

Document Title	Specification of Watchdog
	Manager
Document Owner	AUTOSAR
Document Responsibility	AUTOSAR
Document Identification No	80
Document Status	published
Part of AUTOSAR Standard	Classic Platform
Part of Standard Release	R19-11

Document Change History			
Date	Release	Changed by	Change Description
2019-11-28	R19-11	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Enhancement of Deadline Supervision to support timeout detection Correction/Clarification of Supervision Algorithms and their configurations Clarification of startup behaviour (incl. failed Wdglf_SetMode during init) Corrected/Changed/Added Error Codes and other editorial issues Changed Document Status from Final to published
2018-10-31	4.4.0	AUTOSAR Release Management	Header File CleanupEcuPartition vs. OSApplicationEditorial changes
2017-12-08	4.3.1	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Correction in development errors. Renaming of default error to development errors.
2016-11-30	4.3.0	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Deprecated features removed Service interfaces modified/corrected Removed duplicate type definitions Several minor fixes.
2015-07-31	4.2.2	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Debugging support marked as obsolete Several minor fixes. Fixed handling of development errors.



Document Change History			
Date	Release	Changed by	Change Description
2014-10-31	4.2.1	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Introduced of the modeling of system services Reformulated some requirements to constraints Minor corrections
2014-03-31	4.1.3	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Addition of the OS counters for deadline monitoring Fixed data types for Supervised Entity and Checkpoint types (uint16) Several minor corrections throughout the document
2013-10-31	4.1.2	AUTOSAR Release Management	 Minor fixes (mode switching, dependencies to other modules) Quality corrections in the document (e.g. formatting of requirements) Editorial changes Removed chapter(s) on change documentation
2013-03-15	4.1.1	AUTOSAR Administration	 Reworked according to the new SWS_BSWGeneral New indexing scheme for requirements Clarification in Deadline Supervision Minor corrections in Specification of the Ports and Port Interfaces
2013-03-15	4.1.1	AUTOSAR Administration	 Include file structure changed Added a method to read after restart which SE caused the reset: WdgM_GetFirstExpiredSEID. New template with requirements traceability
2011-12-22	4.0.3	AUTOSAR Administration	 Streamlined the used terms Reorganized structure of some chapters Clarified ambigious statements and resolved contradicting ones Corrected several bugs Provided more details what WdgM functions do and in which sequence



Document Change History			
Date	Release	Changed by	Change Description
2010-09-30	3.1.5	AUTOSAR Administration	 New concept of windowed watchdogs New supervision functions, Logical Supervision and Deadline Supervision Split of the supervision status into local and global supervision status New concept for activation and deactivation of supervision New concept of Defensive Behavior New failure recovery concept for partition (application) restart Legal disclaimer revised
2008-08-13	3.1.1	AUTOSAR Administration	Legal disclaimer revised
2007-12-21	3.0.1	AUTOSAR Administration	 Extended mode concept Added GPT as activation source for operation during Startup, Shutdown, and Sleep Restructured module configuration Generated APIs from BSW UML model Generated configuration from Meta Model Document meta information extended Small layout adaptations made



Document Change History			
Date	Release	Changed by	Change Description
2007-01-24	2.1.15	AUTOSAR Administration	 New chapter "Specification of the ports and port interfaces" added from "AUTOSAR Services" document New feature added: active reset as optional behavior New behavior of Deinit function: triggering of the Watchdog Driver added Default mode for the Watchdog Manager when SetMode service fails Legal disclaimer revised Release Notes added "Advice for users" revised "Revision Information" added
2006-05-16	2.0	AUTOSAR Administration	Initial release



Disclaimer

This work (specification and/or software implementation) and the material contained in it, as released by AUTOSAR, is for the purpose of information only. AUTOSAR and the companies that have contributed to it shall not be liable for any use of the work.

The material contained in this work is protected by copyright and other types of intellectual property rights. The commercial exploitation of the material contained in this work requires a license to such intellectual property rights.

This work may be utilized or reproduced without any modification, in any form or by any means, for informational purposes only. For any other purpose, no part of the work may be utilized or reproduced, in any form or by any means, without permission in writing from the publisher.

The work has been developed for automotive applications only. It has neither been developed, nor tested for non-automotive applications.

The word AUTOSAR and the AUTOSAR logo are registered trademarks.



Table of Contents

1	Introduction and Functional Overview	. 10
	1.1 Supervised Entities and Checkpoints 1.2 Interaction of Supervision Mechanisms 1.3 Supervision Functions 1.3.1 Alive Supervision 1.3.2 Deadline Supervision 1.3.3 Logical Supervision 1.4 Watchdog Handling 1.5 Error Handling 1.5.1 Error Handling in the Supervised Entity 1.5.2 Partition Shutdown 1.5.3 Reset by Hardware Watchdog 1.5.4 Immediate MCU Reset	. 11 . 11 . 11 . 12 . 12 . 13
2	Acronyms, Abbreviations and Terms	. 14
3	Related Documentation	. 16
	3.1 Input Documents	
4	Constraints and Assumptions	. 17
	4.1 Limitations and conditions of use	
5	Dependencies to Other Modules	. 20
	5.1 File Structure	. 21 . 21
7	Functional Specification	
	7.1 Interaction of Supervision Functions	. 31 . 34 . 39 . 43 . 43 . 50 . 58 . 58 . 58
	7.4.1 Support for Multiple Watchdog Instances	



7	.5 Switching Modes	61
	7.5.1 Effect on Supervision Status	61
	7.5.2 Effect on Watchdogs	62
	7.5.3 Watchdog Handling during Sleep	62
7	.6 Watchdog Manager Configuration	
	7.6.1 Mode-independent Supervision Settings	63
	7.6.2 Mode-Dependent Parameters	65
7	.7 Error classification	
	7.7.1 Development Errors	
	7.7.2 Runtime Errors	
	7.7.3 Transient Faults	
	7.7.4 Production Errors	
	7.7.5 Extended Production Errors	70
8	API Specification	71
8	.1 Imported Types	71
8	.2 Type Definitions	71
	8.2.1 WdgM_ConfigType	
8	.3 Function Definitions	73
	8.3.1 WdgM_Init	73
	8.3.2 WdgM_DeInit	74
	8.3.3 WdgM_GetVersionInfo	75
	8.3.4 WdgM_SetMode	
	8.3.5 WdgM_GetMode	
	8.3.6 WdgM_CheckpointReached	
	8.3.7 WdgM_GetLocalStatus	
	8.3.8 WdgM_GetGlobalStatus	
	8.3.9 WdgM_PerformReset	
	8.3.10 WdgM_GetFirstExpiredSEID	
	.4 Call-back Notifications	
3	.5 Scheduled Functions	
	8.5.1 WdgM_MainFunction	
3	.6 Expected Interfaces	88
	8.6.1 Mandatory Interfaces	
	8.6.2 Optional Interfaces	
	8.6.3 Configurable Interfaces	
	8.6.4 Job End Notification	
δ	.7 Service Interfaces	
	8.7.1 Ports and Port Interface for Supervision	
	8.7.2 Ports and Port Interface for Status Reporting	
9	Sequence Diagrams	
Ć	.1 Initialization	. 105
10	Configuration Specification	. 106
•	0.1 Parameter Differentiation	
	10.1.1 Static Configuration Parameters	
	10.1.2 Runtime Configuration Parameters	
	10.1.3 Precompile Options	
•	0.2 Containers and Configuration Parameters	
	10.2.1 Variants	. 106



10.2.2 vvagivi	107
10.2.3 WdgMGeneral	107
10.2.4 WdgMSupervisedEntity	110
10.2.5 WdgMCheckpoint	
10.2.6 WdgMInternalTransition	114
10.2.7 WdgMWatchdog	
10.2.8 WdgMConfigSet	
10.2.9 WdgMDemEventParameterRefs	
10.2.10 WdgMMode	
10.2.11 WdgMAliveSupervision	
10.2.12 WdgMDeadlineSupervision	
10.2.13 WdgMExternalLogicalSupervision	
10.2.14 WdgMExternalTransition	
10.2.15 WdgMTrigger	
10.2.16 WdgMLocalStatusParams	
10.3 Published Information	
11 Annex A: Example Implementation of Alive Supervision Algorithm	130
11.1 Scenario A	131
11.2 Scenario B	
12 Not applicable requirements	134
List of Figures	
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision Figure 2: Local Supervision Status Figure 3: Global Supervision Status	36 40
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision Figure 2: Local Supervision Status Figure 3: Global Supervision Status Figure 4: Simplest Alive Supervision Checkpoint Configuration	36 40 44
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision Figure 2: Local Supervision Status Figure 3: Global Supervision Status	36 40 44
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47 y 47 52
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47 y 47 52
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47 y 47 52
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47 y 52 53 al 65
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47 y 52 53 al 65
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47 y 52 53 al 65
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47 y 52 53 al 65 67 88
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47 y 52 53 al 65 67 88 æ 95
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47 y 52 53 al 65 67 88 æ 95
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47 y 52 53 al 65 67 88 e 95 ee 102
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47 y 52 53 al 65 67 88 e 95 ee 102
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 47 y 57 al 65 67 88 e 95 ee 102 105 107
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 47 y 57 al 65 67 88 e 95 ee 102 105 107
Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision	36 40 44 47 y 52 53 al 65 67 88 ce 95 ce 102 107 110





Figure 20: Configuration Container WdgMInternalTransition	115
Figure 21: Configuration Container WdgMWatchdog	116
Figure 22: Configuration Container WdgMConfigSet	117
Figure 23: Configuration Container WdgMMode	120
Figure 24: Configuration Container WdgMAliveSupervision	122
Figure 25: Configuration Container WdgMDeadlineSupervision	124
Figure 26: Configuration Container WdgMExternalLogicalSupervision	125
Figure 27: Configuration Container WdgMExternalTransition	126
Figure 28: Configuration Container WdgMTrigger	128
Figure 29: Configuration Container WdgMLocalStatusParams	129
Figure 30: Alive-supervision algorithm – Scenario A	132
Figure 31: Alive Supervision algorithm – Scenario B	133



1 Introduction and Functional Overview

The Watchdog Manager is a basic software module at the service layer of the standardized basic software architecture of AUTOSAR.

The Watchdog Manager is able to supervise the program execution abstracting from the triggering of hardware watchdog entities.

The Watchdog Manager supervises the execution of a configurable number of socalled *Supervised Entities*. When it detects a violation of the configured temporal and/or logical constraints on program execution, it takes a number of configurable actions to recover from this failure.

The watchdog Manager provides three mechanisms:

- 1. Alive Supervision for supervision of timing of periodic software
- 2. Deadline Supervision for aperiodic software
- 3. Logical Supervision for supervision of the correctness of the execution sequence.

1.1 Supervised Entities and Checkpoints

The Watchdog Manager supervises the execution of software. The logical units of supervision are *Supervised Entities*. There is no fixed relationship between *Supervised Entities* and the architectural building blocks in AUTOSAR, i.e., SW-Cs, CDDs, RTE, BSW modules, but typically a *Supervised Entity* may represent one SW-Cs or a Runnable within an SW-C, a BSW module or CDD depending on the choice of the developer.

Important places in a *Supervised Entity* are defined as *Checkpoints*. The code of *Supervised Entities* is interlaced with the calls of Watchdog Manger that report to the Watchdog Manager when they have reached a *Checkpoint*.

Each Supervised Entity has one or more Checkpoints. The Checkpoints and Transitions between the Checkpoints of a Supervised Entity form a Graph. This Graph is called Internal Graph. Moreover, Checkpoints from different Supervised Entities may also be connected by External Transition, forming an External Graph. There can be several External Graphs in each Watchdog Manager mode.

A *Graph* may have one or more *Initial Checkpoints* and one or more *Final Checkpoints*. Any sequence of starting with any *Initial Checkpoint* and finishing with any *Final Checkpoint* is correct (assuming that the checkpoints belong to the same *Graph*). After the *Final Checkpoint*, any *Initial Checkpoint* can be reported.

Within the Watchdog Manager settings it is possible to configure the required timing of *Checkpoints* as well as the allowed *External* and *Internal Graphs*.

At runtime, Watchdog Manager verifies if the configured *Graphs* are executed. This is called *Logical Supervision*. Watchdog Manager verifies also the timing of *Checkpoints* and *Transitions*. The mechanism for periodic *Checkpoints* is called *Alive Supervision* and for aperiodic *Checkpoints* it is called *Deadline Supervision*.



The granularity of *Checkpoints* is not fixed by the Watchdog Manager. Few coarse-grained *Checkpoints* limit the detection abilities of the Watchdog Manager. For example, if an application SW-C only has one *Checkpoint* that indicates that a cyclic Runnable has been started, then the Watchdog Manager is only capable of detecting that this Runnable is re-started and check the timing constraints. In contrast, if that SW-C has *Checkpoints* at each block and branch in the Runnable the Watchdog Manager may also detect failures in the control flow of that SW-C. High granularity of *Checkpoints* causes a complex and large configuration of the Watchdog Manager.

1.2 Interaction of Supervision Mechanisms

The three supervision mechanisms supervise each *Supervised Entity*. A *Supervised Entity* may have one, two or three mechanisms enabled. Based on the results from each of enabled mechanisms, the status of the *Supervised Entity* (called *Local Supervision* Status) is computed.

When the status of each *Supervised Entity* is determined, then based on each *Local Supervision Status*, the status of the whole MCU is determined (called *Global Supervision Status*).

1.3 Supervision Functions

1.3.1 Alive Supervision

Periodic Supervised Entities have constraints on the number of times they are executed within a given time span. By means of Alive Supervision, Watchdog Manager checks periodically if the Checkpoints of a Supervised Entity have been reached within the given limits. This means that Watchdog Manger checks if a Supervised Entity is run not too frequently or not too rarely.

1.3.2 Deadline Supervision

Aperiodic or episodical *Supervised Entities* have individual constraints on the timing between two *Checkpoints*. By means of *Deadline Supervision*, Watchdog Manager checks the timing of transitions between two *Checkpoints* of a *Supervised Entity*. This means that Watchodog Manager checks if some steps in a *Supervised Entity* take a time that is within the configured minimum and maximum

1.3.3 Logical Supervision

Logical Supervision is a fundamental technique for checking the correct execution of embedded system software. Please refer to the safety standards (IEC 61508 or ISO 26262) when Logical Supervision is required.



Logical Supervision focuses on control flow errors, which cause a divergence from the valid (i.e. coded/compiled) program sequence during the error-free execution of the application. An incorrect control flow occurs if one or more program instructions are processed either in the incorrect sequence or are not even processed at all. Control flow errors can lead to data corruption, microcontroller resets, or fail-silence violations.

For the control flow graph this implies that every time the *Supervised Entity* reports a new *Checkpoint*, it must be verified that there is a *Transition* configured between the previous *Checkpoint* and the reported one.

1.4 Watchdog Handling

Watchdog Manager communicates with Watchdog Interface to control the hardware watchdog.

In contrast to versions V1.x.y (before R4.0.1), the Watchdog Manager is no longer responsible for triggering the hardware watchdog via the Watchdog Interface and the Watchdog Driver. Instead, the Watchdog Manager reports via the Watchdog Interface a triggering condition to the Watchdog Driver. The Watchdog Driver is then responsible for triggering the hardware watchdog with the right timing for as long as the condition is true. The triggering condition is a counter value that the Watchdog Manager sets cyclically. The Watchdog Driver decrements this counter every time it triggers the hardware watchdog. When the counter reaches 0, the Watchdog Driver stops triggering the hardware watchdog. Therefore, when the Watchdog Manager fails to execute, this automatically causes a watchdog reset (after the time needed to decrement the counter plus the timeout value of HW watchdog).

When the *Supervised Entities* are not correctly evaluated due to a programming error or memory failure in the Watchdog Manager itself, it may still happen that the Watchdog Manager erroneously sets the triggering condition and no watchdog reset will be caused. Therefore, it may be needed to use *Supervised Entities* and *Checkpoints* (or some other internal supervision mechanism) within Watchdog Manager itself, while avoiding recursion in Watchdog Manager.

1.5 Error Handling

Depending on the *Local Supervision* Status of each *Supervised Entity* and on the *Global Supervision Status*, the Watchdog Manager initiates a number of mechanisms to recover from supervision failures. These range from local error recovery within the *Supervised Entity* to a global reset of the ECU.

1.5.1 Error Handling in the Supervised Entity

In case the *Supervised Entity* is an SW-C or a CDD, then the Watchdog Manager may inform the *Supervised Entity* about supervision failures via the RTE Mode mechanism. The *Supervised Entity* may then take its actions to recover from that failure.



The Watchdog Manager may register an entry with the Diagnostic Event Manager (DEM) when it detects a supervision failure. A *Supervised Entity* may take recovery actions based on that error entry.

1.5.2 Partition Shutdown

If the Watchdog Manager module detects a supervision failure in a *Supervised Entity* which is located in a non-trusted partition, the Watchdog Manager module may request a partition shutdown by calling the BswM.

1.5.3 Reset by Hardware Watchdog

The Watchdog Manager indicates to the Watchdog Interface when Watchdog Interface shall no longer trigger the hardware watchdog. After the timeout of the hardware watchdog, the hardware watchdog resets the ECU or the MCU. This leads to a re-initialization of the ECU and/or MCU hardware and the complete reinitialization of software.

1.5.4 Immediate MCU Reset

In case an immediate, global reaction to the supervision failure is necessary, the Watchdog Manager may directly cause an MCU reset. This will lead to a reinitialization of the MCU hardware and the complete software. Usually, a MCU reset will not re-initialize the rest of the ECU hardware.

Note that a MCU reset is not available on some types of micro controllers.

MCU reset and watchdog reset are two mostly equivalent mechanisms for system-level error reaction. In safety-related systems, it is recommended to use both of them in parallel. By this means, the two mechanisms make a "redundant shutdown path".



2 Acronyms, Abbreviations and Terms

Abbreviation /	Description
Acronym	
Al	Alive Indication
BSW	Basic Software
BswM	Basic Software Mode Manager
DEM	Diagnostic Event Manager
DET	Default Error Tracer
FiM	Function Inhibition Manager
EAI	Expected Alive Indications
EcuM	ECU State Manager
HW	Hardware
ID	Identifier
MCU	Micro Controller Unit
OS	Operating System
SC	Supervision Cycle
SE	Supervised Entity
SW-C	Software Component
RTE	Runtime Environment
WdgM	Watchdog Manager

Term	Description
Alive Counter	An independent data resource in the Watchdog Manager in context of a <i>Checkpoint</i> to track and handle its amount of <i>Alive Indications</i> .
Alive Indication	An indication provided by a <i>Checkpoint</i> of a <i>Supervised Entity</i> to signal its aliveness to the Watchdog Manager.
Alive Supervision	Kind of supervision that checks if a <i>Supervised Entity</i> executed sufficiently often and not too often (including tolerances).
Checkpoint	A point in the control flow of a <i>Supervised Entity</i> where the activity is reported to the Watchdog Manager.
Deadline Supervision	Kind of supervision that checks if the execution time between two <i>Checkpoints</i> are lower then a given upper execution time limit.
Deadline Start Checkpoint	A Checkpoint for which Deadline Supervision is configured and which is a starting point for a particular Deadline Supervision.
Deadline End Checkpoint	A Checkpoint for which Deadline Supervision is configured and which is a ending point for a particular Deadline Supervision. It is possible that a Checkpoint is both a Deadline Start Checkpoint and Deadline End Checkpoint – if Deadline Supervision is chained.
Expired Supervision Cycle	A Supervision Cycle where the Alive Supervision has failed its two escalation steps (Alive Counter fails the expected amount of Alive Indications (including tolerances) more often than the allowed amount of failed reference cycles).
Failed Supervision Reference Cycle	A Supervision Reference Cycle that ends with a detected deviation (including tolerances) between the Alive Counter and the expected amount of Alive Indications.



Term	Description
Global Supervision Status	Status that summarizes the Local Supervision Status
·	of all Supervised Entities.
Graph	A set of <i>Checkpoints</i> connected through <i>Transitions</i> ,
	where at least one of Checkpoints is an Initial
	Checkpoint. There is a path (through Transitions)
	between any two Checkpoints of the Graph
External Graph	Graph that may involve more than one Supervised
	Entity. Its configuration is mode-dependent.
External Transition	An External Transition is a transition between two
Zaternar Franciscon	Checkpoints, where the Checkpoints belong to
	different Supervised Entities.
Local Supervision Status	Status that represents the current result of alive-
Local Supervision Status	supervision of a single Supervised Entity.
Logical Supervision	Kind of online supervision of software that checks if the
Logical Supervision	software (Supervised Entity or set of Supervised
	Entities) is executed in the sequence defined by the
	programmer (by the developed code).
Internal Graph	Graph that may not span over several Supervised
I Coma Crapii	Entity. Its configuration is mode-independent and can
	be disabled by disabling the corresponding <i>Supervised</i>
	Entity.
Internal Transition	An Internal Transition is a transition between two
momai Tranollion	Checkpoints of a Supervised Entity.
Mode	A mode is a certain set of states of the various state
Wode	machines that are running in the vehicle that are
	relevant to a particular entity, e.g. a SW-C, a BSW
	module, an application, a whole vehicle
	In its lifetime, an entity changes between a set of
	mutually exclusive modes. These changes are
	triggered by environmental data, e.g. signal reception,
	operation invocation.
	In the context of the Watchdog Manager a mode is
	defined by a set of configuration options. The set of
	Supervised Entities to be supervised may vary from
	mode to mode.
Supervised Entity	A software entity which is included in the supervision of
o ap oversoon in the	the Watchdog Manager. Each Supervised Entity has
	exactly one identifier. A Supervised Entity denotes a
	collection of Checkpoints within a Software Component
	or Basic Software Module. There may be zero, one or
	more Supervised Entities in a Software Component or
	Basic Software Module.
Supervised Entity Identifier	An Identifier that identifies uniquely a Supervised Entity
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	within an Application.
Supervision Counter	An independent data resource in context of a
	Supervised Entity which is updated by the Watchdog
	Manager during each Supervision Cycle and which is
	used by the Alive Supervision algorithm to perform the
	check against counted Alive Indications.
Supervision Cycle	The time period of Watchdog Manager, where the
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	cyclic Alive Supervision is performed. This is done by
	the main function of Watchdog Manager.
Supervision Reference Cycle	The amount of Supervision Cycles to be used as
,	reference by the <i>Alive Supervision</i> to perform the
	check of counted Alive Indications (individually for each
	Supervised Entity).



3 Related Documentation

3.1 Input Documents

- [1] Layered Software Architecture
 AUTOSAR_EXP_LayeredSoftwareArchitecture.pdf
- [2] General Requirements on Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR SRS BSWGeneral.pdf
- [3] Requirements on Mode Management AUTOSAR SRS ModeManagement.pdf
- [4] Specification of Platform Types AUTOSAR_SWS_PlatformTypes.pdf
- [5] Specification of RTE AUTOSAR_SWS_RTE.pdf
- [6] Specification of ECU State Manager AUTOSAR_SWS_ECUStateManager.pdf
- [7] Basic Software Module Description Template
 AUTOSAR_TPS_BSWModuleDescriptionTemplate.pdf
- [8] List of Basic Software Modules
 AUTOSAR TR BSWModuleList.pdf
- [9] AUTOSAR General Specification for Basic Software Modules AUTOSAR_SWS_BSWGeneral.pdf

3.2 Related specification

AUTOSAR provides a General Specification on Basic Software modules [9] (SWS BSW General), which is also valid for Watchdog Manager.

Thus, the specification SWS BSW General shall be considered as additional and required specification for Watchdog Manager.



4 Constraints and Assumptions

4.1 Limitations and conditions of use

The main limitations of Watchdog Manager design are as follows. They may be removed in upcoming versions of this document:

- For Logical Supervision, Watchdog manager does not support any overlapping Graphs - a Checkpoint shall belong to maximum one Graph. This is required to be able to allocate a received Checkpoint notification to a Graph. This means that:
 - No Checkpoint shall belong to two External Graphs,
 - o No Checkpoint shall belong to two Internal Graphs,
 - No Checkpoint shall belong to one Internal and one External Graphs.
- Watchdog Manager does not support Logical Supervision of concurrently executed Supervised Entities, because it follows only one instance of a Graph at a time. This means that the current specification of Watchdog Manager does not support the following:
 - Logical Supervision of functions of BSW modules that are executed in more than one task.
- Libraries cannot call BSWs, so libraries cannot be supervised by Watchdog Manager.
- It is not standardized how BSW modules are identified with Supervised Entity IDs.
- The nesting of *Deadline Supervision* (i.e. start 1, start 2, end 2, end 1) is not supported.
- The Alive Supervision function with more than one Checkpoint per Supervised Entity is not consistently specified within the document. For now it is recommended to support only one Alive Supervision Checkpoint per Supervised Entity.
- In order to shutdown or restart (as error reaction) a partition containing Supervised Entities, the integrator code (OS Application's restart task) must deactivate (or deactivate + activate) all Supervised Entities of the involved partition, by calling available functions of Watchdog Manager. This is a bit complex, in future releases of this document it is considered to add a new function of Watchdog Manager for this.

