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| 2014-10-31 | 4.2.1 | AUTOSAR Release Management | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Detailed pass/fail conditions for production errorsAdded the NvM_ValidateAll functionalityUpdated return values for Init and SingleBlock callbacksOther small clarifications |
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| Document Change History | | | |
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| Document Change History | | | |
|-------------------------|---------|------------------------|--|
| Date | Release | Changed by | Change Description |
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| 2010-09-30 | 3.1.5 | AUTOSAR Administration | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Behavior specified to prevent possible loss of data during shutdown• References to DEM for production errors, new config container NvmDemEventParameterRefs• NvMMaxNoOfWriteRetries renamed to NvMMaxNumOfWriteRetries• Note in chapter 7.1.4.5 completed• Null pointer handling changed• Chapter “Version check” updated• New DET error NVM_E_PARAM_POINTER• Chapter 10 updated, NvMMainFunctionCycleTime moved, NvMSelectBlockForWriteAll added, some ranges corrected• Behavior specified when NVRAM block ID 1 shall be written• Chapter 12 updated• Handling of single-block callbacks during asynchronous multi-block specified.• Some minor changes, typos corrected |

| Document Change History | | | |
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| Document Change History | | | |
|-------------------------|---------|------------------------|---|
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1 Introduction and functional overview

This specification describes the functionality, API and the configuration of the AUTOSAR Basic Software module NVRAM Manager (NvM).

The NvM module shall provide services to ensure the data storage and maintenance of NV (non volatile) data according to their individual requirements in an automotive environment. The NvM module shall be able to administrate the NV data of an EEPROM and/or a FLASH EEPROM emulation device.

The NvM module shall provide the required synchronous/asynchronous services for the management and the maintenance of NV data (init/read/write/control).

The relationship between the different blocks can be visualized in the following picture:

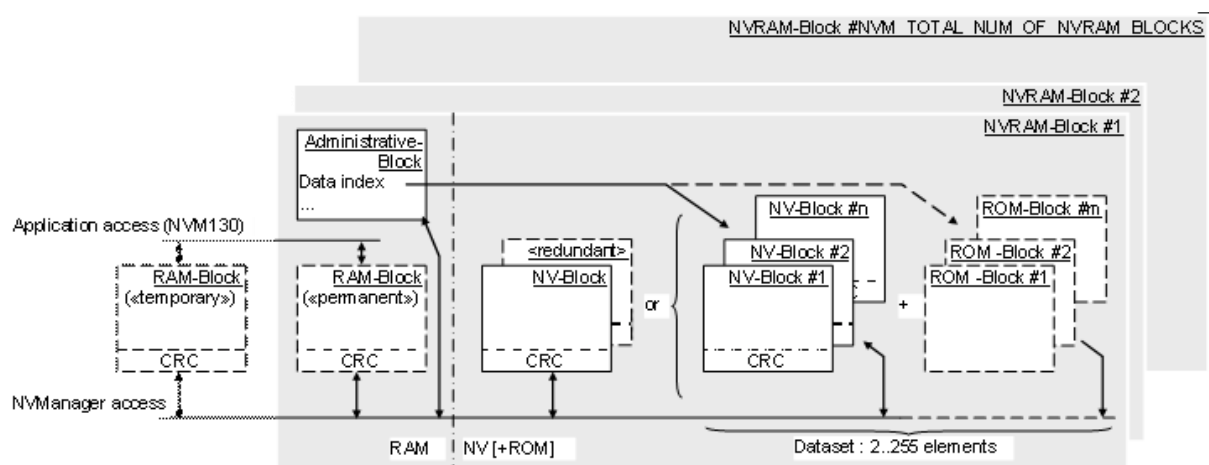


Figure 1: Memory Structure of Different Block Types

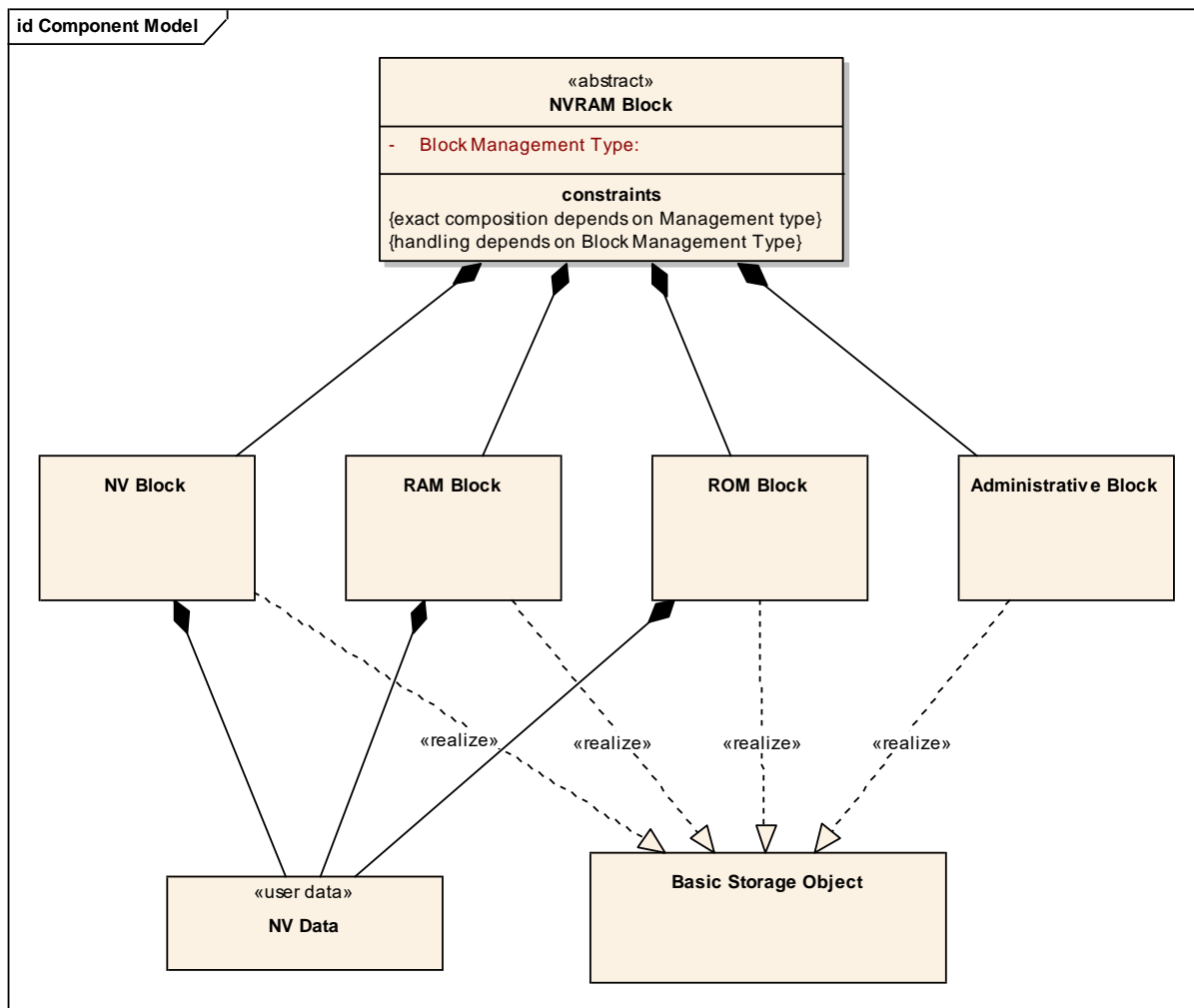


Figure 2: Logical Structure of Different Block Types

2 Acronyms and abbreviations

Acronyms and abbreviations, which have a local scope and therefore are not contained in the AUTOSAR glossary, must appear in a local glossary.

| Abbreviation/ Acronym: | Description: |
|------------------------|--|
| Basic Storage Object | A “Basic Storage Object” is the smallest entity of a “NVRAM block”. Several “Basic Storage Objects” can be used to build a NVRAM Block. A “Basic Storage Object” can reside in different memory locations (RAM/ROM/NV memory). |
| NVRAM Block | The “NVRAM Block” is the entire structure, which is needed to administrate and to store a block of NV data. |
| NV data | The data to be stored in Non-Volatile memory. |
| Block Management Type | Type of the NVRAM Block. It depends on the (configurable) individual composition of a NVRAM Block in chunks of different mandatory/optional Basic Storage Objects and the subsequent handling of this NVRAM block. |
| RAM Block | The „RAM Block“ is a „Basic Storage Object“. It represents the part of a „NVRAM Block“ which resides in the RAM. See [SWS_NvM_00126] |
| ROM Block | The „ROM Block“ is a „Basic Storage Object“. It represents the part of a „NVRAM Block“ which resides in the ROM. The „ROM Block“ is an optional part of a „NVRAM Block“. [SWS_NvM_00020] |
| NV Block | The „NV Block“ is a „Basic Storage Object“. It represents the part of a „NVRAM Block“ which resides in the NV memory. The „NV Block“ is a mandatory part of a „NVRAM Block“. [SWS_NvM_00125] |
| NV Block Header | Additional information included in the NV Block if the mechanism “Static Block ID” is enabled. |
| Administrative Block | The “Administrative Block” is a “Basic Storage Object”. It resides in RAM. The “Administrative Block” is a mandatory part of a “NVRAM Block”. [SWS_NvM_00135] |
| DET | Default Error Tracer – module to which development errors are reported. |
| DEM | Diagnostic Event Manager – module to which production relevant errors are reported |
| NV | Non volatile |
| FEE | Flash EEPROM Emulation |
| EA | EEPROM Abstraction |
| FCFS | First come first served |

3 Related documentation

3.1 Input documents

- [1] List of Basic Software Modules
AUTOSAR_TR_BSWModuleList.pdf
- [2] Layered Software Architecture
AUTOSAR_EXP_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture.pdf
- [3] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules
AUTOSAR_SRS_BSWGeneral.pdf
- [4] Requirements on Memory Services
AUTOSAR_SRS_MemoryServices.pdf
- [5] Specification of EEPROM Abstraction
AUTOSAR_SWS_EEPROMAbstraction
- [6] Specification of Flash EEPROM Emulation
AUTOSAR_SWS_FlashEEPROMEmulation
- [7] Specification of Memory Abstraction Interface
AUTOSAR_SWS_MemoryAbstractionInterface
- [8] Specification of Memory Mapping
AUTOSAR_SWS_MemoryMapping
- [9] Virtual Functional Bus
AUTOSAR_EXP_VFB.pdf
- [10] Software Component Template
AUTOSAR_TPS_SoftwareComponentTemplate
- [11] Specification of RTE Software
AUTOSAR_SWS_RTE.pdf
- [12] Specification of ECU Configuration
AUTOSAR_TPS_ECUConfiguration.pdf
- [13] Basic Software Module Description Template
AUTOSAR_TPS_BSWModuleDescriptionTemplate
- [14] Specification of CRC Routines
AUTOSAR_SWS_CRCLibrary
- [15] General Specification of Basic Software Modules
AUTOSAR_SWS_BSWGeneral.pdf

3.2 Related specification

AUTOSAR provides a General Specification on Basic Software modules [15] (SWS BSW General), which is also valid for NVRAM Manager.

Thus, the specification SWS BSW General shall be considered as additional and required specification for NVRAM Manager.

4 Constraints and assumptions

4.1 Limitations

Limitations are given mainly by the finite number of “Block Management Types” and their individual treatment of NV data. These limits can be reduced by an enhanced user defined management information, which can be stored as a structured part of the real NV data. In this case the user defined management information has to be interpreted and handled by the application at least.

4.2 Applicability to car domains

No restrictions.

4.3 Conflicts

The NvM can be configured to use functionality from other modules or integrator code. Examples include the en/decryption of block data using Csm or the compression of block data. It is the responsibility of the integrator to ensure that:

- the required **functionality is available** at the time NvM uses it (e.g. the called Csm is already initialized [or not yet de-initialized]; needed main functions in called modules are executed; ...)
- the required **time is available** (e.g. cryptographic algorithms may need some time and therefore the read/write functionality of the NvM may take much longer for blocks which need an en/decryption)

5 Dependencies to other modules

This section describes the relations to other modules within the basic software.

5.1 File structure

5.1.1 Header file structure

The include file structure shall be as follows:

[SWS_NvM_00554] [NvM module shall include NvM.h, Dem.h, MemIf.h.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00691] [Only NvM.h shall be included by the upper layer.] ()

5.2 Memory abstraction modules

The memory abstraction modules abstract the NvM module from the subordinated drivers which are hardware dependent. The memory abstraction modules provide a runtime translation of each block access initiated by the NvM module to select the corresponding driver functions which are unique for all configured EEPROM or FLASH storage devices. The memory abstraction module is chosen via the NVRAM block device ID which is configured for each NVRAM block.

5.3 CRC module

The NvM module uses CRC generation routines (8/16/32 bit) to check and to generate CRC for NVRAM blocks as a configurable option. The CRC routines have to be provided externally [ref. to ch. 8.1.4.2].

5.4 Capability of the underlying drivers

A set of underlying driver functions has to be provided for every configured NVRAM device as, for example, internal or external EEPROM or FLASH devices. The unique driver functions inside each set of driver functions are selected during runtime via a memory hardware abstraction module (see chapter 5.2). A set of driver functions has to include all the needed functions to write to, to read from or to maintain (e.g. erase) a configured NVRAM device.

6 Requirements traceability

| Requirement | Description | Satisfied by |
|---------------|--|------------------------------|
| SRS_BSW_00005 | Modules of the $\hat{\mu}$ C Abstraction Layer (MCAL) may not have hard coded horizontal interfaces | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00006 | The source code of software modules above the $\hat{\mu}$ C Abstraction Layer (MCAL) shall not be processor and compiler dependent. | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00007 | All Basic SW Modules written in C language shall conform to the MISRA C 2012 Standard. | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00009 | All Basic SW Modules shall be documented according to a common standard. | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00010 | The memory consumption of all Basic SW Modules shall be documented for a defined configuration for all supported platforms. | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00101 | The Basic Software Module shall be able to initialize variables and hardware in a separate initialization function | SWS_NvM_00399, SWS_NvM_00400 |
| SRS_BSW_00160 | Configuration files of AUTOSAR Basic SW module shall be readable for human beings | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00161 | The AUTOSAR Basic Software shall provide a microcontroller abstraction layer which provides a standardized interface to higher software layers | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00162 | The AUTOSAR Basic Software shall provide a hardware abstraction layer | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00164 | The Implementation of interrupt service routines shall be done by the Operating System, complex drivers or modules | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00168 | SW components shall be tested by a function defined in a common API in the Basis-SW | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00170 | The AUTOSAR SW Components shall provide information about their dependency from faults, signal qualities, driver demands | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00172 | The scheduling strategy that is built inside the Basic Software Modules shall be compatible with | SWS_NvM_00464 |

| | | |
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| | the strategy used in the system | |
| SRS_BSW_00302 | All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall only export information needed by other modules | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00304 | All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall use the following data types instead of native C data types | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00306 | AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be compiler and platform independent | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00307 | Global variables naming convention | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00308 | AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall not define global data in their header files, but in the C file | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00309 | All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall indicate all global data with read-only purposes by explicitly assigning the const keyword | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00312 | Shared code shall be reentrant | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00314 | All internal driver modules shall separate the interrupt frame definition from the service routine | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00321 | The version numbers of AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be enumerated according specific rules | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00323 | All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall check passed API parameters for validity | SWS_NvM_00027 |
| SRS_BSW_00325 | The runtime of interrupt service routines and functions that are running in interrupt context shall be kept short | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00327 | Error values naming convention | SWS_NvM_00027, SWS_NvM_91004 |
| SRS_BSW_00328 | All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall avoid the duplication of code | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00330 | It shall be allowed to use macros instead of functions where source code is used and runtime is critical | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00331 | All Basic Software Modules shall strictly separate error and status information | SWS_NvM_00027, SWS_NvM_91004 |
| SRS_BSW_00333 | For each callback function it shall be specified if it is called from interrupt context or not | SWS_NvM_00468 |

| | | |
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| SRS_BSW_00334 | All Basic Software Modules shall provide an XML file that contains the meta data | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00335 | Status values naming convention | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00336 | Basic SW module shall be able to shutdown | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00337 | Classification of development errors | SWS_NvM_91004 |
| SRS_BSW_00341 | Module documentation shall contains all needed informations | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00342 | It shall be possible to create an AUTOSAR ECU out of modules provided as source code and modules provided as object code, even mixed | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00343 | The unit of time for specification and configuration of Basic SW modules shall be preferably in physical time unit | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00344 | BSW Modules shall support link-time configuration | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00347 | A Naming separation of different instances of BSW drivers shall be in place | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00348 | All AUTOSAR standard types and constants shall be placed and organized in a standard type header file | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00353 | All integer type definitions of target and compiler specific scope shall be placed and organized in a single type header | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00360 | AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules callback functions are allowed to have parameters | SWS_NvM_00468 |
| SRS_BSW_00361 | All mappings of not standardized keywords of compiler specific scope shall be placed and organized in a compiler specific type and keyword header | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00371 | The passing of function pointers as API parameter is forbidden for all AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00373 | The main processing function of each AUTOSAR Basic Software Module shall be named according the defined convention | SWS_NvM_00464 |
| SRS_BSW_00375 | Basic Software Modules shall report wake-up reasons | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00378 | AUTOSAR shall provide a | SWS_NvM_00744 |

| | | |
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| | boolean type | |
| SRS_BSW_00383 | The Basic Software Module specifications shall specify which other configuration files from other modules they use at least in the description | SWS_NvM_00465, SWS_NvM_00466 |
| SRS_BSW_00384 | The Basic Software Module specifications shall specify at least in the description which other modules they require | SWS_NvM_00465, SWS_NvM_00466 |
| SRS_BSW_00385 | List possible error notifications | SWS_NvM_00027, SWS_NvM_91004 |
| SRS_BSW_00386 | The BSW shall specify the configuration for detecting an error | SWS_NvM_00027, SWS_NvM_91004 |
| SRS_BSW_00398 | The link-time configuration is achieved on object code basis in the stage after compiling and before linking | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00399 | Parameter-sets shall be located in a separate segment and shall be loaded after the code | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00400 | Parameter shall be selected from multiple sets of parameters after code has been loaded and started | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00404 | BSW Modules shall support post-build configuration | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00405 | BSW Modules shall support multiple configuration sets | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00406 | A static status variable denoting if a BSW module is initialized shall be initialized with value 0 before any APIs of the BSW module is called | SWS_NvM_00027, SWS_NvM_00399, SWS_NvM_00400, SWS_NvM_91004 |
| SRS_BSW_00412 | - | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00414 | Init functions shall have a pointer to a configuration structure as single parameter | SWS_NvM_00447 |
| SRS_BSW_00415 | Interfaces which are provided exclusively for one module shall be separated into a dedicated header file | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00416 | The sequence of modules to be initialized shall be configurable | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00417 | Software which is not part of the SW-C shall report error events only after the DEM is fully operational. | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00422 | Pre-de-bouncing of error status information is done within the DEM | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00423 | BSW modules with AUTOSAR interfaces shall be describable | SWS_NvM_00744 |

| | | |
|----------------|--|---|
| | with the means of the SW-C Template | |
| SRS_BSW_00425 | The BSW module description template shall provide means to model the defined trigger conditions of schedulable objects | SWS_NvM_00464 |
| SRS_BSW_00426 | BSW Modules shall ensure data consistency of data which is shared between BSW modules | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00427 | ISR functions shall be defined and documented in the BSW module description template | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00429 | Access to OS is restricted | SWS_NvM_00332 |
| SRS_BSW_00432 | Modules should have separate main processing functions for read/receive and write/transmit data path | SWS_NvM_00744 |
| SRS_BSW_00457 | Callback functions of Application software components shall be invoked by the Basis SW | SWS_NvM_00468 |
| SRS_LIBS_08533 | - | SWS_NvM_00460 |
| SRS_LIBS_08535 | - | SWS_NvM_00018, SWS_NvM_00253, SWS_NvM_00461 |
| SRS_Mem_00011 | The NVRAM manager shall be independent from its underlying memory hardware. | SWS_NvM_00157 |
| SRS_Mem_00013 | The NVRAM manager shall provide a mechanism to handle multiple, concurrent read / write requests | SWS_NvM_00162, SWS_NvM_00699 |
| SRS_Mem_00016 | The NVRAM manager shall provide functionality to read out data associated with an NVRAM block from the non-volatile memory | SWS_NvM_00010, SWS_NvM_00051, SWS_NvM_00195, SWS_NvM_00196, SWS_NvM_00629, SWS_NvM_00765, SWS_NvM_00766, SWS_NvM_00825, SWS_NvM_00898, SWS_NvM_00899 |
| SRS_Mem_00017 | The NVRAM manager shall provide functionality to store data associated with an NVRAM block in the non-volatile memory | SWS_NvM_00051, SWS_NvM_00210, SWS_NvM_00410, SWS_NvM_00622, SWS_NvM_00794, SWS_NvM_00897, SWS_NvM_00900, SWS_NvM_00901 |
| SRS_Mem_00018 | The NVRAM manager shall provide functionality to restore an NVRAM block's associated data from ROM defaults | SWS_NvM_00012, SWS_NvM_00051, SWS_NvM_00266, SWS_NvM_00267, SWS_NvM_00435, SWS_NvM_00814, SWS_NvM_00816, SWS_NvM_00817, SWS_NvM_00893, SWS_NvM_00894, SWS_NvM_00902, SWS_NvM_00903, SWS_NvM_00951 |
| SRS_MEM_00020 | - | SWS_NvM_00888, SWS_NvM_00889, SWS_NvM_00890, SWS_NvM_00891, SWS_NvM_00892, SWS_NvM_00949 |
| SRS_Mem_00020 | The NVRAM manager shall provide functionality to read out the status of read/write operations | SWS_NvM_00895, SWS_NvM_00896 |

| | | |
|---------------|---|---|
| SRS_Mem_00027 | The NVRAM manager shall provide an implicit way of accessing blocks in the NVRAM and in the shared memory (RAM). | SWS_NvM_00442 |
| SRS_Mem_00030 | The NVRAM manager shall implement mechanisms for consistency/integrity checks of data saved in NVRAM | SWS_NvM_00164, SWS_NvM_00897 |
| SRS_Mem_00034 | Write accesses of the NVRAM manager to persistent memory shall be executed quasi-parallel to normal operation of the ECU | SWS_NvM_00162 |
| SRS_Mem_00038 | Treatable errors shall not affect other software components | SWS_NvM_00748, SWS_NvM_00825, SWS_NvM_00910, SWS_NvM_00911, SWS_NvM_00948 |
| SRS_Mem_00041 | Each application shall be enabled to declare the memory requirements at configuration time | SWS_NvM_00051 |
| SRS_MEM_00125 | - | SWS_NvM_00890, SWS_NvM_00891, SWS_NvM_00892, SWS_NvM_00949 |
| SRS_Mem_00125 | For each block a notification shall be configurable | SWS_NvM_00463 |
| SRS_Mem_00127 | The NVRAM manager shall allow enabling/disabling a write protection for each NVRAM block individually | SWS_NvM_00016, SWS_NvM_00748 |
| SRS_Mem_00129 | The NVRAM manager shall repair data in blocks of management type 'NVRAM redundant' | SWS_NvM_00165, SWS_NvM_00582 |
| SRS_Mem_00135 | The NVRAM manager shall have an unique configuration identifier | SWS_NvM_00034 |
| SRS_MEM_00136 | - | SWS_NvM_00888, SWS_NvM_00889 |
| SRS_Mem_00136 | The NVRAM manager shall provide functionality for determining updates of data associated with an NVRAM Block during runtime | SWS_NvM_00849, SWS_NvM_00850, SWS_NvM_00852, SWS_NvM_00853, SWS_NvM_00854, SWS_NvM_00906, SWS_NvM_00909 |
| SRS_Mem_00137 | The NVRAM manager shall provide a service for auto-validating NVRAM blocks | SWS_NvM_00855, SWS_NvM_00856, SWS_NvM_00857, SWS_NvM_00858, SWS_NvM_00859, SWS_NvM_00860, SWS_NvM_00861, SWS_NvM_00862, SWS_NvM_00863 |
| SRS_Mem_08000 | The NVRAM manager shall be able to access multiple non-volatile memory devices | SWS_NvM_00051, SWS_NvM_00123, SWS_NvM_00442 |
| SRS_Mem_08009 | The NVRAM Manager shall allow a static configuration of a default write protection (on/off) for each NVRAM block | SWS_NvM_00325, SWS_NvM_00326, SWS_NvM_00577 |
| SRS_Mem_08010 | The NVRAM manager shall copy the ROM default data to the data area of the corresponding RAM | SWS_NvM_00171, SWS_NvM_00172 |

| | | |
|---------------|---|---|
| | block if it can not read data from NV into RAM | |
| SRS_Mem_08011 | The NVRAM manager shall provide a service to invalidate a block of data in the non-volatile memory | SWS_NvM_00421 |
| SRS_Mem_08014 | The NVRAM manager shall allow a non-continuous RAM block allocation in the global RAM area | SWS_NvM_00051, SWS_NvM_00442 |
| SRS_Mem_08015 | Some of the NV Blocks in the NVRAM shall never be erased nor be replaced with the default ROM data after first initialization | SWS_NvM_00397 |
| SRS_MEM_08533 | - | SWS_NvM_00888, SWS_NvM_00889 |
| SRS_Mem_08534 | The NVRAM manager shall support two classes of RAM data blocks | SWS_NvM_00904 |
| SRS_MEM_08535 | - | SWS_NvM_00888, SWS_NvM_00889 |
| SRS_Mem_08540 | The NVRAM manager shall provide a function for aborting the shutdown process | SWS_NvM_00019, SWS_NvM_00458 |
| SRS_Mem_08541 | The NVRAM manager shall guarantee that an accepted write request will be processed | SWS_NvM_00208, SWS_NvM_00472, SWS_NvM_00622, SWS_NvM_00748, SWS_NvM_00798 |
| SRS_Mem_08542 | The NVRAM manager shall provide a prioritization for job processing order | SWS_NvM_00032, SWS_NvM_00378, SWS_NvM_00564 |
| SRS_Mem_08544 | The NVRAM manager shall provide a service to erase the NV block(s) associated with an NVRAM block | SWS_NvM_00415 |
| SRS_Mem_08545 | The NVRAM Manager shall provide a service for marking the permanent RAM data block of an NVRAM block valid | SWS_NvM_00241, SWS_NvM_00405, SWS_NvM_00906, SWS_NvM_00909 |
| SRS_Mem_08546 | It shall be possible to protect permanent RAM data blocks against data loss due to reset | SWS_NvM_00240 |
| SRS_Mem_08547 | The NVRAM Manager shall be able to distinguish between explicitly invalidated and inconsistent data | SWS_NvM_00132, SWS_NvM_00164, SWS_NvM_00165, SWS_NvM_00571 |
| SRS_Mem_08548 | The NVRAM Manager shall request default data from the application | SWS_NvM_00629, SWS_NvM_00700, SWS_NvM_00893, SWS_NvM_00894 |
| SRS_Mem_08549 | The NVRAM manager shall provide functionality to automatically initialize RAM data blocks after a software update | SWS_NvM_00171 |
| SRS_Mem_08550 | The NVRAM Manager shall provide a service for marking | SWS_NvM_00345, SWS_NvM_00696, SWS_NvM_00906, SWS_NvM_00909 |

| | | |
|---------------|---|---|
| | permanent RAM data blocks as modified/unmodified | |
| SRS_Mem_08554 | The NVRAM manager shall retry read and write operations on NVRAM blocks if they have not succeeded up to a configurable number of times | SWS_NvM_00213, SWS_NvM_00526, SWS_NvM_00527, SWS_NvM_00529, SWS_NvM_00581, SWS_NvM_00804, SWS_NvM_00897, SWS_NvM_00907, SWS_NvM_00908 |
| SRS_Mem_08555 | The NVRAM manager shall provide mechanisms for static verification of the block identifier when reading an NVRAM block | SWS_NvM_00523, SWS_NvM_00524, SWS_NvM_00593 |
| SRS_Mem_08556 | The NVRAM manager shall provide a mechanism for verification of the written block data by again reading and comparing it | SWS_NvM_00527, SWS_NvM_00528, SWS_NvM_00529, SWS_NvM_00897 |
| SRS_Mem_08558 | The NVRAM manager shall provide a mechanism to remove all unprocessed requests associated with a NVRAM block | SWS_NvM_00458 |
| SRS_Mem_08560 | Each NVRAM block shall be configurable for shared access | SWS_NvM_00536 |
| SWS_BSW_00047 | Implement index based API services | SWS_NvM_00447 |
| SWS_NvM_08541 | - | SWS_NvM_00897 |

7 Functional specification

7.1 Basic architecture guidelines

7.1.1 Layer structure

The figure below shows the communication interaction of module NvM.

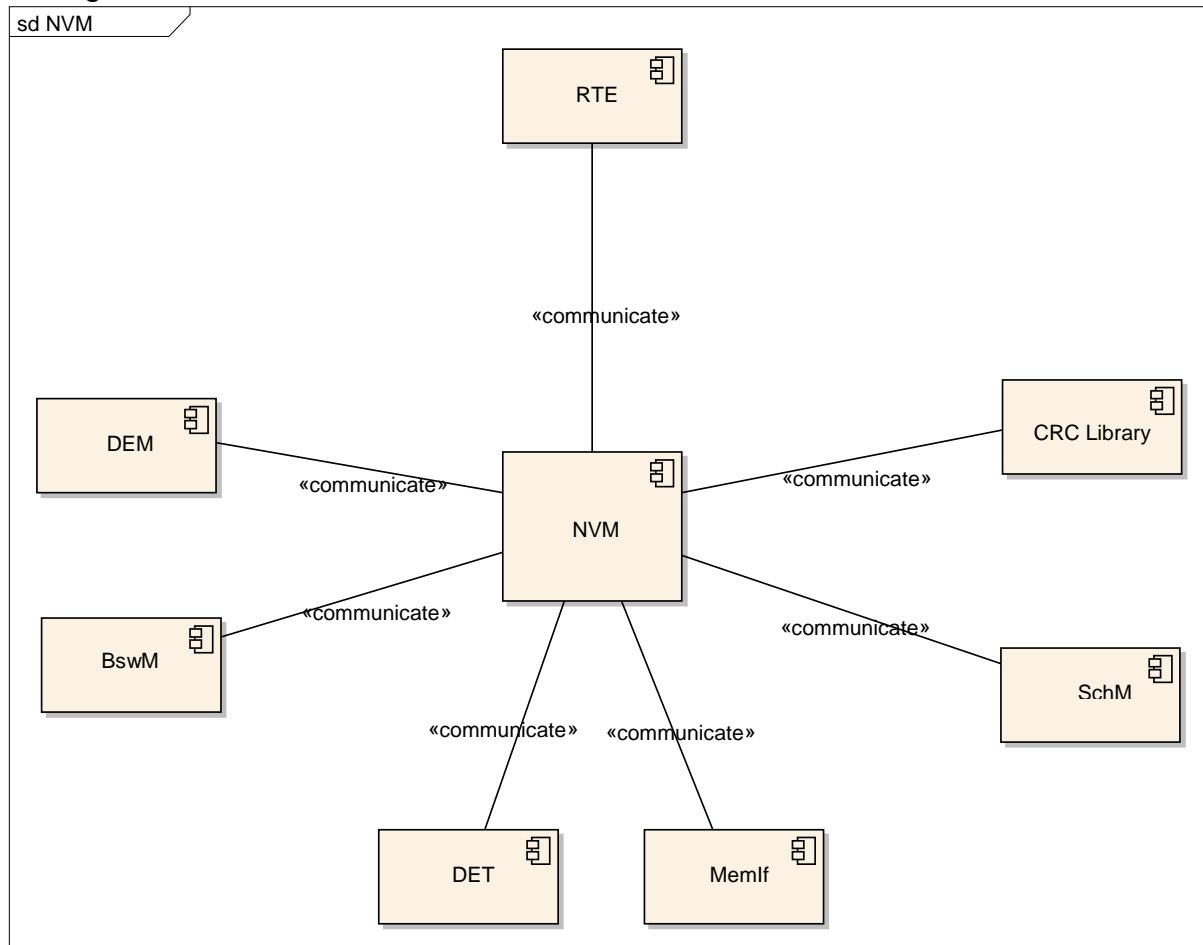


Figure 3: NVRAM Manager interactions overview

7.1.2 Addressing scheme for the memory hardware abstraction

[SWS_NvM_00051] [The Memory Abstraction Interface, the underlying Flash EEPROM Emulation and EEPROM Abstraction Layer provide the NvM module with a virtual linear 32bit address space which is composed of a 16bit block number and a 16bit block address offset.] (SRS_Mem_00041, SRS_Mem_08000, SRS_Mem_08014, SRS_Mem_00016, SRS_Mem_00017, SRS_Mem_00018)

Hint: According to [SWS_NvM_00051], the NvM module allows for a (theoretical) maximum of 65536 logical blocks, each logical block having a (theoretical) maximum size of 64 Kbytes.

[SWS_NvM_00122] [The NvM module shall further subdivide the 16bit Fee/Ea block number into the following parts:

- NV block base number (NVM_NV_BLOCK_BASE_NUMBER) with a bit width of (16 -NVM_DATASET_SELECTION_BITS)
- Data index with a bit width of (NVM_DATASET_SELECTION_BITS)

] (SRS_Mem_00041, SRS_Mem_08014, SRS_Mem_00016, SRS_Mem_00017, SRS_Mem_00018)

[SWS_NvM_00343] [Handling/addressing of redundant NVRAM blocks shall be done towards the memory hardware abstraction in the same way like for dataset NVRAM blocks, i.e. the redundant NV blocks shall be managed by usage of the configuration parameter NvMDatasetSelectionBits.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00123] [The NV block base number (NVM_NV_BLOCK_BASE_NUMBER) shall be located in the most significant bits of the Fee/Ea block number.] (SRS_Mem_08000)

[SWS_NvM_00442] [The configuration tool shall configure the block identifiers.] (SRS_Mem_08000, SRS_Mem_00027, SRS_Mem_08014)

[SWS_NvM_00443] [The NvM module shall not modify the configured block identifiers.] ()

7.1.2.1 Examples

To clarify the previously described addressing scheme which is used for NVRAM manager ↔ memory hardware abstraction interaction, the following examples shall help to understand the correlations between the configuration parameters NvMNvBlockBaseNumber, NvMDatasetSelectionBits on NVRAM manager side and EA_BLOCK_NUMBER / FEE_BLOCK_NUMBER on memory hardware abstraction side [\[ECUC NvM 00061\]](#).

For the given examples A and B a simple formula is used:

$$\text{FEE/EA_BLOCK_NUMBER} = (\text{NvMNvBlockBaseNumber} \ll \text{NvMDatasetSelectionBits}) + \text{DataIndex}.$$

Example A:

The configuration parameter NvMDatasetSelectionBits is configured to be 2. This leads to the result that 14 bits are available as range for the configuration parameter NvMNvBlockBaseNumber.

- Range of NvMNvBlockBaseNumber: 0x1..0x3FFE
- Range of data index: 0x0..0x3(=2^NvMDatasetSelectionBits-1)
- Range of FEE_BLOCK_NUMBER/EA_BLOCK_NUMBER: 0x4..0xFFFFB

With this configuration the FEE/EA_BLOCK_NUMBER computes using the formula mentioned before should look like in the examples below:

For a native NVRAM block with NvMNvBlockBaseNumber = 2:

- NV block is accessed with FEE/EA_BLOCK_NUMBER = 8

For a redundant NVRAM block with `NvMNvBlockBaseNumber = 3`:

- 1st NV block with data index 0 is accessed with
`FEE/EA_BLOCK_NUMBER = 12`
- 2nd NV block with data index 1 is accessed with
`FEE/EA_BLOCK_NUMBER = 13`

For a dataset NVRAM block with `NvMNvBlockBaseNumber = 4`, `NvMNvBlockNum = 3`:

- NV block #0 with data index 0 is accessed with
`FEE/EA_BLOCK_NUMBER = 16`
- NV block #1 with data index 1 is accessed with
`FEE/EA_BLOCK_NUMBER = 17`
- NV block #2 with data index 2 is accessed with
`FEE/EA_BLOCK_NUMBER = 18`

Example B:

The configuration parameter `NvMDataSetSelectionBits` is configured to be 4. This leads to the result that 12 bits are available as range for the configuration parameter `NvMNvBlockBaseNumber`.

- Range of `NvMNvBlockBaseNumber`: `0x1..0xFFE`
- Range of data index: `0x0..0xF(=2^NvMDataSetSelectionBits-1)`
- Range of `FEE/EA Block Number`: `0x10..0xFFEF`

7.1.3 Basic storage objects

7.1.3.1 NV block

[SWS_NvM_00125] [The NV block is a basic storage object and represents a memory area consisting of NV user data and (optionally) a CRC value and (optionally) a NV block header.

