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14.02.2007	1.1.0	AUTOSAR Administration	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• File include structure updated• API of initialization function adapted• Range of FEE block numbers adapted• Various API descriptions enhanced • Legal disclaimer revised• Release Notes added• "Advice for users" revised• "Revision Information" added
23.03.2006	1.0.0	AUTOSAR Administration	Initial release

Release Notes

Errata and known deficiencies

- There are inconsistencies in the usage of configuration pointers between Chapter 8 (APIs) and Chapter 10 (Configuration Container) within this document and between this specification and the specification of the EEPROM Abstraction
- The inclusion of the header file of the Memory Mapping Module is depicted in Figure 5-1 but not properly traced by to the related general BSW Requirements
- Header file structure shows unnecessary files and might be inconsistent with DEM

Definitions of parameters and variables:

- En-/Disable configuration switches are named STD_ON/STD_OFF
- Naming of configuration elements differ to those in chapter 10.2
- Copy paste error: EA_VIRTUAL_PAGE_SIZE, EA_IMMEDIATE_DATA

Known and potential problems resulting from known deficiencies

There may be user-defined parameter definitions necessary in order to ensure a consistency to the EEPROM Abstraction.

Changes planned for next release

The definitions of parameters and variables will be improved. Include hierarchy of header files may be updated.

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1 Introduction and functional overview

This specification describes the functionality, API and configuration of the Flash EEPROM Emulation Module (see Figure 1).

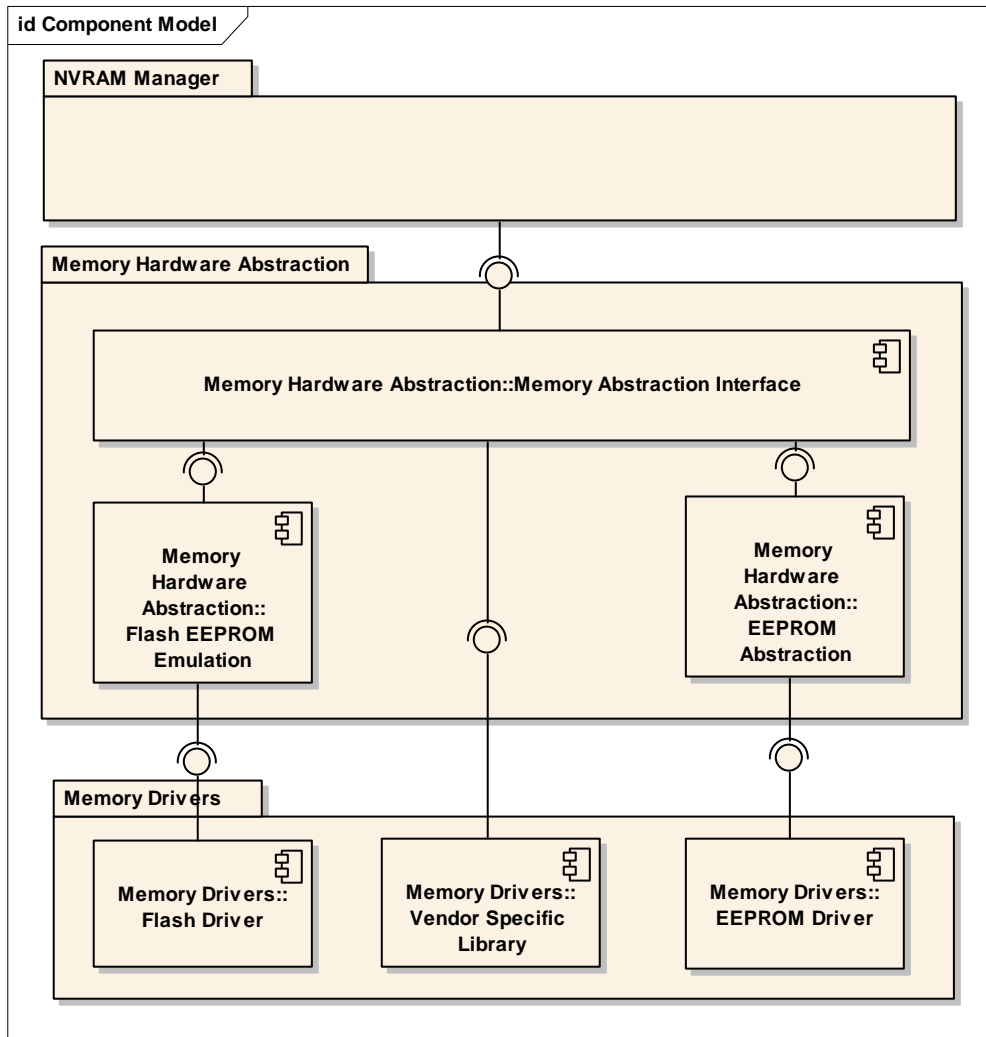


Figure 1: Module overview of memory hardware abstraction layer

FEE001: The Flash EEPROM Emulation (FEE) shall abstract from the device specific addressing scheme and segmentation and provide the upper layers with a virtual addressing scheme and segmentation as well as a “virtually” unlimited number of erase cycles.

2 Acronyms and abbreviations

Acronyms and abbreviations which have a local scope and therefore are not contained in the AUTOSAR glossary must appear in a local glossary.

Abbreviation / Acronym:	Description:
EA	EEPROM Abstraction
EEPROM	Electrically Erasable and Programmable ROM (Read Only Memory)
FEE	Flash EEPROM Emulation
LSB	Least significant bit / byte (depending on context). Here it's bit.
MemIf	Memory Abstraction Interface
MSB	Most significant bit / byte (depending on context). Here it's bit.
NvM	NVRAM Manager
NVRAM	Non-volatile RAM (Random Access Memory)
NVRAM block	Management unit as seen by the NVRAM Manager
(Logical) block	Smallest writable / erasable unit as seen by the modules user. Consists of one or more virtual pages.
Virtual page	May consist of one or several physical pages to ease handling of logical blocks and address calculation.
Internal residue	Unused space at the end of the last virtual page if the configured block size isn't an integer multiple of the virtual page size (see Figure 3)).
Virtual address	Consisting of 16 bit block number and 16 bit offset inside the logical block.
Physical address	Address information in device specific format (depending on the underlying EEPROM driver and device) that is used to access a logical block.
Dataset	Concept of the NVRAM manager: A user addressable array of blocks of the same size. E.g. could be used to provide different configuration settings for the CAN driver (CAN IDs, filter settings, ...) to an ECU which has otherwise identical application software (e.g. door module).
Redundant copy	Concept of the NVRAM manager: Storing the same information twice to enhance reliability of data storage.

3 Related documentation

3.1 Input documents

- [1] List of Basic Software Modules
https://svn.autosar.org/repos/10Releases/AUTOSAR_BasicSoftwareModules.pdf

- [2] Layered Software Architecture
https://svn.autosar.org/repos/10Releases/AUTOSAR_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture.pdf

- [3] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules
https://svn.autosar.org/repos/10Releases/AUTOSAR_SRS_General.pdf

- [4] General Requirements on SPAL
https://svn.autosar.org/repos/10Releases/AUTOSAR_SRS_SPAL_General.pdf

- [5] Requirements on Memory Hardware Abstraction Layer
https://svn.autosar.org/repos/10Releases/AUTOSAR_SRS_MemHw_AbstractionLayer.doc

- [6] Specification of Development Error Tracer
https://svn.autosar.org/repos/10Releases/AUTOSAR_SWS_DET.pdf

3.2 Related standards and norms

- [7] AUTOSAR Specification of NVRAM Manager
https://svn.autosar.org/repos/10Releases/AUTOSAR_SWS_NVRAM_Manager.doc

- [8] Specification of Memory Abstraction Interface
https://svn.autosar.org/repos/10Releases/AUTOSAR_SWS_Mem_AbstractionInterface.pdf

- [9] Specification of EEPROM Abstraction
https://svn.autosar.org/repos/10Releases/AUTOSAR_SWS_EEPROM_Abstraction.pdf

4 Constraints and assumptions

4.1 Limitations

No limitations.

4.2 Applicability to car domains

No restrictions.

5 Dependencies to other modules

This module depends on the capabilities of the underlying flash driver as well as the configuration of the NVRAM manager.

5.1 File structure

5.1.1 Code file structure

FEE059: The code file structure shall not be defined within this specification completely. At this point it shall be pointed out that the code-file structure shall include the following files named:

- Fee_Lcfg.c – for link time configurable parameters and
- Fee_PBcfg.c – for post build time configurable parameters.

These files shall contain all link time and post-build time configurable parameters.

