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# Contents

1	Introduction and functional overview	7
2	Acronyms and Abbreviations	8
2.1	Acronyms and Abbreviations	8
2.2	Definitions	9
2.2.1	ara::core::SteadyClock	9
2.2.2	Time Base Application	9
3	Related documentation	10
3.1	Input documents & related standards and norms	10
3.2	Further applicable specification	10
4	Constraints and assumptions	11
4.1	Known limitations	11
4.1.1	Configuration	11
4.1.2	Time Gateway	11
4.1.3	Out of Scope	11
4.1.4	Security	11
4.2	Applicability to car domains	11
4.3	Recommendation	12
5	Dependencies to other Functional Clusters	13
6	Requirements Tracing	14
7	Functional specification	17
7.1	General Overview of TS	17
7.1.1	Base functionality of every Time Base	18
7.1.1.1	Time Base Status	18
7.1.1.2	Rate Deviation	18
7.1.1.3	Clock Time Value	18
7.1.2	Status Flags of TBRs	19
7.1.3	Time Synchronization and Protocols	19
7.2	Functional cluster life cycle	19
7.2.1	Startup	19
7.2.1.1	Default values	20
7.2.2	Shutdown	20
7.3	Normal Operation	21
7.3.1	Introduction	21
7.3.1.1	Time Base Manifestations	22
7.3.2	Roles of the Time Base Resources	22
7.3.2.1	Global Time Master	22
7.3.2.2	Time Slave	22
7.3.3	Time Base Resources	22
7.3.3.1	Slave Time Bases	22

7.3.4	Immediate Time Synchronization . . . . .	23
7.3.5	User Data . . . . .	23
7.3.6	Time Correction . . . . .	24
7.3.6.1	Rate Correction for Time Slaves . . . . .	24
7.3.6.2	Offset Correction for Time Consumer . . . . .	26
7.3.6.3	Rate Correction for Global Time Masters . . . . .	27
7.3.7	Notifications of Time Base Consumer . . . . .	28
7.3.7.1	Status flags notification . . . . .	28
7.3.7.2	Synchronization status notification . . . . .	28
7.3.7.3	LeapJump notification . . . . .	28
7.3.8	Global Time Precision Measurement Support . . . . .	28
7.3.9	Global Time Validation Measurement Support . . . . .	29
8	API specification . . . . .	32
8.1	API Common Data Types . . . . .	32
8.1.1	Timestamp . . . . .	32
8.1.2	TimeBase struct . . . . .	32
8.1.2.1	rep . . . . .	32
8.1.2.2	period . . . . .	33
8.1.2.3	duration . . . . .	33
8.1.2.4	time_point . . . . .	34
8.1.2.5	is_steady . . . . .	34
8.1.3	LeapJump . . . . .	34
8.1.4	SynchronizationStatus . . . . .	35
8.2	Common Function Definition of Time Bases Provider . . . . .	35
8.2.1	SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider . . . . .	35
8.2.1.1	Special member functions . . . . .	35
8.2.1.2	SetTime . . . . .	37
8.2.1.3	UpdateTime . . . . .	38
8.2.1.4	GetCurrentTime . . . . .	38
8.2.1.5	SetRateCorrection . . . . .	39
8.2.1.6	GetRateCorrection . . . . .	39
8.2.1.7	SetUserData . . . . .	39
8.2.1.8	GetUserData . . . . .	40
8.2.1.9	RegisterTimeValidationNotification . . . . .	40
8.2.1.10	UnregisterTimeValidationNotification . . . . .	41
8.2.2	OffsetTimeBaseProvider . . . . .	41
8.2.2.1	Special member functions . . . . .	41
8.2.2.2	SetOffsetTime . . . . .	43
8.2.2.3	GetCurrentTime . . . . .	43
8.2.2.4	SetRateCorrection . . . . .	44
8.2.2.5	GetRateCorrection . . . . .	44
8.2.2.6	SetUserData . . . . .	44
8.2.2.7	GetUserData . . . . .	45
8.2.2.8	RegisterTimeValidationNotification . . . . .	45
8.2.2.9	UnregisterTimeValidationNotification . . . . .	46

8.3	Common Function Definition of Time Bases Consumer	46
8.3.1	SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer	46
8.3.1.1	Special member functions	46
8.3.1.2	GetCurrentTime	48
8.3.1.3	GetRateDeviation	49
8.3.1.4	GetTimeWithStatus	49
8.3.1.5	RegisterStatusChangeNotifier	49
8.3.1.6	UnregisterStatusChangeNotifier	50
8.3.1.7	RegisterSynchronizationStateChangeNotifier	50
8.3.1.8	UnregisterSynchronizationStateChangeNotifier	51
8.3.1.9	RegisterTimeLeapNotifier	51
8.3.1.10	UnregisterTimeLeapNotifier	52
8.3.1.11	RegisterTimeValidationNotification	52
8.3.1.12	UnregisterTimeValidationNotification	52
8.3.1.13	RegisterTimePrecisionMeasurementNotifier	53
8.3.1.14	UnregisterTimePrecisionMeasurementNotifier	53
8.3.2	SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus	54
8.3.2.1	Special member functions	54
8.3.2.2	GetCreationTime	56
8.3.2.3	GetSynchronizationStatus	56
8.3.2.4	GetLeapJump	56
8.3.2.5	GetUserData	57
8.4	C++ Time Validation Interface	57
8.4.1	Type definitions	57
8.4.1.1	TimeMasterMeasurementType	57
8.4.1.2	TimeSlaveMeasurementType	58
8.4.1.3	PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType	60
8.4.1.4	PdelayResponderMeasurementType	63
8.4.2	Provider TimeBase Validation Notification	64
8.4.2.1	SetPdelayResponderData	65
8.4.2.2	SetMasterTimingData	65
8.4.3	Consumer TimeBase Provider Notification	65
8.4.3.1	SetPdelayInitiatorData	66
8.4.3.2	SetSlaveTimingData	66
8.5	C++ Time Precision Interface	66
8.5.1	Type definitions	66
8.5.1.1	TimePrecisionMeasurement type	66
A	Mentioned Class Tables	70
B	Interfaces to other Functional Clusters (informative)	74
B.1	Overview	74
B.2	Interface Tables	74

# 1 Introduction and functional overview

Time Synchronization between different applications and/or ECUs is of paramount importance when correlation of different events across a distributed system is needed, either to be able to track such events in time or to trigger them at an accurate point in time.

For this reason, a Time Synchronization API is offered to the Application, so it can retrieve the time information synchronized with other entities / ECUs.

For the format, message sequences and semantics of the time synchronization protocols to use, please refer to the Protocol Requirements Specification (PRS) of the AUTOSAR Time synchronization Protocol (see [1]).

The Time Synchronization functionality is then offered by means of different "Time Base Resources" (from now on referred to as TBR).

These TBRs are classified in different types. These types have an equivalent design to the types of the time bases offered in the Synchronized Time Base Manager specification [2] (from now on referred to as StbM). The classification is the following:

- Synchronized Master Time Base
- Offset Master Time Base
- Synchronized Slave Time Base
- Offset Slave Time Base

As in StbM, the TBRs offered by the Time Synchronization module (TS from now on), are also synchronized with other Time Bases on other nodes of a distributed system.

The Application consumes the time information provided and managed by the TBRs. Therefore, the TBRs serve as Time Base brokers, offering access to Synchronized Time Bases. By doing so, the TS module abstracts from the "real" Time Base provider.

## 2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

The glossary below includes acronyms, abbreviations and definitions relevant to the Time Synchronization module that are not included in the [3, AUTOSAR glossary] or in [4].

### 2.1 Acronyms and Abbreviations

Abbreviation / Acronym:	Description:
backupTimestamp	Value of the Global Time which is stored into persistent memory and used at startup for calculating the initial value of the Time Base.
Clock Update Counter	Counter value belonging to the Time Base, that indicates a Time Base update.
DST	Daylight Saving Time, also know as Day Light Saving (abbreviated DLS), is the practice of advancing clocks during summer months so that evening daylight lasts longer, while sacrificing normal sunrise times. Typically, regions that use daylight saving time adjust clocks forward one hour close to the start of spring and adjust them backward in the autumn to standard time.
gPTP	Generalized Precision Time Protocol
NTP	Network Time Protocol
OS	Operating System
Pdelay	Propagation/path delay as given in IEEE 802.1AS
Pdelay <sub>Req</sub>	Propagation / path delay request message
Pdelay <sub>Resp</sub>	Propagation / path delay response message
Pdelay <sub>RespFollowUp</sub>	Propagation / path delay Follow-Up message
Sync	Time synchronization message (Sync)
PTP	Precision Time Protocol
$r_{oc}$	Rate for time offset elimination via Rate Adaption.
$r_{rc}$	Current rate for correcting the local instance of the Time Base.
StbM	Synchronized Time Base Manager
TBR	Time Base Resource
TCorrInt	OffsetCorrectionAdaptionInterval
TG	Received value of the Global Time.
TG <sub>Start</sub>	Current time of the global Time Base Time Master.
TG <sub>Stop</sub>	Current time of the Global Time Base Time Master.
Timesync	Time Synchronization (Refers to the action of Synchronizing the Time by means of a time synchronization protocol/bus/messages).
TL <sub>Sync</sub>	Value of the local instance of the Time Base before the new value of the Global Time is applied.
TO <sub>Start</sub>	Current corrected time provided by the local instance of the associated Time Base.
Current Offset of the Offset Time Base given as function parameter TO <sub>Stop</sub>	Current Offset of the Offset Time Base given as function parameter.
TS	Time Synchronization
TSP	A bus specific Time Synchronization Provider.
TS <sub>Start</sub>	Current corrected time provided by the local instance of the associated Time Base.



Abbreviation / Acronym:	Description:
TS <sub>Stop</sub>	Current corrected time provided by the local instance of the associated Time Base.
TV	Current value of the Virtual Local Time.
TV <sub>Start</sub>	Current time of the Virtual Local Time of the associated Time Base.
TV <sub>Stop</sub>	Current time of the Virtual Local Time of the associated Time Base.
TV <sub>Sync</sub>	Value of the Virtual Local Time
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time

## 2.2 Definitions

### 2.2.1 ara::core::SteadyClock

**Definition:** TS is using `ara::core::SteadyClock` as the basis for its interfaces and for synchronization with the daemon process realizing the time-sync protocol.

### 2.2.2 Time Base Application

#### 1. Active Application

This kind of Application autonomously calls the TS either:

- To read time information from the TBRs
- To update the Time Base maintained by a TBR, according to application information.

#### 2. Notification Application

This feature will be provided at a later release/version of the TS.

## 3 Related documentation

### 3.1 Input documents & related standards and norms

- [1] Time Synchronization Protocol Specification  
AUTOSAR\_PRS\_TimeSyncProtocol
- [2] Specification of Synchronized Time-Base Manager  
AUTOSAR\_SWS\_SynchronizedTimeBaseManager
- [3] Glossary  
AUTOSAR\_TR\_Glossary
- [4] Requirements on Time Synchronization  
AUTOSAR\_RS\_TimeSync
- [5] General Requirements specific to Adaptive Platform  
AUTOSAR\_RS\_General
- [6] Specification of Adaptive Platform Core  
AUTOSAR\_SWS\_AdaptivePlatformCore
- [7] List of Adaptive Platform Functional Clusters  
AUTOSAR\_TR\_FunctionalClusterShortnames
- [8] ISO/IEC 14882:2011, Information technology – Programming languages – C++  
<http://www.iso.org>
- [9] Standard for Information Technology–Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX(R)) Base Specifications, Issue 7  
<http://pubs.opengroup.org/onlinepubs/9699919799/>
- [10] Specification of Time Synchronization over Ethernet  
AUTOSAR\_SWS\_TimeSyncOverEthernet
- [11] Specification of Manifest  
AUTOSAR\_TPS\_ManifestSpecification

NOTE: [5, RS-RSGeneral] is listed here as an input document because it applies to SWS TimeSync as well as to all SWS documents of the Adaptive Platform. Since it includes only non-functional requirements the tracing is not necessary.

### 3.2 Further applicable specification

AUTOSAR provides a core specification [6, SWS AdaptiveCore] which is also applicable for `Time Synchronization`. The chapter "General requirements for all Functional Clusters" of this specification shall be considered as an additional and required specification for implementation of `Time Synchronization`.

## 4 Constraints and assumptions

### 4.1 Known limitations

The Time Synchronization module is bound to Adaptive Platform Systems.

#### 4.1.1 Configuration

Please refer to the corresponding model elements.

#### 4.1.2 Time Gateway

Time Gateway functionality is currently not in scope of the Time Synchronization module for the Adaptive Platform.

#### 4.1.3 Out of Scope

Errors, which occurred during Global Time establishment and which are not caused by the module itself (i.e. loss of PTP global time is not an issue of the TS but of the TSP modules) are out of the scope of this module.

#### 4.1.4 Security

Secured Time Synchronization using the AUTOSAR Sub-TLV: Time Authenticated (see PRS-TimeSync [1]) is currently not supported for the Adaptive Platform.

**Note:** Secured Time Synchronization messages received in AP ECUs works without verifying the security measures (i.e., AUTOSAR Sub-TLV:Time Authenticated is ignored).

### 4.2 Applicability to car domains

The concept is targeted at supporting time-critical automotive applications. This does not mean that the concept has all that is required by such systems though, but crucial timing-related features which cannot be deferred to implementation are considered.

### 4.3 Recommendation

In the case where the TSP is based on Ethernet, the protocol to be used is defined in the PRS (see [1]).

...

## 5 Dependencies to other Functional Clusters

TS is part of the `ara::tsync` [7] namespace.