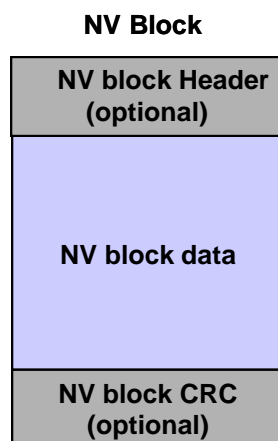


Figure 4: NV Block layout

Note: This figure does not show the physical memory layout of an NV block. Only the logical clustering is shown.] ()

7.1.3.2 RAM block

[SWS_NvM_00126] [The RAM block is a basic storage object and represents an area in RAM consisting of user data and (optionally) a CRC value and (optionally) a NV block header.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00127] [Restrictions on CRC usage on RAM blocks. CRC is only available if the corresponding NV block(s) also have a CRC. CRC has to be of the same type as that of the corresponding NV block(s). [\[ECUC_NvM_00061\]](#).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00129] [The user data area of a RAM block can reside in a different RAM address location (global data section) than the state of the RAM block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00130] [The data area of a RAM block shall be accessible from NVRAM Manager and from the application side (data passing from/to the corresponding NV block).] ()

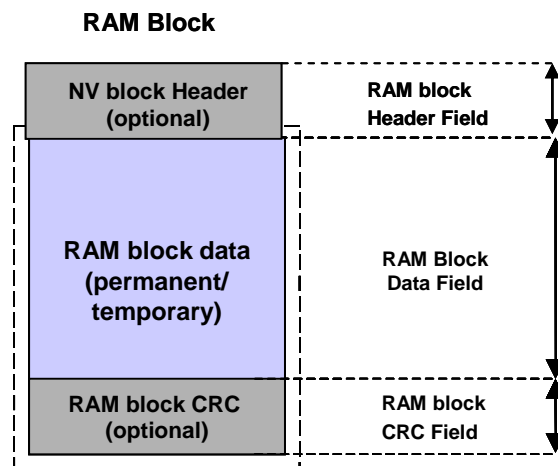


Figure 5: RAM Block layout

Note: This figure does not show the physical memory layout of a RAM block. Only the logical clustering is shown.

As the NvM module doesn't support alignment, this could be managed by configuration, i.e. the block length could be enlarged by adding padding to meet alignment requirements.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00373] [The RAM block data shall contain the permanently or temporarily assigned user data.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00370] [In case of permanently assigned user data, the address of the RAM block data is known during configuration time.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00372] [In case of temporarily assigned user data, the address of the RAM block data is not known during configuration time and will be passed to the NvM module during runtime.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00088] [It shall be possible to allocate each RAM block without address constraints in the global RAM area. The whole number of configured RAM blocks needs not be located in a continuous address space.] ()

7.1.3.3 ROM block

[SWS_NvM_00020] [The ROM block is a basic storage object, resides in the ROM (FLASH) and is used to provide default data in case of an empty or damaged NV block.

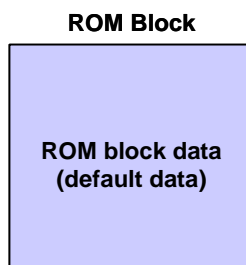


Figure 6: ROM block layout

] ()

7.1.3.4 Administrative block

[SWS_NvM_00134] [The Administrative block shall be located in RAM and shall contain a block index which is used in association with Dataset NV blocks. Additionally, attribute/error/status information of the corresponding NVRAM block shall be contained.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00128] [The NvM module shall use state information of the permanent RAM block or of the RAM mirror in the NvM module in case of explicit synchronization (invalid/valid) to determine the validity of the permanent RAM block user data.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00132] [The RAM block state "invalid" indicates that the data area of the respective RAM block is invalid. The RAM block state "valid" indicates that the data area of the respective RAM block is valid.] (SRS_Mem_08547)

[SWS_NvM_00133] [The value of "invalid" shall be represented by all other values except "valid".] ()

[SWS_NvM_00135] [The Administrative block shall be invisible for the application and is used exclusively by the NvM module for security and administrative purposes of the RAM block and the NVRAM block itself.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00054] [The NvM module shall use an attribute field to manage the NV block write protection in order to protect/unprotect a NV block data field.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00136] [The NvM module shall use an error/status field to manage the error/status value of the last request [\[SWS_NvM_00083\]](#).] ()

7.1.3.5 NV Block Header

[SWS_NvM_00522] [The NV Block header shall be included first in the NV Block, if the mechanism Static Block ID is enabled.

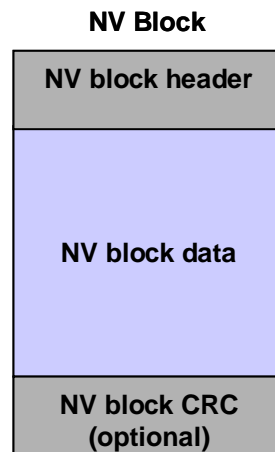


Figure 7: NV block layout with Static Block ID enabled

] ()

7.1.4 Block management types

7.1.4.1 Block management types overview

[SWS_NvM_00137] [The following types of NVRAM storage shall be supported by the NvM module implementation:

- NVM_BLOCK_NATIVE
- NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT
- NVM_BLOCK_DATASET] ()

[SWS_NvM_00557] [NVM_BLOCK_NATIVE type of NVRAM storage shall consist of the following basic storage objects:

- NV Blocks: 1
- RAM Blocks: 1
- ROM Blocks: 0..1
- Administrative Blocks:1] ()

[SWS_NvM_00558] [NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT type of NVRAM storage shall consist of the following basic storage objects:

- NV Blocks: 2
- RAM Blocks: 1
- ROM Blocks: 0..1
- Administrative Blocks:1] ()

[SWS_NvM_00559] [NVM_BLOCK_DATASET type of NVRAM storage shall consist of the following basic storage objects:

- NV Blocks: 1..(m<256)*
- RAM Blocks: 1
- ROM Blocks: 0..n
- Administrative Blocks:1

* The number of possible datasets depends on the configuration parameter

NvMDatasetSelectionBits.] ()

7.1.4.2 NVRAM block structure

[SWS_NvM_00138] [The NVRAM block shall consist of the mandatory basic storage objects NV block, RAM block and Administrative block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00139] [The basic storage object ROM block is optional.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00140] [The composition of any NVRAM block is fixed during configuration by the corresponding NVRAM block descriptor.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00141] [All address offsets are given relatively to the start addresses of RAM or ROM in the NVRAM block descriptor. The start address is assumed to be zero.

Hint: A device specific base address or offset will be added by the respective device driver if needed.] ()

For details of the NVRAM block descriptor see chapter 7.1.4.3.

7.1.4.3 NVRAM block descriptor table

[SWS_NvM_00069] [A single NVRAM block to deal with will be selected via the NvM module API by providing a subsequently assigned Block ID.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00143] [All structures related to the NVRAM block descriptor table and their addresses in ROM (FLASH) have to be generated during configuration of the NvM module.] ()

7.1.4.4 Native NVRAM block

The Native NVRAM block is the simplest block management type. It allows storage to/retrieval from NV memory with a minimum of overhead.

[SWS_NvM_00000] [The Native NVRAM block consists of a single NV block, RAM block and Administrative block.] ()

7.1.4.5 Redundant NVRAM block

In addition to the Native NVRAM block, the Redundant NVRAM block provides enhanced fault tolerance, reliability and availability. It increases resistance against data corruption.

[SWS_NvM_00001] [The Redundant NVRAM block consists of two NV blocks, a RAM block and an Administrative block.

The following figure reflects the internal structure of a redundant NV block:

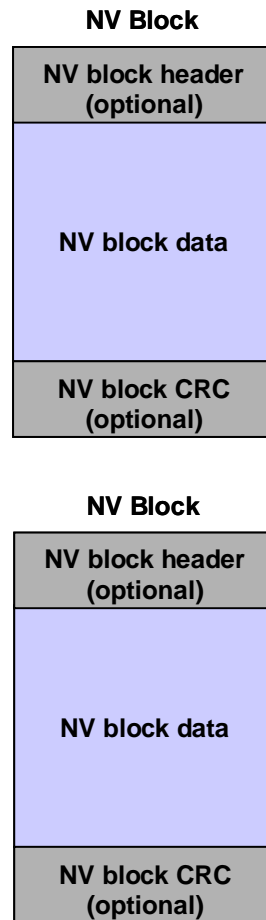


Figure 8: Redundant NVRAM Block layout

Note: This figure does not show the physical NV memory layout of a redundant NVRAM block. Only the logical clustering is shown.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00531] ⌈In case one NV Block associated with a Redundant NVRAM block is deemed invalid (e.g. during read), an attempt shall be made to recover the NV Block using data from the incorrupt NV Block.⌋()

[SWS_NvM_00546] ⌈In case the recovery fails then this shall be reported to the DEM using the code `NVM_E_LOSS_OF_REDUNDANCY`.⌋()

Note: “Recovery” denotes the re-establishment of redundancy. This usually means writing the recovered data back to the NV Block.⌋()

7.1.4.6 Dataset NVRAM block

The Dataset NVRAM block is an array of equally sized data blocks (NV/ROM). The application can at one time access exactly one of these elements.

[SWS_NvM_00006] [The Dataset NVRAM block consists of multiple NV user data, (optionally) CRC areas, (optional) NV block headers, a RAM block and an Administrative block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00144] [The index position of the dataset is noticed via a separated field in the corresponding Administrative block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00374] [The NvM module shall be able to read all assigned NV blocks.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00375] [The NvM module shall only be able to write to all assigned NV blocks if (and only if) write protection is disabled.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00146] [If the basic storage object ROM block is selected as optional part, the index range which normally selects a dataset is extended to the ROM to make it possible to select a ROM block instead of a NV block. The index covers all NV/ROM blocks which may build up the NVRAM Dataset block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00376] [The NvM module shall be able to only read optional ROM blocks (default datasets).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00377] [The NvM module shall treat a write to a ROM block like a write to a protected NV block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00444] [The total number of configured datasets (NV+ROM blocks) must be in the range of 1..255.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00445] [In case of optional ROM blocks, data areas with an index from 0 up to NvMNvBlockNum - 1 represent the NV blocks with their CRC in the NV memory. Data areas with an index from NvMNvBlockNum up to NvMNvBlockNum + NvMRomBlockNum - 1 represent the ROM blocks.

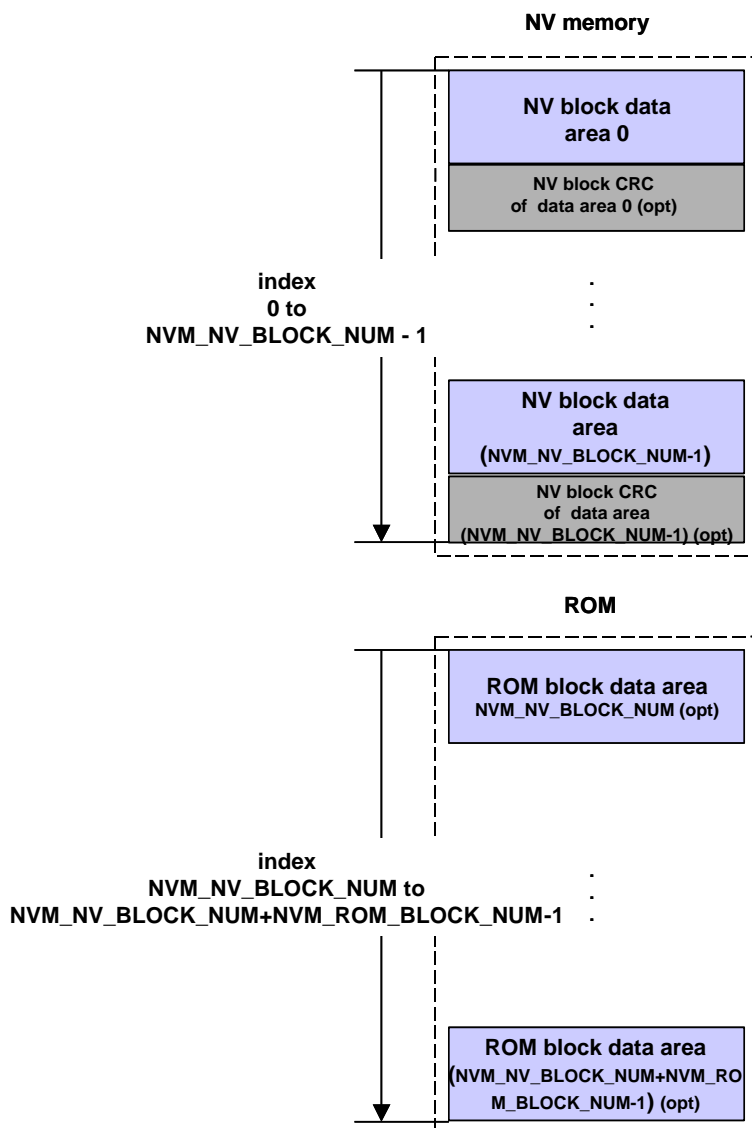


Figure 9: Dataset NVRAM block layout

Note: This figure does not show the physical NV memory layout of a Dataset NVRAM block. Only the logical clustering is shown.] ()

7.1.4.7 NVRAM Manager API configuration classes

[SWS_NvM_00149] [To have the possibility to adapt the NvM module to limited hardware resources, three different API configuration classes shall be defined:

- API configuration class 3: All specified API calls are available. A maximum of functionality is supported.
- API configuration class 2: An intermediate set of API calls is available.
- API configuration class 1: Especially for matching systems with very limited hardware resources this API configuration class offers only a minimum set of API calls which are required in any case.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00560] [API configuration class 3 shall consist of the following API:

Type 1:

- NvM_SetDataIndex(...)
- NvM_GetDataIndex(...)
- NvM_SetBlockProtection(...)
- NvM_GetErrorStatus(...)
- NvM_SetRamBlockStatus(...)
- NvM_SetBlockLockStatus()

Type 2:

- NvM_ReadBlock(...)
- NvM_WriteBlock(...)
- NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults(...)
- NvM_EraseNvBlock(...)
- NvM_InvalidateNvBlock(...)
- NvM_CancelJobs(...)
- NvM_ReadPRAMBlock(...)
- NvM_WritePRAMBlock(...)
- NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults(...)

Type 3:

- NvM_ReadAll(...)
- NvM_WriteAll(...)
- NvM_CancelWriteAll(...)
- NvM_ValidateAll(...)
- NvM_FirstInitAll(...)

Type 4:

- NvM_Init(...)] ()

[SWS_NvM_00561] [API configuration class 2 shall consist of the following API:

Type 1:

- NvM_SetDataIndex(...)
- NvM_GetDataIndex(...)
- NvM_GetErrorStatus(...)
- NvM_SetRamBlockStatus(...)
- NvM_SetBlockLockStatus(...)

Type 2:

- NvM_ReadBlock(...)
- NvM_WriteBlock(...)
- NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults(...)
- NvM_CancelJobs(...)
- NvM_ReadPRAMBlock(...)
- NvM_WritePRAMBlock(...)
- NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults(...)

Type 3:

- NvM_ReadAll(...)
- NvM_WriteAll(...)
- NvM_CancelWriteAll(...)

- NvM_ValidatedAll(...)

Type 4:

- NvM_Init(...)] ()

[SWS_NvM_00562] [API configuration class 1 shall consist of the following API:

Type 1:

- NvM_GetErrorStatus(...)
- NvM_SetRamBlockStatus(...)
- NvM_SetBlockLockStatus(...)

Type 2:

- --

Type 3:

- NvM_ReadAll(...)
- NvM_WriteAll(...)
- NvM_CancelWriteAll(...)

Type 4:

- NvM_Init(...)

Note: For API configuration class 1 no queues are needed, no immediate data can be written. Furthermore the API call NvM_SetRamBlockStatus is only available if configured by NvMSetRamBlockStatusApi.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00365] [Within API configuration class 1, the block management type NVM_BLOCK_DATASET is not supported.] ()

For information regarding the definition of Type 1...4 refer to chapter 8.1.5.

[SWS_NvM_00150] [The NvM module shall only contain that code that is needed to handle the configured block types.] ()

7.1.5 Scan order / priority scheme

[SWS_NvM_00032] [The NvM module shall support a priority based job processing.] (SRS_Mem_08542)

[SWS_NvM_00564] [By configuration parameter NvMJobPrioritization [\[SWS_NvM_00028\]](#) priority based job processing shall be enabled/disabled.] (SRS_Mem_08542)

[SWS_NvM_00378] [In case of priority based job processing order, the NvM module shall use two queues, one for immediate write jobs (crash data) another for all other jobs (including immediate read/erase jobs).] (SRS_Mem_08542)

[SWS_NvM_00379] [If priority based job processing is disabled via configuration, the NvM module shall not support immediate write jobs. In this case, the NvM module processes all jobs in FCFS order.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00380] [The job queue length for multi block requests originating from any of the NvM_ReadAll, NvM_ValidateAll, NvM_FirstInitAll and NvM_WriteAll APIs shall be one (only one multi block job is queued).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00381] [The NvM module shall not interrupt jobs originating from the NvM_ReadAll request by other requests.] ()

Note: The only exception to the rule given in [[SWS_NvM_00381](#), [SWS_NvM_00567](#)] is a write job with immediate priority which shall preempt the running read / write job [[SWS_NvM_00182](#)]. The preempted job shall subsequently be resumed / restarted by the NvM module.

[SWS_NvM_00567] [The NvM module shall not interrupt jobs originating from the NvM_WriteAll request by other requests.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00568] [The NvM module shall rather queue read jobs that are requested during an ongoing NvM_ReadAll request and executed them subsequently.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00569] [The NvM module shall rather queue write jobs that are requested during an ongoing NvM_WriteAll request and executed them subsequently.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00725] [The NvM module shall rather queue write jobs that are requested during an ongoing NvM_ReadAll request and executed them subsequently.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00726] [The NvM module shall rather queue read jobs that are requested during an ongoing NvM_WriteAll request and executed them subsequently.] ()

Note: The NvM_WriteAll request can be aborted by calling NvM_CancelWriteAll. In this case, the current block is processed completely but no further blocks are written [[SWS_NvM_00238](#)].

Hint: It shall be allowed to dequeue requests, if they became obsolete by completion of the regarding NVRAM block.

[SWS_NvM_00570] [The preempted job shall subsequently be resumed / restarted by the NvM module. This behavior shall apply for single block requests as well as for multi block requests.] ()

7.2 General behavior

7.2.1 Functional requirements

[SWS_NvM_00383] [For each asynchronous request, a notification of the caller after completion of the job shall be a configurable option.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00384] [The NvM module shall provide a callback interface [SWS_NvM_00113](#).

Hint: The NvM module's environment shall access the non-volatile memory via the NvM module only. It shall not be allowed for any module (except for the NvM module) to access the non-volatile memory directly.] (SRS_Mem_08541)

[SWS_NvM_00038] [The NvM module only provides an implicit way of accessing blocks in the NVRAM and in the shared memory (RAM). This means, the NvM module copies one or more blocks from NVRAM to the RAM and the other way round.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00692] [The application accesses the RAM data directly, with respect to given restrictions (e.g. synchronization).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00385] [The NvM module shall queue all asynchronous “single block” read/write/control requests if the block with its specific ID is not already queued or currently in progress (multitasking restrictions).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00386] [The NvM module shall accept multiple asynchronous “single block” requests as long as no queue overflow occurs.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00155] [The highest priority request shall be fetched from the queues by the NvM module and processed in a serialized order.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00040] [The NvM module shall implement implicit mechanisms for consistency / integrity checks of data saved in NV memory [\[SWS_NvM_00165\]](#).] ()

Depending on implementation of the memory stack, callback routines provided and/or invoked by the NvM module may be called in interrupt context.

Hint: The NvM module providing routines called in interrupt context has therefore to make sure that their runtime is reasonably short.

[SWS_NvM_00085] [If there is no default ROM data available at configuration time or no callback defined by NvMInitBlockCallback then the application shall be responsible for providing the default initialization data.

In this case, the application has to use `NvM_GetErrorStatus()` to be able to distinguish [\[ECUC_NvM_00061\]](#) between first initialization and corrupted data [\[SWS_NvM_00083\]](#).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00387] [During processing of `NvM_ReadAll`, the `NvM` module shall be able to detect corrupted RAM data by performing a checksum calculation. [\[ECUC_NvM_00476\]](#).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00226] [During processing of `NvM_ReadAll`, the `NvM` module shall be able to detect invalid RAM data by testing the validity of a data within the administrative block [\[ECUC_NvM_00476\]](#).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00388] [During startup phase and normal operation of `NvM_ReadAll` and if the `NvM` module has detected an unrecoverable error within the NV block, the `NvM` module shall copy default data (if configured) to the corresponding RAM block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00332] [To make use of the OS services, the `NvM` module shall only use the BSW scheduler instead of directly making use of OS objects and/or related OS services.] (SRS_BSW_00429)

7.2.2 Design notes

7.2.2.1 NVRAM manager startup

[SWS_NvM_00693] [`NvM_Init` shall be invoked by the BSW Mode Manager exclusively.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00091] [Due to strong constraints concerning the ECU startup time, the `NvM_Init` request shall not contain the initialization of the configured NVRAM blocks.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00157] [The `NvM_Init` request shall not be responsible to trigger the initialization of underlying drivers and memory hardware abstraction. This shall also be handled by the BSW Mode Manager.] (SRS_Mem_00011)

[SWS_NvM_00158] [The initialization of the RAM data blocks shall be done by another request, namely `NvM_ReadAll`.] ()

`NvM_ReadAll` shall be called exclusively by BSW Mode Manager.

[SWS_NvM_00694] [Software components which use the `NvM` module shall be responsible for checking global error/status information resulting from the `NvM`

module startup. The BSW Mode Manager shall use polling by using `NvM_GetErrorStatus` [[SWS_NvM_00015](#)] (reserved block ID 0) or callback notification (configurable option `NvM_MultiBlockCallback` [[SWS_NvM_00028](#)]) to derive global error/status information resulting from startup. If polling is used, the end of the NVRAM startup procedure shall be detected by the global error/status `NVM_REQ_OK` or `NVM_REQ_NOT_OK` (during startup `NVM_REQ_PENDING`) [[SWS_NvM_00083](#)]. If callbacks are chosen for notification, software components shall be notified automatically if an assigned NVRAM block has been processed [[SWS_NvM_00281](#)].

Note 1: If callbacks are configured for each NVRAM block which is processed within `NvM_ReadAll`, they can be used by the RTE to start e.g. SW-Cs at an early point of time.

Note 2: To ensure that the DEM is fully operational at an early point of time, i.e. its NV data is restored to RAM, DEM related NVRAM blocks should be configured to have a low ID to be processed first within `NvM_ReadAll`.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00160] [The NvM module shall not store the currently used Dataset index automatically in a persistent way. Software components shall check the specific error/status of all blocks they are responsible for by using `NvM_GetErrorStatus` [[SWS_NvM_00015](#)] with specific block IDs to determine the validity of the corresponding RAM blocks.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00695] [For all blocks of the block management type “NVRAM Dataset” [[SWS_NvM_00006](#)] the software component shall be responsible to set the proper index position by `NvM_SetDataIndex` [[SWS_NvM_00014](#)]. E.g. the current index position can be stored/maintained by the software component in a unique NVRAM block. To get the current index position of a “Dataset Block”, the software component shall use the `NvM_GetDataIndex` [[SWS_NvM_00021](#)] API call.] ()

7.2.2.2 NVRAM manager shutdown

[SWS_NvM_00092] [The basic shutdown procedure shall be done by the request `NvM_WriteAll` [[SWS_NvM_00018](#)].

Hint: `NvM_WriteAll` shall be invoked by the BSW Mode Manager.] ()

7.2.2.3 (Quasi) parallel write access to the NvM module

[SWS_NvM_00162] [The NvM module shall receive the requests via an asynchronous interface using a queuing mechanism. The NvM module shall process all requests serially depending on their priority.] (SRS_Mem_00013, SRS_Mem_00034)

7.2.2.4 NVRAM block consistency check

[SWS_NvM_00164] [The NvM module shall provide implicit techniques to check the data consistency of NVRAM blocks [ECUC_NvM_00476], [\[SWS_NvM_00040\]](#).]
(SRS_Mem_08547, SRS_Mem_00030)

[SWS_NvM_00571] [The data consistency check of a NVRAM block shall be done by CRC recalculations of its corresponding NV block(s).] (SRS_Mem_08547)

[SWS_NvM_00165] [The implicit way of a data consistency check shall be provided by configurable options of the internal functions. The implicit consistency check shall be configurable for each NVRAM block and depends on the configurable parameters `NvMBlockUseCrc` and `NvMCalcRamBlockCrc` [\[ECUC_NvM_00061\]](#).]
(SRS_Mem_08547, SRS_Mem_00129)

[SWS_NvM_00724] [`NvMBlockUseCrc` should be enabled for NVRAM blocks where `NvMWriteBlockOnce = TRUE`. `NvMBlockWriteProt` should be disabled for NVRAM blocks where `NvMWriteBlockOnce = TRUE`, to enable the user to write data to the NVRAM block in case of CRC check is failed.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00544] [Depending on the configurable parameters `NvMBlockUseCrc` and `NvMCalcRamBlockCrc`, NvM module shall allocate memory for the largest CRC used.
Hint: NvM users must not know anything about CRC memory (e.g. size, location) for their data in a RAM block.] ()

7.2.2.5 Error recovery

[SWS_NvM_00047] [The NvM module shall provide techniques for error recovery. The error recovery depends on the NVRAM block management type [\[SWS_NvM_00001\]](#).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00389] [The NvM module shall provide error recovery on read for every kind of NVRAM block management type by loading of default values.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00390] [The NvM module shall provide error recovery on read for NVRAM blocks of block management type `NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT` by loading the RAM block with default values.]()

[SWS_NvM_00168] [The NvM module shall provide error recovery on write by performing write retries regardless of the NVRAM block management type.]()

[SWS_NvM_00169] [The NvM module shall provide read error recovery on startup for all NVRAM blocks with configured RAM block CRC in case of RAM block revalidation failure.] ()

7.2.2.6 Recovery of a RAM block with ROM data

[SWS_NvM_00171] [The NvM module shall provide implicit and explicit recovery techniques to restore ROM data to its corresponding RAM block in case of unrecoverable data inconsistency of a NV block [\[SWS_NvM_00387\]](#), [\[SWS_NvM_00226\]](#), [\[SWS_NvM_00388\]](#).] (SRS_Mem_08549, SRS_Mem_08010)

7.2.2.7 Implicit recovery of a RAM block with ROM default data

[SWS_NvM_00172] [The data content of the corresponding NV block shall remain unmodified during the implicit recovery.] (SRS_Mem_08010)

[SWS_NvM_00572] [The implicit recovery shall not be provided during startup (part of NvM_ReadAll), neither by NvM_ReadBlock nor by NvM_ReadPRAMBlock for each NVRAM block when no default data is configured (by the parameter NvMRomBlockDataAddress or NvMInitBlockCallback).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00573] [The implicit recovery shall not be provided during startup (part of NvM_ReadAll), neither by NvM_ReadBlock nor by NvM_ReadPRAMBlock for each NVRAM block for the following conditions:

- The default data is configured (by the parameter NvMRomBlockDataAddress or the parameter NvMInitBlockCallback).
- The permanent RAM block or the content of the RAM mirror in the NvM module (in case of explicit synchronization) state is valid and CRC (data) is consistent.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00574] [The implicit recovery shall not be provided during startup (part of NvM_ReadAll), neither by NvM_ReadBlock nor by NvM_ReadPRAMBlock for each NVRAM block for the following conditions:

- The default data is configured (by the parameter NvMRomBlockDataAddress or the parameter NvMInitBlockCallback).
- The permanent RAM block or the content of the RAM mirror in the NvM module (in case of explicit synchronization) state is invalid and CRC (data) is inconsistent.
- Read attempt from NV succeeds.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00575] [The implicit recovery shall be provided during startup (part of NvM_ReadAll) and by NvM_ReadBlock or NvM_ReadPRAMBlock for each NVRAM block for the following conditions:

- The default data is configured (by the parameter NvMRomBlockDataAddress or the parameter NvMInitBlockCallback).
- The permanent RAM block state or the content of the RAM mirror in the NvM module (in case of explicit synchronization) is invalid and CRC (data) is inconsistent.
- Read attempt from NV fails.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00951] [Implicit recovery shall be provided during NvM_ReadBlock() or NvM_ReadPRAMBlock() requests for NVRAM blocks of type NVM_BLOCK_NATIVE and NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT.] (SRS_Mem_00018)

7.2.2.8 Explicit recovery of a RAM block with ROM default data

[SWS_NvM_00391] [For explicit recovery with ROM block data the NvM module shall provide functions NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults and NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults [\[SWS_NvM_00012\]](#) to restore ROM data to its corresponding RAM block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00392] [The function NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults and NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall remain unmodified the data content of the corresponding NV block.
Hint: The function NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults or NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall be used by the application to restore ROM data to the corresponding RAM block every time it is needed.] ()

7.2.2.9 Detection of an incomplete write operation to a NV block

[SWS_NvM_00174] [The detection of an incomplete write operation to a NV block is out of scope of the NvM module. This is handled and detected by the memory hardware abstraction. The NvM module expects to get information from the memory hardware abstraction if a referenced NV block is invalid or inconsistent and cannot be read when requested.
SW-Cs may use NvM_InvalidateNvBlock to prevent lower layers from delivering old data.] (SRS_Mem_08547)

7.2.2.10 Termination of a single block request

[SWS_NvM_00175] [All asynchronous requests provided by the NvM module (except for NvM_CancelWriteAll) shall indicate their result in the designated error/status field of the corresponding Administrative block [\[SWS_NvM_00000\]](#).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00176] [The optional configuration parameter `NvMSingleBlockCallback` configures the notification via callback on the termination of an asynchronous block request (and for `NvM_ReadAll`) [\[ECUC_NvM_00061\]](#).] ()

Note: In communication with application SW-C, the ECUC configuration parameter `NvMSingleBlockCallback` ([ECUC_NvM_00506](#)) should be configured to the corresponding `Rte_call_<p>_<o>` API.

7.2.2.11 Termination of a multi block request

[SWS_NvM_00393] [The NvM module shall use a separate variable to store the result of an asynchronous multi block request (`NvM_ReadAll`, `NvM_WriteAll` including `NvM_CancelWriteAll`, `NvM_ValidateAll`).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00394] [The function `NvM_GetErrorStatus` [\[SWS_NvM_00015\]](#) shall return the most recent error/status information of an asynchronous multi block request (including `NvM_CancelWriteAll`) [\[SWS_NvM_00083\]](#) in conjunction with a reserved block ID value of 0.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00395] [The result of a multi block request shall represent only a common error/status information.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00396] [The multi block requests provided by the NvM module shall indicate their detailed error/status information in the designated error/status field of each affected Administrative block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00179] [The optional configuration parameter `NvMMultiBlockCallback` configures the notification via callback on the termination of an asynchronous multi block request [\[SWS_NvM_00028\]](#).] ()

7.2.2.12 General handling of asynchronous requests/ job processing

[SWS_NvM_00180] [Every time when CRC calculation is processed within a request, the NvM module shall calculate the CRC in multiple steps if the referenced NVRAM block length exceeds the number of bytes configured by the parameter `NvMCrcNumOfBytes`.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00351] [For CRC calculation, the NvM module shall use initial values which are published by the CRC module.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00181] [Multiple concurrent single block requests shall be queueable.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00182] [The NvM module shall interrupt asynchronous request/job processing in favor of jobs with immediate priority (crash data).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00184] [If the invocation of an asynchronous function on the NvM module leads to a job queue overflow, the function shall return with `E_NOT_OK`.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00185] [On successful enqueueing a request, the NvM module shall set the request result of the corresponding NVRAM block to `NVM_REQ_PENDING`.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00270] [If the NvM module has successfully processed a job, it shall return `NVM_REQ_OK` as request result.] ()

7.2.2.13 NVRAM block write protection

The NvM module shall offer different kinds of write protection which shall be configurable. Every kind of write protection is only related to the NV part of NVRAM block, i.e. the RAM block data can be modified but not be written to NV memory.

[SWS_NvM_00325] [Enabling/Disabling of the write protection is allowed using `NvM_SetBlockProtection` function when the `NvMWriteBlockOnce` is `FALSE` regardless of the value (True/False) configured for `NvMBlockWriteProt`.] (SRS_Mem_08009)

[SWS_NvM_00577] [Enabling/Disabling of the write protection is not allowed using `NvM_SetBlockProtection` function when the `NvMWriteBlockOnce` is `TRUE` regardless of the value (True/False) configured for `NvMBlockWriteProt`.] (SRS_Mem_08009)

[SWS_NvM_00326] [For all NVRAM blocks configured with `NvMBlockWriteProt` = `TRUE`, the NvM module shall enable a default write protection.] (SRS_Mem_08009)

[SWS_NvM_00578] [The NvM module's environment can explicitly disable the write protection using the `NvM_SetBlockProtection` function.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00397] [For NVRAM blocks configured with `NvMWriteBlockOnce` == `TRUE` [ECUC_NvM_00072], the NvM module shall only write once to the associated NV memory, i.e in case of a blank NV device.] (SRS_Mem_08015)

[SWS_NvM_00398] [For NVRAM blocks configured with `NvMWriteBlockOnce` == `TRUE`, the NvM module shall not allow disabling the write protection explicitly using the `NvM_SetBlockProtection` function.] (SWS_NvM_00450)] ()

[SWS_NvM_00952] For a block configured with NVM_WRITE_BLOCK_ONCE (TRUE), NvM shall reject any Write/Erase/Invalidate request made prior to the first read request. $\rfloor()$

Note: In case of a reset, the write protection flag of a block configured with NVM_WRITE_BLOCK_ONCE (TRUE), from the NvM Administrative block, is cleared. In order to reactivate the protection, the block must be read prior to a first Write/Erase/Invalidate request being processed, in order to set the write protection only for a block that is valid and consistent. The first read request can be done either as a single block request or as part of NvM_ReadAll.

7.2.2.14 Validation and modification of RAM block data

This chapter shall give summarized information regarding the internal handling of NVRAM Manager status bits. Depending on different API calls, the influence on the status of RAM blocks shall be described in addition to the specification items located in chapter 8.1.3. The following figures depict the state transitions of RAM blocks.

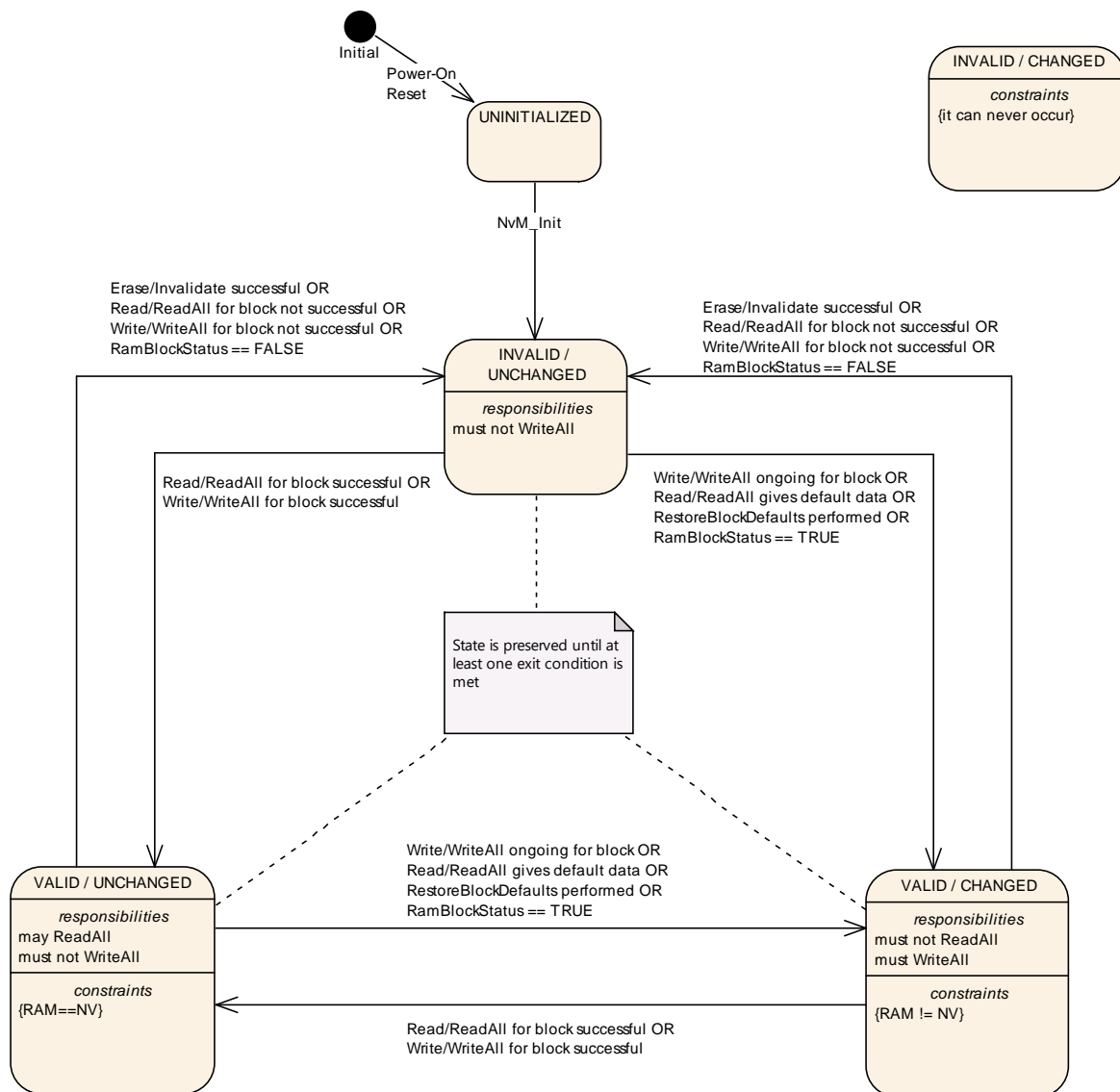


Figure 10: RAM Block States

Since entering and preserving a state can be done based on multiple conditions and placing them all in the above figure would make it difficult to understand, more detailed explanations are provided in the following subchapters. The INVALID / CHANGED state is not detailed as it can never be reached (as mentioned in the figure above).