5.1.2 Header file structure

FEE002: The file include structure shall be as follows¹:

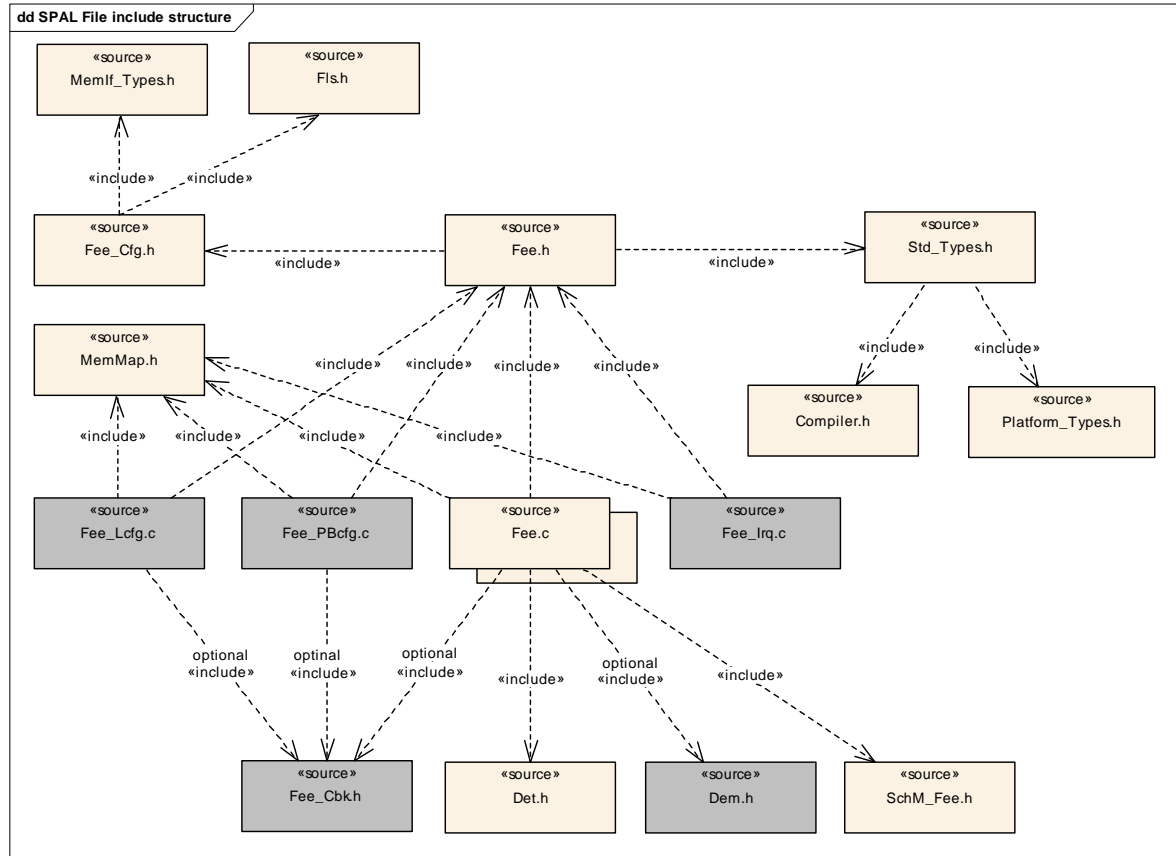


Figure 2: Flash EEPROM Emulation File Include Structure

- Fee.h shall include Fls.h
- Fee.h shall include Std_Types.h and Fee_Cfg.h
- Fee_Cfg.h shall include MemIf_Types.h
- Fee_Lcfg.c shall include Fee_Cfg.h
- Fee.c shall include Fee.h, MemMap.h and other standard header files (if needed by the implementation).
- Fee.c shall include Fee_Cbk.h
- Only Fee.h shall be included by upper layer modules (Memory Abstraction Interface)

FEE060: The module shall include the Dem.h file. By this inclusion the APIs to report errors as well as the required Event Id symbols are included. This specification defines the name of the Event Id symbols which are provided by XML to the DEM

¹ Files shown in grey are optional and might not be needed for certain implementations and/or configurations.

configuration tool. The DEM configuration tool assigns ECU dependent values to the Event Id symbols and publishes the symbols in Dem_IntErrId.h.

6 Requirements traceability

Document: General Requirements on Basic Software Modules

Requirement	Satisfied by
[BSW00344] Reference to link-time configuration	Not applicable (this module does not provide any post-build parameters)
[BSW00404] Reference to post build time configuration	Not applicable (this module does not provide post build time configuration)
[BSW00405] Reference to multiple configuration sets	Not applicable (this module does not support multiple configuration sets)
[BSW00345] Pre-compile-time configuration	FEE039 , FEE040
[BSW159] Tool-based configuration	FEE039 , FEE040
[BSW167] Static configuration checking	FEE041
[BSW171] Configurability of optional functionality	Not applicable (no optional functionality)
[BSW170] Data for reconfiguration of AUTOSAR SW-Components	Not applicable (no reconfiguration supported)
[BSW00380] Separate C-File for configuration parameters	Not applicable (no link-time or post build time configuration parameters)
[BSW00381] Separate configuration header file for pre-compile time parameters	FEE002
[BSW00412] Separate H-File for configuration parameters [approved]	Not applicable (no link-time or post build time configuration parameters)
[BSW00383] List dependencies of configuration files	FEE002
[BSW00384] List dependencies to other modules	Chapter 5
[BSW00387] Specify the configuration class of callback function	Chapter 8.6
[BSW00388] Introduce containers	Chapter 10.1
[BSW00389] Containers shall have names	Chapter 10.1
[BSW00390] Parameter content shall be unique within the module	Chapter 8, Chapter 10.2.2, Chapter 10.2.3
[BSW00391] Parameter shall have unique names	Chapter 8, Chapter 10.2.2, Chapter 10.2.3
[BSW00392] Parameters shall have a type	Chapter 8, Chapter 10.2.2, Chapter 10.2.3
[BSW00393] Parameters shall have a range	Chapter 8, Chapter 10.2.2, Chapter 10.2.3
[BSW00394] Specify the scope of the parameters	Chapter 10.2.2, Chapter 10.2.3
[BSW00395] List the required parameters (per parameter)	Chapter 10.2.2, Chapter 10.2.3
[BSW00396] Configuration classes	Chapter 10.2.2, Chapter 10.2.3
[BSW00397] Pre-compile-time parameters	Chapter 10.2.2, Chapter 10.2.3
[BSW00398] Link-time parameters	Not applicable (no link-time configuration parameters)
[BSW00399] Loadable Post-build time parameters	Not applicable (no post build time configuration parameters)
[BSW00400] Selectable Post-build time parameters	Not applicable (no post build time configuration parameters)
[BSW00402] Published information	Chapter 10.3
[BSW00375] Notification of wake-up reason	Not applicable (this module does not provide wakeup capabilities)
[BSW101] Initialization interface	FEE017

[BSW00416] Sequence of Initialization	Not applicable (requirement on system design, not a single module)
[BSW00406] Check module initialization	Not applicable (no parameters to check during initialization)
[BSW168] Diagnostic Interface of SW components	Not applicable (this module does not provide special diagnostics support)
[BSW00407] Function to read out published parameters	Chapter 8.3.9, FEE043
[BSW00423] Usage of SW-C template to describe BSW modules with AUTOSAR Interfaces	Not applicable (this module does not provide an AUTOSAR interface)
[BSW00424] BSW main processing function task allocation	Not applicable (requirement on system design, not on a single module)
[BSW00425] Trigger conditions for schedulable objects	Not applicable (requirement on the BSW module description template)
[BSW00426] Exclusive areas in BSW modules	Not applicable (no exclusive areas defined in this module)
[BSW00427] ISR description for BSW modules	Not applicable (this module does not implement any ISRs)
[BSW00428] Execution order dependencies of main processing functions	Not applicable (only one main processing function in this module)
[BSW00429] Restricted BSW OS functionality access	Not applicable (this module does not use any OS functionality)
[BSW00431] The BSW Scheduler module implements task bodies	Not applicable (requirement on the BSW scheduler)
[BSW00432] Modules should have separate main processing functions for read/receive and write/transmit data path	Not applicable (only one main processing function in this module)
[BSW00433] Calling of main processing functions	Not applicable (requirement on system design, not on a single module)
[BSW00434] The Schedule Module shall provide an API for exclusive areas	Not applicable (requirement on the schedule module - this is not it)
[BSW00336] Shutdown interface	Not applicable (this module does not provide shutdown capabilities)
[BSW00337] Classification of errors	FEE010
[BSW00338] Detection and Reporting of development errors	FEE011 , FEE012
[BSW00369] Do not return development error codes via API	FEE045
[BSW00339] Reporting of production relevant error status	Not applicable (no production relevant errors defined for this module)
[BSW00421] Reporting of production relevant error events	Not applicable (no production relevant errors defined for this module)
[BSW00422] Debouncing of production relevant error status	Not applicable (requirement on the DEM, not this module)
[BSW00420] Production relevant error event rate detection	Not applicable (requirement on the DEM, not this module)
[BSW00417] Reporting of Error Events by Non-Basic Software	Not applicable (requirement on non BSW modules)
[BSW00323] API parameter checking	Not applicable

	(no parameter check specified for this module)
[BSW004] Version check	FEE013 , FEE043
[BSW00409] Header files for production code error IDs	FEE047
[BSW00385] List possible error notifications	Chapter 8.6
[BSW00386] Configuration for detecting an error	FEE010 , FEE011 , FEE045
[BSW161] Microcontroller abstraction	Not applicable (requirement on AUTOSAR architecture, not a single module)
[BSW162] ECU layout abstraction	Not applicable (requirement on AUTOSAR architecture, not a single module)
[BSW00324] Do not use HIS I/O Library	Not applicable (architecture decision)
[BSW005] No hard coded horizontal interfaces within MCAL	Not applicable (requirement on AUTOSAR architecture, not a single module)
[BSW00415] User dependent include files	Not applicable (only one user for this module)
[BSW164] Implementation of interrupt service routines	Not applicable (this module does not implement any ISRs)
[BSW00325] Runtime of interrupt service routines	FEE069
[BSW00326] Transition from ISRs to OS tasks	Not applicable (requirement on implementation, not on specification)
[BSW00342] Usage of source code and object code	Not applicable (requirement on AUTOSAR architecture, not a single module)
[BSW00343] Specification and configuration of time	FEE070
[BSW160] Human-readable configuration data	Not applicable (requirement on documentation, not on specification)
[BSW007] HIS MISRA C	Not applicable (requirement on implementation, not on specification)
[BSW00300] Module naming convention	Not applicable (requirement on implementation, not on specification)
[BSW00413] Accessing instances of BSW modules	Requirement can not be implemented in R2.0 timeframe.
[BSW00347] Naming separation of different instances of BSW drivers	Not applicable (requirement on the implementation, not on the specification)
[BSW00305] Self-defined data types naming convention	Chapter 8.2
[BSW00307] Global variables naming convention	Not applicable (requirement on the implementation, not on the specification)
[BSW00310] API naming convention	Chapter 8.3
[BSW00373] Main processing function naming convention	Chapter 8.5.1
[BSW00327] Error values naming convention	FEE010 , FEE012
[BSW00335] Status values naming convention	Chapter 8.1.2
[BSW00350] Development error detection keyword	FEE011 , FEE062 , FEE039
[BSW00408] Configuration parameter naming convention	Chapter 10.1
[BSW00410] Compiler switches shall have	Chapter 10.1

