType of category STRING and SwBaseType
[constr_3428]	Structure shall own at least one element
[constr_3432]	Allowed subElements for Structures

 Table E.20: Deleted Constraints in R18-10



E.5 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R19-03

E.5.1 Added Traceables in R19-03

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01211]	Specification of executable software within SoftwareClusterDesign
[TPS_MANI_01212]	Usage of attribute typeEmitter in the context of a CustomCppImplemen- tationDataType
[TPS_MANI_01213]	Semantics of meta-class StrongRevisionLabelString
[TPS_MANI_01214]	Semantics of SoftwareCluster.conflictsTo
[TPS_MANI_01215]	Semantics of meta-class SoftwareActivationDependencyFormula
[TPS_MANI_01216]	Semantics of meta-class SoftwareActivationDependencyFormula-Part
[TPS_MANI_01217]	Semantics of metaclass SoftwareActivationDependencyCompare-Condition
[TPS_MANI_01218]	Cryptographic signature of SoftwareCluster
[TPS_MANI_01219]	License of software in included SoftwareCluster
[TPS_MANI_01220]	Release notes of software in included SoftwareCluster
[TPS_MANI_01221]	Semantics of meta-class SoftwarePackage
[TPS_MANI_01222]	Cryptographic signature of SoftwarePackage
[TPS_MANI_01223]	Semantics of attribute SoftwarePackage.packagerId
[TPS_MANI_01224]	Actions taken after installation of a SoftwarePackage
[TPS_MANI_01225]	Actions taken during installation of a SoftwarePackage
[TPS_MANI_01226]	Machine-specific configuration settings for the UCM module
[TPS_MANI_01227]	Semantics of attribute UcmModuleInstantiation.identifier
[TPS_MANI_01228]	Semantics of meta-class ProcessDesign
[TPS_MANI_01229]	Pre-allocation of a given ProcessDesign on a specific MachineDesign
[TPS_MANI_01230]	Semantics of DiagnosticProvidedDataMapping
[TPS_MANI_01231]	GrantDesign references ProcessDesign
[TPS_MANI_01232]	Semantics of meta-class ComOfferServiceGrantDesign
[TPS_MANI_01233]	Semantics of meta-class ComFindServiceGrantDesign
[TPS_MANI_01234]	Semantics of ComFieldGrantDesign
[TPS_MANI_01235]	Semantics of ComEventGrantDesign
[TPS_MANI_01236]	Semantics of ComMethodGrantDesign
[TPS_MANI_01237]	Semantics of meta-class ComFieldGrant
[TPS_MANI_01238]	Semantics of meta-class ComMethodGrant
[TPS_MANI_01239]	Semantics of meta-class ComEventGrant
[TPS_MANI_01240]	Semantics of meta-class ComOfferServiceGrant
[TPS_MANI_01241]	Semantics of meta-class ComFindServiceGrant



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01242]	PortInterfaces used for communication with the AUTOSAR Diagnostic Manager
[TPS_MANI_01243]	Semantics of DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface
[TPS_MANI_01244]	Semantics of DiagnosticDataElementInterface
[TPS_MANI_01245]	Semantics of DiagnosticDataIdentifierGenericInterface
[TPS_MANI_01246]	Semantics of DiagnosticMonitorInterface
[TPS_MANI_01247]	Semantics of DiagnosticDTCInformationInterface
[TPS_MANI_01248]	Semantics of DiagnosticEventInterface
[TPS_MANI_01249]	Semantics of DiagnosticConditionInterface
[TPS_MANI_01250]	Semantics of DiagnosticIndicatorInterface
[TPS_MANI_01251]	Semantics of DiagnosticSecurityLevelInterface
[TPS_MANI_01252]	Semantics of DiagnosticServiceValidationInterface
[TPS_MANI_01253]	Semantics of DiagnosticOperationCycleInterface
[TPS_MANI_01254]	Semantics of DiagnosticGenericUdsInterface
[TPS_MANI_01255]	Semantics of DiagnosticGenericUdsInterface
[TPS_MANI_01256]	AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType Offers a PPortPrototype typed by DiagnosticIndicatorInterface
[TPS_MANI_01257]	AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType offers a PPortPrototype typed by DiagnosticConditionInterface
[TPS_MANI_01258]	AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType Offers a PPortPrototype typed by DiagnosticGenericUdsInterface
[TPS_MANI_01259]	Mapping of DiagnosticClearCondition to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01260]	Mapping of DiagnosticIndicator to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01261]	Mapping of DiagnosticMemoryDestination to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01262]	Mapping of DiagnosticSecurityLevel to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01263]	Mapping of DiagnosticDataIdentifier to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01264]	Mapping of DiagnosticServiceInstance to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01265]	Semantics of DiagnosticDownloadInterface and DiagnosticDown- loadInterface
[TPS_MANI_01266]	Mapping of DiagnosticServiceInstance for upload/download to Port- Prototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_03223]	Existence of CppImplementationDataType
[TPS_MANI_03224]	Modeling of a Partial Network Cluster
[TPS_MANI_03225]	References to vlans in PncMapping
[TPS_MANI_03226]	Collection of partialNetworks and vlans in NmNetworkHandle

 Table E.21: Added Traceables in R19-03



E.5.2 Changed Traceables in R19-03

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01012]	Formal modeling of application startup behavior
[TPS_MANI_01013]	Semantics of meta-class StateDependentStartupConfig
[TPS_MANI_01017]	Relation of startup configuration to resource group
[TPS_MANI_01041]	Startup configuration supports the definition of a launch sequence depen- dency
[TPS_MANI_01046]	Semantics of StateDependentStartupConfig.functionGroupState
[TPS_MANI_01049]	Mapping of DiagnosticOperationCycle to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01050]	Mapping of DiagnosticEnableCondition to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01051]	Mapping of DiagnosticStorageCondition to PortPrototype(s) on theAUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01136]	AutosarDataPrototype is the target of the DataPrototypeInServi- ceInterfaceRef
[TPS_MANI_01137]	Applicable use cases for DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef
[TPS_MANI_01164]	Semantics of SoftwareCluster.dependsOn
[TPS_MANI_01177]	Semantics of CppImplementationDataType.typeEmitter
[TPS_MANI_01207]	Standardized values of attribute PersistencyRedundancy- Crc.algorithmFamily
[TPS_MANI_03070]	Size of a length field for a chosen array or map
[TPS_MANI_03071]	Size of a length field for a chosen structure
[TPS_MANI_03072]	Size of a length field for a chosen union
[TPS_MANI_03073]	Alignment of a dynamic DataPrototype
[TPS_MANI_03074]	Size of a type selector field for a chosen union
[TPS_MANI_03075]	Byte Order of chosen DataPrototype in the serialized data stream
[TPS_MANI_03116]	Size of a length field for a chosen string
[TPS_MANI_03127]	Usage of End2EndEventProtectionProps
[TPS_MANI_03128]	Usage of same dataId in case of Multi-Binding
[TPS_MANI_03152]	Assignment of a StateDependentStartupConfig to a function group state
[TPS_MANI_03187]	Definition of enumeration types
[TPS_MANI_03190]	CppImplementationDataType Of category VARIANT
[TPS_MANI_03202]	Definition of bitfield types
[TPS_MANI_03217]	On-the-wire encoding for a chosen string

Table E.22: Changed Traceables in R19-03



E.5.3 Deleted Traceables in R19-03

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01038]	Diagnostic software mapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01170]	Semantics of CppTemplateArgument.isVariadicTemplate
[TPS_MANI_01181]	Use cases for the application of DiagnosticServiceSwMapping
[TPS_MANI_01193]	Combination of ModeDependentStartupConfig.machineMode and Mod- eDependentStartupConfig.functionGroupMode
[TPS_MANI_03066]	Description of machine states
[TPS_MANI_03153]	Semantics of ModeDependentStartupConfig.functionGroupMode

Table E.23: Deleted Traceables in R19-03

E.5.4 Added Constraints in R19-03

Number	Heading
[constr_1687]	Definition of machine state
[constr_1688]	StateDependentStartupConfig shall only refer to function group states of the same function group
[constr_1689]	Modeling of a startup dependency between different Processes
[constr_1690]	SoftwareCluster shall only be referenced by a single SoftwarePackage.
[constr_1691]	UcmModuleInstantiation.identifier shall be unique
[constr_1692]	Value of schedulingPriority
[constr_1693]	Relation of Executable, ProcessDesign, and Process
[constr_1695]	Semantics of a Grant depends on the existence of IamModuleInstantiation
[constr_1696]	ClientServerOperation aggregated by DiagnosticRoutineInterface
[constr_1697]	Restriction for ClientServerOperation aggregated by a Diagnostic- DataIdentifierInterface Or DiagnosticDataElementInterface
[constr_1698]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1699]	TargetSwcServiceDependencyOfDiagnosticIndicatorPortMap-ping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1700]	TargetSwcServiceDependencyofDiagnosticMemoryDestination-PortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1701]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1702]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticServiceDataIdentifier- PortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1703]	TargetSwcServiceDependencyofDiagnosticGenericUdsPortMap-ping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1704]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticUploadDownloadPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable



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Number	Heading
[constr_5033]	Compatibility of data types with category VALUE
[constr_5034]	Compatibility of data types with category BOOLEAN
[constr_5035]	Compatibility of data types with category STRING
[constr_5036]	Compatibility of data types with category ARRAY
[constr_5037]	Compatibility of data types with category ARRAY with variableSize
[constr_5038]	Compatibility of data types with category ARRAY with fixedSize
[constr_5039]	Compatibility of data types with category STRUCTURE
[constr_5040]	Compatibility of ApplicationRecordDataType and CppImplementation- DataType that both represent an Optional Element Structure
[constr_5041]	Compatibility of data types with category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP
[constr_5042]	No data type mapping for CppImplementationDataType Of category VARIANT
[constr_5043]	Forbidden mappings to CppImplementationDataType
[constr_5044]	DataTypeMap for composite data types
[constr_5045]	Only one SomeipServiceDiscovery configuration per VLAN is allowed
[constr_5046]	Usage of DoIpNetworkConfiguration.eidUseMac
[constr_5047]	Supported values of ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.category
[constr_5048]	Existence of TlsCryptoCipherSuite.certificate in the server role

Table E.24: Added Constraints in R19-03

E.5.5 Changed Constraints in R19-03

Number	Heading	
[constr_1481]	Usage of DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef in the AUTOSAR adaptive platform	
[constr_1500]	TargetSwcServiceDependencyOfDiagnosticEventPortMap-ping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable	
[constr_1501]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable	
[constr_1502]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable	
[constr_1503]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticStorageConditionPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable	
[constr_1551]	Existence of DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.dataPrototype VS. DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef.elementInImplDatatype	
[constr_1567]	Existence of SoftwareCluster.subSoftwareCluster and SoftwareCluster.dependsOn/conflictsTo	
[constr_1595]	Consistent assignment of TLV data ids to CppImplementationDataType or CppImplementationDataTypeElement	



Number	Heading
[constr_1606]	Process es with mutual ExecutionDependency s
[constr_1615]	Existence of attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someip- TransformationProps.sessionHandling
[constr_1618]	Ability to shut down
[constr_1619]	Ability to restart
[constr_3396]	Number of Process.stateDependentStartupConfig that refer to the same functionGroupState
[constr_3413]	StateDependentStartupConfig of a Process is mapped to exactly one Re- sourceGroup
[constr_3421]	Fibex elements applicable for a System of category MACHINE_DESIGN_EXTRACT
[constr_3423]	StateDependentStartupConfig of a Process shall reference a function-GroupState
[constr_3424]	StateDependentStartupConfig shall never reference the functionGroup-StateOff
[constr_3447]	ApSomeipTransformationProps.sizeOfArrayLengthField that equals 0

Table E.25: Changed Constraints in R19-03

E.5.6 Deleted Constraints in R19-03

Number	Heading	
[constr_1499]	TargetSwcServiceDependencyOfDiagnosticServiceSwMap-ping.mappedSwcServiceDependencyInExecutable	
[constr_1504]	Number of Process.modeDependentStartupConfig that refer to the same ma- chineMode	
[constr_1573]	CppTemplateArgument.isVariadicTemplate is set to True	
[constr_1574]	Number of CppTemplateArguments with isVariadicTemplate set to True	
[constr_1575]	Position of CppTemplateArgument with isVariadicTemplate set to True	
[constr_1585]	Standardized values of attribute DiagnosticServiceSwMapping.category	
[constr_1586]	DiagnosticServiceSwMapping.category set to DATA_ELEMENT	
[constr_1620]	Value of schedulingPriority if schedulingPolicy is set to scheduling- PolicyFifo Or schedulingPolicyRoundRobin	
[constr_1621]	Value of schedulingPriority if StartupConfig.schedulingPolicy is set to schedulingPolicyOther	
[constr_1663]	Standardized values of attribute DiagnosticServiceDataIdentifierMapping.category	
[constr_3380]	End2EndEventProtectionProps shall not reference an event and a notifier at the same time	
[constr_3397]	ModeDependentStartupConfig that refers to a functionGroupMode and to a machineMode	

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Number	Heading
[constr_3398]	ModeDependentStartupConfig that refers to function group modes of different function groups
[constr_3494]	Mandatory Machine States
[constr_3531]	Mandatory definition of healthChannelId
[constr_3536]	Mandatory definition of supervisedEntityId
[constr_5001]	Usage of DoIpNetworkConfiguration.eidUseMac
[constr_5002]	Supported values of ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.category
[constr_5003]	Existence of TlsCryptoCipherSuite.certificate in the server role

Table E.26: Deleted Constraints in R19-03

E.6 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R19-11

E.6.1 Added Traceables in R19-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_MAIN_01281]	Usage of meta-class RecoveryViaApplicationAction
[TPS_MANI_01267]	Semantics of attribute SoftwareClusterDesign.dependsOn
[TPS_MANI_01268]	Semantics of attribute SoftwareClusterDesign.conflictsTo
[TPS_MANI_01269]	Specification of boundaries for resource consumption
[TPS_MANI_01270]	Reference from TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceEle- mentMapping to TlvDataIdDefinitionSet
[TPS_MANI_01271]	Semantics of Executable.loggingBehavior
[TPS_MANI_01272]	Duplicate entries in logTraceLogMode
[TPS_MANI_01273]	Support for trusted Platform
[TPS_MANI_01274]	System category for a design description that has one single Adaptive Machine in scope
[TPS_MANI_01275]	Semantics of meta-class ServiceInstanceToSwClusterDesignPort- PrototypeMapping
[TPS_MANI_01276]	Semantics of CompositionRPortToExecutableRPortMapping and CompositionPPortToExecutablePPortMapping
[TPS_MANI_01277]	Definition of a start-up timeout for a StartupConfig of a Process
[TPS_MANI_01278]	Definition of a termination timeout for a StartupConfig of a Process
[TPS_MANI_01279]	Semantics of Executable.reportingBehavior
[TPS_MANI_01280]	Semantics of meta-class PhmRecoveryActionInterface
[TPS_MANI_01282]	Semantics of reference CompositionPortToExecutablePortMapping. processDesign