After the Initialization the RAM Block is in state INVALID/UNCHANGED until it is updated via NvM_ReadAll, which causes a transition to state VALID/UNCHANGED. In this state WriteAll is not allowed. This state is left, if the NvM_SetRamBlockStatus is invoked. If there occurs a CRC error the RAM Block changes to state INVALID again, which than can be left via the implicit or explicit error recovery mechanisms. After error recovery the block is in state VALID/CHANGED as the content of the RAM differs from the NVRAM content.

[SWS_NvM_00344] [If the API for modifying the RAM block status has been disabled in configuration (via NvMSetRamBlockStatusApi or

NvMBlockUseSetRamBlockStatus) the NvM module shall treat a RAM block or the RAM mirror in the NvM module (in case of explicit synchronization) as valid and changed when writing data in the corresponding NV block, i.e. during NvM_WriteAll, the NvM module shall write each permanent RAM block to NV memory.]
(SRS_Mem_08550)

[SWS_NvM_00345] [If the API for modifying the RAM block status has been disabled in configuration (via NvMSetRamBlockStatusApi or NvMBlockUseSetRamBlockStatus) the NvM module shall treat a RAM block as invalid when reading data from NV block, i.e. during NvM_ReadAll, the NvM module shall copy each NVRAM block to RAM if configured accordingly.]
(SRS_Mem_08550)

[SWS_NvM_00696] [In case of an unsuccessful block read attempt, it is the responsibility of the application to provide valid data before the next write attempt.]
(SRS_Mem_08550)

[SWS_NvM_00472] [In case a RAM block is successfully copied to NV memory the RAM block state shall be set to "valid/unmodified" afterwards.] (SRS_Mem_08541)

7.2.2.14.1 The VALID / UNCHANGED state

This state implies that the contents of the RAM Block are either identical to the contents of the corresponding NV Block or - if the application has accessed the RAM Block - a potential change was not yet indicated. For a DATASET block these conditions apply to the RAM contents of the instance that was last processed. Also, the last block operation was successful and the block was not invalidated by request.

To enter the VALID / UNCHANGED state, at least of the following must occur:

1. NvM_ReadAll() read successfully the block
2. NvM_ReadBlock finished successfully for the block
3. NvM_WriteBlock finished successfully for the block
4. NvM_WriteAll() wrote successfully the block

The VALID / UNCHANGED state is preserved while:

- the last read or write for a BlockID was successful (no error and no retrieval of default data)

AND

- the application has not indicated a potential change of RAM block since last read or write

7.2.2.14.2 The VALID / CHANGED state

This state implies that the contents of the RAM Block potentially differ from the contents of the corresponding NV Block. For a DATASET block this condition applies to the RAM contents of the instance that was last processed. Also, the last operation for the block was successful and the block was not invalidated by request. The block owner can signal a potential RAM contents changed for the block causing the block state to become VALID / CHANGED.

To enter the VALID / CHANGED state, at least one of the following must occur:

1. NvM_SetRamBlockStatus called with TRUE for the block
2. NvM_WriteBlock is called for the block
3. NvM_WriteAll will also process the block
4. NvM_ReadBlock called for the block gives default data
5. NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults called for the block finishes successfully
6. NvM_ReadAll gives default data when processing the block
7. NvM_ValidateAll processed successfully the block

The VALID / CHANGED state is preserved while:

- a block owner has indicated a potential change of RAM block

OR

- default data was retrieved (implicitly or explicitly) for the block upon last read

7.2.2.14.3 The INVALID / UNCHANGED state

This state implies that the NV Block is invalid. For a DATASET block this means that the NV Block contents are invalid for the last instance that was processed.

To enter the INVALID / UNCHANGED state, at least one of the following must occur:

1. NvM_SetRamBlockStatus called with FALSE for the block
2. NvM_ReadBlock indicates invalidation by user request for the block
3. NvM_ReadBlock indicates corrupted data (if CRC configured) for the block
4. NvM_ReadBlock indicates wrong StaticID (if configured) for the block
5. NvM_WriteBlock finished non-successfully for the block
6. NvM_WriteAll non-successful write for the block
7. NvM_InvalidateNvBlock finished successfully for the block
8. NvM_EraseNvBlock finished successfully for the block

The INVALID / UNCHANGED state is preserved while:

- the block state is unknown at the time (early init, until ReadAll or first operation requested for a given block)

OR

- the block was detected as corrupted or with wrong StaticID

OR

- the last successful operation on the block was an invalidation

OR

- the current read failed and no default data
- OR
- the last successful operation on the block was an erase

7.2.2.15 Communication and implicit synchronization between application and NVRAM manager

To minimize locking/unlocking overhead or the use of other synchronization methods, the communication between applications and the NvM module must follow a strict sequence of steps which is described below. This ensures a reliable communication between applications and the NvM module and avoids data corruption in RAM blocks and a proper synchronization is guaranteed.

This access model assumes that two parties are involved in communication with a RAM block: The application and the NvM module.

[SWS_NvM_00697] [If several applications are using the same RAM block it is not the job of the NvM module to ensure the data integrity of the RAM block. In this case, the applications have to synchronize their accesses to the RAM block and have to guarantee that no unsuitable accesses to the RAM block take place during NVRAM operations (details see below).

Especially if several applications are sharing a NVRAM block by using (different) temporary RAM blocks, synchronization between applications becomes more complex and this is not handled by the NvM module, too. In case of using callbacks as notification method, it could happen that e.g. an application gets a notification although the request has not been initiated by this application.

All applications have to adhere to the following rules.] ()

7.2.2.15.1 Write requests (NvM_WriteBlock or NvM_WritePRAMBlock)

[SWS_NvM_00698] [Applications have to adhere to the following rules during write request for implicit synchronization between application and NVRAM manager:

1. The application fills a RAM block with the data that has to be written by the NvM module
2. The application issues the NvM_WriteBlock or NvM_WritePRAMBlock request which transfers control to the NvM module.
3. From now on the application must not modify the RAM block until success or failure of the request is signaled or derived via polling. In the meantime the contents of the RAM block may be read.
4. An application can use polling to get the status of the request or can be informed via a callback function asynchronously.
5. After completion of the NvM module operation, the RAM block is reusable for modifications.] (SRS_Mem_00013)

7.2.2.15.2 Read requests (NvM_ReadBlock or NvM_ReadPRAMBlock)

[SWS_NvM_00699] [Applications have to adhere to the following rules during read request for implicit synchronization between application and NVRAM manager:

1. The application provides a RAM block that has to be filled with NVRAM data from the NvM module's side.
2. The application issues the NvM_ReadBlock request which transfers control to the NvM module.
3. From now on the application must not read or write to the RAM block until success or failure of the request is signaled or derived via polling.
4. An application can use polling to get the status of the request or can be informed via a callback function.
5. After completion of the NvM module operation, the RAM block is available with new data for use by the application.] (SRS_Mem_00013)

7.2.2.15.3 Restore default requests (NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults and NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults)

[SWS_NvM_00700] [Applications have to adhere to the following rules during restore default requests for implicit synchronization between application and NVRAM manager:

1. The application provides a RAM block, which has to be filled with ROM data from the NvM modules side.
2. The application issues the NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults or NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults request which transfers control to the NvM module.
3. From now on the application must not read or write to the RAM block until success or failure of the request is signaled or derived via polling.
4. An application can use polling to get the status of the request or can be informed via a callback function.
5. After completion of the NvM module operation, the RAM block is available with the ROM data for use by the application.] (SRS_Mem_08548)

7.2.2.15.4 Multi block read requests (NvM_ReadAll)

This request may be triggered only by the BSW Mode Manager at system startup. This request fills all configured permanent RAM blocks with necessary data for startup.

If the request fails or the request is handled only partially successful, the NVRAM-Manager signals this condition to the DEM and returns an error to the BSW Mode Manager. The DEM and the BSW Mode Manager have to decide about further measures that have to be taken. These steps are beyond the scope of the NvM module and are handled in the specifications of DEM and BSW Mode Manager.

[SWS_NvM_00701] [Applications have to adhere to the following rules during multi block read requests for implicit synchronization between application and NVRAM manager:

The BSW Mode Manager issues the `NvM_ReadAll`.

1. The BSW Mode Manager can use polling to get the status of the request or can be informed via a callback function.
2. During `NvM_ReadAll`, a single block callback (if configured) will be invoked after having completely processed a NVRAM block. These callbacks enable the RTE to start each SW-C individually.] ()

7.2.2.15.5 Multi block write requests (`NvM_WriteAll`)

This request must only be triggered by the BSW Mode Manager at shutdown of the system. This request writes the contents of all modified permanent RAM blocks to NV memory. By calling this request only during ECU shutdown, the BSW Mode Manager can ensure that no SW component is able to modify data in the RAM blocks until the end of the operation. These measures are beyond the scope of the NvM module and are handled in the specifications of the BSW Mode Manager.

[SWS_NvM_00702] [Applications have to adhere to the following rules during multi block write requests for implicit synchronization between application and NVRAM manager:

1. The BSW Mode Manager issues the `NvM_WriteAll` request which transfers control to the NvM module.
2. The BSW Mode Manager can use polling to get the status of the request or can be informed via a callback function.] ()

7.2.2.15.6 Cancel Operation (`NvM_CancelWriteAll`)

This request cancels a pending `NvM_WriteAll` request. This is an asynchronous request and can be called to terminate a pending `NvM_WriteAll` request.

[SWS_NvM_00703] [`NvM_CancelWriteAll` request shall only be used by the BSW Mode Manager.] ()

7.2.2.15.7 Modification of administrative blocks

For administrative purposes an administrative block is part of each configured NVRAM block (ref. to ch. 7.1.3.4).

[SWS_NvM_00704] [If there is a pending single-block operation for a NVRAM block, the application is not allowed to call any operation that modifies the administrative block, like `NvM_SetDataIndex`, `NvM_SetBlockProtection`, `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus`, until the pending job has finished.] ()

7.2.2.16 Normal and extended runtime preparation of NVRAM blocks

This subchapter is supposed to provide a short summary of normal and extended runtime preparation of NVRAM blocks. The detailed behavior regarding the handling of NVRAM blocks during start-up is specified in chapter 8.1.3.3.1.

Depending on the two configuration parameters `NvMDynamicConfiguration` and `NvMResistantToChangedSw` the NVRAM Manager shall behave in different ways during start-up, i.e. while processing the request `NvM_ReadAll()`.

If `NvMDynamicConfiguration` is set to `FALSE`, the NVRAM Manager shall ignore the stored configuration ID (see [SWS_NvM_00034](#)) and continue with the normal runtime preparation of NVRAM blocks. In this case the RAM block shall be checked for its validity. If the RAM block content is detected to be invalid the NV block shall be checked for its validity. A NV block which is detected to be valid shall be copied to its assigned RAM block. If an invalid NV Block is detected default data shall be loaded. If `NvMDynamicConfiguration` is set to `TRUE` and a configuration ID mismatch is detected, the extended runtime preparation shall be performed for those NVRAM blocks which are configured with `NvMResistantToChangedSw(FALSE)`. In this case default data shall be loaded independent of the validity of an assigned RAM or NV block.

7.2.2.17 Communication and explicit synchronization between application and NVRAM manager

In contrast to the implicit synchronization between the application and the `NvM` module (see section 7.2.2.15) an optional (i.e. configurable) explicit synchronization mechanism is available. It is realized by a RAM mirror in the `NvM` module. The data is transferred by the application in both directions via callback routines, called by the `NvM` module.

Here is a short analysis of this mechanism:

- The advantage is that applications can control their data in a better way. They are responsible for copying consistent data to and from the `NvM` module's RAM mirror, so they know the point in time. The RAM block is never in an inconsistent state due to concurrent accesses.
- The drawbacks are the additional RAM which needs to have the same size as the largest NVRAM block that uses this mechanism and the necessity of an additional copy between two RAM locations for every operation.

This mechanism especially enables the sharing of NVRAM blocks by different applications, if there is a module that synchronizes these applications and is the owner of the NVRAM block from the `NvM` module's perspective.

[SWS_NvM_00511] [For every NVRAM block there shall be the possibility to configure the usage of an explicit synchronization mechanism by the parameter `NvMBlockUseSyncMechanism`.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00512] [The `NvM` module must not allocate a RAM mirror if no block is configured to use the explicit synchronization mechanism.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00513] [The NvM module shall allocate only one RAM mirror if at least one block is configured to use the explicit synchronization mechanism. This RAM mirror must not exceed the size of the longest NVRAM block configured to use the explicit synchronization mechanism.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00514] [The NvM module shall use the internal mirror as buffer for all operations that read and write the RAM block of those NVRAM blocks with NvMBlockUseSyncMechanism == TRUE. The buffer must not be used for the other NVRAM blocks.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00515] [The NvM module shall call the routine NvMWriteRamBlockToNvCallback in order to copy the data from the RAM block to the mirror for all NVRAM blocks with NvMBlockUseSyncMechanism == TRUE. This routine must not be used for the other NVRAM blocks.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00516] [The NvM module shall call the routine NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback in order to copy the data from the mirror to the RAM block for all NVRAM blocks with NvMBlockUseSyncMechanism == TRUE. This routine must not be used for the other NVRAM blocks.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00517] [During a single block request if the routines NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback return E_NOT_OK, then the NvM module shall retry the routine call NvMRepeatMirrorOperations times. Thereafter the single block read job shall set the block specific request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK and shall report NVM_E_REQ_FAILED to the DEM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00839] [In the case the NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback routine returns E_NOT_OK, the NvM module shall retry the routine call in the next call of the NvM_MainFunction.]()

[SWS_NvM_00579] [During a single block request if the routines NvMWriteRamBlockToNvCallback return E_NOT_OK, then the NvM module shall retry the routine call NvMRepeatMirrorOperations times. Thereafter the single block write job shall set the block specific request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK and shall report NVM_E_REQ_FAILED to the DEM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00840] [In the case the NvMWriteRamBlockToNvCallback routine returns E_NOT_OK, the NvM module shall retry the routine call in the next call of the NvM_MainFunction.]()

[SWS_NvM_00837] [During a multi block request (NvM_WriteAll) if the routines NvMWriteRamBlockToNvCallback return E_NOT_OK, then the NvM module shall retry the routine call NvMRepeatMirrorOperations times. Thereafter the job of the

function `NvM_WriteAll` shall set the block specific request result to `NVM_REQ_NOT_OK` and shall report `NVM_E_REQ_FAILED` to the DEM.]()

[SWS_NvM_00838] [During a multi block request (`NvM_ReadAll`) if the routines `NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback` return `E_NOT_OK`, then the NvM module shall retry the routine call `NvMRepeatMirrorOperations` times. Thereafter the job of the function `NvM_ReadAll` shall set the block specific request result to `NVM_REQ_NOT_OK` and shall report `NVM_E_REQ_FAILED` to the DEM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00904] [If a block has explicit synchronization configured for it then it must not have a permanent RAM image configured.] (SRS_Mem_08534)

The following two sections clarify the differences when using the explicit synchronization mechanism, compare to 7.2.2.15.1 and 7.2.2.15.2.

7.2.2.17.1 Write requests (`NvM_WriteBlock` or `NvM_WritePRAMBlock`)

[SWS_NvM_00705] [Applications have to adhere to the following rules during write request for explicit synchronization between application and NVRAM manager:

1. The application fills a RAM block with the data that has to be written by the NvM module.
2. The application issues the `NvM_WriteBlock` or `NvM_WritePRAMBlock` request.
3. The application might modify the RAM block until the routine `NvMWriteRamBlockToNvCallback` is called by the NvM module.
4. If the routine `NvMWriteRamBlockToNvCallback` is called by the NvM module, then the application has to provide a consistent copy of the RAM block to the destination requested by the NvM module.
The application can use the return value `E_NOT_OK` in order to signal that data was not consistent. The NvM module will accept this `NvMRepeatMirrorOperations` times and then postpones the request and continues with its next request.
5. Continuation only if data was copied to the NvM module:
6. From now on the application can read and write the RAM block again.
7. An application can use polling to get the status of the request or can be informed via a callback routine asynchronously.

Note: The application may combine several write requests to different positions in one RAM block, if `NvM_WriteBlock` or `NvM_WritePRAMBlock` was requested, but not yet processed by the NvM module. The request was not processed, if the callback routine `NvMWriteRamBlockToNvCallback` was not called.] ()

7.2.2.17.2 Read requests (`NvM_ReadBlock` or `NvM_ReadPRAMBlock`)

[SWS_NvM_00706] [Applications have to adhere to the following rules during read request for explicit synchronization between application and NVRAM manager:

1. The application provides a RAM block that has to be filled with NVRAM data from the NvM module's side.

2. The application issues the `NvM_ReadBlock` or `NvM_ReadPRAMBlock` request.
3. The application might modify the RAM block until the routine `NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback` is called by the NvM module.
4. If the routine `NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback` is called by the NvM module, then the application copy the data from the destination given by the NvM module to the RAM block. The application can use the return value `E_NOT_OK` in order to signal that data was not copied. The NvM module will accept this `NvMRepeatMirrorOperations` times and then postpones the request and continues with its next request.
5. Continuation only if data was copied from the NvM module:
6. Now the application finds the NV block values in the RAM block.
7. The application can use polling to get the status of the request or can be informed via a callback routine.

Note: The application may combine several read requests to different positions in one NV block, if `NvM_ReadBlock` or `NvM_ReadPRAMBlock` was requested, but not yet processed by the NvM module. The request was not processed, if the callback routine `NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback` was not called.

Note: `NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults` and `NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults` works similarly to `NvM_ReadBlock`.] ()

7.2.2.17.3 Multi block read requests (`NvM_ReadAll`)

This request may be triggered only by the BSW Mode Manager at system startup. This request fills all configured permanent RAM blocks with necessary data for startup.

If the request fails or the request is handled only partially successful, the NVRAM-Manager signals this condition to the DEM and returns an error to the BSW Mode Manager. The DEM and the BSW Mode Manager have to decide about further measures that have to be taken. These steps are beyond the scope of the NvM module and are handled in the specifications of DEM and BSW Mode Manager.

Normal operation:

1. The BSW Mode Manager issues the `NvM_ReadAll`.
2. The BSW Mode Manager can use polling to get the status of the request or can be informed via a callback function.
3. During `NvM_ReadAll` job, if a synchronization callback (`NvM_ReadRamBlockFromNvm`) is configured for a block it will be called by the NvM module. In this callback the application shall copy the data from the destination given by the NvM module to the RAM block. The application can use the return value `E_NOT_OK` in order to signal that data was not copied. The NvM module will accept this `NvMRepeatMirrorOperations` times and then report the read operation as failed.

4. Now the application finds the NV block values in the RAM block if the read operation was successful.
5. During `NvM_ReadAll`, a single block callback (if configured) will be invoked after having completely processed a NVRAM block. These callbacks enable the RTE to start each SW-C individually.
6. After processing of the last block and calling its single block callback (if configured), the multi block callback (if configured) will be invoked.

7.2.2.17.4 Multi block write requests (`NvM_WriteAll`)

This request must only be triggered by the BSW Mode Manager at shutdown of the system. This request writes the contents of all modified permanent RAM blocks to NV memory. By calling this request only during ECU shutdown, the BSW Mode Manager can ensure that no SW component is able to modify data in the RAM blocks until the end of the operation. These measures are beyond the scope of the NvM module and are handled in the specifications of the BSW Mode Manager.

Normal operation:

1. The BSW Mode Manager issues the `NvM_WriteAll` request which transfers control to the NvM module.
2. During `NvM_WriteAll` job, if a synchronization callback (`NvM_WriteRamBlockToNvM`) is configured for a block it will be called by the NvM module. In this callback the application has to provide a consistent copy of the RAM block to the destination requested by the NvM module. The application can use the return value `E_NOT_OK` in order to signal that data was not consistent. The NvM module will accept this `NvMRepeatMirrorOperations` times and then report the write operation as failed.
3. Now the application can read and write the RAM block again.
4. The BSW Mode Manager can use polling to get the status of the request or can be informed via a callback function.

7.2.2.18 Static Block ID Check

Note: NVRAM Manager stores the NV Block Header including the Static Block ID in the NV Block each time the block is written to NV memory. When a block is read, its Static Block ID is compared to the requested block ID. This permits to detect hardware failures which cause a wrong block to be read.

[SWS_NvM_00523] [The NVRAM Manager shall store the Static Block ID field of the Block Header each time the block is written to NV memory.] (SRS_Mem_08555)

[SWS_NvM_00524] [The NVRAM Manager shall check the Block Header each time the block is read from NV memory.](SRS_Mem_08555)

[SWS_NvM_00525] [If the Static Block ID check fails then the failure NVM_E_WRONG_BLOCK_ID is reported to DEM.]()

[SWS_NvM_00580] [If the Static Block ID check fails then the read error recovery is initiated.
Hint: A check shall be made during configuration to ensure that all Static Block IDs are unique.] ()

7.2.2.19 Read Retry

[SWS_NvM_00526] [If the NVRAM manager detects a failure during a read operation from NV memory, a CRC error then one or more additional read attempts shall be made, as configured by NVM_MAX_NUM_OF_READ_RETRIES, before continuing to read the redundant NV Block.] (SRS_Mem_08554)

[SWS_NvM_00581] [If the NVRAM manager detects a failure during a read operation from NV memory, a CRC error then one or more additional read attempts shall be made, as configured by NVM_MAX_NUM_OF_READ_RETRIES, before continuing to read the ROM Block.] (SRS_Mem_08554)

[SWS_NvM_00582] [If the NVRAM manager detects a failure during a read operation from NV memory, a Static Block ID check then one or more additional read attempts shall be made, as configured by NVM_MAX_NUM_OF_READ_RETRIES, before continuing to read the redundant NV Block.] (SRS_Mem_00129)

[SWS_NvM_00583] [If the NVRAM manager detects a failure during a read operation from NV memory, a Static Block ID check then one or more additional read attempts shall be made, as configured by NVM_MAX_NUM_OF_READ_RETRIES, before continuing to read the ROM Block.] ()

7.2.2.20 Write Verification

When a RAM Block is written to NV memory the NV block shall be immediately read back and compared with the original content in RAM Block if the behaviour is enabled by NVM_WRITE_VERIFICATION.

[SWS_NvM_00527] [Comparison between original content in RAM Block and the block read back shall be performed in steps so that the number of bytes read and compared is not greater than as specified by the configuration parameter

NVM_WRITE_VERIFICATION_DATA_SIZE.] (SRS_Mem_08554, SRS_Mem_08556)

[SWS_NvM_00528] [If the original content in RAM Block is not the same as read back then the production code error NVM_E_VERIFY_FAILED shall be reported to DEM.] (SRS_Mem_08556)

[SWS_NvM_00529] [If the original content in RAM Block is not the same as read back then write retries shall be performed as specified in this document.] (SRS_Mem_08554, SRS_Mem_08556)

[SWS_NvM_00530] [If the read back operation fails then no read retries shall be performed.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00897] [If the original content in RAM Block is not the same as read back, for the initial write attempt as well as for all the configured retries, then NvM shall set as request result NVM_REQ_NOT_OK.] (SRS_Mem_00017, SRS_Mem_08554, SWS_NvM_08541, SRS_Mem_00030, SRS_Mem_08556)

7.2.2.21 Comparing NV data in NvM

In order to avoid unnecessary write operations in NV memory, if the NV data of a specific RAM Block was not updated during runtime, the NvM module offers a CRC based compare mechanism which can be applied while processing a write job.

[SWS_NvM_00849] [The NvM module shall provide an option to skip writing of unchanged data by implementing a CRC based compare mechanism.] (SRS_Mem_00136)

Note: In general, there is a risk that some changed content of an RAM Block leads to the same CRC as the initial content so that an update might be lost if this option is used. Therefore this option should be used only for blocks where this risk can be tolerated.

[SWS_NvM_00850] [For every NVRAM Block there shall be the possibility to configure the usage of the CRC based compare mechanism by the parameter NvMBlockUseCRCCompMechanism if the parameter NvMBlockUseCrc is set to true.] (SRS_Mem_00136)

7.2.2.22 NvM and BswM interaction

[SWS_NvM_00745] [The NvM shall use the BswM API BswM_NvM_CurrentJobMode() when it needs to inform the BswM about a multiblock request state change.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00950] [If NvMBswMMultiBlockJobStatusInformation is true, the NvM shall not call the configured multiblock callback.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00746] [The NvM shall use the BswM API BswM_NvM_CurrentBlockMode() when it needs to inform the BswM about a single block request acceptance (as being pending) and result.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00888] [If NvMBswMMultiBlockJobStatusInformation is true, when NvM accepts a multiblock operation the NvM shall inform the BswM about the accepted multiblock operation as being pending, by calling the BswM_NvM_CurrentJobMode with the related multiblock request type and, as mode, NVM_REQ_PENDING.] (SRS_MEM_00020, SRS_MEM_00136, SRS_MEM_08535, SRS_MEM_08533)

[SWS_NvM_00889] [If NvMBswMMultiBlockJobStatusInformation is true, when a multiblock operation finishes or is canceled the NvM shall inform the BswM about the result of the multiblock operation, by calling the BswM_NvM_CurrentJobMode with the related multiblock request type and, as mode, the outcome of the multiblock operation.] (SRS_MEM_00020, SRS_MEM_00136, SRS_MEM_08535, SRS_MEM_08533)

[SWS_NvM_00890] [If NvMBswMBlockStatusInformation is true, when NvM accepts a single block operation the NvM shall inform the BswM about the accepted single block operation as being pending, by calling the BswM_NvM_CurrentBlockMode with the related Block ID and, as mode, NVM_REQ_PENDING.] (SRS_MEM_00125, SRS_MEM_00020)

[SWS_NvM_00891] [If NvMBswMBlockStatusInformation is true, when a single block operation finishes or is canceled the NvM shall inform the BswM about the result of the single block operation, by calling the BswM_NvM_CurrentBlockMode with the related Block ID and, as mode, the outcome of the singleblock operation.] (SRS_MEM_00125, SRS_MEM_00020)

[SWS_NvM_00892] [If NvMBswMBlockStatusInformation is true and NvM has a multiblock operation ongoing, for each block processed due to the multiblock operation, NvM shall inform the BswM when it starts to process the block, as being pending, by calling the BswM_NvM_CurrentBlockMode with the related Block ID and, as mode, NVM_REQ_PENDING.] (SRS_MEM_00125, SRS_MEM_00020)

[SWS_NvM_00949] [If NvMBswMBlockStatusInformation is true and NvM has a multiblock operation ongoing, for each block processed due to the multiblock operation, NvM shall inform the BswM about the result of the processing of the block when the block is finished processing, by calling the BswM_NvM_CurrentBlockMode with the related Block ID and, as mode, the outcome of the singleblock operation.] (SRS_MEM_00125, SRS_MEM_00020)

7.2.2.23 NvM behaviour in case of Block locked

The NvM_SetBlockLockStatus API service shall only be usable by BSW Components, it is not published as Service in the SWC-Description. Thus it will not be accessible via RTE.

[SWS_NvM_00751] [If the function NvM_SetBlockLockStatus was called with the parameter BlockLocked as TRUE, the NvM shall guarantee that the NV contents associated to the NVRAM block identified by BlockId, will not be modified by any request. The Block shall be skipped during NvM_WriteAll, other requests, that are NvM_WriteBlock, NvM_WritePRAMBlock, NvM_InvalidateNvBlock, NvM_EraseNvBlock, shall be rejected.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00752] [If the function NvM_SetBlockLockStatus was called with the parameter BlockLocked as TRUE, the NvM shall guarantee that at next start-up, during processing of NvM_ReadBlock or NvM_ReadPRAMBlock, this NVRAM block shall be loaded from NV memory.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00753] [If the function NvM_SetBlockLockStatus was called with the parameter BlockLocked as FALSE, the NvM shall guarantee normal processing of this NVRAM block as specified by AUTOSAR.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00754] [The BlockLocked setting made using the function NvM_SetBlockLockStatus shall not be changeable by NvM_SetRamBlockStatus, nor by NvM_SetBlockProtection.] ()

7.2.2.23.1 Use Case

Save new Data for an NVRAM block via diagnostic services into NV memory. These data shall be made available to the SW-C(s) with next ECU start-up, i.e. they shall neither be overwritten by a request originating from an SW-C, nor be overwritten with permanent RAM block's data during shut-down (NvM_WriteAll).

7.2.2.23.2 Usage (by DCM):

1. DCM requests `NvM_SetBlockLockStatus(<BlockId>, FALSE)`, in order to re-enable writing to this block. (It might be locked by executing this procedure before).
2. DCM requests `NvM_WriteBlock(<blockId>, <DataBuffer>)`
3. DCM polls for completion of write request (using `NvM_GetErrorStatus()`)
4. On success (`NVM_REQ_OK`), the DCM issues `NvM_SetBlockLockStatus(<BlockId>, TRUE)`.

7.2.2.24 Block Compression

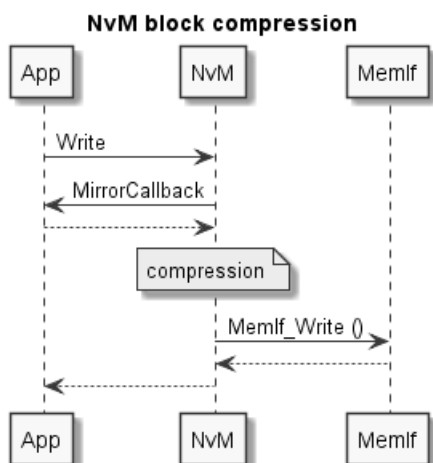
The block data is compressed before it is written to NV memory. The type of compression (block split, compression, delta) is vendor-specific.

The use-case is for larger data blocks with changes of only smaller junks (like drive-cycle logging). The goal is that not the whole block needs to be written to NV memory to reduce the overall write-cycles.

The block split would divide the block in multiple sub-blocks and only the changed sub-blocks would be written. Alternatively, only the changed delta could be written.

Anyway, any data compression algorithm could be used.

The drawback is always a higher runtime for writing or reading the data.



[SWS_NvM_00966][†] DRAFT In case the `NvMBlockUseCompression` is set to true, the NvM shall compress the stored data in NV memory. `⌋()`

7.2.2.25 Block Ciphering

For security purposes NvM supports synchronous encryption and decryption via CSM module using symmetric 16 byte aligned algorithms, e.g. AES128.

The user always works with plain data, the NV RAM stores the ciphered data:

> Write data: NvM encrypts the plain user data and then forwards the ciphered data to the device.

> Read data: NvM reads the ciphered data from device, decrypts the data and finally provides the plain data to the user.

To check the integrity of the ciphered data a CRC can be configured (as usual). NvM will then calculate the CRC over encrypted data and recalculate and check the CRC before decryption: the CRC always matches the ciphered data.

[SWS_NvM_00976] [In case NvMBlockCipheringRef is given, the NvM shall before forwarding the write request to MemIf encrypt the plain data using Csm_Encrypt() with the CSM job given in NvMCsmEncryptionJobReference.
The CRC calculation (if configured) shall be done over the encrypted data.
] ()

[SWS_NvM_00977] [In case Csm_Encrypt() returns a CRYPTO_E_BUSY, the NvM shall retry to redo the job. After NvMCsmRetryCounter times of retry the NvM shall abort the write job and set the NvM result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK and signal an error via NvM_JobErrorNotification().] ()

[SWS_NvM_00978] [In case Csm_Encrypt() returns any other error than CRYPTO_E_BUSY or CRYPTO_E_OK, the NvM shall abort the write job and set the NvM result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK and signal an error via NvM_JobErrorNotification().] ()

[SWS_NvM_00979] [In case Csm_Encrypt() returns successfully with CRYPTO_E_OK, the NvM shall continue the write job (e.g. with the CRC calculation) with the new length given in NvMNvBlockNVRAMDataLength.
In case of the returned length in resultLengthPtr is different to the NvMNvBlockNVRAMDataLength the development error NVM_E_BLOCK_CHIPHER_LENGTH_MISMATCH shall be triggered.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00980] [In case NvMBlockCipheringRef is given, the NvM shall before forwarding the read request to application decrypt the stored data using Csm_Decrypt() with the CSM job given in NvMCsmDecryptionJobReference.
The CRC check (if configured) shall be done over the encrypted data.
If the CRC does not match, NvM will not decrypt the data but abort the job with NVM_REQ_INTEGRITY_FAILED.
] ()

[SWS_NvM_00981] [In case Csm_Decrypt() returns a CRYPTO_E_BUSY, the NvM shall retry to redo the job. After NvMCsmRetryCounter times of retry the NvM shall abort the read job and set the NvM result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK and signal an error via NvM_JobErrorNotification().] ()

[SWS_NvM_00982] [In case Csm_Decrypt() returns any other error than CRYPTO_E_BUSY or CRYPTO_E_OK, the NvM shall abort the read job and set the NvM result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK and signal an error via NvM_JobErrorNotification().] ()

[SWS_NvM_00983] [In case Csm_Decrypt() returns successfully with CRYPTO_E_OK, the NvM shall continue the read job with the new length given in NvMNvBlockLength.

In case of the returned length in resultLengthPtr is different to the NvMNvBlockLength the development error NVM_E_BLOCK_CHIPHER_LENGTH_MISMATCH shall be triggerd.] ()

7.3 Error Classification

7.3.1 Development Errors

[SWS_NvM_91004]

| Type of error | Related error code | Error value |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| API is called with wrong parameter block ID | NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID | 0x0A |
| API is called with wrong parameter block data | NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_DATA_IDX | 0x0C |
| API is called with wrong parameter address | NVM_E_PARAM_ADDRESS | 0x0D |
| API is called with wrong parameter data | NVM_E_PARAM_DATA | 0x0E |
| API is called with wrong parameter pointer | NVM_E_PARAM_POINTER | 0x0F |
| API is called for a block without defaults when either the NvM_RestoreBlockDeafults or NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults is called for a valid block ID that has no default data and no NvMInitBlockCallback configured for the block | NVM_E_BLOCK_WITHOUT_DEFAULTS | 0x11 |
| API is called when NVRAM manager is not initialized yet | NVM_E_UNINIT | 0x14 |
| read/write/control API is called for a block which is already listed or in progress | NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING | 0x15 |
| Service is not possible with this block configuration | NVM_E_BLOCK_CONFIG | 0x18 |
| write API is called for a block which RAM block is locked | NVM_E_BLOCK_LOCKED | 0x19 |
| write/erase/invalidate API is called for a block with MVM_WRITE_BLOCK_ONCE (TRUE) prior to the first read request for that block | NVM_E_WRITE_ONCE_STATUS_UNKNOWN | 0x1A |
| The length resulting from encryption or decryption do not match with the given length in the configuration. | NVM_E_BLOCK_CHIPHER_LENGTH_MISMATCH | 0x1B |

](SRS_BSW_00385, SRS_BSW_00386, SRS_BSW_00406, SRS_BSW_00337,

SRS_BSW_00327, SRS_BSW_00331) (SRS_BSW_00385, SRS_BSW_00386,
SRS_BSW_00406, SRS_BSW_00337, SRS_BSW_00327)

[SWS_NvM_00961] If the development error NVM_E_WRITE_PROTECTED (0x1B) shall be detectable by the NvM module when a write attempt to a NVRAM block with write protection (which write protection can be either configured or set by explicit request) occurs.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00027] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetDataIndex shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] (SRS_BSW_00323, SRS_BSW_00385, SRS_BSW_00386, SRS_BSW_00406, SRS_BSW_00327, SRS_BSW_00331)

[SWS_NvM_00598] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetDataIndex shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING when NVRAM block identifier is already queued or currently in progress.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00599] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetDataIndex shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_DATA_IDX when DataIndex parameter exceeds the total number of configured datasets (Check: **[SWS_NvM_00444]**, **[SWS_NvM_00445]**).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00601] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetDataIndex shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00602] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_GetDataIndex shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00604] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_GetDataIndex shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00605] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_GetDataIndex shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_DATA when a NULL pointer is passed via the parameter DataIndexPtr.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00606] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetBlockProtection shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00607] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetBlockProtection shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING when NVRAM block identifier is already queued or currently in progress.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00608] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetBlockProtection shall report the DET error

NVM_E_BLOCK_CONFIG when the NVRAM block is configured with
NvMWriteBlockOnce = TRUE.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00609] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetBlockProtection shall report the DET error
NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00759] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetBlockProtection shall report the DET error
NVM_E_BLOCK_LOCKED when the block is locked.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00610] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_GetErrorStatus shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00611] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_GetErrorStatus shall report the DET error
NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00612] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_GetErrorStatus shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_DATA when a NULL pointer is passed via the parameter RequestResultPtr.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00613] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_GetVersionInfo shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_POINTER when a NULL pointer is passed via the parameter versioninfo.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00614] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_ReadBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00615] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_ReadBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING when NVRAM block identifier is already queued or currently in progress.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00616] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_ReadBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_ADDRESS when no permanent RAM block and no explicit synchronization are configured and a NULL pointer is passed via the parameter NvM_DstPtr.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00618] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_ReadBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00823] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00824] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall report the DET error

NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING when NVRAM block identifier is already queued or currently in progress.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00825] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_ADDRESS when no permanent RAM block and no explicit synchronization are configured, for the received block ID.] (SRS_Mem_00016, SRS_Mem_00038)

[SWS_NvM_00826] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00619] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WriteBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00620] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WriteBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING when NVRAM block identifier is already queued or currently in progress.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00622] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WriteBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_ADDRESS when no permanent RAM block and no explicit synchronization are configured and a NULL pointer is passed via the parameter NvM_SrcPtr.] (SRS_Mem_00017, SRS_Mem_08541)

[SWS_NvM_00624] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WriteBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00748] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WriteBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_LOCKED when the block is locked.] (SRS_Mem_08541, SRS_Mem_00127, SRS_Mem_00038)

[SWS_NvM_00827] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00828] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING when NVRAM block identifier is already queued or currently in progress.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00893] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_ADDRESS when no permanent RAM block and no explicit synchronization are configured.] (SRS_Mem_00018, SRS_Mem_08548)

[SWS_NvM_00829] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00830] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_LOCKED when the block is locked.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00625] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00626] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING when NVRAM block identifier is already queued or currently in progress.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00894] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_ADDRESS when no permanent RAM block and no explicit synchronization are configured.] (SRS_Mem_00018, SRS_Mem_08548)

[SWS_NvM_00629] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_ADDRESS when no permanent RAM block and no explicit synchronization are configured and a NULL pointer is passed via the parameter NvM_DstPtr.] (SRS_Mem_00016, SRS_Mem_08548)

[SWS_NvM_00630] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00831] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00832] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING when NVRAM block identifier is already queued or currently in progress.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00834] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00631] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when the NVM is not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00632] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING when the NVRAM block identifier is already queued or currently in progress.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00635] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00636] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_CONFIG when the NVRAM block has not immediate priority.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00757] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_LOCKED when the block is locked.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00637] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_CancelWriteAll shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00638] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00639] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING when NVRAM block identifier is already queued or currently in progress.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00642] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00756] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_LOCKED when the block is locked.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00643] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetRamBlockStatus shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00644] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetRamBlockStatus shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING when NVRAM block identifier is already queued or currently in progress.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00645] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetRamBlockStatus shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00758] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetRamBlockStatus shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_LOCKED when the block is locked.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00646] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_ReadAll shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00647] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WriteAll shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00648] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_CancelJobs shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00649] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_CancelJobs shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00728] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetBlockLockStatus shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00729] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetBlockLockStatus shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING when NVRAM block identifier is already queued or currently in progress.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00730] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetBlockLockStatus shall report the DET error NVM_E_BLOCK_CONFIG when the NVRAM block is configured with NvMWriteBlockOnce = TRUE.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00731] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_SetBlockLockStatus shall report the DET error NVM_E_PARAM_BLOCK_ID when the passed BlockID is out of range.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00863] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_ValidateAll shall report the DET error NVM_E_UNINIT when NVM is not yet initialized.] (SRS_Mem_00137)

[SWS_NvM_00954] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WriteBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_WRITE_ONCE_STATUS_UNKNOWN when a write request is made for a block configured with NVM_WRITE_BLOCK_ONCE (TRUE) for which no read request was made prior to this.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00955] [If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall report the DET error

NVM_E_WRITE_ONCE_STATUS_UNKNOWN when a write request is made for a block configured with NVM_WRITE_BLOCK_ONCE (TRUE) for which no read request was made prior to this.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00956] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall report the DET error NVM_E_WRITE_ONCE_STATUS_UNKNOWN when the processing of a block configured with NVM_WRITE_BLOCK_ONCE (TRUE) for which no read request was made prior to this.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00957] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the job of the function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_WRITE_ONCE_STATUS_UNKNOWN when a write request is made for a block configured with NVM_WRITE_BLOCK_ONCE (TRUE) for which no read request was made prior to this.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00958] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the job of the function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_WRITE_ONCE_STATUS_UNKNOWN when a write request is made for a block configured with NVM_WRITE_BLOCK_ONCE (TRUE) for which no read request was made prior to this.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00962] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WriteBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_WRITE_PROTECTED when the block is write protected.]()

[SWS_NvM_00963] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_WRITE_PROTECTED when the block is write protected.]()

[SWS_NvM_00964] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_WRITE_PROTECTED when the block is write protected.]()

[SWS_NvM_00965] If development error detection is enabled for NvM module, the function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall report the DET error NVM_E_WRITE_PROTECTED when the block is write protected.]()

7.3.2 Runtime Errors

[SWS_NvM_00947]

| Type of error | Related error code | Error value |
|---|--------------------|-------------|
| NvM queue is full so the request cannot be queued, be the request either standard or immediate. | NVM_E_QUEUE_FULL | 0xA0 |

()

[SWS_NvM_00948] [The run-time error NVM_E_QUEUE_FULL shall be reported to Det, by the NvM module, each time a request cannot be queued because the related queue is full.] (SRS_Mem_00038)

7.3.3 Transient faults

There are no transient faults.