## 6 Requirements Tracing

The following tables reference the requirements specified in the Requirements on Time Synchronization [4] and links to the fulfillment of these.

Please note that if column “Satisfied by” is empty for a specific requirement this means that this requirement is not fulfilled by this document.

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_AP_00130]	AUTOSAR Adaptive Platform shall represent a rich and modern programming environment.	[SWS_TS_01251] [SWS_TS_01260] [SWS_TS_01261] [SWS_TS_01262] [SWS_TS_01263] [SWS_TS_01264] [SWS_TS_01265]
[RS_TS_00002]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall maintain its own Time Base independently of the acting role.	[SWS_TS_00041] [SWS_TS_00042]
[RS_TS_00004]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall initialize the Global Time Base with a configurable startup value.	[SWS_TS_00213]
[RS_TS_00005]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall allow customers to have access to the Synchronized Time Base	[SWS_TS_01007] [SWS_TS_01109] [SWS_TS_01208] [SWS_TS_01251] [SWS_TS_01260] [SWS_TS_01261] [SWS_TS_01262] [SWS_TS_01263] [SWS_TS_01264] [SWS_TS_01265]
[RS_TS_00007]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall synchronize the Time Base of a Time Slave, on reception of a Time Master value	[SWS_TS_00042]
[RS_TS_00009]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall maintain the synchronization status of a Time Base	[SWS_TS_00007] [SWS_TS_00011] [SWS_TS_00027] [SWS_TS_00028] [SWS_TS_00030] [SWS_TS_00032] [SWS_TS_00033] [SWS_TS_00064] [SWS_TS_00139] [SWS_TS_00140] [SWS_TS_00141] [SWS_TS_00702] [SWS_TS_01050] [SWS_TS_01051] [SWS_TS_01108]
[RS_TS_00010]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall allow customer on master side to set the Global Time	[SWS_TS_01107] [SWS_TS_01108] [SWS_TS_01207]
[RS_TS_00011]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall allow customers on master side to trigger time transmission by the TSP module	[SWS_TS_01108]
[RS_TS_00013]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall allow the customers and TSP modules to set the offset value of an Offset Master Time Base	[SWS_TS_00055] [SWS_TS_00056] [SWS_TS_00057] [SWS_TS_00058] [SWS_TS_00059] [SWS_TS_00060]

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_TS_00014]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall allow customers to read User Data propagated via the TSP modules.	[SWS_TS_00120] [SWS_TS_01056] [SWS_TS_01113] [SWS_TS_01212]
[RS_TS_00015]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall allow customers to set User Data propagated via the TSP modules.	[SWS_TS_01112] [SWS_TS_01211]
[RS_TS_00018]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall support rate correction	[SWS_TS_00041] [SWS_TS_00042] [SWS_TS_00043] [SWS_TS_00044] [SWS_TS_00045] [SWS_TS_00046] [SWS_TS_00047] [SWS_TS_00048] [SWS_TS_00049] [SWS_TS_00050] [SWS_TS_00051] [SWS_TS_00052] [SWS_TS_00053] [SWS_TS_00054] [SWS_TS_00061] [SWS_TS_00062] [SWS_TS_00063] [SWS_TS_00070] [SWS_TS_00071] [SWS_TS_00202] [SWS_TS_01008] [SWS_TS_01110] [SWS_TS_01111] [SWS_TS_01209] [SWS_TS_01210]
[RS_TS_00019]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall support damping offset correction	[SWS_TS_00042] [SWS_TS_00045] [SWS_TS_00050] [SWS_TS_00051] [SWS_TS_00052] [SWS_TS_00054] [SWS_TS_00056] [SWS_TS_00057] [SWS_TS_00058] [SWS_TS_00071]
[RS_TS_00021]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall provide interfaces to query the synchronization status	[SWS_TS_00120] [SWS_TS_00127] [SWS_TS_00129] [SWS_TS_00131] [SWS_TS_00701] [SWS_TS_01009] [SWS_TS_01052] [SWS_TS_01053] [SWS_TS_01054] [SWS_TS_01055] [SWS_TS_01056] [SWS_TS_01057] [SWS_TS_01058] [SWS_TS_01059] [SWS_TS_01060] [SWS_TS_01113] [SWS_TS_01212] [SWS_TS_01403]
[RS_TS_00023]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall offer interfaces able to handle std::chrono data types.	[SWS_TS_01001] [SWS_TS_01002] [SWS_TS_01003] [SWS_TS_01004] [SWS_TS_01005] [SWS_TS_01006] [SWS_TS_01101] [SWS_TS_01102] [SWS_TS_01103] [SWS_TS_01104] [SWS_TS_01105] [SWS_TS_01106] [SWS_TS_01201] [SWS_TS_01202] [SWS_TS_01203] [SWS_TS_01205] [SWS_TS_01206]
[RS_TS_00024]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall support storage of the Time Base value at shutdown if configured as Time Master	[SWS_TS_00212] [SWS_TS_00213] [SWS_TS_00214] [SWS_TS_00215]

Requirement	Description	Satisfied by
[RS_TS_00026]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall provide to the customers a specific API per type of Time Base Resource	[SWS_TS_01007] [SWS_TS_01107] [SWS_TS_01108] [SWS_TS_01109] [SWS_TS_01110] [SWS_TS_01112] [SWS_TS_01207] [SWS_TS_01208] [SWS_TS_01209] [SWS_TS_01211]
[RS_TS_00029]	The configuration of the Time Synchronization implementation shall allow the implementation to behave as a (vehicle wide) Time Master	[SWS_TS_00419] [SWS_TS_00421] [SWS_TS_00423] [SWS_TS_01108] [SWS_TS_01110] [SWS_TS_01112] [SWS_TS_01209] [SWS_TS_01211]
[RS_TS_00030]	The configuration of the Time Synchronization implementation shall allow the implementation to behave as a Time Slave	[SWS_TS_00420] [SWS_TS_00422] [SWS_TS_00428] [SWS_TS_01000] [SWS_TS_01016] [SWS_TS_01017] [SWS_TS_01100] [SWS_TS_01114] [SWS_TS_01115] [SWS_TS_01200] [SWS_TS_01213] [SWS_TS_01214]
[RS_TS_00033]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall use a time format with a resolution of 1 ns	[SWS_TS_01251] [SWS_TS_01260] [SWS_TS_01261] [SWS_TS_01262] [SWS_TS_01263] [SWS_TS_01264] [SWS_TS_01265]
[RS_TS_00034]	The Implementation of Time Synchronization shall provide measurement data to the application	[SWS_TS_00414] [SWS_TS_00415] [SWS_TS_00416] [SWS_TS_00417] [SWS_TS_00419] [SWS_TS_00420] [SWS_TS_00421] [SWS_TS_00422] [SWS_TS_00423] [SWS_TS_00424] [SWS_TS_00425] [SWS_TS_00426] [SWS_TS_00427] [SWS_TS_00428] [SWS_TS_00703] [SWS_TS_00800] [SWS_TS_00801] [SWS_TS_00803] [SWS_TS_01010] [SWS_TS_01011] [SWS_TS_01012] [SWS_TS_01013] [SWS_TS_01014] [SWS_TS_01015] [SWS_TS_01016] [SWS_TS_01017] [SWS_TS_01018] [SWS_TS_01019] [SWS_TS_01114] [SWS_TS_01115] [SWS_TS_01213] [SWS_TS_01214] [SWS_TS_01400] [SWS_TS_01401] [SWS_TS_01402] [SWS_TS_01403] [SWS_TS_01404] [SWS_TS_01405] [SWS_TS_01406] [SWS_TS_01407] [SWS_TS_01408] [SWS_TS_14140] [SWS_TS_14141] [SWS_TS_14142] [SWS_TS_14150] [SWS_TS_14151] [SWS_TS_14152] [SWS_TS_14153] [SWS_TS_14154] [SWS_TS_14155] [SWS_TS_14156] [SWS_TS_14160] [SWS_TS_14161] [SWS_TS_14162] [SWS_TS_14163] [SWS_TS_14164] [SWS_TS_14165] [SWS_TS_14166] [SWS_TS_14167] [SWS_TS_14170] [SWS_TS_14171] [SWS_TS_14172] [SWS_TS_14173] [SWS_TS_14174]



## 7 Functional specification

The functional behavior is described under the following specific contexts:

- Startup Behavior
- Shutdown Behavior
- Construction Behavior (Initialization)
- Normal Operation
- Error Handling
- Error Classification
- Version Check

### 7.1 General Overview of TS

For the Adaptive Platform, three different technologies were considered to fulfill such Time Synchronization requirements. These technologies were:

- StbM of the Classic Platform
- Library chrono - either `std::chrono` (C++11) or `boost::chrono` [8]
- The Time posix interface [9]

The following table shows the interfaces provided to the Application by means of this API and their equivalent interface in StbM.

<i>Time Synchronization API - AP</i>	<i>StbM - CP</i>
<a href="#">GetCurrentTime</a>	StbM_GetCurrentTime
<a href="#">SetTime</a>	StbM_SetGlobalTime
updateTime	StbM_UpdateGlobalTime
setUserData	StbM_SetUserData
setOffset	StbM_SetOffset
getOffset	StbM_GetOffset
getRateDeviation	StbM_GetRateDeviation
setRateCorrection	StbM_SetRateCorrection
timeLeap (attribute of the TimeBase Status class)	StbM_GetTimeLeap
getTimeBaseStatus	StbM_GetTimeBaseStatus
n/a	StbM_StartTimer



△

updateCounter (attribute of the TimeBase Status class)	StbM_GetTimeBaseUpdateCounter
This information is accessible via the Status flags	StbM_GetMasterConfig

**Table 7.1: Interface comparison between TS and STBM**

## 7.1.1 Base functionality of every Time Base

Every Time Base has to provide a minimum set of functionality, as listed below:

- offer possibility to obtain the current timestamp
- creating a snapshot of its parameters

This chapter briefly describes these functionalities. Details on how to use and the exact behavior of these core methods are given in chapter 8.

### 7.1.1.1 Time Base Status

This `TimeBaseStatus` is a snapshot of all the information of a Time Base Resource it is related to, like status flags, amount of times the TBR has been updated, time leap information (possibly generated during the last synchronization of the Time Base Resource), etc.

### 7.1.1.2 Rate Deviation

Applications will have different thresholds for acceptable time drift values. Hence there needs to be a way, how applications can access this information.

**[SWS\_TS\_00202]** [`ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::GetRateDeviation`] shall return the calculated rate deviation of its TBR against the time source it is synchronized to. In case there is no rate deviation calculated yet, the initial rate deviation of 1 shall be returned. (*RS\_TS\_00018*)

**Note:** For more information of how rate deviation is calculated see: [7.3.6 Time Correction](#).

### 7.1.1.3 Clock Time Value

Reading the clock's time value is very likely the most commonly performed operation by the applications interacting with TS.

To ensure type safe handling of time values, the timepoint is provided as `std::chrono` structure.

More detailed information on how this is implemented is given in the further chapters and in chapter 8.

### 7.1.2 Status Flags of TBRs

Time Synchronization defines a set of status flags that are used to express specific status conditions of a TBR. Status flags can be queried by an application through a `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::GetTimeWithStatus`.

Synchronization status `GetSynchronizationStatus` includes:

- `kNotSynchronizedUntilStartup`: Indicates whether a synchronization of a time base to its corresponding TBR happen until start-up (initial state)
- `kTimeOut`: Indicates whether a synchronization of a time base to its corresponding TBR is lost or delayed.
- `kSynchronized`: Indicates if the time base of the corresponding TBR has been successfully synchronized at least once against its time source.
- `kSynchToGateway`: Indicates if the corresponding TBR updates are based on a Time Gateway below the Global Time Master.

The status if a leap jump happen since the last status request through a `GetTimeWithStatus` could be retrieved via `GetLeapJump`:

- `kTimeLeapNone`: Indicates that no leap jump happen
- `kTimeLeapFuture`: Indicates if there has been a jump in time to the future.
- `kTimeLeapPast`: Indicates if there has been a jump in time to the past.

### 7.1.3 Time Synchronization and Protocols

Time Synchronization mechanisms and protocols (i.e. [10]) are out of the Scope of this document, for protocol specification please refer to the PRS (see [1]).

## 7.2 Functional cluster life cycle

### 7.2.1 Startup

This chapter describes the necessary initializations, which are performed by the entity that has control over the Time Base Resources, in order to prepare the TS module for

normal operation. After its initialization, the module is expected to provide all synchronized time services to the applications.

[SWS\_TS\_00213]{DRAFT} [For each TBR configured as Time Master for which storage to persistent memory is activated, i.e. a `'TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.timeBaseProvider'` is present, the value of Global Time shall be restored from persistent memory such that the value of `backupTimestamp` is used to initialize the Time Base. Immediately after successfully loading the stored `backupTimestamp`, the Time Master shall store a new `backupTimestamp` ( $= \text{loaded}(\text{old})\text{backupTimestamp} + \text{TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.cyclicBackupInterval}$ )]([RS\\_TS\\_00024](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00004](#))

[SWS\_TS\_00214]{DRAFT} [In case the restore from persistent memory is not successful, the Time Base shall start with zero.]([RS\\_TS\\_00024](#))

[SWS\_TS\_00215]{DRAFT} [For each TBR configured as Time Slave, `Clock Update Counter` shall be initialized with zero.]([RS\\_TS\\_00024](#))

### 7.2.1.1 Default values

When the system starts up, the TBRs have to be set to known default values so that their behavior is well defined.

[SWS\_TS\_00007]{DRAFT} [Characteristics of Time Base Resources shall be initialized as follows:

- Active Status Flags shall be invalidated.
- The User Data is to be deleted.
- Time Leap information shall be reset.