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01283]	Semantics of meta-class RawDataStreamInterface
[TPS_MANI_01284]	Granularity of meta-class RawDataStreamGrantDesign
[TPS_MANI_01285]	Purpose of meta-class RawDataStreamDeployment
[TPS_MANI_01286]	Semantics of attribute RawDataStreamMethodDeploy- ment.callTimeout
[TPS_MANI_01287]	Semantics of RawDataStreamMapping
[TPS_MANI_01288]	Impact of the SoftwarePackage on the value of function group states on the target platform
[TPS_MANI_01289]	Order of function group states is relevant
[TPS_MANI_01290]	VehiclePackage names affected UCMs
[TPS_MANI_01291]	Identification of an actual UCM in the context of an update campaign
[TPS_MANI_01292]	Definition of fallback-order for UCM master
[TPS_MANI_01294]	Update campaign depends on driver's acceptance
[TPS_MANI_01295]	Semantics of VehicleRolloutStep
[TPS_MANI_01296]	Ordered execution of rollout steps in an update campaign
[TPS_MANI_01297]	Semantics of meta-class UcmStep
[TPS_MANI_01298]	No ordering of VehicleRolloutStep.ucmProcessing
[TPS_MANI_01299]	Aggregation of SoftwarePackageSteps at UcmStep
[TPS_MANI_01300]	Semantics of reference SoftwarePackageStep.transfer.transfer
[TPS_MANI_01301]	Semantics of aggregation SoftwarePackageStep.transfer
[TPS_MANI_01302]	Semantics of reference SoftwarePackageStep.process
[TPS_MANI_01303]	Semantics of reference SoftwarePackageStep.preActivate
[TPS_MANI_01304]	Semantics of reference SoftwarePackageStep.verify
[TPS_MANI_01305]	Semantics of attribute SoftwarePackageStep.activationSwitch
[TPS_MANI_01306]	Simultaneous existence of attributes SoftwarePackageStep.transfer and SoftwarePackageStep.process
[TPS_MANI_01307]	Semantics of meta-class EthernetRawDataStreamGrant
[TPS_MANI_03227]	Usage of ephemeral ports
[TPS_MANI_03228]	Usage of End2EndMethodProtectionProps
[TPS_MANI_03229]	Usage of same End2EndMethodProtectionProps.dataId in case of Multi-Binding
[TPS_MANI_03230]	Sharing timers for ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03231]	Sharing timers for RequiredSomeipServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03232]	Definition of general IPsec configuration settings
[TPS_MANI_03233]	IPsec mode
[TPS_MANI_03234]	IPsec AH and ESP CipherSuites
[TPS_MANI_03573]	Definition of no minimum deadline supervision
[TPS_MANI_03574]	Definition of no maximum deadline supervision
[TPS_MANI_03575]	Definition of no minimum alive supervision
[TPS_MANI_03576]	Definition of no maximum alive supervision



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_03577]	headerId required for signal-service-translation
[TPS_MANI_03578]	Signal-based ServiceInterface binding over Ethernet
[TPS_MANI_03579]	Signal-based ServiceEventDeployment Over Ethernet
[TPS_MANI_03580]	Service offer at startup
[TPS_MANI_03581]	Service find at startup
[TPS_MANI_03582]	Service find for required signal
[TPS_MANI_03583]	Service subscribe for required signal
[TPS_MANI_03584]	Definition of transmission triggers for translations with different sources
[TPS_MANI_03585]	Processing order of COM-Stack features
[TPS_MANI_03586]	No transmission trigger for translations with different sources
[TPS_MANI_03587]	Transmission trigger for translations with different sources
[TPS_MANI_03588]	Full translation before transmission triggering
[TPS_MANI_03589]	Reception data filter of COM-Stack
[TPS_MANI_03590]	Transfer properties and transmission modes of COM-Stack
[TPS_MANI_03591]	SomeipEventDeployment.serializer equals signalBased
[TPS_MANI_03592]	ISignal invalidation of COM-Stack
[TPS_MANI_03593]	handleInvalid = dontInvalidate behavior of COM-Stack
[TPS_MANI_03594]	handleInvalid = replace behavior of COM-Stack
[TPS_MANI_03595]	Update Bit support for ISignal
[TPS_MANI_03596]	Update Bit support for ISignalIPdu
[TPS_MANI_03597]	Support for MultiplexedIPdu
[TPS_MANI_03598]	Expected check period of E2E-Protected payload
[TPS_MANI_03599]	Expected update period of E2E-Protected payload
[TPS_MANI_03600]	Signal-service-translation of E2E protected payload
[TPS_MANI_03601]	Signal-service-translation of E2E protected payload - timeout handling
[TPS_MANI_03602]	Signal-service-translation of E2E protected payload - error handling
[TPS_MANI_03603]	Service-signal-translation of E2E protected payload
[TPS_MANI_03604]	Service-signal-translation of E2E protected payload - timeout handling
[TPS_MANI_03605]	Service-signal-translation of E2E protected payload - error handling
[TPS_MANI_03606]	Service offer for provided signal
[TPS_MANI_03607]	Handling of safe signal-service-translation in one Executable
[TPS_MANI_03608]	Support for safe signal-service-translation and service-signal-translation
[TPS_MANI_03609]	Support for safe signal-service-translation with same or different E2E profiles
[TPS_MANI_03610]	1:n mapping for E2E protected data
[TPS_MANI_03611]	E2E protected target out of E2E protected sources
[TPS_MANI_03612]	Sufficient ASIL level of translation software
[TPS_MANI_03614]	No translation of not OK E2E protected data out of several sources
[TPS_MANI_03615]	SomeipEventDeployment.serializer equals someip



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_03616]	Semantic versioning of ServiceInterface.majorVersion and ServiceInterface.minorVersion
[TPS_MANI_03617]	Version mapping between ServiceInterface and ServiceInter- faceDeployment
[TPS_MANI_03618]	Usage of RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.blacklistedVersion
[TPS_MANI_03619]	SOME/IP Service search for requiredMinorVersion
[TPS_MANI_03620]	Service discovery control
[TPS_MANI_03621]	Data filter inside the signal-service-translation

Table E.27: Added Traceables in R19-11



E.6.2 Changed Traceables in R19-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01032]	Usage of ServiceInterfaceMapping
[TPS_MANI_01057]	Semantics of RPortPrototypeProps.searchIntention
[TPS_MANI_01164]	Semantics of SoftwareCluster.dependsOn
[TPS_MANI_01196]	Semantics of PersistencyDeployment.minimumSustainedSize
[TPS_MANI_01197]	Semantics of PersistencyDeployment.maximumAllowedSize
[TPS_MANI_01214]	Semantics of SoftwareCluster.conflictsTo
[TPS_MANI_01215]	Semantics of meta-class SoftwareActivationDependencyFormula
[TPS_MANI_01216]	Semantics of meta-class SoftwareActivationDependencyFormula-Part
[TPS_MANI_01217]	Semantics of metaclass SoftwareActivationDependencyCompare-Condition
[TPS_MANI_01249]	Semantics of DiagnosticConditionInterface
[TPS_MANI_01255]	Semantics of DoIP DiagnosticPortInterfaces
[TPS_MANI_03004]	IPv4 Multicast event destination address
[TPS_MANI_03010]	Udp Transport Protocol Configuration in case of IP-Multicast
[TPS_MANI_03061]	IPv6 Multicast event destination address
[TPS_MANI_03114]	Usage of AssemblySwConnectors in the System Design model
[TPS_MANI_03130]	Standardized E2EProfileConfiguration.profileName values
[TPS_MANI_03160]	Log and Trace configuration options in the Execution Manifest
[TPS_MANI_03161]	Log and Trace configuration options in the Service Instance Manifest
[TPS_MANI_03167]	Network configuration for Nm
[TPS_MANI_03205]	IPsec policy
[TPS_MANI_03206]	IPsec AH and ESP protocol configuration
[TPS_MANI_03207]	IPsec Internet Key Exchange protocol configuration
[TPS_MANI_03216]	Existence of TlsCryptoCipherSuite.certificate and TlsCryptoCipherSuite.pskIdentity in the <i>client</i> role

Table E.28: Changed Traceables in R19-11

E.6.3 Deleted Traceables in R19-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01051]	Mapping of DiagnosticStorageCondition to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01052]	Semantics of RPortPrototypeProps.portInstantiationBehavior
[TPS_MANI_01162]	Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign.dependsOn
[TPS_MANI_03120]	Signal-based ServiceInterface binding



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_03146]	Configuration of timeouts for a selected machine state or function group state
[TPS_MANI_03149]	Definition of a start-up timeout for a Process
[TPS_MANI_03150]	Definition of a termination timeout for a Process
[TPS_MANI_03550]	Usage of RPortPrototype for the interaction with Platform Health Management

Table E.29: Deleted Traceables in R19-11

E.6.4 Added Constraints in R19-11

Number	Heading
[constr_1705]	Target of reference SoftwareActivationDependencyCompareCondi- tion.softwareActivationDependency
[constr_1707]	Eligible subclasses of HeapUsage in the context of StateDependentStartup- Config.resourceConsumption
[constr_1708]	Combination of CppImplementationDataTypeElement.isOptional and Cp- pImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier.inplace
[constr_1709]	Applicability of attribute PersistencyRedundancyEnum.redundantPerKey
[constr_1710]	Consistency of values of attributes PersistencyInterface.redundancy and PersistencyRedundancyHandling.scope
[constr_1723]	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance shall be unique in respect of serviceIn- stanceId, serviceInterfaceId and majorVersion
[constr_1727]	Qualified combinations of PortPrototypes and PhmSupervisedEntityInter- face on application software level
[constr_1728]	Qualified combinations of PortPrototypes and PhmHealthChannelInterface on application software level
[constr_1729]	Qualified combinations of PortPrototypes and PhmRecoveryActionInter- face on application software level
[constr_1730]	Restriction regarding the modeling of the PhmRecoveryActionInter- face.recovery
[constr_1731]	Value of UcmDescription.identifier in the scope of a VehiclePackage
[constr_1732]	Existence of attribute ${\tt activationSwitch}$ set to ${\tt True}$ in the context of the enclosing ${\tt UcmStep}$
[constr_1733]	Simultaneous existence of SoftwarePackageStep.preActivate and Soft- warePackageStep.verify
[constr_1734]	Restriction for attribute SoftwarePackageStep.activationSwitch
[constr_1736]	Multiplicity of reference LogicalSupervision.initialCheckpoint
[constr_1737]	Multiplicity of reference LogicalSupervision.finalCheckpoint
[constr_1738]	Multiplicity of reference GlobalSupervision.localSupervision
[constr_1739]	Multiplicity of aggregation LocalSupervision.transition



Number	Heading
[constr_1740]	Multiplicity of reference LogicalSupervision.transition
[constr_1742]	Multiplicity of reference SupervisionCheckpoint.phmCheckpoint
[constr_3550]	Existence of ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping for an event with signal- Based serialization
[constr_3551]	Full mapping of target ISignalGroup
[constr_3552]	Full mapping of target event
[constr_3553]	Existence of ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping for an field with signal- Based serialization
[constr_3554]	E2E protection configuration check
[constr_3555]	No support for useAsCryptographicIPdu is true
[constr_3556]	Unique transport layer mapping
[constr_3557]	Mandatory majorVersion at SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment.servi- ceInterfaceVersion
[constr_3558]	RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.blacklistedVersion is restricted to the usage of minorVersion
[constr_3561]	minimumMinorVersion and RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.required- MinorVersion value
[constr_3562]	Existence of NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.filter
[constr_5052]	SOME/IP ServiceInstances of the same serviceInterface on one Machine
[constr_5056]	Restriction of CompositionSwComponentType.connector usage in AP
[constr_5057]	PassThroughSwConnector and ServiceInterfaceMapping
[constr_5102]	Usage of remote port ranges in IPSecRule is not allowed
[constr_5103]	Usage of local port ranges in IPSecRule is not allowed

Table E.30: Added Constraints in R19-11

E.6.5 Changed Constraints in R19-11

Number	Heading
[constr_1561]	Existence of SoftwareClusterDesign.subSoftwareCluster and SoftwareClusterDesign.dependsOn.dependentSoftwareClusterDesign
[constr_1567]	Existence of SoftwareCluster.subSoftwareCluster and SoftwareCluster.ter.dependsOn/conflictsTo
[constr_1570]	Restriction for UserDefinedServiceInterfaceDeployment of category SERVICE_INTERFACE_DEPLOYMENT_IPC
[constr_1579]	SwDataDefProps applicable to CppImplementationDataTypes exclusive to the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[constr_1630]	No definition of length field sizes on DataPrototype level in case of TLV usage
[constr_3375]	method with attribute fireAndForget set to true shall not reference an ApAppli- cationError



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Number	Heading	
[constr_3419]	Allowed usage of UdpNmNetworkConfiguration attributes	
[constr_3426]	The logTraceFilePath is mandatory in case that logTraceLogMode is set to file	
[constr_3427]	The logTraceFilePath is only relevant if logTraceLogMode is set to file	
[constr_3493]	Applicable attributes for standardized E2E Profiles	
[constr_5048]	Existence of TlsCryptoCipherSuite.certificate and TlsCryptoCipher- Suite.pskIdentity in the server role	

Table E.31: Changed Constraints in R19-11

E.6.6 Deleted Constraints in R19-11

Number	Heading
[constr_1503]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticStorageConditionPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_3387]	Compatibility of PortPrototypes of different ServiceInterfaces
[constr_3388]	Compatibility of events
[constr_3389]	Compatibility of methods
[constr_3390]	Compatibility of fields
[constr_3411]	<pre>eventMulticastUdpPort,ipv4MulticastIpAddress and ipv6MulticastIpAddress not relevant for RequiredSomeipServiceIn- stanceS</pre>
[constr_3420]	System category for a design description that has one single Adaptive Machine in scope

Table E.32: Deleted Constraints in R19-11

E.7 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R20-11

E.7.1 Added Traceables in R20-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01308]	Process is not designed for re-usability
[TPS_MANI_01309]	Semantics of attribute CppImplementationDataType.headerFile
[TPS_MANI_01310]	Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign.dependsOn
[TPS_MANI_01311]	Handling of manufacturer checks