7.3.4 Production Errors

7.3.4.1 NVM_E_HARDWARE

[SWS_NvM_00835]

| | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Error Name: | NVM_E_HARDWARE | |
| Short Description: | Reading from or writing to non volatile memory failed | |
| Long Description: | If read job (multi job or single job read) fails either because the MemIf reports MEMIF_JOB_FAILED, MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT or a CRC mismatch occurs or if a write/invalidate/erase job fails because the MemIf reports MEMIF_JOB_FAILED, NvM shall report NVM_E_HARDWARE to the DEM. | |
| Detection Criteria: | Fail | MemIf reports MEMIF_JOB_FAILED, MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT or a CRC mismatch occurs during read / write / invalidate / erase operation. |
| | Pass | Read / write / invalidate / erase is successful. (MemIf does not report MEMIF_JOB_FAILED, MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT and no CRC mismatch occurs) |
| Secondary Parameters: | The condition under which the FAIL and/or PASS detection is active: Every time a read / write / invalidate / erase is requested for the block NvM shall report if the condition of the block changed. | |
| Time Required: | Not applicable. (there is no timeout monitoring in the NvM) | |
| Monitor Frequency | continuous | |

()

7.3.5 Extended Production Errors

| Type or error | Related error code | Value [hex] |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------|
| The processing of the read service detects an inconsistency | NVM_E_INTEGRITY_FAILED | Assigned by DEM |
| The processing of the service fails | NVM_E_REQ_FAILED | Assigned by DEM |
| The Static Block ID check during read failed | NVM_E_WRONG_BLOCK_ID | Assigned by DEM |
| The write verification failed | NVM_E_VERIFY_FAILED | Assigned by DEM |
| There is a loss of redundancy for a block of redundant type | NVM_E_LOSS_OF_REDUNDANCY | Assigned by DEM |

[SWS_NvM_00591] [The extended production error NVM_E_INTEGRITY_FAILED (value assigned by DEM, see container NvmDemEventParameterRefs) shall be detectable by the NvM module when API request integrity failed, depending on whether the build version mode is in production mode.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00592] [The extended production error NVM_E_REQ_FAILED (value assigned by DEM, see container NvmDemEventParameterRefs) shall be detectable by the NvM module when API request failed, depending on whether the build version mode is in production mode.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00593] [The extended production error NVM_E_WRONG_BLOCK_ID (value assigned by DEM, see container NvmDemEventParameterRefs) shall be detectable by the NvM module when Static Block ID check failed, depending on whether the build version mode is in production mode.] (SRS_Mem_08555)

[SWS_NvM_00594] [The extended production error NVM_E_VERIFY_FAILED (value assigned by DEM, see container NvmDemEventParameterRefs) shall be detectable by the NvM module when write Verification failed, depending on whether the build version mode is in production mode.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00595] [The extended production error NVM_E_LOSS_OF_REDUNDANCY (value assigned by DEM, see container NvmDemEventParameterRefs) shall be detectable by the NvM module when loss of redundancy, depending on whether the build version mode is in production mode.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00871] [Each time a request is made to the NvM, the job of that request, if encountering an error situation, shall report the corresponding production error.]()

7.3.5.1 NVM_E_INTEGRITY_FAILED

| | | |
|------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Error Name: | NVM_E_INTEGRITY_FAILED | |
| Short Description: | Processin of the read service detects an inconsistency. | |
| Long Description: | If the read for a block detects that the data and/or CRC are corrupted based on the CRC check performed after the read was finished successfully (JobEndNotification from underlying memory module). This only applies for blocks configured with CRC. | |
| Detection Criteria: | Fail | See SWS_NvM_00864 |
| | Pass | See SWS_NvM_00872 |
| Secondary Parameters: | The condition under which the FAIL or PASS detection is active: CRC checking is performed each time a block with CRC is read successfully by the underlying memory module and it will indicate failure or pass. | |
| Time Required: | Not applicable. There is no timeout monitoring or constraint for NvM. | |
| Monitor Frequency | continuous | |

[SWS_NvM_00864] [Fail condition: NVM_E_INTEGRITY_FAILED is reported by the NvM module if the processing of a read request will detect, via the CRC checking, corruption of the data and/or CRC of the block that was subject to the read operation.]()

[SWS_NvM_00872] [Pass condition: when requirement SWS_NvM_00864 does not apply, meaning the data of the block is not corrupted in terms of CRC checking.]()

7.3.5.2 NVM_E_REQ_FAILED

| | | |
|------------------------------|---|--------------------|
| Error Name: | NVM_E_REQ_FAILED | |
| Short Description: | Processin of the read service failed at a lower layer in the MemStack architecture, including all retries. | |
| Long Description: | If the underlying layer reports JobErrorNotification, indicating that the request failed, either after it was accepted by the underlying memory module or because the module refused the request. This is done after all retries also failed. | |
| Detection Criteria: | Fail | See SWS_NvM_00865 |
| | Pass | See: SWS_NvM_00873 |
| Secondary Parameters: | The condition under which the FAIL or PASS detection is active: check is performed to see if the job was accepted or not and, if accepted, to see if it finished successfully or not. | |
| Time Required: | Not applicable. There is no timeout monitoring or constraint for NvM. | |
| Monitor Frequency | continuous | |

[SWS_NvM_00865] [Fail condition: NVM_E_REQ_FAILED is reported by the NvM module if a user request is either rejected and the number of configured retries expired or if it was accepted and then failed, while being processed by the underlying memory stack module.]()

[SWS_NvM_00873] [Pass condition: when requirement SWS_NvM_00865 does not apply, meaning that the user request was accepted by the undelying layer, either from the first attempt or from one of the retries, and that it finished successfully, from the point of view of the underlying layer (request result is MEMIF_JOB_OK).]()

7.3.5.3 NVM_E_WRONG_BLOCK_ID

| | | |
|------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Error Name: | NVM_E_WRONG_BLOCK_ID | |
| Short Description: | Static block ID check, during read, indicates failure. | |
| Long Description: | If the read was successfully finished by the underlying memory module but the Static ID check failed (meaning the block ID that was read is not the same as the block ID for which the read was requested). | |
| Detection Criteria: | Fail | See SWS_NvM_00866 |
| | Pass | See SWS_NvM_00874 |
| Secondary Parameters: | The condition under which the FAIL or PASS detection is active: check is performed each time the reading of a block is finished successfully by the underlying memory module, if the block is configured to have the Static ID checking performed for it. | |
| Time Required: | Not applicable. There is no timeout monitoring or constraint for NvM. | |
| Monitor Frequency | continuous | |

[SWS_NvM_00866] [Fail condition: NVM_E_WRONG_BLOCK_ID is reported by the NvM module if, after the block data is successfully read from the non-volatile memory, the Static ID that was retrieved is not the same as the current one, for the block the read was requested for.]()

[SWS_NvM_00874] [Pass condition: when requirement SWS_NvM_00866 does not apply, meaning that the block ID that was read from the non-volatile memory is the same as the block ID for which the read was requested.]()

7.3.5.4 NVM_E_VERIFY_FAILED

| | | |
|------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Error Name: | NVM_E_VERIFY_FAILED | |
| Short Description: | The write verification failed. | |
| Long Description: | If, after a successfully finished write, the verification for the written data fails. | |
| Detection Criteria: | Fail | See SWS_NvM_00867 |
| | Pass | See SWS_NvM_00875 |
| Secondary Parameters: | The condition under which the FAIL or PASS detection is active: a check is performed each time a block that is configured to have write verification performed on it, has a write operation successfully finished. | |
| Time Required: | Not applicable. There is no timeout monitoring or constraint for NvM. | |
| Monitor Frequency | continuous | |

[SWS_NvM_00867] [Fail condition: NVM_E_VERIFY_FAILED is reported by the NvM module if, after a successful write, the write verification indicates failure and the configured number of retries has expired.]()

[SWS_NvM_00875] [Pass condition: when requirement SWS_NvM_00867 does not apply, meaning that the write verification indicates success, the latest for the last retry attempt.]()

7.3.5.5 NVM_E_LOSS_OF_REDUNDANCY

| | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Error Name: | NVM_E_LOSS_OF_REDUNDANCY |
|--------------------|--------------------------|

| | | |
|------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Short Description: | A redundant block has lost the redundancy. | |
| Long Description: | A redundant block has the same contents written in two different block instances – hence the redundancy. If the contents are different, if the first instance becomes corrupted or if the first instance cannot be read then NvM will report this fault. | |
| Detection Criteria: | Fail | See SWS_NvM_00868 |
| | Pass | See SWS_NvM_00876 |
| Secondary Parameters: | The condition under which the FAIL or PASS detection is active: checks are performed whenever a reading is requested for a redundant block. | |
| Time Required: | Not applicable. There is no timeout monitoring or constraint for NvM. | |
| Monitor Frequency | continuous | |

[SWS_NvM_00868] [Fail condition: NVM_E_LOSS_OF_REDUNDANCY is reported by the NvM module if the reading performed over a REDUNDANT block indicates the block has lost its redundancy.]()

Note: The loss of redundancy is detected if the reading of the first instance of the block fails and the reading of the second instance of the block is finished successfully.

[SWS_NvM_00876] [Pass condition: when requirement SWS_NvM_00868 does not apply, meaning that the NvM did not detect the loss of redundancy for a REDUNDANT block.]()

8 API specification

8.1 API

8.1.1 Imported types

In this chapter all types included from the following modules are listed:

[SWS_NvM_00446]

| Module | Header File | Imported Type |
|--------|----------------|---------------------|
| Dem | Rte_Dem_Type.h | Dem_EventIdType |
| | Rte_Dem_Type.h | Dem_EventStatusType |
| MemIf | MemIf.h | MemIf_JobResultType |
| | MemIf.h | MemIf_ModeType |
| | MemIf.h | MemIf_StatusType |
| Std | Std_Types.h | Std_ReturnType |
| | Std_Types.h | Std_VersionInfoType |

]()

8.1.2 Type definitions

8.1.2.1 NvM_ConfigType

[SWS_NvM_00880]

| | | |
|----------------------|---|----|
| Name | NvM_ConfigType | |
| Kind | Structure | |
| Elements | implementation specific | |
| | Type | -- |
| | Comment | -- |
| Description | Configuration data structure of the NvM module. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

]()

Since this type is used for compliance purposes only (meaning that NvM_Init will now have a pointer to this type as parameter, based on SWS_BSW_00047) it will be left to the developer to chose how to implement it, considering it has no use for the NvM module in any way.

8.1.2.2 NvM_MultiBlockRequestType

[SWS_NvM_91003]

| | | | |
|----------------------|---|------|----------------------------------|
| Name | NvM_MultiBlockRequestType | | |
| Kind | Enumeration | | |
| Range | NVM_READ_ALL | 0x00 | NvM_ReadAll was performed |
| | NVM_WRITE_ALL | 0x01 | NvM_WriteAll was performed |
| | NVM_VALIDATE_ALL | 0x02 | NvM_ValidateAll was performed |
| | NVM_FIRST_INIT_ALL | 0x03 | NvM_FirstInitAll was performed |
| | NVM_CANCEL_WRITE_ALL | 0x04 | NvM_CancelWriteAll was performed |
| Description | Identifies the type of request performed on multi block when signaled via the callback function or when reporting to BswM | | |
| Available via | NvM.h | | |

()

8.1.3 Function definitions

8.1.3.1 Synchronous requests

8.1.3.1.1 NvM_Init

[SWS_NvM_00447]

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Service Name | NvM_Init | |
| Syntax | void NvM_Init (const NvM_ConfigType* ConfigPtr) | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x00 | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | ConfigPtr | Pointer to the selected configuration set. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | None | |
| Description | Service for resetting all internal variables. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_BSW_00414, SWS_BSW_00047)

[SWS_NvM_00881] The Configuration pointer ConfigPtr shall always have a NULL_PTR value.]()

The Configuration pointer ConfigPtr is currently not used and shall therefore be set to a NULL_PTR value when calling the NvM_Init API.

[SWS_NvM_00399] The function NvM_Init shall reset all internal variables, e.g. the queues, request flags, state machines, to their initial values. It shall signal “INIT DONE” internally, e.g. to enable job processing and queue management.] (SRS_BSW_00101, SRS_BSW_00406)

[SWS_NvM_00400] The function NvM_Init shall not modify the permanent RAM block contents or call explicit synchronization callback, as this shall be done on NvM_ReadAll.] (SRS_BSW_00101, SRS_BSW_00406)

[SWS_NvM_00192] The function NvM_Init shall set the dataset index of all NVRAM blocks of type NVM_BLOCK_DATASET to zero.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00193] The function NvM_Init shall not initialize other modules (it is assumed that the underlying layers are already initialized).] ()

The function NvM_Init is affected by the common [\[SWS_NvM_00028\]](#) and published configuration parameter.

Hint: The time consuming NVRAM block initialization and setup according to the block descriptor [\[ECUC_NvM_00061\]](#) shall be done by the NvM_ReadAll request.

8.1.3.1.2 NvM_SetDataIndex

[SWS_NvM_00448]

| | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Service Name | NvM_SetDataIndex | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_SetDataIndex (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId, uint8 DataIndex) | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x01 | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a |

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| | | single NVRAM block. |
| | DataIndex | Index position (association) of a NV/ROM block. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_-Return-Type | E_OK: The index position was set successfully. E_NOT_OK: An error occurred. |
| Description | Service for setting the DataIndex of a dataset NVRAM block. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_Mem_08007)

[SWS_NvM_00014] [The function NvM_SetDataIndex shall set the index to access a certain dataset of a NVRAM block (with/without ROM blocks).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00263] [The function NvM_SetDataIndex shall leave the content of the corresponding RAM block unmodified.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00264] [For blocks with block management different from NVM_BLOCK_DATASET, NvM_SetDataIndex shall return without any effect in production mode. Further, E_NOT_OK shall be returned.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00707] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function NvM_SetDataIndex.] ()

8.1.3.1.3 NvM_GetDataIndex

[SWS_NvM_00449]

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Service Name | NvM_GetDataIndex | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_GetDataIndex (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId, uint8* DataIndexPtr) | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x02 | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | DataIndexPtr | Pointer to where to store the current dataset index (0..255) |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: The index position has been retrieved successfully. E_NOT_OK: An error occurred. |
| Description | Service for getting the currently set DataIndex of a dataset NVRAM block | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

]()

[SWS_NvM_00021] [The function NvM_GetDataIndex shall get the current index (association) of a dataset NVRAM block (with/without ROM blocks).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00265] [For blocks with block management different from NVM_BLOCK_DATASET, NvM_GetDataIndex shall set the index pointed by DataIndexPtr to zero. Further, E_NOT_OK shall be returned.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00708] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function NvM_GetDataIndex.] ()

8.1.3.1.4 NvM_SetBlockProtection

[SWS_NvM_00450]

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Service Name | NvM_SetBlockProtection | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_SetBlockProtection (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId, boolean ProtectionEnabled) | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x03 | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| | Protection Enabled | TRUE: Write protection shall be enabled FALSE: Write protection shall be disabled |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_Return-Type | E_OK: The block was enabled/disabled as requested E_NOT_OK: An error occurred. |
| | | |
| Description | Service for setting/resetting the write protection for a NV block. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_Mem_00127)

[SWS_NvM_00016] [The function NvM_SetBlockProtection shall set/reset the write protection for the corresponding NV block by setting the write protection attribute in the administrative part of the corresponding NVRAM block.] (SRS_Mem_00127)

[SWS_NvM_00709] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function NvM_SetBlockProtection.] ()

8.1.3.1.5 NvM_GetErrorStatus

[SWS_NvM_00451]

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Service Name | NvM_GetErrorStatus | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_GetErrorStatus (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId, NvM_RequestResultType* RequestResultPtr) | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x04 | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | Request ResultPtr | Pointer to where to store the request result. See NvM_RequestResultType . |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: The block dependent error/status information was read successfully. E_NOT_OK: An error occurred. |
| Description | Service to read the block dependent error/status information. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_Mem_00020)

[SWS_NvM_00015] [The function NvM_GetErrorStatus shall read the block dependent error/status information in the administrative part of a NVRAM block. The status/error information of a NVRAM block shall be set by a former or current asynchronous request.] (SRS_Mem_00020)

[SWS_NvM_00710] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function NvM_GetErrorStatus.] ()

8.1.3.1.6 NvM_GetVersionInfo

[SWS_NvM_00452]

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Service Name | NvM_GetVersionInfo | |
| Syntax | <pre>void NvM_GetVersionInfo (Std_VersionInfoType* versioninfo)</pre> | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x0f | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | None | |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | versioninfo | Pointer to where to store the version information of this module. |
| Return value | None | |
| Description | Service to get the version information of the NvM module. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

]()

8.1.3.1.7 NvM_SetRamBlockStatus

[SWS_NvM_00453]

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Service Name | NvM_SetRamBlockStatus | |
| Syntax | <pre>Std_ReturnType NvM_SetRamBlockStatus (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId, boolean BlockChanged)</pre> | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x05 | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| | Block Changed | TRUE: Validate the permanent RAM block or the explicit synchronization and mark block as changed. FALSE: Invalidate the permanent RAM block or the explicit synchronization and mark block as unchanged. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |

| | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_-Return-Type | E_OK: The status of the permanent RAM block or the explicit synchronization was changed as requested. E_NOT_OK: An error occurred. |
| Description | Service for setting the RAM block status of a permanent RAM block or the status of the explicit synchronization of a NVRAM block. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_Mem_08545)

[SWS_NvM_00240] [The function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` shall only work on NVRAM blocks with a permanently configured RAM block or on NVRAM blocks configured to support explicit synchronization, that have `NvMBlockUseSetRamBlockStatus` enabled and shall have no effect to other NVRAM blocks.] (SRS_Mem_08546)

[SWS_NvM_00241] [The function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` shall assume that a changed permanent RAM block or the content of the RAM mirror in the NvM module (in case of explicit synchronization) is valid (basic assumption).] (SRS_Mem_08545)

[SWS_NvM_00405] [When the “BlockChanged” parameter passed to the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` is FALSE the corresponding RAM block is either invalid or unchanged (or both).] (SRS_Mem_08545)

[SWS_NvM_00406] [When the “BlockChanged” parameter passed to the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` is TRUE, the corresponding permanent RAM block or the content of the RAM mirror in the NvM module (in case of explicit synchronization) is valid and changed.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00121] [For blocks with a permanently configured RAM, the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` shall request the recalculation of CRC in the background, i.e. the CRC recalculation shall be processed by the `NvM_MainFunction`, if the given “BlockChanged” parameter is TRUE and CRC calculation in RAM is configured (i.e. `NvMCalcRamBlockCrc == TRUE`).] ()

Note:

If a block processed by the job of the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` has explicit synchronization configured for it then the block owner must provide the related RAM data for the comparison. The call made by NvM to the explicit synchronization 'write' callback must be successful.

Hint:

In some cases, a permanent RAM block cannot be validated neither by a reload of its NV data, nor by a load of its ROM data during the execution of a `NvM_ReadAll` command (startup). The application is responsible to fill in proper data to the RAM

block and to validate the block via the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` before this RAM block can be written to its corresponding NV block by `NvM_WriteAll`. It is expected that the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` will be called frequently for NVRAM blocks which are configured to be protected in RAM via CRC. Otherwise this function only needs to be called once to mark a block as “changed” and to be processed during `NvM_WriteAll`.

[SWS_NvM_00906] [If the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` is called for a block that does not have permanent RAM but it does have explicit synchronization and the "BlockChanged" parameter is TRUE then the job of the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` shall use the explicit synchronization callback for data storage (write) in order to obtain the data over which to calculate the CRC for the block.] (SRS_Mem_08550, SRS_Mem_08545, SRS_Mem_00136)

[SWS_NvM_00907] [If the explicit synchronization callback that is called by the job of the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` returns `E_NOT_OK` then NvM shall retry to call the callback for the number of retries that are configured for the explicit synchronization.] (SRS_Mem_08554)

[SWS_NvM_00908] [If the explicit synchronization callback that is called by the job of the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` returns `E_NOT_OK` then NvM shall perform the configured retries, one per `NvM_MainFunction` call.] (SRS_Mem_08554)

[SWS_NvM_00909] [If the explicit synchronization callback that is called by the job of the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` returns `E_NOT_OK` for the initial call and for all retry attempts then NvM will consider the job completed, keep the block marked as "BlockChanged" and continue as though it finished successfully.] (SRS_Mem_08550, SRS_Mem_08545, SRS_Mem_00136)

[SWS_NvM_00910] [The function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` shall not change the request result for the block ID received as parameter.] (SRS_Mem_00038)

[SWS_NvM_00911] [A queued background CRC calculation done by the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` shall not change the request result for the received block ID.] (SRS_Mem_00038)

[SWS_NvM_00711] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus`.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00408] [The NvM module shall provide the function `NvM_SetRamBlockStatus` only if it is configured via `NvMSetRamBlockStatusApi` [\[SWS_NvM_00028\]](#).] ()

8.1.3.1.8 NvM_SetBlockLockStatus

[SWS_NvM_00548]

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Service Name | NvM_SetBlockLockStatus | |
| Syntax | <pre>void NvM_SetBlockLockStatus (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId, boolean BlockLocked)</pre> | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x13 | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| | Block Locked | TRUE: Mark the RAM.block as locked FALSE: Mark the RAM.block as unlocked |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | None | |
| Description | Service for setting the lock status of a permanent RAM block or of the explicit synchronization of a NVRAM block. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_Mem_08546)

[SWS_NvM_00732] [The function NvM_SetBlockLockStatus shall only work on NVRAM blocks with a permanently configured RAM block or on NVRAM blocks configured to support explicit synchronization and shall have no effect to other NVRAM blocks.

Hint: This function is to be used mainly by DCM, but it can also be used by complex device drivers. The function is not included in the ServicePort interface.] ()

8.1.3.1.9 NvM_CancelJobs

[SWS_NvM_00535]

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Service Name | NvM_CancelJobs | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_CancelJobs (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId) | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x10 | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_Return-Type | E_OK: The job was successfully removed from queue. E_NOT_OK: The job could not be found in the queue. |
| Description | Service to cancel all jobs pending for a NV block. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_Mem_08560)

[SWS_NvM_00536] [The function NvM_CancelJobs shall cancel all jobs pending in the queue for the specified NV Block. If requested the result type for the canceled blocks is NVM_REQ_CANCELED.] (SRS_Mem_08560)

[SWS_NvM_00537] [A currently processed job shall continue even after the call of NvM_CancelJobs.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00225] [The job of the function NvM_CancelJobs shall set block specific request result for specified NVRAM block to NVM_REQ_CANCELED in advance if the request is accepted.

Hint: The intent is just to empty the queue during the cleanup phase in case of termination or restart of a partition, to avoid later end of job notification.] ()

8.1.3.2 Asynchronous single block requests

8.1.3.2.1 NvM_ReadBlock

[SWS_NvM_00454]

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Service Name | NvM_ReadBlock | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_ReadBlock (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId, void* NvM_DstPtr) | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x06 | |
| Sync/Async | Asynchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | NvM_Dst Ptr | Pointer to the RAM data block. |
| Return value | Std_Return-Type | E_OK: request has been accepted E_NOT_OK: request has not been accepted |
| Description | Service to copy the data of the NV block to its corresponding RAM block. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_LIBS_08533, SRS_Mem_00016)

[SWS_NvM_00010] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall copy the data of the NV block to the corresponding RAM block.] (SRS_Mem_00016)

Note: The error/status NVM_REQ_OK will be set if the job succeeds. (See SWS_NvM_00270)

[SWS_NvM_00195] [The function NvM_ReadBlock shall take over the given parameters, queue the read request in the job queue and return.] (SRS_Mem_00016)

[SWS_NvM_00196] [If the function NvM_ReadBlock is provided with a valid RAM block address then it is used.] (SRS_Mem_00016)

[SWS_NvM_00898] [If the function `NvM_ReadBlock` is provided with `NULL_PTR` as a RAM block address and it has a permanent RAM block configured then the permanent RAM block is used.] (SRS_Mem_00016)

[SWS_NvM_00899] [If the function `NvM_ReadBlock` is provided with `NULL_PTR` as a RAM block address and it has the explicit synchronization configured then the explicit synchronization is used.] (SRS_Mem_00016)

[SWS_NvM_00278] [The job of the function `NvM_ReadBlock` shall provide the possibility to copy NV data to a temporary RAM block although the NVRAM block is configured with a permanent RAM block or explicit synchronization callbacks. In this case, the parameter `NvM_DstPtr` must be unequal to the `NULL` pointer. Otherwise a DET-Parameter error (see Section [7.3](#)) shall be emitted.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00198] [The function `NvM_ReadBlock` shall invalidate a permanent RAM block immediately when the block is successfully enqueued or the job processing starts, i.e. copying data from NV memory or ROM to RAM. If the block has a synchronization callback (`NvM_NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback`) configured the invalidation will be done just before `NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback` is called.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00199] [The job of the function `NvM_ReadBlock` shall initiate a read attempt on the second NV block if the passed `BlockId` references a NVRAM block of type `NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT` and the read attempts on the first NV block fail.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00340] [In case of NVRAM block management type `NVM_BLOCK_DATASET`, the job of the function `NvM_ReadBlock` shall copy only that NV block to the corresponding RAM block which is selected via the data index in the administrative block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00355] [The job of the function `NvM_ReadBlock` shall not copy the NV block to the corresponding RAM block if the NVRAM block management type is `NVM_BLOCK_DATASET` and the NV block selected by the dataset index is invalidate.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00651] [The job of the function `NvM_ReadBlock` shall not copy the NV block to the corresponding RAM block if the NVRAM block management type is `NVM_BLOCK_DATASET` and the NV block selected by the dataset index is inconsistent.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00354] [The job of the function `NvM_ReadBlock` shall copy the ROM block to RAM and set the request result to `NVM_REQ_OK` if the NVRAM block

management type is NVM_BLOCK_DATASET and the dataset index points at a ROM block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00200] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall set the RAM block to valid and assume it to be unchanged after a successful copy process of the NV block to RAM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00366] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall set the RAM block to valid and assume it to be changed if the default values are copied to the RAM successfully.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00206] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_OK if the NV block was copied successfully from NV memory to RAM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00341] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_NV_INVALIDATED if the MemIf reports MEMIF_BLOCK_INVALID.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00652] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall report no error to the DEM if the MemIf reports MEMIF_BLOCK_INVALID.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00358] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_INTEGRITY_FAILED if:

- the MemIf reports MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT and
- NvMRomBlockDataAddress is not configured (no ROM block with default data is available) for the block and
- NvMInitBlockCallback is not configured (no init callback) for the block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00653] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall report NVM_E_INTEGRITY_FAILED to the DEM if the MemIf reports MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT.] ()

Note: After the production of an ECU / a car, on the production line all blocks shall have been written with valid data (may be default data) and all diagnostic events (errors) shall have been deleted. If the process does not allow to write all NV blocks during production than the NvM will report diagnostic events (errors) because of blocks that were never written and reported as MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT by MemIf.

[SWS_NvM_00359] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK if:

- the MemIf reports MEMIF_JOB_FAILED and
- NvMRomBlockDataAddress is not configured (no ROM block with default data is available) for the block and

- NvMInitBlockCallback is not configured (no init callback) for the block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00654] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall report NVM_E_REQ_FAILED to the DEM if the MemIf reports MEMIF_JOB_FAILED.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00279] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_OK if the block management type of the given NVRAM block is NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT and one of the NV blocks was copied successfully from NV memory to RAM.]()

[SWS_NvM_00655] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall report no error to the DEM if the block management type of the given NVRAM block is NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT and one of the NV blocks was copied successfully from NV memory to RAM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00316] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall mark every NVRAM block that has been configured with NVM_WRITE_BLOCK_ONCE (TRUE) as write protected if that block is valid and with consistent data. This write protection cannot be cleared by NvM_SetBlockProtection.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00317] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall invalidate a NVRAM block of management type redundant if both NV blocks have been invalidated.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00201] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall request a CRC recalculation over the RAM block data after the copy process [\[SWS_NvM_00180\]](#) if the NV block is configured with CRC, i.e. if NvMCalRamBlockCrC == TRUE for the NV block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00202] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall load the default values according to processing of NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults (also set the request result to NVM_REQ_RESTORED_DEFAULTS) if the recalculated CRC is not equal to the CRC stored in NV memory.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00658] [NvM_ReadBlock: If there are no default values available, the RAM blocks shall remain invalid.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00657] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall load the default values according to processing of NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults (also set the request result to NVM_REQ_RESTORED_DEFAULTS) if the read request passed to the underlying layer fails (MemIf reports MEMIF_JOB_FAILED or MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT) and if the default values are available.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00203] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall report NVM_E_INTEGRITY_FAILED to the DEM if a CRC mismatch occurs.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00204] [The job of the function NvM_ReadBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_INTEGRITY_FAILED if:

- a CRC mismatch occurs and
- NvMRomBlockDataAddress is not configured (no ROM block with default data is available) for the block and
- NvMInitBlockCallback is not configured (no init callback) for the block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00712] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function NvM_ReadBlock.] ()

8.1.3.2.2 NvM_WriteBlock

[SWS_NvM_00455]

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Service Name | NvM_WriteBlock | |
| Syntax | <pre>Std_ReturnType NvM_WriteBlock (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId, const void* NvM_SrcPtr)</pre> | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x07 | |
| Sync/Async | Asynchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| | NvM_SrcPtr | Pointer to the RAM data block. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_Return-Type | E_OK: request has been accepted E_NOT_OK: request has not been accepted |
| Description | Service to copy the data of the RAM block to its corresponding NV block. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_Mem_00017)

[SWS_NvM_00410] [The job of the function NvM_WriteBlock shall copy the data of the RAM block to its corresponding NV block.] (SRS_Mem_00017)

Note: The error/status NVM_REQ_OK will be set if the job succeeds. (See SWS_NvM_00270)

[SWS_NvM_00749] [The function NvM_WriteBlock shall return with E_NOT_OK, if a locked NVRAM block is referenced by the passed BlockId parameter. and a DET error (see Section [7.3](#)) shall be emitted.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00208] [The function NvM_WriteBlock shall take over the given parameters, queue the write request in the job queue and return.] (SRS_Mem_08541)

[SWS_NvM_00209] [The function `NvM_WriteBlock` shall check the NVRAM block protection when the request is enqueued but not again before the request is executed.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00300] [The function `NvM_WriteBlock` shall cancel a pending job immediately in a destructive way if the passed `BlockId` references a NVRAM block configured to have immediate priority. The immediate job shall be the next active job to be processed.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00210] [If the function `NvM_WriteBlock` is provided with a valid RAM block address then it is used.] (SRS_Mem_00017)

[SWS_NvM_00900] [If the function `NvM_WriteBlock` is provided with `NULL_PTR` as a RAM block address and it has a permanent RAM block configured then the permanent RAM block is used.] (SRS_Mem_00017)

[SWS_NvM_00901] [If the function `NvM_WriteBlock` is provided with `NULL_PTR` as a RAM block address and it has the explicit synchronization configured then the explicit synchronization is used.] (SRS_Mem_00017)

[SWS_NvM_00280] [The job of the function `NvM_WriteBlock` shall provide the possibility to copy a temporary RAM block to a NV block although the NVRAM block is configured with a permanent RAM block or explicit synchronization callbacks. In this case, the parameter `NvM_SrcPtr` must be unequal to a `NULL` pointer. Otherwise a DET-Parameter error (see Section [7.3](#)) shall be emitted] ()

[SWS_NvM_00212] [The job of the function `NvM_WriteBlock` shall request a CRC recalculation before the RAM block will be copied to NV memory if the NV block is configured with CRC [\[SWS_NvM_00180\]](#).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00852] [The job of the function `NvM_WriteBlock` shall skip writing and consider the job as successfully finished if the `NvMBlockUseCRCCompMechanism` attribute of the NVRAM Block is set to true and the RAM block CRC calculated by the write job is equal to the CRC calculated during the last successful read or write job. This mechanism shall not be applied to blocks for which a loss of redundancy has been detected.] (SRS_Mem_00136)

[SWS_NvM_00338] [The job of the function `NvM_WriteBlock` shall copy the RAM block to the corresponding NV block which is selected via the data index in the administrative block if the NVRAM block management type of the given NVRAM block is `NVM_BLOCK_DATASET`.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00303] [The job of the function `NvM_WriteBlock` shall assume a referenced permanent RAM block or the RAM mirror in the `NvM` module in case of explicit synchronization to be valid when the request is passed to the `NvM` module. If the permanent RAM block is still in an invalid state, the function `NvM_WriteBlock` shall validate it automatically before copying the RAM block contents to NV memory or after calling explicit synchronization callback (`NvM_WriteRamBlockToNvm`).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00213] [The job of the function NvM_WriteBlock shall check the number of write retries using a write retry counter to avoid infinite loops. Each negative result reported by the memory interface shall be followed by an increment of the retry counter. In case of a retry counter overrun, the job of the function NvM_WriteBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK.] (SRS_Mem_08554)

[SWS_NvM_00659] [The job of the function NvM_WriteBlock shall check the number of write retries using a write retry counter to avoid infinite loops. Each negative result reported by the memory interface shall be followed by an increment of the retry counter. In case of a retry counter overrun, the job of the function NvM_WriteBlock shall report NVM_E_REQ_FAILED to the DEM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00216] [The configuration parameter NVM_MAX_NUM_OF_WRITE_RETRIES [\[SWS_NvM_00028\]](#) shall prescribe the maximum number of write retries for the job of the function NvM_WriteBlock when RAM block data cannot be written successfully to the corresponding NV block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00760] [The job of the function NvM_WriteBlock shall copy the data content of the RAM block to both corresponding NV blocks if the NVRAM block management type of the processed NVRAM block is NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00761] [If the processed NVRAM block is of type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT the job of the function NvM_WriteBlock shall start to copy the data of the RAM block to NV block which has not been read during the jobs started by NvM_ReadBlock, NvM_ReadPRAMBlock or NvM_ReadAll then continue to copy the other NV block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00284] [The job of the function NvM_WriteBlock shall set NVM_REQ_OK as request result if the passed BlockId references a NVRAM block of type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT and at least one of the NV blocks has been written successfully.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00328] [The job of the function NvM_WriteBlock shall set the write protection flag in the administrative block immediately if the NVRAM block is configured with NvMWriteBlockOnce == TRUE and the data has been written successfully to the NV block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00713] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function NvM_WriteBlock.] ()

Hint:

To avoid the situation that in case of redundant NVRAM blocks two different NV blocks are containing different but valid data at the same time, each client of the function NvM_WriteBlock may call NvM_InvalidateNvBlock in advance.