Further limitations:

 The Watchdog Manager does not encapsulate the Watchdog Driver initialization. The Watchdog Driver initialization will be performed by the ECU State Manager [6] early in the startup process.



- The Watchdog Manager is initialized after the OS has been started. Hence, it cannot be responsible for controlling the Watchdog Driver earlier in the startup process. Usually, it is sufficient to configure a large enough initial timeout in the Watchdog Driver to bridge the gap between Watchdog Driver and Watchdog Manager initialization. Alternatively, the Integrator may use ECU State Manager facilities (callouts).
- The Watchdog Manager is de-initialized before the OS shutdown. Hence, it cannot be responsible for controlling the Watchdog Driver later in the shutdown process. Usually, it is sufficient to configure a large enough final timeout that is set when the Watchdog Manager is de-initialized. This allows bridging the gap between Watchdog Manager de-initialization and system power-off or resetting. Alternatively, the Integrator may use ECU State Manager facilities (callouts).
- For ECUs which implement sleep modes, if the hardware watchdog remains active in these sleep modes, its triggering shall also be handled by the ECU State Manager.
- The error recovery mechanism "Immediate MCU Reset" is available only on microcontrollers that are able to perform a reset by using the hardware feature of the microcontroller.
- All of following conditions must be met for the expected operation of WdgM supervision:
 - Initialized Wdg Interface,
 - Initialized OS (because of possible usage of OSCounter)
 - o Initialized WdgM (done by calling WdgM Init)
 - o Periodic invocation of WdgM_MainFunction preferably by AUTOSAR BSW scheduler; during startup the invocation may be done by another module.
 - Note: The deviations/jitters on the periodic call of WdgM_MainFunction will lead to a potential risk of delayed detection in both Alive Supervision and Deadline Supervision (timeouts) and false/missed detection in Alive Supervision.
 - Note: Any blocking of this periodic invocation will cause loss of Deadline Supervision (timeout detection part), Alive Supervision, all state transition of both Local/Global Supervision Status and resulting Error Handling mechanisms to recover from supervision failures, except the last resort "Reset by Hardware Watchdog" due to the loss of the Watchdog Handling (no trigger to the hardware instance via Wdglf).
- A Supervised Entity with all its Checkpoints may belong to only one OS-Application (at most). Because OS-application can run on one core only, therefore one specific Supervised Entity may run at one core.
- The Deadline Supervision (timeout detection part) and Alive Supervision is highly depending on the periodic invocation of WdgM MainFunction: the



periodicity shall be chosen carefully according to the requested value of the timeout detection.

4.2 Applicability to Car Domains

No restriction



5 Dependencies to Other Modules

Watchdog Interface (Wdglf)

The Watchdog Manager module is responsible for changing the mode of the Watchdog Driver and for reporting to the Watchdog Driver the condition to trigger the hardware watchdog. The services of the Watchdog Driver are accessed via the Watchdog Interface which allows addressing multiple watchdog instances.

ECU State Manager (EcuM)

The ECU State Manager is responsible for initializing, de-initializing of the Watchdog Manager module and for triggering the hardware watchdog in sleep modes.

• Micro Controller Unit Driver (Mcu)

The Watchdog Manager module may perform an immediate reset of the ECU in case of a supervision failure. This reset service is provided by the MCU driver.

Default Error Tracer (Det)

If development error detection is enabled, the Watchdog Manager module informs the Default Error Tracer about detected development errors.

Diagnostic Event Manager (Dem)

The Watchdog Manager may notify the Diagnostic Event Manager about detected functional / production-code relevant errors.

BSW Scheduler (SchM)

The BSW Scheduler is responsible for calling the scheduled functions of the Watchdog Manager module. The Watchdog Manager module uses the services of the BSW Scheduler to implement critical sections.

• Runtime Environment (Rte)

The Runtime Environment is responsible for propagating *Checkpoint* information from *Supervised Entities* in SW-Cs or in CDDs to the Watchdog Manager module. The Watchdog Manager module uses the services of the Runtime Environment to inform SW-Cs about changes in the supervision status. BSW Modules can call the Watchdog Manager module without using RTE.

BSW Mode Manager (BswM)

The Basic Software Mode Manager is responsible for restarting a non-trusted partition. A *Supervised Entity* can be associated to an OS Application. If the supervision of the *Supervised Entity* fails, the Watchdog Manager requests a restart of the corresponding partition.

Operating system (OS)

The Operating System is used by Watchog Manager to provide the timestamp.



5.1 File Structure

5.1.1 Code File Structure

For details refer to the chapter 5.1.6 "Code file structure" in SWS_BSWGeneral.

5.2 Version Check

For details refer to the chapter 5.1.8 "Version Check" in SWS_BSWGeneral.



6 Requirements Traceability

Requirement	Description	Sat	tisfied by
RS_BSW_00339	-	SWS_WdgM_00408	
RS_HM_09235	Health Monitoring shall provide a Deadline Supervision		SWS_WdgM_00373, SWS_WdgM_00403,
SRS_BSW_00005	Modules of the μC Abstraction Layer (MCAL) may not have hard coded horizontal interfaces	SWS_WdgM_00345	
SRS_BSW_00006	The source code of software modules above the µC Abstraction Layer (MCAL) shall not be processor and compiler dependent.	SWS_WdgM_00345	
SRS_BSW_00007	All Basic SW Modules written in C language shall conform to the MISRA C 2012 Standard.	SWS_WdgM_00345	
SRS_BSW_00009	All Basic SW Modules shall be documented according to a common standard.	SWS_WdgM_00345	
SRS_BSW_00010	The memory consumption of all Basic SW Modules shall be documented for a defined configuration for all supported platforms.	SWS_WdgM_00345	
SRS_BSW_00160	Configuration files of AUTOSAR Basic SW module shall be readable for human beings	SWS_WdgM_00345	
SRS_BSW_00161	The AUTOSAR Basic Software shall provide a microcontroller abstraction layer which provides a standardized interface to higher software layers	SWS_WdgM_00345	
SRS_BSW_00162	The AUTOSAR Basic Software shall provide a hardware abstraction layer	SWS_WdgM_00345	



	_	
SRS_BSW_00164	The Implementation of interrupt service routines shall be done by the Operating System, complex drivers or modules	
SRS_BSW_00167	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall provide configuration rules and constraints to enable plausibility checks	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00168	SW components shall be tested by a function defined in a common API in the Basis-SW	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00170	The AUTOSAR SW Components shall provide information about their dependency from faults, signal qualities, driver demands	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00171	Optional functionality of a Basic-SW component that is not required in the ECU shall be configurable at pre- compile-time	
SRS_BSW_00172	The scheduling strategy that is built inside the Basic Software Modules shall be compatible with the strategy used in the system	
SRS_BSW_00300	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be identified by an unambiguous name	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00304	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall use the following data types instead of native C data types	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00306	AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be compiler and platform independent	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00307	Global variables naming convention	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00308	AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall not define global data in their header files, but	SWS_WdgM_00345



	in the C file	
000 0000 0000		000 000
SRS_BSW_00309	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall indicate all global data with read-only purposes by explicitly assigning the const keyword	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00310	API naming convention	SWS_WdgM_00151, SWS_WdgM_00153, SWS_WdgM_00154, SWS_WdgM_00159, SWS_WdgM_00168, SWS_WdgM_00169, SWS_WdgM_00175, SWS_WdgM_00261, SWS_WdgM_00263, SWS_WdgM_00264
SRS_BSW_00312	Shared code shall be reentrant	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00314	All internal driver modules shall separate the interrupt frame definition from the service routine	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00321	The version numbers of AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be enumerated according specific rules	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00323	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall check passed API parameters for validity	,
SRS_BSW_00325	The runtime of interrupt service routines and functions that are running in interrupt context shall be kept short	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00327	Error values naming convention	SWS_WdgM_00004, SWS_WdgM_00375, SWS_WdgM_00402
SRS_BSW_00328	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall avoid the duplication of code	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00333	For each callback function it shall be specified if it is called	SWS_WdgM_00345



	from interrupt context or not	
SRS_BSW_00334	All Basic Software Modules shall provide an XML file that contains the meta data	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00335	Status values naming convention	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00336	Basic SW module shall be able to shutdown	SWS_WdgM_00261
SRS_BSW_00337	Classification of development errors	SWS_WdgM_00004, SWS_WdgM_00375, SWS_WdgM_00402
SRS_BSW_00339	Reporting of production relevant error status	SWS_WdgM_00129, SWS_WdgM_00142
SRS_BSW_00341	Module documentation shall contains all needed informations	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00342	It shall be possible to create an AUTOSAR ECU out of modules provided as source code and modules provided as object code, even mixed	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00343	The unit of time for specification and configuration of Basic SW modules shall be preferably in physical time unit	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00344	BSW Modules shall support link-time configuration	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00345	BSW Modules shall support pre-compile configuration	SWS_WdgM_00025, SWS_WdgM_00104
SRS_BSW_00347	A Naming seperation of different instances of BSW drivers shall be in place	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00357	For success/failure of an API call a standard return type shall be defined	SWS_WdgM_00011
SRS_BSW_00358	The return type of init() functions implemented by AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules shall be void	SWS_WdgM_00151
SRS_BSW_00359	All AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules callback functions shall	SWS_WdgM_00345



	I	
	avoid return types other than void if possible	
SRS_BSW_00360	AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules callback functions are allowed to have parameters	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00371	The passing of function pointers as API parameter is forbidden for all AUTOSAR Basic Software Modules	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00373	The main processing function of each AUTOSAR Basic Software Module shall be named according the defined convention	SWS_WdgM_00159
SRS_BSW_00375	Basic Software Modules shall report wake-up reasons	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00377	A Basic Software Module can return a module specific types	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00378	AUTOSAR shall provide a boolean type	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00385	List possible error notifications	SWS_WdgM_00004, SWS_WdgM_00375, SWS_WdgM_00402
SRS_BSW_00386	The BSW shall specify the configuration for detecting an error	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00398	The link-time configuration is achieved on object code basis in the stage after compiling and before linking	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00405	BSW Modules shall support multiple configuration sets	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00406	A static status variable denoting if a BSW module is initialized shall be initialized with value 0 before any APIs of the BSW module is called	SWS_WdgM_00021, SWS_WdgM_00039
SRS_BSW_00413	An index-based accessing of the instances of BSW modules shall be done	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00416	The sequence of modules to be	SWS_WdgM_00345



	initialized shall be configurable	
SRS_BSW_00417	Software which is not part of the SW-C shall report error events only after the DEM is fully operational.	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00422	Pre-de-bouncing of error status information is done within the DEM	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00423	BSW modules with AUTOSAR interfaces shall be describable with the means of the SW-C Template	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00424	BSW module main processing functions shall not be allowed to enter a wait state	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00425	The BSW module description template shall provide means to model the defined trigger conditions of schedulable objects	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00426	BSW Modules shall ensure data consistency of data which is shared between BSW modules	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00427	ISR functions shall be defined and documented in the BSW module description template	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00428	A BSW module shall state if its main processing function(s) has to be executed in a specific order or sequence	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00429	Access to OS is restricted	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00432	Modules should have separate main processing functions for read/receive and write/transmit data path	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00433	Main processing functions are only allowed to be called from task bodies provided by the BSW Scheduler	SWS_WdgM_00345



SRS_BSW_00437	Memory mapping shall	SWS_WdgM_00345
	provide the possibility to define RAM segments which are not to be initialized during startup	
SRS_BSW_00439	Enable BSW modules to handle interrupts	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00440	The callback function invocation by the BSW module shall follow the signature provided by RTE to invoke servers via Rte_Call API	SWS_WdgM_00345
SRS_BSW_00450	A Main function of a un- initialized module shall return immediately	SWS_WdgM_00406, SWS_WdgM_00407
SRS_BSW_00480	NullPointer Errors shall follow a naming rule	SWS_WdgM_00004
SRS_BSW_00481	Invalid configuration set selection errors shall follow a naming rule	SWS_WdgM_00004
SRS_BSW_00487	Errors for module initialization shall follow a naming rule	SWS_WdgM_00004
SRS_ModeMgm_09028	The Watchdog Manager shall support multiple watchdog instances	SWS_WdgM_00002
SRS_ModeMgm_09106	The list of entities supervised by the Watchdog Manager shall be configurable at pre-compile time	SWS_WdgM_00042, SWS_WdgM_00085
SRS_ModeMgm_09107	The Watchdog Manager shall provide an initialization service	SWS_WdgM_00018, SWS_WdgM_00135, SWS_WdgM_00151
SRS_ModeMgm_09109	It shall be possible to prohibit the disabling of watchdog	SWS_WdgM_00030, SWS_WdgM_00031
SRS_ModeMgm_09110	The watchdog Manager shall provide a service interface, to select a mode of the Watchdog Manager	SWS_WdgM_00139, SWS_WdgM_00154
SRS_ModeMgm_09112	The Watchdog Manager shall cyclically check the periodicity of the supervised entities	SWS_WdgM_00063, SWS_WdgM_00074, SWS_WdgM_00076, SWS_WdgM_00077, SWS_WdgM_00078, SWS_WdgM_00083, SWS_WdgM_00098, SWS_WdgM_00115, SWS_WdgM_00214 SWS_WdgM_00213,
SRS_ModeMgm_09143	The Watchdog Manager shall set the	SWS_WdgM_00083



	triggering condition during inactive monitoring	
SRS_ModeMgm_09158	The Watchdog Manager shall support Post build time and mode dependent selectable configuration sets for the Watchdog Manager	SWS_WdgM_00145
SRS_ModeMgm_09159	The Watchdog Manager shall report failure of temporal or program flow monitoring to DEM	SWS_WdgM_00129, SWS_WdgM_00408
SRS_ModeMgm_09160	The Watchdog Manager shall provide the indication of failed temporal monitoring	SWS_WdgM_00148, SWS_WdgM_00150
SRS_ModeMgm_09161	The Watchdog Manager shall reset the triggering condition in the Watchdog Driver in Case of temporal failure	SWS_WdgM_00223
SRS_ModeMgm_09162	The Watchdog Manager shall be able to notify the software of an upcoming watchdog reset	SWS_WdgM_00150
SRS_ModeMgm_09163	It shall be possible to configure a delay before provoking a watchdog reset	SWS_WdgM_00077, SWS_WdgM_00215, SWS_WdgM_00219, SWS_WdgM_00220
SRS_ModeMgm_09169	The Watchdog Manager shall be able to immediately reset the MCU	SWS_WdgM_00133, SWS_WdgM_00134, SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6500
SRS_ModeMgm_09221	The Watchdog Manager shall check the correct sequence of code execution in supervised entities	SWS_WdgM_00246, SWS_WdgM_00252, SWS_WdgM_00271, SWS_WdgM_00274
SRS_ModeMgm_09222	The Watchdog Manager shall provide a service allowing the Update logical program flow monitoring	SWS_WdgM_00246, SWS_WdgM_00252, SWS_WdgM_00271, SWS_WdgM_00274
SRS_ModeMgm_09225	The Watchdog Manager shall provide the indication of failed logical monitoring	SWS_WdgM_00148, SWS_WdgM_00150
SRS_ModeMgm_09226	The Watchdog Manager shall reset	SWS_WdgM_00223



Specification of Watchdog Manager AUTOSAR CP R19-11

	reset the triggering condition in the Watchdog Driver in Case of logical program flow violation	
SRS_ModeMgm_09232	The Watchdog Manager shall provide a service to cause a watchdog reset	SWS_WdgM_00264



7 Functional Specification

This chapter presents the specification details of the internal functional behavior of the Watchdog Manager module.

7.1 Interaction of Supervision Functions

7.1.1 Overview

Supervised Entities are the units of supervision for the Watchdog Manager module. Each Supervised Entity can be supervised by a different Supervision Function or a combination of them.

The available Supervision Functions are:

- Alive Supervision (see Chapter 7.2.1)
- Deadline Supervision (see Chapter 7.2.2)
- Logical Supervision (see Chapter 7.2.3)

Each of three Supervision Functions results with a <u>list</u> of Results of Supervision Function for each Supervised Entity (highlighted in Blue on Figure 1), where each Result is either correct or incorrect. At Watchdog Manager initialization, all the Results are set to correct. This means that for every Supervised Entity there are three partial results (one from Alive Supervision, one from Deadline Supervision and one from Logical Supervision).

In a given mode, each *Supervised Entity* may have zero, one or more *Alive Supervisions* (WdgMAliveSupervision), each having one correct/incorrect result.

In a given mode, each Supervised Entity may have zero, one or more Deadline Supervisions (WdgMDeadlineSupervision), each having one correct/incorrect result.

Note: Deadline Supervision is the combination of the mechanisms for detection of:

- early arrivals: End Checkpoint reported before WdgMDeadlineMin since reporting of Start Checkpoint.
- delays: End Checkpoint reported after WdgMDeadlineMax since reporting of Start Checkpoint.
- *timeouts*: *End Checkpoint* not reported even after WdgMDeadlineMax since reporting of *Start Checkpoint*

In a given mode, each Supervised Entity may have zero, one or more Logical Supervisions (i.e. Graphs) configured (WdgMExternalLogicalSupervision for one External Graph, a set of WdgMInternalTransition-s for one Internal Graph), each having one correct/incorrect result. Each Logical Supervision is for one External or Internal Graph.



In case there are zero active supervisions in a given mode, then MainFunction sees no EXPIRED local status, so WdqIf SetTriggerCondition can be invoked.

Based on the results of *Supervision Functions* (correct/incorrect), the *Local Supervision Status* of each *Supervised Entity* (highlighted in Green on Figure 1) is determined by means of the *Local Supervision Status* state machine (see Chapter 7.1.2).

Based on *Local Supervision Status* of each *Supervised Entity*, the *Global Supervision Status* highlighted in Red on Figure 1) is determined by means of *Global Supervision Status* state machine (see Chapter 7.1.3).

Based on the *Global Supervision Status*, the error handling (see Chapter 7.3) and watchdog handling (see Chapter 7.3) take place.



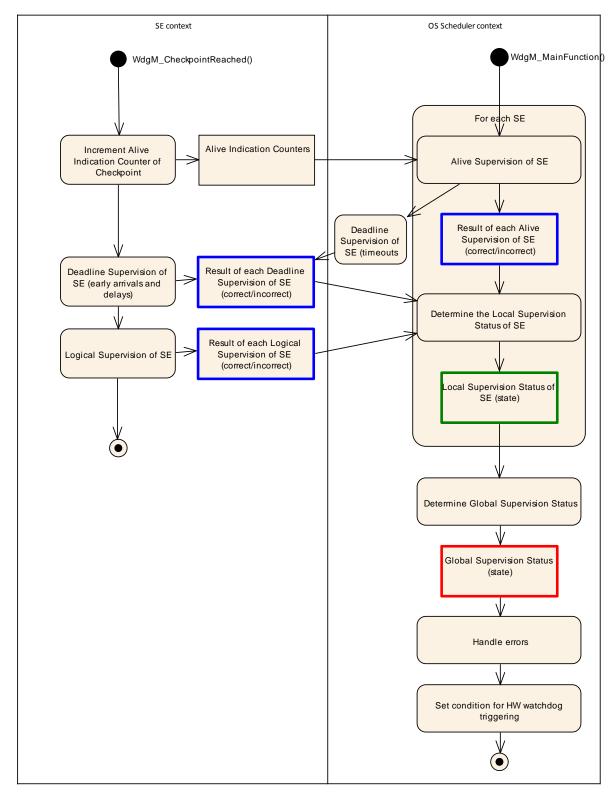


Figure 1: Overview of Watchdog Manager Supervision

The determination of supervision result for *Deadline Supervision* (detection of early arrivals and delays) and *Logical Supervision* is executed within the function <code>WdgM_CheckpointReached</code>. During one execution of this function, it updates the result for one particular *Supervised Entity* only.

The determination of supervision result for *Deadline Supervision* (detection of timeouts) and *Alive Supervision* is executed within the function



WdgM_MainFunction. During one execution of this function, it updates the Results of Deadline Supervision (timeout) and/or Alive Supervision for all Supervised Entities.

[SWS_WdgM_00406] [The WdgM module shall start both the Supervision Functions (for all Supervision Algorithms, including Supervision Reference Cycles) and the Watchdog Handling during the first invocation of the WdgM_MainFunction after the initialization of the module.] (SRS_BSW_00450)

Note: If the WdgM module is not initialized, its Main Function will return immediately without performing any functionality and without raising any errors (see [SWS_BSW_00037]). Also the module cannot use RTE APIs before first invocation of the Main Function (see [SWS_BSW_00218]). Therefore, the first call of the main function after initialization should be considered as the starting point of the *Supervision Functions* and the resulting handling of the hardware watchdog instances (using the Wdglf module), to have consistent behavior as a Safety-related Monitoring Mechanism.

[SWS_WdgM_00407] [The WdgM module shall stop the Supervision Functions (for all Supervision Algorithms) and Watchdog Handling in the WdgM_DeInit.] (SRS_BSW_00450)

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6510] [The following shall be available for the operation *Supervision Functions* of Watchdog Manager:

- 1. availability of initialized Wdg Interface,
- 2. availability of initialized OS,
- 3. initialized WdgM by invocation of WdgM Init() function, and
- 4. periodic invocation of WdgM MainFunction() function. | ()

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6511] [It shall be ensured by the callers of WdgM module, that the functions WdgM_DeInit, WdgM_Init and WdgM_SetMode are not invoked concurrently to WdgM MainFunction.] ()

This can be achieved by the integrator by means of appropriate coordination of initialization and task scheduling.

7.1.2 Local Supervision Status

The Local Supervision Status state machine determines the status of the Supervised Entity. This is done based on the following:

- 1. Previous value of the *Local Supervision Status*,
- 2. Current values of: result of *Alive Supervision*, result of *Deadline Supervision*, result of *Logical Supervision*.

The change in the *Local Supervision Status* state machine is done by function WdgM MainFunction. The state machine is initialized by the function WdgM Init.



The Watchdog Manager module provides a feature to provide fault tolerance (corresponding to the local supervision status WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_FAILED) for *Alive Supervision* for a configurable amount of (cumulative) time measured in multiples of the *Supervision Cycle* (*Supervision Cycle* is the period at which <code>WdgM_MainFunction</code> is called), named *Failed Supervision Reference Cycles* (see configuration parameter <code>WdgMFailedAliveSupervisionRefCycleTol</code>). If this parameter is set to 0, then there is no tolerance for *Alive Supervision* and then *Alive Supervision* behaves in the same way as *Deadline Supervision* and *Logical Supervision*, where the first incorrect result causes the transition to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED.

Note that, *Deadline* and *Logical Supervisions* will not be affected by WdgMFailedAliveSupervisionRefCycleTol.

[SWS_WdgM_00200][The Watchdog Manager module shall track the *Local Supervision Status* of each *Supervised Entity.*] ()

Figure 2 shows the state machine for *Local Supervision Status* of a *Supervised Entity* with all possible states.



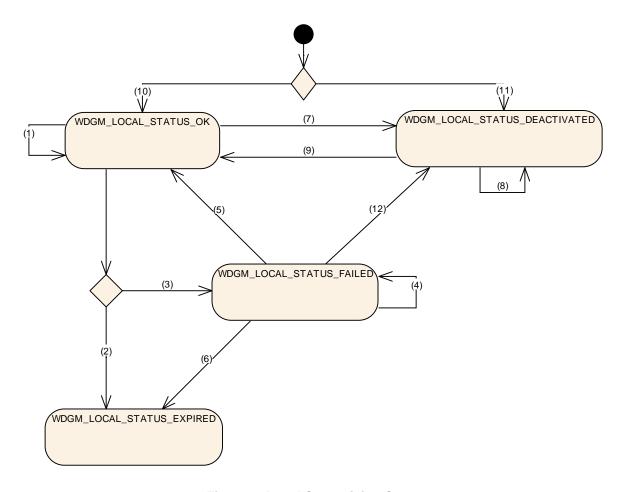


Figure 2: Local Supervision Status

For the transitions between the states of the *Local Supervision Status* the following rules apply:

[SWS_WdgM_00268][If the function WdgM_Init is successfully called, then for each Supervised Entity that is referenced from the Initial Mode (WdgMInitialMode) (i.e. each Supervised Entity that is activated in the initial mode), the function WdgM_Init shall set the Local Supervision Status for this Supervised Entity to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_OK. And the counter for Failed Supervision Reference Cycles shall be set to zero (0). (see Transition (10) in Figure 2).] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00269][If the function WdgM_Init is successfully called, then for each Supervised Entity that is not referenced from the Initial Mode (WdgMInitialMode), the function WdgM_Init shall set the Local Supervision Status for this Supervised Entity to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED (see Transition (11) in Figure 2).