defined values	
[BSW00411] Get version info keyword	Chapter 10.2.2
[BSW00346] Basic set of module files	FEE002
[BSW158] Separation of configuration from implementation	FEE002
[BSW00314] Separation of interrupt frames and service routines	Not applicable (this module does not implement any ISRs)
[BSW00370] Separation of callback interface from API	Chapter 8.4
[BSW00348] Standard type header	Not applicable (requirement on the standard header file)
[BSW00353] Platform specific type header	Not applicable (requirement on the platform specific header file)
[BSW00361] Compiler specific language extension header	Not applicable (requirement on the compiler specific header file)
[BSW00301] Limit imported information	FEE002
[BSW00302] Limit exported information	Not applicable (requirement on the implementation, not on the specification)
[BSW00328] Avoid duplication of code	Not applicable (requirement on the implementation, not on the specification)
[BSW00312] Shared code shall be reentrant	Not applicable (requirement on the implementation, not on the specification)
[BSW006] Platform independency	Not applicable (this is a module of the microcontroller abstraction layer)
[BSW00357] Standard API return type	Chapter 8.3.3, Chapter 8.3.4. Chapter 8.3.8, Chapter 8.3.10
[BSW00377] Module specific API return types	Chapter 8.3.6, Chapter 8.3.7
[BSW00304] AUTOSAR integer data types	Not applicable (requirement on implementation, not for specification)
[BSW00355] Do not redefine AUTOSAR integer data types	Not applicable (requirement on implementation, not for specification)
[BSW00378] AUTOSAR boolean type	Not applicable (requirement on implementation, not for specification)
[BSW00306] Avoid direct use of compiler and platform specific keywords	Not applicable (requirement on implementation, not for specification)
[BSW00308] Definition of global data	Not applicable (requirement on implementation, not for specification)
[BSW00309] Global data with read-only constraint	Not applicable (requirement on implementation, not for specification)
[BSW00371] Do not pass function pointers via API	Not applicable (no function pointers in this specification)
[BSW00358] Return type of init() functions	Chapter 8.3.1
[BSW00414] Parameter of init function	Chapter 8.3.1, FEE072
[BSW00376] Return type and parameters of main processing functions	Chapter 8.5.1
[BSW00359] Return type of callback functions	Not applicable (this module does not provide any callback routines)
[BSW00360] Parameters of callback functions	Not applicable (this module does not provide any callback

	routines)
[BSW00329] Avoidance of generic interfaces	Chapter 8.3 (explicit interfaces defined)
[BSW00330] Usage of macros / inline functions instead of functions	Not applicable (requirement on implementation, not for specification)
[BSW00331] Separation of error and status values	FEE010 , FEE045
[BSW009] Module User Documentation	Not applicable (requirement on documentation, not on specification)
[BSW00401] Documentation of multiple instances of configuration parameters	Not applicable (all configuration parameters are single instance only)
[BSW172] Compatibility and documentation of scheduling strategy	Not applicable (no internal scheduling policy)
[BSW010] Memory resource documentation	Not applicable (requirement on documentation, not on specification)
[BSW00333] Documentation of callback function context	Not applicable (requirement on documentation, not for specification)
[BSW00374] Module vendor identification	FEE043
[BSW00379] Module identification	FEE043
[BSW003] Version identification	FEE043
[BSW00318] Format of module version numbers	FEE043
[BSW00321] Enumeration of module version numbers	Not applicable (requirement on implementation, not for specification)
[BSW00341] Microcontroller compatibility documentation	Not applicable (requirement on documentation, not on specification)
[BSW00334] Provision of XML file	Not applicable (requirement on documentation, not on specification)

Document: General Requirements on SPAL

Requirement	Satisfied by
[BSW12263] Object code compatible configuration concept	Not applicable (this module does not provide any post-build parameters)
[BSW12056] Configuration of notification mechanisms	Not applicable (this module does not provide any notification mechanisms)
[BSW12267] Configuration of wake-up sources	Not applicable (this module does not provide any wakeup capabilities)
[BSW12057] Driver module initialization	FEE017
[BSW12125] Initialization of hardware resources	Not applicable (this module has no direct hardware access)
[BSW12163] Driver module de-initialization	Not applicable (this module does not provide any shutdown capabilities)
[BSW12058] Individual initialization of overall registers	Not applicable (this module has no direct hardware access)
[BSW12059] General initialization of overall registers	Not applicable (this module has no direct hardware access)

[BSW12060] Responsibility for initialization of one-time writable registers	Not applicable (this module has no direct hardware access)
[BSW12461] Responsibility for register initialization [approved]	Not applicable (this module has no direct hardware access)
[BSW12462] Provide settings for register initialization [approved]	Not applicable (this module has no direct hardware access)
[BSW12463] Combine and forward settings for register initialization	Not applicable (this module has no direct hardware access)
[BSW12062] Selection of static configuration sets	Not applicable (no selectable of configuration sets)
[BSW12068] MCAL initialization sequence	Not applicable (this module belongs to the ECU abstraction layer)
[BSW12069] Wake-up notification of ECU State Manager	Not applicable (this module does not provide any wakeup capabilities)
[BSW157] Notification mechanisms of drivers and handlers	Not applicable (this module does not provide any notification mechanisms)
[BSW12155] Prototypes of callback functions	Not applicable (this module does not implement any callback routines)
[BSW12169] Control of operation mode	FEE020
[BSW12063] Raw value mode	Not applicable (this module does not handle or mishandle any data)
[BSW12075] Use of application buffers	Chapters 8.3.3 and 8.3.4
[BSW12129] Resetting of interrupt flags	Not applicable (this module does not implement any ISRs)
[BSW12064] Change of operation mode during running operation	Not applicable (this module has no internal operation mode)
[BSW12448] Behavior after development error detection	FEE068
[BSW12067] Setting of wake-up conditions	Not applicable (this module does not provide any wakeup capabilities)
[BSW12077] Non-blocking implementation	Not applicable (this module does not implement any schedulable services)
[BSW12078] Runtime and memory efficiency	Not applicable (requirement on implementation, not on specification)
[BSW12092] Access to drivers	Not applicable (this module is the flash driver's "manager")
[BSW12265] Configuration data shall be kept constant	Not applicable (no configuration data passed for initialization)
[BSW12264] Specification of configuration items	FEE039 , FEE040 , FEE043
[BSW12081] Use HIS requirements as input	Not applicable (no corresponding HIS requirements available)

Document: Requirements on Memory Hardware Abstraction Layer

Requirement	Satisfied by
BSW14001 Configuration of address alignment	FEE004 , FEE039
BSW14002 Configuration of number of required write cycles	FEE008 , FEE040
BSW14003 Configuration of maximum blocking time	FEE039

BSW14004 Configuration of “immediate” data blocks	FEE040
BSW14026 Don't use certain block numbers	FEE006
BSW14027 Publish overhead for internal management data per block	FEE043
BSW14005 Virtual linear address space and segmentation	FEE003
BSW14006 Alignment of block erase / write addresses	FEE004 , FEE024
BSW14007 Alignment of block read addresses	FEE021
BSW14008 Checking block read addresses	FEE038
BSW14009 Conversion of logical to physical addresses	FEE007
BSW14010 Block-wise write service	Chapter 8.3.4
BSW14029 Block-wise read service	Chapter 8.3.3
BSW14031 Service to cancel an ongoing asynchronous operation	Chapter 8.3.5
BSW14028 Service to invalidate a memory block	Chapter 8.3.8
BSW14012 Spreading of write access	FEE008
BSW14013 Writing of “immediate” data must not be delayed	FEE009
BSW14032 Block-wise erase service for immediate data	FEE066 , FEE067 , FEE068
BSW14014 Detection of data inconsistencies	FEE023 , FEE049 , FEE050
BSW14015 Reporting of data inconsistencies	FEE023
BSW14016 Don't return inconsistent data to the caller	FEE023
BSW14017 Scope of EEPROM Abstraction Layer	Not applicable (this is the FEE modules specification)
BSW14018 Scope of Flash EEPROM Emulation	FEE001

7 Functional specification

7.1 General behavior

7.1.1 Addressing scheme and segmentation

FEE003: The Flash EEPROM Emulation (FEE) shall provide upper layers with a 32bit virtual linear address space and uniform segmentation scheme. This virtual 32bit addresses shall consist of

- a 16bit block number – allowing a (theoretical) number of 65536 logical blocks
- a 16bit block offset – allowing a (theoretical) block size of 64KByte per block

FEE004: The 16bit block number shall represent a configurable (virtual) paging mechanism. The values for this address alignment can be derived from that of the underlying flash driver and device. This virtual paging shall be configurable via the parameter `EA_VIRTUAL_PAGE_SIZE`.

FEE076: The virtual page size shall always be an integer multiple of the physical page size, i.e. it shall not be possible to configure a smaller virtual page than the actual physical page size.

Example:

The size of a virtual page is configured to be eight bytes, thus the address alignment is eight bytes.. The logical block with block number 1 is placed at physical address x. The logical block with the block number 2 then would be placed at x+8, block number 3 would be placed at x+16.

Note: This specification requirement allows the physical start address of a logical block to be calculated rather than making a lookup table necessary for the address mapping.