[SWS_NvM_00547] [The job of the function `NvM_WriteBlock` with Block ID 1 shall write the compiled NVRAM configuration ID to the stored NVRAM configuration ID (block 1).] ()

Hint: If a pristine ECU is flashed for the first time, such a call invoked by will ensure that after a power-off without a proper shutdown, everything is as expected at the next start-up. Otherwise, the new configuration ID would not be stored in NV RAM and all ROM defaultd would be used.

A macro scan be used to indicate this usage.

8.1.3.2.3 NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults

[SWS_NvM_00456]

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Service Name | NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId, void* NvM_DestPtr) | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x08 | |
| Sync/Async | Asynchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | NvM_DestPtr | Pointer to the RAM data block. |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: request has been accepted E_NOT_OK: request has not been accepted |
| Description | Service to restore the default data to its corresponding RAM block. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_Mem_00018)

[SWS_NvM_00012] [The job of the function NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults shall restore the default data to its corresponding RAM block.] (SRS_Mem_00018)

Note: The error/status NVM_REQ_OK will be set if the job succeeds. (See SWS_NvM_00270)

[SWS_NvM_00224] [The function NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults shall take over the given parameters, queue the request in the job queue and return.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00267] [The job of the function NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults shall load the default data from a ROM block if a ROM block is configured.] (SRS_Mem_00018)

[SWS_NvM_00266] [The NvM module's environment shall call the function NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults to obtain the default data if no ROM block is configured for a NVRAM block and an application callback routine is configured via the parameter NvMInitBlockCallback.] (SRS_Mem_00018)

[SWS_NvM_00353] [The function `NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults` shall return with `E_NOT_OK` if the block management type of the given NVRAM block is `NVM_BLOCK_DATASET`, at least one ROM block is configured and the data index points at a NV block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00435] [If the function `NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults` is provided with a valid RAM block address then it is used.] (SRS_Mem_00018)

[SWS_NvM_00902] [If the function `NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults` is provided with `NULL_PTR` as a RAM block address and it has a permanent RAM block configured then the permanent RAM block is used.] (SRS_Mem_00018)

[SWS_NvM_00903] [If the function `NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults` is provided with `NULL_PTR` as a RAM block address and it has the explicit synchronization configured then the explicit synchronization is used.] (SRS_Mem_00018)

[SWS_NvM_00436] [The NvM module's environment shall pass a pointer unequal to `NULL` via the parameter `NvM_DstPtr` to the function `NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults` in order to copy ROM data to a temporary RAM block although the NVRAM block is configured with a permanent RAM block or explicit synchronization callbacks. Otherwise a DET-Parameter error (see Section [7.3](#)) shall be emitted] ()

[SWS_NvM_00227] [The job of the function `NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults` shall invalidate a RAM block before copying default data to the RAM if a permanent RAM block is requested or before explicit synchronization callback (`NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback`) is called.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00228] [The job of the function `NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults` shall validate and assume a RAM block to be changed if the requested RAM block is permanent or after explicit synchronization callback (`NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback`) that is called returns `E_OK` and the copy process of the default data to RAM was successful .] ()

[SWS_NvM_00229] [The job of the function `NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults` shall request a recalculation of CRC from a RAM block after the copy process/validation if a CRC is configured for this RAM block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00714] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function `NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults`.] ()

Hint: For the block management type `NVM_BLOCK_DATASET`, the application has to ensure that a valid dataset index is selected (pointing to ROM data).

[SWS_NvM_00883] [If the block has no ROM default data and no NvMInitBlockCallback configured for it then the function NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults shall leave the block status unchanged and return E_NOT_OK as result.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00885] [If the block has no default data, it has no InitBlockCallbackFunction configured and the development error detection is enabled then the NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults API shall report the error NVM_E_BLOCK_WITHOUT_DEFAULTS error to the Det module.] ()

8.1.3.2.4 NvM_EraseNvBlock

[SWS_NvM_00457]

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Service Name | NvM_EraseNvBlock | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_EraseNvBlock (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId) | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x09 | |
| Sync/Async | Asynchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: request has been accepted E_NOT_OK: request has not been accepted |
| Description | Service to erase a NV block. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_Mem_08544)

[SWS_NvM_00415] [The job of the function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall erase a NV block.] (SRS_Mem_08544)

Note: The error/status NVM_REQ_OK will be set if the job succeeds. (See SWS_NvM_00270)

[SWS_NvM_00231] [The function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall take over the given parameters, queue the request and return.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00418] [The function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall queue the request to erase in case of disabled write protection.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00416] [The job of the function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall leave the content of the RAM block unmodified.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00959] [The job of the function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall leave the write protection unchanged for the blocks configured with NVM_WRITE_BLOCK_ONCE (TRUE).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00661] [The function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall return with E_NOT_OK if a ROM block of a dataset NVRAM block is referenced.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00662] [NvM_EraseNvBlock: The NvM module shall not re-check the write protection before fetching the job from the job queue.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00269] [If the referenced NVRAM block is of type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT, the function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall only succeed when both NV blocks have been erased.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00271] [The job of the function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK if the processing of the service fails.]()

[SWS_NvM_00663] [The job of the function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall report NVM_E_REQ_FAILED to the DEM if the processing of the service fails.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00357] [The function NvM_EraseNvBlock shall return with E_NOT_OK, when development error detection is enabled and the referenced NVRAM block is configured with standard priority.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00715] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function NvM_EraseNvBlock.] ()

8.1.3.2.5 NvM_InvalidateNvBlock

[SWS_NvM_00459]

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Service Name | NvM_InvalidateNvBlock | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_InvalidateNvBlock (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId) | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x0b | |
| Sync/Async | Asynchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: request has been accepted E_NOT_OK: request has not been accepted |
| Description | Service to invalidate a NV block. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_Mem_08011)

[SWS_NvM_00421] [The job of the function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall invalidate a NV block.] (SRS_Mem_08011)

Note: The error/status NVM_REQ_OK will be set if the job succeeds. (See SWS_NvM_00270)

[SWS_NvM_00422] [The job of the function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall leave the RAM block unmodified.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00960] [The job of the function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall leave the write protection unchanged for the blocks configured with NVM_WRITE_BLOCK_ONCE (TRUE).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00424] [The function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall queue the request if the write protection of the corresponding NV block is disabled.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00239] [The function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall take over the given parameters, queue the request and return.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00664] [The function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall return with E_NOT_OK if a ROM block of a dataset NVRAM block is referenced by the BlockId parameter.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00665] [The NvM module shall not recheck write protection before fetching the job from the job queue.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00274] [If the referenced NVRAM block is of type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT, the function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall only set the request result NvM_RequestResultType to NVM_REQ_OK when both NV blocks have been invalidated.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00275] [The function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK if the processing of this service fails.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00666] [The function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock shall report NVM_E_REQ_FAILED to the DEM if the processing of this service fails.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00717] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function function NvM_InvalidateNvBlock.] ()

8.1.3.2.6 NvM_ReadPRAMBlock

[SWS_NvM_00764]

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Service Name | NvM_ReadPRAMBlock | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_ReadPRAMBlock (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId) | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x16 | |
| Sync/Async | Asynchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_Return-Type | E_OK: request has been accepted E_NOT_OK: request has not been accepted |
| Description | Service to copy the data of the NV block to its corresponding permanent RAM block. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_LIBS_08533, SRS_Mem_00016)

[SWS_NvM_00765] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall copy the data of the NV block to the permanent RAM block.] (SRS_Mem_00016)

Note: The error/status NVM_REQ_OK will be set if the job succeeds. (See SWS_NvM_00270)

[SWS_NvM_00766] [The function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall take over the given parameters, queue the read request in the job queue and return.] (SRS_Mem_00016)

[SWS_NvM_00767] [The function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall invalidate a permanent RAM block immediately when the block is successfully enqueued or the job processing starts, i.e. copying data from NV memory or ROM to RAM. If the block has a synchronization callback (NvM_NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback) configured the invalidation will be done just before NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback is called.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00768] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall initiate a read attempt on the second NV block if the passed BlockId references a NVRAM block of type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT and the read attempts on the first NV block fail.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00769] [In case of NVRAM block management type NVM_BLOCK_DATASET, the job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall copy only that NV block to the corresponding RAM block which is selected via the data index in the administrative block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00770] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall not copy the NV block to the corresponding RAM block if the NVRAM block management type is NVM_BLOCK_DATASET and the NV block selected by the dataset index is invalidate.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00771] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall not copy the NV block to the corresponding RAM block if the NVRAM block management type is NVM_BLOCK_DATASET and the NV block selected by the dataset index is inconsistent.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00772] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall copy the ROM block to RAM and set the request result to NVM_REQ_OK if the NVRAM block management type is NVM_BLOCK_DATASET and the dataset index points at a ROM block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00773] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall set the RAM block to valid and assume it to be unchanged after a successful copy process of the NV block to RAM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00774] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall set the RAM block to valid and assume it to be changed if the default values are copied to the RAM successfully.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00775] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_OK if the NV block was copied successfully from NV memory to RAM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00776] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_NV_INVALIDATED if the MemIf reports MEMIF_BLOCK_INVALID.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00777] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall report no error to the DEM if the MemIf reports MEMIF_BLOCK_INVALID.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00778] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_INTEGRITY_FAILED if the MemIf reports MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00779] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall report NVM_E_INTEGRITY_FAILED to the DEM if the MemIf reports MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00780] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK if the MemIf reports MEMIF_JOB_FAILED.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00781] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall report NVM_E_REQ_FAILED to the DEM if the MemIf reports MEMIF_JOB_FAILED.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00782] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_OK if the block management type of the given NVRAM block is NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT and one of the NV blocks was copied successfully from NV memory to RAM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00783] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall report no error to the DEM if the block management type of the given NVRAM block is NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT and one of the NV blocks was copied successfully from NV memory to RAM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00784] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall mark every NVRAM block that has been configured with NVM_WRITE_BLOCK_ONCE (TRUE) as write protected if that block is valid and with consistent data. This write protection cannot be cleared by NvM_SetBlockProtection.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00785] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall invalidate a NVRAM block of management type redundant if both NV blocks have been invalidated.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00786] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall request a CRC recalculation over the RAM block data after the copy process

[\[SWS_NvM_00180\]](#) if the NV block is configured with CRC, i.e. if NvMCalRamBlockCrC == TRUE for the NV block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00787] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall load the default values according to processing of NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults if the recalculated CRC is not equal to the CRC stored in NV memory.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00788] [NvM_ReadPRAMBlock: If there are no default values available, the RAM blocks shall remain invalid.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00789] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall load the default values according to processing of NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults if the read request passed to the underlying layer fails.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00790] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall report NVM_E_INTEGRITY_FAILED to the DEM if a CRC mismatch occurs.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00791] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall set the request result NVM_REQ_INTEGRITY_FAILED if a CRC mismatch occurs.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00792] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00882] [The job of the function NvM_ReadPRAMBlock shall load the default values according to processing of NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults (also set the request result to NVM_REQ_RESTORED_DEFAULTS) if the read request passed to the underlying layer fails (MemIf reports MEMIF_JOB_FAILED or MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT) and if the default values are available.] ()

8.1.3.2.7 NvM_WritePRAMBlock

[SWS_NvM_00793]

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Service Name | NvM_WritePRAMBlock | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_WritePRAMBlock (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId) | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x17 | |
| Sync/Async | Asynchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_Return-Type | E_OK: request has been accepted E_NOT_OK: request has not been accepted |
| Description | Service to copy the data of the permanent RAM block to its corresponding NV block. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_Mem_00017)

[SWS_NvM_00794] [The job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall copy the data of the permanent RAM block to its corresponding NV block.]

(SRS_Mem_00017)

Note: The error/status NVM_REQ_OK will be set if the job succeeds. (See SWS_NvM_00270)

[SWS_NvM_00797] [The function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall return with E_NOT_OK, if a locked NVRAM block is referenced by the passed BlockId parameter. and a DET error (see Section [7.3](#)) shall be emitted.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00798] [The function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall take over the given parameters, queue the write request in the job queue and return.]
(SRS_Mem_08541)

[SWS_NvM_00799] [The function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall check the NVRAM block protection when the request is enqueued but not again before the request is executed.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00800] [The function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall cancel a pending job immediately in a destructive way if the passed BlockId references a NVRAM block configured to have immediate priority. The immediate job shall be the next active job to be processed.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00801] [The job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall request a CRC recalculation before the RAM block will be copied to NV memory if the NV block is configured with CRC [\[SWS_NvM_00180\]](#).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00853] [The job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall skip writing and consider the job as successfully finished if the NvMBlockUseCRCCompMechanism attribute of the NVRAM Block is set to true and the RAM block CRC calculated by the write job is equal to the CRC calculated during the last successful read or write job. This mechanism shall not be applied to blocks for which a loss of redundancy has been detected.] (SRS_Mem_00136)

[SWS_NvM_00802] [The job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall copy the RAM block to the corresponding NV block which is selected via the data index in the administrative block if the NVRAM block management type of the given NVRAM block is NVM_BLOCK_DATASET.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00803] [The job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall assume a referenced permanent RAM block or the RAM mirror in the NvM module in case of explicit synchronization to be valid when the request is passed to the NvM module. If the permanent RAM block is still in an invalid state, the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall validate it automatically before copying the RAM block contents to NV memory or after calling explicit synchronization callback (NvM_WriteRamBlockToNvm).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00804] [The job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall check the number of write retries using a write retry counter to avoid infinite loops. Each negative result reported by the memory interface shall be followed by an increment of the retry counter. In case of a retry counter overrun, the job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK.] (SRS_Mem_08554)

[SWS_NvM_00805] [The job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall check the number of write retries using a write retry counter to avoid infinite loops. Each negative result reported by the memory interface shall be followed by an increment of the retry counter. In case of a retry counter overrun, the job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall report NVM_E_REQ_FAILED to the DEM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00806] [The configuration parameter NVM_MAX_NUM_OF_WRITE_RETRIES [\[SWS_NvM_00028\]](#) shall prescribe the maximum number of write retries for the job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock when RAM block data cannot be written successfully to the corresponding NV block.

] ()

[SWS_NvM_00807] [The job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall copy the data content of the RAM block to both corresponding NV blocks if the NVRAM block management type of the processed NVRAM block is NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT.]

()

[SWS_NvM_00808] [If the processed NVRAM block is of type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT the job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall start to copy the data of the RAM block to NV block which has not been read during the jobs started by NvM_ReadBlock, NvM_ReadPRAMBlock or NvM_ReadAll then continue to copy the other NV block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00809] [The job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall set NVM_REQ_OK as request result if the passed BlockId references a NVRAM block of type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT and at least one of the NV blocks have been written successfully.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00810] [The job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock shall set the write protection flag in the administrative block immediately if the NVRAM block is configured with NvMWriteBlockOnce == TRUE and the data has been written successfully to the NV block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00811] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock.] ()

Hint:

To avoid the situation that in case of redundant NVRAM blocks two different NV blocks are containing different but valid data at the same time, each client of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock may call NvM_InvalidateNvBlock in advance.

[SWS_NvM_00812] [The job of the function NvM_WritePRAMBlock with Block ID 1 shall write the compiled NVRAM configuration ID to the stored NVRAM configuration ID (block 1).] ()

Hint: If a pristine ECU is flashed for the first time, such a call invoked by will ensure that after a power-off without a proper shutdown, everything is as expected at the next start-up. Otherwise, the new configuration ID would not be stored in NV RAM and all ROM defaultd would be used.

A macro scan be used to indicate this usage.

8.1.3.2.8 NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults

[SWS_NvM_00813]

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Service Name | NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults (NvM_BlockIdType BlockId) | |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x18 | |
| Sync/Async | Asynchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockId | The block identifier uniquely identifies one NVRAM block descriptor. A NVRAM block descriptor contains all needed information about a single NVRAM block. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: request has been accepted E_NOT_OK: request has not been accepted |
| Description | Service to restore the default data to its corresponding permanent RAM block. | |
| Available via | NvM.h | |

](SRS_Mem_00018)

[SWS_NvM_00814] [The job of the function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall restore the default data to its corresponding permanent RAM block.]

(SRS_Mem_00018)

Note: The error/status NVM_REQ_OK will be set if the job succeeds. (See SWS_NvM_00270)

[SWS_NvM_00815] [The function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall take over the given parameters, queue the request in the job queue and return.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00816] [The job of the function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall load the default data from a ROM block if a ROM block is configured.]
(SRS_Mem_00018)

[SWS_NvM_00817] [The NvM module's environment shall call the function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults to obtain the default data if no ROM block is configured for a NVRAM block and an application callback routine is configured via the parameter NvMInitBlockCallback.] (SRS_Mem_00018)

[SWS_NvM_00818] [The function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall return with E_NOT_OK if the block management type of the given NVRAM block is NVM_BLOCK_DATASET, at least one ROM block is configured and the data index points at a NV block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00819] [The job of the function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall invalidate a RAM block before copying default data to the permanent RAM block or before explicit synchronization callback (NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback) is called.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00820] [The job of the function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall validate and assume a RAM block to be changed if the requested RAM block is permanent or after explicit synchronization callback (NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback) that is called returns E_OK and the copy process of the default data to RAM was successful .] ()

[SWS_NvM_00821] [The job of the function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall request a recalculation of CRC from a RAM block after the copy process/validation if a CRC is configured for this RAM block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00822] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults.] ()

Hint: For the block management type NVM_BLOCK_DATASET, the application has to ensure that a valid dataset index is selected (pointing to ROM data).

[SWS_NvM_00884] [If the block has no ROM default data and no NvMInitBlockCallback configured for it then the function NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults shall leave the block status unchanged and return E_NOT_OK as result.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00886] [If the block has no default data, it has no InitBlockCallbackFunction configured and the development error detection is enabled then the NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults API shall report the error NVM_E_BLOCK_WITHOUT_DEFAULTS error to the Det module.] ()

8.1.3.3 Asynchronous multi block requests

8.1.3.3.1 NvM_ReadAll

[SWS_NvM_00460]

| | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Service Name | NvM_ReadAll |
| Syntax | void NvM_ReadAll (void) |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x0c |
| Sync/Async | Asynchronous |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant |
| Parameters (in) | None |
| Parameters (inout) | None |
| Parameters (out) | None |
| Return value | None |
| Description | Initiates a multi block read request. |
| Available via | NvM.h |

](SRS_LIBS_08533)

[SWS_NvM_00356] [The multi block service NvM_ReadAll shall provide two distinct functionalities.

- Initialize the management data for all NVRAM blocks (see [SWS_NvM_00304](#) ff)
- Copy data to the permanent RAM blocks or call explicit synchronization callback(NvM_ReadRamBlockFromNvm) for those NVRAM blocks which are configured accordingly.

Note: The two functionalities can be implemented in one loop.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00243] [The function NvM_ReadAll shall signal the request to the NvM module and return. The NVRAM Manager shall defer the processing of the requested ReadAll until all single block job queues are empty.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00304] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set each proceeding block specific request result for NVRAM blocks in advance.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00667] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set the multi block request result to NVM_REQ_PENDING in advance.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00895] [The job of the function `NvM_ReadAll` shall set the multi block request result to `NVM_REQ_OK` if no NVRAM block processing fails.]
(SRS_Mem_00020)

Note: When the result of an individual block processing (in the context of a multi-block job) is different than `NVM_REQ_OK`, the individual block processing is considered as failed.

[SWS_NvM_00244] [The job of the function `NvM_ReadAll` shall iterate over all user NVRAM blocks, i.e. except for reserved Block Ids 0 (multi block request result) and 1 (NV configuration ID), beginning with the lowest Block Id.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00245] [Blocks of management type `NVM_BLOCK_DATASET` shall not be loaded automatically upon start-up. Thus the selection of blocks, which belong to block management type `NVM_BLOCK_DATASET`, shall not be possible for the service `NvM_ReadAll`.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00362] [The NvM module shall initiate the recalculation of the RAM CRC for every NVRAM block with a valid permanent RAM block or explicit synchronization callback configured and `NvmCalcRamBlockCrc == TRUE` during the processing of `NvM_ReadAll`.] ()

Note:

If a block processed by the job of the function `NvM_ReadAll` has explicit synchronization configured for it then the block owner must provide the related RAM data for the comparison. The call made by NvM to the explicit synchronization 'write' callback must be successful.

[SWS_NvM_00364] [The job of the function `NvM_ReadAll` shall treat the data for every recalculated RAM CRC which matches the stored RAM CRC as valid and set the block specific request result to `NVM_REQ_OK`.

Note: This mechanism enables the NVRAM Manager to avoid overwriting of maybe still valid RAM data with outdated NV data.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00246] [The job of the function `NvM_ReadAll` shall validate the configuration ID by comparing the stored NVRAM configuration ID vs. the compiled NVRAM configuration ID.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00669] [`NvM_ReadAll`: The NVRAM block with the block ID 1 (redundant type with CRC) shall be reserved to contain the stored NVRAM configuration ID.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00247] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall process the normal runtime preparation for all configured NVRAM blocks in case of configuration ID match.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00670] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set the error/status information field of the corresponding NVRAM block's administrative block to NVM_REQ_OK in case of configuration ID match.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00305] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall report the extended production error NVM_E_REQ_FAILED to the DEM if the configuration ID cannot be read because of an error detected by one of the subsequent SW layers.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00671] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set the error status field of the reserved NVRAM block to NVM_REQ_INTEGRITY_FAILED if the configuration ID cannot be read because of an error detected by one of the subsequent SW layers. The NvM module shall behave in the same way as if a configuration ID mismatch was detected.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00307] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set the error/status information field of the reserved NVRAM block with ID 1 to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK in the case of configuration ID mismatch.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00306] [In case the NvM module can not read the configuration ID because the corresponding NV blocks are empty or invalidated, the job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall not report an extended production error or a production error to the DEM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00672] [In case the NvM module can not read the configuration ID because the corresponding NV blocks are empty or invalidated, the job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set the error/status information field in this NVRAM block's administrative block to NVM_REQ_NV_INVALIDATED.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00673] [NvM_ReadAll: In case the NvM module can not read the configuration ID because the corresponding NV blocks are empty or invalidated, NVM module shall update the configuration ID from the RAM block assigned to the reserved NVRAM block with ID 1 according to the new (compiled) configuration ID. The NvM module shall behave the same way as if the configuration ID matched.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00248] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall ignore a configuration ID mismatch and behave normal if NvMDynamicConfiguration == FALSE [\[SWS_NvM_00028\]](#).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00249] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall process an extended runtime preparation for all blocks which are configured with

NvMResistantToChangedSw == FALSE and NvMDynamicConfiguration == TRUE and configuration ID mismatch occurs.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00674] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall process the normal runtime preparation of all NVRAM blocks when they are configured with NvMResistantToChangedSw == TRUE and NvMDynamicConfiguration == TRUE and if a configuration ID mismatch occurs.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00314] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall mark every NVRAM block that has been configured with NVM_WRITE_BLOCK_ONCE (TRUE) as write protected if that block is valid and with consistent data. This write protection cannot be cleared by NvM_SetBlockProtection.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00315] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall only invalidate a NVRAM block of management type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT if both NV blocks have been invalidated.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00718] [The NvM module's environment shall use the multi block request NvM_ReadAll to load and validate the content of configured permanent RAM or to do the explicit synchronization for configured blocks during start-up

[\[SWS_NvM_00091\]](#).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00118] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall process only the permanent RAM blocks or call explicit synchronization callback (NvM_ReadRamBlockFromNvm) for blocks which are configured with NvmSelectBlockForReadall == TRUE.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00287] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_BLOCK_SKIPPED for each NVRAM block configured to be processed by the job of the function NvM_ReadAll (NvMSelectBlockForReadAll is checked) and which has not been read during processing of the NvM_ReadAll job.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00426] [If configured by NvMDrvModeSwitch, the job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall switch the mode of each memory device to “fast-mode” before starting to iterate over all user NVRAM blocks.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00427] [If configured by NvMDrvModeSwitch, the job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall switch the mode of each memory device to “slow-mode” after having processed all user NVRAM blocks.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00308] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall restore the default data to the corresponding RAM blocks either if configured by the parameter NvMRomBlockDataAddress or by the parameter NvMInitBlockCallback, and set the

error/status field in the administrative block to NVM_REQ_RESTORED_DEFAULTS when processing the extended runtime preparation.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00309] [When executing the extended runtime preparation, the job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall treat the affected NVRAM blocks as invalid or blank in order to allow rewriting of blocks configured with NVM_BLOCK_WRITE_ONCE == TRUE.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00310] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall update the configuration ID from the RAM block assigned to the reserved NVRAM block with ID 1 according to the new (compiled) configuration ID, mark the NVRAM block to be written during NvM_WriteAll and request a CRC recalculation if a configuration ID mismatch occurs and if the NVRAM block is configured with NvMDynamicConfiguration == TRUE.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00311] [The NvM module shall allow applications to send any request for the reserved NVRAM Block ID 1 if (and only if) NvMDynamicConfiguration is set to TRUE, including NvM_WriteBlock and NvM_WritePRAMBlock.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00312] [The NvM module shall not send a request for invalidation of the reserved configuration ID NVRAM block to the underlying layer, unless requested so by the application. This shall ensure that the NvM module's environment can rely on this block to be only invalidated at the first start-up of the ECU or if desired by the application.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00313] [In case of a Configuration ID match, the job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall not automatically write to the Configuration ID block stored in the reserved NVRAM block 1.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00288] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall initiate a read attempt on the second NV block for each NVRAM block of type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT [\[SWS_NvM_00118\]](#), where the read attempt of the first block fails (see also [SWS_NvM_00531](#)).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00290] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set the block specific request result to NVM_REQ_OK if the job has successfully copied the corresponding NV block from NV memory to RAM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00342] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set the block specific request result to NVM_REQ_NV_INVALIDATED if the MemIf reports MEMIF_BLOCK_INVALID.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00676] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall report no error to the DEM if the MemIf reports MEMIF_BLOCK_INVALID.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00360] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set the block specific request result to NVM_REQ_INTEGRITY_FAILED if:

- the MemIf reports MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT and
- NvMRomBlockDataAddress is not configured (no ROM block with default data is available) for the block and
- NvMInitBlockCallback is not configured (no init callback) for the block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00677] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall report NVM_E_INTEGRITY_FAILED to the DEM if the MemIf reports MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT.] ()

Note: After the production of an ECU / a car, on the production line all blocks shall have been written with valid data (may be default data) and all diagnostic events (errors) shall have been deleted. If the process does not allow to write all NV blocks during production than the NvM will report diagnostic events (errors) because of blocks that were never written and reported as MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT by MemIf.

[SWS_NvM_00361] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set the block specific request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK if:

- the MemIf reports MEMIF_JOB_FAILED and
- NvMRomBlockDataAddress is not configured (no ROM block with default data is available) for the block and
- NvMInitBlockCallback is not configured (no init callback) for the block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00678] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall report NVM_E_REQ_FAILED to the DEM, if the MemIf reports MEMIF_JOB_FAILED.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00291] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set the block specific request result to NVM_REQ_OK if the corresponding block management type is NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT and the function has successfully copied one of the NV blocks from NV memory to RAM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00292] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall request a CRC recalculation over the RAM block data after the copy process [SWS_NvM_00180](#) if the NV block is configured with CRC, , i.e. if NvMCalRamBlockCrC == TRUE for the NV block.]()

[SWS_NvM_00293] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall load the default values to the RAM blocks according to the processing of NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults (also set the corresponding request result to NVM_REQ_RESTORED_DEFAULTS):

- if the recalculated CRC is not equal to the CRC stored in NV memory and if the default values are available, or
- if the blocks are marked as invalid (MemIf reports MEMIF_BLOCK_INVALID) and the default values are available.

] ()

[SWS_NvM_00679] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall load the default values to the RAM blocks according to the processing of NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults (also set the request result to NVM_REQ_RESTORED_DEFAULTS) if the read request passed to the underlying layer fails (MemIf reports MEMIF_JOB_FAILED or MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT) and if the default values are available.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00680] [NvM_ReadAll: If the read request passed to the underlying layer fails and there are no default values available, the job shall leave the RAM blocks invalid.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00294] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall report NVM_E_INTEGRITY_FAILED to the DEM if a CRC mismatch occurs.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00295] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set a block specific request result to NVM_REQ_INTEGRITY_FAILED if:

- a CRC mismatch occurs and
- NvMRomBlockDataAddress is not configured (no ROM block with default data is available) for the block and
- NvMInitBlockCallback is not configured (no init callback) for the block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00302] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall report NVM_E_REQ_FAILED to the DEM if the referenced NVRAM Block is not configured with CRC and the corresponding job process has failed.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00301] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set the multi block request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK if the processing of at least one NVRAM block fails.] ()

Note: When the result of an individual block processing (in the context of a multi-block job) is different than NVM_REQ_OK, the individual block processing (or individual job) is considered as failed.

[SWS_NvM_00281] [If configured by NvMSingleBlockCallback, the job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall call the single block callback after having completely processed a NVRAM block. For the last block, NvMSingleBlockCallback (if configured) is called before MultiBlockCallback.] ()

Note: The idea behind using the single block callbacks also for NvM_ReadAll is to speed up the software initialization process:

- A single-block callback issued from an NvM_ReadAll will result in an RTE event.

- If the RTE is initialized after or during the asynchronous NvM_ReadAll, all or some of these RTE events will get lost because they are overwritten during the RTE initialization (see SWS_Rte_2536).
- After its initialization, the RTE can use the "surviving" RTE events to start software components even before the complete NvM_ReadAll has been finished.
- For those RTE events that got lost during the initialization: the RTE will start those software components and the software components either query the status of the NV block they want to access or request that NV block to be read. This is exactly the same behavior if the single-block callbacks would not be used in NvM_ReadAll.

[SWS_NvM_00251] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall mark a NVRAM block as "valid/unmodified" if NV data has been successfully loaded to the RAM Block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00367] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set a RAM block to valid and assume it to be changed if the job has successfully copied default values to the corresponding RAM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00719] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function NvM_ReadAll.] ()

The DEM shall already be able to accept error notifications.

[SWS_NvM_00968] [The job of the function NvM_ReadAll shall set the block specific request result to NVM_REQ_INTEGRITY_FAILED if:

- the extended runtime preparation is executed for the block
- NvMRomBlockDataAddress is not configured (no ROM block with default data is available) for the block and
- NvMInitBlockCallback is not configured (no init callback) for the block.

]()

[SWS_NvM_00970] [The multi block service NvM_ReadAll shall only be provided by the NvM master.]()

8.1.3.3.2 NvM_WriteAll

[SWS_NvM_00461]

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Service Name | NvM_WriteAll |
| Syntax | void NvM_WriteAll (void) |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x0d |
| Sync/Async | Asynchronous |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant |
| Parameters (in) | None |
| Parameters (inout) | None |
| Parameters (out) | None |
| Return value | None |
| Description | Initiates a multi block write request. |
| Available via | NvM.h |

](SRS_LIBS_08535)

[SWS_NvM_00018] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall synchronize the contents of permanent RAM blocks to their corresponding NV blocks or call explicit synchronization callback (NvM_WriteRamBlockToNvm) on shutdown.]
(SRS_LIBS_08535)

[SWS_NvM_00733] [If NVRAM block ID 1 (which holds the configuration ID of the memory layout) is marked as "to be written during NvM_WriteAll", the job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall write this block in a final step (last write operation) to prevent memory layout mismatch in case of a power loss failure during write operation.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00254] [The function NvM_WriteAll shall signal the request to the NvM module and return. The NVRAM Manager shall defer the processing of the requested WriteAll until all single block job queues are empty.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00549] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall set each proceeding block specific request result for NVRAM blocks and the multi block request result to NVM_REQ_PENDING in advance.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00896] [The job of the function `NvM_WriteAll` shall set the multi block request result to `NVM_REQ_OK` if no NVRAM block processing fails.]
(SRS_Mem_00020)

Note: When the result of an individual block processing (in the context of a multi-block job) is different than `NVM_REQ_OK`, the individual block processing is considered as failed.

[SWS_NvM_00252] [The job of the function `NvM_WriteAll` shall process only the permanent RAM blocks or call explicit synchronization callback (`NvM_WriteRamBlockToNvm`) for all blocks for which the corresponding NVRAM block parameter `NvMSelectBlockForWriteAll` is configured to true.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00430] [If configured by `NvMDrvModeSwitch`, the job of the function `NvM_WriteAll` shall set the mode of each memory device to “fast-mode” before starting to iterate over all non-reserved NVRAM blocks.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00431] [If configured by `NvMDrvModeSwitch`, the job of the function `NvM_WriteAll` shall set the mode of each memory device to “slow-mode” after having processed all non-reserved NVRAM blocks.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00681] [If configured by `NvMDrvModeSwitch`, the job of the function `NvM_WriteAll` shall set the mode of each memory device to “slow-mode” after the function `NvM_CancelWriteAll` has canceled the job.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00432] [The job of the function `NvM_WriteAll` shall check the write-protection for each RAM block in advance.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00682] [The job of the function `NvM_WriteAll` shall check the “valid/modified” state for each RAM block in advance.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00433] [The job of the function `NvM_WriteAll` shall only write the content of a RAM block to its corresponding NV block for non write-protected NVRAM blocks.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00474] [The job of the function `NvM_WriteAll` shall correct the redundant data (if configured) if the redundancy has been lost. In this case the job of the function `NvM_WriteAll` shall ignore write protection for this block in order to be able to repair it.] ()

Note: If NvM implementation detects loss of redundancy during read operation the user (application) should ensure that redundant block is read (e.g. during `NvM_ReadAll` by configuring the block to be read during `NvM_ReadAll`). If the block is not read then the NVM will not be able to correct the redundant block's data.

[SWS_NvM_00434] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall skip every write-protected NVRAM block without error notification.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00750] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall skip every locked NVRAM block without error notification.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00854] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall skip an NVRAM block if the NvMBlockUseCRCCompMechanism attribute is set to true and the RAM block CRC calculated by the write job is equal to the CRC calculated during the last successful read or write job. This mechanism shall not be applied to blocks for which a loss of redundancy has been detected.] (SRS_Mem_00136)

[SWS_NvM_00298] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_BLOCK_SKIPPED for each NVRAM block configured to be processed by the job of the function NvM_WriteAll (NvMSelectBlockForWriteAll is checked) and which has not been written during processing of the NvM_WriteAll job.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00339] [In case of NVRAM block management type NVM_BLOCK_DATASET, the job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall copy only the RAM block to the corresponding NV block which is selected via the data index in the administrative block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00253] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall request a CRC recalculation and renew the CRC from a NVRAM block before writing the data if a CRC is configured for this NVRAM block.] (SRS_LIBS_08535)

[SWS_NvM_00296] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall check the number of write retries by a write retry counter to avoid infinite loops. Each unsuccessful result reported by the MemIf module shall be followed by an increment of the retry counter.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00683] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall set the block specific request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK if the write retry counter becomes greater than the configured NVM_MAX_NUM_OF_WRITE_RETRIES.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00684] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall report NVM_E_REQ_FAILED to the DEM if the write retry counter becomes greater than the configured NVM_MAX_NUM_OF_WRITE_RETRIES.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00762] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall copy the data content of the RAM block to both corresponding NV blocks if the NVRAM block

management type of the processed NVRAM block is NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT.]
()

[SWS_NvM_00763] [If the processed NVRAM block is of type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT the job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall start to copy the data of the RAM block to NV block which has _not_ been read during the jobs started by NvM_ReadBlock, NvM_ReadPRAMBlock or NvM_ReadAll then continue to copy the other NV block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00337] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall set the single block request result to NVM_REQ_OK if the processed NVRAM block is of type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT and at least one of the NV blocks has been written successfully.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00238] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall complete the job in a non-destructive way for the NVRAM block currently being processed if a cancellation of NvM_WriteAll is signaled by a call of NvM_CancelWriteAll.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00237] [The NvM module shall set the multi block request result to NVM_REQ_CANCELED in case of cancellation of NvM_WriteAll.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00685] [NvM_WriteAll: The NvM module shall anyway report the error code condition, due to a failed NVRAM block write, to the DEM.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00318] [The job of the function NvM_WriteAll shall set the multi block request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK if the processing of at least one NVRAM block fails.] ()

Note: When the result of an individual block processing (in the context of a multi-block job) is different than NVM_REQ_OK, the individual block processing is considered as failed.

[SWS_NvM_00329] [If the job of the function NvM_WriteAll has successfully written data to NV memory for a NVRAM block configured with NvMWriteBlockOnce == TRUE, the job shall immediately set the corresponding write protection flag in the administrative block.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00720] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function NvM_WriteAll.] ()

No other multiblock request shall be pending when the NvM module's environment calls the function NvM_WriteAll.

Note: To avoid the situation that in case of redundant NVRAM blocks two different NV blocks are containing different but valid data at the same time, each client of the NvM_WriteAll service may call NvM_InvalidateNvBlock in advance.