If the function $WdgM_Init$ is successfully called and the parameter WdgMInitialMode [ECUC WdgM 00336] of this Supervised Entity in WdgMInitialMode is **not** configured to WDGM LOCAL STATUS OK then the



Watchdog Manager module shall set the *Local Supervision Status* for this *Supervised Entity* to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED. (see Transition (11) in Figure 2)| ()

[SWS_WdgM_00201][If all values in three sets of results of Supervision (results of Alive Supervision, results of Deadline Supervision, results of Logical Supervision) for the Supervised Entity are correct and the Supervised Entity was in Local Supervision Status WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_OK, then the function WdgM_MainFunction shall keep the Supervised Entity in the Local Supervision Status WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_OK (see Transition (1) in Figure 2).| ()

[SWS_WdgM_00202][If the Supervised Entity was in Local Supervision Status WDGM LOCAL STATUS OK AND:

- (At least one result of Alive Supervision of the Supervised Entity is incorrect and a Failure Tolerance of zero is configured (see configuration parameter WdgMFailedAliveSupervisionRefCycleTol [ECUC_WdgM_00327]) OR
- 2. If the result of at least one *Deadline Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* or the result of at least one *Logical supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* is incorrect),

THEN the function WdgM_MainFunction shall change the Local Supervision Status to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED (see Transition (2) in Figure 2).| ()

The below requirements shows the important difference of *Alive Supervision* versus *Deadline* and *Logical Supervision*: the *Alive Supervision* has an error tolerance for failed reference cycles.

[SWS_WdgM_00203][If the *Supervised Entity* was in *Local Supervision Status* WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_OK AND:

- (If the result of at least one Alive Supervision of the Supervised Entity is incorrect and a Failure Tolerance greater than zero is configured (see configuration parameter WdgMFailedAliveSupervisionRefCycleTol [ECUC WdgM 00327]) AND
- 2. If all the results of *Deadline Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* and all results of *Logical Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* are correct),

THEN the function WdgM_MainFunction shall change the Local Supervision Status to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_FAILED and increment the counter for Failed Supervision Reference Cycles (see Transition (3) in Figure 2).| ()

[SWS_WdgM_00204][If the *Supervised Entity* was in *Local Supervision Status* WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_FAILED AND:

1. (If the result of at least one *Alive Supervision* is incorrect and the counter for *failed supervision reference cycles* is less than the configured *Failure*



Tolerance (see parameter WdgMFailedAliveSupervisionRefCycleTol [ECUC WdgM 00327]) AND

2. If all the results of *Deadline Supervisions* of the *Supervised Entity* and all the result of *Logical Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* are correct),

THEN the function WdgM_MainFunction shall keep the Local Supervision Status in WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_FAILED and increment the counter for Failed Supervision Reference Cycles (see Transition (4) in Figure 2). ()

[SWS_WdgM_00300][If the *Supervised Entity* was in *Local Supervision Status* WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_FAILED AND:

- 1. (If all the results of *Alive Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* are correct and the counter for *Failed Supervision Reference Cycles* is > 1) AND
- 2. If all the result of *Deadline Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* and all the result of *Logical Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* are correct),

THEN the function WdgM_MainFunction shall keep the Local Supervision Status in WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_FAILED and decrement the counter for Failed Supervision Reference Cycles (see Transition (4) in Figure 2). ()

[SWS_WdgM_00205][If the *Supervised Entity* was in *Local Supervision Status* WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_FAILED AND:

- 1. (If all the results of *Alive Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* are correct and the counter for *Failed Supervision Reference Cycles* equals 1) AND
- 2. If all the results of *Deadline Supervisions* of the *Supervised Entity* and all the results of *Logical Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* are correct),

THEN the function WdgM_MainFunction shall change the Local Supervision Status to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_OK and decrement the counter for Failed Supervision Reference Cycles (see Transition (5) in Figure 2).] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00206][If the *Supervised Entity* was in *Local Supervision Status* WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_FAILED AND:

- 1. (If at least one result of Alive Supervision is incorrect and the counter for Failed Supervision Reference Cycles is equal to the configured Failure Tolerance (see configuration parameter WdgMFailedAliveSupervisionRefCycleTol [ECUC WdgM 00327]) OR
- 2. If at least one result of *Deadline Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* or at least one the result of *Logical Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* is incorrect),

THEN the function WdgM_MainFunction shall change the Local Supervision Status to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED (see Transition (6) in Figure 2). ()



[SWS_WdgM_00207][If the Supervised Entity was in Local Supervision Status WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_OK and if a call of WdgM_SetMode switches to a mode which deactivates the Supervised Entity (see [SWS_WdgM_00283]), then the Watchdog Manager module shall change the Local Supervision Status to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED (see Transition (7) in Figure 2).] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00291][If the Supervised Entity was in Local Supervision Status WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_FAILED and if a call of WdgM_SetMode switches to a mode in which the Supervised Entity is Deactivated (see [SWS_WdgM_00283]), then the Watchdog Manager module shall change the Local Supervision Status to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED (see Transition (12) in Figure 2).| ()

Note that the above requirement is only applicable for the WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_FAILED status, but not for WDGM LOCAL STATUS EXPIRED.

[SWS_WdgM_00208][If the Supervised Entity was in the Local Supervision Status WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED, the functions WdgM_CheckpointReached and WdgM_MainFunction shall not perform any Supervision Functions for this Supervised Entity and keep the Local Supervision Status in the state WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED. (see Transition (8) in Figure 2)] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00209][If the *Supervised Entity* was in *Local Supervision Status* WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED and if a call of <code>WdgM_SetMode</code> switches to a mode in which the *Supervised Entity* is active (see [SWS_WdgM_00282]), then the Watchdog Manager module shall change the *Local Supervision Status* to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_OK. And the counter for *Failed Supervision Reference Cycles* shall be set to zero (0). (see Transition (9) in Figure 2)] ()

7.1.3 Global Supervision Status

Based on the Local Supervision Status of all Supervised Entities, the Global Supervision Status is computed.

The Global Supervision Status has similar values as the Local Supervision Status. The main differences are the addition of the WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED value. Figure 3 shows the values and transitions between them.



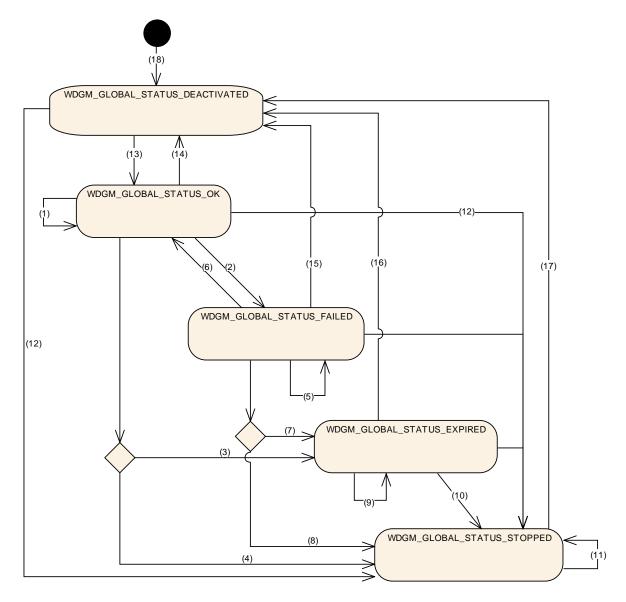


Figure 3: Global Supervision Status

[SWS_WdgM_00213][The Watchdog Manager module shall have one *Global Supervision Status* for the whole monitored software.] (SRS ModeMgm 09112)

[SWS_WdgM_00387][Global Supervision Status shall be statically initialized with WDGM GLOBAL STATUS DEACTIVATED (see Transition (18) in Figure 4). | ()

The Watchdog Manager module provides a feature to postpone the error reaction (the error reaction being not setting a correct trigger condition) for a configurable amount of time measured in multiples of the *Supervision Cycle* (*Supervision Cycle* is the period at which <code>WdgM_MainFunction</code> is called), named *Expired Supervision Tolerance* (see configuration parameter <code>WdgMExpiredSupervisionCycleTol [ECUC WdgM 00329]).</code>

The Expired Supervision Tolerance is implemented within the state machine of the Global Supervision Status. The defined state machine is in the state WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_EXPIRED while the blocking is postponed.



[SWS_WdgM_00214][The function WdgM_MainFunction shall calculate the Global Supervision Status in every Supervision Cycle. The function shall compute the Global Supervision Cycle after it computed every Local Supervision Status.

The cyclic update of *Global Supervision Status* is necessary to trigger the timely transition from WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_EXPIRED to WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED.| (SRS_ModeMgm_09112)

Following rules shall be used to calculate the *Global Supervision Status*:

[SWS_WdgM_00285][If the function <code>WdgM_Init</code> [SWS_WdgM_00151] was successfully called then the function shall change the *Global Supervision Status* to WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_OK. And the Expired Cycle Counter shall be set to zero (0). (see Transition (13) in Figure 4).] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00286][If the Global Supervision Status was WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_OK and the function WdgM_DeInit [SWS_WdgM_00261] is successfully called, then the function shall change the Global Supervision Status to WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED (see Transitions (14), (15), (16) and (17) in Figure 4).] ()

Warning: an deactivation of WdgM when it is in states WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_EXPIRED or WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED can hinder error reporting or error reaction.

[SWS_WdgM_00078][If the Global Supervision Status was WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_OK and the Local Supervision Status of all Supervised Entities are either WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_OK or WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED then the function WdgM_MainFunction shall keep the Global Supervision Status WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_OK (see Transition (1) in Figure 3).] (SRS_ModeMgm_09112)

[SWS_WdgM_00076][If Global Supervision Status the was WDGM GLOBAL STATUS OK, the Local Supervision Status of at least one Supervised Entity is WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_FAILED, and no Supervised Entity is in Local Supervision Status WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED, then the function WdgM MainFunction shall change the Global Supervision Status to WDGM GLOBAL STATUS FAILED Transition (see (2)in Figure 3). | (SRS_ModeMgm_09112)

The Watchdog Manager module supports a feature to delay the error reaction (switching to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED) for a configurable amount of time. This could be used to allow clean-up activities before a watchdog reset, e.g. writing the error cause, writing NVRAM data.

[SWS_WdgM_00215][If the *Global Supervision Status* was WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_OK, the *Local Supervision Status* of at least one *Supervised Entity* is WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED, and the Expired Supervision Tolerance is configured to a value larger than zero (see configuration parameter WdgMExpiredSupervisionCycleTol [ECUC WdgM_00329]), then



function WdgM_MainFunction shall change the *Global Supervision Status* to WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_EXPIRED. And increment the Expired Cycle Counter. (see Transition (3) in Figure 3).| (SRS_ModeMgm_09163)

[SWS WdgM 00216][If Global Supervision the Status was WDGM GLOBAL STATUS OK, the Local Supervision Status of at least one Supervised Entity is WDGM LOCAL STATUS EXPIRED, and the Expired Supervision Tolerance is configured to zero (see configuration parameter WdgMExpiredSupervisionCycleTol [ECUC_WdgM_00329]), then the function shall Global Supervision WdgM MainFunction change the WDGM GLOBAL STATUS STOPPED (see Transition (4) in Figure 3). I ()

[SWS_WdgM_00217][If Global Supervision the was WDGM GLOBAL STATUS FAILED, the Local Supervision Status of at least one Supervised Entity is WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_FAILED, and no Supervised Entity is in Local Supervision Status WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED, then function WdgM MainFunction shall remain in Global Supervision Status WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_FAILED. (see Transition (5) in Figure 3)| ()

[SWS_WdgM_00218][If the Global Supervision Status was WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_FAILED and the Local Supervision Status of all Supervised Entities is either WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_OK or WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED then function WdgM_MainFunction shall change the Global Supervision Status to WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_OK (see Transition (6) in Figure 3).] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00077][If the Global Supervision Status was WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_FAILED, the Local Supervision Status of at least one Supervised Entity is WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED, and the Expired Supervision Tolerance is configured to a value larger than zero (see configuration parameter WdgMExpiredSupervisionCycleTol [ECUC_WdgM_00329]), then function WdgM_MainFunction shall change the Global Supervision Status to WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_EXPIRED. And increment the Expired Cycle Counter. (see Transition (7) in Figure 3).| (SRS_ModeMgm_09112, SRS_ModeMgm_09163)

[SWS_WdgM_00117][If Global the Supervision Status was WDGM GLOBAL STATUS FAILED, the Local Supervision Status of at least one Supervised Entity is WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED, and the Expired Supervision Tolerance is configured to zero (see configuration parameter WdgMExpiredSupervisionCycleTol [ECUC WdgM 00329]), then function shall WdgM MainFunction Global Supervision Status change the WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED (see Transition (8)in Figure 3).I (SRS ModeMgm 09112)

[SWS_WdgM_00219][If the *Global Supervision Status* was WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_EXPIRED, the *Local Supervision Status* of at least one *Supervised Entity* is WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED, and the Expired Cycle Counter is less than the configured *Expired Supervision Tolerance* (see configuration



parameter WdgMExpiredSupervisionCycleTol [ECUC WdgM 00329]), then function WdgM_MainFunction shall keep Global Supervision Status WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_EXPIRED and increment the Expired Cycle Counter (see Transition (9) in Figure 3).] (SRS_ModeMgm_09163)

[SWS WdgM 00220][If the Global Supervision Status was WDGM GLOBAL STATUS EXPIRED, the Local Supervision Status of at least one Supervised Entity is WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED, and the Expired Cycle Counter is equal to the configured Expired Supervision Tolerance (see configuration parameter WdgMExpiredSupervisionCycleTol [ECUC WdgM 00329]), then function WdgM MainFunction shall change the Global Supervision Status to WDGM GLOBAL STATUS STOPPED (see Transition (10)in Figure 3). | (SRS ModeMgm 09163)

[SWS_WdgM_00221][If the *Global Supervision Status* was WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED, then function WdgM_MainFunction shall remain in *Global Supervision Status* WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED (see Transition (11) in Figure 3).] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00139] [If a call to WdgIf_SetMode fails (see chapter 7.5.2), function shall assume a global supervision failure and set the *Global Supervision Status* to WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED. (see Transition (12) in Figure 9)] (SRS_ModeMgm_09110)

This is the final state and the failure recovery mechanisms will be started. Usually a watchdog reset will occur after the hardware watchdog has expired.

7.2 Supervision Functions

7.2.1 Alive Supervision

Alive Supervision is one of the Supervision Functions of the Watchdog Manager module. The Alive Supervision offers a mechanism to periodically check the execution reliability of one or several Supervised Entities. This mechanism supports a check of cyclic timing constraints of independent Supervised Entities.

7.2.1.1 Alive Supervision Configuration

To provide *Alive Supervision*, the *Checkpoints* and their timing constraints need to be configured. The simplest configuration for *Alive Supervision* is one *Checkpoint* without any *Transitions*, as shown in Figure 4.



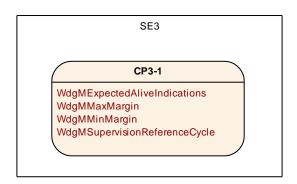


Figure 4: Simplest Alive Supervision Checkpoint Configuration

The above configuration provides backward compatibility to *Alive Supervision* as defined in versions before v2.0.0 (R4.0.1) of the Watchdog Manager module, where each *Supervised Entity* could be supervised with one set of parameters only.

Moreover, it is also possible to have more than one *Checkpoint* as shown in Figure 5.

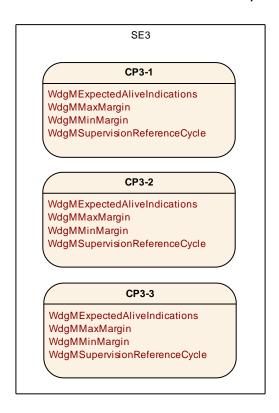


Figure 5: Multiple Checkpoints for Alive Supervision in one Supervised Entity

Each Checkpoint has its own set of Alive Supervision Parameters. Transitions are not used by Alive Supervision. Although each Checkpoint has its own parameters, it is the Supervised Entity for which status is determined based on the frequency of Checkpoints.

The parameters of the *Alive Supervision* (see WdgMAliveSupervision) depend on the Watchog Manager *Mode* and are defined for per *Checkpoint* (and not globally for the whole *Supervised Entity*).



None, some, or all of the *Checkpoints* of a *Supervised Entity* can be configured for *Alive Supervision* in a given *Mode*. Moreover, in each *Mode* the *Alive Supervision* options of *Checkpoints* can be different.

The WdgMExpectedAliveInidications [ECUC WdgM 00311] (EAI) specifies the amount of expected alive indications from a given *Checkpoint*, within a fixed period of *Supervision Cycles*. The period length is defined by WdgMSupervisionReferenceCycle [ECUC WdgM 00310].

An acceptable negative variation (WdgMMinMargin [ECUC WdgM 00312]) and acceptable positive variation (WdgMMaxMargin [ECUC WdgM 00313]) can be configured.

The Watchdog Manager module has to support a configurable amount of independent *Supervised Entities*. As a consequence the following general issue has to be considered.

[SWS_WdgM_00085][The Watchdog Manager module shall derive the required number of independent data resources to perform the *Alive Supervision* within the Watchdog Manager module from the number of *Supervised Entities*, number of *WdgMModes* and their *WdgMAliveSupervisions*.] (SRS_ModeMgm_09106)

Examples of independent data resources in context of the Watchdog Manager module are: Alive Counters, Supervision Cycles counters, Failed Supervision Reference Cycles counters, Expired Supervision Cycles counters, Local Supervision Status.

7.2.1.2 Alive Supervision Algorithm

To send an *Alive Indication*, a *Supervised Entity* invokes the function <code>WdgM_CheckpointReached</code>, which results with incrementation of an *Alive Counter* for the *Checkpoint*.

This Main Function is executed by the AUTOSAR Scheduler with the period defined by the configuration parameter *Supervision Cycle* (see WdgMSupervisionCycle). The cyclic examination of the Counter of each *Checkpoint* of a *Supervised Entity* by the Main Function happens at every *Supervision Reference Cycle* (which is a multiple of *Supervision Cycle*).

The Supervision Cycle (see WdgMSupervisionCycle) is the property of the Watchdog Manager mode. This means that in a given Mode, the function WdgM_MainFunction is executed with a given period. In contrary, the Supervision Reference Cycle (see WdgMSupervisionReferenceCycle) is the property of an Alive Supervision of a Checkpoint in a given Watchdog Manager mode.

[SWS_WdgM_00098][The function WdgM_MainFunction shall perform for each Alive Supervision (WdgMAliveSupervision) configured in the active Mode, the examination of the Alive Counter of each Checkpoint of the Supervised Entity. The examination shall be done at the period WdgMSupervisionReferenceCycle of the corresponding Alive Supervision (WdgMAliveSupervision). During the



intermediate Supervision Cycles (see WdgMSupervisionCycle) of the Alive Supervision, the function WdgM_MainFunction shall not perform the examination of Alive Counters. (SRS_ModeMgm_09112)

[SWS_WdgM_00074][The function WdgM_MainFunction shall examine an Alive Counter by checking if it is within the allowed tolerance (Expected - Min Margin; Expected + Max Margin) (see WdgMExpectedAliveIndications [ECUC_WdgM_00311], WdgMMinMargin,

WdgMMaxMargin).| (SRS_ModeMgm_09112)

If any *Checkpoint* of a *Supervised Entity* fails the examination, then the result of Alive *Supervision* for the *Supervised Entity* is set to incorrect.

[SWS_WdgM_00115][If the function WdgM_MainFunction detects a deviation between the counted Alive Indications and the expected amount of alive indications [ECUC WdgM_00311] (including tolerance margins [ECUC WdgM_00312], [ECUC WdgM_00313]) for any Checkpoint of a Supervised Entity, then Alive Supervision at this Supervision Reference Cycle for this Supervised Entity shall be defined as incorrect. Otherwise, it shall be defined as correct. J (SRS_ModeMgm_09112)

If a *Checkpoint* is not Alive-Supervised in a mode, then it is ignored by Watchdog Manager.

[SWS_WdgM_00083][The function <code>WdgM_MainFunction</code> shall not perform the examination of the *Alive Counter of a Checkpoint* if no corresponding *Alive Supervision* (<code>WdgMAliveSupervision</code>) is defined in the active Watchdog Manager Mode.] (SRS ModeMgm 09112, SRS ModeMgm 09143)

7.2.2 Deadline Supervision

Deadline Supervision checks the timing constraints of non-cyclic Supervised Entities. In these Supervised Entities, a certain event happens and a following event happens within a given time span. This time span can have a maximum and minimum deadline (time window).

7.2.2.1 Deadline Supervision Configuration

For every *Deadline Supervision*, two *Checkpoints* connected by a *Transition* are configured. The *Deadline* is attached to the *Transition* from the start *Checkpoint* to the *End Checkpoint*. The simplest *Deadline Supervision* configuration contains two *Checkpoints* and one *Transition*, as shown in Figure 6.



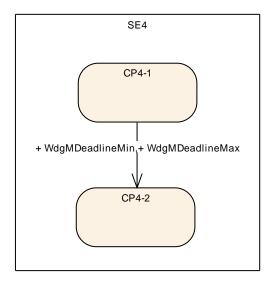


Figure 6: Simplest Deadline Supervision Configuration

More than one *Transition* can be defined in a *Supervised Entity*. The *Transitions* and *Checkpoints* do not have to form a closed graph. Since only the *Start* and *End Checkpoints* are considered by this *Supervision Function*, there can be independent graphs, as shown in Figure 7. Moreover, the *Checkpoints* can be chained.

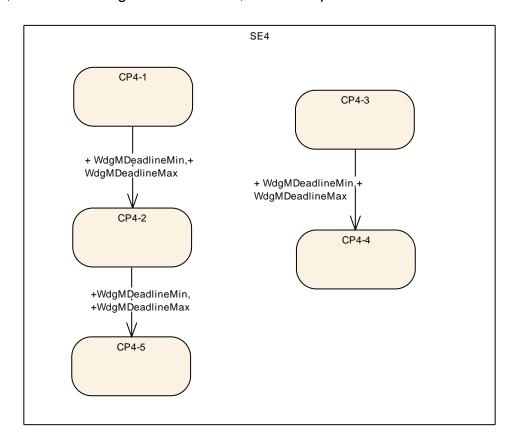


Figure 7: Multiple Transitions for Deadline Supervision in one Supervised Entity

The configuration of *Deadline Supervision* is similar to the one of *Alive Supervision*.



The parameters of the *Deadline Supervision* (see WdgMDeadlineSupervision) depend on the Watchog Manager *Mode* (WdgMMode) and are defined for per a set of two *Checkpoints*. None, some, or all of the *Checkpoints* of a *Supervised Entity* can be configured for *Deadline Supervision* in a given *Mode*.

A Deadline Supervision is defined as a set of Transitions with time constraints. A Transition is defined as two references to two Checkpoints, called Deadline Start Checkpoint and Deadline End Checkpoint (WdgMDeadlineStartRef and WdgMDeadlineEndRef). A Transition has minimum and maximum time (WdgMDeadlineMin [ECUC WdgM 00317], WdgMDeadlineMax [ECUC_WdgM_00318]).

[SWS_WdgM_00293][The Watchdog Manager module shall derive the required number of independent data resources to perform the Deadline Supervision within the Watchdog Manager module from the number of *Supervised Entities*, number of *WdgMModes* and their *WdgMAliveSupervisions*.] ()

7.2.2.2 Deadline Supervision Algorithm

For each *Deadline Start Checkpoints* (i.e. *Checkpoint* referenced by WdgMDeadlineStartRef), Watchdog Manager has a timestamp variable storing the time when that *Checkpoint* has been reached.

A timestamp variable for *Deadline Supervision* is obtained by reading OS tick. For each *Supervised Entity*, an OS counter is configured.

An OS counter can be shared between *Supervised Entities*, or a separate OS counter can be used for each *Supervised Entity* (implementation-specific). In case OS-Applications/partitioning is used and a counter is shared across *Supervised Entities* belonging to different OS-applications, then the list of allowed OS-Applications to access the counter needs to be configured (OsCounterAccessingApplication).