]([RS\\_TS\\_00009](#))

### 7.2.2 Shutdown

[SWS\_TS\_00212]{DRAFT} [For each TBR configured as Time Master for which storage to persistent memory is activated, i.e. a `'TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.timeBaseProvider'` is present, first the current value of the Global Time shall be read every `'TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.cyclicBackupInterval'`. Then the value of the `'TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.cyclicBackupInterval'` itself shall be added and this check-pointed value of the Global Time shall then be stored into persistent memory `'TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.timeBaseProvider'` (see [11]) as `backupTimestamp` if persistent storage is required. The initial value of `backupTimestamp` shall be set to 0.

Upon a graceful shutdown the Global Time shall be stored without applying another 'TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping.cyclicBackupInterval', as back-off.](RS\_TS\_00024)

**Note:** Regardless of the exact shutdown event, the last stored value of backupTimestamp will be restored during the next startup (see 7.2.1).

### 7.3 Normal Operation

#### 7.3.1 Introduction

A Global Time network consists of a Time Master and at least one Time Slave. For each Time Domain, the Time Master is distributing the Global Time Base to the connected Time Slaves via Time Synchronization messages. The Time Slave corrects the received Global Time Base taking into account the Time Stamp at the transmitter side and the own generated receiver Time Stamp.

The local time of a Slave Time Base will be maintained autonomously and updated whenever a new time value is received from its associated Master Time Base.

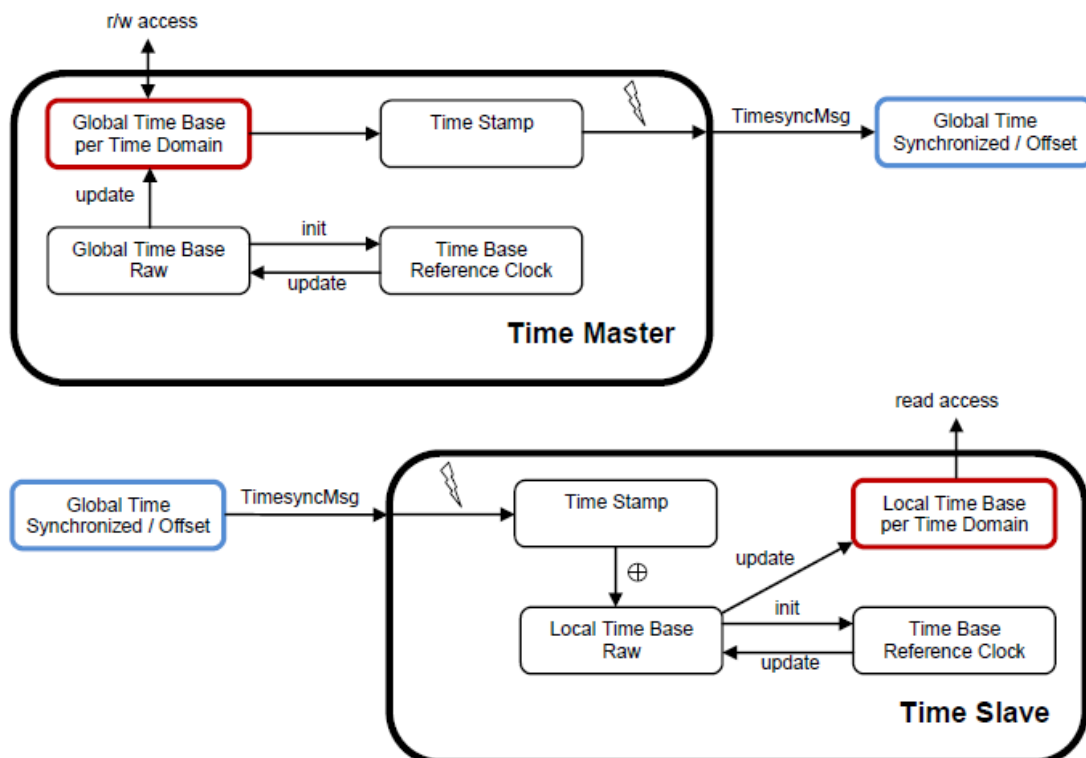


Figure 7.1: Global Time Base Distribution.

### 7.3.1.1 Time Base Manifestations

From the Time Domain point of view, Time Bases are classified in Synchronized and Offset Time Bases.

The number of Synchronized Time Bases and Offset Time Bases is not limited by the TS functionality, but by the functional needs of the system to be fulfilled (i.e. the TS does not define a limit of Offset/Synchronized Time Bases identifiers in the system).

### 7.3.2 Roles of the Time Base Resources

#### 7.3.2.1 Global Time Master

A TBR can act as a Global Time Master, in which case it is the system wide origin for a given time value that is then distributed via the network to the Time Slaves.

#### 7.3.2.2 Time Slave

In the role of a Time Slave, the TBR updates its internally-maintained local time to a value of a Global Time Base, which is provided by the corresponding TSP module.

### 7.3.3 Time Base Resources

#### 7.3.3.1 Slave Time Bases

**[SWS\_TS\_00139]** [Monitoring of time leaps to the future shall only be enabled, if a `timeLeapFutureThreshold` is other than zero and `ara::tsync::SynchronizationStatus` unequal to `kNotSynchronizedUntilStartup`.] (*RS\_TS\_00009*)

**[SWS\_TS\_00140]** [Monitoring of time leaps to the past shall only be enabled, if a `timeLeapPastThreshold` is other than zero and `ara::tsync::SynchronizationStatus` unequal to `kNotSynchronizedUntilStartup`.] (*RS\_TS\_00009*)

**[SWS\_TS\_00141]** [A check for time leaps shall be performed on every successful synchronization with the master clock, but only after the clock has been synchronized once (`ara::tsync::SynchronizationStatus` unequal to `kNotSynchronizedUntilStartup`).] (*RS\_TS\_00009*)

**[SWS\_TS\_00027]** [If the adjustment made by the resynchronization exceeded the specified threshold values, the corresponding `ara::tsync::LeapJump` status shall be set to `kTimeLeapNone` if no leap jump occurred. `kTimeLeapFuture`: if jump occurred in time to the future greater than `timeLeapFutureThreshold`. `kTimeLeapPast`: if jump occurred in time to the past greater than `timeLeapPastThreshold`.] (*RS\_TS\_00009*)

[SWS\_TS\_00064]{DRAFT} [The initial value of `ara::tsync::LeapJump` shall be `kTimeLeapNone`.] (*RS\_TS\_00009*)

[SWS\_TS\_00028] [Active Time Leap Status `ara::tsync::LeapJump` shall be set to `kTimeLeapNone`, if a consecutive number `timeLeapHealingCounter` of synchronizations were all below the Time Leap Future and Past Thresholds.] (*RS\_TS\_00009*)

[SWS\_TS\_00030] [Each instance of `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer` shall independently monitor for a synchronization timeout by measuring the time since that last update and a specified timeout duration in `syncLossTimeout`.] (*RS\_TS\_00009*)

[SWS\_TS\_00032] [In case of a monitored timeout (refer [SWS\_TS\_00030]) the `ara::tsync::SynchronizationStatus` shall be set to `kTimeOut`.] (*RS\_TS\_00009*)

[SWS\_TS\_00011] [If the update of the Time Base is successful and `SYNC_TO_GATEWAY` bit is set, the `ara::tsync::SynchronizationStatus` shall be set to `kSynchToGateway`.] (*RS\_TS\_00009*)

[SWS\_TS\_00033] [If the update of the Time Base is successful and the `SYNC_TO_GATEWAY` bit is NOT set, the `ara::tsync::SynchronizationStatus` shall be set to `kSynchronized`.] (*RS\_TS\_00009*)

### 7.3.4 Immediate Time Synchronization

All TSP Modules are working independently of the TS regarding the handling of the bus-specific Time Synchronization protocol (i.e. autonomous transmission of Timesync messages on the bus).

Time information is passed from a TSP to the TBR. Implementation details as well as the interaction of such a TSP with the TBR are outside of the scope of this specification (for protocol specification please refer to [1]).

### 7.3.5 User Data

User Data is part of each Time Base. User Data is set by the Global Time Master of each Time Base and distributed as part of the Timesync messages.

User Data can be used to characterize the Time Base, e.g., regarding the quality of the underlying clock source or regarding the progress of time.

User Data consists of a vector of bytes. Due to the frame format of various Timesync messages it might not be possible to transmit the complete vector on every bus system. It is the responsibility of the system designer to use only those User Data bytes in the vector that can be distributed inside the vehicle network.

### 7.3.6 Time Correction

TS provides the ability for Time Slaves to perform Rate and Offset Correction of the Synchronized TBR and Rate Correction of an Offset Time Base.

For Global Time Masters, the TS provides the ability to perform Rate Correction of their Time Base(s).

Time correction can be configured individually for each Time Base.

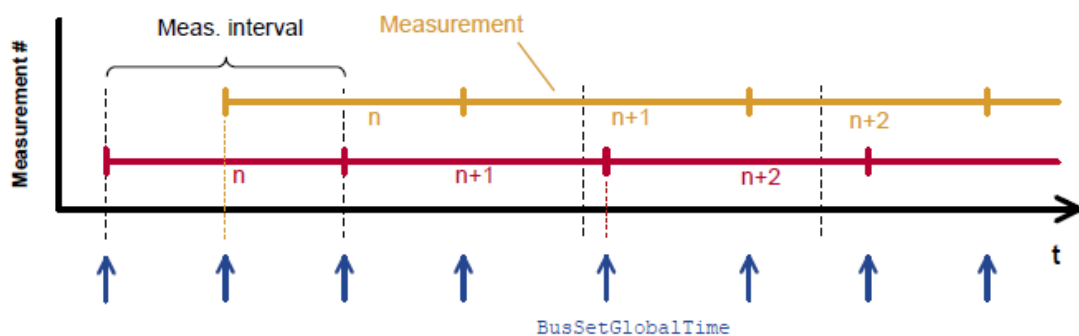
#### 7.3.6.1 Rate Correction for Time Slaves

Rate Correction detects and eliminates rate deviations of local instances of Time Bases and of Offset Time Bases. Rate Correction determines the rate deviation in the scope of a measurement. This rate deviation is used as correction factor which the TBR uses to correct the Time Base's time whenever it is read (e.g. in the scope of `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::GetCurrentTime`).

**[SWS\_TS\_00041]{DRAFT}** [The TBR shall perform Rate Correction measurements to determine its rate deviation if `ara::tsync::SynchronizationStatus` is set to `kSynchronized`.] ([RS\\_TS\\_00002](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_00042]{DRAFT}** [The TBR shall perform Rate Correction measurements continuously. The end of a measurement marks the start of the next measurement.]

The start and end of measurements is always triggered by (and aligned to) the reception of time values for Synchronized or Offset Time Bases.] ([RS\\_TS\\_00002](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00007](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00018](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00019](#))



**Figure 7.2: Visualization of two parallel measurements.**

**[SWS\_TS\_00043]{DRAFT}** [During runtime, the Synchronized TBR shall determine the timespan of a Rate Correction measurement on the basis of clock `ara::core::SteadyClock`.] ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_00044]{DRAFT}** [The TBR shall perform as many simultaneous Rate Correction measurements as configured by the parameter 'TimeSyncCorrection.rateCorrectionsPerMeasurementDuration'.] ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))



**[SWS\_TS\_00045]{DRAFT}** [Simultaneous Rate Correction measurements shall be started with a defined offset ( $to_n$ ) to yield Rate Corrections evenly distributed over the measurement duration. The value will be calculated according to the following formula:  $to_n = n * (rateDeviationMeasurementDuration / rateCorrectionPerMeasurementDuration)$  (where 'n' is the zero-based index of the current measurement)] ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00019](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_00046]{DRAFT}** [At the start of a Rate Correction measurement, the Synchronized TBR shall take the time-snapshots TGStart and TOSTart in the scope of TSP.] ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_00047]{DRAFT}** [At the start of a Rate correction measurement, the Offset TBR, shall take the following time-snapshots in the scope of TSP:] ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))

- TSStart
- TOSTart

**[SWS\_TS\_00048]{DRAFT}** [At the end of the Rate Correction measurement, the Synchronized TBR shall take the time-snapshots TGStop and TVStop in the scope TSP.] ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_00049]{DRAFT}** [At the end of the Rate Correction measurement, the Offset TBR shall take the following time-snapshots in the scope TSP:] ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_00050]{DRAFT}** [At the end of a Rate Correction measurement, the Synchronized TBR shall calculate the resulting correction rate ( $r_{rc}$ ) according to the following formula:

$$r_{rc} = (TG_{Stop} - TG_{Start}) / (TV_{Stop} - TV_{Start})$$
 ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00019](#))

**Note:** To determine the resulting rate deviation the value 1 has to be subtracted from  $r_{rc}$ .

**[SWS\_TS\_00051]{DRAFT}** [The last  $r_{rc}$  value has to be used until a new value is calculated.] ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00019](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_00052]{DRAFT}** [Offset TBRs shall not perform yet another rate correction, because this is done by the underlying TBR already.] ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00019](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_00053]{DRAFT}** [On invocation of `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::GetRateDeviation` the TBR shall return the calculated rate deviation (i.e.  $r_{rc}-1$ ).] ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_00070]{DRAFT}** [If no rate deviation  $r_{rc}$  has yet been calculated, `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::GetRateDeviation` shall return 0.0.] ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_00054]{DRAFT}** [If a valid correction rate ( $r_{rc}$ ) has been calculated, the Synchronized TBR shall apply a Rate Correction.] ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00019](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_00071]{DRAFT}** [If a valid correction rate ( $r_{oc}$ ) has been calculated, the Offset TBR shall apply a Rate Correction.] ([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00019](#))

### 7.3.6.2 Offset Correction for Time Consumer

Offset Correction eliminates time offsets of local instances of Synchronized Time Bases. This correction takes place whenever the current time is read (e.g. in the scope of `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::GetCurrentTime`). The offset is measured when the local instance of the Time Base is synchronized in the scope of TSP.