[SWS_NvM_00971] The multi block service NvM_WriteAll shall only be provided by the NvM master.]()

8.1.3.3.3 NvM_CancelWriteAll

[SWS_NvM_00458]

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Service Name | NvM_CancelWriteAll |
| Syntax | void NvM_CancelWriteAll (void) |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x0a |
| Sync/Async | Asynchronous |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant |
| Parameters (in) | None |
| Parameters (inout) | None |
| Parameters (out) | None |
| Return value | None |
| Description | Service to cancel a running NvM_WriteAll request. |
| Available via | NvM.h |

](SRS_Mem_08558, SRS_Mem_08540)

[SWS_NvM_00019] The function NvM_CancelWriteAll shall cancel a running NvM_WriteAll request. It shall terminate the NvM_WriteAll request in a way that the data consistency during processing of a single NVRAM block is not compromised](SRS_Mem_08540)

[SWS_NvM_00232] The function NvM_CancelWriteAll shall signal the request to the NvM module and return.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00233] The function NvM_CancelWriteAll shall be without any effect if no NvM_WriteAll request is pending.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00234] The function NvM_CancelWriteAll shall treat multiple requests to cancel a running NvM_WriteAll request as one request, i.e. subsequent requests will be ignored.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00235] [The request result of the function NvM_CancelWriteAll shall be implicitly given by the result of the NvM_WriteAll request to be canceled.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00236] [The function NvM_CancelWriteAll shall only modify the error/status attribute field of the pending blocks to NVM_REQ_CANCELED and for the currently written block after the processing of a single NVRAM block is finished to NVM_REQ_OK or NVM_REQ_NOT_OK depending on the success of the write operation.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00716] [The NvM module's environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function function NvM_CancelWriteAll.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00420] [The function NvM_CancelWriteAll shall signal the NvM module and shall not be queued, i.e. there can be only one pending request of this type.] ()

8.1.3.3.4 NvM_ValidateAll

[SWS_NvM_00855]

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Service Name | NvM_ValidateAll |
| Syntax | void NvM_ValidateAll (void) |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x19 |
| Sync/Async | Asynchronous |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant |
| Parameters (in) | None |
| Parameters (inout) | None |
| Parameters (out) | None |
| Return value | None |
| Description | Initiates a multi block validation request. |
| Available via | NvM.h |

](SRS_Mem_00137)

[SWS_NvM_00856] [If auto validation is configured for an NVRAM Block (NvMBlockUseAutoValidation == TRUE), the function NvM_ValidateAll shall set the RAM Block status to “VALID / CHANGED”.] (SRS_Mem_00137)

[SWS_NvM_00857] [For blocks which meet the conditions of SWS_NvM_00856 and in addition have CRC calculation in RAM configured the function NvM_ValidateAll shall request the recalculation of CRC in the background, i.e. the CRC recalculation shall be processed by the NvM_MainFunction.] (SRS_Mem_00137)

[SWS_NvM_00858] [The function NvM_ValidateAll shall signal the request to the NvM module and return. The NVRAM Manager shall defer the processing of the requested NvM_ValidateAll function until all single block job queues are empty.] (SRS_Mem_00137)

[SWS_NvM_00859] [The NvM module’s environment shall have initialized the NvM module before it calls the function NvM_ValidateAll.] (SRS_Mem_00137)

[SWS_NvM_00860] [The job of the function NvM_ValidateAll shall process only the permanent RAM blocks or call explicit synchronization callback (NvM_WriteRamBlockToNvm) for all blocks for which the corresponding NVRAM Block parameter NvMBlockUseAutoValidation is configured to true.] (SRS_Mem_00137)

[SWS_NvM_00861] [The job of the function NvM_ValidateAll shall set each proceeding block specific request result for NVRAM blocks and the multi block request result to NVM_REQ_PENDING in advance.] (SRS_Mem_00137)

[SWS_NvM_00862] [The job of the function NvM_ValidateAll shall set the block specific request result to NVM_REQ_OK if the RAM block was successfully validated.] (SRS_Mem_00137)

8.1.3.3.5 NvM_FirstInitAll

[SWS_NvM_91001]

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Service Name | NvM_FirstInitAll |
| Syntax | void NvM_FirstInitAll (void) |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x14 |
| Sync/Async | Asynchronous |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant |
| Parameters (in) | None |
| Parameters (inout) | None |
| Parameters (out) | None |
| Return value | None |
| Description | The function initiates a multi block first initialization request. The job of the function does not care if a block exists in the non-volatile memory or not OR if it is valid (i.e. not corrupted) or not, when processing it. |
| Available via | NvM.h |

]()

For each processed block, the job of the function will either write it with default data (if it is not of type DATASET and it has default data) or invalidate the block (if it is of type DATASET or without default data).

The term “default data” means the data from the ROM block (if any) or the one provided inside the InitBlockCallback (if any) by the related block owner.

If NvM_FirstInitAll is called after NvM_ReadAll, then an inconsistency between the NvM user’s expectation of RAM block contents and the actual RAM block contents can occur. Even worse, also concurrent writes to the RAM block content from NvM user side and NvM_FirstInitAll could occur. Hence, calling NvM_FirstInitAll after NvM_ReadAll should generally be avoided.

In light of the above, the following requirements apply:

[SWS_NvM_00912] [The job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll shall also process the block with ID 1 (which holds the configuration ID of the NvM module), if this block has been configured to be processed by it and dynamic configuration is enabled.]

[SWS_NvM_00913]] If a block of type NATIVE that is processed by the NvM_FirstInitAll has default data, the NV block shall be written with its default data.]

[SWS_NvM_00914]] If a NATIVE block that is processed by the NvM_FirstInitAll has neither permanent RAM nor explicit synchronization then that block shall be processed by using the internal NvM buffer as its RAM and, upon processing, its RAM block state shall be left untouched.]

[SWS_NvM_00915]] If a NATIVE block that has either permanent RAM or explicit synchronization is processed by the NvM_FirstInitAll and the block has default data (ROM or Init Callback) then the blocks RAM will be updated with the default data, just like for the processing of a NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults request.]

[SWS_NvM_00916]] If a block of type REDUNDANT that is processed by the NvM_FirstInitAll has default data, both block instances shall be written with that default data.]

[SWS_NvM_00917]] If a REDUNDANT block that is processed by the NvM_FirstInitAll has neither permanent RAM nor explicit synchronization then that block shall be processed by using the internal NvM buffer as its RAM and, upon processing, its RAM block state shall be left untouched.]

[SWS_NvM_00918]] If a REDUNDANT block that has either permanent RAM or explicit synchronization is processed by the NvM_FirstInitAll and the block has default data (ROM or Init Callback) then the blocks RAM will be updated with the default data, just like for the processing of a NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults request.]

[SWS_NvM_00919]] If a block of type NATIVE that is processed by the NvM_FirstInitAll does not have default data, the block shall be invalidated using the same mechanism as for NvM_InvalidateNvBlock.]

[SWS_NvM_00920]] If a block of type REDUNDANT that is processed by the NvM_FirstInitAll does not have default data, both block instances shall be invalidated using the same mechanism as for NvM_InvalidateNvBlock.]

[SWS_NvM_00921]] If a NATIVE block that is processed by the NvM_FirstInitAll has only the Init Callback configured and the return value of the callback is not E_OK then the job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll shall invalidate the block.]

[SWS_NvM_00922]] If a REDUNDANT block that is processed by the NvM_FirstInitAll has only the Init Callback configured and the return value of the callback is not E_OK then the job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll shall invalidate both instances of the block.]

Note: An Init Callback returning something else than E_OK is interpreted as a runtime decision of the block owner not to provide default data via this callback. In this case, in order for the state of the block not to remain ambiguous, it is invalidated.

[SWS_NvM_00923]] The job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll shall invalidate all blocks that are of type DATASET and that have been configured to be processed by it.]

[SWS_NvM_00924]] The job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll shall invalidate all NV block instances of a block of type DATASET, if the block was configured to be processed by it.]

[SWS_NvM_00925]] If the writing of a block of type NATIVE with its default data fails, the job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK.]

[SWS_NvM_00926]] If the writing of a block of type REDUNDANT with its default data fails for both instances, the job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK.]

[SWS_NvM_00927]] If the invalidation of a block of type NATIVE fails, the job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK.]

[SWS_NvM_00928]] If the invalidation of a block of type REDUNDANT fails for at least one of the two block instances, the job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK.]

Note: Since the purpose of the FirstInitAll is to have all selected NvM blocks in a well defined state (either written successfully with the default data or invalidated), if one of the two duplicates of the REDUNDANT block was not invalidated successfully, this has to be known. This is not like the “write” case (see requirements SWS_NvM_00284 and SWS_NvM_00274 for more details).

[SWS_NvM_00929]] If the invalidation of a block of type DATASET fails for at least one of its NV block instances then the job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll shall set the request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK.]

Note: Since the purpose of the FirstInitAll is to have all selected NvM blocks in a well defined state if at least one of the NV block instances of the DATASET block was not invalidated successfully, this has to be known. The NvM_FirstInitAll processing of blocks of type DATASET implies invalidating all NV block instances of all processed blocks of type DATASET.

[SWS_NvM_00930]] Blocks without permanent RAM block and without explicit synchronization can be configured to be processed by the NvM_FirstInitAll.]

[SWS_NvM_00931]] The write protection status of a block shall be completely ignored by the NvM_FirstInitAll functionality.]

Note: The block write protection needs to be handled by the caller of the NvM_FirstInitAll or by the block owner (which must know about the execution of the NvM_FirstInitAll function and related job). This is due to the fact that, upon successful completion of the job of the NvM_FirstInitAll, all selected blocks must have a well known and well defined state.

[SWS_NvM_00932] | The write block once functionality shall not be triggered by NvM_FirstInitAll.]

Note: The reason behind this is to allow the blocks that are Write Once Only to be written via the NvM_WriteBlock API with valid values, after being initialized by the job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll.

[SWS_NvM_00933] | The locked status of a block shall be completely ignored by the NvM_FirstInitAll functionality.]

Note: The block locking needs to be handled by the caller of the NvM_FirstInitAll or by the block owner (which must know about the execution of the NvM_FirstInitAll function and related job). This is due to the fact that, upon successful completion of the job of the NvM_FirstInitAll, all selected blocks must have a well known and well defined state.

[SWS_NvM_00934] | If a block that has either permanent RAM or explicit synchronization has been successfully written into the non-volatile memory by the job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll then its RAM block state shall be set to VALID / UNCHANGED.]

[SWS_NvM_00935] | If a block that has either permanent RAM or explicit synchronization has been successfully invalidated by the job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll then its RAM block state shall be left untouched.]

[SWS_NvM_00936] | The job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll shall not be started while there are single block requests that need to be processed by the NvM module.]

[SWS_NvM_00937] | The job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll, once started, shall not be interrupted by any single block requests except write requests for immediate blocks.]

[SWS_NvM_00938] | If the NvM module is not initialized and the function NvM_FirstInitAll is called, it shall report the Det error NVM_E_UNINIT and return without performing any other activities.]

[SWS_NvM_00939] | If a multi block operation is PENDING and the function NvM_FirstInitAll is called, it shall report the Det error NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING and return without performing any other activities.]

Note: The error NVM_E_BLOCK_PENDING is used to indicate that another multiblock operation is accepted but not completed by NvM. This is due to the fact that the NvM module can only accept and process one multiblock operation at a time.

[SWS_NvM_00940] | The job of the function NvM_FirstInitAll shall set the multi block request result to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK if the processing of at least one NVRAM block fails.]

Note: When the result of an individual block processing (in the context of a multi-block job) is different than NVM_REQ_OK, the individual block processing is considered as failed.

8.1.3.4 Callback notification of the NvM module

[SWS_NvM_00438] [The NvM module shall provide callback functions to be used by the underlying memory abstraction (EEPROM abstraction / FLASH EEPROM Emulation) to signal end of job state with or without error.

] ()

8.1.3.4.1 NVRAM Manager job end notification without error

[SWS_NvM_00462][

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Service Name | NvM_JobEndNotification |
| Syntax | void NvM_JobEndNotification (void) |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x11 |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant |
| Parameters (in) | None |
| Parameters (inout) | None |
| Parameters (out) | None |
| Return value | None |
| Description | Function to be used by the underlying memory abstraction to signal end of job without error. |
| Available via | NvM_MemIf.h |

]()

[SWS_NvM_00111] [The callback function NvM_JobEndNotification is used by the underlying memory abstraction to signal end of job without error.

Note: Successful job end notification of the memory abstraction:

- Read finished & OK
- Write finished & OK
- Erase finished & OK

This routine might be called in interrupt context, depending on the calling function. All memory abstraction modules should be configured to use the same mode

(callback/polling).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00440] [The NvM module shall only provide the callback function NvM_JobEndNotification if polling mode is disabled via NvMPollingMode.

The function NvM_JobEndNotification is affected by the common [\[SWS_NvM_00028\]](#) configuration parameters.] ()

8.1.3.4.2 NVRAM Manager job end notification with error

[SWS_NvM_00463]

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Service Name | NvM_JobErrorNotification |
| Syntax | void NvM_JobErrorNotification (void) |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x12 |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant |
| Parameters (in) | None |
| Parameters (inout) | None |
| Parameters (out) | None |
| Return value | None |
| Description | Function to be used by the underlying memory abstraction to signal end of job with error. |
| Available via | NvM_MemIf.h |

](SRS_Mem_00125)

[SWS_NvM_00112] [The callback function NvM_JobErrorNotification is to be used by the underlying memory abstraction to signal end of job with error.

Note: Unsuccessful job end notification of the memory abstraction:

- Read aborted or failed
- Write aborted or failed
- Erase aborted or failed

This routine might be called in interrupt context, depending on the calling function. All memory abstraction modules should be configured to use the same mode

(callback/polling).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00441] [The NvM module shall only provide the callback function NvM_JobErrorNotification if polling mode is disabled via NvMPollingMode.

The function NvM_JoberrorNotification is affected by the common

[\[SWS_NvM_00028\]](#) configuration parameters.] ()

8.1.3.5 Scheduled functions

These functions are directly called by the Basic Software Scheduler. The following functions shall have no return value and no parameter. All functions shall be non reentrant.

[SWS_NvM_00464]

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Service Name | NvM_MainFunction |
| Syntax | void NvM_MainFunction (void) |
| Service ID [hex] | 0x0e |
| Description | Service for performing the processing of the NvM jobs. |
| Available via | SchM_NvM.h |

|(SRS_BSW_00425, SRS_BSW_00373, SRS_BSW_00172)

[SWS_NvM_00256] [The function NvM_MainFunction shall perform the processing of the NvM module jobs.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00333] [The function NvM_MainFunction shall perform the CRC recalculation if requested for a NVRAM block in addition to [SWS_NvM_00256](#).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00334] [The NvM module shall only start writing of a block (i.e. hand over the job to the lower layers) after CRC calculation for this block has been finished.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00257] [The NvM module shall only do/start job processing, queue management and CRC recalculation if the NvM_Init function has internally set an “INIT DONE” signal.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00258] [The function NvM_MainFunction shall restart a destructively canceled request caused by an immediate priority request after the NvM module has processed the immediate priority request [\[SWS_NvM_00182\]](#).] ()

[SWS_NvM_00259] [The function NvM_MainFunction shall supervise the immediate priority queue (if configured) regarding the existence of immediate priority requests.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00346] [If polling mode is enabled, the function NvM_MainFunction shall check the status of the requested job sent to the lower layer.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00347] [If callback routines are configured, the function NvM_MainFunction shall call callback routines to the upper layer after completion of an asynchronous service.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00350] [In case of processing an NvM_WriteAll multi block request, the function NvM_MainFunction shall not call callback routines to the upper layer as long as the service MemIf_GetStatus returns MEMIF_BUSY_INTERNAL for the reserved device ID MEMIF_BROADCAST_ID [7]. For this purpose (status is MEMIF_BUSY_INTERNAL), the function NvM_MainFunction shall cyclically poll the status of the Memory Hardware Abstraction independent of being configured for polling or callback mode.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00349] [The function NvM_MainFunction shall return immediately if no further job processing is possible.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00721] [NVRAM blocks with immediate priority are not expected to be configured to have a CRC.] ()

8.1.4 Expected Interfaces

In this chapter, all interfaces required by other modules are listed.

[SWS_NvM_00969] The NvM shall call the expected interface in the same partition context to which its functionality is mapped:

- The master partition for all general functionality, not directly related to an individual NV block
- The corresponding satellite partition for all functionality directly related to an individual NV block]()

8.1.4.1 Mandatory Interfaces

The following table defines all interfaces which are required to fulfill the core functionality of the module.

[SWS_NvM_00465]

| <i>API Function</i> | <i>Header File</i> | <i>Description</i> |
|----------------------------|--------------------|---|
| MemIf_Cancel | MemIf.h | Invokes the "Cancel" function of the underlying memory abstraction module selected by the parameter DeviceIndex. |
| MemIf_Erase-ImmediateBlock | MemIf.h | Invokes the "EraseImmediateBlock" function of the underlying memory abstraction module selected by the parameter DeviceIndex. |
| MemIf_GetJob-Result | MemIf.h | Invokes the "GetJobResult" function of the underlying memory abstraction module selected by the parameter DeviceIndex. |
| MemIf_GetStatus | MemIf.h | Invokes the "GetStatus" function of the underlying memory abstraction module selected by the parameter DeviceIndex. |
| MemIf_Invalidate-Block | MemIf.h | Invokes the "InvalidateBlock" function of the underlying memory abstraction module selected by the parameter DeviceIndex. |
| MemIf_Read | MemIf.h | Invokes the "Read" function of the underlying memory abstraction module selected by the parameter DeviceIndex. |
| MemIf_Write | MemIf.h | Invokes the "Write" function of the underlying memory abstraction module selected by the parameter DeviceIndex. |

](SRS_BSW_00383, SRS_BSW_00384)

8.1.4.2 Optional Interfaces

The following table defines all interfaces which are required to fulfill an optional functionality of the module.

[SWS_NvM_00466]

| <i>API Function</i> | <i>Header File</i> | <i>Description</i> |
|---------------------|--------------------|--|
| Crc_- | Crc.h | This service makes a CRC16 calculation on Crc_Length data bytes. |

| | | |
|----------------------|---------|--|
| CalculateC-RC16 | | |
| Crc_-CalculateC-RC32 | Crc.h | This service makes a CRC32 calculation on Crc_Length data bytes. |
| Crc_-CalculateC-RC8 | Crc.h | This service makes a CRC8 calculation on Crc_Length data bytes, with SAE J1850 parameters |
| Dem_Set-EventStatus | Dem.h | Called by SW-Cs or BSW modules to report monitor status information to the Dem. BSW modules calling Dem_SetEventStatus can safely ignore the return value. This API will be available only if ({Dem/DemConfigSet/DemEventParameter/DemEventReportingType} == STANDARD_REPORTING) |
| Det_Report-Error | Det.h | Service to report development errors. |
| MemIf_Set-Mode | MemIf.h | Invokes the "SetMode" functions of all underlying memory abstraction modules. |

](SRS_BSW_00383, SRS_BSW_00384)

8.1.4.3 Configurable interfaces

In this chapter, all interfaces are listed for which the target function can be configured. The target function is usually a callback function. The names of these interfaces are not fixed because they are configurable.

[SWS_NvM_00113] 「The notification of a caller via an asynchronous callback routine (NvMSingleBlockCallback) shall be optionally configurable for all NV blocks (see ECUC_NvM_00061).」()

[SWS_NvM_00740] [If a callback is configured for a NVRAM block, every asynchronous block request to the block itself shall be terminated with an invocation of the callback routine.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00742] [If no callback is configured for a NVRAM block, there shall be no asynchronous notification of the caller in case of an asynchronous block request.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00260] [A common callback entry (NvMMultiBlockCallback) which is not bound to any NVRAM block shall be optionally configurable for all asynchronous multi block requests (including NvM_CancelWriteAll).] ()

8.1.4.3.1 Single block job end notification

[SWS_NvM_00467]

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Service Name | NvM_SingleBlockCallbackFunction | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_SingleBlockCallbackFunction (NvM_BlockRequestType BlockRequest, NvM_RequestResultType JobResult) | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | BlockRequest | The request type (read, write, ... etc.) of the previous processed block job |
| | JobResult | The request result of the previous processed block job. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_Return-Type | E_OK: callback function has been processed successfully any other: callback function has been processed unsuccessfully |
| Description | Per block callback routine to notify the upper layer that an asynchronous single block request has been finished. | |
| Available via | NvM_Externals.h | |

[(SRS_BSW_00457, SRS_BSW_00360, SRS_BSW_00333)]

Note: The following requirements are related to the above mentioned callback [SWS_NVM_00176](#), [SWS_NVM_00281](#), [SWS_NvM_00113](#) and [ECUC_NvM_00506](#).

Note: Please refer to NvMSingleBlockCallback in chapter 10. The Single block job end notification might be called in interrupt context only if there is no callback configured in NvM that belongs to a SW-C.

8.1.4.3.2 Multi block job end notification

[SWS_NvM_00468]

| | | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Service Name | NvM_MultiBlockCallbackFunction | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_MultiBlockCallbackFunction (NvM_MultiBlockRequestType MultiBlockRequest, NvM_RequestResultType JobResult) | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant | |

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Parameters (in) | MultiBlock Request | The request type (read, write, ... etc.) of the previous processed multi block job |
| | JobResult | The request result of the previous processed multi block job. |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: callback function has been processed successfully any other: callback function has been processed unsuccessfully |
| Description | Common callback routine to notify the upper layer that an asynchronous multi block request has been finished. | |
| Available via | NvM_Externals.h | |

](SRS_BSW_00457, SRS_BSW_00360, SRS_BSW_00333)

Note: The following requirements are related to the above mentioned callback
[SWS_NVM_00179](#), [SWS_NVM_00260](#) and [ECUC_NvM_00500](#).

Note: Please refer to NvMMultiBlockCallback in chapter 10. The Multi block job end notification might be called in interrupt context, depending on the calling function.

8.1.4.3.3 Callback function for block initialization

[SWS_NvM_00469]

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Service Name | NvM_InitBlockCallbackFunction | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_InitBlockCallbackFunction (NvM_InitBlockRequestType InitBlockRequest) | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | InitBlockRequest | The request type (read, restore, ... etc.) of the currently processed block |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: callback function has been processed successfully any other: callback function has been processed unsuccessfully |
| Description | Per block callback routine which shall be called by the NvM module when default data needs to be restored in RAM, and a ROM block is not configured. | |

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| Available via | NvM_Externals.h |
|----------------------|-----------------|

⌋(SRS_BSW_00457, SRS_BSW_00360, SRS_BSW_00333)

Note: The following requirements are related to the above mentioned callback:

[SWS_NvM_00085](#), [SWS_NvM_00266](#), [SWS_NvM_00817](#) and [ECUC_NvM_00116](#).

[SWS_NvM_00369] ⌋If the Init block callback returns a value different than E_OK then the request result shall be set to NVM_REQ_NOT_OK.

Note: The Init block callback is called either if a read request for a block failed in retrieving the data from the non-volatile memory or if explicit default data recovery is requested. Either way, if the Init block callback does not indicate E_OK, the read/restore default operation has failed completely and the request result needs to reflect this. ⌋ ()

Note: Please refer to NvMInitBlockCallback in chapter 10. The init block callback function might be called in interrupt context only if there is no callback configured in NvM that belongs to a SW-C.

[SWS_NvM_00967]⌈ If the block is configured with CalcRamBlockCrc and if the return value for NvMInitBlockCallback is E_OK then NvM shall synchronize the data with the NvM mirror before calculating the CRC over it. (SRS_Mem_08538, SRS_LIBS_08533, SRS_Mem_00016, SRS_Mem_00018)⌋()

8.1.4.3.4 Callback function for RAM to NvM copy

[SWS_NvM_00539]

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Service Name | NvM_WriteRamBlockToNvm | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_WriteRamBlockToNvm (void* NvMBuffer) | |
| Service ID [hex] | | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | None | |
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | NvMBuffer | the address of the buffer where the data shall be written to |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: callback function has been processed successfully any other: callback function has been processed unsuccessfully |
| Description | Block specific callback routine which shall be called in order to let the application copy data from RAM block to NvM module's mirror. | |
| Available via | NvM_Externals.h | |

](SRS_BSW_00457)

[SWS_NvM_00541] [The RAM to NvM copy callback shall be a function pointer.] ()

Note: Please refer to NvMWriteRamBlockToNvCallback in chapter 10.

8.1.4.3.5 Callback function for NvM to RAM copy

[SWS_NvM_00540]

| | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| Service Name | NvM_ReadRamBlockFromNvm | |
| Syntax | Std_ReturnType NvM_ReadRamBlockFromNvm (const void* NvMBuffer) | |
| Service ID [hex] | | |
| Sync/Async | Synchronous | |
| Reentrancy | Non Reentrant | |
| Parameters (in) | NvMBuffer | the address of the buffer where the data can be read from |

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Parameters (inout) | None | |
| Parameters (out) | None | |
| Return value | Std_ReturnType | E_OK: callback function has been processed successfully any other: callback function has been processed unsuccessfully |
| Description | Block specific callback routine which shall be called in order to let the application copy data from NvM module's mirror to RAM block. | |
| Available via | NvM_Externals.h | |

](SRS_LIBS_08533, SRS_BSW_00457)

[SWS_NvM_00542] [The NvM to RAM copy callback shall be a function pointer.] ()

Note: Please refer to NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback in chapter 10.

8.1.5 API Overview

| Request Types | Characteristics of Request Types |
|---|---|
| Type 1: - NvM_SetDataIndex (...) - NvM_GetDataIndex (...) - NvM_SetBlockProtection (...) - NvM_GetErrorStatus(...) - NvM_SetRamBlockStatus(...) | - synchronous request - affects one RAM block - available for all SW-Cs |
| Type 2: - NvM_ReadBlock(...) - NvM_WriteBlock(...) - NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults(...) - NvM_EraseNvBlock(...) - NvM_InvalidateNvBlock(...) - NvM_CancelJobs(...) - NvM_ReadPRAMBlock(...) - NvM_WritePRAMBlock(...) - NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults(...) | - asynchronous request (result via callback or polling) - affects one NVRAM block - handled by NVRAM manager task via request list - available for all SW-Cs |
| Type 3: - NvM_ReadAll(...) - NvM_WriteAll(...) - NvM_CancelWriteAll(...) - NvM_ValidateAll(...) | - asynchronous request (result via callback or polling) - affects all NVRAM blocks with permanent RAM data |
| Type 4: - NvM_Init(...) | - synchronous request - basic initialization - success signaled to the task via command interface inside the function itself |

8.2 Service Interfaces

This chapter is an addition to the specification of the NvM module. Whereas the other parts of the specification define the behavior and the C-interfaces of the corresponding basic software module, this chapter formally specifies the corresponding AUTOSAR service in terms of the SWC template. The interfaces described here will be visible on the VFB and are used to generate the RTE between application software and the NvM module.

8.2.1 Client-Server-Interfaces

8.2.1.1 NvM_Admin

[SWS_NvM_00737]

| | | | |
|------------------------|----------|----------|----------------------|
| Name | NvMAdmin | | |
| Comment | -- | | |
| IsService | true | | |
| Variation | -- | | |
| Possible Errors | 0 | E_OK | Operation successful |
| | 1 | E_NOT_OK | Operation failed |

| | | |
|------------------------|--|---------|
| Operation | SetBlockProtection | |
| Comment | Service for setting/resetting the write protection for a NV block. | |
| Variation | FOR configClass : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMCommon/NvMApiConfigClass"); LET isConfigClass3 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_3"; WHERE isConfigClass3; | |
| Parameters | ProtectionEnabled | |
| | Type | boolean |
| | Direction | IN |
| | Comment | -- |
| | Variation | -- |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK | |

]()

8.2.1.2 NvM_Mirror

[SWS_NvM_00738]

| | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|----------|----------------------|
| Name | NvMMirror | | |
| Comment | -- | | |
| IsService | true | | |
| Variation | -- | | |
| Possible Errors | 0 | E_OK | Operation successful |
| | 1 | E_NOT_OK | Operation failed |

| | | |
|------------------------|--|---|
| Operation | ReadRamBlockFromNvM | |
| Comment | Block specific callback routine which shall be called in order to let the application copy data from NvM module's mirror to RAM block. | |
| Variation | -- | |
| Parameters | SrcPtr | |
| | Type | ConstVoidPtr |
| | Direction | IN |
| | Comment | The parameter "SrcPtr" shall be typed by an ImplementationDataType of category DATA_REFERENCE with the pointer target void to pass an address (pointer) to the RAM Block. |
| | Variation | -- |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK | |

| | | |
|------------------------|--|---|
| Operation | WriteRamBlockToNvM | |
| Comment | Block specific callback routine which shall be called in order to let the application copy data from RAM block to NvM module's mirror. | |
| Variation | -- | |
| Parameters | DstPtr | |
| | Type | VoidPtr |
| | Direction | IN |
| | Comment | The parameter "DstPtr" shall be typed by an ImplementationDataType of category DATA_REFERENCE with the pointer target void to pass an address (pointer) to the RAM Block. |
| | Variation | -- |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK | |

l()

8.2.1.3 NvM_NotifyInitBlock

[SWS_NvM_00736]

| | | | |
|------------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Name | NvMNotifyInitBlock | | |
| Comment | Callback that is called by the NvM module when default data needs to be restored to the RAM image | | |
| IsService | true | | |
| Variation | -- | | |
| Possible Errors | 0 | E_OK | RAM block content was updated |
| | 1 | RTE_E_RAM_UNCHANGED | RAM block content was not changed |

| | | |
|------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Operation | InitBlock | |
| Comment | This callback is called if the initialization of a block has completed. | |
| Variation | -- | |
| Parameters | InitBlockRequest | |
| | Type | NvM_InitBlockRequestType |
| | Direction | IN |
| | Comment | -- |
| | Variation | -- |
| Possible Errors | -- | |

l()

8.2.1.4 NvM_NotifyJobFinished

[SWS_NvM_00735]

| | | | |
|------------------------|---|------|----------------------|
| Name | NvMNotifyJobFinished | | |
| Comment | Callback that is called when a job has finished | | |
| IsService | true | | |
| Variation | -- | | |
| Possible Errors | 0 | E_OK | Operation successful |

| | | |
|------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Operation | JobFinished | |
| Comment | Callback that gets called if a job has finished | |
| Variation | -- | |
| Parameters | BlockRequest | |
| | Type | NvM_BlockRequestType |
| | Direction | IN |
| | Comment | -- |
| | Variation | -- |
| | JobResult | |
| | Type | NvM_RequestResultType |
| | Direction | IN |
| | Comment | -- |
| | Variation | -- |
| Possible Errors | E_OK | |

()

8.2.1.5 NvM_Service

[SWS_NvM_00734]

| | | | |
|------------------------|------------|----------|----------------------|
| Name | NvMService | | |
| Comment | -- | | |
| IsService | true | | |
| Variation | -- | | |
| Possible Errors | 0 | E_OK | Operation successful |
| | 1 | E_NOT_OK | Operation failed |

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Operation | EraseBlock |
| Comment | Service to erase a NV block. |
| Variation | FOR configClass : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMCommon/NvMApiConfigClass"); LET isConfigClass3 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_3"; WHERE isConfigClass3; |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK |

| | | |
|------------------------|--|-------|
| Operation | GetDataIndex | |
| Comment | Service for getting the currently set DataIndex of a dataset NVRAM block | |
| Variation | FOR configClass : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMCommon/NvMApiConfigClass"); LET isConfigClass2 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_2"; WHERE isConfigClass2; | |
| Parameters | DataIndex | |
| | Type | uint8 |
| | Direction | OUT |
| | Comment | -- |
| | Variation | -- |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK | |

| | | |
|------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Operation | GetErrorStatus | |
| Comment | Service to read the block dependent error/status information. | |
| Variation | -- | |
| Parameters | RequestResult | |
| | Type | NvM_RequestResultType |
| | Direction | OUT |
| | Comment | -- |
| | Variation | -- |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK | |

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Operation | InvalidateNvBlock |
| Comment | Service to invalidate a NV block. |
| Variation | FOR configClass : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMCommon/NvMApiConfigClass"); LET isConfigClass3 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_3"; WHERE isConfigClass3; |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK |

| | | |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Operation | ReadBlock | |
| Comment | Service to copy the data of the NV block to its corresponding RAM block. | |
| Variation | FOR configClass : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMCommon/NvMApiConfigClass"); LET isConfigClass2 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_2"; isConfigClass3 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_3"; WHERE isConfigClass2 OR isConfigClass3; | |
| Parameters | DstPtr | |
| | Type | VoidPtr |
| | Direction | IN |
| | Comment | The parameter "DstPtr" shall be typed by an ImplementationDataType of category DATA_REFERENCE with the pointer target void to pass an address (pointer) to the RAM Block. |
| | Variation | -- |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK | |

| | | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Operation | ReadPRAMBlock | |
| Comment | -- | |
| Variation | FOR configClass : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMCommon/NvMApiConfigClass"); LET isConfigClass2 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_2"; isConfigClass3 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_3"; WHERE isConfigClass2 OR isConfigClass3; | |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK | |

| | |
|------------------|----------------------|
| Operation | RestoreBlockDefaults |
|------------------|----------------------|

| | | |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Comment | Service to restore the default data to its corresponding RAM block. | |
| Variation | FOR configClass : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMCommon/NvMApiConfigClass"); LET isConfigClass2 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_2"; isConfigClass3 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_3"; WHERE isConfigClass2 OR isConfigClass3; | |
| Parameters | DstPtr | |
| | Type | VoidPtr |
| | Direction | IN |
| | Comment | The parameter "DstPtr" shall be typed by an ImplementationDataType of category DATA_REFERENCE with the pointer target void to pass an address (pointer) to the RAM Block. |
| | Variation | -- |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK | |

| | | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Operation | RestorePRAMBlockDefaults | |
| Comment | -- | |
| Variation | FOR configClass : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMCommon/NvMApiConfigClass"); LET isConfigClass2 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_2"; isConfigClass3 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_3"; WHERE isConfigClass2 OR isConfigClass3; | |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK | |

| | | |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Operation | SetDataIndex | |
| Comment | Service for setting the DataIndex of a dataset NVRAM block. | |
| Variation | FOR configClass : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMCommon/NvMApiConfigClass"); LET isConfigClass2 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_2"; isConfigClass3 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_3"; blockMgmTypes = ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor/NvMBlockManagementType"); isMgd(mgmtType) = mgmtType.value() == "NVM_BLOCK_DATASET"; datasetMgdCount = blockMgmTypes.filter(isMgd).count(); WHERE (isConfigClass2 OR isConfigClass3) AND (datasetMgdCount GT 0); | |
| Parameters | DataIndex | |

| | | |
|------------------------|------------------|-------|
| | Type | uint8 |
| | Direction | IN |
| | Comment | -- |
| | Variation | -- |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK | |

| | | |
|------------------------|--|---------|
| Operation | SetRamBlockStatus | |
| Comment | Service for setting the RAM block status of an NVRAM block. | |
| Variation | LET nvmBlockUseSetRamBlockStatus = ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor/ NvMBlockUseSetRamBlockStatus"); useSetRamBlockStatus(useApi) = useApi.value() == true; useSetRamBlockStatusCount = nvmBlockUseSetRamBlockStatus.filter(useSet RamBlockStatus).count(); WHERE (useSetRamBlockStatusCount GT 0); | |
| Parameters | BlockChanged | |
| | Type | boolean |
| | Direction | IN |
| | Comment | -- |
| | Variation | -- |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK | |

| | | |
|-------------------|---|---|
| Operation | WriteBlock | |
| Comment | Service to copy the data of the RAM block to its corresponding NV block. | |
| Variation | FOR configClass : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMCommon/NvMApiConfigClass"); LET isConfigClass2 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_2"; isConfigClass3 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_3"; WHERE isConfigClass2 OR isConfigClass3; | |
| Parameters | SrcPtr | |
| | Type | ConstVoidPtr |
| | Direction | IN |
| | Comment | The parameter "SrcPtr" shall be typed by an ImplementationDataType of category DATA_REFERENCE with the pointer target void to pass an address (pointer) to the RAM Block. |

| | | |
|------------------------|------------------|----|
| | Variation | -- |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK | |

| | | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Operation | WritePRAMBlock | |
| Comment | -- | |
| Variation | FOR configClass : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMCommon/NvMApiConfigClass"); LET isConfigClass2 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_2"; isConfigClass3 = configClass.value() == "NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_3"; WHERE isConfigClass2 OR isConfigClass3; | |
| Possible Errors | E_OK E_NOT_OK | |

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8.2.2 Implementation Data Types

8.2.2.1 ImplementationDataType NvM_RequestResultType

[SWS_NvM_00470]

| | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|------|--|
| Name | NvM_RequestResultType | | |
| Kind | Type | | |
| Derived from | uint8 | | |
| Range | NVM_REQ_OK | 0x00 | The last asynchronous request has been finished successfully. This shall be the default value after reset. This status shall have the value 0. |
| | NVM_REQ_NOT_OK | 0x01 | The last asynchronous read/write/control request has been finished unsuccessfully. |
| | NVM_REQ_PENDING | 0x02 | An asynchronous read/write/control request is currently pending. |
| | NVM_REQ_INTEGRITY_FAILED | 0x03 | The result of the last asynchronous request NvM_ReadBlock or NvM_ReadAll is a data integrity failure. Note: In case of NvM_ReadBlock the content of the RAM block has changed but has become invalid. The application is responsible to renew and validate the RAM block content. |
| | NVM_REQ_BLOCK_SKIPPED | 0x04 | The referenced block was skipped during execution of NvM_ReadAll or NvM_WriteAll, e.g. Dataset NVRAM blocks (NvM_ReadAll) or NVRAM blocks without a permanently |

| | | | |
|----------------------|---|------|---|
| | | | configured RAM block. |
| | NVM_REQ_NV_INVALIDATED | 0x05 | The referenced NV block is invalidated. |
| | NVM_REQ_CANCELED | 0x06 | The multi block request NvM_WriteAll was canceled by calling NvM_CancelWriteAll. Or Any single block job request (NvM_ReadBlock, NvM_WriteBlock, NvM_EraseNvBlock, NvM_InvalidateNvBlock and NvM_RestoreBlock Defaults) was canceled by calling NvM_CancelJobs. |
| | NVM_REQ_RESTORED_DEFAULTS | 0x08 | The referenced NV block had the default values copied to the RAM image. |
| Description | This is an asynchronous request result returned by the API service NvM_GetErrorStatus. The availability of an asynchronous request result can be additionally signaled via a callback function. | | |
| Variation | -- | | |
| Available via | Rte_NvM_Type.h | | |

()

8.2.2.2 ImplementationDataType NvM_BlockIdType

[SWS_NvM_00471]

| | | | |
|----------------------|---|----|----|
| Name | NvM_BlockIdType | | |
| Kind | Type | | |
| Derived from | uint16 | | |
| Range | 0..2 ^(16- NvMDatasetSelectionBits) -1 | -- | -- |
| Description | Identification of a NVRAM block via a unique block identifier. Reserved NVRAM block IDs: 0 -> to derive multi block request results via NvM_GetErrorStatus 1 -> redundant NVRAM block which holds the configuration ID | | |
| Variation | -- | | |
| Available via | Rte_NvM_Type.h | | |

()

8.2.2.3 ImplementationDataType NvM_InitBlockRequestType

[SWS_NvM_91123]

| | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Name | NvM_InitBlockRequestType | | |
| Kind | Type | | |
| Derived | uint8 | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------|---|------|--|
| from | | | |
| Range | NVM_INIT_READ_BLOCK | 0x00 | NvM_ReadBlock/ NvM_ReadPRAMBlock is requested on the block |
| | NVM_INIT_RESTORE_BLOCK_DEFAULTS | 0x01 | NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults/ NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults is requested on the block |
| | NVM_INIT_READ_ALL_BLOCK | 0x02 | NvM_ReadAll is processing this block |
| | NVM_INIT_FIRST_INIT_ALL | 0x03 | NvM_FirstInitAll is processing this block |
| Description | Identifies the type of request performed on a block when signaled via the callback function | | |
| Variation | -- | | |
| Available via | Rte_NvM_Type.h | | |

()

8.2.2.4 ImplementationDataType NvM_BlockRequestType

[SWS NvM_91002][

| | | | |
|---------------------|---|------|---|
| Name | NvM_BlockRequestType | | |
| Kind | Type | | |
| Derived from | uint8 | | |
| Range | NVM_READ_BLOCK | 0x00 | NvM_ReadBlock/ NvM_ReadPRAMBlock was performed on the block |
| | NVM_WRITE_BLOCK | 0x01 | NvM_WriteBlock/ NvM_WritePRAMBlock was performed on the block |
| | NVM_RESTORE_BLOCK_DEFAULTS | 0x02 | NvM_RestoreBlockDefaults/ NvM_RestorePRAMBlockDefaults was performed on the block |
| | NVM_ERASE_NV_BLOCK | 0x03 | NvM_EraseNvBlock was performed on the block |
| | NVM_INVALIDATE_NV_BLOCK | 0x04 | NvM_InvalidateNvBlock was performed on the block |
| | NVM_READ_ALL_BLOCK | 0x05 | NvM_ReadAll has finished processing this block |
| Description | Identifies the type of request performed on a block when signaled via the callback function | | |
| Variation | -- | | |
| Available | Rte_NvM_Type.h | | |

| | |
|------------|--|
| <i>via</i> | |
|------------|--|

]()

Note: Calling the single block callback with NVM_READ_ALL_BLOCK can be used to trigger an RTE Event that initializes a SW-C (see note below SWS_NvM_00281) as opposed to calling the single block callback with NVM_READ_BLOCK which is used to notify an already initialized SW-C of the result of a pending read block job. Therefore separate literals/values are specified.