FEE005: Each configured logical block shall take up an integer multiple of the configured virtual page size.

FEE071: Logical blocks must not overlap each other and must not be contained within one another.

Example:

The address alignment / virtual paging is configured to be eight bytes by setting the parameter `EA_VIRTUAL_PAGE_SIZE` accordingly. The logical block number 1 is configured to have a size of 32 bytes (see

Figure 3). *This logical block would use exactly 4 virtual pages. The next logical block thus would get the block number 5, since block numbers 2, 3 and 4 are “blocked” by the first logical block. This second block is configured to have a size of 100 bytes, taking up 13 virtual pages and leaving 4 bytes of the last page unused. The next available logical block number thus would be 17.*

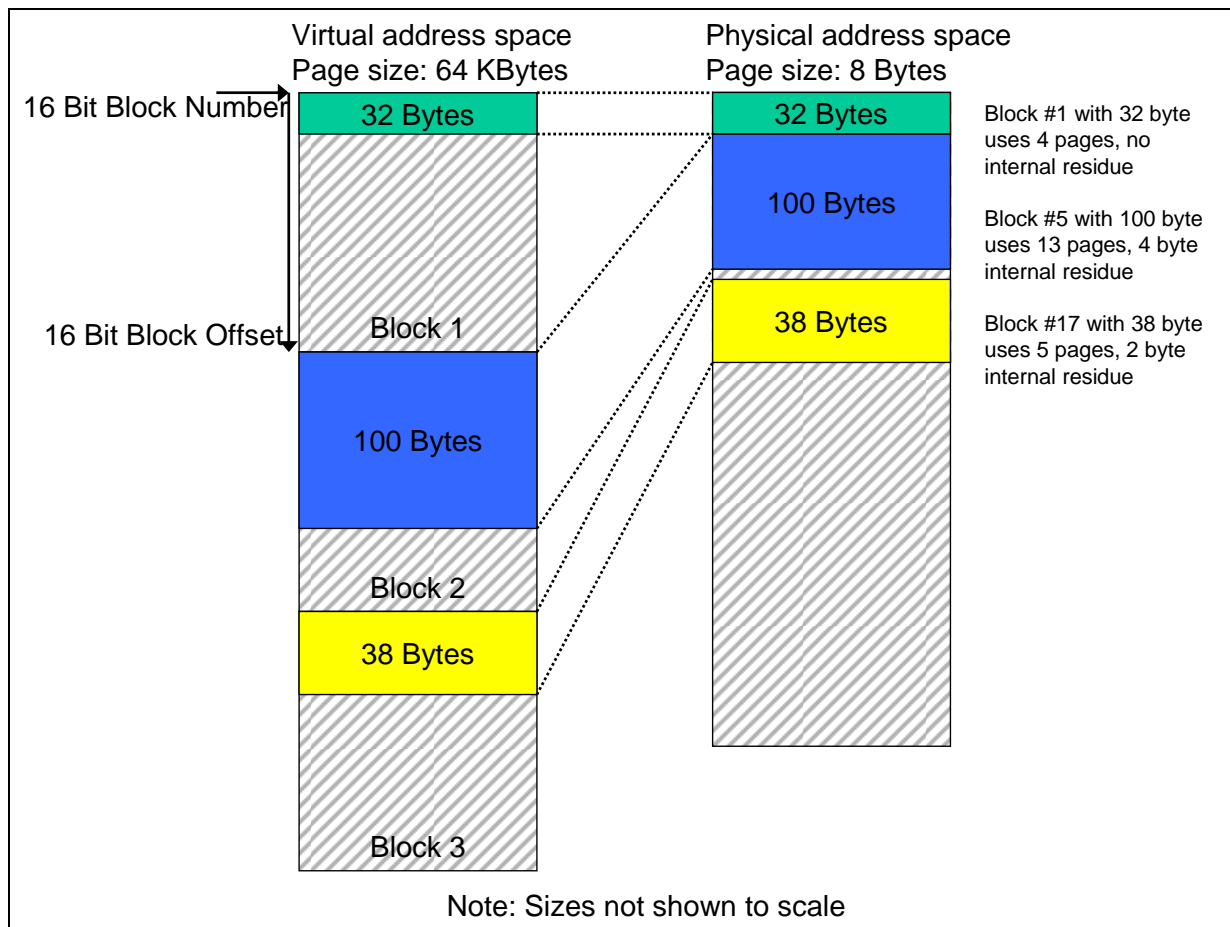


Figure 3: Virtual vs. physical memory layout

FEE006: The block numbers 0x0000 and 0xFFFF shall not be configurable for a logical block. The first (smallest) number for a logical block shall be 1 (0x0001), the last (highest) number shall be 65534 (0xFFFE).

7.1.2 Address calculation

FEE007: If applicable, the functions of this module shall combine the 16bit block number and 16bit address offset to derive the physical flash address needed for the underlying flash driver.

Note: The exact address format needed by the underlying flash driver and therefore the mechanism how to derive the physical flash address from the given 16bit block number and 16bit address offset depends on the flash device and the implementation of this module and shall therefore not be standardized.

FEE061: Only those bits of the 16bit block number, that do not denote a specific dataset or redundant copy shall be used for address calculation if the location of the dataset or redundant copy can be obtained by other means. Since this information is

needed by the NVRAM manager, the number of bits to encode this can be configured for the NVRAM manager with the parameter `NVM_DATASET_SELECTION_BITS`.

Example: Dataset information is configured to be encoded in the four LSB's of the 16bit block number (allowing for a maximum of 16 datasets per NVRAM block and a total of 4094 NVRAM blocks). An implementer decides to store all datasets of a NVRAM block directly adjacent and using the length of the block and a pointer to access each dataset. To calculate the start address of the block (the address of the first dataset) she/he uses only the 12 MSB's, to access a specific dataset she/he adds the size of the block multiplied by the dataset index (the four MSB's) to this start address (

Figure 4).

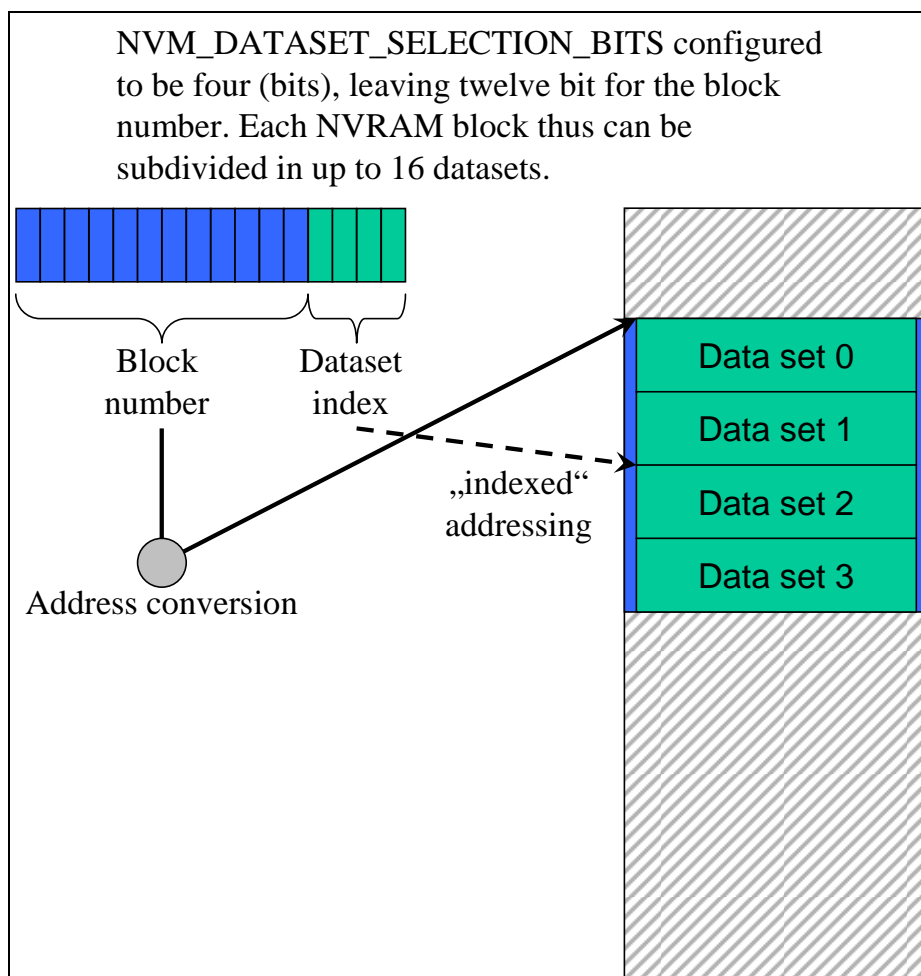


Figure 4: Block number and dataset index

7.1.3 Limitation of erase cycles

FEE008: The expected number of write cycles shall be configurable for each logical block. If the underlying flash device or device driver do not provide at least this

configured number of erase cycles per physical memory cell, this module shall provide mechanisms to spread the write access such that the physical device is not overstressed. This shall also apply to all management data used internally by the FEE module.

Example:

The logical block number 1 is configured for an expected 500.000 write cycles, the underlying flash device and device driver are only specified for 100.000 erase cycles. In this case the FEE module has to provide (at least) five separate memory areas and alternate the access between those areas internally so, that each physical memory location is only erased for a maximum of the specified 100.000 cycles.

7.1.4 Handling of “immediate” data

FEE009: Blocks containing immediate data have to be written instantaneously, i.e. this module has to ensure that such blocks can be written without the need to erase the corresponding memory area (e.g. by using pre-erased memory) and that the write request is not delayed by currently running module internal management operations.