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6513] [For each Supervised Entity, an OS counter shall be configured (see WdgMOSCounter, ECUC_WdgM_00361) if at least one Deadline Supervision is configured for the Supervised Entity in any of the WdgM Modes. | ()

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6514] [The OS counters for each *Supervised Entity* shall be configured to be accessible from the OsApplication which contains the *Supervised Entity*.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6515] [The OS counters for each Supervised Entity shall be configured to be also accessible from the OsApplication which calls WdgM MainFunction, if WdgMEnableTimeoutDetection is set to true.] ()



[SWS_WdgM_00373][To determine the timestamp and to compute the timestamp differences, the function $WdgM_CheckpointReached$ shall use OS function GetElapsedValue, using as 1st parameter the CounterID that is configured for the Supervised Entity.

To determine the timestamp and to compute the timestamp differences, the function <code>WdgM_CheckpointReached</code> (for detection of both early arrivals and delays) and the function <code>WdgM_MainFunction</code> (for detection of timeouts) shall use OS function <code>GetElapsedValue</code>, using as 1st parameter the <code>CounterID</code> that is configured for the <code>Supervised Entity</code> (see <code>WdgMOSCounter</code>, <code>ECUC_WdgM_00361</code>) <code>J</code> (RS_HM_09235)

The timestamps are in ticks. However, the Watchdog deadline configuration is in seconds. The scaling between ticks and seconds is configured in OS.

[SWS_WdgM_00374] [For scaling of timestamp difference to the limit values (WdgMDeadlineMin and WdgMDeadlineMax) (see SWS_WdgM_00294), the function WdgM_CheckpointReached (for detection of early arrivals and delays) and the function WdgM_MainFunction (for detection of timeouts) shall use OsSecondsPerTick configuration parameter.| (RS_HM_09235)

During the initialization, all the timestamps of *Deadline Start Checkpoints* (i.e. *Checkpoint* referenced by WdgMDeadlineStartRef) are cleared – set to 0.

[SWS_WdgM_00298][The function WdgM_Init shall for all Deadline Start Checkpoints set their timestamps to 0.] ()

When a Deadline Start Checkpoint (i.e. Checkpoint referenced by WdgMDeadlineStartRef) is reached, a Supervised Entity invokes the function WdgM_CheckpointReached, which results with the execution of Deadline Supervision.

[SWS_WdgM_00228][When the *Deadline Start Checkpoint* is reached and this *Checkpoint* is referenced in the active *Mode*, then the function <code>WdgM_CheckpointReached</code> shall record the current timestamp under the timestamp of the reached *Deadline Start Checkpoint*. The current timestamp shall be used as the reference to examining the time of the corresponding *Deadline End Checkpoint*.] ()

The function WdgM_CheckpointReached shall determine the current timestamp by invoking the OS functions ()

SWS_WdgM_00228 means that the timestamp of the reached *Deadline Start Checkpoint* is overwritten by the current timestamp, regardless of the value (just before the overwriting) of the reached *Deadline Start Checkpoint*. Moreover, SWS_WdgM_00228 means that it is not considered as an error by *Deadline Supervision* if a given *Deadline Start Checkpoint* is reached several times without reaching the corresponding *Deadline End Checkpoint* (each time the timestamp is just updated).



[SWS_WdgM_00229] [When the *Deadline End Checkpoint* is reached and this *Checkpoint* is referenced in the active *Mode*, and timestamp of the corresponding *Deadline Start Checkpoint* is <>0, then the function WdgM_CheckpointReached shall measure the time difference between current timestamp and the corresponding *Deadline Start Checkpoint* timestamp. Then, the function shall clear (i.e. set to 0) the timestamp of the corresponding *Deadline Start Checkpoint*.| ()

[SWS_WdgM_00354] [When the *Deadline End Checkpoint* is reached and this *Checkpoint* is referenced in the active *Mode*, and timestamp of the corresponding *Deadline Start Checkpoint* is =0, then the function WdgM_CheckpointReached shall exit with success (without measuring the time difference).] ()

SWS_WdgM_00354 means that it is not considered as an error by *Deadline Supervision* if a given *Deadline End Checkpoint* is reached several times in a sequence.

[SWS_WdgM_00294] [If the measured time difference (see SWS_WdgM_00229) is not within the minimum and the maximum limits (WdgMDeadlineMin and WdgMDeadlineMax), then the function WdgM_CheckpointReached shall define the result of *Deadline Supervision* for this *Supervised Entity* as incorrect. Otherwise, it shall be defined as correct. | ()

[SWS_WdgM_00299] [For any reported *Checkpoint* that is neither a *Deadline Start Checkpoint* nor a *Deadline End Checkpoint*, the function WdgM_CheckpointReached [SWS_WdgM_00263] shall ignore this *Checkpoint* and not update the result of the *Deadline Supervision* for the *Supervised Entity*.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00403] [If Deadline Timeout detection is enabled [i.e. WdgMEnableTimeoutDetection (ECUC_WdgM_00363) is set to 'true'] then, for all Deadline Supervisions configured in the active mode, if timestamp of the corresponding Deadline Start Checkpoint is <>0 (i.e. if the Start Checkpoint is reported but corresponding End Checkpoint is not yet reported), then the function WdgM_MainFunction shall measure the time difference between current timestamp and the corresponding Deadline Start Checkpoint timestamp. If the measured time difference exceeds maximum limit (WdgMDeadlineMax), then the function WdgM_MainFunction shall define the result of Deadline Supervision for the Supervised Entity as incorrect. | (RS HM 09235)

Note: With this, it is possible to detect error in case *Deadline End Checkpoint* is never reached (timeout detection).

7.2.3 Logical Supervision

Logical Supervision checks if the code of Supervised Entities is executed in the correct sequence.



7.2.3.1 Logical Supervision Configuration

For every *Logical Supervision*, there is a *Graph* of *Checkpoints* connected by *Transitions*. The *Graph* abstracts the behavior of the *Supervised Entity* for the Watchdog Manager module.

As an example for a *Supervised Entity*, let us consider the following code fragment, which contains the *Checkpoints* CP0-0 to CP0-6.

This Supervised Entity can be represented by the Graph shown by Figure 8.



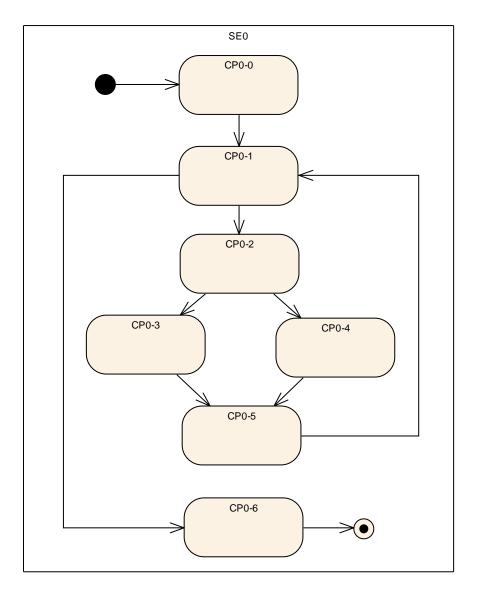


Figure 8: Example Control Flow Graph

A more abstract view of the *Supervised Entity* is given by the *Graph* shown in Figure 9, where the *Checkpoint* CP0-1 represents the complete while loop.



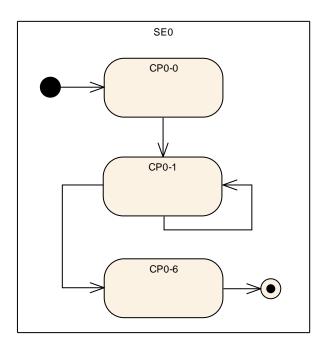


Figure 9: Abstracted Example Control Flow Graph

There are two types of *Graphs* for *Logical Supervision*. Firstly, there is an *Internal Graph*, in which all the *Checkpoints* belong to the same *Supervised Entity* and the *Checkpoints* are connected by *Internal Transitions*. There can be zero or one *Internal Graphs* per *Supervised Entity*.

Second, there is an *External Graph*, in which at least two *Checkpoints* belong to different *Supervised Entities*. The *Checkpoints* are connected with *External Transitions*.

There are two types of *Graphs* for *Logical Supervision*. The main difference of the *Internal* and *External Graph* is that *Internal Graph* is a property of a *Supervised Entity* (it does not depend on *Watchdog Manager Mode*), whereas the *External Graph* is *Mode* dependent.

The parameters of the Logical Supervision for Internal Graphs are Internal Transitions (see WdgMInternalTransition), which are contained in a Supervised Entity (WdgMSupervisedEntity). Each Internal Transition connects two Checkpoints. This means that all the modes share the same Internal Transitions. It is only possible to deactivate a Supervised Entity in a Mode, which makes its Logical Supervision of Internal Transitions inactive.

The parameters of the *External Graphs* (see WdgMExternalLogicalSupervision) are contained in a *Mode* (WdgMMode). Each *External Transition* connects two *Checkpoints*.

The Checkpoints exist irrespective if they are connected by any Transitions.

[SWS_WdgM_00366][The Watchdog Manager module shall derive the required number of independent data resources to perform the *Logical Supervision* within the



Watchdog Manager module from the number of *Supervised Entities*, number of *WdgMModes* and their WdgMExternalLogicalSupervisions and WdgMInternalTransitions. ()

7.2.3.2 Logical Supervision Algorithm

Immediately after initialization of the Watchdog Manager there has not yet been a *Checkpoint* reported, i.e. the *Supervised Entity* is passive. This information is held in the *Activity Flag* (one flag per *Graph*).

Each Internal Graph represents as well one Logical Supervision. Assuming N Internal Graphs, this means that a Supervised Entity has N results from Logical Supervision for the Supervised Entity.

Each External Graph represents one Logical Supervision, but it spans across possibly several Supervised Entities. Assuming M External Graphs that cross a Supervised Entity, this results with M results from the Logical Supervision for the Supervised Entity.

[SWS_WdgM_00271][The Watchdog Manager module shall maintain for each *Graph* an *Activity Flag.*] (SRS_ModeMgm_09221, SRS_ModeMgm_09222)

[SWS_WdgM_00296][The function WdgM_Init shall be set the *Activity Flag* for each *Graph* to false. | ()

Each *Graph* may have one or more *Initial Checkpoints*. *Initial Checkpoints* are *Checkpoints* with which a *Graph* can start.

To notify reaching a *Checkpoint*, a *Supervised Entity* invokes the function WdgM_CheckpointReached, which results with execution of *Logical Supervision* algorithm.

To verify if transitions are valid, the algorithm needs to store the most recently reached *Checkpoint*. For every *External* and *Internal Graph*, the Watchdog Manger stores the most recently reached *Checkpoint*.

Because a *Checkpoint* can belong to only one *Graph*, the function $MdgM_CheckpointReached$ is able to identify to which *Graph* a *Checkpoint* belongs.

[SWS_WdgM_00295][The function WdgM_CheckpointReached shall identify to which one *Graph* a reached *Checkpoint* belongs.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00246][The function WdgM_CheckpointReached shall store for each External Graph and for each Internal Graph the Checkpoint that has been most recently reported by a Supervised Entity (see WdgM_CheckpointReached [SWS_WdgM_00263]).

If the Activity Flag for a Graph is true, the function WdgM_CheckpointReached checks for each new Checkpoint if the Transition between the stored Checkpoint and



the newly reported *Checkpoint* is allowed.] (SRS_ModeMgm_09221, SRS ModeMgm 09222)

[SWS_WdgM_00274][The function WdgM_CheckpointReached [SWS_WdgM_00263] shall verify if the reported *Checkpoint* belonging to an *Internal Graph* is a correct one by the following checks:

- 1. If the Activity Flag for the Graph of the reported Checkpoint is false, then:
 - a. If the Checkpoint is an Initial Checkpoint (WdgMInternalCheckpointInitialRef) the result of Logical Supervision for the Supervised Entity is correct, otherwise incorrect.
- 2. Else if *Activity Flag* is true and all previously called *Checkpoints* of this *Graph* were called in the right sequence, then:
 - a. If the reported *Checkpoint* is a successor of the stored *Checkpoint* within the *Graph* of the reported *Checkpoint* (this means there is an WdgMInternalTransition with WdgMInternalTransitionSourceRef and WdgMInternalTransitionDestRef), then the result of this *Logical Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* is correct, otherwise incorrect.
- 3. Else (i.e. *Activity Flag* is true, but at least one *Checkpoint* in this *Graph* was previously called in a wrong sequence):
 - a. The result of this *Logical Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* keeps incorrect.| (SRS_ModeMgm_09221, SRS_ModeMgm_09222)

A similar check takes place for *Checkpoints* belonging to *External Graphs*.

[SWS_WdgM_00252][The function $MdgM_CheckpointReached$ [SWS_WdgM_00263] shall verify if the reported *Checkpoint* belonging to an *External Graph* is a correct one by the following checks:

- 1. If the Activity Flag for the Graph of the reported Checkpoint is false, then:
 - a. If the *Checkpoint* is an *Initial Checkpoint* (WdgMExternalCheckpointInitialRef), then the result of this *Logical Supervision* within the *Supervised Entity* of the reported *Checkpoint* is correct, otherwise incorrect.
- 2. Else if *Activity Flag* is true and all previously called *Checkpoints* of this *Graph* were called in the right sequence, then:
 - a. If the reported *Checkpoint* is a successor of the stored *Checkpoint* within the *Graph* of the reported *Checkpoint* (this means there is an WdgMExternalTransition with WdgMExternalTransitionSourceRef and WdgMExternalTransitionDestRef), then the result of this *Logical Supervision* for *Supervised Entity* of the reported *Checkpoint* is correct, otherwise incorrect.



- 3. Else (i.e. *Activity Flag* is true, but at least one *Checkpoint* in this *Graph* was previously called in a wrong sequence):
 - a. The result of this *Logical Supervision* of the *Supervised Entity* keeps incorrect.

The above requirement means that in case of an incorrect *External Transition*, the *Supervised Entity* that is considered as erroneous is the one that reported the incorrect *Checkpoint*.| (SRS_ModeMgm_09221, SRS_ModeMgm_09222)

If a Checkpoint is one of the initial *Checkpoints* of a *Graph*, then the *Graph* is set as active.

[SWS_WdgM_00332][If the function WdgM_CheckpointReached the result correct, and the *Checkpoint* is defined as a initial one, then the function WdgM_CheckpointReached shall set the *Activity Flag* of the corresponding *Graph* to true.] ()

The reverse applies for the Final Checkpoint.

[SWS_WdgM_00331][If the function WdgM_CheckpointReached the result correct, and the *Checkpoint* is defined as a final one, then the function WdgM_CheckpointReached shall set the *Activity Flag* of the corresponding *Graph* to false.

After a Final Checkpoint, the only possible are Initial Checkpoints.]()

A *Checkpoint* can belong to either Internal or *External Graph*, this means that either the check defined in **SWS_WdgM_00274** or the one in **SWS_WdgM_00252** is executed. This means that in any execution of <code>WdgM_CheckpointReached</code>, if the reported checkpoint belongs to any *Internal* or *External Graphs*, the function can set the result of the *Logical Supervision* of one *Supervised Entity* to <code>correct</code> or <code>incorrect</code>.

If the reported *Checkpoint* does not belong to any *Graph*, then the result of *Logical Supervision* is not be updated. This is because the *Checkpoint* may be used by other *Supervision Functions* (*Alive* or *Deadline*).

[SWS_WdgM_00297][For any reported *Checkpoint* that does not belong to any *Graph*, the function WdgM_CheckpointReached [SWS_WdgM_00263] shall ignore it and not update the result of the *Logical Supervision* for the *Supervised Entity*.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00273][If the function WdgM_CheckpointReached determines that the result of the *Logical Supervision* for the given *Checkpoint* is true, and the *Checkpoint* is the initial one (WdgMInternalCheckpointInitialRef), then shall



set the *Activity Flag* of the *Graph* corresponding to the *Checkpoint* to true.| (SRS_ModeMgm_09221, SRS_ModeMgm_09222)

[SWS_WdgM_00329] [If the function WdgM_CheckpointReached determines that the result of the Logical Supervision for the given Checkpoint is true, and the Checkpoint is the final one (WdgMInternallCheckpointFinalRef), then shall set the Activity Flag of the Graph corresponding to the Checkpoint to true. | ()



7.3 Error Handling / Failure Recovery

The Watchdog Manager module initiates a number of mechanisms to recover from supervision failures. These range from local error recovery within the *Supervised Entity* to a global reset of the ECU.

7.3.1 RTE Mode Mechanism Notifications

The Watchdog Manager module informs SW-Cs and CDDs about supervision failures via the RTE Mode mechanism. The SW-C and CDDs can then take its actions to recover from that failure. (see [SWS_WdgM_00197], [SWS_WdgM_00198]).

7.3.2 Report to DEM in WDGM GLOBAL STATUS STOPPED

The Watchdog Manager module registers an entry with the Diagnostic Event Manager (DEM) when Watchdog Manages reaches the state WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED. An SW-C or a CDD can take recovery actions based on that error entry.

[SWS_WdgM_00129][Within the first call of WdgM_MainFunction after WdgM_Init and when the reset-cause was that in the previous operation cylce the Global Supervision Status had reached WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED and if the configuration parameter WdgMDemStoppedSupervisionReport is set to TRUE, the Watchdog Manager module shall report an error status FAILED for WDGM_E_SUPERVISION to the DEM.] (SRS_BSW_00339, SRS_ModeMgm_09159)

7.3.3 Partition Restart / Shutdown

If the Watchdog Manager module detects a supervision failure for a *Supervised Entity* that is located in a non-trusted partition it can restart/shutdown that partition.

[SWS_WdgM_00225][If the Local Supervision Status of a Supervised Entity changes to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_FAILED and this Supervised Entity has a corresponding OS Application configured (see configuration parameter WdgMEcucPartitionRef), then the Watchdog Manager module shall call the API function BswM_WdgM_RequestPartitionReset of the Basic Software Mode Manager module to request a restart/shutdown of the Basic Software Mode Manager module to request a restart/shutdown of the corresponding partition.] ()



7.3.4 Not Setting the Watchdog Trigger Condition

In the state WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED, the Watchdog Manager module stops setting the trigger condition to Watchdog Interface. As a result, after the timeout of the hardware watchdog, it will cause a reset of the ECU.

See chapter 7.4.2 for the corresponding requirements.

7.3.5 MCU Reset

For applications which need a microcontroller reset as soon as an unrecoverable supervision failure is detected, or to have the independent shutdown path from the Hardware Watchdog, the Watchdog Manager module can perform an immediate reset of the MCU.

[SWS_WdgM_00133][If the configuration parameter WdgMImmediateReset [ECUC_WdgM_00339] is set to TRUE and the Global Supervision Status has reached the state WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED, the Watchdog Manager module shall call the MCU service Mcu_PerformReset on the MCU Driver module.| (SRS_ModeMgm_09169)

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6500] Interface provision in MCU driver [The parameter WdgMImmediateReset [ECUC_WdgM_00339] may only be set to TRUE if the McuPerformResetApi (defined in SWS_Mcu_Driver) is set to TRUE.] (SRS_ModeMgm_09169)

[SWS_WdgM_00134][In case of an immediate MCU reset, the Watchdog Manager module shall not provide a notification to the application via the RTE mode mechanism.] (SRS_ModeMgm_09169)



7.4 Watchdog Handling

The handling of watchdogs is an important feature of the Watchdog Manager module. It prevents the ECU from resets by expired hardware watchdog instances while program execution is running properly.

Usually hardware watchdogs have their own timing constraints and the trigger for each watchdog instance must be performed cyclically within a maximum time span or within a defined time window according to the timing constraints of the corresponding watchdog instance. If the trigger does not occur, the corresponding hardware watchdog instance will cause a reset.

The actual timing of watchdog triggering is encapsulated in the Watchdog Driver. The Watchdog Manager only sets via the Watchdog Interface a triggering condition that instructs the Watchdog Driver to continue triggering.

7.4.1 Support for Multiple Watchdog Instances

Some hardware platforms can be designed to have multiple watchdog instances (i.e. an internal and an external watchdog in parallel).

[SWS_WdgM_00002] The Watchdog Manager module shall support the parallel usage of multiple watchdogs. (SRS_ModeMgm_09028)

7.4.2 Setting the Trigger Conditions

The Watchdog Manager module uses the service <code>WdgIf_SetTriggerCondition</code> of the Watchdog Interface modules to set (update) the trigger condition of the watchdogs. This service requires the watchdog device index and the timeout/counter as a parameter (see configuration parameter <code>WdgMTrigger[ECUC WdgM 00331]</code>).

[SWS_WdgM_00223][The Watchdog Manager module shall update the trigger condition every time the *Global Supervision Status* has been recomputed. The following rules shall be used to derive the decision, how to set the triggering condition:

- 1. For the states WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_OK, WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_FAILED and WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_EXPIRED, the function WdgM_MainFunction shall set correctly the trigger conditions.
- 2. For the state WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED, the function WdgM_MainFunction shall set the trigger condition to 0, which results in a reset through HW watchdog(s).
- 3. For the state WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED, the function WdgM_MainFunction shall not perform setting of the trigger condition (because this state means that the Watchdog Manager module is not properly initialized).

| (SRS_ModeMgm_09161, SRS_ModeMgm_09226)



Setting the trigger condition to zero will immediately prevent the Watchdog Driver module from triggering the hardware watchdog.

7.5 Switching Modes

7.5.1 Effect on Supervision Status

The function <code>WdgM_SetMode</code> (see [SWS_WdgM_00154]) is used to switch between different modes. The modes are statically configured and contained in the Watchdog Manager module configuration set.

A *Mode* switch changes the supervision parameters of the *Supervised Entities*.

[SWS_WdgM_00182][If the current global status is WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_OK or WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_FAILED then for each Supervised Entity that is activated in the new mode (passed to function $WdgM_SetMode$ as parameter), the function $WdgM_SetMode$ shall retain the current state of the Supervised Entity.



Switching to the mode where a *Supervised Entity* is deactivated clears also errors that had resulted with the WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_FAILED status.| ()

[SWS_WdgM_00315][If the current global status is WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_OK or WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_FAILED then for each Supervised Entity that is deactivated in the new mode (passed to function WdgM_SetMode as parameter), the function WdgM_SetMode shall change the state of the Supervised Entity to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED; It shall set its Results of Active, Deadline and Logical Supervision to correct; It shall also clear its failed reference cycle counter to 0.] ()

Executing a mode switch is possible when the Watchdog Manager module is in the state WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_OK or WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_FAILED. In other modes the function WdgM SetMode has no effect (see [SWS_WdgM_00145]).

[SWS_WdgM_00316][If the current global status is not WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_OK nor WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_FAILED then the function $WdgM_SetMode$ shall return without doing any actions.] ()

7.5.2 Effect on Watchdogs

A mode switch also changes the parameters for watchdog triggering.

[SWS_WdgM_00186][If function WdgM_SetMode (see [SWS_WdgM_00154]) is called, the Watchdog Manager module shall apply the configured watchdog mode parameters (see WdgMWatchdogMode [ECUC_WdgM_00332]) to each watchdog by calling the WdgIf_SetMode service.| ()

Note: If a call to <code>WdgIf_SetMode</code> service fails, the Watchdog Manager module assumes a global supervision failure and set the *Global Supervision Status* to WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED (see [SWS_WdgM_00139])). This will cause a reset, either when the first watchdog expires or immediately, if an immediate reset of the Watchdog Manager module is configured.

There is also the possibility to forbid switching off the watchdogs (see [SWS WdgM 00031]).

7.5.3 Watchdog Handling during Sleep

When the ECU State Manager enters SLEEP state it activates the sleep mode and calls the service WdgM DeInit.

The WdgM_DeInit (see [SWS_WdgM_00261]) updates the trigger conditions via a watchdog manager mode switch to a sleep mode defined by the integrator and



deinitializes the Watchdog Manager module. The mode switch is needed to update the watchdogs trigger conditions of all running watchdogs to a timeout that allows the rest of the shutdown to be executed without a watchdog reset. This is needed as a consequence of the concept "Windowed Watchdogs".

While the ECU is in SLEEP state, the normal execution of code and therefore also of the Watchdog Manager module is suspended. If the hardware watchdogs cannot or shall not be deactivated during SLEEP, this would inevitably lead to a watchdog reset.

Thus the watchdogs have to be triggered at some time during SLEEP. BSW components which are still in-service (like the BswM or the EcuM) have to care about the triggering of the hardware watchdogs while the Watchdog Manager module is deactivated. The Integrator has to configure the needed modes accordingly.

7.6 Watchdog Manager Configuration

7.6.1 Mode-independent Supervision Settings

7.6.1.1 Supervised Entity

To support portability of SW-Cs across platforms, the Watchdog Manager module needs to be adapted to the amount of *Supervised Entities* located on the respective ECU.