**[SWS\_TS\_00055]{DRAFT}** [For Synchronized TBRs, it shall be measured the offset between its local instance of the Time Base and the Global Time Base whenever the Time Base is synchronized in the scope of the function TSP by taking a snapshot of the TSync and TVSync.] [\(RS\\_TS\\_00013\)](#)

**[SWS\_TS\_00056]{DRAFT}** [If the absolute value of the time offset between Global Time Base and local instance of the Time Base ( $\text{abs}(\text{TG} - \text{TL}_{\text{Sync}})$ ) is equal or greater than `'TimeSyncCorrection.offsetCorrectionJumpThreshold'`, the TBR shall calculate the corrected time (TL) of its local instance of the Time Base according to the following formula:

$$\text{TL} = \text{TG} + (\text{TV} - \text{TV}_{\text{Sync}}) * r_{rc} \quad \text{[RS\_TS\_00013, RS\_TS\_00019]}$$

**Note:**

This correction will be done whenever the time is read in the scope of e.g. the function `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::GetCurrentTime`.

**Note:**

This correction will be done when the TBR needs to determine the time of the local instance of the Time Base.

**[SWS\_TS\_00057]{DRAFT}** [The TBR shall correct absolute time offsets between the Global Time Base and the local instance of the Time Base ( $\text{abs}(\text{TG} - \text{TL}_{\text{Sync}})$ ), which are smaller than the value given by `'TimeSyncCorrection.offsetCorrectionJumpThreshold'` by temporarily applying an additional rate ( $r_{oc}$ ) to  $r_{rc}$ . This rate shall be used for the duration defined by parameter `'TimeSyncCorrection.offsetCorrectionAdaptionInterval'`.  $r_{oc}$  is calculated according to the following formula:

$$r_{oc} = (\text{TG} - \text{TL}_{\text{Sync}}) / (\text{T}_{\text{CorrInt}}) + 1$$

] [\(RS\\_TS\\_00013, RS\\_TS\\_00019\)](#)

**[SWS\_TS\_00058]{DRAFT}** [If the absolute time offset between Global Time Base and local instance of the Time Base ( $\text{abs}(\text{TG} - \text{TL}_{\text{Sync}})$ ) is smaller than `'TimeSyncCorrection.offsetCorrectionJumpThreshold'`, the TBR shall calculate the corrected time (TL) of its local instance of the Time Base **within** the period of `'TimeSyncCorrection.offsetCorrectionAdaptionInterval'` according to the following formula:

$$\text{TL} = \text{TL}_{\text{Sync}} + (r_{rc} * (\text{TV} - \text{TV}_{\text{Sync}}) * r_{oc} )$$

] [\(RS\\_TS\\_00013, RS\\_TS\\_00019\)](#)

**Note:**

This correction will be done whenever the time is read in the scope of e.g. the function `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::GetCurrentTime`.

**Note:**

This correction will be done when the TBR needs to determine the time of the local instance of the Time Base.

**[SWS\_TS\_00059]{DRAFT}** [If the absolute time offset between the Global Time Base and the local instance of the Time Base ( $\text{abs}(\text{TG} - \text{TL})$ ) is smaller than `TimeSyncCorrection.offsetCorrectionJumpThreshold`, the TBR shall calculate the corrected time (TL) of its local instance of the Time Base **after** the period of `TimeSyncCorrection.offsetCorrectionAdaptionInterval` as specified in **[SWS\_TS\_00056]**] (*RS\_TS\_00013*)

**[SWS\_TS\_00060]{DRAFT}** [If `TimeSyncCorrection.offsetCorrectionJumpThreshold` is set to 0, Offset Correction shall be performed by Jump Correction only.] (*RS\_TS\_00013*)

### 7.3.6.3 Rate Correction for Global Time Masters

Rate correction in Global Time Masters can be applied to Synchronized and Offset Time Bases Resources.

Rate correction is applied by setting a correction factor which the TBR uses to correct the Time Base's time whenever it is transmitted over the network. This happens independent of the rate correction done by the slave.

**[SWS\_TS\_00061]{DRAFT}** [If '`TimeSyncCorrection.allowProviderRateCorrection`' equals `true`, an invocation of `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::SetRateCorrection` shall set the rate correction value. Otherwise `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::SetRateCorrection` shall do nothing and return the error `kLimitsExceeded`] (*RS\_TS\_00018*)

**[SWS\_TS\_00062]{DRAFT}** [The TBR shall apply rate correction, if `allowProviderRateCorrection` equals `TRUE` and a valid rate correction value has been set by `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::SetRateCorrection`.] (*RS\_TS\_00018*)

**[SWS\_TS\_00063]{DRAFT}** [If the absolute value of the rate correction parameter `rateCorrection`, which is passed to `SetRateCorrection()`, is greater than `MasterRateDeviationMax`, `SetRateCorrection()` shall set the actually applied rate correction value to either `(MasterRateDeviationMax)` or `(-MasterRateDeviationMax)`(depending on sign of `rateCorrection`).] (*RS\_TS\_00018*)

**Note:** The actual applied resulting rate will be the passed deviation value + 1. If aligning the rate of one Time Base to the rate of another one, it is possible to use `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::GetRateDeviation` and pass the

value as argument to `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::SetRateCorrection`.

### 7.3.7 Notifications of Time Base Consumer

The Application might request to be notified of dedicated events for a specific TBR.

#### 7.3.7.1 Status flags notification

A change in the StatusFlags of the `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus` can be notified.

**[SWS\_TS\_00701]** [A registered notifier via `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::RegisterStatusChangeNotifier` shall be invoked, if one of the following content is changed: `ara::tsync::SynchronizationStatus`, `ara::tsync::LeapJump` or the user data.](RS\_TS\_00021)

#### 7.3.7.2 Synchronization status notification

A change in the StatusFlags of the `ara::tsync::SynchronizationStatus` (e.g. if the timebase is in Timeout) can be notified.

**[SWS\_TS\_00702]** [A registered notifier via `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::RegisterSynchronizationStateChangeNotifier` shall be invoked, if `ara::tsync::SynchronizationStatus` is changed.](RS\_TS\_00009)

#### 7.3.7.3 LeapJump notification

A leap jump can be notified.

**[SWS\_TS\_00703]** [A registered notifier via `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::RegisterTimeLeapNotifier` shall be invoked, if `ara::tsync::LeapJump` is changed.](RS\_TS\_00034)

### 7.3.8 Global Time Precision Measurement Support

To verify the precision of each Local Time Base compared to the Global Time Base a recording mechanism shall be optionally supported for Time Slaves and Time Gateways. In principle, a snapshot is taken of all required data at the point in time, where a synchronization event takes place. Access is provided to those values by an actively pushed API function on each successful assembled data block. An Off-Board Tester collects each block and calculates the precision afterwards and maintains a history of

recorded blocks and their elements accordingly. How and by which protocol the data will be transferred to the Off-Board Tester will be specified by the Application.

**[SWS\_TS\_00803]{DRAFT}** [A registration via `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::RegisterTimePrecisionMeasurementNotifier` shall only be possible for Synchronized Time Bases and Offset Time Bases, for which `isSystemWideGlobalTimeMaster` is set to FALSE.] (*RS\_TS\_00034*)

**[SWS\_TS\_00800]** [For Synchronized Time Bases, a registered `TimePrecisionMeasurement` notifier (via `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::RegisterTimePrecisionMeasurementNotifier`) shall write the block elements

- `glbSeconds`
- `glbNanoSeconds`
- `timeBaseStatus`
- `virtualLocalTimeLow`
- `rateDeviation`
- `locSeconds`
- `locNanoSeconds`
- `pathDelay`

to the related measurement recording table after updating the Main Time Tuple (i.e., after updating the Local Time Base by the Global Time Base). `GlbSeconds`, `GlbNanoSeconds` are the elements of the Global Time part of the Received Time Tuple (i.e., TGRx); `VirtualLocalTimeLow` is the `nanosecondsLo` element of the Virtual Local Time part of the Received Time Tuple (i.e., TVRx).] (*RS\_TS\_00034*)

**[SWS\_TS\_00801]** [For Offset Time Bases, a registered `TimePrecisionMeasurement` notifier (via `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::RegisterTimePrecisionMeasurementNotifier`) shall only write the block elements `GlbSeconds`, `GlbNanoSeconds` and `TimeBaseStatus` to the related measurement recording table.] (*RS\_TS\_00034*)

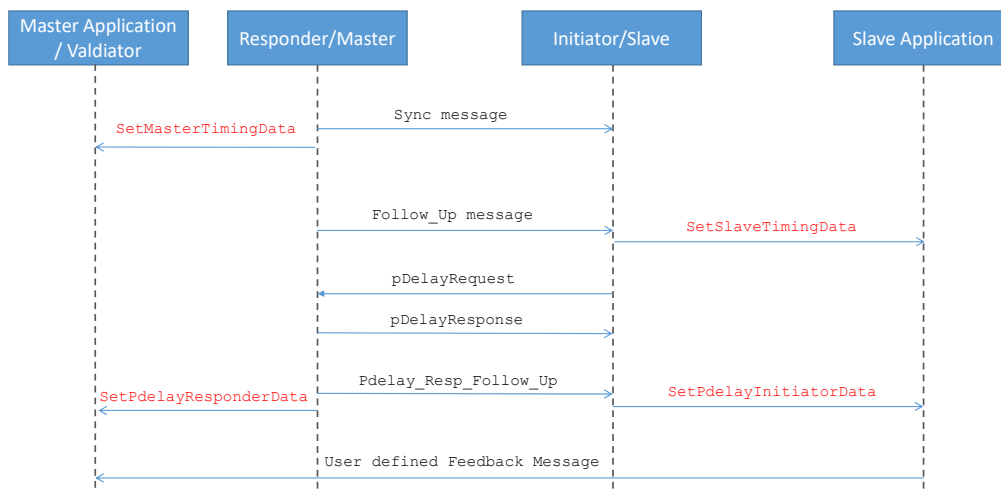
### 7.3.9 Global Time Validation Measurement Support

Figure 7.3 outlines the basic concept of the Time Validation feature.

A Time Slave collects information on the time synchronization process, to predict e.g. the Sync Ingress based on its local instance of Global Time and check whether Master and Slave agree upon the current time. The prediction itself will be locally analyzed by a separate Adaptive Application to detect any existing impairments. Furthermore, information on the time synchronization process from Time Masters and Slaves is also shared with a Validator Adaptive Application which may run anywhere in the network, e.g. on the owner of Global Time.

The Validator uses the information on the time synchronization process received from the Time Master and Time Slave Entities via a user defined feedback channel to re-construct the whole synchronization process and check that a coherent time base is established among all peers.

The Time Validation feature only provides API to the Adaptive Application. The feedback channel and the actual validation performed by the respective Adaptive Application is not standardized in AUTOSAR. It is done in a user defined way on application level.



**Figure 7.3: Time Validation mechanism**

For an optional validation of the Timesync and Pdelay mechanisms, the Time Synchronization functional cluster provides the following functionality.

**[SWS\_TS\_00424]{DRAFT}** [Everytime a Follow\_Up message is received, all parameters defined by `ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType` shall be updated and the function `ara::tsync::ConsumerTimeBaseValidationNotification::SetSlaveTimingData` shall be invoked.]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_00425]{DRAFT}** [Everytime a Sync message is transmitted, all parameters defined by `ara::tsync::TimeMasterMeasurementType` shall be updated and the function `ara::tsync::ProviderTimeBaseValidationNotification::SetMasterTimingData` shall be invoked.]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_00426]{DRAFT}** [After the current Pdelay measurement is finished, i.e., upon reception of the Pdelay\_Resp\_Follow\_Up message, all parameters defined by `ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType` shall be updated and

the function `ara::tsync::ConsumerTimeBaseValidationNotification::-`  
`SetPdelayInitiatorData` shall be invoked. |(RS\_TS\_00034)

**[SWS\_TS\_00427]{DRAFT}** [After the current `Pdelay` measurement is finished, i.e., upon transmission of the `Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up`, all parameters defined by `ara::tsync::PdelayResponderMeasurementType` shall be updated and the function `ara::tsync::ProviderTimeBaseValidationNotification::-`  
`SetPdelayResponderData` shall be invoked. |(RS\_TS\_00034)

**Note:** Please note that there is a decoupling between reception and transmission of the respective PTP event messages and the forwarding of measurement data.

## 8 API specification

### 8.1 API Common Data Types

#### 8.1.1 Timestamp

[SWS\_TS\_01251]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	type alias
<b>Symbol:</b>	Timestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync
<b>Derived from:</b>	std::chrono::time_point<TimeBase, std::chrono::nanoseconds>
<b>Syntax:</b>	using ara::tsync::Timestamp = std::chrono::time_point<TimeBase, std::chrono::nanoseconds>;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/timestamp.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Standard timestamp type as alias of a generic time_point .