Note: An ongoing lower priority read / erase / write or compare job shall be cancelled by the NVRAM manager before immediate data is written. This module only has to ensure that this write than can be performed immediately.

Example: Three blocks with 10 bytes each have been configured for immediate data. The FEE module / configuration tool reserves these 30 bytes (plus the implementation specific overhead per block / page if needed) for use by this immediate data only. That is this memory area shall not be used for storage of other data blocks.

The NVRAM manager requested the FEE module to write a data block of 100 bytes. While this block is being written a situation occurs that one (or several) of the immediate data blocks need to be written. Therefore the NVRAM manager cancels the ongoing write request and subsequently issues the write request for the (first) block containing immediate data. The cancellation of the ongoing write request is performed synchronously by the FEE module and the underlying flash driver that is the write request for the immediate data can be started without any further delay. Before the first bytes of immediate data can be written however, the FEE module respectively the underlying driver have to wait for the end of an ongoing hardware access from the previous write request (e.g. writing of a page, erasing of a sector, transfer via SPI, ...).

7.1.5 Managing block integrity information

FEE049: The FEE shall manage for each block the information, whether this block is consistent or not. This consistency information shall only concern the internal handling of the block, not the block’s contents.

FEE050: When a block write operation is started the FEE shall mark the corresponding block as inconsistent². Upon the successful end of the block write operation, the block shall be marked as consistent (again).

Note: This internal management information should not be mixed up with the validity information of a block which can be manipulated by using the `Fee_InvalidateBlock` service, i.e. the FEE shall be able to distinguish between an inconsistent block and a block that has been deliberately invalidated by the upper layer.

7.2 Error classification

FEE010: The following errors and exceptions shall be detectable by the Flash EEPROM Emulation depending on its configuration (development/production):

FEE047: Values for production code Event Ids are assigned externally by the configuration of the Dem. They are published in the file `Dem_IntErrId.h` and included via `Dem.h`.

FEE048: Development error values are of type `uint8`.

Type or error	Relevance	Related error code	Value [hex]
API service called with invalid block number	Development	FEE_E_INVALID_BLOCK_NO	0x02

7.3 Error detection

FEE011: The detection of development errors shall be configurable (on/off) at pre-compile time. The switch `FEE_DEV_ERROR_DETECT` (see chapter 10) shall activate or deactivate the detection of all development errors.

FEE062: If the `FEE_DEV_ERROR_DETECT` switch is enabled API parameter checking is enabled. The detailed description of the detected errors can be found in chapter 7.2 and chapter 8.

FEE063: The detection of production code errors cannot be switched off.

FEE012: Additional errors that are detected because of specific implementation and/or specific hardware properties shall be added in the module's implementation documentation. The classification and enumeration shall be compatible with the errors listed above.

² This does not necessarily mean a write operation on the physical device, if there are other means to detect the consistency of a logical block.

7.4 Error reporting

FEE045: Development errors shall be reported to the Development Error Tracer (DET) if the preprocessor switch `FEE_DEV_ERROR_DETECT` is set. The error codes shall not be used as return values of the called function.

7.5 Consistency checks

FEE013: The modules implementation shall check its version numbers against the version information given in the modules header files to ensure compatibility between implementation and configuration of the module.

FEE041: If applicable, configuration parameters shall be checked during system generation or at the latest during compile time for plausibility and consistency.

FEE038: This module shall not implement any kind of parameter checks during runtime. Instead the parameter check of the underlying driver shall be enabled if needed.

8 API specification

8.1 Imported Types

FEE015: The types mentioned in this chapter shall be imported from the header files Std_Types.h respectively MemIf_Types.h.

FEE016: These types shall not be changed or extended for a specific FEE module or hardware platform.

8.1.1 Standard Types

In this chapter all types included from the following files are listed:

- Std_Types.h
- Std_ReturnType
- Std_VersionInfoType

8.1.2 MemIf Types

In this chapter all types included from module MemIf are listed.

- MemIf_ModeType
- MemIf_StatusType
- MemIf_JobResultType

8.2 Type definitions

No local type definitions needed for this module.

8.3 Function definitions

8.3.1 Fee_Init

Service name:	Fee_Init
Syntax:	void Fee_Init (void)
Service ID [hex]:	0x00
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Re-entrancy:	non re-entrant
Parameters (in):	None --
Parameters (out):	None --

Return value:	None	--
Description:	FEE017: This service shall initialize the Flash EEPROM Emulation module using the values provided in the configuration set.	
Caveats:	This service shall not be called during a running operation.	
Configuration:	None	

8.3.2 Fee_SetMode

Service name:	Fee_SetMode	
Syntax:	<pre>void Fee_SetMode (MemIf_ModeType Mode)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]:	0x01	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Re-entrancy:	non re-entrant	
Parameters (in):	Mode	Desired mode for the underlying flash driver
Parameters (out):	None	--
Return value:	None	--
Description:	FEE020: If applicable, this service shall call the "Fls_SetMode" function of the underlying flash driver with the given "Mode" parameter and pass the return value of that function back to the caller.	
Caveats:	None	
Configuration:	None	

8.3.3 Fee_Read

Service name:	Fee_Read	
Syntax:	<pre>Std_ReturnType Fee_Read (uint16 BlockNumber, uint16 BlockOffset, uint8 *DataBufferPtr, uint16 Length)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]:	0x02	
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous	
Re-entrancy:	Non re-entrant	
Parameters (in):	BlockNumber	Number of logical block, also denoting start address of that block in flash memory.
	BlockOffset	Read address offset inside the block
	Length	Number of bytes to read
Parameters (out):	DataBufferPtr	Pointer to data buffer
Return value:	E_OK	The read job was accepted by the underlying memory driver.
	E_NOT_OK	The read job has not been accepted by the underlying

	memory driver.
Description:	<p>FEE021: This function shall take the block start address and offset and calculate the corresponding memory read address.</p> <p><i>Note: The address offset and length parameter can take any value within the given types range, this allows reading of an arbitrary number of bytes from an arbitrary start address inside a logical block.</i></p> <p>FEE022: This service shall copy the given / computed parameters to module internal variables, initiate a read job, set the module status to MEMIF_BUSY, set the job result to MEMIF_JOB_PENDING and return with E_OK.</p> <p>FEE073: The read job shall be executed asynchronously within the module's main function.</p>
Caveats:	None
Configuration:	None

8.3.4 Fee_Write

Service name:	Fee_Write	
Syntax:	<pre>Std_ReturnType Fee_Write (uint16 BlockNumber, uint8 *DataBufferPtr)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]:	0x03	
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous	
Re-entrancy:	Non re-entrant	
Parameters (in):	BlockNumber	Number of logical block, also denoting start address of that block in EEPROM.
	DataBufferPtr	Pointer to data buffer
Parameters (out):	None	--
Return value:	E_OK	The write job was accepted by the underlying memory driver.
	E_NOT_OK	The write job has not been accepted by the underlying memory driver.
Description:	<p>FEE024: This function shall take the block start address and calculate the corresponding memory write address. The block address offset shall be fixed to zero.</p> <p>FEE025: This service shall copy the given / computed parameters to module internal variables, initiate a write job, set the module status to MEMIF_BUSY, set the job result to MEMIF_JOB_PENDING and return with E_OK.</p> <p>FEE026: The write job shall be executed asynchronously within the module's main function.</p>	
Caveats:	None	
Configuration:	None	

8.3.5 Fee_Cancel

Service name:	Fee_Cancel
Syntax:	<pre>void Fee_Cancel (void)</pre>
Service ID [hex]:	0x04
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous
Re-entrancy:	Non re-entrant
Parameters (in):	None --
Parameters (out):	None --
Return value:	None --
Description:	<p>FEE033: If applicable, this function shall call the cancel function of the underlying flash driver. If applicable, it shall also reset the module internal state machine to ready the module for a new job request.</p> <p>Note: This function and the cancel function of the underlying flash driver are asynchronous with regard to an ongoing read, erase or write job in the flash memory. The cancel functions shall only reset the modules internal variables so that a new job can be accepted by the module, they don't cancel an ongoing job in the hardware and they don't wait for an ongoing job to be finished by the hardware (this shall be done by the module's main function if necessary). This might lead to the situation that the module's state is reported as IDLE while there's still an ongoing job being executed by the hardware. Therefore the flash driver's main function shall check that the hardware is indeed free before starting a new job.</p>
Caveats:	None
Configuration:	None

8.3.6 Fee_GetStatus

Service name:	Fee_GetStatus								
Syntax:	<pre>MemIf_StatusType Fee_GetStatus (void)</pre>								
Service ID [hex]:	0x05								
Sync/Async:	Synchronous								
Re-entrancy:	Non re-entrant								
Parameters (in):	None --								
Parameters (out):	None --								
Return value:	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>MEMIF_UNINIT</td> <td>The underlying flash driver has not been initialized.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MEMIF_IDLE</td> <td>The underlying flash driver is currently idle.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MEMIF_BUSY</td> <td>The underlying flash driver is currently busy.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MEMIF_BUSY_INTER NAL</td> <td>The FEE module is busy with internal management operations.</td> </tr> </table>	MEMIF_UNINIT	The underlying flash driver has not been initialized.	MEMIF_IDLE	The underlying flash driver is currently idle.	MEMIF_BUSY	The underlying flash driver is currently busy.	MEMIF_BUSY_INTER NAL	The FEE module is busy with internal management operations.
MEMIF_UNINIT	The underlying flash driver has not been initialized.								
MEMIF_IDLE	The underlying flash driver is currently idle.								
MEMIF_BUSY	The underlying flash driver is currently busy.								
MEMIF_BUSY_INTER NAL	The FEE module is busy with internal management operations.								