Number	Heading		
[TPS_MANI_01312]	Handling of supplier checks		
[TPS_MANI_01313]	Definition of updateStrategy on element level		
[TPS_MANI_01314]	Further qualification of properties of PortPrototypes typed by PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterfaceS		
[TPS_MANI_01315]	PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue Overrides Persistency- DataRequiredComSpec.initValue		
[TPS_MANI_01316]	Existence of ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping.process- Design		
[TPS_MANI_01317]	Existence of ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping.process		
[TPS_MANI_01319]	Modeling of redundancy in the context of PersistencyInterface		
[TPS_MANI_01320]	Definition of redundancy on interface level may be overruled in deployment		
[TPS_MANI_01321]	Semantics of meta-class PersistencyDeploymentElement		
[TPS_MANI_01322]	Semantics of meta-class PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploy- mentMapping		
[TPS_MANI_01323]	Matching pairs of PersistencyDataElement and PersistencyKeyVal-uePair		
[TPS_MANI_01324]	Semantics of E2E attributes in ClientComSpec		
[TPS_MANI_01325]	Semantics of E2E attributes in ServerComSpec		
[TPS_MANI_01326]	Generic Mapping to a DiagnosticServiceInstance on the AUTOSAR Adaptive Platform		
[TPS_MANI_01327]	Value of EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps.disableEnd- ToEndCheck vs. value of EndToEndTransformationComSpecProps. disableEndToEndStateMachine		
[TPS_MANI_01328]	Standardized values for attribute <pre>StartupConfig.schedulingPolicy</pre>		
[TPS_MANI_01329]	Reference to model elements in different SoftwareClusters		
[TPS_MANI_01330]	Definition of machine function group		
[TPS_MANI_01331]	Standardized values of attribute SoftwareCluster.category		
[TPS_MANI_01332]	Semantics of DiagnosticEcuResetInterface		
[TPS_MANI_01333]	Attribute NotAvailableValueSpecification.defaultPattern is not applicable		
[TPS_MANI_01334]	Semantics of StartupConfig.terminationBehavior		
[TPS_MANI_01335]	Semantics of SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula.category		
[TPS_MANI_01336]	Two use cases for using the DiagnosticEventPortMapping		
[TPS_MANI_01337]	Standardized values for attribute Process.functionClusterAffilia- tion		
[TPS_MANI_01338]	Semantics of SecurityEventReportToSecurityEventDefinition- Mapping		
[TPS_MANI_01339]	Existence of the <pre>SecurityEventReportToSecurityEventDefini- tionMapping is motivated by the AUTOSAR methodology</pre>		
	Semantics of SecurityEventReportInterface		
[TPS_MANI_01340]	Semantics of SecurityEventReportInterface		
[TPS_MANI_01340] [TPS_MANI_01341]	Semantics of SecurityEventReportInterface Security events that are actually reported by a local IdsM		



Number	Heading	
[TPS_MANI_03235]	Usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps.sessionHandling	
[TPS_MANI_03236]	Mapping of ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance to different PPortPro- totypeS	
[TPS_MANI_03237]	Transport Protocol attributes defined for a RequiredSomeipServiceIn- stance	
[TPS_MANI_03238]	Definition of ComMethodGrantDesign.remoteSubject	
[TPS_MANI_03239]	Definition of ComEventGrantDesign.remoteSubject	
[TPS_MANI_03240]	Modeling of a remote peer in case of TLS-based secure channel	
[TPS_MANI_03241]	Modeling of relevant TlsSecureComProps for TlsIamRemoteSubject	
[TPS_MANI_03242]	Modeling of a remote peer in case of IPsec-based secure channel	
[TPS_MANI_03244]	Modeling of a remote peer in case of a general IP communication	
[TPS_MANI_03245]	Definition of ComMethodGrant.remoteSubjects on server side	
[TPS_MANI_03246]	Definition of ComMethodGrant.remoteSubjects on client side	
[TPS_MANI_03247]	Definition of ComEventGrant.remoteSubjects on provider side	
[TPS_MANI_03248]	Definition of ComEventGrant.remoteSubjects on receiver side	
[TPS_MANI_03249]	Definition of ComFieldGrant.remoteSubjects on provider side	
[TPS_MANI_03250]	Definition of ComFieldGrant.remoteSubjects on client side	
[TPS_MANI_03251]	Definition of ComFieldGrantDesign.remoteSubject	
[TPS_MANI_03252]	Usage of same End2EndMethodProtectionProps.sourceId in case of Multi-Binding	
[TPS_MANI_03253]	Interaction with crypto software	
[TPS_MANI_03254]	Modeling of application that uses and modifies a Crypto Key	
[TPS_MANI_03255]	Modeling of Key Manager application that manages a Crypto Key that is used by Stack Services	
[TPS_MANI_03256]	Modeling of application that accesses a Crypto Certificate	
[TPS_MANI_03257]	Modeling of application that accesses a Crypto Provider	
[TPS_MANI_03258]	Modeling of application designed as trust-master	
[TPS_MANI_03259]	Linking of Crypto Certificate to a Crypto Key Slot	
[TPS_MANI_03260]	Semantics of meta-class CryptoModuleInstantiation	
[TPS_MANI_03261]	Support of CryptoProviders	
[TPS_MANI_03262]	Semantics of CryptoProviderToPortPrototypeMapping	
[TPS_MANI_03263]	Assignment of CryptoKeySlots to CryptoProviders	
[TPS_MANI_03264]	Semantics of CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping	
[TPS_MANI_03265]	Support of CryptoCertificates	
[TPS_MANI_03266]	Semantics of CryptoCertificateToCryptoKeySlotMapping	
[TPS_MANI_03267]	Semantics of CryptoCertificateToPortPrototypeMapping	
[TPS_MANI_03268]	Semantics of FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClus- terMapping	
[TPS_MANI_03269]	Semantics of ComCertificateToCryptoCertificateMapping	
[TPS_MANI_03270]	Semantics of ComKeyToCryptoKeySlotMapping	



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Number	Heading		
[TPS_MANI_03271]	Semantics of ComSecOcToCryptoKeySlotMapping		
[TPS_MANI_03272]	Semantics of PersistencyDeploymentToCryptoKeySlotMapping		
[TPS_MANI_03273]	SemanticsofPersistencyDeploymentElementToCryp-toKeySlotMapping		
[TPS_MANI_03274]	Configuration of log and trace message source		
[TPS_MANI_03275]	Configuration of log and trace message source on design level		
[TPS_MANI_03276]	Semantics of PersistencyDeploymentToDltLogChannelMapping		
[TPS_MANI_03622]	DDS Transport Protocols are up to the stack implementer		
[TPS_MANI_03623]	Usage of checkpointId in application code		
[TPS_MANI_03624]	Usage of statusId in application code		
[TPS_MANI_03625]	Consistency of HealthChannelExternalReportedStatus.statusId and PhmHealthChannelStatus.statusId		
[TPS_MANI_03626]	Consistency of SupervisionCheckpoint.phmCheckpoint and Phm-Checkpoint.checkpointId		
[TPS_MANI_03627]	No signal-service-translation for methods		
[TPS_MANI_03628]	Standardized values of ServiceInterface.category		
[TPS_MANI_03629]	Relation of ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping and Communication- Connector		
[TPS_MANI_03630]	Semantics of triggersRecoveryNotification		
[TPS_MANI_03631]	Semantics of meta-class PhmHealthChannelRecoveryNotification- Interface		
[TPS_MANI_03632]	Semantics of TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping		

Table E.33: Added Traceables in R20-11

E.7.2 Changed Traceables in R20-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01061]	Requirements on scheduling
[TPS_MANI_01065]	Purpose of PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface
[TPS_MANI_01067]	Purpose of PersistencyFileStorageInterface
[TPS_MANI_01068]	Semantics of PersistencyFileStorageInterface.maxNumberOf-Files
[TPS_MANI_01073]	Semantics of PortPrototype typed by PersistencyKeyValueStor- ageInterface
[TPS_MANI_01078]	Semantics of PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping
[TPS_MANI_01079]	Semantics of PersistencyKeyValueStorage
[TPS_MANI_01080]	Semantics of meta-class PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileStor- ageMapping



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01081]	Semantics of PortPrototype typed by PersistencyFileStorageIn- terface
[TPS_MANI_01106]	Specification of intentions for the receiver of $events$ or field notifiers
[TPS_MANI_01107]	Specification of intentions for the sender of events or field notifiers
[TPS_MANI_01108]	Specification of intentions for the caller of a methods or field setter/getter
[TPS_MANI_01135]	Semantics of PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataType- ForSerialization
[TPS_MANI_01138]	Semantics of PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface.dataElement
[TPS_MANI_01139]	Semantics of PersistencyInterface.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01140]	Semantics of PersistencyInterfaceElement.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01142]	Semantics of PersistencyFileElement
[TPS_MANI_01144]	Semantics of PersistencyKeyValuePair
[TPS_MANI_01147]	Semantics of PersistencyDeployment.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01148]	Semantics of PersistencyDeploymentElement.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01149]	Semantics of PersistencyFileStorage.file
[TPS_MANI_01150]	Semantics of PersistencyFileStorage
[TPS_MANI_01155]	PersistencyDeployment.updateStrategy overrides Persistency- Interface.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01156]	PersistencyDeploymentElement.updateStrategy overrides Per- sistencyDeployment.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01157]	Semantics of updateStrategy on collection level
[TPS_MANI_01159]	Semantics of updateStrategy on element level
[TPS_MANI_01160]	Definition of initial value for PersistencyDataElement
[TPS_MANI_01164]	Semantics of SoftwareCluster.dependsOn
[TPS_MANI_01176]	Standardized value for attribute CppImplementationDataType.type- Emitter
[TPS_MANI_01177]	Semantics of attribute CppImplementationDataType.typeEmitter
[TPS_MANI_01179]	Semantics of PersistencyFileElement.contentUri/Persistency- File.contentUri VS. PersistencyFileStorage.uri and Persisten- cyFileElement.fileName/PersistencyFile.fileName
[TPS_MANI_01180]	Collection of data types that requires serialization support
[TPS_MANI_01182]	Value of PersistencyDeploymentElement.updateStrategy overrides PersistencyInterfaceElement.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01187]	Matching pairs of PersistencyFileElement and PersistencyFile
[TPS_MANI_01194]	Semantics of PersistencyInterface.minimumSustainedSize
[TPS_MANI_01196]	Semantics of PersistencyDeployment.minimumSustainedSize
[TPS_MANI_01197]	Semantics of PersistencyDeployment.maximumAllowedSize
[TPS_MANI_01204]	Specification of redundancy of persistent data
[TPS_MANI_01206]	Modeling of redundancy in the context of PersistencyDeployment
[TPS_MANI_01207]	Standardized values of attribute PersistencyRedundancyChecksum.al- gorithmFamily



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01213]	Semantics of meta-class StrongRevisionLabelString
[TPS_MANI_01214]	Semantics of SoftwareCluster.conflictsTo
[TPS_MANI_01215]	Semantics of meta-class SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula
[TPS_MANI_01216]	Semantics of meta-class SoftwareClusterDependencyFormulaPart
[TPS_MANI_01217]	Semantics of meta-class SoftwareClusterDependencyCompareCondition
[TPS_MANI_01263]	Mapping of DiagnosticDataIdentifier or DiagnosticDataElement to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01272]	Duplicate entries in logTraceLogMode
[TPS_MANI_01280]	Semantics of meta-class PhmSupervisionRecoveryNotificationIn- terface
[TPS_MANI_01284]	Granularity of meta-class RawDataStreamGrantDesign
[TPS_MANI_01285]	Purpose of meta-class RawDataStreamDeployment
[TPS_MANI_01300]	Semantics of reference SoftwarePackageStep.transfer.transfer
[TPS_MANI_03059]	RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.requiredServiceInstanceId
[TPS_MANI_03111]	Mapping between method and operationlocated in a ClientServerIn- terface
[TPS_MANI_03113]	Mapping between a field and elements of Classic Platform PortInter- faces
[TPS_MANI_03130]	Standardized E2EProfileConfiguration.profileName values
[TPS_MANI_03145]	Description of a function group
[TPS_MANI_03160]	Further configuration options in DltLogChannel
[TPS_MANI_03163]	Network configuration for Log and Trace messages
[TPS_MANI_03165]	Network Interface configuration for DoIP
[TPS_MANI_03194]	Function Group State
[TPS_MANI_03195]	Off state in Function Group
[TPS_MANI_03207]	IPsec Internet Key Exchange protocol configuration
[TPS_MANI_03209]	The meaning of MachineDesign.accessControl
[TPS_MANI_03516]	Status for HealthChannelSupervision
[TPS_MANI_03517]	Evaluation of HealthChannelExternalStatus
[TPS_MANI_03535]	Definition of Time Synchronization interaction
[TPS_MANI_03536]	Time Synchronization interaction in a provider role
[TPS_MANI_03537]	Time Synchronization interaction in a consumer role
[TPS_MANI_03539]	Definition of Time-Base Resources
[TPS_MANI_03541]	Definition of SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer
[TPS_MANI_03542]	Definition of SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider
[TPS_MANI_03543]	Definition of time sync correction attributes
[TPS_MANI_03546]	Definition of reported health status RPortPrototype
[TPS_MANI_03548]	Definition of TimeSyncPortPrototypeToTimeBaseMapping
[TPS_MANI_03549]	Usage of PortPrototype for the interaction with Time Synchronization



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_03551]	Definition of Time Base kind
[TPS_MANI_03556]	DDS-RPC Service Binding
[TPS_MANI_03557]	DDS ClientServerOperation Binding
[TPS_MANI_03558]	DDS Field Binding
[TPS_MANI_03598]	Expected check period of E2E-Protected payload
[TPS_MANI_03599]	Expected update period of E2E-Protected payload
[TPS_MANI_03612]	Sufficient ASIL level of translation software
[TPS_MANI_03617]	Version mapping between ServiceInterface and ServiceInter- faceDeployment

Table E.34: Changed Traceables in R20-11

E.7.3 Deleted Traceables in R20-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_MAIN_01281]	Usage of meta-class RecoveryViaApplicationAction
[TPS_MANI_01015]	Semantics of meta-class StartupOption
[TPS_MANI_01059]	Different values of optionKind within a StartupConfig.startupOption
[TPS_MANI_01069]	Further qualification of properties of PortPrototypes typed by PersistencyKeyValueDatabaseInterfaceS
[TPS_MANI_01141]	Semantics of PersistencyFileProxyInterface.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01143]	Semantics of PersistencyFileProxy.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01151]	Semantics of PersistencyFileArray.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01152]	Semantics of PersistencyFile.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01154]	PersistencyFileArray.updateStrategy Overrides Persistency- FileProxyInterface.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01158]	PersistencyFile.updateStrategy overrides PersistencyFileAr- ray.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01163]	Impact of values of category on the semantics of SoftwareCluster
[TPS_MANI_01183]	PersistencyFile.updateStrategy overrides Persistency- FileProxy.updateStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01195]	Semantics of PersistencyFileProxyInterface.minimumSustained-Size
[TPS_MANI_01224]	Actions taken after installation of a SoftwarePackage
[TPS_MANI_01264]	Mapping of DiagnosticServiceInstance to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01266]	Mapping of DiagnosticServiceInstance for upload/download to Port- Prototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01267]	Semantics of attribute SoftwareClusterDesign.dependsOn



Number	Heading	
[TPS_MANI_01268]	Semantics of attribute SoftwareClusterDesign.conflictsTo	
[TPS_MANI_01283]	Semantics of meta-class RawDataStreamInterface	
[TPS_MANI_01286]	Semantics of attribute RawDataStreamMethodDeploy- ment.callTimeout	
[TPS_MANI_03065]	Hardware resources of the machine	
[TPS_MANI_03161]	Log and Trace configuration options in the Service Instance Manifest	
[TPS_MANI_03518]	PhmLogicalExpression definition	
[TPS_MANI_03519]	PhmRule definition	
[TPS_MANI_03520]	Execution of PhmActionList with actionListExecu- tion=triggeredOnEvaluation	
[TPS_MANI_03521]	Execution of PhmActionList with actionListExecu- tion=triggeredOnChange	
[TPS_MANI_03522]	Definition of actions for application software	
[TPS_MANI_03523]	Definition of actions for Platform Instance	
[TPS_MANI_03524]	Definition of actions for Watchdog	
[TPS_MANI_03538]	Time Synchronization interaction with a local Time Base	
[TPS_MANI_03540]	Definition of PureLocalTimeBase	
[TPS_MANI_03559]	Definition of DdsProvidedServiceInstance.methodQosProps	
[TPS_MANI_03560]	<pre>qosProfile of DdsProvidedServiceInstance.methodQosProps is optional</pre>	
[TPS_MANI_03563]	Definition of DdsProvidedServiceInstance.fieldGetSetQosProps	
[TPS_MANI_03564]	<pre>qosProfile of DdsProvidedServiceInstance.fieldGetSetQosProps is optional</pre>	
[TPS_MANI_03565]	Definition of DdsRequiredServiceInstance.methodQosProps	
[TPS_MANI_03566]	<pre>qosProfile of DdsRequiredServiceInstance.methodQosProps is optional</pre>	
[TPS_MANI_03569]	Definition of DdsRequiredServiceInstance.fieldGetSetQosProps	
[TPS_MANI_03570]	<pre>qosProfile Of DdsRequiredServiceInstance.fieldGetSetQosProps is optional</pre>	
[TPS_MANI_03571]	transportPlugin for DdsProvidedServiceInstance	
[TPS_MANI_03572]	transportPlugin for DdsRequiredServiceInstance	