]([RS\\_AP\\_00130](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00033](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00005](#))

#### 8.1.2 TimeBase struct

[SWS\_TS\_01260]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	struct
<b>Symbol:</b>	TimeBase
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync
<b>Syntax:</b>	struct ara::tsync::TimeBase {...};
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/timestamp.h"
<b>Description:</b>	<p>The class TimeBase is a pseudo-clock.</p> <p>The class TimeBase is a pseudo-clock that is used as the first template argument to std::chrono::time_point to indicate that the time point represents local time with respect of a not-yet-specified timeBaseResource.</p>

]([RS\\_AP\\_00130](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00033](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00005](#))

##### 8.1.2.1 rep

[SWS\_TS\_01261]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	type alias
<b>Symbol:</b>	rep
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeBase</a>
<b>Derived from:</b>	std::int64_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	using ara::tsync::TimeBase::rep = std::int64_t;





△

<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/timestamp.h"
<b>Description:</b>	required type declaration to fulfill the C++ Clock requirements representing the number of ticks

]([RS\\_AP\\_00130](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00033](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00005](#))

### 8.1.2.2 period

[SWS\_TS\_01262]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	type alias
<b>Symbol:</b>	period
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeBase</a>
<b>Derived from:</b>	std::nano
<b>Syntax:</b>	using ara::tsync::TimeBase::period = std::nano;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/timestamp.h"
<b>Description:</b>	required type declaration to fulfill the C++ Clock requirements representing the tick period of the duration

]([RS\\_AP\\_00130](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00033](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00005](#))

### 8.1.2.3 duration

[SWS\_TS\_01263]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	type alias
<b>Symbol:</b>	duration
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeBase</a>
<b>Derived from:</b>	std::chrono::duration<rep, period>
<b>Syntax:</b>	using ara::tsync::TimeBase::duration = std::chrono::duration<rep, period>;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/timestamp.h"
<b>Description:</b>	required type declaration to fulfill the C++ Clock requirements used to measure the time since epoch

]([RS\\_AP\\_00130](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00033](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00005](#))

### 8.1.2.4 time\_point

[SWS\_TS\_01264]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	type alias
<b>Symbol:</b>	time_point
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeBase</a>
<b>Derived from:</b>	std::chrono::time_point<TimeBase>
<b>Syntax:</b>	using ara::tsync::TimeBase::time_point = std::chrono::time_point<TimeBase>;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/timestamp.h"
<b>Description:</b>	represents a point in time

]([RS\\_AP\\_00130](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00033](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00005](#))

### 8.1.2.5 is\_steady

[SWS\_TS\_01265]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	is_steady
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeBase</a>
<b>Type:</b>	static bool
<b>Syntax:</b>	constexpr static bool ara::tsync::TimeBase::is_steady = false;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/timestamp.h"
<b>Description:</b>	required constant to fulfill the C++ Clock requirements as steady clock

]([RS\\_AP\\_00130](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00033](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00005](#))

### 8.1.3 LeapJump

[SWS\_TS\_01051] [

<b>Kind:</b>	enumeration	
<b>Symbol:</b>	LeapJump	
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync	
<b>Underlying type:</b>	std::uint32_t	
<b>Syntax:</b>	enum class LeapJump : std::uint32_t {...};	
<b>Values:</b>	kTimeLeapNone= 0	No adjustment back or greater than a certain threshold has been made.
	kTimeLeapFuture= 1	An adjustment greater than a certain threshold has been made.
	kTimeLeapPast= 2	An adjustment back in time greater than a certain threshold has been made.
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_status.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Enumeration that is used to express the leap jump of a time base. .	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00009](#))

## 8.1.4 SynchronizationStatus

[SWS\_TS\_01050] [

<b>Kind:</b>	enumeration	
<b>Symbol:</b>	SynchronizationStatus	
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync	
<b>Underlying type:</b>	std::uint32_t	
<b>Syntax:</b>	enum class SynchronizationStatus : std::uint32_t {...};	
<b>Values:</b>	kNotSynchronizedUntilStartup= 0	The TB is not synchronized until startup (initial state)
	kTimeOut= 0x1	The TB was not synchronized within a certain time frame.
	kSynchronized= 0x2	The TB is in sync with the time master.
	kSynchToGateway= 0x3	The TB is in sync with the gateway.
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_status.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Enumeration that is used to express the communication state of a time base. .	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00009](#))

## 8.2 Common Function Definition of Time Bases Provider

### 8.2.1 SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider

[SWS\_TS\_01100]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	class
<b>Symbol:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync
<b>Syntax:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider final {...};
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Class SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider is the access to the synchronized timebase referenced by the InstanceSpecifier. It allows to get the current time_point, the rate deviation, the current status and the received user data

]([RS\\_TS\\_00030](#))

#### 8.2.1.1 Special member functions

[SWS\_TS\_01101]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider(const ara::core::InstanceSpecifier &specifier)
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider</a>





<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>explicit ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider (const ara::core::InstanceSpecifier &amp;specifier) noexcept;</code>	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	specifier	InstanceSpecifier to an PortPrototype of an Time SynchronizationInterface
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider constructor.	

](RS\_TS\_00023)

[SWS\_TS\_01102]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	<code>SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider(SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider &amp;&amp;stbc)</code>	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider (SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider &amp;&amp;stbc) noexcept;</code>	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	stbc	The SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider object to be moved.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Thread Safety:</b>	re-entrant	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Move constructor for SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider.	

](RS\_TS\_00023)

[SWS\_TS\_01103]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	<code>operator=(SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider &amp;&amp;stbc)</code>	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider&amp; ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::operator= (SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider &amp;&amp;stbc) &amp; noexcept;</code>	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	stbc	The SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider object to be moved.
<b>Return value:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider &	The moved SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider object.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Thread Safety:</b>	re-entrant	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Move assignment operator for SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider.	

](RS\_TS\_00023)

[SWS\_TS\_01104]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	<code>SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider(const SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider &amp;)</code>	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider (const SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider &amp;)=delete;</code>	





<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"
<b>Description:</b>	The copy constructor for SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider shall not be used.

](RS\_TS\_00023)

[SWS\_TS\_01105]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	operator=(const SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider &)
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider
<b>Syntax:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider& ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::operator= (const SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider &)=delete;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"
<b>Description:</b>	The copy assignment operator for SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider shall not be used.

](RS\_TS\_00023)

[SWS\_TS\_01106]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	~SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider()
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::~~SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider () noexcept;
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Thread Safety:</b>	no
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Destructor for SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider.

](RS\_TS\_00023)

### 8.2.1.2 SetTime

[SWS\_TS\_01107]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	SetTime(ara::tsync::Timestamp timePoint, ara::core::Span< const ara::core::Byte > userData={})	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider	
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::core::Result<void> ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::SetTime (ara::tsync::Timestamp timePoint, ara::core::Span< const ara::core::Byte > userData={}) noexcept;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	timePoint	The time information to be set.
	userData	The user data to be set.
<b>Return value:</b>	ara::core::Result< void >	–
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Errors:</b>	TsyncErrc::kTimeCannotSet	the action cannot be executed, because the connection to time sync daemon is currently lost





<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"
<b>Description:</b>	A method that can be used to set a new time value for the clock. Setting a new time also triggers transmission on the bus.

|(RS\_TS\_00010, RS\_TS\_00026)

### 8.2.1.3 UpdateTime

[SWS\_TS\_01108]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	UpdateTime(ara::tsync::Timestamp, ara::core::Span< const ara::core::Byte > userData={})	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider	
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::core::Result<void> ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::UpdateTime (ara::tsync::Timestamp, ara::core::Span< const ara::core::Byte > userData={}) noexcept;	
<b>Template param:</b>	Duration	The duration type of the time point passed as parameter.
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	userData	The user data to be set.
<b>DIRECTION NOT DEFINED</b>	ara::tsync::Timestamp	–
<b>Return value:</b>	ara::core::Result< void >	–
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Errors:</b>	TsyncErrc::kDaemonConnectionLost	the action cannot be executed, because the connection to time sync daemon is currently lost
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	A method that can be used to set a new time value for the clock. The clock value is only updated locally, transmission on the bus will happen in the next cycle.	

|(RS\_TS\_00010, RS\_TS\_00011, RS\_TS\_00029, RS\_TS\_00026, RS\_TS\_00009)

### 8.2.1.4 GetCurrentTime

[SWS\_TS\_01109]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	GetCurrentTime()	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider	
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::tsync::Timestamp ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::GetCurrentTime () const noexcept;	
<b>Return value:</b>	ara::tsync::Timestamp	The current time as clock specific time point.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Method to obtain the current time (regardless of the current sync status).	

|(RS\_TS\_00026, RS\_TS\_00005)

### 8.2.1.5 SetRateCorrection

[SWS\_TS\_01110]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	SetRateCorrection(double rateCorrection)	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider	
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::core::Result<void> ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::SetRateCorrection (double rateCorrection) noexcept;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	rateCorrection	The rate correction to be applied. 0.5 is two times slower, whilst 2.0 is 2 times faster.
<b>Return value:</b>	ara::core::Result< void >	–
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Errors:</b>	ara::tsync::TsyncErrorDomain::Errc::kLimitsExceeded	–
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	This method can be used to set the rate correction that will be applied to time values.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00029](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00026](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))

### 8.2.1.6 GetRateCorrection

[SWS\_TS\_01111]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	GetRateDeviation()	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider	
<b>Syntax:</b>	double ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::GetRateDeviation () const noexcept;	
<b>Return value:</b>	double	The current rate deviation.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Method to obtain the current rate deviation of the clock.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))

### 8.2.1.7 SetUserData

[SWS\_TS\_01112]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	SetUserData(ara::core::Span< const ara::core::Byte > userData)	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider	
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::core::Result<void> ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::SetUserData (ara::core::Span< const ara::core::Byte > userData) noexcept;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	userData	The user data to be set.





<b>Return value:</b>	ara::core::Result< void >	–
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Method that can be used to set user data.	

|(RS\_TS\_00029, RS\_TS\_00026, RS\_TS\_00015)

### 8.2.1.8 GetUserData

[SWS\_TS\_01113]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	GetUserData()	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider	
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::core::Span<const ara::core::Byte> ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::GetUserData () const noexcept;	
<b>Return value:</b>	ara::core::Span< const ara::core::Byte >	A vector of bytes holding the user data that was set during the creation of the status.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	A method to return the user defined data of the time base.	

|(RS\_TS\_00021, RS\_TS\_00014)

### 8.2.1.9 RegisterTimeValidationNotification

[SWS\_TS\_01114]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	RegisterTimeValidationNotification(ProviderTimeBaseValidationNotification &timeBaseValidationNotification)	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider	
<b>Syntax:</b>	void ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::RegisterTimeValidationNotification (ProviderTimeBaseValidationNotification &timeBaseValidationNotification) noexcept;	
<b>DIRECTION NOT DEFINED</b>	timeBaseValidationNotification	–
<b>Return value:</b>	None	
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Method that can be used by time provider applications to receive time sync parameters. A maximum of one notifier can be registered. Every further registration overwrites the current registration.	

|(RS\_TS\_00034, RS\_TS\_00030)



### 8.2.1.10 UnregisterTimeValidationNotification

[SWS\_TS\_01115]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	UnregisterTimeValidationNotification()
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>void ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider::UnregisterTimeValidationNotification () noexcept;</code>
<b>Return value:</b>	None
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_provider.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	Method that can be used by time provider applications to receive time sync parameters.

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00030](#))

### 8.2.2 OffsetTimeBaseProvider

[SWS\_TS\_01200]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	class
<b>Symbol:</b>	OffsetTimeBaseProvider
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider final {...};</code>
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	Class OffsetTimeBaseProvider is the access to the offset timebase referenced by the Instance Specifier. It allows to get the current time_point, the rate deviation, the current status and the received user data

]([RS\\_TS\\_00030](#))

#### 8.2.2.1 Special member functions

[SWS\_TS\_01201]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	OffsetTimeBaseProvider(const ara::core::InstanceSpecifier &specifier)
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>explicit ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider::OffsetTimeBaseProvider (const ara::core::InstanceSpecifier &amp;specifier) noexcept;</code>
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	specifier InstanceSpecifier to an PortPrototype of an Time SynchronizationInterface
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	OffsetTimeBaseProvider constructor.

]([RS\\_TS\\_00023](#))

## [SWS\_TS\_01202]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	OffsetTimeBaseProvider(OffsetTimeBaseProvider &&stbc)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider::OffsetTimeBaseProvider (OffsetTimeBaseProvider &&stbc) noexcept;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	stbc	The OffsetTimeBaseProvider object to be moved.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Thread Safety:</b>	re-entrant	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Move constructor for OffsetTimeBaseProvider.	

 ] ([RS\\_TS\\_00023](#))

## [SWS\_TS\_01203]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	operator=(OffsetTimeBaseProvider &&stbc)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	OffsetTimeBaseProvider& ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider::operator=(OffsetTimeBaseProvider &&stbc) & noexcept;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	stbc	The OffsetTimeBaseProvider object to be moved.
<b>Return value:</b>	OffsetTimeBaseProvider &	The moved OffsetTimeBaseProvider object.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Thread Safety:</b>	re-entrant	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Move assignment operator for OffsetTimeBaseProvider.	

 ] ([RS\\_TS\\_00023](#))

## [SWS\_TS\_01205]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	operator=(const OffsetTimeBaseProvider &)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	OffsetTimeBaseProvider& ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider::operator=(const OffsetTimeBaseProvider &)=delete;	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	The copy assignment operator for OffsetTimeBaseProvider shall not be used.	

 ] ([RS\\_TS\\_00023](#))

## [SWS\_TS\_01206]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	~OffsetTimeBaseProvider()	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider</a>	





<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider::~~OffsetTimeBaseProvider () noexcept;</code>
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Thread Safety:</b>	no
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	Destructor for OffsetTimeBaseProvider.