Description:	<p>FEE034: If applicable, this function shall call the “GetStatus” function of the underlying flash driver and pass the returned value back to the caller.</p> <p>FEE074: If the underlying driver returned the status MEMIF_IDLE and if an internal operation is currently ongoing, this function shall return MEMIF_BUSY_INTERNAL. In all other cases the status of the underlying driver shall be returned, that is the driver status shall supersede that of the memory abstraction module..</p>
Caveats:	None
Configuration:	None

8.3.7 Fee_GetJobResult

Service name:	Fee_GetJobResult												
Syntax:	MemIf_JobResultType Fee_GetJobResult (void)												
Service ID [hex]:	0x06												
Sync/Async:	Synchronous												
Re-entrancy:	Non re-entrant												
Parameters (in):	None --												
Parameters (out):	None --												
Return value:	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>MEMIF_JOB_OK</td> <td>The last job has been finished successfully.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MEMIF_JOB_PENDING</td> <td>The last job is waiting for execution or currently being executed.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MEMIF_JOB_CANCELLED</td> <td>The last job has been cancelled (which means it failed).</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MEMIF_JOB_FAILED</td> <td>The last read/erase/write/compare job failed.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT</td> <td>The requested block is inconsistent, it may contain corrupted data.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MEMIF_BLOCK_INVALID</td> <td>The requested block has been invalidated, the requested read operation can not be performed.</td> </tr> </table>	MEMIF_JOB_OK	The last job has been finished successfully.	MEMIF_JOB_PENDING	The last job is waiting for execution or currently being executed.	MEMIF_JOB_CANCELLED	The last job has been cancelled (which means it failed).	MEMIF_JOB_FAILED	The last read/erase/write/compare job failed.	MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT	The requested block is inconsistent, it may contain corrupted data.	MEMIF_BLOCK_INVALID	The requested block has been invalidated, the requested read operation can not be performed.
MEMIF_JOB_OK	The last job has been finished successfully.												
MEMIF_JOB_PENDING	The last job is waiting for execution or currently being executed.												
MEMIF_JOB_CANCELLED	The last job has been cancelled (which means it failed).												
MEMIF_JOB_FAILED	The last read/erase/write/compare job failed.												
MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT	The requested block is inconsistent, it may contain corrupted data.												
MEMIF_BLOCK_INVALID	The requested block has been invalidated, the requested read operation can not be performed.												
Description:	FEE035: If applicable, this function shall call the “GetJobResult” function of the underlying flash driver and pass the return value back to the caller.												
Caveats:	None												
Configuration:	None												

8.3.8 Fee_InvalidateBlock

Service name:	Fee_InvalidateBlock
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType Fee_InvalidateBlock (uint16 BlockNumber)
Service ID [hex]:	0x07
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous

Re-entrancy:	Non re-entrant	
Parameters (in):	BlockNumber	Number of logical block, also denoting start address of that block in flash memory.
Return value:	E_OK	The job was accepted by the underlying memory driver
	E_NOT_OK	The job has not been accepted by the underlying memory driver
Description:	<p>FEE036: This function shall take the block start address and calculate the corresponding memory block address.</p> <p>FEE037: Subsequently it shall invalidate that block by either calling the erase function of the underlying device driver or changing some module internal management information accordingly.</p> <p><i>Note: This internal management information has to be stored in NV memory since it has to be resistant against resets. What this information is and how it is stored shall not be further detailed by this specification.</i></p>	
Caveats:	None	
Configuration:	None	

8.3.9 Fee_GetVersionInfo

Service name:	Fee_GetVersionInfo	
Syntax:	<pre>void Fee_GetVersionInfo (Std_VersionInfoType *VersionInfoPtr)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]:	0x08	
Sync/Async:	Synchronous	
Re-entrancy:	Non Re-entrant	
Parameters (in):	None	--
Parameters (out):	VersionInfoPtr	Pointer to standard version information structure.
Return value:	None	--
Description:	<p>FEE064: This service returns the version information of this module. The version information includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Module Id - Vendor Id - Vendor specific version numbers (BSW00407). <p>FEE065: This function shall be pre compile time configurable <code>On/Off</code> by the configuration parameter: <code>FEE_VERSION_INFO_API</code></p> <p>Hint: If source code for caller and callee of this function is available this function should be realized as a macro. The macro should be defined in the modules header file.</p>	
Caveats:	--	
Configuration:	This service is only available if enabled by the pre-processor switch <code>FEE_VERSION_INFO_API</code> .	

8.3.10 Fee_EraseImmediateBlock

Service name:	Fee_EraseImmediateBlock	
Syntax:	Std_ReturnType Fee_EraseImmediateBlock (uint16 BlockNumber)	
Service ID [hex]:	0x09	
Sync/Async:	Asynchronous	
Re-entrancy:	Non re-entrant	
Parameters (in):	BlockNumber	Number of logical block, also denoting start address of that block in EEPROM.
Parameters (out):	None	--
Return value:	E_OK	The job was accepted by the underlying memory driver
	E_NOT_OK	The job has not been accepted by the underlying memory driver.
Description:	<p>FEE066: This function shall take the block number and calculate the corresponding memory block address.</p> <p>FEE067: This function shall ensure that immediate data can be written. Whether this involves physically erasing a memory area and therefore calling the erase function of the underlying driver depends on the implementation.</p> <p>FEE068: If development error detection is enabled, the function shall check whether the addressed logical block is configured as containing immediate data (see chapter 10.2.3). If not the addressed block shall not be erased, the development error FEE_E_INVALID_BLOCK_NO shall be reported to the DET and the function shall return E_NOT_OK.</p>	
Caveats:	Shall only be called by e.g. diagnostic or similar system service to pre-erase the area for immediate data if necessary.	
Configuration:	EA_IMMEDIATE_DATA (see chapter 10.2.3)	

8.4 Call-back notifications

This is a list of functions provided for lower layer modules. The function prototypes of the callback functions shall be provided in the file `Fee_Cbk.h`

FEE069: Depending on implementation, callback routines provided and/or invoked by this module may be called on interrupt level. The module providing those routines therefore has to make sure that their runtime is reasonably short, i.e. since callbacks may be propagated upward through several software layers.

Note: Whether callback routines are allowable / feasible on interrupt level depends on the project specific needs (reaction time) and limitations (runtime in interrupt context). Therefore system design has to make sure that the configuration of the involved modules meets those requirements.

8.4.1 Fee_JobEndNotification

Service name:	Fee_JobEndNotification
Syntax:	<pre>void Fee_JobEndNotification (void)</pre>
Service ID [hex]:	0x10
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non re-entrant
Parameters (in):	None --
Parameters (out):	None --
Return value:	None --
Description:	<p>FEE051: This routine shall be called by the underlying flash driver to report the successful end of an asynchronous operation.</p> <p>FEE052: This routine shall perform any necessary block management operations before calling the corresponding callback routine of the upper layer module.</p>
Caveats:	This routine might be called on interrupt level, depending on the calling function.
Configuration:	None

8.4.2 Fee_JobErrorNotification

Service name:	Fee_JobErrorNotification
Syntax:	<pre>void Fee_JobErrorNotification (void)</pre>
Service ID [hex]:	0x11
Sync/Async:	Synchronous
Reentrancy:	Non re-entrant
Parameters (in):	None --
Parameters (out):	None --
Return value:	None --
Description:	<p>FEE053: This routine shall be called by the underlying flash driver to report the failure of an asynchronous operation.</p> <p>FEE054: This routine shall perform any necessary block management and error handling operations before calling the corresponding callback routine of the upper layer module.</p>
Caveats:	This routine might be called on interrupt level, depending on the calling function.
Configuration:	None

8.5 Scheduled functions

These functions are directly called by the Basic Software Scheduler. The following functions shall have no return value and no parameter. All functions shall be non re-entrant.

8.5.1 Fee_MainFunction

Service name:	void Fee_MainFunction (void)
Service ID [hex]:	0x12
Description:	<p>FEE057: This function shall asynchronously handle the requested read / write / erase jobs respectively the internal management operations.</p> <p>FEE075: This function shall check, whether the block requested for reading has been invalidated by the upper layer module. If so, it shall set the job result to MEMIF_BLOCK_INVALID and call the job error notification function if configured. Subsequently it shall return E_NOT_OK to the caller</p> <p>FEE023: This routine shall check the consistency of a logical block being read before notifying the caller. If an inconsistency of the read data is detected, the routine shall set the job result to MEMIF_BLOCK_INCONSISTENT and call the error notification routine of the upper layer. In this case the upper layer must not use the contents of the data buffer.</p> <p>The details depend on the implementation and shall therefore not be specified further in this document.</p>
Timing:	On pre condition
Pre condition:	Implementation specific
Configuration:	FEE_MAXIMUM_BLOCKING_TIME

8.6 Expected Interfaces

In this chapter all interfaces required from other modules are listed.

8.6.1 Mandatory Interfaces

This chapter defines all interfaces which are required to fulfill the core functionality of the module.

API function	Module	Description
Fls_SetMode	Fls	Mode change service of the underlying flash driver.
Fls_Read	Fls	Service to copy a data block from flash memory to a RAM buffer.
Fls_Write	Fls	Service to write a data block from a buffer to flash memory.
Fls_Erase	Fls	Service to erase a data block from flash memory (may be used internally).

Fls_Compare	Fls	Service to compare a data block in flash memory with the contents of a buffer (may be used internally).
Fls_Cancel	Fls	Service to cancel an ongoing asynchronous operation.
Fls_GetStatus	Fls	Service to obtain the current status of the underlying flash driver.
Fls_GetJobResult	Fls	Service to obtain the result of the last asynchronous operation.

8.6.2 Optional Interfaces

This chapter defines all interfaces which are required to fulfill an optional functionality of the module.