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6502][A unique *Supervised Entity* identifier for each *Supervised Entity* is provided in configuration parameter WdgMSupervisedEntityID (see [<u>ECUC_WdgM_00304</u>]). The Identifier shall be unique in the scope of the Watchdog Manager module.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6503][Each BSW module shall use its module ID as the Supervised Entity ID.| ()

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6504][No SW-Cs shall have as Supervised Entity ID a value of any BSW Module ID, regardless which BSW Modules are deployed.] ()

The Supervised Entities and Checkpoints exist irrespective of Modes. On the other side, the Supervision Functions exist partially irrespective of Modes, and partially dependent on Modes.

[SWS_WdgM_00282][In order to have a *Supervised Entity* with supervision activated in a given mode (in short: Activated *Supervised Entity*), the following shall be fulfilled:

1. The Supervised Entity shall be referenced from the Mode (see WdgMMode → WdgMLocalStatusParams → WdgMLocalStatusSupervisedEntityRef → WdgMSupervisedEntity AND



2. At least one of mode-dependent settings of *Supervision Functions* shall be set for the given *Mode* (*Alive*, *Deadline*, *Logical* for *External Graphs*)| ()

[SWS_WdgM_00283][In order to have a *Supervised Entity* with supervision deactivated in a given mode (in short: Deactivated *Supervised Entity*), the following shall be fulfilled:

- The Supervised Entity shall not be referenced from the Mode (see WdgMMode → WdgMLocalStatusParams → WdgMLocalStatusSupervisedEntityRef → WdgMSupervisedEntity AND
- 2. No mode-dependent settings of *Supervision Functions* shall be set for the given *Mode* (*Alive*, *Deadline*, *Logical* for *External Graphs*)

Because the *Logical supervision* for *Internal Graphs* is a property of a *Supervised Entity*, the configuration of *Logical Supervision* for *Internal Graphs* do not impact the deactivation/activation status of *Supervised Entity*.| ()

7.6.1.2 Relation to OS-Application

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6501] Only non-trusted OS-Application can be restarted [The WdgM only supports the partition restart of EcuC Partitions (WdgMEcucPartitionRef) which are linked to non-trusted OS-Applications...] ()

7.6.1.3 Logical Supervision of Internal Graphs

Each Supervised Entity can have a configured control flow that is supervised by Watchdog Manager. This control flow is abstracted by its Checkpoints and Transitions (see [ECUC WdgM 00303]). One of the Checkpoints is marked as the initial one (see [ECUC WdgM 00323]).

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6506] [Internal Transitions (see WdgMInternalTransition) in a Supervised Entity shall not connect Checkpoints that do not both belong to the same Supervised Entity.] ()

To switch on and off the *Logical Supervision* of an *Internal Graph* depending on the mode, it is needed to reference (or respectively do not reference) the *Supervised Entity* from each mode (see WdgMLocalStatusParams).

It is possible to have only zero, one or more *Internal Graphs* per *Supervised Entity*. Moreover, not all *Checkpoints* of a *Supervised Entity* need to be monitored. However, no *Checkpoint* may belong to more than one *Graph*. This is because it is assumed that each *Graph* can be executed concurrently and in case of overlaps, there are no means to differentiate to which *Graph* a given *Checkpoint* would belong.



[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6507][A Checkpoint shall not belong to more than one Internal Graph.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6508][A Checkpoint shall not belong to an External Graph and to an Internal Graph; this applies across all modes.] ()

The Internal Transitions and Internal Graphs are a property of Supervised Entity. These Internal Transitions depend only on the control flow within the Supervised Entity. Thus, the developer of an SW-C or BSW module that contains the Supervised Entity can deliver this configuration of Checkpoints and Internal Transitions independently of other Supervised Entities. Figure 10 shows a configuration of two independently Supervised Entities, with independently configured Internal Graphs.

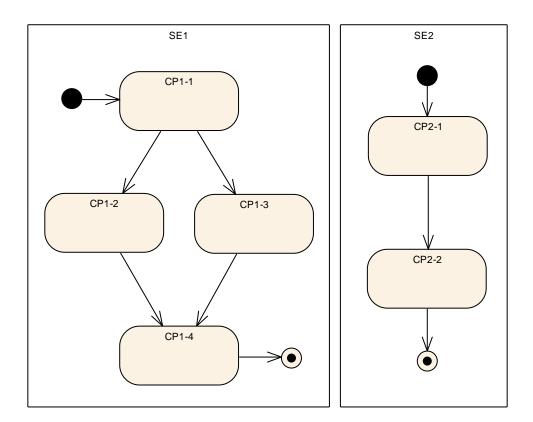


Figure 10: Two Supervised Entities with their Checkpoints and Internal Transitions

7.6.2 Mode-Dependent Parameters

7.6.2.1 Mode

Changing the mode of the Watchdog Manager module also leads to changed conditions for handling the watchdogs, such as different watchdog modes. Therefore the Watchdog Manager module provides for each configured mode and for each watchdog a number of statically configured watchdog parameters (see WdgMTrigger [ECUC WdgM 00331]).



[SWS_WdgM_00181][For each watchdog instance, the watchdog mode shall be statically configured and represented by the parameter WdgMWatchdogMode.] ()

The corresponding watchdog can be disabled by configuring the watchdog mode to WDG_OFF_MODE.

The Watchdog Manager module has a set of statically configured supervision parameters for each configured mode (WdgMMode [ECUC WdgM 00335]) and for each Supervised Entity that is expected to be supervised in the given mode.

7.6.2.2 Logical Supervision of External Graphs

There are also *Transitions* that cross the boundaries of *Supervised Entities*. These *External Transitions* appear when the Watchdog Manager module should also supervise the execution sequence of multiple *Supervised Entities*. The *External Transitions* form *External Graphs*.

Thus, External Transitions have to be configured independently from the Internal Transitions and only in the context of Logical Supervision. (see WdgMExternalLogicalSupervision [ECUC WdgM 00319])

When we integrate the two *Supervised Entities* from Figure 10, we can for example decide that *Supervised Entity* SE1 must always be executed to *Checkpoint* CP1-4 and then *Supervised Entity* SE2 has to start execution at *Checkpoint* CP2-1. Then it is necessary to configure a *Transition* from CP1-4 to CP2-1. This *Transition* does neither belong to SE1 nor to SE2. Figure 6 shows the *External Transition*.

There is a significant difference in configuring *Internal* and *External Transitions*. An *Internal Transition* belongs to one *Supervised Entity* and it does not depend on the Watchdog Manager modes. One can configure to activate/deactivate an SE in a given mode by referencing it from the mode. However, it is not possible to have different *Transitions* or *Checkpoints* within the same SE depending on the mode. In contrary, *External Transitions* are contained in a particular Watchdog Manager mode. There can be several *External Transition Graphs* per mode. In case two different modes have same global *Graphs* of global *Transitions*, then they need to be duplicated.



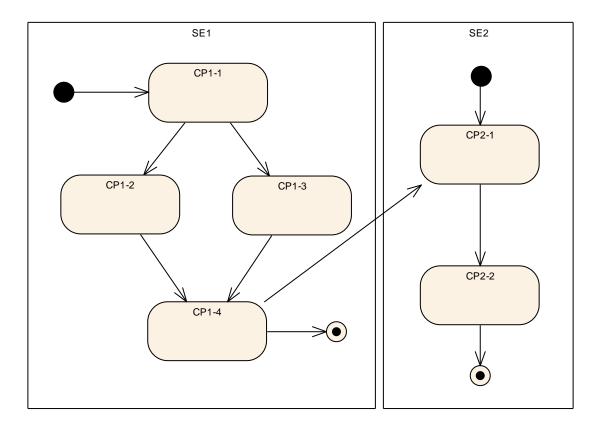


Figure 11: Two Supervised Entities with a External Transition

The start points (see [ECUC WdgM 00324]), endpoints (see [ECUC WdgM 00323]) and the External Transitions are configured for each Watchdog Manager Mode (see [ECUC WdgM 00319]).

The Watchdog Manager module supports a number of different modes (see WdgMConfigSet [ECUC WdgM 00337]) of operation. Each mode (see WdgMMode [ECUC WdgM 00335]) is defined by:

- the set of *Activated Supervised Entities* (see [SWS WdgM 00282]) and their parameters (see WdgMLocalStatusParams [ECUC WdgM 00325]),
- the Supervision Functions (see WdgMAliveSupervision [ECUC WdgM 00308], WdgMDeadlineSupervision [ECUC WdgM 00314], WdgMProgramFlow- Supervision [ECUC_WdgM_00319]),
- the set of watchdogs to have their trigger condition updated (see WdgMTrigger [ECUC WdgM 00331])

Different modes are needed for different phases in the ECU life cycle. E.g. one mode is active during startup and shutdown, another during normal operation and yet another during sleep. Even during normal operation, multiple modes could be needed: when multiple applications run on the same ECU, one application could be



shutdown already and require no supervision, while another application still runs and needs to be supervised.

[SWS_WdgM_00178] [Each mode of the Watchdog Manager module has an identifier (see WdgMModeId [ECUC WdgM_00307]) which shall be unique.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00179][The Watchdog Manager module has one initial mode WdgMMInitialMode [ECUC WdgM_00336] which shall be activated when it is initialized.] ()

The External Graphs cannot overlap.

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6509][In a given mode, a *Checkpoint* shall not belong to more than one *External Graph*.| ()

7.6.2.3 Alive Supervision

The timing constraints of each *Checkpoint* are represented by configurable parameters of the Watchdog Manager module (see WdgMAliveSupervision [ECUC WdgM 00308]). Although the timing constraints are defined for a *Checkpoint*, the Watchdog Manager determines the result of the *Alive Supervision* for the whole *Supervised Entity*.

The acceptable amount of Failed Supervision Reference Cycles is based on application context of each Supervised Entity. Therefore the individual thresholds to check if Alive Supervision of the corresponding Supervised Entity has failed finally, needs to be a configurable parameter (see WdgMFailedAliveSupervisionRefCycleTol [ECUC_WdgM_00327]).

When the *Alive Supervision* has reached expired conditions by any *Local Supervision Status*, this will make recovery obsolete. As a consequence the watchdog triggering will be stopped, but to ensure a certain time-period for any further reactions on this condition, the blocking of watchdog triggering could be postponed for an amount of consecutive *Supervision Cycles* (see <code>WdgMExpiredSupervisionCycleTol</code> [ECUC WdgM 00329]).

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_0320] [No two WdgMAliveSupervisions aggregated by the same WdgMMode shall refer to the identical WdgMCheckpoint.] ()

7.6.2.4 Deadline Supervision

[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6505] [Deadline Supervision (WdgMDeadlineSupervision) of a Supervised Entity shall refer to Checkpoints (WdgMDeadlineStartRef, WdgMDeadlineEndRef) that both belong to that Supervised Entity. In other words, any of the referred Checkpoints shall not belong to other Supervised Entities. | ()



[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_6512][Any ordered set of two *Checkpoints* shall not have more than one *Deadline Supervision* (WdgMDeadlineSupervision) defined.] ()

7.7 Error classification

7.7.1 Development Errors

[SWS_WdgM_00004][The Watchdog Manager module shall be able to detect the following development errors:

Tollowing development errors.		
Type of error	Related error code	Value
API service used in wrong context (without	WDGM_E_UNINIT	0x10
module initialization)		
API service used in wrong context -	WDGM_E_NO_DEINIT	0x1A
WdgM Init called when module is not		
deinitialized (global status is not		
WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED)		
API service Wdg Init was called with an	WDGM_E_PARAM_CONFIG	0x11
erroneous configuration set.		
API service called with wrong "mode"	WDGM E PARAM MODE	0x12
parameter		
API service called with wrong "supervised	WDGM E PARAM SEID	0x13
entity identifier" parameter		
API service called with a null pointer parameter	WDGM E PARAM POINTER	0x1C
API service used with an invalid CheckpointId.	WDGM_E_CPID	0x16
Initialization failed, e.g. selected configuration	WDGM E INIT FAILED	0x1B
set doesn't exist		
API service called with invalid pointer	WDGM_E_INV_POINTER	0x14

J (SRS_BSW_00327, SRS_BSW_00337, SRS_BSW_00385, SRS_BSW_00480, SRS_BSW_00481, SRS_BSW_00487)

7.7.2 Runtime Errors

[SWS_WdgM_00402][The Watchdog Manager module shall be able to detect the following runtime errors:

Type of error	Related error code	Value
Disabling of watchdog not allowed (e.g. in	WDGM_E_DISABLE_NOT_ALLOWED	0x15
safety-related systems)		
API service used with a checkpoint of a	WDGM_E_SEDEACTIVATED	0x19
Supervised Entity that is deactivated in the		
current Watchdog Manager mode.		
Watchdog drivers' mode switch has failed	WDGM_E_SET_MODE	0x1D

(SRS_BSW_00327, SRS_BSW_00337, SRS_BSW_00385)

7.7.3 Transient Faults

There are no transient faults.



7.7.4 Production Errors

The Watchdog Manager module detects the following production errors:

[SWS WdqM 00375][

<u> </u>		
Error Name:	WDGM_E_SUPERVISION	
Short Description:	Supervision has failed and a watchdog reset will occur	
Long Description:	Supervision has failed (Global Supervision Status has reached WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED) and a watchdog reset will occur.	
Detection Criteria:		WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED has been reached, the reset will occur.
	Pass	After a start up.
Secondary Parameters:	-	
Time Required:	depending on	configuration of WdgM
Monitor Frequency	periodic supervision within WdgM	

(SRS_BSW_00327, SRS_BSW_00337, SRS_BSW_00385)

Note: The stored DTC will never show up as "confirmed", because it will be reset at each start up (see [SWS_Dem_00391]).

Note: The stored DTC may not show up "test failed (event active)" even if DemStatusBitStorageTestFailed were set to true, because storage of the DTC cannot be always ensured after reaching *Global Supervision Status* = WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED (see [SWS_Dem_00388] and [SWS_Dem_00525]).

[SWS_WdgM_00408] [Within the first call of WdgM_MainFunction after WdgM_Init, but after [SWS_WdgM_00129] is executed and if the configuration parameter WdgMDemStoppedSupervisionReport is set to TRUE, the Watchdog Manager module shall report an error status PASSED for WDGM_E_SUPERVISION to the DEM.] (RS_BSW_00339, SRS_ModeMgm_09159)

7.7.5 Extended Production Errors

There are no extended production errors.



8 API Specification

8.1 Imported Types

The following data types are used by Watchdog Manager module.

ISWS WdaM 000111[

[3443_44dgin_00011]			
Module	Header File	Imported Type	
Dem	Rte_Dem_Type.h	Dem_EventIdType	
	Rte_Dem_Type.h	Dem_EventStatusType	
Os	Os.h	ApplicationType	
	Os.h	StatusType	
	Os.h	TickRefType	
	Os.h	TickType	
	Rte_Os_Type.h	CounterType	
Std	Std_Types.h	Std_ReturnType	
	Std_Types.h	Std_VersionInfoType	
Wdglf	Wdglf.h	Wdglf_ModeType	

J(SRS_BSW_00357)

8.2 Type Definitions

The following Data Types are used for the functions defined in this specification.

8.2.1 WdgM_ConfigType

[SWS_WdgM_00355][

Name	WdgM_ConfigType	
Kind	Structure	
	implementation specific	
Elements	Туре	-
	Comment	The contents of this structure depends on the configuration variant.
Description	This structure contains all post-build configurable parameters of the Watchdog Manager. A pointer to this structure is passed to the Watchdog Manager initialization function for configuration.	





Available via	WdgM.h
---------------	--------

]()

[SWS_WdgM_00042][The structure WdgM_ConfigType shall contain all post-build configurable parameters of the Watchdog Manager module. The exact content of this structure depends on the selected configuration variant.

See Chapter 10.2 for information on configuration parameters.] (SRS_ModeMgm_09106)



8.3 Function Definitions

8.3.1 WdgM_Init

[SWS_WdgM_00151][

[3443_44dglvi_00131]		
Service Name	WdgM_Init	
Syntax	<pre>void WdgM_Init (const WdgM_ConfigType* ConfigPtr)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x00	
Sync/Async	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	ConfigPtr Pointer to post-build configuration data	
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	None	
Description	Initializes the Watchdog Manager.	
Available via	WdgM.h	

[(SRS_BSW_00310, SRS_BSW_00358, SRS_ModeMgm_09107)

This function initializes the Watchdog Manager. After execution of this function, supervision is activated according to the list of *Supervised Entities* defined in the initial *Mode*.

To perform a module reinitialization (e.g. after error), the caller can invoke WdgM DeInit() and then WdgM Init().

[SWS_WdgM_00018][The function WdgM_Init shall initialize all module variables (global and static) of the Watchdog Manager module.| (SRS_ModeMgm_09107)

[SWS_WdgM_00135][The function $WdgM_Init$ shall establish the initial mode of the Watchdog Manager module.] (SRS_ModeMgm_09107)

Note: If a call to WdgIf_SetMode service fails during WdgM_Init, then the MCU Reset API is called directly (only if configured, see [SWS_WDGM_00133]) and the Watchdog Manager module will be in state initialized afterwards with Global Supervision Status = WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED (see [SWS_WdgM_00139]). This will cause a reset, either when the first watchdog expires



(if an immediate reset of the Watchdog Manager module is not configured) or immediately (if an immediate reset is configured).

[SWS_WdgM_00030] [If the WdgMOffModeEnabled [ECUC_WdgM_00340] switch is not enabled, and the initial mode provided by the configuration (ConfigPtr) will disable the watchdog (WDGIF_OFF_MODE) then the function WdgM_Init shall return with E_NOT_OK without any action, and the function WdgM_Init shall report runtime error code WDGM_E_DISABLE_NOT_ALLOWED to the Default Error Tracer.] (SRS_BSW_00323, SRS_ModeMgm_09109)

There are optional checks that are executed if and only if WdgMDevErrorDetect is enabled.

[SWS_WdgM_00389][If the configuration parameter <code>WdgMDevErrorDetect</code> [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled: The function WdgM_Init shall report the error to default error tracer with error code <code>WDGM_E_UNINIT</code>, without any further effect, if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00390] [If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is disabled: The function WdgM_Init shall return without any effect if the Watchdog Manager is not in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00010][If the WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] switch is enabled and the configuration variant is VARIANT-POST-BUILD, the function WdgM_Init shall check the contents of the given configuration set for being within the allowed boundaries. If the function WdgM_Init detects an error, then it shall not execute the initialization of the Watchdog Manager module and it shall report the error code WDGM_E_PARAM_CONFIG to the Det_ReportError service of the Default Error Tracer.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00370] The function $WdgM_Init$ shall clear from the non-initialized RAM the double-inverse value storing the SEID that first reached the EXIRED state. See 8.3.10 for more information. ()

8.3.2 WdgM_DeInit

[SWS_WdgM_00261][

Service Name	WdgM_DeInit	
Syntax	<pre>void WdgM_DeInit (void)</pre>	



Service ID [hex]	0x01	
Sync/Async	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	None	
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	
Return value	None	
Description	De-initializes the Watchdog Manager.	
Available via	WdgM.h	

I(SRS_BSW_00310, SRS_BSW_00336)

This function deinitializes the Watchdog Manager module and updates the trigger conditions of all Watchdog Drivers via a mode switch (see [SWS WdgM 00154]).

Note this service is needed as a consequence of the concept "Windowed Watchdogs". Before the Watchdog Manager module stops working, it has to set the trigger conditions of all running watchdogs to a timeout that allows the rest of the shutdown to be executed without a watchdog reset.

There are optional checks that are executed if and only if WdgMDevErrorDetect is enabled.

[SWS_WdgM_00288][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled: The function WdgM_DeInit shall report the error to default error tracer with error code WDGM_E_UNINIT, without any further effect, if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00388] [If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is disabled: The function WdgM_DeInit shall return without any effect if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

8.3.3 WdgM_GetVersionInfo

[SWS_WdgM_00153][

Service Name	WdgM_GetVersionInfo
--------------	---------------------



Syntax	<pre>void WdgM_GetVersionInfo (Std_VersionInfoType* VersionInfo)</pre>			
Service ID [hex]	0x02	0x02		
Sync/Async	Synchronou	Synchronous		
Reentrancy	Reentrant			
Parameters (in)	None			
Parameters (inout)	None			
Parameters (out)	Version Pointer to where to store the version information of the module WdgM.			
Return value	None			
Description	Returns the version information of this module.			
Available via	WdgM.h			

(SRS_BSW_00310)

[SWS_WdgM_00256][If the WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] switch is enabled, the function WdgM GetVersionInfo shall check if a NULL pointer is passed for the VersionInfo parameter. In case of an error the remaining function WdqM GetVersionInfo executed and function shall not be the WdgM GetVersionInfo shall report development error code WDGM E INV POINTER to the Det ReportError service of the Default Error Tracer. | (SRS_BSW_00323)

8.3.4 WdgM_SetMode

[SWS_WdgM_00154][

Service Name	WdgM_SetMode	
Syntax	<pre>Std_ReturnType WdgM_SetMode (WdgM_ModeType Mode)</pre>	
Service ID [hex]	0x03	
Sync/Async	Synchronous	
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant	
Parameters (in)	Mode One of the configured Watchdog Manager modes.	
Parameters (inout)	None	
Parameters (out)	None	



Return value	Std_ReturnType	E_OK: Successfully changed to the new mode E_NOT_OK: Changing to the new mode failed	
Description	Sets the current mode of Watchdog Manager.		
Available via	WdgM.h		

J(SRS_BSW_00310, SRS_ModeMgm_09110)

The behavior of this service and the corresponding functional requirements are described in chapter 7.5.

[SWS_WdgM_00145][The Watchdog Manager module shall only execute the service WdgM_SetMode if the *Global Supervision Status* is equal to [WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_OK or WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_FAILED.] (SRS_ModeMgm_09158)

[SWS_WdgM_00142][If the function $wdgM_SetMode$ [SWS_WdgM_00154] fails because a call to $wdgIf_SetMode$ service fails [SWS_WdgM_00139], the Watchdog Manager shall report to the Default Error Tracer a runtime error with the value wdgM_E_SET_MODE.] (SRS_BSW_00339)

[SWS_WdgM_00031][If disabling the watchdog is not allowed by setting the parameter WdgMOffModeEnabled [ECUC WdgM 00340] to FALSE, the routine shall check if the requested mode would disable the watchdog (WDGIF_OFF_MODE). In this case (i.e. it would disable while it is not allowed),

- The mode switch shall not be executed.
- 2. The error shall be reported to the Default Error Tracer with the runtime error code WDGM_E_DISABLE_NOT_ALLOWED.
- 3. The routine shall return the value \mathbb{E} NOT OK.

(SRS_BSW_00323, SRS_ModeMgm_09109)

There are optional checks that are executed if and only if WdgMDevErrorDetect is enabled.

[SWS_WdgM_00020][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled, the parameter Mode shall be checked for being in the allowed range. In case of an error, the mode switch shall not be executed and the error shall be reported to the Default Error Tracer with the value WDGM_E_PARAM_MODE.| (SRS_BSW_00323)



[SWS_WdgM_00021][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled: The function WdgM_SetMode shall report the error to default error tracer with error code WDGM_E_UNINIT, without any further effect, if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.] (SRS_BSW_00323, SRS_BSW_00406)

[SWS_WdgM_00392] [If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC WdgM_00301] is disabled: The function WdgM_SetMode shall return without any effect if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.I (SRS_BSW_00323)

8.3.5 WdgM_GetMode

[SWS_WdgM_00168][

[3443_44dgivi_00100]	1		
Service Name	WdgM_GetMode		
Syntax	<pre>Std_ReturnType WdgM_GetMode (WdgM_ModeType* Mode)</pre>		
Service ID [hex]	0x0b		
Sync/Async	Synchronous		
Reentrancy	Reentrant		
Parameters (in)	None		
Parameters (inout)	None		
Parameters (out)	Mode Current mode of the Watchdog Manager.		
Return value	Std_ReturnType		
Description	Returns the current mode of the Watchdog Manager.		
Available via	WdgM.h		

(SRS_BSW_00310)

[SWS_WdgM_00170][The WdgM_GetMode service shall return the currently active mode of the Watchdog Manager. If the WdgM_SetMode service is active while this service is called, WdgM_GetMode shall return the previously active mode as long as the new mode has not been completely activated.] ()

There are optional checks that are executed if and only if WdgMDevErrorDetect is enabled.