]([RS\\_TS\\_00023](#))

### 8.2.2.2 SetOffsetTime

[SWS\_TS\_01207]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	<code>SetOffsetTime(ara::tsync::Timestamp timePoint, ara::core::Span&lt; const ara::core::Byte &gt; userData={})</code>	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>ara::core::Result&lt;void&gt; ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider::SetOffsetTime (ara::tsync::Timestamp timePoint, ara::core::Span&lt; const ara::core::Byte &gt; userData={}) noexcept;</code>	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	timePoint	The time information to be set.
	userData	The user data to be set.
<b>Return value:</b>	ara::core::Result< void >	–
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Errors:</b>	TsyncErrc::kTimeCannotSet	the action cannot be executed, because the connection to time sync daemon is currently lost
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"</code>	
<b>Description:</b>	A method that can be used to set a new offset time value for the clock. Setting a new time also triggers. transmission on the bus.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00010](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00026](#))

### 8.2.2.3 GetCurrentTime

[SWS\_TS\_01208]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	<code>GetCurrentTime()</code>	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>ara::tsync::Timestamp ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider::GetCurrentTime () const noexcept;</code>	
<b>Return value:</b>	ara::tsync::Timestamp	The current time of the synchronized clock.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"</code>	
<b>Description:</b>	Method to obtain the current time (regardless of the current sync status).	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00026](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00005](#))

### 8.2.2.4 SetRateCorrection

[SWS\_TS\_01209]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	SetRateCorrection(double rateCorrection)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::core::Result<void> ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider::SetRateCorrection (double rateCorrection) noexcept;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	rateCorrection	The rate correction to be applied. 0.5 is two times slower, whilst 2.0 is 2 times faster.
<b>Return value:</b>	ara::core::Result< void >	–
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Errors:</b>	ara::tsync::TsyncErrorDomain::Errc::kLimitsExceeded	–
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	This method can be used to set the rate correction that will be applied to time values.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00029](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00026](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))

### 8.2.2.5 GetRateCorrection

[SWS\_TS\_01210]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	GetRateDeviation()	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	double ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider::GetRateDeviation () const noexcept;	
<b>Return value:</b>	double	The current rate deviation.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Method to obtain the current rate deviation of the clock.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))

### 8.2.2.6 SetUserData

[SWS\_TS\_01211]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	SetUserData(ara::core::Span< const ara::core::Byte > userData)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::core::Result<void> ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider::SetUserData (ara::core::Span< const ara::core::Byte > userData) noexcept;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	userData	The user data to be set.



△

<b>Return value:</b>	ara::core::Result< void >	–
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Method that can be used to set user data.	

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00029](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00026](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00015](#))

### 8.2.2.7 GetUserData

[SWS\_TS\_01212]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	GetUserData()	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::core::Span<const ara::core::Byte> ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider::GetUserData () const noexcept;	
<b>Return value:</b>	ara::core::Span< const ara::core::Byte >	User data transported with the timesync protocol.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	A method to return the user defined data of the time base.	

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00021](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00014](#))

### 8.2.2.8 RegisterTimeValidationNotification

[SWS\_TS\_01213]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	RegisterTimeValidationNotification(ProviderTimeBaseValidationNotification &timeBaseValidationNotification)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	void ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider::RegisterTimeValidationNotification (ProviderTimeBaseValidationNotification &timeBaseValidationNotification) noexcept;	
<b>DIRECTION NOT DEFINED</b>	timeBaseValidationNotification	–
<b>Return value:</b>	None	
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Method that can be used by time provider applications to receive time sync parameters. A maximum of one notifier can be registered. Every further registration overwrites the current registration.	

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00030](#))

### 8.2.2.9 UnregisterTimeValidationNotification

[SWS\_TS\_01214]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	UnregisterTimeValidationNotification()
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>void ara::tsync::OffsetTimeBaseProvider::UnregisterTimeValidationNotification () noexcept;</code>
<b>Return value:</b>	None
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/offset_time_base_provider.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	Method that can be used by time provider applications to receive time sync parameters. .

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00030](#))

## 8.3 Common Function Definition of Time Bases Consumer

### 8.3.1 SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer

[SWS\_TS\_01000] [

<b>Kind:</b>	class
<b>Symbol:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer final {...};</code>
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	Class SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer is the access to the synchronized timebase referenced by the InstanceSpecifier. It allows to get the current time_point, the rate deviation, the current status and the received user data

]([RS\\_TS\\_00030](#))

#### 8.3.1.1 Special member functions

[SWS\_TS\_01001]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer(const ara::core::InstanceSpecifier &specifier)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>explicit ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer (const ara::core::InstanceSpecifier &amp;specifier) noexcept;</code>	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	specifier	InstanceSpecifier to an PortPrototype of an Time SynchronizationInterface



△

<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"
<b>Description:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer constructor.

](RS\_TS\_00023)

[SWS\_TS\_01002]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	~SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer()
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::~SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer () noexcept;
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"
<b>Description:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer destructor.

](RS\_TS\_00023)

[SWS\_TS\_01003]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer(SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer &&stbc)	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer	
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer (SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer &&stbc) noexcept;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	stbc	The SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer object to be moved.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Thread Safety:</b>	re-entrant	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Move constructor for SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer.	

](RS\_TS\_00023)

[SWS\_TS\_01004]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	operator=(SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer &&stbc)	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer	
<b>Syntax:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer& ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::operator= (SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer &&stbc) & noexcept;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	stbc	The SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer object to be moved.
<b>Return value:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer &	The moved SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer object.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Thread Safety:</b>	re-entrant	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Move assignment operator for SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer. *	

](RS\_TS\_00023)

[SWS\_TS\_01005]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer(const SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer &)
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer (const SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer &amp;)=delete;</code>
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	The copy constructor for SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer shall not be used.

](RS\_TS\_00023)

[SWS\_TS\_01006]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	<code>operator=(const SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer &amp;)</code>
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer&amp; ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::operator= (const <a href="#">SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a> &amp;)=delete;</code>
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	The copy assignment operator for SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer shall not be used.

](RS\_TS\_00023)

### 8.3.1.2 GetCurrentTime

[SWS\_TS\_01007]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	GetCurrentTime()	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>Timestamp ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::GetCurrentTime () const noexcept;</code>	
<b>Return value:</b>	Timestamp	The current time of the synchronized clock.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"</code>	
<b>Description:</b>	Method to obtain the current time (regardless of the current sync status).	

](RS\_TS\_00026, RS\_TS\_00005)



### 8.3.1.3 GetRateDeviation

[SWS\_TS\_01008] [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	GetRateDeviation()	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	double ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::GetRateDeviation () const noexcept;	
<b>Return value:</b>	double	The current rate deviation.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Method to obtain the current rate deviation of the clock.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00018](#))

### 8.3.1.4 GetTimeWithStatus

[SWS\_TS\_01009]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	GetTimeWithStatus()	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	<a href="#">SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus</a> ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::GetTimeWithStatus () const noexcept;	
<b>Return value:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus	A clock specific TimeBaseStatus that contains all the relevant clock information.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Method to obtain a snapshot of the current state of the clock.  This includes status flags, clock configuration and the actual time value of the created status object.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00021](#))

### 8.3.1.5 RegisterStatusChangeNotifier

[SWS\_TS\_01010] [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	RegisterStatusChangeNotifier(std::function< void(const SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &)> notifier)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	void ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::RegisterStatusChangeNotifier (std::function< void(const <a href="#">SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus</a> &)> notifier) noexcept;	





<b>DIRECTION NOT DEFINED</b>	notifier	–
<b>Return value:</b>	None	
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Register a notifier function which is called if a StatusFlag is changed (i.e. synchronization state, time leap or userdata). A maximum of one notifier can be registered. Every further registration overwrites the current registration.	

](RS\_TS\_00034)

### 8.3.1.6 UnregisterStatusChangeNotifier

[SWS\_TS\_01011]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	UnregisterStatusChangeNotifier()	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer	
<b>Syntax:</b>	void ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::UnregisterStatusChangeNotifier () noexcept;	
<b>Return value:</b>	None	
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Unregister a notifier function which is called if a StatusFlag is changed (i.e. synchronization state, time leap or userdata). .	

](RS\_TS\_00034)

### 8.3.1.7 RegisterSynchronizationStateChangeNotifier

[SWS\_TS\_01012] [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	RegisterSynchronizationStateChangeNotifier(std::function< void(const SynchronizationStatus &);> notifier)	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer	
<b>Syntax:</b>	void ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::RegisterSynchronizationStateChangeNotifier (std::function< void(const SynchronizationStatus &);> notifier) noexcept;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	notifier	The function to unregister.
<b>Return value:</b>	None	
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"	





<b>Description:</b>	Register a notifier function which is called if a synchronization state is changed. A maximum of one notifier can be registered. Every further registration overwrites the current registration.
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](RS\_TS\_00034)

### 8.3.1.8 UnregisterSynchronizationStateChangeNotifier

[SWS\_TS\_01013]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	UnregisterSynchronizationStateChangeNotifier()
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>void ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::UnregisterSynchronizationStateChangeNotifier () noexcept;</code>
<b>Return value:</b>	None
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Unregister a notifier function which is called if a synchronization state is changed. .

](RS\_TS\_00034)

### 8.3.1.9 RegisterTimeLeapNotifier

[SWS\_TS\_01014] [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	RegisterTimeLeapNotifier(std::function< void(const SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &)> notifier)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>void ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::RegisterTimeLeapNotifier (std::function&lt; void(const SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &amp;)&gt; notifier) noexcept;</code>	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	notifier	The function to be called if the TimeBaseStatus has changed.
<b>Return value:</b>	None	
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Register a notifier function which is called if a time leap happend. A maximum of one notifier can be registered. Every further registration overwrites the current registration.	

](RS\_TS\_00034)

### 8.3.1.10 UnregisterTimeLeapNotifier

[SWS\_TS\_01015]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	UnregisterTimeLeapNotifier()
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	void ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::UnregisterTimeLeapNotifier () noexcept;
<b>Return value:</b>	None
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Unregister a notifier function which is called if a time leap happend. .

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

### 8.3.1.11 RegisterTimeValidationNotification

[SWS\_TS\_01016]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	RegisterTimeValidationNotification(ConsumerTimeBaseValidationNotification &timeBaseValidationNotification)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	void ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::RegisterTimeValidationNotification (ConsumerTimeBaseValidationNotification &timeBaseValidationNotification) noexcept;	
<b>DIRECTION NOT DEFINED</b>	timeBaseValidationNotification	-
<b>Return value:</b>	None	
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Method that can be used by time consumer applications to receive time sync parameters. A maximum of one notifier can be registered. Every further registration overwrites the current registration.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00030](#))

### 8.3.1.12 UnregisterTimeValidationNotification

[SWS\_TS\_01017]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	UnregisterTimeValidationNotification()
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	void ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::UnregisterTimeValidationNotification () noexcept;



△

<b>Return value:</b>	None
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Method that can be used by time consumer applications to receive time sync parameters. .

|(RS\_TS\_00034, RS\_TS\_00030)

### 8.3.1.13 RegisterTimePrecisionMeasurementNotifier

[SWS\_TS\_01018] [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	RegisterTimePrecisionMeasurementNotifier(std::function< void(const TimePrecision Measurement &)> notifier)
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	void ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::RegisterTimePrecisionMeasurementNotifier (std::function< void(const TimePrecision Measurement &)> notifier) noexcept;
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	notifier      The function to be called.
<b>Return value:</b>	None
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Register a notifier function which is called if a new time precision snapshot is available. A maximum of one notifier can be registered. Every further registration overwrites the current registration. The Tsync will not do any queuing. If needed it has to be done within the notifier.

|(RS\_TS\_00034)

### 8.3.1.14 UnregisterTimePrecisionMeasurementNotifier

[SWS\_TS\_01019]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	UnregisterTimePrecisionMeasurementNotifier()
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	void ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseConsumer::UnregisterTimePrecisionMeasurementNotifier () noexcept;
<b>Return value:</b>	None
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_consumer.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Unregister a notifier function which is called if a new time precision snapshot is available. .

|(RS\_TS\_00034)

### 8.3.2 SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus

[SWS\_TS\_01052] [

<b>Kind:</b>	class
<b>Symbol:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus final {...};</code>
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_status.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	This class represents a snapshot of a time point including his states. .

]([RS\\_TS\\_00021](#))

#### 8.3.2.1 Special member functions

[SWS\_TS\_01057]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus(SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &&)
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus (SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &amp;&amp;) noexcept;</code>
<b>DIRECTION NOT DEFINED</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &&      -
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_status.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	Move constructor of SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus.