Table E.35: Deleted Traceables in R20-11



E.7.4 Added Constraints in R20-11

Number	Heading	
[constr_1743]	CppImplementationDataType.headerFile VS . CppImplementation- DataType.typeEmitter	
[constr_1744]	Definition of process state In the context of the ExecutionDependency	
[constr_1746]	Mutual exclusive existence of PersistencyInterface.redundancy and Per- sistencyInterface.redundancyHandling	
[constr_1747]	Completeness of the SoftwareCluster.version	
[constr_1748]	Existence of references TlvDataIdDefinition.tlvArgument, Tlv- DataIdDefinition.tlvRecordElement, and TlvDataIdDefini- tion.tlvSubElement	
[constr_1751]	Value of PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.n and PersistencyRedundancy-MOutOfN.m	
[constr_1764]	Counterpart of PhmCheckpoint	
[constr_1765]	Diagnostic Services eligible for DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping	
[constr_1769]	Existence of ProcessArgument.argument	
[constr_1770]	Value of ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.serviceInstanceId	
[constr_1784]	Restriction for the reference to UploadableExclusivePackageElement	
[constr_1785]	Restriction regarding the reference into another SoftwareCluster	
[constr_1786]	Restriction to use <pre>functionGroup</pre> in terms of <pre>SoftwareCluster</pre>	
[constr_1787]	Restricted use of function groups in the context of a SoftwareCluster	
[constr_1788]	Restriction to SoftwareCluster of category PLATFORM_CORE	
[constr_1789]	Scope of machine function group	
[constr_1809]	Global supervision restricted to one function group	
[constr_3563]	Mandatory topic name values	
[constr_3564]	Consistency between DDS Service Interface Deployment and Provided DDS Service Instance	
[constr_3565]	Consistency between DDS Service Interface Deployment and Required DDS Service Instance	
[constr_3568]	No support for cross PlatformHealthManagementContribution references	
[constr_3569]	Applicability of attribute invalidValue on CppImplementationDataType of category TYPE_REFERENCE	
[constr_3612]	Multiplicity of references recoveryNotification, recoveryAction, and pro- cess at RecoveryNotificationToPPortPrototypeMapping	
[constr_3613]	Reference to a PhmSupervisionRecoveryNotificationInterface in the context of a HealthChannelSupervision	
[constr_3614]	Reference to a PhmHealthChannelRecoveryNotificationInterface in the context of a HealthChannelExternalStatus	
[constr_3619]	Mandatory references of TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping	
[constr_5115]	Search for a specific SOME/IP ServiceInstance and for all SOME/IP ServiceIn- stances over the same RPortPrototype	



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Number	Heading
[constr_5155]	SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping only supports a single Address Family
[constr_5156]	SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol setting to udp and the impact On ProvidedSomeipServiceInstanceS
[constr_5161]	RequiredSomeipServiceInstance that is mapped by a SomeipServiceIn- stanceToMachineMapping without a configured tcpPort and udpPort
[constr_5227]	Mandatory elements of UdpNmCluster
[constr_5228]	Partial Networking timing constraint
[constr_5230]	Existence of attribute E2EProfileCompatibilityProps.transitToIn-validExtended is mandatory for each E2EProfileConfiguration
[constr_5238]	CryptoKeySlotAllowedModification.restrictUpdate and the relationship to maxNumberOfAllowedUpdates
[constr_5239]	Predefined values for CryptoKeySlotContentAllowedUsage.allowed-KeyslotUsage
[constr_5240]	Restriction applicable for CryptoProviderToPortPrototypeMapping.port- Prototype
[constr_5241]	Restriction applicable for CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping.port- Prototype
[constr_5242]	Restriction applicable for CryptoCertificateToPortPrototypeMapping. portPrototype
[constr_5243]	Restriction of LogAndTraceInstantiation.dltEcuId attribute value
[constr_10002]	Only one mapping per PortPrototype
[constr_10003]	Restriction for the existence of DiagnosticServiceDataIdentifierPortMapping.diagnosticDataIdentifier VS. DiagnosticServiceDataIdentifierPortMapping.diagnosticDataElement
[constr_10004]	Consistency of DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping for PortPrototype typed by DiagnosticDataIdentifierGenericInterface
[constr_10007]	Existence of ProcessExecutionError.executionError
[constr_10008]	Value of ProcessExecutionError.executionError
[constr_10010]	Usage of attribute category in a SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula
[constr_10011]	Definition of sub-software-cluster
[constr_10021]	Existence of IdsmModuleInstantiation
[constr_10022]	Restriction for SecurityEventMapping.process.securityEvent.id w.r.t SecurityEventMapping.id
[constr_10023]	Mandatory content of any functionGroup

 Table E.36: Added Constraints in R20-11



E.7.5 Changed Constraints in R20-11

Number	Heading		
[constr_1490]	Allowed value for Executable.category if ProcessToMachineMapping references a NonOsModuleInstantiation		
[constr_1500]	TargetSwcServiceDependencyOfDiagnosticEventPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable		
[constr_1507]	PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping is only applicable to ServiceInterface Or PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface		
[constr_1555]	Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStor- ageMapping.portPrototype		
[constr_1556]	Restriction applicable for PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileStorageMapping.portPrototype		
[constr_1564]	Existence of SoftwareCluster.diagnosticAddress		
[constr_1566]	Usage of SoftwareCluster.containedARElement		
[constr_1568]	Existence of SoftwareCluster.diagnosticExtract		
[constr_1581]	Value of fileElement.fileName		
[constr_1589]	Value of file.fileName		
[constr_1613]	File name of matching pairs of PersistencyFileElement and Persistency- File		
[constr_1659]	Restriction for the usage of CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier.		
[constr_1666]	References from PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping to PersistencyKeyValueStorage		
[constr_1667]	References from PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileStorageMapping to PersistencyFileStorage		
[constr_1668]	Allowed combinations of PersistencyRedundancyChecksum.length and al- gorithmFamily		
[constr_1673]	Existence of attributes hasGetter, hasSetter, and hasNotifier		
[constr_1710]	Consistency of values of attributes PersistencyInterface.redundancy and PersistencyRedundancyHandling.scope		
[constr_1729]	Qualified combinations of PortPrototypes and PhmSupervisionRecoveryNo- tificationInterface / PhmHealthChannelRecoveryNotificationIn- terface on State Management software level		
[constr_3305]	Value of attribute SomeipEventDeployment.eventId shall be unique		
[constr_3306]	Value of attribute methodId shall be unique per SomeipServiceInterfaceDe- ployment		
[constr_3356]	Restriction in usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps.alignment		
[constr_3414]	Allowed usage of PlatformModuleEthernetEndpointConfiguration at tributes		
[constr_3421]	Fibex elements applicable for a System of category MACHINE_DESIGN_EXTRACT		
[constr_3426]	The logTraceFilePath is mandatory in case that logTraceLogMode is set to file		
[constr_3427]	The logTraceFilePath is only relevant if logTraceLogMode is set to file		



Number	Heading	
[constr_3493]	Applicable attributes for standardized E2E Profiles	
[constr_3552]	Full mapping of target event	
[constr_3554]	E2E protection configuration check	
[constr_5052]	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances of the same serviceInterface on one Ma- chine	

Table E.37: Changed Constraints in R20-11

E.7.6 Deleted Constraints in R20-11

Number	Heading	
[constr_1481]	Usage of DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef in the AUTOSAR adaptive platform	
[constr_1497]	Attribute optionKind set to commandLineSimpleForm	
[constr_1498]	Attribute optionKind set to commandLineShortForm or commandLineLong-Form	
[constr_1524]	Standardized values of PersistencyFileProxyInterface.category	
[constr_1534]	Existence of DiagnosticSoftwareClusterProps	
[constr_1542]	No nested definition of SoftwareCluster	
[constr_1561]	Existence of SoftwareClusterDesign.subSoftwareCluster and SoftwareClusterDesign.dependsOn.dependentSoftwareClusterDesign	
[constr_1563]	Standardized values of SoftwareClusterDesign.category and Soft- wareCluster.category	
[constr_1565]	Existence of SoftwareCluster.subSoftwareCluster	
[constr_1567]	Existence of SoftwareCluster.subSoftwareCluster and SoftwareClus- ter.dependsOn/conflictsTo	
[constr_1615]	Existence of attribute SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.someip- TransformationProps.sessionHandling	
[constr_1687]	Definition of machine state	
[constr_1703]	TargetSwcServiceDependencyOfDiagnosticGenericUdsPortMap-ping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable	
[constr_1704]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticUploadDownloadPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable	
[constr_1705]	Target of reference SoftwareActivationDependencyCompareCondi- tion.softwareActivationDependency	
[constr_1709]	Applicability of attribute PersistencyRedundancyEnum.redundantPerKey	
[constr_1730]	Restriction regarding the modeling of the PhmRecoveryActionInter- face.recovery	
[constr_3296]	Transport Protocol attributes defined for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance	
[constr_3297]	SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping only supports a single Address Family	



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Number	Heading	
[constr_3307]	SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol setting to udp and the impact On ProvidedSomeipServiceInstanceS	
[constr_3412]	OsModuleInstantiation shall have at least one ResourceGroup	
[constr_3527]	PhmLogicalExpression referenced by one PhmRule	
[constr_3543]	At least one transportPlugin definition required for each DdsProvidedServi- ceInstance	
[constr_3544]	At least one transportPlugin definition required for each DdsRequiredServi- ceInstance	
[constr_3556]	Unique transport layer mapping	

Table E.38: Deleted Constraints in R20-11

E.8 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R21-11

E.8.1 Added Traceables in R21-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01343]	Relation between Function Group states and NmNetworkHandle
[TPS_MANI_01344]	Actions taken after installation of a SoftwarePackage
[TPS_MANI_01345]	Ability to attach checksums to SoftwareCluster
[TPS_MANI_01346]	No formal definition of checksum algorithm
[TPS_MANI_01347]	Definition of a DiagnosticDataElement used in the context of a DID obtained from a PPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticDataElementInterface
[TPS_MANI_01348]	Definition of a DiagnosticDataElement used in the context of a DID obtained from a PPortPrototype typed by a DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface
[TPS_MANI_01349]	Configuration of diagnostic-related properties of a SoftwareCluster
[TPS_MANI_01350]	Semantics of DiagnosticServiceValidationConfiguration
[TPS_MANI_01351]	Reporting the status of a DiagnosticEvent on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01352]	Definition of DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping
[TPS_MANI_01353]	Semantics of DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationInterface
[TPS_MANI_01354]	Rationale for the existence of meta-class AbstractRawDataStreamEthernetCredentials
[TPS_MANI_01355]	Definition of local Ethernet credentials
[TPS_MANI_01356]	Definition of remote server's Ethernet credentials
[TPS_MANI_01357]	Definition of remote client's Ethernet credentials

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Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01358]	Restriction for the configuration of diagnostic debouncing
[TPS_MANI_01359]	Semantics of DiagnosticAuthenticationInterface
[TPS_MANI_01360]	Creation of two diagnostic mappings the fulfill different roles in the context of authenticating a diagnostic client
[TPS_MANI_01361]	Support the authentication request of a diagnostic client
[TPS_MANI_01362]	Support the responding to an authentication request of a diagnostic client
[TPS_MANI_01363]	Semantics of DiagnosticComControlInterface
[TPS_MANI_02384]	DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_REMOTE
[TPS_MANI_02385]	DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_DLT
[TPS_MANI_02386]	DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_FILE
[TPS_MANI_02387]	DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_CONSOLE
[TPS_MANI_02388]	Semantics of DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping
[TPS_MANI_03277]	ServiceInterfaceElementMappings for a subset of elements of a single ServiceInterface
[TPS_MANI_03278]	Usage of ApSomeipTransformationProps.byteOrder
[TPS_MANI_03279]	Priority of Nm messages
[TPS_MANI_03280]	Semantics of ApApplicationEndpoint
[TPS_MANI_03281]	Port specific TCP configuration settings
[TPS_MANI_03282]	Assignment of a Dlt Ecu Identifier to a LogAndTraceInstantiation
[TPS_MANI_03283]	Standardized values for attribute DltLogSink.category
[TPS_MANI_03284]	Semantics of LogAndTraceInterface
[TPS_MANI_03285]	Semantics of PortPrototype.logAndTraceMessageCollectionSet
[TPS_MANI_03286]	Assignment of DltApplication to a Process
[TPS_MANI_03287]	ServiceInterface.trigger to ISignalTriggering mapping
[TPS_MANI_03288]	ApSomeipTransformationProps for trigger s
[TPS_MANI_03289]	Semantics of ServiceInterfaceTriggerMapping
[TPS_MANI_03290]	Semantics of ComTriggerGrantDesign
[TPS_MANI_03291]	Semantics of ServiceInterface.trigger
[TPS_MANI_03633]	Semantics of several supervisionMode references for one supervision
[TPS_MANI_03635]	Determination of translation direction
[TPS_MANI_03636]	Definition of ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig in the context of signal/service translation
[TPS_MANI_03637]	<pre>Ignored attributes of ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig in the context of signal/service translation</pre>
[TPS_MANI_03638]	Mapping of MultiplexedIPdu
[TPS_MANI_03639]	Mapping of MultiplexedIPdu static part
[TPS_MANI_03640]	Mapping of MultiplexedIPdu dynamic part
[TPS_MANI_03641]	No mapping of MultiplexedIPdu selector field value
[TPS_MANI_03642]	Exactly one alternative defined for mapped event / field during runtime