[SWS_WdgM_00253][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled: The function WdgM_GetMode shall report the error to default error tracer with error code WDGM_E_UNINIT, without any further effect, if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00395] [If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is disabled: The function WdgM_GetMode shall return without any effect if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.| (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00254][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled, the routine shall check if NULL pointers are passed for OUT parameters. In case of an error, the service shall not be executed and the error shall be reported to the Default Error Tracer with the error code WDGM E INV POINTER.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

8.3.6 WdgM_CheckpointReached

[SWS_WdgM_00263][

Service Name	WdgM_CheckpointReached		
Syntax	<pre>Std_ReturnType WdgM_CheckpointReached (WdgM_SupervisedEntityIdType SEID, WdgM_CheckpointIdType CheckpointID)</pre>		
Service ID [hex]	0x0e		
Sync/Async	Synchronous		
Reentrancy	Reentrant		
	SEID	Identifier of the Supervised Entity that reports a Checkpoint.	
Parameters (in)	CheckpointID	eckpointID Identifier of the Checkpoint within a Supervised Entity that has been reached.	
Parameters (inout)	None		
Parameters (out)	None		
Return value	Std_Return- Type		
Description	Indicates to the Watchdog Manager that a Checkpoint within a Supervised Entity has been reached.		



Available via

(SRS_BSW_00310)

[SWS_WdgM_00321] [The function WdgM_CheckpointReached() shall increment the Alive Counter of reported Checkpoint.| ()

[SWS_WdgM_00322] [The function WdgM_CheckpointReached() shall perform the Deadline Supervision (detection of early arrivals and delays) for the reported Supervised Entity using the reported Checkpoint. The output shall be an updated result of Deadline Supervision for the Supervised Entity.] (RS_HM_09235)

[SWS_WdgM_00323] [The function WdgM_CheckpointReached() shall perform the Logical Supervision for the reported Supervised Entity using the reported Checkpoint. The output shall be an updated result of Logical Supervision for the Supervised Entity.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00319] [The routine shall check if Supervised Entity to which the parameter CheckpointID belongs, is activated in the current mode. In case of an error (i.e. the Supervised Entity is deactivated in the current mode), the service shall return with E_{NOT_OK} without any action, and the error shall be reported to the Default Error Tracer with the runtime error code WDGM E_{NOT_OK} ()



There are optional checks that are executed if and only if WdgMDevErrorDetect is enabled.

[SWS_WdgM_00393][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled: The function WdgM_CheckpointReached shall report the error to default error tracer with error code WDGM_E_UNINIT, without any further effect, if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00394] [If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is disabled: The function WdgM_CheckpointReached shall return without any effect if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.| (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00278][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled, the parameter SEID shall be checked for being in the list of the entities under control of the Watchdog Manager. In case of an error, the service shall not be executed and the error shall be reported to the Default Error Tracer with the error code WDGM E PARAM SEID.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00279][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled: The function WdgM_CheckpointReached shall report the error to default error tracer with error code WDGM_E_UNINIT, without any further effect, if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00396] [If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is disabled: The function WdgM_CheckpointReached shall return without any effect if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00284][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled, the routine shall check if the parameter CheckpointID is within the set of Checkpoints (see [ECUC_WdgM_00303]) associated with the Supervised Entity given by the parameter SEID. In case of an error, the service shall not be executed and the error shall be reported to the Default Error Tracer with the error code WDGM_E_CPID.| (SRS_BSW_00323)



8.3.7 WdgM_GetLocalStatus

[SWS_WdgM_00169][

Service Name	WdgM_GetLocalStatus		
Syntax	<pre>Std_ReturnType WdgM_GetLocalStatus (WdgM_SupervisedEntityIdType SEID, WdgM_LocalStatusType* Status)</pre>		
Service ID [hex]	0x0c		
Sync/Async	Synchronous		
Reentrancy	Reentrant		
Parameters (in)	SEID	Identifier of the supervised entity whose supervision status shall be returned.	
Parameters (inout)	None		
Parameters (out)	Status Supervision status of the given supervised entity.		
Return value	Std_Return- Type		
Description	Returns the supervision status of an individual Supervised Entity.		
Available via	WdgM.h		

(SRS_BSW_00310)

[SWS_WdgM_00171][The $WdgM_GetLocalStatus$ service shall return the individual supervision status of the given Supervised Entity.] ()

There are optional checks that are executed if and only if WdgMDevErrorDetect is enabled.

[SWS_WdgM_00172][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled, the parameter SEID shall be checked for being in the list of entities under control of the Watchdog Manager. In case of an error, the service shall not be executed and the error shall be reported to the Default Error Tracer with the error code WDGM E PARAM SEID.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00257][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled, the routine shall check if NULL pointers are passed for OUT parameters. In case of an error, the service shall not be executed and the error shall be reported to the Default Error Tracer with the error code WDGM E INV POINTER.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00173][If the configuration parameter $\mbox{WdgMDevErrorDetect}$ [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled: The function \mbox{WdgM} GetLocalStatus shall



report the error to default error tracer with error code <code>WDGM_E_UNINIT</code>, without any further effect, if the Watchdog Manager is in <code>WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.</code>] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00397] [If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is disabled: The function WdgM_GetLocalStatus shall return without any effect if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

8.3.8 WdgM_GetGlobalStatus

[SWS_WdgM_00175][

Service Name	WdgM_GetGlobalStatus			
Syntax	<pre>Std_ReturnType WdgM_GetGlobalStatus (WdgM_GlobalStatusType* Status)</pre>			
Service ID [hex]	0x0d	0x0d		
Sync/Async	Synchronous			
Reentrancy	Reentrant			
Parameters (in)	None			
Parameters (inout)	None			
Parameters (out)	Status	Status Global supervision status of the Watchdog Manager.		
Return value	Std_ReturnType			
Description	Returns the global supervision status of the Watchdog Manager.			
Available via	WdgM.h			

(SRS_BSW_00310)

[SWS_WdgM_00344][If development error detection for the Watchdog Manager module is enabled, then the function $WdgM_GetGlobalStatus$ shall check whether the parameter Status is a NULL pointer (NULL_PTR). If Status is a NULL pointer, then the function shall raise the development error $WDGM_E_INV_POINTER$ (i.e. invalid pointer) and return.] ()

There are optional checks that are executed if and only if WdgMDevErrorDetect is enabled.



[SWS_WdgM_00258][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled, the routine shall check if NULL pointers are passed for OUT parameters. In case of an error, the service shall not be executed and the error shall be reported to the Default Error Tracer with the error code WDGM E INV POINTER.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00176][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled, the routine shall check if the Watchdog Manager is initialized. In case of an error, the service shall not be executed and the error shall be reported to the Default Error Tracer with the error code WDGM E UNINIT.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

8.3.9 WdgM_PerformReset

[SWS_WdgM_00264][

[5W5_WagW_00264]				
Service Name	WdgM_PerformReset			
Syntax	void WdgM_PerformReset (void)			
Service ID [hex]	0x0f			
Sync/Async	Synchronous			
Reentrancy	Non Reentrant			
Parameters (in)	None			
Parameters (inout)	None			
Parameters (out)	None			
Return value	None			
Description	Instructs the Watchdog Manager to cause a watchdog reset.			
Available via	WdgM.h			

I(SRS BSW 00310, SRS ModeMgm 09232)

[SWS_WdgM_00232] When this service is called, the Watchdog Manager shall set the trigger condition for all configured Watchdog Drivers to 0 (zero). ()

Thereby, the hardware watchdogs will cause an external hardware reset.

[SWS_WdgM_00233][After this service has been called, the Watchdog Manager shall not update the trigger condition anymore.] ()



When this API has been called, *Global Supervision Status* is not considered anymore.

There are optional checks that are executed if and only if WdgMDevErrorDetect is enabled.

[SWS_WdgM_00270][If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled: The function WdgM_PerformReset shall report the error to default error tracer with error code WDGM_E_UNINIT, without any further effect, if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

[SWS_WdgM_00401] [If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is disabled: The function $WdgM_PerformReset$ shall return without any effect if the Watchdog Manager is in WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED.] (SRS_BSW_00323)

8.3.10 WdgM_GetFirstExpiredSEID

[SWS WdgM 00346][

Service Name		WdgM_GetFirstExpiredSEID				
Syntax	Std_ReturnType WdgM_GetFirstExpiredSEID (WdgM_SupervisedEntityIdType* SEID)					
Service ID [hex]	0x10	0x10				
Sync/Async	Synchronous					
Reentrancy	Reentrant					
Parameters (in)	None					
Parameters (inout)	None					
Parameters (out)	SEID	Identifier of the supervised entity that first reached the state WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED.				
Return value	Std_Return- Type	E_OK: SEID successfully returned E_NOT_OK: Error when returning the SEID				
Description	Returns SEID that first reached the state WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED.					
Available via	WdgM.h					



[SWS_WdgM_00347][If development error detection for the Watchdog Manager module is enabled, then the function <code>WdgM_GetFirstExpiredSEID()</code> shall check whether the parameter <code>SEID</code> is a NULL pointer (NULL_PTR). If <code>Status</code> is a <code>NULL</code> pointer, then the function shall raise the development error <code>WDGM_E_INV_POINTER</code> (i.e. invalid pointer) and return.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00348] [The function WdgM_GetFirstExpiredSEID() shall be available before WdgM Init. | ()

[SWS_WdgM_00349][The function $WdgM_GetFirstExpiredSEID()$ shall read the SEID from non-initialized RAM location, stored as a double-inverse value. In case the value and the inverse value do not correspond to each other, then the function shall return E_NOT_OK and shall write 0 to *SEID. In case the value and the inverse value correspond, the function shall return E_OK and set write the read value to *SEID.| ()

8.4 Call-back Notifications

Not Applicable

8.5 Scheduled Functions

These functions are directly called by Basic Software Scheduler.

8.5.1 WdgM_MainFunction

[SWS WdgM 00159][

Service Name	WdgM_MainFunction			
Syntax	<pre>void WdgM_MainFunction (void)</pre>			
Service ID [hex]	0x08			
Description	Performs the processing of the cyclic Watchdog Manager jobs.			
Available via	SchM_WdgM.h			

I(SRS_BSW_00310, SRS_BSW_00373)

[SWS_WdgM_00324] [The function WdgM_MainFunction() shall perform the Alive Supervision for the reported Supervised Entity using the reported Checkpoint.



The input of this function shall be the *Alive Counters* of the *Checkpoint*. The output of this function shall be the *Results* of *Alive Supervision* for the *Supervised Entity*.| ()

[SWS_WdgM_00404] [The function <code>WdgM_MainFunction()</code> shall perform the Deadline Supervision (detection of timeouts) for the all Supervised Entities with active Deadline Supervisions (e.g. reached a Deadline Start Checkpoints and before reaching the corresponding Deadline End Checkpoint). The output shall be an updated result of Deadline Supervision for the Supervised Entity. (RS_HM_09235)

[SWS_WdgM_00325] [Based on the results from Alive, Deadline and Logical Supervision, for each activated Supervised Entity the function WdgM MainFunction() shall determine the Local Supervision Status.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00351] [For the <u>first Supervised Entity</u> that switched to the state WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED since the last time $WdgM_Init()$ was called, the function $WdgM_MainFunction()$ shall store the SEID of that Supervised Entity in a non-initialized RAM, as a double-inverted value (i.e. SEID and ~SEID).] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00326] [Based on the *Local Supervision Status* of each activated *Supervised Entity*, the function WdgM_MainFunction() shall determine the *Global Supervision Status*.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00327][Based on the *Local Supervision Status* of each Supervision Status and the *Global Supervision Status*, the function <code>WdgM_MainFunction()</code> shall manage the corresponding error handling.| ()

[SWS_WdgM_00328][Based on the *Global Supervision Status*, the function $MdgM_MainFunction()$ shall call set correspondingly the trigger condition of Watchdog Interface modules.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00063][If the *Global Supervision Status* is not in the state WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_DEACTIVATED, then the <code>WdgM_MainFunction()</code> shall be executed according to the configured *Supervision Cycle* (see <code>WdgMSupervisionCycle</code> [ECUC WdgM_00330]).] (SRS_ModeMgm_09112)

If a *Supervised Entity* finishes in a deadlock and does not exit, it could be that the watchdog manager main function is not called and therefore they do not detect the failed *Supervised Entity*. Therefore the tasks containing the main function shall be separated from the tasks containing *Supervised Entities* that are supervised by the Watchdog Manager Module.



[SWS_WdgM_CONSTR_0275] [The OS task which is executing the main function WdgM_MainFunction shall be separated from the OS task(s) calling any function from a *Supervised Entity* under supervision.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00039] [If the configuration parameter WdgMDevErrorDetect [ECUC_WdgM_00301] is enabled, the routine shall check if the Watchdog Manager is initialized. In case of an error, the main function shall not be executed and the development error shall be reported to the Default Error Tracer with the error code WDGM E UNINIT.] (SRS_BSW_00323, SRS_BSW_00406)

8.6 Expected Interfaces

In this chapter all interfaces required from other modules are listed.

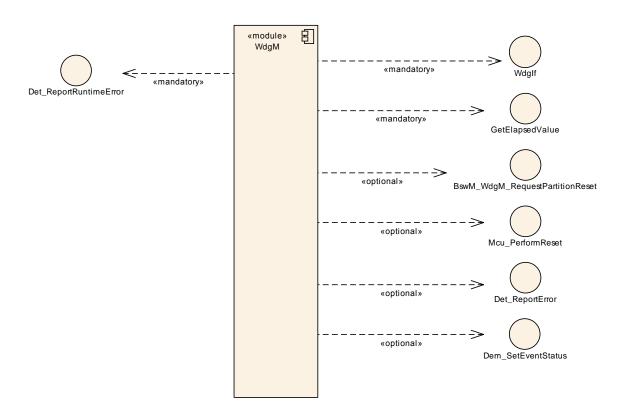


Figure 12: Expected Interfaces

8.6.1 Mandatory Interfaces

This chapter defines all interfaces, which are required to fulfill the core functionality of the module.

[SWS_WdgM_00161][

[0.1.0_1.0300.0.1]				
API Function	Header	Description		



	File	
Det_Report- RuntimeError	Det.h	Service to report runtime errors. If a callout has been configured then this callout shall be called.
GetElapsedValue	Os.h	This service gets the number of ticks between the current tick value and a previously read tick value.
Wdglf_SetMode	Wdglf.h	Map the service WdgIf_SetMode to the service Wdg_SetMode of the corresponding Watchdog Driver.
Wdglf_Set- TriggerCondition	Wdglf.h	Map the service Wdglf_SetTriggerCondition to the service Wdg_Set TriggerCondition of the corresponding Watchdog Driver.

8.6.2 Optional Interfaces

This chapter defines all interfaces which are required to fulfill an optional functionality of the module.

[SWS_WdgM_00162][

API Function	Header File	Description	
BswM_WdgM RequestPartition- Reset	BswM_ WdgM.h	Function called by WdgM to request a partition reset.	
Dem_SetEvent- Status	Dem.h	Called by SW-Cs or BSW modules to report monitor statu- information to the Dem. BSW modules calling Dem_SetEve Status can safely ignore the return value.	
Det_ReportError	Det.h	Service to report development errors.	
Mcu_PerformReset	Mcu.h	The service performs a microcontroller reset.	

]()

8.6.3 Configurable Interfaces

Not Applicable

8.6.4 Job End Notification

Not Applicable



8.7 Service Interfaces

This chapter specifies the AUTOSAR Interfaces which are provided by the Watchdog Manager module. The SW-C description of the Watchdog Manager Service will define the Watchdog Manager ports available to SW-Cs and CDDs. Each AUTOSAR SW-C or CDD that uses the service must contain service ports in its own description. These ports are typed with the same interfaces and have to be connected to the ports of the Watchdog Manager module, so that the RTE can generate the appropriate IDs and the required symbols.

The Local Supervision Status and the Global Supervision Status of the Watchdog Manager module are reported to SW-Cs and CDDs through mode ports. An SW-C and CDD can define its own mode port with the same interface as the mode ports of the Watchdog Manager module. Afterwards the SW-C or CDD can query the status and will be informed of status changes via the mode port. In addition, the SW-C can define Runnables that are started or stopped by the RTE because of status changes.

BSW modules should call the API functions directly and taking into account the mapping by RTE.

8.7.1 Ports and Port Interface for Supervision

8.7.1.1 General Approach

To reduce the number of ports provided by the Watchdog Manager module all interfaces between SW-Cs / CDD and the service are modeled as Client/Server communication. To report *Checkpoints* the sender-receiver paradigm may seem more appropriate, but this kind of modeling would double the number of ports. Therefore also for this functionality the Client/Server paradigm has been chosen.

The unique Supervised Entity IDs are used to identify the Supervised Entities within an ECU. In order to keep the application code independent of the configuration of ECU-dependent Supervised Entity IDs, the IDs used by SW-Cs and CDDs are not modeled explicitly as data elements to be passed between SW-C and service. These IDs are modeled as "port defined argument values" of the Provide Ports of the Watchdog Manager module. As a consequence, the Supervised Entity IDs will not show up as arguments in the operations of the client-server interface. As a further consequence for this approach, there will be separate ports for each Supervised Entity.

8.7.1.2 Data Types

The information passed between the application and the service are:

- 1. ID to identify a Supervised Entity (as port defined argument value) and
- 2. ID to indentify a *Checkpoint*.



The type for this *Supervised Entity Identifier* shall be based on the type <u>WdgM_SupervisedEntityIdType</u>. This type is defined as uint16. Therefore the following type description is required:

[SWS_WdgM_00356][

Lond_nag.	i_00000]				
Name	WdgM_SupervisedEntityIdType				
Kind	Туре	Туре			
Derived from	uint16				
Range	0- <number entities="" of="" supervised=""> The range of valid IDs depends on the number of configured Supervised Entities.</number>				
Description	This type identifies an individual Supervised Entity for the Watchdog Manager.				
Variation					
Available via	Rte_WdgM_Type.h				

]()

The type for this *Checkpoint Identifier* shall be based on the type <u>WdgM CheckpointIdType</u>. This type is defined as uint16. Therefore the following type description is required:

[SWS_WdgM_00357][

Name	WdgM_CheckpointIdType				
Kind	Туре				
Derived from	uint16				
Range	0- <maximum checkpoints="" number="" of=""> The range of valid IDs depends on the maximum number of configured Checkpoints within all configured Supervised Entities.</maximum>				
Description	This type identifies a Checkpoint in the context of a Supervised Entity for the Watchdog Manager. Note that an individual Checkpoint can only be identified by the pair of Supervised Entity ID and Checkpoint ID.				
Variation					
Available via	Rte_WdgM_Type.h				

]()



Beware, that the *Checkpoint* ID by itself is not unique. Only the pair of *Supervised Entity* ID and *Checkpoint* ID uniquely identifies a *Checkpoint*.

8.7.1.3 Port Interfaces

All operations are put into two interfaces (one with operations specific for an indivisual *Supervised Entity*, and one for global WdgM operations).

[SWS WdgM 00333][

[0110_114g iii_00000]						
Name	Wdg	WdgM_LocalSupervision				
Comment						
IsService	true					
Variation						
Possible Errors	0	E_OK	Operation successful			
FUSSIBLE ETTORS	1	E_NOT_OK	Operation failed			

Operation	CheckpointReached
Comment	Indicates to the Watchdog Manager that a Checkpoint within a Supervised Entity has been reached.
Variation	
Possible Errors	E_OK E_NOT_OK

]()

[SWS_WdgM_91004][

Name	Wdg	WdgM_LocalSupervisionStatus				
Comment						
IsService	true					
Variation						
Pancible Europe	0	E_OK	Operation successful			
Possible Errors	1	E_NOT_OK	Operation failed			

Operation	GetLocalStatus	
Comment	Returns the supervision status of an individual Supervised Entity.	



Variation			
	Status		
	Type WdgM_LocalStatusType		
Parameters	Direction	OUT	
	Comment	Supervision status of the given supervised entity.	
Variation			
Possible Errors	E_OK E_NOT_OK		

[SWS_WdgM_91001][

[
Name	WdgM_GlobalSupervision		
Comment			
IsService	true		
Variation			
Possible Errors	0	E_OK	Operation successful
Possible Ellors	1	E_NOT_OK	Operation failed

Operation	GetFirstExpiredSEID		
Comment	Returns SEID that first reached the state WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED.		
Variation			
	SEID		
	Type WdgM_SupervisedEntityIdType		
Parameters	Direction	OUT	
	Comment Identifier of the supervised entity that first reached the state LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED.		
	Variation		
Possible Errors	E_OK E_NOT_OK		

Operation	GetGlobalStatus
Comment	Returns the global supervision status of the Watchdog Manager.
Variation	



	Status		
	Туре	WdgM_GlobalStatusType	
Parameters	Direction	OUT	
	Comment	Global supervision status of the Watchdog Manager.	
	Variation		
Possible Errors	E_OK E_NOT_OK		

Operation	GetMode		
Comment	Returns the current mode of the Watchdog Manager.		
Variation			
	Mode		
	Туре	WdgM_ModeType	
Parameters	Direction	OUT	
	Comment	Current mode of the Watchdog Manager.	
	Variation		
Possible Errors	E_OK E_NOT_OK		

Operation	PerformReset
Comment	Instructs the Watchdog Manager to cause a watchdog reset.
Variation	
Possible Errors	

Operation	SetMode	
Comment	Sets the current mode of Watchdog Manager.	
Variation		
	Mode	
	Type WdgM_ModeType	
Parameters	Direction IN Comment One of the configured Watchdog Manager modes.	
	Variation	
Possible Errors	E_OK	



	E_NOT_OK
--	----------

|()

Compared to the API, the "wdgM_" prefix in the names is not required, because the names given here will show up in the XML not globally but as part of an interface description.

8.7.1.4 Service Ports

Figure 13 shows how AUTOSAR Software components (single or multiple instances) are connected via service ports to the Watchdog Manager module. On the left side, there are two instances (swc1 and swc2) of component SWC Type A and one instance (swc3) of component SWC Type B.

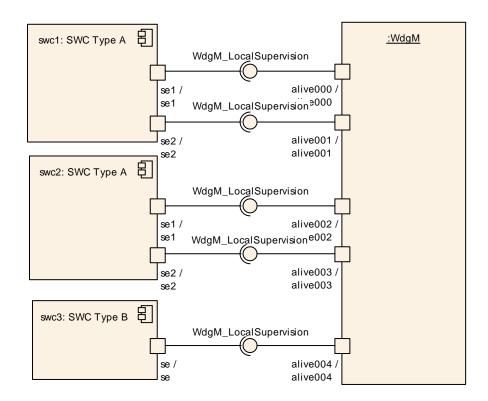


Figure 13: Example of SW-Cs connected to the Watchdog Manager via service ports

On the Watchdog Manager side, there is one port per *Supervised Entity* providing all the services of the interface <code>WdgM_AliveSupervision</code> described above. Each *Supervised Entity* has one port for requiring those services for each *Supervised Entity* associated with that application.

[SWS_WdgM_00146][The Watchdog Manager module shall provide a single service port for *Supervision* for each *Supervised Entity* that is configured.



To be able to match an *Supervision* port with its corresponding mode port for Status Reporting, a naming convention is necessary.| ()

The Local Supervision ports of the Watchdog Manager module is named as follows:

[SWS_WdgM_00147][

3VV3_VVQ9NI_00147]				
Name	localSupervision_{SupervisedEntityCheckpointName}			
Kind	ProvidedPort	Interface	WdgM_LocalSupervision	
Description	This port provides the Supervision interface of one Supervised Entity Checkpoint to a SWC.			
	Туре	WdgM_SupervisedEntityIdType		
Port Defined	Value	{ecuc(WdgM/WdgMGeneral/WdgMSupervisedEntity/Wdg MSupervisedEntityId.value)}		
Argument Value(s)	Туре	WdgM_CheckpointId	dТуре	
	value ecuc{WdgM/WdgMGeneral/WdgMSupervisedEntity MCheckpoint/WdgMCheckpointId}			
Variation	SupervisedEntityCheckpointName = {ecuc(WdgM/WdgMGeneral/Wdg MSupervisedEntity.SHORT-NAME)}_{ecuc(WdgM/WdgMGeneral/Wdg MSupervisedEntity/WdgMCheckpoint.SHORT-NAME)}			

]()

[SWS WdgM 91003][

Lerre_rragin_erec				
Name	localSupervisonStatus_{SupervisedEntityName}			
Kind	ProvidedPort	t Interface WdgM_LocalSupervisionStatus		
Description	This port provides the Supervision status interface of one Supervised Entity to a SWC.			
Port Defined	Type WdgM_SupervisedEntityIdType			
Argument Value(s)	Value	{ecuc(WdgM/WdgMGeneral/WdgMSupervisedEntity/WdgMSupervisedEntityId.value)}		
Variation	SupervisedEntityName = {ecuc(WdgM/WdgMGeneral/WdgMSupervised Entity.SHORT-NAME)}			

(()

The *Global Supervision* ports of the Watchdog Manager module is named as follows:

[SWS_WdgM_91002][

Name	globalSupervision		
Kind	ProvidedPort		
Description	This port provides the Global Supervision interface of the WdgM.		