]([RS\\_TS\\_00021](#))

[SWS\_TS\_01058]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function
<b>Symbol:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus(const SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &)
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus (const SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &amp;) noexcept;</code>
<b>DIRECTION NOT DEFINED</b>	const SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &      -
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_status.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	Copy constructor of SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus (needed for return by value)

]([RS\\_TS\\_00021](#))

[SWS\_TS\_01059]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	operator=(SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &&)	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus	
<b>Syntax:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus& ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus::operator= (SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &&) & noexcept;	
<b>DIRECTION NOT DEFINED</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &&	–
<b>Return value:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &	–
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_status.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Move assignment operator of SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00021](#))

[SWS\_TS\_01060]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	operator=(const SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &)	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus	
<b>Syntax:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus& ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus::operator= (const SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &) noexcept;	
<b>DIRECTION NOT DEFINED</b>	const SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &	–
<b>Return value:</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus &	–
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_status.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Copy assignment operator of SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00021](#))

[SWS\_TS\_00127]{DRAFT} [For objects that correspond to a Synchronized TBR, this method shall return a copy of the same object this method belongs to.]([RS\\_TS\\_00021](#))

[SWS\_TS\_00129]{DRAFT} [For objects that correspond to an Offset TBR, the object returned by this method shall contain the related information of the Synchronized TBR associated to the Offset TBR this object corresponds to.]([RS\\_TS\\_00021](#))

[SWS\_TS\_00131]{DRAFT} [The creation time of the Offset TBR's object and the creation time of the Synchronized TBR associated to the Offset TBR this object corresponds to, shall be identical.]([RS\\_TS\\_00021](#))

### 8.3.2.2 GetCreationTime

[SWS\_TS\_01055]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	GetCreationTime()	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus	
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::tsync::Timestamp ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus::GetCreationTime () const noexcept;	
<b>Return value:</b>	ara::tsync::Timestamp	The point in time at which this object was created. Time point is expressed in context of the clock that created this object.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_status.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	A method to obtain the creation time of this object.	

](RS\_TS\_00021)

### 8.3.2.3 GetSynchronizationStatus

[SWS\_TS\_01053]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	GetSynchronizationStatus()	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus	
<b>Syntax:</b>	SynchronizationStatus ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus::GetSynchronizationStatus () const noexcept;	
<b>Return value:</b>	SynchronizationStatus	SynchronizationStatus
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_status.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Method that return the synchronization state the object was created.	

](RS\_TS\_00021)

### 8.3.2.4 GetLeapJump

[SWS\_TS\_01054]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	GetLeapJump()	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus	
<b>Syntax:</b>	LeapJump ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus::GetLeapJump () const noexcept;	
<b>Return value:</b>	LeapJump	LeapJump
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_status.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Method that can be used to determin the direction of a leap jump. Only the jump until the previous object creation is included.	



](RS\_TS\_00021)

### 8.3.2.5 GetUserData

[SWS\_TS\_01056]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	GetUserData()	
<b>Scope:</b>	class ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus	
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::core::Span<const ara::core::Byte> ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus::GetUserData () const noexcept;	
<b>Return value:</b>	ara::core::Span< const ara::core::Byte >	A vector of bytes holding the user data that was set during the creation of the status. A size of zero indicates that no user data is available.
<b>Exception Safety:</b>	noexcept	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/synchronized_time_base_status.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	A method to return the user defined data of the time base.	

](RS\_TS\_00021, RS\_TS\_00014)

[SWS\_TS\_00120]{DRAFT} [In case there are no User Data stored, `ara::tsync::SynchronizedTimeBaseStatus::GetUserData` shall return an empty vector.]  
(RS\_TS\_00014, RS\_TS\_00021)

## 8.4 C++ Time Validation Interface

### 8.4.1 Type definitions

#### 8.4.1.1 TimeMasterMeasurementType

[SWS\_TS\_00414]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	struct	
<b>Symbol:</b>	TimeMasterMeasurementType	
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync	
<b>Syntax:</b>	struct ara::tsync::TimeMasterMeasurementType final {...};	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Structure with detailed data for validation of the Time Master .	

](RS\_TS\_00034)

**[SWS\_TS\_14140]{DRAFT} [**

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	preciseOriginTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeMasterMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	<a href="#">ara::tsync::Timestamp</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::tsync::Timestamp ara::tsync::TimeMasterMeasurementType::preciseOriginTimestamp;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	egress timestamp of Sync frame in Global Time

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_14141]{DRAFT} [**

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	syncEgressTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeMasterMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint64_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint64_t ara::tsync::TimeMasterMeasurementType::syncEgressTimestamp;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	egress timestamp of Sync frame

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_14142]{DRAFT} [**

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	sequenceId
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeMasterMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint16_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint16_t ara::tsync::TimeMasterMeasurementType::sequenceId;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	sequence Id of sent Ethernet frame

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

### 8.4.1.2 TimeSlaveMeasurementType

**[SWS\_TS\_00415]{DRAFT} [**

<b>Kind:</b>	struct
<b>Symbol:</b>	TimeSlaveMeasurementType
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync
<b>Syntax:</b>	struct ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType final {...};
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Structure with detailed data for validation of the Time Slave .

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

[SWS\_TS\_14150]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	preciseOriginTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	<a href="#">ara::tsync::Timestamp</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::tsync::Timestamp ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType::preciseOriginTimestamp;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	preciseOriginTimestamp taken from the received Follow_Up frame

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

[SWS\_TS\_14151]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	referenceGlobalTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	<a href="#">ara::tsync::Timestamp</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::tsync::Timestamp ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType::referenceGlobalTimestamp;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	SyncLocal Time Tuple (Global Time part) .

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

[SWS\_TS\_14152]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	syncIngressTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint64_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint64_t ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType::syncIngressTimestamp;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	ingress timestamp of Sync frame converted to Virtual Local Time

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

[SWS\_TS\_14153]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	correctionField
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::int64_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::int64_t ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType::correctionField;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	correctionField taken from the received Follow_Up frame

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

[SWS\_TS\_14154]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	referenceLocalTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint64_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint64_t ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType::referenceLocalTimestamp;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	SyncLocal Time Tuple (Virtual Local Time part) .

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

[SWS\_TS\_14155]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	pDelay
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint32_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint32_t ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType::pDelay;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	currently valid pDelay value

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

[SWS\_TS\_14156]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	sequenceId
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint16_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint16_t ara::tsync::TimeSlaveMeasurementType::sequenceId;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	sequence Id of received Sync frame

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

### 8.4.1.3 PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType

[SWS\_TS\_00416]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	struct
<b>Symbol:</b>	PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync
<b>Syntax:</b>	struct ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType final {...};
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Structure with detailed timing data for the pDelay Initiator .

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_14160]{DRAFT} [**

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	requestOriginTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint64_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint64_t ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType::requestOriginTimestamp;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	egress timestamp of Pdelay_Req in Virtual Local Time

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_14161]{DRAFT} [**

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	responseReceiptTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint64_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint64_t ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType::responseReceiptTimestamp;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	ingress timestamp of Pdelay_Resp in Virtual Local Time

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_14162]{DRAFT} [**

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	requestReceiptTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	<a href="#">ara::tsync::Timestamp</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::tsync::Timestamp ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType::requestReceiptTimestamp;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	ingress timestamp of Pdelay_Req in Global Time taken from the received Pdelay_Resp

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_14163]{DRAFT} [**

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	responseOriginTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	<a href="#">ara::tsync::Timestamp</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::tsync::Timestamp ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType::responseOriginTimestamp;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	egress timestamp of Pdelay_Resp in Global Time taken from the received Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_14164]{DRAFT} [**

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	referenceLocalTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint64_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint64_t ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType::referenceLocalTimestamp;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	value of the Virtual Local Time of the reference Global Time Tuple

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_14165]{DRAFT} [**

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	referenceGlobalTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	<a href="#">ara::tsync::Timestamp</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	ara::tsync::Timestamp ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType::referenceGlobalTimestamp;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	value of the local instance of the Global Time of the reference Global Time Tuple

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_14166]{DRAFT} [**

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	pDelay
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint32_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint32_t ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType::pDelay;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	currently valid pDelay value

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

**[SWS\_TS\_14167]{DRAFT} [**

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	sequenceId
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint16_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint16_t ara::tsync::PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType::sequenceId;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"
<b>Description:</b>	sequence Id of sent Pdelay_Req frame

 ]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

### 8.4.1.4 PdelayResponderMeasurementType

[SWS\_TS\_00417]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	struct
<b>Symbol:</b>	PdelayResponderMeasurementType
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>struct ara::tsync::PdelayResponderMeasurementType final {...};</code>
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	Structure with detailed timing data for the pDelay Responder .

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

[SWS\_TS\_14170]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	requestReceiptTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::PdelayResponderMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint64_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>std::uint64_t ara::tsync::PdelayResponderMeasurementType::requestReceiptTimestamp;</code>
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	ingress timestamp of Pdelay_Req converted to Virtual Local Time

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

[SWS\_TS\_14171]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	responseOriginTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::PdelayResponderMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint64_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>std::uint64_t ara::tsync::PdelayResponderMeasurementType::responseOriginTimestamp;</code>
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	egress timestamp of Pdelay_Resp converted to Virtual Local Time

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

[SWS\_TS\_14172]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	referenceLocalTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::PdelayResponderMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint64_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>std::uint64_t ara::tsync::PdelayResponderMeasurementType::referenceLocalTimestamp;</code>
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	value of the Virtual Local Time of the reference Global Time Tuple used to convert request ReceiptTimestamp and responseOriginTimestamp into Global Time

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

[SWS\_TS\_14173]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	referenceGlobalTimestamp
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::PdelayResponderMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	<a href="#">ara::tsync::Timestamp</a>
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>ara::tsync::Timestamp ara::tsync::PdelayResponderMeasurementType::referenceGlobalTimestamp;</code>
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	value of the local instance of the Global Time of the reference Global Time Tuple used to convert requestReceiptTimestamp and responseOriginTimestamp into Global Time

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

[SWS\_TS\_14174]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	sequenceId
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::PdelayResponderMeasurementType</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint16_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>std::uint16_t ara::tsync::PdelayResponderMeasurementType::sequenceId;</code>
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/time_validation_measurement_types.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	sequence Id of received Pdelay_Req frame

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#))

## 8.4.2 Provider TimeBase Validation Notification

[SWS\_TS\_00419]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	class
<b>Symbol:</b>	ProviderTimeBaseValidationNotification
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync
<b>Syntax:</b>	<code>class ara::tsync::ProviderTimeBaseValidationNotification {...};</code>
<b>Header file:</b>	<code>#include "ara/tsync/provider_time_base_validation_notification.h"</code>
<b>Description:</b>	Callback interface to notify (Validator) Application about the availability of a new data block recorded for the Time Base. gfddfgfdg

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00029](#))



### 8.4.2.1 SetPdelayResponderData

[SWS\_TS\_00423]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	SetPdelayResponderData(const PdelayResponderMeasurementType &measurementData)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::ProviderTimeBaseValidationNotification</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	virtual void ara::tsync::ProviderTimeBaseValidationNotification::SetPdelayResponderData (const <a href="#">PdelayResponderMeasurementType</a> &measurementData)=0;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	measurementData	Detailed timing data for the pDelay Responder
<b>Return value:</b>	None	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/provider_time_base_validation_notification.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Provide the recorded data block for the pDelay Responder of the Time Base.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00029](#))

### 8.4.2.2 SetMasterTimingData

[SWS\_TS\_00421]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	SetMasterTimingData(const TimeMasterMeasurementType &measurementData)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::ProviderTimeBaseValidationNotification</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	virtual void ara::tsync::ProviderTimeBaseValidationNotification::SetMasterTimingData (const <a href="#">TimeMasterMeasurementType</a> &measurementData)=0;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	measurementData	Detailed data for validation of the Time Master
<b>Return value:</b>	None	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/provider_time_base_validation_notification.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Provide the recorded data block for the Time Master of the Time Base.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00029](#))

### 8.4.3 Consumer TimeBase Provider Notification

[SWS\_TS\_00428]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	class	
<b>Symbol:</b>	ConsumerTimeBaseValidationNotification	
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync	
<b>Syntax:</b>	class ara::tsync::ConsumerTimeBaseValidationNotification {...};	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/consumer_time_base_validation_notification.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Callback interface to notify Consumer Application about the availability of a new data block recorded for the Time Base. .	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00030](#))

### 8.4.3.1 SetPdelayInitiatorData

[SWS\_TS\_00422]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	SetPdelayInitiatorData(const PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType &measurementData)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::ConsumerTimeBaseValidationNotification</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	virtual void ara::tsync::ConsumerTimeBaseValidationNotification::SetPdelayInitiatorData (const <a href="#">PdelayInitiatorMeasurementType</a> &measurementData)=0;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	measurementData	Detailed timing data for the pDelay Initiator
<b>Return value:</b>	None	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/consumer_time_base_validation_notification.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Provide the recorded data block for the pDelay Initiator of the Time Base.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00030](#))

### 8.4.3.2 SetSlaveTimingData

[SWS\_TS\_00420]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	function	
<b>Symbol:</b>	SetSlaveTimingData(const TimeSlaveMeasurementType &measurementData)	
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">class ara::tsync::ConsumerTimeBaseValidationNotification</a>	
<b>Syntax:</b>	virtual void ara::tsync::ConsumerTimeBaseValidationNotification::SetSlaveTimingData (const <a href="#">TimeSlaveMeasurementType</a> &measurementData)=0;	
<b>Parameters (in):</b>	measurementData	Detailed data for validation of the Time Slave
<b>Return value:</b>	None	
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/consumer_time_base_validation_notification.h"	
<b>Description:</b>	Provide the recorded data block for the Time Slave of the Time Base.	

]([RS\\_TS\\_00034](#), [RS\\_TS\\_00030](#))

## 8.5 C++ Time Precision Interface

### 8.5.1 Type definitions

#### 8.5.1.1 TimePrecisionMeasurement type

[SWS\_TS\_01400] [

<b>Kind:</b>	struct
<b>Symbol:</b>	TimePrecisionMeasurement
<b>Scope:</b>	namespace ara::tsync
<b>Syntax:</b>	struct ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement final {...};





<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_precision_measurement_type.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Structure with detailed data for precision measurement of the Time Slave .