API function	Module	Description	Configuration parameter (description see chapter 10)
Det_ReportError	Det	Development error notification	FEE_DEV_ERROR_DETECT

8.6.3 Configurable interfaces

In this chapter all interfaces are listed where the target function could be configured. The target function is usually a call-back function. The names of these kind of interfaces is not fixed because they are configurable.

Name:	NvM_JobEndNotification
Syntax:	void NvM_JobEndNotification { void }
Reentrancy:	don't care
Parameters (in):	None --
Parameters (out):	None --
Return value:	None --
Description:	FEE055: This service shall be called by the FEE upon successful end of an asynchronous operation after performing all necessary internal management operations. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Read job finished & OK - Write job finished & OK & block marked as valid - Erase job for immediate data finished & OK (see FEE067)
Caveats:	This routine might be called on interrupt level, depending on the calling function.
Configuration:	Fee_JobEndNotification

Name:	NvM_JobErrorNotification
Syntax:	void NvM_JobErrorNotification { void }
Reentrancy:	don't care

Parameters (in):	None	--
Parameters (out):	None	--
Return value:	None	--
Description:	FEE056: This service shall be called by the FEE upon failure of an asynchronous operation after performing all necessary internal management and error handling operations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Read job finished & failed (e.g. block invalid or inconsistent) - Write job finished & failed & block marked as invalid - Erase job for immediate data finished & failed (see FEE067) 	
Caveats:	This routine might be called on interrupt level, depending on the calling function.	
Configuration:	Fee_JobErrorNotification	

9 Sequence diagrams

Note: For a vendor specific library the following sequence diagrams are valid only insofar as they show the relation to the calling modules (Ecu_StateManager resp. memory abstraction interface). The calling relations from a memory abstraction module to an underlying driver are not relevant / binding for a vendor specific library.

9.1 Fee_Init

The following figure shows the call sequence for the Fee_Init routine. It is different from that of all other services of this module as it is not called by the NVRAM manager and not called via the memory abstraction interface.

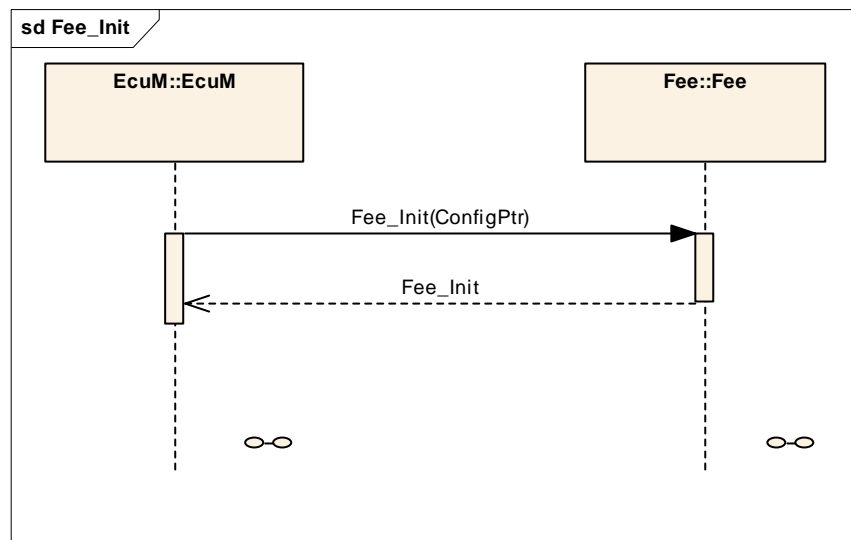


Figure 5: Sequence diagram of "Fee_Init" service

9.2 Fee_SetMode

The following figure shows as an example the call sequence for the Fee_SetMode service. This sequence diagram also applies to the other synchronous services of this module with exception of the Fee_Init routine (see above).

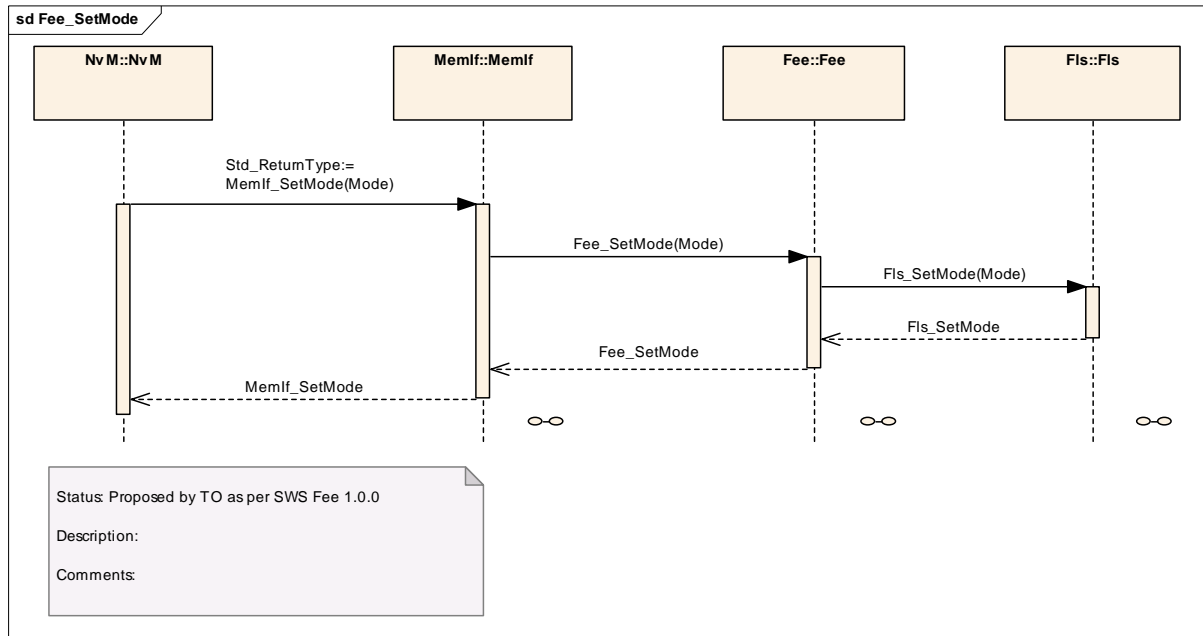


Figure 6: Sequence diagram of the "Fee_SetMode" service

9.3 Fee_Write

The following figure shows as an example the call sequence for the Fee_Write service. This sequence diagram also applies to the other asynchronous services of this module.

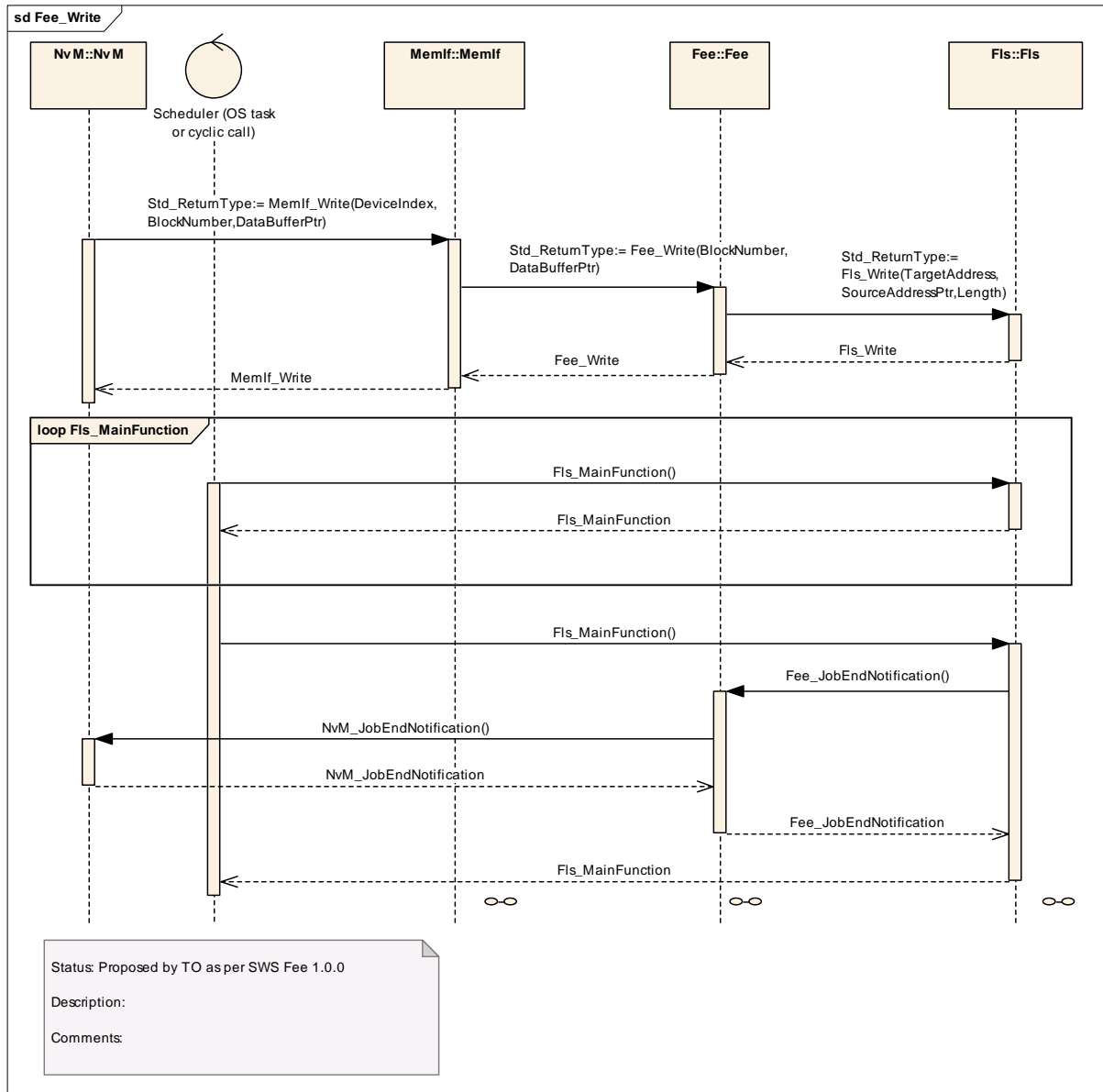


Figure 7: Sequence diagram "Fee_Write"

10 Configuration specification

10.1 How to read this chapter

In addition to this section, it is highly recommended to read the documents:

- AUTOSAR Layered Software Architecture
- AUTOSAR ECU Configuration Specification
This document describes the AUTOSAR configuration methodology and the AUTOSAR configuration metamodel in detail.