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_03643]	Translation-Executable category
[TPS_MANI_03644]	Supported reception data filters
[TPS_MANI_03645]	Applicability of a filter to the scoped filtered element
[TPS_MANI_03646]	Definition of transmission triggers for signal-service-translation
[TPS_MANI_03647]	Full translation before transmission triggering
[TPS_MANI_03648]	Transmission trigger for signal-service-translation
[TPS_MANI_03649]	No transmission trigger for signal-service-translation
[TPS_MANI_03650]	Definition of DdsServiceInstanceResourceIdentifierTypeEnum
[TPS_MANI_03651]	Mandatory SupervisionCheckpoint.process reference
[TPS_MANI_03652]	Signal/service translation header format
[TPS_MANI_03653]	Signal/service translation header endianness
[TPS_MANI_03654]	Definition of Partial SOME/IP Header ID
[TPS_MANI_03655]	Definition of No Message Header - implicit SOME/IP Message Identification
[TPS_MANI_03656]	Definition of No Message Header - implicit Arbitrary Message Identification
[TPS_MANI_03657]	Signal-service-translation SOME/IP Service Discovery Find
[TPS_MANI_03658]	Service-signal-translation SOME/IP Service Discovery Offer
[TPS_MANI_03659]	No signal-service-translation SOME/IP Service Discovery Find
[TPS_MANI_03660]	No signal-service-translation SOME/IP Service Discovery Offer
[TPS_MANI_03661]	Configuration of Governance in DDS Security
[TPS_MANI_03662]	Configuration of Topic access rules

 Table E.39: Added Traceables in R21-11

E.8.2 Changed Traceables in R21-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01001]	Meaning of ServiceInterface
[TPS_MANI_01048]	Retrieving the status of a DiagnosticEvent to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01049]	Mapping of DiagnosticOperationCycle to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01050]	Mapping of DiagnosticEnableCondition to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01111]	Diagnostic Address of a SoftwareCluster
[TPS_MANI_01176]	Standardized value for attribute CppImplementationDataType. typeEmitter



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01239]	Semantics of meta-class ComEventGrant
[TPS_MANI_01244]	Semantics of DiagnosticDataElementInterface
[TPS_MANI_01259]	Mapping of DiagnosticClearCondition to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01260]	Mapping of DiagnosticIndicator to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01261]	Mapping of DiagnosticMemoryDestination to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01262]	Mapping of DiagnosticSecurityLevel to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01263]	<pre>Mapping of DiagnosticDataIdentifier or DiagnosticDataElement to PortPrototype(s) on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform</pre>
[TPS_MANI_01274]	Standardized System Category Definitions for the Adaptive Platform
[TPS_MANI_01287]	Semantics of RawDataStreamMapping
[TPS_MANI_01326]	Generic Mapping to a DiagnosticServiceInstance on the AUTOSAR Adaptive Platform
[TPS_MANI_01331]	Standardized values of attribute SoftwareCluster.category
[TPS_MANI_03007]	Udp Transport Protocol Configuration for ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03008]	Tcp Transport Protocol Configuration for ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03010]	Udp Transport Protocol Configuration in case of IP-Multicast
[TPS_MANI_03038]	Purpose of ServiceEventDeployment
[TPS_MANI_03101]	SOME/IP serialization
[TPS_MANI_03109]	TransformationProps on the level of DataPrototypes overwrites TransformationProps settings on the level of a ServiceInterface
[TPS_MANI_03114]	Usage of AssemblySwConnectors in the System Design model
[TPS_MANI_03130]	Standardized values of the attribute E2EProfileConfiguration. profileName
[TPS_MANI_03131]	Non-Standardized values of attribute E2EProfileConfiguration. profileName
[TPS_MANI_03163]	Network configuration for Log and Trace messages
[TPS_MANI_03165]	Network Interface configuration for DoIP
[TPS_MANI_03185]	Structure of a CppImplementationDataType of category ASSOCIATIVE_MAP
[TPS_MANI_03225]	References to VLANs in PncMapping
[TPS_MANI_03227]	Usage of ephemeral ports
[TPS_MANI_03252]	Usage of same End2EndMethodProtectionProps.sourceId in case of Multi-Binding
[TPS_MANI_03274]	Configuration of log and trace sinks
	Configuration of log and trace sinks
[TPS_MANI_03276]	Semantics of PersistencyDeploymentToDltLogSinkMapping

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Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_03513]	Collection of supervisions into a GlobalSupervision
[TPS_MANI_03514]	Expiration tolerance for SupervisionMode
[TPS_MANI_03515]	Failure tolerance for AliveSupervision
[TPS_MANI_03527]	Definition of DdsProvidedServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03529]	Definition of DdsRequiredServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03577]	Definition of Arbitrary Message Header ID
[TPS_MANI_03585]	Processing order of COM-Stack features
[TPS_MANI_03589]	Reception data filter of COM-Stack
[TPS_MANI_03590]	Transfer properties and transmission modes of COM-Stack
[TPS_MANI_03592]	ISignal invalidation of COM-Stack
[TPS_MANI_03593]	handleInvalid = dontInvalidate behavior of COM-Stack
[TPS_MANI_03594]	handleInvalid = replace behavior of COM-Stack
[TPS_MANI_03597]	Support for MultiplexedIPdu
[TPS_MANI_03600]	Signal-service-translation of E2E protected payload
[TPS_MANI_03601]	Signal-service-translation of E2E protected payload - timeout handling
[TPS_MANI_03602]	Signal-service-translation of E2E protected payload - error handling
[TPS_MANI_03603]	Service-signal-translation of E2E protected payload
[TPS_MANI_03604]	Service-signal-translation of E2E protected payload - timeout handling
[TPS_MANI_03605]	Service-signal-translation of E2E protected payload - error handling
[TPS_MANI_03607]	Handling of safe signal/service translation in one Executable
[TPS_MANI_03608]	Support for safe signal/service translation
[TPS_MANI_03609]	Support for safe signal/service translation with same or different E2E profiles
[TPS_MANI_03621]	Data filtering during the signal-service-translation
[TPS_MANI_03627]	No signal/service translation for methods

Table E.40: Changed Traceables in R21-11

E.8.3 Deleted Traceables in R21-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01014]	Semantics of meta-class StartupConfigSet
[TPS_MANI_01037]	Diagnostic data mapping on the AUTOSAR adaptive platform
[TPS_MANI_01054]	Definition of the queue length of an event or field notifier
[TPS_MANI_01060]	Use cases for the application of DiagnosticServiceDataMapping
[TPS_MANI_01103]	Three-level approach to REST modeling
[TPS_MANI_01105]	Semantics of RestServiceInterface



Number H	leading
[TPS_MANI_01120] F	Recursive definition of RestResourceDef
[TPS_MANI_01121] S	Semantics of RestResourceDef.endpoint
[TPS_MANI_01122] A	Arguments to endpoints
[TPS_MANI_01123] S	System Triggered Event
[TPS_MANI_01124] S	Semantics of RestElementDef
[TPS_MANI_01125] F	Properties of REST elements can either be primitive or have array semantics
[TPS_MANI_01126] [Definition of string properties
I TPS MANI 011271	.imited support for data semantics in RestAbstractNumericalPropertyDef
	Difference between RestIntegerPropertyDef and RestNumberPropertyDef
	RestObjectRef is only needed for specific implementations of REST-based communication
[TPS_MANI_01130] S	Structure of a typical URI for a REST service
[TPS_MANI_01131] Ir	mpact of nested REST resources on the structure of REST URI
[TPS_MANI_01178] S	Semantics of RestHttpPortPrototypeMapping.acceptEncoding
	AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType Offers a PPortPrototype yped by DiagnosticIndicatorInterface
	AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType offers a PPortPrototype typed by DiagnosticConditionInterface
	AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType Offers a PPortPrototype yped by DiagnosticGenericUdsInterface
[TPS_MANI_01272] C	Duplicate entries in logTrageLogMode
	mpact of the SoftwarePackage on the value of function group states on he target platform
[TPS_MANI_01289] C	Order of function group states is relevant
[TPS_MANI_01303] S	Semantics of reference SoftwarePackageStep.preActivate
[TPS_MANI_01304] S	Semantics of reference SoftwarePackageStep.verify
[TPS_MANI_01311] +	Handling of manufacturer checks
[TPS_MANI_01312] +	Handling of supplier checks
[TPS_MANI_01336] T	<pre>wo use cases for using the DiagnosticEventPortMapping</pre>
[TPS_MANI_03075] B	Byte Order of chosen DataPrototype in the serialized data stream
[TPS_MANI_03160] F	Further configuration options in DltLogChannel
[TPS_MANI_03275] C	Configuration of log and trace message source on design level
[TPS_MANI_03552] S	Supervision cycle for GlobalSupervision
[TPS_MANI_03584] [Definition of transmission triggers for translations with different sources
[TPS_MANI_03586] N	No transmission trigger for translations with different sources
[TPS_MANI_03587] T	Fransmission trigger for translations with different sources
	Full translation before transmission triggering
[TPS_MANI_03588] F	

Table E.41: Deleted Traceables in R21-11



E.8.4 Added Constraints in R21-11

Number	Heading	
[constr_3623]	SupervisionCheckpoints in the context of a GlobalSupervision	
[constr_3624]	At least one Supervision defined in the context of a GlobalSupervision	
[constr_3625]	$\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{c} \texttt{DeadlineSupervision} \mbox{ referencing } \texttt{CheckpointTransition} \mbox{ in the context of } \\ a \mbox{ GlobalSupervision} \end{array}$	
[constr_3626]	LogicalSupervision referencing CheckpointTransition in the context of a GlobalSupervision	
[constr_3627]	Existence of SupervisionModeCondition.stateReference	
[constr_3628]	Reference to Function Group State from a SupervisionModeCondition	
[constr_3629]	Identical Function Group in the scope of a GlobalSupervision	
[constr_3630]	GlobalSupervision and Process relation	
[constr_3631]	Global supervision restricted to one Function Group	
[constr_3632]	Supervision of a Supervised Entity Instance in the scope of a Function Group State	
[constr_3633]	Mandatory attributes of AliveSupervision	
[constr_3634]	Multiplicity of CheckpointTransition.source and CheckpointTransition.	
[constr_3635]	Mandatory attributes of DeadlineSupervision	
[constr_3636]	Consistent ISignal communication direction in and RequiredApServiceInstance	
[constr_3637]	Consistent ISignal communication direction out and ProvidedApServiceInstance	
[constr_3639]	Existence of SupervisionMode.expiredSupervisionTolerance	
[constr_3640]	Existence of SupervisionMode.modeCondition	
[constr_3641]	Allowed combinations of ServiceInterfaceDeployment, AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance, ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping	
[constr_3642]	Restriction of aggregation of PortPrototypeProps to the Adaptive Platform	
[constr_3643]	No filter support for service-signal-translation direction	
[constr_3644]	No transmissionTrigger support for service-signal-translation direction	
[constr_3645]	discoveryType mandatory for DdsProvidedServiceInstance	
[constr_3646]	resourceIdentifierType mandatory for DdsProvidedServiceInstance	
[constr_3647]	resourceIdentifierType value for USER_DATA QoS-based discovery	
[constr_3648]	discoveryType mandatory for DdsRequiredServiceInstance	
[constr_3649]	Consistent SupervisionCheckpoint.process reference	
[constr_3650]	headerId required in case of Arbitrary Message Header	
[constr_3674]	Existence of NoSupervision.targetPhmSupervisedEntity	
[constr_3675]	Existence of NoSupervision.process	
[constr_3676]	Exclusive usage of NoSupervision	



Number	Heading
[constr_3677]	ComGrants referencing DDS Service Instances
[constr_3678]	Existence of attributes for DdsSecureComProps
[constr_3679]	Existence of attributes for DdsSecureGovernance
[constr_3680]	Existence of attributes for DdsTopicAccessRule
[constr_3681]	Supported values of DdsTopicAccessRule.dataProtectionKind
[constr_3682]	Values of DdsDomainRange.min and DdsDomainRange.max
[constr_3683]	Attributes referencing DdsTopicAccessRule
[constr_3684]	Mutual exclusivity of Secure Communication Properties
[constr_5250]	<pre>Protection of AdaptivePlatformServiceInstances of the same ServiceInterfaceDeployment</pre>
[constr_5260]	UDP endpoint using DTLS CLIENT role can only serve required service instances
[constr_5261]	TCP endpoint using TLS CLIENT role can only serve required service instances
[constr_5275]	Existence of LogAndTraceInstantiation.dltEcu
[constr_5276]	Existence of LogAndTraceInstantiation.logSink
[constr_5277]	applicable DltLogSink categories
[constr_5278]	DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_REMOTE is only allowed to be referenced by DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping
[constr_5279]	DltLogSink with category DLT_LOGSINK_DLT is only allowed to be referenced by LogAndTraceInstantiation
[constr_5280]	Existence of DltLogSink.defaultLogThreshold
[constr_5281]	Existence of DltLogSink.defaultTraceState
[constr_5282]	Existence of DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping.process
[constr_5283]	Existence of DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping.dltLogSink
[constr_5284]	Existence of DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping.dltContext
[constr_5285]	Existence of PortPrototype references in DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping
[constr_5286]	Restriction applicable for DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping. rPortPrototype
[constr_5287]	Restriction applicable for DltLogSinkToPortPrototypeMapping. pPortPrototype
[constr_5288]	Existence of process reference in DltApplicationToProcessMapping
[constr_5289]	Existence of dltApplication reference in DltApplicationToProcessMapping
[constr_5290]	PPortPrototype is not allowed to be typed by LogAndTraceInterface
[constr_5291]	Allowed usage of PortPrototype.logAndTraceMessageCollectionSet
[constr_5292]	Assigned dltSessionId shall be consistent for the same PortPrototype
[constr_5316]	Allowed ServiceEventDeployment.trigger references
[constr_5317]	ServiceEventDeployment not allowed to reference an event and a trigger at the same time
	Existence of ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping for an trigger with



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Number	Heading	
[constr_10029]	ServiceInterfaceDeployment shall cover all elements of the corresponding ServiceInterfaceDeployment	
[constr_10030]	Existence of DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface.read	
[constr_10031]	Existence of DiagnosticRoutineInterface.start	
[constr_10035]	Completeness of the PersistencyDeployment.version	
[constr_10037]	Existence of attribute TagWithOptionalValue.sequenceOffset in the context of attribute capabilityRecord owned by ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance, RequiredSomeipServiceInstance, SdServerConfig, SdClientConfig, Or AbstractServiceInstance	
[constr_10046]	Value of PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.n	
[constr_10047]	Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticMonitorPortMapping	
[constr_10048]	Existence of reference from DiagnosticMonitorPortMapping to DiagnosticEvent	
[constr_10049]	Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticEventPortMapping	
[constr_10050]	Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping	
[constr_10051]	Existence of reference from DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping to DiagnosticOperationCycle	
[constr_10052]	Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping	
[constr_10053]	Existence of reference from DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping to DiagnosticEnableCondition	
[constr_10054]	Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping	
[constr_10055]	Existence of reference from DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping to DiagnosticClearCondition	
[constr_10056]	Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping	
[constr_10057]	Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticMemoryDestinationPortMapping	
[constr_10058]	Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping	
[constr_10059]	Existence of reference from DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping to DiagnosticSecurityLevel	
[constr_10060]	PortInterface of PPortPrototype referenced by DiagnosticDataPortMapping	
[constr_10061]	Mapping to DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface, DiagnosticDataElementInterface, Or DiagnosticDataIdentifierGenericInterface	
[constr_10062]	DiagnosticServiceInstances that can be mapped by a DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping	
[constr_10063]	Possible values for DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping.category	
[constr_10064]	Existence of DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping. pPortPrototypeInExecutable	
[constr_10065]	Validity of DiagnosticServiceValidationConfiguration. manufacturerValidationOrder	
[constr_10066]	Validity of DiagnosticServiceValidationConfiguration. supplierValidationOrder	