8.2.3 Ports

8.2.3.1 NvM_PAdmin_{Block}

[SWS_NvM_00843][

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|----------|
| Name | PAdmin_{Block} | | |
| Kind | Provided Port | Interface | NvMAdmin |
| Description | -- | | |
| Port Defined Argument Value(s) | Type | NvM_BlockIdType | |
| | Value | FOR nvBlockDescriptor : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor"); LET Block = nvBlockDescriptor.shortname(); BlockId = nvBlockDescriptor.subElt("NvMNvramBlockIdentifier").value(); | |
| Variation | FOR nvBlockDescriptor : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor"); LET Block = nvBlockDescriptor.shortname(); UsePort = nvBlockDescriptor.subElt("NvMBlockUsePort").value() == true; WHERE UsePort; | | |

]()

8.2.3.2 NvM_PM_{Block}

[SWS_NvM_00844][

| | |
|-------------|------------|
| Name | PM_{Block} |
|-------------|------------|

| Kind | RequiredPort | Interface | NvMMirror |
|-------------|--|-----------|-----------|
| Description | -- | | |
| Variation | FOR nvBlockDescriptor : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor"); LET Block = nvBlockDescriptor.shortname(); UsePort = nvBlockDescriptor.subElt("NvMBlockUsePort").value() == true; UsePortSyncMech = nvBlockDescriptor.subElt("NvMBlockUseSyncMechanism").value() == true; WHERE UsePort AND UsePortSyncMech; | | |

()

8.2.3.3 NvM_PNIB_{Block}

[SWS_NvM_00845]

| Name | PNIB_{Block} | | |
|-------------|---|-----------|--------------------|
| Kind | RequiredPort | Interface | NvMNotifyInitBlock |
| Description | -- | | |
| Variation | FOR nvBlockDescriptor : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor"); LET Block = nvBlockDescriptor.shortname(); UsePort = nvBlockDescriptor.subElt("NvMBlockUsePort").value() == true; InitBlockCallbackDef = nvBlockDescriptor.subElt("NvMInitBlockCallback").isDefined(); InitBlockCallbackFncDef = nvBlockDescriptor.subElt("NvMInitBlockCallback/NvMInitBlockCallbackFnc").isDefined(); WHERE UsePort AND InitBlockCallbackDef AND NOT InitBlockCallbackFncDef; | | |

()

8.2.3.4 NvM_PNJF_{Block}

[SWS_NvM_00846]

| Name | PNJF_{Block} | | |
|-------------|--|-----------|----------------------|
| Kind | RequiredPort | Interface | NvMNotifyJobFinished |
| Description | -- | | |
| Variation | FOR nvBlockDescriptor : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor"); LET Block = nvBlockDescriptor.shortname(); UsePort = nvBlockDescriptor.subElt("NvMBlockUsePort").value() == true; SingleBlockCallbackDef = nvBlockDescriptor.subElt("NvMSingleBlockCallback").isDefined(); SingleBlockCallbackFncDef = nvBlockDescriptor.subElt("NvMSingleBlockCallback/NvMSingleBlockCallbackFnc").isDefined(); WHERE | | |

| | |
|--|---|
| | UsePort AND SingleBlockCallbackDef AND NOT SingleBlockCallbackFncDef; |
|--|---|

})();

8.2.3.5 NvM_PS_{Block}

[SWS_NvM_00847]

| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|------------|
| Name | PS_{Block} | | |
| Kind | Provided Port | Interface | NvMService |
| Description | -- | | |
| Port Defined Argument Value(s) | Type | NvM_BlockIdType | |
| | Value | FOR nvBlockDescriptor : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor"); LET Block = nvBlockDescriptor.shortname(); BlockId = nvBlockDescriptor.subElt("NvMNvramBlockIdentifier").value(); | |
| Variation | FOR nvBlockDescriptor : ECV.subEltList("NvM/NvMBlockDescriptor"); LET Block = nvBlockDescriptor.shortname(); UsePort = nvBlockDescriptor.subElt("NvMBlockUsePort").value() == true; WHERE UsePort; | | |

})();

9 Sequence Diagrams

9.1 Synchronous calls

9.1.1 NvM_Init

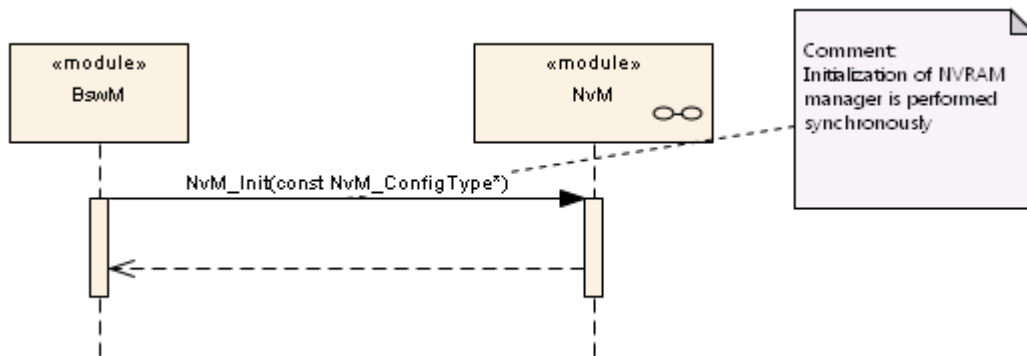


Figure 11: UML sequence diagram NvM_Init

9.1.2 NvM_SetDataIndex

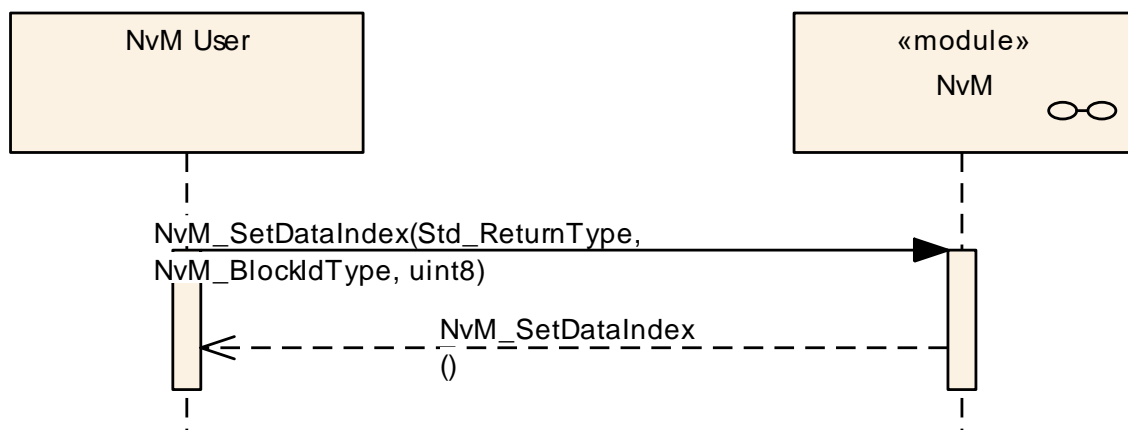


Figure 12: UML sequence diagram NvM_SetDataIndex

9.1.3 NvM_GetDataIndex

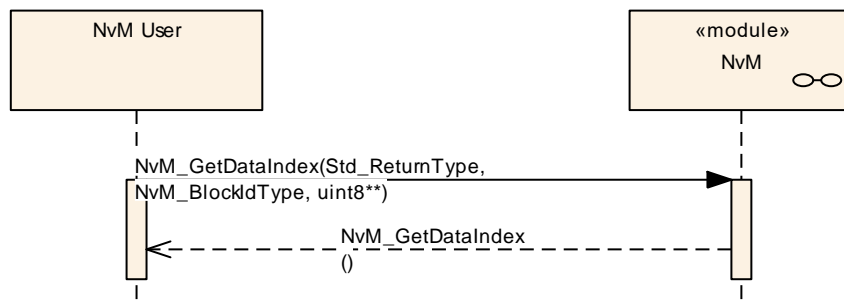


Figure 13: UML sequence diagram NvM_GetDataIndex

9.1.4 NvM_SetBlockProtection

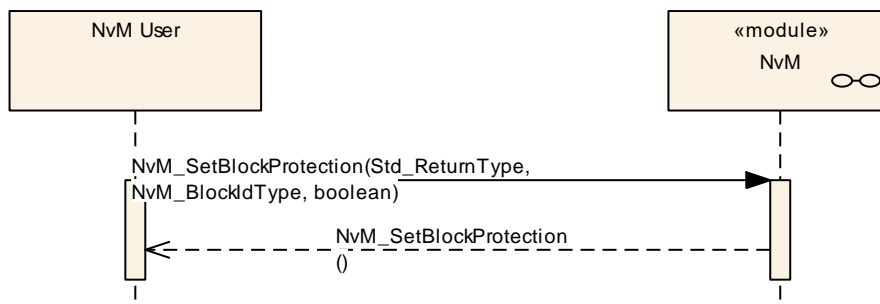


Figure 14: UML sequence diagram NvM_SetBlockProtection

9.1.5 NvM_GetErrorStatus

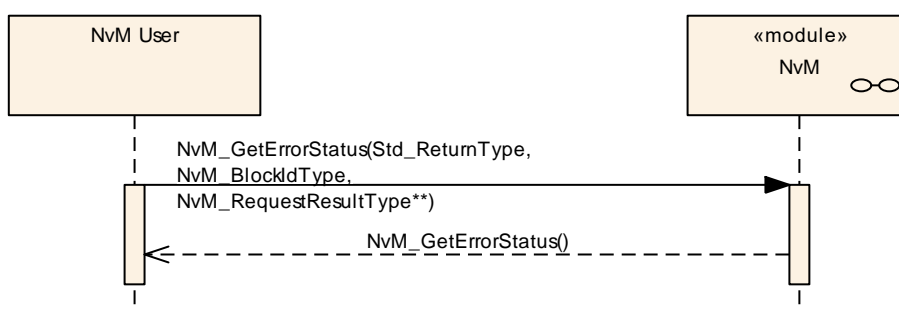


Figure 15: UML sequence diagram NvM_GetErrorStatus

9.1.6 NvM_GetVersionInfo

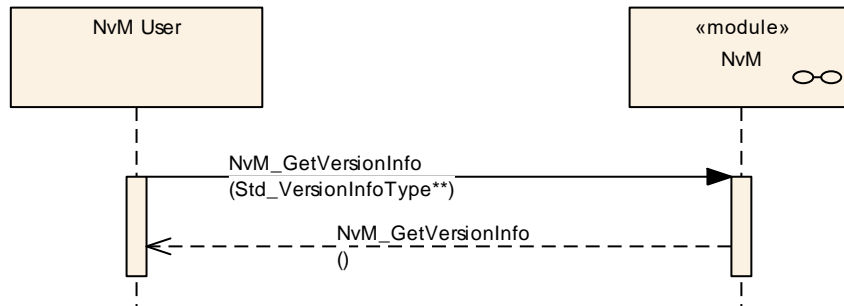


Figure 16: UML sequence diagram NvM_GetVersionInfo

9.2 Asynchronous calls

The following sequence diagrams concentrate on the interaction between the NvM module and SW-C's or the BSW Mode Manager. For interaction regarding the Memory Interface please ref. to [5] or [6].

9.2.1 Asynchronous call with polling

The following diagram shows the function NvM_WriteBlock as an example of a request that is performed asynchronously. The sequence for all other asynchronous functions is the same, only the processed number of blocks and the block types may vary. The result of the asynchronous function is obtained by polling requests to the error/status information.

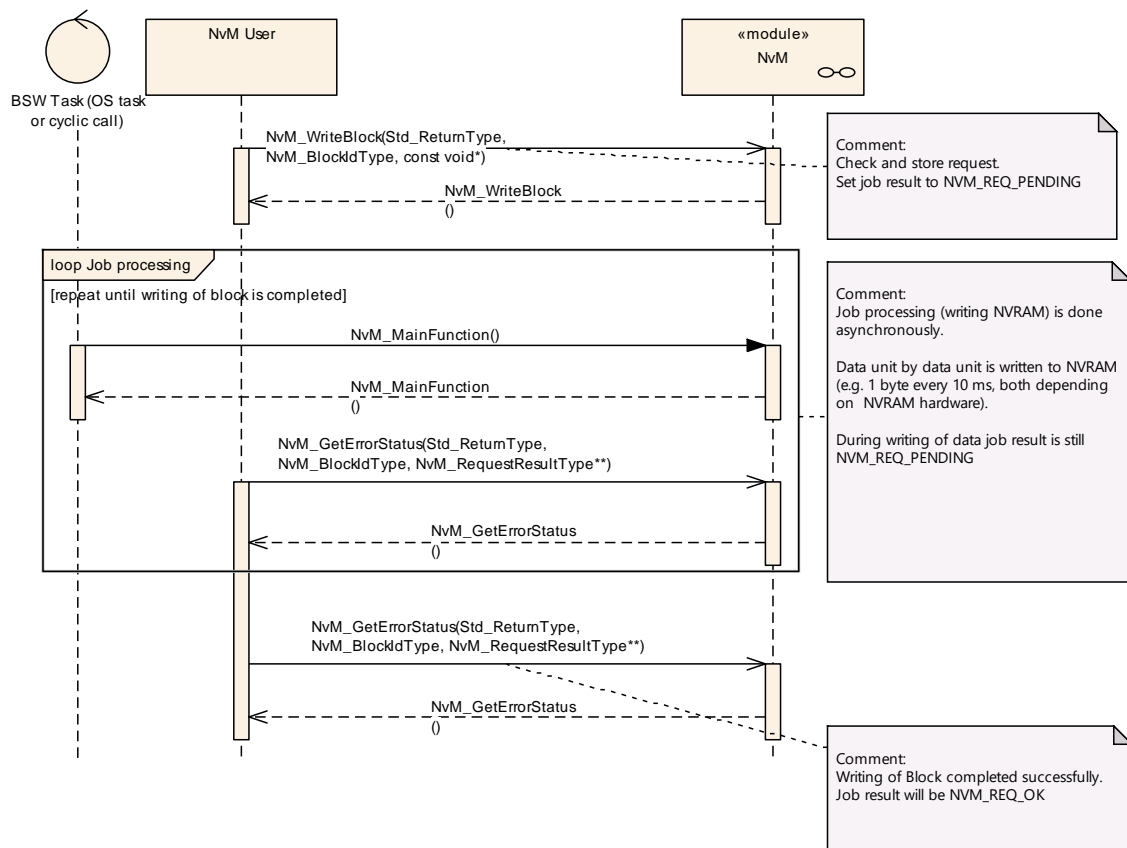


Figure 17: UML sequence diagram for asynchronous call with polling

9.2.2 Asynchronous call with callback

The following diagram shows the function `NvM_WriteBlock` as an example of a request that is performed asynchronously. The sequence for all other asynchronous functions is the same, only the processed number of blocks and the block types may vary. The result of the asynchronous function is obtained after an asynchronous notification (callback) by requesting the error/status information.

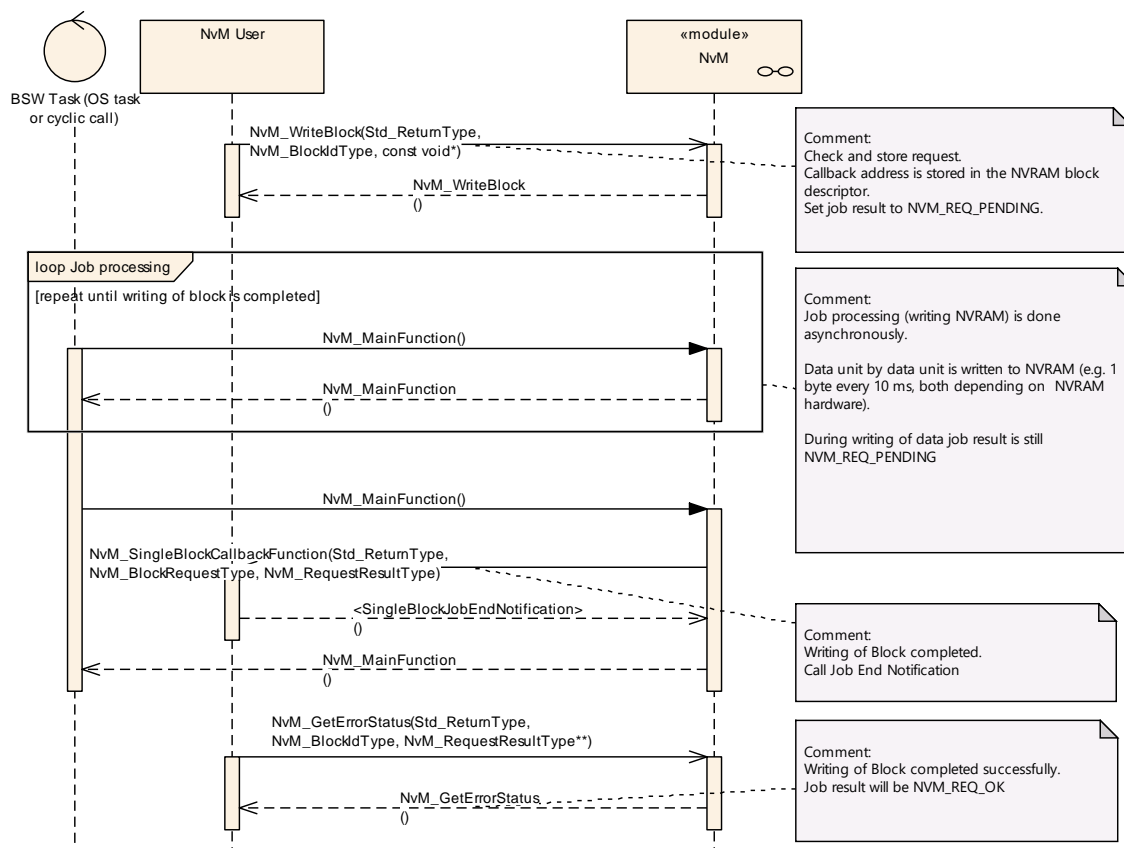


Figure 18: UML sequence diagram for asynchronous call with callback

9.2.3 Cancellation of a Multi Block Request

The following diagram shows the effect of a cancel operation applied to a running `NvM_WriteAll` multi block request. The running `NvM_WriteAll` function completes the actual NVRAM block and stops further writes.

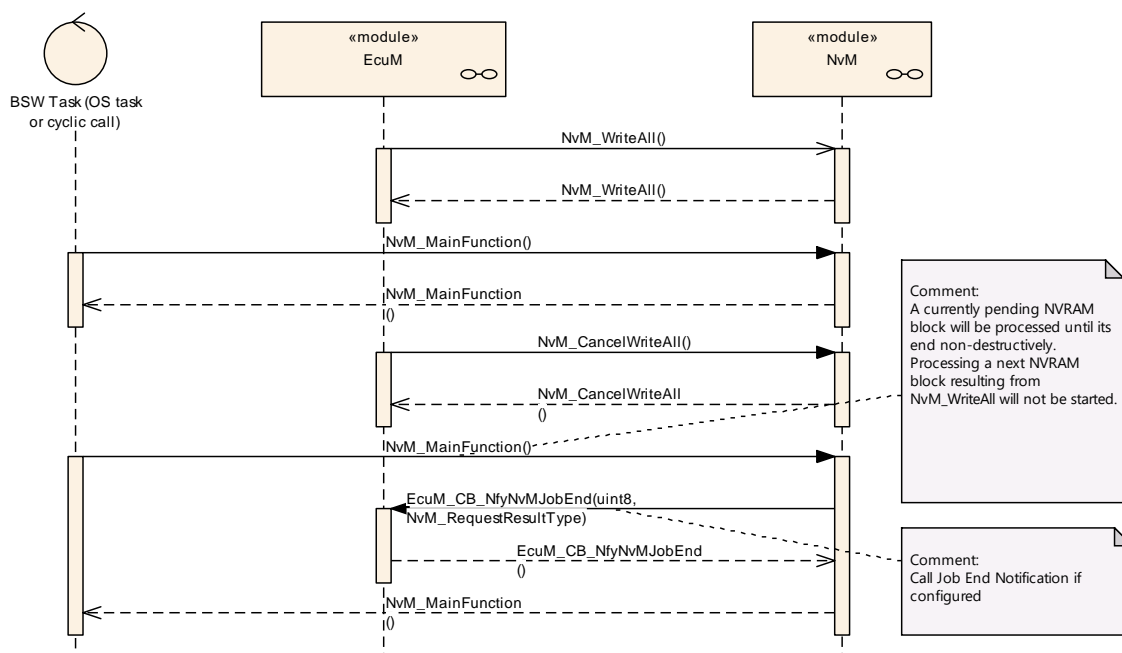


Figure 19: UML sequence diagram for cancellation of asynchronous call

9.2.4 BswM Interaction

The following diagrams show the interactions between NvM and BswM in terms of single block operation and multiblock operation.

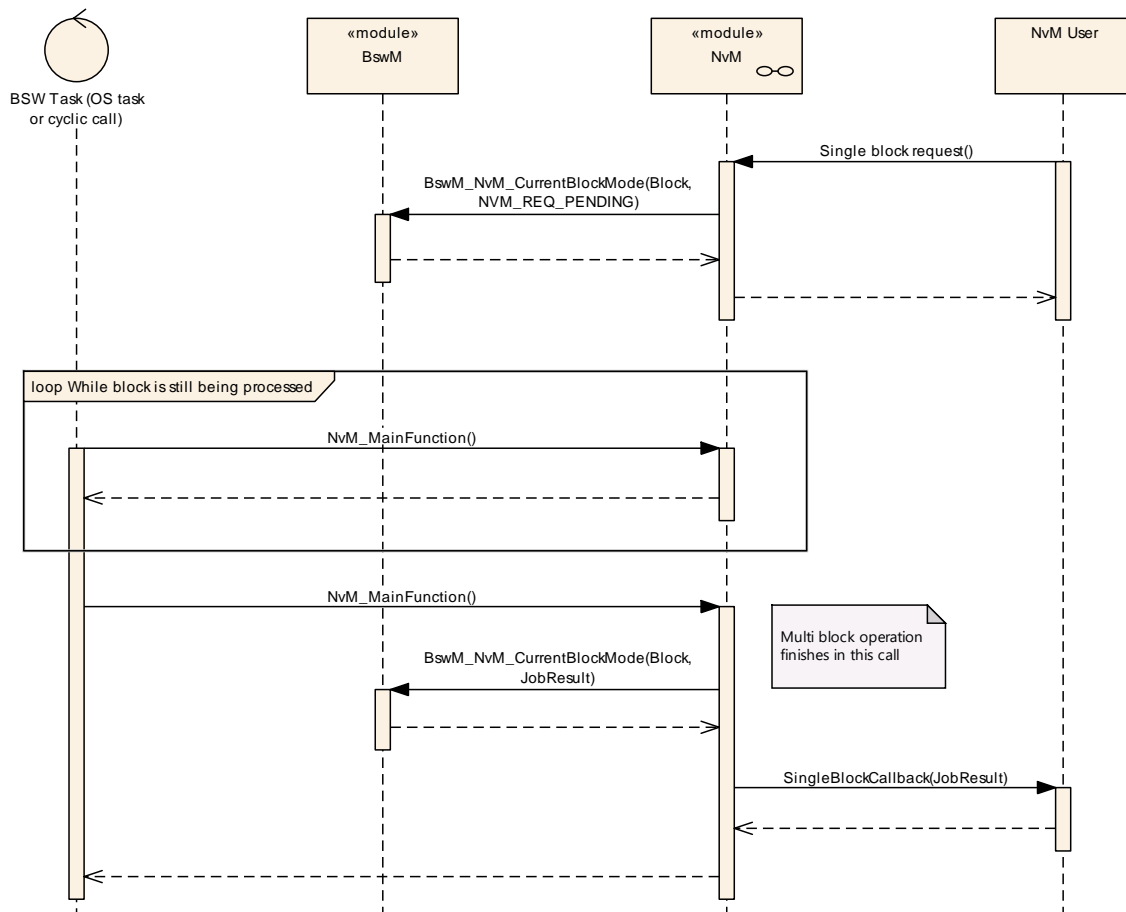


Figure 20: NvM interaction with BswM in case of a single block operation

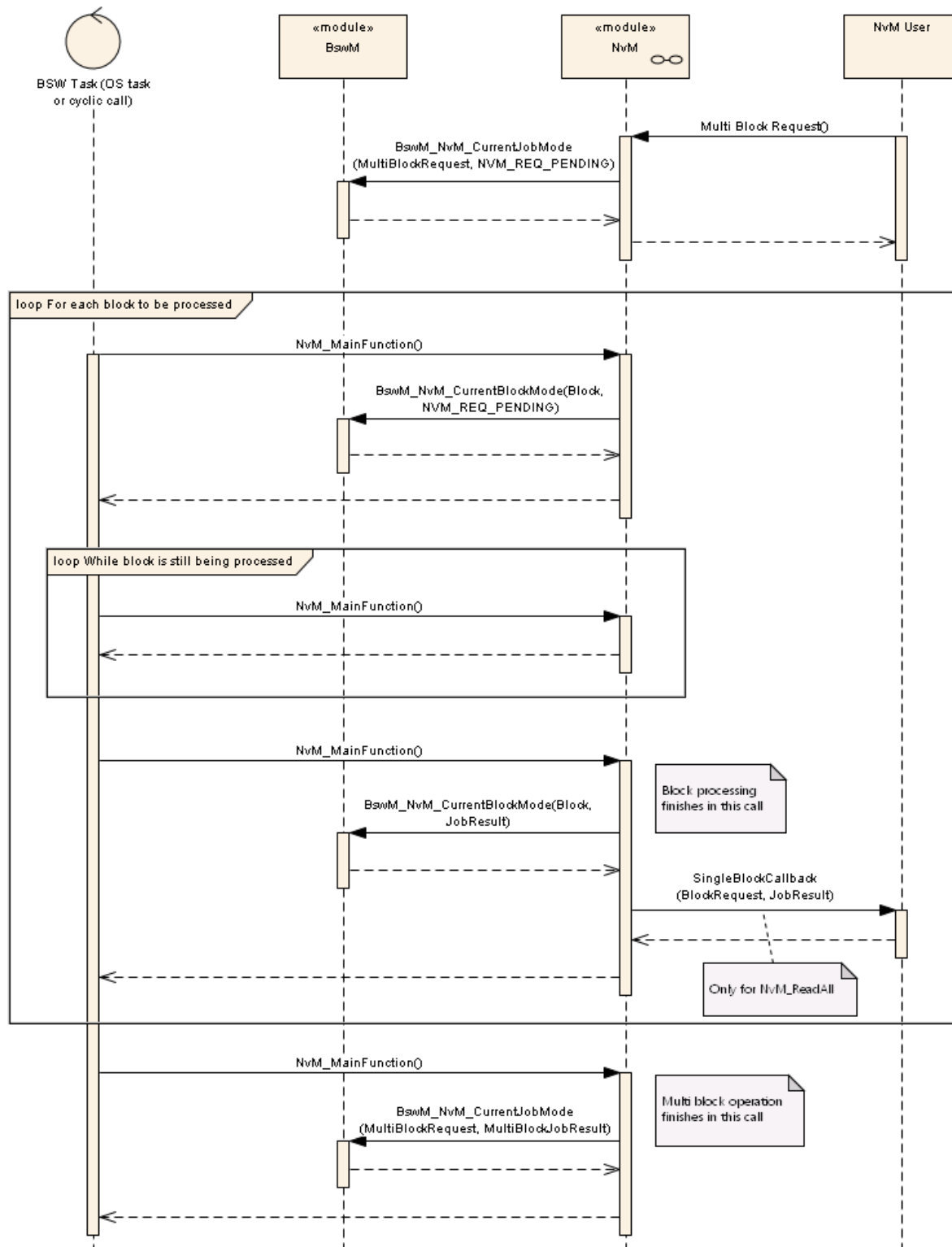


Figure 21: NvM interaction with BswM for a multiblock operation

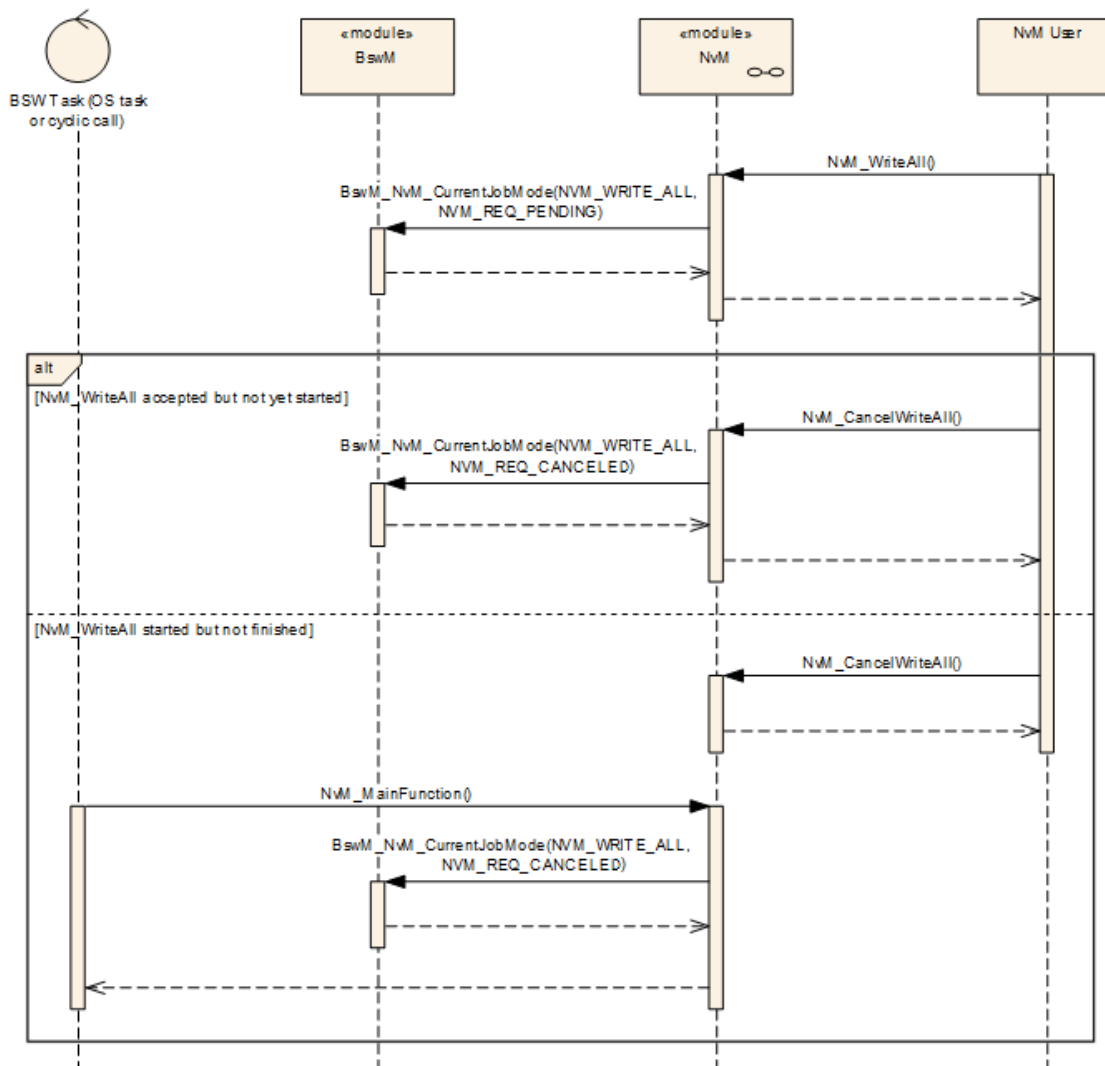


Figure 22: NvM interaction with BswM in case of a WriteAll cancellation

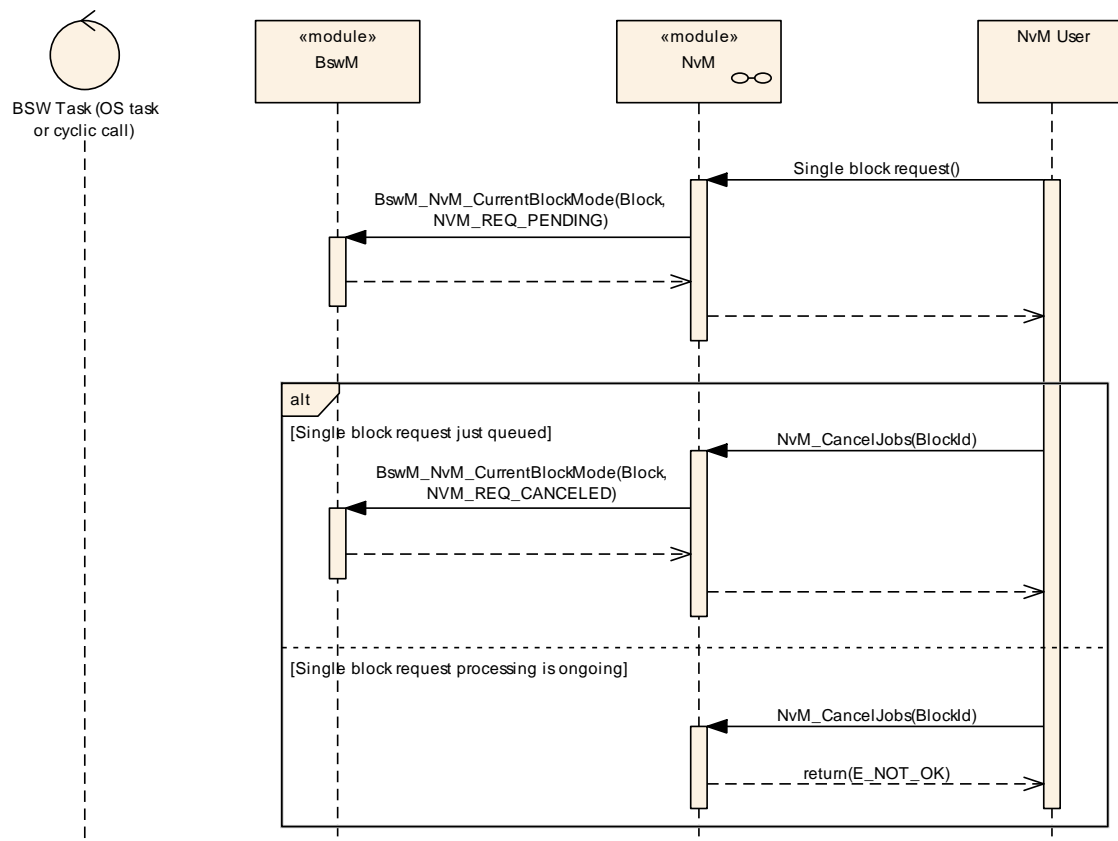


Figure 23: NvM interaction with BswM in case of a single block cancellation

10 Configuration specification

In general, this chapter defines configuration parameters and their clustering into containers. In order to support the specification Chapter 10.1 describes fundamentals. It also specifies a template (table) you shall use for the parameter specification.