Variation	

|()|

8.7.1.5 Error Codes

The Supervision service does not return any service specific error codes.

8.7.2 Ports and Port Interface for Status Reporting

8.7.2.1 General Approach

To control the state-dependent behavior of SW-Cs and CDDs, the RTE provides the mechanism of mode ports. A mode manager can switch between different modes that are defined in the mode port. The SW-C / CDD that connects to the mode port can use the mode information in two ways:

- The SW-C / CDD can guery the current mode via the mode port.
- The SW-C / CDD can declare Runnables that are started or stopped by the RTE because of mode changes.

According to RTE Specification [5] a mode port has a ModeSwitchInterface. The mode manager, here the Watchdog Manager module, is the sender and the SW-Cs are the receivers.

The Watchdog Manager module uses mode ports to provide two kinds of information:

- First, it provides the *Local Supervision Status* of each *Supervised Entity*. Therefore, the Watchdog Manager module has a mode port for each *Supervised Entity*.
- Second, the Watchdog Manager module provides the *Global Supervision Status* which reflects the combined *Supervision Status* of all *Supervised Entities*. Therefore, it has one additional mode port.

8.7.2.2 Data Types

The mode declaration group WdgM_Mode represents the modes of the Watchdog Manager module that will be notified to the SW-Cs / CDDs and the RTE.

[SWS_WdgM_00334][

<u> [</u>		
Name	WdgM_Mode	
Kind	odeDeclarationGroup	
Category	EXPLICIT_ORDER	
Initial mode	SUPERVISION_OK	



On transition value	255		
	SUPERVISION_OK	0	
	SUPERVISION_FAILED	1	
Modes	SUPERVISION_EXPIRED		
	SUPERVISION_STOPPED		
	SUPERVISION_DEACTIVATED	4	
Description	The category of ModeDeclarationGroup WdgM_Mode is EXPLICIT_ORDER, The attribute value for the ModeDeclaration are set as following: "SUPERVISION_OK" = 0 "SUPERVISION_FAILED" = 1 "SUPERVISION EXPIRED" = 2 "SUPERVISION_STOPPED" = 3 "SUPERVISION_DEACTIVATED = 4 The onTransitionValue is defined as 255		

ISWS WdaM 003591[

Name	WdgM_LocalStatusType				
Kind	Туре				
Derived from	uint8				
	WDGM_LOCAL_ STATUS_OK	0	The supervision of this Supervised Entity has not shown any failures.		
Range	WDGM_LOCAL_ STATUS_FAILED	1	The supervision of this Supervised Entity has failed but can still be "healed". I.e., if the Supervised Entity returns to a normal behavior, its supervision state will also return to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_OK. Furthermore, the number of times that the supervision has failed has not yet exceeded a configurable limit. When this limit has been exceeded the state will change to WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_EXPIRED.		
	WDGM_LOCAL_ STATUS_ EXPIRED	2	The supervision of this Supervised Entity has failed permanently. This state cannot be left.		
	WDGM_LOCAL_ STATUS_ DEACTIVATED	4	The supervision of this Supervised Entity is temporarily disabled.		
Description	This type shall be used for variables that represent the current status of supervision for individual Supervised Entities.				
Variation					



Available via	Rte_WdgM_Type.h
------------------	-----------------

[SWS_WdgM_00360][

[SWS_WdgM_00360]					
Name	WdgM_GlobalStatusType				
Kind	Туре				
Derived from	uint8				
	WDGM_GLOBAL_ STATUS_OK	0	Supervision did not show any failures.		
	WDGM_GLOBAL_ STATUS_FAILED	1	Supervision has failed but is still within the limit of allowed failures.		
Range	WDGM_GLOBAL_ STATUS_EXPIRED	2	Supervision has failed, the allowed limit of failures has been exceeded, but the Watchdog Driver has not yet been instructed to stop triggering.		
	WDGM_GLOBAL_ STATUS_STOPPED Supervision has failed, the allowed limit of failures had been exceeded, and the Watchdog Driver has been instructed to stop triggering. A watchdog reset is about to happen.				
	WDGM_GLOBAL_ STATUS_ DEACTIVATED	4	WdgM is not initialized and therefore will not manage the watchdogs.		
Description	This type shall be used for variables that represent the global supervision status of the Watchdog Manager module.				
Variation					
Available via	Rte_WdgM_Type.h				

]()

[SWS_WdgM_00358][

[3VV3_VVugi	VI_00336]				
Name	WdgM_ModeType				
Kind	Туре	Туре			
Derived from	uint8				
Range	0- <number modes="" of=""> The actual upper limit depends on the number of configured modes for Watchdog Manager.</number>				
Description	This type distingui Manager.	she	s the different modes that were configured for the Watchdog		



Variation	
Available via	Rte_WdgM_Type.h

8.7.2.3 Port Interfaces

There are two different interfaces to indicate changes in the *Supervision Status* to interested SW-Cs / CDDs and the RTE.

The interface WdgM_LocalMode is used to signal the *Local Supervision Status* of a single *Supervised Entity*.

[SWS_WdgM_00335][

[0110_114900000]					
Name	WdgM_LocalMode				
Comment					
IsService	true				
Variation					
ModeGroup	currentMode	WdgM_Mode			

]()

The interface $WdgM_GlobalMode$ is used to signal the Global Supervision Status that is combined from all individual Supervised Entities.

ISWS WdaM 003361[

Name	WdgM_GlobalMode			
Comment				
IsService	true			
Variation				
ModeGroup	currentMode WdgM_Mode			

1()

The reason for defining two different interfaces is the way these interfaces are used. For the $WdgM_GlobalMode$ interfaces the Watchdog Manager module provides only one single port with that interface. By contrast, for the $WdgM_LocalMode$ interface



the Watchdog Manager module provides as many ports as there are *Supervised Entities*. In order to access these ports efficiently, the Indirect Port API of the RTE can be used. This API provides a list of all ports that have the same interface, e.g.:

To avoid that the mode port for the *Global Supervision Status* shows up in this list, this port uses a different interface, i.e. <code>WdgM_GlobalMode</code> instead of <code>WdgM_LocalMode</code>.

8.7.2.4 Mode Ports

Figure 14 shows how AUTOSAR Software components (single or multiple instances) are connected via mode and service ports to the Watchdog Manager module. On the left side, there are two instances (swc1 and swc2) of component SWC Type A and one instance (swc3) of component SWC Type B. Each component is connected to the mode ports that correspond to its own *Supervised Entities*. In addition swc3 is connected to the global mode port and can therefore react to changes in the combined *Supervision Status* of all *Supervised Entities*.



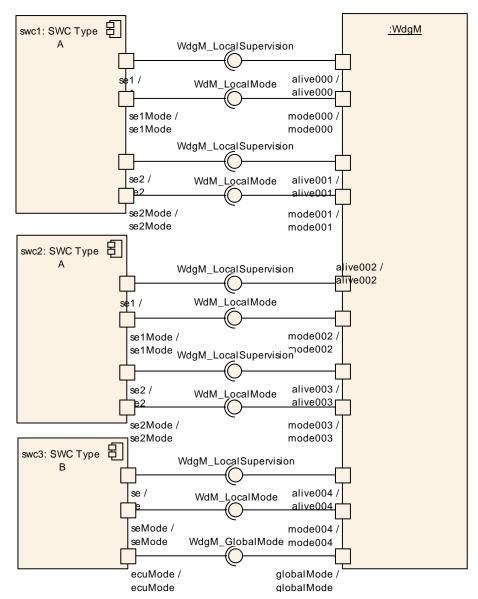


Figure 14: Example of SW-Cs connected to the Watchdog Manager via service ports and mode ports

This results in one mode port per *Supervised Entity*.

[SWS_WdgM_00148][The Watchdog Manager module shall provide a single mode port for reporting the *Local Supervision Status* of each *Supervised Entity* that is configured.

To be able to match a Supervision port with its corresponding mode port for Status Reporting, a naming convention is necessary.] (SRS_ModeMgm_09160, SRS_ModeMgm_09225)

The Watchdog Manager provides mode ports for reporting the *Supervision Status* of each *Supervised Entity*:

[SWS_WdgM_00149][



Name	mode_{SupervisedEntityName}				
Kind	ProvidedPort				
Description					
Variation	SupervisedEntityName = {ecuc(WdgM/WdgMGeneral/WdgMSupervisedEntity/Wdg MSupervisedEntityId.SHORT-NAME)}				

[SWS_WdgM_00197][When the *Local Supervision Status* of a single *Supervised Entity* changes, the Watchdog Manager module shall report that change via the mode port for that *Supervised Entity* immediately after it has been recognized.] ()

The Watchdog Manager module provides one mode port for reporting the *Global Supervision Status*:

[SWS_WdgM_00150][

Name	globalmode			
Kind	ProvidedPort	Interface	WdgM_GlobalMode	
Description				
Variation				

[(SRS_ModeMgm_09160, SRS_ModeMgm_09225, SRS_ModeMgm_09162)

[SWS_WdgM_00198][When the *Global Supervision Status* changes, the Watchdog Manager module shall report that change via the global mode port.] ()

[SWS_WdgM_00199][After computing the *Global Supervision Status* from all *Local Supervision Status*, the Watchdog Manager module shall report any change in the resulting *Global Supervision Status* only once.| ()

The resulting behavior is that first all changes in *Local Supervision Status* are reported. Afterwards the *Global Supervision Status* is reported only once and only if it changed due to the individual changes.

For Supervision Cycle SE1 instance. if in goes from one WDGM LOCAL STATUS OK to WDGM LOCAL STATUS FAILED, WDGM LOCAL STATUS FAILED is reported on the local mode port for SE1. In the same Supervision Cycle SE2 goes from WDGM_LOCAL_STATUS_OK to WDGM LOCAL STATUS EXPIRED directly, WDGM LOCAL STATUS EXPIRED is reported on the local mode port for SE2. The resulting Global Supervision Status in changes from WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_OK Supervision this Cycle WDGM GLOBAL STATUS EXPIRED only WDGM GLOBAL_STATUS_EXPIRED is reported on the global mode port. In that





example WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_FAILED is not reported on the global mode port, because it was only an intermediate state while evaluating a subset of *Supervised Entities*.



9 Sequence Diagrams

This chapter shows the interactions between the Watchdog Manager and other BSW modules as well as *Supervised Entities*.

9.1 Initialization

The diagram shows the initialization of the Watchdog Manager module. The initialization should be done at a late phase of ECU initialization after the initialization of the OS.

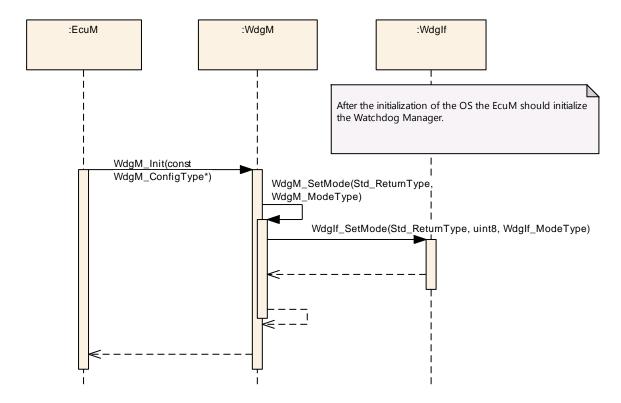


Figure 15: Initialization of the Watchdog Manager module



10 Configuration Specification

10.1 Parameter Differentiation

Within this chapter, you find a brief introduction of terms, which are used to differentiate type of configuration parameters. In the subchapter you find concrete specification issue for parameters in Watchdog Manager context.

For details refer to the chapter 10.1 "Introduction to configuration specification" in SWS_BSWGeneral.

10.1.1 Static Configuration Parameters

[SWS_WdgM_00025][The parameters of the Watchdog Manager module that shall minimally be configurable at system generation and / or system compile time (precompile).] (SRS_BSW_00345)

10.1.2 Runtime Configuration Parameters

[SWS_WdgM_00029][The parameters of the Watchdog Manager module that shall be configurable at post-build time.] ()

10.1.3 Precompile Options

[SWS WdgM 00104][The precompile options shall code implementations that are not directly generated out of code generators. Therefore the precompile options support the optimization of re-used sourcecode-file of the Watchdog Manager module according settings to of static configuration. (SRS BSW 00345, SRS BSW 00171)

10.2 Containers and Configuration Parameters

The following variants are supported by Watchdog Manager module:

10.2.1 Variants

For details refer to the chapter 10.1.2 "Variants" in SWS_BSWGeneral.



10.2.2 WdgM

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00001:
Module Name	WdgM
Module Description	Configuration of the WdgM (Watchdog Manager) module.
Post-Build Variant Support	true
Supported Config Variants	VARIANT-POST-BUILD, VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
WdgMConfigSet		This container describes one of multiple configuration sets of WdgM.
WdgMGeneral		Container defines all general configuration parameters of the Watchdog Manager.

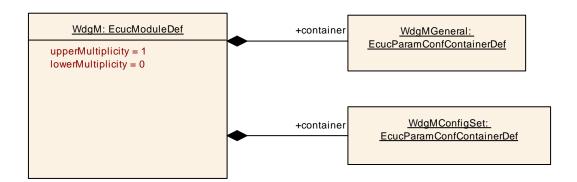


Figure 16: Configuration Module WdgM

10.2.3 WdgMGeneral

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00300 :
Container Name	WdgMGeneral
Parent Container	WdgM
Describtion	Container defines all general configuration parameters of the Watchdog Manager.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00338:		
Name	WdgMDemStoppedSupervisionReport		
Parent Container	WdgMGeneral		
	Parameter to enable/disable the error reporting to DEM. true: A notification to DEM is sent if the Watchdog Manager reaches the state WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED. false: The notification is disabled.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants
	Link time		
	Post-build time		



Scope / Dependency	scope: local			
SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00301:			
Name	WdgMDevErrorDetect	WdgMDevErrorDetect		
Parent Container	WdgMGeneral	WdgMGeneral		
Description	Switches the development en	Switches the development error detection and notification on or off.		
	 true: detection and notification is enabled. false: detection and notification is disabled. 			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		-	

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00363:			
Name	WdgMEnableTimeoutDetection			
Parent Container	WdgMGeneral	WdgMGeneral		
Description	This parameter enables the timeout detection part of the Deadline Supervision (needed to detect deadline supervision violation when end checkpoint is never reached). true: Timeout detection is enabled. false: Timeout detection is disabled. Note: By default this option is disabled for backward compatibility reasons.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
_	Link time			
	Post-build time	ŀ		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00339:			
Name	WdgMImmediateReset			
Parent Container	WdgMGeneral			
Description	This parameter enables/disa	This parameter enables/disablse the immediate reset feature in case of		
	alive-supervision failure.	alive-supervision failure.		
	true: Immediate reset is enal	oled		
	false: Immediate reset is disabled			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00340 :



Specification of Watchdog Manager AUTOSAR CP R19-11

Name	WdgMOffModeEnabled	WdgMOffModeEnabled		
Parent Container	WdgMGeneral			
Description	This parameter enables/disables the selection of the "OffMode" of the watchdog driver. true: "OffMode" selection is allowed false: "OffMode" selection is disallowed			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time			
	Post-build time	ŀ		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00302:			
Name	WdgMVersionInfoApi	WdgMVersionInfoApi		
Parent Container	WdgMGeneral			
Description	Preprocessor switch to enable/disable the existence of the API WdgM_GetVersionInfo. Shall be used to remove unneeded code segments. true: API is enabled false: API is disabled			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucBooleanParamDef			
Default value	false			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
WdgMSupervisedEntity	065535	This container collects all common (mode-independent) parameters of a Supervised Entity to be supervised by the Watchdog Manager.
WdgMWatchdog	0255	This container collects all common (mode-independent) parameters of a Watchdog to be triggered by the Watchdog Manager.



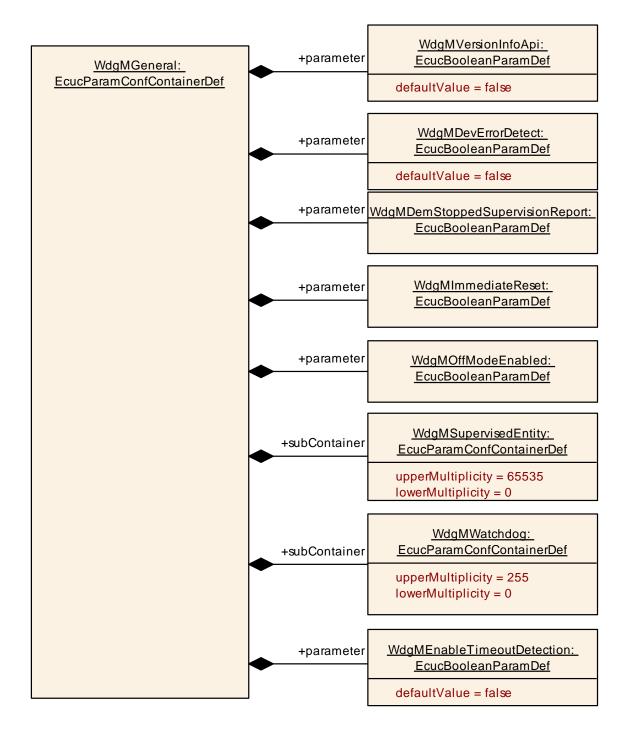


Figure 17: Configuration Container WdgMGeneral

10.2.4 WdgMSupervisedEntity

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00303:
Container Name	WdgMSupervisedEntity
Parent Container	WdgMGeneral
	This container collects all common (mode-independent) parameters of a Supervised Entity to be supervised by the Watchdog Manager.



Configuration Parameters

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00304:			
Name	WdgMSupervisedEntityId			
Parent Container	WdgMSupervisedEntity			
Description	This parameter shall contain	the u	nique identifier of the supervised entity.	
Multiplicity	1			
Type	EcucIntegerParamDef (Sym	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)		
Range	0 65535	0 65535		
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	•		

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00360 :		
Name	WdgMEcucPartitionRef		
Parent Container	WdgMSupervisedEntity		
Description	Denotes in which "EcucPartition" the supervised entity is executed. When the partition is stopped, the supervised entity shall be de-activated in the WdgM to avoid an ECU reset.		
Multiplicity	01		
Туре	Reference to [EcucPartition]	
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	false		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants
Class	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00343:			
Name	WdgMInternalCheckpointInit	WdgMInternalCheckpointInitialRef		
Parent Container	WdgMSupervisedEntity			
Description	This is the reference to the ir	nitial C	Checkpoint for this Supervised Entity.	
Multiplicity	065535			
Туре	Symbolic name reference to [WdgMCheckpoint]			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time			
	Post-build time	-		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00344 :
Name	WdgMInternallCheckpointFinalRef
Parent Container	WdgMSupervisedEntity
Description	This is the reference to the final Checkpoint(s) for this Supervised Entity.
Multiplicity	065535
Туре	Symbolic name reference to [WdgMCheckpoint]
Post-Build Variant	folco
Multiplicity	Idise
Post-Build Variant Value	false



Specification of Watchdog Manager AUTOSAR CP R19-11

Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants
Class	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00361:		
Name	WdgMOSCounter		
Parent Container	WdgMSupervisedEntity		
Description			nager to perform the deadline
	supervision of the Supervise	d Enti	ty.
Multiplicity	01		
Type	Reference to [OsCounter]		
Post-Build Variant	falso		
Multiplicity	laise		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants
Class	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency		·	

Included Containers		
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency
WdgMCheckpoint	165535	This container collects all Checkpoints of this Supervised Entity. Each Supervised Entity has at least one Checkpoint.
WdgMInternalTransition	0 65535	This container defines the graph of Internal Transitions within this Supervised Entity.



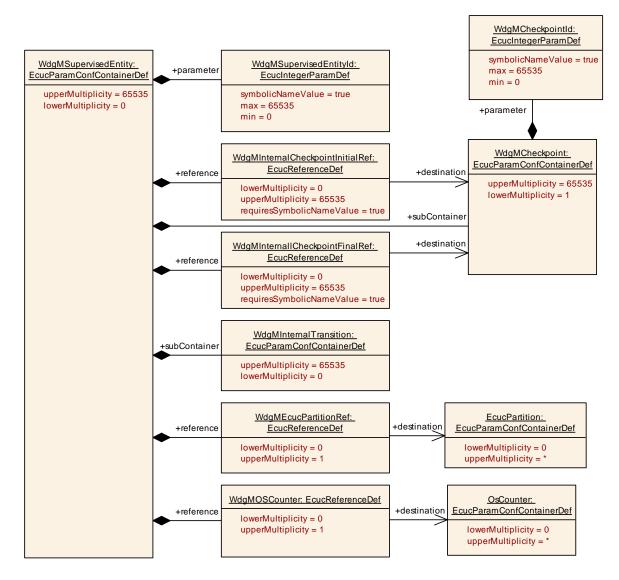


Figure 18: Configuration Container WdgMSupervisedEntity

10.2.5 WdgMCheckpoint

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00305:
Container Name	WdgMCheckpoint
Parent Container	WdgMSupervisedEntity
Description	This container collects all Checkpoints of this Supervised Entity. Each Supervised Entity has at least one Checkpoint.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00306:		
Name	WdgMCheckpointld		
Parent Container	WdgMCheckpoint		
Description	This parameter shall contain the unique identifier of Checkpoint.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)		
Range	0 65535		



Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants		
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

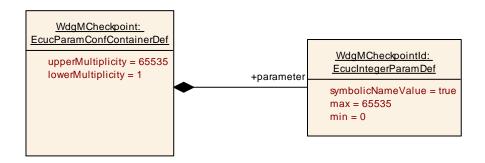


Figure 19: Configuration Container WdgMCheckpoint

10.2.6 WdgMInternalTransition

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00345:
Container Name	WdgMInternalTransition
Parent Container	WdgMSupervisedEntity
	This container defines the graph of Internal Transitions within this Supervised Entity.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00351:			
Name	WdgMInternalTransitionDestRef			
Parent Container	WdgMInternalTransition			
Description	This is the reference to the destination Checkpoint of a Internal Transition within this Supervised Entity.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	Symbolic name reference to [WdgMCheckpoint]			
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants			
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00350 :
Name	WdgMInternalTransitionSourceRef
Parent Container	WdgMInternalTransition
	This is the reference to the source Checkpoint of a Internal Transition within this Supervised Entity.
Multiplicity	1



Туре	Symbolic name reference to [WdgMCheckpoint]		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants		
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

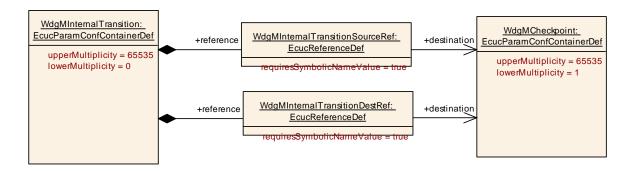


Figure 20: Configuration Container WdgMInternalTransition

10.2.7 WdgMWatchdog

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00347:
Container Name	WdgMWatchdog
Parent Container	WdgMGeneral
Description	This container collects all common (mode-independent) parameters of a Watchdog to be triggered by the Watchdog Manager.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00348:			
Name	WdgMWatchdogName			
Parent Container	WdgMWatchdog			
Description	This parameter shall contain	the n	ame of the watchdog instance.	
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucStringParamDef	EcucStringParamDef		
Default value				
maxLength				
minLength				
regularExpression				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00349:	
Name	WdgMWatchdogDeviceRef	
Parent Container	WdgMWatchdog	
Description	Reference to one device container of Watchdog Interface. In the	
	referenced container WdglfDevice, the parameter WdglfDeviceIndex	



	contains the Index parameter that WdgM has to use for WdgIf_SetTriggerCondition calls for that watchdog instance.		
Multiplicity	1		
Type	Symbolic name reference to [WdglfDevice]		
Post-Build Variant Value	false		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X All Variants		
	Link time		
	Post-build time		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

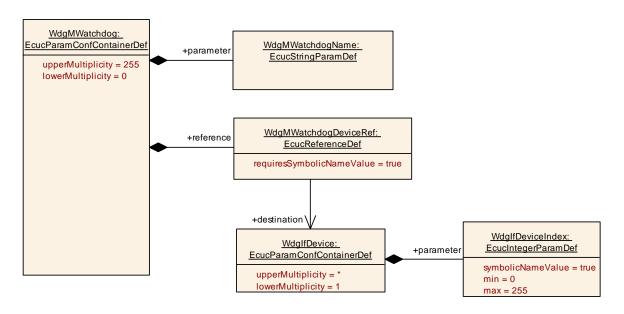


Figure 21: Configuration Container WdgMWatchdog

10.2.8 WdgMConfigSet

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00337 :
Container Name	WdgMConfigSet
Parent Container	WdgM
Description	This container describes one of multiple configuration sets of WdgM.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00336 :			
Name	WdgMInitialMode			
Parent Container	WdgMConfigSet			
Description	The mode that the Watchdoo	The mode that the Watchdog Manager is in after it has been initialized.		
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	Symbolic name reference to [WdgMMode]			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			



Included Containers				
Container Name	Multiplicity	tyScope / Dependency		
WdgMDemEventParameterRef s	01	Container for the references to DemEventParameter elements which shall be invoked using the API Dem_SetEventStatus in case the corresponding error occurs. The EventId is taken from the referenced DemEventParameter's DemEventId symbolic value. The standardized errors are provided in this container and can be extended by vendor-specific error references.		
WdgMMode	1255	The container describes one of several modes of the Watchdog Manager.		