The following is only a short survey of the topic and it will not replace the ECU Configuration Specification document.

10.1.1 Configuration and configuration parameters

Configuration parameters define the variability of the generic part(s) of an implementation of a module. This means that only generic or configurable module implementation can be adapted to the environment (software/hardware) in use during system and/or ECU configuration.

The configuration of parameters can be achieved at different times during the software process: before compile time, before link time or after build time. In the following, the term “configuration class” (of a parameter) shall be used in order to refer to a specific configuration point in time.

10.1.2 Containers

Containers structure the set of configuration parameters. This means:

- *all* configuration parameters are kept in containers.
- (sub-) containers can reference (sub-) containers. It is possible to assign a multiplicity to these references. The multiplicity then defines the possible number of instances of the contained parameters.

10.1.3 Specification template for configuration parameters

The following tables consist of three sections:

- the general section
- the configuration parameter section
- the section of included/referenced containers

Pre-compile time - specifies whether the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class *Pre-compile time* or not

Label	Description
x	The configuration parameter shall be of configuration class <i>Pre-compile time</i> .
--	The configuration parameter shall never be of configuration class <i>Pre-compile time</i> .

Link time - specifies whether the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class *Link time* or not

Label	Description
x	The configuration parameter shall be of configuration class <i>Link time</i> .
--	The configuration parameter shall never be of configuration class <i>Link time</i> .

Post Build - specifies whether the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class *Post Build* or not

Label	Description
x	The configuration parameter shall be of configuration class <i>Post Build</i> and no specific implementation is required.
L	<i>Loadable</i> - the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class <i>Post Build</i> and only one configuration parameter set resides in the ECU.
M	<i>Multiple</i> - the configuration parameter shall be of configuration class <i>Post Build</i> and is selected out of a set of multiple parameters by passing a dedicated pointer to the init function of the module.
--	The configuration parameter shall never be of configuration class <i>Post Build</i> .

10.2 Containers and configuration parameters

The following chapters summarize all configuration parameters. The detailed meanings of the parameters describe Chapters 7 and Chapter 8.

10.2.1 Variants

No variants specified.

10.2.2 FEE_ModuleConfiguration

SWS Item	FEE039:
Container Name	FEE_ModuleConfiguration
Description	Configuration of the Flash EEPROM Emulation module.
Configuration Parameters	

Name	FEE_DEV_ERROR_DETECT		
Description	Pre-processor switch to enable / disable development error detection		
Type	#define		
Unit	--		
Range	ON	Development error detection enabled	
	OFF	Development error detection disabled	
Configuration Class	Pre-compile	X	All variants
	Link time	--	--
	Post Build	--	--
Scope	Module		

Dependency	None
-------------------	------

Name	FEE_VIRTUAL_PAGE_SIZE		
Description	The size in bytes to which logical blocks shall be aligned.		
Type	uint16		
Unit	Bytes		
Range	0 .. 65535	--	
Configuration Class	Pre-compile	X	All variants
	Link time	--	--
	Post Build	--	--
Scope	Module		
Dependency	None		

Name	FEE_VERSION_INFO_API		
Description	Pre-processor switch to enable / disable the API to read out the modules version information.		
Type	#define		
Unit	--		
Range	ON	Version info API enabled.	
	OFF	Version info API disabled,	
Configuration Class	Pre-compile	X	All variants
	Link time	--	--
	Post Build	--	--
Scope	Module		
Dependency	None		

Name	FEE_JOB_END_NOTIFICATION		
Description	Mapped to the job end notification routine provided by the upper layer module (NvM_JobEndNotification).		
Type	Function pointer		
Unit	--		
Range	--	Implementation specific	
Configuration Class	Pre-compile	X	All variants
	Link time	--	--
	Post Build	--	--
Scope	Module		
Dependency	None		

Name	FEE_JOB_ERROR_NOTIFICATION		
Description	Mapped to the job error notification routine provided by the upper layer module (NvM_JobErrorNotification).		
Type	Function pointer		
Unit	--		
Range	--	Implementation specific	
Configuration Class	Pre-compile	X	All variants
	Link time	--	--
	Post Build	--	--
Scope	Module		
Dependency	None		

Name	FEE_POLLING_MODE		
Description	Pre-processor switch to enable / disable the polling mode for this module.		
Type	#define		

Unit Range	--		
	ON	Polling mode enabled, i.e. the FEE module shall poll the status and job result of the underlying memory driver.	
	OFF	Polling mode disabled, i.e. underlying memory driver shall notify the FEE module via the respective callback routines.	
Configuration Class	Pre-compile	X	All variants
	Link time	--	--
	Post Build	--	--
Scope	Module		
Dependency	None		

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
FEE_BlockConfiguration	1..*	ECU

10.2.3 FEE_BlockConfiguration

SWS Item	FEE040:
Container Name	FEE_BlockConfiguration
Description	Configuration of block specific parameters for the Flash EEPROM Emulation module.
Configuration Parameters	

Name	FEE_BLOCK_SIZE		
Description	Size of a logical block in bytes.		
Type	uint16		
Unit	Bytes		
Range	0 .. 65535	--	
Configuration Class	Pre-compile	X	All variants
	Link time	--	--
	Post Build	--	--
Scope	Module		
Dependency	None		

Name	FEE_DEVICE_INDEX		
Description	Device index (handle)		
Type	uint8		
Unit	--		
Range	0 .. 254	0xFF reserved for "broadcast" call to "GetStatus" function.	
Configuration Class	Pre-compile	X	All variants
	Link time	--	--
	Post Build	--	--
Scope	Module		
Dependency	This information is needed by the NVRAM manager respectively the Memory Abstraction Interface to address a certain logical block. It is listed in this specification to give a complete overview over all block		

	related configuration parameters.
--	-----------------------------------

Name	FEE_BLOCK_NUMBER		
Description	Block identifier (handle)		
Type	uint16		
Unit	--		
Range	2 ^{NVM_DATA_SELECTION_BITS} .. 0xFFFF - 2 ^{NVM_DATA_SELECTION_BITS}	0x0000 and 0xFFFF shall not be used for block numbers (see FEE006).	
		<i>Note: Depending on the number of bits set aside for dataset selection several other block numbers shall also be left out to ease implementation.</i>	
Configuration Class	Pre-compile	X	All variants
	Link time	--	--
	Post Build	--	--
Scope	Module		
Dependency	None		

Name	FEE_NUMBER_OF_WRITE_CYCLES		
Description	Number of write cycles required for this block.		
Type	uint32		
Unit	--		
Range	--	--	
Configuration Class	Pre-compile	X	All variants
	Link time	--	--
	Post Build	--	--
Scope	Module		
Dependency	None		

Name	FEE_IMMEDIATE_DATA		
Description	Marker for high priority data.		
Type	Boolean		
Unit	--		
Range	TRUE	Block contains immediate data.	
	FALSE	Block does not contain immediate data.	
Configuration Class	Pre-compile	X	All variants
	Link time	--	--
	Post Build	--	--
Scope	Module		
Dependency	None		

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
--	--	--

10.3 Published Information

Published information contains data defined by the implementer of the SW module that does not change when the module is adapted (i.e. configured) to the actual HW/SW environment. It thus contains version and manufacturer information.

SWS Item		FEE043:
Information elements		
Information element name	Type / Range	Information element description
FEE_VENDOR_ID	uint16 / --	Vendor ID of the dedicated implementation of this module according to the AUTOSAR vendor list
FEE_MODULE_ID	uint8 / --	Module ID of this module from Module List
FEE_AR_MAJOR_VERSION	uint8 / --	Major version number of AUTOSAR specification on which the appropriate implementation is based on.
FEE_AR_MINOR_VERSION	uint8 / --	Minor version number of AUTOSAR specification on which the appropriate implementation is based on.
FEE_AR_PATCH_VERSION	uint8 / --	Patch level version number of AUTOSAR specification on which the appropriate implementation is based on.
FEE_SW_MAJOR_VERSION	uint8 / --	Major version number of the vendor specific implementation of the module. The numbering is vendor specific.
FEE_SW_MINOR_VERSION	uint8 / --	Minor version number of the vendor specific implementation of the module. The numbering is vendor specific.
FEE_SW_PATCH_VERSION	uint8 / --	Patch level version number of the vendor specific implementation of the module. The numbering is vendor specific.
FEE_BLOCK_OVERHEAD	uint8 / --	Management overhead per logical block in bytes. <i>Note: If the management overhead depends on the block size or block location a formula has to be provided that allows the configurator to calculate the management overhead correctly.</i>
FEE_PAGE_OVERHEAD	uint8 / --	Management overhead per page in bytes. <i>Note: If the management overhead depends on the block size or block location a formula has to be provided that allows the configurator to calculate the management overhead correctly.</i>
FEE_MAXIMUM_BLOCKING_TIME	msec / --	FEE070: The maximum time (in milliseconds) the FEE module's API routines can be blocked (delayed) by internal operations. <i>Note: Internal operations in that case means operations that are not explicitly invoked from the upper layer module but need to be handled for proper operation of this module or the underlying memory driver.</i>