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Number	Heading
[constr_10069]	Existence of SoftwareClusterDiagnosticProps.powerDownTime
[constr_10070]	Value of RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.requiredServiceInstanceId
[constr_10076]	Existence of RawDataStreamEthernetUdpCredentials.udpPort
[constr_10077]	Existence of ipV4Address and ipV6Address within AbstractRawDataStreamEthernetCredentials
[constr_10078]	Existence of RawDataStreamEthernetTcpUdpCredentials.tcpPort and udpPort
[constr_10079]	Existence of EthernetRawDataStreamMapping.localTcpPort and localUdpPort
[constr_10080]	Existence of initial values for PersistencyFileElement
[constr_10081]	Existence of initial values in the definition of PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec
[constr_10082]	Existence of initial values for PersistencyFile
[constr_10083]	Existence of initial values for PersistencyKeyValuePair
[constr_10086]	Existence of unicastUdpCredentials and multicastCredentials in the context of a EthernetRawDataStreamServerMapping
[constr_10090]	Existence of ProcessToMachineMapping.persistencyCentralStorageURI
[constr_10092]	Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping
[constr_10093]	Existence of reference from DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping to DiagnosticAuthentication
[constr_10094]	Restriction for the applicability of DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationPortMapping
[constr_10095]	Existence of reference from DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationPortMapping to DiagnosticAuthentication

Table E.42: Added Constraints in R21-11

E.8.5 Changed Constraints in R21-11

Number	Heading
[constr_1482]	Mapping of service interfaces vs. mapping of service interface elements
[constr_1564]	Existence of SoftwareCluster.diagnosticProps.diagnosticAddress
[constr_1598]	Scope of the uniqueness of the value of TlvDataIdDefinition.id for references to CppImplementationDataTypeElement
[constr_1601]	TlvDataIdDefinition referencing CppImplementationDataTypeElement
[constr_1604]	Completeness of the existence of a set of TlvDataIdDefinition. tlvImplementationDataTypeElementS



Number	Heading
[constr_1697]	Restriction for ClientServerOperation aggregated by a DiagnosticDataIdentifierInterface Or DiagnosticDataElementInterface
[constr_1748]	Existence of references TlvDataIdDefinition.tlvArgument, TlvDataIdDefinition.tlvRecordElement, and TlvDataIdDefinition. tlvImplementationDataTypeElement
[constr_1751]	Value of PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.m
[constr_1764]	Counterpart of PhmCheckpoint
[constr_1770]	Value of ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance.serviceInstanceId
[constr_3288]	IP configuration restriction for unicastNetworkEndpoints
[constr_3395]	TransformationPropsToServiceInterfaceElementMapping is restricted to one single ServiceInterface
[constr_3421]	Fibex elements applicable for a System of category MACHINE_DESIGN_EXTRACT
[constr_3485]	UDP endpoint using DTLS SERVER role can only serve provided service instances
[constr_3486]	TCP endpoint using TLS SERVER role can only serve provided service instances
[constr_3493]	Applicable attributes for standardized E2E Profiles
[constr_3539]	Only one AliveSupervision per SupervisionCheckpoint
[constr_3540]	SupervisionCheckpoint in supervision graph
[constr_3541]	<pre>qosProfile mandatory for DdsProvidedServiceInstance</pre>
[constr_3542]	<pre>qosProfile mandatory for DdsRequiredServiceInstance</pre>
[constr_3555]	No support for useAsCryptographicIPdu is true
[constr_5047]	Supported values of TlsSecureComProps.category
[constr_5052]	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances of the same serviceInterface on one Machine
[constr_5056]	Restriction of sub-class of CompositionSwComponentType.connector
[constr_5057]	PassThroughSwConnector and ServiceInterfaceMapping
[constr_5155]	SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping only supports a single Address Family
[constr_10002]	Only one mapping per PortPrototype
[constr_10003]	Restriction for the existence of DiagnosticDataPortMapping. diagnosticDataIdentifier VS. DiagnosticDataPortMapping. diagnosticDataElement

Table E.43: Changed Constraints in R21-11



E.8.6 Deleted Constraints in R21-11

Number	Heading
[constr_1496]	DiagnosticServiceDataMapping.mappedApDataElement shall only refer to specific sub-classes of DataPrototype
[constr_1500]	Target SwcServiceDependency ofDiagnosticEventPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1501]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticOperationCyclePortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1502]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticEnableConditionPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1569]	Restriction for the scope of RestHttpPortPrototypeMapping.acceptEncoding
[constr_1580]	Restriction for the usage of RestHttpPortPrototypeMapping.acceptEncoding
[constr_1698]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1699]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1700]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticMemoryDestination-PortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1701]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1702]	Target SwcServiceDependency of DiagnosticServiceDataIdentifier- PortMapping.swcServiceDependencyInExecutable
[constr_1733]	Simultaneous existence of SoftwarePackageStep.preActivate and SoftwarePackageStep.verify
[constr_1738]	Multiplicity of reference GlobalSupervision.localSupervision
[constr_1739]	Multiplicity of aggregation localSupervision.transition
[constr_1744]	Definition of process state In the context of the ExecutionDependency
[constr_1765]	Diagnostic Services eligible for DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping
[constr_1809]	Global supervision restricted to one function group
[constr_3366]	System category for a system design description with Adaptive Platform and Classic Platform content
[constr_3426]	The logTraceFilePath is mandatory in case that logTrageLogMode is set to file
[constr_3427]	The logTraceFilePath is only relevant if logTrageLogMode is set to file
[constr_3537]	localSupervision referenced once in the context of a GlobalSupervision
[constr_3562]	Existence of NonqueuedReceiverComSpec.filter
[constr_5243]	Restriction of LogAndTraceInstantiation.dltEcuId attribute value
[constr_10004]	Consistency of DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping for PortPrototype typed by DiagnosticDataIdentifierGenericInterface

Table E.44: Deleted Constraints in R21-11



E.9 Constraint and Specification Item History of this document according to AUTOSAR Release R22-11

E.9.1 Added Traceables in R22-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01365]	Semantics of attribute NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping. mappingDirection set to functionGroupStateToNmHandle
[TPS_MANI_01366]	Semantics of attribute NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping. mappingDirection set to nmHandleInactiveToFunctionGroupState
[TPS_MANI_01367]	Semantics of attribute NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping. mappingDirection set to nmHandleActiveToFunctionGroupState
[TPS_MANI_01369]	Semantics of reference SoftwareClusterDesign.requiredARElement
[TPS_MANI_01370]	Semantics of ExecutableImplementationProps
[TPS_MANI_01371]	PersistencyDeployment.redundancyHandling does not exist
[TPS_MANI_01372]	Properties of data obtained from the application software
[TPS_MANI_01373]	Semantics of DiagnosticRequestFileTransferInterface
[TPS_MANI_01374]	Semantics of UcmToTimeBaseResourceMapping
[TPS_MANI_01375]	Semantics of meta-class UcmRetryStrategy
[TPS_MANI_01376]	Semantics of meta-class UcmMasterModuleInstantiation
[TPS_MANI_01377]	Semantics of meta-class UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation
[TPS_MANI_01378]	Semantics of meta-class PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping
[TPS_MANI_01379]	Semantics of FunctionalClusterInteractsWithPersistencyDe- ploymentMapping
[TPS_MANI_01380]	Usage of PersistencyDeployment
[TPS_MANI_01381]	Semantics of meta-class ArtifactLocator
[TPS_MANI_01382]	Location of artifact that contains executable code represented by Executable
[TPS_MANI_01383]	Semantics of ExecutableLoggingImplementationProps
[TPS_MANI_01384]	Semantics of StateManagementRequestRule
[TPS_MANI_01387]	Semantics of meta-class StateManagementActionList
[TPS_MANI_01388]	Semantics of the meta-class StateManagementStateMachineActionItem
[TPS_MANI_01389]	Semantics of meta-class StateManagementSyncActionItem
[TPS_MANI_01390]	Semantics of meta-class StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem
[TPS_MANI_01391]	Semantics of StateManagementStateRequest
[TPS_MANI_01392]	Semantics of StateManagementStateNotification
[TPS_MANI_01393]	Initialization of a data object typed by a CppImplementationDataType of category VARIANT



Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01394]	Support for the authorization of SOVD clients
[TPS_MANI_01395]	Support for the proximity challenge in the context of SOVD
[TPS_MANI_01396]	Semantics of meta-class DiagnosticSovdLock
[TPS_MANI_01397]	Standardized values of <pre>DiagnosticDataIdentifier.category of the usage in SOVD context</pre>
[TPS_MANI_01398]	Definition of an SOVD data group
[TPS_MANI_01399]	Modeling of the configuration of Service-oriented Vehicle Diagnostics
[TPS_MANI_01400]	Secure communication between SOVD Gateway and SOVD Server
[TPS_MANI_01401]	Support for TLS in vehicle-internal SOVD communication
[TPS_MANI_01402]	Identification of the SOVD Server
[TPS_MANI_01403]	External communication of the SOVD gateway
[TPS_MANI_01404]	Secure communication between SOVD gateway and SOVD Client
[TPS_MANI_01405]	Semantics of sub-classes of SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddress
[TPS_MANI_01406]	Semantics of DeterministicSyncMaster
[TPS_MANI_01407]	Semantics of abstract base class DeterministicSyncVerificationPolicy
[TPS_MANI_01408]	Semantics of reference DeterministicClient. deterministicSyncMaster
[TPS_MANI_01409]	Semantics of meta-class DeterministicSyncMasterToTimeBaseConsumerMapping
[TPS_MANI_01410]	Semantics of attribute SoftwareCluster.installationBehavior
[TPS_MANI_01835]	Semantics of StateManagementRequestTrigger.rule
[TPS_MANI_01836]	Semantics of StateManagementRequestError.rule
[TPS_MANI_01863]	Supported value range for attribute ApApplicationErrorDomain.value
[TPS_MANI_03292]	Semantic of SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.tcpPort
[TPS_MANI_03293]	Semantic of SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping.udpPort
[TPS_MANI_03294]	Semantics of DoIpNetworkConfiguration.eidRetrieval
[TPS_MANI_03295]	Semantics of FirewallStateSwitchInterface. firewallStateMachine
[TPS_MANI_03296]	Machine-specific configuration settings for Firewall
[TPS_MANI_03297]	Semantics of AdaptiveFirewallToPortPrototypeMapping
[TPS_MANI_03298]	Semantics of StateDependentFirewall
[TPS_MANI_03299]	Semantics of FirewallRuleProps
[TPS_MANI_03300]	Semantics of FirewallRule
[TPS_MANI_03301]	Semantics of FirewallRule.refillAmount and FirewallRule. bucketSize
[TPS_MANI_03302]	Firewall rules on Data Link Layer
[TPS_MANI_03303]	Filtering of packets with a single MAC address and MAC address range
[TPS_MANI_03304]	Firewall rules on Network Layer
[TPS_MANI_03305]	Filtering of packets with a single IP address and IP address range



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Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_03306]	Firewall rules on Transport Layer
[TPS_MANI_03307]	Byte-Pattern Firewall rule
[TPS_MANI_03308]	Deep inspection of SOME/IP SD messages
[TPS_MANI_03309]	Deep inspection of SOME/IP messages
[TPS_MANI_03310]	Deep inspection of DoIP messages
[TPS_MANI_03311]	Deep inspection of DDS messages
[TPS_MANI_03312]	Static configuration of remote peer addresses for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03313]	Semantics of SomeipRemoteUnicastConfig.eventGroup reference
[TPS_MANI_03314]	Static configuration of a remote peer address for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03315]	Semantics of SomeipRemoteMulticastConfig
[TPS_MANI_03316]	Semantics of SomeipRemoteMulticastConfig.eventGroup
[TPS_MANI_03317]	MACsec configuration
[TPS_MANI_03318]	MAC Security Key Agreement Entity configuration
[TPS_MANI_03319]	Standardized values for the attribute cipherSuite of meta-class MacSecCipherSuiteConfig
[TPS_MANI_03320]	Semantics of MacSecCipherSuiteConfig.cipherSuitePriority
[TPS_MANI_03321]	Semantics of FirewallStateSwitchInterface
[TPS_MANI_03663]	Ignored references of ServiceInstanceToMachineMapping in the context of signal/service translation
[TPS_MANI_03664]	ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig. securedRxVerification
[TPS_MANI_03665]	ServiceInterface.method with fireAndForget equals true to ISignalTriggerings mapping
[TPS_MANI_03666]	Service Discovery for multi-event ISignalIPdus
[TPS_MANI_03667]	Mapping from one ISignalIPdu to several events in case of signal-service-translation
[TPS_MANI_03668]	Supported type of Ethernet tunneling through CAN XL on Adaptive Platform
[TPS_MANI_03669]	Ethernet tunneling through CAN XL
[TPS_MANI_03670]	Definition of NoCheckpointSupervision
[TPS_MANI_03671]	Periodic storage of time base value
[TPS_MANI_03672]	Definition of RecoveryNotification for an HealthChannel
[TPS_MANI_03673]	RecoveryNotification referenced by several HealthChannel. recoveryNotificationS

 Table E.45: Added Traceables in R22-11



E.9.2 Changed Traceables in R22-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01111]	Diagnostic Address of a SoftwareCluster
[TPS_MANI_01114]	Relation of DiagnosticContributionSet to SoftwareCluster
[TPS_MANI_01164]	Semantics of SoftwareCluster.dependsOn
[TPS_MANI_01179]	Semantics of PersistencyFileElement.contentUri/ PersistencyFile.contentUri VS. PersistencyDeployment. deploymentUri and PersistencyFileElement.fileName/ PersistencyFile.fileName
[TPS_MANI_01203]	Semantics of DeterministicClient
[TPS_MANI_01226]	Machine-specific configuration settings for the UCM module
[TPS_MANI_01255]	Semantics of DoIP DiagnosticPortInterfaces
[TPS_MANI_01269]	Specification of boundaries for resource consumption
[TPS_MANI_01295]	Semantics of VehicleRolloutStep
[TPS_MANI_01297]	Semantics of meta-class UcmStep
[TPS_MANI_01349]	Configuration of diagnostic-related properties of a SoftwareCluster
[TPS_MANI_01360]	Creation of two diagnostic mappings the fulfill different roles in the context of authenticating a diagnostic client
[TPS_MANI_01361]	Support the authentication request of a diagnostic client
[TPS_MANI_01362]	Convey the Authentication state of a diagnostic client to the diagnostic server instance
[TPS_MANI_03013]	Repetition Phase configuration for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03014]	Main Phase configuration for a ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03015]	TTL for Offer Service Entries
[TPS_MANI_03027]	Repetition Phase configuration for a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance
[TPS_MANI_03115]	Mapping between a fire and forget method and elements of Classic Platform PortInterfaces
[TPS_MANI_03178]	StdCppImplementationDataType Of category STRING
[TPS_MANI_03285]	Semantics of LTMessageCollectionToPortPrototypeMapping
[TPS_MANI_03505]	Existence of SupervisionCheckpoint
[TPS_MANI_03546]	Definition of reported health status RPortPrototype
[TPS_MANI_03618]	Usage of RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.blocklistedVersion
[TPS_MANI_03654]	Definition of Partial SOME/IP Header ID
[TPS_MANI_03659]	No signal-service-translation SOME/IP Service Discovery Find
[TPS_MANI_03660]	No signal-service-translation SOME/IP Service Discovery Offer