Chapter 10.2 specifies the structure (containers) and the parameters of the module NvM.

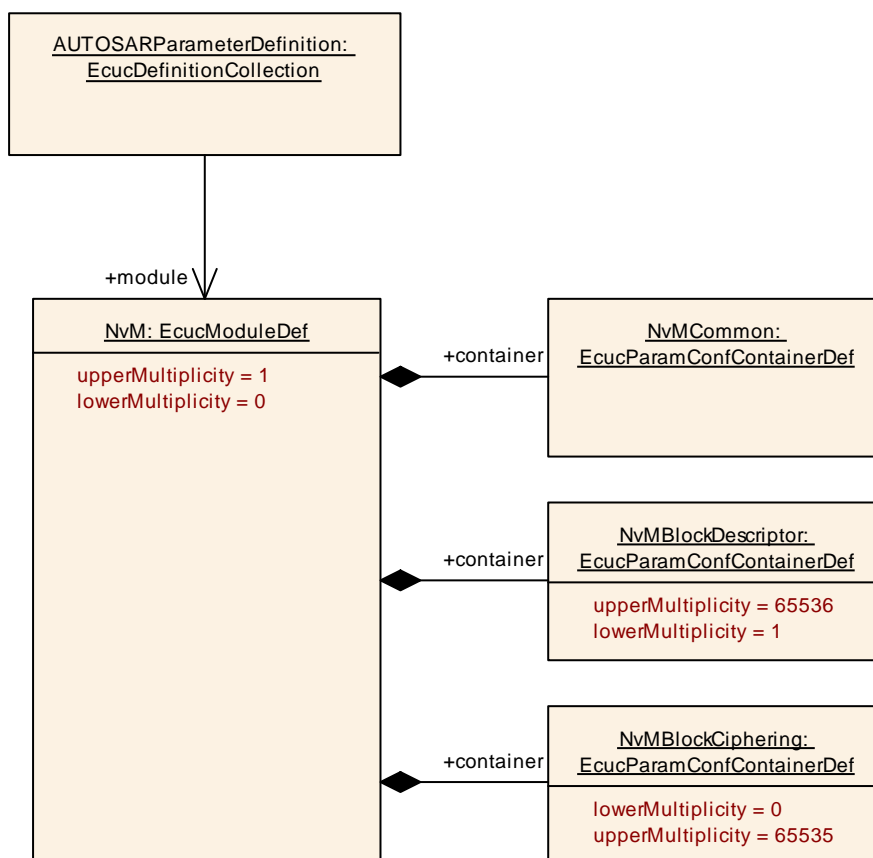
Chapter 10.2.9 specifies published information of the module NvM.

10.1 How to read this chapter

For details refer to the chapter 10.1 “Introduction to configuration specification” in *SWS_BSWGeneral*.

10.2 Containers and configuration parameters

The following chapters summarize all configuration parameters. The detailed meanings of the parameters describe chapter 7.2 and chapter 8.



10.2.1 NvM

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00539 : |
| Module Name | NvM |
| Module Description | Configuration of the NvM (NvRam Manager) module. |
| Post-Build Variant Support | false |
| Supported Config Variants | VARIANT-LINK-TIME, VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |

| Included Containers | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|--|
| Container Name | Multiplicity | Scope / Dependency |
| NvMBlockCiphering | 0..65535 | Container for a chiphering of the Block. Tags: atp.Status=draft |
| NvMBlockDescriptor | 1..65536 | Container for a management structure to configure the composition of a given NVRAM Block Management Type. Its multiplicity describes the number of configured NVRAM blocks, one block is required to be configured. The NVRAM block descriptors are condensed in the NVRAM block descriptor table. |
| NvMCommon | 1 | Container for common configuration options. |
| NvmDemEventParameterRefs | 0..1 | Container for the references to DemEventParameter elements which shall be invoked using the API Dem_SetEventStatus in case the corresponding error occurs. The EventId is taken from the referenced DemEventParameter's DemEventId symbolic value. The standardized errors are provided in this container and can be extended by vendor-specific error references. |

10.2.2 NvMCommon

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00028 : |
| Container Name | NvMCommon |
| Parent Container | NvM |
| Description | Container for common configuration options. |
| Configuration Parameters | |

| | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00491 : | |
| Name | NvMApiConfigClass | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | |
| Description | Preprocessor switch to enable some API calls which are related to NVM API configuration classes. | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | |
| Type | EcucEnumerationParamDef | |
| Range | NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_1 | All API calls belonging to configuration class 1 are available. |
| | NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_2 | All API calls belonging to configuration class 2 are available. |
| | NVM_API_CONFIG_CLASS_3 | All API calls belonging to configuration class 3 are available. |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X All Variants |
| | Link time | -- |
| | Post-build time | -- |
| Scope / | scope: local | |

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Dependency | |
|-------------------|--|

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----|---------------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00550 : | | |
| Name | NvMBswMMultiBlockJobStatusInformation | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | This parameter specifies whether BswM is informed about the current status of the multiblock job. True: call BswM_NvM_CurrentJobMode if ReadAll and WriteAll are started, finished, canceled False: do not inform BswM at all | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | true | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----|--------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00492 : | | |
| Name | NvMCompiledConfigId | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | Configuration ID regarding the NV memory layout. This configuration ID shall be published as e.g. a SW-C shall have the possibility to write it to NV memory. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 0 .. 65535 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----|---------------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00493 : | | |
| Name | NvMCrcNumOfBytes | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | If CRC is configured for at least one NVRAM block, this parameter defines the maximum number of bytes which shall be processed within one cycle of job processing. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 1 .. 65535 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00572 : | | |
| Name | NvMCsmRetryCounter | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | This value specifies the number of CSM encryption/decryption job retry attempts. | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----|--------------|
| | <p>CSM jobs for block reading and writing may fail (e.g. module busy, queue full, ...).</p> <p>To not directly abort the read/write with an error status, the NvM will retry the CSM job for the configured NvMCsmRetryCounter times.</p> <p>Configuring 0 means: no retry behavior; job will be aborted directly.</p> <p>Tags: atp.Status=draft</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 0 .. 255 | | |
| Default value | 0 | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----|---------------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00494 : | | |
| Name | NvMDatasetSelectionBits | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | <p>Defines the number of least significant bits which shall be used to address a certain dataset of a NVRAM block within the interface to the memory hardware abstraction.</p> <p>0..8: Number of bits which are used for dataset or redundant block addressing.</p> <p>0: No dataset or redundant NVRAM blocks are configured at all, no selection bits required.</p> <p>1: In case of redundant NVRAM blocks are configured, but no dataset NVRAM blocks.</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 0 .. 8 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local dependency: MemHwA, NVM_NVRAM_BLOCK_IDENTIFIER, NVM_BLOCK_MANAGEMENT_TYPE | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----|--------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00495 : | | |
| Name | NvMDevErrorDetect | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | <p>Switches the development error detection and notification on or off.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> true: detection and notification is enabled. false: detection and notification is disabled. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |

| | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|----|--|
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----|---------------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00496 : | | |
| Name | NvMDrvModeSwitch | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | Preprocessor switch to enable switching memory drivers to fast mode during performing NvM_ReadAll and NvM_WriteAll true: Fast mode enabled. false: Fast mode disabled. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----|---------------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00497 : | | |
| Name | NvMDynamicConfiguration | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | Preprocessor switch to enable the dynamic configuration management handling by the NvM_ReadAll request. true: Dynamic configuration management handling enabled. false: Dynamic configuration management handling disabled. This parameter affects all NvM processing related to Block with ID 1 and all processing related to Resistant to Changed Software. If the Dynamic Configuration is disabled, Block 1 cannot be used by NvM. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----|---------------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00498 : | | |
| Name | NvMJobPrioritization | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | Preprocessor switch to enable job prioritization handling true: Job prioritization handling enabled. false: Job prioritization handling disabled. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

| | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00555 : | | |
| Name | NvMMainFunctionPeriod | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----|--------------|
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | The period between successive calls to the main function in seconds. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucFloatParamDef | | |
| Range |]0 .. INF[| | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |

| | | | |
|---|---|----|---------------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00500 : | | |
| Name | NvMMultiBlockCallback | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | Entry address of the common callback routine which shall be invoked on termination of each asynchronous multi block request | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucFunctionNameDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| maxLength | -- | | |
| minLength | -- | | |
| regularExpression | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----|---------------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00501 : | | |
| Name | NvMPollingMode | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | Preprocessor switch to enable/disable the polling mode in the NVRAM Manager and at the same time disable/enable the callback functions useable by lower layers true: Polling mode enabled, callback function usage disabled. false: Polling mode disabled, callback function usage enabled. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00518 : | | |
| Name | NvMRepeatMirrorOperations | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | Defines the number of retries to let the application copy data to or from the NvM module's mirror before postponing the current job. | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|----|---------------------|
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 0 .. 7 | | |
| Default value | 0 | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----|--------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00502 : | | |
| Name | NvMSetRamBlockStatusApi | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | Preprocessor switch to enable the API NvM_SetRamBlockStatus. true: API NvM_SetRamBlockStatus enabled. false: API NvM_SetRamBlockStatus disabled. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

| | | | |
|---|--|----|---------------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00503 : | | |
| Name | NvMSizeImmediateJobQueue | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | Defines the number of queue entries for the immediate priority job queue. If NVM_JOB_PRIORITIZATION is switched OFF this parameter shall be out of scope. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 1 .. 65535 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local dependency: NVM_JOB_PRIORITIZATION | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00504 : | | |
| Name | NvMSizeStandardJobQueue | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | Defines the number of queue entries for the standard job queue. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 1 .. 65535 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |

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| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00505 : | | |
| Name | NvMVersionInfoApi | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | Pre-processor switch to enable / disable the API to read out the modules version information]. true: Version info API enabled. false: Version info API disabled. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00565 : | | |
| Name | NvMEcucPartitionRef | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | Maps the NvM to one or multiple ECUC partitions to make its C-APIs available in the according partition. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1..* | | |
| Type | Reference to [EcucPartition] | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00566 : | | |
| Name | NvMMasterEcucPartitionRef | | |
| Parent Container | NvMCommon | | |
| Description | Maps the NvM master to zero or one ECUC partition to assign the master functionality to a certain core. The ECUC partition referenced is a subset of the ECUC partitions where the NvM is mapped to. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | Reference to [EcucPartition] | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |

No Included Containers

[SWS_NvM_CONSTR00974] The ECUC partition referenced by NvMMasterEcucPartitionRef shall be within the subset of the ECUC partitions referenced by NvMEcucPartitionRef. j()

[SWS_NvM_CONSTR00975] If NvMEcucPartitionRef references one or more ECUC partitions, NvMMasterEcucPartitionRef shall have a multiplicity of one and reference one of these ECUC partitions as well.]()

10.2.3 NvMBlockDescriptor

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00061 : |
| Container Name | NvMBlockDescriptor |
| Parent Container | NvM |
| Description | Container for a management structure to configure the composition of a given NVRAM Block Management Type. Its multiplicity describes the number of configured NVRAM blocks, one block is required to be configured. The NVRAM block descriptors are condensed in the NVRAM block descriptor table. |
| Configuration Parameters | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00476 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockCrcType | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines CRC data width for the NVRAM block. Default: NVM_CRC16, i.e. CRC16 will be used if NVM_BLOCK_USE_CRC==true | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucEnumerationParamDef | | |
| Range | NVM_CRC16 | (Default) CRC16 will be used if NVM_BLOCK_USE_CRC==true. | |
| | NVM_CRC32 | CRC32 is selected for this NVRAM block if NVM_BLOCK_USE_CRC==true. | |
| | NVM_CRC8 | CRC8 is selected for this NVRAM block if NVM_BLOCK_USE_CRC==true. | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local dependency: NVM_BLOCK_USE_CRC, NVM_CALC_RAM_BLOCK_CRC | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00554 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockHeaderInclude | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines the header file where the owner of the NVRAM block has the declarations of the permanent RAM data block, ROM data block (if configured) and the callback function prototype for each configured callback. If no permanent RAM block, ROM block or callback functions are configured then this configuration parameter shall be ignored. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucStringParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| maxLength | -- | | |
| minLength | -- | | |

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| regularExpression | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00477 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockJobPriority | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines the job priority for a NVRAM block (0 = Immediate priority). | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 0 .. 255 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00062 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockManagementType | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines the block management type for the NVRAM block.[SWS_NvM_00137] | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucEnumerationParamDef | | |
| Range | NVM_BLOCK_DATASET | NVRAM block is configured to be of dataset type. | |
| | NVM_BLOCK_NATIVE | NVRAM block is configured to be of native type. | |
| | NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT | NVRAM block is configured to be of redundant type. | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00557 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockUseAutoValidation | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines whether the RAM Block shall be auto validated during shutdown phase. true: if auto validation mechanism is used, false: otherwise | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | false | | |

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| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00563 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockUseCompression | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Defines whether the data is compressed before written. true: data compression activated (takes more time to read and write) false: no compression</p> <p>Tags: atp.Status=draft</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00036 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockUseCrc | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Defines CRC usage for the NVRAM block, i.e. memory space for CRC is reserved in RAM and NV memory. true: CRC will be used for this NVRAM block. false: CRC will not be used for this NVRAM block.</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00556 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockUseCRCCompMechanism | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Defines whether the CRC of the RAM Block shall be compared during a write job with the CRC which was calculated during the last successful read or write job. true: if compare mechanism is used, false: otherwise</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local dependency: False if NvMBlockUseCrc = False | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00559 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockUsePort | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>If this parameter is true it defines whether:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the port with interface 'NvMMirror' for synchronization mechanism callbacks are generated if the parameter NvMBlockUseSyncMechanism is configured TRUE; the port with interface 'NvMNotifyInitBlock' for initialization block callback is generated if NvMInitBlockCallback parameter is configured (independent of the content); the port with interface 'NvMNotifyJobFinished' for single block callback is generated if NvMSingleBlockCallback parameter is configured (independent of the content); the port with interface 'NvMAdmin' for SetBlockProtection operation is generated. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00552 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockUseSetRamBlockStatus | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Defines if NvMSetRamBlockStatusApi shall be used for this block or not. Note: If NvMSetRamBlockStatusApi is disabled this configuration parameter shall be ignored.</p> <p>true: calling of NvMSetRamBlockStatus for this RAM block shall set the status of the RAM block.</p> <p>false: calling of NvMSetRamBlockStatus for this RAM block shall be ignored.</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00519 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockUseSyncMechanism | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Defines whether an explicit synchronization mechanism with a RAM mirror and callback routines for transferring data to and from NvM module's RAM mirror is used for NV block. true if synchronization mechanism is used,</p> | | |

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| | false otherwise. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00033 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockWriteProt | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines an initial write protection of the NV block true: Initial block write protection is enabled. false: Initial block write protection is disabled. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00551 : | | |
| Name | NvMBswMBlockStatusInformation | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | This parameter specifies whether BswM is informed about the current status of the specified block. True: Call BswM_NvM_CurrentBlockMode on changes False: Don't inform BswM at all | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00119 : | | |
| Name | NvMCalcRamBlockCrc | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines CRC (re)calculation for the permanent RAM block or NVRAM blocks which are configured to use explicit synchronization mechanism. true: CRC will be (re)calculated for this permanent RAM block. false: CRC will not be (re)calculated for this permanent RAM block. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |

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| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local dependency: NVM_BLOCK_USE_CRC | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00533 : | | |
| Name | NvMMaxNumOfReadRetries | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines the maximum number of read retries. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 0 .. 7 | | |
| Default value | 0 | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00499 : | | |
| Name | NvMMaxNumOfWriteRetries | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines the maximum number of write retries for a NVRAM block with [ECUC_NvM_00061]. Regardless of configuration a consistency check (and maybe write retries) are always forced for each block which is processed by the request NvM_WriteAll and NvM_WriteBlock. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 0 .. 7 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00478 : | | |
| Name | NvMNvBlockBaseNumber | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Configuration parameter to perform the link between the NVM_NVRAM_BLOCK_IDENTIFIER used by the SW-Cs and the FEE_BLOCK_NUMBER expected by the memory abstraction modules. The parameter value equals the FEE_BLOCK_NUMBER or EA_BLOCK_NUMBER shifted to the right by NvMDatasetSelectionBits bits. (ref. to chapter 7.1.2.1). Calculation Formula: value = TargetBlockReference.[Ea/Fee]BlockConfiguration.[Ea/Fee]BlockNumber >> NvMDatasetSelectionBits | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 1 .. 65534 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |

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| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local dependency: FEE_BLOCK_NUMBER, EA_BLOCK_NUMBER | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00479 : | | |
| Name | NvMNvBlockLength | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Defines the NV block data length in bytes.</p> <p>Note:</p> <p>The implementer can add the attribute 'withAuto' to the parameter definition which indicates that the length can be calculated by the generator automatically (e.g. by using a parser that searches and analyzes the data structure corresponding to the block). When 'withAuto' is set to 'true' for this parameter definition the 'isAutoValue' can be set to 'true'. If 'isAutoValue' is set to 'true' the actual value will not be considered during ECU Configuration but will be (re-)calculated by the code generator and stored in the value attribute afterwards.</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 1 .. 65535 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00480 : | | |
| Name | NvMNvBlockNum | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Defines the number of multiple NV blocks in a contiguous area according to the given block management type.</p> <p>1-255 For NVRAM blocks to be configured of block management type NVM_BLOCK_DATASET. The actual range is limited according to SWS_NvM_00444.</p> <p>1 For NVRAM blocks to be configured of block management type NVM_BLOCK_NATIVE</p> <p>2 For NVRAM blocks to be configured of block management type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 1 .. 255 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local dependency: NVM_BLOCK_MANAGEMENT_TYPE | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00481 : | | |
| Name | NvMNvramBlockIdentifier | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |

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| Description | Identification of a NVRAM block via a unique block identifier. Implementation Type: NvM_BlockIdType. $\text{min} = 2 \text{ max} = 2^{(16 - \text{NVM_DATASET_SELECTION_BITS}) - 1}$ Reserved NVRAM block IDs: 0 -> to derive multi block request results via NvM_GetErrorStatus 1 -> redundant NVRAM block which holds the configuration ID (generation tool should check that this block is correctly configured from type, CRC and size point of view) | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter) | | |
| Range | 2 .. 65535 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local dependency: NVM_DATASET_SELECTION_BITS | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00035 : | | |
| Name | NvMNvramDeviceId | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines the NVRAM device ID where the NVRAM block is located. Calculation Formula: value = TargetBlockReference.[Ea/Fee]BlockConfiguration.[Ea/Fee]DeviceIndex | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 0 .. 1 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local dependency: EA_DEVICE_INDEX, FEE_DEVICE_INDEX | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00482 : | | |
| Name | NvMRamBlockDataAddress | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines the start address of the RAM block data. If this is not configured, no permanent RAM data block is available for the selected block management type. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucStringParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| maxLength | -- | | |
| minLength | -- | | |
| regularExpression | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |

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| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00521 : | | |
| Name | NvMReadRamBlockFromNvCallback | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Entry address of a block specific callback routine which shall be called in order to let the application copy data from the NvM module's mirror to RAM block.</p> <p>Implementation type: Std_ReturnType</p> <p>E_OK: copy was successful E_NOT_OK: copy was not successful, callback routine to be called again</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucFunctionNameDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| maxLength | -- | | |
| minLength | -- | | |
| regularExpression | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00483 : | | |
| Name | NvMResistantToChangedSw | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Defines whether a NVRAM block shall be treated resistant to configuration changes or not. If there is no default data available at configuration time then the application shall be responsible for providing the default initialization data. In this case the application has to use NvM_GetErrorStatus() to be able to distinguish between first initialization and corrupted data.</p> <p>true: NVRAM block is resistant to changed software. false: NVRAM block is not resistant to changed software.</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00484 : | | |
| Name | NvMRomBlockDataAddress | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Defines the start address of the ROM block data.</p> <p>If not configured, no ROM block is available for the selected block</p> | | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------------|----|---------------------|
| | management type. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucStringParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| maxLength | -- | | |
| minLength | -- | | |
| regularExpression | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00485 : | | |
| Name | NvMRomBlockNum | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Defines the number of multiple ROM blocks in a contiguous area according to the given block management type.</p> <p>0-254 For NVRAM blocks to be configured of block management type NVM_BLOCK_DATASET. The actual range is limited according to SWS_NvM_00444.</p> <p>0-1 For NVRAM blocks to be configured of block management type NVM_BLOCK_NATIVE</p> <p>0-1 For NVRAM blocks to be configured of block management type NVM_BLOCK_REDUNDANT</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 0 .. 254 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local dependency: NVM_BLOCK_MANAGEMENT_TYPE, NVM_NV_BLOCK_NUM | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00558 : | | |
| Name | NvMSelectBlockForFirstInitAll | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Defines whether a block will be processed or not by NvM_FirstInitAll. A block can be configured to be processed even if it doesn't have permanent RAM and/or explicit synchronization.</p> <p>TRUE: block will be processed by NvM_FirstInitAll</p> <p>FALSE: block will not be processed by NvM_FirstInitAll</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant | false | | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------------|----|---------------------|
| Multiplicity | | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00117 : | | |
| Name | NvMSelectBlockForReadAll | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Defines whether a NVRAM block shall be processed during NvM_ReadAll or not. This configuration parameter has only influence on those NVRAM blocks which are configured to have a permanent RAM block or which are configured to use explicit synchronization mechanism.</p> <p>true: NVRAM block shall be processed by NvM_ReadAll</p> <p>false: NVRAM block shall not be processed by NvM_ReadAll</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local dependency: NVM_RAM_BLOCK_DATA_ADDRESS | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00549 : | | |
| Name | NvMSelectBlockForWriteAll | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>Defines whether a NVRAM block shall be processed during NvM_WriteAll or not. This configuration parameter has only influence on those NVRAM blocks which are configured to have a permanent RAM block or which are configured to use explicit synchronization mechanism.</p> <p>true: NVRAM block shall be processed by NvM_WriteAll</p> <p>false: NVRAM block shall not be processed by NvM_WriteAll</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local dependency: NVM_RAM_BLOCK_DATA_ADDRESS | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00532 : | | |
| Name | NvMStaticBlockIDCheck | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines if the Static Block ID check is enabled. false: Static Block ID check is disabled. true: Static Block ID check is enabled. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00072 : | | |
| Name | NvMWriteBlockOnce | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines write protection after first write. The NVRAM manager sets the write protection bit either after the NV block was written the first time or if the block was already written and it is detected as valid and consistent during a read for it. true: Defines write protection after first write is enabled. false: Defines write protection after first write is disabled. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00520 : | | |
| Name | NvMWriteRamBlockToNvCallback | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Entry address of a block specific callback routine which shall be called in order to let the application copy data from RAM block to NvM module's mirror. Implementation type: Std_ReturnType E_OK: copy was successful E_NOT_OK: copy was not successful, callback routine to be called again | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucFunctionNameDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| maxLength | -- | | |
| minLength | -- | | |
| regularExpression | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |

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| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00534 : | | |
| Name | NvMWriteVerification | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines if Write Verification is enabled. false: Write verification is disabled. true: Write Verification is enabled. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucBooleanParamDef | | |
| Default value | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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|----------------------------------|--|----|---------------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00538 : | | |
| Name | NvMWriteVerificationDataSize | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Defines the number of bytes to compare in each step when comparing the content of a RAM Block and a block read back. | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 1 .. 65535 | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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|---|---|----|--------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00567 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockCipheringRef | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Reference to ciphering container. If configured, NvM encrypt the data before storage and decrypt the data after restoring. If empty, the NvM stores and restore the original user data. Tags: atp.Status=draft | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | Reference to [NvMBlockCiphering] | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

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| | dependency: Key will be located in RAM if this configuration item is not present. |
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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00564 : | | |
| Name | NvMBlockEcucPartitionRef | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | Maps the NV block to zero or one ECUC partition to limit the access to this NV block. The ECUC partition referenced is within the subset of the ECUC partitions where the NvM is mapped to. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | Reference to [EcucPartition] | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |

| Included Containers | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Container Name | Multiplicity | Scope / Dependency |
| NvMInitBlockCallback | 0..1 | <p>The presence of this container indicates, that a block specific callback routine is called if no ROM data is available for initialization of the NVRAM block. If the container is not present, no callback routine is called for initialization of the NVRAM block with default data.</p> <p>In case the container has a NvMInitBlockCallbackFnc, the NvM will call this function.</p> <p>In case there is no NvMInitBlockCallbackFnc, the NvM will have an port PNIB_{Block}.</p> |
| NvMSingleBlockCallback | 0..1 | <p>The presence of this container indicates, that the block specific callback routine which shall be invoked on termination of each asynchronous single block request [SWS_NvM_00113] If the container is not present, no callback routine is called..</p> <p>In case the container has a NvMSingleBlockCallbackFnc, the NvM will call this function.</p> <p>In case there is no NvMSingleBlockCallbackFnc, the NvM will have an port PNJF_{Block}.</p> |
| NvMTargetBlockReference | 1 | This parameter is just a container for the parameters for EA and FEE |

[SWS_NvM_CONSTR00972] The ECUC partition referenced by NvMBlockEcucPartitionRef shall be within the subset of the ECUC partitions referenced by NvMEcucPartitionRef.>()

[SWS_NvM_CONSTR00973] If NvMEcucPartitionRef references two or more ECUC partitions, NvMBlockEcucPartitionRef shall have a multiplicity one and reference one of these ECUC partitions as well.>()

10.2.4 NvMInitBlockCallback

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00561 : | | |
| Container Name | NvMInitBlockCallback | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | <p>The presence of this container indicates, that a block specific callback routine is called if no ROM data is available for initialization of the NVRAM block. If the container is not present, no callback routine is called for initialization of the NVRAM block with default data.</p> <p>In case the container has a NvMInitBlockCallbackFnc, the NvM will call this function.</p> <p>In case there is no NvMInitBlockCallbackFnc, the NvM will have an port PNIB_{Block}.</p> | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Configuration Parameters | | | |

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|---|--|----|---------------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00116 : | | |
| Name | NvMInitBlockCallbackFnc | | |
| Parent Container | NvMInitBlockCallback | | |
| Description | <p>Entry address of a block specific callback routine which shall be called if no ROM data is available for initialization of the NVRAM block. If not configured, no specific callback routine shall be called for initialization of the NVRAM block with default data.</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucFunctionNameDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| maxLength | -- | | |
| minLength | -- | | |
| regularExpression | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

No Included Containers

10.2.5 NvMSingleBlockCallback

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00562 : | | |
| Container Name | NvMSingleBlockCallback | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor | | |
| Description | The presence of this container indicates, that the block specific callback routine which shall be invoked | | |

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| | on termination of each asynchronous single block request [SWS_NvM_00113] If the container is not present, no callback routine is called.. In case the container has a NvMSingleBlockCallbackFnc, the NvM will call this function. In case there is no NvMSingleBlockCallbackFnc, the NvM will have an port PNJF_{Block}. | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Configuration Parameters | | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00506 : | | |
| Name | NvMSingleBlockCallbackFnc | | |
| Parent Container | NvMSingleBlockCallback | | |
| Description | Entry address of the block specific callback routine which shall be invoked on termination of each asynchronous single block request [SWS_NvM_00113]. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | EcucFunctionNameDef | | |
| Default value | -- | | |
| maxLength | -- | | |
| minLength | -- | | |
| regularExpression | -- | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

No Included Containers

10.2.6 NvMTargetBlockReference

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00486 : |
| Choice container Name | NvMTargetBlockReference |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockDescriptor |
| Description | This parameter is just a container for the parameters for EA and FEE |

| Container Choices | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Container Name | Multiplicity | Scope / Dependency |
| NvMEaRef | 0..1 | EEPROM Abstraction |
| NvMFeeRef | 0..1 | Flash EEPROM Emulation |

10.2.7 NvMEaRef

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00487 : |
| Container Name | NvMEaRef |
| Parent Container | NvMTargetBlockReference |
| Description | EEPROM Abstraction |
| Configuration Parameters | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00488 : | | |
| Name | NvMNameOfEaBlock | | |
| Parent Container | NvMEaRef | | |
| Description | reference to EaBlock | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | Symbolic name reference to [EaBlockConfiguration] | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

No Included Containers

10.2.8 NvMFeeRef

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|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00489 : |
| Container Name | NvMFeeRef |
| Parent Container | NvMTargetBlockReference |
| Description | Flash EEPROM Emulation |
| Configuration Parameters | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00490 : | | |
| Name | NvMNameOfFeeBlock | | |
| Parent Container | NvMFeeRef | | |
| Description | reference to FeeBlock | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | Symbolic name reference to [FeeBlockConfiguration] | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE |
| | Link time | X | VARIANT-LINK-TIME |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

No Included Containers

10.2.9 NvmDemEventParameterRefs

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00541 : |
| Container Name | NvmDemEventParameterRefs |
| Parent Container | NvM |
| Description | Container for the references to DemEventParameter elements which shall |

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| | be invoked using the API Dem_SetEventStatus in case the corresponding error occurs. The EventId is taken from the referenced DemEventParameter's DemEventId symbolic value. The standardized errors are provided in this container and can be extended by vendor-specific error references. |
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Configuration Parameters

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| SWS Item | ECUC NvM_00553 : | | |
| Name | NVM_E_HARDWARE | | |
| Parent Container | NvmDemEventParameterRefs | | |
| Description | Reference to the DemEventParameter which shall be issued when the hardware error has occurred. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | Symbolic name reference to [DemEventParameter] | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC NvM_00542 : | | |
| Name | NVM_E_INTEGRITY_FAILED | | |
| Parent Container | NvmDemEventParameterRefs | | |
| Description | Reference to the DemEventParameter which shall be issued when the error "API request integrity failed" has occurred. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | Symbolic name reference to [DemEventParameter] | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC NvM_00546 : | | |
| Name | NVM_E_LOSS_OF_REDUNDANCY | | |
| Parent Container | NvmDemEventParameterRefs | | |
| Description | Reference to the DemEventParameter which shall be issued when the error "loss of redundancy" has occurred. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | Symbolic name reference to [DemEventParameter] | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |

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| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00543 : | | |
| Name | NVM_E_REQ_FAILED | | |
| Parent Container | NvmDemEventParameterRefs | | |
| Description | Reference to the DemEventParameter which shall be issued when the error "API request failed" has occurred. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | Symbolic name reference to [DemEventParameter] | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00545 : | | |
| Name | NVM_E_VERIFY_FAILED | | |
| Parent Container | NvmDemEventParameterRefs | | |
| Description | Reference to the DemEventParameter which shall be issued when the error "Write Verification failed" has occurred. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | Symbolic name reference to [DemEventParameter] | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00548 : | | |
| Name | NVM_E_WRITE_PROTECTED | | |
| Parent Container | NvmDemEventParameterRefs | | |
| Description | Reference to the DemEventParameter which shall be issued when the error "write attempt to NVRAM block with write protection" has occurred. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | Symbolic name reference to [DemEventParameter] | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |

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| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |

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| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00544 : | | |
| Name | NVM_E_WRONG_BLOCK_ID | | |
| Parent Container | NvmDemEventParameterRefs | | |
| Description | Reference to the DemEventParameter which shall be issued when the error "Static Block ID check failed" has occurred. | | |
| Multiplicity | 0..1 | | |
| Type | Symbolic name reference to [DemEventParameter] | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |

No Included Containers

10.2.10 NvMBlockCiphering

| | | | |
|---|--|----|--------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00568 : | | |
| Container Name | NvMBlockCiphering | | |
| Parent Container | NvM | | |
| Description | Container for a chiphering of the Block. Tags: atp.Status=draft | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Configuration Parameters | | | |

| | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00569 : | | |
| Name | NvMNvBlockNVRAMDataLength | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockCiphering | | |
| Description | <p>This value specified the block length in case ciphered data is stored in NV RAM - in that case the plain data length may not match the ciphered data length.</p> <p>This value needs be filled out, if the ciphering, encryption and decryption, of the data is enabled for this block. It will be used instead of the NvMNvBlockLength to access the NV RAM.</p> <p>Hint: This value can be equal or bigger than 'NvMNvBlockLength' depending on the characteristics of the referenced CSM Job inside 'NvMNameOfEncryptionJob' (e.g. CSM job adds padding information).</p> <p>Tags: atp.Status=draft</p> | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|----|--------------|
| Type | EcucIntegerParamDef | | |
| Range | 1 .. 65535 | | |
| Default value | 16 | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: local | | |

| | | | |
|---|---|----|--------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00571 : | | |
| Name | NvMCsmDecryptionJobReference | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockCiphering | | |
| Description | This parameter references a CSM decrypt job used to decrypt ciphered data after reading it from NV RAM. Tags: atp.Status=draft | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | Symbolic name reference to [CsmJob] | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |

| | | | |
|---|---|----|--------------|
| SWS Item | ECUC_NvM_00570 : | | |
| Name | NvMCsmEncryptionJobReference | | |
| Parent Container | NvMBlockCiphering | | |
| Description | This parameter references a CSM encrypt job used to encrypt plain data before writing it to the NV RAM. Tags: atp.Status=draft | | |
| Multiplicity | 1 | | |
| Type | Symbolic name reference to [CsmJob] | | |
| Post-Build Variant Multiplicity | false | | |
| Post-Build Variant Value | false | | |
| Multiplicity Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Value Configuration Class | Pre-compile time | X | All Variants |
| | Link time | -- | |
| | Post-build time | -- | |
| Scope / Dependency | scope: ECU | | |

| |
|-------------------------------|
| No Included Containers |
|-------------------------------|

10.3 Common configuration options

[SWS_NvM_00030] [By use of configuration techniques, each application shall be enabled to declare the memory requirements at configuration time. This information shall be useable to assign memory areas and to generate the appropriate interfaces. Wrong memory assignments and conflicts in requirements (sufficient memory not available) shall be detected at configuration time.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00034] [The NVRAM memory layout configuration shall have a unique ID. The NvM module shall have a configuration identifier that is a unique property of the memory layout configuration. The ID can be either statically assigned to the configuration or it can be calculated from the configuration properties. This should be supported by a configuration tool. The ID must be changed if the block configuration changes, i.e. if a block is added or removed, or if its size or type is changed. The ID shall be stored together with the data and shall be used in addition to the data checksum to determine the consistency of the NVRAM contents.] (SRS_Mem_00135)

[SWS_NvM_00073] [The comparison between the stored configuration ID and the compiled configuration ID shall be done as the first step within the function NvM_ReadAll during startup.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00688] [In case of a detected configuration ID mismatch, the behavior of the NvM module shall be defined by a configurable option.] ()

[SWS_NvM_00052] [Provide information about used memory resources. The NvM module configuration shall provide information on how many resources of RAM, ROM and NVRAM are used. The configuration tool shall be responsible to provide detailed information about all reserved resources. The format of this information shall be commonly used (e.g. MAP file format).] ()

10.4 Published parameters

For details refer to the chapter 10.3 “Published Information” in SWS_BSWGeneral.

11 Not applicable requirements

[SWS_NvM_00744] [These requirements are not applicable to this specification.]
(SRS_BSW_00344, SRS_BSW_00404, SRS_BSW_00405, SRS_BSW_00170,
SRS_BSW_00412, SRS_BSW_00398, SRS_BSW_00399, SRS_BSW_00400,
SRS_BSW_00416, SRS_BSW_00168, SRS_BSW_00423, SRS_BSW_00426,
SRS_BSW_00427, SRS_BSW_00432, SRS_BSW_00375, SRS_BSW_00422,
SRS_BSW_00417, SRS_BSW_00336, SRS_BSW_00161, SRS_BSW_00162,
SRS_BSW_00005, SRS_BSW_00415, SRS_BSW_00164, SRS_BSW_00325,
SRS_BSW_00342, SRS_BSW_00343, SRS_BSW_00160, SRS_BSW_00007,
SRS_BSW_00347, SRS_BSW_00307, SRS_BSW_00335, SRS_BSW_00314,
SRS_BSW_00348, SRS_BSW_00353, SRS_BSW_00361, SRS_BSW_00302,
SRS_BSW_00328, SRS_BSW_00312, SRS_BSW_00006, SRS_BSW_00304,
SRS_BSW_00378, SRS_BSW_00306, SRS_BSW_00308, SRS_BSW_00309,
SRS_BSW_00371, SRS_BSW_00330, SRS_BSW_00009, SRS_BSW_00010,
SRS_BSW_00321, SRS_BSW_00341, SRS_BSW_00334)