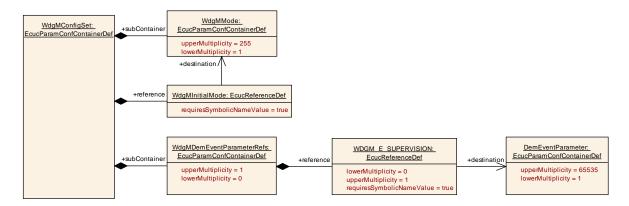


Figure 22: Configuration Container WdgMConfigSet

10.2.9 WdgMDemEventParameterRefs

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00353:
Container Name	WdgMDemEventParameterRefs
Parent Container	WdgMConfigSet
Description	Container for the references to DemEventParameter elements which shall be invoked using the API Dem_SetEventStatus in case the corresponding error occurs. The EventId is taken from the referenced DemEventParameter's DemEventId symbolic value. The standardized errors are provided in this container and can be extended by vendor-specific error references.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00362:			
Name	WDGM_E_SUPERVISION			
Parent Container	WdgMDemEventParameterF	WdgMDemEventParameterRefs		
,	Reference to the DemEventParameter which shall be issued when the error "Supervision has failed (Global Supervision Status has reached WDGM_GLOBAL_STATUS_STOPPED) and a watchdog reset will occur" has occurred.			
Multiplicity	01			
Туре	Symbolic name reference to [DemEventParameter]			
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
Class	Link time			



	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

10.2.10 WdgMMode

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00335 :
Container Name	WdgMMode
Parent Container	WdgMConfigSet
Description	The container describes one of several modes of the Watchdog Manager.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00329:				
Name	WdgMExpiredSupervisionCycleTol				
Parent Container	WdgMMode				
Description	This parameter shall be used to define a value that fixes the amount of expired supervision cycles for how long the blocking of watchdog triggering shall be postponed, AFTER THE GLOBAL SUPERVISION STATUS HAS REACHED THE STATE EXPIRED.				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef				
Range	0 65535				
Default value					
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
	Link time				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU				

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00307:			
Name	WdgMModeld			
Parent Container	WdgMMode			
Description	This parameter fixes the identifier for the mode. This identifier is for instance passed as a parameter to the WdgM SetMode service.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef (Symbolic Name generated for this parameter)			
Range	0 255			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time			
	Post-build time			
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00330 :
Name	WdgMSupervisionCycle
Parent Container	WdgMMode
Description	This parameter defines the schedule period of the main function WdgM_MainFunction. Unit: [s]



Specification of Watchdog Manager AUTOSAR CP R19-11

Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef			
Range]0 INF[
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	false			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	All Variants	
	Link time	-		
	Post-build time	-		
Scope / Dependency	scope: ECU			

Included Containers				
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency		
WdgMAliveSupervision	065535	This container collects all configuration parameters of Alive-Supervision of one Checkpoint. Note that each Checkpoint may have different parameters. For example, it may have different min and max margin.		
WdgMDeadlineSupervision		This container collects all configuration parameters for Deadline Supervision for a Supervised Entity.		
WdgMExternalLogicalSupervisio n	065535	This container collects all configuration parameters for Logical Supervision for one external graph.		
WdgMLocalStatusParams		This container collects all configuration parameters for the Local Status of a Supervised Entity.		
WdgMTrigger		This container collects all configuration parameters for the triggering of hardware watchdogs.		



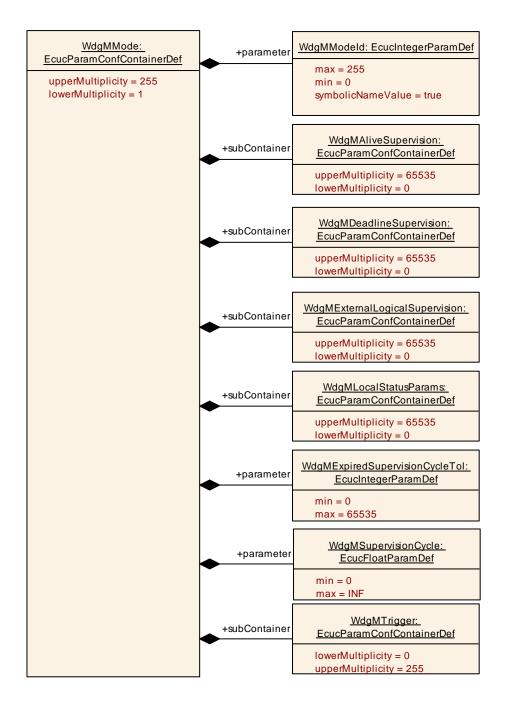


Figure 23: Configuration Container WdgMMode

10.2.11 WdgMAliveSupervision

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00308:
Container Name	WdgMAliveSupervision
Parent Container	WdgMMode
Description	This container collects all configuration parameters of Alive-Supervision of one Checkpoint. Note that each Checkpoint may have different parameters. For example, it may have different min and max margin.
Configuration Parameters	



SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00311:				
Name	WdgMExpectedAliveIndication	WdgMExpectedAliveIndications			
Parent Container	WdgMAliveSupervision				
Description	This parameter contains the amount of expected alive indications of the Checkpoint within the referenced amount of defined supervision cycles according to corresponding SE.				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 65535				
Default value					
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
	Link time				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	•			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00313:			
Name	WdgMMaxMargin			
Parent Container	WdgMAliveSupervision			
Description	This parameter contains the amount of alive indications of the Checkpoint that are acceptable to be additional to the expected alive indications within the corresponding supervision reference cycle.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 255			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00312:	ECUC_WdgM_00312:		
Name	WdgMMinMargin			
Parent Container	WdgMAliveSupervision	WdgMAliveSupervision		
Description	This parameter contains the amount of alive indications of the Checkpoint that are acceptable to be missed from the expected alive indications within the corresponding supervision reference cycle.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 255			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00310 :
Name	WdgMSupervisionReferenceCycle
Parent Container	WdgMAliveSupervision
Description	This parameter shall contain the amount of supervision cycles to be used as reference by the alive-supervision mechanism to perform the checkup with counted alive indications according to corresponding SE.
Multiplicity	1
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef



Range	1 65535		
Default value			
Post-Build Variant Value	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE
	Link time		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD
Scope / Dependency	scope: local		

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00309:			
Name	WdgMAliveSupervisionCheckpointRef			
Parent Container	WdgMAliveSupervision			
Description	Reference to Checkpoint within a Supervised Entity that shall be supervised.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	Symbolic name reference to	Symbolic name reference to [WdgMCheckpoint]		
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

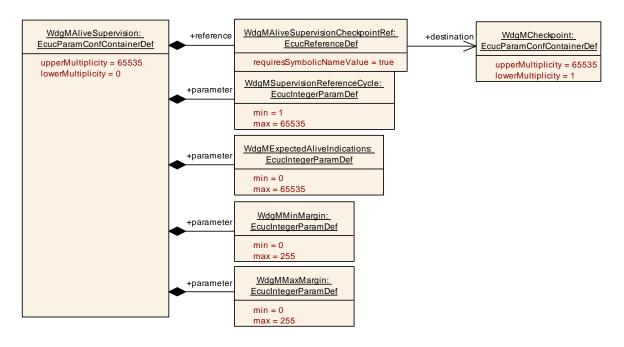


Figure 24: Configuration Container WdgMAliveSupervision

10.2.12 WdgMDeadlineSupervision

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00314:
Container Name	WdgMDeadlineSupervision
Parent Container	WdgMMode
	This container collects all configuration parameters for Deadline Supervision for a Supervised Entity.



Configuration Parameters

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00318:	ECUC_WdgM_00318:		
Name	WdgMDeadlineMax			
Parent Container	WdgMDeadlineSupervision			
Description	This parameter contains the longest time span after which the deadline is considered to be met. Unit: [s]			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef			
Range	[0 INF]			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00317:			
Name	WdgMDeadlineMin			
Parent Container	WdgMDeadlineSupervision			
Description	This parameter contains the shortest time span after which the deadline is considered to be met. Unit: [s]			
Multiplicity	1	1		
Туре	EcucFloatParamDef			
Range	[0 INF]			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00315 :			
Name	WdgMDeadlineStartRef			
Parent Container	WdgMDeadlineSupervision	WdgMDeadlineSupervision		
Description	This is the reference to the s	tart C	heckpoint for Deadline Supervision.	
Multiplicity	1			
Type	Symbolic name reference to [WdgMCheckpoint]			
Post-Build Variant Value	true	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00316 :			
Name	WdgMDeadlineStopRef			
Parent Container	WdgMDeadlineSupervision	WdgMDeadlineSupervision		
Description	This is the reference to the s	This is the reference to the stop Checkpoint for Deadline Supervision.		
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	Symbolic name reference to [WdgMCheckpoint]			
Post-Build Variant Value	true	true		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	



Scope / Dependency	scope: local
--------------------	--------------

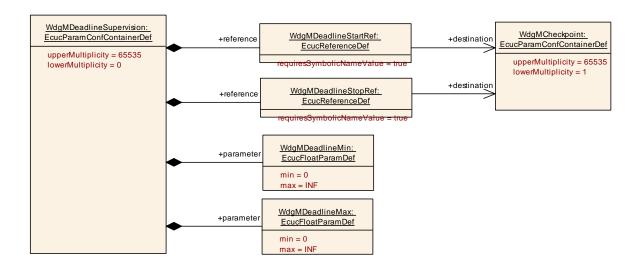


Figure 25: Configuration Container WdgMDeadlineSupervision

10.2.13 WdgMExternalLogicalSupervision

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00319:
Container Name	WdgMExternalLogicalSupervision
Parent Container	WdgMMode
II JESCHIONON	This container collects all configuration parameters for Logical Supervision for one external graph.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00324:			
Name	WdgMExternalCheckpointFinalRef			
Parent Container	WdgMExternalLogicalSupervision			
Description	This is the reference to the fi	nal Cl	neckpoint(s) for this External Graph.	
Multiplicity	165535			
Туре	Symbolic name reference to	[Wdg	MCheckpoint]	
Post-Build Variant Multiplicity	true			
	true			
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
Class	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	1		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	•	_	

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00323:
Name	WdgMExternalCheckpointInitialRef
Parent Container	WdgMExternalLogicalSupervision
Description	This is the reference to the initial Checkpoint(s) for this External Graph.



Multiplicity	165535				
Туре	Symbolic name reference to [WdgMCheckpoint]				
Post-Build Variant	true				
Multiplicity	uuc				
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Multiplicity Configuration	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
Class	Link time				
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local	•			

Included Containers				
Container Name	Multiplicity	Scope / Dependency		
WdgMExternalTransition		This container collects the Checkpoints for an External		
Wagivi External Fransition	000000	Transition across Supervised Entities.		

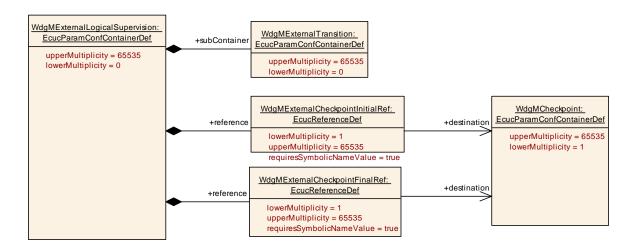


Figure 26: Configuration Container WdgMExternalLogicalSupervision

10.2.14 WdgMExternalTransition

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00320 :
Container Name	WdgMExternalTransition
Parent Container	WdgMExternalLogicalSupervision
Description	This container collects the Checkpoints for an External Transition across Supervised Entities.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00322:	
Name	WdgMExternalTransitionDestRef	
Parent Container	WdgMExternalTransition	
Description	This is the reference to the destination Checkpoint of an External	
	Transition.	
Multiplicity	1	
Туре	Symbolic name reference to [WdgMCheckpoint]	



Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE			
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00321:				
Name	WdgMExternalTransitionSoเ	WdgMExternalTransitionSourceRef			
Parent Container	WdgMExternalTransition				
Description	This is the reference to the s	ource	Checkpoint of an External Transition.		
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	Symbolic name reference to [WdgMCheckpoint]				
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time				
	Post-build time X VARIANT-POST-BUILD				
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

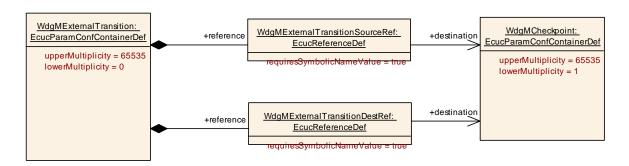


Figure 27: Configuration Container WdgMExternalTransition

10.2.15 WdgMTrigger

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00331:
Container Name	WdgMTrigger
Parent Container	WdgMMode
II Jescrintion	This container collects all configuration parameters for the triggering of hardware watchdogs.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00333:		
Name	WdgMTriggerConditionValue		
Parent Container	WdgMTrigger		
Description	This parameter shall contain the value that is passed to Wdglf_SetTriggerCondition for this watchdog.		
Multiplicity	1		
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef		
Range	1 65535		



Specification of Watchdog Manager AUTOSAR CP R19-11

Default value					
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time X VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE				
	Link time				
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00332 :			
Name	WdgMWatchdogMode			
Parent Container	WdgMTrigger			
	This parameter contains the watchdog mode that shall be used for the referenced watchdog in this Watchdog Manager mode. Implementation Type: Wdglf_ModeType			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucEnumerationParamDef			
Range	WDGIF_FAST_MODE			
	WDGIF_OFF_MODE			
	WDGIF_SLOW_MODE			
Post-Build Variant true				
Value	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
Configuration	Link time			
Class	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00334 :				
Name	WdgMTriggerWatchdogRef				
Parent Container	WdgMTrigger				
Description	This parameter is a reference to the configured watchdog.				
Multiplicity	1				
Туре	Reference to [WdgMWatchdog]				
Post-Build Variant Value	true				
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE		
	Link time				
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD		
Scope / Dependency	scope: local				

No Included Containers



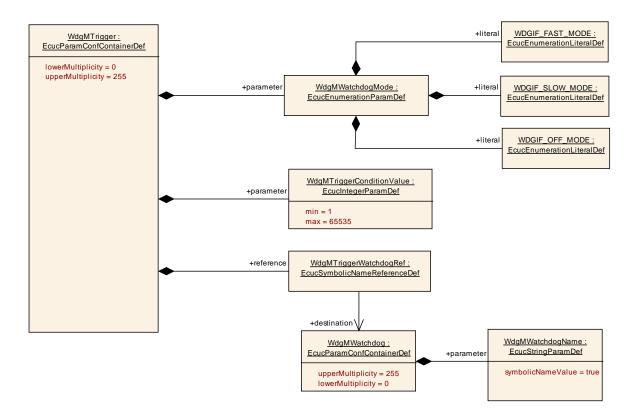


Figure 28: Configuration Container WdgMTrigger

10.2.16 WdgMLocalStatusParams

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00325 :
Container Name	WdgMLocalStatusParams
Parent Container	WdgMMode
Description	This container collects all configuration parameters for the Local Status of a Supervised Entity.
Configuration Parameters	

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00327:			
Name	WdgMFailedAliveSupervisionRefCycleTol			
Parent Container	WdgMLocalStatusParams			
Description	This parameter shall contain the acceptable amount of reference cycles with incorrect/failed alive supervisions for this Supervised Entity.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	EcucIntegerParamDef			
Range	0 255			
Default value				
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time	I		
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

SWS Item	ECUC_WdgM_00326:		
Name	WdgMLocalStatusSupervisedEntityRef		
Parent Container	WdgMLocalStatusParams		
Description	This is the reference to the Supervised Entity for which the Local Status		



	parameters are specified.			
Multiplicity	1			
Туре	Symbolic name reference to [WdgMSupervisedEntity]			
Post-Build Variant Value	true			
Value Configuration Class	Pre-compile time	Χ	VARIANT-PRE-COMPILE	
	Link time			
	Post-build time	Χ	VARIANT-POST-BUILD	
Scope / Dependency	scope: local			

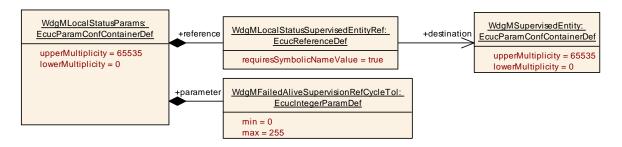


Figure 29: Configuration Container WdgMLocalStatusParams

10.3 Published Information

For details refer to the chapter 10.3 "Published Information" in SWS_BSWGeneral.



11 Annex A: Example Implementation of Alive Supervision Algorithm

For the *Alive Supervision*, an algorithm to detect mismatching timing constraints of the *Checkpoints* is provided in order to clearly define the parameters needed for the *Alive Supervision*.

Doing this with incremental *Alive Counters* for the *Checkpoints* brings up a representation of aliveness by a counted number of *alive indications* in relationship with the *Alive Supervision* period.

With this approach, it must be possible to deal with two different scenarios:

- A) The *alive indications* of a *Checkpoint* are expected to occur at least one time within one *supervision cycle*. The number of *alive indications (AI)* within one *supervision cycle (SC)* shall be counted.
- B) The *alive indication* of a *Checkpoint* is expected to occur less often than the *supervision cycle*. The number of *supervision cycles (SC)* between two *alive indications (AI)* has to be counted.

To cope with these two scenarios, it is necessary to count both AI and SC.

We also need the parameter <code>WdgMExpectedAliveIndications</code> [ECUC WdgM 00311] (EAI) which represents the expected amount of alive indications of the Checkpoint within the referenced amount of supervision cycles also called supervision reference cycle [ECUC WdgM 00310] (SRC). The value of this parameter should have been determined during the design phase and defined by configuration.

To avoid the detection of too many supervision errors for the *Checkpoints*, there are parameters <code>WdgMMinMargin</code> [ECUC WdgM 00312] and <code>WdgMMaxMargin</code> [ECUC WdgM 00313] to define tolerances on the timing constraints.

WdgMMinMargin represents the allowed number of missing executions of the *Checkpoint*.

WdgMMaxMargin represents the allowed number of additional executions of the *Checkpoint*.

Therefore the algorithm becomes:

$$(n (AI) - n (SC) + f(EAI, SRC) \le WdgMMaxMargin)$$
 and $(n (AI) - n (SC) + f(EAI, SRC) \ge - WdgMMinMargin),$

where the function f is defined as

$$f(EAI, SRC) = SRC - EAI$$
.

Note that f(EAI, SRC) has a constant value and can be preliminary computed if EAI and SRC are constant.



11.1 Scenario A

The *alive indications* (AI) of a *Checkpoint* are expected to occur at least one time within one *supervision cycle*.

Example: 2 alive indications are expected in one supervision cycle which represents the supervision reference cycle then the value of f(EAI, SRC) is:

$$f(EAI, SRC) = 1 - 2 = -1$$

When SC occurs, the number of supervision cycles is incremented (n (SC) = 1) and the regularly checkup is performed during each supervision cycle (supervision reference cycle = 1 supervision cycle) with the algorithm.

After performing the check, the current numbers of alive indications and supervision cycles are reset.

For our examples, Max and Min margins are set to 0 for more simplicity, so the algorithm used is

$$n(AI) - n(SC) + f(EAI, SRC) = 0.$$

This brings the compare algorithm to a negative result if not enough alive indications occurred before the supervision cycle. If the number of alive indications fits exactly to the expected number the result is 0. If more alive indications have occurred, the number is bigger than 0.

The result of the algorithm represents exactly the number of "extra" alive indications within the last supervision cycle.



scenario A : one or several alive indications within one supervision cycle

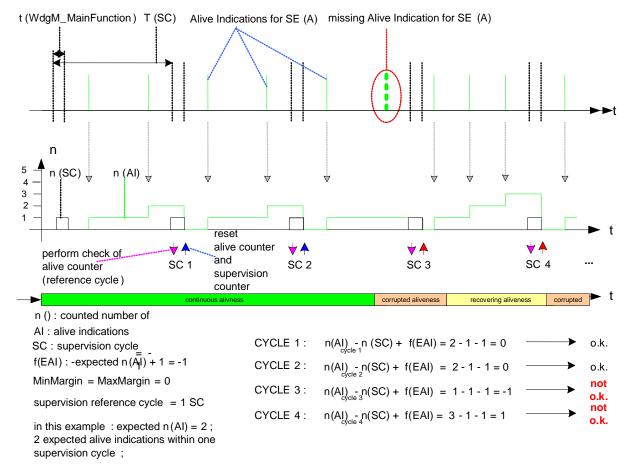


Figure 30: Alive-supervision algorithm - Scenario A

11.2 Scenario B

The *supervision cycle* is expected more often than the *alive indication*. In this case, we have to count the *supervision cycles*, which have occurred, until the *Alive Counter* is incremented again. The check of aliveness should be performed during each *supervision reference cycle* and the same algorithm should be used:

$$n(AI) - n(SC) + f(EAI, SRC) = 0$$

The *alive indication* must occur at least within a predefined number of *supervision* cycles which represent the *supervision* reference cycle.

Example: one *alive indication* is expected within 2 *supervision cycles* (*supervision reference cycle* = 2 *supervision cycles*):

$$f(EAI, SRC) = 2 - 1 = +1$$

The *Alive Counter* has to be incremented by 1 with every *alive indication*. Aliveness should be evaluated in the *supervision cycle* corresponding to the *supervision reference cycle*. The compare-conditions of the algorithm remain in the same manner, but the detected incrementation of the *Alive Counter* should also invoke a reset of the *Alive Counter* and *Supervision Counter* after this compare-operation.



scenario B : alive indication period longer than one supervision cycle

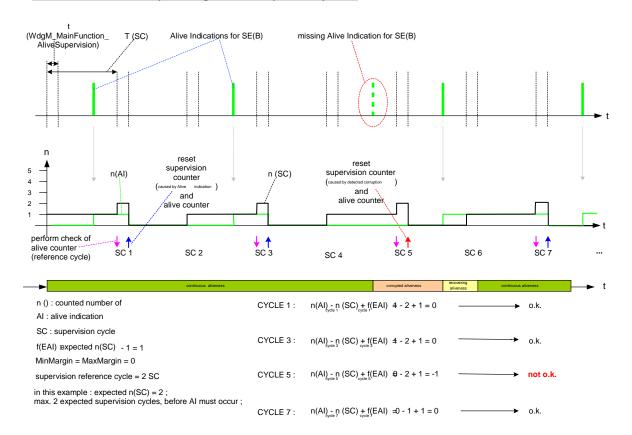


Figure 31: Alive Supervision algorithm - Scenario B



12 Not applicable requirements

[SWS_WdgM_00345][These requirements are not applicable to this specification. | (SRS_BSW_00300, SRS_BSW_00304, SRS_BSW_00306, SRS_BSW_00307, SRS_BSW_00308, SRS_BSW_00309, SRS_BSW_00312, SRS_BSW_00314, SRS_BSW_00321, SRS BSW 00325, SRS BSW 00328, SRS BSW 00333, SRS BSW 00334, SRS BSW 00335, SRS BSW 00422, SRS BSW 00341, SRS BSW 00342, SRS BSW 00343, SRS BSW 00344, SRS_BSW_00347, SRS_BSW_00359, SRS_BSW_00360, SRS_BSW_00440, SRS_BSW_00371, SRS BSW 00375, SRS BSW 00377, SRS BSW 00378, SRS BSW 00386, SRS BSW 00398, SRS BSW 00405, SRS BSW 00413, SRS BSW 00416, SRS BSW 00437, SRS BSW 00417, SRS BSW 00423, SRS BSW 00424, SRS BSW 00425, SRS BSW 00426, SRS BSW 00427, SRS_BSW_00428, SRS_BSW_00429, SRS_BSW_00432, SRS_BSW_00433, SRS_BSW_00005, SRS BSW 00006, SRS BSW 00439, SRS BSW 00007, SRS BSW 00009, SRS BSW 00010, SRS_BSW_00160, SRS_BSW_00161, SRS_BSW_00162, SRS_BSW_00164, SRS_BSW_00167, SRS BSW 00168, SRS BSW 00170, SRS BSW 00172)