Table E.46: Changed Traceables in R22-11



E.9.3 Deleted Traceables in R22-11

Number	Heading
[TPS_MANI_01100]	Semantics of Allocator
[TPS_MANI_01113]	Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign.diagnosticAddress
[TPS_MANI_01161]	Impact of values of category on the semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign
[TPS_MANI_01271]	Semantics of Executable.loggingBehavior
[TPS_MANI_01305]	Semantics of attribute SoftwarePackageStep.activationSwitch
[TPS_MANI_01310]	Semantics of SoftwareClusterDesign.dependsOn
[TPS_MANI_01335]	Semantics of SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula.category
[TPS_MANI_03028]	TTL for Find Service Entries
[TPS_MANI_03126]	ServiceInterface.field mapping to ISignalTriggeringS
[TPS_MANI_03506]	Optionality of SupervisionCheckpoint
[TPS_MANI_03623]	Usage of checkpointId in application code

Table E.47: Deleted Traceables in R22-11

E.9.4 Added Constraints in R22-11

Number	Heading
[constr_3690]	DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment.serviceInterfaceId value shall not conflict with topic-based service discovery
[constr_3691]	Existence of ServiceInterfaceElementSecureComConfig. securedRxVerification
[constr_3692]	DataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceInstanceRef.targetDataPrototype in the context of a SignalBasedFireAndForgetMethodToISignalTriggeringMapping
[constr_3693]	EthernetCommunicationConnector.category is set to CAN_XL
[constr_3694]	Existence of canXlConfig vs. canXlConfigReqs
[constr_3709]	AliveSupervision.terminatingCheckpoint required for self terminating Processes
[constr_3710]	Process referenced by AliveSupervision.terminatingCheckpoint
[constr_3711]	AliveSupervision.terminatingCheckpointTimeoutUntilTermination
[constr_3712]	Exclusive usage of NoCheckpointSupervision
[constr_3715]	Reference in the role SomeipEventGroup.event
[constr_3719]	RecoveryNotification referenced either by HealthChannelExternalStatus Or HealthChannelSupervision
[constr_3720]	Upper multiplicity of reference in the role ComGrantDesign.remoteSubject
[constr_3721]	Upper multiplicity of reference in the role EthernetCommunicationConnector. unicastNetworkEndpoint



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Number	Heading
[constr_3722]	Upper multiplicity of reference in the role <pre>EthernetCommunicationConnector.</pre>
[constr_3723]	Upper multiplicity of reference in the role MachineDesign.tcpIpProps
[constr_3724]	Upper multiplicity of reference in the role MachineDesign.tcpIpIcmpProps
[constr_3725]	Upper multiplicity of reference in the role MachineDesign.ethIpProps
[constr_3727]	Upper multiplicity of reference in the role SoftwareClusterDesign. intendedTargetMachine
[constr_3728]	Upper multiplicity of reference in the role IdsPlatformInstantiation. networkInterface
[constr_3729]	Upper multiplicity of reference in the role LogAndTraceInstantiation. timeBaseResource
[constr_3730]	Upper multiplicity of reference in the role HealthChannel. recoveryNotification
[constr_3731]	Upper multiplicity of reference in the role ProcessDesign.executable
[constr_3732]	Upper multiplicity of reference in the role Process.executable
[constr_3733]	Upper multiplicity of aggregation in the role ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping.methodMapping
[constr_3734]	Upper multiplicity of reference in the role DoIpNetworkConfiguration. networkConfiguration
[constr_5324]	MachineDesign.communicationController aggregation restriction
[constr_5332]	Mandatory multicast endpoint in case of multicastThreshold different from 0
[constr_5333]	No multicast in case of TCP
[constr_5338]	ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance shall offer all SomeipEventGroups for subscription
[constr_5339]	SomeipEventGroups of a SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment shall be referenced at most once from a RequiredSomeipServiceInstance that instantiates the SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment
[constr_5343]	Usage of DoIpNetworkConfiguration.eidRetrieval
[constr_5347]	Supported value range for attribute SecOcSecureComProps. authenticationVerifyAttempts
[constr_5348]	Mandatory initialMode in ModeDeclarationGroup that is referenced by StateDependentFirewall
[constr_5349]	Mandatory defaultAction in StateDependentFirewall
[constr_5350]	Mandatory action in FirewallRuleProps
[constr_5351]	FirewallRule is allowed to aggregate at most one protocol subelement
[constr_5352]	DdsRule.submessageType value restriction
[constr_5353]	DdsRule.readerEntityId and DdsRule.writerEntityId value restriction
[constr_5355]	SomeipServiceInstanceToMachineMapping with configured remote peer addresses shall not mix ProvidedSomeipServiceInstances and RequiredSomeipServiceInstances
[constr_5356]	RequiredSomeipServiceInstance is allowed to have only a single statically configured remote peer as service provider
[constr_5357]	SomeipRemoteMulticastConfig shall only be used on required side



Number	Heading
[constr_5358]	AdaptiveFirewallToPortPrototypeMapping.rPortPrototype restriction
[constr_6815]	Existence of CppTemplateArgument.templateType for CppImplementationDataType of category STRING
[constr_10098]	Relation of MachineDesign.pnResetTimer and UdpNmCluster. nmMsgCycleTime
[constr_10101]	Attribute NmHandleToFunctionGroupStateMapping.mappingDirection is set to nmHandleActiveToFunctionGroupState or nmHandleInactiveToFunctionGroupState
[constr_10102]	Existence of initial values for PersistencyKeyValuePair
[constr_10103]	Existence of initial values for PersistencyFile
[constr_10105]	Existence of UcmRetryStrategy.maximumNumberOfRetries
[constr_10106]	Existence of UcmRetryStrategy.retryIntervalTime
[constr_10107]	Existence of the attribute UcmMasterModuleInstantiation.
[constr_10108]	Existence of the attribute UcmMasterModuleInstantiation.serviceBusy
[constr_10109]	Existence of the attribute UcmMasterModuleInstantiation. updateSessionRejected
[constr_10110]	Existence of UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation on a Machine
[constr_10111]	Existence of attribute DiagnosticAuthentication.authenticationTimeout
[constr_10113]	Restriction for the existence of ExecutableLoggingImplementationProps
[constr_10114]	Existence of attributes of DiagnosticEnvDataElementCondition if the reference in the role pPortPrototype exists
[constr_10124]	Multiplicity of attribute ApplicationAssocMapDataType.key
[constr_10125]	Multiplicity of attribute ApplicationAssocMapDataType.value
[constr_10126]	Multiplicity of attribute ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification. key
[constr_10127]	Multiplicity of attribute ApplicationAssocMapElementValueSpecification. value
[constr_10128]	Multiplicity of attribute CppImplementationDataTypeElementQualifier. typeReference
[constr_10129]	Multiplicity of attribute Field.hasGetter
[constr_10130]	Multiplicity of attribute Field.hasSetter
[constr_10131]	Multiplicity of attribute Field.hasNotifier
[constr_10132]	Multiplicity of attribute ApApplicationError.errorCode
[constr_10133]	Multiplicity of attribute ApApplicationErrorDomain.value
[constr_10134]	Multiplicity of reference in the role PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping. dataTypeMappingSet
[constr_10135]	Multiplicity of reference in the role PortInterfaceToDataTypeMapping. portInterface
[constr_10136]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterfaceMapping. compositeServiceInterface
[constr_10137]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterfaceMapping. sourceServiceInterface

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Number	Heading
[constr_10138]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterfaceEventMapping. sourceEvent
[constr_10139]	Multiplicity of reference in the role <pre>ServiceInterfaceEventMapping. targetEvent</pre>
[constr_10140]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping. sourceField
[constr_10141]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterfaceFieldMapping. targetField
[constr_10142]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping. sourceMethod
[constr_10143]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ServiceInterfaceMethodMapping. targetMethod
[constr_10144]	Multiplicity of reference in the role PersistencyRedundancyChecksum. algorithmFamily
[constr_10145]	Multiplicity of reference in the role PersistencyRedundancyChecksum.length
[constr_10146]	Multiplicity of reference in the role PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.m
[constr_10147]	Multiplicity of reference in the role PersistencyRedundancyMOutOfN.n
[constr_10148]	Multiplicity of reference in the role PersistencyFileElement.contentUri
[constr_10149]	Multiplicity of reference in the role PersistencyFileElement.fileName
[constr_10150]	Multiplicity of reference in the role SynchronizedTimeBaseProviderInterface.timeBaseKind
[constr_10151]	Multiplicity of reference in the role PhmCheckpoint.checkpointId
[constr_10152]	Multiplicity of reference in the role FieldSenderComSpec.initValue
[constr_10153]	Multiplicity of reference in the role PersistencyDataRequiredComSpec. dataElement
[constr_10154]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ProcessDesignToMachineDesignMapping. processDesign
[constr_10155]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ComOfferServiceGrantDesign. providedServicePort
[constr_10156]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ComFindServiceGrantDesign. requiredServicePort
[constr_10157]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ComFieldGrantDesign.field
[constr_10158]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ComFieldGrantDesign.role
[constr_10159]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ComEventGrantDesign.event
[constr_10160]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ComTriggerGrantDesign.trigger
[constr_10161]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ComMethodGrantDesign.method
[constr_10162]	Multiplicity of reference in the role DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping. clearCondition
[constr_10163]	Multiplicity of reference in the role DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping. indicator
[constr_10164]	Multiplicity of reference in the role DiagnosticMemoryDestinationPortMapping.memoryDestination
[constr_10165]	Multiplicity of reference in the role <pre>DiagnosticDataPortMapping.process</pre>



Number	Heading		
[constr_10166]	Multiplicity of attribute DiagnosticProvidedDataMapping.dataProvider		
[constr_10167]	Multiplicity of attribute SomeipServiceDiscovery. someipServiceDiscoveryPort		
[constr_10169]	Multiplicity of reference in the role Machine.machineDesign		
[constr_10170]	Multiplicity of attribute Machine. trustedPlatformExecutableLaunchBehavior		
[constr_10171]	Multiplicity of attribute Machine.processor		
[constr_10172]	Multiplicity of attribute Processor.core		
[constr_10173]	Multiplicity of attribute ProcessorCore.coreId		
[constr_10174]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role ProcessToMachineMapping.process		
[constr_10175]	Multiplicity of attribute <pre>StateDependentStartupConfig.resourceGroup</pre>		
[constr_10176]	Multiplicity of attribute <pre>StateDependentStartupConfig.startupConfig</pre>		
[constr_10177]	Multiplicity of attribute PersistencyDeployment.updateStrategy		
[constr_10178]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role		
	PersistencyPortPrototypeToDeploymentMapping.process		
[constr_10179]	Multiplicity of attribute PersistencyKeyValuePair.valueDataType		
[constr_10180]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role PersistencyPortPrototypeToKeyValueStorageMapping. keyValueStorage		
[constr_10182]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role PersistencyPortPrototypeToFileStorageMapping.fileStorage		
[constr_10183]	Multiplicity of attribute PersistencyFile.fileName		
[constr_10184]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer. networkTimeConsumer		
[constr_10185]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider. networkTimeProvider		
[constr_10186]	Multiplicity of attribute DoIpInstantiation.entityStatusMaxByteFieldUse		
[constr_10187]	Multiplicity of attribute DoIpInstantiation.gidInvalidityPattern		
[constr_10188]	Multiplicity of attribute DoIpInstantiation.logicalAddress		
[constr_10189]	Multiplicity of attribute DoIpInstantiation.maxRequestBytes		
[constr_10190]	Multiplicity of attribute DoIpInstantiation.vinInvalidityPattern		
[constr_10191]	Multiplicity of attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration. isActivationLineDependent		
[constr_10192]	Multiplicity of attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration. maxInitialVehicleAnnouncementTime		
[constr_10193]	Multiplicity of attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration.maxTesterConnections		
[constr_10194]	Multiplicity of attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration.networkInterfaceId		
[constr_10195]	Multiplicity of attribute DoIpNetworkConfiguration. vehicleIdentificationSyncStatus		
[constr_10197]	Multiplicity of attribute DoIpRequestConfiguration.endAddress		
[constr_10198]	Multiplicity of attribute DoIpRequestConfiguration.requestType		
[constr_10199]	Multiplicity of attribute DoIpRequestConfiguration.startAddress		



Number	Heading		
[constr_10200]	Multiplicity of attribute UcmModuleInstantiation.identifier		
[constr_10201]	Multiplicity of of the reference in the role ComGrant.serviceInstance		
[constr_10202]	Multiplicity of attribute ComFieldGrant.role		
[constr_10203]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role ComFieldGrant.serviceDeployment		
[constr_10204]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role ComMethodGrant.serviceDeployment		
[constr_10205]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role ComEventGrant.serviceDeployment		
[constr_10206]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role ComOfferServiceGrant. serviceInstance		
[constr_10207]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role CryptoProviderToPortPrototypeMapping.cryptoProvider		
[constr_10208]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role CryptoProviderToPortPrototypeMapping.process		
[constr_10209]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping.keySlot		
[constr_10210]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role CryptoKeySlotToPortPrototypeMapping.process		
[constr_10211]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role CryptoCertificateToCryptoKeySlotMapping.cryptoCertificate		
[constr_10212]	Multiplicity of attribute SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment. serviceInterfaceId		
[constr_10213]	Multiplicity of attribute SomeipServiceInterfaceDeployment. serviceInterfaceVersion		
[constr_10214]	Multiplicity of attribute SomeipEventGroup.eventGroupId		
[constr_10215]	Multiplicity of attribute SomeipEventDeployment.eventId		
[constr_10216]	Multiplicity of attribute SomeipEventDeployment.transportProtocol		
[constr_10217]	Multiplicity of the attribute DdsServiceInterfaceDeployment. serviceInterfaceId		
[constr_10218]	Multiplicity of reference in the role ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance . sdServerConfig		
[constr_10219]	Multiplicity of attribute ProvidedSomeipServiceInstance. serviceInstanceId		
[constr_10220]	Multiplicity of attribute SomeipProvidedEventGroup.multicastThreshold		
[constr_10221]	Multiplicity of reference in the role RequiredSomeipServiceInstance. sdClientConfig		
[constr_10222]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role SomeipRequiredEventGroup. sdClientEventGroupTimingConfig		
[constr_10223]	Multiplicity of attribute DdsServiceInstanceProps.domainId		
[constr_10224]	Multiplicity of reference in the role DdsEventQosProps.event		
[constr_10225]	Multiplicity of reference in the role DdsFieldQosProps.field		
[constr_10226]	Multiplicity of attribute E2EProfileConfiguration.profileName		
[constr_10227]	Multiplicity of attribute SecOcJobRequirement.secOcJobSemantic		
[constr_10228]	Multiplicity of attribute SignalBasedFieldToISignalTriggeringMapping. dataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef		