](RS\_TS\_00034)

[SWS\_TS\_01401] [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	glbSeconds
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint32_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint32_t ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement::glbSeconds;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_precision_measurement_type.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Seconds of the Local Time Base directly after synchronization with the Global Time Base. Range: 0..4294967295 (4 Byte)

](RS\_TS\_00034)

[SWS\_TS\_01402] [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	glbNanoSeconds
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint32_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint32_t ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement::glbNanoSeconds;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_precision_measurement_type.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Nanoseconds of the Local Time Base directly after synchronization with the Global Time Base. Range: 0..999999999 (4 Byte)

](RS\_TS\_00034)

[SWS\_TS\_01403]{DRAFT} [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	timeBaseStatus
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint8_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint8_t ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement::timeBaseStatus;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_precision_measurement_type.h"





<b>Description:</b>	TimeBaseStatus Time Base Status of the Local Time Base directly after synchronization with the Global Time Base TIMEOUT 0x01 Bit 0 (LSB): 0x00: No Timeout on receiving Synchronisation Messages 0x01: Timeout on receiving Synchronisation Messages SYNC_TO_GATEWAY 0x04 Bit 2 0x00: Local Time Base is synchronous to Global Time Master 0x04: Local Time Base updates are based on a Time Gateway below the Global Time Master GLOBAL_TIME_BASE 0x08 Bit 3 0x00: Local Time Base is based on Local Time Base reference clock only (never synchronized with Global Time Base) 0x08: Local Time Base was at least synchronized with Global Time Base one time TIMELEAP_FUTURE 0x10 Bit 4 0x00: No leap into the future within the received time for Time Base 0x10: Leap into the future within the received time for Time Base exceeds a configured threshold TIMELEAP_PAST 0x20 Bit 5 0x00: No leap into the past within the received time for Time Base 0x20: Leap into the past within the received time for Time Base exceeds a configured threshold Description Bit 1, 6, and 7 are always 0 (reserved for future usage) Variables of this type are used to express if and how a Local Time Base is synchronized to the Global Time Master. The type is a bitfield of individual status bits, although not every combination is possible, i.e. any of the bits TIMEOUT, TIMELEAP_FUTURE, TIMELEAP_PAST and SYNC_TO_GATEWAY can only be set if the GLOBAL_TIME_BASE bit is set.
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|(RS\_TS\_00034, RS\_TS\_00021)

[SWS\_TS\_01404] [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	virtualLocalTimeLow
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint32_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint32_t ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement::virtualLocalTimeLow;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_precision_measurement_type.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Least significant 32 bit of the Virtual Local Time directly after synchronization with the Global Time Base. Range: 0..4294967295 (4 Byte)

|(RS\_TS\_00034)

[SWS\_TS\_01405] [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	rateDeviation
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement</a>
<b>Type:</b>	std::int16_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::int16_t ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement::rateDeviation;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_precision_measurement_type.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Calculated Rate Deviation directly after rate deviation measurement. Range: 0..+32000 (2 Byte)

|(RS\_TS\_00034)

[SWS\_TS\_01406] [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	locSeconds
<b>Scope:</b>	<a href="#">struct ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement</a>



△

<b>Type:</b>	std::uint32_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint32_t ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement::locSeconds;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_precision_measurement_type.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Seconds of the Local Time Base directly before synchronization with the Global Time Base. Range: 0..4294967295 (4 Byte)

](RS\_TS\_00034)

[SWS\_TS\_01407] [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	locNanoSeconds
<b>Scope:</b>	struct ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint32_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint32_t ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement::locNanoSeconds;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_precision_measurement_type.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Nanoseconds of the Local Time Base directly before synchronization with the Global Time Base. Range: 0..999999999 (4 Byte)

](RS\_TS\_00034)

[SWS\_TS\_01408] [

<b>Kind:</b>	variable
<b>Symbol:</b>	pathDelay
<b>Scope:</b>	struct ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement
<b>Type:</b>	std::uint32_t
<b>Syntax:</b>	std::uint32_t ara::tsync::TimePrecisionMeasurement::pathDelay;
<b>Header file:</b>	#include "ara/tsync/time_precision_measurement_type.h"
<b>Description:</b>	Current propagation delay in nanoseconds. Range: 0..4294967295 (4 Byte)

](RS\_TS\_00034)

## A Mentioned Class Tables

For the sake of completeness, this chapter contains class tables representing meta-classes mentioned in the context of this document.

<b>Class</b>	<b>TimeSyncCorrection</b>			
<b>Package</b>	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::TimeSync			
<b>Note</b>	This meta-class represents the attributes used for the correction of time synchronization.			
<b>Base</b>	<i>ARObject</i>			
<b>Aggregated by</b>	SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider.timeSyncCorrection			
<b>Attribute</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Mult.</b>	<b>Kind</b>	<b>Note</b>
allowProviderRateCorrection	Boolean	0..1	attr	Defines whether the rate correction value of a Time Base can be set by means of the method setRateCorrection(). false: rate correction cannot be set by method setRateCorrection(). true: rate correction can be set by method setRateCorrection().
offsetCorrectionAdaptionInterval	TimeValue	0..1	attr	Defines the interval during which the adaptive rate correction cancels out the rate and time deviation. Unit: seconds.
offsetCorrectionJumpThreshold	TimeValue	0..1	attr	Threshold for the correction method. Deviations below this value will be corrected by a linear reduction over a defined timespan. Values equal and greater than this value will be corrected by immediately setting the correct time and rate in form of a jump. Unit: seconds.
rateCorrectionsPerMeasurementDuration	PositiveInteger	0..1	attr	Number of simultaneous rate measurements to determine the current rate deviation.
rateDeviationMeasurementDuration	TimeValue	0..1	attr	Time span used to calculate the rate deviation. Unit: seconds.

**Table A.1: TimeSyncCorrection**

<b>Class</b>	<b>TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping</b>			
<b>Package</b>	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::AdaptivePlatform::PlatformModuleDeployment::TimeSync			
<b>Note</b>	This meta-class represents the ability to define a mapping between a TimeBaseProvider and a PersistencyDeploymentElement for the purpose of storing and retrieving the time value. <b>Tags:</b> atp.recommendedPackage=FCInteractions			
<b>Base</b>	<i>ARElement, ARObject, CollectableElement, FunctionalClusterInteractsWithFunctionalClusterMapping, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable, UploadablePackageElement</i>			
<b>Aggregated by</b>	ARPackage.element			
<b>Attribute</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Mult.</b>	<b>Kind</b>	<b>Note</b>
cyclicBackupInterval	TimeValue	0..1	attr	Time interval in seconds to store the time base value periodically to persistence.
persistencyDeploymentElement	PersistencyDeploymentElement	0..1	ref	This reference represents the PersistencyDeploymentElement where the time value shall be stored in and retrieved from.
timeBaseProvider	SynchronizedTimeBaseProvider	0..1	ref	This reference represents the mapped TimeBaseProvider.

**Table A.2: TimeBaseProviderToPersistencyMapping**

<b>Class</b>	<b>GlobalTimeDomain</b>			
<b>Package</b>	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::GlobalTime			
<b>Note</b>	This represents the ability to define a global time domain. <b>Tags:</b> atp.recommendedPackage=GlobalTimeDomains			
<b>Base</b>	ARObject, CollectableElement, FibexElement, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, PackageableElement, Referrable			
<b>Aggregated by</b>	ARPackage.element			
<b>Attribute</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Mult.</b>	<b>Kind</b>	<b>Note</b>
debounceTime	TimeValue	0..1	attr	Defines the minimum amount of time between two time sync messages are transmitted.
domainId	PositiveInteger	1	attr	This represents the ID of the GlobalTimeDomain used in the network messages sent on behalf of global time management.
gateway	GlobalTimeGateway	*	aggr	A GlobalTimeGateway may exist in the context of a GlobalTimeDomain to actively update the global time information as it is routed from one GlobalTimeDomain to another. <b>Stereotypes:</b> atpSplittable; atpVariation <b>Tags:</b> atp.Splitkey=gateway.shortName, gateway.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
globalTimeCorrectionProps	GlobalTimeCorrectionProps	0..1	aggr	Defintion of attributes for rate and offset correction.
globalTimeDomainProperty	AbstractGlobalTimeDomainProps	0..1	aggr	Additional properties of the GlobalTimeDomain. <b>Stereotypes:</b> atpSplittable; atpVariation <b>Tags:</b> atp.Splitkey=globalTimeDomainProperty, globalTimeDomainProperty.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
globalTimeMaster	<a href="#">GlobalTimeMaster</a>	0..1	aggr	This represents the single master of a GlobalTimeDomain. A GlobalTimeDomain may have no GlobalTimeDomain.master, e.g. when it gets its time from a GPS receiver. <b>Stereotypes:</b> atpSplittable; atpVariation <b>Tags:</b> atp.Splitkey=globalTimeMaster.shortName, globalTimeMaster.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
globalTimeSubDomain	<a href="#">GlobalTimeDomain</a>	*	ref	By this means it is possible to create a hierarchy of subDomains where one global time domain can declare one or more other global time domains as its subDomains. <b>Stereotypes:</b> atpSplittable; atpVariation <b>Tags:</b> atp.Splitkey=globalTimeSubDomain.globalTimeDomain, globalTimeSubDomain.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
networkSegmentId	NetworkSegmentIdentification	0..1	aggr	Defines the numerical identification of a GlobalTime sub domain.
offsetTimeDomain	<a href="#">GlobalTimeDomain</a>	0..1	ref	Reference to a synchronized time domain this offset time domain is based on. The reference source is the offset time domain. The reference target is the synchronized time domain.





Class	GlobalTimeDomain			
pduTriggering	PduTriggering	0..1	ref	This PduTriggering will be taken to transmit the global time information from a GlobalTimeMaster to a the associated GlobalTimeSlaves. <b>Stereotypes:</b> atpSplittable; atpVariation <b>Tags:</b> atp.Splitkey=pduTriggering.pduTriggering, pduTriggering.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
slave	<a href="#">GlobalTimeSlave</a>	*	aggr	This represents the collections of slaves of the Global TimeDomain. A GlobalTimeDomain may have no Global TimeDomain.slaves, e.g. when it propagates its time directly to sub domains. <b>Stereotypes:</b> atpSplittable; atpVariation <b>Tags:</b> atp.Splitkey=slave.shortName, slave.variationPoint.shortLabel vh.latestBindingTime=postBuild
syncLoss Timeout	TimeValue	0..1	attr	This attribute describes the timeout for the situation that the time synchronization gets lost in the scope of the time domain.

**Table A.3: GlobalTimeDomain**

Class	GlobalTimeMaster (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::GlobalTime			
Note	This represents the generic concept of a global time master.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Subclasses	GlobalTimeCanMaster, GlobalTimeEthMaster, GlobalTimeFrMaster, UserDefinedGlobalTimeMaster			
Aggregated by	<a href="#">GlobalTimeDomain.globalTimeMaster</a>			
Attribute	Type	Mult.	Kind	Note
communication Connector	Communication Connector	1	ref	The GlobalTimeMaster is bound to the Communication Connector.
immediate ResumeTime	TimeValue	0..1	attr	Defines the minimum time between an "immediate" message and the next periodic message.
isSystemWide GlobalTime Master	Boolean	1	attr	If set to TRUE, the GlobalTimeMaster is supposed to act as the root of global time information.
syncPeriod	TimeValue	1	attr	This represents the period. Unit: seconds

**Table A.4: GlobalTimeMaster**

Class	GlobalTimeSlave (abstract)			
Package	M2::AUTOSARTemplates::SystemTemplate::GlobalTime			
Note	This represents the generic concept of a global time slave.			
Base	ARObject, Identifiable, MultilanguageReferrable, Referrable			
Subclasses	GlobalTimeCanSlave, GlobalTimeEthSlave, GlobalTimeFrSlave, UserDefinedGlobalTimeSlave			
Aggregated by	<a href="#">GlobalTimeDomain.slave</a>			
Attribute	Type	Mult.	Kind	Note
communication Connector	Communication Connector	1	ref	The GlobalTimeSlave is bound to the Communication Connector.







<b>Class</b>	<b>GlobalTimeSlave</b> (abstract)			
followUp TimeoutValue	TimeValue	0..1	attr	Rx timeout for the follow-up message.
timeLeapFuture Threshold	TimeValue	0..1	attr	Defines the maximum allowed positive difference between the current Local Time Base value and a newly received Global Time Base value.
timeLeap HealingCounter	PositiveInteger	0..1	attr	Defines the required number of updates to the Time Base where the time difference to the previous received value has to remain within the bounds of timeLeapFuture Threshold and timeLeapPastThreshold until that Time Base is considered healed.
timeLeapPast Threshold	TimeValue	0..1	attr	Defines the maximum allowed negative difference between the current Local Time Base value and a newly received Global Time Base value.

**Table A.5: GlobalTimeSlave**

## **B Interfaces to other Functional Clusters (informative)**

**Note:** This chapter is created in the scope of the new SWS document template and in the current version is not applicable.

### **B.1 Overview**

AUTOSAR decided not to standardize interfaces which are exclusively used between Functional Clusters (on platform-level only), to allow efficient implementations, which might depend e.g. on the used Operating System.

This chapter provides informative guidelines how the interaction between Functional Clusters looks like, by clustering the relevant requirements of this document to describe Inter-Functional Cluster (IFC) interfaces. In addition, the standardized public interfaces which are accessible by user space applications (see chapters 8 can also be used for interaction between Functional Clusters.

The goal is to provide a clear understanding of Functional Cluster boundaries and interaction, without specifying syntactical details. This ensures compatibility between documents specifying different Functional Clusters and supports parallel implementation of different Functional Clusters. Details of the interfaces are up to the platform provider. Additional interfaces, parameters and return values can be added.

### **B.2 Interface Tables**