Number	Heading		
[constr_10229]	Multiplicity of reference in the role SignalBasedMethodToISignalTriggeringMapping.method		
[constr_10230]	Multiplicity of attribute SignalServiceTranslationEventProps. safeTranslation		
[constr_10231]	Multiplicity of attribute SignalServiceTranslationEventProps. secureTranslation		
[constr_10232]	Multiplicity of reference in the role PersistencyDeploymentToCryptoKeySlotMapping. persistencyDeployment		
[constr_10233]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role <code>SoftwareCluster.vendorSignature</code>		
[constr_10234]	Multiplicity of attribute SoftwareCluster.version		
[constr_10235]	Multiplicity of attribute SoftwareCluster.vendorId		
[constr_10236]	Multiplicity of attribute SoftwareClusterDiagnosticAddress. addressSemantics		
[constr_10237]	Multiplicity of attribute SoftwareClusterDependencyCompareCondition. compareType		
[constr_10240]	Multiplicity of attribute SoftwarePackage.actionType		
[constr_10241]	Multiplicity of attribute SoftwarePackage.compressedSoftwarePackageSize		
[constr_10242]	Multiplicity of attribute SoftwarePackage.minimumSupportedUcmVersion		
[constr_10243]	Multiplicity of attribute SoftwarePackage.packagerId		
[constr_10244]	Multiplicity of reference in the role SoftwarePackage.packagerSignature		
[constr_10245]	Multiplicity of reference in the role SoftwarePackage.softwareCluster		
[constr_10246]	Multiplicity of attribute SoftwarePackage. uncompressedSoftwareClusterSize		
[constr_10247]	Multiplicity of reference in the role <pre>VehiclePackage.packagerSignature</pre>		
[constr_10248]	Multiplicity of reference in the role UcmDescription.identifier		
[constr_10249]	Multiplicity of reference in the role VehicleDriverNotification. approvalRequired		
[constr_10250]	Multiplicity of reference in the role VehicleDriverNotification. notificationState		
[constr_10251]	Multiplicity of the reference in the role ServiceFieldDeployment.field		
[constr_10252]	Multiplicity of attribute SignalBasedEventElementToISignalTriggeringMapping. dataPrototypeInServiceInterfaceRef		
[constr_10253]	Multiplicity of attribute SoftwareClusterDependencyCompareCondition.		
[constr_10254]	Multiplicity of attribute SoftwareClusterDependencyCompareCondition.		
[constr_10255]	Multiplicity of attribute SignalServiceTranslationProps.serviceControl		
[constr_10256]	Multiplicity of reference in the role <code>SoftwarePackageStoring.storing</code>		
[constr_10365]	Existence of PersistencyDeployment.deploymentUri		
[constr_10366]	Possible multiplicities of PersistencyDeployment.deploymentUri		



Number	Heading		
[constr_10367]	Condition for the multiplicity of attribute PersistencyDeployment. deploymentUri		
[constr_10374]	Existence of the attribute UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation. verifyUpdate		
[constr_10375]	Existence of the attribute UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation. prepareUpdate		
[constr_10376]	Existence of the attribute UcmSubordinateModuleInstantiation. prepareRollback		
[constr_10377]	Completeness of the modeling of PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping		
[constr_10378]	PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping references AbstractImplementationDataType in the role currentDataType		
[constr_10379]	PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping references ApplicationDataType in the role currentDataType		
[constr_10380]	Target of ArtifactLocator.representedModelElement		
[constr_10381]	Existence of attribute ArtifactLocator.uri		
[constr_10382]	Existence of attribute ArtifactLocator.representedModelElement		
[constr_10384]	PortInterface used for trigger state requests		
[constr_10385]	PortInterface used for error state requests		
[constr_10386]	Existence of references <pre>StateManagementStateMachineActionItem.start</pre> and <pre>stop</pre>		
[constr_10387]	Consistency of StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem. portPrototype and StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem. setFunctionGroupState		
[constr_10388]	Restriction for a PortInterface used for state switch notifications		
[constr_10389]	Existence of attribute StateManagementFunctionGroupSwitchNotificationInterface. modeGroup		
[constr_10390]	Existence of attribute StateManagementStateRequest.stateRequestPort		
[constr_10391]	Existence of attribute StateManagementStateNotification. notificationPort		
[constr_10392]	Existence of attribute StateManagementRequestRule.formula		
[constr_10393]	Existence of reference in the role <pre>StateManagementRequestRule.nextState</pre>		
[constr_10394]	Existence of attribute StateManagementCompareCondition.compareType		
[constr_10395]	Existence of attribute StateManagementCompareCondition.compareValue		
[constr_10396]	Existence of reference in the role <pre>StateManagementTriggerCompareRule. assumedCurrentState</pre>		
[constr_10397]	Existence of reference in the role StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem.portPrototype		
[constr_10398]	Existence of reference in the role StateManagementSetFunctionGroupStateActionItem. setFunctionGroupState		
[constr_10399]	Allowed interval of the "index" field according to the initialization rule for data object typed by a CppImplementationDataType Of category VARIANT		



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Number	Heading	
[constr_10400]	Existence of SovdServerInstantiation.componentQualifier	
[constr_10401]	Existence of SovdGatewayLocalEndpointTcpConfig.tcpPort	
[constr_10402]	Existence of SovdGatewayEthernetCredentials.ipv4Address vs. SovdGatewayEthernetCredentials.ipv6Address	
[constr_10403]	Existence of SovdGatewayEthernetCredentials.udpPort	
[constr_10404]	Existence of SoftwareClusterSovdAddress.componentQualifier	
[constr_10405]	Existence of reference in the role StateManagementActionList. affectedState	
[constr_10406]	Existence of DeterministicSyncMOutOfN.numberOfConnectedClients	
[constr_10407]	Existence of DeterministicSyncMOutOfN.minimumNumberOfRequests	
[constr_10408]	Existence of DeterministicSyncMasterToTimeBaseConsumerMapping. deterministicSyncMaster	
[constr_10409]	Existence of DeterministicSyncMasterToTimeBaseConsumerMapping. timeBaseConsumer	
[constr_10410]	Value of SoftwareCluster.installationBehavior for a SoftwareCluster of category PLATFORM_CORE	
[constr_10411]	Existence of ExecutionDependency and references to Function Group States	

Table E.48: Added Constraints in R22-11

E.9.5 Changed Constraints in R22-11

Number	Heading	
[constr_1543]	Only one physical address per SoftwareCluster. diagnosticDeploymentProps	
[constr_1554]	Restriction regarding attribute PersistencyKeyValuePair.initValue	
[constr_1785]	Restriction regarding the reference into another SoftwareCluster	
[constr_3305]	Value of attribute SomeipEventDeployment.eventId shall be unique	
[constr_3371]	lutually exclusive existence of FireAndForgetMethodMapping.dataElement eference and FireAndForgetMethodMapping.trigger reference	
[constr_3376]	FireAndForgetMethodMapping shall reference only fire and forget methods	
[constr_3558]	RequiredSomeipServiceInstance.blocklistedVersion is restricted to the usage of minorVersion	
[constr_3632]	Supervision of a Supervised Entity Instance in the scope of a Function Group State	
[constr_3639]	Existence of SupervisionMode.expiredSupervisionTolerance	
[constr_3676]	Exclusive usage of NoSupervision	
[constr_5035]	Compatibility of data types with category STRING	
[constr_5291]	Allowed usage of LTMessageCollectionToPortPrototypeMapping. rPortPrototype	



Number	Heading	
[constr_10002]	Only one mapping per PortPrototype	
[constr_10062]	<pre>iagnosticServiceInstances that can be mapped by a iagnosticServiceGenericMapping</pre>	
[constr_10069]	Existence of SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps. powerDownTime	
[constr_10090]	Existence of ProcessToMachineMapping.persistencyCentralStorageURI	

Table E.49: Changed Constraints in R22-11

E.9.6 Deleted Constraints in R22-11

Number	Heading		
[constr_1535]	Existence of DiagnosticSoftwareClusterProps in the context of a DiagnosticContributionSet		
[constr_1557]	Standardized values of SoftwareClusterDesign.category and SoftwareCluster.category		
[constr_1558]	Existence of SoftwareClusterDesign.diagnosticAddress		
[constr_1559]	Existence of SoftwareClusterDesign.subSoftwareCluster		
[constr_1562]	Existence of SoftwareClusterDesign.diagnosticContribution		
[constr_1564]	Existence of SoftwareCluster.diagnosticProps.diagnosticAddress		
[constr_1568]	Existence of SoftwareCluster.diagnosticExtract		
[constr_1627]	Supported value range for attribute ApApplicationErrorDomain.value		
[constr_1674]	Supported encoding of StdCppImplementationDataType of category STRING		
[constr_1707]	Eligible subclasses of HeapUsage in the context of StateDependentStartupConfig.resourceConsumption		
[constr_1732]	Existence of attribute activationSwitch set to True in the context of the enclosing UcmStep		
[constr_1734]	Restriction for attribute SoftwarePackageStep.activationSwitch		
[constr_5046]	Usage of DoIpNetworkConfiguration.eidUseMac		
[constr_5280]	Existence of DltLogSink.defaultLogThreshold		
[constr_10010]	Usage of attribute category in a SoftwareClusterDependencyFormula		
[constr_10011]	Definition of sub-software-cluster		

Table E.50: Deleted Constraints in R22-11



E.9.7 Added Advisories in R22-11

Number	Heading		
[advisory_01000]	Existence of the reference MethodMapping.clientServerOperation		
[advisory_01001]	Existence of reference MethodMapping.method		
[advisory_01002]	Existence of reference EventMapping.dataElement		
[advisory_01003]	Existence of reference EventMapping.event		
[advisory_01004]	Existence of reference FieldMapping.field		
[advisory_01005]	Existence of references FieldMapping.getterOperation, setterOperation, and notifierDataElement		
[advisory_01006]	Existence of reference FireAndForgetMethodMapping.method		
[advisory_01007]	Existence of references <pre>FireAndForgetMethodMapping.dataElement</pre> and trigger		
[advisory_01008]	Multiplicity of reference in the role RootSwClusterDesignComponentPrototype.applicationType		
[advisory_01009]	PersistencyKeyValueDataTypeMapping.currentDataType shall refer to a data type used in the context of the PersistencyKeyValueStorageInterface		
[advisory_02000]	Define a ServiceInstanceToSignalMapping per member of an AdaptivePlatformServiceInstance		
[advisory_02001]	No explicit signal/service translation for ISignalGroups		
[advisory_02002]	ServiceInterface.field mapping to ISignalTriggerings for primitive data type fields		
[advisory_02003]	ServiceInterface.field mapping to ISignalTriggerings for composite data type fields		

Table E.51: Added Advisories in R22-11

E.9.8 Changed Advisories in R22-11

none

E.9.9 Deleted Advisories in R22-11

none



F Splitable Elements in the Scope of this Document

This chapter contains a table of all model elements stereotyped $\ll atpSplitable \gg$ in the scope of this document.

Each entry in the table consists of the identification of the specific model element itself and the applicable value of the tagged value atp.Splitkey.

For more information about the concept of splitable model elements and how these shall be treated please refer to [7].

Name of splitable element	Splitkey
AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType.internalBehavior	internalBehavior.shortName, internal Behavior.variationPoint.shortLabel
CryptoModuleInstantiation.certificateToKeySlotMapping	certificateToKeySlotMapping
CryptoModuleInstantiation.cryptoCertificate	cryptoCertificate.shortName
CryptoModuleInstantiation.cryptoProvider	cryptoProvider.shortName
CryptoProvider.keySlot	keySlot.shortName
DiagnosticAuthenticationPortMapping.process	process
DiagnosticClearConditionGroup.clearCondition	clearCondition
DiagnosticClearConditionPortMapping.process	process
DiagnosticDataPortMapping.process	process
DiagnosticExternalAuthenticationPortMapping.process	process
DiagnosticIndicatorPortMapping.process	process
DiagnosticMemoryDestinationPortMapping.process	process
DiagnosticMonitorPortMapping.process	process
DiagnosticSecurityLevelPortMapping.process	process
DiagnosticServiceGenericMapping.process	process
DiagnosticServiceValidationMapping.process	process
DiagnosticSovdAuthorizationPortMapping.process	process
DiagnosticSovdProximityChallengePortMapping.process	process
GlobalSupervision.supervisionMode	supervisionMode.shortName
lamModuleInstantiation.grant	grant
IdsmModuleInstantiation.reportableSecurityEvent	reportableSecurityEvent
IdsPlatformInstantiation.timeBase	timeBase.timeBaseResource, timeBase.variation Point.shortLabel
Machine.environmentVariable	environmentVariable
Machine.moduleInstantiation	moduleInstantiation.shortName
Machine.secureCommunicationDeployment	secureCommunicationDeployment.shortName
MachineDesign.communicationConnector	communicationConnector.shortName
MachineDesign.communicationController	communicationController.shortName
MachineDesign.serviceDiscoveryConfig	serviceDiscoveryConfig
PlatformHealthManagementContribution.checkpoint	checkpoint.shortName
PlatformHealthManagementContribution.globalSupervision	globalSupervision.shortName
PlatformHealthManagementContribution.healthChannel	healthChannel.shortName
PlatformHealthManagementContribution.supervisionModeCondition	supervisionModeCondition.shortName
Process.securityEvent	securityEvent
ServiceInstanceToPortPrototypeMapping.process	process



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Name of splitable element	Splitkey
ServiceInterface.event	event.shortName, event.variationPoint.shortLabel
ServiceInterface.field	field.shortName, field.variationPoint.shortLabel
ServiceInterface.method	method.shortName, method.variationPoint.short Label
ServiceInterface.trigger	trigger.shortName, trigger.variationPoint.shortLabel
SoftwareCluster.artifactChecksum	artifactChecksum.shortName, artifactChecksum.uri
SoftwareCluster.conflictsTo	conflictsTo
SoftwareCluster.containedARElement	containedARElement
SoftwareCluster.containedPackageElement	containedPackageElement
SoftwareCluster.dependsOn	dependsOn
SoftwareCluster.moduleInstantiation	moduleInstantiation
SoftwareClusterDesign.containedProcess	containedProcess
SoftwareClusterDesign.diagnosticContribution	diagnosticContribution
SoftwareClusterDesign.requiredARElement	requiredARElement
SoftwareClusterDesign.requiredFibexElement	requiredFibexElement
SoftwareClusterDesign.requiredPackageElement	requiredPackageElement
SoftwareClusterDiagnosticDeploymentProps.diagnosticAddress	diagnosticAddress
SomeipDataPrototypeTransformationProps.networkRepresentation	networkRepresentation
StateManagementModuleInstantiation.actionItemList	actionItemList.shortName
StateManagementModuleInstantiation.notification	notification.shortName
StateManagementModuleInstantiation.request	request.shortName

Table F.1: Usage of splitable elements



G Variation Points in the Scope of this Document

This chapter contains a table of all model elements stereotyped $\ll atpVariation \gg$ in the scope of this document.

Each entry in the table consists of the identification of the model element itself and the applicable value of the tagged value vh.latestBindingTime.

For more information about the concept of variation points and how model elements that contain variation points shall be treated please refer to [7].

Variation Point	Latest Binding Time
AdaptiveApplicationSwComponentType.internalBehavior	preCompileTime
CppImplementationDataType.arraySize	preCompileTime
IdsPlatformInstantiation.timeBase	systemDesignTime
ServiceInterface.event	blueprintDerivationTime
ServiceInterface.field	blueprintDerivationTime
ServiceInterface.method	blueprintDerivationTime
ServiceInterface.trigger	blueprintDerivationTime

Table G.1: Usage of variation points